1982 අගෝස්තු 19

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පාර්ලිමේන්තු විවාද

(හැන්සාඩ්)

නිල වාර්තාව

(අශෝධිත පිටපත)

අත්තර්ගත පුධාන කරුණු

නිවේදන:

තුන්වන ආණ්ඩු කුම වෘවස්ථා සංශෝධනය පනන් කෙටුම්පන: ශුරීන්ඨාධිකරණය වෙන ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද පෙන්සම් කථානායකතුමාගේ සහනික

සුශ්නවලට වාචික පිළිතුරු

ධීවර (විදේශීය ධීවර බෝට්ටු විධිමත් කිරිමේ) (සංශෝධන) පනත් කෙටුම්පත : පළමුවන වර කියවන ලදී.

සර් රසික් fපරිධි පදනම (සංස්ථාගන කිරීමේ) පනන් කෙටුම්පන :

දෙවන වර කියව, " බී " ස් ථාවර කාරක සභාවට පටරන ලදී.

නලිමියා ඉස්ලාමික අධ්නයන ආයතන සමිතිය (සංස්ථාශත කිරිමේ) පනත කෙටුම්පත :

සලකා බලා තුන්වන වර කියවා සංශෝධිතාකාරයෙන් සම්බන කරන ලදී.

වැර්ෂික වාර්තාව :

යි ලංකා රජයේ පිටි නිෂ්පාදන නීතිගත සංස්ථාව

ජාතික ශිල්ප සභාව සහ අනුබද්ධ ආයතන පනත් කෙටුම්පත :

දෙවන වර සහ භූන්වන වර කියවා සංකෝධිතාකාරයෙන් සම්මත කරන ලදී.

රේගු යෝජනාව : ආනයන තීරු ශාස්තු

අධිකරණ සේවා කොම්පන් සභාවේ සාමාජිකයන්ට දීමනා

බෙදුම් නඩු පනත : නියෝගය

පරිපුරක මුදල් :

පුාදේ සිය සංවර්ධන අමාත්‍යවරයා ධීවර අමාත්‍යවරයා—විව:දය කල් තිමන ලදී

කල් නැබීමේ යෝජනාව

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(යැත්තුත්)

ම්ල වාර්තාව

(සපයිම් සම්චන්තු)

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t resiliable

තුන්වන ආශ්ච කුළු විවේජ ම දැස්වෙන් පත්ත් තෙවුම්පත: ලේ සියාවනයෙන් වෙන ඉඩවත් කරන දද වෙන් වේ නමානයෙකුම්තේ පොඩින

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විවර (විදේශීය පිවර බෝවල විකිරික් කිරීමේ) (සාප්සේශික) පහස් කෙවුවීවන්: දෙසුවක වර එයෙක් දේශි.

සුපු එයන් උපදිත පදිනම (පෙස් එකෙන කිරීමේ) දැනක් කොලම්පණ:

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නලිමියා ඉස්ලාමක අධ්යයන ආයතන සමිනිස (සිංස්මාතන කිරීමේ) පනන් අතේවුම්පහ :

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ම දැන රජයේ විධ නිත්තාදන නිතිතන සංස්ථාව ම දැන රජයේ විධ නිත්තාදන නිතිතන සංස්ථාව මෙනිම් සිත ද දෙනිම් සහ ඉන්නේ වර සිතවා සංසේවිතාකරයෙන් සම්මත සරන දවු

වේතු පෝජනාව : ආනායන නිරු තේජන අධ්යන්ණ පෝටා පොම්පන් සභාවේ සාමාජිකයන් : දිමණා

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பாராளுமன்ற விவாதங்கள்

(ஹன்சாட்)

அதிகார அறிக்கை

(பிழை திருத்தப்படாதது)

பிரதான உள்ளடக்கம்

அறிவிப்புக்கள் :

அரசியலமைப்புக்கான மூன்ருவது நிருத்தம் சட்டமூலம் : உயர்நீதிமன்றத்தில் தாக்கல் செய்யப்பட்டுள்ள மனுக்கள் சபாநாயகரின் சான்றிதழ்கள்

வினுக்களுக்கு வாய்மூல விடைகள்

கடற்றெழில் (வெளிதாட்டு மீன்பிடி வள்ளங்களே ஒழுங்குபடுத்தல்) (திருத்தம்) சட்டமூலம் :

முதன்முறை மதிப்பிடப்பட்டது

ேஸர் ருஸிக் பரீத் நிதித்தாபனம் (கூட்டிணேத்தல்) சட்டமூலம்:

இரண்டாம் மதிப்பிடம்பெற்று நிலேக்குழு " பி " க்குச் சாட்டப் பட்டது

நழிமிய்யா இஸ்லாமிய கலாநிலேயச் சங்கம் (கூட்டிணேத்தல்) சட்ட மூலம்:

பரிடுலிக்கப்பட்டு மூன்ரும்முறை மதிப்பிடப்பட்டு திருத்தங் சரூடன் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டது

ஆண்டறிக்கை :

இலங்கை அரசினர் மாவாலக் கூட்டுத்தாபனம்

தேசிய அருங்கலேகள் பேரவையும் அதை மருவிய நிறுவனங்களும் சட்டமூலம் :

இரண்டாம் மூன்ரும் மதிப்புக்களிடம்பெற்று நிருத்தப்பட்ட வாறு நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டது

சுங்கத் தீர்மானம் : இறக்குமதித் தீர்வைகள்

நீதித்துறைச் சேவை ஆணேக்குழு ; உறுப்பினர்க்குப் படி

பிரிவிடற் சட்டம் : ஒழுங்குவிதி

குறைநிரப்புத்தொகை :

பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சர் கடற்டுருழில் அமைச்சர்—விவாதம் ஒத்திவைக்கப்பட்டது ஒத்திவைப்புப் பிரேசணே

Volume 21 No. 4 Thursday 19th August 1982

PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES

(HANSARD)

OFFICIAL REPORT (Uncorrected)

PRINCIPAL CONTENTS

ANNOUNCEMENTS:

Third Amendment to the Constitution Bill:

Petitions filed in Supreme Court

Speakers Certificates

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS:

FISHERIES (REGULATION OF FOREIGN FISHING BOATS) (AMENDMENT) BILL:

Read the First time

SIR RAZIK FAREED FOUNDATION (INCORPORA-TION) BILL:

Read a Second time and allocated to Standing Committee "B"

NALEEMIAH INSTITUTE OF ISLAMIC STUDIES SOCIETY (INCORPORATION) BILL:

Considered, read the Third time, and passed as amended

ANNUAL REPORT:

Sri Lanka State Flour Milling Corporation

NATIONAL CRAFTS COUNCIL AND ALLIED INSTITU-

Read a Second, and the Third time and passed as amended

CUSTOMS RESOLUTION (IMPORT DUTIES)

JUDICIAL SERVICE COMMISSION: ALLOWANCES OF MEMBERS

PARTITION LAW: REGULATION SUPPLEMENTARY SUPPLY:

Minister of Regional Development
Minister of Fisheries-Debate adjourned

ADJOURNMENT MOTION

2-A 65034-3,050 (19/08)

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interes, Edingers, and

Considered, read the

PARTITION LAW: REGULATION SUPPLEMENTARY SUPPLY:

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පාර්ලිමේන්තුව பாசாளுமன்றம் PARLIAMENT

1982 අශෝස් තු 19 වන බුහස් පතින්දු

வியாழக்கிழமை, 19 ஓகஸ்ட் 1982 Thursday, 19th August, 1982.

අ. හා. 3 ට පාර්ලිමේන්තුව රැස් විය. කථානායකතුමා [අල් හාජ් එථ. අම්දුල් බාකිර් මාකාර් මහතා] මූලාසනාරුඪ විය.

பாராளுமன்றம் பி. ப. 3 மணிக்குக் கூடியறு சபாநாயகர் அவர் கள் [அல்ஹாஜ் எம். அப்துல் பாகிர் மாகார்] நலேமை வகித்தார் கள்.

The House met at 3 p.m., MR. SPEAKER (AL HAJ M. ABDUL BAKEER MARKAR) in the Chair.

නිවේදන

அறிவிப்புக்கள்

ANNOUNCEMENTS

තුන්වන ආණ් ඩුකුම වාවස්ථා සංශෝධනය : ශේ ප්ඨාධි කරණය වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කර ඇති පෙන්සම

அரசியலமைப்புக்கான மூன்ருவது இருத்தம் : உயர்நீதிமன்றத்தில் தாக்கல் செய்யப்பட்டுள்ள மறுக்கள்

THIRD AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION: PETITIONS FILED IN SUPREME COURT

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

I wish to inform the Parliament in terms of Standing Order No. 50(2) (a) that I have received copies of three petitions filed in the Supreme Court under Article 121 of the Constitution with reference to the Bill entitled the Third amendment to the Constitution.

