

Cevlon Government Gazette

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PART I .-- General : Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications. PART II .- Legal and Judicial.

PART III .- Provincial Administration. PART IV.-Marine and Mercantile. PART V .- Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part IV.—Marine and Mercantile.

Notices to Mariners ... Notifications of Quarantine

PAGE 167

| Railway Traffic Returns | 187 |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| Mercantile and Trade Announcements | 169 |
| Trade Marks Notifications | — |
| | |

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

IS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct that the following Notices to Mariners be published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, April 3, 1895.

BENGAL.-No. 40.

Racific Ocean—Solomon Islands—Guadalcanar Island-Dangers near Taruto Island.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 95 of 95) of the existence of a shoal, with a depth of $2\frac{1}{2}$ thoms on it, lying about a third of a mile south-east-ard of Taruto island, with Susu point in line with the land; also that there is a reef round the north and east ides of that island.

Approximate position, centre of Taruto island, lat. 9° ' 40" S., long. 160° 36' 40" E. Variation, 8° easterly in 1895.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, March 16, 1895.

PART IV.-Page 167

BENGAL.-No. 41.

China, East Coast - Amoy Approach-Danger W.-N.-W. of Chapel Island.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 97 of 1895) that the Master of the Chinese steamvessel Taisang, 18 ft. draught, reports having touched some danger, supposed to be a rock, at 8 A.M., December 15, 1894, in a position with Chapel island bearing E.S.E. (S. 67° E), distance 41 miles, or approximately in about lat. 24° 11' 45" N., long. 118° 9' 30" E. This has been marked as three fathoms, position

approximate, on the Admiralty Charts; a patch of th depth, which could not be found, having been alo reported near that position by the steamvessel Earl King in 1869.

Variation, nil in 1895.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M.,

Port Officer of Calcutta. Calcutta, March 16, 1895.

BENGAL.-No. 42.

Eastern Archipelago—Malacca Strait, Sumatra Shore— Alterations in Light at entrance of Batu Bara River. The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 98 of 1895) that on February 1, 1895, the light on the west side of the entrance to Batu Bara river would be altered from fixed red to a sixth order fixed white light visible from fixed red to a sixth order fixed white light, visible in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

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Approximate position : lat. 3° 13' 40" N., long. 99° 34' 15″ Ê.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, March 16, 1895.

BENGAL.-No. 43.

Philippine Islands-St. Bernardino Strait-Rock Southeast of Tiklin Island.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 100 of 1895) of the existence of a rock slightly above water, named Magtimua, with depths of 21 to 4 fathoms round it, situated about 6 cables south-eastward of Tiklin island, western side of St. Bernardino strait, or approximately in lat. $12^{\circ} 34\frac{1}{4}$ N., long. $124^{\circ} 7\frac{1}{3}$ E.

> B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, March 16, 1895.

BENGAL .--- No. 44.

Africa, East-Zanzibar Island, West Coast-Inner Pass-Occasional Electric Light on Rás Buyu.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 103 of 1895) that information has been received from the Port Officer at Zanzibar that an electric light is shown from a framework tower, erected on Chugwani palace (marked in plan conspicuous), northern part of Rás Buyu, whenever the Sultan of Zanzibar is in residence there.

Approximate position : lat. 6° 14′ 50″ S., long. 39° 12′ 55″ E.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, March 16, 1895.

BENGAL.-No. 45.

China, East Coast-Chusan Archipelago.-Decreased Depths at West end of Ko Channel.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 104 of 1895) that information has been received from Lieutenant and Commander H. J. S. Laxton, H.M.S. Peacock, dated December 19, 1894, that he has obtained soundings of 8 to 9 fathoms in a position with the west extreme of Ka mun (Dumb island), southern side of Kin Tang channel, bearing south, distant 1½ cable; or approximately in lat. 29° 58' 30" N., long. 121° 47' 25" E.

Variation, 2° westerly in 1895.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, March 16, 1895.

BENGAL.-No. 46.

Australia, North-Arafura Sea-Banda Islands-Disappearance of Beacons in Banda Harbour.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 105 of 895) hat information has been received, dated December 29, 1894, that most of the beacons (pcle and triangle) marking the edges of the reefs southward of Neira and in Lontar channel, Banda harbour, have disappeared ; and those still standing were then in a state of decay. Approximate position, fort, Nassau, Neira : lat. 4° 32' S., long. 129° 52³/₄ E

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, March 16, 1895.

BENGAL.-No. 47.

China Sea-Hainan Strait-Flashing Light on Cape Kami.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 114 of 1895) that on January 1, 1895, a light was exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on cape Kami, north side of western end of Hainan strait.

Cape Kami light is a fourth order, dioptric, groupflashing white light, showing two flashes in quick succession every thirty seconds; elevated 67 ft. above the sea, and visible from a distance of 13 miles in clear weather.

The lighthouse, 67 ft. high, is an iron screw pile tower, painted white, as are the dwellings near, the former situated 83 yards northward of the south point of the islet forming cape Kami.

Approximate position : lat. 20° 13′ 30″ N., long. 102° 55′ 5″ E.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, March 16, 1895.

BENGAL.---No. 48.

Japan-(1) Kii Channel; (2) Simonoseki Strait. (1) Flashing Light on Hino Misaki.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 115 of 1895) that on January 25, 1895, a light would be exhi-bited from a lighthouse recently erected on Hino misaki, eastern side of Kii channel.

Hino misaki light is a second order flashing light every thirty seconds, elevated 261 ft. above the sea, and visible from N. 65° W. through north and east to S. 4° E., a distance of 20 miles in clear weather.

The iron lighthouse, 35 ft. high, is cylindrical in shape and painted white.

Approximate position : lat. 33° 52′ 40″ N., long. 135° 4′ 20″ E.

(2) Simonoseki Strait-Alteration in Colour and Position of Moji-shoal South-West Buoy.

Also that the buoy (black) previously marking the south-west end of Moji shoal was sunk by a vessel in December, 1894, and it would be replaced in January, 1895, by a buoy painted black and white in horizontal stripes, moored in a depth of $3\frac{3}{4}$ fathoms, in a position one cable north-eastward of the old position, or approximately in lat. 33° 56' 50" N., long. 130° 56' 30" E. Variation 4° wasterly in 1895.

Variation, 4° westerly in 1895.

B. P. CREAGH, Comdr., R.I.M., Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, March 16, 1895.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE UNION ESTATES COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

- 1. The name of the Company is "THE UNION ESTATES COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are-
 - (a) To purchase, or lease, or otherwise acquire any estate or estates, land or lands, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind whatsoever in the Island of Ceylon.
 - (b) To improve, plant, clear, cultivate, and develop any estate or estates or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired as tea estates, or with any other products, or in any other ways.
 - (c) To purchase or lease any lands either adjacent to any estate or estates or lands that may be purchased, leased, or acquired, or elsewhere for the purposes of water supply, and (or) providing fuel or timber for the business of the Company, or for any other purpose necessary for the working of the Company.
 - (d) To purchase tea leaf and (or) other raw products for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
 - (e) To manufacture tea leaf and (or) other products.
 - (f) To carry on the business of planters of tea and other products in all its branches.
 - (g) To borrow or receive money in loan for the above purposes or any of them, and for repayment of all or any of the moneys so borrowed, and the securing thereof upon mortgage, debenture bonds, bills, bonds for each credit, interest warrants, letters of credit, trust deeds or other deeds of security, promissory notes, bills of lading, or other negotiable instruments over all or any part of the Company's property or assets, movable or immovable, real or personal, or on the subscribed capital of the Company called or uncalled.
 - (h) To sell, lease, mortgage, exchange, or otherwise deal with all or any of the estates, lands, property, and effects, immovable and movable, of the Company or any part or parts thereof respectively.
 - (i) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
- 4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into One thousand shares of Rs. 500 each. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :---

| Names and Addresses of | Subscribers. | | | Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber. |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|---|
| A. THOMSON, Colombo | ••• | | ••• | One |
| JAS. FORBES, Colombo | ••• | ••• | ••• | One |
| R. LEWIS M. BROWN, Colombo | ••• | ••• | ••• | One |
| W. HENRY FIGG, Colombo | ••• | *** | | One |
| G. H. ALSTON, Colombo | · ••• | ••• | ••• | One |
| A. J. SAWER, Colombo | ••• | | ••• | One |
| ALF. H. AYDEN, Colombo | ••• | ••• | ••• | One |

Witness to the above signatures : F. J. DE SARAM, Proctor, Supreme Court.

