

ENGLISH FOR STUDENTS

*201 Grammar Exercises
& Keynotes*

The easy way to learn English

Qualified Exercises For elementary
Students of English

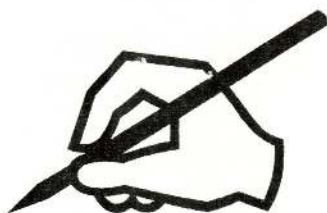
J.Thusiraj

First Edition

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English For Students

201 Grammar Exercises & Key Notes



The Easy Way to learn English

Author :- J.Thusiraj

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Fore Word

I have great pleasure in giving foreword to this book which contains combined exercises in all the grammatical area of English Language according to the saying, "**Practice makes perfect**". Students who practice these exercises will be benefitted a lot. The author of this book Mr. Thusiraj who is one my students at the University took great pains in making these exercises. Interesting by providing illustration. Though it is a maiden attempt, it has all the features of a collection of grammar exercises. He should be praised for his contribution and involvement in English language teaching.

I wish him well and may god bless him in all his future endeavors.

Mrs. K. Sivaji
Lecturer in ELT
University of Jaffna

Preface

I am delighted to bring out 'English for Students' my **201 grammar exercises & key notes** based on the students 'let's learn English'.

The objective of this exercise book is to provide as much opportunity to become clear in all grammatical areas of English. This book has key notes which is in very short terms of explanations.

This exercise book fulfills the require of the school syllabous and is designed in a way so that students will able to understand it easily and clearly. Each exercises and key notes contain clear diagrams. Practicing these exercises from the beginning to end will help students to improve their English Knowledge.

The special feature of this book is that it contains exercises that help students to reach competency level required of all grades.

First and foremost I thank Lord . Then My thanks are due to Mrs. K. Sivaji Lecturer in ELT University of Jaffna for spending much of her time amidst her hectic work in order to correct the proof to enable me to finish mine on time. Lastly I thank the Himalaya of modern technology Internet it has helped me a lot.

J. Thusiraj

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Am is Are

Exercise 01

Study the following table and make meaningful sentences

I	am	a student.
He	is	a teacher.
She	is	a journalist.
It	is	a book.
We	are	mechanics.
You	are	pilots.
They	are	policemen.

Exercise 02

Fill in the blanks using *am, is or are*.

1. We sick.



2. Itcold today.



3. TheyJapanese



4. I seven years old



5. She studying



6. The baby.....crying

7. Hesleeping.



8. Hereading.



9. Ita shop

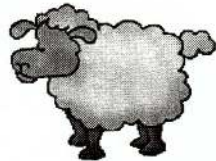


10. We friends

Exercise 03

3. Fill in the correct form of the word to be –
Am, is, are

1. Itnice weather today.
2. Iat home now.
3. They Korean.
4. Therea pen on the desk.
5. My name..... Nikita.
6. Wefrom London
7. Thatright
8. IOK, thank
9. Clara and Stevemarried.
10. Shean English teacher.



Exercise 04

write the words in the correct order to
make positive sentences with the verb to be.

1. old./ twenty-five/ am /years/ I

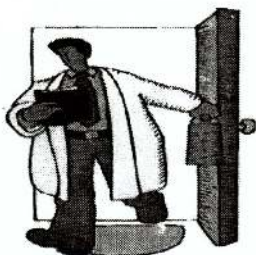
.....



2. are /We /Venezuela./ from

3. a /student./ is /Raja / My /I'm /name/ and

4. is/ my book./ This



5. in the river/swim /Ramu/Kandu/and

6. is/ name /brother's /Her /Paul

7. John/ an/ is/ engineer/

8. My/ husband's/ is/name /Johansson.

9. are/ class,/ There/ in

/my/students /twelve

10. the address the new is letter. at My of top



Exercise 05

Put in the following forms of be (am, are, is) into the gaps in the text. Do not use short/contracted forms.

Peter Bakerfrom Manchester,
but Paul and Johnfrom London.
Manchester and Londoncities in
England. Hamburga city in
Germany. Sandra



.....at school
today. Jack and Peterher
friends. Theyin the same class.
Mr. and Mrs. Bakeron a trip
to the US to visit their cousin Anne. She is a

nice girl. Peter says: "My grandfatherin hospital. Iat home with my grandmother." What timeit? It8 o'clock.



Exercise 06

Put in the following forms of be (am, are, is) into the gaps in the text. Do not use short/contracted forms.

Example: He is a boy.

Answer: He is a boy.

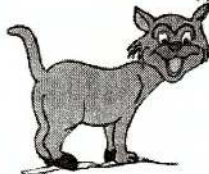
- 1) My motherin the kitchen.
- 2) The pupilsnot at school today.
- 3) Maria's grandmotherfrom Brazil.
- 4) Ia football fan.
- 5) ItSunday today.
- 6) Theyin the car.
- 7) His pencil caseat home.
- 8)you from Sheffield?
- 9) Inot your friend.
- 10) Hey John! Wehere.



Exercise 07

Put the correct forms of be (am, are, is)

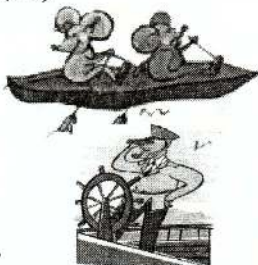
1. They are afraid of dogs.
2. The weather is cold today.
3. What are you afraid of?
4. These books are about music
5. My brother and I are busy today.
6. I am an English teacher.
7. Carol and Chris are late again.
8. Her shoes are red.
9. The boys are in the garden
10. I am not thirsty.



Exercise 08

Under line the correct forms of be (am, a re, is)

1. You (am/is/are) at the seal pool.
2. A Seal (am/is/are) happy on the rock.
3. Three seals (am/is/are) in the water.
4. The spotted seals (am/is/are) Harbour Seals.
5. The Fur Seal (am/is/are) on the feeding platform.
6. The seals (am/is/are) together in the water.
7. We (am/is/are) at the seal pool.
8. Where (am/is/are/) you



Exercise 09

Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb to be - am, is, are.

1)Jane and Alice sisters?



2)this car yours?



3)I in your way?

4)Maria John's sister?

5)you twenty-five years old?

6)the Smiths divorced?

7)this your new bicycle?



Exercise 10

Complete with *There is* / *There are*.



1.13 pencils in this box.

2.a telephone on the desk.



1. He _____ angry.

is has



2. He _____ a puzzle.

is has



3. The dog _____ a bone.

is has

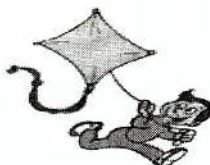
4. The baby _____ hungry.

is has



7. The boy _____ a kite

is has



8. The cat _____ white

is has



9. Tom _____ books.

is has

10. The man _____ fat.

is has

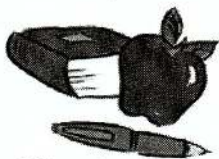


Exercise 14

Personal Pronouns Object

Aaron was on a business trip to California. He shows you the souvenirs he got for his family. Fill in the correct pronouns.

1. My sister Jane loves books. This novel is for (she)



2. My children like Disney films. The video is for (they)



3. My brother Matt collects picture postcards. These postcards are for (he)



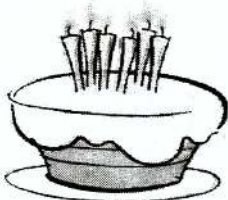
4. My parents like Latin music. The CD is for (they)



5. I like watches. This nice watch is for (I) ...



6. My wife and I love sweets. These sweets are for (we) ...



7. My nephew likes cars. The toy truck is for (he)



8. My neighbour wants to go to California next year. The guide book is for (she)



6. Steve _____ a management consultant.
Be _____ am
is _____ are

7. Steve makes a lot of money.
He _____ a teacher.
no is _____ no are
aren't _____ isn't

8. Karl is afraid of fire.
He _____ a fire fighter.
is no _____ is not
no is _____ not is



Exercise 16

Fill in the correct object pronoun
(me, you, him, her, it, us, them)

1). I went to the cinema with **Joe and Tom**.
I went with



2). **Mary and I** are going shopping. are
going shopping.

3). **The chair** is very comfortable.
Please sit in

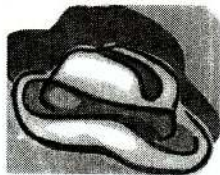


4). **The cat** is sleeping.
Do not disturb

5). Tom gave the book to **Mary**. He gave the book.
6). If **you** are lonely, I will come and visit



- me I
- Did you see Derek and _____ at the game?
her she
 - Between you and _____, this politician cannot be trusted.
I me
 - Each person in the room turned _____ head to the front when the teacher entered.
their his
 - We know that we can count on James, Anne, and _____.
her she
 - Rhonda explained that _____ and her sister had often eaten at that restaurant.
her she
 - Most of the workers were wearing _____ hard hats.
their his or her
 - It's always best for a student to ask questions when _____ doesn't understand a problem.
she they
 - The children in that neighborhood often ride _____ bikes through the park.
their his or her
 - The local government plans to cut _____ budget for recreation.
Its their
 - When I meet new people, I'm usually curious about _____ occupations.
their his or her
 - Everyone who purchased one of the paintings _____ pleased.
were was



15. Few of the suggestions _____ reasonable to me.
is are
16. Christopher and _____ want to travel to the Far East some day.
I me
17. The cost of the repairs shocked both my brother and _____.
I me
18. Most of the congestion on the highway _____ caused by an overturned truck.
were was
19. To Maria and _____, the movie seemed very silly.
her she
20. Both of the bicycles in the garage _____ broken.
Is are



Exercise 19

choose the correct subject pronoun to complete the sentence

1. My parents are going to Rome. _____ are coming back soon.
It he she
you they
2. Mark is very tall. _____ is slim too.
They he she
I you
3. His dog has got a long tail. _____ is dark brown
you they we
he it
4. My name is Tony. _____ am from Oxford
he she it you

5. Sally is a student. _____ studies web engineering
 she I you
 it he
6. Louis and I are Australian. _____ are from Melbourne.
 they I she
 you we
7. Your name is Richard, _____ are from Bristol.
 we he you I
8. Mike and you speak a good English. Where are _____ from?
 they we I
 she you

Exercise 20

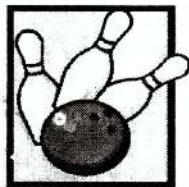
Underline the correct object pronoun

- Some times it would scare **my sister and i** (we, us)
- I saw a **mongoose** (it, me)
- I beat **my sister** (her, she)
- He washes **cloths**. (it, them)
- My parents thanked **david** (him, her)
- Club members will read **news pappers**. (them, it)
- I am looking **mani** (Him, her.)
- I like **my car**. (It, him,)
- Do you know **paul** (Him, her,)
- I** am studying English. Teacher is teaching..... English.
(Me, her,)
- I buy a **photo**..... is very beautiful (It, he.)

Exercise 21

Replace the personal pronouns by possessive pronouns.

1. This book is (you)
2. The ball is (I)
3. The blue car is (we)
4. The ring is (she)
5. We met Paul and Jane last night. This house is (they)
6. The luggage is (he)
7. The pictures are (she)
8. In our garden is a bird. The nest is (it)
9. This cat is (we)
10. This was not my fault. It was (you)



Exercise 22

Possessive Adjectives

Replace the personal pronouns by possessive adjectives.

1. Where are (you) friends now?
2. Here is a postcard from (I) friend Peggy.
3. She lives in Australia now with (she) family.
4. (She) husband works in Newcastle.
5. (He) company builds ships.
6. (They) children go to school in Newcastle.
7. (I) husband and I want to go to Australia, too.
8. We want to see Peggy and (she) family next winter.
9. (We) winter!
10. Because it is (they) summer.

Exercise 23

Fill in the correct pronouns.

- So did you give the book to?
1. his 2. him 3. he
- Of course I did. I gave back on Tuesday.
1. them 2. Its 3. It
- Well, he says that he doesn't trust
1. yours 2. you 3. them
- He doesn't trust?
1. I 2. It 3. me
- That's exactly what he said about
1. you 2. yours 3. me
- I find that difficult to believe. Do you trust.....?
1. his 2. me 3. my
- Dog** is barking
1. they 2. it 3. my
- Well you and your wife have borrowed things sometimes
1. our 2. us 3. ours
- In that case just look at the table and tell what given
1. my 2. I 3. me
- The fisher man** is catching fish. _____ Is in a boat.
1. he 2. It 3. him

Exercise 24

Possessive determiners and pronouns

Fill in the gaps with *my, your, his, her, its, our* or *their*.

- Mr. Brown has got a new car. colour is red.
- 'Where is Sue?' 'She's washing hands.'
- Peter is doing homework.

4. My brother and I are tidying things.
5. They are going to the cinema tonight. They have already got tickets.
6. 'What are you doing?' 'I'm helping friends.'
7. Don't forget to take raincoat. It's raining cats and dogs.

Exercise 25

A- Choose the right possessive pronoun.

- 1-Philip has got a lot of books. They are _____
his hers theirs
- 2-Jane, is this money _____?
Hers its yours
- 3-Whose hat is this? It's my sister's hat. It's _____
mine yours hers
- 4-This is my book, where is _____?
yours ours its
- 5-These are the pupils' bikes. They're _____
his hers theirs

Exercise 26

B-Complete the sentences using a possessive determiner or pronoun.

1. 'I can't find umbrella. Can I borrow?'
'Of course, take it.'
2. We live in this house. It's
3. Tom has taken car to the garage to be repaired.
4. I share the bedroom with sister. room is very cosy.
5. The teacher is angry because the students haven't done homework.
6. I have my passport but Jane has lost She needs to take a new one to go with me on holiday.

Their, There or They're

Exercise 27

Underline the correct answer.

- _____ dog is a husky called Snowy.
a. Their b. There c. They're
- _____ once was a bird called a Dodo.
a. Their b. There c. They're
- My aunt and uncle are arriving today. _____ coming from New York.
a. Their b. There c. They're
- Many years ago _____ weren't any cars so people used to travel by horse and carriage.
a. their b. there c. they're
- Our neighbors have bought a second car. _____ new one is red.
a. Their b. There c. They're
- Both of the cars are made by Ford. _____ both 4 WD.
a. Their b. There c. They're
- If you look over _____ you can see the sea.
a. their b. There c. they're
- Can you see where _____ building the new road.
a. their b. There c. they're
- _____ address is 1171 Newlands Road.
a. Their b. There c. They're
- Do you know what _____ phone number is?
a. their b. there c. they're

Exercise 28

Choose the correct personal pronoun.

-am sitting on the sofa.
-are watching TV.
- Arefrom England?

- 4)is going home.
- 5)are playing football
- 6)is a wonderful day today
- 7)are speaking English.
- 8) IsKevin's sister?
- 9)are swimming in the pool.
- 10)they in the cinema?

Exercise 28

Choose the correct pronoun

1. Mia left notebook on the bus.
Her yours his
2. The colorful picture of the flowers is
Their your mine
3. The proud parents brought home new baby girl.
His her their
4. William strummed guitar and invited everyone to sing.
His its her
5. The computer quickly stores information on huge memory.
Yours theirs its
6. These warm chocolate chip cookies melt in mouth.
Its your yours
7. Is seat belt always fastened?
Your mine its
8. The fluffy brown puppy is
Its my theirs
9. hand shot up when the teacher asked for volunteers.
Their Her Mine
10. I didn't get a cheeseburger, so I tasted
Mine its hers it

Exercise 30

Put in was or were into the gaps.

1. Iin Canberra last spring.
2. Weat school last Saturday.
3. Tinaat home yesterday.
4. Hehappy.
5. Robert and StanGarry's friends.
6. Youvery busy on Friday.
7. Theyin front of the supermarket.
8. Iin the museum.
9. Shein South Africa last month.
10. Jessica and Kimberlylate for school.

Exercise 31

Put the words into the correct order so that the sentence makes sense.

1. nurse / is / John's / wife / a
2. home / Carla / the / plays / piano / at.
3. we / three / have / English / each / lectures / week
.....
4. these / mine / are / yours / not.
5. married / to / Mary / a / is / dentist.
6. piano / Carla / the / playing / the / likes / in / evening.
.....
7. times / have / I / English / three / lessons / a / week.
.....
8. these / his / are / yours / or?
9. doctor / is / Mary's / husband / a.
10. evening / Carla / the / plays / piano / every.
11. three / we / study / a / English / hours / week.
.....
....

Exercise 32

Complete the following sentences using adverbs.

1. They laughed (happy)

2. The dog ran (quick)



3. Ruth solved the problem
..... (easy)

4. Bob spoke about his new job
..... (dramatic)

5. She is always dressed.
(beautiful)



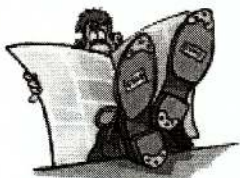
6. You are writing too (slow)



1. She spoke..... about him. (nice)



2. I think you are working (hard)



3. He drives very (careful)



10. His temperature went up
..... (fast)



Exercise 33

Write a sentence with the adverbs!

1. I'm late. (never).....

2. They go out in the week. (seldom).....

3. We don't see her. (often).....
4. I take too long in the shower. (always).....
5. Sam arrives on time. (usually).....
6. Our class isn't clean. (always).....
7. Do you go to the cinema on Fridays? (always).....
8. Do you feel sad? (sometimes).....
9. That dirty pig cleans his teeth. (never).....
10. Our maths teacher smiles. (hardly ever).....

Exercise 34

Choose the correct word

1. She could(hardhardly) walk after the accident.
2. My book is(near nearly) finished.
3. She is too short for the ...(late ,lately) show.
5. I will let you know my decision ...shortshortly.
6. This problem is too(hard ..hardly)for me.
7. I live(nearnearly) the supermarket.
8. He has been very sick ...(latelately).
9. There is(nearnearly) no money left.
10. We will go on vacation ...(shortshortly).
11. This is(Hard hardly)the way to speak to your teacher.
12. He is often(latelately) to work.
13. The operation is(nearnearly) over.
14. Your composition is too(short ,shortly). It looks like a telegram.
15. He has been working too ...(hard .hardly), (latelately).



Exercise 35

Fill in with the correct form: adjective or adverb.

1. The movie had a ending. (comic)
2. She will get home (short)
3. I hope she will drive (careful)

4. She described the accident (dramatic)
5. We studied for the test. (hard)
6. Do you think you could drive more? (slow)
7. I thought Gil did in his test. (good).
8. He studied really (hard)
9. The quiz is (easy)
10. The plane flew to London. (direct)
11. David ran in the competition. (fast)
12. I ate the sandwich (hungry)

Exercise 36

④ *What parts of speech is each word in the following sentences?*

④ **Eg-** He lives here. [pronoun + verb + adverb]

1. Dear, Janet, happy to meet you.....
2. Good pupils come to school early
3. He succeeds because he does his homework seriously.

4. Who is that boy who wears black trousers

5. Babies always cry.....

6. They have been working for hours

7. Actually, he is a man.....

8. This is my friend who lives in Algiers

9. She runs quickly.....

10. Good pupils revise their lessons regularly

11. Today, we pass our English exam

12. This is my new friend who comes from Algeria



Tense



Exercise 37

Put the correct verb forms into the gaps. Watch the example. Use the Simple Present.

Example: I swim - she _____

Answer: I swim - **she swims**

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1) I sing - she | 2) I play - she |
| 3) I read - she | 4) I go - she |
| 5) I ask - she..... | 6) I carry - she |
| 7) I enjoy - she..... | 8) I enjoy - she..... |
| 9) I enjoy - she..... | 8) I wash - she..... |
| 9) I call - she..... | 10) I cry - she..... |

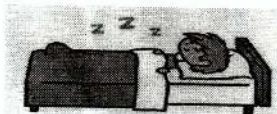
Exercise 38

Fill in the blanks with correct simple present tense verb form

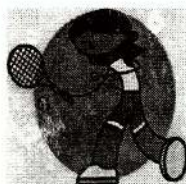
1. She usually..... up at 7 o'clock.



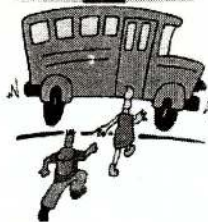
2. He usuallyhis
HW at half past six.



3. He usuallyto bed at 8 o'clock.

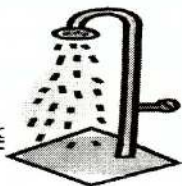


4. She usuallytennis on Fridays.



5. Theyto school every morning.

6. I usuallya shower in the morning



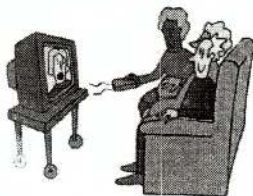
7. He usuallya shower
on Sundays.

8. She usuallya book in the evening.



9. She usuallybreakfast at 7.30.

They usuallyTV from
5 to 7 o'clock.



Exercise 39

Use the words and form **meaningful statements**.

Example: goes / to school / every morning / Andy

Answer: goes / to school / every morning / Andy

Andy goes to school every morning.

1. take / photos / they / every Monday
2. goes / every day / she / to school.....
3. football / Eric / after school / plays.....
4. is making / he / at the moment / breakfast
5. to the club / the girls / go / on Saturdays
6. o'clock / school / at / 8 / starts.....
7. Tuesday / the boys / their bikes / ride / every.....
8. I / home / going / am / now.....
9. Simon / on Fridays / the dishes / washes
10. are / questions / we / answering / the / now.....

Exercise 40

Choose the correct verb form given in brackets

1. Julia pop-music. (likes, like)
2. Maria (come, comes) from Spain.
3. They (plays, play) in the garden
4. Rick (rides, ride) his bike.
5. I ...(goes, go) to the cinema on Saturdays
6. We.(goes, go) to Mallorca because it is warm there
7. Joe(repairs, repair) his bike.



8. Robin..... (drives, drive) his car carefully
9. Peter.... (runs, run)with his dog every day
10. Eric..... (goes , go)to Italy for a holiday



Exercise 41

Write the verbs in Present Simple.

Nick's father



1. Nick's father.....(**work**) in London.
2. His office..... (**be**) in a big building.
3. Every morning he..... (**get up**) at six o'clock.
4. He..... (**wash**) in cold water.
5. He..... (**eat**) eggs and toast for breakfast.
6. He..... (**drink**) orange juice for breakfast.
7. He..... (**put on**) his jeans and jacket.
8. Then he..... (**run**) to the railway station.
9. He always..... (**take**) his umbrella.
10. He..... (**buy**) a newspaper and.....(**read**) it on the train.
11. In the evening he.....(**come**) back home at five o'clock.
12. After dinner he sometimes.....(**watch**) television.
13. He never..... (**go**) to the cinema.

