

# Ceylon Government Gazette

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Part I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

Part III.—Provincial Administration. Part IV.—Marine and Mercantile. Part V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

# Part IV.—Marine and Mercantile.

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# NOTICES TO MARINERS.

IIIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct that the following Notices to Mariners be published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 19, 1895.

#### Bengal.—No. 248.

Bay of Bengal—Chittagong Coast.—Soundings on the Chittagong River Bars.

The Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the result of soundings taken on the 13th instant, on the Chittagong bars, is as follows:—

Outer Bar. Disc open to eastw	vard of le	ading tree		in. 0
Inner Bar.				
New track	,		11	0
Old "	•••	***	10	0
Guptakpally	y.			
Central track	,. •••	•••	12	0
Tripod on barrels		•••	11	0
Old track	•••	•••	10	6

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, December 22, 1894.

PART IV .- Page 75,

Bengal.-No. 249.

China Sea—Hossack and Dorothea Shouls.—Non-existence of these Shoals.

The following Notice to Mariners (No. 634 of 1894), issued by the British Admiralty, is republished for general information:—

Between the years 1857 and 1886 three reports were made respecting the existence of a shoal or breakers to the north-eastward of the Pratas.

the north-eastward of the Fratas.

1. DOROTHEA SHOAL reported in "North China Mail" of August 22, 1857. by Captain Van den Kolk of the Netherlands barque Dorothea. The Dorothea was lost on a rock stated to be 9 or 10 ft. below the surface, and with deep water around, in latitude 21° 5′ N., longitude 116° 40′ E.

2. HOSSACK SHOAL reported by Captain Hossack of the

2. Hossack shoal reported by Captain Hossack of the British ship Cyclone, originally in the "Straits Times" of 1861, and subsequently in the "Nautical Magazine."—

Captain Hossack's report was that on August 9, 1861, two patches were seen in latitude 21° 31′ N., longitude 117° 7′ E. The easternmost patch appeared to be very shoal, and about 400 ft. in extent: it was marked by breakers, and the position was ascertained by astronomical observations.

3. ALDEN BESSE SHOAL.—In Notice No. 24 of 1886, issued by the United States Bureau of Navigation, it is stated that Mr. J. A. O'Brien, Master of the barque Alden Besse, reported that on April 6, 1886, he saw a shoal, of small extent, over which the sea was breaking,

in latitude 21° 11′ N., longitude 116° 24′ E. Mr. O'Brien further stated, in answer to inquiries, that when 3 days out from Hongkong breakers were seen between 2 P.M. and 3 P.M.; the N.E. monsoon was blowing moderately at the time from E.N.E., the ship's speed being about 5 knots. The sea broke heavily on one particular spot, and the breakers were distinctly heard; elsewhere no breaking waves were seen. The ship passed within 11 mile of the breakers, which were estimated as 150 ft. in extent. Good astronomical observations were obtained.

It will thus be seen that the descriptions given by

Captain Hossack and Mr. O'Brien are very similar, but the positions differ widely; whilst the positions of Captain Van den Kolk and Mr. O'Brien agree fairly well, but the

descriptions differ.

hese reported dangers were searched for by H.M.S. Sprent, Commander Bullock, in 1866; by H.M. Sur-leying vessel Rambler, Captain the Hon. F. C. P. Vereker, in 1889; and by H.M. Surveying vessel Egeria, Commander A. M. Field, in 1891 and 1892, the latter search occupying 11 days. No danger has hitherto been discovered.

Whilst searching for these reported shoals both Captain Vereker and Commander Field report that the currents in the neighbourhood are exceptionally strong, and that tide rips are frequent. They have been occasionally seen like breakers over a shoal; in fact once on the night of March 22, 1889, Captain Vereker reports: "Breakers were distinctly heard with regular intervals between the breaks, and altering course I steamed towards them, carefully sounding. There was a fair amount of moonlight, and I was nearly convinced we had discovered the shoal until I obtained a sounding of 202 fathoms muddy bottom, in the centre of the breakers, and found it was a small, but heavy tide rip travelling to the north-westward."

It seems probable that both Captain Hossack and Mr. O'Brien were deceived by appearances similar to that experienced by Captain Vereker, and that the breakers

they saw were simply heavy tide rips.

With respect to the report of the Dorothea, which appeared in the "China Mail," it is believed some error has been made; for inquiries addressed to the Netherlands authorities have elicited the information that Captain Van den Kolk reported on his arrival at Batavia, in 1857, that the Dorothea had been lost on the Pratas on the night of July 9, 1857.

A careful consideration of the various reports made respecting the existence of dangers north-east of the Pratas, combined with the reports of the surveying officers when searching the locality, leads to the conclusion that these reported dangers need no longer remain on the Admiralty charts, and they have been accordingly

expunged.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr. R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, December 22, 1894.

#### BENGAL.-No. 250.

Australia, East Coast—Moreton Bay—Auxiliary Lights on Cape Moreton and North Point.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 644 of 1894) that the under-mentioned lights were exhibited on October 15, 1894, for the purpose of assisting in the navigation of the channel between Cape Moreton and

1. A light, shown from a position bearing N. 18° E., distant 180 yards from Cape Moreton lighthouse. This light, in line with Cape Moreton principal light, bearing S. 18° W., leads over Smith rock.

2. North point Hummock light is a fixed white light, visible from S. 54° W. to S. 82° W., a distance of 7 miles in clear weather. It is shown from a white rectangular shed, situated on the summit of North Point Hummock.

Approximate position: North Point Hummock, lat. 27° 1′ 40″ S., long. 153° 28′ 20″ E. Variation, 9° Easterly in 1894.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M. Port Officer of Calcutta. Calcutta, December 22, 1894.

#### Bengal.-No. 251.

Eastern Archipelago—Lombok—Amended Depth on Reef in Kombal Bay.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 650 of 1894) that the depth on the reef marked P. D., lying in Kombal bay, north-west coast of Lombok, in a position about 13 miles S.S.W. (S. 23° W.) from Sirab point, has been found to be 11 fathoms at low water.

Approximate position on Chart No. 1,654, lat. 8° 22% S.,

long. 116° 5' E.

Variation, 2° Easterly in 1894.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, December 22, 1894.

#### Bengal.—No. 252.

Eastern Archipelago—Belitoeng West Coast—Gaspar Straits-Beacons Washed Away.

The following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Netherlands India, No. 31, dated Batavia, November 15, 1894, is republished for general information :-

The beacon on Teree reef and the beacon south of

Nado island have been washed away.