Dated at Colombo this 27th day of March, 1895.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE UNION ESTATES COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

^{1.} THE regulations contained in Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

^{2.} The Company may by special resolution alter or make provisions instead of or in addition to any of the regulations of the Company whether contained or comprised in these Articles or not.

SHARES.

3. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

4. The full amount of Bs. 500 per share shall be paid on allotment of each share.
5. If before or on the day appointed for payment any Shareholder does not pay the amount for which he is liable, then such Shareholder shall be liable to pay interest on the same at the rate of nine per cent. per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment.
6. The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to the time of parts and may add the shares such an amount of amount of amount of a mount of a mount

who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot any unissued shares in payment for any estates or lands acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company. 7. If several persons are joint-holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipt for the dividend payable in respect of such share.

8. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

9. If such certificate is worn out or lost, it may be renewed on payment of fifty cents per share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

10. The Company may decline to register any transfer of shares made by a Shareholder who is indebted to them.

The fee payable to the Company for the registration of a transfer shall be five rupees. 11.

12. The transfer books shall be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding the Ordinary General Meeting in each year. 13. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by

instrument in writing. The Directors may decline to register any transfer whatever, and shall not be required to assign any reason for so declining.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

14. The executors, or administrators, or heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to his share.

15. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or insolvency of any Shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any way other than by transfer, may be registered as a Shareholder upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Directors.

Any person who has become entitled to a share in any way other than by transfer may, instead of being 16. registered himself, elect to have some person to be named by him registered as a holder of such share. 17. The person so becoming entitled shall testify such election by executing to his nominee a transfer of

such sbare.

18. The instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company, accompanied with such evidence as the Directors may require, to prove the title of the transferror, and thereupon the Company shall register the transferee as a Shareholder.

Provided always that the Directors shall have the right at all times to decline to register such person as aforesaid, and shall not be required to assign any reason for so declining.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

19. If any Shareholder fails to pay any allotment money or call on the appointed day, the Company may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring him to pay such call,

together with any interest that may have accrued by reason of such non-payment. 20. The notice shall name a further day and a place or places, being a place or places at which calls of the Company are usually made payable, on and at which such call is to be paid. It shall also state that in the event of non-payment at the time and place appointed, the shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

21. If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may be forficited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. 22. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be disposed of in

such manner as the Directors think fit.

23. Any Shareholder whose shares have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay the Company all calls owing upon such shares at the time of the forfeiture.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

24. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase its capital by the creation of new shares, of such amounts per share and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct. All new shares shall be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the same shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot any such new shares in payment for any estates or lands acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company. The Directors shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as they may consider

proper. 25.

25. Any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects, whether with reference to the payment of allotment money, calls, or the forfeiture of shares or non-payment of calls or otherwise, as if it had been part of the original capital.

BORROWING.

26. The Directors shall have power to borrow money for the purposes of the Company, and for this purpose to grant bonds, promissory notes, bills, debentures, interest warrants, bonds for cash credit, trust deed, or other documents, to issue letters of credit, and to grant mortgages, or other deed or deeds of security over all or any of the Company's lands, property, estate, and assets, but so that the sum so to be borrowed shall not at any one time exceed the sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand rupees (Rs. 250,000). Provided that nothing herein contained shall be held to prevent the Directors procuring from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce of the estates of the Company as they may find it to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the said estates.

A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article, and subscribed by two or more of the Directors or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors ; and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

27. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

28. Subsequent General Meetings may be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if not so prescribed then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day of January in each year as the Directors shall determine.

29. The above-named General Meetings shall be called Ordinary Meetings ; all other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary.

30. The Directors may, whenever they think fit-and they shall, upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-fifth in number of the Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding not less than one-fifth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for-convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

31. Any requisition so made by the Shareholder or Shareholders shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, and shall be left at the registered office of the Company. 32. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary

General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall think fit, not being more than twenty-one days after the leaving of the requisition; and if they do not proceed to convene the said meeting within twenty-one days after the leaving of the requisition, the requisitionist or requisitionists or any other Shareholders amounting to the required number may, himself or themselves, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such time or place as

humber may, minsen or themselves, convene an instance and y convene and the hour of meeting, and the purpose for which 33. Fourteen days' notice at least, specifying the place and the hour of meeting, and the purpose for which any meeting is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company. 34. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the

same to a meeting.

35. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.
36. In order to constitute a meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, there shall be present, either personally or by proxy, three or more Shareholders holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of the capital for the time being subarribed for the time being subscribed for.

37. If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of a Shareholder or Shareholders, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the following day at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting the required number of Shareholders is not present, it shall be adjourned sine die. 38. The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every meeting of the

The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every meeting of the

Company. 39. If there be no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present at the time of holding the same, the Shareholders present shall appoint any one of the Directors who may be present to be Chairman, and in the event of no Director being present, the Shareholders shall then choose some one of their number to be Chairman of

such meeting. 40. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

41. At any General Meeting, unless a poll is demanded by at least two Shareholders, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the book of proceedings of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

42. If a poll is demanded in manner aforesaid, the same shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs; and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

43. In the event of a resolution being brought before a General Meeting involving the sale of the Company's estates or any portion thereof, or the winding up of the Company, a majority of three-fourths of the Shareholders present and (or) represented by proxy shall be necessary to carry such resolution.

VOTES OF SHAREHOLDERS.

44. Every Shareholder shall (except as provided for in the Article immediately following) have one vote for every one share held by him up to three. He shall have an additional vote for every two shares beyond the first three up to seven, and an additional vote for every three shares held by him beyond the first seven up to ten, and an additional vote for every five shares beyond the first ten up to fifty, and an additional vote for every fifty shares

additional vote for every new snares beyond the last ten up to use, and a solution of the first fifty. 45. When voting on a resolution involving the winding up of the Company every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him. 46. If any Shareholder is a lunatic or idiot or prodigal, he may vote by his curator; and if any Shareholder is a minor he may vote by his guardian, or any one of his guardians if more than one. 47. If one or more persons are jointly entitled to a share or shares, the person whose name stands first in the register of Shareholders as one of the holders of such share or shares, and no other, shall be entitled to vote in respect of the same.

48. No Sharcholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding

the meeting at which he proposes to vote. 49. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A proxy shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer, or, if such appointer is a corporation, under their common seal. 50. No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder; and the instrument or mandate appointing him shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote hut no instrument or mandate appointing a proxy shall time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote, but no instrument or mandate appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of three months from the date of its execution.

DIRECTORS.

The qualification of a Director shall be holding not less than eight fully paid up shares of the Company. The number of Directors shall not be less than three nor more than five; but this clause shall be construed 52.

as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies. 53. The first Directors shall be Charles Young. Alexander Thomson, William Duff Gibbon, and George Hay Alston, and they shall hold office, except in the event of their becoming respectively disqualified, until the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 1896. 54. As a remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate annually a sum not

exceeding Rs. 4.000, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine; but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future.

55. One of the Directors may be appointed by the Board to act as Managing Director and (or) Visiting Agent of the Company for such time and on such terms as the Board may determine or fix by agreement with the person appointed to the office.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

56. The Directors shall have power to purchase and (or) take on lease any estates, lands, or property for and on behalf of the Company at or for such price or prices, and (or) take on lease any estates, tands, or property for upon such terms and conditions as the Directors shall think fit and proper. The Directors shall also have power at any time, or from time to time, to sell and (or) lease all or any one or more of the estates, lands, or property of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, at or for such price or prices, and (or) at such rent or rents, and under or upon

Company, or any part or parts thereof, at or for such price or prices, and (or) at such rent or rents, and under or upon such terms and conditions as the Directors shall think fit or proper. 57. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, either by themselves or with the assistance of a secretary or secretaries, agent or agents, to be appointed by them for such a period, and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise (including brokerage on shares or debentures placed), paid or incurred in and about the formation and registration of the Company, the purchase of the said estates and the cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company. And the Directors may proceed to carry on the business of the Company and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as, they in their discretion shall think fit, and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed or applied for or allotted, and they shall do so as soon as in the judgment of the Directors a sufficient number of or applied for or allotted, and they shall do so as soon as in the judgment of the Directors a sufficient number of shares has been subscribed to render it desirable for them to do so.

