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No. 5,389-FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1896.

Part I.-General : Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.
Part II.-Legal and Judicial.

Part III.-Provincial Administration.
Part IV.-Marine and Mercantile.
Part V.-Municipal and Local. .

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

## Part I.-Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, \&c.

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## PROCLAMATIONS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

In the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith.

## PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir Edward Noml Walker, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Lieutenant-Governor in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.
E. Noel Walker.

WHEREAS by section 5 of "The Uniform Ordinance, 1895 ," it is enacted that the said Ordinance shall come into operation on such day as the Governor shall, by Proclamation in the Government Gazette, appoint :

Now know Ye that We, the Lieutenant-Governor, do by this Our Proclamation appoint that the said Ordinance No. 6 of 1895, intituled "An Ordinance to regulate and restrict the wearing of Navial and Military Uniforms," shall come into operation as from and after the First day of October, 1896.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. Taylor, Acting Colonial Secretary.

Is the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith.

## PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir Edward Noel Walker, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Lieutenant-Governor in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HEREAS by section 1 of "The Explosives Ordinance, 1894," it is enacted that the said Ordinance shall come into operation on such day as the Governor shall, by Proclamation in the Government Gazette, appoint:

Now know Ye that We, the Lieutenant-Governor, do by this Our Proclamation appoint that the said Ordinance No. 18 of 1894 , intituled "An Ordinance for the prevention of Accidents by Gunpowder and other Explosives," shall come into operation as from and after the First day of July, 1896.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-fourth day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. TAYLOR,

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN! Acting Colonial Secretary.

## APPOINTMENTS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

$\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{T}}$is hereby notified that His Excellency the Lieutr-Governor has been pleased, with the advice of the Executive Council, to appoint the following gentlemen to be Directors of the Widows' and Orphans' Pension Fund for thegurrent year, viz.:-

The Hon. F. R. Saunders, c.m.g.
The fion. L. F. Lee.
M. P. Rámanáthan, c.m.g.

Mr. D. G. Mantell.
Mr. E. de Kretser.
By His Excellency's command,
W. T. Taylor,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colophal Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 22, 1896.
IS Excellency the Lieut.-Governor had been pleased to appoint Mr. W. E. Thorpe to be Additional District Judge, Ratnapura.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. TAYLOR,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Gonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 22, 1896.

HIS Excellency the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr.J. J. Thorburn tó be Additional District Judge, Chilaw, for Jauary 2ī, 1896.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. TAYLOR,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colenial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 22, 1896.
IS Excellefcy the Lievt.-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. C. J. A. Marshall to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Avisáwella and Pasyála, from February 1, 1896, during the absence on leave of Mr. Philitp de Saram, and while so acting to be Superintendent of the Avisáwella Prison.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. Taylor,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colfinal Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 23, 1896.
IS Excellency the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. C. A. Murray to act, until further orders, as Govern-
ment Agent and Fiscal for the Province of Uva, with effect from the date on which he will assume duties, and while so acting to be Additional District Judge of Badulla, Superintendent of the Prison at Badulla, Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance for Uva, Visitor of the Post Offices in Uva, and a Member of the Board of Health of the Province of Uva, under section 2 of Ordinance No. 8 of 1866.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. TAYLOR,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colghial Secretary's Office,
olombo, January 15, 1896.
IS Excellency the Lieuto-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. Bertram Hill to act, in addition to his own duties, as Assistant at Mâtara to the Government Agent, Southern Province, during the absence from the station of Mr. C. T. D. VIgors, and while so acting to be Superintendent of the Prison at Mátara, a Visitor of the Post Offices in the District of Mátara, Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance for the District of Mátara, and Additional Superintendent of Police.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. Taylor,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
onial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 23, 1896.
IS ExCELLENCY the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. B. ConstanTINE to act as Additional Police Magistrate, Kurunégala, from January 28 to February 1, 1896.

## By His Excellency's command, <br> W. T. TAylor, Acting Colonial Secretary,

Coloyal Secretary's Office,
lombo, January 24, 1896.
IS Excellency the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. C. T. D.
Vigors to be Additional Superintendent of Police, Mátara, and Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance for the District of Mátara.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. Taylor,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 20, 1896.

Donald, of Wattegama, to be a Justice of the
Peace for the District of Panwila.
By His Excelleney's command,
W. T. Taylor,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 19, 1896.

HIS Excelliency the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. A. D. Donald, of Wattegama, to be an Unofficial Police Magistrate for the Judicial Division of Dumbara.

By His Excellency's command, W. T. TAyLOR,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 19, 1896.

IS Excellency the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. James Charles Nicholas to be an Official Member of the Local Board of Pattalam, in place of Dr. W. E. Misso

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. TAYLOR,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 24, 1896.

IS Excellency the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to appoint, under section 372 of the Civil Procedure Code, Mr. P. B. BeddeWELA to administer the Oath or Affirmation which is requisite to the making of the affidavit mentioned in section 371 of the said Code, from the 16th instant.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. TAYLOR, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 20, 1896.

## Excellency the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to make the following pointment :-

Stralagé Kawurala, provisionally, to be Registrar of Marriages (Kandyan), Births, and Deaths of Chinnacheddikulam East and West, in the District of Vavuniya, with effect from December 1, 1895, and until further orders, vice W. M. K. G. Kadiratte, deceased. His office will be at Olukkulam.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. TAylor,

Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 21, 1896.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

TN continuation of the Notification of August 15, 1895, it is hereby notified that the undermentioned estates having provided a dispensary and secured the services of a dispenser, are entitled to drugs free of charge, in terms of the approved rules :-

Mátalé District.-North Mátalé, Hapugahalanda, Sellegama, and Ankanda (group).
Bogawantaláwa District.-Devonford, Fetteresso, Friedland, and St. Vigeans (group).
Kelani Valley.-Halgolla and Weweltaláwa (group); We-oya and New Polatagama (group); Glassel, Eirnan, and Rangegapna (group).

Dumbara District.-Katugastota.
By His Excellency the Lieut.-Governor's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 17, 1896.
W. T. TAYLOR,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

$I^{\text {T }}$$T$ is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 1 of Ordinance No. 10 of 1894 a new burial ground at Etukal, in the District of Negombo, within the limits specified in the schedule hereto, has been provided, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, on the recommendation of ${ }^{i}$ the Local Board of Negombo :-

## Schedule.

New Burial Ground at Etubal.-North by a part of this land belonging to Anthony Fernando, east by the road leading to Etukal, south by the old burial ground, west by the devata road.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 18, 1896.
W. T. TAyLOR,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

ITATEMENT of the Account of the Commissioners of Currency for the Month ended December 31, 1895, required by section 20 of Ordinance No. 32 of 1884 :-

| Currency notes in circulation on December 31, 1895 Crrculation. | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { Talue. } \\ \text { Rs. } \\ 10,165,000 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reserve. | In Silver. <br> Rs. $\quad 0$. | In Securities Rs. c. |
| By silver in the vault (12 cents copper) | 5,549,897 22 |  |
| By investments made by the Crown Agents as per annexed statements |  |  |
| (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) ... ... ... | - | 2,795,318 |
| By seourities invested in Indian Government paper as per annexed statement ( $g$ ) | - | 1,819,784 70 |
| Taylor, Acting Colonial Secretary, | 5,549,897 22 | 4,615,102, 78 |
| SAUNDERS, Treasurer, $\quad\}$Commissioners. |  | 10,165,000 . 0 |

Value of Securities, calculated at the latest known Market Prices of November, 1895


Depreciation Fund Investments.


$\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{T}}$is hereby notified for general information that the following Amended Articles for the Revised Code for 1896, approved by His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor in Executive Council, are, published in substitution of those appearing in the Gazette of November 8, 1890, and will take effect from January 1 last.

By His Excellency the Lieut.-Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 16, 1896.
W. T. TAYLOR,
-Acting Colonial Secretary.

## Code for 1895,

12. [Excepting in towns with special claims.] No application will, as a general rule, be entertained for aid to a new school when there already exists a school of the same class within two miles of the new school, without some intervening obstacle, unless the average daily attendance in the new school for one year subsequent to the date of application for aid exceeds 60 in a boys' or mixed school and 40 in a girls' school.
[No application for the conversion of a registered boys' school into a mixed school of boys and girls will be entertained where there already exists a girls' school of the same class within two miles of such boys' school, without some intervening obstacle, unless the average daily attendance of girls at such school for the twelve months subsequent to the date of application exceeds 40 .
But in any case, however large the attendance, no new school will be aided within a quarter of a mile of an existing registered school of the same class, [excepting in towns with special claims as aforesaid.]
$16 a$. All amendments affecting the schedules of examination and appearing for the first time in this Code shall come into operation on July 1, 1896.
[Foot-note to clause $20 b$ (ii.). 一The places to be considered as minor towns for the purposes of this Code are as follows :-

| Western Province. | Within. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Kalutara | Local Board limits. |
| Negombo ... |  |
| Southern Province. Mátara | Local Board limits. |
| Eastern Province. |  |
| Batticaloa ... | Local Board limits. |
| Trincomalee |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Northern Province. } \\ & \text { Jaffna } \end{aligned}$ | A radius of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ mile from |

North-Western Province.
Kurunẹgala $\quad .$. Local Board limits.]

## Amendments sanctioned for 1896.

## Omit

Insert

Omit and insert "except in the towns specified in clause $20 b$ (i.) in the note to clause 20 b (ii.), and in such other places as may in the discretion of the Director justify exceptional treatment."

## Insert

Omit and insert "The places to be considered as minor towns for the purposes of this Code are as follows:-

| Western Province. | Within. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Kalutara | Local Board limits. |
| Negombo | do |
| Pánaduré | Police limits. |
| Moratuwa | Including Ráwatáwatia, Kóralawẹlla, and Moratumulla. |
| Southern Province. <br> Mátara ... | Local Board limits. |
| Eastern Province. Batticaloa | Local Board limits. |
| Trincomalee ... | do. |
| Northern Province. Jaffina ... | A radius of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ mile from |

North-Western Prowince.

| Kurunégala |  | Local Board limits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chilaw |  | do. |
| Puttalam ... do. |  |  |
| Province of Uva. |  |  |
| Badulla | ... | Local Board limits. |
| Province of Sabaragamuwa. |  |  |
| Ratnapura | ... | Police limits. |
| ntral Pr |  | Local |

Omit and insert " or middle"

Omit and inser "classical"

Omit

## Code for 1895.

[No vernacular primary school will be examined as a middle school unless it has presented one or more successful candidates in standard V . at the last examination.]

A vernacular middle school may include a primary whool.
Vernacular [high] schools are schools in which scholars are instructed in classical Sighalese, Sanskrit, Páli, or Tamil literature. Grants to such schools are only made in exceptional circumstances, and every application for such schools will be considered by the Government on its special merits.
25. English primary schools are schools in which no scholar is presented above standard $\nabla, \wedge$
English middle schools are schools in which a scholar or scholars are presented for examination [with success in standards VI., VII., or VIII.,] .
[English high schools are sohools in which scholars are presented for examination according to the conditions laid down in schedule B.]
Ań English middle school may include a primary school.
[No English primary school will be examined as a middle school unless it has presented one er more successful candidates in standard $\bar{V}$. at the last examination.]
26. No school will be registered [or continued] as an English [high] school unless the Department is satisfied-
(a) That the teaching staff is sufficient in number and quality.
(b). That the managers are in a position to guarantee the stability of the school.
26. (a) No English school will be eligible for a grantafter'January 1, 1897, unless all the teachers engaged in the instruction of the primary standards either hold certificates granted after examination by the Department or possess such other qualification as shall, in the opinion of the Director, satisfy the requirements of Government, and that after January 1, 1898, no grant will be paid to any English school unless the whole teaching staff of such school shall consist of teachers either holding certificates granted after examination by the Department or possessing such other qualification as shall, in the opinion of the Direetor, satisfy the requirements of Government. Provided, however, that all teachers appointed from the United Kingdom or America to English schools in this Colony, graduates of any of the British or Indian Universities now engaged as teachers in English schools, and persons recognized as certificated teachers by the Education Departments of the United Kingdom or by any of the Departments of Public Instruction in India, shall be exempt from such requirements.

