



පාර්ලිමේන්තු විවාද

(හැන්සාඩ්)

නිල වාර්තාව



(අශෝධිත පිටපත)

අන්තර්ගත ප්‍රධාන කරුණු

මිනිස්බල උපයෝගිතා සහ පරිපූරක හමුදා පනත් කෙටුම්පත :
 ශ්‍රේෂ්ඨාධිකරණයේ නිරණය

විගණකාධිපතිවරයාගේ වාර්තාව

ප්‍රශ්නවලට වාචික පිළිතුරු

ශෝක ප්‍රකාශ :
 එම්. එල්. අනුමඩ් (පර්ම මානා)
 ඩී. ධර්මලංගම් මහතා
 ජී. එම්. ආලාලසුන්දරම් මහතා

පසුවස්නුවර ශ්‍රී දළදා නිමිති පෙරහැර සංවිධානය කිරීමේ කාරක සභාව
 (සංස්ථාගත කිරීමේ) පනත් කෙටුම්පත :
 සලකා බලා තත්වන වර කියවා සංශෝධනාකාරකයේ සම්මත කරන ලදී

නිවාස හා තරුර සංවර්ධන ආඥාපනත : යෝජනාව

පළාත් පාලන අතුරු ව්‍යවස්ථා

පරිපූරක මූදල :
 සුද්ධාසුධ හා උපකරණ මිලයට ගැනීම
 ජාතික රූපවාහිනී ව්‍යාපෘතිය පුළුල් කිරීම

කල් තැබීමේ යෝජනාව

ප්‍රශ්නවලට ලිඛිත පිළිතුරු



အင်းဝ နက္ခတ်ဇယား

(အင်းဝ)

အင်းဝ ဇယား

(အင်းဝ)

အင်းဝ ဇယား

အင်းဝ ဇယား

အင်းဝ ဇယား

பாராளுமன்ற விவாதங்கள்

(ஹன்சாட்)

அதிகார அறிக்கை

(பிழை திருத்தப்படாதது)

பிரதான உள்எடக்கம்

படையினர் ஆட்சேர்ப்பு குறைநிரப்புச் சட்டமூலம் : உயர் நீதிமன்றத் தீர்ப்பு விடமைப்பு நகரச் சீர்திருத்தக் கட்டளைச் சட்டம் : தீர்மானம்
கணக்காய்வாளர் தலைமையதிபதியினது அறிக்கை உள்எனராட்சி உப விதிகள்
வினாக்களுக்கு வாய்மூல விடைகள்
அனுதாபத் தீர்மானங்கள் : குறைநிரப்புத் தொகை :
ஜனாப் எம். எல். அஹமத் பரீத் ஆயுதங்கள், உபகரணங்கள் வாங்கல்
திரு. வி. தர்மலிங்கம் இலங்கையில் தொலைக்காட்சி ஒலிபரப்பு விரிவாக்கல்
திரு. ஏ. எம். ஆலாலசந்தரம்
பண்டுவஸ்நுவர ஸ்ரீ தலதா நிமிதி பெரஹரா ஒழுங்கு படுத்தற் குழு ஒத்திவைப்புப் பிரேரணை
(கூட்டிணைத்தல்) சட்டமூலம் :
பரிசீலிக்கப்பட்டு, மூன்றாம் முறை மதிப்பிடப்பட்டு, திருத்தப்பெற்ற வினாக்களுக்கு எழுத்துமூல விடைகள்
வாறு நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டது

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Tuesday
8th October 1985

PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES

(HANSARD)

OFFICIAL REPORT

(Uncorrected)

PRINCIPAL CONTENTS

MOBILISATION AND SUPPLEMENTARY FORCES BILL : DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT	HOUSING AND TOWN IMPROVEMENT ORDINANCE : RESOLUTION
AUDITOR-GENERAL'S REPORT	LOCAL GOVERNMENT BY-LAWS
ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS	SUPPLEMENTARY SUPPLY : Purchase of Arms and Equipment Expansion of Television Broadcasting in Sri Lanka - Debate adjourned
VOTES OF CONDOLENCE : Mr. M. L. Ahamed Fareeth Mr. V. Dharmalingam Mr. A. M. Alaalasunderam	ADJOURNMENT MOTION
PANDUWASNUWARA SRI DALADA NIMITHI PERAHERA ORGANIZING COMMITTEE (INCORPORATION) BILL : Considered, read the Third time, and passed as amended	WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

ලිපි ලේඛනාදිය පිළිගැනවීම
සාමාජිකයින්ගේ පත්පිටිපත්
PAPERS PRESENTED

- (1) Annual Report and Accounts of the Building Materials Corporation for 1982.
- (2) A set of By-laws made under sections 267 and 272 of the Municipal Councils Ordinance.- (Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways and Minister of Emergency Civil Administration).

Annual Report and Account of the State Pharmaceuticals Corporation of Sri Lanka for 1983.- (Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Health).

- (1) Annual Report of the Sri Lanka State Trading (General) Corporation for 1983.
- (2) Regulations made under sections 4 (3), 14 and 20 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act No. 1 of 1969.
- (3) Annual Report of the Board of Directors and the Statement of Accounts of the Sri Lanka State Trading (Tractor) Corporation for 1983.- (Mr. M. S. Amarasinghe).

I Report of the Auditor-General of the Accounts of the Employees' Provident Fund for the year ended December 31, 1981.- (Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Labour).

- (1) Annual Report of the Rubber Research Board for 1983.
- (2) Supplementary Estimate No. 10 of 1985.- (Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Public Administration and Minister of Plantation Industries).

(1) Order made under section 4 (1) of the Food control Act (Chapter 171).

- (2) Annual Report of the National Agricultural Diversification and Settlement Authority for 1981.- (Mr. Gamini Jayasuriya).

Supplementary Estimate No. 11 of 1985.- (Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Lands and Land Development and Minister of Mahaweli Development).

Report of the Competent Authority of the Government owned Business Undertaking formerly of Libra Industries Ltd. for the financial years 1976 to 1978.- (Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Textile Industries).

සහායකයා මත නිවැරදි සඳහාම නියෝග කරන ලදී.
 පහතපිටිපිටි මත පිටිපිටි කළ යුතුය.
 Ordered to lie upon the Table.

පෙත්සම්
මහලුපිටිපිටි
PETITIONS

නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමා
 (பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
 (Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Hon. Member for Badulla. [Pause]. Not here.

දිනේෂ් ගුණවර්ධන මහතා (මහරගම)
(திரு. தினேஷ் குணவர்த்தன — மஹரகம)
(Mr. Dinesh Gunawardene-Maharagama)

කොළඹ 5, හැවිලොක් වවුන්හි අංක 37/1 ඒ හි පදිංචි ඡේරීන් ප්‍රකාන්ද මහත්මියගෙන් ලැබුණු පෙත්සමක් මම ඉදිරිපත් කරමි.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (අත්තනගල්ල)
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி — அத்தனகல்ல)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody-Attanagalla)

අගලවත්තේ, වෙයන්ගල්ල "සයික" හි පදිංචි එම්. ඉසෙඩී. එම්. අත්වර මුහුණතෙන් ලැබුණු පෙත්සමක් මම ඉදිරිපත් කරමි.

ආචාර්ය ධම්මලී. දහනායක මහතා (ගාල්ල)
(கலாநிதி டபிள்யூ. தஹநாயக்க — காலி)
(Dr. W. Dahanayake-Galle)

ගාල්ලේ, මලියස්සේ පදිංචි එම්. කේ. පොඩ්දප්පුහම් මහතාගෙන් ලැබුණු පෙත්සමක් මම ඉදිරිපත් කරමි.

ඒ සමගම ඉහළ නීතිය, පිත්තගෙදරවත්තේ පදිංචි බී. ඩී. විමලසේන මහතාගෙන් ලැබුණු පෙත්සමක් ද මම ඉදිරිපත් කරමි.

සරත් මුත්තේට්ටුවෙගම මහතා (කලවාන)
(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம — கலவான)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama-Kalawana)

රත්නපුර හරහා දුම්බර-මාතානෙහි කුටිකන්දේ පදිංචි ඒ. ආර්. ජේමරත්න මහතාගෙන් ලැබුණු පෙත්සමක් මම ඉදිරිපත් කරමි.

ඒ සමගම ඇඹිලිපිටියේ, මහගම කොළඹයේ ලොව අංක 175 හි පදිංචි කේ. කේ. වන්දසේන මහතාගෙන් ලැබුණු පෙත්සමක් ද මම ඉදිරිපත් කරමි.

ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද පෙත්සම් මගපත් පෙත්සම් කාරක සභාවට පැවරිය යුතු යයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

සාමාජිකයින්ගේ පත්පිටිපිටි පොත් මහලුපිටිපිටි පිටිපිටි කළ යුතුය.
 Petitions ordered to be referred to the Public Petitions Committee.

ප්‍රශ්නවලට වාචික පිළිතුරු
வினாக்களுக்கு வாய்மூல விடைகள்
ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

368/85

එම්. හේමචන්ද්‍ර පෙරේරා මහතා : වන්දි
 திரு. எச். ஹேமச்சந்திர பெரேரா : நட்பு

MR. H. HEMACHANDRA PERERA: COMPENSATION

3. **දිනේෂ් ගුණවර්ධන මහතා (මහරගම)**
(திரு. தினேஷ் குணவர்த்தன — மஹரகம)
(Mr. Dinesh Gunawardene-Maharagama)

ඉඩම් හා ඉඩම් සංවර්ධන ඇමතිතුමා සහ මහවැලි සංවර්ධන ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය :

(අ) දේපොලක් අත්පත් කර ගනු ලැබූ විට වන්දි මුදල් ගෙවනුයේ ඉඩම් අත්කර ගැනීමේ පනතේ 7 වන වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාර නිකුත් කරනු ලබන නිවේදනයේ දිනයේ පවත්නා වෙළඳපොල මිල අනුවද ?

(ආ) බස්නාහිර පළාතේ කොළඹ දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ කොලොන්නාව ප්‍රාදේශීය ආදේශම් නිලධාරී කොට්ඨාසයේ වෙහෙරගොඩ ගමේ කො. 5393 දරන බෙදුම් පිඹුණේ වරපතම් අංක 6/7 දරන ඉඩමේ අංක 3 දරන බිම් කැබැල්ල සම්බන්ධයෙන් එවැනි නිවේදනයක් ප්‍රසිද්ධ කරනු ලැබුවේ කවිද ?

(ඇ) වීරගොඩැල්ල පාරේ වරපතම් අංක 6/7 දරන, ප්‍රමාණයෙන් රු.ඩි 3, පර්චස් 20 ක් වූ නණ බිමක් වන අංක 3 දරන බිම් කැබැල්ලේ අයිතිකරු වන වැල්ලම්පිටියේ අවිසයවේල්ල පාරේ කො. 47 පදිංචි එම්. හේමචන්ද්‍ර පෙරේරා මහතාට කෙඳිතක හෝ පර්චස් එකකට රු. 3,500 බැගින් වන්දි මුදලක් ගෙවීමට සූදනම් බව කියා සිටියේද ? (1983.01.23 වැනි දින අංක 125 දරන ආණ්ඩුවේ ගැසට් පත්‍රයේ අංක ATH 15/3 හා බැඳේ ?

(ඈ) මේ වන්දි මුදල ගෙවනු ලැබුවේද ?

(ඉ) නොගෙවීම් නම්, ඒ මන්ද ?

காணி, காணி அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சரும் மகாவலி அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சரு
மானவரைக் கேட்ட வினா :

- (அ) காணியொன்று சலுகரிக்கப்படும்போது காணிகொள்ளல் சட்டத்
தின் 7 ஆம் பிரிவின்கீழ் நட்பு அறிவித்தல் தேதியிலுள்ள
வாரான சந்தைப் பெறுமதியின்படியா செலுத்தப்படுகின்றது ?
- (ஆ) மேற்கு மாகாணம், கொழும்பு மாவட்டத்தில் கொலன்னுவ
காரியாதிகாரி பிரிவில் வெறொகொட கிராமத்தில் வரிமதிப்
பீட்டு இல. 6/7 (P.P. Co. 5393 இன்) கொண்ட காணியின்
காணித்துண்டு 3 தொடர்பில் அத்தகைய அறிவித்தல் பிரசுரிக்க
கப்பட்டதா ?
- (இ) 47, அவிசாவீள ரோட், வெல்லம்பிட்டிய எனும் முகவரியைக்
கொண்டவரும், வெறொகொடல் ரோட்டில் வரிமதிப்பீட்டு இல.
6/7 ஐக் கொண்டதும் 3 ரூட் 20 பேர்ச்சஸ் பரப்பளவு
கொண்டதுமான புற்றரையான காணித்துண்டு இல. 3 இன்
உரிமையாளருமான திரு. எச். ஹேமச்சந்திர பெரேரா
என்பவருக்கு எப்போதாவதும் பேர்ச் ஒன்றுக்கு ரூபா 3,500
நட்பு செலுத்த முன்வந்தனரா ? (தொடர்பு இல. ATH
15/3—23.1.1983 ஆம் தேதிய அரசாங்க வர்த்தமானி
இல. 125)
- (ஈ) இந்த நட்பு வழங்கப்பட்டதா ?
- (உ) இன்றேல், ஏன் ?

asked the Minister of Lands and Land Development
and Minister of Mahaweli Development :

- (a) When a property is acquired, is compensation
paid on the market value as at the date of the
notice under Section 7 of the Land Acquisition
Act ?
- (b) When was such notice published in respect of Lot
3 of the Land bearing assessment No. 6/7 in P.P.
Co. 5393 of Weheragoda Village in the
Kolonnawa D.R.O. Division of the Colombo
District, W.P.?
- (c) Was Mr. H. Hemachandra Perera of 47,
Avisawella Road, Wellampitiya, the claimant of
Lot No. 3, bearing assessment No. 6/7,
Weragodella Road, a grass field of 3 Roods, 20
Perches in extent, offered compensation in a sum
of Rs. 3,500 per perch at any time. (Ref. No.
ATH 15/3 of Government Gazette No. 125 of
23.01.1983).
- (d) Was this compensation paid ?
- (e) If not, why ?

பதி. பின்னல் பைரேரா மஹன
(திரு. எம். வினச்சன் பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I answer on behalf of the Hon. Minister of Lands and
Land Development and Minister of Mahaweli
Development.

- (a) Yes, except on occasions where legal provisions
are made to compute compensation payable
otherwise.
- (b) 23.01.81.
- (c) No. The Acquiring Officer has made an award of
Rs. 490,000 for Lot No. 3.

(d) No.

(e) The Acquiring Officer has made this award
contrary to the existing legal provisions. When
determining the compensation payable for this
acquisition the provisions of Section 4 (2) of the
Sri Lanka Land Reclamation and Development
Act and not the date of the publication of the
notice under Section 7 are applicable.
Accordingly the compensation payable is Rs.
76,600. Although the Land Reclamation &
Development Corporation has deposited this
amount with the Acquiring Officer, Mr. H.
Hemachandra Perera has not accepted this.

1980 சூலி வுடி வர்சகைத் : துவை டேவெகெசி பிசிபிவி
வேலையிறுத்தம், ஜூலை 1980 : மீண்டும் சேவையிலமர்த்தல்
JULY 1980 STRIKERS : REINSTATEMENT

408/85

4. டர்ன் இன்வெடிவீலெம மஹன (கலுவலர்)

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம — கலவான)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama-Kalawana)

ஈழாமைத்துவம், பஞ்சம் பாலம், திவட தா ஓடீகீரீ மூலகிவூலா, மஹார
மூலகிவூலா டத டீடி டப்டல மஹன பர்சாலம் மூலகிவூலாடுதல் டீடி
புரீகை :

- (அ) 1980 சூலி வுடி வர்சகை டதஹிவிவி திவா டகீயாவி டகிவி கர்ன
பூபிவல் டதெவ்வல ருத டேவா வாதீய டதீகி டதீலேகை விடீ
ருதாதர் கதீகர் டதீயா வத கர்ன டீ டக 1003 டர்ச
பூலீல டதெவ்வல, தன் டதீயா டகானீபிவல் கர்ன
டீ கர், டீ விவூல பிபிவூல வடகை பகி வுடி வர்சகை
டேவா ததீகி டிவி வல, ஓகீர் வர்சக பர்ச பூர்சலபி
மூலகிவூல பர்ச டேவெகெசி பிசிபிவி கடுக கர்னெ டத வல,
டகானீபிவல் டதவா டத மூலகி வல பூலா டதவா ?
- (ஆ) தத டதீயா டகானீபிவல் டதெவ்வல கை 1980 சூலி வுடி வர்சகை
டதஹிவிவி திவா டகீயா டகிவி டிவி டேவக பர்சகை தத டத
மூலகி டர்ச ததவூல பூலா டதகை கர்னவா ?
- (ஆ) ருத பர்சாலம் தா வுலி கர்மாத டதீயா டகானீபிவல் டதெவ்வல
கை வுடி வர்சகை டதஹிவிவி திவா டகீயா டகிவி டிவி டிவல
வர்சகை 1985 சூலி 02 டீ டதெவ்வல பிசிபிவி பத
மூலகிவூல பிவல டத மூலகி பர்ச, பூலாடுதல் டதீயா டகானீபிவல் டத
டிவல வுடி வர்சகைத் துவை டேவெகெசி பிசிபிவி பூலா பிவல
ததெவ்வல ?
- (ஆ) பதெவ்வல பீ கடுக டிடுக ?
- (ஆ) தை பதெவ்வல பீ மதடு ?

பிரதம் அமைச்சரும் உள்நாட்டி, வீடமைப்பு, நிர்மாண அமைச்சரும்,
பெருவீதிகள் அமைச்சரும், அவசரகால சிவில் நிர்வாக அமைச்சருமான
வரைக் கேட்ட வினா :

- (அ) 1980, ஜூலை வேலை நிறுத்தத்தில் கலந்து கொண்டமையினால்
வேலையிறுத்தவர்கள் தொடர்பாக அரசாங்க சேவைத் தொழிற்
சங்க சம்மேளனத்தினால் சர்வதேச தொழில் ஸ்தாபனத்திடம்
சமர்ப்பித்த 1003 ஆம் இலக்க முறைப்பாடு பற்றி, இத்தாபனம்
அரசாங்கத்திடம் கோரிய விபரங்களுக்குப் பதிலளிக்கையில்,
இவ்வேலை நிறுத்தக்காரர்கள் சேவைக்குச் சேர்த்துக் கொள்ளப்
படுவதாகவும், எஞ்சியுள்ளவர்களை வெற்றிடம் ஏற்படும்போது
சேவையிலமர்த்த நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கப்படுவதாகவும் இலங்கை
அரசாங்கம் அறிவித்துள்ளதென்பதை அவர் அறிவாரா ?

- (ஆ) (i) 28.2.85 ஆம் தேதி நியாகம குடியேற்றத்திட்ட உத்தியோகத்தரால், பொலிசாரின் ஒத்துழைப்புடனும் மேற்கூறிய காணி, அரசாங்க அதிபரின் பணிப்பின் பேரில் திருமதி மங்கலிகா குணவர்தனாவுக்கு ஆட்சியுரிமை வழங்கப்பட்டுள்ளதென்பதையும் ;
- (ii) அக்கையளிப்பின்போது திரு. பி. ஜி. தர்மசேனாவால் பயிர் செய்யப்பட்டிருந்த தேயிலை, தெங்கு உட்பட மற்றும் பயிர்கள் அனைத்தும் இவருக்கு கையளிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளதென்பதையும் அவர் அறிவாரா ?
- (இ) இந் நியாயமற்ற செயல்பற்றி காலி அரசாங்க அதிபர் அலுவலகத்திற்குப் பலமுறை திரு. தர்மசேன முறையிட்டுள்ள போதிலும், இதுவரை அது சம்பந்தமாக எவ்வித விசாரணையும் நடத்தப்படவில்லையென்பதுடன், இதனால் திரு. தர்மசேனாவிற்குப் பெரும் அநீதி விளைவிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளதென்பதையும் அவர் அறிவாரா ?
- (ஈ) இத்தவறான காணிக் கையளிப்பை மாற்றி மீண்டும் விசாரணை யொன்றை நடத்தவும், திரு. தர்மசேனாவிற்கு மீண்டும் இக்காணியைக் கையளிக்கவும், அவசிய நடவடிக்கைகளைமேற்கொள்ளுவாரா ?
- (உ) இன்றேல், ஏன் ?

asked the Minister of Lands and Land Development and Minister of Mahaweli Development :

- (a) Is he aware—
 - (i) that one B. G. Dharmasena is settled in the land called “Waththegoda Kele” in Katuketiya within the Porowagama G.S. Division in the Niyagama A.G.A. Division of Bentara Walallawita Korale, since 1972, and
 - (ii) that this land has been vested with one Mangalika Gunawardane of Porowagama by the G.A. Galle by letter No. ஓடி/5/கி/184 of 30.1.85 ?
- (b) Is he aware—
 - (i) that the Colonisation Officer of Niyagama, with the assistance of the Pitigala Police, had handed over possession of the above mentioned land on 28.2.85, to Mrs. Mangalika Gunawardane, on the orders of the Government Agent, and
 - (ii) that the coconuts and other crops cultivated by Mr. B. G. Dharmasena have also been vested with her along with the vesting of the land ?
- (c) Is he aware that although Mr. Dharmasena had made several complaints to the G.A.'s Office, Galle about this injustice, no inquiry had hitherto been held in this regard, and that Mr. Dharmasena is severely affected as a result ?
- (d) Will he make necessary arrangements to hold another inquiry about this wrongful vesting of land, and to re-vest the house with Mr. Dharmasena ?
- (e) If not, why ?

එම්. චින්සන්ටි පෙරේරා මහතා
(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Minister of Lands and Land Development, Sir, may I table the answer ?

ಶಿವೇಶ್ವರ කටානායකතුමා
(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Yes, you can table the answer.

*කතෘමය මත තමන් ලද පිළිතුර :
சபாநீதிநிலை வைக்கப்பட்ட வினா:
Answer tabled:

- (a) (i) Yes. This is a land given to the mother-in-law of Mr. P. G. Dharmasena under the Land Development Ordinance.
- (ii) No.
- (b) (i) No.
- (ii) Does not arise.
- (c) No. An inquiry has been held into the complaint made about the land adjoining the land in question by Mr. Dharmasena and Mrs. Mangalika Gunawardane to the G.A., Galle.
- (d) Does not arise.
- (e) Does not arise.

ශ්‍රී ජී. චාර්ලිස් මහතා : පාර්ලිමේන්තුව

திரு. யூ. ஜி. சார்லிஸ் : பணிக்கொடை

MR. U. G. CHARLIS : GRATUITY

421/85

5. லக்ஷ்மன் சமசோதி மஹா (ரீலிவ் பதிரகன் மஹா - டிபன்ஷன் - வேலுவை)

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி - திரு. ரிச்சட் பத்திரன் - அக்மீமன் - சார்பாக)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody—on behalf of Mr. Richard Pathirana—Akmeemana)

අග්‍රාමාත්‍යතුමා, පලාත් පාලන නිවාස හා ඉදිකිරීම් ඇමතිතුමා, මහාමාර්ග ඇමතිතුමා සහ හදිසි අවස්ථා මහජන පරිපාලන ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය :

- (අ) ඉඩම් ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණ කොමිසම යටතේ පාලනය වූ බද්දේගම වැවේතොඩ වතුයායේ සේවය කළ යූ. ජී. චාර්ලිස් මහතාට හිමි විය යුතු පාර්ලිමේන්තු මුදල වශයෙන් රු. 3,770.97 ක් හාල්ල සහකාර කමිකරු කොමසාරිස් තුමා වෙත තැන්පත් කරන ලෙස කමිකරු කොමසාරිස්තුමා අංක: ඩබ් 105/1467 (751) හා 1984.09.04 දින දරණ ලිපියෙන් කමිකරු කොමසාරිස්තුමා විසින් ඉහත කී ඉඩම් ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණ කොමිෂන් සභාවේ තත්සේරු හා වන්දි කටයුතු හාර අධ්‍යක්ෂවරයාට නියෝග කර ඇති බව එතුමා දන්වනවා ?
- (ආ) ඉන් පසු 1984.11.09 සහ 1985.02.19 දිනවල කමිකරු කොමසාරිස් විසින් ඉහත කී අංකය යටතේ සිහි කැඳවීම් 2 ක් ඉඩම් ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණ කොමිෂමේ උක්ත අධ්‍යක්ෂවරයාට යවා ඇති බව එතුමා දන්වනවා ?
- (ඇ) වසර 35 ක් පමණ කාලයක් තිස්සේ එකී වතුයායේ සේවය කළ යූ. ජී. චාර්ලිස් මහතාට හිමි විය යුතු එහෙත් මෙතෙක් නොලැබී ඇති පාර්ලිමේන්තු මුදලට එතුමා පියවර ගන්නවා ?
- (ඈ) තොප්පේ කමි. ඊ මන්ද ?