Further notice will be given when the beacons are replaced.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, December 22, 1894.

#### Beneal.—No. 253.

Eastern Archipelago—Borneo West Coast—Sunken Wreck at the Entrance to the Bar of Kleine Kapoeas River.

The following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Netherlands-India, No. 32, dated Batavia, Novomber 16, 1894, is republished for general information :-

A bark lies sunk in a depth of 24 ft. at the entrance to the bar of Kleine Kapoeas river, with the masts showing above water on the following bearings:

N. 1° E. N. 22° 5 E. Penjoe hill Highest tree on Peniraman hill ... N. 88° E. Black buoy

The black buoy will be placed over the sunken wreck and painted like a wreck buoy.

Bearings true.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, December 22, 1894.

# Bengal.—No. 254.

Eastern Archipelago—Gaspar Straits—Rock Northward of Cape Laboe, Lepar Island, Macclesfield Strait.

The following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Netherlands-India, No. 33, dated Batavia, November 20, 1894, is republished for general information :-

The position of the rock northward of Cape Laboe, Lepar island, has recently been examined by the Master of the Government steamer Gier with the following

result :water spring, with 6 to 7 fathoms close northward, lies in approximately, on chart No. 63, Gasper straten, lat. 2° 55′ 40″ S., long. 106° 54′ F. or or the bearing. 40" S., long. 106° 54' E. or on the bearings.

N. 173° 14′ E. N. 272° 15′ E., distant 2,200 yards. N. 328° 47′ 5 E. Lighthouse on Cape Laboe Boomhock (Lepar island)

Extreme Kalapan island Bearings true.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, December 22, 1894.

Bengal.-No. 255.

Bay of Bengal—Orissa Coast—A fifth Class Conical
Flat-topped Buoy with Spire and Triangle laid in
liqu of West Ridge Sand Spit Buoy.
With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 162, dated
August 27 last, issued by this Office, the Port Officer,
False Point, has given further notice that the West Ridge
Sand Spit buoy has been found too far gone for repairs,
and that the fifth class Nun (single cone) buoy that was and that the fifth class Nun (single cone) buoy that was laid in its place has been removed, and a fifth class Conical (single cone) flat-topped buoy with spire and triangle has been laid in lieu of it.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, December 24, 1894.

BENGAL.-No. 256.

Bay of Bengal—Orissa Coast—False Point Harbour— Universal System of Buoyage.

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 225, dated November 16, issued by this Office, the Port Officer, False Point, has given further notice that the buoys marking the Starboard side of the harbour entering from saward have been shifted as follows:

West Ridge buoy has been shifted 350 ft. N. 1/2 E., and it now lies moored in 22 ft. water reduced.

West Ridge Sand Spit buoy has been shifted 1,850 ft. N. & E., and it now lies moored in 12 ft. 6 in. water reduced.

West Ridge Sand Spit South end buoy has been shifted 2,100 ft. N. by W. 4 W., and it now lies moored in 10 ft. 6 in. water reduced.

The bearings are magnetic.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, December 24, 1894.

GOVERNMENT OF JAPAN.

Japan—Honshu South Coast—Gulf of Tokyo—Channel Prohibited from Using.

Vessels leaving or entering the gulf of Tokyo are not permitted to pass between Hashirimidzu point and Daisan Kaiho or third fort. (Its approximate position Lat. 35° 17' 25" N.; Long. 139° 44' 20" E. by No. 90 Naval chart.)

By order of Kaigun-Gunreibucho, apan, Captain K. KIMOTSUKI, L.N., Tokyo, Japan, November 5, 1894. Hydrographer.

#### Chemulpho Approach.

The following information has been received from the French Commander-in-Chief :-

The French vessel Inconstant reports having touched on a rock lying W. S. W. of White rock, south westward of Yung Hung Do island, and supposed to be just eastward of the 6-fathom spot marked on Chart 1270.

#### Chefoo.

Information from Harbour Master, Chefoo.

Those in charge of boats approaching Fergussons wharf or the Customs pier at Chefoo are warned that to avoid the customs pier at Cheroo are warned that to avoid the rocks extending off shore abreast the Savage club they should, after passing the Western point on the N. W. side of Tower hill, keep well outside of a line from that point to the outermost end of the Customs jetty.

Boats approaching the East beach near the Chefoo club

must beware of a rock awash at low water spring, lying 150 yards southward of the easternmost point of the hill

and 60 yards from the shore.

#### Gulf of Pechili North Part.

Information from H. M. S. Alacrity.

The wreck of the Yangwei lies in 2½ fathoms S. 27 W. 4½ miles from the summit of talu-tau island.

The wreck of the Chin Yuen, tops visible at half tide, lies in S. 39 W. 13½ miles from summit of Talu-tau. An islant 20 ft high with foul around now 3.11 June 1. islet, 20 ft. high, with foul ground round it, lies in Lat. 39° 36′ N. Long., 123° 19′ E. approximate. The island close to the N. W. of this position is charted too far to the south eastward.

#### Yalu River.

H. M. S. Leader obtained the following soundings off the mouth of the Yalu river :- From 11 fathoms in Lat. 39° 31' N. Long. 123° 58 E. the water shoaled gradually to 4\frac{1}{2} fathoms in Lat. 39° 38′ 20″ N., Long. 124° 12′ 30″ E. 5 cables E. S. E. from this latter position, a 3-fathom patch exists, whilst N. E. by E. for 10 miles a steam cutter obtained not less than 4 fathoms.

#### Formosa.

Vuyloy Shoal has been examined by H. M. S. Caroline who reports it not to have extended, but the 5-fathom line has done so to the extent of one mile to the northward and westward.

#### Gulf of Pechili.

The Harbour master at Chefoo remarks that although Lian-ti-Shan and Houki lights are discontinued every winter, the keepers remain, and a signal on passing to ask if all is well would be much appreciated.

#### Ping Yang Inlet

The steamer Fushiki Maru reports having touched the ground in Ping Yang river, having 14 ft. of water where 10 fathoms are shown on chart, and that the bank extends nearly half way across the river.
Position given 38° 40′ 20″ N. 125° 36′ 20″ E.

Centurion, at Chefon, E. R. FREMANTLE, November 22, 1894. Vice-Admiral.

Hongkong.

The following translation of a notice issued concerning a lighthouse at the southern entrance of the port of Boilo has been received from the British Vice-Consul at the Port.