Note.-Persons who have passed the Cambridge Local Examination for senior students, the University of London Matriculation Examination, or the First Arts Examination of any of the Indian Universities, will be required to pass only in English reading, school management, and class teaching at the examinations to be held by this Department, before certificates of competency to teach can be issued to them.
26. (b) No scholar shall be admitted into any grant-in-aid English school, or English school on a vernacular basis, from any registered grant-in-aid English school or English school on a vernacular basis, or from a Government English school, who does not produce a certificate showing that no fees are due by such spholar to the authorities of the sehool at which he was last in attendance. Such certificate should be in the form $Q$ of this Code.
26. (c) No English school, or English sehool on a vernacular basis, shall retain at any one time as free scholars on its register more than fifteen per cent. of the total number of pupils appearing on such register.

## Amendments sanctioned for 1896.

Omit

Omit and insert" classical"

Insert " of schedule A or B."
Omit and insert "in any standard above standard V. of schedule A or B."

Omit

Omit

Omit
Omit
Code for 1895.
26. (d) Any English school, or English school on a
rernacular basis, in which it has been found that the fees
prescribed in the schedule of fees affecting suach shoool
(see sohedules R, S, T) have not been paid by the scholars
and duly crevited to the school fund, will be removed
from the list of aided schools.
28. Upon the report of the inspector that an A school does not fulfil $\wedge$ these conditions, notice shall be given on form to the manager; and if at the next annual examination the requirements of the Code are not satisfied, the result payments will be made on a lower scale, the value of a pass in any standard or subject being one rnpee. The school will then be classed as a B sehool.
30. (b) No grant will be allowed for any scholar who shall have received less than nine months' instruction during the twelre months immediately preceding the examination, in the school in which such scholar is examined, or in a school under the same management, and who shall have made not less than 100 attendances, except in C schools and night schools. $\wedge$
30. (c) At a first examination, scholars may be grouped in any standard fixed by the manager, but scholars may not be presented a second time for examination under the same standard unless they have failed to pass in more than one of the first three heads. All scholars who fail to pass in more than one of the first three heads will be considered to have failed altogether, and no result payment can be claimed for them. Any scholar^ who fails in arithmetic only of the first three heads in any standard above the second may be presented a second time in that subject in the standard in which he has failed, and in those class subjects in which be may have failed simultaneously with arithmetic. $\wedge$
, 30. (h) False personation or falsification of the register will involve forfeiture of half the grant for the year, and in the case of certificated or licensed teachers the. certificate or license will be suspended.
No school will receive a grant where a teacher is [employed as principal teacher] whose certificate or license is under suspension, or where an uncertificated or unlicensed teacher is [employed as prinoipal teacher] who has been proved guilty of false personation $\wedge$ or falsification of the register.
No school will receive a grant which has not been in continnous charge during the school year of a principal teacher holding the necessary certificate or license, except under special circumstances, which must be submitted to the Director for his consideration as soon as they arise. - Violation of the rules for keeping registers referred to in clause 20 ( $d$ ) or the presentation of ineligible children, will entail a liability, according to the nature of the irregularity to be dealt with, in the judgment of the Director, to a forfeiture of from one-tenth to one-fourth of the grant.
[32. (b) The school shall teach at least two trades, to be approved by the Department].
33. The managers of an industrial school registered by the Department may claim for each pupil above the age of 6 and below 21, certified to have been in regular attendance for nine months since the previous annual examination of the school, and to have received instruction in the workshop for not less than three hours daily on not less than 100 days, a grant of ten rupees in addition to the general grants; provided the inspectar shall ise satisfied with the efficiency of the instruction given in the trade in which each such pupil is presented for examination. No grant can be claimed for the industrial instruction of any pupil who [is] not at the same time [presented for] examination in such standards of schedules A, B, D, and E as such pupil may be eligible for, unless such pupil has passed in standard [VIIT.] of any such schedule.

## Amendments sanctioned for 1896.

## Insert

:

Insert "But no such scholar may be presented for examination a second time within twelve months of the date of his last examination."

Insert" however"

Insert "But no grant shall be paid for any subject unless such echolar passes in arithmetic."

Omit and insert "at any time employed"
Omit and insert "at any time employed". Insert" of children"

## Insert

Omit and insert "32. (b) That the school shall teach at least two of the following trades :-

In Boys' Schools.-Carpentry, masonry, printing, bookbinding, shoemaking, farriery, and work in iron.

In Girls' Schools.-"Lace-making, dress-making, embroidery, and cookery."

Omit and insert "does"
Omit and insert "pass the "
Omit and insert "V"

## Code for 1895.

53 c . To entitle a school to one pupil teacher, the average number of pupils [examined for a grant] during the three preceding years must not be less than forty ; for every additional forty in average attendance during the three [preceding years] a school will be entitled to an additional pupil teacher; but not more than two pupil teachers will be registered for any school during the same year.
62. An examination of candidates for admission to traiting schools will be held annually $n$ the month of [Decenber.]

## Public Examinations.

70. The examinations conducted by the Syndicate of the University of Cambridge for local examinations, hereinafter styled "the senior and junior local examinations," [will be the standard of examination, and will take the place of the local examination hitherto held.] No marks obtained for the subject of religious knowledge will be allowed to count in awarding the scholarships, exhibitions, and prizes referred to in this Code.

The scholarships, grants, and book prizes awarded are now thrown open to all candidates, whether coming from Government and grant-in-aid schools or not.

70 a. No London University Matriculation grant will be paid for any candidate who has already earned a grant for the Senior Cambridge Local Examination, nor will any "Senior Cambridge" grant be paid for any candidate who has already earned a London "Matriculation" grant. This will not apply to candidates who have earned a grant in the "Senior Cambridge" examinations of 1895 or earlier years.
75. Three exhibitions will be opened to candidates in conformity with the regulations of the Cambridge Syndicate as regards age and qualifications. One of the value of rupees 240 per annum and two each of the value of rupees 120 per annum, tenable for three years, either at the Royal College or at any registered [high] school, will be awarded every year to the three best candidates who shall pass the examination. $\wedge$ But no candidate shall be eligible for a second election to a scholarship corresponding exactly to that previously won by him.

75 a. Two scholarships, each of the value of rupees 120, tenable for three years at any registered [high] school, will be awarded to the two girl candidates who shall pass the best junior examination. Such scholarship will be open to candidates who have not completed their seventeenth year on the last day of the month appointed for the examination. But no candidate shall be eligible for a second election to [a scholarship corresponding exactly to that previously won by her.]
79. One scholarship of $£ 150$, tenable for four years will be awarded at these examinations in conformity with the regulations of the Cambridge Syndicate as regards age and qualifications, to the student who, having been resident in the Island for the five years next before the examination, shall pass the best examination in honours. The successful candidate will have to proceed to one of the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, or Dublin, or to one of the Scotch Universities, or to such other place of education as shall be approved of by the Governor, and will be required to gain such certificates of good conduct and progress as are usually awarded to meritorious students.
79. One scholarship of the value of rupees 240 , tenable for three years at any registered [high] school, will be awarded to the senior girl candidate who shall pass the best examination. The scholarship will be open to candidates who have not completed their nineteenth year on the last day of the month appointed for the examination. But no candidate shall be eligible for a second election to [a scholarship corresponding exactly to that previousily wom by her.]

## Amendments sanctioned for 1896.

Omit and insert"in attendance "

Omit and insert,"years immediately preceding the date of application"

Omit and insert "November"

Omit and insert " and the Matriculation and Intermediate examinations of the University of London, will be the standard of examination."

## Insert

Omit and insert "English"
Insert " in honours "

Omit and insert "English"

Omit and insert "either of these scholarships"

Omit

Omit and insert "English"

Omit and insert "this scholarship"

Code for 1895.

## London University Matriculation and

 Intermedtate Examination.79 a. For every candidate who shall pass the "London Matriculation Examination" a grant will be paid of Rs. 200 if the candidate is placed in the Honors Division ; of Rs. 100 if placed in the First Division ; of Rs. 50 if placed in the Second Division. A further grant of Rs. 200 will be paid for every candidate who passes the London "Intermediate Examination in Arts." No "London" grant will be paid for any candidate who has already earned a grant for the "Senior Cambridge Local Examination," ngr will any "Senior Cambridge Local Examination" grant be paid for any candidate who has already earned a "London" grant. This will not apply to grants earned in the "Senior Cambridge Examination" of 1895 or earlier years.

## University Scholarship.

79 b . One scholarship of the value of $£ 150$, tenable for four years, will be awarded on the results of a special examination to be conducted for the present by the Oxford and Cambridge School Examination Board.
No candidate will be admitted to this examination who has not been resident in the Island for the five years next before the examination ; or who has completed his nineteenth year before the last day of the month fixed for this examination ; or who has not previously passed the "London Matriculation Examination" or the "Cambridge Senior Local Examination" with Honours, or the "First in Arts Examination" of the Calcatta University in the first division.
Note.-For the examination for this scholarship to be held under the new regulations for the first time in May, 1897, no candidate will be eligible who shall have completed his nineteenth year on December 31, 1896.
The subjects of this examination will vary in alternate years as follows :-

Schedule of Subjects for the Examination referred to in clause $79 b$ for 1897 and 1899.

1. The English Language.
2. English History.-Questions on the General His tory of England and on a short special period. ${ }^{*}$
3. English Literature. - The history of English Litera ture during a special period. Three plays of Shakespeare, and portions of other authors to be named for each year. $\dagger$
4. Latin.-Unprepared passages for translation into English; Latin Prose ; Grammar (including questions on syntax).
5. Greek.-Unprepared passages for translation into English ; Grammar (including questions on syntax) ; translation of English sentences into Greek.
6. Questions on the General History of Greece down to 323 b.c., and of Rome down to 27 B.c.

Schedule of Subjects for the Examination referred to in clause $79 a$ for 1898 and 1900.

1. The English Language.
2. English History.
3. English Literature.-(Notice of the special period in English History ald special period and subjects in English Literature will be given before the beginning of 1897.)
4. Mathematics.-Including Arithmetic, Euclid, Algebra, Plane Trigonometry, Geometrical and Analytical Conic Sections.
[^0]
## Code for 1895.

5. Applied Mathematics, including Statics and Dynamics.
6. Science.-Not more than two of the following subjects:-
(a) Chemistry (Theoretical and Practical).
(b) Heat and Light.
(c) Electricity and Magnetism.
(b) Botany.

Detailed information under the several heads in Mathematics and Science will be furnished in due course.

80 a. A grant may be made for every such scholar presented in standards [VI.,] VII., VIII. who passes a satisfactory examination in not more than two of such subjects besides drawing. $\wedge$ The grant for a pass in stage I. shall be rupees 2 for each subject; in stage II., rupees 4 for each subject ; in stage III., rupees 6 for each subject.
81. English schools in which [systematic instruction is given] in a vernacular language and literature will be allowed to present scholars for vernacular passes in standards VI., VII., and VIII. of the subjects appointed for vernacular schools.

## Schedules

A, B, D, E, F, G, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T

## Amendments sanctioned for 1896.

Insert.
fnsert " and book-keeping"

Omit and insert "provision is made in the time-table for systematic instruction"

See amended and new schedules.