பிரதம அமைச்சரும் உள்நூராட்சி, வீடமைப்பு, நிர்மாண அமைச்சரும், பெருவீதிகள் அமைச்சரும் அவசரகால சிவில் நிர்வாக அமைச்சருமான வரைக் கேட்ட வினா :

(அ) காணிச் சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழுவின் கீழ் நிருவகிக்கப்பெற்ற பத்தேகம வெவோகொட தோட்டத்தில் சேவைசெய்த திரு. யூ. ஜி. சார்லிஸ் என்பவருக்குரிய ரூபா 3,770.97 பணிக்கொடைப்

- (இ) இவ்விற்பனை நிலரெனக் காணிச் சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழுவினால் கைவிடப்பட்டதா?
- (ஈ) ஆமெனில், ஏன்?
- (உ) இவ்விற்பனையை மத்துக முன்னாள் பாராளுமன்றப் பிரதிநிதியும் மாவட்ட அமைச்சரும் அங்கீகரித்திருப்பதால் மேற்கூறிய காணியை (அ) இல் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டுள்ள மூலருக்கும் விற்பனைசெய்ய அவர் நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பாரா?
- (ஊ) இன்றேல், ஏன்?

asked the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways and Minister of Emergency Civil Administration :

- (a) Subsequent to a decision taken to sell three half acre blocks from the land called Kirimetiya Kurunduwatta belonging to the St. George Estate located in the Matugama Electorate and owned by the Land Reforms Commission to Messers Dharmadasa Munasinghe, G. Weerapperuma and A. G. Gunasena, did the Deputy Director Land Alienations give permission to get the land Surveyed by a private Surveyor, vide his letter No. 15/4/2/543 of 26.11.1984?
- (b) Have these three persons got the land surveyed accordingly by a Surveyor named E. D. G. K. Premaratne with the allotments marked as Lots No. 1, 2 and 3 in his plan No. 2372?
- (c) Has the Land Reforms Commission suddenly changed the decision to sell the land?
- (d) If so why?
- (e) As the former Member of Parliament for Matugama and even the District Minister has approved this sale, will he take action to sell this land to the three persons mentioned in paragraph (a) above?
- (f) If not why?

பி. வினசெர் பெரேரா
(திரு. எம். வினசெர் பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I table the Answer on behalf of the Hon. Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction, and Minister of Highways, and Minister of Emergency Civil Administration.

*கனம் பேரவைத் தலைவர் அவர்களின் பதிலளிப்பு:
The Answer tabled is as follows :

- (a) Yes.
- (b) Yes.
- (c) Yes.
- (d) M.P. for Matugama, Mr. Anil Moonasinghe has made representations to the Land Reform Commission trying the Land Reforms Commission to stop alienating this land to any

individuals as this is required for public purposes including a housing programme. He has further mentioned that he is formulating a programme for it.

- (e) No.
- (f) For the reasons given under (d) above.

பி. சிரிபால மஹா : மஹாநாயகர் அவர்கள்

திரு. ஏ. சிறிபால : உதவிப் பணம்

MR. A. SIRIPALA : CHARITABLE ALLOWANCE

438/85

12. லக்ஷ்மன் சாமையா மஹா (ரீபி பதிர்சன் மஹா - அகமீமன - வேலூர்)

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி - திரு. நிச்சட் பத்திராஜ - அகமீமன - சார்பாக)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody - on behalf of Mr. Richard Pathirana - Akmeemana)

மஹா சேவகன் அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட வினா :

- (அ) அகமீமன நேர்த்திருத்தத்தில் போப்பே-போத்தல உதவி அரங்க அபிவிருத்தி, கப்பலகட்டுப்பாட்டு கிராமசேவகர் வட்டாரத்தில் அகமீமன, கப்பலகட்டுப்பாட்டு, அம்பலகந்தையில் வசிக்கும் திரு. அலகேன்செனாவுக்கு 1.5.1973 ஆம் தேதி முதல் 23969 ஆம் இலக்கத்தின் கீழ் மாதாந்த உதவிப்பணம் கிடைத்ததென்பதையும், 10.1.1984 ஆம் தேதிக்குப் பின்னர் இக்கொடுப்பணவு நிறுத்தப்பட்டுள்ளதென்பதையும் அவர் அறிவாரா?
- (ஆ) ஐந்து பிள்ளைகளுக்குத் தந்தையான இவரது இடது கை முழங்கைக்கு கீழே வெட்டி அப்புறப்படுத்தப்பட்டமையின் காரணமாக தொழிலெதுவும் செய்யமுடியாமலிருப்பதனால் மாதாந்த உதவிப் பணத்தை மீண்டும் இவருக்குப் பெற்றுத்தர அவர் நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பாரா?
- (இ) இன்றேல், ஏன்?

சமூக சேவகன் அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட வினா :

- (அ) அகமீமன நேர்த்திருத்தத்தில் போப்பே-போத்தல உதவி அரங்க அபிவிருத்தி, கப்பலகட்டுப்பாட்டு கிராமசேவகர் வட்டாரத்தில் அகமீமன, கப்பலகட்டுப்பாட்டு, அம்பலகந்தையில் வசிக்கும் திரு. அலகேன்செனாவுக்கு 1.5.1973 ஆம் தேதி முதல் 23969 ஆம் இலக்கத்தின் கீழ் மாதாந்த உதவிப்பணம் கிடைத்ததென்பதையும், 10.1.1984 ஆம் தேதிக்குப் பின்னர் இக்கொடுப்பணவு நிறுத்தப்பட்டுள்ளதென்பதையும் அவர் அறிவாரா?

- (ஆ) ஐந்து பிள்ளைகளுக்குத் தந்தையான இவரது இடது கை முழங்கைக்கு கீழே வெட்டி அப்புறப்படுத்தப்பட்டமையின் காரணமாக தொழிலெதுவும் செய்யமுடியாமலிருப்பதனால் மாதாந்த உதவிப் பணத்தை மீண்டும் இவருக்குப் பெற்றுத்தர அவர் நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பாரா?

(இ) இன்றேல், ஏன்?

asked the Minister of Social Services :

- (a) Is he aware that Mr. Alahengodage Siripala of Ambalamakanda, Kapuhempala, Akmeemana, in the Kapuhempala Grama Sevaka Division of the Bope-Poddala A. G. A. Division in the Akmeemana Electorate, used to be paid a monthly charity allowance, under Subject Number 23969 from 1.5.1973, and that this payment has been stopped from 10.1.1984?

- (b) Will he take action to pay him this charity allowance once again, as he is a father of five children and is unable to do a job as his left hand is amputated at the elbow?

(c) If not, why?

එන්. එච්. ඒ. එම්. කරුණාරත්න මහතා (සමාජ සේවා ඇමතිතුමා)
(திரு. என். எச். ஏ. எம். கருணாரத்ன — சமூக சேவைகள் அமைச்சர்)
(Mr. N. H. A. M. Karunaratne—Minister of Social Services)

(a) Yes.

(b) No.

(c) On inquiries made it was found that Mr. Alahangoda Siripala and his wife are engaged in casual employment and earn at least Rs.800.00 per month. Hence it is not possible to restore the monthly charitable allowance paid to him earlier.

ශෝක ප්‍රකාශය : එම්. එල්. අහමේදි ෆරීත් මහතා
அனுதாபத் தீர்மானம் : ஜனப் எம். எல். அஹமத் பரீத்

VOTE OF CONDOLENCE : MR. M. L. AHAMED
FAREETH

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා (පාර්ලිමේන්තු කටයුතු හා ක්‍රීඩා
ඇමතිතුමා සහ ආණ්ඩු පාර්ශ්වයේ ප්‍රධාන සාධකයකුතුමා)

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா — பாராளுமன்ற அலுவலர்கள்,
விளையாட்டுத்துறை அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக் கொறடாவும்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera—Minister of Parliamentary Affairs &
Sports and Chief Government Whip)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I rise today with profound sorrow to move a Vote of Condolence on the untimely death of our Parliamentary colleague, Mr. Meera Lebbe Ahamed Fareeth, 2nd Member of Parliament for Batticaloa.

The late Mr. Ahamed Fareeth, who was ailing for about a year passed away in Batticaloa on the 10th of September 1985. He was only 45 years of age at the time of his death.

Mr. Ahamed Fareeth hailed from a much respected family of Eravur. He was the son of late Muhandram Meeralebbble who was a well-known snake-bite specialist of the area. His father also served as the Chairman of the Eravur Town Council for a long period.

Mr. Ahamed Fareeth received his education at Methodist Central College, Batticaloa, and Zahira College, Colombo. Thereafter he proceeded to India to study medicine. He entered the Calcutta Homoeopathic Medical College where he followed the D.M.S. course and passed the final examination with distinctions in surgery, midwifery and gynaecology. While a medical student he participated in an oratorical contest which was held on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee Celebrations of the All-India Homoeopathic Congress. He was placed first in this contest which was held on an All-India basis.

The late Mr. Ahamed Fareeth rendered valuable service to the people of the area as a medical practitioner. Following in the footsteps of his late

father, he took to local politics and was elected Chairman of the Eravur Town Council in 1964. In the following year he was elected Vice-President of the All-Ceylon Town Council's Association. At the General Election of 1965 he led the United National Party election campaign in Batticaloa.

He contested the Batticaloa Seat at the General Election of July 1977 as the candidate of the United National Party and was returned as 2nd M.P. for Batticaloa by a comfortable majority. In April 1983 he was appointed Deputy Minister of Rural Development. In May 1979 he was a member of a Parliamentary delegation which visited Indonesia. He also visited Iraq along with other Parliamentarians in 1982.

Mr. Ahamed Fareeth took a keen interest in setting up five model villages in the Batticaloa Electorate under the Village Re-awakening Movement of the Hon. Prime Minister. He was instrumental in establishing the Saddam Hussein Model Village in Eravur consisting of 100 houses which was funded by the Iraqi Government.

The welfare of the Muslim community was very dear to his heart and he made a genuine effort in his career to promote and foster harmony among all communities. He functioned as the Batticaloa District organiser of the All-Ceylon Union of the Muslim League Youth Fronts and was elected the founder first Vice-President of this organization in 1982. He served as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Meera Mosque, Mohideen Mosque and Kaddupalli Mosque. He also took the initiative in establishing a mosque in Eravur modelled on the famous Saint Mohinudeen Abdul Qadir Jailani Mosque in Baghdad.

Mr. Ahamed Fareeth was a popular figure in the Eastern Province. He was an amiable and simple man who served the humble folk of the area with courage and education, both as a physician and a politician.

The death of Mr. M. L. Ahamed Fareeth, our dear Parliamentary colleague, is an irreparable loss to the people of Batticaloa in particular and to the country in general.

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I propose that the condolence of this House be conveyed to the Members of the bereaved family.

එම්. හලීම් ඉෂාක් මහතා (මැද කොළඹ තුන්වන)
(ஜனப் எம். ஹலீம் இலாக் — கொழும்பு மத்தி மூன்றாம் அங்கத்தவர்)
(Mr. M. Haleem Ishak—Third Colombo Central)

On behalf of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party, I wish to associate myself with the Vote of Condolence moved by the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs and Sports on the death of Dr. Meera Ahamed Fareeth Lebbe, MP and Deputy Minister of Rural Development.

Dr. Meera Lebbe Ahamed Fareeth was known to me from the time I entered Parliament. He was a parliamentarian who always thought of serving his people honestly. Whatever he undertook in his duties he was conscious of the fact that he was the elected representative of the people and was perfectly honest where his duties towards his constituents were concerned. During his period of service as a parliamentarian Dr. Ahamed Fareeth had done yeoman service to the people of Batticaloa in particular and in general to the Eastern Province. He negotiated with the Iraqi Government through the Ambassador at that time and was able to get a large sum of money to open a housing scheme for the poor people of the Eastern Province. He is to be very proud of it if I remember right he named that housing scheme as Saddam Hussein Nagar.

Dr. Ahamed Fareeth in his capacity as a local government politician also served the people very honestly. He was more concerned about the development of that electorate than pride and position for himself.

Dr. Ahamed Fareeth during his lifetime had been practising medicine. I am informed that he had treated most of his patients without any payment and for the sake of serving the people of those areas. Even at the last stages of his career as a parliamentarian he was quite sick. If we all remember he used to come to this House in a wheel chair. During the ethnic troubles in the Eastern Province, especially Eravur and Batticaloa, he was very concerned in seeing that some settlement was arrived at and he was very concerned about the incidents that happened in his electorate. During that time, though he was quite sick, he used to be at the telephone and call various people in Colombo to get assistance for the people of that area. Once it so happened that he was unable to get certain departments in Colombo. He telephoned me and requested me to speak to those people and get some relief for the people of Batticaloa.

Dr. Ahamed Fareeth's death is not only a loss to the people of Batticaloa, but for the entire country as we will want many more honest and sincere politicians in the calibre of Dr. Ahamed Fareeth.

එච්. ජී. පී. නෙල්සන් මහතා (ත්‍රිකුණාමලය දිසා ඇමතිතුමා)
 (திரு. எச். ஜி. பி. நெல்சன் — திருகோணமலை மாவட்ட அமைச்சர்)
 (Mr. H. G. P. Nelson-District Minister, Trincomalee)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, අහමඩ් ෆරීත් මීරා ලෙබ්බේ මහත්මාගේ අභාවය පිළිබඳව ශෝකය පළ කරන මේ අවස්ථාවේදී, පොලොන්නරුවේ මහජන මන්ත්‍රීවරයා වශයෙන් ශෝකය පළ කිරීම මගේ යුතුකමක් හැටියට මා සලකමි. ෆරීත් මීරා ලෙබ්බේ මහත්මා මගේ හොඳ මිත්‍රයෙකි. එතුමා නියෝජනය කළේ මට කිට්ටුම යාබද ආසනයයි. පොලොන්නරුව මැතිවරණ කොට්ඨාශයේ ඉඳලා හැතැප්ම 30කට ඈත ගමකයි එතුමා ජන්ම ලාභය ලැබුවේ. ඈත්ත වශයෙන්ම මම පුද්ගලිකව දන්තවා. එතුමා 1977දී දේශපාලන පීඨයට පැමිණිලා මඩකලපුව දෙවැනි මන්ත්‍රීවරයා වශයෙන්.

මුස්ලිම් ජනතාවට පමණක් නොවෙයි, සෑම ජන කොටසකටම ඉතාමත් හොඳ සේවයක් කළ මන්ත්‍රීවරයෙක් බව. එපමණක් නොවෙයි, පොලොන්නරුවේ මුස්ලිම් ජනතාව ජීවත් වන ගම්මානවලටත් පැමිණිලා, ඒ අයගේ ප්‍රශ්න ගැන මා සමඟ සාකච්ඡා කරලා, ඔවුන් වෙනුවෙන් සැහෙන වැඩ කොටසක් කලා. 1977 මැතිවරණ සමයේදී එතුමා මගේ මැතිවරණ කටයුතු සඳහා ඉතාමත් උනන්දුවෙන් කටයුතු කළේ එතුමාගේ කොට්ඨාශයේ කටයුතු ගැන කල්පනා කරන්නේ නැතිවයි. එතුමා මගේ කොට්ඨාශයට පැමිණිලා, සති කිහිපයක් මැතිවරණ කටයුතුවල යෙදිලා, අපගේ ජයග්‍රහණය ගැන කටයුතු කලා.

මම පොද්ගලිකව දන්තවා එතුමාගේ දේශපාලන ජීවිතය ගැන, එතුමා දේශපාලන වැඩ කටයුතු කීර්තියේ ජාතියක්, කුලයක්, තත්ත්වයක්, ගැන බැලුවේ නැ. එතුමා අභියාචනා විදියට කටයුතු කළ මන්ත්‍රීවරයෙක්. එතුමා නියෝජනය කළ පළාත්වලින් පැමිණෙන මුස්ලිම් ජනතාව මා සමඟ නිතරම කීයා තිබෙනවා, අහමඩ් ෆරීත් මීරා ලෙබ්බේ මැතිතුමා පොදු මහජනතාවගේ හිත දිනාගත් මන්ත්‍රීවරයෙක් බව. ඒවාගේම එතුමා සෑම ජන කොටසකටම එක හා සමානව සේවය කරපු කෙනෙක්.

එනිසා මා විශේෂයෙන්ම මේ යෝජනාව ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම ගැන පාර්ලිමේන්තු හා ක්‍රීඩා අමාත්‍ය වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මැතිතුමාට මගේ ස්තූතිය පුද කරන අතරම, අහමඩ් ෆරීත් මීරා ලෙබ්බේ මැතිතුමාගේ පවුලේ අයට මගේ පුද්ගලික කණගාටුවත්, පොලොන්නරුවේ මුස්ලිම් ජනතාවගේ කණගාටුවත් දන්වන හැටියට ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලා සිටිමින් මා තිහඩ වෙනවා.

සරත් මුත්තෙට්ටුවෙගම මහතා (කලවාන)
 (திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம — கலவான)
 (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama-Kalawana)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, on behalf of the Communist Party and on my own behalf I would like to associate myself with the Vote of Condolence that has been proposed in respect of the death of Dr. Ahamed Fareeth Meera Lebbe.

I got to know Dr. Ahamed Fareeth when first came into Parliament after a by-election. I happened to be seated next to him in the old Parliament building and I got to know him quite well during those days. I got know the type of person he was and very often his thinking on many matters because he used to talk to me personally while we were seated next to each other. I think all of us who knew him respected him very much both for his honesty and integrity as well as his very simple unobtrusive manner of living. It is difficult to imagine any politician living like that. In a sense politicians are extroverts but the late Dr. Ahamed Fareeth was a person who led an unobtrusive life and was a quiet man who nevertheless did yeoman service to anybody who came to him for help particularly from his electorate. I also knew him because he in a sense had certain connections in the Ratnapura District and occasionally he came there and I met him there.

I would ask that these sentiments be conveyed to the members of the bereaved family.

සී. රාජදරෙයි මහතා (ප්‍රාදේශීය සංවර්ධන ඇමතිතුමා)
 (திரு. சி. இராசதுரை — பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சர்)
 (Mr. C. Rajadurai-Minister of Regional Development)

மாண்புமிகு உபசபாநாயகர் அவர்களே, எனது சக பாராளுமன்றப் பிரதிநிதியும் பிரதி கிராமிய அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சருமான வைத்திய கலாநிதி அழறமத் பரீத் மீராலெப்பை அவர்களது மறைவு குறித்துக்

[தி. சர்க்கரைத் துறை]

கொண்டு வரப்பட்டுள்ள அனுதாபத் தீர்மானத்தில் நான் முழு மனதோடு கலந்து கொள்கிறேன். ஜனப் அறமத் பரீத் மீராலெப்பை அவர்கள் மட்டக்களப்பில் பொதுவாகவும் குறிப்பாக ஏறூரிலும் மிகுந்த கௌரவமான ஒரு பிரபலம் வாய்ந்த குடும்பத்திற் பிறந்தவர். அவர் தம்முடைய இளமைக்காலக் கல்வியை மட்டக்களப்பு மத்திய கல்லூரியிலும் ஸாஹிராக் கல்லூரியிலும் முடித்து விட்டு தமது குடும்பத் தொழிலாகிய வைத்தியத் தொழிலுக்குரிய கல்வியைப் பெறுவதற்கு கல்கத்தாவிற்குச் சென்றார். அங்கே அந்தக் கல்வியில் பூரணத்துவம் பெற்று நாடு திரும்பினார்.

ஜனப் அறமத் பரீத் மீராலெப்பை அவர்கள் வைத்தியத் துறையில் ஈடுபட்டு இருந்த போதிலும் அவர் அந்தத் தொழிலுக்குப் பிரதி சன்மானமாகப் பொது மக்களிடமிருந்து எதையும் பெறாமல் இலவசமாகவே அந்தத் தொழிலைச் செய்து வந்தார். அவருடைய தந்தை ஏறூர் பட்டின சபையின் தலைவராகக் கடமையாற்றியவர். மிகுந்த பண்புடைய ஒரு தந்தைக்கு மைந்தனாகப் பிறந்து சிறந்த மைந்தனாக விளங்கியவர் ஜனப் அறமத் பரீத் மீராலெப்பை அவர்கள். அவர் தமது இளமைக் காலத்தில் ஏறூர்ப் பட்டின சபைத் தலைவராக விளங்கியதுடன் அகில இலங்கையிலுள்ள முஸ்லிம் மக்களின் நன்மதிப்பையும் பெற்று உயர்வு பெற்றார். அத்துடன் அவர் மிகக் குறுகிய காலத்தில் பொது மக்களின் நன்மதிப்பைப் பெற்று மட்டக்களப்புத் தொகுதியின் இரண்டாவது பிரதிநிதியாகத் தெரிவு செய்யப் பெற்றார். அவர் எப்பொழுதும் தொகுதி மக்களின் தேவைகளை உணர்ந்து செயலாற்றுவதில் மிகுந்த ஈடுபாடு கொண்டவராக இருந்தார். ஏற்றத் தாழ்வு கற்பிக்காமல் உயர்ந்தவர், தாழ்ந்தவர் என்று பாராமல் தமிழர், முஸ்லிம்கள் என்று பாடுபாடு காட்டாமல் அவர் தமது தொகுதியில் சேவை செய்தார். அதனால் அவர் எல்லா மக்களின் நன்மதிப்பையும் மிகக் குறுகிய காலத்தில் பெற்றிருந்தார். இலங்கைப் பாராளுமன்றக் குழுக்களில் அங்கம் வகிக்க தெரிவு செய்யப்பட்டிருந்த அவர் இந்தோசேசியா, ஈரூக் போன்ற நாடுகளுக்கு விஜயஞ் செய்தார். அவர் தமது வெளிநாட்டு விஜயங்களே என்றும் உல்லாசப் பயணங்களாக மாற்றியது கிடையாது. அவர் தமது வெளிநாட்டுப் பயணத்தின் போது ஈரூக் நாட்டுடன் தொடர்பு கொண்டு அங்கிருந்து பெருந்தொகைப் பணத்தைப் பெற்று மட்டக்களப்பில், குறிப்பாக ஏறூர்ப் பட்டினத்தில் உள்ள முஸ்லிம் மக்களுக்கு ஒரு புதிய கிராமத்தைவே உருவாக்கிக் கொடுத்தார். அவர் மறைந்தாலும் அவரால் உருவாக்கப்பட்ட அந்தக் கிராமம் என்றும் நிலைத்து நிற்கும். அவருடைய சேவைகளை நினைவுகூர உதவும்.

ஜனப் அறமத் பரீத் மீராலெப்பை அவர்களிடம் மிகச் சிறப்பான குணங்கள் பல இருந்தன. தம்முடைய மனதிற் சரியென்றுபடுகின்றதை எந்த இடத்திலும் சொல்லுவதற்கு அவர் எப்பொழுதும் பின் நின்று கிடையாது. தாம் இப்படிச் சொல்வதால் மக்கள் என்ன நினைப்பார்கள்; தலைவர்கள் என்ன நினைப்பார்கள் என்று அவர் நினைப்பது இல்லை. " எனக்கு இது சரி என்று படுகின்றது, இதில் உண்மை இருக்கிறது; ஆகவே இதை நான் வெளிப்படுத்துகிறேன். " என்று அவர் சொல்லுவார்; அவர் சிறந்த பக்திமான். அவர் இல்லாத்தில் மிகுந்த ஈடுபாடு கொண்டு இருந்தார். அதே நேரத்தில் தமிழ் இலக்கியத்திலும் தமிழ் மொழியிலும் அவருக்கு மிகுந்த ஈடுபாடு இருந்தது.

சமீபத்தில் நடந்த நடக்கக்கூடாத ஒரு துர்ப்பாக்கிய நிகழ்ச்சி மட்டக்களப்பில் நடைபெற்றபோது, அதாவது தமிழ், முஸ்லிம் மக்களிடையே சச்சரவுகள் ஏற்பட்ட போது அவர் நடந்து கொண்ட விதம் பாராட்டுவதற்கு உரியது. அதை வார்த்தைகளில் சொல்ல முடியாது. அவர் மிகுந்த நேர்வாய்ப்புடைய நேரத்திலும் அந்த நேரமையும் பொருட் படுத்தாமல் நான் அவரை எங்கு எங்கு அழைத்தேனோ, அங்கு எல்லாம் முடியுமானவரை அவர் வந்தார். தமிழ், முஸ்லிம் மக்களிடையே ஒற்றுமையை, ஐக்கியத்தை, சமாதானத்தை, நல்லுறவை ஏற்படுத்த அவர் இரவு பகல் என்று பாராது உழைத்தார். அவருடைய மறைவு குறிப்பாக மட்டக்களப்பு மக்களுக்கும் பொதுவாக இலங்கைவாழ் முஸ்லிம் மக்களுக்கும் ஒரு பேரிழப்பாகும். அவருடைய மறைவு என்னைப் பொறுத்த அளவில் ஒரு பாரிய இழப்பு என்றே சொல்ல விரும்புகிறேன். ஏனைய சமூகங்களுக்கிடையே ஒரு நெருங்கிய ஒற்றுமை நிலவவேண்டிய கால கட்டத்தில் அதை வாழ்க்கையின் இலட்சியமாகக் கொண்டுழைத்த அவருடைய மறைவு என்னைப் பெரிதும் பாதித்து இருக்கிறது. ஆகவே, இந்தச் சபை

தெரிவிக்கும் அனுதாபத் தீர்மானத்தில் என்னுடைய பங்கினையும் நான் செலுத்துகிறேன். இந்த அனுதாபத்தை அவருடைய மறைவினால் பாதிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் அன்னருடைய குடும்பத்தினருக்குத் தெரிவிக்குமாறு கேட்டுக்கொள்கிறேன்.

என். டி.லி. டி.வெனாயகம் (ஈடுபாடு மட்டும் சிவந்த சர்க்காரை)
(திரு. கே. டி.பி.டி. தேவநாயகம் — உள்நாட்டிலுயல்கள் அமைச்சர்)
(Mr. K. W. Devanayagam—Minister of Home Affairs)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, permit to associate myself with the Vote of Condolence that has been moved by the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs and Sports.

Mr. Meera Lebbe Ahamed Fareeth was very closely associated with me. As you know, now the Eastern Province has ten UNP Members, out of twelve. But in 1977 there were only two UNP Members. Mr. Abdul Majeed and myself, and the responsibility of organizing the Batticaloa and Amparai Districts fell on my shoulders. When it came to selecting a candidate as Second Member for the Batticaloa seat we were faced with a tremendous difficulty because the opponent was no other than the most powerful Minister in the SLFP Government, Dr. Badiuddin Mahmud. He had a very large Muslim following and was popular. At that time, I believe, he would have won a seat in a Muslim area anywhere. Therefore we found in Mr. Meera Lebbe Ahamed Fareeth a courageous young man who came forward. He had connections in the Eravur village, which is next to mine. His ancestors belonged to a very respected family, the Vanniyar Mudaliyars of that area. They were rich and generous, and the people loved them. He was in his own way a politician. In the town council he was chairman and he was groomed to grow among the people. In those circumstance we selected and persuaded Mr. Fareeth to come forward. He came forward, and I must say that, like the Biblical combat, it was between Goliath and David. Mr. Meera Lebbe Ahamed Fareeth was the David who won.