> කථානායකතුමාගේ සහතික சபாநாயகரின் சான்றிதழ்கள் SPEAKER'S CERTIFICATES

කථානායකතුමා වූ වෙන වූ වෙන වූ වැන

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

I wish to announce that I have, under the provisions of Article 79 of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, endorsed the Certificate on the following Bills on August 10, 1982:

> Surcharge on Wealth Tax Surcharge on Income Tax

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(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

I wish to announce that I have, under the provisions of article 79 of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialistham Foragrad the upon the Table.

Republic of Sri Lanka, endorsed the Certificate on the following Bills on August 11, 1982:

> Inland Revenue (Amendment) Gramodaya Mandala Fund

කථානායකතුමා 👚

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

I wish to announce that I have under the provisions of Article 79 of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, endorsed the Certificate on the following Bill on August 18, 1982:

Consumer Credit.

ලිපි ලේඛනාදිය පිළිගැන්වීම சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட பத்திரங்கள்

PAPERS PRESENTED

Annual Reports and Accounts of the Sri Lanka State Plantations Corporation for the years 1978, 1979 and 1980.-(Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways.)

(1) Annual Report and Accounts of the Sri Lanka Ports Authority for 1980. (2) Annual Report and Accounts of the Sri Lanka State Trading (Textiles) Corporation-Salusala-for 1979.-(Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Shipping.)

Regulation made under section 22 of the Tea Smallholdings Development Law, No. 35 of 1975. - (Mr. Montague Jayawickrema.)

Annual Report of the National Livestock Development Board for 1979.-(Mr. S. Thondaman.)

- (1) ද්විත්ව බදුකරණය වලක්වා ලීම ද, ආදායම් මත බදු නො ගෙවා මග හැරීම වලක් වා ලිම ද සඳහා ශුී ලංකා පුජාතාන් නික සමාජ වාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ්ඩුවත්, පුංශ ජනරජයේ ආණ්ඩුවත් අතර 1981, 09, 17 දින ඇති කර ගත් හිවිසුම.
- (2) ද ීවිත්ව බදු අය කිරීම වැළැක්වීම උ ආදුයම් සහ පුාග්ඛනය මත වූ බදු සම්බන් ධයෙන් බදු නොගෙවා මග හැරීම වැළැක් වීම සඳහා ගී ලංකා පුජාතාන් නික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ් <u>ස</u>ුව<mark>ත් ඉන්දියානු</mark> ජනරජයේ ආණි ඩුවන් අතර 1982. 01. 27 දින ඇති කර ගන් කිවිසුම.
- (3) ද්වීත්ව බදු අය කිරීම වැළැක්වීම ද, ආදුයම මත වූ බදු සම්බන් ධයෙන් බදු නොගෙවා මග හැරීම වැළැක් වීම ද සඳහා ශී ලංකා පුජාතාන් නික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ් ඩුවත් පකිස් තානයේ ඉස් ලාමිය ජනරජයේ ආණිඩුවත් අතුරු 1981. 10. 05 දින ඇති කරගත් හිවිසුම.
- (4) (235 වන අධිකාරය) රේගු ආභූපනතේ 10 වන් වගන්නිය යටහෝ වූ යෝජනාවක් .—[මුදල් හා කුමසම්පාදන ඇමතිතුමා <mark>වෙනු</mark> වට එම්. වින් සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා]

1982 අංක 10 දරන පරිපුරක ඇස්තමේන්තුව.—[fe පස්ටස් පෙරේරා මහතා]

Texts of Convention and Recommendations adopted at the 66th Session of the International Labour Conference. - (Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Labour.)

සහ:මේසය මන තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

சபாபீடத்தில் இருக்கக் கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

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රජයේ ගිණුම් කාරක සභාවේ වාර්තාව

அரசாங்கக் கணக்குக் குழு அறிக்கை

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

ආර්. සම්පන්දන් මහතා (නිකුණාමලය) (தொரு. ஆர். சம்பந்தன்—திருகோணமஃ)

(Mr. R. Sampanthan-Trincomalee)

On behalf of the Chairman of the Committee on Public Accounts, I present the Report of the Committee on Public Accounts on the Appropriation Accounts of the Government of Sri Lanka for the Financial Year 1977 and the seventh instalment of the Report of the Auditor-General thereon, together with the Proceedings of the Committee and the Minutes of Evidence.

එම්. වින් සන්ට පෙරේරා මහතා (පාර්ලිමේන්තු කටයුතු හා කිඩා ඇමතිතුමා සහ ආණ්ඩු පාර්ශ්වයේ . පුඩාන සංවිධායකතුමා)

(திரு எம். வின்சன்ற் பெசோ—பாராளுமன்ற அலுவல் கள், வினேயாட்டுக்கள் அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக கொறடாவும்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera—Minister of Parliamentary Affairs & Sports and Chief Government Whip)

I move.

"That the Report of the Committee on Public Accounts on the Appropriation Accounts of the Government of Sri Lanka for the Financial Year 1977 and the Seventh Instalment of the Report of the Auditor-General thereon, together with the Proceedings of the Committee and the Minutes of Evidence be printed."

குளிகை சில்கக டி?்கி, உடைகிலை பில. வினு விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.

වාර්තාව මුදුණය කළ සුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී. அறிக்கை அச்சிடப்படக் கட்டீளமிடப்பட்டது. Ordered that the Report be printed.

> 47 (5) වන ස්ථාවර නියෝගය යටතේ පිළිගන්වන ලද වාර්තාව

நிலேக்கட்டளே இல. 47 (5) இன்படி சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட அறிக்கைகள்

REPORT PRESENTED UNDER STANDING ORDER NO. 47 (5)

<mark>ණී ලංකා කාන්තා ඇ</mark>ල්ලෝ හවුල (සංස්ථාශත කිරීමේ) පනත් කෙටුම්පත

இலங்கைப் பெண்கள் எக்லோ ஒன்றியம் (கூட்டிணே**த**ல்) சட்டமூலம்

WOMEN'S AGLOW FELLOWSHIP OF SRI LANKA (INCORPORATION) BILL

"Report on the Bill intituled 'An Act to incorporate the Women's Aglow Fellowship of Sri Lanka' "-(Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Cultural Affairs.)

පනන් කෙටුම්පත 1982 අශෝස්තු 20 වන සිකුරාද දෙවන **මර** කියවිය යුතුයයි නිසෝග කරන ලදී.

சட்டமூலம் 1982 ஓகஸ்ட் 20, வெள்ளிக்கிழமை இரண்டாம்முறை மைதிப்பிடப்படக் கட்டளேமிடப்பட்டது.

Bill ordered to be read a Second time upon Friday 20th August, 1982.

පෙත්සම්

மனுக்கள்

PETITIONS

ෂෙල්ටන් රණරාජ මහතා (වැඩබලන අධිකරණ ඇමති තුමා)

(திரு. ஷெல்டன் நணராஜா—பதில் நீதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Shelton Ranaraja—Acting Minister of Justice)

I present a Petition from Mr. Panditha Kumar Piyasena of No. 15/7, Gurudeniya Mawatha, Ampitiya.

යූ. බී. විජේකෝන් මහතා (යාපනයේ දිසා ඇමතිතුමා) (தொரு. யூ. பீ. விஜோோன்—யாழ்ப்பாண மாவட்ட அமைச் சர்)

(Mr. U. B. Wijekoon—District Minister, Jaffna) උඩබද්දවේ, කුලි/කරඩුව විදහාලයේ, එන්. ඒ. ටී. අප් පුහාමි මහත් මයාගෙන් ලැබුණු පෙන් සමක් මම ඉදිරි පත් කරනවා.

ආචාර්ය ඩබලිව්. දහනායක මහතා (ශාල්ල) (සහා තියි උයික්තු, සුණු තුත සිය—සැකි) (Dr. W. Dahanayake—Galle)

I present the following petitions from:

- (1) Mr. Samson Gunawardena, Secretary, Galu Disawe Visrama Samithi Ekabadde Sammelanaya, Piyadigama.
- (2) Mr. G. D. Danie of Government Colony, Ginimellagaha (North), Ginimellagaha.
- (3) Mr. G. D. V. de Silva of Silva Cottage, Akmeemana,

මහජන පෙන් සම් කාරක සභාවට පැවරිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

பொதுமனுக் குழுவுக்குச் சாட்டக் கட்டளேபிடப்பட்டத். Ordered to be referred to the Public Petitions Committee.

පුශ්න වලට වාවික පිළිතුරු

விளுக்களுக்கு வாய்மூல விடைகள் ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

පේෂකර්ම අභාාස මධාසේථානය: ඉඩම புடைவைக் கைத்தொழிற் பயிற்சி நிஸ்யம்: காணி

TEXTILE TRAINING CENTRE: LAND

122/82(2)

1. **ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා** (අත්තනගල්ල) (திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி—அத்தனகல்ல) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody—Attanagalla)

අගුමාතානුමා සහ පළාත් පාලන, නිවාස හා ඉදිකිරීම අමතිතුමා සහ මහාමාර්ග කටයුතු පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා හෙන් ඇසූ පුශ්නය: (අ) පේෂකර්ම අමාතානංශයට, Friday 20th August, පේෂකර්ම අභාසස මධාස්ථානයක් පිහිටුවීම පිණිස Digitized by Noolaham, කායාර්ජාතිකක් ඉඩමක් වෙන් කර ඇත්තේ කිනම ස්ථානයකද? (ආ) (i) එහි වටිනාකම කෙතෙක්ද? (ii) එම වටිනාකම පේෂකර්ම අමාතනාංශය විසින් පළාත් පලන, නිවාස හා ඉදිකිරීම් අමාතනාංශයට ගෙවා ඇත්ද? (ii) නොගෙවා ඇත්නම් ඒ මන්ද? (iV) එම මුදල් අය කර ගැනීමට කටයුතු කරනවාද? (ඉ) එම ඉඩම පේෂකර්ම අමාතනාංශයට වෙන් කර දී ඇත්තේ කවරු සිටද?