Exercise 42

Study the picture and make meaningful sentence

- I / study



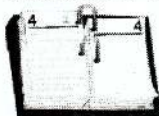
- I / have / a good time.....



- They / wait / for the train.....



- The train / come.....



- We / plan / our work.....



- We / walk / to school.....



- She / wear / earrings.....



- It / rain / today.....

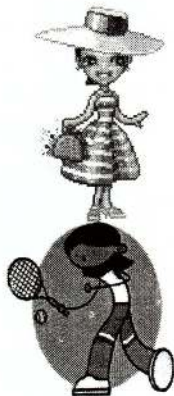
Exercise 43

Fill in the verbs in Present Simple.

fly, cry, finish, eat, live, drink, go, speak, play, like

1. He chips for dinner.
2. I coffee three times a day.
3. She to New York once a year.

4. WeItalian, and English.
5. They in Canada.
6. Tom and I to school every day.
7. My dadwork at seven o'clock.
8. We tennis every weekend.
9. My friend old films.
10. The babyall the day.



Don't or Doesn't ???

Exercise 44

1. He **don't / doesn't** live in Mexico.
2. She **don't / doesn't** work in a bank.
3. I **don't / doesn't** play golf once a week.
4. Ron **don't / doesn't** listen to the radio.
5. We **don't / doesn't** speak French.
6. You **don't / doesn't** drink coffee in the morning.
7. My cat **don't / doesn't** sleep at night.
8. His car **don't / doesn't** work.
9. Shelly **don't / doesn't** eat meat.
10. I **don't / doesn't** understand you.



Exercise 45

Write down the correct form to be Do or Does ???

..... your friend like spaghetti?

1.the children go to school on Fridays?
2. your sister watch TV in the morning?
3. he read sometimes comics ?
4. the girls like football?
5. they go to sleep at 9 o'clock?



8. the dog like to eat meat ?
9. you speak English or German?
10. he like cats?



Exercise 46

Present Simple Sentences – Negative


Make the following sentences negative.

1. I run more than 500 meters in a minute
2. My mum watches TV every day
3. We fry eggs in the microwave
4. My neighbours buy a new car every year
5. People from China speak Russian
6. Teachers work hard
7. My boyfriend dances very well
8. I go to school in the evening
9. Luis likes pop music
10. My cat sleeps 12 hours a day



Exercise 47

Make sentences for the following Pictures

1.  Tom

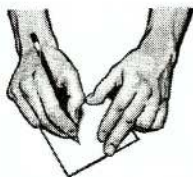
2. Kamalacake



She



He letter



..... book

..... running



Kumar.....

We up.



Basil

Exercise 48

Fill in the blanks using the present continuous form.



1. Mary her hands.
(to wash)



2. They over the toy. Sarah
(to fight)



3. Sarah on her coat.
(to put)

4. The student his hand.
(to raise)



5. The girl the table
(to set)



6. Tom his drawing.
(to show)

Exercise 49

What are they doing

1. He for the bus. (to wait)



2. The girls (to dance)



3. He water. (to drink)

..... (to slide)



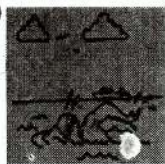
5. He the house. (to clean)

6. The boy the tree. (to climb)





7. He dinner. (to cook)

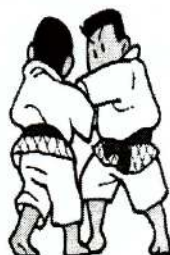


8. The man in the ocean. (to swim)

Exercise 50

Put the verb in brackets in the correct form, either the Present Simple Tense or the Present Continuous Tense.

- I(read)a very interesting book.
- Joanne (.work)eight hours a day.
- Tonight we(watch)a play at the theatre.
- Who(go).to school?
- I(fight) with him
- What will you do if she(be).late?
- My wife(prepare)hoppers for breakfast.
- What(be)for breakfast?
- Your train..... (arrive) at 17.25 from platform 3.
- What.....? She's a student.



Exercise 51

Put the verb in brackets in the correct form to make different form of the Present Continuous Tense.

- John..... (read) a book now.
- What..... (you do) tonight?
- Jack and Peter..... (work) late today.
- Silvia..... (Not listen) to music.
- Maria..... (sit) next to Paul. How many other students.....(you study) with?
- The phone. (Not ring).

Exercise:52

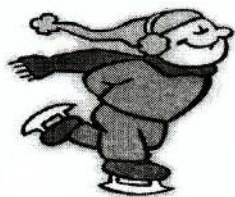
Write the words in the correct order to make different sentences in the Present Continuous Tense – positive, negative, yes/no and information questions.

- 1) looking I'm for my glasses.
- 2) book are What you kind of reading?
- 3) do - Saturday having to a come? next I'm you want.....
- 4) economics University. Paul National Kharkov is at studying
- 5) is laughing? everyone Why.....
- 6) for Are me? waiting you
- 7) are you leaving? When
- 8) Arabia at John working Saudi in moment. is the
- 9) as for you? same company Jennifer working the Is Why crying? Pamela is.....
.....

Exercise 53

Change the following sentences negative.

1. I am thinking.....
2. You are singing.....
3. He is eating jelly.
4. She is studying hard.....
5. It is raining now.....
6. We are having tea.....
7. They are driving to Toronto.....



Exercise 54

Put in the verb in brackets into the gap and form negative sentences.

Use the long forms of the auxiliaries only.

Example: Tim _____ computer games. (*not/to play*)

Answer: Tim *is not playing* computer games.

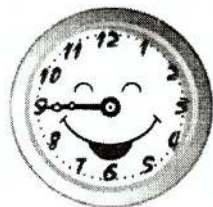
1. Anne and Ron.....in a helicopter. (*not/to fly*)
2. Olivia.....her eyes. (*not/to close*)
3. They.....through the park. (*not/to jog*)
4. The girl.....fun at Tom's party. (*not/to have*)
5. He.....in the sea. (*not/to swim*)
6. I.....to the cinema. (*not/to run*)
7. We.....a bird house. (*not/to make*)
8. Look! Christine..... (*not/to smile*)
9. She.....the books to the library. (*not/to take*)
10. You.....in front of the computer. (*not/to sit*)



Exercise 55

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of words given:

1. I _____ (read) a very interesting book now.
2. Joanne _____ (work) eight hours a day.
3. Tonight we _____ (see) a play at the thereafter.
1. Who _____ you _____ (speak) to just now?
2. I _____ (not know) him very
3. What will you do if she _____ (come) late?
4. What _____ Tom usually _____ (have) for break fast?
5. Your train _____ (leave) at 17.25 from platform
6. What _____ Mary _____ (do)? She's a student.



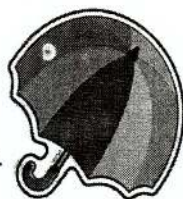


7. My whole family _____ (go) to church once a week.
8. My wife and I _____ (go) to the beach in the summer.
9. Listen! The phone _____ (ring) in the other room.
10. Rain seldom _____ (fall) in the Sahara.
11. He is thirteen years old now, and his voice _____ (change)
12. Rain seldom _____ (fall) in the Sahara.
13. Let's change the conversation. It _____ (get) too serious.
14. Leap year _____ (come) every four years.
15. My grandfather _____ (grow) tomatoes in his garden this summer.
16. He _____ (grow) them every summer.
17. The children _____ (leave) for school right now.
18. The children _____ (leave) at 8:30 every morning of the week.
19. Shu! The baby _____ (take) her nap.
20. In the north the season _____ (change) four times a year.
21. In the north the season _____ (change) four times a year .
22. Unfortunately, the patient _____ (die).
23. The monsoon _____ (come) once or twice a year.
24. It's spring and the days _____ (get) longer.
25. The weather _____ (get) very cold in Moscow in the winter.



26. It _____ (rain) hard, and I don't have an umbrella.

27. It's November and the birds _____ (fly) south.



Exercise 56

PRESENT PERFECT

Have	buy	fall	get
score	pass	win	leave
Receive	wake up	drink	

A.- What have they just done?

Complete the sentences using the *present perfect + just*. Use the verbs in the box.

They their exam



She some clothes

She asleep



He a goal

She a cup of tea



They home



She a letter



She



Shea shower



He the lottery

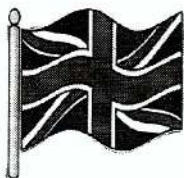


They married

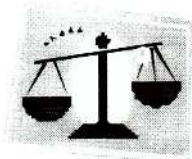
Exercise 57

Order the words to form sentences

- hasn't Jim his finished yet homework
.....
- airport Julie's at friends arrived have
the already
- USA Mark hasn't the still
beento



4. taken government yet hasn't any
action The
5. has from Christina just back come her
home holidays
6. complete to you chatted a stranger ever Have?
.....



Exercise 58

Put the verbs into the correct form (present perfect continuous).

1. He (work)in this company since 1985.
2. I (wait)for you since two o'clock.
3. Mary (live)in Germany since 1992.
4. Why is he so tired? He (play)tennis for five hours.
5. How long (learn / you)English?
6. We (look for)the motorway for more than an hour.
7. I (live)without electricity for two weeks.
8. The film (run / not)for ten minutes
yet, but there's a commercial break already.
9. How long (work / she)in the garden?
10. She (not / be)in the garden for more than an hour.

For and Since

Exercise 59

Fill the gaps with FOR or SINCE:

1. I have been living in New York 1 year
2. I haven't seen you a week
3. I have been waiting 12:30. I've lived



here 5 years.

4. I've lived here2003

5. she came here I've been very nervous



6. She has been married
.....ten years She has
been a doctor1998

7. I have been living in Valencia
..... last june

8. I haven't seen you last week

9. Yesterday I studied three hours

10. She has been studying English ... two months

11. She has been studying English.....
last January

12. She has been studying English..... 12.00

13. She has been studying English..... your
birthday

14. She has been studying English.....two hours

15. She has been studying English..... six minutes

16. She has been studying English..... a
long time

17. I've been loving youall my life

18. I have bought it.....the first time I saw it



FOR, SINCE OR AGO?

Exercise 60

CHOOSE THE RIGHT WORD TO COMPLETE THE SENTENCES

1. This house needs cleaning. We haven't
cleaned it months.

2. I think I can't possibly learn Chinese. I've
studied it two years and

3. I still can't have a sensible conversation.

4. Jim and Kevin first met ten years
.....Where were you? I've been





- waiting two hours.
- I don't see my family very often. I haven't seen themChristmas.
 - Louise has been learning Greek she was fifteen.
 - Helen lived in London long time but
 - she has been living in Madrid
- last summer.

- My parents have had the same car..... ages. They bought it at least fifteen years
- Fred has been phoning his boss lunchtime but he can't get through.
- I'm fed up with this rain. It's been raining hours.

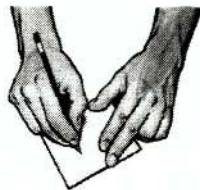


Exercise 61

Put the correct forms of the verbs into the gaps. Use the Simple Past in the statements.

Example: She _____ her mother in the kitchen. (*to help*) Answer: She **helped** her mother in the kitchen.

- They.....something to drink. (*to order*)
- Last summer I.....to Stuttgart. (*to go*)
- She....her homework in the afternoon. (*to do*)
- He.....to 10. (*to count*)
- Our cat.....a big mouse. (*to catch*)
- In 2001 our class.....a trip to Norwich. (*to make*)
- The weather.....really nice. (*to be*)
- The secretary.....the file yesterday. (*to delete*)



9. Paul.....nothing to me. (*to say*)
 10. The people.....something to each other. (*to whisper*)



Questions in the Simple Past

Exercise 62

Put in the correct verb form into the gap. Use *Simple Past*.

Example: ___ they _____ their friends? (*to meet*)

Answer: *Did* they *meet* their friends?

.....you.....the door? (*to close*)

1. Claire.....the housework? (*to finish*)

2.she.....a bath yesterday? (*to have*)

3.the boyinto the lake? (*to jump*)

4.Ronald.....the Tower of London? (*to visit*)

5.Peggy and Olivia.....after the baby? (*to look*)

6.she.....the invitation cards herself? (*to make*)

7.the girl.....the ketchup bottle? (*to drop*)

8.Tim.....the green T-shirt last Monday? (*to buy*)

9.they.....karate this morning? (*to practise*)



Exercise 63

Simple Past / Past Continuous

Last night, while I was doing my homework, Angela (call)..... She said she (call)me on her cell phone from her biology classroom at UCLA. I asked her if she (wait)for class, but she said that the professor was at the front of the hall lecturing while she (talk)to me. I couldn't believe she (make)a phone call during the lecture. I asked what was going on.



She said her biology professor was so boring that several of the students (sleep, actually)in class. Some of the students (talk)about plans for the weekend and the next to her (draw)a picture of a horse. When Angela (tell)



the student horse.

.....me she was not satisfied with the class, I (mention)that my biology professor was quite good and (suggest)that she switch to my class.



While we were talking, I (hear)her professor yell, "Miss, are you making a phone call?" Suddenly, the line went dead. I (hang)up the phone and went to the kitchen to make dinner. As I (cut)

Exercise 64

Make meaningful past continuous tense sentences by using the following pictures and words.

- We / plan / our work



- The train / come



- It / rain / yesterday



- Jenani / wear / earrings



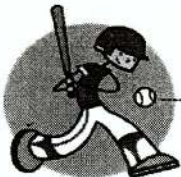
- Jenefer / study



- They / wait / for the train



- Jude / have / a good time



- Cricket / mathurangan / play

Exercise 65

Questions in Past Perfect Simple

Complete the questions in Past Perfect Simple.

1. (what / Bob / do).....that he was kept in after school?
2. (you / eat).....anything before you went to the theatre?
3. (you / eat)..... anything before you went to the theatre?
4. (she / find).....a new job by that time?
5. (they / book).....a room before they went to Dublin?
6. (how often / you / ring).....the bell before he answered the door?
7. (why / Marcus / have).....dinner before they came to the party?
8. (Carly / wash).....the dishes when her mum came home?
9. (you / read).....the contract before you signed it?
10. (who / live).....in the house before we moved in



Exercise 66

Fill the gaps with the verb in brackets using **the past perfect continuous** or **the past perfect simple**.

1. When the student revolution came, I _____ there for 6 months. (work)
2. Before Jim finally decided to go to Thailand, he _____ about it for months. (think)

3. They _____ all the chocolate cake by the time Michael got to the party. (eat)
4. I _____ Scarlett Johansson on three previous occasions. Lucky me! (met)
5. The forensic evidence shows that he _____ his nose just before he was murdered. (pick)
6. When the doctor told him his liver was seriously bad, he _____ hamburgers for a month. (eat)
7. Prior to the explosion, the fat man _____ seven large chocolate cakes. (eat)
8. When they cancelled the flight to Alicante, the storm _____ all afternoon with no sign of abating. (rage)

Exercise 67

Fill the gaps with the verb in brackets using **the past continuous** or **the past perfect continuous**.

- 1) When I asked Carlos if he wanted to go out, he said he couldn't because he _____ an assignment. (finish)
- 2) Scarlett came into the room panting. She _____ round the park. (jog)
- 3) Scarlett wasn't in. She _____ around the park. (jog)
- 4) I _____ a bath when I suddenly had a great idea. (have)
- 5) He told me he _____ seriously _____ about finding another job soon. (think)
- 6) He _____ about finding a new job for about a year before he finally got round to it. He's happy now. (think)
- 7) It was obvious from her outrageous behaviour that _____. (drink)
- 8) I _____ a latte in the Café New York, when I saw a famous actor walk past the window. (drink)

Exercise 68

Past Perfect Continuous Exercise

Write what the children had been doing before their parents arrived.

1. They _____ (shout) for a few hours before their parents arrived.
2. They _____ (eat noisily) for a few hours before their parents arrived.
3. They _____ (play music at full volume) for a few hours before their parents arrived.
4. They _____ (jump on their parents' bed) for a few hours before their parents arrived.
5. They _____ (try on Mary's clothes) for a few hours before their parents arrived.

Exercise 69

Simple Future

Put shall or will in the spaces:

1. Rajesh _____ be twenty years old in 2015.
2. Ben _____ get up early tomorrow.
3. The friend _____ take her pet to the doctor tomorrow.
4. They _____ have a holiday next week.
5. My father _____ give me a gold chain next year.
6. Angel and her sister _____ wear their new dresses tomorrow.
7. I _____ do my homework this evening.
8. We _____ go home after school today.
9. The servant _____ clean the windows tomorrow.
10. I _____ see my mother this evening.

Exercise 70

Put *shall* or *will* in the spaces, and make the sentences

Negative:

1. The tourists _____ go to bed late tonight.
2. I _____ come to office tomorrow by bus
3. Asha's father _____ buys a car this year.
4. Nadia _____ stay at home tomorrow.
5. I _____ see my friend this afternoon.
6. The soldiers _____ sleep in tents tonight.
7. The pupils _____ have new exercise-books next week.
8. The doctor _____ is very busy tomorrow.
9. I _____ play football after school today.
10. The shopkeeper _____ opens his shop early tomorrow.

Exercise 71

Fill the gaps with the verb in brackets using the future continuous

- 1) Peggy(come) to the party on Saturday.
- 2) We(meet) him tomorrow.
- 3) This time next week he(fly) to South Africa.
- 4) At 6 o'clock on Friday they..... (sing) the new song.
- 5) It(rain) when I reach Bangkok
- 6) Tomorrow at nine I..... (write) a test.
- 7) Andy(watch) a video when I arrive tonight.
- 8) You(eat) pizza soon.
- 9) She(sleep) when you telephone her.
- 10) They(arrive) in Budapest just about now.

Exercise 72

Using the words in parentheses, complete the text below with the appropriate tense

1.

Sandra: Where is Tim going to meet us?

Denish: He (wait)for us when our train arrives. I am sure he (stand)on the platform when we pull into the station.

Sandra: And then what?



Denish: We (pick)Michele up at work and go out to dinner.

2.

Ted: When we get to the party, Jerry (watch)TV, Sam (make)drinks, Beth (dance)by herself, and Thad (complain)about his day at work.

Robin: Maybe, this time they won't be doing the same things.

Ted: I am absolutely positive they (do)the same things; they always do the same things.

3.

Florence: Oh, look at that mountain of dirty dishes! Who (wash)all of those?

Jack: I promise I (do)them when I get home from work.

Florence: Thanks.

Jack: When you get home this evening, that mountain will be gone and nice stacks of sparkling clean dishes (sit)in the cabinets.



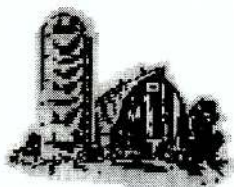
4.

Doug: If you need to contact me next week, I (stay)at the Hoffman Hotel.

Nancy: I (call)you if there are any problems.

Doug: This is the first time I have ever been away from the kids.

Nancy: Don't worry, they (be)be fine.



5.



Samantha: Just think, next week at this time, I (lie)on a tropical beach in Maui drinking Mai Tais and eating pineapple.

Darren: While you are luxuriating on the beach, I (stress)out over this marketing project. How are you going to enjoy yourself knowing that I am working so hard?

Samantha: I'll manage somehow.

Darren: You're terrible. Can't you take me with you?

Samantha: No. But I (send)you a postcard of a beautiful, white sand beach.

Darren: Great, that (make)me feel much better.



Exercise 73

Fill the gaps with the verb in brackets using either the future perfect simple or continuous tenses.

1. By the time we get to the party, Fat Bob _____ everything.(eat)

2. When we get to March, Jimbo _____ in Thailand for 18 months.(live)
3. There's no point going now. The bus _____ by the time we get there.(leave)
4. Be prepared to stand up during the concert as they _____ all the seats by now.(take)
5. Come June, we _____ out together for four months.(go out)
6. When you get to L.A., you _____ for seven hours.(fly)
7. I'm sure that when we go to the meeting, all the important decisions _____
This time tomorrow I _____ all my exams.(finish)
8. A week Friday we _____ the course.(complete)
9. Old Mr Macawber _____ maths for 30 years by the end of this term.(teach)
10. Come next spring, we _____ in Kyoto for two years.(work)
11. By the time you wake up tomorrow morning, Peter _____ in Qingdao.(arrive)
12. At this rate, we _____ everything ready by six o'clock.(get)
13. Johnson _____ at sea 7 days by the time he enters French waters.(be)

Exercise 74

Future Perfect / Future Perfect Continuous

Using the words in parentheses, complete the text below with the appropriate tenses.

1.

Jack: Have you been watching the Eco-Challenge on TV?

Janet: Isn't that exciting? It has got to be the most unbelievably difficult sporting event in the world.



Jack: I know. By the time they finish the course, they (raft).....more than 150 miles down a raging river, (hike).....through 80 miles of jungle, (climb)a volcano and (kayak).....through shark-infested waters.

Janet: And don't forget that they (move)for at least eight days straight.

2.

Oliver: When are going to get your bachelor's degree, Anne?

Anne: I am going to finish my degree next June. By the time I graduate, I (go).....to four different colleges and universities, and I (study)for more than seven years.

Oliver: Wow, that's a long time!

Anne: And I plan to continue on to get a Ph.D.

Oliver: Really? How long is that going to take?

Anne: By the time I finally finish studying, I (be)..... a student for over 13 years.

3.

Max: Sarah has been in the kitchen all day long.

Jake: It doesn't sound like she's having a very good Thanksgiving.

Max: She (cook).....for over seven hours by the time everyone arrives for dinner this afternoon. Hopefully, she (finish).....everything by then.

Jake: Maybe we should help her out.

4.

Mike: It's 6:00, and I have been working on my essay for over three hours.

Sid: Do you think you (finish).....by 10:00? There's a party at Donna's tonight.

Mike: I (complete, probably).....the



essay by 10:00, but I (work).....on it for more than seven hours, and I don't think I am going to feel like going to a party.

5.

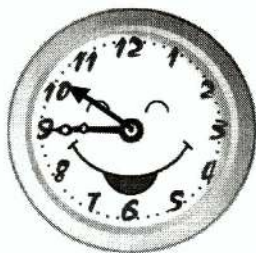
Fred: By the time they finish their trip across Yosemite National Park, they (hike).....for more than six

days.