In Mr. Fareeth's campaign, Mr. Deputy Speaker, we were at that time faced with the TULF and the SLFP. In the Batticaloa Electorate, I as organizer had organized a lot of UNP branches against our Hon. Minister of Regional Development who is now with us. He was on the other side then. At that time there was a tremendous amount of pressure as to why a Tamil candidate could not be put forward for the Batticaloa seat. I was dead against it because there were already four powerful Tamil candidates, including the Hon. Minister of Regional Development and the FP. If they were to divide the votes, I thought, the UNP votes could not be harnessed to support any candidate. So I dissuaded them. In fact, one graduate teacher accused me saying: "Sir, there is a precedent. In 1970 two Tamil candidates became MPs. Why are you not recommending Tamil candidates?" Anyway, we persuaded them to see that it was not a Tamil or Muslim but a United National Party candidate that we

must support. In fact, when it was so pressing – Dr. Badiuddin Mahmud got no less than 22,000 votes in the Muslim electorate – Mr. Fareeth would have lost if not for the more than 5,000 UNP Tamil votes which I organized for the Muslim candidate.

Therefore, in fact, Mr. Meera Lebbe Ahamed Fareeth was a national candidate who was voted for by Sinhalese, Muslims and Tamils, and he has lived up to that reputation and conviction and I and my friends supported him. He was young and unpredictable sometimes and you would not know what he would do, but anyway he was straightforward and whatever he did he thought there was truth in his actions.

In fact, these troubled times are a sad chapter in the history of the Batticaloa district, I say this today in this House because the Muslims and Tamils had lived together side by side in Batticaloa, and as my Friend the Hon. Minister of Regional Development put it nicely in Tamil, it was like the *pittu* in a bambu – Tamil, Muslim; Tamil, Muslim. In their occupations there were Tamils in Muslim areas and Muslims in Tamil areas, so that they can never live apart; they must co-operate. This is the fundamental truth. I have always said that wherever we went after these troubles began, and I like to emphasise it here also that if the communities of Tamils and Muslims in the Batticaloa district do not co-operate they will destroy each other and nobody will come forward to help them.

Sir, after Mr. Ahameed Fareeth Meera Lebbe became a Member of Parliament he looked after the Tamils, the Muslims and the Sinhalese. He got them whatever they wanted. He has established housing schemes and various other projects irrespective of race and I say that in the party in which he has been, he has been a truly United National Party member.

Therefore, Mr. Deputy Speaker, I wish that you send a copy of the sentiments which I have expressed to the bereaved family. He leaves behind a young widow and two young children. Although they are well provided for because he was not improvident. We hope that the family will always be looked after, and I pray that his soul will rest in peace.

දිනේෂ ගුණවර්ධන මහතා (මහරගම)
(**தினேஷ் குணவர்தனா — மஹரகம**)
(Mr. Dinesh Gunawardene – Maharagama)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථනායකතුමනි, මීරා ලෙබ්බේ අහමඩ් ෆරේත් මන්ත්‍රීතුමාගේ අභාවය පිළිබඳව ඉදිරිපත් කර ඇති මෙම ශෝක ප්‍රකාශ යෝජනාවට මහජන එක්සත් පෙරමුණ වෙනුවෙන් අපගේ ශෝකයන් එකතු කිරීමටයි මම මේ අවස්ථාවේදී බලාපොරොත්තු වෙන්නේ. එතුමාගේ දේශපාලන ජීවිතයත් පාර්ලිමේන්තු කාලයත් ඉතාමත් ආදර්ශවත් බව මනු ඇසුරු කළ අයගේ අදහසුන් ඒ වාගේම ප්‍රදේශවාසී ජනතාවගේ අදහසුන් තුළින් මතු වී නිබන්ධ බව අපට පැහැදිලිව ප්‍රකාශ කරන්න පුළුවන්. ඒ ආදර්ශය අප ජීවත් වන සමාජය තුළ අඩුවෙමින් පවතින ගුණයක් නිසා මීරා ලෙබ්බේ අහමඩ් ෆරේත් මැතිතුමාගේ අභාවය විශාල පාඩුවක් හැටියට අපට සලකන්න සිදු වී තිබෙනවා.

සම්ප්‍රදායික වෛද්‍ය ක්‍රමය ඉදිරියට ගෙන යාම පිළිබඳව, කෝමියෝපති වෛද්‍ය ක්‍රමය පිළිබඳව එතුමා උනන්දුවක් දක්වුවා. එය වැඩි දියුණු කිරීමට අවශ්‍ය යෝජනා එකතු කිරීම සඳහා ඔහුගෙන් අදහස් පළ වුණ බව අපි දන්නවා. ඔහුගේ විවෘත හදවතත් අතින් අදහස්වලට ඉඩ දීමේ නිබුණ විවෘත හාවයත් අපි මේ අවස්ථාවේදී සිහිපත් කරන්න ඕනෑ. ඔහු පෙන්වූ එවන් ආදර්ශය අපට ඉතුරු වනු ඇතැයි බලාපොරොත්තු වෙමින් මීරා ලෙබ්බේ අහමඩ් ෆරේත් මැතිතුමාගේ පවුලේ අයට යවන්නට යෝජනා කරන මෙම ශෝක පණිවුඩයට අපගේ ශෝකයන් එකතු කරන ලෙස ඉල්ලමින් මම කවතිනවා.

අබ්දුල් රසාක් මන්සූර් මහතා (මූලතිව් දිසා ඇමතිතුමා)
(**ஜனாப் அப்துல் ரஸ்ஸாக் மன்சூர் — முல்லைத்தீவு மாவட்ட அமைச்சர்**)
(Mr. Abdul Razaak Munsoor – District Minister, Mullaitivu)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I am glad I have been given the opportunity to participate in this Vote of Condolence moved on the death of the late Dr. Ahamed Fareeth Meera Lebbe.

Dr. Meera Lebbe came from a very distinguished family in the Eastern Province. As was mentioned by the Hon. Minister of Home Affairs, his father and grandfather did yeoman service to the Muslim community in those areas. We are all very sorry, Mr. Deputy Speaker, that the very promising Parliamentary career of Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe has come to an end. About eight years when he came to the House he was one of those lovable personalities. Every one of us admired his courage and appreciated the speeches he made in this House.

Dr. Meera Lebbe represented a very important electorate in the Eastern Province. All of us know that Batticaloa is a multi-member constituency where almost 29 percent of the population is Muslim. As the Hon. Minister of Home Affairs said, it was a very difficult task at that time to pick a candidate to contest on the UNP ticket. There were several Muslims and Tamils who wanted to contest on the UNP ticket because there was a widespread belief at the time that His Excellency Mr. J. R. Jayewardene would form the next Government. Some of us who admired him, supported Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe's candidature because he appeared to be a very sincere and reputed politician. Whilst Chairman of the Town Council, he bore an unblemished name and he had a very honourable record. As a Parliamentarian he lived up to them and left behind an indelible mark as a politician in those areas.

As a politician and Member of Parliament, he was regarded affectionately by all communities in Batticaloa. He lived up to the policy of the United National Party and in times of crises he spoke for the welfare of all communities, particularly during the recent disturbances. Along with the Hon. Minister of Home Affairs and the Hon. Minister of Regional Development, he went round the villages and pleaded with the people to live in harmony as brothers. With his

[செவ்வாய் கிழமை மறைவு]

death, a very big vacceuum has been created in Batticaloa politics. It is my sincere hope and prayer that all of us would make our contribution in selecting a suitable person to carry forward the ideals of the late Dr. Ahamed Fareeth Meera Lebbe.

பி. பி. பி. அபூசாலி மறைவு (கிழமை மறைவு) (ஆளுநர் எம். எல். எம். அபூசாலி — மகாவலி அபிவிருத்திப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. M. L. M. Aboosally—Deputy Minister of Mahaweli Development)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I thank you for giving me this opportunity to associate myself with this Vote of Condolence moved by the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs and Sports.

Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe, who was seated with us just one seat away, passed away very young. We can hardly believe that he is no more. He was only 45 years old when he passed away. He was born on 28th April, 1940. He had his primary education in Batticaloa, I think, in the Arafath Vidyalaya in Eravur, at the Methodist Central College, Batticaloa, and later at the Uva College Badulla. I think he ended up his studies at the Zahira College, Colombo, and did his Homeopathic medicine in Calcutta.

I remember very well his passing out and coming back to Sri Lanka because he had close connections with my electorate in Balangoda. His mother is a close relation of mine and fifty years ago, when her marriage took place, we in Balangoda thought of Batticaloa as a far off place almost in the wilderness.

But his father was, as was said, the Muslim leader in Eravur. He was a Vannia Mudaliyar. He owned extensive lands and was a leading Muslim gentleman in that part of Batticaloa. He was also a politician in a way. He was, I think, an uncontested member of the Eravur Town Council and ended up as Chairman serving as such for a long period.

Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe followed his father and he himself was Chairman of the Eravur Town Council for quite some time. He held the post of Chairman, I believe, from 1964 to 1967 and then took a very active part in the co-operative movement. I remember that because I was then in the Co-operative Federation and I was happy to see a young relative of mine taking a very active part in the co-operative movement in that area. The Hon. Minister of Home Affairs, Mr. Devanayagam, was at that time the undisputed co-operative king of the Eastern province and I am sure Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe would have been of great help and assistance to him.

Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe contested in the 1977 general elections against great odds. He was facing the then Muslim leader of Sri Lanka and a powerful

Minister of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party. Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe hails from Eravur, a Small Muslim village, but the largest Muslim village in Sri Lanka in the Batticaloa electorate was Kathankuddy. The Kathankuddy Muslims almost en bloc backed Dr. Badiuddin Mahmud, the then Hon. Minister of Education and the young Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe gave him a good fight. I remember the troubles that took place during that election and in fact there were even murders, but this young man faced up to them and won that seat for the United National Party.

Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe did a lot of work, as has been said by the previous speakers for his constituents. He put up many housing schemes for the Muslims, Tamils and the Sinhalese. I think he built over 100 houses for the Sinhalese in a village called Mangala Oya and did much for the fishing industry in that area. By the death of Dr. Fareeth Meera Lebbe the Muslims have lost a fearless and honest leader. But I think more than ourselves the Batticaloa electorate has lost a very courageous, amiable and a very religious man who was easily accessible to everybody, Muslim, Tamil or Sinhalese.

I wish to associate myself with all the sentiments expressed in this House and pray that his soul may reach "Jenna thul Firdhouse".

பி. பி. பி. உதும்பலேபே மறைவு (செவ்வாய்) (ஆளுநர் எம். ஐ. உதும்பலேபே — பொத்துவில்) (Mr. M. I. Uthumalebe—Pottuvil)

கௌரவ உப சபாநாயகர் அவர்களே, கௌரவ பரித் மீராலெப்பை அவர்களுடைய மரணம் குறித்து அனுதாபப் பிரேரணை நிறைவேற்றப்படுகின்ற இந்தச் சந்தர்ப்பத்திலே அவர் இந்தச் சபையிலே வீற்றிருப்பது போன்ற ஒரு பிரமை எங்கள் மத்தியில் ஏற்படுகின்றது. நீண்ட காலமாகக் கிழக்கு இலங்கையிலே வாழ்ந்து முஸ்லிம் மக்களுடைய செல்வாக்கைப் பெற்றிருந்த ஒரு குடும்பத்திலே பிறந்த அவர் தமது சொந்தச் செல்வாக்கை நிலைநாட்டுவதிலே கண்ணியமாகவும் கௌரவமாகவும் கடமையாற்றினார் என்பதை நினைக்கும் பொழுது இந்த நாட்டிலே வாழுகின்ற மக்கள் அவருடைய சேவையை நன்றியுடன் நினைவு கூருவது பொருத்தமாக இருக்கும் என்று நம்புகின்றேன்.

அந்தப் பகுதியிலே வாழ்ந்த முஸ்லிம், தமிழ், சிங்கள மக்களுக்காக ஆற்றிய சேவை இன்றும் எம் மத்தியில் நிலையாக நிற்கின்றது. மங்கள கம், சதாம் ஹுஸைன் கிராமம், கர்பலா கிராமம் போன்றவை என்றும் அவருடைய நினைவுச் சின்னங்களாக மிளிரும் என்பதை நான் இந்தச் சந்தர்ப்பத்திலே தெரிவித்துக் கொள்கிறேன். அவர் உறுதியான மனம் படைத்தவர் என்பதைப் பல்வேறு சந்தர்ப்பங்களில் நாம் கண்டு வந்துள்ளோம். குறிப்பாக சென்ற ஆண்டு கிராம அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சர் திருமதி விமலா கன்னங்கரா அவர்களை மிகுந்த தைரியத்துடன் தமது பகுதியிலுள்ள பல கிராமங்களுக்கு அழைத்துச் சென்ற அவரை மிகப் பாதுகாப்பாக வழியனுப்பி வைத்த பெருமை பிரதி அமைச்சராக இருந்த டாக்டர் மீராலெப்பை அவர்களேயே சாரும். அத்தகைய திட மனம் உடையவர் மாத்திரமல்ல, இந்தச் சபையிலே எனக்கு முன் உரையாற்றிய அமைச்சர்களும் அங்கத்தினர்களும் கூறியதைப் போன்று அவர் மார்க்க பக்தி நிரம்பியவராகவும் அறிய மொழியிலே பாண்டித்தியம் பெற்றவராகவும் மிகுந்தார். அதிகாலையிலே அவர் இருக்கின்ற அறைக்குச் செல்லும் பொழுதெல்லாம் பல்வேறு நாடுகளிலிருந்து ஒலிப்பாடப்படுகின்ற 'கிருஷ்ண' போன்றவற்றை அவர் மிகுந்த அவதானத்தோடு கேட்டுக்கொண்டிருப்பதை நான் அவதானித்திருக்கிறேன்.

இறைபக்தி மிக்க அந்தப் பெருமகன், அரசியலிலே நாணய மிக்க அந்தப் பெருமகன் ஆற்றிய சேவைகளை நினைவு கூருகின்ற இந்தச் சந்தர்ப்பத்திலே அவருடைய குடும்பத்தினருக்கு எமது அனுதாபத்தைத் தெரிவிக்க நாம் கடமைப்பட்டிருக்கிறோம். இந்தச் சந்தர்ப்பத்திலே, அவரைப் பற்றி, அவருடைய சேவைகளைப் பற்றி பல்வேறு உறுப்பினர்கள் பேச இருக்கும் இந்தச் சந்தர்ப்பத்திலே, எனது பகுதியிலே சிரேட்ட உறுப்பினராகிய பிரதி அமைச்சர் மாண்புமிகு அப்துல் மஜீது அவர்கள் உத்தியோக ரீதியாக ஒரு கூட்டத்திலே கலந்து கொள்ளச் சென்றிருக்கின்ற காரணத்தால் அவர் சார்பாகவும் அனுதாபத்தைத் தெரிவிக்குமாறு என்னைக் கேட்டிருந்தார். இந்தச் சந்தர்ப்பத்திலே அவரது அனுதாபத்தையும் தெரிவித்துக் கொள்கின்றேன்.

பி. சி. பி. மஹரூஃ மஹா (மஹரூஃ டிவா டிபுர்திவா)

(ஜனப் எம். சி. எச். மஹரூஃ — மன்னார் மாவட்ட அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. M. E. H. Maharoo—District Minister, Mannar)

கௌரவ உப சபாநாயகர் அவர்களே, காலஞ்சென்ற அஹமத் பரீத் மீரா லெப்பை அவர்களை இருபது வருடங்களுக்கு முன்னர் எனக்குத் தெரியும். அவர் முதன் முதலாக அரசியலில் ஈடுபட்டு எருவூர் பட்டண சபையின் தலைவராக வந்தபொழுது நானும் கிண்ணியா பட்டண சபையின் தலைவராக இருந்தேன். அப்பொழுது பட்டண சபைகளின் தலைவர்களாக இருந்த இன்னும் ஐந்து பேர்கள் இந்தக் கௌரவ சபையின் அங்கத்தினராக இருக்கிறார்கள். பின்னர் அவர் அரசியலில் துறந்துவிட்டு மருத்துவப் படிப்புக்காக 1969 ஆம் ஆண்டு இந்தியாவுக்குச் சென்றார். 1969 ஆம் ஆண்டுக்கு முன்னர் அவர் நல்ல தேகாரோக்கியத்துடன் காணப்பட்டார். இந்தியாவில் அவர் கல்வி கற்கும் பொழுது கடுமையான நோயினால் பீடிக்கப்பட்டு, கல்வியை முறித்துக் கொண்டு மறு உயிர் பெற்று வந்தாரென்றே கூற வேண்டும். அதன் பின்னர் மீண்டும் அரசியலில் ஈடுபட்டு, 1977 ஆம் ஆண்டு இச் சபைக்குப் புதிய பாராளுமன்ற அங்கத்தினர்கள் தெரிவு செய்யப்பட்ட பொழுது அவர் முதன் முதலாகத் தெரிவு செய்யப்பட்டார். பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சரவர்கள் கூறியது போல மனதில் என்ன படுகின்றதோ அதனை அவர் நேரடியாகச் சொல்லி விடுவார். செய்யக் கூடியதைச் செய்ய முடியுமென்றும் செய்ய முடியாத வற்றை, முடியாது என்றும் நேரடியாகச் சொல்லி விடுவார். மார்க்க விஷயமாக இருந்தாலும் சரி, அரசியல், சமூக விஷயங்களாக இருந்தாலும் சரி, மனதிற்படுவதை நேரடியாகச் சொல்லும் பழக்கமுடையவர் அவர்.

அரசியலில் ஈடுபட்ட பொழுது எனக்கும் அவருக்கும் நெருங்கிய தொடர்பு ஏற்பட்டது. 1977 ஆம் ஆண்டு முதன்முதலாக எங்கள் பகுதியில் பிரசாரக் கூட்டம் ஆரம்பிக்கப்பட்ட பொழுது அவர் என்னுடைய தொகுதிக்கு வந்திருந்தார். அதே போல அவருடைய தொகுதியில் நடைபெற்ற அபிவிருத்தி வேலைகளில் நானும் பங்குபற்றி இருக்கிறேன். அத்துடன் சனநாயகத் தேர்தல், மாவட்ட அபிவிருத்தி சபைத் தேர்தல் ஆகியவற்றின் போது மட்டக்களப்புத் தொகுதிக்கும் மூதூர்த் தொகுதிக்கும் மிகுந்த தொடர்பு இருந்தது.

அவருடைய எட்டு வருட கால அரசியலில், குறிப்பாக அவர் பாராளுமன்ற அங்கத்தவராகத் தேர்ந்தெடுக்கப்பட்டபொழுது தமிழ் மக்களினதும் ஆதரவு அவருக்கு இருந்தது என்பதை அவர் இறுதிவரை மறக்கவில்லை. அண்மையில் கிழக்கு மாகாணத்தில் ஏற்பட்ட பிரச்சினையின் போது எவரையும் பாதிக்காத வகையில் அனைவரும் ஒற்றுமையாகவும் சமூகமாகவும் வாழ வேண்டும் எனப் போராடியவர் அவர். இவ்வித நேர்மை வாய்ந்த பாராளுமன்ற அங்கத்தவர் ஒருவரை இச்சபை இப்போது இழந்து நிற்பதையிட்டு அனுதாபப்பட வேண்டி இருக்கிறது. எனவே, இச் சந்தர்ப்பத்தில் இச் சபையின் அனுதாபத்துடன் எனது அனுதாபத்தையும் அவருடைய மனைவிக்கும் இளம் பிள்ளைகளுக்கும் தெரிவிக்குமாறு கேட்டு எனது உரையை முடித்துக் கொள்கிறேன்.

பி. சி. பி. காதர் மஹா (பி. சி. பி. காதர் மஹா)

(ஜனப் ஜாபிர் ஏ. காதர்—கொழும்பு மத்தி இரண்டாம் அங்கத்தவர்)

(Mr. Jabir A. Cader—Second Colombo Central)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I am grateful to you for giving me a few minutes to join in the vote of condolence on the death of one of our colleagues who has passed away

suddenly at the age of 45. We are aware that he was ailing for a long time but we never thought that Almighty Allah would take him away at this young age.

I knew Mr. Meera Lebbe Ahamed Fareeth after he was elected as a Member of this House. During that short time, I must say that I came to know of his good qualities. He was simple and God-fearing and would not hurt the feelings of others. He was a physician by profession and also a farmer – two vocations that bring a person very close to the people. He was loved and respected by the people in his area and in his constituency. He was simple, and first and foremost looked upon his profession and his membership in Parliament solely as an opportunity to be of service to all his people. He has been taken away at this young age but that is the will of Allah which we all have to submit to. His death at an age when, with his wealth, experience and maturity he could best serve the people, is one of the things we cannot understand. He was, as I told you before, a very religious person and he would only speak when he has to without getting into difficulties unnecessarily. His wife and children have lost a loving husband and dutiful father and our deepest sympathies are with them. We have lost a lovely colleague and a great Muslim champion of that area.

அல்ஹாஜ் பி. அப்துல் பாகீர் மஹா (அல்ஹாஜ் பி. அப்துல் பாகீர் மஹா)

(அல்ஹாஜ் எம். அப்துல் பாகீர் மஹா—இலாகா இல்லா அமைச்சர்)

(Al Haj M. Abdul Bakeer Markar – Minister without Portfolio)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I am very grateful to you for recognizing me to enable me to add my words of sorrow on this occasion of the Vote of Condolence on the passing away of a friend of our and a Member of this House.

Dr. Meera Lebbe Fareeth was a respected member of the Muslim community. I knew him well long before he entered this august Assembly.

Dr. Ahamed Fareeth met me on several occasions as a leader of his community from the Eastern Province. I can remember the days when he came over to my own constituency when we had to handle certain problems that related to the Muslims. He contributed his share; he participated in those deliberations and showed how useful he was in the matter of handling problems relating to Muslims.

I also remember, Mr. Deputy Speaker, my visit to his constituency and the Eastern Province. Particularly after the cyclone, I went with him in his car to the cyclone-affected areas. While going along that area I saw for myself the respect and regard the people of that area had for him. How much respect they had for him! The moment the word went round that their Member of Parliament, Dr. Ahamed Fareeth was about the place, people of the village came out of their houses to greet him – father, sons and children. He was popular among

[අල්හාජ් එම්. අබ්දුල් මාජීද් මාකාර් මහතා]

all of them. They greeted him. They rallied round him and started discussing, not political problems but their own family problems, the family problems of his constituents. That was the manner in which he proved himself to be accessible to his constituents.

Particularly, at that time I also remember the speech he made at the opening of the Saddham Hussein Village. Forthright in his utterances, he was not cowed down by the people around him. He did not mind whoever the people who were with him on that occasion. He never minced his words. He spoke what was in his heart and I remember, Mr. Deputy Speaker, in that speech he made certain remarks that were not very cordial with regard to some of those politicians of his area, but he never minced words. He said what he wanted and those words had their own effect. That was the manner in which he handled the problems that faced his area.

He was also, Mr. Deputy Speaker, a member of the All Ceylon Union of Muslim League Youth Fronts to which I have the honour to belong. He was on of the Vice Presidents of that national institution and if he had lived, he would have been the National President of that Union and would have been recognized as one of the young leaders of the Muslim community. All this he earned, and he earned the respect not only of the members of that Association, but of all those whom he came across during the course of his activities as a member of that body. Today we have lost him.

I also remember, Mr. Deputy Speaker, the pride in which his family was held. His family was called the "saint family". His father was a great physician, and some say that even now people go to his graveside, particularly when bitten by snakes, place a finger on the gravestone and apply that finger on the place where the snake has bitten and, lo, all the venom disappears and the patient gets cured. That is the faith they have; that is the confidence they have in that family, and that is the manner in which the people of that area respect Dr. Meera Lebbe Ahamed Fareeth and his ancestors. Today he is no more with us. He has done his best, earned a name and fame. He has departed. As said the Holy Koran, I can only say "Inna Lillahi Wa Inna Illaihi Rajioon".

Thank you.

ප්‍ර. හ. 11. 00

එම්. ජී. අබ්දුල් මජීඩ් මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය නැපැල් හා විදුලි සංදේශ ඇමතිතුමා)

(ඉහුට් ආම්. ආ. අබ්දුල් මජීද් — තපාල්, තනිතිප් පොර්තුගාල්හි පිරිනි අභ්‍යන්තර)

(Mr. M. A. Abdul Majeed - Deputy Minister of Posts and Telecommunications)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, may I wish also be permitted to say a few words on the demise of my very good friend the hon. Second Member for Batticaloa Dr. Meera

Lebe Ahamed Fareeth, I had known him very personally and also played a small part in getting him selected as a candidate of our Party to represent the people of the Batticaloa electorate, especially the Muslims. He was a very religious young man who had really no bad habits and was a dedicated Member of Parliament. He devoted his time specially to the upliftment of the poor peasants of his electorate. He took a very keen interest in providing houses for the houseless in his electorate. He not only made use of the Hon. Prime Minister's housing programme, but also got the assistance of the Iraqi Government to build a model village for the houseless people of his electorate. He was a very young man with a young family. He devoted his whole time to the upliftment of the people of his electorate.

It is very sad that Dr. Ahamed Fareeth should leave us at a very young age. He has left behind a very young family. He belonged to a very illustrious Muslim family of that area. His father is almost revered as a saint. I request that the sentiments expressed be conveyed to the members of the bereaved family.

නියෝජ්‍ය කථනායකතුමා

(පිරිනිනි ජපානායකර් අචාර්කර්)

(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Order, please!

I wish to associate myself with the sentiments expressed by both sides of Parliament on the death of Dr. M. L. Ahamed Fareeth, Member of Parliament.

I shall direct the Secretary-General to make a minute of the proceedings of the meeting today and send copies thereof to the members of the bereaved family.