சிரதம அமைச்சரும். உள்ளூராட்சி. விடமைப்பு, நிர்மாண அமைச்சரும், பெருவிதிகள் அமைச்சருமானவரைக் கேட்டில் அட் (அ) புடைவைக் கைத்தொழில் அமைச்சிற்கு புடைவைக் கைத்தொழில் அமைச்சிற்கு புடைவைக் கைத்தொழில் பயிற்சி நிலேயமொன்றை நிறுவுவதற்காக மூன்று எக்கர் காணி எங்கே ஒதுக்கப்பட்டது? (ஆ) (i) இதன் பெறுமதி ஏவ்வளவு? (ii) இதன் பெறுமதி புடைவைக் கைத்தொழில் அமைச்சினுல் உள்ளூராட்சி, விடமைப்பு, நிர்மாண அமைச்சிற்கு செலுத்தப்பட்டுள்ளதா? (iii) இன் றேல் என்? (iv) இதனே அறவிடுவதற்கு நடவடிக்கை எடுக் கப்படுமா? (இ) இத்தக் காணி எத்தினத்திலிருந்து புடைவைக் கைத்தொழில் அமைச்சுக்கு ஒதுக்கப்பட்டது?

asked the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways—(a) Where has a three-acre block of land been set apart for a Textile Training Centre for the Ministry of Textiles? (b) (i) What is its value? (ii) Has the Textiles Ministry paid its value to the Ministry of Local Government, Housing and Construction? (iii) If not, why? (iv) Will action be taken to have the amount recovered? (c) From when has this land been allocated for the Textile Ministry?

එම්. වින් සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோ) (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I answer, on behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways.

(a) A 3-acre block of land has been allocated by the Urban Development Authority at the Ratmalana Industrial Estate at Kandawala for a Textile Industry Training Centre for the Ministry of Textile Industries. (b) (i) This land has been valued at Rs. 7,500/- per perch, which amounts to Rs. 3,600,000/-. (ii) Yes. This value has been paid to the Urban Development Authority. (iii) Does not arise. (c) This land has been allocated from January 1982

පේෂකර්ම අභාාස මධාස්ථානය: පිහිටුවීම புடைவைக் கைத்தொழிற் பயிற்சி நிஃயம்: நிர்மாணம் TEXTILE TRAINING CENTRE: CONSTRUCTION

2. ලක් ප්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. வக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

පිහිටුමීම සම්බන්ධව සතා වාර්තාව ඉදිරිපත් කරනවාද 🚶 (ii) එසේ නොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද? (ඉ) (i) මෙම මධ්යස්ථානය ගොඩ නැගීමේ කටයුතු භාර දී ඇත්තේ කිනම් ආයතනයකටද? (ii) එම අයතනයේ මහා් පුද් ගලයාගේ නම සහ ලිපිනය සදහන් කරනවාද? (iii) එසේ නොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද? (ඊ) (i) අභානාස මධාසස් ථානයට අවශා අමු දුවා සහ යන් තුෝපකර_ණ ගෙන් වීමට හෝ මිල දී ගැනීමට මි<mark>ල ගණන්</mark> කැඳවනු ලැබූ ආයතන, පුද් ගලයන් ගේ නම සහ ලිපින යන් ඉදිරිපත් කරනවාද? (ii) එසේ නොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද ? (උ) (i) ඒ ඒ දුවා සඳහා ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද මිල ගණන් වෙන වෙනම සඳහන් කුරනවාද ? (ii) එසෙ නොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද? (ඌ) (i) අභාහස මධ්යස් ථානයට අභාහසලාභීන් බඳවා ගන්නා පුතිපත්තිය කුමක්දැයි සඳහන් කරනවාද? (ii) එසේ නොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද?

புடைவைக் கைத்தொழில் அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட விஞ: (அ) உள்ளூராட்சி, விடமைப்பு, நிர்மாண, அமைச்சினுல் புடை வைக் கைக்கொழில் பயிற்சு ஈணேயமொன்றை நிறுவுவதற்காக புடைவைக் வகத்தொழில் அமைச்சிற்கு ஒதுக்கிய காணியில் இப்பயிற்கி நினேயத்தை நிறுவுவதற்கு அமைச்சு எடுத்துள்ள நடவடிக்கை என்ன? (ஆ) (i) இப்பயிற்சி நிலேயம் நிறுவப் படுவது தொடர்பான சாத்தியக் கூற்றறிக்கையை அவர் சமர்ப்பிப்பாரா ? (ii) இன்றேல், ஏன் ? (இ) (i) இத்நிலேயத் தின் நிர்மாண வேலேகள் எந்த நிறுவனத்திடம் ஒப்படைக் கப்பட்டுள்ளது? (ii) இந்நிறுவனத்தின் அல்லது நபரின் பெடர், முகவரியையும் அவர் சூறிப்பிடுவாரா? (iii) இன்றேல், ஏன்? (ஈ) (i) பயிற்கி நிலேயத்திற்குத் தேவையான மூலப் பொருள்களேயும், இயந்திர உபகரணங்களேயும் இறக்குமதி செய்ய அல்லது விலேக்கு வாங்க விலேமனுக்கள் கோரப்பட்ட நிறுவனங்களின் தும் நபர்களின் தும் பெயர், முகவரிகளே அவர் குறிப்பிடுவாரா? (ii) இன்றேல், ஏன்? (உ) (i) ஒவ் வொரு பொருளுக்குமாகச் சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட விலேயை வெவ் வேருக அவர் குறிப்பிடுவாரா? (ii) இன்றேல், ஏன்? (ஊ) (i) பயிற்சு நிடையத்திற்குப் பயிலுநர்களேச் சேர்த்துக் கொள்ளும் திட்டம் என்னவென்பதை அவர் குறிப்பிடுவாரா? (ii) இன்றேல், ஏன்?

asked the Minister of Textile Industries: (a) What steps has the Ministry taken to construct a Textile Training Centre in the land allocated to the Textile Ministry for the construction of such a centre by the Ministry of Local Government, Housing and Construction? (b) (i) Will he table the feasibility report in regard to the construction of this Training Centre? (ii) If not, why? (c) (i) What is the institution to which the construction of this Centre has been assigned? (ii) Will he give the name and address of this institution or individual? (iii) If not, why? (d) (i) Will he table the names and addresses of the institutions and individuals from whom quotations were called for the supply of purchase of raw materials and machinery required by the training Centre? (ii) If not, why? (e) (i) Will he state the quotations submitted for each of these materials? (ii) If not, why? (f) (i) Will he state the policy that is being adopted in the recruitment of trainees for the Training Centre? (ii) If

විජයපාල මෙන් ඩිස් මහතා (පේ ෂකර්ම ඇමතිතුමා) (திரு. விஜயபால மென்டிஸ்—புடைவைத் தொழில் அமைச் #1

(Mr. Wijayapala Mendis-Minister of Textile Industry)

(a) Central Engineering Consultancy Bureau has finalised, designed, plans and bills of quantities for the buildings for the proposed Textile Training & Services Centre to be constructed at Ratmalana on a three-acre block of land purchased from the UDA. Tenders for the construction of buildings will be called when the tender documents which are under preparation are finalised. Already a tender board has been appointed. (b) (i) No feasibility report in regard to the construction of the Textile Training & Services Centre was prepared. A project document for the purpose of UNIDO financing was prepared by the Chief Technical Adviser whose services were made available by UNIDO. (ii) Does not arise. (c) (i) Construction of the buildings for the Centre has not been assigned to anybody yet. Tenders are to be called. (ii) and (iii) Do not arise. (d) (i) No quotations for the supply or purchase of raw materials and machinery required by the Centre have been called for. Machinery for the Centre are being supplied by UNIDO as part of its assistance. (ii) and (e) (i) and (ii) Do not arise in view of answer to (d) (i) (f) (i) trainees for the Centre will be selected from among applicants from both the public and private sectors. (ii) Does not arise.