AMENDED SCHEDULES.
Sohedule A.-Standards of Examination for English Primary and Middle Schools.

|  | Reading. | Writing. | Arithmetic. | Grammar. | Geography. | History. | Needlework. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard I. ... | A few sentences from a First Book (at least 30 pages) distinctly and accarately pronounced | To form letters, small and capital, on slate or black-board | Notation to 999, addition orally of numbers whose sum does not exceed twenty, and subtraction of digits | - | - | - ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | Neat hemming |
| Standard II. ... | A few sentences from a Seeond Book slowly and distinctly read | To copy in manuscript characters a line of print on slate or black-board, and write from dictation a few common words. Copy-writing (single letters in large text) must be shown in this standard | Simple addition and subtraction of numbers containing not more than five figures. Multiplication to 3 times 12 | - . | - | - | Hemming, sewing, and felling, so as to be able to make a bag; also patchwork |
| standard İİ. | Clear and intelligible reading from a Third Book. Questions will be put to test comprehension of passage read | To write from dictation words and short sentences from one of the reading books, slowly read and then dictated. Copy-writing in large round text must be shown in this standard | The four simple rules. Miscellaneous questions | - | - | - | The former stitches, and back stitching, to be able to make pillow-cases; also marking |
| Standard IV.... | Good and intelligent reading from a Fourth Book. Questions will be pat to test comprehension of passage read | To write a connected passage from one of the reading books, slowly read and then dictated. Copy-writing in small round text must be shown in this standard | Use of rupees and cents, bills of parcels, simple problems | To point out simple subject, object, and predicate in short sentences, and to answer questions on nouns | Definitions; Ceylon in detail | - | As before, and to put in a neat gusset so as to make their own jackets |
| Standard V. ... | Good and intelligent reading from a Fifth Book, with particular regard to emphasis. Questions will be put to test comprehension of passage read | To write about eight lines slowly dictated from one of the reading books. Copy-writing in a running hand must be shown in this standard | Reduction of common weights and measures,and theirapplication to foregoing rules, and the use of English money | Same as above, and in addition to point out the simplest extensionof subject,predicate, and object in short sentences, and to answer questions on adjectives and pronouns | Same as above, with Europe | Ceylon | Stitches as before; also button holes and darning, and to be able to cut out a jacket |
| Standard VI. ... | The same, from any book above a Fifth Book containing selections from good English authors. Questions will be put to test comprehension of passage read | To write to dictation from any newspaper or book | The former rules with vulgar and decimal fractions | Same as above, and in addition to parse and analyse a simple sentence and to answer questions on all the parts of speech | Same as above, with Asia | Outline of English history from 1066 to 1485 | As in the previous Standards ; also to be able to cut out and make underjackets. Knitting may be taught in this standard |
| Standard VII. 4 | Reading with fluency and expression from any book brought by the Inspector. Questions will be put to test comprehension of passage read | Writing from memory the substance of a short story read out twice; spelling, harid-writing, and grammar to be considered | The former rules, with simple and compound proportion and practice | Same as above, and in addition to parse and analyse a short cömplex sentence, and to answer simple questions on the composition and derivation of words | Same as above, with Africa | Same, from 1485 to 1688 | As before ; also to be able to putin a neat patch and to make a little child's frock, pinafore, or shirt; knitting |
| Standard VIII. | The same, from a newspraper or book brought by the Inspector. Questions will be pat to test comprehension of passage read | A short theme or letter; the composition, spelling, grammar, and handwriting to be considered | Simple and compound interest and discount, with exercises on all the foregoing rules | Same as above, with advanced proficiency. A passage of poetry may be given for parsing and analysisin this standard | Physical and Political Geography of the World | Same, from 1698 to 1815 | As before, and to cut outand make a plain shirt with yoke back and gathered sleeves put into wristbands; knitting |

[^1]|  | Reading in English. | Writing in English. | Arithmetic in any Language. | Grammar in English. | Composition in English. | Geography in any Language. | History. | Needlework. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard I. ... | A few sentences from a First Book (at least thirty pages) distinctly and accurately pronounced. Corresponding words in the Sinhalese or Tamil to be known | To form letters, small and capital, on slate or blackboard | Notation to 999. Addition orally of numbers whose sums do not exceed twenty, and subtraction of digits | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | - | Neat hemming |
| Standard II, ... | A few sentences from a Second Book, slowly and distinctly read. Corresponding words in the Sighalese or Tamil to be known | To copy in manuscript characters a line of print on slate or black-board, and write from dictation a few common words. Copy-writing, \&c. | Simple addition and subtraction of numbers of not more than five figures. Multiplication to 3 times 12 | - | - | - | - | Hemming, sewing, and felling, so as to be able to make a bag; also patch. work |
| Standard III. | From a Third Book, with explanations in the vernacular | To dictation not more than six lines from one of the reading books of the standard. Copy-writing, large round text | The four simple rules and miscellaneous questions on them | Pointing out nouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, and personal pronouns | To give the English of Sinhalese or Tamil words in common usequalified by single words or phrases | - $\cdot$ | - | The former stitches and back-stitching, to be able to make pillow-cases ; also marking |
| Standard IV.... | Good and intelligent reading from a Fourth Book, with explanations in the vernacular and a paraphrase in the vernacular of what has been read | To dictation not more than eight lines from one of the reading books of the standard. Copy-writing, small round text | The former rules and the use of rupees and cents, bills of parcels, and simple problems | To point out simple subject, predicate, and object in short sentences, and to answer questions on nouns | To translate easy vernacular simple sentences into English | $\underset{\text { tail) }}{\text { Ceylon (in de- }}$ | - | As before, and to put in a neat gusset so as to make. their own jackets |
| Standard V. | Good and intelligent reading from a Fifth Book, with explanation both in the verna. cular and in English | To dictation not more than eight lines from one of the reading books of the standard. Copy-writing, small hand | Reduction of common weights and measures and their application to foregoing rules, and the use of English money | Same as above, and in addition to point out the simplest modifications of subject, predicate, and object, and to answerquestions onadjectives and pronouns | To translate longer and more difficult vernacular simple sentences into English | Same as above, with Europe | Ceylon (in any lan. guage) | Stitches :as bėfore, also button holes and darning, and to be able to cut out a jacket |
| Standard VI. | Good and intelligent reading from any book above a fifth containing selections from good English authors. Questions will be put to test comprehension of passage read | To dictation any passage from anewspaperorbook brought by the Inspector. Copy-writing,smallhand | The former rules, with vulgar and decimal fractions | Same as above, and in addition to parse and analyse any simple sentence and to answer questions on all the parts of speech | To translate into English a passage from any book not moredifficult than a Second Reader | Same as above, with Asia | England, 1066 to 1485 (in English) | As in the previous Standards; also to be able to cut out and make underjackets. Knitting may be taught in this Standard |
| Standard VII. | Reading with fluency and expression from any book brought by the Inspector. Questions will be put to test comprehension of passage read | To dictation same as above, but the passage should be harder. Hand-writing to be considered | The former rules, with simple and compound proportion and practice | Same as above, and in addition to parse and analyse a short complex sentence and to answer simple questions on the composition and derivation of words | Same as above, but from any book not moredifficult than a Third Reader | Sameas above, with Africa | $\begin{gathered} \text { England, } \\ 1485 \text { to } \\ 1688 \text { (in } \\ \text { English) } \end{gathered}$ | As before; also to be able'to put in a neat patch and to make a little child's frock, pinafore, or shirt |
| Standard VIII. | The same, from any newspaper or book brought by the Inspector. Questions will be put to test comprehension of passage read. | Same as above, but the passage should beharder. Hand-writing to be considered | Interest and discount with exercises on all the foregoing rules | Same as above, with advanced proficiency. A passage of poetry may be given for parsing and analysis in this standard | Same as above, but from any book not more difficultthan a Fifth Reader | Physical and Political Geography of the World | $\begin{gathered} \text { England, } \\ 1688 \text { to } \\ 1815 \text { (in } \\ \text { English) } \end{gathered}$ | As before, and to cut out and make a plain shirt with yoke back and gathered sleeves put into wrist-bands; knitting |

[^2]Schedule D.-Standards of Examination for Vernacular Schools.

1.-Reading may be tested in the ordinary olass book, if approved by the Inspector; but the books must be of reasonable length and difficutty and unmarked. Every class ought to have two or three sets of reading books Managers are requested to send a copy of all reading books used, to the Department, with an intimation of the standard for which they are intended 2. $\quad 2$-Copy-writing is to be done on paper in the presence of the Inspector.
notice, schoal naranual, or other book or document in correct modern vernacular, selected by :-Standard VI.-To read at sight, with comprehension, a passage from a vernacular newspaper, public lefter or manuscript in correct modern vernacular. Standard VIII.-Reading a letter or document written in ordinary current vernacular handwriting

Schedule 玉_-Standards of Examinations for Anglo-Vernacular Girls' Boarding Schools.



* Vernacular.
1.-Reading may be tested in the ordinary class book, if approved by the Inspector; but the books must be of reasonable length and dimculty and unmarked. Every class ought to have two or three sets of reading books. Managers are requested to send a copy of all reading books used, to the Department, with an intimation of the standard for which they are intended. 2.-Copy-writing is to be done on paper in the presence of the Inspector.
3.-Under the head of "Reading" the following alternative subjects will be accepted. Standard VI.-To read at sight, with comprehension, a passage from a vernacular newspaper, public notice chool manual, or other book or document in correct modern vernacular, selected by the examiners. Standard VII.-Good fiuent reading at sight, with comprehension, of a fairly-written letter or manuscript in correct modern vernacular. Standard VIII.-Reading a letter or document written in ordinary current vernacular handwriting.

Schedule $\mathbf{F}^{2}$
Value of Passes, English, Primary, and Middlë Schools:


In girls' schools a pass in "needlework" is of the same value as a pass in other heads.

Schedule G.
Varue of Passes in English Schools on a Vernacular basis.

| Standard. | Keading. | W riting. | Arithmetic. | Grammar. | Composition. | Geography. | History. | Tota |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | $\begin{array}{rr}\text { Rs. } & \text { c. } \\ 2 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr}\text { Rs. } & \text { c. } \\ 2 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Rs. } & \text { c. } \\ 2 & 0\end{array}$ | Rs. c. | Rs. c. | Rs. c. | Rs. c. | Rs. |  |
| II. | 20 | 20 | 20 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 0 |
| III. | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | - | - | 12 | 50 |
| IV. | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | - | 15 | 0 |
| V. | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 21 | 0 |
| VI. | 30 | 30 | 3.0 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 21 | 0 |
| VII. | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 360 | 350 | 350 | 24 | 50 |
| - VIII. | 40 | 40 | 4.0 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 28 | 0 |

Schedule N.
Quacimications and Certificates of Students in Grant-in-Aid Training Schools.

|  | Certinicate. | Reading. | Writing. | Arithmetic. | Grammar. | Geography. | History. | School Management. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For Admission. | Certificate of Manager | Ummagga Jataka, pages 1 to 150 , and Kusa Jataka in the first 176 stanzas, for Sinhalese schools; Panchatantra, first twostories, and the Tamil poetical anthology No. II. for Tamil schools | $\begin{gathered} \text { An essay } \\ \text { in composi- } \\ \text { tion } \end{gathered}$ | As for Standard VIII. | As for Standard VIII. | The World | Ceylon | Duties of monitor |
| First year's Examination | Same | Ummagga Jataka, the whole book, and the first 150 stanzas of Guttila, for Sighalese schools; Panchatantra, first four stories, and the kural of Tiruvallur, chapters 1 to 30 , for Tamil schools | Same | Same, more difficult examples | Sangna Pada (gender, declensions ${ }^{\text {s }}$ verb), Sandhi, and Visesana Visesya, for Sinhalese schools; Uyerittuppunaryal, Maittuppunaryal, and Uruppunaryal, from Kandekeurai or Viriturai, for Tamil schools. | Distribution of land and water on the earth's surface, advanced proficiency in political geography of the World | Same, with outlines of the great events of the history of the W orld | To give lessons in reading, writing, or arithmetic to any standard below the sixth. Written papers on school management |
| Second year's Examination | Same | Saddhammalankaraya, Tebathika Vastuva, Selalikini Sandesa, for Sighalese schools; Panchatantra, the whole book, and Mahabaratam Kurukulacharukam, Champarachcharukkam, ThirukkavalarkKalampatham, stanzas 1 to 70, for Tamil schools for males. For femates only Tiruvakku Puranam to page 41 inclusive | Same | Same | Same as above, with Kriyakaraka Pada, Sambandaya, Uktanukta, Kitaka, Taddhita, Samasa, and Prakriti, for Singalese schools. Same as for first year, with Payeriyal, Vinaiyal, Idaiyal, and Uriyiyal, for Tamil schools. | Advanced proficiency in physical and political geography of the World | Same, advanced proficiency | To give a lesson in. any subject to any standard. Written papers on schoolmanagement |

## Schedule 0.

The names of the children to be examined in each standard must be entered upon a form prepared for the purpose，termed a Report Slip；each Report Slip，bearing the following declaration and particulars， to be signed by the manager of the school，and handed to the Inspector previously to the examination ：－

I hereby certify and declare that all the children whose names are herein entered to be examined for a grant have received not less than nine months＇actual instruction in this school during the twelve months immediately preceding the date thereof，and have attended school on not less than one hundred days；and that the conditions laid down with respect to the standard in which they are now offered for examination have been strictly complied with，and that，to the best of my knowledge and belief，no one of them has passed the examination in this or in a higher standard，in this or in any other school．

I further certify that they have all been vaccinated，or are protected from smallpox by having hadd that disease．