ශෝක ප්‍රකාශය : වි. ධර්මලිංගම් මහතා

அனுதாபத் தீர்மானம் : திரு. வி. தர்மலிங்கம்

VOTE OF CONDOLENCE :

MR. V. DHARMALINGAM

ප්‍ර. හ. 11.5

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා

(திரு. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Mr. Deputy Speaker,

I rise today with a heavy heart to pay tribute to the memory of the late Mr. Visvanather Dharmalingam who served as a member of our Legislature for nearly 23 years. As you are aware, Sir, this lovable man met with his tragic death at the hands of Tamil terrorists and his bulletriddled body was found in the Manipay cemetery on the 3rd of September 1985. The murder of this senior Parliamentarian was universally condemned. His funeral took place on the 5th of September at Chunnakam amidst a gathering of nearly fifteen thousand mourners.

Mr. Dharmalingam, who was born on the 5th of February 1918, received his education at Kandiah Tamil Vidyasalai, Kandarodai, Skandavarodaya College, Chunnakam, and St. Patrick's College, Jaffna, and later entered the Law College. However, he could not complete his law studies. He served for some time on the tutorial staff of Skandavarodaya College and was later elected Secretary of the Board of Trustees of this College. He also took a keen interest in Hindu educational activities and served as Vice-President of the Hindu Board of Education. He had been the President of the Board of Trustees of the Tellippallai Dhurga Devi Temple from 1963 until his demise.

Mr. Dharmalingam was associated with local government activities for a long period. He was elected a member of the Uduvil Village Committee in 1944 and was subsequently elected its Chairman. The valuable services which he rendered to the people of the area in the field of local politics became a firm base for his subsequently victories in Parliamentary elections. He was associated with Federal Party politics from 1958 and successfully contested the Uduvil seat as the Federal Party candidate in March 1960. He retained the Uduvil seat at all the subsequent general elections. He contested the Manipay seat (formally Uduvil) as the candidate of the Tamil United Liberation Front at the General Election of July 1977 and won by a majority of 24,250 votes.

Mr. Dharmalingam read voluminously and had a fine library. Internatinoal relations was his forte. He served as a Vice-President of the Afro-Asian Solidarity Association of Sri Lanka and was also a member of the Sri Lanka Peace Council. He was a Vice-President of the Sri Lanka Soviet Friendship League and President of its Jaffna Branch. In January 1972 he proposed that Sri Lanka sign a Friendship Treaty with India and the Soviet Union to promote peace and stability in the South Asian region.

During his parliamentary career he represented Sri Lanka at Conferences and Seminars in several countries including the Soviet Union, the German Democratic Republic, the United Kingdom, Italy, Egypt and India.

Mr. Dharmalingam's son, Siddharthan, is a member of the Peoples' Liberation Organization of Tamil Eelam and was on its delegation to the Thimpu talks.

The voice of this devoted parliamentarian is stilled. He advocated peace and reconciliation. He fought for this cause and ultimately sacrificed his life for it.

Mr. Dharmalingam's tragic death is a severe blow to his people and to the country. He was loved by all those who came in contact with him. His devoted service to his community and the country will for ever be remembered by a grateful people.

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I propose that the condolence of this House be conveyed to the members of the bereaved family.

ප්‍ර. හා. 11. 8

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (අත්තනගල්ල)
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகொடிக — அத்தனாகல்ல)
 (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody-Attanagalla)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, කෲර ලෙස මරණයට පාත්‍ර වූ මානිසායි හිටපු ගරු පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රී වී. ධර්මලිංගම් මහත්මයාට අප කාටත් වාගේ දැන ගැනීමට ලැබුණේ මීට අවුරුදු විසිපහකට පෙර එනම් 1960 දී එතුමා පාර්ලිමේන්තුවට පැමිණි පසුවයි. මේ කාල සීමාව තුළදී සමහරවිට අපගේ විවිධ වෙනස්කම් තිබුණත්, ප්‍රතිපත්තිමය වශයෙන් විරුද්ධතාවයක් තිබුණත්, අපගේ පොදුගැඹිලි මිත්‍රත්වය සහ පොදුගැඹිලික සම්බන්ධතාවයක් කවිදවත් අත් හැරියේ නැහැ.

ධර්මලිංගම් මහත්මයා දුට්ඨ ජනතාවගේ එහෙම නැත්තම් යාපනයේ නිබේන්තාවු සමාජයේ ගෞරවයට පාත්‍ර වූ පවුලකින් පැවත එන කෙනෙක් බව මා හිතන්නේ මේ රටේ ජනතාව කවිරුත් වාගේ දන්නවා. ඒ වාගේම ධනය අතින් වුණත් ඒ තරම් අඩු ධනයක් තිබුණු කෙනෙක් නොවෙයි එතුමා. ඒ කෙසේ වී නමුත් ඒ පසුබිමට විරුද්ධව, ඒ පසුබිමට පටහැනිව සෑම අවස්ථාවකදීම සමාජවාදී ආකල්පයක් දරූ එතුමා සමාජවාදී සමිති සමාගම්වල හා නොයෙකුත් සමිති සමාගම්වල කිට්ටු සම්බන්ධතාවයක් ඇතිව කටයුතු කළා. ගරු ඇමතිතුමා කීවාත් මෙන් ඒ සමිති සමාගම්වල පසුබිම දෙස බැලූවිට, සමාජවාදී ප්‍රතිපත්තින් ආරක්ෂා කරන යම් සමිතියක් මේ ශ්‍රී ලංකාවේ තිබුණාද, ඒ හැම සමිතියකම වගේ එතුමා කටයුතු කර තිබෙනවා.

ධර්මලිංගම් මහත්මයාගේ ජීවිතය ගැන බැලූ විට, එතුමා සාමාන්‍ය පුද්ගලයෙක් හැටියට ජීවත් වූ කෙනෙක් බව අප කවිරුත් දන්නවා. එතුමාගේ ආහාරය ගැන බලන විට, එතුමාගේ ඇඳුම් - පැළඳුම් ගැන බලන විට, එතුමාගේ දින වර්ෂාව ගැන බලන විට එතුමා කමාගේ ජීවිත පද්ධතිය ඉතාමත් සරල ලෙස පවත්වාගෙන ගිය කෙනෙක් හැටියට අප කාටත් පෙනෙනවා. ඒ හේතුවෙන් මා හිතන්නේ යම් යම් අවස්ථාවලදී එතුමා හිතදු සමාජයක් නියෝජනය කළා නම් ඒ ධර්මලිංගම් මහත්මයාගේ අදහස් - උදහස්වලින් පිළිබිඹු වූණේ ඒ හිතදු සමාජයය කියා අපට හිතාගන්න පුළුවන්කමක් ඇති වුණි.

මේ ගරු සභාවේ එතුමා කටයුතු කරන කාලයේදී දුට්ඨ එක්සත් විමුක්ති පෙරමුණ වෙනුවෙන් විදේශීය ප්‍රතිපත්ති ගැන විශේෂත්වයක් දක්වා කටයුතු කළ බව අප කවිරුත් දන්නවා. ඒ විදේශීය ප්‍රතිපත්ති විවාදවලදී එතුමා කැපී පෙනෙන කෙනෙක් වාගේම වැදගත් අදහස් රාශියක් ඉදිරිපත් කළ කෙනෙක්. ඒ අදහස් තුළ ගැබ වූ යම් යම් කාරණා ඉෂ්ට වේගෙන එන බව අපට පෙනී ගෙන යනවා. මේ ජන වාර්ගික ප්‍රශ්නය සම්බන්ධයෙන් එතුමා දක් වූ ආකල්පය කුමක්ද කියා එතුමාගේ මරණින් පසුවයි අපට හිතා ගන්නවත් පුළුවන් වී තිබෙන්නේ. ඔහුට විනාශ කළේ කවිද, ඔහුට විනාශ කළේ කා විසින්ද, ඔහුගේ විනාශය සිදු වූයේ කොහොමද කියන ප්‍රශ්නවලට පිළිතුරක් මා හිතන්නේ අපි සොයන්නට ඕනෑ. ඒ කෙසේ වී නමුත්, යාපන අර්ධද්වීපයේ ජීවත් වූ මන්ත්‍රීවරුන්ගෙන් එතුමා රටවත්, ගමවත්, ජනතාවවත් අත්හැර ගිය කෙනෙක් නොවෙයි. එතුමා පැනලා ගියේ නැහැ. එතුමා වෙනම රාජ්‍යයකට හෝ වේවා වෙනම ස්ථානයකට හෝ වේවා හිතීන් රැකවරණය ගත්තේ නැහැ. එතුමා එතුමාගේම රටේ, එතුමාගේම ගමේ ජීවත් වෙලා, සාමාන්‍ය පුද්ගලයෙක් හැටියට කටයුතු කළා. මා හිතන්නේ මෙය ධර්මලිංගම් මහත්මයාට තිබුණු විශේෂ ලක්ෂණයක්. 'ගුහක් උදවිය කල්පනා කළා, විදේශීය ප්‍රතිපත්තිය ගැන සාකච්ඡා කරන ධර්මලිංගම් මහත්මයා ඇයි මේ වාගේ ප්‍රශ්නයකදී කැපී පෙනුණේ නැත්තේ, ඇයි එතුමා රට හැර ගියේ නැත්තේ කියා, නමුත් එතුමාගේ ආකල්පය වෙනස් වෙලා තිබුණි.

එතුමා තුළ සමාජවාදී ආකල්පයක් තිබුණි නම් එය ජාතිවාදී ආකල්පයක් නොවන බව අපට එතුමාගේ මරණයෙන් පස්සේ වඩාත් පැහැදිලිව අවබෝධ වී අවසානයයි. අන්ත ඒ හේතුවෙන්ම, එතුමාගේ දේශපාලන න්‍යායන් එතුමාගේ දේශපාලන දර්ශනයන් ජාතිවාදී නොවන දේශපාලන න්‍යායක් සහ දර්ශනයක් නිසාම ඔහුට අකාලයේ මිය යන්නට සිදු වූණි බව අපට පැහැදිලියි. අපි

[ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා]

කවදත් එවැනි උදවියට ගරු කරන අතරම, එතුමාගේ මරණය ගැන දැනගත්ත ලැබුණ අවස්ථාවේදී මේ ගරු සභාවේ මන්ත්‍රීවරුන් විශාල කැක්කුමකින් කථා බසේ යෙදුණු බව මම මේ අවස්ථාවේදී සිහිපත් කරන්න කැමතියි. එතුමාගේ අභාවය පිළිබඳව මේ අවස්ථාවේදී පළවුණු ඒ වැදගත් කථා රාශිය අතුළත් ශෝක පණිවුඩය එතුමාගේ ශෝකප්‍රාප්ත පවුලේ ඥාතීන්ට යවන ලෙස ඉල්ලා සිටීමත් මම නිහඬ වෙතවා.

සරත් මුත්තෙට්ටුවගම මහතා
(**শ্রী. সারথ মুত্‌তেউবেগাম**)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I would like to associate myself with the Vote of Condolence proposed on the death of Mr. V. Dharmalingam.

Mr. Dharmalingam's politics first took a predictable course. He came from an affluent and so-called well-connected family in the North which had behind it a tradition of philanthropy and service to the people of that area. He joined the mainstream of politics in the North and that mainstream of politics was perhaps understandably preoccupied with somewhat racial and communal problems. Mr. Dharmalingam himself went along with the movement as part of its metamorphosis from a very relatively moderate position to a separatist position.

Mr. Dharmalingam, however, did not confine his politics to the Northern problem, and concerned, as he obviously was, with the liberation of his people, his own political evolution clearly showed that he had a broad approach to this problem. He realized that such a liberation to be meaningful could not be merely regional, could not be merely racial, but must be based on freedom from exploitation and the social emancipation of all people. He also understood the eternal and omnipresent machinations of imperialism. He could see that even in what appeared a purely regional problem the interests of imperialism were constantly being fostered. He therefore stood for an end to colonialism, neo-colonialism and imperialism. He stood for socialism, and he stood for world peace. He was a friend of progress and therefore an admirer and friend of the Soviet Union and the socialist camp.

He died in a way that nobody would say he deserved, but perhaps his death also served his people in a way because it showed how communal passions could deprive people of rational thought and drive them into the most senseless of activity.

All of us and I myself have had the privilege to work with him as a Colleague in this Parliament. I myself have worked with him in this Parliament for over a decade from the 1970s when I first entered it. All of us remember him as he lived in this House, a simple, affable man, devoted to a cause and totally honest.

He was a friend of many Members of Parliament, and in the process of that friendship he transcended many communal barriers. He was a friend of many

members of the staff of Parliament, there again transcending communal barriers and in fact crossing many social stratifications. I myself have known many members of the minor staff of this Parliament who considered Mr. Dharmalingam a friend of theirs and whom Mr. Dharmalingam considered friends of his.

I remember his coming to my electorate in Kalawana in January 1981 at the tail-end of the by-election campaign in which I was elected to this House. I think it would not be wrong to say that that was perhaps one of the very rare occasions on which a TULF politician appeared on the platform of a Sinhala politician in the South of this country. That was not done merely because of any personal friendship but because Mr. Dharmalingam stood for certain positions and he perhaps thought that in that particular context of Kalawana and in that by-election that cause would best be served by supporting my candidature in that election.

I remember him vividly again, Sir, when I went to Jaffna in July 1984 to address a meeting of the Communist Party's anniversary in Jaffna. Mr. Dharmalingam met me at the station. In fact I had lunch with him and he attended that meeting. Those are my last memories of Mr. Dharmalingam as a person.

I do not want to take up any more time, Sir. I would say in conclusion that I remember Mr. Dharmalingam as a Colleague and as a perceptive and very honest politician. I am proud to remember Mr. Dharmalingam as a personal friend.

දිනේෂ ගුණවර්ධන මහතා
(**শ্রী. தினேஷ் குணவர்தன**)
(Mr. Dinesh Gunawardene)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, ධර්මලිංගම් මැතිතුමා පිළිබඳ ශෝකය ප්‍රකාශ කිරීමේ යෝජනාවට මහජන එක්සත් පෙරමුණ වෙනුවෙන් මමත් එකතු වෙත මේ අවස්ථාවේදී, විශේෂයෙන්ම එතුමාගේ වාමි ගතිගුණ සහ ආශ්‍රය කිරීමේ විවෘතතාවය පිළිබඳව සිහි කරන්නට ඕනෑ. දේශපාලන කටයුතුවලදී මට පුද්ගලිකව ධර්මලිංගම් මැතිතුමා හමු වුණු අවස්ථාවල් කීපයක් තිබෙනවා. පොදුවේ මේ රටේ දැක් විඳින ජනතාවගේ උද්ඝෝෂණ ව්‍යාපාරවලටත්, ජන වර්ගයක් නොතකා වර්ජනය කළ ජනතාව වෙනුවෙන් ගෙනගිය ව්‍යාපාරවලටත් ගොවියන්ගේ සහ ධීවරයින්ගේ ප්‍රශ්න සම්බන්ධ පොදු උද්ඝෝෂණ සියල්ලකටත් සම්බන්ධ වුණ මහු, පසුගිය අවුරුදු කීපය තුළ මේ රටේ ඇති වුණ අතිකුත් පොදු උද්ඝෝෂණ කටයුතුවලටත් හවුල් වුණා.

ඒ වගේම යාපනයේ දිස්ත්‍රික් සංවර්ධන සභා ජනදයේදී සිදු වුණ විනාශය පිළිබඳව මේ රටේ දේශපාලන පක්ෂ සමඟ සාකච්ඡා කළ අවස්ථාවේදී ධර්මලිංගම් මැතිතුමා දක්වූ අදහස් හා ඒ පිළිබඳව හඟුට ඇති වි තිබුණ වේදනාව මේ අවස්ථාවේදීත් මට සිහි වෙතවා. මේ රටේ ප්‍රජාතන්ත්‍රවාදී රාමුවට, මහජන ජනදයට සිදු වුණ බේදවාචකය පිළිබඳව එතුමා තුළ වේදනාවක් ඇති වුණේ එය කොතැනින් කෙළවර වෙයිද කියන සැකයක් ඇති කරමිණුයි. ඒ නිසා මේ රටේ පොදු ජනතාවගේ අයිතිවාසිකම් වෙනුවෙන් ධර්මලිංගම් මැතිතුමා ඉටු කළ සේවය ඉතා උත්තරීතරයි. සාම ව්‍යාපාරය සමඟ ඒ වගේම වමේ දේශපාලනයේ සමහර සිතූම් පැතුම් සමඟ මහු ආශ්‍රය කළා. ඒ වගේම අධිරාජ්‍යවාදීන්ගේ දකුණු ආසියා කුමන්ත්‍රණය පිළිබඳව මම හිතන විටියට ධර්මලිංගම් මහත්මයා අදහස් කීපයක් පළ කර තිබුණා. කොහොම නමුත් මේ අවස්ථාවේදී එතුමාගේ ගුණ කථනය වෙනුවෙන් දීර්ඝ වේලාවක් ගන්නට මා බලාපොරොත්තු වෙන්නේ නැහැ. වෙනම දේශපාලන

[தி. சபை உறுப்பினர்]

யாக வெளிவரவில்லை. ஆயினும் பிரச்சனைகளை அவர் அணுகி ஆராய்ந்து வாதிடும்பொழுது ஒரு சட்டத்தரணிக்கு இருக்கிற அறிவும் வாத்த திறனும் அவரிடம் நிரம்ப இருந்தது.

அவர் எல்லோருக்கும் நண்பராக விளங்கினார். இந்த நாட்டிலே இருக்கின்ற சகல அரசியல் கட்சிகளின் தலைவர்களும் பிரமுகர்களும் அவருடைய நண்பர்களாக இருந்த ஒன்றே அவருடைய அரசியல் நாகரிகத்தையும் அவருடைய பண்பையும் உணர்த்துவனவாக இருந்தது. அவர் அகால மரணமடைந்த செய்தியை அறிந்தபொழுது நான் பாராளுமன்றத்திலே இருந்தேன். பாராளுமன்றத்திலே கடமையாற்றுகின்ற சிரேஷ்ட ஊழியர்கள், சாதாரண ஊழியர்கள், சிற்றாழியர்கள் அனைவரும் அவருடைய மரணத்தையிட்டு அனுதாபம் தெரிவித்தார்கள். அந்த இடத்திலேதான் அவர் பாராளுமன்ற ஊழியர்கள் அனைவருடனும் எப்படிப் பழகி வந்திருக்கிறார் என்பதை என்னால் புரிந்துகொள்ள, உணர்ந்துகொள்ளக் கூடியதாக இருந்தது.

உலக நாடுகள் பலவற்றுக்கு அவர் விஜயம் செய்திருக்கிறார். குறிப்பாக சோவியத் ரஷ்யா, ஜேர்மனி, இங்கிலாந்து, எகிப்து முதலிய நாடுகளுக்கு அவர் சென்றிருக்கிறார். சமாதானக் குழுவின் பொறுப்பு வாய்ந்த அங்கத்தவர் பதவியை அவர் வகித்திருக்கிறார். அவருடைய பிரிவினால் ஆற்றொணாத துயரத்தில் ஆழ்ந்திருக்கும் அவருடைய குடும்பத்தினருக்கு என்னுடைய அனுதாபத்தைத் தெரிவித்துக் கொள்கிறேன்.

பி. சி. அப்துல் மஜீத் (திருச்சிவங்கலம் தொகுதி உறுப்பினர்)

(ஜனப் எம். ஏ. அப்துல் மஜீத் — தபால், தந்திப் போக்குவரத்துப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. M. A. Abdul Majeed - Deputy Minister of Posts and Telecommunications)

The late Mr. Dharmalingam and I entered Parliament in March 1960. He was a very close friend of mine. He was a dedicated socialist. He did not merely preach socialism but he practiced socialism. As stated by the hon. Members, his services were not merely limited to the electorates of Uduvil and Manipay or to the Tamil people of the North. In fact, his horizon was almost worldwide.

As a socialist he felt for the down trodden. He worked for the upliftment of the whole of mankind, I should say. I was horrified when I heard the news of the demise of Mr. Dharmalingam. The way his life was ended is testimony to his dedicated service to his people. When many others went out of the island he stuck by his people. He stayed with them and faced all hardships along with him and paid the supreme sacrifice.

I request that the sentiments expressed here be notified to the members of the grieved family.

திருச்சிவங்கலம் தொகுதி உறுப்பினர்

(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

I wish to associate myself with the sentiments expressed by both sides of Parliament on the death of Mr. V. Dharmalingam, ex-Member of Parliament. I shall direct the Secretary-General of Parliament to make a minute of the proceedings of the Meeting today and send copies thereof to the members of the bereaved family.

யேக குணம் : பி. சி. அப்துல் மஜீத்

அனுதாபத் தீர்மானம் : திரு. ஏ. எம். ஆலாலசுந்தரம்

VOTE OF CONDOLENCE: MR. A. M. ALAALASUNDERAM

பி. சி. அப்துல் மஜீத்

(திரு. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, it is with a sense of deep regret that all hon. Members of this House will recall the tragic death of Mr. Arumugam Murugesu Alaalasunderam who represented the constituency of Kopay in this House from June 1981 to January 1984. He was 49 years at the time of his death.

Mr. Alaalasunderam was one of the few T.U.L.F. stalwarts who chose to remain in Sri Lanka, the land of his birth, while most of his colleagues had left for Tamil Nadu. As you are aware, Sir, Mr. Alaalasunderam was abducted by Tamil terrorists on the 2nd of September 1985 from his home at Kalviankadu. His bullet-riddled body was found about 100 yards away from his house early in the morning the following day. Prior to this he had been harassed and threatened by armed terrorists on a number of occasions. They had shot and wounded him in the right thigh in February 1983 and had also fired at and deflated the tyres of his jeep to prevent him from obtaining medical attention promptly. In February this year his jeep was stolen by armed terrorists. It is reported that he had incurred the displeasure of the terrorists by a speech he had made in Trincomalee in which he had said, "People are afraid to live in Jaffna because of the fear due to Tigers on the one hand and robbers on the other". His funeral took place on the morning of 5th September 1985 at Nallur where over 10,000 people gathered to pay their homage to the slain Parliamentarian.

Mr. Alaalasunderam was an Attorney-at-Law by profession and enjoyed a lucrative practice at the Jaffna and the Mullaitivu courts. He received his early education in Jaffna at Senguntha Hindu College and Kanagaratnam Maha Vidyalaya. Thereafter he proceeded to India and joined Nauroji Wadiya College in Poona and later obtained the Bachelor of Arts Degree from the Presidency College, Madras.

He was an active member of the Young Men's Literary Association of Nallur and was Editor of the magazine published by this Association called "Kalai Aruvi". He was a popular playwright and produced and acted in many Tamil dramas.

He served for some time as President of the Northern Region National Co-operative Federation. He also held the office of President of the Jaffna Multi-purpose Co-operative Society. Mr. Alaalasunderam was also a Director of the Northern Region Transport Board.

Mr. Alaalasunderam showed a keen interest in social and political activities from his school days. He became a member of the Federal Party under the leadership of the late Mr. S. J. V. Chelvanayakam and was appointed its Assistant Secretary. He was founder President of both the "Illangai Bus Thoilalar Kalagam" (Sri Lanka Bus Workers Union) and the Federal Party Youth Front. Later he was elected Organising and Administrative Secretary of the Tamil United Liberation Front. He unsuccessfully contested the Kilinochchi seat at the General Election of 1970 on the Federal Party Ticket. Following the death of Mr. S. Kathiravelupillai, the T.U.L.F. appointed Mr. Alaalasunderam to the vacant seat of Kopay in June 1981.

He attended the 27th Commonwealth Parliamentary Association Conference held in the Fiji Islands in 1981.

Mr. Deputy Speaker, one of the biographers of Abraham Lincoln has said "A tree is best measured when it is down". Though this is not the time for us to contemplate the place that history will accord him, we have no doubt that Mr. Alaalasunderam's name will have an assured place in the annals of our country. He was a man of great courage who eschewed communalism both in personal and public life. The shots that rang out in a terrorist hide-out in the North on the fateful night of September 3rd ended a most valuable life. Indeed, Sri Lanka has lost a great warrior in the cause of peace, love and democratic ideals.

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I propose that the condolence of this House be conveyed to the members of the bereaved family.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

සියෝරා කථානායකතුමා, කෝපායි හිටපු මන්ත්‍රී ආලායුක්තරම් මහතා අතාලයේ ජීවිතයට පත්වීම නිසා මධ්‍යස්ථ මනසින් දුරින් ජනතාවට හිටි එක් වැදගත් පුද්ගලයෙක් නැති වී ගියාය කියා මා විශ්වාස කරනවා. ගත වූ ජූනි මාසය තුළ අපට මෙවැනි දෙදෙනෙකු ගැන කතා කරන්න සිදු වූණේ. රෝසා ලක්ෂ්මිමර්ග නමැති සටන්කාමී කාන්තාවක් රෝග නිදාවට විසි කර තිබුණේ. ධර්මලාම මහත්මයාණන්, ආලායුක්තරම් මහත්මයාණන් ජීවිතයට පත් කර තිබුණු ආකාරය නිසයි. අපට ඒ සිද්ධිය සිහිපත් වෙන්නේ.

ඇත්තවශයෙන්ම අලායුක්තරම් මහත්මයා මට දැන ගත්ත ලැබුණේ දේශපාලන කටයුතු වලින් බැහැරවයි. යාපනයේ තිබෙන්නාවූ විශාල පිරිවනිය මැද එළිමහන් රහමඩාන ඉදි කොට තිබුණු අවස්ථාවේදී එහි රහ දැක්වුණු එක්තරා නාට්‍යයක් සම්බන්ධයෙන්, එන්නය නිසා අපටත් ආරාධනා කර තිබුණේ. එක්තරා සිංහල නාට්‍යයක් දෙමළ භාෂාවට පරිවර්තනය කර තිබුණු අවස්ථාවේදී ඒ මුල් තාවය පොතේ තිබෙන්නාවූ යම් - යම් කරුණු දැන ගැනීමටයි. මට එන්න කියා තිබුණේ. ඒ අවස්ථාවේදී අපට දැන ගත්ත ලැබුණේ, යාපනයේ සංස්කෘතිය ගැන. ඒ අවස්ථාවේදී, ඒ සංස්කෘතියට බලපාන ලද්ද වූ පුද්ගලයෙක් හැටියට ආලායුක්තරම් මහතා හදුනාගන්න පුළුවනම ලැබුණේ.