The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, rules or regulations for the management of the 58.property of the Company; and for that purpose may appoint managers, agents, superintendents, officers, clerks, and servants, with such remuneration and at such salaries as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, superintendents, officers, clerks, or servants for such reasons as they may think proper and drivichtered.

advisable, and without assigning any cause. 59. The Directors also shall have power to open from time to time, on behalf of the Company, any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint; and also by such signatures as and, one of the draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and enter into cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bonds, mortgages, behalf and for the purposes of the Company. They or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint; and also by such signatures as they shall appoint, proxies to any proctor or proctors, contracts or agreements on behalf and for the purposes of the Company. They shall also have power to temporarily invest funds of the Company upon Ceylon or Indian Government securities, or by way of loan or loans to other public Company or public Companies registered in Ceylon, as they may think fit.

60. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof, such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries being signified by a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

61. The Directors shall exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

- 62. The office of a Director shall be vacated-
 - (1) If he ceases to hold the due qualification in shares;
 - (2) If he becomes of unsound mind or bankrupt, or take proceedings under the Bankruptcy Law for the liquidation of his affairs by arrangement of, or composition with, his creditors.

63. No contract, arrangement, or transaction entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Director, or with any Company or co-partnership of which a Director is a partner, or of which he is a Director, Managing Director, or Manager, shall be void or voidable; nor shall such Director be liable to account to the Company for any profit realized by such contract, arrangement, or transaction, by reason only of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereto established, provided that the fact of his interest or connection therewith be fully disclosed to the Company or its Directors; but no Director shall vote in respect of any contract, arrangement, or transaction in which he is directly or indirectly interested.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

64. At the first Ordinary Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 1896 all the Directors shall retire; and at the first Ordinary Meeting in every subsequent year one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number next below one-third, shall retire from office.

The Directors to retire in any year shall always be those who have been longest in office, and in case of 65.

65. The Directors to retire in any year shari atways be those who have been longest in office, and in case of Directors equal in length of office, shall, unless such Directors agree among themselves, be determined by ballot.
66. A retiring Director, if qualified, shall be re-eligible. The Company at the Ordinary General Meeting shall fill up the offices vacated by the retiring Directors by electing a like number of persons.
67. If at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place no such election is made, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the next day, at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting no election takes place, the former Directors shall continue to act until new Directors are appointed at the first Ordinary Meeting. Meeting of the following year.

68. The Company may from time to time, by special resolution in General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation they are to go out of office. 69. Any casual vacancy in the Board of Directors may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen

shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

70. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Questions arising at any meetings as they think it, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Questions along at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman, in addition to his original vote, shall have a casting vote. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of the Directors. 71. The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present at the time appointed for held in the arms, the Directory present shall shows some one of their number to be Chairman of such moting

holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting. 72. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or by any person rating as a Director shall

72. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or by any person acting as a Director, shall, notwith-standing that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Directors, or persons acting as aforesaid on that day, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books provided for and used solely for that 73. purpose-

(1) Of all appointments of officers made by the Directors

(2) Of the names of Directors present at each meeting of Directors;

(3) Of all orders made by the Directors; and
(4) Of all resolutions and proceedings of meetings of the Company and of the Directors.

74. And any such minutes as aforesaid, if signed by any person purporting to be the Chairman of any meeting

of Directors, shall be receivable in evidence without any further proof. 75. The Company in General Meeting may, by a special resolution, remove any Director, before the expiration of his period of office, and appoint another qualified person in his stead. The person so appointed shall, hold office during such time only as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

DIVIDENDS.

76. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, declare a dividend to be paid to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares, and they may, if they think fit, without reference to the Company in General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend or dividends to be paid to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend of the year.

77. No dividends shall be payable except out of the profits arising from the business of the Company and with the sanction of the Directors.

78. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sum as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining the works connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof; and the Directors may invest the sum so set apart as a reserve fund upon such securities as they, with the sanction of the Company, may select.

79. The Directors may deduct from the dividends payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise.

80. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to each Shareholder, or sent by post or otherwise to his registered place of abode ; and all dividends unclaimed for three years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company.

81. No dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.

Accounts.

82. Once at the least in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company in General Meeting a state-ment of the income and expenditure for the past year, made up to a date not more than three months before such meeting. 83.

The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, 83. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other like matters. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in cases where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such items shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.
84. A balance sheet shall be made out in every year and laid before the General Meeting of the Company, and such balance sheet shall be made out in every year and laid before the General Meeting of the Company.

and such balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit. 85. A written or printed copy of such balance sheet shall, seven days previously to such meeting, be delivered

at or sent by post to the registered address of every Shareholder.

AUDIT.

86. The accounts of the Company shall be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained, by one or more Auditors to be elected by the Company in General Meeting. 87. If not more than one Auditor is appointed, all the provisions herein contained relating to Auditors shall

apply to him. 88. The Auditors need not be Shareholders in the Company. No person is eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company ; and no Director or other officer of the Company is eligible during his continuance in office.

89. The first Auditor or Auditors of the Company shall be appointed by the Directors, and shall hold office until the second General Meeting ; and afterwards the Auditor or Auditors shall be from time to time appointed by

the Company in General Meeting. 90. The remuneration of the Auditor or Auditors shall be fixed by the Company at the time of their election, save that in case of the first Auditor or Auditors it shall be fixed by the Directors.

91. Any Auditor shall be re-eligible on his quitting office.

92. If any casual vacancy occurs in the office of Auditor, the Directors may appoint another Auditor, who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting.

93. If no election of Auditor is made in manner aforesaid, the Directors may appoint an Auditor or Auditors for the year then current, and fix the remuneration to be paid to him or them by the Company for his or their services

Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet, and it shall be his duty to examine the 94. same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto.

95. Every Auditor shall have a list delivered to him of all books kept by the Company, and he shall at all reasonable times have access to the books and accounts of the Company. He may, at the expense of the Company, employ accountants or other persons to assist him in investigating such accounts, and he may, in relation to such accounts, examine the Directors or any other officer of the Company.

The Auditors shall make a report to the Shareholders upon the balance sheet and accounts, and in every 96. such report they shall state whether, in their opinion, the balance sheet is a full and fair balance sheet containing the such report they shall state whether, in their opinion, one balance sheet is a till and tail balance sheet containing the particulars required by these regulations, and properly drawn up, so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs, and in case they have called for explanations or information from the Directors, whether such explanations or information have been given by the Directors, and whether they have been satisfactory; and such report shall be read together with the report of the Directors at the Ordinary Meeting.

NOTICES.

97. Notices by the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Secretary or Secretaries or other person appointed by the Directors to do so.

98. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

99. Notices requiring to be served by the Company upon the Shareholders may be served, either personally or by leaving the same or sending them through the post in a letter addressed to the Shareholders at their registered places of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless and until his executors or administrators shall have given notice to the Managing Director or Secretary or Secretaries of the Company of some address in Ceylon.

All notices directed to be given to the Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are 100. jointly entitled, be given to whichever of the said persons is named first in the register of Shareholders; and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such share.

101. All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*. 102. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name an address in Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named such an address he shall not be entitled to any notices.

In witness whereof the Subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo this Twenty-seventh day of March, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-five.

> A. THOMSON. JAS. FORBES. R. LEWIS M. BROWN. W. HENRY FIGG. G. H. ALSTON. A. J. SAWER. ALF. H. AYDEN.

Witness to the above signatures :

F. J. DE SARAM, Proctor, Supreme Court.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE COLOMBO FORT LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. THE name of the Company is "The Colombo Fort Land and Building Company, Limited."

2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.

3. The objects for which the Company is established are-

(a) To purchase and acquire the Leyden Bastion premises situate in Colombo, and all the buildings thereon.