I further certify and declare that，with the exception of those who are examined as free scholars，all have bonâ fide paid the fees due for the current year as specified io schedule．．．．．．．if here insert $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{S}$ ，or T ， according as the school is a town．minor town，or village school］．

## Number on List ：

Average attendance for twelve months preceding the examination ：
A．B．，Manager．

Specimen Report Suip．


|  | Middle School ．．． | VIII．StandardVII．do． <br> VI． <br> do．. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 迼蚵 } \\ & \text { 慁 } \end{aligned}$ | Primary School ．．．$\{$ | $\begin{cases}\text { V．} & \text { do．} \\ \text { IV．} & \text { do．} \\ \text { III．} & \text { do．} \\ \text { I．} & \text { do．} \\ \text { do．}\end{cases}$ |


| 范莒 | Middle School ．．．$\{$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VIII. } \\ & \text { VII. } \end{aligned}$ | Standard do． do． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Primary School ．．． | V． IV． III． II． I． | do． <br> do． <br> do． <br> do． <br> do． |

## Schedule Q．

I．A．B．，Manager of the school，hereby certify and declare that＿＿＿has left this school，having paid all fees due up to the date of his（or her）withdrawal from the school．

## Schedule R.

Scale of the Minimum Monthly Fee to be charged in English Schools in the towns of Colombo, Kandy, and Galle :-

| Boxs. |  |  |  | Girla. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Rs. c. |  |  |  |  | Rs. c. |
| Standard 1. | ... | ... | 10 | Standard | II. | ... |  | 0 |
| Do. 11. | ... | ... | 10 |  | II. | ... | ... | 10 |
| Do. III. | ... | ... | 20 | Do. | III. | $\cdots$ | ... | 150 |
| Do. IV. | $\cdots$ | ... | 260 |  | IV. | ... | ... | 20 |
| Do. V. | ... | ... | 30 | Do. | V. | ... | ... | 250 |
| Do. VI. | ... | ... | 360 | Do. | VI. | ... | ... | 30 |
| Do. VII. | ... | $\ldots$ | 450 | Do. |  | ... | ... |  |
| Do. VIII | ... | ... |  | Do. V |  | $\cdots$ | ... |  |

## Schedule 5

-cale of the Minimum Monthly Fee to be charged in English Schools in the minor towns of Jaffa, Batticaloa, Kurunẹ́gaia, Negombo, Kalutara, Moratuwa, Pánaduré, Mátara, Mátalé, Puttalam, Chilaw, Trincomalee, Badulla, Ratnapura, and Kẹgalla :-

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard I. | ... |  | Rs. 1 1 | Standard I |  |  | Rs, c. 0 |
| Do. II. | ... | ... | 10 | Do. II. | ... |  | 075 |
| Do. LII. | ... | ... | 150 | Do. III. | ..' | ... | 10 |
| Do. IV. | ... | ... | 20 | Ho. IV. | ... | ... | 180 |
| Do. V. | ... | ... | 250 | Do. V . | ... | ... | 20 |
| Do. VI. | ... | ... | 30 | Do. VI. | ... | ... | 250 |
| Do. VII. | -.. | $\cdots$ | 350 | Do. VII. | - | ... | 30 |
| Do. VIII. | ... | ... | 40 | Do. VIII. | ... | ... | 30 |

## Schedule ${ }^{5}$

Scale of the Minimum Monthly Fee to be charged in English Schools in places not mentioned in the sbove Schedules :-

| Bors. |  |  |  | Gials. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Rs. c. |  |  |  | Rs. c. |
| Standard I. | ... | $\cdots$ |  | Standard I. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 050 \\ & 075 \end{aligned}$ |
| Do. III. | $\cdots$ | ... | 075 100 | Do. III. | ... | - | 075 |
| Do. IV. | ... | ... | 10 | Do. IV. | ... | ... | 10 |
| Do. V. | ... | .. | 180 | Do. $V$. | ... | ... | 10 |
| Do. VI. | -... | ... | 20 | Do. VI. | *** | ... | 150 |
| Do. VII. |  |  | 20 | Do. VII. | ... | -.. | 150 |
| Do. VIII. | ... | $\ldots$ | 20 | Do. VIII. | - | ... | 150 |

NDER directions from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the following copy of an Order of the Queen in Council, dated the 21 st day of November, 1895, respecting the tonnage admeasurement of ships of the Kingdom of Denmark, is published for general information, with reference to the Gazette Notification dated June 23, 1883.

By His Excellency the Lieut.-Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 17, 1896.
W. T. TAYLOR, Acting Colonial Secretary.

## At the Court at Windsor, the 21st day of November, 1895.

## Present:-The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council dated the 29th day of February, 1868, made by•Her Majesty in exercise of the powers conferred upon Her by the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862, Her Majesty was pleased to direct that the ships of Denmark, the certificates of Danish nationality and registry of which were dated on and after the 1st October, 1867 , should be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in the said certificates of Danish nationality and registry :

And whereas by another Order in Council dated the 30th day of December, 1878, Her Majesty was pleased to direct as regards Danish steamships that if the owner or master of any merchant ship belonging to the Kingdom of Denmark and measured after the 1st day of October, 1878, which is propelled by steam or any other power requiring engineroom, should desire the allowance for engineroom in his ship to be estimated under the rules for engineroom measurement and allowance applicable to British ships instead of under the Danish rule, the engineroom should be measured and the allowance calculated according to the British rules :

And whereas by another Order in Council dated the 20th day of April, 1883, Her Majesty was further pleased to direct that in the event of the net registered tonnage of merchant ships belonging to the said Kingdom of Denmark, which are propelled by steam or any other power requiring engineroom estimated under the British rules, being denoted in the said certificates of Danish nationality and registry issued on or after the lst day of September, 1882, such ships should be deemed to be of the tonnage so denoted in the said certificates :

And whereas by section 84 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, it is enacted that whenever it appears to Her Majesty the Queen in Council that the tonnage regulations of that Act have been adopted by any foreign country and are in force there, Her Majesty in Council may order that the ships of that countryshall, withont being remeasured in Her Majesty's dominions, be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in their certificates of registry or other national papers in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same purposes as the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of a British ship is deemed to be the tonnage of that ship :

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the tonnage regulations of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, have been adopted by the Government of His Majesty the King of Denmark, and that such regulations are now in force in that country, having come into operation on the 1st day of April, 1895 :

And whereas there still are or may be ships belonging to the Kingdom of Denmark to which the hereinbefore recited Orders of the 29th February, 1868, the 30th December, 1878, and the 20th April, 1883, may respectively apply, and it is expedient net to revoke the same, but to let the said recited Orders remain in force so long as there are any ships to which the same may so respectively apply:

And whereas the provisions of section 1 of the Rules Publication Act, 1893, have been complied with :

Now therefore Her Majesty (in pursuance and exercise of the powers hereinbefore mentioned) is hereby pleased, by and with tde advice of Her Privy Council, to decree that the merchant ships of the Kingdom of Denmark the measurement whereof shall on or after the 1st day of April, 1895, have been ascertained and denoted in the certificates of registry or other national papers of such ships, shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in their certificates of registry or other national papers in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same purposes as the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of a British ship is deemed to be the tonnage of that ship.
C. L. Peel.

## MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

DUBLIGATIONS FOR SALE at the Government
Record Office, Colombo:-
Legislative Enadtments, Revised Edition.
Vol. I., 1799 to 1882.-Bound in leather
Vol. II., 1883 to 1889.- Bound in leather
Vol. III., 1889 to 1894.- Unbound
Unound in leather
Vol. IV., Part I., 5 of 1894 to 3 of 1895
Rs. c.
… 750
$\begin{array}{lll}\ldots . & 5 & 50 \\ \ldots . & 5\end{array}$
... 750
$\cdots \quad 550$
... 750
… 550
... 075
Legislative Enactments, Old Eidition.
Old Volume I .
All Proclamations, Regulations, and Ordinances in force in the Colony on 12th January, 1870 ... $15 \quad 0$

|  | - Old Volume II. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part |  | From |  | To |  |  |
| 1 | ... | 6 of 1870 | - | 9 of 1871 |  | 10 |
| 2 | ... | 10 of 1871 | - | 28 of 1871 |  | 10 |
| 3 | ... | 1 of 1872 | - | 7 of 1873 |  | 10 |
| 4 | ... | 8 of 1873 | - | 23 of 1873 |  | $1 * 0$ |
| 5 | ... | 1 of 1874 |  | 3 of 1875 |  | 10 |
| 6 | $\ldots$ | 4 of 1875 |  | 3 of 1876 |  | 10 |
| 7 | ... | 4 of 1876 |  | 4 of 1877 |  | 10 |
| 8 | ... | 5 of 1877 |  | 8 of 1877 |  | 050 |
| 9 | ... | 9 of 1877 | - | 23 of 1877 |  | 10 |
| 10 | ... | 1,of 1878 | - | 16 of 1878 |  | 10 |
| 11 | ... | 1 of 1879 | - | 15 of 1879 |  | 10 |
| Old Volume III. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | ... | 1 of 1880 | - | 17 of 1880 |  | 10 |
| 2 | ... | 1 of 1881 | - | 18 of 1881 |  | 10 |
| 3 | ... | 1 of 1882 | - | 16 of 1882 | ... | 10 |
| 4 | $\ldots$ | 1 of 1883 | - | 18 of 1884 | ... | 30 |
| 5 | ... | 19 of 1884 | - | 11 of 1885 |  | 10 |
| Old Volume IV. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | ... | 12 of 1885 | - | 8 of 1886 |  | 10 |
| 2 | ... | 9 of 1886 | - | 7 of 1887 |  | 10 |
| 3 | ... | 8 of 1887 | - | 2 of 1888 |  | 040 |
| 4 | ... | 3 of 1888 | - | 15 of 1889 |  | 270 |
| Old Volume V. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | -.. | 16 of 1889 | - | 8 of 1890 |  | 085 |
| 2 | ... | 9 of 1890 | - | 1 of 1891 | .. | 045 |
| 3 | ... | 2 of 1891 | - | 8 of 1892 |  | 095 |
| 4 | ... | 9 of 1892 | - | 28 of 1892 |  | 060 |
| 5 | ... | 1 of 1893 | - | 4 of 1894 | . | 055 |
| New Volume IV. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | ... | 5 of 1894 | - | 3 of 1895 | ... | 075 |

Special Editions of the following, with Tables of Sections and Indices, in paper covers, are obtainable :-
The Penal Code (2 of 1883)..
. 20
The Oriminal Procedure Code (3 of 1883)
... 3
The Courts Ordinance (1 of 1889)
… 050
The Civil Procedure Code ( 2 of 1889) ... 50
The Penal Code, in Sinhalese or in Tamil $\quad . .$.
The Criminal Procedure Code, in Sinhalese or in Tamil ...

Books of Ordinances passed in the following Sessions (old Quarto Edition) can be had, price Re. 1 each :-1836, 1842, 1843, 1846, 1848, 1849 , $1850,1851,1854,1855,1856,1857,1860,1863-4$, 1866-7, 1867-8, 1869-70, 1870-1, 1872-3, 1873.
Separate copies of Ordinances in English (and, where translations have been published, in Sinhalese and Tamil) may be obtained at 5 cents for every 8 pages or portion thereof.
Municipal Councils' Ordinance, No. 7 of 1887
The Evidence Act, Ordinance No. 14 of 1895
... 050
Regulations under the Merchandise and Trade
Marks Ordinance of $1888 \quad$... $\quad .$.
Petroleum Rules, 1896

Copies of Government Minutes, Notifications, and Rs. c. Regulations, \&c. (where available), for every 8 pages octavo or 4 pages quarto
$0 \quad 5$
Epitome of Government Minutes, Circulars, and Notifications, 1872-87
Schedule of Proclamations, \&\%c., promulgated during 1894 ...

10
Colonial Office Lists (annual) ... ... 4
Ceylon Civil Lists (annual) ... ... 1
Ceylon Blue Books (annaal) $\quad$ … ... 10
Administration Reports (annual), bound volumes 100
Do. siagle reports ... each 4 pp. 0

| Sessional Papers, bound volumes... |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Do. $\quad$ single papers | $\ldots$ |
| 10 |  |

Customs Annual Retarns
Customs Tariff ..
$\begin{array}{llll}\text {... } & . . & 1 & 0 \\ \cdots & \quad . . & 0.10\end{array}$
Customs Regulations
$\ldots 120$
Dr. Müller's Report on Inscriptions of Ceylon :-

| Text | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 5 | 0 |
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> J. J. Thorburn,
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A Manual of the Vanni Districts of Ceylon (Vavuniya and Mullaittivu).