Ginger: And they (be, not).....in a bed or (have).....a shower in almost a week!

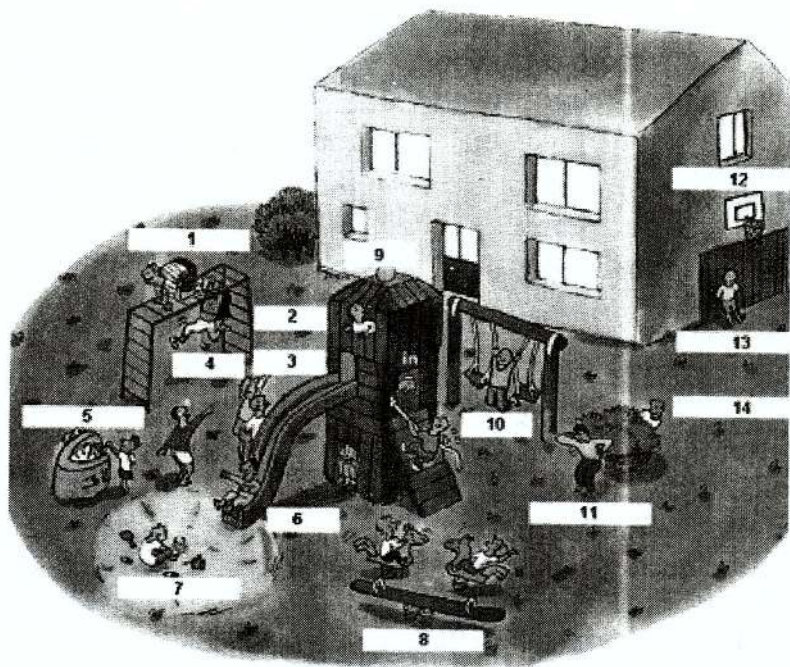
Fred: When we pick them up, they (eat)camping food for days, and I am sure they will be starving.

Ginger: I think we had better plan on taking them directly to a restaurant.



Exercise 75

Johnsan and his friends have a holiday next month. Look at the following picture and make future continuous tense sentences



Exercise 76

Using the words in parentheses, complete the text below with the appropriate tenses

- 1) Every Monday, Sally (drive)
.....her kids to football practice.
Usually, I (work)as a
secretary at ABT, but this summer I (study)
.....French at a



- 1) language school in Paris. That is why I am in Paris.
- 2) Shah! Be quiet! John (sleep)
- 3) Don't forget to take your umbrella. It (rain)
- 4) I hate living in Seattle because it (rain, always)
- 5) I'm sorry I can't hear what you (say)
-because everybody (talk)so loudly.

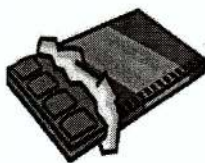


- 6) Justin (write, currently)a book about his adventures in Tibet. I hope he can find a good publisher when he is finished.



- 7) Jim: Do you want to come over for dinner tonight?
Denise: Oh, I'm sorry, I can't. I (go)to a movie tonight with some friends.

- 8) The business cards (be, normally)printed by a company in New York. Their prices (be)inexpensive, yet the quality of their work is quite good.
- 9) This delicious chocolate (be)made by a small chocolatier in Zurich, Switzerland.



Exercise 77

Will / Be Going To

Using the words in parentheses, complete the text below with the appropriate tenses

1. A: Why are you holding a piece of paper?
B: I (write).....a letter to my friends back home in Texas.



2. A: I'm about to fall asleep. I need to wake up!

B: I (get).....you a cup of coffee. That will wake you up.

3. A: I can't hear the television!

B: I (turn).....it up so you can hear it.

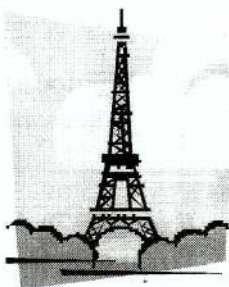
4. We are so excited about our trip next month to France. We (visit).....Paris, Nice and Grenoble.

5. Sarah (come).....to the party.

Oliver (be).....there as well.

6. Ted: It is so hot in here!

Sarah: I (turn).....the air-conditioning on.



7. I think he (be).....the next President of the United States.

8. After I graduate, I (attend) medical school and become a doctor. I have wanted to be a doctor all my life.

9. A: Excuse me, I need to talk to someone about our hotel room. I am afraid it is simply too small for four people.

B: That man at the service counter (help)..... you.



10. As soon as the weather clears up, we (walk).....down to the beach and go swimming.

Exercise 78

Future Perfect vs Future Perfect Continuous

Fill the gaps with the verb in brackets using either the **future perfect simple** or **continuous** tenses.

- 1) By 2005 we _____ (live) in London for 14 years.
- 2) He _____ (write) a book by the end of the week.
- 3) He _____ (write) this book for 3 months by the end of this week.
- 4) _____ (finish, you) this project by the next week?
- 5) We _____ (married, be) a year on June 25th.
- 6) If it doesn't come tomorrow, I _____ (be) without the projector for a month.
- 7) _____ (be, she) pregnant for 5 month this week?

Exercise 79

Form affirmative sentences in the given tenses using the following words:

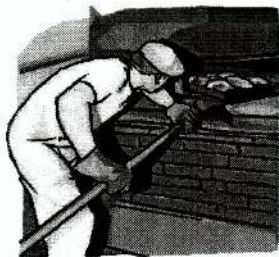
he - to write - letters

Example: Simple Present - _____

Answer: Simple Present - _____

He bakes bread

1. Simple Present -
2. Present Progressive -
.....
3. Simple Past -
4. Past Progressive -
5. Present Perfect -
6. Present Perfect Progressive -
7. Past Perfect -
8. going to-future -
9. will-future -
10. Conditional -



Wh Questions

Exercise 80

1. your /are/ time/ friends/What /coming?
2. country/ What /vocation? /you /visiting/ on/ are
3. to? /speaking/ you/ Who/ are
4. staying /are /you/ tonight?/ Where
5. you/ hell /the/ doing?/ What/ are

Exercise 81

Exercise:

- a) Write the verbs in brackets in their correct forms.
- b) Answer the question according to what you understand from the sentence. Choose the correct answer.

Example:

If I went to the cinema, I would watch (to watch) interesting films.

Do you watch interesting films?

1. If you(to wait) a minute, I'll come with you.

❓ Will I come with you?

2. If I went anywhere, it(to be) Australia.

❓ Are you going to Australia?

3. We(to watch) TV tonight if Peter hadn't bought the theatre tickets.

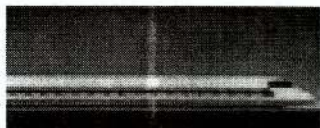
❓ Did Peter buy the theatre tickets?

4. Would you go out more often if you (not/to have) to do so much in the house?

❓ Do you go out more often?

.....

5. If he hadn't missed the train, he (to arrive) here in time.





- ⊗ Did he arrive in time?
6. I will miss the school bus if I (not/to get up) early.

- ⊗ Will I miss the school bus?



7. We could have helped John if we (to know) about his problems.

- ⊗ Did we help John?

8. If we(to cycle) to Dresden, it will be a fantastic trip.

- ⊗ Are we going to cycle to Dresden?

9. If I go to Leipzig, I(visit) the zoo.

- ⊗ Are going to Leipzig?

10. If I were a millionaire, I...(live) in Beverly Hills.

- ⊗ Am I living in Beverly Hills?

11. If we had read the book, we (understand) the film.

- ⊗ Did we understand the film?

12. I could have arrived in time if I (miss) the train.

- ⊗ Did I arrive in time?

13. If the teacher explains the grammar once more, I(score) better on the test.



- ⊗ Did you take the test?

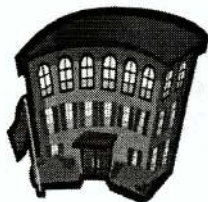


14. My friend would stay longer in Vienna if he(have) more time.

- ⊗ Will my friend stay longer in Vienna?

15. If it had not rained I(go) for a walk.

- ⊗ Did it rain?



Exercise 82

Choose the correct answer for each question.

1. A: _____ are you so happy?

B: I've got a new job.

When

What for

Why

What



2. A: _____ papers are these?

B: Not mine.

Where

Why

Whose

Which

3. A: _____ does it leave?

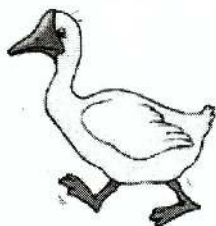
B: I don't know.

How

When

Who

What



4. A: _____ do you do?

B: How do you do?

Who

What

How

When

5. A: _____ one do you want?

B: The blue one, please.

How

Which

When

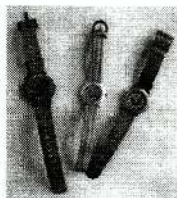
Who

6. A: _____ do you do?

B: I'm a student.

What

How



7. A: _____ don't you want to come?

B: I don't like discos.

Whose

Which

Why

Where



8. A: _____ does it leave from?

B: Over there, by the newspaper shop.

Where

Whose

Which

Why



9. A: _____ do you want to come?

B: I'm free at four-thirty.

How

What

Where

When

10. A: _____ do you work?

B: At MacDonald's.

How

Where

When

What



11. A: _____ is he?

B: Oh, that's John.

What

Where

Who

How



12. A: _____ is he?

B: In the garden, I think.

Who

How

What

Where



13. A: _____ is that?

B: Mary's, I think.

What

Whose

Why

When





14. A: _____ students want to come?

B: Only John and Adam.

Why Whose
Where Which

15. A: _____ can't you do it?

B: My computer is broken.

Which Where
Whose Why



16. A: _____ the matter?

B: I don't feel well.

What's How's
When's Who's

17. A: _____ is he?

B: Getting better.

How Who
What Where



18. A: _____ is she here?

B: Because she wants to see me.

Whose Where
Which Why



19. A: _____ wants to come? B: We all do.

Who What

When How



20. A: _____ are you going? B: Out.

Which Where

Whose

Why

Exercise 83

B) Question words

CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION



1) time is the party on Sunday ?
At 8.15 pm

2) bus do you take
to work? The 67



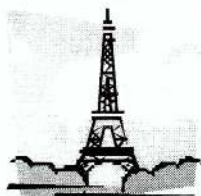
3) is he always late to class?
Because he always misses the school bus

4) is the best tennis player
in Argentina? Del Potro



5) told you today is my
birthday?
Your friend Lizzie

6) city is the capital of France?
Paris



7) are you studying English ? Because I like it

8) can I buy a newspaper? At the
newsagent's

1) does that plant cost? \$ 18

10) cooks dinner in your house?
My mother



Exercise 84

All questions are wrong. Write the correct questions into the gaps.

Example: How late is it? - _____

Answer: How late is it? - *What's the time?*

1) When begins the race? -



2) Sell you fish? -

.....?



3) Who does the trumpet play? -

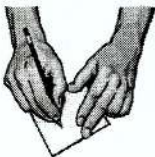
.....?



4) Plays Mike volleyball? -

.....?

5) Can the man the car drive? -



6) Why wrote you this letter? -

.....?



7) Where flew the plane? -

8) Do you have got a brother? -

9) Do you can remember her name? -



10) Think you not that it's time to go? -

.....?

Exercise 85

read and ask questions for the underlined words!

Justin's house

Well, I live **in an unusual house**.

.....
My house was a lighthouse **thirty years ago**.

.....
We have **two bedrooms, a kitchen, a toilet ... everything a house needs**.

.....
All the walls are round, so it's difficult to get furniture.

.....
My father is a carpenter, he made all the furniture himself.

.....
I helped, of course.

.....
We had **a garden**, but we decided not to grow anything anymore, because all the plants died.

.....
I have **my own room** right at the top.

.....
My brother had his **on the first floor**.

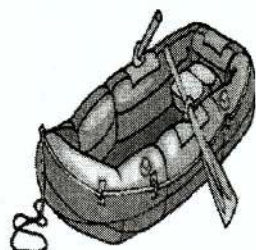
.....
He moved away, because he got married,



so now we have a **computer room** there.

My uncle and his son are visiting **this week**.

We all **go cycling** every day to the nearest village.



Usually we travel everywhere **by boat**, but this week we're **cycling**.



My **cousin** gets seasick, can you imagine that!

Exercise 86

Question words: who, what, when, where, which, how

Directions: Change the statements to questions using the question word in parenthesis.

Example: The train arrived at ten o'clock. (what time) **What time did the train arrive?**

1. They do their homework at night.

(when)





1. Mr. Robertson came to the party alone.
 (who)



2. The car is across the str
 (where)

3. I like the red blouse, not the blue one.
 (which)



4. She felt better after she
 a nap.
 (how)



took

5. That is an English book.
 (what)

6. My sister called her boyfriend yesterday
 (when)



7. She talked to him for an hour. (how
 long)

8. He studies piano at the university.
 (what)

9. The party lasted all night. (how
 long)

10. The check was for \$5.50. (how
 much)



12. He was eating a sandwich.
(what)

13. She is working hard. (what)
.....

14. My parents have two cars. (how
many)

15. They are coming to visit tomorrow.
(when)

16. He is going to work right now.
(where)

17. The man with the white hat is my
brother.
(who)

18. I don't get up early because I like to sleep late.
(why)

19. We have an English class every day.
(how often)

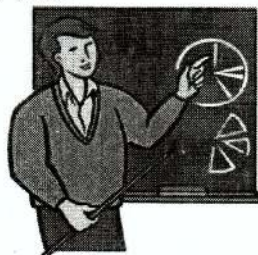
20. They like to dance on
weekends.
(what)

21. The club is not far from their house.
(where)

22. Their favorite kind of music is Latin Jazz.
(what)

23. I didn't bring my dictionary today.
(why)

24. They are singing popular songs. (what kind)
.....



Exercise 87

How to form questions in English - Exercise 2

Ask for the **underlined part**. Write the complete English question into the gap.

Example:

The class plays **football**. _____

Answer:

The class plays **football**.

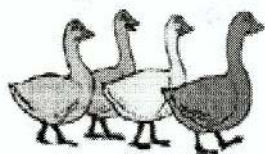
What does the class play?

1) She never cleans **the van**.

.....

2) Kim and Tina are playing **ball** in the garden.....

3) They are going **home**.....



4) **Mr Johnson** has been living in Montreal for ten years.....

5) Anne likes her new job **very much**.....

6) The Bames are planning a trip to **Norway**.....

7) The shop will be closed **until next month**.

.....

8) Beverly usually gets up **at 6.30 am**.....

9) He can't meet Sharon **because she is very ill**.....

10) Every evening **Steven** listens to his new CDs.....



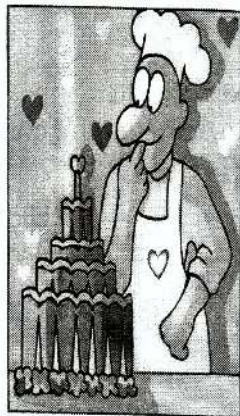
Exercise 88

Put in **What, Where, Why, When, How** into the gaps and form meaningful questions.

Example: _____ often do you play volleyball?

Answer: **How** often do you play volleyball?

- 1) do the Robinsons live?
- 2) are you doing at the moment, Sally?
- 3)are my exercise books?
- 4)is Susan's birthday?
- 5)old is Mike?
- 6)do they go to every week?
- 7)hobbies does Andrew have?
- 8)don't you go by bus, Max?
- 9)does Bill get up in the morning?
- 10)do you like best?



Exercise 89

How to form questions in English - Exercise 3

Ask for the underlined part. Write the questions into the gaps.

Example:

The class plays football. _____

Answer:

The class plays football. *What does the class play?*

- 1) She is opening a present.
- 2) The boys are hiding under Tom's bed.
- 3) My sister prefers porridge for breakfast.
- 4) On Thursday Jack has German, History and Maths.

- 5) **Yesterday** Carol and Jane went to the swimming pool.
- 6) The plane is landing **at the airport**.
- 7) **The telephone** is ringing .
- 8) Sarah has to stop **because of a security check**
- 9) Andrew's new mountain bike costs **€1000**.
- 10) At sunset **Peter** is walking along the beach .

Articles

Exercise 90

A / AN: Put the correct answer.

1. elephant



2. boy



3. cat

4. octopus



5. girl



6. apple



7. baby



8. umbrella

Exercise 91

Select a or an

1. I have got big shirt.
2. She has got orange ribbon.
3. I'm Swedish girl.
4. He is English boy.
5. What old man!
6. Give me pencil, please.
7. I can see yellow car.
8. There is cat.

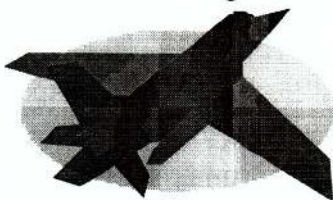
Exercise 92

Complete with a, an or the

.....bizarre incident occurred when Paul Sirks was trying to get his plane going, after it quit on landing. Sirks was trying to crankpropeller whenplane took off withoutpilot. It

reached 12,000 feet and flew around for two hours. It ran out of gas and crashed inbean field northwest of Columbus.

.....17-year-old was arrested and charged with robbingbank while dressed incowboy outfit. According to police reports, Dustin Marshall tipped his hat and yelled "Giddyup!" as he pointed "cowboy-type pistol" at bank employees. Marshall was also charged with robbing another bank six days later while wearingghost mask.



finally

Exercise 93

Write A or AN in the lines

1. We saw.....owl in that tree.
2. I ate apple and orange.
3. I would like..... one-way ticket to London, please.
4.agent phoned me yesterday.
5. university has offered him a job.
6. He ordered hamburger and some salad.
7. I bought..... American car.
8. She is actress and his father was.....actor to
9. This is Peter. He is..... electrician

10. He ishonest lawyer.
11. He is carrying..... blue suitcase.
12. There isabbey near the river.
13. This is the mummy of Egyptian pharaoh
14. I'll see you in.....hour.
15. This is historical moment.
16. hyena escaped from the zoo yesterday
17. Do you have to wear..... uniform?
18. umbrella is something you use when it rains .
19. There is desk in the room.
20. They have builthouse.
21. This isunusual situation.
22. Poland is European country
23. It is honour to have you here.
24. It isn't expensive hotel.
25. We didone-day course, it wasn't very useful

Exercise 94

Fill in each blank with *the, a, an, or /*. Use / where no article is needed.

Dear Amy,

We finally went on trip to Middle East that I told you about! Daphane andLees came along.

We travelled first by plane to Cairo and then by bus to sites.



3. You may find out too late that ___ health clubs aren't for you.
 a an
 the no article is needed
4. ___ San Diego fitness experts recommend thoroughly checking out several health clubs before you join one.
 a an
 the no article is needed
5. First, know what you want and need in ___ fitness facility, and don't pay for what you'll never use.
 a an
 the no article is needed
6. If you only want exercise classes, ___ exercise studio without weight machines and locker rooms may work for you.
 a an
 the no article is needed
7. If you're looking for ___ place to only do bodybuilding, you'll be happy in a basic gym.
 a an
 the no article is needed
8. You may be in ___ market for a full-service health club; then, make sure it offers lots of activities.
 a an
 the no article is needed
9. Look for a place near your house, and check out ___ exercise instructors and personal trainers.
 a an
 the no article is needed
10. They should be educated in physical education or certified by ___ organization such as the American Council on exercise.
 a an
 the no article is needed
11. Certified instructors have at least some knowledge of anatomy, exercise physiology, injury prevention and ___

3.Loch Ness is
.....most famous lake in Scotland.
4.most children like
.....sweets.
5.summer of 1996 was hot and dry.
6.Plaza Hotel is on the corner of
.....59th Street and5th Avenue
7. My sister often stays atUncle Tim's in Detroit.
8.smog is a problem inbig cities.
9. Our friends.....Millers moved to Florida last August.
10. Our children go toschool bybus.

Exercise 97

Decide whether to use the definite article >the< or not. If you do not need the article >the<, use x.

1. My grandmother likesflowers very much.
2. I loveflowers in your garden.
3. See you onWednesday.
4. I always listen toradio in the morning.
5. Don't be late forschool.
6. Alex goes to work bybus.
7. Listen! Dennis is playingtrumpet.
8. We often see our cousins overEaster.
9. She has never been toAlps before.
10. What about going to Australia inFebruary?

Exercise 98

Complete the sentences with a suitable article.

1. I boughtpair of pants and a shirt.
2. I sawcar crash last week.
3. They are stayingdowntown.
4. I thinkman is very unfriendly.

5. I don't likesoccer.
6. That is issue between you and the boss.
7.water is dirty. Don't drink it!
8.price of gas keeps rising.
9. John moved toSan Francisco.
10. Celine isFrench.
11.amazing thing happened to me yesterday.
12. My friend doesn't eatred meat.

Exercise 99

Fill in the correct article:

1. This is Paul. He has gotcat andhamster.
..... cat is black and white.
2. She likesmice. hamster is small. He has
gotapple.
3. OnMonday I will go to Prague. There is
..... new pupil in our class.
4.new pupil will sit behind me. My favourite
subjects areMaths
5. andBiology. I am not good at
..... tennis. What ispopulation
6. ofUSA? Do you know thatMississippi islongest
7. river inUSA andsecond longest in ... world?
8. Mary wants to becometeacher of
.....English. Please,
9. shut door and come toblackboard. What
will you have -tea
10. orcoffee? Can she speakChinese?
She was born in June.

11. Whatnice present! I have to go shopping – we need
.....milk,rice,
12.few eggs and some apples.

Exercise 100

Put the correct article: a, an, the

I aminternational student fromPhilippines. I decided that if I wanted to improve my English skills I should study English inEnglish speaking country. First of all, I researched allEnglish speaking countries and considered many factors including tuition fees, cost of living, approval to work part-time and climate. I decided that I would like to study in Australia. Then, I applied forstudent visa.application process was complex and I had to waitlong time for.... decision. However, it was worthlong wait because finally I was approved. Once I receivedvisa I made my arrangements: airfare, accommodation, institution and start date. I was so excited. Before too long I was onaeroplane flying to Australia. I arrived onglorious sunny day. I tooktaxi to my accommodation.taxi driver was very friendly and welcomed me to Australia . He said “G’ day mate” just like Crocodile Dundee! He even looked like him. family I am staying with is very nice. They areAustralian family and they usually have two international students staying with them at any one time. I had two days to explore my new city and then I started this course today. Today isvery special day for me. I am nervous but I am happy!