(b) To purchase, acquire, erect, construct, alter, adopt, improve, lease, hold, hire, sell, mortgage, or let any ground, land, or buildings in Ceylon, with all approaches, privileges, or appurtenances thereto belonging, or any interest therein.

(c) To purchase and acquire any concessions or rights to purchase any lands or buildings, and to enter into any agreement or agreements in connection therewith.

(d) To amalgamate, unite, or co-operate, either generally or to or for any limited extent or period determinable, continuous, or otherwise, with any corporation, company, person or persons already or hereafter to be established for or engaged in objects all of which are or shall be within the scope of, or connected with, any of the objects of this Company; and to purchase or acquire the business, or any interest in the business, or in any branch of the business carried on by any such corporation, company, person, or persons, and being a business which this Company is authorized to carry on, and for any such purpose to make and enter into any contracts, agreements, or arrangements, and to undertake any liabilities.

(e) To sell the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit; and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other Company having objects within the scope of or analogous to the objects of this Company.

(f) To raise money for all or any of the purposes of the Company in such a manner as the Company may think fit, and in particular upon mortgage of any property of the Company or by the issue of debentures or debenture stock charging all or any of the Company's property, both present and future, including uncalled capital, or upon the bonds, bills, notes, or other security of the Company.

(g) To take or otherwise acquire and hold or sell and dispose of stocks, shares, or debentures in any other Company having objects within the scope of, or similar or analogous to, any of the objects of this Company.

(h) To make, accept, endorse, and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, and other negotiable instruments.

(i) To sell, exchange, improve, manage, develop, lease, underlease, imortgage, dispose of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the Company.

(j) To do any of the foregoing things, and generally to carry on any business, or effectuate any object of the Company.

(k) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

4. The liability of the members is limited.

5. The capital of the Company is Rs. 750,000, divided into 7.500 shares of Rs. 100 each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :--

| Names and Address | es of Subscribers | . | | | of Shares taken a Subscriber. |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------|-----|-----|----------------------------------|
| V. A. JULIUS, Colombo | | ••• | ••• | ••• | One |
| C. E. H. SYMONS, Colombo | ••• | | ••• | | One |
| A. THOMSON, Colombo | • | ••• | | | One |
| G. W. CARLYON, Colombo | ••• | ••• | ••• | ••• | One |
| PERCY BOIS, Colombo | ••• | ••• | ••• | ••• | One |
| A. M. GEPP, Colombo | ••• | ••• | ••• | | One |
| G. H. ALSTON, Colombo | ••• | ••• | ••• | | One |

Witness to the above signatures :

E. R. WILLIAMS, Notary Public, Colombo.

Dated at Colombo the 3rd day of April, 1895.

ARTICLES ASSOCIATION OF THE COLOMBO FORT LAND 0F AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows :---

1. Table Cnot to apply: Company to be governed by these Articles.—The regulations contained in the Table C in the Schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

Power to alter the Regulations .- The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION.

3. Interpretation Clause.-In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subjector context, viz. :---

Company .- The word "Company" means "The Colombo Fort Land and Building Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memoran lum of Association to which these Articles are attached. The Ordinance.—" The Ordinance " means and includes " The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and

every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

These Presents.—" These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force. *Capital.*—" Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of

means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

Shares.-" Shares " means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided. Shareholder .- "Shareholder " means a Shareholder of the Company.

Shareholder.—"Shareholder "means a Shareholder of the Company.
 Presence or Present.—" Presence or Present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy.
 Directors.—"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the
 Directors assembled at a Board.
 Board.—"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled
 at a Board Meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.
 Persons.—"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated

by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

Office. "Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company. Seal.—"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

Month.—" Sear means the common sear for the time being of the company. Month.—" Month " means a calendar month. Writing.—" Writing " means printed matter or print as well as writing. Singular and Plural Number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa.

Masculine and Feminine Gender .- Words importing masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

PRELIMINARY.

Preliminary.—The Company shall forthwith purchase and acquire for Rs. 120,000 the concession of the right to purchase all those premises and buildings situate in the Fort of Colombo, and known as the Leyden Bastion, and shall subsequently purchase for Rs. 400,000 the said premises and buildings. The Company shall forthwith enter into an agreement with Messrs. Whittall & Co. to act as Agents and Secretaries of the Company until the 31st day of December, 1905, provided they shall for so long be willing to act at a remuneration of Rs. 1,000 as an office fee and 5 per cent. on the gross rentals earned by the Company. The Company may also forthwith borrow any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole Rs. 300,000 for the purposes of the Company, and may issue debentures, mortgages, or such other form of security for the same charged upon the whole or any portion of the Company's property, as the Directors may think fit the Directors may think fit.

BUSINESS.

4. Commencement of Business.—The Company may proceed to carry on business and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit. And not-withstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed or applied for or allotted, they shall do so

withstanding that the whole of the shares shart not have been subscribed of applied for or anotical, they shart do so as soon as in the judgment of the Directors a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.
5. Business to be carried on by Directors.—The business of the Company shall be carried on by or under the management or direction of the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

Arrangement on issue of Shares .- The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

Payment of Amount of Shares by Instalments .- If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

Increase of Capital.-The Company in General Meeting may from time to time increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount as may be deemed expedient.

9. New Shares.—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct, and if no direction be given as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

10. How carried into effect.—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given, that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine.

11. Same as Original Capital. - Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue, or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained, with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer, and transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

12. Reduction of Capital.—The Company may from time to time in General Meeting reduce its capital, and may consolidate or subdivide any of its shares which have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person. Paid up capital may be returned upon the footing that the amount may be called up again or otherwise.

SHARES.

13. Shares held by a Firm.—Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. One of Joint-holders other than a Firm may give receipts; the first-named of Joint-holders only entitled to vote.—Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies, and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

15. Survivor of Joint-holder other than a Firm only recognized.—In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

16. Company not bound to recognize any Interest in Share other than that of registered holder, or of any person, under clause 32.—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest, in the nature of a trust or otherwise, in any share or any other right in respect of any share, excepting absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 32 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

17. Certificates.—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company and signed by two Directors and the Secretary, or in such other manner as the Directors shall prescribe.

18. How issued.—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares, or to several certificates, each for a part of such shares. Every certificate shall specify the number of the shares in respect of which it is issued, the class and the amount paid up thereon or credited thereto.

19. Renewal of Certificate.—If a certificate be worn out or defaced, then upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a fresh certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors may deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate.

20. Fee for same.—Such sum (if any) not exceeding fifty cents as the Directors may determine shall be paid to the Company for every certificate so issued in place of a certificate lost or destroyed.

21. Certificate to be delivered to the first-numed of Joint-holders not a Firm.—The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first-named on the register.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

22. Transfer of Shares.—Subject to the restriction of these Articles any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in writing signed both by transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

23. No transfer to Infant or Person of Unsound Mind.-No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

24. Form of Transfer.—Shares when transferable may be transferred by any usual common form of instrument of transfer.

25. Register of Transfers.—The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

26. Board may decline to register Transfers.—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them.

27. Not bound to state Reason.—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

28. Registration of Transfer.—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor or his right to transfer his shares, and a fee of rupees two and cents fifty (Rs. 2.50), or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 26 and 27 and 29, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

29. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transfer ee as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

30. Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of Transfer.—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquir^e into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transfer or shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transfere.

31. When Transfer Books may be closed.—The transfer books may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the first General Meeting, also when a dividend is declared for the three next days ensuing the meeting.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

32. Title to Shares of Deceased Holder.—The executors or administrators of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

33. Registration of persons entitled to Shares otherwise than by transfer.—Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

34. Failing such registration Shares may be sold by the Company.—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 33 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event of the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if, in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such shares, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the net proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

35. Exercise of Rights.—No person shall exercise any rights of a Shareholder until his name shall have been entered in the register of Shareholders, and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

SHARES (SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE).