## By J. P. Lewis, c.c.s. Price Rs. 5.

J. J. Thorburn, Acting Government Recordkeeper.
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Colombo, January 22, 1896.
THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE is published every Friday at the Government rinting Office, Colombo.
The Subscription, Rs. 3 per quarter, is payable in advance, and can only be booked to terminate at the end of a quarter.

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HHE "KEW BULLETIN" of miscellaneous information is issued as an occasional publication from the toyal Gardens at Kew.
It contains notes on the economic products of plants which have been made the subject of particular study and investigation at Kew, and it is intended to be a means of communication to persons interested in Botanical subjects and products in India and the Colonies.

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Price 2d. per copy. By post : United Kingdom, $2 \frac{1}{2} d$., Foreign Countries and Colonies, $3 d$. per copy.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 1, 1895.

AMEETTNG of the Seatholders of St. Paul's Church, Kandy, will be held in the vestry on Monday, the 27 th instant, at 8 A.m., for the purpose of electing Trustees for the current year.
E. Webb,

Honorary Secretary.
Kandy, January 17, 1896.

AT a Meeting of the Directors of the Ceylon Savings Bank held this day, it was resolved that the rate of Interest to be paid to Depositors under Rule 3 for the year 1896 be 3 per cent.

Ceylon Savings Bank,
W. J. Gorman,

Secretary.

## Government Telephone Exchange.

T1HE Exchange of the Oriental Telephone Company having been purchased by the Ceylon Government, notice is hereby given that communications in regard thereto should be addressed to the Postmaster-General.

By order,
F. W. Vane

Assistant Postmaster-General.
Postmaster-General's Office,
Colombo, January 18, 1896.

## Memorandum of Arrivals and Departures of Coolies for December, 1895.



Abstract of Cooly Labourers on Estates in the several Provinceg during the Quarter ended Septembér $30,1895$.


## CAMBRIDGE LOCAL EXAMINATION, 1896.

AN Examination of Senior and Junior Candidates, in accordance with the Regulations of the Revised Code, will be held at Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Jaffna, and Batticaloa on December 12, 1896, and following days.
Forms of entry duly filled up should be sent to the Director of Public Instruction not later than August 8, together with the following fees, which may be paid as follows :-
(1) A Bank draft or Post Office order on England payable to Dr. J. N. Keynes, crossed "Mortlock \& Co.," at the rate of £l for each candidate, as the Cambridge fee.
(2) A Post Office order foot Postal order) or Bank draft in my favour at the rate of Rs. 2.50 for each candidate, as the focal expenses fee.
N.B.-Forms of entry will be accepted from August 8 to August 18 inclusive on payment of an extra fee of Rs. 5.

Forms of entry may be had from the Director. It is requested that Managers will only apply for such number of forms as they actually require, and that they will not encourage any student to enter as a candidate unless they are satisfied that he has a fair chance of passing the examination with credit.

Religious knowledge, as a subject of examination, is not necessary for Colonial students, and no grant or award under the Revised Code will be made directly or indirectly dependenty on marks gained for religious knowledge.

Certificates of the registration of candidates' birth (not affidavits) must in every case accompany the forms of entry.

No fees can be, returned. If notice of withdrawal be sent to the Local Secretary more than sixteen days before the commencement of the examination, a voucher will be sent, which will enable the student to enter in another year without further fee to the University, subject to the usual conditions of age. The student must apply for a fresh form of entry on or before August 8 next.
N.B. - The Mathematical Prize will be awarded on the results of the Cambridge Senior Local Examination of December, 1896 , to the candidate, under 19 years of age, who passes the best examination in Mathematics:

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, January 22, 1896.
J. B. Cull,

Director.

## EXAMINATION OF JUNIOR STUDENTS.

*** In mentioning certain editions of the subjects selected for Examination, the Syndicate have no desire to exclude from ase other editions which now exist or may hereafter be prepared.
[N.B.-No student can take two papers set at the same time in the Time Table.]
No one born before December 15, 1880, can be admitted as a Junior Student under the ordinary conditions. Those born on any of the days from December 15, 1878, to December 14, 1880, both inclusive, can be admitted to the Examination for Junior Students under the condition printed in italics on page 69.

These dates being determined by a Grace of the Senate, no application for a relaxation can be considered.*
Part I.-Compulsory.
Every student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in (1) Writing from dictation ; (2) Arithmetic.

## Part II.

The examination will comprise the subjects mentinned in the following thirteen sections. Students will be required to satisfy the Examiners in at least two of the ten sections $1-10$; if sections 1 and 2 are the two sections the student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in three of the subjects included in the latter section; and if section 8 is one of the two sections, the other must be one of the five sections 3-7. A student who barely satisfies the Examiners in the minimum number of sections required may be rejected on the ground of general weakness. No. student may enter for more than stx of the sections 1-10. or for more than seven sections altogether. Section 1 must be taken by all students, unless their parents or guardians object to their examination in that section.

A certain number of marks will be assigned to Handwriting. Composition will be taken into account.

[^3]
## Section 1.-Religious Knowlebge:

Questions will be set on (a) "I. Samuel ; "II. Samiuel i-iv ; (h) the Gospel of *St. Matthew, credit being given for a satisfactory knowledge of the original Greek ; (c) the "Acts of the Apostles, xiii-end ; ( $d$ ) the Church Catechism.

To pass in this section students must satisfy the examiners in (b), and in one of the subjects (a), (c), (d), to each of which the same credit is given. No student will be examined in more than one of the subjects (a), (c), (d). Credit will be given for a knowledge of the Revised Version. Students who barely satisfy the Examiners in each of two subjects may be rejected in the section on the ground of general weakness.

Section 2.-Enghish :
(a) English Grammar, including parsing and the analysis of sentences. Candidates will be required to write a short English Essay.
(b) Outlines of the History of England, from A.D. 449 to A.D. 1509. Or (c) Outlines of Roman History, from B.c. 27 to A.d. 117.
(d) The Physical, Political, and Commercial Geography of Great Britain and Ireland, Asia, and the British Dependencies in Australasia. An outline map will be given to be filled up by inserting and naming the chief ranges of mountains, the chief towns, the chief lakes and rivers, and the political divisions, and by naming the chief features of the coast line of some part of these portions of the world. Questions may be set requiring a general knowledge of Geography. (Medal, see p. 70.)
(e) $\dagger$ Shakespeare, Julius Caesar, or ( $f$ ) †Milton. Paradise Lost, VII., VIII., or ( $g$ ), †Scott, Lay of the Last Minstrel, with paraphrasing and simple questions on the laaguage and subject-matter.

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in two of the subjects; to obtain the mark of distinction, in three. No one may enter for both $(b)$ and ( $c)$, or for more than one of the three $(e),(f),(g)$. Students who barely satisfy the Examiners in each of two subjects may be rejected in the section on the ground of general weakness.

Section 3.-Latin (see notes A, B below) : Papers will be set containing passagesfrom $\dagger$ Virgil, $A$ Enied $X I$, and from $\dagger$ Casar, de Bello Gallico VI., for translation into English. No student can take both of these subjects.

Section 4.-Greek (see note A below) : Papers will be set containing passages from $\dagger$ Xenophon, Anabasis I., and from Euripides, Alcestis (omitting lines 86-136, 213-242, 435-475, 569-605, 962-1005), for translation into English. No student can take both of these subjects.

Section 5.-French (see notes A, B, C, below) : Passages will be given for translation into English from $\dagger$ Bonnechose, Bertrand du Gueselin, and from $\dagger$ Delavigre, Les Enfants d'Edouard. No student can take both of these subjects.

Section 6.-German (see notes A, B, C below) : Passages will be given for translation into English from + Hauff, Die Karavane (omitting Die Errettung Fatme's) and from $\dagger$ Riehl, Culturgeschichtliche Novellen (omitting Der Dachs auf Lichtmess). No student can take both of these subjects. In writing German in the examination students are advised to use the English character, but the use of the German character is not forbidden.

Section 7.-Spanish (see notes A, B, U below) : Passages will be given for translation into English from Moratin, El Sí de las Ninas.
A. In the Examination in Latin, Greek, French, German, and Spanish: (1) Questions will be set on grammar and parsing. Questions may also be set on historical and geographical allusions and on the metre of verse subjects. Without a fair knowledge of Accidence, a student cannot pass. (2) One or more easy passages not contained in the books named will be set for translation into English, a vocabulary of the less familiar words being given.' Students are required to satisfy the Examiners in this part of the paper ; but in cases of failure the translation of the unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty may be taken into account. (3) Une or more passages of ordinary difficulty not contained in the books named will be set for translation into English. In order to obtain the mark of distinction students will be expected to do fairly well in this part of the paper.
B. In the Examination in Latin, French, German, and Spanish: One or more passages will be set for translation from English into the language. A student cannot obtain the mark of distinction in the language without satisfying the Examiners in this part of the paper.
C. In the Examination in French, German, and Spanish : Alternative questions will be provided for students who prefer to be examined in the language generally and not in any set book.

Section 8. Welsh.-The paper will consist of (1) passages for translation into English from Edwards, Tro yn $y r$ Eidal, together with questions on the language and subject-matter of the book; (2) questions on Welsh Grammar ; (3) one or more passages of ordinary difficulty not contained in the book named for transiation into English, and one or more passages of ordinary diffculty for translation from English into Welsh. Candidates will be required to satisfy the Examiners in each part of the paper.

Section 9.-Mathematics : Every student who is examined in this section will be required to satisfy the Examiners in Euclid, Books i. and ii., and in Elementary Alaebra, viz., definitions and explanations of algebraical signs and terms ; addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of algebraical quantities; theory of indices, with integral exponents ; greatest common measure and least common multiple; extraction of the square root ; the solution of easy equations of the first degree, and questions producing such equations, and the solution of easy quadratic equations involving one unknown quantity.

Questions will also be set in Plane Geometry, viz., Euclid, Books iii., iv., and vi. ; in Algebra, viz., quadratic equations, the elementary rules of ratio and proportion, arithmetical and geometrical progressions, permutations, combinations, and the binomial theorem, with positive integral exponents ; in Plane Trigonometry, including the solution of triangles and the use of logarithms; and in Elementary Mechanics, viz., the composition and resolution of forces acting in one plane at a point, parallel forces, the mechanical powers, the properties of the centre of gravity, uniform and uniformly accelerated motion in a straight line.

Euclid and Algebra, if done well enough, are sufficient for the mark of distinction.
Proofs other than Euclid's will be admitted, but Euclid's axioms and postulates will be required, and no proof of any proposition will be accepted which assumes anything not proved in preceding propositions in Euclid.