එතුමා පරිපාලන ලේකම්වරයා හැටියට සැහෙන සේවයක් කර තිබෙනවා. දුර්වල එක්සත් විමුක්ති පෙරමුණට, එතුමා දුර්වල එක්සත් විමුක්ති පෙරමුණේ වැදගත් විශාල පිරිසක් ආශ්‍රය කර තිබුණේ. එතුමා දේශපාලනය කළා. එතුමාට දේශපාලනයෙන් හිරිහැර වූණේ. අවසානයේදී, දේශපාලනය හේතුකොටගෙන කරන්න සිදු වන්නාවූ උපරිම පරිත්‍යාගයක් කරන්න එතුමාට සිදු වූණේ. මෙහිදී අපට විශාල කනගාටුවක් ඇති වන්නේ සිය ජීවිත

කාලය අවුරුදු 49 කට පමණක් සීමා කොට එතුමා අප අතරින් වියෝ වීමගැනයි. එතුමාගේ අකල් මරණය පිළිබඳව ශ්‍රී ලංකා නිදහස් පක්ෂය වෙනුවෙන් අපේ කනගාටුව එතුමාගේ දු - දරු පිරිස වෙත දැනට යවන ලෙස මම ඉල්ලා සිටින්න කැමතියි.

සරත් මුත්තේටුවේගම මහතා
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேடுவேகம்)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, Mr. Alaalasunderam, ex-MP for Kopai is another victim of the senseless communal politics that has engulfed this country today. I myself personally knew Mr. Alaalasunderam only after he became a Member of this House. He was, to some extent, as far as I know, a trade unionist, and a large part of his adult political life has been devoted to active participation in the co-operative movement in the Northern Province.

Mr. Alaalsunderam was an appointed Member of Parliament and his stay in this House was relatively short-three or four years, but during that time he impressed all of us as a person who was quite interested in and dedicated to whatever cause he had decided to serve.

I remember at one time after he came into this House he was a victim of some kind of a shooting incident. There again some unknown people had shot at him. Therefore, in one sense, Mr. Alaalasunderam had been, for some reason or the other, a person who had been, in the sense of the word, a "marked" man and his death, rather a cruel death, showed that he had for some reason or the other unknown to us, aroused the anger and the animosity of a section of the people who seemed to be active in Northern politics today.

I would like to associate myself and our Party in the Vote of Condolence on the death of Mr. Alaalasunderam.

අබ්දුල් රසාක් මන්සූර් මහතා
(ஜனாப் அப்துல் ரஸூலாக் மன்சூர்)
(Mr. Abdul Razaak Munsoor)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I wish to associate myself with the sentiments expressed by the hon. Member for Kalawana.

Mr. Deputy Speaker, the late Mr. Alaalsunderam was a very dedicated social worker. He was very very loyal to the cause of the Tamil Liberation Front.

Mr. Deputy Speaker, when I was, for a short time, District Minister in Jaffna, I knew him as a co-operator who was highly respected by the public of Jaffna. He was in very active legal practice in the district of Mullaitivu and was one of those rising stars in the legal profession when the Tamil Liberation Front nominated him as Member for Kopai.

Mr. Deputy Speaker, none of us expected such a valuable life to be lost in the cause of what rightly had been said by the hon. Member for Kalawana as "senseless" killing. We all abhor this senseless killing wherever it takes place, to whatever community these victims belong.

පළාත් පාලන ආයතන ව්‍යවස්ථා
உள்ளூராட்சி உப விதிகள்
LOCAL GOVERNMENT BY-LAWS

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
 (திரு. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)
 (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways and Minister of Emergency Civil Administration, I move

“That the by-laws relating to water supply, made by the Negombo Municipal Council, under sections 267 and 272 of the Municipal Councils Ordinance (Chapter 252) and approved by the Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction, which were presented on 20.09.1985 be confirmed.”

ප්‍රශ්නය සභානිලීව කරන ලදී.
 வினா எழுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.
 Question proposed.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
 (திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடடி)
 (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, අද මේ අවස්ථාවේදී ගරු අග්‍රාමාත්‍යතුමා හෝ එහෙම තැනැත්තා ගරු කරමානන හා විද්‍යා කටයුතු ඇමතිතුමා මේ ගරු සභාවේ සිටියා නම් මම සතුටු වෙනවා. ඒ මන්ද? මිගමුවේ තිබෙන වතුර ප්‍රශ්නය සම්බන්ධයෙන් කරුණු කීපයක් පැහැදිලි වශයෙන්ම ඉදිරිපත් කරන්නට මට සිදු වී තිබෙනවා. මිගමුව නගරයට ජලය පැපයීමේ වැඩ පිළිවෙල මුලින්ම ආරම්භ කළේ පසුගිය රජය විසින් බව තමුන්තාත්සේ දන්නවා. අද තිබෙන තත්ත්වය අනුව දවසකට පැය දෙකකට ආසන්න කාලයකදී මිගමුව නගරයට ජලය ලැබෙන්නේ. උදය වරුවේ පැය භාගයක් පමණක් සවස වරුවේ පැය එකකමාරක් පමණක් ජලය ලැබෙනවා. ඊට වඩා ඒ ප්‍රදේශයේ අයට ජලය ලැබෙන්නේ නැහැ. මේ ජලය ලබා ගන්නේ මහමයෙක්. බම්බුකුලියේ ජලය රඳවාගෙන. අද මේ ලීං තිබෙන තත්ත්වය දිනා බැලුවාම මේ ලීං වික සුද්ද කරන්නේ තැනැත්තා කවර කවදවත් ප්‍රශ්නය විසඳන්න බැරි බව පෙනවා. මේ වේලාවේ මිගමුවේ ගරු මන්ත්‍රීතුමා (එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා) මෙහි පැමිණීම ගැන මම එතුමාට බොහෝම සතුහිවන්න වෙනවා. මිගමුවේ තිබෙන වතුර ප්‍රශ්නය ගැනයි. මා කරුණු ඉදිරිපත් කළේ. අද තිබෙන තත්ත්වය අනුව මහමයේ ජල මට්ටමට වඩා ඉහළින්දී, ලීදේ පතුල තිබෙන්නේ. එම නිසා ලීං වික සුද්ද කිරීමට සිදු වී තිබෙනවා.

මෑතදී මිගමුවේ අතුරුකාරවුල්ලේ ග්‍රාම සංවර්ධන සමිතිය ශ්‍රමදායක් කරලා මේ පස් තට්ටුව ඉවත් කිරීමට කටයුතු කලා. තමුන් ඒකත් අසිරු වී තිබෙනවා. මේ ලීංවල තිබෙන පස් තට්ටුව එවන් කළොත් මිගමුව නගරයට කැපයෙන ජලය කපා හැරීමක් කරන්නට වුවමනා වන්නේ නැහැ.

පසුගිය මිගමුව මහ නගර සභා ජනේද වලදීත් විවිධ දේශපාලන පක්ෂ මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් කතා කලා. මේ ලීං සුද්ද කිරීම සඳහා යම් උපකාරයක් අවශ්‍ය නම් අපේ පක්ෂය වෙනුවෙන් දෙන්න අපට පුරවින්නම තිබෙනවා.

මේ අතරතුරදී මිගමු නගර සභාව ජල බිල්පත් ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබෙනවා. අපි මෙහි අද අනුමත කරන්නට යන නියෝග අනුමත කරන්නත් ඉස්සර වෙලා. ජල බිල්පත් ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබෙනවා පමණක් නොව ඒ මුදල් ගෙවා තැනී අයගේ වතුර කපා හැරීම සඳහා නියෝගත් නිකුත් කර තිබෙනවා. මේ නියෝග තවම මෙහි සම්මත කර නැහැ. එය සම්මත කරන්නත් පෙර පාරිභෝගිකයන්ට උත් ජලයත් කපා හැර තිබෙනවා. මම දන්නේ නැහැ. එසේ කර තිබෙන්නේ මොන හේතුවක් උඩදී කියා. මේ ප්‍රශ්නය බොහෝ ආදී කාලීන ප්‍රශ්නයක්. මේ ජල බද්ද අයකිරීම සම්පූර්ණයෙන්ම නීති විරෝධී බව මම පලමුවෙන්ම කියන්න කැමතියි.

I would like to say, Sir, first and foremost, that charging a water tax today in the Negombo Municipality is completely illegal. I say this because long, long ago, at the time the above by-laws came before Parliament for approval, there was a letter from no other person than the then mayor of Negombo, Mr. Denzil Fernando. When he was the Mayor he had written a letter to the Director of Water Supply and Drainage on 11th May 1972 – his letter number is WWD/R and their number is WOM/CO/16/75 – when they wanted to charge a water tax from the Municipality. He wrote a letter to this effect ;

“Further the Council has not at any time accepted liability to pay any sum to you. I also wish to bring to your notice that under the Municipal Councils Ordinance a Municipal Council is prohibited from metering any domestic service.”

This is what he has written. It says further ;

“That is, the Council is expected up to date to issue water free to the public and for domestic purposes. As such the Council does not get any revenue except the 6% increase on rates which amounts to hardly Rs. 135,000/-per year.”

In other words, the Municipal Council has no right whatsoever to make any levy for water supplied for domestic purposes. I am not talking of industrial purposes. For industrial purposes you can levy a tax. I want this whole letter to get into Hansard because it is so important. He also went on to say ;

“You will also appreciate that in the city (a) there is more than 27 miles of piping buried ; (b) there are nearly 385 stand posts and (c) there are 14 bathing places As such you will agree that according to the present law the Council cannot accept the liability to pay any money.”

That is what he has written. I quote further ;

“I have also discussed this matter with the Commissioner of Local Government and explained to him the legal position. He has kindly accepted the position that the Municipal Councils Ordinance has to be amended very soon allowing the Local bodies to meter even domestic services.”

Up to this date the Municipal Councils Ordinance has not been changed to meter domestic services.

සරත් මුත්තේටුවේගම මහතා
 (திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம)
 (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Who is going to pay ? Do you think anybody is going to pay all this ? Nobody will pay !

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
 (திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடடி)
 (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I quote further from the letter. It says ;

“I have also further informed the C.L.G. that not only the Municipal Councils Ordinance should be amended, but that a Tariff for sale of bulk supply from the Government to the Local Bodies and from the Local Bodies to the public should also be fixed by the C.L.G.

I hope these amendments will be placed before the Parliament very soon, so that I myself could take part in the debate and assist in amending this law. . . .

As such, I hope you will direct the O.I.C. at Bambukuliya Water Works to issue water 24 hours of the day until the necessary legislation is passed by Government to enable the Council to charge money from the public.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,
Mayor of Negombo."

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

At the end of his opinion he says :

"In our view therefore if employees of a business establishment use water for ablutions or if water is used in such establishments for the purpose of washing and cleaning, such use is for a 'domestic purpose' and no charge can be made for the supply of such water."

It was on that that you wrote that letter to say, "Do not charge any money for domestic purposes."

Now, without amending the necessary sections in the Municipal Councils Ordinance, we are being charged, Sir, not only in Negombo but in the whole country. I can understand if it is metered by the National Water Supply and Drainage Board. If it is metered by them and if we are paying them, that is a different matter. But here it is the Municipal Council of Negombo that writes to the people of Negombo telling them that if they do not pay their water supply will be cut. Not only that, Sir. This gentleman gets a postcard on the 22nd June 1985 saying, "If you do not pay we will have to cut off your water supply."

So, therefore, Sir, I think legally we are not bound to vote for this Motion. I want the Hon. Minister to look into this. I have got a letter signed by a member of the Municipal Council, Mr. M. Kingsley J. Z. Perera, giving a gist of the whole thing. This is a memorandum that has been sent to us. I hope the Hon. Minister will look into the facts. There is the opinion of Mr. H. W. Jayewardene, Q.C., saying that no charge should be made for any water that is supplied for a domestic purpose.

Secondly, in 1969 Hon. R. Premadasa, then Minister of Local Government, proposed 68 amendments to the Municipal Councils Ordinance and circulated them to all Municipal Councils for comments and proposed amendments, but they could not be proceeded with because the UNP government fell. There again, Sir, it says, "The words 'other than for domestic purpose' should be deleted in order to control and charge for all purposes." Now, that has not yet been legalized. And there is also the letter, Sir which I read, the letter of Mr. Denzil Fernando, where he says that it should not be charged. But now he comes here and says as the Member for that area that it should be charged—

සරත් මුත්තේවිටෙගම මහතා
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

He will not charge.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

—and the Municipal Council is charging. Now, I want to know, Sir, can the Municipal Council charge? Have

සරත් මුත්තේවිටෙගම මහතා
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)
Who was the Mayor ?

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා .
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)
Mr. Denzil Fernando. Sir, this is the letter he wrote in 1972.

සරත් මුත්තේවිටෙගම මහතා
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)
Is that true ?

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I am tabling the letter.* It states very clearly that you cannot charge any money for domestic purposes unless the Municipal Councils Ordinance is amended.

Sir, from where did he get the opinion to do this? Sir, I want to table the opinion that has been given in respect of the Municipal Council of Kurunegala.* The letter is titled, "Opinion—the Municipal Council of Kurunegala—Supply and Sale of water." The opinion has been given by two advocates. It is written from Colombo to K. C. C. W. Perera, Esqr., a proctor in Kurunegala, on 17th September, 1956. One advocate is Mr. Jaya Pathirana and the other advocate is Mr. H. W. Jayewardene, Q.C. Now these are the two persons who have given this opinion about the levy of water taxes by the Municipal Council.

I am sure you must be knowing who Mr. H. W. Jayewardene, Q.C., is. He is a well-known figure in this country. What does he say?

සරත් මුත්තේවිටෙගම මහතා
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

I do not think the Hon. Minister knows.

* சட்டமன்றத்தில் வைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கிறது.
Placed in the Library.

[ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා]

you had a discussion with the Mayor ? Why do you not speak to the Mayor and get this amended ? Untill such time I do not think we can pass this, Sir.

සරත් මුත්තේටුවෙරම මහතා
(ති.රු. ජරාත් මුත්තේටුවෙරම)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Is he paying ? Are you paying the water tax. ?

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(ති.රු. ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයාචාර්ය)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

What is the Mayor doing ? Have you had a discussion with the Mayor ? Did you bring this to the notice of the Mayor ?

සරත් මුත්තේටුවෙරම මහතා
(ති.රු. ජරාත් මුත්තේටුවෙරම)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Are you paying ?

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(ති.රු. ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයාචාර්ය)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

His worship the Mayor, I am sure, will listen to you. After all, you are a Minister and the Mayor himself is a member of the UNP.

Therefore, Sir, I would like to table all these letters, a copy of the letter of 10.01.85 from the Negombo Civic welfare Association addressed to the Prime Minister, a copy of the letter of Mr. M. Kingsley J. Z. Perera, Member, Municipal Council, addressed to me on the 21st March 1985, a copy of the legal opinion of Mr. H. W. Jayewardene, Q.C., and Jaya Pathirane as Junior, a copy of Mr. Denzil Fernando's letter of 11.05.72 to the Director of Water Supply and Drainage telling him that it is illegal to charge any water tax for domestic purposes, and a copy of the amendments to the Municipal Councils Ordinance proposed by the then Minister of Local Government, Hon. R. Premadasa, where it has not been legalized.*

Therefore, Sir, I urge the Minister to withdraw this Resolution, to go through these papers - [Interruption]. Let them withdraw this Resolution. There is no other way. They cannot amend this Resolution. Withdraw the Resolution, to go through all these papers. You cannot charge these people. They will not pay you. They will just not pay unless you make these amendments. They need not pay, and Mr. H. W. Jayewardene is going to appear on their behalf to defend them. Therefore, I would like to have a reply from the Hon. Minister as to whether he is going to withdraw it or not.

* ප්‍රස්තාවලයේ තබා ඇත.
ශ්‍රී ලංකාවේ නීතිමය වශයෙන් පිටුපසට තබා ඇත.
Placed in the Library.

සරත් මුත්තේටුවෙරම මහතා
(ති.රු. ජරාත් මුත්තේටුවෙරම)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

First of all, tell us whether you are paying the tax !

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(ති.රු. ඒන්. ඩෙන්සිල් පෙරේරා)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I am very happy that I was in the House when these by-laws were taken up. I think only one side of the case was given, and that too a distorted version.

In 1962 the water scheme was introduced in Negombo, and under the Municipal Councils Ordinance, with the permission of the then Minister of Local Government, the Municipal Council raised the rates by six per cent calling it a water rate. After that it was raised to 14 per cent and then again to 20 per cent. So like that the water rates were raised. Now, my letter must be read in conjunction with what had happened earlier. Once the Minister of Local Government has allowed the Municipal Council to levy a water rate, six per cent of the annual value, you cannot put another tax on to it. That is the sum total of my letter, and I say that even as regards the water rates we will be collecting only Rs. 175,000. That letter is there. there is no doubt about it. And we were collecting only Rs. 175,000. I wrote that letter in 1972. From 1972 to 1985 much water has flowed down our rivers ! Moreover in 1962 there were only one or two roads which got water. Now almost every road in Negombo gets water. So how can we stick to this six per cent ? It is impossible. Therefore after much discussion with the Hon. Minister of Local Government, that is, our Prime Minister, it was decided to have it in this form : to remove the six per cent and meter every premises and charge them.

සරත් මුත්තේටුවෙරම මහතා
(ති.රු. ජරාත් මුත්තේටුවෙරම)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Metered by whom ?

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(ති.රු. ඒන්. ඩෙන්සිල් පෙරේරා)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

The Local Government or the Municipal Council will have them metered.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(ති.රු. ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයාචාර්ය)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

He must not mislead this House, Sir.

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(ති.රු. ඒන්. ඩෙන්සිල් පෙරේරා)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

I am not giving way.

නියෝජ්‍ය කථනායකතුමා
(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Order, please ! Do not interrupt. The Hon. Minister is speaking.

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சிஸ் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

Sir, under these by-laws the word "meter" appears in page 4. So today the Municipal Council wants to meter the water. In fact, they have already withdrawn it and now the people are paying only 14 per cent. That is, in this interim period there is no tax being levied. So they want to fix the meters and then charge. That is the correct thing to do. Therefore do not think the Municipal Council has no provision. It does have provision. Otherwise how can you give the water ? It is not only the Negombo Municipal Council, but the Colombo, Galle, Kandy, Kurunegala, Badulla and Jaffna Municipal Councils charge a rate. There is provision. The only thing is, Local Government Ministry will regulate certain things.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Let me know under which by-law you get this provision in respect of domestic purposes ?

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சிஸ் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

It is for domestic purposes. That is what I say.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Where is it said ?

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சிஸ் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

The rates are raised for domestic purposes. When you raise the rates by six per cent on all the properties within the city, that means it includes domestic purposes as well. You cannot have two taxes. That is what the Local Government Ministry was saying. In my letter too I made it clear that six per cent -

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Have you fixed any meters in Negombo ?

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சிஸ் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

What do you mean ?

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ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

He has not fixed any meters. That is exactly my point.

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சிஸ் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

Either the hon. Member must sit down and allow me to speak -

නියෝජ්‍ය කථනායකතුමා
(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

That is exactly what he is requested to do. Hon. Member, allow him to speak.

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சிஸ் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

Allow me to speak, and if the Hon. Deputy Speaker will give you a second chance you can speak then.

නියෝජ්‍ය කථනායකතුමා
(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

No second chance will be given to anybody !

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சிஸ் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

You are only saying half truths. So the six per cent has been removed now. Today the Municipal Council is levying only 14 per cent on the annual value. Therefore there is no water rate at all.

සරත් මුත්තේටුවෙගම මහතා
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவேகம்)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

On what ?

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சிஸ் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

On the annual value. The Ministry of Local Government and the Municipality have agreed on that. Once you remove that you must have a way of getting the money. Otherwise you cannot have such a big scheme. So, now they are going to meter it and the meters will be given.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

They have not yet metered.

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சிஸ் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

They have already started metering, Sir, and they will complete it very soon. That is why they are asking for these by-laws. There can be laws for that. There are

[ஓன். வென்டில் ப்ரணாந்த மெனா]

enough provisions to tax anybody. You get water rates imposed under the Municipal Council Ordinance, but this is, in addition, going to give them certain specific powers for metering and collecting revenue. People must understand that. Nobody can run a water scheme free. We cannot do it. Today they are pumping water at the rate of 22 lakhs of gallons a day. I must thank the hon. Prime Minister who at my request when he went to France—

ஓன். வென்டில் ப்ரணாந்த மெனா
(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகமா)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

He went to France at your request ?

ஓன். வென்டில் ப்ரணாந்த மெனா
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

—in 1983 when he was visiting France I told him “Sir, If possible bring some money.” He has now brought us Rs. 300 million for the augmentation of the water scheme in Negombo. That is being undertaken. That is being implemented now. The augmentation will be completed by about March – April 1986. Most probably we will get the Hon. Prime Minister to declare it open.

This is to increase the water supply to Negombo by another 2 1/2 million gallons. That is, Negombo will now receive 5 million gallons. We started in 1958 and in 1962 we got the scheme. There was not a single thing called a tourist hotel then. Today there are about 50 hotels, about 40 restaurants and 300 boutiques in that complex. All these places need additional water. Quite a large number of them are within the municipal limits. A few of them are outside the municipal limits and there is no doubt of it. Added to that, there are hundreds of people working there. Of course, the tourist industry is in a bad way today, but otherwise, hundreds of people who had nothing to do with Negombo and who came there as employees of these hotels have now taken up residence in Negombo. This shows that since 1962 —

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி மெனா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

That is the GCEC. It has nothing to do with Negombo. The Hon. Minister is misleading us again.

ஓன். வென்டில் ப்ரணாந்த மெனா
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

I do not think you can disturb me like that. Do not disturb me. There is no meaning in it. If I want to talk I will talk till morning.

நியோபர் கபாநாயகர் மெனா
(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Hon. Member, you are disturbing him.

ஓன். வென்டில் ப்ரணாந்த மெனா
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

Do not think you can disturb me in this way. You tried this from 1970 to 1977. Without any shame you are rising today. You could not keep us silent when we were in the Opposition. Today we are in the Government. Remember that! You are not going to keep me down by getting up like a Jack-in-the-box. From 1970 to 1977 they could not keep me down. How can they keep me down now ?

ஓன். வென்டில் ப்ரணாந்த மெனா
(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகமா)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

You can never keep a good man down !

ஓன். வென்டில் ப்ரணாந்த மெனா
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

I only want to say that the population has doubled. There are about 125,000 people living within the municipal limits. There were only about 50,000 people at that time but now there are about 125,000 to 150,000 people living within the municipal area. The Municipality had to provide them with water.

As Mayor of Negombo I was responsible for getting Husband and Company to give me plans for a surface drainage scheme. They drew up the scheme and told me that there must be five pumping stations for Negombo because Negombo is 3 feet below sea level. Negombo is 3 feet below sea level ! It is very difficult to pump that water out. This was their report but I was not willing to accept the report. I said ‘No’. I said that I wanted to see the Managing Director of the company, Mr. M. C. Husband, and for him to have discussions with me. I was Mayor at this time, in 1960 or 1961. He came to Negombo from England. He had discussions with me, not once but on two or three occasions. I put all the strength into my case but he said “No, Negombo is 3 feet below sea level”. I told him that up to then we had never been told that Negombo was 3 feet below sea level and that was the first time we knew it. I said that that was the only thing I had to give way to and that otherwise I was agreeable to the drawings.

ஓன். வென்டில் ப்ரணாந்த மெனா
(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகமா)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Is that true ?

ஓன். வென்டில் ப்ரணாந்த மெனா
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

It is true. If Husband and Company says that Negombo is 3 feet below sea level, we cannot challenge that. In that there are five pumping stations.

கர்வ மூத்தவருக்கு இவ்வாறு
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேவகாம)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Who is this Husband and Company ? What about the wife ?

டீ. டென்சில் டென்சில்
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

I just wanted to tell you this. Today there is no water tax in Negombo. Now these by-laws are being framed to give the necessary powers to the Municipal council.

I thank the Hon. Prime Minister who is also the Minister of Local Government for sponsoring these by-laws. - [Interruption]. The hon. Member for Attanagalla requests me to have a discussion with the Mayor. I go to the Municipal Council every Thursday. Even last Thursday I had a discussion. Every Thursday I go to the Council to discuss matters pertaining to the development of the Negombo Municipal Council. Every Thursday I meet people for about an hour and then come to Colombo. I have allocated one hour on every Thursday to meet my people. So we have discussed this matter. This letter has been written by somebody, Sir - I do not know; may be a Member of the Municipal Council who did not know what had happened. I have now explained to this House the correct position. Now we are not imposing any tax. Therefore I am asking that these by-laws be passed.

I thank the Hon. Prime Minister again for giving us Rs. 300 million for the augmentation of the Negombo Municipal Council water scheme. It was I who requested it, and I thank the Hon. Prime Minister for all that he has done for Negombo. - [Interruption] The Hon. Prime Minister says that I must thank the French Government. That is true. It was the Government of France that gave us the money and the Hon. Prime Minister was responsible for getting us that money. Therefore, we thank both the French Government and the Hon. Prime Minister for giving us this money. Therefore, I say that these by-laws are *intra vires* the Municipal council Ordinance.

சுருந்த விலை ரூபாய், வய விலை ரூபாய்.
வினா விடுக்கப்பெற்று ஏற்றுக் கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

டீ. சின்னாபதி செவ்வா
(திரு. எம். சின்னாபதி செவ்வா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I move, on behalf on the Hon. Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways and Minister of Emergency Civil Administration,

"That the by-laws relating to water supply, made by the Matala Municipal Council, under sections 267 and 272 of the Municipal

Councils Ordinance (Chapter 252) and approved by the Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction, which were presented on 20.09.1985, be confirmed."