36. The Directors may accept surrender of Shares.—The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

37. If Guil or instalments be not paid, notice to be given to Shareholder.—If any Shareholder fail to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may, at any time thereafter during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder, requiring him to pay the same, begether with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

8. Terms of Notice.—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) and applace or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares interspect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

39. In default of payment Shares to be forfeited.—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Shareholder still liable to pay Money owing at time of forfeiture.—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture, until payment, at nine per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Surrendered or forfeited Shares to be property of Company, and may be sold, &c.-Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. Effect of surrender or forfeiture.—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. Certificate of surrender or forfeiture.—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary, that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture; and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good tille to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

44. Forfeiture may be remitted.—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money, for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per cent. on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share, bonà fide sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

45. Lien on Shares.—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such jointholders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders, or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons, and such lien shall extend to all dividends declared on such shares. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien. 46. Lien how made available.—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors, or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

47. Proceeds how applied.—The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

48. Certificate of Sale.—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary, that the power of sale given by clause 46 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

49. Transfer on sale how executed.—Upon any such sale, two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

CALLS.

50. Directors may make Calls.—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the holders of registered shares in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call. If any Shareholder fail to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per cent. per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment. Any such call may be made payable either in one sum or two or more instalments.

51. Calls, time when made.-A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorizing the call was passed at a Board Meeting of the Directors.

52. Extension of time for payment of Call.—The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

53. Liability of Joint-holders.—Joint-holders of a share should be severally as well as jointly liable for all instalments and calls in respect thereof.

54. Payments in anticipation of Calls.—The Directors may at their discretion receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up, and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof from time to time and at any time thereafter, as exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares on account of which such advances are made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholder and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, six per cent. per annum.

BORROWING POWERS.

55. Power to Borrow.—The Directors may from time to time at their discretion borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company in addition to the sum mentioned in these Articles under the head "Preliminary," provided that the additional money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed rupees fifty thousand (Rs. 50,000); only with the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary or two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned.

56. Security for repayment.—For the purposes of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may create and issue any mortgages, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or by giving, accepting, or endorsing on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be varied or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

57. Assignment of Security.—Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may have been issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

58. First General Meeting.—The first General Meeting shall be held at such time not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company as the Directors may determine.

59. Subsequent General Meetings.—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.—The General Meetings mentioned in clauses 58 and 59 shal be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary Genera Meetings.

61. Extraordinary General Meetings.—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, and shall do so upon a requisition being made in writing by one or more Shareholders holding in the aggregate not less than one-fourth of the issued capital.

62. Requisition to state object of Meeting; if Directors fail to call Meeting, Shareholders may do so. — Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, shall be signed by the Shareholders making the same, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix. 63. Seven days' notice of Meeting to be given.—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, day, hour of meeting, and, save as hereinafter provided, the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given to the Shareholders entitled to be present at such meeting in manner hereinafter mentioned, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS.

64. Business not requiring Notification.—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report, and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors, and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

65. Notice of other business to be given.—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

66. Quorum.—No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business five or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

67. If Quorum not present.—If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved; but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place. And if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

68. Chairman of General Meeting.— The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman, and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

69. Business confined to election of Chairman while Chair vacant.—No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

70. Chairman with consent may adjourn Meeting.—The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

71. Minutes of General Meeting.—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as gracticable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

72. Votes.—At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder, and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by at least three members present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company shall be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

73. Poll.—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

74. Poll how taken.—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by notice in writing, signed by three Shareholders present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

75. No Poll on election of Chairman or on question of Adjournment.—No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

76. Number of votes to which Shareholder entitled.—On a show of hands every Shareholder shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share up to ten, an additional vote for every five shares beyond the first ten up to one hundred, and an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first hundred, beyond which shares will not carry votes.

77. Guardian of Infant, &c., when not entitled to vote.—The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

78. Voting in Person or by Proxy.—Votes may be given personally or by proxy. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in print or in writing, and shall be under the hand of the appointor, or if such appointor is a corporation, under its common seal. Except that a corporation being a Shareholder may appoint as proxy a member or officer of its own, no person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a member of the Company and qualified to vote. Any Shareholder residing in foreign parts may deposit in the office of the Company an instrument of proxy (properly stamped for this purpose) valid for all meetings whatever during such absence and until revocation. 79. When Proxy to be deposited.—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, but no instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution, except that it may be used on the adjournment of the meeting for which it was originally intended to be given, and except that any member absent abroad may deposit an instrument of proxy in the office as provided by clause 78.

80. Validity of vote in event of death of Principal.—A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death of the principal or revocation of the appointment, unless notice in writing of the death or revocation shall have been received at the office of the Company twenty-four hours at least before the meeting.

81. Member in Arrear not to vote.—No Shareholder shall be entitled to be present or vote on any question, either personally or by proxy, or as proxy for another Shareholder, except only as proxy for a corporation of which he is a member or officer, at any General Meeting, or upon a poll, or be reckoned in a quorum whilst any call or other sum shall be due and payable to the Company in respect of any shares of such Shareholder.

82. Form of Proxy.—Any instrument appointing a proxy shall be as nearly as circumstances will admit in the following form :—

The Colombo Fort Land and Building Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the ______ day of _____, one thousand eight hundred and ______, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this <u>day of</u> and <u>day of</u>, one thousand eight hundred and <u>Signed in the presence of</u>.

83. Objection to validity of vote.—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every your (whether given personally or by proxy) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

84. No Shareholder to be prevented from roting by being personally interested in result.—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

85. Shareholder should be registered for three months previous to Meeting before he can vote.—Every Shareholder not disqualified by the preceding Articles, who has been duly registered for three months previous to the General Meeting, shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at all meetings.

PREFERENCE SHARES AND MEETINGS OF CLASSES OF SHAREHOLDERS.

86. Preference and deferred shares.—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such guarantee or any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of repayment of capital or both, or any such other privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, or with any such right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time determine in General Meeting.

87. Resolutions affecting a particular class of Shares.--If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders consent on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends' payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares, and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolution could have been effected without it.

88. Meeting affecting a particular class of Shares.—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member not being a Director shall be entitled to notice thereof, or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any five members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

DIRECTORS.

89. Number of Directors.-Unless otherwise determined by a General Meeting, the number of Directors shall never be less than three nor more than five.

90. Their qualification and remuneration.—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least twenty-five shares. A first Director may act before acquiring his qualification, but shall in any case acquire the same within one month from his appointment. As a remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding rupees three thousand (Rs. 3,000) annually to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

91. Appointment of First Directors, and duration of their Office.—The first Directors shall be Alexander Thomson, Percy Bois, Villiers Alexander Julius, and Charles Edward Hood Symons. all of Colombo, who shall hold office till the first Annual General Meeting in the year 1897; any of the said Directors may resign his office prior to the said Annual General Meeting, and such vacancy may be filled up under clause 95 hereof.

92. Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors: his or their remuneration.—One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Managing Director or Managing Directors of the Company for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Managing Directors may devolve on the Managing Director or Managing Directors of the Directors may devolve on the Managing Director or Managing Directors.

all or any duties and powers that might be devolved on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money as they shall think fit.

93. Appointment of Successors to Directors.—The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent General Meeting.

94. Board may fill up Vacancies and add to their number.—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time before the first Ordinary Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number arising from death, resignation, or otherwise.

95. Duration of Office of Directors appointed to Vacancy.—Any causal vacancy occurring in the number of Directors may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

96. Two to retire Annually.—At the Ordinary General Meeting in 1898 and at the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year, two of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 97.

97. Retiring Directors how determined.—The Directors to retire from office at the Ordinary General Meeting in 1898 shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office, but a Managing Director shall not, while he holds such office, be subject to retire by rotation.

98. Retiring Directors eligible for re-election.-Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

99. Decision of Question as to retirement.—In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

100. Number of Directors how increased or reduced.—The Company in General Meeting may from time to time increase or reduce the number of Directors and alter their qualification, and may also determine to what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

101. If election not made, retiring Directors to continue until next Meeting.—If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting, until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

102. Resignation of Directors.—A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the office, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

103. When office of Director to be vacated.—The office of Director shall be vacated (a) if he accepts or holds any office or place of profit (other than Managing Director, Proctor, or Secretary) under the Company; (b) if he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors; (c) if by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting; (d) if he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office; (e) if by notice in writing to the Company he resigns his office.