Exercise 101

Put A, An, The, or (Nothing) in the spaces

1. This coat was designed by _____ famous New York artist.
2. Can you tell me how to get to _____ bank from here?
3. _____ city museum is closed today.
4. He is one of _____ smartest people I know.
5. Taiwan was called "Isla Formosa" by _____ Dutch
6. _____ first Presidential election was March 23, 1997.
7. There are many _____ earthquakes in Taiwan every year.
8. Taiwan has _____ strong economy.
9. _____ Taipei is the capital of Taiwan.
10. Taiwan is _____ island.
11. _____ large mountain range runs down the center of Taiwan.
12. Taiwan is _____ industrialised country.
13. Taiwan is _____ tropical island.
14. _____ language and culture of Taiwan is Chinese.
15. Another name for Taiwan is _____ Republic of China.
16. Taiwan is _____ democratic country.
17. Chinese New Year is _____ important holiday in Taiwan.
18. Taiwan has _____ population of 22,000,000 people.
19. _____ Tropic of Cancer crosses Taiwan.
20. I recommend you eat _____ apple pie at this restaurant.
21. _____ milk is good for you.
22. Would you like to see _____ movie?
23. _____ apple a day keeps _____ doctor away.
24. I can't believe I failed _____ yesterday's test!
25. Do you have _____ dictionary that I can borrow?

Exercise 102

Put 'the' where necessary

1. We visited grandma in hospital twice last week.
2. Where did you put flour you bought yesterday?
3. Athens is capital of Greece.

4. North Pole is opposite South Pole.
5. bananas are my favourite fruit.
6. Prince Edward is a member of royal family.
7. Cindy was only one to wear trousers to the party.
8. We all decided to go home, because it was getting late.

Exercise 103

The Definite Article" (the), the Indefinite Article" (a or an) or the Zero Article"

1. Taiwan was called "Isla Formosa" by _____ Dutch
2. _____ first Presidential election was March 23, 1997.
3. There are many _____ earthquakes in Taiwan every year.
4. Taiwan has _____ strong economy.
5. _____ Taipei is the capital of Taiwan.
6. Taiwan is _____ island.
7. _____ large mountain range runs down the center of Taiwan.
8. Taiwan is _____ industrialised country
9. Taiwan is _____ tropical island.
10. _____ language and culture of Taiwan is Chinese.
11. Another name for Taiwan is _____ Republic of China.
12. Taiwan is _____ democratic country. Chinese New Year is _____ important holiday in Taiwan.
13. Taiwan has _____ population of 22,000,000 people.
15. _____ Tropic of Cancer crosses Taiwan
16. I recommend you eat _____ apple pie at this restaurant.
17. _____ milk is good for you.
18. Would you like to see _____ movie?
19. _____ apple a day keeps _____ doctor away.
20. I can't believe I failed _____ yesterday's test!
21. Do you have _____ dictionary that I can borrow?

Prepositions

Exercise 104

Complete with **at**, **in** or **on**.

1. What will you be doingChristmas Eve?
2. I'm sure he will behave in a much more responsible waytwo years' time, when he's married.
3. You're bornJanuary 4th ?
4. I'll see youthe exhibitiontwo weeks' time !
5. The plane lands1.05 PMHeathrow airportLondon, doesn't it ?
6.2010 we will be 49. Imagine that !
7. I saw himTim's birthday partySeptember 19th.
8. Did you know he's livingthe Isles of Scilly ?
9. No, I thought he was livingGlastonbury, with his ex-wife.
10. We'll get upthe crack of dawn, drink champagnethe lawn and have a swimthe lake.

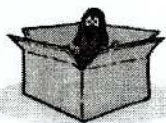
Exercise 105

Put the correct preposition into the gaps

The pen is the notebook.



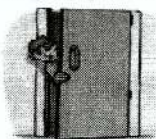
The brown dog is the box.



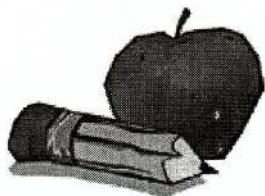
The apple is the book and the pen.



The pupil isthe door.

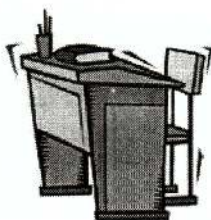


The girl is standing the board.



The pencil is the big red apple.

The chair is the desk.



The ball is the box

My brother is sitting the computer.



The girl is reading the chair.

Two people arethe green car.



The presents are the table.

The gray cat is the box.



The panda is the lamps.

The grey ball is the dog.



Exercise 106

Complete with a suitable preposition.

1. John was later blamedthe accident.
with about for from
2. He reported that matter to me months
About on of for
3. The whole room smelled ... lavender!
To of with from
4. The inheritance was divided ... equal parts
To at into for
5. A good thing we could stop him ... making
from against at for
6. Jane congratulated her sister ... her birthday
with on for by
7. You shouldn't compare a Ferrari ... a BMW.
by against to with
8. Why didn't you inform us ... the strike ?
about against to with
9. I agree ... his proposal on the condition that
with to on about
10. Are we sufficiently insured ... fire?
for at against from

Exercise 107

choose the correct preposition:

IN - ON - UNDER - OVER - IN FRONT - BEHIND

This dinosaur is the rock



The owl is the tree.



Susan is..... Mum and Dad.

The witch and the Prince are..... the castle.



The green worm isthe apple.

The sun is the cloud.



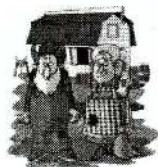
The witch is the pumpkin.



The giraffe is the lion and the elephant.



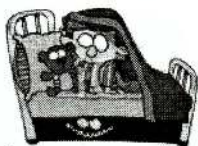
The farmers are the barn.



The ring is the box.



They are..... the umbrella



Where is the monster? It's the bed

The chair is the desk.



Exercise 108

Complete with suitable preposition

- The room was infested ... cockroaches.
to by at with
- In my company only executives are eligible ... share option schemes.
for of with to
- Anne's boss is sometimes forgetfulthe promises he has made.
at with to of
- His speech was not appropriate the occasion.
of to with for
- Try not be too impatient him.
with at for to
- Helen is expert ... drafting
with in at for
- Johnny is simply blindhis own shortcomings.
with to for at
- From now on I am not liable my wife's debts.
for to with at

9. John was born two intelligent people.
to of with from
10. I was moved to tears sorrow.
at of with by

Exercise 109

Complete with suitable preposition

- 1) Peter is playing tennisSunday.
- 2) My brother's birthday isthe 5th of November.
- 3) My birthday isMay.
- 4) We are going to see my parentsthe weekend.
- 5)1666, a great fire broke out in London.
- 6) I don't like walking alone in the streetsnight.
- 7) What are you doingthe afternoon?
- 8) My friend has been living in Canadatwo years.
- 9) I have been waiting for youseven o'clock.
- 10) I will have finished this essayFriday.

Exercise 110

Put the correct prepositions

I'm Peter and I live

.....Germany.summer I

like to travelItaly, because

.....the weather and the

people there. Last summer I took a

planeMunich to Rome.

.....the airport we went to our

hotel. We stoppeda small restaurant for a quick meal.

The driver parked the busthe restaurant. Nobody

could find the bus and the driver, so we waitedthe



restaurantone hour. The driver was walkingthe small parkthe restaurant which we did not know. So we were very angryhim. But my holidays were great. We satcampfires and went dancingthe early mornings.

Exercise 111

Complete the exercise with the correct prepositions.

1. George Washington was born Virginia 1732.
2.the American Revolutionary War 1775 and 1783) he was the Commander-in-Chiefthe American forces.
3. Washington played an important rolethe foundingthe United States.
4. He became the first Presidentthe United States.
5. He was President 1789 1797.
6. George Washington diedthe age 67,the 14thDecember 1799.
7. The capitalthe United States and one federal state are namedGeorge Washington.

Exercise 112

Complete the exercise with the correct prepositions.

1. Henry Ford was bornthe 30thJuly 1863.
2. He made his first car, the Quadricycle,June 1896.
3. 1903, he founded the Ford Motor Company.
4. Modern mass productioncars was developedhim ..1913.
5. Ford's Model T could then be assembledjust 93 minutes.

-1927, 15 million Model T cars had been manufacturedthe Ford Motor Company.
- Henry Ford became onethe richest and best-known

Exercise 113

Complete the exercise with the correct prepositions.

- Henry Ford was bornthe 30thJuly 1863.
- He made his first car, the Quadricycle,June 1896.
-1903, he founded the Ford Motor Company.
- Modern mass productioncars was developedhim1913.
- Ford's Model T could then be assembledjust 93 minutes.
-1927, 15 million Model T cars had been manufacturedthe Ford Motor Company.
- Henry Ford became onethe richest and best-known

Exercise 114

Complete the exercise with the correct prepositions.

- I got these photosmy friend Jane.
- These photos were takenher boyfriend, who is a hobby photographer.



-these pictures you can see a giraffe.
- So, these are picturesa giraffe.
- Lookthese pictures. Aren't they wonderful?

Exercise 115

Choose the correct prepositions.

- 1) What are you doingthe weekend?
- 2) I don't know yet. Maybe I'll go to the cinemaSaturday.
- 3) That's interesting. I haven't been to the cinemaso many years.
- 4) We could go there togetherthe afternoon.
- 5) That would be great. But I would prefer to go therethe evening. I am visiting my grandmaSaturday.
- 6) That's okay. The film startseight o'clock.
- 7) I can pick you uphalfseven. How long does the film last?
- 8) It laststwo hours and forty-five minutes.
- 9) eighta quarter.....eleven.
10. That's right. But I must hurry home
the film. I have to be homeeleven o'clock.

Exercise 116

Fill in the gaps with the suitable preposition.

- 1-Look..... that girl. She's gorgeous!
- 2-I'm thinking..... taking a language course.
- 3-You're right. I absolutely agree..... you.
- 4-It's getting late. We can't wait..... you much longer.
- 5-She doesn't depend..... her parents' money.
- 6-He worries..... his future.
- 7- Listen..... your parents' advice.
- 8-Thanks..... your precious help.
- 9-He's going to apply..... a new job.
- 10-Can I speak..... you alone?

Exercise 117

Complete the exercise according to the picture.

1.the picture, there are three kids.
2. The girl is standingthe two boys.
3. The boy with the green shirt is ...the right.
4. He has a game boyhis hands.
5. The kids are lookinghis game boy.



Exercise 118

Complete the exercise according to the picture.

- 1.....the picture, there are four people.
- 2.A couple is sittingthe table.
- 3.They are sittingchairs.
- 4.The drinks arethe table.
- 5.One woman is standingthe table.
- 6.....her is a man who is barbecuing.



Exercise 119

Underline the suitable preposition

1. We have to invest in research and development if we wish to keep _____ of our competitors.
Ahead back down
From in
2. John keeps _____ me to buy him a new computer. I keep telling me we don't have the budget for it but he persists.
After back down
From In

3. There was a big argument in the meeting but I just kept _____ it.
 Without into out
 Through out of
4. This machine gives off a lot of heat so keep well _____
 At back
 Down from through
5. I don't know if he told me the whole story. I suspect he was keeping something _____ .
 After back down
 From through
6. An apple a day keeps the doctor _____ .
 Away back down
 From In
7. The government are increasing interest rates to try to keep inflation _____ to under 2% .
 Away on at down
 From through
8. I'm trying to work here. Could you please keep the noise _____ ?
 After back
 Down from
9. I don't plan to allocate all of the budget at the moment. I intend to keep some _____ for emergencies.
 Ahead back down
 From through
10. You've signed an agreement with us and we intend to keep you _____ the terms of the agreement.
 Away on at
 Out To through
11. My boss never stops complaining. I wish he wouldn't keep _____ me all the time like that.
 Through at on

- Down from In
12. Well I must go. I don't want to keep you _____ your work.
Through back out
- From with
13. I'll tell you but you must keep this strictly _____ yourself.
Ahead on At
out to in
14. Learning English is hard work- you have to keep _____ it.
At back
Down from in
15. He's a bit of a creep. He's always doing obsequious things to
keep _____ the boss.
At back out
Within in
16. I'm sorry I got so angry with Allison but I just couldn't keep it
_____ any more. It's so frustrating working with her.
After at on
Out to in
17. He's got a tummy bug and is unable to keep any food _____.
Ahead at on
Down from through
18. My doctor advised me to keep _____ fatty foods.
ahead on at
out through off
19. I wanted to change the subject but she just kept _____ about
it without a break.
At back out
to on
20. We put up a new electric fence to keep _____ intruders.
At through out
From to
21. I like to go to bed midnight on Saturdays.

- Since on
during at
22. He migrated to Istanbulfive years
Since ago
For at
23. The artist had been painting two decades when he sold
his first painting.
During for
Since on
24. Shakespeare was born 23 April 1564.
Since on
In at
25. I've been studying Italian I was five years old.
For since
Ago on
26. His pet anaconda died five months, and he still misses
it.
For since
Ago on
27. We always eat a roast dinner Christmas Day.
In on
At since
28. In Europe, autumn begins September
In on
At since
29. The chairman of the board has been working in the finance
industry 1984.
In on
Since at

Exercise 120

4. Fill in the right preposition

Use: *away, back, by, for, into, off, on, together, up*

1. We had some problems when we checked..... the hotel.
2. We are getting..... next week to talk about his new girlfriend.
3. Mr. Hill passe.... last week. We are going to attend his funeral.
4. In the dream, my husband turned..... a butterfly and flew away.
5. Before the plane took....., the flight attendant checked seat belts.
6. Don't forget to put your gloves.....It is cold outside.
7. The police chased the robber but they couldn't catch him.
8. He got by jumping on the back of a passing train.
9. Don told us to keep..... He said the dog was very aggressive
10. I am looking..... an apartment on the beach.
11. I cannot believe how much John takes.... his mother.
12. They look..... exactly the same.
13. I can mail the letter for you. I go..... the post office on my way to work.
14. If you watch your money and plan carefully,
15. you can get..... on less than 30 Euros a day.

Conjunctions

AND, BUT, BECAUSE

Exercise 121

Look at the picture put correct conjunction

Summer days are hot sunny. In Summer, I like to sailthe weather is nice.

Sailing in Summer is great, I don't have a sailing boat.



You have to speak louder..... he can't hear well.

Tom studied hard, he failed the test.



They like to watch soap operas films on TV.

Jim is happy he won the race.



Henri is worried he is late for an important meeting.



She bought vitamins forgot to buy aspirin.



It was expensive, they gave me a discount.

Peter has a fever a terrible headache.



Frogs can hop, they can't fly

Paul can't go to work he has the flu.



Exercise 122

Complete the following sentences using "so" or "because".

1. It was cold I shut the window.
2. The door was open I closed it.
3. She doesn't like him he isn't honest.
4. It was raining I took a taxi.
5. The water wasn't clean we didn't swim.
6. We didn't swim the water wasn't clean.
7. I'll be home late tonight I have to work late.
8. I'm tired today I couldn't sleep last night.
9. She quit her job she is looking for a new one now.
10. We walked home there were no more buses.
11. I closed the window it was cold.

Exercise 123

Complete these sentences using: and, but, so, because.

1. She wants to go to the cinema, I don't like that film.
2. My wife plays tennis football.
3. I can't sleep, I'm going to drink a glass of hot milk.
4. She went to the disco, she didn't dance.
5. I'm studying English I love languages
6. She danced a little talked to her friends.
7. He doesn't play the guitar, he plays the drum.
8. He is sad he saw an accident.
9. She didn't invited me, I didn't go to her birthday party.
10. She can draw well, she can't cook.

Exercise 124

Write the connecting word that completes the sentences meaningfully.

1. I don't know you want to meet that lady. She's such a snob.
2. He looks he were sick.
3. He asked he could smoke a cigarette.
4. He insists I be there.
5. He punished the little boy... put salt in his coffee.
6. It was raining hard we left the office.
7. He'll have the work done you arrive.
8. I was saying, how many of you want to attend the conference?
9. He must be rich, he spends a lot of money on gifts for his girlfriend.
10. We have been having problems with the heater we bought it.
11. he said did not please us.
12. I liked the car, I bought it.
13. The picture ... is hanging over my bed was painted by an art student.
14. Her parents will be very happy..... she passes with flying colors.

Exercise 125

Multiple-choice exercise

Choose the correct answer for each question.

1. He came _____ he was very late
so but because
2. It was raining _____ I took my umbrella.
so but because

3. He's not very tall _____ he's very heavy.
4. He thinks he's clever _____ he speaks good English.
because but so
5. I ate the food _____ I didn't like the taste.
because but so
6. I took my umbrella _____ it was raining.
because but so
7. The computer was very expensive _____ I didn't buy it.
because but so
8. I didn't go out _____ it was raining.
because but so
9. He's my best friend _____ I will lend him the money.
because but so
10. I bought it _____ I like the colour.
because but so

Exercise 126

Choose the connecting word that completes the sentences meaningfully.

1. Karen is rich;, her cousin Kate is poor.
2. You'd better take a taxi., you'll arrive late.
3. I enjoy reading this new magazine. _____, it has good articles.
4. Jack wasn't tired., he took a nap.
5. Phil was not thirsty;, he drank five glasses of water.
6. The kids didn't study., they failed the course.
7. The weather was terrible....., we decided to delay our trip.
8. You must buy the tickets;, we won't be able to see that play.
9. The neighborhood isn't very interesting. I like the house,

- 10. We live in the same building;, we hardly see each other.
- 11. He didn't earn enough money., his wife decided to get a job.
- 12. That house isn't big enough for us, and, it's too expensive.
- 13. We have plenty of money and workers;, we hope to finish the house remodeling soon.
- 14. She's extremely rich;, she's not snobbish.
- 15. It was a windy and rainy night., I decided to go out.

However and Therefore 🐼

Exercise 127

You can use 'however' to express contrast. It is usually offset with a comma. It means "despite that". Paul decided to go to Kenya. Steve, however, went to Dorset. Pete went fishing today; however, John went fishing yesterday. "Therefore" means "for that reason", and is also used with a comma. Margaret moved last week; therefore, she didn't graduate with our class. Sam and John left before science today; therefore, they didn't take the quiz. Now you can write "however" or "therefore" to fill the gaps:

1. I don't like salads., I like vegetables.
2. It was raining., she took her umbrella.
3. He went to London., she didn't see the Big Ben.
4. He went to London., she saw the Big Ben.
5. She loved her friend., she didn't buy her a present for Birth day

6. She loved her mother., she bought her a present for Mothers day..
7. They loved animals., they had a dog, a cat and a rabbit.
8. They loved animals. they didn't have any.
9. He was very fat., he didn't usually eat a lot.
10. He was very fat.it was difficult for him to find nice clothes.
11. I won the lottery. I bought a beautiful car.
12. I won the lottery., I didn't change my old car.
13. My brother loves sports., he doesn't play football.
14. My brother loves sports., he plays football, basket, rugby and golf.



CONDITIONAL CLAUSES

Exercise 128

Put The verbs in brackets into the gaps. Form a Conditional sentence

1. If Ienough money, I will buy a new skateboard. (have)
2. If you help your mother, shevery happy. (be)
3. If Mary(help) in the kitchen, she will get more pocket money.
4. She will be angry if youthe truth. (not tell)
5. You will have to walk if youthe bus. (miss)
6. If Tom is at home, heTV. (watch)
7. The babyif you are more quiet. (sleep)

8. If he is in San Francisco, heGolden Gate Bridge. (see)
9. Heto the doctor's if he doesn't feel well tomorrow. (go)
10. Wegood marks if we don't learn. (not get)
11. Ito the USA if I have enough money. (travel)
12. If theya car they will drive to Italy. (buy)
13. If I work harder Ithe exam. (pass)
14. If hehis car he won't get much money for it. (sell)
15. If he tells me the truth Iglad. (be)

Conditional sentences, type I, statements - Exercise 129

Put the verbs in brackets into the gaps. Form a Conditional sentence - type I. Only use the will-future in the main clauses.

Example: If I (to go) to the cinema,
I (to watch) an interesting film.

Answer: If I *go* to the cinema, I *will watch* an interesting film.

1. If I(to study), I(to pass) the exams.
2. If the sun(to shine), we(to walk) to the town.
3. If he(to have) a temperature, he
.....(to see) the doctor.
4. If my friends(to come), I(to be) very happy.
5. If she ... (to earn) a lot of money, she(to fly) to New York.
6. If we(to travel) to London, we(to visit) the museums.
7. If you(to wear) sandals in the mountains, you
.....(to slip) on the rocks.
8. If Rita(to forget) her homework, the teacher
.....(to give) her a low mark.
9. If they(to go) to the disco, they(to listen) to loud music.
10. If you(to wait) a minute, I(to ask) my parents.

Exercise 130

Write the correct phrases and form **Conditional sentences - type I**.

1. If youmy bike, Iyou with the Maths homework
2. Ittoo hot if heto Greece in August.
3. If Peteron the sofa, his sisternext to him.
4. The policemanyou the way if youhim.
5. If itin the Alps, itin Munich.
6. Iyou my laptop if youto be careful with it.
7. If yousome tomatoes, the saucemuch better.
8. If Tomthis string, hethe box.
9. If ISimon's mobile, Iit to the office.
10. We.....lost if wethe town map

Exercise 131

Conditional sentences, type II, statements - Exercise 2

Put the verbs in brackets into the gaps. Form a **Conditional sentence - type II**.

Example: If I (*to go*) to the cinema, I (*to watch*) an interesting film.

Answer: If I **went** to the cinema, I **would watch** an interesting film.

1. If I(*to come*) home earlier, I (*to prepare*) dinner.
2. If we(*to live*) in Rome, Francesco(*to visit*) us.
3. If Tim and Tom(*to be*) older, they(*to play*) in our hockey team.
4. If he(*to be*) my friend, I(*to invite*) him to my birthday party.

1. If they(*to have*) enough money, they(*to buy*) a new car.
2. If Susan(*to study*) harder, she(*to be*) better at school
3. If you(*to do*) a paper round, you(*to earn*) a little extra money
4. If Michael(*to get*) more pocket money, he(*to ask*) Doris out for dinner.
5. If we(*to hurry*), we(*to catch*) the bus.
6. If it(*to rain*), Nina(*to take*) an umbrella with her.