R. MURRAY RUMSEY, Retd. Comdr., R.N. Harbour Department, Harbour Master, &c. Hongkong, December 11, 1894.

#### Translation.

According to an official communication from the Admiral in command of the station the lighthouse light of Luzaran was lighted on October 1 last, the particulars being as follows :-

The lighthouse is situated on the most westerly projecting point of the southern part of the coast of Guimarás island which hes to the north 24' 30' west of Luzaran point, the southern extremity of the island, and at 4½ miles distance from it, and the building lies towards the east of the accessible part of the cliff which slopes down about 10 meters to the sea.

(\*) The approximate geographical position is :—
Latitude: 10° 28′ 20″ North.
Longitude: 128° 39′ 24″ East of San Fernando.
Do. 1° 29′ 46″ East of Manila Cathedral.

The apparatus is Catadióptico and of the 4th class, producing every 15 seconds a group of three consecutive

rays of white light and a red ray between.

The range of the light in the ordinary state of the atmosphere, supposing the observer to be at 3 meters above the level of the sea, is 16 miles.

Elevation of the centre of the light from the ground 11.70 meters.

The light illuminates an angle of 215°. From east 80° north by north-west, and south to south 25° east.

The tower, which has a cylindrical form, stands on a quadrangular foundation and shows in its upper part a small balcony which surrounds the large prismatic tower. The lantern is made of iron, the tower being painted white and gray as also is the lantern and its dome, which is situated on the side from the sea which regard to the buildings and near to the back façade, the approximate position being N. S.

N.B.—The geographical position was taken from the charts of the Hydrographical Direction. The position admitted for Manilla is for this reason that referring to the Cathedral, 127° 9' 35" determined by Malaspina, and included in the scale intercalated in the ship's course of the Philippinen Archipelago by Don Camilo de Arava, and not the most recent determined with regard to the Obser vatory which is of 127° 10' 57".

(Signed) MANUEL DIAZ

# UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The Wharf & Warehouse Company, Limited.

Company will be held at the Company's Office, Lyden Bastion, Fort, Colombo, at 1 P.M. on Saturday, ebruary 9, 1895, for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors and the statement of accounts for the half-year ending December 31, 1894.

By order of the Board of Directors,

G. C. TRASK, Acting Secretary.

Colombos January 22, 1895.

# Colombo Hotels Company, Limited.

THE Half-Yearly Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held in the Western Drawing Room of the Grand Oriental Hotel, Colombo, at 1.30 p.m. on Saturday, February 9, 1895, to receive the report of the Directors and the statement of accounts for the half-year ending December 31, 1894.

By order of the Board of Directors,

C. MINTO GWATKIN, Secretary,

The Grand Oriental Hotel, Colombo, January 23, 1895.

# MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE ESTATES COMPANY OF UVA, LIMITED.

- 1. THE name of the Company is "The Estates Company of Uva, Limited."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are-
- (a) To purchase the following estates and premises, or any one or more of them, together with all the buildings, machinery, tools, implements, cattle, live and dead stock thereon and thereto respectively belonging, to wit:—(1)All those estates and premises called Dammeria estate, in the District of Badulla, Ceylon, and Battawatta estate, in the District of Madulsima, Ceylon, for the sum of Eighteen thousand pounds (£18,000) sterling, and (2) all that estate called Gampaha estate in the District of Uda Pussellawa, Ceylon, for the sum of Ten thousand pounds (£10,000) sterling, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the Company and the proprietor or proprietors of the said estates or any of them.
- (b) To purchase, or lease, or otherwise acquire any other estate or estates, land or lands, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind.
- (c) To improve, plant, clear, cultivate, and develop the said estates and any other estates or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired, as tea estates, or with any other products, or in any other ways.
- (d) To purchase or lease any other lands either adjacent to the said estates, or to any other estates or lands that may be purchased, leased, or acquired, or elsewhere for the purposes of water supply, and (or) providing fuel or timber for the business of the Company, or for any other purpose necessary for the working of the Company.
  - (e) To purchase tea leaf and (or) other raw products for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
  - (f) To manufacture tea leaf and (or) other products.
  - (g) To carry on the business of planters of tea and other products in all its branches.
- (h) To borrow or receive money in loan for the above purposes or any of them, and for repayment of all or any of the moneys so borrowed, and the securing thereof upon mortgage debenture bonds, bills, bonds for cash credit, interest warrants, letters of credit, trust deeds or other deeds of security, promissory notes, bills of lading, or other negotiable instruments over all or any part of the Company's property or assets movable or immovable, real or personal, or on the subscribed capital of the Company called or uncalled.
- (i) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
  - 4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.
- 5. The nominal capital of the Company is Seven hundred and fifty-thousand rupees (Rs. 750,000), divided into One thousand five hundred shares of Rs. 500 each. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses	•				f Shares taken Subscriber.
G. W. CARLYON, Colombo	•••	•••	***	•••	One
J. M. SKINNER, Colombo		•••	***	***	One
E. Benham, Colombo	•••	•••	•••	•••	One
Jas. L. Lyon, Colombo	•••	•••	•••	•••	One
JAS. FORBES, Colombo	•••	***	***	***	One
G. H. ALSTON, Colombo	•••	***	•••	•	One
W. HENRY FIGG, Colombo	• • •	***	***	•••	$\mathbf{One}$

Witness:

F. J. DE SARAM, Proctor, Supreme Court.

Dated this Sixteenth day of January, 1865

# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE ESTATES COMPANY OF UVA, LIMITED.

1. The regulations contained in Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution. The Company may, by special resolution, alter or make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company whether contained or comprised in these Articles or not.

2. The Company shall forthwith after its incorporation purchase the following estates and premises or any one or more of them, together with all the buildings, machinery, tools, implements, cattle, live and dead stock thereon and thereto respectively belonging, to wit: (1) All those estates and premises called Lammeria estate, in the District of Badulla, Ceylon, and Battawatte estate, in the District of Madulsima, Ceylon, for the sum of Eighteen thousand pounds (£18,000) sterling and (2) all that estate called Gampaha estate, in the District of Uda Pussellawa, Ceylon, for the sum of Ten thousand pounds (£10,000) sterling, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the Company and the proprietor or proprietors of the said estates on any of the said estates. the Company and the proprietor or proprietors of the said estates or any of them.

#### SHARES.

3. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

4. The full amount of Rs. 500 per share shall be paid on allotment of each share.

4. The full amount of Rs. 500 per share shall be paid on allotment of each share.

5. If before or on the day appointed for payment any Shareholder does not pay the amount for which he is liable, then such Shareholder shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment.