சுருந்த விலை ரூபாய், வய விலை ரூபாய்.
வினா விடுக்கப்பெற்று ஏற்றுக் கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

பரிசீலனை செய்ய : டீ. சின்னாபதி செவ்வா
குறைநிரப்பத் தொகை : ஆயுதங்கள், உபகரணங்கள் வாங்கல்
SUPPLEMENTARY SUPPLY : PURCHASE OF ARMS AND EQUIPMENT

டீ. சின்னாபதி செவ்வா
(திரு. எம். சின்னாபதி செவ்வா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I move on behalf of the Hon. Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways and Minister of Emergency Civil Administration.

"That a supplementary sum not exceeding Rupees Eight hundred and thirty-three million three hundred and seventy-seven thousand and nine hundred and eleven and cents eighty-four (Rs. 833,377,911.84) be payable out of the Consolidated Fund of the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, or any other fund, or monies of, or at the disposal of the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka or from the proceeds of any loans obtained by the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka for the service of the financial year beginning on 1st January, 1985 and ending on 31st December, 1985 and that the said sum may be expended as specified in the Schedule hereto :-

Schedule		Rs.	Cts.
Head : 39 - Minister of Defence			
Programme : 1 - General Administration and Management of Defence -			
Recurrent Expenditure		36,072,850.00	
Capital Expenditure		797,305,061.84	
		<u>833,377,911.84</u>	

The reasons for the Supplementary Estimate is to meet the threat to National Security caused by increased terrorist activity in the Northern and Eastern Provinces, the Ministry was compelled to order for arms and equipment for the use of the three Armed Services and the police in the current year.

As the provision in the Annual Estimates of these Departments were not sufficient to make these purchase additional funds were obtained from the Treasury Advance Account No. 104 "Miscellaneous Advances".

The allocations obtained up to June 1985 from the Advance Account for the three Armed Services and the Police are as follows :-

	Rs.	c.
(a) Army	211,805,940.68	
(b) Navy	217,565,938.40	
(c) Air Force	389,673,500.00	
(d) Police	14,332,532.76	
	<u>833,377,911.84</u>	

[එම්. පින්සන්ට පෙන්වා මගහැරීම]

This Supplementary Estimate is presented to Parliament to re-imburse the above sums to the Treasury Advance Account.

All purchases have been made on the recommendation of the Procurement Committee and the Committee of Secretaries appointed for the purpose by the President and with his personal approval.

ප්‍රශ්න සහතික කරන ලදී.
විභාග ආරම්භයට පෙර.
Question proposed.

සරත් මුත්තේවුටේගම මහතා
(ති.රු. ජාත් මුත්තේවුටේගම)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Mr. Deputy Chirman, I would not take long. I want to say that this sum for which a Supplementary Estimate is being sought is a stupendous sum - Rs. 800 million odd. The breakdown given by the Hon. Minister suggests that the biggest amount has been for the Air Force. So, obviously, it is for the purchase of aircraft of various sorts. The second biggest had been for the Navy, the third for the Army, the Police having only Rs. 14 million. Now it is only fair, if the Government expects us to rubber stamp such a stupendous Supplementary estimate, that we be given a breakdown of what was purchased. We do not want to be told, and the country may not be told, all the details because it is obviously for some big war the country is fighting, but we want to know what these purchases were, because, as I said on many earlier occasions, there had been very, very big scandals floating around the country about these purchases. Recently there was the case of a shipment which has come in a container load to the port of Galle. Nobody knows to whom that container has been consigned. Nobody knows from whence it has come. All we know is that certain foreign people have been interested in the arrival of that container, and then a Mr. Warusavithana - I do not know who on earth he is - has also been going up to that warehouse and making inquiries and doing certain things in respect of that particular consignment that came in that container. We do not know what was in it. There had been disquieting stories that certain equipment that had been bought had had to be thrown away. I am not talking about the Galle shipment, but certain other purchases have had to be thrown away over the last number of years. We want to know something because this is money belonging to the people of this country that you are buying arms with. God only knows for what it is. Generally you can say whether all this is required this Parliament must know. It is not enough for even the Committee of Secretaries to know. Who are the Committee of Secretaries? The Committee of Secretaries is a committee of bureaucrats. They have no responsibility to the people of this country. We have,

and we would like to know what was purchased, by whom it was approved and from where it was purchased. There have been stories.

Today one of the newspapers carried a story about the number of Israelis who are in Sri Lanka, the number of Israelis in the form of advisers, in the form of teachers in the form of all sorts of specialists. When those people come we know that they do not come here out of some desire to help this country. They help themselves. What Israeli arms have been purchased, what arms have been purchased on Israeli advice, we would like to know. Have our arms been purchased in places like South Africa, what kind of second-hand equipment has been bought? All sorts of stories have been floating around. That is the whole point. The government comes here with a supplementary estimate of Rs. 800 million, and god knows what it is all about. It is useless your saying that the President has approved it or that the President has appointed the three members of the Committee of Secretaries. That is not good enough for this Parliament. This Parliament must know much more details about that.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයවර්ධන මහතා
(ති.රු. ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයවර්ධන)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

N. U. Jayawardena's son is also there.

සරත් මුත්තේවුටේගම මහතා
(ති.රු. ජාත් මුත්තේවුටේගම)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Earlier I mentioned that various people, business people have been going and that there had been people who are agents of arms dealers in this country. They are at the Supper Club and in various places in big hotels seated there waiting like hawks for months and months waiting to sell arms. So we do not know. You suddenly come with a Rs. 800 million supplementary estimate and say this is approved by the Secretaries Committee. Who are in this Committee of Secretaries? We do not even know them [Interruption]. Kidnap the Secretaries? Nobody is bothered about them. Who are in the Procurement Committee? What happened? Why was the period of Mr. Tissa Weeratunga not extended? Are all these matters connected with arms purchases? There is a big tussle going on in the Joint Operations Council and in the Security Council and in the Ministry of Defence. We all know what is happening there. - [Interruption]. Big people are involved. All sorts of stories are floating around the country.

I say Sir, that it is totally unfair by this House to come with such skimpy information and to ask this House to pass Rs. 800 million in a supplementary estimate at the tail end of the year, and that every single member who votes for this will be abdicating his role as a member of Parliament and his duties to the people of this country.

එක් බෙන්ඩිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

තුමා கிழவன்—
எழுத்தார்.
rose.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

You want to speak ? [Interruption] – Right. We will like to hear you—

ಶಿವೇಶ್‍වර කථනායකතුමා
(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Order, please ! I like to hear you .

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I endorse wholeheartedly, Sir, what the hon. Member for Kalawana said. It is a very serious matter for the simple reason that we have been asked to dole out Rs. 833 million. The breakdown was given to us just now, and normally what is to be purchased and what they have purchased is known to us. In this connection we do not know what has been purchased. But we know from what appears in the press and what I am going to say now has appeared in the press. From there we tie up this supplementary estimate and we will come out with certain facts and figures, so that the Hon. Ministers would kindly look into it and see whether they can knock this down as much as possible – [Interruption] – on Advance Account – for next year's purchase.

First and foremost, we have all this capital expenditure. Of this Rs. 833 million, only Rs. 37 million is going to be recurrent expenditure and the balance is going to be capital expenditure. Now, the maintenance of this will come in the Budget and there you will get another staggering figure. I think that will endorse what the Minister of Finance said, that if this goes on his Budget will go completely haywire.

Now, Sir, first and foremost, we all thought two months ago that there was going to be a ceasefire. When this came out we all thought that nothing was going to happen and therefore we expected after the ceasefire that there will be an immediate civil law operation in those areas. Not only that ; once you have a ceasefire in an area where you have had war, you not only come out with civil administration but you also do flushing out operation for arms and ammunition that are in that area. But that did not happen. Therefore, because you did not take steps at that time you will have to incur expenditure on your defence purposes.

Secondly, Sir, there is what are called "border villages" where there had been trouble. From Dehiwatte, from Mutur area, from all those areas people started coming down South. It was a very beautiful operation, Sir, done by the terrorists to get rid of the people there. It was an easy operation for them. Take for instance this little house of ours as a village. We have a Police station and all of us live here. Three gunmen from outside shoot down a couple of houses ; What do we do ? We pack up all our things and we go to the next village and this area becomes empty. The police wait here for some time ; when the police get attacked and a couple of people die, then the police also get shifted to the next village. Then the terrorists walk into this vilage like that the thing went on and on and on mainly because we did not defend the border villages where we thought the threat would come. There was no village patrol system ; there were no armaments given to them, and ultimately we are now faced with the problem of getting our military to look after those areas and, therefore, the need for money. We have to incur money for the purchase of rifles and other arms and ammunition that we need.

Now, Sir, in the meantime another unfortunate situation is arising. I want to make a point here very clearly so that the Hon. Ministers would realise why a far off AGA office somewhere in Lahugala was attacked by terrorists. Why did they attack the AGA's Office ? After Lahugala was attacked people started moving away from Lahugala and the terrorists will come to Moneragala they will just walk to Badulla. Therefore, you find an automatic corridor being created right up to the hills of this country where various people are asking for Malayanadu and other requests that are being made, and that would be one line of approach to the hill country. We all know what they tried – the famous Divulagala problem where we had to flush out the Indian Tamils who went and encroached ; the Sinhalese went and encroached in order to see that their country was safe or that part of the country was safe but the Sinhalese people were thrown out from there. And automatically they wanted to have a corridor again from Trincomalee, coming up to Poonanai, and from Poonanai to Gamaduwa, from there to Matale and from there up to the Kandy hills.

There is a plan, Sir, and I am told that a very important Minister of this Government is now in South India. We all know that it is the Hon. Minister of Rural Industrial Development. He even speaks of excess hydro electricity being given to that outside country. He even speaks of that. I do not know whether the Hon. Ministers or the hon. Members are aware of this type of thing. – (Interruption). Yes, with whom are they speaking ? They are speaking with the Tamil Nadu Government. Therefore, Sir, I would like the Hon. Minister to realise that all this expenditure is definitely

[ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා]

connected not with the devolution of power; oh, no! This is connected directly with the military intervention that we will have to face if this problem continues any more. We all hope and pray that this problem will be solved.

At one stage, it was: India was Indira and Indira was India. Then it came to: Rajive was India and India was Rajive. But what happened? They got rid of three people, Chandrashekar, Balasingham and Satyendra. And what was the demand? The demand was that those three shall come back. One came back and the other two are still out. And until those two people are brought back, do you mean to say that the Tamil Nadu Government is going to support us in any of these movements? Therefore Sir, I am just wondering whether Delhi is wagging the tail of Tamil Nadu or whether Tamil Nadu is wagging the tail of Delhi? I do not know. We do not know whose tail is wagging whom today. We do not know whether the Hon. Minister of Rural Industrial Development is wagging the tail of the Government or the Government is wagging the tail of the Hon. Minister of Rural Industrial Development. God knows! - (Interruption)

We all thought that India was one. No. We now find that Chaatwal is not Dixit and Dixit is not Chaatwal. We also know that Esmond Wickremasinghe is not Mr. Thondaman and Mr. Thondaman is not Mr. Esmond Wickremasinghe. We know that, Sir. It is very clear; and knowing all this we should also know that MGR is not Jayalalitha and Jayalalitha is not MGR.

We had a discussion in Thimpu. We are having a discussion in Delhi. I would not be surprised if we are asked to come to Madras for the next discussion. This is the type of thing we are faced with. And this is the problem. And after this Delhi conference, it will be Bahamas and after Bahamas, well, I do not know what is going to happen.

At the Moment, Sir, they are discussing the Working Papers submitted by the Government through Mr. H. W. Jayawardene and we do not know what it is, and we do not know what eight-point programme the ENLF has submitted. We are told that a three-member monitoring team was appointed about the ceasefire and we are also told that they are going to expand the monitoring team. And the SARE organization is going to appoint a team for monitoring all this. Therefore, Sir, I thought this is a massive chaotic situation where the Sri Lankan people specially the Sinhalese people, - I am sorry to use that particular word - do not know what has happened. The hon. Members of Parliament do not know what is happening. Probably, the Hon. Ministers do not know what is happening.

At one stage we all thought Rajiv would be all powerful. He tried a hat trick, I know. He tried to solve the question of Assam. We thought he will go one

hundred per cent out with regard to Punjab. But when it came to Tamil Nadu he found difficulty there. That is why he had to withdraw the deportation order on one of the people whom he deported. Therefore, I think we must think in terms of whether Delhi is going to be pressurized by Tamil Nadu or Tamil Nadu is going to be pressurized by Delhi. We have to foresee the fact whether Delhi is the key or whether the Tamil Nadu is the Key. It is on those lines we will have to think. The political aspect is definitely there when it comes to the question whether we are going to give money to buy all this defence equipment. I say this because it does not mean only capital expenditure. It is going to mean recurrent expenditure for the next so many years to come. If we buy defence equipment we will have to use them for ten years.

The other day, I saw in the Press - I do not know whether it is correct or not - that the Hon. Minister of National Security has said that we need a hundred thousand-strong army. If it is a hundred thousand-strong army, I wonder how you are going to pay these people. I was calculating how much of money you would need to pay them, by way of salaries.

Take for example an average salary of Rs. 1,500 - each. On this basis you need Rs. 2,000 million a year for salaries alone, leaving aside expenditure for uniforms, boots and other accessories. What about training? What about training in combat? What about arms and ammunition? It is going to be a massive amount. It is not that I am objecting to this kind of expenditure. No. If the country needs defence equipment it has to buy defence equipment. But when you can avoid expenditure you must avoid it. - (Interruption). Please do not disturb me. If you want I can explain these matters in more details and show you what is going to be the cost to this country.

The Hon. Minister of Finance said that it would cost Rs. 16 million a day. but with this Rs. 833 million coming in, along with the recurrent expenditure that is needed to service, the expenditure figure is going to be Rs. 1 million per hour. That is going to be our defence expenditure. But what about training in combat? All these mean money. But are we doing the correct thing? I am made to understand - the whole world knows about it - that we have got down Rhodesian ex-R.A.F pilots on a salary of Rs. 100,000 a month. There are six of these people in Ratmalana. I go to Ratmalana once in a way. I saw some of these people there. why cannot we make use of our ex-pilots? Make use of our pilots and pay them a bigger salary. This is the situation. It is no joke. Not only that we have to train our pilots to use these new planes that we have taken on lease. The whole world knows that we have taken these Siai Marchetti planes on lease. When I see this amount of Rs. 389 I know it is obviously going to be for these six planes that

we are going to buy. The whole world knows what those planes are and what they are capable of. I will come to the question of those planes later on. Therefore, we must somehow or other see a way to cut down on this bill as much as possible.

Then we purchased some gunboats. We spent about Rs. 278 on those boats. we purchased them from the Advanced Account. I just want to find out their performance. I would like to know what their operational capabilities are.

Are the Commanders who are operating these satisfied with these purchases? As the hon. Member for Kalawana said, because there are lot of stories going about; lot of talk going about we would like to have an official report from the Ministry of Defence through the Secretary, Defence, that what you have purchased up to date for this operation of yours is satisfactory. That must be given to us because, Sir, I have my doubts.

I queried this last year when we purchased some 212-helicopters. We told them that there was a defect in those helicopters. We said that it was bad machinery. The other day, Sir, about two weeks ago one of those helicopters crashed in Batticaloa or Trincomalee. I checked up to find out whether it was due to terrorist attacks or whether it was an attack by someone else. No, it was because of engine failure. It was a total write-off. The helicopter was purchased last year. We are losing Rs. 10 million on the loss of that helicopter. Therefore, are we buying the correct material? I know this may be the correct stuff that we need but are we paying the correct amount for the stuff that we are buying? Who are the brokers? Who are the people in between this? Are they connected to the high ups of this country or to the Procurement Committee or let us say, the Technical Committee or the Finance Committee? There are three Committees operating on this. Therefore, Sir, I think it is high time that we look into it.

There was a tender for shot guns. I was shocked when I saw that. There is nothing secret, Sir, about this. There was a tender for shot guns, where the State Trading Corporation called for tenders from the manufacturers direct. The Tender No. SP/85/01 was in June 1985 and there was a closing date. This tender was not given to the lowest tenderer. There were others who had tendered. A gun which would have been purchased at US \$ 29 was ultimately purchased at US \$ 47 and 18 cents. Just imagine the difference! I am sure the difference is not on the price of the gun. The difference would have been on air freight or sea freight.

Therefore, Sir, I have come out with this particular information. I have already written to the Additional Secretary. I have sent him every information. All that I

say is, let the Procurement Committee look into this, consider this type of letters that we get in the Opposition and be satisfied. Let the Minister know about it. I would like someone to take the responsibility. We cannot go with all this to the President. The President has appointed so many Ministers for this particular operation. There are about ten Ministers appointed for this particular operation. We cannot place everything on the President and say that His Excellency is the person who should do this and not the others. They have enough power, but the fact remains that is no one is there to look into it.

Now this shot gun tender is a glaring example, Sir, of certain tenders being looked into and accepted while the tenders of others are not looked into. This type of thing, Sir, must stop. Take for instance the Siai Marchetti purchase. I certainly do not mind. It is not a bad plane. It is a very good plane. It is an excellent plane. I would not say "no". I just looked into that book "Janes All World Aircraft." It is there catalogued as one of the competent planes. But why are we using these planes? Sometime ago in 1971 we ourselves tried planes. At that time we did not have helicopters, we did not have jets, we did not have anything. We had Doves and Herons - I cannot remember the names of the other planes - we had planes of that nature.

சிவோர்சு கபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்

(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Order, please!

The hon. Deputy Chairman of Committees will now take the Chair.

අනුරුද්ධ සිවෝර්ස කපානායකතුමා මූලාසනයෙන් ඉවත් වූයෙන්, සිවෝර්ස කාරක සභාපතිතුමා (එඩ්මන්ඩ් සමරවික්රම මහතා) මූලාසනාරූඳි විය.

அதன் பிறகு, பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் அக்கிராசனத்தினின்று அகலவே, குழுப் பிரதித் தலைவர் அவர்கள் [திரு. எட்மன்ட் சமரவிக்ரம] தலைமை வகித்தார்கள்.

Whereupon MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER left the Chair, and MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES [MR. EDMUND SAMARAWICKREMA] took the Chair.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකෝඩ් මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Thank God, you are living Sir! We are very happy to see you here alive. I believe, you know the story.

සිවෝර්ස කාරක සභාපතිතුමා

(குழுப் பிரதித் தலைவர் அவர்கள்)

(The Deputy Chairman of Committees)

There is a lot of time for you to make that remark. I will live 101 years.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකෝඩ් මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Instead of saying Esmond Wickremasinghe, I think the media had said it was Edmund Samarawickrema. Sir, we all got shocked anyway.

[ලක්ෂමන් රටකොඩි මහතා]

Sir, the Janes All World Aircraft book gave this out. This plane travels at a speed of about 200 to 250 miles per hour. Is this going to be of any use for night attacks? I just want to find this out. For night attacks they are absolutely useless for the simple reason that we are using them in the night. You might find that all these attacks on police stations and in other areas take place between 11 p.m. and 4 a.m. That is the time they take place. For a thing like that what is the use of a plane? You must go in for helicopters. We had the same difficulty. We found and ultimately we had to get down some helicopters. We had to use Indian helicopters. We had to use helicopters from Pakistan because planes were not going to serve the purpose. But you have bought these planes today and you are paying this big amount of Rs. 389 million. Are you going to bomb this country out? Are you going to bomb those areas? Especially in a guerrilla war, you find five or six people together. Are you going to bomb and finish those areas? It is absurd! It has to be a ground attack. I cannot understand why you are going in for these huge planes. I can understand quite well if you are going in for helicopters but not planes of this nature. I do not deny that it is a good plane. But how many of them are going to be leased out? How many of them are going to be purchased? Who are the principals and the brokers? Now this is what we want to know.

Therefore, Sir, what I feel is, one has to look into what we are going to purchase and what the priorities are going to be. I can understand if APCs are to be purchased. It is quite correct. There are other vehicles like patrol cars and troop carriers and so on. That I can appreciate that for the army, but when I cannot understand is why useless equipment is being purchased.

Sir, to make it a success you must have your maintenance operations also for at least 20 years. Are we having the money to do so? The important factor is that. Can we maintain all this equipment that we are going to purchase for the army, the navy, the air force at least for the next five years? How much of money is required? How much of rockets and money for various other bombs at least for training is required? What about the firing practice? All that comes in. Therefore it is not going to leave us only with this Rs. 833 million.

I can understand why you raised the price of sugar. I know what is going to happen. We know the reply the Hon. Minister of Finance got even in Canada. They said "We cannot give you any money for the downstream work". We are having that huge reservoir called Maduru Oya. We went and opened it but no downstream work has been done. We have no money and there is no result in what we are going to do.

I think first and foremost what should be done is to structure that Defence Ministry. I am telling this to you in all good faith because it is in utter chaos. I am telling you very frankly that that whole Defence Ministry is a madness! I am saying that because I cannot understand who lays down policies. For instance, on one side you get the Secretary of Defence and then you get the JOC and then you also get the Police Chief. Now we all know that the Secretary of Defence is General Attygalle. Then you find the JOC and we have a good person, a competent person there in General Ranatunga. Then we have a new person as Chief of Police, Mr. Weerasinghe. Now, they are under the JOC. Then again we have the Police Commandos. They are under Mr. Ravi Jayewardene who is a member of the National Security Council. The Police Commandos are under him. Now, where does the Minister of National Security fit in? Then, we have one Deputy Minister for Internal Security and a Deputy Minister for Home Guards. Sir, I am only talking of the Defence Ministry structure and how does the Ministry of National Security fit in to this Defence Ministry? That is also a problem. You find the Secretary of Defence, General Attygalle. Then you find the Secretary for National Security in Mr. Hapudeniya. What are their functions? Surely, you are not leaving out one part of the Prevention of Terrorism Act and half of it to be looked after by one Ministry. The Ministry of National Security? There is something wrong somewhere. There is absolutely no co-ordination. Normally there is at least a thing called an organizational tree, something at the apex and it comes down. This whole thing is in utter chaos and this is the result. Therefore, people are finding it rather difficult to agree to all what the Government says and I hope you will take these points that I have mentioned in good faith. Please do not think that we are here only to be critical of you. It is not so. When we see danger we will tell you. Everything that we say here is known to the public. We do not talk anything on combat operations. We do not say how you are moving your troops. That is not our business. Our business is to see whether you are doing the right thing or the wrong thing and I think organization-wise the entire Ministry of Defence and the entire Ministry of National Security must function on a well worked out scheme. The C-in-C the President can be on top, then number two can be the Deputy Minister, number three the Secretary and then number four can be all the others coming down the commanders and so on. You can work it out that way and then you would know where you are, but if you are going to have little pieces here and there, the commandos being looked after by some person, the JOC being looked after by another person there will be problems. Now, under whom does the JOC operate? To whom is he directly responsible? That is one reason why General Weeratunga went. Everybody wants to know why General Weeratunga went. The reason is that he was not told as to who his Commander would be. So from

whom is he going to get the command ? From whom does the JOC Chief get the command ? What are his functions ? What are the functions of the Secretary ? What the function of the Commander of the JOC ? I am telling you, please do not put Brigadier Ranatunga also into a difficulty, because I do not know whether he is still having that section, Aviation Limited, from where he was taken away. Take him out of it if he is still there – it is good for him – and appoint another person and work out the organizational tree and then I am sure, Sir, you can do better things than what they are doing now.

Therefore I feel that unless we sort out these matters the problem will remain. Unless we sort out the political problem, as I mentioned, and unless we sort out the military problem I think this problem cannot be solved, but if you do so there is still a chance.

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

In introducing this Motion I set out the reasons why this money was required. I said it was to reimburse some allocation from the Advance Account of the Treasury. Certain questions were raised by the hon. Member for Kalawana (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama) and the hon. Member for Attanagalla (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody). I agree that they are entitled to know the details but one must not forget that these are matters relating to defence. I would request the hon. Members to take it up at a meeting of the Consultative Committee of this Ministry. I would request the Hon. Minister to explain all details to you when you come before the Consultative Committee.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදී.

කටහමවල් අනුව 'පක්ෂ' මතුවීමට ජය බව කාරක සභා නියෝජ්‍ය සභාපතිතුමා විසින් ප්‍රකාශ කරන ලදී.

வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டது.
குரல்களின்மீது "ஆம்" என்றவர்களுக்கு வெற்றியென குழுப் பிரதித் தலைவர் அவர்களால் பிரகடனப்படுத்தப்பட்டது.

Question put.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES, *having collected the Voices, declared that the "Ayes" had it.*

සරත් මුත්තේවුට්ටෙම මහතා
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Divide !

பார்க்குமீன்து 43 වන ස්ථාවර නියෝගය යටතේ - පක්ෂව 44 ; විරුද්ධව 1 ; යනුවෙන් - බෙදුණේය.

பாராளுமன்றம், 43 ஆம் நிலைக் கட்டளையின் கீழ் பிரித்தது : சாபாக 44; எதிராக 1

The Parliament divided under Standing Order No. 43 : Ayes 44 ; Noes 1.