Exercise 132

Complete the Conditional Sentences (Type II) by putting the verbs into the correct form. Use **conditional I with would** in the main clause.

1. If we (have).....a yacht, we (sail).....the seven seas.
2. If he (have)more time, he (learn)karate.
3. If they (tell)their father, he (be)very angry.
4. She (spend)a year in the USA if it (be)easier to get a green card.
5. If I (live)on a lonely island, I (run)around naked all day.
6. We (help)you if we (know)how.
7. My brother (buy).....a sports car if he (have)the money.
8. If I (feel)better, I (go)to the cinema with you.
9. If you (go)by bike more often, you (be / not)so flabby.
10. She (not / talk)to you if she (be)mad at you.

Exercise 133

Complete the Conditional Sentences Type II.

1. If Ithe lottery, Ia chance to hit the jackpot.
2. If Ithe jackpot, Irich.
3. If Irich, my lifecompletely.
4. Ia lonely island, if Ia nice one.
5. If Ia lonely island, I.....a huge house by the beach.
6. Iall my friends if Ia house by the beach.
7. Imy friends up in my yacht if theyto spend their holidays on my island.
8. Wegreat parties if my friendsto my island.
9. If weto go shopping in a big city, wea helicopter.
10. But if my friends' holidaysover, Ivery lonely on my lonely island.

Conditional sentences, type III, statements –

Exercise 134

Put the verbs in brackets into the gaps. Form a Conditional sentence - type III.

Example: If I _____ (to go) to the cinema, I _____ (to watch) an interesting film.

Answer: If I *had gone* to the cinema, I *would have watched* an interesting film.

1. If the weather(to be) nice, they.....(to play) football.
2. If we(to go) to a good restaurant, we.....(to have) a better dinner.

3. If he.....(to speak) slower, Peggy
.....(to understand) him.
4. If John(to learn) more words,
he.....(to write) a good report.
5. If the teacher.....(to explain) the homework,
I.....(to do) it.
6. If the boys.....(to take) the bus to school,
they.....(to arrive) on time.
7. If they.....(to wait) for another 10 minutes,
they.....(to see) the pop star.
8. If the police.....(to come) earlier,
they.....(to arrest) the burglar.
9. If you.....(to buy) fresh green vegetable, your
salad.....(to taste) better.
10. If Alex.....(to ask) me, I.....(to email) the documents.
11. If he.....(to speak) slower, Peggy
.....(to understand) him.

Exercise 135

Complete the Conditional Sentences (Type III) by putting the verbs into the correct form. Use conditional II with would in the main clause.

1. If you (study)for the test, you (pass)it.
2. If you (ask)me, I (help)you.
3. If we (go)to the cinema, we (see)my friend Jacob.
4. If you (speak)English, she (understand)
5. If they (listen)to me, we (be)home earlier.
6. I (write)you a postcard if I (have)your address.

7. If I (not / break)my leg, I (take part) ...in the contest.
8. If it (not/ start)to rain, we (walk)to the museum.
9. We (swim)in the sea if there
(not / be)so many sharks there.
10. If she (take)the bus, she (not / arrive)on time.

Exercise 136

Combine the sentences using the conjunction given in parentheses. Do not change the order of the sentences. Pay attention to the punctuation.

1. They got married. They had to learn to manage their own home. (after).....
2. He went crazy. His wife burnt his breakfast. (when).....
3. You can hear what I'm saying. You keep quiet. (if)
.....
4. I won't invite my classmates to a party. I know them well. (until)
5. He arrived home. I had already cleaned the house. (by the time)
6. The first quiz was easy. This one is extremely difficult. (whereas)
7. She's snobbish. People like her. (yet).....
8. We're broke. We can't buy anything. (since).....
9. He failed. He won't give up his ideals. (even though)
.....
10. He fell asleep. He was watching the film. (while)

Exercise 137

Combine the following pairs of sentences making any necessary changes. Use one of the following connectors.

After / And / Because / Before / But / Neither...nor / That / When / Whom / Whose

1. I play a kind of music. Nobody likes that kind of music.
.....
2. You saw a man yesterday. That man wasn't a famous actor.
.....
3. I remember a day. On that day I took my first airplane trip.
.....
4. I have a neighbour. The parents of that neighbour live in Australia.
5. I read a book. It taught me a lot about the history of Algeria.
6. I didn't like your work. I didn't appreciate it too.
7. My grandpa is slow. He is a strong person.
8. The girls ran over the path. They ran over the hill too.
.....
9. He didn't make enough efforts. He didn't succeed.
.....
10. First I finished all my work. Then I went to bed.
.....

MUCH - MANY - A LOT OF

Exercise 138

Choose the correct option

1. We spent too money on our last vacation.
2. Did you have friends coming to your party?

- Jason drinks beer on the weekend.
- It will costto repair your car.
- We don't havetime to get to the airport.
- You need more than two weeks to visit New York . There are so..... things to see and do.

A few and A Little

Exercise 139

Choose *a few* or *a little*. **a few a little**

- He has plans.
- She has got milk.
- He drank whisky.
- And has friends.
- We saw people at the restaurant.
- I bought newspapers.
- There is petrol in his car.
- There are bottles on the table.
- There are hotels in this town.
- I want to eat bread.
- Have you got magazines at home?
- Put cooking oil in the pan.
- Sindy has only flowers.
- There are quite buffaloes in the field.
- There is only food in the refrigerator.

Exercise 140

Choose the correct response

- Wow! Look at that! How books do you have on your shelves? I have to tell you it's a great collection!
Much many

Some much

Many any

11. We need kilo of apples.

A some

any

12. Have you got water?

A an

Any a

Some any

13. I've got salad sandwiches for my lunch today.

A some

Any much

14. I haven't got tea. Can you go to the corner store and buy some more?

A some any

15. How about cup of coffee?

A some any

16. There are grapes in the fridge.

A some any

17. Is there orange juice left in the fridge?

A some any

18. I need money to go shopping.

A some any

19. We need to buy rolls if you want to make hotdogs for your lunch.

A some any

How much...? How many...? a little a few

Exercise 141

1. How photographs did you take?
Just
2. How orange juice do we have left? Only bit.
3. How time do we have?
Just, we're late. 🕒
4. How pencils do we have left?
Just, we need to buy more.
5. How bottles of water do we have?
Quite, enough for this week.
6. Do you know how paper is left in your notebook?
It's quite full, just pages left.
7. How chicken do you want with your rice?
Not thanks.
8. How money does an English teacher earn?
Not 🕒
9. How soup do you want?

Exercise 142

**Some - Any - No - Nothing - Something -
Anybody - Nowhere etc**

Multiple-choice exercise

Choose the correct answer for each question.

Some - Any - No - None - Something - Anybody - Nowhere etc

How do we use these words?

We use 'some / any / no' with a noun.

- | | | |
|--|----------|---------|
| | anything | none |
| | any | nothing |
7. No, there are _____ this week.
- | | | |
|--|---------|------|
| | nothing | any |
| | no | none |
8. What shall we do tonight? Is there _____ good on TV?
- | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|
| | anywhere | any |
| | anything | somewhere |
9. I don't have to do today.
- | | | |
|--|------------|----------|
| | Nothing | anything |
| | Everything | any |
10. Are there dogs in the house?
- | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|
| | Something | nothing |
| | any | anybody |
11. I know about it
- | | | |
|--|----------|---------|
| | Anything | nothing |
| | Someone | any |
12. There is I need to do tomorrow afternoon.
- | | | |
|--|-----|-----------|
| | Any | anything |
| | Yet | something |
13. My friend doesn't know about her birthday party!
- | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|
| | Something | nothing |
| | Anything | anyone |
14. Did you bring you need for the trip
- | | | |
|--|---------|------------|
| | No | any |
| | Nothing | everything |
15. If there is you need you can call me, okay?
- | | | |
|--|----------|------------|
| | Anything | any |
| | Nothing | Everything |
16. I think there is wrong with my VCR. It is not working very well.

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| · Anything | nothing |
| Something | everything |
9. My friend's decisions have to do with me.
- | | |
|---------|----------|
| Nothing | anything |
| Someone | any |
10. My mom asked me how I was, and I said was fine.
- | | |
|----------|------------|
| Anything | something |
| Any | everything |

Exercise 143

although - even though / despite - in spite of

Complete the sentences below with

although - despite --in spite of.

- _____ the weather was bad, we enjoyed our trip.
- The children slept well _____ the noise.
- _____ earning a low salary, Linda gave money to her parents.
- John rarely sees Paul _____ they live in the same town.
- Julie failed the exam _____ of working very hard.
- _____ it was cold, she didn't put on her coat.
- Tom went to work _____ not feeling very well.
- Anna never learned the language _____ she lived there for two years.
- _____ of the difficulty, they managed to climb to the top of the mountain

even though - even if

Exercise 145

Complete the sentences below with 'even though' or 'even if'.

1. Peter refused the offer _____ he needed the money.
2. _____ Mary has a car, she walks to work.
3. James won't sell his car _____ you offer him a good price.
4. _____ the man was blind, he walked to the station.
5. We go running every day, _____ the weather is bad.
6. I love my job. I wouldn't change jobs _____ the salary was higher.
7. She gives money to charity _____ she is not rich.
8. I wouldn't buy you a scooter _____ I had the money.

Exercise 146

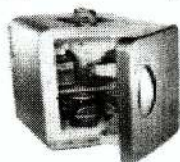
Choose the word or phrase that will correctly complete the conversation.

1. We keep our bread in the fridge, _____ it doesn't go bad.

Since

so that

Although



2. The five-cent coin looks very Canadian, _____ it has a picture of a beaver on it.

After

so that

Though

before



3. _____ Volkswagen cars are cheap, they last a long time.

because

in order that



although
after

1. **You should give the iron time to heat up _____ you iron your clothes.**

because
so that
before
until



2. **You need proper shoes to go hiking in the mountains, _____ the ground is rough and hard.**

Because so that
even though before



3. **Hockey players wear lots of protective clothing _____ they don't get hurt.**

because
in order that
though
after



4. **You will have to pay higher insurance _____ you buy a sports car.**

If so that
Although before



5. **You shouldn't drive _____ drinking alcohol.**

If in order that
even though after



9. . _____ the dolphin lives in the sea, it is not a fish – it's a mammal.

whether
so that
although
after



10. You may get malaria _____ you are bitten by a mosquito.

If
Though
so that
before



Adjective (Relative) Clause Practice

Exercise 147

Choose all the possible correct answers to complete the sentence. Most sentences have more than one correct response.

1. Bichu is the boy _____ shaved his head--he is completely bald now.

who
that
which
⊖



2. The food _____ she is buying looks healthy.

who
that
which
⊖

3. A dishwasher is a machine _____ washes dishes.

who
that
which
O

4. The bat is the only mammal _____ can fly.

who
that
which



5. Look! That's the singer ___ mother is from my hometown.

Whose who
That who's



6. I don't like dogs ___ jump on me.

Whose that
Whom ⊖



7. I felt bad for the guy ___ failed the exam.
that which

who ⊖

8. Jasmine is a flower ___ is white and very fragrant.

Which who

That ⊖

9. They are filming the girl ___ birthday is today.

Whose that

Who ⊖



1. There's the couple ___ dancing you liked so much.

Whose that

Who ⊖



RELATIVE CLAUSE

Exercise 148

Choose all the possible correct answers to complete the sentence.

1. The reason he handed in his work late did not sound convincing at all.

- A) where B) why C) which
 D) what E) how
2. The reason they stated for moving premises was quite believable.
 A) that B) why C) when
 D) where E) who
3. While in England, I visited the town Charles Darwin was born in.
 A) whose B) when C) where
 D) whom E) which
4. Let's go somewhere the children can run around and enjoy themselves.
 A) where B) when C) why
 D) who E) which
5. That was the moment I realised he had been lying to me.
 A) how B) when C) who
 D) whom E) why
6. The items were on sale had been overpriced originally.
 A) why B) — C) which
 D) whose E) where
7. The player he competed against was relatively unknown.
 A) whose B) which C) when
 D) where E) that
8. The gentleman you are referring has been transferred to our head office in London.
 A) for which B) to whom C) for what
 D) at which E) about whose

16. We really didn't believe the explanation was given to us at the time.
 A) that B) why C) when
 D) where E) whom
17. 2002 will be the year in the football World Cup is hosted by two Asian countries.
 A) which B) where C) when
 D) why E) that
18. The point of the bridge there is the most strain is the middle.
 A) that B) which C) when
 D) where E) whom
19. The girl article was published in last week's issue of the school magazine is in my brother's class.
 A) where B) whose C) that
 D) whom E) when
20. I hope she can produce the same kind of tennis she won the semi-final.
 A) where B) when C) with which
 D) for whom E) that

Relative Pronouns and Adverbs

Exercise 149

A) Complete the sentences with WHO or WHICH

1. the young lady..... is standing out there?
2. An atlas is a book.....is full of different maps.
3. The teenagers..... are queuing want tickets for next's week concert.
4. What was the name of the man.... discovered Machu Pichu?

5. A compass is a device..... shows direction.
6. Shakespeare was a British writer.....wrote Romeo and Juliet.
7. Penguins are birds..... cannot fly.
8. Lady Di was the Welsh princess..... died in a terrible car accident.
9. Henri Becquerel was the scientist..... discovered X-rays.

Exercise 150

B) Complete using WHO, WHICH, THAT, WHOSE or WHERE

1. A kangaroo is an animal..... lives in Australia.
2. In 1998 I travelled to Paris,..... I met my husband.
3. Marie Curie..... was born in Poland in 1867, was a scientist.
4. Karen,..... surname is Johnson, is a beautiful model.
5. Van Gogh was a painter..... paintings are worldwide.
6. A camel is an animal..... lives in the desert.
7. Radium is a metal..... shines in the dark.
8. That is the girl.....brother is a famous footballer.
9. He lived in New York,... he worked for the New York Times.
10. The Coliseum was an amphitheatre Romans enjoyed plays,

Active Passive

Exercise 151

Decide whether the sentences are written in Active or Passive.

1. They **listen** to music.
2. She **is reading** an e-mail.
3. These cars **are produced** in Japan.

4. Alan **teaches** Geography.
5. German **is spoken** in Austria.
6. Lots of houses **were destroyed** by the earthquake.....
7. Henry Ford **invented** the assembly line.
8. The bus driver **was hurt**.
9. You **should open** your workbooks.
10. Houses **have been built**.

Exercise 152

Rewrite the given sentences in Passive voice.

Example:

Frank builds a house.

Answer:

A house is built. or *A house is built by Frank.*

1. Mr Jones watches the film.....
2. The people speak English.....
3. He reads comics.....
4. We play volleyball.....
5. They sing the song.....
6. I take photos.....
7. She does the housework.....
8. The policemen help the children.....
9. He writes text messages.....
10. Mother waters the flowers.....

Exercise 153

Rewrite the sentences using Passive voice.

Example:

Peter writes a letter. _____

Answer:

A letter is written. or

A letter is written by Peter.

1. Julia rescued three cats.
2. The students handed in the reports.
3. Maria crashed into the blue car.
4. Alex learned the poem.
5. Steven has forgotten the book.
6. The mechanic has not repaired the DVD recorder.
7. They play handball.
8. Sue puts the rucksack on the floor.
9. The girls had lost the match.
10. The teacher is not going to open the window.

Exercise 154

Rewrite the given sentences in Passive voice. Sometimes there are two possible answers (two objects in the active sentence).

Do not use contracted/short forms.

Example: Tim gave Lisa some flowers. _____

Answer: *Some flowers were given to Lisa by Tim. or*

Lisa was given some flowers by Tim.

1. They don't speak English in this shop.
2. Kevin asked Dennis a question.
3. Somebody built the house last year.
4. She gives him a box.
5. Max will look after him.
6. The waiter brought Fred a big steak.
7. Somebody broke into our bungalow last Friday.
8. The teacher told us a joke.
9. They will meet Doris at the station.
10. Michael has not sent me a text message.

Passive - various tenses - Exercise -

Exercise 155

Put in the correct form of the verb in Passive into the gaps. Use **the verb and the tense given in brackets**.

Example: A letter _____ by Peter. (*to write - Simple Present*)

Answer: A letter *is written* by Peter.

1. We ... a letter the day before yesterday. (*to send - Simple Past*)
2. The words by the teacher today. (*to explain - Simple Present*)
3. This car It's too old. (*not/to steal - will-future*)
4. This street because of snow. (*already/to close - Present Perfect*)
5. A new restaurant next week. (*to open - will-future*)
6. I by Robert. (*not/to ask - will-future*)
7. He to the party yesterday. (*to invite - Simple Past*)
8. The blue box (*can/not/to see - Simple Present*)
9. I the book by my friend last Sunday. (*to give - Simple Past*)
10. The dishes by my little brother. (*not/to wash - Present Perfect*)

Exercise 156

Put the following sentences into the passive voice or form

1. They make shoes in that factory.
Shoes in that factory.
2. People must not leave bicycles in the driveway.
Bicycles in the driveway.
3. They built that skyscraper in 1934.
That skyscraper in 1934.
4. The students will finish the course by July.

- That skyscraperin 1934.
4. The students will finish the course by July.
The courseby July.
 5. They are repairing the streets this month.
The streetsthis month.
 6. They make these tools of plastic.
These toolsof plastic.
 7. They have finished the new product design.
The new product design
 8. They were cooking dinner when I arrived.
Dinnerwhen I arrived.
 9. Smithers painted 'Red Sunset' in 1986.
'Red Sunset'in 1986 by Smithers.
 10. Did the plan interest you?
.....in the plan
 11. They had finished the preparations by the time the guests arrived.
The preparationsby the time the guests arrived.
 12. You should take care when working on electrical equipment.
Carewhen working on electrical equipment.
 13. They are going to perform Beethoven's Fifth Symphony next weekend.
Beethoven's Fifth Symphonynext weekend.
 14. Someone will speak Japanese at the meeting.
Japaneseat the meeting.
 15. Karen is going to prepare the refreshments.
The refreshmentsby Karen.

3. Mr. ROSS broke the antique vase as he walked through the store.
4. When she arrived, the changes amazed her.
5. The construction workers are making street repairs all month long.
6. The party will celebrate his retirement.
7. His professors were discussing his oral exam right in front of him.
8. My son ate all the homemade cookies.
9. Corrosion had damaged the hull of the ship.
10. Some children were visiting the old homestead while I was there.

Exercise 158

Directions: Change the sentences below to the active voice.

1. The statue is being visited by hundreds of tourists every year.
2. My books were stolen by someone yesterday.
3. These books had been left in the classroom by a careless student.
4. Coffee is raised in many parts of Hawaii by plantation workers.
5. The house had been broken into by someone while the owners were on vacation.
6. A woman was being carried downstairs by a very strong firefighter.
7. The streets around the fire had been blocked off by the police.
8. Have you seen the new movie that was directed by Ron Howard?
9. My car is in the garage being fixed by a dubious mechanic.
10. A great deal of our oil will have been exported to other countries by our government.

Exercise 159

Rewrite the sentences in passive voice.

1. He opens the door. -
2. We set the table. -
3. She pays a lot of money. -
4. I draw a picture. -
5. They wear blue shoes. -
6. They don't help you. -
7. He doesn't open the book. -
8. You do not write the letter. -
9. Does your mum pick you up? - 1....
10. Does the police officer catch the thief? -

Exercise 160

Rewrite the sentences in passive voice.

1. John collects money. -
2. Anna opened the window. -
3. We have done our homework. -
4. I will ask a question. -
5. He can cut out the picture. -
6. The sheep ate a lot. -
7. We do not clean our rooms. -
8. William will not repair the car. -
9. Did Sue draw this circle? -
10. Could you feed the dog? -

Exercise 161

Exercise on Passive Voice - Present Perfect

Rewrite the sentences in passive voice.

1. Kerrie has paid the bill. -
2. I have eaten a hamburger. -

3. We have cycled five miles. -
4. I have opened the present. -
5. They have not read the book. -
6. You have not sent the parcel. -
7. We have not agreed to this issue. -
8. They have not caught the thieves. -
9. Has she phoned him? -
10. Have they noticed us? -

Exercise 162

Regular Comparatives and Superlatives

Underline the correct form for each word.

1. What is the comparative of "hot"?
 hotter hotter
 hotter hotter
2. What is the superlative of "deep"?
 deeper deeper
 deepest deepest
3. What is the comparative of "lively"?
 livelier more livelier
 livelier more livelier
4. What is the comparative of "sad"?
 sader sadder
 sadier sadder
5. What is the superlative of "ugly"?
 uglier ugliest
 ugliest ugliest
6. What is the superlative of "small"?
 smaller smaller
 smaller smaller

- malliest smaliest
7. What is the superlative of "unpleasant"?
- unpleasant most unpleasant more
unpleasant unpleasantest
8. What is the comparative of "destructive"?
- destructiver more destructive
destructivier more destructiver
9. What is the superlative of "soft"?
- softest softiest
softtest most soft
10. What is the comparative of "heat"?
- heater heater
heatier hetter none of these

Exercise 163

Comparison of adjectives in sentences - Exercise 2

Put in the adjective from the first sentences into the second sentence in its correct form (comparative or superlative).

Example: I have a fast car, but my friend has a _____ car.

Answer: I have a **fast** car, but my friend has a **faster** car.

1. My father is heavy. My uncle is muchthan my father.
2. The test in Geography was easy, but the test in Biology was
.....
3. Florida is sunny. Do you know theplace in the USA?
4. Stan is a successful sportsman, but his sister isthan Stan.
5. My mother has a soft voice, but my teacher's voice is
.....than my mother's.
6. Amy has a beautiful baby, but my daughter has the
.....baby on earth.

- I live in a large family, but my grandfather lived in a family.
- We have only little time for this exercise, but in the examination we'll have even time.
- Lucy is clever, but Carol is than Lucy.
- Have you visited the old castle? It was the castle we visited during our holidays.

Exercise 164

Use **either as ... as or not as ... as** in the sentences below.
 Example: Ben Nevis is _____ as Mont Blanc (*not/high*).

Answer: Ben Nevis is **not as high as** Mont Blanc.