6. The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered, within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot any unissued as they think most beneficial to the Company. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot any unissued shares in payment for any estates or lands acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

7. If several persons are joint-holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipt for the

dividend payable in respect of such share.

8. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate under the common seal of the Company specifying the share or shares held by him, and the amount paid thereon.

9. If such certificate is worn out or lost, it may be renewed on payment of 50 cents per share.

#### TRANSFER OF SHARES.

10. The Company may decline to register any transfer of shares made by a Shareholder who is indebted to them.

The fee payable to the Company for the registration of a transfer shall be five rupees.

The transfer books shall be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding the Ordinary General 12.

Meeting in each year.

13. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by assign any reason for so declining. In the event of the Directors declining to register at ransfer, they shall, upon the request of the Shareholder desirous of executing the same, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company to resolve whether the said transfer shall be registered or not; and the resolution of such General Meeting shall be absolute.

#### TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

14. The executors or administrators or heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognised

by the Company as having any title to his share.

15. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or insolvency of any Shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any way other than by transfer, may be registered as a Shareholder upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Directors.

16. Any person who has become entitled to a share in any way other than by transfer may, instead of being registered himself, elect to have some person to be named by him registered as a holder of such share.

17. The person so becoming entitled shall testify such election by executing to his nominee a transfer of such share.

18. The instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company, accompanied with such evidence as the Directors may require, to prove the title of the transferor, and thereupon the Company shall register the transferee

as a Shareholder.

Provided always that the Directors shall have the right at all times to decline to register such person as aforesaid, and shall not be required to assign any reason for so declining. In the event of the Directors declining to register such person as a holder of such share, they shall, upon the request of such person, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company to resolve whether such transfer shall be registered or not; and the resolution of such meeting shall be absolute.

#### FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

19. If any Shareholder fails to pay any allotment money or call on the appointed day, the Company may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring him to pay such call, together with any interest that may have accrued by reason of such non-payment.

20. The notice shall name a further day and a place or places, being a place or places at which calls of the Company are usually made payable, on and at which such call is to be paid. It shall also state that in the event of non-payment at the time and place appointed, the shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

21. If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect.

22. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be disposed of in

such manner as the Directors think fit.

23. Any Shareholder whose shares have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay the Company all calls owing upon such shares at the time of the forfeiture.

#### INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

24. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase its capital by the creation of new shares, of such amounts per share and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct. All new shares shall be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the same shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot any such new shares in payment for any estates or lands acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

The Directors shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as they may consider

proper.

Any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects, whether with reference to the payment of allotment money, calls, or the forfeiture of shares or non-payment of calls or otherwise, as if it had been part of the original capital.

#### BORROWING.

26. The Directors shall have power to borrow money for the purposes of the Company, and for this purpose to grant bonds, promissory notes, bills, debentures, interest warrants, bonds for cash credit, trust deed, or other documents, to issue letters of credit, and to grant mortgages or other deed or deeds of security over all or any of the Company's lands, property, estate, and assets, but so that the sum so to be borrowed shall not at any one time exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand rupees (Rs. 250,000). Provided that nothing herein contained shall be held to prevent the Directors procuring from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce of the estate as they may find it to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the said estate.

A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article, and subscribed by two or more of the Directors, or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors; and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

#### GENERAL MEETINGS.

27. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the

incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

28. Subsequent General Meetings may be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if not so prescribed then at such place and at such time as soon after the First day of January in each year as the Directors shall determine.

29. The above-named General Meetings shall be called Ordinary Meetings; all other General Meetings shall

be called Extraordinary.

30. The Directors may, whenever they think fit—and they shall, upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-fifth in number of the Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding not less than one-fifth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for—convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

31 Any requisition so made by the Shareholder or Shareholders shall express the chieft of the meeting.

31. Any requisition so made by the Shareholder or Shareholders shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, and shall be left at the registered office of the Company.

32. Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall think fit, not being more than twenty-one days after the leaving of the requisition; and if they do not proceed to convene the said meeting within twenty-one days after the leaving of the requisition, the requisitionist or requisitionists, or any other Shareholders amounting to the required number, may, himself or themselves, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time or place as he or they shall think fit.

33. Fourteen days' notice at least, specifying the place and the hour of meeting, and the purpose for which any meeting is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company.

34. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same

to a meeting.

35. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

36. In order to constitute a meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, there shall be present, either personally or by proxy, three or more Shareholders holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of the capital for the time being subscribed for.

37. If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders is not the meeting if convened upon the requisition of a Shareholder or Shareholders, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the following day at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting the required number of Shareholders is not present, it shall be adjourned sine die.

38. The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every meeting of the

Company.

39. If there be no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present at the time of holding the same, the Shareholders present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

40. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

41. At any General Meeting, unless a poll is demanded by at least two Shareholders, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the book of proceedings of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

42. If a poll is demanded in manner aforesaid, the same shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs,

and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in General Meeting

43. In the event of a resolution being brought before a General Meeting involving the sale of the Company's estates or any portion thereof, or the winding up of the Company, a majority of three-fourths of the Shareholders present and (or) represented by proxy shall be necessary to carry such resolution.

#### Votes of Shareholders.

44. Every Shareholder shall (except as provided for in the Article immediately following) have one vote for every one share held by him up to three. He shall have an additional vote for every two shares beyond the first three up to seven, and an additional vote for every three shares held by him beyond the first seven up to ten, and an additional vote for every five shares beyond the first ten up to fifty, and an additional vote for every fifty shares beyond the first fifty.

45. When voting on a resolution involving the sale of the Company's estates or any portion thereof, or the

winding up of the Company, every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

46. If any Shareholder is a lunatic or idiot or prodigal, he may vote by his curator; and if any Shareholder is

a minor, he may vote by his guardian, or any one of his guardians if more than one.

- 47. If one or more persons are jointly entitled to a share or shares, the person whose name stands first in the register of Shareholders as one of the holders of such share or shares, and no other, shall be entitled to vote in respect
- 48. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

  49. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A proxy shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointor, or, if such appointor is a corporation, under their common seal.

  50. No proposition of the appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder and the instrument or mandate appointing

50. No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder, and the instrument or mandate appointing him shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote, but no instrument or mandate appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of three months from the date of its execution.