Section 10.-Natukal Science : 1. (a). Chemptry.-Students will be expected to show an elementary knowledge of the non-metallic elements and their compounds, and of the chemistry of the metals so far only as this is necessary for the preparation of the non-metallic elements and their compounds or for the illustration of their properties. No knowledge of carbon-compounds" will be expected beyond the oxides of carbon, the carbonates, marsh gas, and olefiant gas. Questions may be set which involve easy calculations.
I. (b). ZooLogr.-Elementary questions will be set upon (1) the characteristics of Animals and of the sub-kingdoms of the Animal Kingdom ; (2) the structure of the principal parts and organs of animals, including
a general account of the osteology of man (or structure of the skeleton). Specimens will be provided for description, and special weight will be given to this part of the exammation. Students should bring a pocket lens and a dissecting needle.
I. (c) BotanX.-Elementary questions will be set upon the general morphology, physiology, and classification of plants, including (i.) the external forms of plants and the relation of the parts of plants to one another and to the plant as a whole ; (ii.) the absorption of food materials, and the various processes which are involved in the life functions of plants; (iii.) the elementary facts of plant structure so far as they are necessary to render intelligible the principles of vegetable physiology; (iv.) the outlines of the classification of the Plant Kingdom, and the classification of Flowering plants with special reference to the following Natural Orders: Ranunculaceæ, Papaveraceæ, Cruciferæ, Malvaceæ, Caryophyllaceæ, Leguminosæ, Rosaceæ, Umbelliferæ, Compositæ, Primulaceæ, Boragineæ, Scrophulariaceæ, Labiatæ, Liliaceæ, Amaryllideæ, Iridaceæ, Orchidaceæ. Specimens will be provided for description, and special weight will be given to this part of the exam nation ; arrangements will be made for Colonial centres. Students should bring a pocket lens and a dissecting needle.
I. (d). Physiology and Hygiene. - Candidates will be expected to show (i.) an elementary knowledge of the general build of the Body, and of the structure and functions of the organs and tissues concerned with the following processes: Muscular Movement, Circulation, Respiration, Digestion, Nutrition, and Excretion; and a rudimentary acquaintance with the structure and functions of the Nervous System and of the organs of the Special Senses; (ii.) an elementary acquaintance with the laws of Health depending directly on the above specified physiological processes. The knowledge required for (i.) may be obtained from Foster's Primer of Physiology with Foster and Shore's Physiology for Beginners, or from similar elementary books; for (ii.) from Reynolds' Primer of Hygiene.
II. (a). Practical Chemistry. - Students will be required to test for single elements, and for carbonates, nitrates, sulphates, chlorides, oxides, and sulphides. In this part of the examination credit will be given for good observations precisely recorded, and for well-drawn inferences from them, even when the candidates are unable to make a complete analysis. Students may also be required to observe directly the effects of heat*and re-agents upon substances without ascertaining the composition of the substances. A list of apparatus and chemicals will be sent on application to the General Secretary.
II. (b). The Elements of Statics, Dynamics, and Hydrosfatics, as illustrated by simple experiments or common observations.
II. (c). The Experimental Laws of Heat.
II. (d). Elementary Physical Geography.-(Medal, see p. 70.) The paper in II. (d) may be taken either on Friday or on Saturday.

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in one of the subjects marked I. or in two of those marked II.; they may enter for not more than three subjects, one of those marked I. and two of those marked II.

Section 11. (a) SHORT-HAND.-The students will take down passages read aloud, and will afterwards tran-scribe them. Passages will be dictated at the rates of fifty words and eighty words per minute. (Medal, see page 70.) (b) Book-keeping by dodrle entry.-Ruled forms will be provided for the candidates. To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in one at least of these subjects.

Section 12. (a) Freehand Drawing, (b) Model Drawing, (c) Geometrical Drawing, (d) Linear Perspective.-To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in two of these four subjects;no student will be examined in more than three of the four.

Section 13. Music.-Questions will be set on Notation; on Scales, Clefs, Keys, Intervals, Time ; on the Marks and Terms generally employed in Music ; on Cadences. Exercises will be set, in not more than four parts, on Triads and their Inversions, in which the highest or the lowest part or both will be given. The paper in Music may be taken either on Friday or on Saturday.

## EXAMINATION OF SENIOR STUDENTS.

[N.B.-No student can take two papers set at the same time in the Time-table.
No one born before December 15, 1877, can be admitted as a Senior Student under the ordinary conditions. Those bora before December 15, 1877, can be admitted to the exmination for Senior Students under the condition printed in italics on page 69.

Part I.-Compulsory.
Every student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in the principles and practice ol arithmetic.

## Part II.

The examination will comprise the subjects mentioned in the following eleven sections. Every student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in at least three of the nine sections A-K, or in two of the sections A-K, together with either L or M. A student whe barely satisfies the Examiners in the minimum number of sections required may be rejected on the ground of general weakness. No student may enter for more than seven of the eleven sections. Section A must be taken by all students, unless their parents or guardians object to their examination in that section.

Section A.-Religious Knowledge:
The examination will consist of questions on (a) I. Samuel; "II. Samuel i-iv; (b) the Gospel of *St Matthew, credit being given for a satisfactory knowledge of the original Greek; (c) ${ }^{\mu} \mathrm{I}$. and II. Thessalonians; (d) the Order for Morning and Evening Prayer and the Litany in the Book of Common Prayer: especial attention must be paid to the Apostles' Creed.

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in (b), and in one of the subjects (a), (c), (d), to each of which the same credit is given. No student will be examined in more than one of the three subjects (a), (c), (d). Credit will be given for a knowledge of the Revised Version. Students who barely satisfy the Examiners in each of two subjects may be rejected in the section on the ground of general weakness.

Section B.-(a) English Composition.
(b) English Grammar, including parsing and the analysis of sentences. Candidates will be expected to show some knowledge of the history of the English Language.
(c) History of England, from the Accession of Edward the Confessor to the Death of John. Questions will also be set on the outlines of the History of England from the Norman Oonquest to the Accession of Queen Victoria. Or (d) Greek History, Reigns of Philip and Alexander; some general questions will also be set on the history of Greece from 359 в.c. to 280 b.c. Or (e) Roman History, Reign of Augustus; some general questions will also be set on the History of Rome from 27 b.c. to 117 A.d.
( $f$ ) Physical, Political, and Commercial Geography of Great Britain and Ireland, Asia, and the British Dependencies in Australasia, with some general questions on Geography. (Medal, see page 70.)

* Cambridge Bible for Schools.
(g) *Shaleespeare, Julius Coesar, with paraphrasing and questions on the language and subject-matter, and with elementary questions on the history of the English drama to the death of Shakespeare. Or (h) *Milton, Paradise Lost, VII., VIII., with paraphrasing and questions on the language and subject-matter.
( $k$ ) The elements of Political Economy. Or ( $($ ) The elements of Logic.
To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in (a) and at least two other subjects ; they may not take more than one of the three $(c),(d),(e)$, or of the two $(g),(h)$, or of the two ( $k$ ), ( $l$ ). Students who barely satisfy the Examiners in each of two subjects in addition to Engllsh Composition may be rejected in the section on the ground of general weakness.

Section C.-Latin (see notes A, B below) : Passages will be given for translation into English from \%irgil, Aneid XI. ; *Horace, Odes III.; ${ }^{*}$ Livy XXII. (1-50) ; ${ }^{*}$ Cicero, Verrine Orations; Divinatio and Actio Primu. Students must select one verse and one prose subject from these four.

Section D.-Greer (see note A below) : Passages will be given for translation into English from Furipides, Alcestis; Homer, Iliad XXIV.; Thucydides IV. (1-41); LLucian, Somnium and Piscator. Students must select one verse and one prose subject from these four.

Section E. -French (see notes A, B, O below) : Passages will be given for translation into English from *Bonnechose, Bertrand du Gueselin, and from *Delanvigne, Les Enfantes d' Edouard.

Section F.-German (see notes A, B, C below) : Passages will be given for translation into English from *Riehl, Culturgeschichtliche Novellen, and from *Schiller, Die Piccolomini. In writing German.in the examination students are advised to use the English character, but the use of the German character is not forbidden.

Section G.-Spanish (see notes-A, B, C below) : Passages will be given for translation into English from. Moratin, El Si de las Ninus, and from Antonia de Solis, Historio de la Conquista de Méjico (Morceaux Choisis, published by Hachette \& Co., pages 1-95)."
A. In the Examination in Latin, Greek, French, German, and Spanish: (1) Questions will be set on the language and subject-matter. Questions may also be set upon the metre of verse subjects. Without-a fair knowledge of grammar a student cannot pass. (2) One or more easy passages not contained in the books named will be set for translation into English, a vocabulary of the less familiar words being given. Students are required to satisfy the Examiners in this part of the paper ; but in cases of failure the translation of the unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty will be taken into account. (3) One or more passages of ordinary difficulty not contained in the books named will be set for trans'ation into English. In order to obtain the mark of distinction students will be expected to do fairly well in this part of the paper.
B. In the Ecamination in Latin, French, German, and Spanish: One or more passages will be set for translation from English into the language. A student can not obtain the mark of distinction in the language without satisfying the Examiners in this part of the paper.
C. In the Examination in French, German, and Spanish; Alternative questions will be provided for students who prefer to be examined in the language generally and not in any set book.

Section H.-Every student who is examined in this section will be required to satisfy the Examiners in Plane Geometry, viz., Euclid, Books i. ii. iii. iv. iv. and xi. to Prop. 21 inclusive, and in Algebra, viz., the solution of simple and quadratic equations, and of problems producing such equations, the elementary rules of ratio, proportion and variation, arithmetical and geometrical progressions, permutations, combinations, the binomial theorem and the theory of logarithms. Proofs other than Euclid's will be admitted, but Euclid's axioms and postulates will be required, and no proof of any proposition will be accepted which assumes anything not proved in preceding propositions in Euclid. Euclid and Algebra, if done well enough, are sufficient for the mark of distinction.

Questions will also be set in the following subjects: (1). Plane Trigonometry, inclusive of the use of the Exponential Theorem, De Moivre's Theorem, and the expansions of $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$ in powers of $\theta$; the paper will also contain some easy questions on the more advanced parts of Algebra. (2) Conic Sections, treated both geometrically and by easy analytical geometry. (3) Applied Mathematics, including Elementary Statics, viz., the fundamental ideas of mass, weight, and density, the epuilibriam of forces acting in one plane, the properties of the centre of gravity, the laws of friction, the mechanical powers, and the principle of virtual work; Elementary Dynamics, viz, the laws of motion and simple applications of them, uniform and uniformly accelarated motion in a straight line, the laws of falling bodies, projectiles, Atwood's machine, and the principle of work with elementary applications of it ; and the Elementary parts of Astronomy, so far as they are necessary for the general explanation of the more simple phenomena depending on the positions and motions of the bodies forming the solar system.

Section K.-Natural Science :
 will relate to such compounds and reactions as are typical or characteristic. $\dagger$ The questions on Organic Chemistry will be limited to cyanogen and the principal cyanides, paraffins, alcohols and ethers of the ethylic type, fatty acids of the acetic type. A fair knowledge of Inorganic Chemistry will enable a Student to pass.
I. (b). Zoology.-Questions will be set in the subject as defined for Junior Students, the classes of the Animal Kingdom being included under (1). For distinction students will be expected to show a practical acquaintance with the structure and morphology, the physiology, and the life history of the following organisms :-Amoeba, Vorticella (Bell-animalcule), Hydra (Fresh-water Polype), Anodon (Fresh-water Mussel), Lobster or Crayfish, Frog. A knowledge of the minute anatomy of Hydra and some acquaintance with the histology of the principal tissues of the higher animals will also be required. Students should bring a pocket lens and a dissecting needle.
I. (c). Bothny.-Questions will be set in the subject as defined for Junior Students, with the addition of the following Natural Orders:-Violaceæ, Geraniaceæ, Rubiaceæ, Dipsaceæ, Campanulaceæ, Ericaceæ, Solanaceæ, Euphorbiaceæ, Corylaceæ, Cyperaceæ, Gramineæ, and also the life history of a typical Moss and Fern and of Pinus. For distinction students will be expected to show also a practical acquaintance with the physiology, the life history (including development), and the structure (morphology and minute anatomy) of the following organisms :Saccharomyces (Yeast), Pleurococcus, Mucor (a Mould), Spirogyra, Fucus (Brown Seaweed), Fern, Flowering plant (Conifer, Monocotyledon, Dicotyledon). Stadents should bring a pocket lens and a dissecting needle.
I. ( $d$ ). Physiology and Hygiene.-Questions will be set in the subject as defined for Junior Students, but a fuller and more detailed knowledge will be required. In addition to a knowledge of the subject as treated of in the books mentioned for Junior Students, a fuller acquaintance with the subject as treated in Huxley's Elementary Physiology or in any similar work, and in the more elementary parts of Willoughby's Public Health or Notter and Firth's Hygiene will be required.
II. (a). Practical Chemical Analysis.-Credit will be given for well-chosen experiments, good observations precisely recorded, and well-drawn inferences from them. A list of apparatus and chemicals will be sent on application to the General Secretary.

* Pitt Press Series.
$\dagger$ The following elements and their compounds are to be omitted:-Beryllium, Cadmium, Cæsium, Cerium, Didymium, Erbium, Gallium, Glucinum, Indium, Iridium, Lanthanum. Lithium, Molybdenum, Niobium, Osmium, Palladium, Rhodium, Rubidium, Rutheninm, Samarium, Scandium, Selenium, Tantalum, Tellurium, Terbium, Thallium, Thorium, Titanium, Tungsten, Uranium, Vanadium, Ytterbium, Yttrium, Zirconium.
II. (b). The elementary principles of Statics, Dynamics, and Hydrostatics, as illustrated by simple experiments; common observation, or the action of well-known machines.
II. (c). The fundamental laws of HEAT, and the experiments which illustrate them.
II. (d) The fundamental laws of Light, and the experiments which illustrate them.
II. (e). The fundamental laws of Electricity and Magnetism, and the experiments which illustrate them.
II. (f). Physical Geography in the wider sense. (Medal, see page 70.) Questions will be set on the present physical condition of the earth, and the physical agencies modifying it or affecting the conditions of life upon it.