- The blue car is the red car. (*fast*)
- Peter is Fred. (*not/tall*)
- The violin is the cello. (*not/low*)
- This copy is the other one. (*bad*)
- Today it's yesterday. (*not/windy*)
- Oliver is Peter. (*optimistic*)
- Grapefruit juice is lemonade. (*not/sweet*)
- The tomato soup was the mushroom soup. (*delicious*)
- Nick is Kevin. (*brave*)
- Silver is gold. (*not/heavy*)

Exercise 165

Choose the correct answer

- If I am not right, I am
 Wrong certain
 Correct right
- If you are not taller, you are
 the short shorter
 shortest short
- The car is not, it is slow

- | | |
|-------|-----------|
| Speed | unhurried |
| Fast | powerful |
4. Today it is not hot, it is

Cold	hot
Hotter	colder
 5. If I am not weak, I am

Weaker	pretty
bright	strong
 6. I do not get up, I get up early.

Night	day
late	first
 7. He is the heaviest and I am the

Lightest	lighter
Light	heavier
 8. What goes up must come

Over	down
Nice	left
 9. At the stop sign do not turn right, turn

Light	wrong
straight	left
 10. My mom's hair is not straight, it is

Long	short
Curly	grey

Then / Than - Exercise 2

Exercise 166

Choose the correct word in each sentence below

1. Nothing is worse (than then) fighting traffic on Friday afternoon.
2. The dog bit its master; (than then) it ran away.
3. If you insist on having a cake, (than then) I'll go grocery shopping.

4. Taller (than then) her brother, Marlene often teased him mercilessly.
5. It is unfair for him to have more time to study (than then) I do.
6. First you got upset; (than then) you got angry.
7. We all suspected that the clerk knew more (than then) he let on.
8. Core the apple and (than then) rinse it in lemon juice.
9. If all goes well, (than then) we can proceed to the next step.
10. The discussion lasted much longer (than then) we thought it would.

Exercise 167

Type the correct determiner in each gap.

Which determiner completes the sentence: "some" or "any"?

- 1) Vicky hascandies.
- 2) Kat doesn't havemoney.
- 3) Marina will give usinformation.
- 4) There ismilk in the fridge.
- 5) There isn'tbeer.
- 6) There aren'tboys in my family.
- 7) Jose won't give mehelp.
- 8) Hannah shouldn't smokecigarettes.
- 9) Sue must do homework tonight.
- 10) My brother can't speakChinese.
- 11) My sister can speakSpanish.
- 12) I can't speakChinese or Spanish.
- 13) I must studysecond languages.
- 14) Luis isn'tsmarter than Jane.
- 15) Anahita should eatfresh fruit.

Exercise 168

Phrasal verbs on go

Use the correct form of: *go back, go out, go down, go on, go without,*

go through, go for, go against, go ahead, go about

1. Hehis work quietly and efficiently, without disturbing other people.
2. I don't like to..... your wishes, but I think I'll have to for your own sake.
3. They say that the cost of real properties may..... by the end of this year.
4. I can't..... without stopping for a rest.
5. Of course I don't mind if you visit them.....
6. No, there isn't any coke in the fridge. You'll have to..... and
7. drink water instead.
8. I feel like..... How about the new play at the theatre?
9. I think we should..... the jeans now. The shop closes in half an hour.
10. this pile of newspaper cuttings and tell me if anything interests you.
11. We've forgotten the credit card at home. We'll have to..... for it.

USED TO, GET USED TO, BE USED TO

Exercise 169

USED TO+infinitive ,GET USED TO gerund, BE USED TO+gerund.

1.-Choose the correct sentence

1. We aren't used to listening to that kind of music

3. She will soon get used to work here
She will soon get used to working here
4. I used to working for that company
I used to work for that company
5. We never got used to getting up so early
We never got used to get up so early
6. We used to getting up early but we are retired now and we don't need to
7. We used to get up early but we are retired now and we don't need to
8. When she moved to France she had to get used to drive on the right
9. When she moved to France she had to get used to driving on the right
10. We couldn't sleep very well in Japan, we aren't used to sleeping on the floor
11. We couldn't sleep very well in Japan, we aren't used to sleep on the floor
12. We used to travelling a lot before having children
We used to travel a lot before having children
13. The most difficult thing was to get used to eating such spicy food
The most difficult thing was to get used to eat such spicy food
14. I am used to working on the night shift
I am used to work on the night shift

Exercise 170

Write the entire infinitive phrase and its function into the line below the sentence.

1. To help my friends is my only goal here.....
2. Nothing is left but to pick up the pieces and go on.
.....
3. My grandmother's attempt to skateboard ended in disaster.
.....

4. We began to suspect our neighbors of vandalism.
.....
5. Malcolm struggled hard to free himself.....
6. He tried to make picnic lunches for the team.
.....
7. FEMA has come to clear away the debris from the storm.
.....
8. We all have the right to give voice to our opinions.
.....
9. To get more votes, I called everyone I knew.
.....
10. Your attempts to hurt my feelings have been unsuccessful.
.....

Exercise 171

Choose the correct form of the verb

1. I ----- go to the beach every day.

use to	uses to
used to	use
2. I didn't ----- play tennis.

use to	uses to
used to	use
3. Susan ----- drink milk when she was young.

didn't use to	use to
has	was
4. I didn't ----- watch television.

use to	uses to
used to	use
5. What ----- you use to wear at school?

Did	do
Are	have
6. Did they ----- go to the cinema?

used to	use
used	use to
7. People ----- travel on horses.

- | | | | |
|--|---------|--|--------|
| | used | | touse |
| | used to | | use to |
8. **Ted used to ----- my best friend, but he lives in Canada now.**
- | | | | |
|--|-----|--|-------|
| | Is | | be |
| | Are | | being |
9. **We ----- play marbles.**
- | | | | |
|--|---------|--|------|
| | used to | | used |
| | use to | | use |
10. **My mother--cook for me, but now my wife cooks at home.**
- | | | | |
|--|---------|--|------|
| | used to | | used |
| | use to | | use |
11. **I ----- start work at 9 o'clock.**
- | | | | |
|--|---------|--|------|
| | used to | | used |
| | use to | | use |
12. **We didn't ----- swim in the river.**
- | | | | |
|--|---------|--|------|
| | used to | | used |
| | use to | | use |
13. **Pele ----- play football in Brazil.**
- | | | | |
|--|---------|--|------|
| | used to | | used |
| | use to | | use |

Exercise 172

Choose the right option to replace the words in italics.

- It began to rain so we *cancelled* the match.

called off	carried on	got off
------------	------------	---------
- I asked him if he wanted to *remove* his coat

put on	put out	take off
--------	---------	----------
- Sally *resembles* her mother, doesn't she?

looks at	looks like	looks after
----------	------------	-------------
- His new novel will *be published* next summer.

come in	come out	go out
---------	----------	--------
- resigned from* his job when the truth about his past became known.

gave up	gave back	went out
---------	-----------	----------
- That's a good idea but I need time to *meditate about* it.

- run over think over get over
7. The World War I **began** in 1914.
broke down broke into broke out
8. We never **discovered** why the accident happened
tried on found out worked out
9. You must **search** the meaning of these words in the dictionary
look at look on look up
10. A good friend will always **support** you
stand for stand by Turn down

Exercise 173

Multiple-Choice Questions

Underline the correct answer

1. I'd like to stop smoking but I just can't _____ it up.
Give turn
put hurry
2. I'm getting really unfit. I think I should _____ up a sport.
Speak put
hurry take
3. I'm fed up hearing you talk all the time. Why don't you just
_____ up and listen for once? Cheer move
put shut
4. He's a really irritating person. I don't see how you _____ up
with him. Speak
put hurry
move
5. If you don't put any oil in the motor when the warning light
comes on, it's likely to _____ up. send seize
put set
6. There's not enough room for all my papers. I'm going to ask
maintenance to _____ up some more shelves.

1. There's not enough room for all my papers. I'm going to ask maintenance to _____ up some more shelves.

Cheer move

Put hurry

2. If you ever come to my city you must _____ me up and we'll have dinner together. speak

Move put

look



3. Let's ask Andrew and see if he can _____ up with any good ideas.

Come set

put turn



4. It was really embarrassing. I'd had too much to drink and when we left the bar I was sure I was going to _____ up.

Cheer sign

throw hurry

5. It's a difficult market to enter but we intend to _____ up a small subsidiary anyway.

Cheer turn

Throw set

6. When I saw that this course was available I rushed to _____ up for it.

Cheer sign

Gee feel

7. That was a complete surprise - a total _____ up for the books.

Speak move

Turn throw

8. Stop acting so childishly. _____ up.

Cheer move

put out
stay out

look out
sort out

6. You cannot see it very well on the screen, can you? Why don't

I _____ copies for everybody?

buy out

step out

print out

find out

7. The managers intend to _____ the previous owner and run the company themselves.

buy out

set out

make out

step out

8. This is a brand new product that we plan to _____ next month

step out

set out

make out

bring out

9. I tried to keep a straight face but I couldn't. I _____ laughing.

burst out

set out

stay out

sort out

10. Japan is currently such a high risk market that we plan to _____ of it completely.

put out

set out

stay out

sort out

11. They were whispering and I couldn't quite _____ what they were saying.

put out

make out

stay out

step out

12. We intend to _____ a new version early next year.

buy out

bring out

make out

step out

13. The best thing we ever did was to _____ our partner.

put out

buy out

stay out

step out

14. I tried to soften the blow of her redundancy but she _____ crying and I couldn't stop her.

put out

burst out

stay out

sort out

15. He doesn't agree and he has _____ his objections in this letter.

set out

look out

make out

sort out

Exercise 175

Already or Yet

Underline the answer you think which is correct.

Q1 - I was tired, ___ I managed to finish it.

already

yet

Q2 - Have you ___ finished?

already

yet

Q3 - As ___, I haven't has time to call her.

already

yet

Q4 - He has ___ to start the project.

already

yet

Q5 - Have they arrived ___?

already

yet

Q6 - Have they ___ finished?

already

yet

Q7 - I was shocked that they had ___ done it.

already

yet

Q8 - I was surprised that they had ___ to decide what to do.

already

yet

Q9 - She has ___ to arrive.

already

yet

Q10 - He has ___ arrived.

already

yet

Q11 - I had ___ had enough.

already

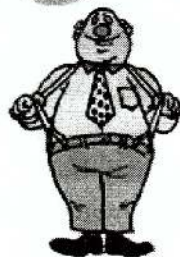
yet

Question Tags

Exercise 177

Put in the correct question tags.

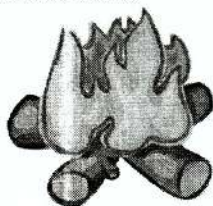
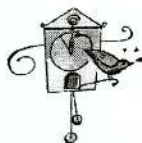
1. He sometimes reads the newspaper ,.....?
2. You are Indian,?
3. Peggy didn't use the pencil,?
4. Mary has answered the teacher's question,?
5. The boy is from Turkey,?
6. Sue wasn't listening,?
7. Andrew isn't sleeping,?
8. Tom and Maria will arrive at Heathrow,?
9. He's been to Texas,.....?
10. Dogs like meat,?
11. There are some apples left,?
12. I'm late,?
13. Let's go,?
14. Don't smoke,?
15. He does sing in the bathroom,?
16. He'll never know,?
17. I think, he's from India,?
18. Lovely day today,?
19. She is collecting stickers,?
20. We often watch TV in the afternoon,?
21. You have cleaned your bike,?
22. John and Max don't like Maths,?
23. Peter played handball yesterday,?
24. They are going home from school,?
25. Mary didn't do her homework last Monday,?
26. He could have bought a new car,?
27. Kevin will come tonight,?
28. I'm clever,?



Exercise 178

Underline Put in the correct question tags.

- You're coming to the party, ___?
a. aren't you b. isn't you c. shouldn't you
- It wasn't very difficult, ___?
a. wasn't it b. isn't it c. was it
- Tom is getting something for Sue, ___?
a. wasn't he b. isn't hec. was he
- It won't be anything expensive, ___?
a. won't itb. b. isn't it c. will it
- There's some milk in the refrigerator, ___?
a. isn't there b. isn't it c. wasn't it
- We don't need to go to the store today, ___?
a. don't we b. do I c. do we
- Susan can bring some food, ___?
a. won't she b. will she c. can't she
- The party starts at eight o'clock, ___?
a. isn't it b. doesn't it c. does it
- The movie was very long, ___?
a. isn't it b. wasn't it c. was it
- There's a dictionary on the shelf, ___?
a. isn't it b. isn't there c. aren't there
- There's a lot of noise outside, ___?
a. aren't there b. isn't there c. is there
- Mrs. Smith is sick, ___?
a. isn't she b. is she c. wasn't she
- The dishes are dirty, ___?
a. weren't they b. isn't they
c. aren't they
- Steven won't be at the party, ___?
a. won't he b. isn't he
c. will he



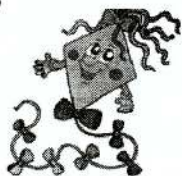
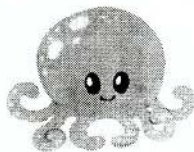
15. The math test was very difficult, ___?
 a. wasn't it b. isn't it c. weren't they
16. We can go tomorrow, ___?
 a. won't we b. can we c. can't we
17. I'm early, ___?
 a. isn't I b. aren't I c. are I
18. This shirt is too big for me, ___?
 a. isn't it b. doesn't it c. does it
19. Emily plays the piano well, ___?
 a. isn't it b. does she c. doesn't she
20. Your neighbors went on vacation, ___?
 a. isn't they b. didn't they c. aren't they



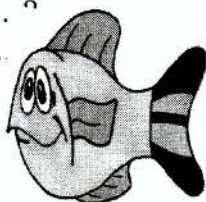
Exercise 179

Fill in the blanks with correct Question-tag forms.

- Kiki doesn't write a letter before bed,
- Jenny and Natalie are the members of the Photography Club,
- You can swim very well,
- She draws a beautiful picture,
- We came home late last night,
- Henry and Ricky read a lot of books,
- We played football last night,
- You didn't see me,
- He sells toys,
- They don't like cats,
- She loves flowers,
- You are a student,
- Jane can't swim,
- They mustn't buy the car,
- Billy has made a beautiful kite,
- You won't trust him,



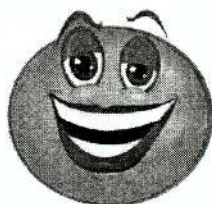
17. Kathy and You will go to the swimming pool tomorrow,?
18. Mrs. White ate a lot of fish yesterday,?
19. Ken didn't visit his grandfather last week,?
20. You don't like fishing,?
21. Fiona likes Jacky Chan,?
22. She must come to the party,?
23. Lucy will buy the dress,?
24. Mimi and Lily were sad yesterday,?
25. Kate always sleeps early,?
26. He won't be happy,?
27. You didn't do homework yesterday,?
28. We kept some money under the bed,?
29. It seldom barks,?
30. Michael and Melody often go home late,?



Exercise 180

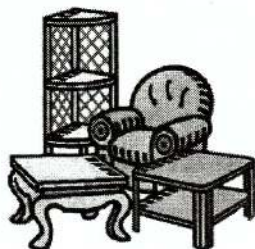
Fill in the blanks with correct Question-tag forms.

1. You said you would,
 would you? did you?
 had you? didn't you?
2. She's definitely not coming,
 will she? isn't she?
 is she? can she?
3. It drives you mad,
 is it? does it
 doesn't it? won't it?
4. It won't hurt,
 does it? will it?
 can it? did it?
5. I think you ought to go,



ought you? do I?
don't you? do you?

6. You must go,
mustn't you have you?
had you? must I?
7. It happened yesterday,
had it? has it?
didn't it? did it?
8. She's always late,
is it? isn't she?
isn't it? was she?
9. They're selling their house,
will they? haven't they?
aren't they? have they?
10. No-one understood that word,
does he? did you?
didn't they? did they?



Other, another, others, the others

Exercise 181

Underline the answer you think which is correct.

1. There are ten pieces of fruit in my basket. One is an orange,
one is a lemon and is an apple.
Others the other
Another the others
2. I have two pencils. One is black, and is blue.
Another the others
Others the other



Others
the other

another
the others



Direct & Indirect

Exercise 182

Change each of the following direct quotes to reported speech.

1. 'What do you think of the college?' she asked me.

ASKED

She of the college.

2. 'I'll call you later tonight,' Keith promised.

WOULD

Keith promised that night

3. 'I didn't break the window,' said the boy.

DENIED

The boy the window

4. 'Why don't you come this evening?'

SUGGESTED

She that evening.

5. 'You look really tired,' he told her.

SAID

He really tired.

6. 'You must do your homework tonight,' the teacher said.

TOLD

The teacher my homework that night.

7. 'What's your name?' he asked.

KNOW

He what my name was.

8. 'I might be late for dinner,' he told me.

INFORMED

He might be late for dinner.



Exercise 183

Change each of the following direct quotes to reported speech.

1. Alex said, "I am going to meet a friend."

2. Ken asked, "What are you going to do tonight?"

3. I said, "I've been to Mexico."

4. Steve said, "I want to go to South Africa."

5. Allen said, "I'd like to come visit."



Exercise 184

Reported speech - simple statements - Exercise 1

1. John: "Mandy is at home."

John said that



2. Max: "Frank often reads a book."

Max told me that

3. Susan: "I'm watching TV."

Susan said to me that



4. Simon: "David was ill."

Simon said that

5. Peggy: "The girls helped in the house."

Peggy told me that



6. Richard: "I am going to ride a skateboard."

Richard said to me that

7. Stephen and Claire: "We have cleaned the windows."

Stephen and Claire told me that

8. Charles: "I didn't have time to do my homework."

Charles remarked that

9. Mrs Jones: "My mother will be 50 years old."

Mrs Jones told me that

10. Jean: "The boss must sign the letter."

Jean said that



Exercise 185

– Requests (positive)

Complete the sentences in reported speech. Note the change of pronouns in some sentences.

1. "Stop talking, Joe," the teacher said.
The teacher told Joe.....

2. "Be patient," she said to him.
? She told him.....

3. "Go to your room," her father said to her.
? Her father told her.....

4. "Hurry up," she said to us.
? She told us.....

5. "Give me the key," he told her.
? He asked her.....

6. "Play it again, Sam," she said.
? She asked Sam.....

7. "Sit down, Caron" he said.
? He asked Caron.....

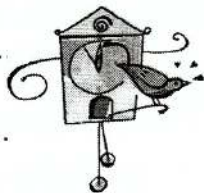
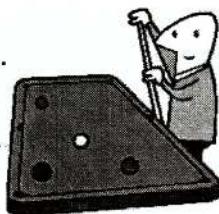
8. "Fill in the form, Sir," the receptionist said.
? The receptionist asked the guest.....

9. "Take off your shoes," she told us.
? She told us.....

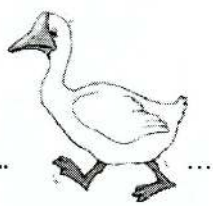
10. "Mind your own business," she told him.
? She told him.....

11. She said, "Go upstairs."
? She told me.....

12. "Close the door behind you," he told me.
? He told me.....



13. "Don't be late," he advised us.
? He advised us.....



14. "Stop staring at me," she said.
? She told him.....

15. "Don't be angry with me," he said.
? He asked her.....



Exercise 186

.Rewrite the sentences given below in direct speech. One is done for you.

Students may take a printout of this page.

1. The teacher asked the children not to make noise.
"Don't make noise," said the teacher to the children.
2. Miss Kitty asked Bowbow to collect some sea-shells for her.

3. Piggy asked Teddy whether she lost her watch.



4. Bowbow told Uncle Peng that he also wanted to go to Disneyworld.

5. Petu told King that he was sorry that he was late.

6. Piggy asked Mrs. Cow whether she would help her knit the sweater.

7. Mrs. Cow asked Miss Kitty to go with her to the market.

8. Bowbow said that he wanted to become a doctor when he grew up.

9. Petu asked Miss Kitty whether she won the prize.



10. Piggy invited Teddy to her birthday party.

Enough & Too

Exercise 187

Choose the correct answer.

Q1 - It was _____ so we didn't get it.

expensive enough
enough expensive

too expensive

Q2 - It's _____ to read; I don't understand it at all.

enough difficult
difficult enough

too difficult

Q3 - They didn't sell _____ to make it worthwhile.

tickets enough
too tickets

enough tickets

Q4 - There were _____ people there.

Too

too many

Q5 - It's not _____ to sort things out.

enough late
too late

late enough

Q6 - It's _____ to pass.

enough difficult

too difficult

Q7 - I left because I'd had _____ their arguing.

Enough

enough of

too

Q8 - He ate _____ and felt ill.

enough much

much enough

too much

Q9 - I'm shattered; I didn't _____ last night.

enough sleep

sleep enough

too sleep

too much sleep

Q10 - It's _____ to walk- I'll take the bus.

enough far

far enough

too far

too much far

Q11 - I didn't get _____ last night and I'm exhausted.

enough sleep

sleep enough

too sleep

Mixed Exercises

Mixed Exercises

Ever & Never

Exercise 188

Choose the correct answer.

Q1 - I've ____ seen her do that.

Ever never

Q2 - I've trouble ____ since I bought it.

Ever never

Q3 - I am surprised that you have ____ done it before.

Ever never

Q4 - Have you ____ tried it?

Ever never Either could be used.

Q5 - Haven't you ____ been there?

Ever never Either could be used.

Q6 - 'Ever' and 'never' are adjectives.

True False

Q7 - It's ____ been this bad before.

Ever never Either could be used.

Q8 - 'Ever' and 'never' are adverbs.

True False

Q9 - You cannot use 'ever' with the present simple.

True False

Q10 - You can only use 'never' with the present perfect.

True False

Both, Either & Neither

Exercise 189

Choose the correct answer.

Q1 - ____ were ill so they stayed at home instead of going to school.

Both Either Neither

Q2 - I didn't like ____ of the choices.

Both either neither

- Q3 - I couldn't decide between them - I liked them ____.
Both _____ either _____ neither _____
- Q4 - _____ Yuko nor Hiromi turned up today.
Both _____ Either _____ Neither _____
- Q5 - You can take _____ the 38 bus or the 341 to get to town.
Both _____ either _____ neither _____
- Q6 - I don't think much of _____ of the candidates.
Both _____ either _____ neither _____
- Q7 - I called _____ of them and left messages as they didn't answer.
Both _____ either _____ neither _____
- Q8 - Would you like red or white wine?
Both will do for me. _____ Either will do for me.
- Q9 - I took the test twice and failed _____ times.
Both _____ either _____ neither _____
- Q10 - Neither _____ there.
Was _____ were _____ Either could be used here.