පරිපූරක මුදල : ශ්‍රී ලංකාවේ රූපවාහිනී ප්‍රචාරය පුළුල් කිරීම

குறைநிரப்புத் தொகை : இலங்கையில் தொலைக்காட்சி ஒளிபரப்பு விரிவாக்கல்

SUPPLEMENTARY SUPPLY : EXPANSION OF TELEVISION BROADCASTING IN SRI LANKA

කල් තමන ලද විවාදය තව දුරටත් පවත්වනු පිණිස නියෝගය කියවන ලදී. 3 වන අදාළ ප්‍රශ්නය [1985 ඔැප්තැම්බර් 3]

* 1985 ජනවාරි මස 01 වැනිදිනින් ආරම්භ වී 1985 දෙසැම්බර් මස 31 වැනිදිනින් අවසන් වන මුදල් වර්ෂය තුළ කෙටිය සඳහා ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ජනාධිදේව රජමුදලෙන් හෝ ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ වෙන කිසියම් අරමුදලකින් හෝ මුදල් වලින් හෝ ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයට පුද්ගලික කළ බැංකුව නිකුත් මුදලකින් හෝ ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජය විසින් කෙටි ලබාගන්නා කිසියම් මුදලකින් හෝ රුපියල් දහඅටකෝටි සහලීය තව ලක්ෂ විසිහත් දහසකට (රු. 18,49,27,000) කොටුවක පරිපූරක මුදල් කෙටිය යුතු අතර එම මුදල මෙහි පහත වෙනම දැරෙන්නේ කියමන පරිදි වැය කළ යුතුය.

ලපෙල්බතය

ශීර්ෂය 155 - රාජ්‍ය අමාත්‍යවරයා
වැඩි කටහන : 1 - සාමාන්‍ය පරිපාලන සහ ප්‍රචාරය ...18,49,27,000⁴⁴

ප්‍රශ්නය යළිත් සහතික කිරීම කරන ලදී.

ஒத்திபோடப்பட்ட விவாதம் மீளத் தொடங்குதற்கான கட்டளை வாசிக்கப்பட்டது. [3 செப்டம்பர் 1985]

"1985 ஆம் ஆண்டு ஜனவரி 1 ஆந் தேதி தொடங்கி 1985 ஆம் ஆண்டு டிசெம்பர் 31 ஆந் தேதியுடன் முடிவடையும் நிதியாண்டின் சேவைக்கென இலங்கைச் சனநாயக சோசலிசக் குடியரசின் திரட்டு நிதியத்தினின்றும், அல்லது இலங்கைச் சனநாயக சோசலிசக் குடியரசின் அரசாங்கத்தினது அல்லது இலங்கைச் சனநாயக சோசலிசக் குடியரசின் அரசாங்கம் பயன்படுத்தக்கூடிய வேறெந்த நிதியத்தினின்றும் அல்லது பணத்தினின்றும் அல்லது இலங்கைச் சனநாயகக் குடியரசின் அரசாங்கம் பெற்றிருக்கும் எந்தக் கடன் நிதியத்தினின்றும் பதினெட்டுக் கோடியே நூற்றத்தொன்பது இலட்சத்து இருபத்தேழாயிரம் ரூபாவுக்கு (ரூபா 18,49,27,000) மேற்படாத குறை நிரப்பும் தொகையொன்று வழங்கப்படல் வேண்டும். அத்தொகை பின்வரும் அட்டவணியில் காட்டப்பட்டுள்ள வாறு செலவு செய்யப்படலாம் :-

அட்டவணை

ரூபா

தலைப்பு : 155 — இராஜாங்க அமைச்சர்
கருத்திட்டம் 1—பொது நிர்வாக சேவையும் பிரச்சாரமும் 18,49,27,000"

வினா மீண்டும் எடுத்தியம்பப்பட்டது

Order read for resuming Adjourned Debate on Question - [1985 September 03]

"That a Supplementary Sum not exceeding Rupees One hundred and eighty four million and nine hundred and twenty seven thousand (Rs. 184,927,000) be payable out of the Consolidated Fund of the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka or any other fund, or monies of, or at the disposal of the Government of the Democratic socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, or from the proceeds of any loans obtained by the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, for the service of the financial year beginning on 1st January, 1985 and ending on 31st December, 1985, and that the said sum may be expended as Specified in the Schedule hereto :-

Schedule

Head : 155 - Minister of State
Programme : 1 - General Administration Service and Publicity
Rs. 184,927,000"

Question again proposed.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(ති.ල. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාක්කොදි)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Sir, I would urge that we adjourn the Debate because it is 3.30 p.m.

නියෝජ්‍ය කාරක සභාපතිතුමා
(ශ්‍රේෂ්ඨ பிரதித் தலைவர் அவர்கள்)
(The Deputy Chairman of Committees)

There is one minute more.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(ති.ල. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාක්කොදි)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I quite appreciate the Hon. Minister's difficulty because he is the Cabinet spokesman and I think he has to give out a very important briefing tomorrow.

ආචාර්ය ආනන්දතිස්ස ද අල්විස් මහතා (රාජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමා)
(கலாநிதி ஆனந்ததிஸஸ் த அல்விஸ் — இராசாங்க அமைச்சர்)
(Dr. Anandatissa de Alwis—Minister of State)

Shall we pass this now and debate this subject tomorrow ?

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(ති.ල. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාක්කොදි)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No, we cannot do that. Of course, you can have your Deputy Minister here and let him take down what we say and you can come and reply.

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
(ති.ල. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

No, let it go down.

එකල්හි චේලාට අ. හ. 3. 30 වූයෙන් කටයුතු අත්සිටුවා විවාදය කල් තබන ලදී.
அப்போது பி. ப. 3.30 மணி யாகிவிட்டவே அலுவல்கள் இடைநிறுத்தப்பட்டது, விவாதம் ஒத்திவைக்கப்பட்டது.

It being 3.30 p.m., Business was interrupted, and the Debate stood adjourned.

එතුන් සිට විවාදය 1985 ඔක්තෝබර් 9 වන දින පත්වනු ලැබේ.

விவாதம் 1985 ஒக்டோபர் 9 மீளத்தொடங்கும்.

Debate to be resumed on 9th October, 1985.

කල්තැබීම

ஒத்திவைப்பு

ADJOURNMENT

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
(ති.ල. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I move,

“That the Parliament do now adjourn.”

ප්‍රශ්නය සභාසීමාව කරන ලදී.
வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.
Question proposed.

ආචාර්ය ධම්මලී. දහනායක මහතා
(கலாநிதி டபிள்யூ. தஹநாயக்க)
(Dr. W. Dahanayake)

Is the Hon. Minister for Muslim Affairs present in this House because I want to address my Question to the Hon. Minister for muslim affairs and I have given notice of the question ? If, however, the Hon. Minister is not present in the House, I would prefer, Mr. Chairman, to ask the question tomorrow or the day after.

නියෝජ්‍ය කාරක සභාපතිතුමා
(ශ්‍රේෂ්ඨ பிரதித் தலைவர் அவர்கள்)
(The Deputy Chairman of Committees)

Yes.

සරත් මුත්තේටුවෙගම මහතා
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம்)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය සභාපතිතුමා, මා විසින් කල් දී තිබෙන ප්‍රශ්න දෙකක් තිබෙනවා. එයින් පළමු වන ප්‍රශ්නය කල් දී තිබෙන්නේ ගරු සමාජ සේවා ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසීම සඳහායි. ප්‍රශ්නය මෙයයි.

පසුගිය දිනවල ඇති වූ ධාරානිපාත වර්ෂාව නිසා රත්නපුර දිස්ත්‍රික්කය තුළ—විශේෂයෙන්ම මගේ ජනද කොට්ඨාශයේ ග්‍රාමසේවා වසම් 5 ක පමණ—ජලගැලීම් ඇති වූණි. ඒ ජලගැලීම් නිසා හානියට පත්වූ අයට අමතරව ඒ නිසා යන එක මා තැනිවි අමාරුවට වැටුණු අයට සැහෙන පිරිසක් සිටිනවා. මා දන්නා තරමට රත්නපුර දිසා ඇමතිතුමාගේ රත්නපුරේ දිසාපතිතුමාගේ ඒ පිරිසට ආධාර දෙන්නට පුළුවන් තරම් උත්සාහ කරනවා. නමුත් මෙය වරින්වර සිදු වන දෙයක් නිසා මෙයට ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගේ අවධානය යොමු නොකර බැහැ.

සමාජ සේවා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවෙහුත් ග්‍රාමසේවා නිලධාරීන්ගෙහුත් විශේෂ සේවා නිලධාරීන්ගෙහුත් ලැයිස්තු තැදෙන විට බොහෝ අවස්ථාවල ගම්වල යම් යම් උදව්‍ය ඒ ලැයිස්තුවලට අඩංගු වන්නේ නැහැ. එමෙන්ම ගෙවල් ජලයෙන් යටවූ හා ගෙවල් කැඩුණු අයට අමතරව අනාථ වූ හා ගමනාගමන අපහසුකම් නිසා ආහාර ලබා ගන්නට බැර වූ උදව්‍යටත් හරියාකාර ආධාර ලැබෙන්නේ නැහැ. මම දන්නා තරමට කලවාන උප දිසාපති කොට්ඨාශයේත් අයගම උප දිසාපති කොට්ඨාශයේත් ග්‍රාමසේවා කොට්ඨාශ නිපයකම මේ තත්ත්වය ඇති වී තිබෙනවා.

රත්නපුර දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ තවත් ජනද කොට්ඨාශ ගණනාවකම—රත්නපුර, නිව්තිගල, ආදී නොයෙක් තැන්වල—මේ තත්ත්වය ඇති වී තිබෙනවා. ඒ ප්‍රදේශවල එවැනිම දුක්ගැනවිලි තිබෙනවා යයි මම හිතනවා. ඒ නිසා ඒ සඳහා විශේෂ විධිවිධාන යොදා වහාම ඔවුන්ට ආධාර දීමට, වියළි ආහාර ද්‍රව්‍ය දීමට හා උපකාර කිරීමට—වතුර බැස ගොස් සුමාන ගණන් ශිෂ්ට පසුව වැඩක් නැහැ—වහාම කටයුතු කරන ලෙස සමාජ සේවා ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් මම ඉතා ඕනෑකමින් ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

The other question which I have given notice of is the question which I have addressed to the Hon. Minister of Foreign Affairs regarding the situation which has now arisen in south Africa and in regard to the position that the Sri Lankan Government wishes to take in respect of the present South African situation.

There was some occasion on which the Hon. Minister of Foreign Affairs speaking on behalf of Sri Lanka had made a statement saying that the call for sanctions is one that is difficult to resist. I hope that on that occasion he was speaking on behalf of the Sri Lankan Government in which case the Sri Lankan Government

[පරස් මුක්තවිද්වේගම මහතා]

should come out very strongly for sanctions against south Africa, because even small countries are now coming out with the demand for sanctions. Even President Reagan has had to make certain alterations in his position in regard to the South African situation.

I would also like to ask the government through the Hon. Minister of foreign Affairs, because this is essentially a Foreign Ministry problem, to immediately suspend all trade with South Africa. I believe that the trade with South Africa through devious channels is at the moment in favour of South Africa. although they buy some tea from Sri Lanka, I think, in fact, the trade balance is still in favour of South Africa. In any event, it is a question of morality and it is a question of political expediency because there is a qualitative change inside South Africa. There is a definite chance that the apartheid regime might be defeated and every little step taken by the world community will be a help to the people who are struggling against apartheid in South Africa.

The last aspect of the question is whether the Sri Lankan government will add its voice to those of the civilised world which has called for the release of Nelson Mandela and all other people who have been politically imprisoned in South Africa because such a call will also be a call that is morally heard by the people all over the world and will be some pressure on the apartheid regime of South Africa.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோபி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I do not want to ask all the questions because some of the Hon. Ministers are not here but I would be very quick and ask the questions from those who are present.

First and foremost, I would like to ask the Hon. Minister of Foreign Affairs whether the government of Sri Lanka should not only condemn the attack on the PLO Head Quarters by Israel but also sever all connections with Israel. As you are aware, we know the reason why this attack was made. It was a very frivolous reason, the reason being that some people of Israel origin are being kept in a jail in Cyprus. They are to be brought to trial also. But yet with all that, the fact that a plane should have travelled about 1,500 miles and then bombed that place violating the sovereignty and integrity of country is something that should be condemned, I think it is high time that we should condemn such an attack. To my mind—and it is my personal opinion—it is as bad as the attack on the Americans in Grenada. Therefore what I feel is that we should not only condemn it but also ask the Americans in this country not to harbour these people in their Interest Section, and to close down the Interest Section

and ask them to move away. that request I would like to make from the Hon. Minister. I do not know whether he will agree with me. I am sure he knows the amount of money that we have lost, the aid that we could have got from the Arab world. It may be because of the presence of these people here in this country. What trouble it has created for us! On behalf of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party I endorse the request made by the hon. Member for Kalawana and I hope the government will consider this request to get the Israelis out.

The next question I want to ask is from the Hon. Minister of Coconut Industries.

There is a Coconut Development Authority stipulation to buy coconut oil only from those millers who made purchases of copra at the coconut auctions within a specified time at a minimum price of Rs. 2,350 per candy. I want to know from the CDA's Marketing Division whether they have deviated from this policy by buying from Messers Adamjee Lukmanje and Sons Limited and Shri Krishna Corporation outside the said scheme and thereby nullified the effect of price stabilisation. If so, I want to know why.

I know the answer that he is going to give. He will turn round and say that the copra was not up to standard. This is the normal thing that any of these copra buyers will come out with, that what was delivered is not equivalent to the sample submitted to the auction. This has been discussed. I want to bring to his notice that when they were trying to find a reply to this, this answer was discussed, whether to give the answer in that format, that is, that the copra was not up to standard, so that they can get away with it. That is not the point. The important point is that once you have given the stipulation that they should buy copra at the copra auctions at a particular price, during a given time, why did they not take that price to the producer. Today the producer does not get any thing more than Rs. 1,500 to Rs. 1,600. You can stipulate this price. Therefore I would urge the Hon. Minister to hold an inquiry into this matter. Hold an inquiry to this episode and let us know what the result of the inquiry is.

ගරු විද්‍යා කටයුතු පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසීමට ප්‍රශ්නයක් කල් දී තිබෙනවා. මම ඒ ප්‍රශ්නය ඉදිරිපත් කරන්නම්. ඉන්ටර්බේක්ස් තමැති දුම්කොළ සමාගම 1985 පසුගිය කන්නය සඳහා උඩපුළුපුළුවා, හාලිඇල, වලපනේ, නිල්දේවනගිරිනි කඳි ප්‍රදේශවල ගොවීන්ට අයවිය යුතු වියළි දුම්කොළ සඳහා ගොවි අරමුදල් සහ දිරිගැන්වීමේ දීමනා නොගොට එම සිසේ වසා ගොස් ඇති බවත් එම නිසා දුම් උදුත් වැසීමෙන් විශාල පිරිසකට රැකියා අහිමි වී ගොස් ඇති අතර එක් උදුනක් සඳහා රු. 75,000 මුදලක් රජයෙන් උඩපුළුපුළුවා උදුත් හිමියන්ගේ සහායය ඉල්ලා ඇති බැවින් මේ සම්බන්ධව පරීක්ෂණයක් කර එම ගොවීන්ට දීමනා සහ ඉල්ලීම් ලබා දීමට කටයුතු කරනවාද? මේ ප්‍රශ්නයට "ගොදැසි" කියා පිළිතුරු දී විතරක් නිකම ඉන්න එවා. ඉන්ටර්බේක්ස් කියන සමාගම තමුත්තාන්දේලා දන්නවා. ලංකා දුම්කොළ සමාගමේ සල්ලීන්, එම ඉන්ටර්බේක්ස් තමැති දුම්කොළ සමාගමේ තිබෙනවා. මෙය කෙළින්ම තමුත්තාන්දේගේ අමාත්‍යාංශය යටතේ තිබෙන සමාගමක්. අත්ත ඒ නිසා මේ කරන ලද ඉල්ලීම් ඉෂ්ට කරන්නය කියා මා ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

අවසාන වශයෙන් ගරු අග්‍රාමාත්‍යතුමාගෙන් ඇසීමට මම මේ ප්‍රශ්නය ඉදිරිපත් කරනවා. අත්තනගල්ල ආසනයේ මල්වත්ත අත්තම් නිවාස යෝජනා ක්‍රමයට විදුලිය බෙදා ගැනීම කරනුයේ ගම්පහ සංවර්ධන සභාවේ අංක 29 දරන මධ්‍යමධ්‍යම උපකාරකාලය මගිනි. එම ප්‍රදේශයේ බොහෝ දෙනා විදුලිය ලබා ගැනීමට බලාපොරොත්තුව මුදල් ගෙවීමට එම කාර්යාලයට ගිය විටදී මුදල් හාර ගැනීම ප්‍රතික්ෂේප කර ඇත. විදුලිය ලබා ගැනීමට මුදල් තැන්පත් කරන සියලුම දෙනාට විදුලිය ලබා දෙන ලෙසට අදාළ නිලධාරීන්ට උපදෙස් දෙනවාද? එසේ නොවේ නම් ඒ මන්ද?

මේ විදුලිබල යෝජනා ක්‍රමය නිබන්දේන් විදුලි බල මණ්ඩලය යටතේද, එහෙම තැන්තම් සංවර්ධන සභාව යටතේද කියා යොදා බැලුවා. විදුලිබල මණ්ඩලය කියනවා ඒ යෝජනා ක්‍රමය නිබන්දේන් සංවර්ධන සභාව යටතේ කියා. මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් සංවර්ධන සභාවට මුදල් ගෙවන්න ගියාම ඒ ගොල්ල කියනවා මේ යෝජනා ක්‍රමය විදුලිබල මණ්ඩලය යටතේ නිබන්දනය කියා. අත්ත ඒ නිසා මෙතන පරස්පර විරෝධතාවක් තිබෙනවා. එබැවින් මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් කටයුතු කරන ලෙසට අදාළ නිලධාරීන්ට එතුමා අණ කරනවාද කියා මම අහන්න කැමතියි.

දිනේෂ ගුණවර්ධන මහතා
(**ශ්‍රී ලං. නිලධාරී ඉංජානාචාර්ය**)
(**Mr. Dinesh Gunawardena**)

ගරු ආරක්ෂක ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසීමට මම ප්‍රශ්නයක් ඉදිරිපත් කරනවා. පසුගිය මාසේ 20 වැනිදා, ශ්‍රී ජයවර්ධනපුර විශ්ව විද්‍යාලයේ උදේ සිට රාත්‍රී දක්වා සිදු වූ හිඟයන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් මර්ගාන පොලීසිය වෙත පැමිණිලි රාශියක් ශිෂ්‍යයින් විසින් ඉදිරිපත් කරලා තිබෙනවා. ශිෂ්‍යයන්ගේ නේවාසිකාගාරවලට ඇතුළුව නේවාසිකාගාර විනාශ කිරීමත්, අලාභ කිරීමත්, ශිෂ්‍යයන්ගේ පොත්පත්, දේශණ සටහන් සහ වෙනත් අත්‍යවශ්‍ය අධ්‍යාපනික භාණ්ඩ විනාශ කිරීමත්, පැහැර ගෙන යාම සහ මංකොල්ලකෑමත්, ඒවා ඒ ගාලාට ඉදිරිපේ ගිනිබත් කිරීමත් මේ හිඟයන්ගේ කොටසක්. උපකුලපතිතුමා සහ පාලක මණ්ඩලය යටතේ මෙය කිසිම ශිෂ්‍යයෙක් විශ්ව විද්‍යාල ගුමියේ නොසිටපු අවස්ථාවක්. ශිෂ්‍යයින් තැවත පැමිණි විට මේ පිළිබඳව මර්ගාන පොලීස් ස්ථානයට පැමිණිලි රාශියක් කරලා තිබෙනවා. තමුත් අද වන තුරු මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් පොලීසියෙන් කිසිම ක්‍රියා මාර්ගයක් අරගෙන නැහැ. විශ්ව විද්‍යාලය මගින් ඒ ශිෂ්‍යයන්ට දැන් විභාගවලට පෙනී සිටින ලෙස නියම කරගෙන යනවා.

අපි කවුරුත් පිළිගන්නවා, විභාගයකට පෙනී සිටීමට අවශ්‍ය ශිෂ්‍යයන්ගේ පොත්පත්, දේශණ සටහන් හා වෙනත් උපකරණ විනාශ කරලා තැනි කලාට පස්සේ ශිෂ්‍යයන් අමාරු තත්ත්වයකට පත් වන බව. ඒ නිසා මම ආරක්ෂක ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් අහනවා, මේ නීතියට වඩා ඉහල අය කවුද කියා. එහෙම ඉහල කෙනෙක් තැන්තම් ඇයි මර්ගාන පොලීසියට නියෝග නොකරන්නේ. මේවගේ සාපරාධී මංකොල්ලකෑම්, විනාශ කිරීම කරන අය පිළිබඳව කටයුතු කිරීමට? මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් නියෝගයක් කරන ලෙස මම ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා. ඒ වාගේම මේ සිද්ධියට සම්බන්ධ නීතියට ඉහළින් සිටින පුද්ගලයා පිළිබඳව මීට ප්‍රථම තාරානේතරීට පොලීසියටත්, කුරුදුවත්ත පොලීසියටත්, සමීට නිවාස යෝජනා ක්‍රමයේ නේවාසිකයින් විසින්ද පැමිණිලි කරලා තිබෙනවා. තමුත් ඒ ගැනත් පොලීසිය ක්‍රියා කරලා නැ. මම ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා ආරක්ෂක ඇමතිතුමාගෙන්, මේ අසරණ ශිෂ්‍යයන්ගේ ජීවිත සහ දේපල විනාශ කිරීමට ක්‍රියා කල අයට විරුද්ධව පොලීසියට කරලා තිබෙන පැමිණිලි සම්බන්ධයෙන් කටයුතු කිරීමට නියෝග කරන්න කියා.

දෙවැනි කාරණය තුනී ලැලි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලය සම්බන්ධවයි. තුනී ලැලි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලය වසා දැමීමේ කාරණය ගැන මා ගරු කර්මාන්ත ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ප්‍රකාශයක් බලාපොරොත්තුව වෙනවා. පුවත්පත්වල සඳහන් වූණා තුනී ලැලි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලයේ කොටස් පොද්ගලික අංශයට පැවරීමට තීරණයක් ගෙන තිබෙනවා කියා. මේ නිසා තුනී ලැලි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලයේ විශාල නිෂ්පාදනය පිළිබඳ කඩා වැටීමක් දැනට සිදුවෙගන යනවා. එවැනි නියෝගයක් කර තිබෙනවාද, එසේ නැත්නම් තුනී ලැලි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලයේ කර්මාන්තශාලාවක් වසා දැමීමට තීරණයක් කර තිබෙනවාද කියා ගරු ඇමතිතුමා පැහැදිලි කරනවානම් ගොද්දි.

දැනට තිබෙන ආරංචි මාත්‍රය නම් කොස්ගම දූව සංකීර්ණයේ තුනී ලැලි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලයේ කර්මාන්ත ශාලාව වසා දැමීමට තීරණයක් ගෙන තිබෙන බවයි. එහි සේවකයන් දෙදහසක් පමණ සිටිනවා. තුනී ලැලි

කම්හලකිනුත්, ඉරුම් මෝලකිනුත්, පතුරු ලැලි මෝලකිනුත්, ගෘහ භාණ්ඩ කර්මාන්ත ශාලාවකිනුත් සමන්විත මෙම අංශය වසා දැමුවොත් සේවකයන් දෙදහසක් පමණ මහ මගට වැටෙනවා පමණක් නොවෙයි තුනී ලැලි ක්ෂේත්‍රයේ පොට්ටි නිෂ්පාදනයේදී විදේශ විනිමය කොටි ගණනින් පිටරට ගලා යාමක් සිදු වීමටත් මග පෑදෙනවා. මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් මම ඇමතිතුමාට පොද්ගලිකවත් කරුණු කීපයක් ඉදිරිපත් කලා. එතුමාට මම විශේෂයෙන් කියන්නේ කලින් මෙම ආයතනයේ වංචා සහ දූෂණ රාශියක් සිදු වී තිබුණත් පසුගිය කාලයේ මේ වංචා සහ තාක්ෂිත් අඩු වී මාස කීපයදී පාඩුව ඉතාමත් අඩු වී එක් මාසයක, එනම් අගෝස්තු මාසයේ ලාභ සහිත තත්ත්වයකුත් ඇති වී තිබුණු බවයි.

මේ ගැන මම එතුමාට කලින් කරුණු පෙන්වා දී තිබෙනවා. යම් යම් පුද්ගලයන් ගණනාවක් මෙම සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලය තමන්ගේ පොද්ගලික දේපොළක් ගැටියට සලකා වංචාවෙන් අති කාල දීමනා අරගෙන සාස්ථවෙන් පිට වී යාම සහ තවත් ඒ වාගේම වංචා රාශියක් කිරීමක් තිසයි මේ ආයතනයේ මේ තත්ත්වයට වැටුණේ, මෙවැනි වංචා සහ දූෂණවලට ඉඩ දී ඒ නිසාම මෙය පාඩු ලබන ආයතනයක් බවට පත් කර වසා දැමීම සාධාරණය කියා ඇමතිතුමා කල්පනා කරනවාද? අපි එසේ කල්පනා නොකරන නිසා ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් මම පළමුවෙන්ම ඉල්ලනවා මෙම වංචා සහ දූෂණ ඇතිවීමේ ක්‍රියා කාරීත්වය තවත්වා, විශේෂයෙන් මේ ආයතනය පාඩු නොලබන ආයතනයක් බවට එක් අවස්ථාවකදී ඔප්පු කර තිබෙන නිසා, එහි කටයුතු දීමටම ඉදිරියට පවත්වා ගෙන යන්නට තීරණයක් ගන්නය කියා.