To pass in the section students must pass in one of the subjects marked $\mathbf{I}$. or in two of the subjects marked II.; they may enter for not more than three subjects, not more than two of which may be from either of the groups marked I. and II.; they may not take more than one of the three I. (b), I. (c), I. (d), and they may not take both II. (d) and II. (e). The papers in II. (c) and in II (f) may be taken either on Friday or on Saturday.

Section L-Drawing, (a) Freehand, (b) from Monels, (c) in Perspective, and (d) Imitative Colouring (water-colour). To pass in the section students must satisfy the Examiners in (a) and in one at least of the other divisions.

Section M.-Music.- Queptions will be set on Notation; on Scales, Clefs, Keys, Intervals, Time; on the Marks and Terms generally employed in Music ; on Cadences ; on Triads and Chords of the Seventh and their Inversions ; Single Suspensions ; rhythmical Phrasing. Exercises will be set (on the above Chords) in not more than four parts, in which the highest or the lowest part or both will be given. The paper in Music may be taken either on Frilay or on Saturday.

## CLASS LISTS AND CERTIFICATES.

The names of the boys whe pass with credit will be arranged in three honour classes, the first class of juniors being further subdivided into two divisions. In each of these classes and divisions, and also in the list of those who pass to the satisfaction of the Examiners, yet not so as to deserve honours, the candidates will be arranged in alphabetical order under the several centres. After the name of every boy will be added his place of residence, the school (if any) from which he comes to attend the examination, and the name of his schoolmaster. Separate lists will also be given of those boys who may specially distinguish themselves in purticular parts of the examination, and in these lists the boys will be arranged in order of merit. The names of those who pass the examination for Juniors between the ages of 16 and 18 and for Seniors above the age of 19 will be placed in lists by themselves, in alphabetical order, not in any class of honours. Similar classes and lists will be drawn up for girls, but the names of those who do not request that their names may appear will not be given.

The classes of honours are determined solely by the total number of marks obtained by the student. No marks are counted for any paper unless the student passes in that paper, and no marks are counted for any section unless the student passes in that section. Regard will be paid to handwriting and spelling.

The students who pass with credit or satisfy the Examiners will receive certificates to that effect, which will be sent to them through the Local Secretaries. Every certificate will specify the subjects in which the student has passed with credit or satisfied the Examiners, and the class obtained, if any.

## EXEMPTIONS FROM VARIOUS EXAMINATIONS.

A. University of Cambridge : Previous Examination.-The following are the conditions under which a Senior Certificate excuses the holder from parts or the whole of the previous examination :-
(1) From Part I. if the candidate has passed in Religious Knowledge, including the original Greek of the Gospel, and has attained a certain standard intermediate between the ordinary pass standard and that of distinction in Latin and in Greek.
(2) From Part II. if the candidate has attained a standard higher than the ordinary pass stan mell in Religious Knowledge or Logic, in Euclid, in Algebra, and in English Composition. ${ }^{*}$
(3) From the additional subjects for candidates for honours, if the candidate has attained a certain standard intermediate between the ordinary pass standard and that of distinction either in Applied Mathematics, or in French, or in German.
B. University of Cambridge: Bachelor of Music.--A Senior Certificate enables a student to become a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Music, or, if a woman, to enter the examination for such candidates, if the student passess in (1) the English section, (2) one of the four languages-Latin, Greek, French, German, (3) Euclid and Algebra.
C. The Education Department.-The Education Code for Day Schools (1894) sanctions the recognition as assistant teachers of persons who have passed the Senior Local Examination.
D. General Medical Council.-A Senior Certificate qualifies the holder for registration as a Medieal or Dental Student if it includes English Grammar and Composition, Latin, and Mathematics; and a Junior Certificate if it includes English Grammar, Latin, Euclid, Books i., ii., iii., Algebra, and one of the following : Greek, French, German. $\dagger$
E. Incorporated Law Society.-Persons who have obtained a Senior or Junior Certificate are excused the preliminary examination before entering into Articles of Clerkship with attorneys and solicitors.
F. . Royal Institute of British Architects.- A Senior Certificate exempts the holder from such of the following subjects of the preliminary examination as are included in the certificate: English Composition, Arithmetic, Euclid, Algebra, Geography, English History, Latin, French, German, Mechanics.
G. The Institution of Civil Engineers.-The Senior or the Junior Certificate qualifies the holder, so far as educational requirements are concerned, for admission as a student, if it includes certain specified English subjects, Arithmetic, Algebra, Euclid (Books i.-iii.) or Trigonometry, one Classical or Modern Foreign Language, Geometrical Drawing, or one of certain specified subjects in Natural Science.

* A student who holds a senior certificate, and who has attained the required standard in Religious Knowledge or Logic, in Euclid, and in Algebra, but who either has not passed or has not attained the required standard in English Composition, is entitled to exemption from Part II. of the previous examination, with the exception of the essay paper. Students holding certificates gained in the year 1895 or earlier are, however, entitled to exemption from the whole of Part II. Without having attained the required standard in English.Composition, provided that they have attained the required standard in Religious Knowledge or Logic, in Euclid, and in Algebra.
$\dagger$ The General Medical Council announce that they will not in future accept any Junior Certificate unless the whole of the necessary subjects have been taken at the same time.
H. Institute of Actuaries.-The Senior or Junior Certificate, provided that it itioludes algebra, exempts from the preliminary examination for admission as a student of the Institute.
I. Institute of Chartered Accountants.-Persons who have obtained a Senior or a Junior Certificate under certain conditions are exempted from the preliminary examination. For further information application may be made to the Secretary of the Institute.
J. The Pharmacedtical Soctety of Great Britain.-The Senior or the Junior Certificate exempts from the first examination, if it includes Latin, Arithmetic, and English.
K. The Royal College of Veterinary Surgeins - The Semior Certificate (if it includes English Grammar and Composition, Latin, and Mathematics), or the Junior Certificate (if it includes English Grammar, Latin, Mathematics, and one of the following : Greek, French, Gierman), qualifies for admission to the professional examination.
A. A. student who holds the certificate of the Syndicate, and desires to add some one or more subjects to obtain exemption from a preliminary examination, can enter for such subject or subjects alone on payment of the ordinary fee for entrance."

The Syndicate do not hold themselves responsible for any error in the above statement caused by changes in the requirements of the various institutions with which they have not been made äqquainted. Students are referred to the published regulations of the respective institutions.

## PRIZES. AND MEDALS.

The Syndicate will give prizes to the four candidates who pass the best examination among the senior and junior boys and the senior and junior girls, $£ 12$ to each of the two seniors, and $£ 8$ to each of the two juniors.

The Council of the Royal Geographical Society offer four silver medals, one for the best senior in Physical,
Political, and Commercial Geography (section B), one for the bést senior in Physical Geography (section K), one for the best junior in Physical, Political, and Commercial Geography (section 2), and one for the bestranior in Physical Geography (section 10), if of sufficient merit.

A private donor gives $£ 5$ for the best candidate in Political Economy among the senior girls.
Sir Isaac Pitman \& Sons offer two medals, one silver and one bronze, to be awarded to the junior candidates who stand first and second in Shorthand. These medals are open for competition irrespective of the particular systems of Shorthand adopted by the candidates.

The above prizes and medals are not open to juniors above the age of 16 or to seniors above the age of 19 .

* The General Medical Council announce that they will not in future accept any junior certificate unless the whole of the necessary subjects have been taken at the same time.


## Matriculation Examinations of the University of London.

THE Matriculation Examinations of the University of London will be held at the Office of the Director of Public Instruction on the under-mentioned dates, commencing at 11 o'clock A.m. :-
(a) Monday, January 11, 1897.
(b) Monday, June 14, 1897.
2. Candidates should notify to the Director their intention to present themselves at the examination four months prior to the date of such examination, in order that application may be made in time for the examination papers.
3. Each candidate is required to forward to the Director prior to the examination, an admission fee of £2 sterling by Bank draft or Post Office order on England payable to the Registrar of the University of London, and also a certificater birth showing that he has completed his sixteenth year.
4. If a candidate withdraws his name, or fails to present himself at the examination, or fails to pass it, the fee shall not be returned to him, but he shall be allowed to enter for any subsequent Matriculation Examination upon payment, at every such entry, of an additional fee of $£ 1$ sterling. The certificate of age need not again be producèd.
5. The following regulations from the " University Calendar" are published for general ínformation :-

Candidates will not be approved by the Examiners unless they have shown a competent knowledge in each of the following subjects, according to the details specified under the several heads :-
(1) Latin; (2) one* of the following languages-Greek, French, German, Sanskrit, Arabic $\dagger$; (3) the English Language and English History, with the Geography relating thereto ; (4) Mathematics ; (5) Mechanics ; (6) one ${ }^{\text {s/ }}$ of the following branches of Science $\ddagger$ —Chemistry ; Meat and Light; Magnetism and Electricity ; Botany.

The following are the particulars of the foregoing subjects of examination :-

## I.-Lítin.

One Latin subject, to be selected by the Senate one year and a half previously from the works of the undermentioned authors§:-

Virgil.-Two books of the Æneid.
Horace.-Two books of the Odes.
Sallust.--The Conspiracy of Catiline, or the war with Jugurtha.
Coesar:-One of the longer or two of the shorter books of the Gallic War.
Livy.-One book.
Cicero.-De Senectute or De Amicitia, with one of the following Orations:-Pro Lege Manilia, one of the four Gatilinarian Orations, Pro Archia, Pro Balbo, Pro M. Marcello.
Ovid.-One book of the Metanorphoses (or Selections from two books) and one book of the Epistles. or of the Tristia; or six of the Heroides ; or two books of the Tristia.

* No credit will be given for more than one of these subjects.
$\dagger$ Candidates desiring to be examined in either Sanskrit or Arabic must give at least four calendar months' notice to the Director of Public Instruction.
$\ddagger$ Candidates in any one of these sciences will find it an advantage to have obtained some elementary instruction in the practical use of apparatus.
§ The Latin subjects for 1897 will be $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { January, 1897, Virgil, Aneid, VII. and VIII. } \\ \text { June, 1897, Cæsar, De Bello Gallico, II. and III. }\end{array}\right.$

The paper in Latiin shall contain passages to ba translated into English, with questions arising out of the book or books selected. Short änd easy passages shall also be set for translation from other books not so selected. A separate paper shall be set:containing questions in Latin Grammar, with simple and easyosentences of Enrglish to be translated into Latin."
II.-Other Languages.

One of the five following; at the option of the candidate :-
1.-Greek.

* One Greek subject, to be selected by the Senate one year and a half previously from the works of the undermentioned authors. $\dagger:-$

> Homer.-One book,
> Xenophon.-One book.

Eschylus.-The Persæ.
Euripilles.-Hecuba; Andromache; Hercules Furens; Medea; Alcestis; Electra; Heraclidæ (one play).
The paper in Greek shall contain passages to be translated into English, with questions arising out of the book selected, and with general questions in grammar.+. Short and easy passages shall also be set for translation fromother books not so selected.
2.-French.

The paper in French shall contain passages for translation into English, and questions in grammar, limited to the Accidence.
3.-German.

The paper in German shall contain passages for translation into English, and questions in grammar, limited to the Accidence.
4.-Sanskrit.\|

Sanskrit subjects, to be selected by the Senate one year and a half proviously from the under-mentioned works§ :-

- Hitópadésa, books II. to IV..

Pañchatantra, books II. to V.
Sahityaparichaya, parts I.. and II., pp. 1-93.
Rámáyana, book I.
Mahâbhârata (Story of Nala, Story of Sávitri, Bakavadhaparavan, Sakuntalopâkhyâna).
Manu, books II. to VII.
The paper in Sanskrit shall contain passages from the books selected, to be translated into English, with questions in grammar. A passage or short passages shall also be set.for translation from other books not so selected.

$$
\text { 5.- Arabic: } \|
$$

The paper in Arabic shall contain passages for translation into English, and questions in grammar.
III-English.