While or During

Exercise 190

Choose the correct answer.

- Q1 - We met _____ the Xmas holidays.
During _____ while _____
- Q2 - I learned French _____ I was working in a wine bar in Paris.
During _____ while _____
- Q3 - It happened _____ I was out.
During _____ while _____
- Q4 - It happened _____ my lunchbreak.
During _____ while _____
- Q5 - It happened _____ the flooding.
During _____ while _____
- Q6 - It happened _____ the floods.
During _____ while _____

Q7 - I fell asleep _____ the film.

During while

Q8 - I fell asleep _____ I was watching the film.

During while

Q9 - We had a lot of trouble _____ the journey.

During while

Q10 - _____ working there, I met some really nice people.

During While

Someone, Anyone or No one?

Exercise 191

Which is correct?

Q1 - (Doorbell rings) 'There's _____ at the door.'

Anyone someone no one

Q2 - Does _____ know the answer?

Anyone someone Either could be used here.

Q3 - I spoke to _____ about it yesterday.

Anyone someone Either could be used here.

Q4 - There wasn't _____ there at all.

Anyone someone no one

Q5 - Do you think that _____ will be there?

Anyone someone Either could be used here.

Q6 - Which can be used in questions?

Anyone someone Either.

Q7 - Which can be used with a negative verb?

Anyone no one

Q8 - _____ believed them.

Anyone No one

Q9 - Would _____ like some more tea?

Anyone someone

Q10 - _____ has left their umbrella behind.

Anyone Someone

Either could be used here.

Q11 - Shouldn't we ask _____ for help?

Anyone someone Either could be used here.

Q12 - I was very upset because _____ remembered to call me.

Anyone no one

Q13 - Doesn't _____ care?

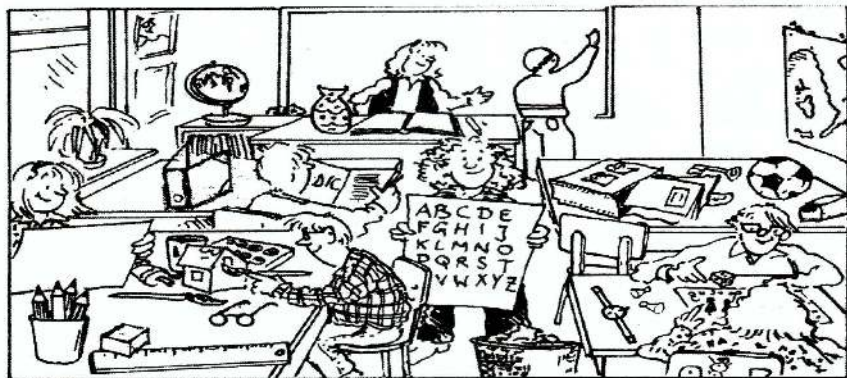
Anyone no one Either could be used here.

Q14 - You should have told _____ about it.

Anyone someone Either could be used here.

Exercise 192

look at the picture and answer the questions



1. Where's is John? *John is in front of the board, next to the teacher.*

2. Where's the ruler?.....

3. Where's the bin?.....
4. Where are the pencils?.....
5. Where are the keys?.....
6. Where are the books?.....
7. Where's the teacher?.....
8. Where's the file?.....

Exercise on Prepositions – Place

Exercise 193

Complete the exercise according to the picture.

1.the picture, I can see a woman.
2. The woman is sittinga table.
3. She is sittinga chair.
4. There is another chairthe woman.
5. Her feet arethe table
6. The woman is holding a cupher hands.
7.the table are a laptop, a paper, a calculator, an appointment calendar, two pens and a muffin.
8. The woman is lookingher laptop.
9. The woman's bag isthe table.

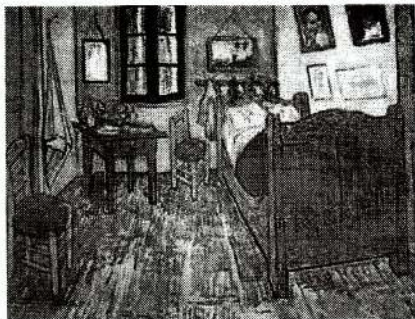


Prepositions of Place and Location

Exercise 194

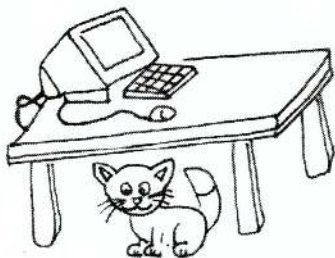
Complete the following sentences about this picture with prepositions:

1. There are several pictures _____ the wall.
2. There are two pillows _____ the bed.
3. There's a towel hanging _____ the wall.
4. There's a towel hanging _____ a hook.
5. There's a chair _____ the bed and the table.
6. There's a jug _____ the table.
7. There are some coats _____ the bed.
8. You can see a light _____ the window.
9. There's a door _____ the left.
10. There's nothing _____ the bed.



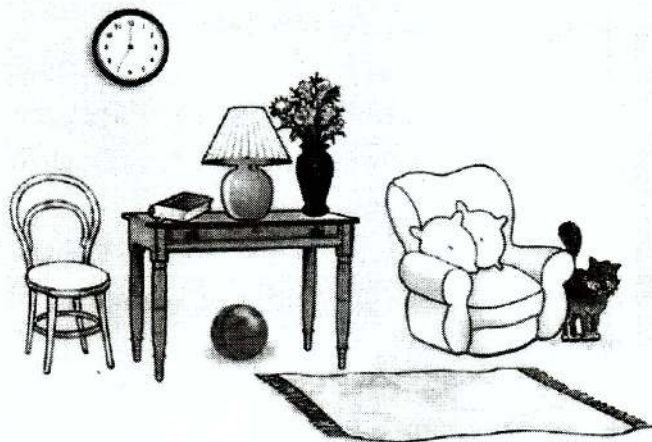
Exercise 195

Look at the following pictures and make five sentences for each pictures. (Eg:- There is a cat under the table)



Exercise 196

Complete the following sentences about this picture with prepositions:



- 1) The clock isthe wall.
- 2) The ball isthe table.
- 3) The cat isthe armchair.
- 4) The table isthe armchair.
- 5) The carpet isthe floor.
- 6) The lamp isthe table.
- 7) The flowers arethe vase.
- 8) The table isthe chair
and the armchair.

Questions in Past Perfect Simple

Exercise 197

Complete the questions in Past Perfect Simple.

1. (what / Bob / do)that he was kept in after school?
2. (you / eat)anything before you went to the theatre?
3. (he / live)in London before he moved to Glasgow?
4. (she / find)a new job by that time?
5. (they / book)a room before they went to Dublin?
6. (how often / you / ring)the bell before he answered the door?
7. (why / they / have)dinner before they came to the party?
8. (Carly / wash)the dishes when her mum came home?
9. (you / read)the contract before you signed it?
10. (who / live)in the house before we moved in?

Exercise 198

Choose the correct answer

Q1 - It's better _____ I thought.

As _____ then _____ than _____ like

Q2 - Brazil is _____ England.

biger than _____ bigger as

bigger than _____ biger as

Q3 - She is _____ in the class

the best _____ best

better than _____ as good as

Q4 - I'm not as successful ___ she is.

As like
than then

Q5 - It was _____ expensive restaurant I've ever been to.

More the more
most the most

Q6 - I'd like some ___ information.

Farther further Either could be used here.

Q7 - It's ___ art collection in Europe.

Finer finest
the finer the finest

Q8 - It was ___ than I was expecting.

Cheaper cheapest Either could be used here.

Q9 - This is the _____ kitchen I've ever seen.

Dirtyest dirtiest Either could be used here.

Q10 - Which is ___ of the two?

more difficult most difficult

Either could be used here.

Q11 - She finished ___ than everyone else.

more quickly quicker

Either could be used here.

Q12 - The underground is ___ buses.

more expensive most expensive
the most expensive more expensive than

Exercise 199

Choose the correct answer.

Q1 - Wait here ___ I get back.

as soon as until

Either could be used here.

Q2 - I'll visit you ___ I have time.

When _____ whenever

Either could be used here.

Q3 - We'll be ready _____ the time you get back.

By _____ before

Q4 - We'll leave _____ we're ready.

as soon as _____ when Either could be used here.

Q5 - I'll be glad _____ it's finished.

When _____ before

Q6 - We must finish it _____ we leave.

Before _____ until Either could be used here.

Q7 - I hurt myself _____ I was playing tennis.

Whenever _____ while Either could be used here.

Q8 - I'll give her the message _____ she arrives.

a moment _____ the moment

Q9 - I'll be ready when she _____.

Arrives _____ will arrive

Q10 - I'll only pay you _____ you finish the work.

If _____ unless Either could be used here.

Q11 - We turned back _____ it was raining.

Because _____ because of

Q12 - _____ I was tired, I managed to finish the work.

Although _____ But Yet

Q13 - I was tired, _____ I managed to finish the work

Although _____ but

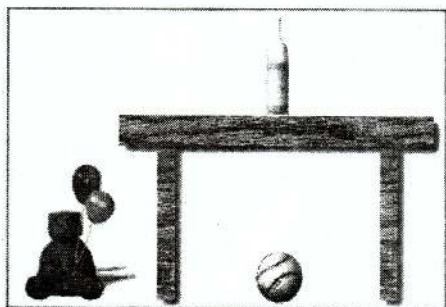
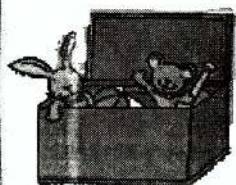
Q14 - I did it while he _____ away.

Was _____ was being

Exercise 200

Write five sentences for each pictures

Point to different places in the room to learn prepositions



Exercise 201

A - THE FUTURE TENSE

Change the verbs in the sentences given below to future tense. Underline the verbs too. One is done for you.

1. Mrs. Cow packs her clothes.
Mrs. Cow will pack her clothes.
2. Teddy went to the beach.....
3. Uncle Peng bought some sweets.....
4. Bowbow sells his bicycle.....
5. Petu carries the sacks.....
6. Miss Kitty drops the letter in the box.....
7. King drives the aeroplane.....
8. The girl fed her pet.....
9. Piggy sewed the button of the blouse.....
10. The teacher asks a question.....

B - Write what is going to happen or what people are going to do

1. He _____ the bus. (catch)
2. He _____ to Paris. (fly)
3. It _____ . (rain)



4. They _____ to the cinema. (go)

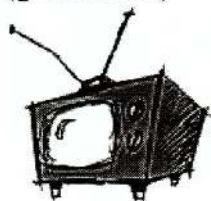


5. She _____ tennis. (play)

6. He _____ . (swim)

7. They _____ . (get married)

8. I _____ TV. (watch)

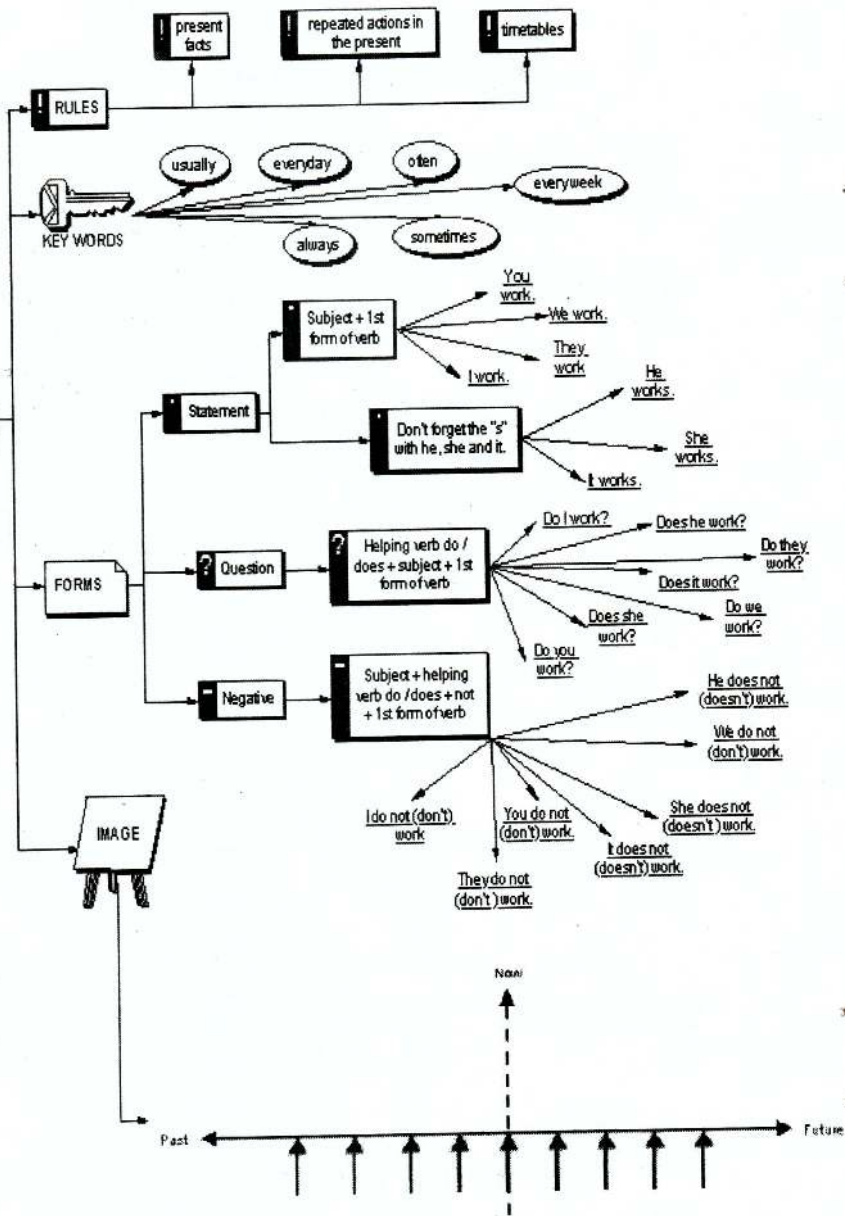


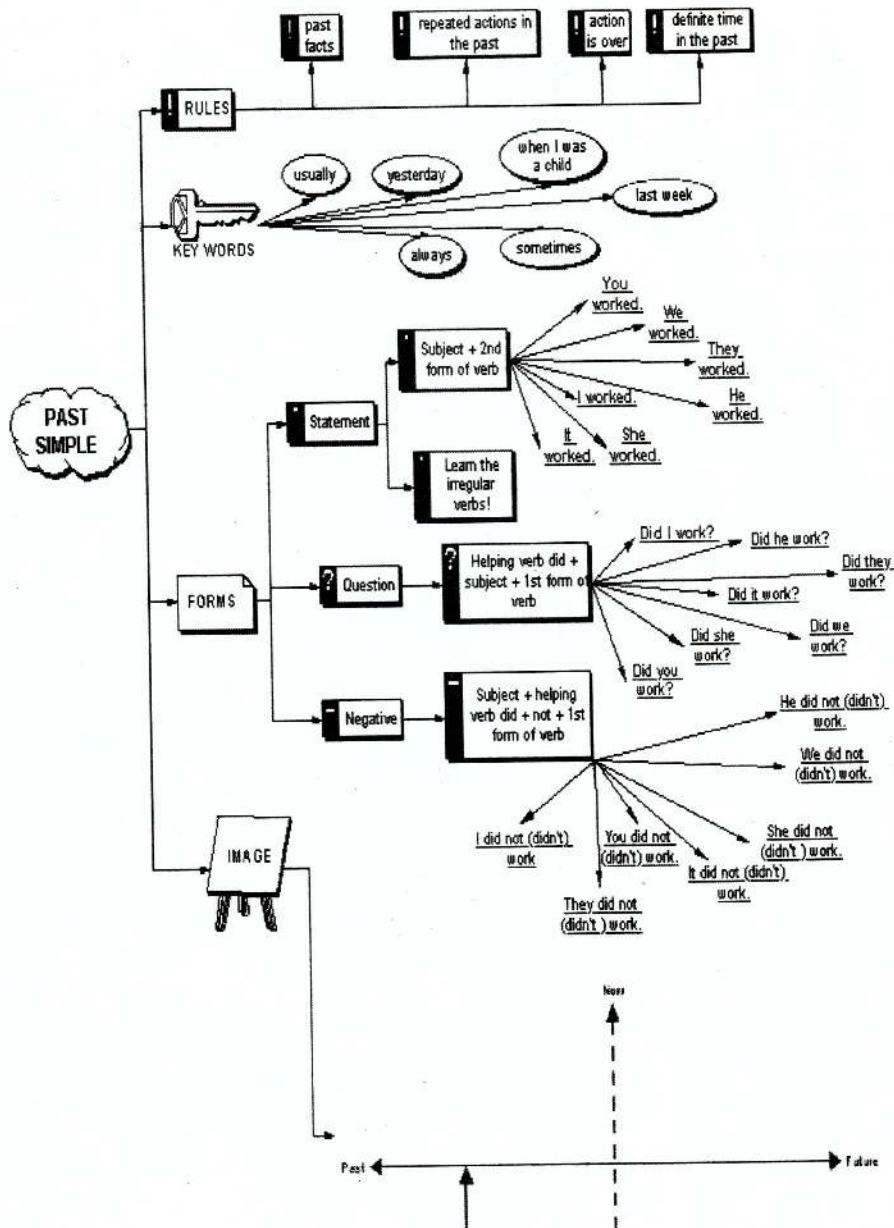
Key Notes

Am is Are

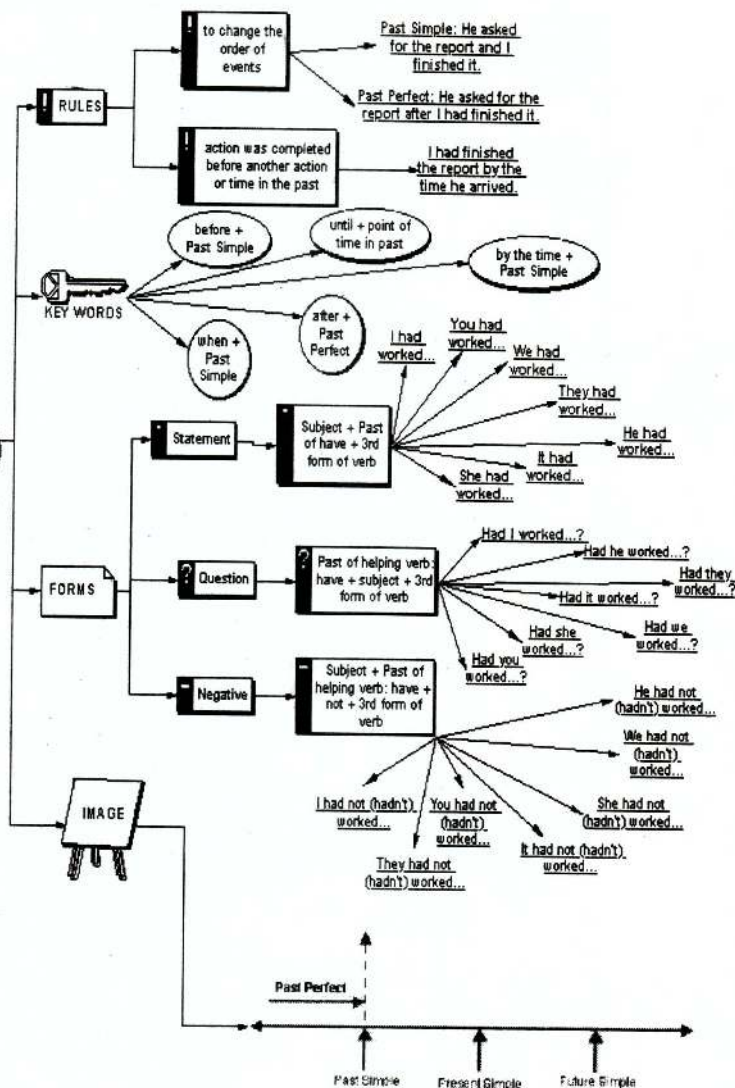
I am	I'm	I am late.	I am not late.	Am I late?
You are	You're	You are clever.	You are not (aren't) clever.	Are you clever?
He is	He's	He is happy.	He is not (isn't) happy.	Is he happy?
She is	She's	She is hungry.	She is not (isn't) hungry.	Is she hungry?
It is	It's	It is cold.	It is not (isn't) cold.	Is it cold?
We are	We're	We are late.	We are not (aren't) late.	Are we late?
You are	You're	You are sleepy.	You are not (aren't) sleepy	Are you sleepy?
They are	They're	They are great.	They are not (aren't) great	Are they great?