රජයේ සංයුක්ත මණ බලවලින් නිපදවන සත්වාහාර

கால்நடை உணவு, கூட்டுத்தாபன உற்பத்தி

ANIMAL FEED PRODUCED BY STATE CORPORATIONS

<mark>ශාමීය කර්මාන් ත සංවර්ධනය පිළිබද ඇ</mark>මනිතුමාගෙන්

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3. ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

අසු පුශ්නය : (අ) (i) 1978 ජනවාරි සිට 1981 දෙසැම බර් අවසානය දක්වා සිදුව තෙල් ගා මේද සංයුක්ත මණ් බලය විසින් ඒ ඒ මාසවල නිෂ්පාදනය කරන ලද කුකුල් කෑම, ගව ආහාර සහ ඌරු කැම පුමාණය වෙන වෙනම සදහන් කරනවාද? (ii) එසේ නොකරන්නේ නම් ඒ මන්ද? (ආ) (i) නිෂ්පාදනය කරන ලද ඒ ඒ වගීයේ කැම පුමාණයෙන් විකුණන ලද පුමාණය ඒ ඒ මාස සඳහා වෙන වෙනම සඳහන් කරනවාද? (ii) එසේ නොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද? (ඉ) (i) 1978 ජනවාරි සිටු 1981 දෙසැම්බර් දක්වා බී. සි. සී. සමාගම විසින් නිෂ් පාදනය කරන ලද කුකුල් කෑම, ගව ආහාර, ඌරු කැම පුමාණය වෙන වෙනම සඳහන් කරනවාද? (ii) එසේ

නොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද? (ඊ) (i) නිෂ්පාදනය

පුමාණය ඒ ඒ මාස සඳහා වෙන වෙනම සඳහන් කරන වාද ? (ii) එසේ තොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද? (උ) (i) 1981 වෂියේ දී සිදුව තෙල් හා මේද සංයක් ත මණ් බලයේ සත්වාහාර නිෂ්පාදනය බී. සී. සී සමාගමේ නිෂ් පාදනයට වඩා අඩුවී ඇති බවත් සිදුව තෙල් හා මේද සංසුක්තු මණි බලයේ නිෂ්පාදන, මීල දී ගන්නා ලද අය විසින් ආපසු මණ් ඩලයට භාර දී ඇති බවත් එතුමා දන්නවාද? (ii) එසේ ආපසු භාර දෙන ලද පුමාණය කොහෙක් දැයි සඳහන් කරනවාද? (iii) එසේ නොක රත්තේ තම, ඒ මත්ද?

தொமியக் கைத்தொழில் அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட வின: (அ) (i) 1978 ஜனவரி முதல் 1931 டிசெம்பர் இறு இ வரை சிதுவ எண்ணெய் கொழுப்புக் கூட்டுத்தாபனத் தினுல் ஒவ்வொரு மாதமும் உற்பத்தி செய்யப்பட்ட கோழிதீன், மாட்டுத்தின், பன்றித்தின் ஆகியவற்றின் அளவை வெவ் வேறுகக் குறிப்பிடுவாரா? (ii) இன்றேல் என்? (ஆ) (i) உற்பத்தி செய்யப்பட்ட ஒவ்வொரு வகையிலான நின்களில் கிற்பனே செய்யப்பட்ட அளவை ஒவ்வொரு மாதக்கிற்கும் வெவ்வேருகக் குறிப்பிடுவாரா? (ii) இன்றேல், ஏன்? (இ) (i) 1978 ஜனவரி முதல் 1981 டிசெம்பர் இறுநிவரை பீ. சி. சி. நி.றுவனத்தி**ஞல் உற்பத்தி செய்யப்பட்ட கோழி**த்தி<mark>ன்</mark>, மாட்டுத்தீன், பன்றித்தீன் ஆகியவற்றின் அளவை வெவ் வேறுகக் குறிப்பிடுவாரா? (ii) இன்றேல், என்? (ஈ) (i) உற்பத்தி செய்யப்பட்ட ஒவ்வொரு வகையிலான தீன்களில் விற்பனே செய்யப்பட்ட அளவை ஒவ்வொரு மாதத்திற்கும் வெவ்வேறுகக் குறிப்பிடுவாரா? (ii) இன்றேல், என்? (2_) (i) 1981 ஆம் ஆண்டின் எண்ணெய்க் கொழுப்புக் கூட்டுத் தாபனத்தின் கால்நடை உணவு உற்பத்தி பீ. சி. சி. நிறுவனத் தின் உற்பத்தியைவிட குறைந்துள்ள தென்பதையும், சீதுவ எண்ணெய்க் கொழுப்புக் கூட்டுத்தாபனத்தின் உற்பத்திப் பொருள்கள் அவைகளே விலேக்கு வாங்குபவர்களினுல் கூட்டுக் தாபனத்திற்கு திருப்பி ஒப்படைக்கப்பட்டுள்ளனவென்பதை பும் அவர் அறிவாசா? (ii) இவ்வாறு நிருப்பி ஒப்படைக் கப்பட்டவைகளின் அளளினேக் குறிப்பிடுவாசா? (iii) இன் றேல், என்?

asked the Minister of Rural Industrial Development: (a) (i) Will he state separately the amount of chicken feed, catttle feed and pig feed produced by the Oils and Fats Corporation, Seeduwa, during each month from January, 1978 to end of December, 1981? (ii) If not, why? (b) (i) Will he state separately the amount of each kind of feed sold per month out of the quantity produced? (ii) If not, why? (c) (i) Will he state separately the quantity of chicken feed, cattle feed and pig feed produced by BCC from January, 1978 to December, 1981? (ii) If not, why? (d) (i) Will he state separately the amount of each kind of feed sold per month out of the quantity produced? (ii) If not, why? (e) (i) Is he aware that in 1981 the quantity of animal feed produced by the Seeduwa Oils and Fats Corporation has been less than that of BCC, and that people who had bought the products of the Seeduwa Oils and Fats Corporation have returned their purchases to the Corporation? (ii) Will he state the quantity so කරන ලද ඒ ඒ වගීයේ කෑම පුමාණයෙනු ලාමුකුණනා ලද harfety gneed (iii) If not, why?

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා (ශාමීය කර්මාන්ත සංවර් ධනය පිළිබද ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்—பொமிய தொழி<mark>ல்துறை அபி</mark> விருத்தி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman—Minister of Rural Industrial Development)

(a) (i) Please see Statement "A" attached. (ii) Does not arise.
(b) (i) Please see attached statement "B" (ii) Does not arise.
(c) (i) and (ii) The BCC is not under my Ministry. Therefore the question does not arise.
(d) (i) and (ii) The BCC is not under my Ministry.
(e) (i) (ii) and (iii) I am unable to answer this, as BCC sales are not available with the Ministry Figures of the feeds manufactured by the Ceylon Oils & Fats Corporation that had been returned are in Statement "C"

ලක් ශ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I have a supplementary question to ask. Is it correct in (e) (ii) that the feeds that are being taken away or purchased by the purchasers are being returned?

එස්. නොන් බමන් මහතා

(,இரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

There have been certain cases, but we replace them.

ලක් ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩ මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

What are the reasons? Why is it being returned?

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

The customers complain, and in order to satisfy them we replace them with good feeds.

ලක් ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

What percentage has come back?

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහනා

(திரு. எஸ். கொண்ட்மான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

It is in the statement "C" attached.