104. No Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, either as vendor, purchaser, or otherwise; nor shall any such contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Company or partnership of or in which any Director shall be a member or otherwise interested be avoided; nor shall any Director so contracting or being such a member or so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realized by any such contract or arrangement by reason only of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established; but no Director shall vote in respect of any such contract or arrangement, and the nature of his interest where it does not appear on the face of the contract shall be disclosed by him at the meeting of the Directors at which the contract or arrangement is determined on, if his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Directors after the acquisition of his interest.

105. How Directors removed and Successors appointed.—The Company may by a special resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead, and the Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

106. Indemnity to Directors and others for their own acts and for the acts of others.—Every Director or officer and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him respectively in or about the discharge of his respective duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults, and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer shall be liable for any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or unisfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his respective office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

107. No contribution to be required from Directors beyond amount, if any, unpaid on their Shares.—No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

108. Powers of Directors.—The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through the Managing Director, or by any agent or agents, secretary or secretaries of the Company, in such manner as the Directors shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses as well preliminary as otherwise paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the Company. The Directors may purchase or take on lease any land or buildings for the purposes of the Company, and may sell or let any portion or portions thereof, and may enter into any arrangement or contract for building.

109. The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient, and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, assistants, artizans, and workers, and generally

do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to the provisions of any such Ordinance, and of these presents, and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

110. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make such regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and for that purpose may appoint such managers, agents, secretaries, officers, clerks, and servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, officers, clerks, or servants for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable and without assigning any cause.

111. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, and sign cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements and other documents on behalf and for the purposes of the Company, also proxy or proxies to any proctor or proctors.

112. The Directors shall also have power to appoint an agent or secretary, or agents or secretaries, and to enter into agreements in connection therewith, also to appoint a proctor or proctors, attorney or attorneys, and whatever other officers they may consider necessary to assist in carrying on the business of the Company, and from time to time to revoke such appointments. They shall from time to time determine as they shall see fit the duties of the agent or secretary, or agents or secretaries, and of the Managing Director and other officers, and may delegate to him or them all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except those relating to shares and any others as to which special provisions inconsistent with such delegation are herein contained, and they shall have power to fix the remuneration of such agent or secretary, or agents or secretaries, and Managing Directors or other officers. They shall not, however, be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any agent of the Company or other person except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated, and the conditions under which they may be so used, and such limitations and conditions shall be an essential part of the powers so delegated, and compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers. The Directors shall also have the power to bring or defend any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings in the name of the Company.

113. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other Company or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the entirety of the business, estate, and effects of the Company, respectively, to any Company or person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose, and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall thereupon be dissolved.

114. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

115. Meetings of Directors.—The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

116. A Director may summon Meetings of Directors.—A Director may, and the Secretary at the request of any Director shall, at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

117. Who is to preside at Meetings of Board.—The Board may elect a Chairman and Deputy Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which they are to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman if one has been elected and is present, or in his absence by the Deputy Chairman, but if the offices of Chairman and Deputy Chairman be vacant, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman and Deputy Chairman her not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

118. Questions at Meetings how decided.—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

119. Board may appoint Committees.—The Board may delegate any of their powers to Committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board may think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such Committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes; but every Committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board.

120. Acts of Board or Committees valid notwithstanding informal appointment.--The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be done before the discovery of the defect.

121. Regulation of Proceedings of Committees.—The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and be not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committees respectively or any regulation imposed by the Board.

122. Resolution in writing by all the Directors as valid as if passed at a Meeting of Directors.—A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

123. Minutes.—The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, vide licet :-

(a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.

(b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors, and of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.

(c) Of the proceedings of all General Meetings.
 (d) Of the proceedings of all meetings of the Directors and of the committees appointed by the Board.

124. Signature of Minutes of Proceedings and effect thereof. - All such minutes shall be signed by the person or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, and all minutes purporting to have been signed by the Chairman of any such General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Com-mittee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prima facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction of occurrences of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman.

125. When the business of the Company shall commence.—The Directors shall be at liberty to carry on the business of the Company as soon as they shall think fit, notwithstanding the whole capital may not have been subscribed for or taken.

COMMON SEAL.

126. Common Seal.-The Director shall provide a common seal of the Company, and shall provide for the safe custody thereof, and it shall never be used except by the authority of the Directors previously given and in the presence of two Directors at the least, who shall sign every instrument to which the seal is affixed, and every such instrument shall be countersigned by the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Directors.

ACCOUNTS.

127. Accounts.—The Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company, and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

Inspection of Accounts.- The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent, 128. and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account, or book, or document of the Company except as conferred by the statutes, or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

129. Balance Sheet.—At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the previous year.

130. Report to accompany Statement.—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report of the Directors as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

131. Copy of Balance Sheet to be sent to Shareholders.—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

132. Declaration of Dividend.-The Company may in General Meeting from time to time declare a dividend to be paid to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of net profits. No larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Directors. The Company in General Meeting may however declare a smaller dividend.

133. Interim Dividend.—The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend on the then current year.

134. Reserve Fund.—Previously to the Directors recommending any dividend, they may set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

135. Application thereof.—The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing, or maintaining, or extending the buildings and premises, or for the repair, or renewal, or extension of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they may from time to time deem expedient.

136. Unpaid Interest or Dividend not to bear Interest.-No unpaid interest or dividend shall ever bear interest against the Company.

137. No Shareholder to receive Dividend while Debt due to Company.-No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever.

138. Directors may deduct Debt from the Dividends .- The Directors may deduct from the dividend payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.

139. Notice of Dividend; Forfeiture of Unclaimed Dividend.—Notice of all interest or dividends to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all interests or dividends unclaimed by any Share-holder for three years, after notice thereof is given, may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company, and if the Directors think fit may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

140. Loss of Dividend Warrant .- The Company shall not be responsible for the loss of any cheque, dividend warrant, or Post Office order which shall be sent by post in respect of dividends.

141. Shares held by a Firm.-Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

142. Joint-holders other than a Firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT

143. Accounts to be audited .- The accounts of the Company shall once at least in every year be examined and the correctness of each balance sheet ascertained by one or more auditor or auditors.

144. Auditors .- The number of auditors, the person or persons to fill the office of auditor or auditors, and the remuneration of the auditor or auditors and his or their term of office may from time to time be determined and varied by the Company in General Meeting.

145. Appointment of First Auditors.—Subject to the last Article, the Directors may appoint the first auditor or audit the accounts of the Company until the first Ordinary General Meeting, when he or they shall retire, but shall be eligible for re-election, and the Directors may fix his or their remuneration.

146. Retirement of Auditors.—The auditor or auditors for the time being shall retire at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every year, but shall be eligible for re-election. If on the retirement of an auditor as aforesaid no person shall be appointed his successor by the Ordinary General Meeting at which his retirement shall take place, he shall be considered as re-elected for another year, although no resolution to that effect shall be passed or proposed. If any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of auditor the Directors shall forthwith fill up same.

147. Duty of Auditors.--Every auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

148 Accounts to be open to Auditors .- All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be open to the auditors for the purpose of audit.

NOTICES.

149. Notices how authenticated.-Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the agent or secretary, agents or secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.

150. Shareholder to register Address.-Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

151. Service of Notices.—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by sending through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless and until his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the agent or secretary, or agents or secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address.

152. Notice to Joint-holders of Shares other than a Firm .-- All notices directed to be given to a Shareholder shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such person is named first in the register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

153. Date and Proof of Service.—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address; and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and pat into a post office or post box; and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

154. Non-resident Shareholders must register Addresses in Ceylon .- Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address he shall not be entitled to any notices.

Period for Notices.-Where a given number of days notice, or a notice extending over any other period is required to be given, the day of service shall, but the day upon which such notice will expire shall not, be included on such number of days or other period.

ARBITRATION.

156. Directors may refer disputes to Arbitration.—Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other Company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration in such manner and upon such terms and conditions as they may think fit.

EVIDENCE.

157. Evidence in Action by Company against Shareholders .- On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company, and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS ON WINDING UP.

158. Distribution.—If the Company shall be wound up, and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied, first, in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up thereon, and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If there shall remain any surplus assets after repayment of the whole of the paid up capital, such surplus assets shall

be divided among the Shareholders in proportion to the capital paid up or reckoned as paid up on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up.

159. Purchase of Company's Property by Shareholders—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

160. Payment in Specie and vesting in Trustees.—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator with the like sanction shall think fit.