ඒ ලග ප්‍රශ්නය මම අහන්න බලාපොරොත්තුව වන්නේ නියෝජ්‍ය ආරක්ෂක ඇමතිතුමාගෙන්. එනම් ශ්‍රී ලංකාවේ අති මහත් බහුතරය වන බෞද්ධ ජනතාවගේ කුල දේවතාවුන් වන හික්ෂුන් වහන්සේලා කීප තමකට ලහදී එල්ල කර ඇති අමාත්‍යමය පහර දීම් පිළිබඳව අදාළ පැමිණිලි ගැන ක්‍රියා කිරීමට එතුමා පොලීසියට නියෝග කරනවාද කියා මම එතුමාගෙන් අහනවා. මම අවස්ථා දෙකක් එතුමාට ඉදිරිපත් කරන්නම්. පළමුවැන්න මහර ආසනයේ වැලිපිල්ලාට ශ්‍රී මහා විහාරයේදී මැදගම්මන සිරි ධම්ම හිමියන්ට අමාත්‍යමය පහරදීම සම්බන්ධවයි. දෙවැන්න වල්ගම මල්වතේ වැඩ සිටි පූජ්‍යපාද සුඛණරත්න හිමියන් 1985 ජූනි 16 වෙනි දින නවතමුව පොලීසිය වෙත ගෙන ගොස් අමාත්‍යමය ලෙස පහර දීම පිළිබඳවයි.

මෙවැනි අවස්ථා කීපයක් පහුවල පල වී තිබුණා. මම විශේෂයෙන්ම මේ සිද්ධි දෙක ඉදිරියට ගෙනාවේ ඒ පිළිබඳව පොලීස් පැමිණිලි තිබෙන නිසයි. ඇයි පොලීසිය මේවා පිළිබඳව ක්‍රියා නොකරන්නේ? ක්‍රියා නොකිරීමට එතුමා නියෝගයක් දී තිබෙනවාද? එසේ නියෝගයක් දී තිබෙනවා නම් මේ රටේ ආණ්ඩුක්‍රම ව්‍යවස්ථාවේ 9 වෙනි වගන්තියේ හැටියට බුද්ධාගමට දී තිබෙන ස්ථානය අනුව මේ රටේ බෞද්ධ හික්ෂුන් වහන්සේට තමන්ගේ කටයුතු ගෙන යාමට නොහැකි තත්ත්වයක් උදව් තිබෙන බව - පොලීසිය විසින් ඒ පැමිණිලි ගැන ක්‍රියා නොකිරීම නිසා අද එවැනි තත්ත්වයක් උද වී තිබෙන බව - මම විශේෂයෙන් කියන්න ඕනෑ. ඒ නිසා පොලීසිය මේ ගැන ක්‍රියා කර ඊට අදාළ පුද්ගලයන් උසාවිය ඉදිරියට පවුණුවනට නියෝගයක් කරනවාද කියා මම ප්‍රශ්න කරනවා.

රිචඩ් පතිරාණ මහතා
(**ශ්‍රී ලං. හිෂ්පු පුත්තිරාණ**)
(**Mr. Richard Pathirana**)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය සභාපතිතුමනි, ගරු වෙලද හා නාවික ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ප්‍රශ්නයක් ඇසීමට මම කල් දී තිබෙනවා. එතුමා දැනට මෙහි තැනත් මම ප්‍රශ්නය අහනවා. අක්මමන ආසනයේ තලගත මංකන්ඩියේ පවත්වා ගෙන ගිය අලෙවි සල වසා දමා තිබෙනවා. මේ අලෙවි සල වසා දැමීමට කලින් ඒ ප්‍රදේශයේ ජනතාව එය වසා දැමීමට විරුද්ධ නිසා ඒ ගැන විරෝධය පල කරමින් ගරු ඇමතිතුමාට කරුණු ඉදිරිපත් කලා. ඒ වාගේම අලෙවි සංවර්ධන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිලධාරී මහත්වරුන්ට මේ ගැන දැන්තුවා. අලෙවි සංවර්ධන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිලධාරී මහත්වරුන් පොද්ගලිකව මාට හමු වී කීවා ඒ අලෙවි සල වසා දමන්නෙ නැහැ කියා. තමුත් මට කිසිම දැනුම් දීමකින් තොරව අලෙවි සල හදිසියේ වසා දමා තිබෙනවා. මෙයට හේතුව හැටියට පෙන්වන්නේ අලාභ සහිතව එය පවත්වා ගෙන යාමට නොහැකි බවයි. මේ අලාභ සිදුවී තිබෙන්නේ අදක්ෂ හා පරිපාලනමය දුර්වලකම් නිසයි. විශේෂයෙන් කාන්තාවන් කීප දෙනෙක් එම ස්ථානයේ සේවයට යෙදවීම නිසා ඒ අයට මේ ස්ථානය පාලනය කර ගන්නට බැරී වීමෙන් මෙම අලෙවි සැලක් අලාභ සිදු වී තිබෙනවා. මේ වෙලද සැල පිහිටා

[3වැනි පතිරණ මහතා]

නිබන්දේ ඉතාම ජනාකීර්ණ මාසයකි. ඇත්තවශයෙන්ම මෙහි විකුණන්නා හානිවි තිබුණේ නැහැ. විකිණීමට හානිවි නැතිවෙත විට අලාභ ඇතිවෙත එක ගැන කතා කරන්න දෙයක් නැහැ. එවිට රැකියා කරණ අයට වැටුප් ගෙවීමක් පමණයි සිදු වන්නේ. විකුණන්නා හානිවි නැහැ. මේ ප්‍රයත්නයේදී අලෙවි සංවර්ධන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිලධාරීන් පළාතේ මහරන මන්ත්‍රීවරයා වන මාව රැවටීමකට භාජනය කළාය කියන මතය මා තුළ ඇති වි නිබන්දා. මා ඒ ගැන කතාගා වෙනවා. මම මේ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සම්බන්ධ කරුණු පසුව අයවැය ලේඛන විවාදයේදී ඉදිරිපත් කරන්නට බලාපොරොත්තු වෙනවා. ඒ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවට අලාභ සිදු වෙන්නේ මොන හේතු නිසාද කියා අපි දත් දන්නවා. රජයේ ගිණුම් කාරක සභාවේ සාමාජිකයෙක් හැටියට කටයුතු කරන නිසා මා ඒ සම්බන්ධ කරුණු රාශියක් සොයාගෙන රැස් කරගෙන තිබෙනවා.

විශේෂයෙන්ම මේ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිලධාරීන් මාව හමු වී මගෙන් ඉල්ලීමකුත් කළා. මේ වෙලද සැල වසා දමන්නේ නැති බවත් මේ ස්ථානය හොඳ නැත්නම් ඒ සඳහා වෙනත් ස්ථානයක් සොයා දෙන්නය කියා මගෙන් ඉල්ලීමක් කළා. මේ ස්ථානය වසා දමනවා නම් වෙනත් ස්ථානයක්—සුදුසු ස්ථානයක්— සොයා දෙන බවට මම ඒ අයට පොරොන්දු වුණා. නමුත් ඒ නිලධාරී මහත්වරුන් මේ වෙලද සැල නිබන්ද නිවෙය එහි අයිතිකරුවා. ඉක්මණින්ම ලබා දෙන්න ධුමමකා නිසා වෙලද සැල වසා දමීමාය කියන මතයයි මා තුළ තිබෙන්නේ. ඒ නිසා මේ ගැන මගේ බලවත් අප්‍රසාදය පළ කරනවා. ඒ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිලධාරීන් අනුගමනය කළ අන්තෝමනික ක්‍රියා මාර්ගය ගැන මගේ බලවත් අප්‍රසාදය පළ කරන අතර මේ ස්ථානයේ මේ වෙලද සැල පවත්වා ගෙන යන්නට බැරි නම් වෙනත් ස්ථානයක ඊට වඩා සුදුසු ස්ථානයක— මේ වෙලද සැල පිහිටුවන්නය කියා මා වෙලද හා කාර්ම ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා. ගොඩනැගිල්ලක් අවශ්‍ය නම් අපට ගොඩනැගිල්ලක් සොයා දෙන්න පුළුවන්. කරුණාකර ඒ ආසනයේ ජනතාවට සිදු වුණ හානිය නැති කිරීම සඳහා මේ අලෙවි සැල නැවත පවත්වා ගෙන යාමට කටයුතු කරන හැටියට ඉල්ලුම් මගේ කථාව අවසන් කරනවා.

ඒ. සී. එස්. හමීඩ් මහතා (විදේශ කටයුතු ඇමතිතුමා)
(ஐ.ஏ.எ. எஸ். ஹமீத் — வெளிநாட்டுவவுலகன் அமைச்சர்)
(Mr. A. C. S. Hameed - Minister of Foreign Affairs)

Mr. deputy Chairman, two questions have been raised this evening, and I have been given notice of one question. That is question that has been asked by the hon. Member for Kalawana, and I have not been given notice of the other.— [Interruption]. Anyway, that is the exact position. Now, I like to deal with the question that was raised by the— [Interruption]. I do not know; I asked, in fact, the Parliament. I asked them; they said they do not have it. They say that this has not been given notice. Anyway, if a question has been raised, I will say so. I do not have to say that I have not received the question. All that I say is, I have only one question before me and that is by the hon. Member for Kalawana.

Now, sir, his question deals in three parts about sanctions against South Africa, trade with South Africa and demand for the release of Nelson Mandela and other South African leaders now in jail.

Now, I should like to state in the first instance that Sri Lanka has, in every international forum where this subject has come up, taken up a very strong position. We have voted at the United Nations in all resolutions that support the cause of the people of South Africa and we have called for the release of the leaders in jail

including Nelson Mandela. In fact, on the 3rd September, in Luanda I spoke on behalf of the Asian countries and in my speech, Sir, I did make a specific reference to the release of Nelson Mandela. I said, "We salute Nelson Mandela and other leaders who hold high the banner of freedom even in captivity. We mourn with African for those martyrs who have made the supreme sacrifice so that others could live in dignity and honour." So, Sir, that is one aspect.

With regard to the struggle itself, speaking from Luanda I said, "We are close enough in Luanda to feel and sense the throbbing pulse of the South African Freedom struggle as it spreads swiftly, surely towards what we hope is the decisive and final stage in which the hideous, rotten structure of apartheid will crumble and collapse." So I do not see in what other more forceful ways a country can express its position and its stand on this question. That is one part of the story.

Then, Sir, with regard to sanctions, what is the position? Now at first mandatory sanctions against south Africa were confined to the field of art. And Sri Lanka is no exporter of art.

The recent Security Council Resolution 569 of 1985 called for countries to adopt sanctions against South Africa by suspending all new investments, prohibiting the sale of coins minted in South Africa, restricting in the field of sports and cultural relations and suspending of loans. These are the areas. Now if you look at some of those areas like sports, remember Sir, recently in 1982 a cricket team from Sri Lanka undertook a tour of South Africa against the government's request. You know the government requested them not to do so and the government was instrumental in taking very strict action. Then it does not end here because, Sir, I remember in 1978 when we were Chairman of the Non-aligned Movement, in New York, SWAPO was admitted as a full fledged member of the Non-aligned Movement. I presided at the meeting. And this is not the only thing, we have made out contribution to the training of students from South Africa and Namibia. We have pledged a contribution to the Non-aligned Solidarity Fund. I mean, Sir, our position has been consistent and strong when you look at these fields, specially the Security Council Resolution 569 of 1985 which call for countries to adopt sanctions against South Africa by suspending all new investments, I said, prohibiting of the sale of coins minted in South Africa, restricting in the field of sports and cultural relations and suspending of loans. I explained that what we did in 1982 when a cricket team decided to tour South Africa.

The other fields are not applicable to us. There is, of course, a certain measure of trade between South Africa and Sri Lanka specially with regard to tea which has come down from colonial times. This is mostly in tea, an item of food which is consumed by everybody. Sir, that is the position with regard to the question asked by the hon. Member.

Then with regard to the question raised by the hon. Member for Attanagalla, we have condemned the action of Israel as soon as they started it, we issued a public statement. His request is, will not the Government sever all ties? We have no ties to sever. Sir, I have said over and over again on the Floor of this House that the establishment of an Interests Section does not amount to the establishment of diplomatic ties. It is quite clear that you have an Interests Section in the absence of diplomatic ties. When two countries do not have diplomatic ties only you have an Interests Section. Therefore, the question of severing ties with Israel does not arise.

එන්. එච්. ඒ. එම්. කරුණාරත්න මහතා (සමාජ සේවා ඇමතිතුමා)
(திரு. என். எச். ஏ. எம். கருணாரத்ன — சமூக சேவைகள் அமைச்சர்)
(Mr. N. H. A. M. Karunaratne—Minister of Social Services)

I wish to inform the hon. Member for Kalawana that all necessary steps were taken by the Government Agent, Ratnapura to provide relief by way of sending boats, food etc. All flood victims are looked after well. The Government Agent, when consulted this morning, stated that the water is subsiding and there is no reason for concern just now—(Interruption). We will be sending the food somehow or other to those marooned either by boats or by helicopter. We will not allow them to starve. Do not worry. A survey is being done about the damage caused and later on they will be given financial aid.

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

Sir, I will first answer the question raised by the hon. Member for Attanagalla. Intabex Lanka Limited is still a private company and only 35 per cent of its shares are held by the Sri Lanka Tobacco Industries Corporation. As such it is not possible for the Ministry of Industries and Scientific Affairs to conduct an inquiry. However, I am informing the Chairman, Sri Lanka Tobacco Industries Corporation to take this matter up at the Board meeting of the company and report to the Ministry.

With regard to the other questions I must say this. There is a difference between the questions raised by the hon. Member and the questions of which notice has been given to me. Firstly, the hon. Member wanted to know whether the Plywoods Corporation is going to be closed down. The answer to that is, No.

The second question was whether certain factories are going to be closed down. The answer to that is, Yes. Salawa and certain others are to be closed down by the 31st of October. I am not aware of any adjustments or plans which have existed. We cannot run that factory. It has been very badly run and was running at a loss. The government cannot continue to incur losses like this—(Interruption).

දිනේෂ ගුණවර්ධන මහතා
(திரு. தினேஷ் குணவர்த்தன)
(Mr. Dinesh Gunawardene)

But you are not answering me on the question of corruption and wastage. That is in question three.

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

Will the hon. Member please read question three?

දිනේෂ ගුණවර්ධන මහතා
(திரு. தினேஷ் குணவர்த்தன)
(Mr. Dinesh Gunawardene)

සංස්ථාවේ කොස්ගම දැව සංකීර්ණයේ මෙතෙක් පැවැති දූෂණයන් වටා වත් නාස්තීන් අඩු වී ආයතනය පවත්වාගෙන යාමට හැකිවී තිබේදැයි — I referred to this. එය වසා දෙදහසට ආසන්න සේවක පිරිසකගේ සේවය අයිත් කිරීමේ හේතුවක් තිබෙනවාද?

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මහතා
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

I am not aware of any plans like that. We are not closing down the Plywoods Corporation. We are closing down only the Salawa factory and one or two others. Further, full compensation will be given to the workers.

හැරල්ඩ් හේරත් මහතා (ඇමතිතුමා සහ නියෝජ්‍ය ජනතා වතු සංවර්ධන ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. ஹரால்ட் ஹேரத் — அமைச்சரும் ஜனதா தோட்ட அபிவிருத்திப் பிரதி அமைச்சரும்)
(Mr. Harold Herath—Minister and Deputy Minister of Janata Estates Development)

Sir, the hon. Member for Attanagalla is so familiar with all the trading practices that he asked the question and practically gave the answer. Anyway, there are certain mitigating circumstances under which the Coconut Development Authority has deviated from stipulation. There was not only this one miller, Adamjee Lukmanjee & Sons, who purchased on this transaction referred to by the hon. Member a total quantity of 1,000 metric tons of copra at the auctions but there were the Shri Krishna Corporation and two others, namely, Pyramid Oil Mills and Miriswatte Oil Mills as well. However, the copra supplied to these buyers at their stores had not been of the same standard as the samples produced at the auctions and sales were concluded at correspondingly reduced rates in accordance with the accepted trade practices. The Coconut Development Authority therefore approved these transactions.

This is the main reason, Sir, they had approved this. Since the buyers who were thereby denied the opportunity of purchasing quality copra at the specified price level, which would have entitle them to sell the oil under the scheme, the Coconut Development Authority accepted the oil offered by these millers. The amount of coconut oil purchased by the Coconut Development Authority on this transaction was 593 metric tons and this quantity is only 6.15 per cent of the total oil purchased during the entire period of the scheme. It was too negligible to have any effect on the price stabilization scheme.

[හැරල්ඩ් හේරත් මහතා]

I am only sorry, Sir, that my good Friend who is also aware of some other practice, did not come out with that. There are some millers who produce all the documentary evidence, that is this Rs. 2,350 to the Coconut Development Authority which entitles them to sell their oil, but in reality they have paid less than Rs. 2,350. Of course, these millers came out with the fact that they paid less than that and showed certain mitigating circumstances. But as the hon. Member wants me to look into this matter further, I shall do so.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(**ශ්‍රී. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකොඩි**)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Please cause an inquiry and then find out whether there are any other illegal practices.

හැරල්ඩ් හේරත් මහතා
(**ශ්‍රී. හාරෝල් ජෙරාත්**)
(Mr. Harold Herath)
I will look into that.

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ෆර්නාන්දු මහතා (කර්මාන්ත හා විද්‍යා කටයුතු ඇමතිතුමා)
(**ශ්‍රී. ඒන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ෆර්නාන්දෝ - කෘෂිකර්ම, විද්‍යා හා අණුකර්ම අමාත්‍යවරයා**)
(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando- Minister of Industries & Scientific Affairs)

I entirely forgot to mention one thing on the question regarding the Plywood Corporation. I would say that I am in discussion with the Hon. Deputy Minister of Parliamentary Affairs and Sports. He has been of great help to me for the last three or four months. I must say that we are still having discussions with him.

නියෝජ්‍ය කාරක සභාපතිතුමා
(**ශ්‍රී. ජයරත්න ජයවර්ධන**)
(The Deputy Chairman of Committees)

The question asked by the hon. Member for Maharagama will be brought to the notice of the Hon. Minister of National Security.

මහේන්ද්‍ර විජේරත්න මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය වෙළඳ හා නාවුක කටයුතු ඇමතිතුමා)
(**ශ්‍රී. මහේන්ද්‍ර විජේරත්න**— **වාර්ෂික, කටුපුරාණ, කොළඹ, පොර්ට් හා වාණිජ අමාත්‍යවරයා**)
(Mr. Mahendra Wijeratne Deputy Minister of Trade & Shipping)
අත්මිමහ ආසනයේ තලගත මාසයකට වැඩි අලෙවි සැල වර්ෂ කීපයක් මුළුල්ලේ පාඩු ලබමින් පවත්වාගෙන යන ලදී. දැනට එය වසා ඇත. ඉදිරියට එය විවෘත කිරීමට බලාපොරොත්තුවක් නැත.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(**ශ්‍රී. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකොඩි**)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I am sorry, Sir. I have a question to be asked from the Minister of Rural Industrial Development, but unfortunately he is not here. He is in India. I am happy that the Hon. Deputy Minister was here. He can reply to me tomorrow, but I will ask him the question now.

නිකවැරටිය සත්ව ගොවිපලෙන් අනියම් කම්කරුවන් හත් දෙනෙක් 1985. 09. 03 දින දේවයෙන් ඉටින් කර ඇත්තේ කුමන හේතුවක් නිසාද? එසේ අස් කරන ලද අයගේ නම් මොනවාද? ඔවුනට නැවත රැකියාව ලබා දෙන්නේද? එසේ නොවේ නම් ඒ මන්ද? එපමණයි.

රිචඩ් පතිරාණ මහතා
(**ශ්‍රී. රිච්ඡඩ් පතිරාණ**)
(Mr. Richard Pathirana)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය සභාපතිතුමනි, ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් මට අතුරු ප්‍රශ්නයක් අහන්නට තිබෙනවා. මේ වෙලද සැල වහන්සේ තැනූ කීසා නිලධාරී මහත්වරු මට පොරොන්දු වුණු බව ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමා දන්නවාද? ඒ පොරොන්දුව කඩ කරලයි මේ වෙලද සැල වසා තිබෙන්නේ. එම වෙලද සැලෙන් වූ අලාභය සම්බන්ධව සංඛ්‍යාලේඛන මගේ දැන ගැනීම සඳහා තවුන්සාන්සේ කරුණාකර ඉදිරිපත් කරනවාද?

මහේන්ද්‍ර විජේරත්න මහතා
(**ශ්‍රී. මහේන්ද්‍ර විජේරත්න**)
(Mr. Mahendra Wijeratne)
ඉදිරියට එය ඉදිරිපත් කරන්නම්.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදී, සහායමිම විය.
විභාග විලාසයට පත්වනු ඇතුළත් කරනු ලැබුණු ප්‍රශ්න සඳහා.
Question put, and agreed to.

පාර්ලිමේන්තුව ඊට අනුකූලව අ. හා. 4.10 1985
ඔක්තෝබර් 9 වන බදාදා ප. හා. 10 වන තෙක් කල් ගියේය.
අගෝස්තු, පි. ප. 4.10 මහලේ පාරාලාමහරාමය, 1985
ඉක්රොපාර් 9, පුත්තමුණ ම. ප. 10 මහලේ පාරාලාමහරාමය
පැවැත්වූවාය.

Adjourned accordingly at 4.10 p.m. until 10.00 a.m. on Wednesday, 9th October, 1985.

[சென்னை சபைக்கு உரை]

நிதி, அமைப்புத்திட்ட அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட வினா :

(அ) 1985 செப்டெம்பர் 30 இல் உள்ளவாருள் மத்திய வங்கியின் பதவிநிலை உறுப்பினர் அனைவரினதும் பெயர்களைக் கொண்ட நிரல் ஒன்றை அவர்கள் பெற்ற

- (1) இளம் மாணி
- (2) முதுமாணி
- (3) கலாநிதி

பட்டங்களுடனும்

அந்தந்தப் பல்கலைக்கழகங்களின் பெயர்களுடனும்

(i) பிறந்த தேதி

(ii) அந்தந்தப் பட்டம் பெற்ற தேதிகளுடனும்,

(ஆ) அந்தப் பட்டங்களில் எவையேனும் அல்லது அனைத்தும் பெறுவதற்கென வழங்கப்பட்ட விடுதலைக் காலங்களுடனும் சமர்ப்பிப்பாரா ?

(இ) இல்லையேல், ஏன் ?

asked the Minister of Finance and Planning :

(a) Will he furnish a list of names of all staff members of the Central Bank as at 30th September, 1985, with :

- (1) Bachelor's Degrees,
- (2) Master's Degrees,
- (3) Doctorate Degrees,

along with the respective Universities and the—

(i) dates of birth,

(ii) dates of obtaining such degrees and also,

(b) Will he state the periods of leave granted for obtaining any or all such degrees ?

(c) If not, why ?

ஈர். ஓர். சி. டி. சேர் மெல் (இடர் டி. ஜி. டி. சேர் மெல் — நிதி, அமைப்புத்திட்ட அமைச்சர்)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel—Minister of Finance and Planning)

(அ) இவ் வினாவுக்கு இடம் இல்லை.*

(ஆ)

(இ) இல்லை.

(a) and (b) Yes. Vide annexure.*

(c) Does not arise.

* முன்னிலையில் இல்லை.

நூலியலத்தில் வைக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது.

Placed in the Library.

பு. டி.

மேலே வரிசை அமைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கின்ற கட்டுரைகளைக் கட்டுரைக்காரர்கள் தாமதமாகவே திருத்தி அனுப்ப வேண்டும் என்றும், மேலே குறிப்பிட்டிருக்கின்ற கட்டுரைகளைக் கட்டுரைக்காரர்கள் தாமதமாகவே திருத்தி அனுப்ப வேண்டும் என்றும் கேட்டுக் கொள்ளப்படுகிறது.

1985 அக்டோபர் 22-ல் பி. என். சி. பி.

தொழில்நுட்ப அமைச்சர் அவர்கள்.

குறிப்பு

அங்கத்தவர்கள் இறுதிப் பதிப்பிற் செய்யவிரும்பும் பிழை திருத்தங்களை அறிக்கையிற்றொளிவாகக் குறித்து பிழை திருத்தங்களைக் கொண்ட பிரதியை ஹன்சாட் பதிப்பாளியருக்கு

1985 அக்டோபர் 22, செவ்வாய்க்கிழமைக்குப் பிந்தாமற்

கிடைக்கக்கூடியதாக அனுப்புதல் வேண்டும்.

NOTE

Corrections which Members suggest for the Final Print should be clearly marked in this Report and the copy containing the corrections must reach the Editor of HANSARD

not later than

Tuesday, 22nd October 1985

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දයක මුදල් : පාර්ලිමේන්තු විවාද වාර්තාවල වාර්ෂික දයක මිල රු. 200/- කි. (අකේතිත පිටපත් සඳහා නම් රු. 175/- කි). පිටපතක් ගෙන්වා ගැනීම අවශ්‍ය නම් ගාස්තුව රු. 2.50 කි. තැපැල් ගාස්තුව ගත 90 කි. කොළඹ 1, තැ. පෙ. 500, රජයේ ප්‍රකාශන කාර්යාංශයේ අධිකාරී වෙත සෑම වර්ෂයකම නොවැම්බර් 30 දාට ප්‍රථම දයක මුදල් ගෙවා ඉදිරි වර්ෂයේ දයකත්වය ලබාගෙන විවාද වාර්තා ලබාගත හැකිය. නියමිත දිනෙන් පසුව එවනු ලබන දයක ඉල්ලුම්පත් භාරගනු නොලැබේ.

සந்தා : ඉහන්සාද් අතිකාරා අතිරික්තයකින් வருடாந்த சந்தா ரூபா 200/- (திருத்தப்படாத பிரதிகள் ரூபா 175/-) ඉහන්සාද් තනිப்பிரதி ரூபா 2.50. தபாற் செலவு 90 சதம். வருடாந்த சந்தா முற்பணமாக அத்தியட்சர், அரசாங்க வெளியிட்டல்வலகம் த. பெ. இல. 500. கொடிம்பு 1 என்ற விலாசத்திற்கு அனுப்பி பிரதிகளைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளலாம். ஒவ்வொரண்டும் நவம்பர் 30 ந் தேதிக்குமுன் சந்தாப் பணம் அனுப்பப்படவேண்டும். பிந்திக் கடைக்கும் சந்தா விண்ணப்பங்கள் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படமாட்டா.

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