The general history and grammatical structure of the language.
History. of England to the end of the seventeenth century, with the geography relating thereto.
[N.B.-Special stress is laid on correct spelling and grammar in the answers to the questions.]
IV.-Mathematics.
f. Arithmetic.-The ordinary rules and processes of arithmetic, including proportion ; vulgar and decima fractions ; extraction of the square root.
2. Algebra.- dddition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of algebraical quantities; reduction and manipulation of algebraical fractions; arithmetical and geometrical progression ; simple equations and easy quadratic equations, with questions involving their use.

3 Geometry.-The subjects of the first four books of Euclid and simple deductions.

## V.-Mechanics.

[Candidates 'will be expected to show a general acquaintance with the apparatus by which the elementary principles of physics, as enumerated below, can be illustrated and applied.]

Elementary notions as to velocity, acceleration, force, mass, momentum, work, and energy.
Composition and resolution of velocities, accelarations, and forces, in one plane.
Moments and couples, in one plane.
Centre of gravity, or mass-centre.
Transmission of pressure in liquids ; variation with depth of the pressure due to weight of liquids.
Specific gravity, and modes of determining it. Pressure of gases and laws relating thereto.
Atmospheric pressure.

## VI.-Other Sciences.

One of the four following, at the option of the candidate :-

1. -Chemistry.

The following elements, and their compounds as enumerated below ; their chief physical and chemical characters ; their preparation ; and their characteristic tests :-

Oxygen, hydrogen, carbon, nitrogen. Chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine. Sulphur, phosphorus, silicon.

[^4]Combining proportions by weight and by volume. General nature of acids, bases, and salts. Symbols and nomenclature.

The atmosphere-its constitution ; effects of animal and vegetable life upon its composition.
Combustion.-Structure and properties of flame. Nature and composition of ordinary fuel.
Water. -Chemical peculiarities of natural waters, such as rain-water river-water, spring-waier, sea-water.
Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Oxides and acids of nitrogen. Ammonia. Olefiant gas, marsh gas, sulphur dioxide, sulpheric acid, sulphuretted hydrogen.

Hydrocholoric acid. Phosphoric anhydride and common phosphoric acid.

## 2.- Heat and Light.

Heat.-Expansion of solids, liquids, and gases, accompanying rise of temperature. Laws relating thereto. Thermometry. Calorimetry. Specific heat. Liquefaction and solidification. Vaporization and condensation; ebullition ; properties of vapours, saturated or unsaturated. Latent heat.

Transmission of heat by conduction and convection.
Light.-Propagation of light in straight lines in uniform media. Velocity of light and modes of determining it. Intensity of light, its variation with distance. Shadows. Photometry. Reflection and refraction at plane or spherical surfaces. Formation of images by plane and spherical mirrors, and by simple lenses (excluding aberration). Decomposition of white light by a prism. The prismatic spectrum.

> 3.-Magnetism and Electricity.

Magnetism.-Simple experimental properties of magnets. Effect of a magnet on a neighbouring piece of soft iron or of hard steel. Terrestrial magnetism : behaviour of a declination needle and of a dipping needle at different parts of the earth's surface.

Electricity.-The two electrical states and their mu'ual relations. Attraction and repulsion. Conduction and insulation. Electrostatic induction. The common plate and cylinder electrical machines. Electrical condensers. Distribution of electricity upon conductors.

Current eiectricity. Common forms of battery. Ohm's law and its simple applications. Heating, chemical, and magnetic effects of electric currents.

Simple experimental methods of generating currents by relative motion of conductors and magnets.
Simple laws of magneto-electric induction.
4.-Botany.

The elementary facts in the morphology of the vegetative organs of the principal families in the British Flora. The pirts of the flower and their functions, with special reference to fertilization; fruits and seeds with their provisions for preservation and dispersion.

The elementary facts in the nutrition of the flowering plant.
The description of a flowering plant (whether in whole or in part) in technical language.
N.B.-Candidates are warned that Botany being partly practical, cannot be held in Ceylon.

The examination shall be conducted in the following order :-


## NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

$\mathrm{S}^{\mathrm{E}}$EALED Tenders will be received up to noon on Monday, February 3, 1896, from persons willing to contract for making and supplying the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government for 1896:-

## Calf skins

Coir matting, plain
Coir matting, twilled
Coir mat bags
Crude potash
Dishes, earthen, 10 in . to 24 in .
Grinding stones
Jugs, earthen
Malacca canes, 11 ft . to 13 ft .
Mats, hospital, 6 ft . by $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{ft}$. (halpan)
Mats, long, for cooling rice
Sulphuric acid
Straw, clean and dry
Cocoanut branches
Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

## Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fâil to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms-to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Store-keeper-and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.
.The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be acertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10:50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond,
The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.
All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.
The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.
W. J. Gorman,

Colonial Storekeeper.

CEALED Tenders will be received up to 12 noon on Monday, January 27, 1896, from persons willing to contract for making and supplying the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government for 1896 :-

Tiles, half-round Tiles, ridge

Bamboos
Cabook stones
Batalies
Posts, of sizes
2. Tenders shculd be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.
3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.
4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.
5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms-to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper-and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sareties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered, of which due notice will be given. No tender will be considered if the samples are not so deposited.
7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.
8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.
9. The Secur ty bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.
10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.
11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.
W. J. Gorman,

Colonial Store,
Colonial Storekeeper.
Colombo, January 6, 1896.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for (1) Erection of Public Works Department Clerks' quarters at Pallai ; (2) Erection of cooly lines, Parayanalankulam road ; (3) Erection of New General Hospital at Mannár," will be received at the office of the Director of Public Works up to noon on Monday, February 3, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the same.
2. The tenders are to be made in duplicate, separate for each work, on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Director of Public Works or the Provincial Engineer, Jaffna, and no tender will
be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form. The originals should be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Director of Public Works, and the duplicates direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both to be forwarded at the same time.
3. A deposit of Rs. 30 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish security in cash to value of 10 per cent. of amount of tender, or 20 per cent. in the case of certified title deeds, such deposits will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.
4. The deposit should be made at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and the receipt of the Treasurer or the Government Agent produced when applying for forms.
5. The necessary information in respect of plans, specifications, \&c., can be ascertained upon application at the office of the Director of Public Works or the Provincial Engineer, Jaffna.
6. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.
7. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contracts, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. The name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.
8. Any alterations made in the tender forms should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.
F. J. Pigott,
for Director of Public Works.
Public Works Department,
Colombo, January 15, 1896.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for Building Works, 1896 ," will be received up to noon on Monday, February 17, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services :-
(1) New store, recordroom, and workshop, Public Works Department, Batticaloa.
(2) Repairs of salt stóre, Batticaloa.
(3) Additions to Kalkuda resthouse
(4) A set of permanent cooly lines of ten moms, 7th mile, road from Trincomalee to Kituluttu.
2. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Director of Public Works and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General both being required to be forwarded at the same time.
3. The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Director of Public Works, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.
4. A deposit of Rs. 50 should be made either at the Treasuryor the Kachcheri, and the receipt of the Treasurer or the Government Agent produced when applying for forms. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signing the contract.
5. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract.
6. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information in respect of plans, specifications, \&c., can be ascertained upon application at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Batticaloa.
7. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.
8. Time required for the completion of the work should be stated in the tender.

* 9. Persons whose tenders are accopted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contracts, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, and when bonds have been drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers the name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

6. Any alterations made in the tender form should ear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders contain. ing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.
H. Ward
for Director of Public Works.
Public Works Department,
Colombo, January 23, 1896.

## SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

THE under-mentioned found and unclaimed articles will be sold by public auction at the Railway premises, Maradana, at 12 noon on Monday, February 3, 1896 :-

1 lot gunny bags
1 lot mats and mat bags
1 package bedding
1 bundle mattress
1 basket and one case empty bottles
1 lot earthenware vessels and one pumpkin shell
2 bundles hoop iron
4 bundles sticks and one pingo-stick
1 lot empty drums
10undle iron rods
A lot empty packing cases
2 brooms, one rope, one sunshade, and one piece bamboo
4 tin boxes
1 small case tea
1 toy box and one packet match boxes
1 parcel pictures, one picture frame, and one card frame
1 bat and one whip
1 pair binoculars
5 walking-sticks
10 do.
0 do.
10 do.
4 caps
5 caps
6 hats
4 hats
1 bottle medicine and one tin oil
2 bottles chemicals
1 tiffin basket, two tumblers, and two pairs cups and saucers
2 tin boxes containing clothes
1 case containing perfumery and chimneys
1 lot clothes
1 do.
1 lot coats, \&c.
1 lot handkerchiefs (21), one pillow, and one pillowcase
1 canvas bag, clothes
2 bags, clothes
1 package rugs and three blankets
5 shawls and one pillow
3 slates, one inkstand, and one packet books and paper
1 barrel nails
2 nets
1 case containing cut wood
1 case containing clothes and bottles
2 small boxes (empty)

1 case containing sundries
4 pairs shoes and one pair leggings
10 pairs sandles
13 do.
1 lot Tamil books
2 lances and two hatchets
1 lot brass plates.
1 pan, three basins, and one jug
1 lot knives, \&e.
1 lot carpenter's tools
1 hat in box
3 padlocks, one iron chain, two steel rings, and three pieces iron
2 folding chairs, one paper rack, one wall peg, and one foot stool
1 jar, one chimney, one lantern, one measure, and one funnel
1 bag cocoanuts
2 tins sardine and one tin cacao
1 phial scent and one tin powder
2 tobacco pouches and one cigar case
1 timepiece
3 tobacco pouches and one piece tobacco
9 pipes
3 fans and one pair gloves
1 brooch, one ring, one button, one hairpin, and one string beads
3 penknives
5 pairs spectacles
4 combs and one belt
18 large handkerchiefs
lady's overcoat
1 do.
1 waterproof coat
1 do.
1 do.
1 pair waterproof leggings
10 umbrellas
10 do.
10 do.
10 do.
10 do.
10 do.
1 hand bag
1 hand bag and leather case
1 basket sundries
1 lot collars, ties, \&c.
1 box and one parcel plumbago
W. T. Pearce

General Manager.
General Manager's Office,
Colombo, January 22, 1896.

Return of Cooly Immigrant Arrivals and Departures' at the Port of Colombo during the Week ended January 22, 1896.



[^0]:    * In 1897 the special period will be 1485-1559.
    $\dagger$ In 1897 the period will be 1580-1620. The subjects will be: The Merchant of Venice; King John ; Hamlet ; Milton II Penseroso ; L'Allegro ; Lycidas ; Comus; BaconEssays 1 30.

[^1]:    L.-Scholars may not be presented a second time for examination under the same standard unless they fail to pass in more than one of the first three heads. If they fail to pass in more than one of the three first heads they will be considered to have failed altogether, and no result payment can be claimed for them. three sets of - Copy-writiag is to be done on paper in the presence of the Inspector.
    4.-In Grammar, the order of subjects adopted in Mason's Grammar is to be followed.

[^2]:    1.-Scholars may not be presented a second time for examination under the same standard, unless they fail to pass in more than one of the first three heads. If they fail to pass in more than one of the three first heads they will be considered
    
    

[^3]:    * Persons who desire to pass the examination in order to be exempted from any preliminary examination for which the local examinations are accepted as a substitute or for any professional or business purpose can be admitted above the age of 18 , but they will neither be placed in the class list nor receive the usual certificate. The Syndicate will inform the General Medical Couneil or other authorities of the success of such students.

[^4]:    * Special stress is laid on accuracy in the answers to the grammar questions, and on the correct rendering of English into Latin.
    $\dagger$ The Greek subjects for 1897 will be $\int$ January, 1897, Xenophon, ©conomicus.
    $\ddagger$ Special stress is laid on acuracy in the answers to the questions in Greek Grammar
    § The Sanskrit subjects for 1897 will be-
    For January, 1897-Hitópadésa, Book IV.; Ramayâna, Book I., Cantos 5 to 16 ; Manu, Book IV., 1 to 127.
    For June, 1897-Pañchatantra, Book III. ; Mahâbhârata, Nala, Cantos 11 to 16. ; Manu, Book IV., 128 to 260.
    $\|$ Candidates desiring to be examined in either Sanscrit or Arabic must give at least four calendar months' notice to the Director of Public Instruction.