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Statement A

000 000

4.5		PAODUCTION OF	5 44	ANIMAL FEEDS DURING THE PERIOD JANUARY 1978 - DECEMBER 1981	URING THE P	ERIOD JAN	UARY 1978	-DECEMBER	1861			
					(In Metric Tons)	(suc		*				
		1978			1979			1980			1981	
Month	Poultry	Cattle	Pig	Poultry	Cattle	Pig	Poultry	Cattle	Pig	Poultry	Cattle	Pig
January	3,812.750	228.800	I,	4,216.150	277.500	11.550	5,177.450	450.800	150.700	5,230.150	962.050	1.20
Leoruary	3,702.800	103 650	ı	3,537.150	475.700		6,050.225	563.900	127.650	4,564.550	812.450	-I
April	3,278.725	103.030	1 1	5,065.075	371.600	20 900	5,550.475	789.000	112.750	4,796.625	438.600	1
May	2,564.575	183.300	*	3 940 525	403.700	6 500	4,536.630	1 446 750	132 600	4,459.225	533.780	1
June	2,799.000	77.650	1	4.762.175	690.550	254.650	7.162 375	309 250	21 100	3 040 575	389.600	1
July	3,254.725	89.200	1	5,433,225	407,650	116.950	6.586.750	1 039 600	179 900	2,349,323	198 010	1000
August	2,953.725	72.000	ı	4,495.100	605.900	54.400	6,276.475	1.168.550	54.150	3.102.925	75 120	1.10
September	2,810.575	64.100	6	5,092.500	495.950	92.750	5,450.700	1,004.900	25.300	3.347.850	131.360	20 90
October	3,076.475	65.000	3	5,567.150	402.050	66.950	5,783.400	1,231.950	84.650	3,534.725	238.560	10.65
November	3,633.650	123.500	١	5,833.553	399.600	154.000	5,948.675	1,334.950	48.300	3,320.450	180.160	10.00
recember	3,641.500	222.800	1	4,263.375	430.350	33.950	5,695.825	1,199.400	nioi ri _i r inc	2,850.150	198.000	21.45
Total	40,444.175	1,310.000	1	56,415.125	5,582.300	866.150	69,022.400	11,849.850	1,012.200	46,410.975	4,387.760	93.35
						1	THE RESERVE	and and	10	,		
Ne												
											inter	Statement
		SALE 0	F ANIMAL	SALE OF ANIMAL FEEDS DURING THE PERIOD JANUARY 1978 - DECEMBER 1981	NG THE PERIC	D JANUAR	Y 1978 - DE	CEMBER 198	the the		obal (ii)	
	*				(In Metric Tons)	(Suo						
		1978			1979			1980			Turi	
Month	Poultry	Cattle	Pig	Poultry	Cattle	Pig	Poultry	Cattle	igu igu S	Poultry	Cattle	Dica .
January	4,009.725	57.000	ı	4,213.050	282.250	3.800	5.785.300	424 100	161 800	\$ 088 025	067 600	370
February	3,827.900	92.200	ı	4,005.800	507.350	7.100	5,859.050	541.750	110.350	4.697.200	811.950	20.7
March	4,058.200	111.000	1	4,258.450	365.550	304.550	3,313.825	784.900	40,000	4,750.170	435.300	1 1
April	4,233.975	5,200	1	4,215.250	391.450	7.550	4,756.250	689.300	156.350	4,511.100	436.950	1
May	2,760.150	183.650	1	4,257.625	661.300	7,300	4,578.850	1,019.100	91.950	3,936.225	454.500	Y
June	2,941.850	88.500	ľ.	4,467.300	536.100	132.600	6,126.355	717.750	61.900	3,571.500	192.750	1
July	3,024,030	38.650	,	4,763.450	543.300	229.150	6,315.575	1,035.450	104.700	3,469.875	199.330	24.000
September	2.999.075	102 100	. 1	4 772 025	450 350	102 250	6,349.825	1 209 400	130.000	3,048.875	124.100	4.000
October	2,581.675	62.200	ı	5,338,200	492.250	72.650	5.765.725	1,206,400	66.350	3 203 800	180.160	700.100
November	3,965.200	130.050	ı	5,375.675	414.150	153,100	5,751.400	1,301.100	35.550	3.248.950	217.880	8.600
December	3,744.325	112.330	,	5,376.950	433.000	31,350	5,987.875	1,219.800	34.050	3,379.475	227.000	16.75(
Total	41,344.775	1,078.000		56,090.800	5,625.500	822.750	69,030.330	11,138.700	1,010.300	46,107.995	4,357.470	90.100
	The second secon	The state of the s		The second secon			The second line as well as well	-	The second second			

Statement C

QUANTITY OF ANIMAL FEEDS RETURNED BY CUSTOMERS

Date of mash		ensioner Mr.
28/09/81	Dairy Max*	5.620
04/11/81	Dairy Max*	3.965
25/11/81	Custom Mix	3.175
04/12/81	Bro. Starter	0.825
04/12/81	Custom Mix Growers Mash	0.225
09/12/81	Custom Mix	0.850
	28/09/81 04/11/81 25/11/81 04/12/81	28/09/81 Dairy Max* 04/11/81 Dairy Max* 25/11/81 Custom Mix 04/12/81 Bro. Starter 04/12/81 Custom Mix Growers Mash

^{*}These have been returned as they could not sell due to price increase.

පී. බී. මනීමෙල් මහතා : විනුම වැටුප් ඉල. යි. යි. යණ්මයේ : ඉස්භූණියය් MR. P. B. MANIMEL : PENSION

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4. ආචාර්ග ඩබලිව්. දහනායක මහතා (ගාල්ල) (கலாநிதி டபிள்யு. தஹநாயக்க—காலி) (Dr. W. Dahanayake—Galle)

පුවාහන කටයුතු පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා සහ ගමනාගමන මණ බල පිළිබඳ අදමතිතුමා සහ පුද්ගලික බස් පුවාගනය පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසු පුශ්නය: (අ) ගාල්මල් මාබුලුවේ නො. 207 පදිංචි පී. බී. මනිමෙල් මහතා ලංකා දුම්රිය දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අවුරුදු 32 ක සේවා කාලය කින් පසුව 1981 අගෝස්තු 8 වැනිදා ගේ ව්වුකරු තන තුරෙන් විශාම ලැබූ බවත්, ඔහුට මේ දක්වාම ඔහුගේ පූර්ණ විශාම වැටුප නොලැබුණු බවත් එතුමා දන්නේද? (ආ) ඔහුට ලැබිය යුතු සියලුම මුදල් ඔහුට ගෙවන්නේ කවදාද?

போக்குவரத்து அமைச்சரும், போக்குவரத்துச் சபைகள் அமைச்சரும் தனியார் போக்குவரத்து அமைச்சருமான வரைக்கேட்ட விஞ: (அ) காலி, மஹு அவ. 207 ஆம் இலக்க இல்லத்தைச் சேர்ந்த திரு. பி. மணிமெல். இலக்கை அர சாங்கப் புகையிரதப் பகுதியில் கடவைக் காவலாளியா யிருத்து 32 வருட சேவையின் பின்னர் 1981, ஆகஸ்ட் 8 ஆத் தேதி ஓய்வுபெற்ருரென்பதையும் இவரது முழு ஓய்வூதியம் இவருக்கு இன்னும் கிடைக்களில்லேயென்பதையும் அவர் அறி வாரா? (ஆ) இவருக்குரிய கொடுப்பனவுகள் யாவும் எப் போது கொடுபடும்?

asked the Minister of Transport and Minister for Transport Boards and Minister for Private Omnibus Transport: (a) Is he aware that Mr. P. B. Manimel of 207, Makuluwa, Galle, retired from the post of Gateman, C.G.R., on 8th August, 1981, after serving for 32 years, and that he has not yet received his full pension? (b) When will he be paid all his dues?

එව්. කුලරන් න මහනා (නියෝජා පුවාහන ඇමනිතුමා) (திரு. எச். குலாத்ன—போக்குவாத்து பொதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. H. Kularatne-Deputy Minister of Transport)

(a) Yes. (b) Action is being taken to credit his pension to his account number 23148 at People's Bank, Mahaweediya, Galle from August 1982.

අාචාර්ය බබලිව. දහනායක මහතා (සහාරිති ෑ පින්තු, සුකුතුතතයිය) (Dr. W. Dahanayake) Thank you very much.

එට එල්. ඒ. එfප්. ගුණවර්ධන මහතා : විශාම වැටුප් ඉලු. எச். எல். ஏ. எப். குணவர்த்தன : ඉய்வூதியம் MR. H. L. A. F. GUNEWARDENA : PENSION 182/82 (2)

5. ආචාර්ය බබ්ලිව්. දහනායක මහතා (கலாதிதி டபின்யு, தஹநாயக்க) (Dr. W. Dahanayake)

රාජය පරිපාලන ඇමනිතුමා සහ වැවිලි කර්මාන්ත අ.මනිතුමාගෙන් දැසූ පුශ්නය: (අ) අහංගම පියදිගම 'සිසිල' නිවසේ පදිංචි, ගුරුවිශුම වැටුප් අංක 10667 ශිම් විශුමික එව්. එල් ඒ. එfප්. ගුණවර්ධන මහතා, මාසික මූලික වැටුපට රු. 12/79 ක් අඩු විශාම වැටුපත් 1967 ඔක්තෝබර් 4 වැනිදා සිට නමාට ගෙවා ඇතැයි පවසන බෑව එතුමා දන්නේද? (ආ) (i) එතුමා ඔහුට පිළිතුරක් යවන්ගෙන් ද? (ii) නොයවන්නේ නම් ඒමන්ද?

போது திர்வாக அமைச்சரும், தோட்டத்தொழில் அமைச்சரு மானவரைக் கேட்ட விஞ: (அ) அஹங்கம், பியதிகம், "சிசில" இல்லத்தைச் சேர்ந்த ஓய்வூதியக்காரர் இரு. எச். எல். ஏ. எப். குணவர்த்தன், (ஆரிரியர் ஓய்வூதிய இல். 10667), தமர் ந ஓய்வூதியமாக 1967, ஒக்ரோபர் 4 ஆந் தேதி முதல் மாதாந்த அடிப்படைச் சம்பளத்தின் மீது ரூபா 12.79 குறைவாகச் செலுத்தப்படுகிறதெனக் கோரியுள்ளதை அவர் அறிவாரா? (ஆ) (i) இவரது கோரிக்கைக்குப் பதில் அளிப்பாரா? (ii) இன்றேல், ஏன்? [අංචාර්ය බබලිම, දහනායක මහතා]

asked the Minister of Public Administration and Minister of Plantation Industries: (a) Is he aware that pensioner Mr. H. L. A. F. Gunewardena, Teachers' Pension No. 10667 of Sisila, Piyadigama, Ahangama, claims that he has been paid as pension Rs. 12.79 less on the basic salary per mensem, from 4th October, 1967? (b) (i) Will he reply to his claim? (ii) If not, why?