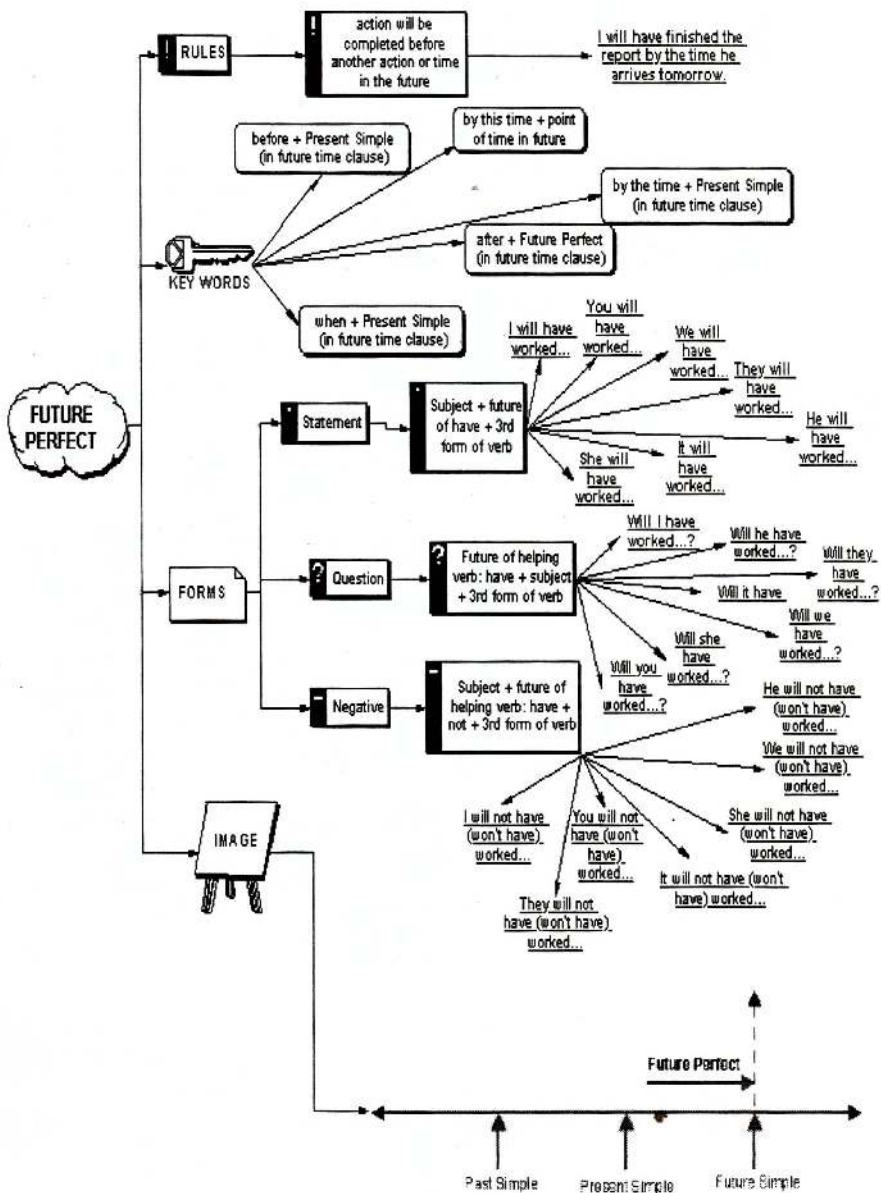
PRESENT SIMPLE



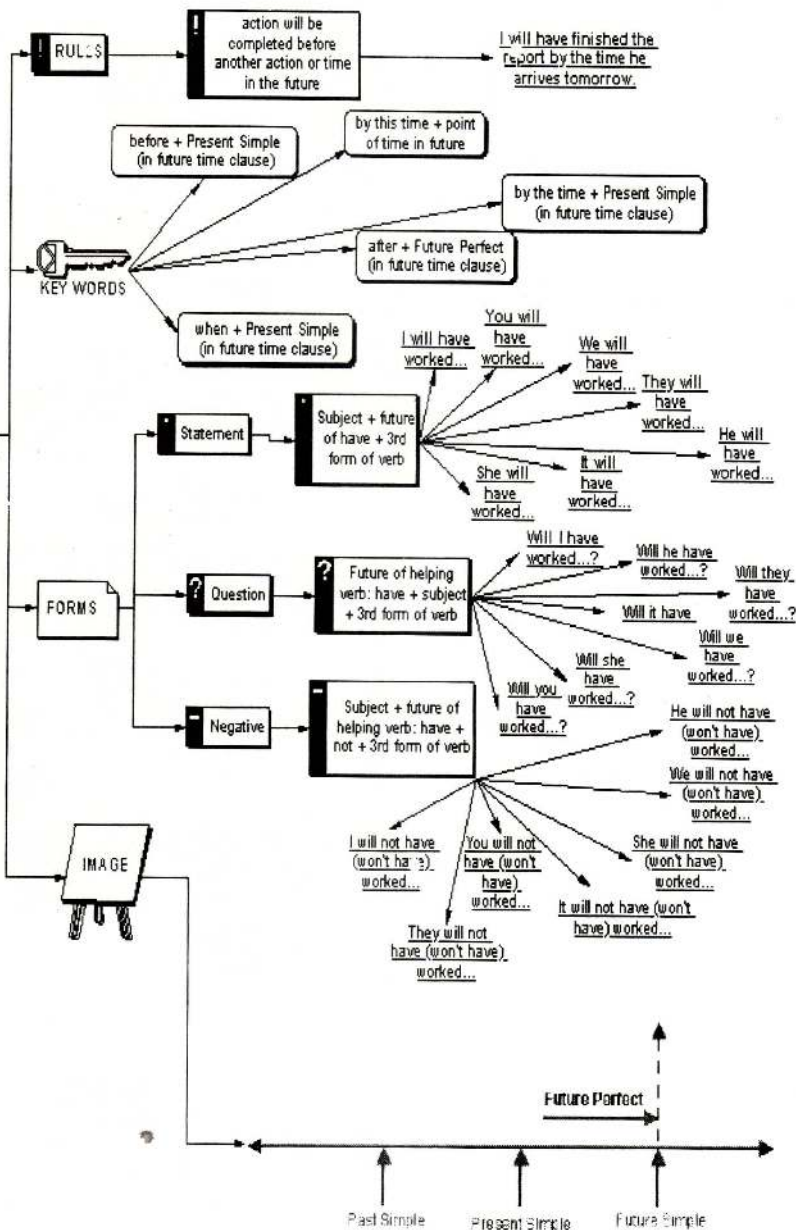


PAST PERFECT





FUTURE PERFECT



Simple Present

A: He speaks.

N: He does not speak.

Q: Does he speak?



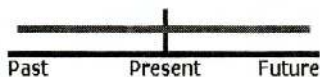
action in the present taking place **once, never or several times**
facts

actions taking place one after another

action set by a timetable or schedule

always, every ..., never, normally, often, seldom, sometimes, usually

if sentences type I (*If I talk, ...*)



Present Progressive

A: He is speaking.

N: He is not speaking

Q: Is he speaking?



action taking place in the moment of speaking

action taking place only for a limited period of time

action arranged for the future

at the moment, just, just now, Listen!, Look!, now, right now

Simple Past

A: He spoke.

N: He did not speak

Q: Did he speak?



action in the past taking place **once, never or several times**

actions taking place one after another

action taking place in the middle of another action

yesterday, 2 minutes ago, in 1990, the other day, last Friday

if sentence type II (*If I talked, ...*)

Past Progressive

A: He was speaking.

N: He was not speaking.

Q: Was he speaking?

action **going on** at a certain time in the past
 actions taking place at the same time
 action in the past that is interrupted by another action
 when, while, as long as

Present Perfect Simple

A: He has spoken.

N: He has not spoken.

Q: Has he spoken?



putting emphasis on the **result**

action that is still going on

action that stopped recently

finished action that has an influence on the present

action that has taken place once, never or several times before
 the moment of speaking

already, ever, just, never, not yet, so far, till now, up to now

Present Perfect Progressive

A: He has been speaking.

N: He has not been speaking.

Q: Has he been speaking?



putting emphasis on the **course or duration** (not the result)

action that recently stopped or is still going on

finished action that influenced the present

all day, for 4 years, since 1993, how long?, the whole week

Past Perfect Simple

A: He had spoken.

N: He had not spoken.

Q: Had he spoken?

action taking place before a certain time in the past

sometimes interchangeable with past perfect progressive

putting emphasis only on the **fact** (not the duration)

already, just, never, not yet, once, until that day

if sentence type III (*If I had talked, ...*)

Past Perfect Progressive

A: He had been speaking.

N: He had not been speaking.

Q: Had he been speaking?

action taking place before a certain time in the past
sometimes interchangeable with past perfect simple
putting **emphasis** on the **duration or course** of an action
for, since, the whole day, all day

Future I Simple

A: He will speak.

N: He will not speak.

Q: Will he speak?



action in the future that cannot be influenced
spontaneous decision

assumption with regard to the future

in a year, next ..., tomorrow

If-Satz Typ I (*If you ask her, she **will** help you.*)

assumption: I think, probably, we might ..., perhaps

Future I Simple

(going to)

A: He is going to speak.

N: He is not going to speak.

Q: Is he going to speak?



decision made for the future

conclusion with regard to the future

in one year, next week, tomorrow

Future I Progressive

A: He will be speaking.

N: He will not be speaking.

Q: Will he be speaking?

action that is **going on** at a certain time in the future

action that is sure to happen in the near future

in one year, next week, tomorrow

Future perfect Simple

A: He will have spoken.

N: He will not have spoken.

Q: Will he have spoken?

action that will be **finished** at a certain time in the future
by Monday, in a week

Future II Progressive

A: He will have been speaking.

N: He will not have been speaking.

Q: Will he have been speaking?

action taking place before a certain time in the future
putting emphasis on the **course** of an action
for ..., the last couple of hours, all day long

Conditional I Simple

A: He would speak.

N: He would not speak.

Q: Would he speak?

action that **might** take place
if sentences type II

(*If I were you, I would go home.*)

Conditional I Progressive

A: He would be speaking.

N: He would not be speaking.

Q: Would he be speaking?

action that might take place
putting emphasis on the **course / duration** of the action

Conditional II Simple

A: He would have spoken.

N: He would not have spoken.

Q: Would he have spoken?

action that **might** have taken place in the past

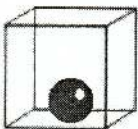
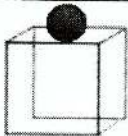
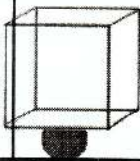





Verb Tense Overview with Examples






Simple Present	Simple Past	Simple Future
I study English every day.	Two years ago, I studied English in England.	If you are having problems, I <u>will help</u> you study English. I am going to study English next year.
Present Continuous	Past Continuous	Future Continuous
I am studying English now.	I was studying English when you called yesterday.	I will be studying English when you arrive tonight. I <u>am going to be studying</u> English when you arrive tonight.
Present Perfect	Past Perfect	Future Perfect
I have studied English in several different countries.	I <u>had studied</u> a little English before I moved to the U.S.	I <u>will have studied</u> every tense by the time I finish this course. I am going to have studied every tense by the time I finish this course.
Present Perfect Continuous	Past Perfect Continuous	Future Perfect Continuous
I have been studying English for five years.	I <u>had been studying</u> English for five years before I moved to the U.S.	I <u>will have been studying</u> English for over two hours by the time you arrive. I am going to have been studying English <u>for</u> over two hours by the time you arrive.

Place Prepositions In - At - On

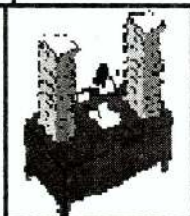
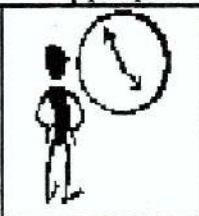
A list of most prepositions of place.

		
The ball is in the box	The ball is on the box.	The ball is under the box.

John's house 	Jane's house 	Bill's house 
John's house is next to Jane's house.	Jane's house is between Bill's and John's houses.	Bill's house is next to Jane's house.

				
The climbers stood on top of the mountain.	The man stood between the two enemies.	The enemies stood opposite each other.	The gardeners stood behind the pumpkins.	The man stood next to the gopher and held the umbrella over it.

zThe climbers stood on top of the mountain.	The man stood between the two enemies.	The enemies stood opposite each other.	The gardners stood behind the pumpkins.	The man stood next to the gopher and held the umbrella over it.
--	---	--	---	--



The man looked through the telescope in his hands.	The man wrote the address on the package.	The man looked at the mail in the post box.	The man looked at the clock on the wall.	The manager sat at his desk on his chair.
---	--	---	---	---

Prepositions of Time:

• on	• days of the week	• on Monday
• in	• months / seasons • time of day • year • after a certain period of time (when?)	• in August / in winter • in the morning • in 2006 • in an hour

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • in 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • months / seasons • time of day • year • after a certain period of time (<i>when?</i>) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • in August / in winter • in the morning • in 2006 • in an hour
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • at 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • for <i>night</i> • for <i>weekend</i> • a certain point of time (<i>when?</i>) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • at night • at the weekend • at half past nine
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • since 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from a certain point of time (past till now) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • since 1980
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • for 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • over a certain period of time (past till now) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • for 2 years
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ago 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a certain time in the past 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 years ago
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • before 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • earlier than a certain point of time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • before 2004
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • to 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • telling the time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ten to six (5:50)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • past 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • telling the time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ten past six (6:10)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • to / till / until 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • marking the beginning and end of a period of time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • from Monday to/till Friday

till / until	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> in the sense of <i>how long something is going to last</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> He is on holiday until Friday.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> by 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> in the sense of <i>at the latest</i> up to a certain time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I will be back by 6 o'clock. By 11 o'clock, I had read five pages.

Prepositions of Place:

English	Usage	Example
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> in 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> room, building, street, town, country book, paper etc. car, taxi picture, world 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> in the kitchen, in London in the book in the car, in a taxi in the picture, in the world
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> at 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> meaning <i>next to, by an object</i> for <i>table</i> for events place where you are to do something typical (watch a film, study, work) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> at the door, at the station at the table at a concert, at the party at the cinema, at school, at work
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> on 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> attached for a place with a river being on a surface for a certain side (left, right) for a floor in a 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the picture on the wall London lies on the Thames. on the table on the left on the first floor on the bus, on a

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • in 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • room, building, street, town, country • book, paper etc. • car, taxi • picture, world 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • in the kitchen, in London • in the book • in the car, in a taxi • in the picture, in the world
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • at 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • meaning <i>next to, by an object</i> • for <i>table</i> • for events • place where you are to do something typical (watch a film, study, work) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • at the door, at the station • at the table • at a concert, at the party • at the cinema, at school, at work
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • by, next to, beside 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • left or right of somebody or something 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Jane is standing by / next to / beside the car.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • on 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • attached • for a place with a river • being on a surface • for a certain side (left, right) • for a floor in a house • for public transport • for <i>television, radio</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the picture on the wall • London lies on the Thames. • on the table • on the left • on the first floor • on the bus, on a plane • on TV, on the radio

- through

- something with limits on top, bottom and the sides

- drive through the tunnel

- to

- movement to person or building
- movement to a place or country
- for *bed*

- go to the cinema
- go to London / Ireland
- go to bed

- into

- enter a room/ a building

- go into the kitchen / the house

- towards

- movement in the direction of something (but not directly to it)

- go 5 steps towards the house

- onto

- movement to the top of something

- jump onto the table

- from










- in the sense of *where from*

- a flower from the garden

More prepositions of place

Prepositions of Place		
after		
She slammed the door	after	her.
They ran	after	the thief.
among		
I enjoy being	among	my friends.
I found my handbag	among	my luggage.
at		
The secretary was sitting	at	her desk.
The man was standing	at	the taxi stand.
behind		
The car park is	behind	the building.
He never won a race, he was always	behind	the others.
between		
The prisoner sat	between	the two policemen.
I held the pen	between	my thumb and fingers.
in		
The pen was	in	the drawer.
He lives	in	South Africa.

in front of		
The teacher stands	in front of	the class.
The car was parked	in front of	the garage.
next to/ beside / by		
In my English lesson I always sit	next to/ beside/by	my friend.
The bank is	next to/ beside/by	the hotel.
on		
The painting was hanging	on	the wall.
The boy was sitting	on	the chair.
over/above		
The sign hanging	over/above	the door read 'No smoking'.
I put the tablecloth	over	the table.
I enjoy watching the planes fly	above	me.
under/ below		
The temperature outside was	under/below	0.
The woman was sheltering	under	a tree.
When flying I enjoy watching the clouds	below	me.

Picture It Clip Art	Preposition	Example
	to	"He carried the rubbish to the bin."
	through	"The train came through the tunnel."
	across	"He swam across the channel."
	along	"He walked along the road."
	down	"He skied down the mountain."
	over	"They walked over the bridge."
	off	"The man ran off the cliff."
	round	"The arrow is moving round the ball."
	into	"The man poured the sand into the timer."

Active voice

Rohan **cleans** **the house**
(subject) (verb) (object)

Passive Voice

The house **is cleaned** **by Rohan**
(the new subject) (passive verb) (agent /doer
Of the action)

Active & Passive

	Active	Passive
Simple Present	Once a week, Tom cleans the house.	Once a week, the house is cleaned by Tom.
Present Continuous	Right now, Sarah is writing the letter.	Right now, the letter is being written by Sarah.
Simple Past	Sam repaired the car.	The car was repaired by Sam.
Past Continuous	The salesman was helping the customer when the thief came into the store.	The customer was being helped by the salesman when the thief came into the store.
Present Perfect	Many tourists have visited that castle.	That castle has been visited by many tourists.
Present Perfect Continuous	Recently, John has been doing the work.	Recently, the work has been being done by John.

Past Perfect	George had repaired many cars before he received his mechanic's license.	Many cars had been repaired by George before he received his mechanic's license.
Past Perfect Continuous	Chef Jones had been preparing the restaurant's fantastic dinners for two years before he moved to Paris.	The restaurant's fantastic dinners had been being prepared by Chef Jones for two years before he moved to Paris.
Simple Future <i>WILL</i>	Someone will finish the work by 5:00 PM.	The work will be finished by 5:00 PM.
Simple Future <i>BE GOING TO</i>	Sally is going to make a beautiful dinner tonight.	A beautiful dinner is going to be made by Sally tonight.
Future Continuous <i>WILL</i>	At 8:00 PM tonight, John will be washing the dishes.	At 8:00 PM tonight, the dishes will be being washed by John.
Future Continuous <i>BE GOING TO</i>	At 8:00 PM tonight, John is going to be washing the dishes.	At 8:00 PM tonight, the dishes are going to be being washed by John.
Future Perfect <i>WILL</i>	They will have completed the project before the deadline.	The project will have been completed before the deadline.

<p>Future Perfect <i>BE GOING TO</i></p>	<p>They are going to have completed the project before the deadline.</p>	<p>The project is going to have been completed before the deadline.</p>
<p>Future Perfect Continuous <i>WILL</i></p>	<p>The famous artist will have been painting the mural for over six months by the time it is finished.</p>	<p>The mural will have been being painted by the famous artist for over six months by the time it is finished.</p>
<p>Future Perfect Continuous <i>BE GOING TO</i></p>	<p>The famous artist is going to have been painting the mural for over six months by the time it is finished.</p>	<p>The mural is going to have been being painted by the famous artist for over six months by the time it is finished.</p>
<p>Used to</p>	<p>Jerry used to pay the bills.</p>	<p>The bills used to be paid by Jerry.</p>
<p>Would Always</p>	<p>My mother would always make the pies.</p>	<p>The pies would always be made by my mother.</p>

Future in the Past <i>WOULD</i>	I knew John would finish the work by 5:00 PM.	I knew the work would be finished by 5:00 PM.
Future in the Past <i>WAS GOING TO</i>	I thought Sally was going to make a beautiful dinner tonight.	I thought a beautiful dinner was going to be made by Sally tonight.

Both, Either, Neither, Nor and So

Expression	Example
both ... and ...	I like both cats and dogs.
so	Jane likes cats. So do I.
not ... either	Jane doesn't like cats. I don't like cats either.
either ... or ...	Jane either has a cat or a dog.
neither/nor	Jane doesn't like cats. Neither do I./Nor do I.
neither ... nor	I like neither cats nor dogs.

Used To

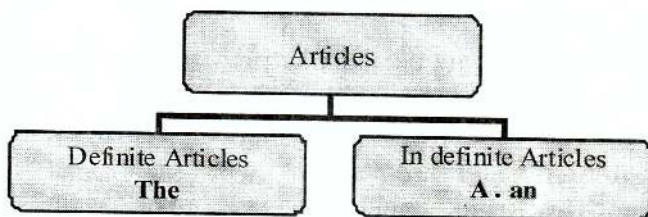
(Used to +VERB)

It is better to use “used to “in questions or negative forms. “used to “expresses the idea that some thing was an old habit that stopped in the past It indicates that some thing was often repeated in the past but it is not usually done now.

Example:- Jerry used to study English

Sam and Marry Used to go to Mexico in the Summer

Articles



Indefinite articles - a and an (determiners)

A and **an** are the indefinite articles. They refer to something not specifically known to the person you are communicating with.

You use **a** when the noun you are referring to begins with a consonant (b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, l, m, n, p, q, r, s, t, v, w, x, y or z), for example, "**a** city", "**a** factory", and "a hotel".

You use **an** when the noun you are referring to begins with a vowel (a, e, i, o, u)

Pronunciation changes this rule. It's the sound that matters, not the spelling.

If the next word begins with a *consonant sound* when we say it, for example, "university" then we use **a**. If the next word begins with a *vowel sound* when we say it, for example "hour" then we use **an**.

We say "university" with a "y" sound at the beginning as though it were spelt "*you*niversity".

So, "**a** university" IS correct.

We say "hour" with a silent h as though it were spelt "our".

So, "**an** hour" IS correct.

"**The** apple you ate was rotten."

"Did you lock **the** car?"

Definite Articles

- ✓ When we talk about a particular person or thing which is already mentioned we use **the**
- ✓ We use **the** to talk about geographical points on the globe
The north pole, **The** equator
- ✓ We use **the** to talk about rivers, Oceans, and Seas, deserts.
- ✓ We also use **The** before certain nouns when we know there is only one of a particular thing. **The** sun, **The** rain, **the** wind, **the** Earth, **The** Taj Mahal, **The** great Wall of China.

Note:- However if you want to describe a particular instance of these you should use *a/an*.

Eg:- "I could enjoy the wind"/ "Therre is a cold wind blowing.

- ✓ We use **the** to talk about famous books. **The** Bible
- ✓ We use **the** before musical instruments. The violin, The Guitar, The trumpet, The piano, the Flute.
- ✓ We use **the** before Acountry's Departments.
The Police, **The** Army.
- ✓ We use **the** to describe a room. The Floor, The bathroom.

Note:- We don't use the before the followings.

Nonparticular Un countable nouns \Rightarrow Eg:- Sugar,
Water, Honesty

The Most proper nouns \Rightarrow Names of countries,
Cities.

The Names of meals \Rightarrow Break fast, Lunch, Dinner

Languages \Rightarrow English, Tamil

Places are visited for primary purpose \Rightarrow Hospital,
School, Prison, Church

Direct speech & Indirect Speech.

Rules for Changing Direct speech to Indirect Speech.

Direct speech	Indirect Speech.
Simple Present Tense He says, "I eat Mango"	Simple past Tense He said that he ate mango.
Present Continuous Tense He says, "I am eating Mango"	Past Continuous Tense He said that he was eating mango.
Present perfect tense He says, "I have eaten Mango"	Past perfect tense He said that he had eaten Mango"
Simple past Tense He says, "I ate mango."	
Will He says, "I will eat mango."	Would He said that he would eat mango."
Shall He says, "I shall eat mango."	Should He said that he should eat mango.
Now Yesterday Tomorrow Ago Today	Then The Day before The next Day Before That day

Key Notes

*The Fear of the lord is
the beginning of knowledge*