#### DIRECTORS.

51. The qualification of a Director shall be holding not less than ten shares of the Company upon which all calls for the time being shall have been paid.

52. The number of Directors shall not be less than three nor more than five; but this clause shall be

construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

53. The first Directors shall be Charles Young, Christopher Anderson Leechman, William Henry Figg, and Gerald Winstanley Carlyon, and they shall hold office, except in the event of their becoming respectively disqualified, until the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 1896.

54. As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate annually a sum not exceeding Rs. 4,000, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General

Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future.

55. One of the Directors may be appointed by the Board to act as Managing Director and (or) Visiting Agent of the Company, for such time and on such terms as the Board may determine or fix by agreement with the person appointed to the office.

Powers of Directors. 56. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the purchase of the said Dammeria, Battawatte, and Gampaha estates and premises hereinbefore referred to; or any of them, and the lease and (or) purchase of any other

lands, estates, or property.

57. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or with the assistance of a Secretary or Secretaries, Agent or Agents, to be appointed by them for such a period and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise (including brokerage on shares or debentures placed), paid or incurred in and about the formation and registration of the Company, the purchase of the said estates and the cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company. And the Directors may proceed to carry on the business of the Company and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as they in their discretion shall think fit, and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed or applied for or allotted, and they shall do so as soon as in the judgment of the Directors a sufficient number of shares has been subscribed to render it desirable for them to do so.

58. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make rules or regulations for the management of the property of the Company, and for that purpose may appoint managers, agents, superintendents, officers, clerks, and servants, with such remuneration and at such salaries as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, superintendents, officers, clerks, or servants, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause.

and without assigning any cause.

59. The Directors also shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also, by such signatures as they shall appoint, to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and enter into cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, contracts or agreements, on behalf and for the purposes of the Company. They shall also have power to temporarily invest funds of the Company upon Ceylon or Indian Government securities or by way of loan or loans to other public Company or public Companies registered in Ceylon, as they may think fit.

60. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries who shall attest the sealing thereof, such attestation on the part of the Secretaries in the event of a firm being the secretaries being signified by a partner of the said firm

signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

61. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting.

#### DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

- 62. The office of a Director shall be vacated—

  - (1) If he ceases to hold the due qualification in shares;
    (2) If he becomes of unsound mind or bankrupt, or take proceedings under the Bankruptcy Law for the liquidation of his affairs by arrangement of, or composition with, his creditors.

63. No contract, arrangement, or transaction entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Director, or with any Company or co-partnership of which a Director is a partner, or of which he is a Director, Managing Director, or Manager, shall be void or voidable; nor shall such Director be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by such contract, arrangement, or transaction by reason only of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereto established, provided that the fact of his interest or connection therewith be fully disclosed to the Company or its Directors; but no Director shall vote in respect of any contract, arrangement, or transaction in which he is directly or indirectly interested.

#### ROTATION OF DIRECTORS,

64. At the first Ordinary Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 1896 all the Directors shall retire, and at the first Ordinary Meeting in every subsequent year one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number next below one-third, shall retire from office.

65. The Directors to retire in any year shall always be those who have been longest in office, and in case of Directors equal in length of office shall, unless such Directors agree among themselves, be determined by ballot.

66. A retiring Director, if qualified, shall be re-eligible. The Company at the Ordinary General Meeting

shall fill up the offices vacated by the retiring Directors by electing a like number of persons.

67. If at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place no such election is made, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the next day, at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting no election takes place, the former Directors shall continue to act until new Directors are appointed at the first Ordinary

Meeting of the following year.

68. The Company may from time to time, by special resolution in General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation they are to go out of office.

69 Any casual vacancy in the Board of Directors may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

#### PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

70. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman, in addition to his original vote, shall have a casting vote. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of the Directors.

71. The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall show a same and of their new part is a Chairman of such wasting.

holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

72. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall, nothwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Directors or persons acting as aforesaid on that day, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

73. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books provided for and used solely for that

purpose-

Of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;
 Of the names of Directors present at each meeting of Directors;
 Of all orders made by the Directors; and

(4) Of all resolutions and proceedings of meetings of the Company and of the Directors.

74. And any such minutes as aforesaid, if signed by any person purporting to be the Chairman of any meeting

of Directors, shall be receivable in evidence without any further proof.

75. The Company in General Meeting may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and appoint another qualified person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office during such time only as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

#### DIVIDENDS.

76. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, declare a dividend to be paid to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares, and they may, if they think fit, without reference to the Company in General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend or dividends to be paid to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend of the year.

77. No dividends shall be payable except out of the profits arising from the business of the Company and with

the sanction of the Directors.

- 78. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sum as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalising dividends, or for repairing or maintaining the works connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof; and the Directors may invest the sum so set apart as a reserve fund upon such securities as they, with the sanction of the Company, may select.
- 79. The Directors may deduct from the dividends payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise.
- 80. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to each Shareholder, or sent by post or otherwise to his registered place of abode; and all dividends unclaimed for three years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company.

81. No dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.

#### ACCOUNTS.

82. Once at the least in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company in General Meeting a statement of the income and expenditure for the past year, made up to a date not more than three months before such meeting.

83. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income,

85. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other like matters. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in cases where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such items shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

84. A balance sheet shall be made out in every year and laid before the General Meeting of the Company, and such balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

A written or printed copy of such balance sheet shall, seven days previously to such meeting, be delivered at or sent by post to the registered address of every Shareholder.

#### AUDIT.

86. The accounts of the Company shall be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained, by one or more Auditors to be elected by the Company in General Meeting.

87. If not more than one Auditor is appointed, all the provisions herein contained relating to Auditors shall

apply to him.

88. The Auditors need not be Shareholders in the Company. No person is eligible as an Auditor who is interested, otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, and no Director or other officer of the Company is eligible during his continuance in office.

89. The first Auditor or Auditors of the Company shall be appointed by the Directors, and shall hold office until the second General Meeting, and afterwards the Auditor or Auditors shall be from time to time appointed by the

Company in General Meeting.

90. The remuneration of the Auditor or Auditors shall be fixed by the Company at the time of their election, save that in case of the first Auditor or Auditors it shall be fixed by the Directors.

91. Any Auditor shall be re-eligible on his quitting office.
92. If any casual vacancy occurs in the office of Auditor, the Directors may appoint another Auditor, who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting.
93. If no election of Auditor is made in manner aforesaid, the Directors may appoint an Auditor or Auditors for the year then current, and fix the remuneration to be paid to him or them by the Company for his or their services.

Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet, and it shall be his duty to examine the

same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto.

95. Every Auditor shall have a list delivered to him of all books kept by the Company, and he shall at all reasonable times have access to the books and accounts of the Company. He may, at the expense of the Company, employ accountants or other persons to assist him in investigating such accounts, and he may, in relation to such accounts, examine the Directors or any other officer of the Company.

96. The auditors shall make a report to the Shareholders upon the balance sheet and accounts, and in every such report they shall state whether in their opinion the balance sheet is a full and fair balance sheet containing the particulars required by these required has a such accounts and properly described to the shall be accounted by these required by the required by these required by these required by these required by these required by the req

particulars required by these regulations, and properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs, and in case they have called for explanations or information from the Directors, whether such explanations or information have been given by the Directors, and whether they have been satisfactory; and such report shall be read, together with the report of the Directors, at the Ordinary Meeting.

# Notices.

97. Notices by the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Secretary or Secretaries or other person appointed by the Directors to do so.

98. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall

98. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

99. Notices requiring to be served by the Company upon the Shareholders may be served either personally or by leaving the same or sending them through the post, in a letter addressed to the Shareholders at their registered places of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless and until his executors or administrators shall have given notice to the Managing Director or Secretary or Secretaries of the Company of some address in Ceylon.

100. All notices directed to be given to the Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, be given to whichever of the said persons is named first in the register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be selficient notice to all the ho'ders of such share.

101. All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

101. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name an address in Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have

served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

Dated this Sixteenth day of January, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-five.

G. W. CARLYON. J. M. SKINNER. E. BENHAM. Jas, L. Lyon. Jas. Forbes. G. H. Alston. W. HENRY FIGG.

#### Witness:

F. J. DE SARAM, Proctor, Supreme Court.

CADER SAIBO MOHAMEDO CASSIM, trading at give notice that I have ceased signing my name as Kavenna Mohamado Cassim in Tamil, and that from this date I shall sign my name in English as

IN terms of the 7th clause of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, I intend, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in Sinhalese in Upper Dumbara of the District of Kandy.

L. B. W. MADUGALLE.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

No. 632. In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Andiapper Punniamoorthy, of Point Pedro..... .....Deceased.

Punniamoorthy Sapapathippilly, of Point .....Executor.

NDER instructions from the above-named executor, auction, at Dr. Strong Araserkoen Mudaliyar's house at Point Pedro, on Saturday, February 16, 1895, at 11 o'clock A.M., the following property belonging to the estate of the said late testator, Andiapper Punniamoorthy, deceased risk. deceased, viz.:

1. An allotment of land situated at Puliyantivu in Manmunai pattu in the district of Batticaloa in the Eastern Province; bounded on the north by the property

of Kunchitampy and others, on the south by lane, on the east by road, and on the west by the property belonging to Chinnatampy, measuring 10 fathoms on the east from north to south, 13 fathoms on the west from north to south, and 20 fathoms each on the north and south from

east to west, with all its appurtenances.

2. An allotment of land situated on the eastern side of Kompavely at Chorikkanmunai in Champanthurai pattu, in the district and province aforesaid: bounded on the north by the junction of three rivers (Moondatu-pirivoe), on the south by Champanthan-aar (river), east by Aar (river), and on the west by the water-course called Paddyadyvayal, Kalamathoadiavalanchanvaykkal, containing in extent 12 acres, and called Kinnayadippallam (paddy land); of the whole of this with its appurtenances, an undivided three-fourth share.

3. An allotment of land situated at Chittandykudie. ruppu in Eravur pattu in the district and province aforesaid; bounded on the east by Crown land, west by road, on the north-west by lot No. 10,789, and on the south-east by lot No. 10,787, containing in extent 3 acres 1 rood and 30 perches, with all its appurtenances, and marked in Government Survey No. 10,788.

An allotment of land situated at Chanthyvely in

4. An allotment of land situated at Chanthyvely in Batticaloa korale pattu in the Eastern Province, called Koddutharithacholai, and marked in Government Survey by No. 11,868; and bounded on the north-west by the reserved ground for road, and on all the other sides by Crown land called Koddutharithacholai, and containing in extent 12 acres 3 roods and 35 perches, with all its apportenances; of the whole of this, an undivided one-half share.

5. An allotment of land situated in the village, district, and province aforesaid, and called Koddutharithacholai, and marked in Government Survey No. 11,867; and bounded on the north-east by Crown land called Koddutharithacholai and ground reserved for road, on the south-east by ground reserved for road, on the southwest by ground reserved for road and Crown land called Koddutharithacholai, and on the north-west by Crown land called Koddutharithacholai, containing in extent 23 acres and 1 rood, with all the plantations and other appurtenances thereof; of the whole of this, an undivided one-half share.

S. V. SUPRAMANIAM, Licensed Surveyor and Auctioneer. The 13th day of January, 1895.

Quantities of the Principal Articles remaining in the Bonded Warehouses on November 30, 1894; also Bonded, entered for Home Consumption, and Exported from Bond; and the Total Quantities entered for Home Consumption in December, 1894.

ARTICLES,	Remaining in the Bonded Warehouses on Nov. 30, 1894.	Bonded in the Month of December, 1894.	Total.		houses in the Month	Total.	Remaining in the Bonded Warehouses on Dec. 31, 1894.	entered for Home Con-
Gray Cottons, bales and cases White do. do Printed do. do Dyed do. do Coloured Woven Cottons, b. & c. Sundry do. do Yarns, plain, bales and cases — dyed, do — Indian-made, sundry, b. & c.	557 224 32 5 104 192 1 115	115 76 25 3 31 12 	672 300 57 8 135 204 1 115	30 29 38  34 15 	2	32 29 38  34 15 	640 271 19 8 101 189 1 115	362 140 145 24 87 52 7 11 417
Grain, Rice, bags  Malt Liquor, in wood, hhds  in glass, cases and casks  Spirits, Brandy, puncheons and	72 205	10 130	82 335	 60	•••	60.	82 275	206,068 442 940
Do. hhds. and casks Do. cases  Gin, puncheons and pipes Do. hhds. and casks	7 25 1,033 9 37	···	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 25 \\ 1,033 \\ 9 \\ 37 \end{array}$	196 3		 196 3 2	7 25 837 6 35	656 3 2
Do. cases Whisky, hhds. and casks Do. cases Fea, lb	3,534 31 2,930	285 1 390 	3,819 32 3,320	650 4 877 	44	650 4 921	3,169 28 2,399	1,236 $11$ $1,582$ $15$ $9,435$
Tobacco, manufactured, lb  — Cigars, lb Wines, French, hhds. and casks Do. cases  — Madeira, puncheons & pipes	$\begin{array}{c} 2,488\frac{5}{16} \\ 371\frac{3}{16} \\ 22 \\ 113 \end{array}$	3,920  	$6,408 \frac{5}{16}$ $371 \frac{3}{16}$ $22$ $113$	10	•••	$1,056$ $244\frac{1}{18}$ $10$	5,352 15 126 16 22 103	1,785 18 109 460
Do. cases  Portugal, puncheons & pipes Do. hhds. and casks Do. cases	59 46	•••	59  46	• 10		10	59  36	 28 43
—— Spanish, butts and pipes Do. hhds. and casks Do. octaves Do. cases —— Italian, hhds. and casks	1	5 	6 	5	•••	 5 	. ï  	25 115
Austrian, in glass, cases	1						T. T	5