හරින් දු කොරයා මහතා (නියෝජා රාජා පරිපාලන ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. ஹரிந்திர கொறயா—பொது நிர்வாகப் பிரதி அமைச் சர்)

(Mr. Harindra Corea—Deputy Minister of Public Administration)

(a) Yes. (b) (i) The Director of pensions has replied him on 31.01.1979. (ii) Does not arise.

අාචාර්ය ඩබ්ලිව්. දහනායක මහතා (கலாநிதி டபிள்யு, தஹநாயக்க)

(Dr. W. Dahanayake)

Can I please ask what is the reply that has been given to him?

හරින්දු කොරයා මහතා

(திரு. ஹரீந்திச கொறயா) (Mr. Harindra Corea)

I think the hon. Member for Galle probably has not been told by this particular person of the full details of the Director's reply. If he wants I will give the information later.

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Will you write back to him?

හරින්දු කොරයා මහනා

(கிரு. ஹரீந்திர கொறயா)

(Mr. Harindra Corea)

Yes, Sir.

ආචාර්ය ඔබ්ලිව්. දහනායක මහතා

(கலாநிதி டபின்யு. தஹநாயக்க)

(Dr. W. Dahanayake)

Will the hon. Deputy Minister note that this particular gentleman has not received a reply?

කථානායකතුම<u>ා</u>

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Now that will be looked into and a copy of the reply vill be sent to you.

හරින්දු කොරයා මහනා

(திரு. ஹீர்திர கொறயா)

(Mr. Harindra Corea)

The letter was sent on 31.1.79.

කථානායක නුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

Satisfy him by sending him a copy of that reply.

එස්. කේ. ජයලන්ගේ මහතා : විශාම වැටුප්

திரு. எஸ், கே. ஜயலத்கே : ஓய்வூதியம்

MR. S. K. JAYALATHGE: PENSION

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6. දා.චාර්ය බබලිව්, දහනා:ශක මහතා (கலாநிதி டபிள்யு, தஹநாயக்க) (Dr. W. Dahanayake)

ඉඩම් හා ඉඩම් සංවර්ඛන ඇමතිතුමා සහ මහවැලි සංවර්ඛනග පිළිබද ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ පුශ්නය: (අ) අවුරුදු 20 ක සේවා කාලයකින් පසුව 1980 පෙබරව.8ී මාසයේදී මිණින්දෝරු දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ සේවෑ අංක ජේඒඑස් 1737 දරන කම්කරු තනතුරෙන් විශාම හිය වඳුරඹ, ඉහළලේල්වල, වේරගොඩවත්තේ පදිංචි එස්. කේ. ජයලත්ගේ මහතාට මේ දක්වාම තාවකාලික විශාම වැටුපක් හෝ නොගෙවා ඇති බැව් එතුමා දන්නේද? (අා) තවත් පමා නොකර ඔහුට ඒ මුදල් ගෙවන්නේද? (අා) නොගෙවන්නේ නම් ඒ මන්ද?

காணி, காணி அடிவிருத்தி அமைச்சரும், மகாவலி அடி விருத்தி அமைச்சருமானவரைக் கேட்ட விகு: (அ) நில அளவைத் திணக்களத்தில் தொழிலாளியாக (சேவை இல. JAS 1737) இருபது வருட சேவையின் பின்னர் 1980, பெப்ரு வரியில் இஃாப்பாறிய, வந்தாம்ப, இஹலேல்வல, வேசகோட வத்தையைச் சேர்ந்த திரு எஸ். கே. ஜயலத்கே என்பவ ருக்குத் தற்காலிய ஓய்வூதியந்தானும் வழங்கப்படவில்லே என்பதை அவர் அறிவாரா? (ஆ) மேலும் தாமதமின்றி உரிய கொடுப்பனவுகள் யாவும் செலுத்தப்படுமா? (இ) இன்றேல், ஏன்?

asked the Minister of Lands and Land Development and Minister of Mahaweli Development: (a) Is he aware that Mr. S. K. Jayalathge of Weragodawatte, Ihalalelwala, Wanduramba, who retired from the post of Labourer in the Survey Department in February, 1980, after 20 years of service, Service No. JAS 1737, has not been paid even a temporary pension? (b) Will all dues be paid without further delay? (c) If not, why?

ඒ. එම්. එස්. අධිකාරි මහතා (නියෝජා ඉඩම් හා ඉඩම් සංවර්ධන ඇමනිතුමා)

(திரு. ஏ. எம். எஸ். அதிகாரி—காணி, காணி அபிவிருத்திப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. A. M. S. Adikari—Deputy Minister of Lands & Land Development)

(a) No; a provisional pension was paid up to 31.08.1981, for 18 months. (b) Yes, the pension has now been awarded. (c) Does not arise.

පිටරට රැකියාවල නිසුතු ශී ලංකා වැසියන් : ඡන් ද අයිහිය

வெளிநாடுகளில் தொழில்புரியும் இலங்கையர்: வாக்களித்தல் SRI LANKANS EMPLOYED ABROAD: VOTING RIGHTS

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8. ජබීර් ඒ. කාදර් මහතා (මැද කොළඹ දෙවන) (ஜுறப் ஜாபிர் ஏ. காதர்—கொழும்பு மத்தி இரண்டாம் அங் கத்தவர்)

(Mr. Jabir A. Cader-Second Colombo Central)

අගුමානාගුමා සහ පළාත් පාලන, නිවාස හා ඉදිකිරීම අ.මනිතුමා සහ මහාමාර්ග කටයුතු පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා හෙත් අසු පුශ්නය: (අ) පිටරට රාකියාවල නියුතු ශී ලංකා වැසියනට තැපැල් ඡන්ද මාර්ගයෙන් හෝ ශී ලංකා තානාපති කාර්යාලවල ඡන්ද පොළවල් සලසා දීම මාර්ගයෙන් හෝ ශී ලංකා තානාපති කාර්යාලවල ඡන්ද පොළවල් සලසා දීම මාර්ගයෙන් හෝ තම ඡන්ද බලය පාවිච්චි කිරීමට ඉඩ ලබා දීමේ ආණිඩුවේ තීරණය අනුව කවර පියවර ගෙන තිබේද? (ආ) මෙනෙක් කිසි පියවරක් ගෙන නැත්නම ස්වකීය ඡන්ද බලය අහිමි වී සැමට ඉඩ නොදිය යුතු වන ශී ලංකා වැසියන් 50,000 ක් පමණ දැනට පිටරට වල, විශේෂයෙන් මැද පෙරදිග රටවල, සේවයෙනි යෙදී සිටින හෙයින් ඔවුනට තම ඡන්ද බලය කියාග්ලක කිරීමේ අවස්ථාව ලබා දීමට මූලික පියවර ගන්නවද??

பிரதம அமைச்சரும், உள்ளூராட்சி, வீடமைப்பு, நிர்மாண அமைச்சரும் பெருவீ திகள் அமைச்சருமானவரைக் கேட்ட வினு: (அ) வெளிநாடுகளில் தொழில்புரியும் ஏராளமான இலங்கையர்கள் தமது வாக்குகளேத் தபால் மூலமோ அல்லது இலங்கைக் தாதாகங்கள் மூலமோ அளிக்க அரசாங்கத் தீர் மானப்படி என்ன நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது? (ஆ) இன்னும் ஒரு நடவடிக்கையும் எடுக்கப்படாவிட்டால் வெளி நாட்டில் இருக்கும் 50,000 இலங்கையர்கள், குறிப்பாக மத்திய கிழக்கில் உள்ளவர்கள் வாக்களிக்கும் உரிமையை இழந்துவிடா திருக்க நடவடிக்கையை ஆரம்பிப்பாசர?

asked the Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways: (a) What action has been taken, in accordance with the decision of Government, to enable the large number of Sri Lankans employed abroad to exercise their voting rights through postal ballot or by provision of electoral booths in the Sri Lankan embassies? (b) If no action has yet been taken, will he initiate action as there are about 50,000 Sri Lankans now employed abroad, particularly in the Middle East who should not be deprived of their franchise?

එම්. වින් සන්ට් පෙදේරා මහතා

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோ) (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I answer on behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways.

(a) The matter is receiving the attention of the Government. (b) Does not arise.

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සරන් මුන්තෙව්ටුවෙගම මහතා (කලවාන)

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம—கலவான)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama-Kalawana)

Is the Government considering bringing back these 50,000 people to enable them to vote here, as there is no other way, at Government expense?

එම්. වින් සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා 💮 💮 💮

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரேரா)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

The matter is receiving the attention of the Government.

සරන් මුන්නෙව්ටුවෙගම මහනා 💮 🕞 🗀

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

That is also receiving the attention of the Government!