In witness whereof the Subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names, at Colombo this Third day of April, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-five.

V. A. JULIUS. C. E. H. SYMONS. A. THOMSON. G. W. CARLYON, PERCY BOIS. A. M. GEPP. G. H. ALSTON.

Witness to the above signatures : E. R. WILLIAMS, Notary Public, Colombo.

HE Annual General Meeting of the Delgolla Estates Company, Limited, will be held at the registered office of the Company at Kandy at 8 A.M. on April 11. The transfer books will be closed from April 5 to 15.

By order of the Board,

J. MUNTON, Secretary.

I, SIMON ALUTGAMA alias A. J. DE SILVA, do hereby give notice that from and after Δpril 10, 1895, I shall adopt the name and sign myself as Alutgamage Simon de Silva.

Matara, April 2, 1895.

April 2, 1895.

SIMON ALUTGAMA.

1, NATHANIEL JOHN COOKE, of Negombo, do hereby give notice, in terms of section 8 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, of my intention, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the District of Vavuniya.

Colombo, April 4, 1895.

N. J. COOKE.

ා නුවුවේ පදිමි නතානියෙල් ජෝන් කුක් වන මම චම් 1877තේ නොම්මර 20ක් අඥාපනතේ අට වෙනි වගත හයේ පුකාර මෙවක් පටන් තුන්මාසයක් පසුවුනායින් පසු වටුනියාවිලාම්කුලම් දිස්හික්කියටු පුසබ නොහාරිස්කෙනෙක් මෙන් පත්වෙන පිණ්ස ගරුතර ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමාතන්වහන්සේගෙන් ඉලිළුම් කරන්ට අභිපුකරගණ සිටින බව වෙයින් දනවම.

ඇත්. ජේ. කුක්.

චම් 1895 ක්වූ අපෙුල් මස 4 වෙනි දින කොළඹදීය.

இதன்கீள் கையொப்பம்வைக்கும் **கத்தா**னி ியல் ஜோன் கூக்வாகிய கான் 1877 ம் அண்டு இரண்டாம் கொம்பரைக்குறித்த கட்டளேச்சட் டக்தின் எட்டாம் பிரிவின் பிரசாரம் வவுணி யாவிளாங்குளம் டிஸ் திறிச்சில் போசித்த நொத் தாரிசாக ஏற்பட இன்று துவடிகம் மூன்று மாதம் பின்போனதின்பின் மேன்மையான இ லங்சாதிபதியவர்சளிடம் கேட்கக்சரு தியிரு 1 கிற தை இத்தா லற்விக்கிறேன.

என். ஜே. கூச்.

கொழும்பில், 1895 ம் எது சித்திரைமீ 4 க் வ

Ceylon Government Railways .-- Comparative Statement of Traffic for the Week ended March 17, 1895.

| Forward from last Return 1 Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 1 Corresponding period of pre- vious Year 14 Increase compared with pre- | - 1 - 5 16,633 59,846 | 1,440, 52 16 60 26,882 36 2,275 2 363 58 143 47 55 25 15 12 15 82 806 18 822 60 54,407 45 39 68 72 25 558 23 85,657 1 947,034 13 032691 14 994,494 26 38,196 88 | 1 65,84 2 91(5 66,76) 5 66,76) 2 5,332 4 7 8 92 9 2 9 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - | $\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 9 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2$ | 2 79,788 2 1,900 2 | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 993 14,930 1,258 16 6 | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | - | Rs. c. 9 32 |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|----------------|--------------------------|
| Total Passengers Parcels Horses Carriages Dogs Other small Animals Neat Cattle Miscellaneous Coaching Miscellaneous Coaching Goods (Tons) Miscellaneous Goods Live Stock General Miscellaneous Total for the Week Total form Jan. 1 to March 17 Total corresponding period of previous Year Traffic Train Mileagethis Week Forward from last Return Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 11 Corresponding period of previous Year Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 12 Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 14 Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 14 Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 14 Total from Jan. 1 to March | 5,017 50 9 866 19 4 - 5,058 90 - - 1 5,058 90 - - 1 5,058 90 - - - 1 5,058 - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 26,882 36 2,275 22 363 58 143 47 55 25 15 12 15 82 806 18 22 60 54,407 45 39 68 72 25 558 23 85,657 1 947,034 13 032691 14 994,494 26 38,196 88 | 5 66,763 5,332 5,332 47 8 9 9 9 9 1 - 5,078 - - - - - - - - - - - - - | $\begin{array}{c} 1,432 & 1\\ 342 & 9\\ 84 & 25\\ 67 & 56\\ 11 & 34\\ 11 & 75\\ 907 & 94\\ 21 & 56\\ 60,446 & 84\\ 92 & 62\\ 193 & 75\\ 138 & 0\\ \hline 92,783 & 8\\ 995,290 & 51\\ 1088073 & 59\\ 1032691 & 14\\ \hline 55,382 & 45\\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\$ | $\left \begin{array}{c} 6,590\\ 63\\ 14\\ 88\\ 22\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\$ | $\begin{array}{c} 1,932 75\\ 470 16\\ 107 10\\ 44 25\\ 3 10\\ \hline \\ 833 3\\ 57 3\\ 25 1\\ 82,095 47\\ 92 36\\ 251 60\\ 20 46\\ \hline \\ 120,770 93\\ 1188132 96\\ \hline \\ 1308903 89\\ 1088073 59\\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1,258 16 6 | 500 58 127 26 22 87 | | |
| Carriages Dogs Other small Animals Neat Cattle Mails Miscellaneous Coaching Bicycles, &c Goods (Tons) Miscellaneous Goods Live Stock General Miscellaneous Total for the Week Forward from previous Return Total for the Week Forward from previous Return Total for the Week Forward from previous Return Total corresponding period of previous Year Increase compared with pre- vious Year Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 Total from last Return Increase compared with pre- vious Year Increase compared with pre- | 9 86 19 4 - 5,058 - 90 - - 1 5,058 - 90 - - 1 5,058 - 90 - - 1 5,058 - 90 - - - - - - - - - - - - - | $\begin{array}{c} 143 \ 47 \\ 55 \ 25 \\ 15 \ 12 \\ 15 \ 82 \\ 806 \ 18 \\ 22 \ 60 \\ 54,407 \ 45 \\ 39 \ 68 \\ 72 \ 25 \\ 558 \ 23 \\ 85,657 \ 1 \\ 947,034 \ 13 \\ 032691 \ 14 \\ 994,494 \ 26 \\ 38,196 \ 88 \\ \hline $ | 8 92 92 1 5,078 330 | 84 21 67 50 11 34 11 75 907 94 21 50 60,446 84 92 62 193 75 138 0 92,783 8 995,290 51 1032691 14 55,382 45 | 214,741 | $\begin{array}{c} 107 \ 10 \\ 44 \ 25 \\ 3 \ 10 \\ \hline \\ 833 \ 3 \\ 57 \ 3 \\ 25 \ 1 \\ 82,095 \ 47 \\ 92 \ 36 \\ 251 \ 60 \\ 20 \ 46 \\ \hline 120,770 \ 93 \\ 1188132 \ 96 \\ \hline 1308903 \ 89 \\ 1088073 \ 59 \\ \end{array}$ | 3,703 258 | 22 87 25 9 35 53 25 1 21,648 63 57 85 27,987 85 192,842 45 220,830 30 | | |
| Mails Miscellaneous Coaching Bicycles, &c Goods (Tons) Miscellaneous Goods Live Stock General Miscellaneous Total for the Week Forward from previous Return Total for Jan. 1 to March 17 Total corresponding period of previous Year Traffic Train Mileagethis Week Forward from last Return Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 Increase compared with pre- vious Year Miscellaneous Increase compared with pre- Vious Year | | 806 18 22 60 54,407 45 39 68 72 25 558 29 85,657 1 947,034 13 032691 14 994,494 26 38,196 88 | 5,078 330 | $\begin{array}{c} 907 \ 94\\ 21 \ 50\\ 60,446 \ 84\\ 92 \ 62\\ 193 \ 75\\ 138 \ 0\\ 92,783 \ 8\\ 995,290 \ 51\\ 1088073 \ 59\\ 1032691 \ 14\\ \overline{55,382 \ 45}\\ \hline \\ \hline$ | 23 8,781 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 3,703 258 | 35 53 25 1 21,648 63 57 85 27,987 85 192,842 45 220,830 30 | | 0 2 |
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| Forward from previous Return Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 Total corresponding period of previous Year Increase compared with pre- vious Year Traffic Train Mileage this Week Forward from last Return Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 1 Corresponding period of pre- vious Year Increase compared with pre- vious Year | - 1 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 | 947,034 13 032691 14 994,494 26 38,196 88 | | 995,290 51 1088073 59 1032691 14 55,382 45 | 22,298 214,741 | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 4,032 | 192,842 45 220,830 30 | | |
| Total corresponding period of previous Year Increase compared with pre- vious Year Traffic Train Mileagethis Week Forward from last Return Total from Jan. 1 to March 17 1 Corresponding period of pre- vious Year Increase compared with pre- vious Year | | 994,494 26 38,196 88 | 18,266 181,712 199,978 | 1032691 14 55,382 45 | 22,298 214,741 | 1088073 59 | 4,032 | | | |
| Traffic Train Mileagethis Week Forward from last Return In Corresponding period of pre- vious Year Increase compared with pre- vious Year | 16,633 59,846 76,479 52,972 | | 18,266 181,712 199,978 | | 22,298 214,741 | 220,830 30 | | | | |
| Corresponding period of pre- vious Year 11 Increase compared with pre- vious Year 2 | 52,972 | - | 199,978 | | | 1 | | | | |
| Increase compared with pre- vious Year | | | | _ | 237,039 199,978 | | 37,061 | | | |
| | | | 23,499 | | 37,061 | | | | _ | _ |
| Particulars of Goods Conveyed. | March 1 | vs ended .7, 1895. | March | ary 1 to 17, 1895. | Mar | uary 1 to ch 18, 1894. ewt. qr. 1b. | n | ewt. gr. 1b. | Decre in 18 | |
| Paraok Arrack Arrack Arrack Arrack Arrack Arrack Arrack Salt Cinnamon Jacao Cardamoms Cardamoms Cardamoms Beer, 3rd class Plumbago, 3rd class Plumbago, 3rd class Other 4th class Goods bther 5th class Goods offee otton occanut Oil opperah mber, wrought imber at 5th class imber at 6th class anure, 6th class anure, 6th class imber at 6th class anure, 6th class ilky Articles an | $ \begin{array}{c} 1,028\\ 13\\ 10\\ 91\\ 5\\ 36\\ 7\\ 12\\ 1\\ 8\\ 10\\ 0\\ 727\\ 1 \end{array} $ | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 220 1,140 298 102 198 102 198 13 2,086 1,780 1,790 1,099 1,099 1,009 1,009 1,000 1,0 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{c} 1,326\\ 0,17,362\\ 0,328\\ 1,362\\ 1,362\\ 1,362\\ 1,362\\ 1,362\\ 1,362\\ 1,362\\ 1,185\\ 1,185\\ 1,185\\ 1,185\\ 1,185\\ 1,180\\ 2,2795\\ 1,185\\ 1,185\\ 1,180\\ 2,21\\ 1,983\\ 9,14\\ 1,538\\ 1,238\\ 1,144\\ 1,1538\\ 1,238\\ 1,162\\ 1,983\\ 2,296\\ 1,1983\\ 2,296\\ 1,1983\\ 2,296\\ 1,1983\\ 2,292\\ 2,292\\ 2,29$ | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{c} 333\\ 333\\ 2,273\\ 1,120\\ 123\\ 44\\ 349\\ 13\\ 56\\ 0\\ 2\\ 14\\ 1,130\\ 84\\ 333\\ 786\\ 2\\ 254\\ 34\\ 786\\ 2\\ 254\\ 34\\ 71\\ 42\\ 1\\ 16\\ 12\\ 103\\ 836\\ -\\ -\\ \end{array}$ | 9 0 21 0 1 25 1, | 0 | 1 4 1 0 2 1 0 0 |