LIONEL LEE, Acting Principal Collector.

Comparative Statement of the Quantities of the Principal Articles Bonded in, entered for Home Consumption, and Exported from the Bonded Warehouses in the Twelve Months ended December 31, 1893 and 1894.

	Twelve Mon	ths ended Decem	ber 31, 1893.	Twelve Mon	ths ended Decem	ber 31, 189 <b>4</b>
ARTICLES.	Bonded.	Entered for Home Con- sumption.	Exported.	Bonded.	Entered for Home Con- sumption.	Exported
Gray Cottons, bales and cases	1,034	1,515	67	1,980	1,657	76
White do. do	465	508	1	636	458	•••
Printed do. do	754	606	8	367	413	•••
D 1 1. 1.	57	136		32	28	15
Coloured Woven Cottons, b. & c.	209	300	•••	263	272	
Sundry do. do	275	244		254	181	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
37		14	•••	201		
A 1	25	96	4	34	17	•••
dyed, do Indian-made, sundry, b. & c.			î			
Omin Dies been	1.900	1,331	360	•••		72
Mr. 14 T	390	656	15	730	756	. •••
in ologo posses and soules	1,224	942	8	615	974	40
	3	342		10	6	40
Spirits, Brandy, puncheons & pipes Do. hhds. and casks	***	13	•••	10	6	•••
	1,675	1,053	27	986	1,381	•••
	1,675	1,033		24	25	•••
Gin, puncheons and pipes Do. hhds. and easks	7	46	•••	6	32	•••
	4.275	5,130	•••	5,269	5.041	•••
_ :: 04000	,	25	•••	5,269 68	5,041	•••
Whisky, hhds. and casks Do. cases	15	6,647	337	6,938	7,805	997
Pag 1h	4,951	0,047		0,556	1,005	337
Pobago manufacture 1 11	5,882	10,558	. •••	17,960	$11,684_{\frac{2}{16}}$	0051
Pobacco, manufactured, lb			35		11,004 16	885 <del>1</del>
Cigars, lb	$98\frac{1}{6}$	$545_{16}^{2}$	5	$751_{\frac{8}{16}}$	$264\frac{1}{16}$	· 75814
Wines, French, hhds. and casks Do. cases	25	503	53	481	18 361	•••
	494	909	99		901	<b>3</b> 0
— Madeira, puncheons & pipes Do. cases	•••	ا ن: ا	•••	•••	•••	•••
Do. cases	64	5	•••	•••	•••	•••
Portugal, puncheons & pipes Do. hhds and casks		::	•••	•••		***
THE COST WILL CONSIDER TO A	35	34	•••	18	30	•••
Do. cases	25	1	•••	8	8	***
- Spanish, butts and pipes	•••	•••	•••	•• <u>•</u>	:::	•••
Do. hhds. and casks	8	3	•••	7	18	•••
Do. octaves	***	•••	•••	:::	::	•••
Do. cases	12	•••	•••	11	11	•••
— Italian, hhds. and casks	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
- Austrian, in glass, cases	***		•••			

Customs, Colombo, January 16, 1895.

LIONEL LEE, Acting Principal Collector.

Total Quantities of the following Articles Exported from the Ports of Colombo and Galle during the under-mentioned period	Total Quantities of the following	Articles Exported from the Ports of C	colombo and Galle during the under-mentioned pe	eriods.
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Vessels.	Date of Clearing.	For what Port.	Plantation, Coffee.	Native Coffee.	Тев.	Cacao.	Trunk Cinchona,	Branch Cinchona.	Cinchona Chips.	Cocoanuts.	Copperah.	Cocoanut Oil.	Cocoanut Poonac.	Cinnamon.	Cinnamon Oil.	Citronella Oil.	Carda. moms.	Ebony.	Plumbago	Coir Rope.	Coir Junk.	Coir Yarn.	Coir Fibre.	Sapan- wood.	Orchills.	Kitool Fibre.	Deer Horns.
COLOMBO.	1895.		ewt.	owt.	1b.	ewt.	1 թ.	lb.	lb.	No.	cwt.	cwt.	ewt.	1ъ,	oz.	oz.	lb.	cwt.	cwt.	ew <b>t</b> .	owt.	ewt	ewt.	ewt.	lb.	ewt.	cwt.
ss. Poseidon  ss. Grizaba  ss. Glengyle  ss. Bhundara  ss. Chancellor  ss. Madura  ss. Kangra  ss. Karlsruhe  ss. Lalpoora  ss. Rewa  ss. Marie Valerie  ss. Nawab	12/1 14/1 14/1 14/1 14/1 15/1 15/1	Trieste via  Bombay London Bombay London and Liverpool Calcutta Bombay Bremen Mauritius Calcutta China Bombay	119 — 159 5 — 2		1982 204104 206263 20 511631 ——————————————————————————————————	183 - 130 5 - - 62				135070	_	2327 2964 6878 39 493 —	1945	5600* 31413†		-	7032		499 — 2736 —	796		6 91 239 — — — — 533 87	349 647 — 342 —	_		7 - 5	135
GALLE. Níl.																											

\* Chips.

† And Chips, 1,558 lb.

‡ And Chips, 44,800 lb.

# Importation of Rice from Indian Ports during the above periods.

то	COLOM From	Calcutta Bombay Southern India	Bags "	36,023 40 8,512
		Total	Bags	44,575

GALLE:From Calcutta ... Bags 890
Indian Ports ... , 4,330

Total ... Bags 5,220

LIONEL LES, Acting Principal Collector.