ශීලංපසේ : සිමින තරග විභාගයේ පුනිඵල, 1979

இ. நி. சே. : மட்டுப்படுத்தப்பட்ட போட்டிப் பரீட்சை

SLAS: LIMITED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION
RESULTS, 1979

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12. ආර්. පී. විජේසිරි මහතා (හාරිස් පත් තුව දෙවන) (திரு. ஆர். பீ. விஜெரிறி—ஹாரிஸ்பத்தவை இரண்டாம் அங்கத்தவர்)

(Mr. R. P. Wijesiri-Second Harispattuwa)

රාජන පරිපාලන ඇමතිතුමා සහ වැවිලි කර්මාන්ත අමිතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසු පුශ්නය: (අ) 1979 යු ලංකා පරිපාලන සේවා සීමිත තරන විභාගය සම්*ම*න්ධයෙන් රාජා පරිපාලන ලෝකම්ට වීරුද් බව ශේ ෂ්ඨාධිකරණයේ පැවති අභියාචනයෙහි නව තීන්දුවේ—(i) එක්සත් ජාතික පක්ෂයේ මධාම කාරක සභාව මෙම විභාගයේ පුතිඵල අන්හිටුවීමට තීරණය කර ඇති බවත් ; (ii) තැපැලට දමන ලද පත්වීමේ ලිපි 1980, 05, 15 වැනි දින අමාතුහාංශයේ නිලධාරියෙකු නිතිවිරෝධි ලෙස ඉවත් කෙ ට (Intercepted) ඇති බවත්; (iii) විභාගයේ අවසන් පුතිඵල නිකුත් කොට ඇත්තේ ඇමතිතුමා විහා<mark>ගයේ දී</mark> කිසිම දූෂණයක් නොවූ බව පංථිලිමේන් තුවේදී පුකාශ කිරීමෙන් පසුව බවත් ; (iv) විහාග පුනිඵල නිකුත් කිරීමෙන් පසුත් අපරාධ පරීක්ෂණ දෙපාතීමේන් තුව පිළිබද පරීක්ෂණ පවත්වා අපරාධයක් සිදු වී තොමැති බව දන්වා ඇති බවත් ; (v) ආණ් ඩුකුම වසවස් ථාවේ 55 (5) වගන් තිය නිසා පෙන් සම්කරුට කිසියම් සහනයක් සැලසීමට තමන්ට නොහැකි වී ඇති බවත් සඳහන් වී ඇති බව එකුමා දනන්වාද? (ආ) (i) එසේ නම් විත ගය සමත් 53 දෙනාට සාධාරණය ඉටු කිරීමට එතුමා බලාපොරොත් තු වන්නේ ද ? (ii) නො එසේ නම් ඒ මන්ද?

பொது நிர்வாக அமைச்சரும் தோட்டத் தொழில் அமைச்ச சருமானவசைக் கேட்ட விஞ: (அ) 1979 இலங்கை நிர்வாகச் attention of the சேவையின் மட்டுப்படுத்தப்பட்ட பரீட்சை சம்பந்தமாக Digitized by Noolaham பொதுவது இற்வாகச் செயலாளருக்கெதிராக உயர் நீதிமன்றத்

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[ආර්. පී. මියෙම්ඩ්රි මහතා]

திற்கு தாக்கல் செய்யப்பட்ட மேன்முறையீட்டு வழக்குத் தீர்ப்பில் (i) ஐக்கிய தேசியக் கட்சியின் மத்திய குழு இப் பரீட்சையின் பெறபேற்றை இடைநிறுத்துவதற்கு முடிவு செய்துள்ளதென்றும், (ii) தபாவில் போடப்பட்ட நியமனக் கடி தங்கள் 1980.05.15 ஆந் தேதி அமைச்சின் உத்தியோகத்த சொருவசால் சட்ட விசோதமாக இடைவழியில் கைப்பற்றப் <mark>பட்ட</mark>தென்றும், (iii) பரீட்சையின் இறுதிப் பெறுபேறு வெளி பிடப்பட்டிருப்பது அமைச்சர் எவ்வித மோசடியும் நடை பெறவில்ஃயென பாராளுமன்றத்தில் தெரிவித்த பின்னர்தான் என்றம், (iv) பரீட்சைப் பெறுபேறு வெளியிடப்பட்ட பின் னரும் குற்றப்புலன் விசாரணேத் திணேக்களம் இது தொடர் பாக விசாரணே நடத்தி தவறேதேனும் நடைபெறவில்லே யெனத் தெரிவித்துள்ளதென்றும், (v) அரசியலமைப்பின் 55(5) ஆம் பிரிவின் காரணமாக மேன்முறையீட்டாளருக்கு ஏதேனும் நிவாரணம் பெற்றுத்தர தம்மால் முடியாதிருக் கின்றதென்றும் குறிப்பிட்டுள்ளதென்பதை அவர் அறிவாரா ? (ஆ) (i) அவ்வாறெனில் பரீட்சையில் சித்திபெற்ற 53 பேருக்கு நியாயம் வழங்க அவர் கருநியுள்ளாரா? (ii) இன் றேல், ஏன்?

asked the Minister of Public Administration and Minister of Plantation Industries: (a) Is he aware that in the decision in the Supreme Court appeal against the Secretary, Public Administration, in the matter of the Sri Lanka Administrative Service Limited Competitive Examination of 1979, it is mentioned (i) that the Central Committee of the United National Party had decided to suspend the results of this examination; (ii) that a Ministry official had unlawfully intercepted on 15.05.1980 the letters of appointment that had been posted; (iii) that the final results of the examination had been released after the Minister had stated in Parliament that there had never been any instance of corruption at the examination; (iv) that after the release of the results of the examination the C.I.D. had itself investigated the matter and informed that no crime had been committed; (v) that the court was unable to provide any relief to the petitioner in view of Article 55 (5) of the Constitution? (b) (i) if so, does he intend to mete out justice to the 53 persons who had passed the examination? (ii) if not, why?

හටින් ද කොරයා මහතා (නියෝජන රාජන පරිපාල<mark>න</mark> ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. ஹரிந்திர கொறயா—பொது நிர்வாகப் பிரதி அமைச் சர்)

(Mr. Harindra Corea—Deputy Minister of Public Administration)

(a) (i) No. (ii) No. (iii) No. (iv) Yes. (v) Yes. (b) (i) There is no intention to give appointments. (ii) As the Government cannot see sufficient reasons to do so at the moment.

සරන් මුන්තෙව්ටුවෙගම මහතා

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவேகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Sir. I want to ask a supplementary question. I want to ask how the Ministry remains unaware of what was contained in the order of the Supreme Court when they

were the respondents to that writ application. In answer to (a) the hon. Deputy Minister said that he is unaware. These are matters of record in the Supreme Court order.

හරින් දු කොරයා මහතා

(திரு. ஹரீந்திர கொறயா) (Mr. Harindra Corea)

Are you referring to the answer to (a) (i)?

සරත් මුත්තෙට්ටුවෙගම මහතා

(திரு சரக் முத்தெட்டுவெகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

No. The whole of (a) is a question about the decision of the Supreme Court.

හරින් දු කොරයා මහතා

(கிரு. ஹரீந்திர கொறயா)

(Mr. Harindra Corea)

Yes.

සරත් මුන්තෙට්ටුවෙගම මහතා

(திரு. சாக் முக்கெட்டுவேகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

You were the respondents in that action.

පරින්දු කොරයා මහතා

(திரு. ஹீந்திச கொறயா) (Mr. Harindra Corea)

We have stated that in regard to three matters out of the five matters mentioned in the Question we are not aware of what was mentioned in the Supreme Court decision.

සරන් මුන්තෙට්ටුවෙගම මහතා

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

That is precisely what I am saying. My complaint is that it is happening too often in the House that Ministers get up and say that they are unaware of matters. These are simple matters. All they have to do is to refer to the order of the Supreme Court, and either these things are there or they are not there. They cannot be unaware of these facts.

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! This is question time. No comments, please. You can ask any supplementary questions.

සරන් මුන්තෙට්ටුවෙගම මහනා

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

I am asking a supplementary question. How is the Hon. Minister unaware of the contents of the order of the Supreme Court when the question specifically refers to that order?

සරින් <mark>ද කොරයා මහතා</mark> (*කිල*. ුකුරිද්කිර *මහතා* (Mr. Harindra Corea)

Exactly that is our point. According to the Question, certain matters are supposed to have been decided by the Supreme Court. What we are saying is that those particular matters were not decided by the Supreme Court in the sense that the question is being asked. For example, the hon. Second Member for Harispattuwa has stated that the Supreme Court mentioned in its decision the Central Committee of the United National Party. It did not.

සරන් මුන්තෙට්ටුවෙගම මහතා (இரு சார் முத்தெட்டுவெகம்) (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama) So the answer should not be ' unaware'?.