W. T. PEARCE, General Manager.

| | Tota | l Quantities | | e fol. | lowing. | Articl | | rted fi | | he Port | s of (| | | l Gall | | ng the | unde | r-me | ntion | ed pe | Tiod | | Macro- | | | |
|--|--|---|---|-------------------|--|---|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|------------|------------|--------------|--|--------|----------------------------|----------|
| Vessels. | Date of Clearing. | For what Port. | Plantation Coffee. | Native Coffee. | Тев. | Cacao. | Trunk Cinchona. | Branch Cinchona. | Cinchona Chips. | Cocoanuts. | Copperah. | Cocoanut Oil. | Cocoanut Poonac. | Cinnamon. | Cinnamon Leaf Oil. | Citronella Oil. | Carda. moms. | Ebony. | Plumbago. | Coir Rope. | Coir Junk. | Coir Yarn. | Coir Fibre | wood & | Orchillà. <u>Kitool</u> | Fibre. |
| COLOMBO. | 1895. | | ewt. | ewt. | 16. | cwi. | 16. | 16. | 10. | So. | cwt. | GWL. | ewi. | - ts , | ٥/. | | ·)), | owi. | ewt. | · | | ewt. c | | | | vt. e |
| s. Ninchow ss. Chilka ss. Chilka ss. Lancashire ss. City of Oxford ss. Maria Valerie ss. City of Agra ss. Capella ss. Capella ss. Easton ss. Jelunga ss. Lancashir ss. Duke of Sutherland | 23/3 23/3 23/3 25/3 25/3 25/3 25/3 25/3 | London Rangoon China London Trieste, &c. London China London, &c. Australia Bremen London, &c. New York Marseilles London Bombay Bombay Australia | $ \begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 524 \\ 905 \\ -2 \\ -36 \\ -388 \\ - \\ 313 \\ - \\ - \\ 313 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ -$ | | $\begin{array}{r} 487119\\ 80\\ 27162\\ 100\\ 617269\\ 530\\ 82811\\\\ 118427\\ 152978\\ 1001\\ 366505\\\\ 2419\\ 408587\\ 7250\\ 267008\\ 3127\\ -248\end{array}$ | $ \begin{array}{c} 269 \\ 31 \\ - \\ - \\ 29 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ 148 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ -$ | 50154 9826 | | | 150090 | | 504 | | 4000 | | | 8760 | 895 | $ \begin{array}{c} 3437 \\ - \\ 268 \\ - \\ 1518 \\ 164 \\ 996 \\ 8112 \\ 900 \\ 2155 \\ - \\ 53 \end{array} $ | | | | $ \begin{array}{c} - \\ 990 \\ - \\ 273 \\ 90 \\ 92 \\ 440 \\ - \\ 14 \\ 732 \\ 506 \\ \end{array} $ | | | |
| ss. Orizaba ss. Oruba ss. Manora ss. ClanDrummond | 1/4 1/4 1/4 | do London do do | * | | | 134 75 — | | | | | | | | 560 | | 24640 | 2844 | | 53 91 | | | | ~ | | _ - | |
| GALLE. ss. Clan Mackay ss. Clan Ross ss. Chilka | $\begin{array}{c c} 20/3 \\ 1/4 \\ 1/4 \end{array}$ | London do Bombay | - | | 7955 19785 | | - | | | 18990 | - | | | | | 739408 | | | | | | 1462 3071 | | | | . . |
| | | * And Cl | hips 6, | 720 11 |). | † Ar | nd Chips | 2,243 11 | э. | 1 | And Cl | hips 7,6 | 572 lb. | | ŞΑ | nd Chip | s 300 l | lb. | | Ch | uips. | | | | | |
| | | | LOM | | - | | ation of | | e fron | n I n dia | n Po | | ari ng GALL | | bove | periods | 5. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Bomb | oay tern India | | " 17,72 | 20 20 | | | | | From | n Calcu Sout | | Idia | " | 5,46 4,55 10,01 | 7 | | | | | | | |

Customs, Colombo, March 29, 1895

H. C. COTTLE, ACTING GAVERNMENT PRINTER, COLOMBO, CEVION.

LIONEL LEE, Acting Principal Collector.

PART IV.-CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE-APRIL 5, 1895

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188

11