Custems, Colombe, January 17, 1895.

# Comparative Statement showing the various Countries from which Cotton Goods have been Received, and Quantities Imported from each, during the Month ended December 31, 1894.

Articles.	United Kingdom	British India.	Straits.	French India.	China.	Hong- kong.	Austria.	Ger- many.	France.	Belgium.	Hoiland.	Egypt	Japan.	Spain.	Total for the Month of Dec., 1894.	Total for the 12 Months ended Dec. 31, 1894.	Total for the 12 Months ended Dec. 31, 1893.
Gray Cottons, bales and cases  White do. do.  Printed do. do.  Dyed do. do.  Coloured, Woven, do.  Sundry, do. do.  Yarns, plain  Yarns, dyed	190 132 - 78 33 -	18 -5 - 394 7 1					27	1 3 -			-				476 190 137 27 79 431 7	4,561 1,998 877 116 975 4,938 27 299	3,368 1,147 1,542 158 957 50,116 21 115
Total for the Month of December, 1894	901	425			-	-	28	4	-	-	_	-	-	-	1,358	13,791	12,324
Total for the twelve Months ended December 31, 1894	1 0000	4,246	27	77	. 3	-	343	144	29	_	55	2	2	3	_	13,791	
Total for the twelve Months ender December 31, 1893	H ACT	4,010	8	_	13	1	180	99	5	5	336	-	2	_			12,324

Customs, Colombo, January 16, 1895.

LIONEL LEE,
Acting Principal Collector.

#### The Wharf and Warehouse Company, Limited.

HEREBY give notice that the under-mentioned Goods, which have been lying in the Company's premises for periods exceeding the times prescribed in section 15 of the Wharf and Warehouse Company's Ordinance, No. 10 of 1876, and have become liable to pay rates, charges, and rent to the Company (particulars of which can be had on application to me, will, in pursuance of the power by the said section given to the Company, be sold by public auction on Monday, February 18, 1895, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Company's Leyden Bastion and Wharf premises, and the proceeds sale thereof applied in the manner directed by the said section and by the Customs Ordinance.

Date Landi		Entry No. and Date.	Vessel.	Whence.	Marks and Numbers.		Description.
June July Do. August Do. October Do.	25 3 16 20 22	1894. 11 of July 10 46 of Aug. 30 34 of July 28 6 of Oct. 4 6 of Sept. 3 20 of Sept. 16 2 of Dec. 4	Dunera Coromandel Shropshire Megna Golconda Dunera Culna	London do do Calcutta London do	A. Morton, Vizagapatam C & U 7 K. 1759 in a diamond Donald, Oriental Bank		1 bundle 1 case 1 do. 1 bundle tobacco 1 box 2 cases 1 bundle dry fish
May August Novembe Do. Do. Do. Do.	6 9 er 1 1 3 15 15	- - - - -	Goorkha do Manora do Australia Goorkha do	do do	Nil Nil E P C upon C B Nil 320 in a triangle L B		2 cow boxes 17 empty casks 1 package 1 case 1 chair 1 drum, empty 1 case acid
October Do. Do. Do. Do. November	10 15 24 24	-	No. Bengal do Avoca Coromandel do Arroya	2 TRANSIT WA London do do do China	ASF in a diamond Nil Nil W	•••	1 case 6 stoneware pipes 1 bundle zinc sheets 2 barrels cement 1 case, empty 7 bundles tea shooks
Sept. October	13 18 1 29		Khandalla Kangra Rajpootana Kerbella	No. 1 GRAIN Calcutta Bombay do	V S in a diamond M H V in a triangle		1 bag bones 2 carboys 1 bag moulding sand I basket onions
Do. Do. November Do. Do.	2 2 10 10 10 8 8 8 8	    	do Logician Yorkshire do Barrister do do	do	C J M A Nil A C L upon W E R Nil A D & Co. in a diamond G R Nil		1 bag rice 1 do. 1 do. 1 do. 4 do. 1 do. 1 do. 2 do. 2 bags wheat flour
August 8	30	_	Vita	No. 5 WARE Tuticorin	3711	•••	1 bag grain
Do. 2 Do. 2 Dotober 3 Do. 3 Nov.	25 25 25 31 31 17	. =	_ do	New Iron Statement of Calcutta do do Rangoon do. Bombay do	VRO VRM Nil Nil ACL Nil		1 bag rice 2 do. 3 do. 7 do. 1 do. 1 bundle dry fish 5 bundles fibre

#### Eila Tea Company of Ceylon, Limited.

GENERAL Meeting will be held in the registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Prince street, lombo, at noon on Saturday, 9th February next, for e purpose of declaring a dividend.

J. M. ROBERTSON & Co., Agents & Secretaries.

#### Colombo Laundry Company, Limited.

Naccordance with Ordinance No. 4 of 1861 (Joint Stock Companies), a General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held on Friday, March 1, 1895, at 21,

Baillie street, at 3 P.M.

Business.—To consider the Liquidator's accounts showing the winding up of the Company, and, if considered fairly wound up, to pass a resolution to that effect.

> F. MACINDOE. Liquidator, Colombo Laundry Co., Ld.

# The Horrekelly Estate Company, Limited.

OTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Registered Office, No. 22, Baillie street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, February 11, 1895, at 3 P.M.

#### Business.

- 1. To receive the report of the Directors and Accounts of the Company for 1894.
  - To declare a dividend.
  - To elect two Directors.
  - To elect an Auditor.
- To consider such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

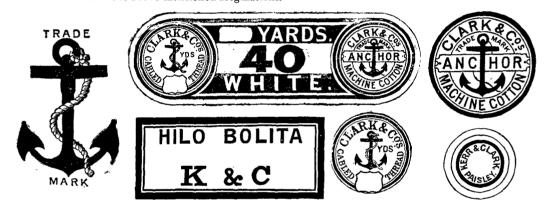
By order of the Board of Directors,

R. LEWIS M. BROWN,

Secretary

Colombo, January 24, 1895.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 and 1890," and the Regulations made on March 28, 1889, notice is hereby given that Messrs. Darley, Butler & Co. have applied for the registration of the following Trade Marks in the name of Clarke & Co., in Class 23, cotton yarn and thread, in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations.



Colonial Secretary's Office. Colombo, January 10, 1895.

J. A. SWETTENHAM, Acting Colonial Secretary.