හරින්දු කොරයා මහනා (තිලා. ඉහරි ඉතිර සොදායා) (Mr. Harindra Corea) I said. 'No'

මහානාම මිදුහල, කොල් ලුපිටිය : පාසල් සංවර්ධන සමිනියේ මුදල්

> மகாநாம வித்தியாலய, கொள்ளுபிட்டி: பாடசாலே அபிவிருத்தி சங்க நிதி

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7. ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (එස්. ඩී. බණ්ඩාර නාශ්ක මහතා (ගම්පහ)—වෙනුවට)

(இரு. லஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி — திரு. எஸ். டி. பண்டார நாயக்க—கம்பஹ—சார்பில்)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody—on behalf of Mr. S. D. Bandaranayake—Gampaha)

යෞවන කටයුතු හා රැකිරන් හා ඇමනිතුමා සහ අධාන පත ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසු පුශ්නය: (අ) (i) සොල්ලු පිටිය මහානාම විදුනලේ පාසල් සංවර්ධන සමිතියේ අවසන් රැස්වීම පැවැත්වූයේ කවදාද? (ii) 1976 සිට මේ දක්වා එම සම්නියේ විධිමන් අයවැයක් ඉදිරිපත් කර නැති බව එනුමා දන් නවාද ? (ආ) (i) විදුහලේ හදිසි අවශාතාවයන් සඳහා රු. 50 ක් වියදම් කිරීමට කාරක සභාව මිසින් විදුහල්පතිව දී ඇති බලය යටතේ 1981 පෙබරවාරි මාසයේ වියදම් කර ඇති මුදල කොපමණද ? (ii) එම මුදලින් වැඩි පුමාණයක් සංගුහ සඳහා වියදම් කර ඇති බව එනුමා දන්නවාද? (ඇ) 1980. 08. 09 දින කාරක සභාව විසින් විදුහලට ලී බඩු සැපයීමේ කොන් ුා ත'තුවන් දීමට තිරණය කර ඇතත්, විදුහල් පතිවරයා විසින' 1980. 08. 08 දින රු. 6,000 ක් අත්තිකාරම් ගෙවා ලැනි බව එතුමා දන්නවාද? (ඇ) තුර්යවාදක් කණිඩා යමේ ඇඳුම් සඳහා 1980 වර්ජයේදී සිසුන්ගෙන් රු. 2,660ක් එකතු කළ බවත්, එම මුදල් ආපසු සිසන්ට දීමට කාරක සභාව තීරණය කළ බවත්, මේ දක්වා එම මුදල් ආපසු ශෝ බැංකු ගතකර හෝ නැති බවත්, එම contract for Digitized by Noolaham Foundation.

මුදල් භාරව සිටි ඒ. සී. බී. දොඩම්වල මහතා දැනට විදු හලේ නැති බවත් එකුමා දන්නවාද? (ඉ) ඒ. සී. බී. දෙඩම්වල මහතා 1980 අපේල් උසස් පෙළ විභාගයේ ශාලාධිපති වරයෙකු ලෙස සේවය කරමින් එම කාලය තුළදී පූර්ණ කාලින පාඨමාලාවකද උගන්වා අධ්‍යාපන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවෙන් රු. 396 ක්ද, විභාග දෙපාර්ත මේන්තුවෙන් රැ. 390 ක්ද ලබාගෙන ඇති බව එතුමා දන්නවාද? (ඊ) (i) පාඨමාලාවේ ගෙවීම් අනුමතු කළ අයගේ නම සඳහන් කරනවාද? (ii) නොඑසේ නම් ඒ මන්ද? (උ) (i) මේ පිළිබඳව එතුමා කිසියම් පියවරක් ගන්නේද? (ii) නොඑසේ නම් ඒ මන්ද?

இளேஞர் அலுவல்கள், தொழில் வசதி அமைச்சரும் கல்வி அமைச்சரும் ஆனவரைக் கேட்ட விஞ: (அ) (i) கொள்ளுப் பிட்டி மகாநாம கல்லூரியின் பாடசாலே அபிவிருத்திச் சங்கக் கட்டம் கடைசியாக எப்போது நடைபெற்றது? (ii) 1976 தொடக்கம் இச் சங்கத்தின் வரவு—செலவு ஒழுங்காகச் சமர்ப் பிக்கப்படவில்லேயென்பதை அவர் அறிவாரா? (ஆ) (i) கல்,லூரியின் அவசச தேவைக்கு 50 ரூபா செலவழிப்பதற் கென நிர்வாக சபை அதிபருக்கு வழங்கியுள்ள அதிகாரத்தின் சீழ் 1981 பெப்ருவரி மாதத்தில் செலவு செய்த பணம் எவ் வளவு? (ii) இப்பணத்தில் பெரும்பகுதி விருந்திற்காகச் செலவு செய்துள்ளதை அவர் அறிவாரா? (இ) கல்லூரிக்குத் தேவையான *மாத் த*ளபாடங்க்கோ விநியோகிப்பதற்குக் கொந்துராத்துக் கொடுக்க நிர்வாக சபை 1980.08.09 ஆம் தேதி நீர்மானித்தபோதிலும், கல்லூரி அதிபர் 1980.08.08 ஆம் தேதி ரூபா 6,000/- முற்பணம் வழங்கியிரு<mark>ப்பதை</mark> அவர் அறிவரா? (ஈ) வாத்தியக் குழுவின் உடைக்காக 1980 ஆம் ஆண்டு மாணவரிடம் ரூபா 2,660/- சேர்த்தையும் இப் பணத்தைத் திரும்ப மாணவரிடம் கொடுக்க வேண்டுமென நிர்வாக சபை நீர்மானித்ததையும் இதுவரை இப்பணத்தைத் . திருப்பிக் கொடுக்கவோ வங்கியிலிடவோ இல்லேயென்**பதை** யும் இப்பணத்திற்குப் பொறுப்பாயிருந்த திரு. ஏ. சி. பி. தொடம்வல இப்போது கல்லூரியில் இல்லேயென்பதையும் அவர் அறிவாசா? (உ) திரு. ஏ. சி. பி. தொடம்வல 1980 ஏப்றில் உயர்கல்வி தராதரப் பரீட்சையின் நிலேயப் பொறுப் பதிகாரியாகக் கடமை புரிந்த அதே வேளேயில் முழு நேரம் கல்வி கற்பித்து கல்வித் நிணேக்களத்திடமிருந்து 396 ரூபாவும் பரீட்சைத் திணேக்களத்திடமிருந்து 390 ருபாவும் பெற்று சென்பதை அவர் அறிவாசா? (ஊ) (i) இவ்வாறு கற்பித்த பாடத் திட்டத்திற்கான கொடுப்பனவிற்கு அங்கீகார மளித் தவரின் பெயரைக் கூறுவாரா ? (ii) இன்றேல், ஏன்? (எ) (i) இது தொடர்பாக அவர் எதாவது நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பாசா? (11) இன்றேல், ஏன்?

asked the Minister of Youth Affairs and Employment and Minister of Education: (a) (i) When was the last meeting of the School Development Society of the Mahanama Vidyalaya, Kollupitiya, held? (ii) Is he aware that a formal budget of this association has not been presented from 1976 to date? (b) (i) What was the amount that the principal had spent in February 1981 under the authority granted to him by the committee to spend Rs. 50 for urgent needs of the school? (ii) Is he aware that the major part of the expenditure had been for entertainment? (c) Is he aware that, although the committee had decided on 09.08.1980 to award a contract for the supply of furniture to the school the

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[ලක් ජ්මත් ජයකොඩි මගවා]

principal had paid an advance of Rs. 6,000 on 08.08.1980? (d) Is he aware that Rs. 2,660 had been collected from students for the band uniform in 1980; that the committee decided to refund the amount to the students, and that it has neither been refunded nor banked and that Mr. A. C. B. Dodanwela, who was in charge of the money, is no more on the school staff? (e) Is he aware that Mr. A. C. B. Dodanwela, while functioning as a supervisor of the Advance Level examination in April 1980, had taught a full-time course and had received Rs. 396 from the Education Department and Rs. 390 from the Department of Examinations? (f) (i) Will he name the person who approved payment in respect of the course? (ii) If not, why? (g) (i) Will he take action in this connection? (ii) If not, why?

<mark>මීරවන්නි සමරවීර මහතා (නියෝජා අධ</mark>ාාපන ඇමති තුමා)

(திரு வீரவன்னி சமாவீர—கல்விப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்) (Mr. Weerawanni Samaraweera—Deputy Minister of Education)

(අ) (i) 82. 04. 05 වැනි දින. (ii) 82. 04. 05 වැනි දින ඉදිරිපත් කර ඇත. (ආ) (i) රු. 3,000.00 (ii) නැත. (ආ) නැත. (ආ) තැත. (ආ) තැත. (ආ) නැත. (ආ) තැත. (ආ) තැත. (ආ) තැත. (ආ) තැත. (ආ) තැත. (ආ) තැත. පසුව ඇදුම් සඳහා සොදවා ඇත. පසුව ඇදුම් කට් ලිල ආපසු හාර දීමේ කොන් දේ සිය මත එම මුදල් ආපසු ගෙවීමට පාසල් සංවර්ධන සමිනියේ කාරක සභාව තීරණය කර ඇත. එහෙත් ඇදුම් කට්ටල ආපසු හාර නොදීම නිසා මුදල් ආපසු ගෙවීමක් කර නැත. (ඉ) ඔව්, විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන් තුවෙත් ලබාගෙන ඇති මුදල රු. 915.50කි. (ඊ) (i) කොළඹ පාදේ ශීය අධාාපන දෙපාර්තමේන් තුවෙත් කර අත. (ii) පැන නොනකී. (උ) (i) දොඩම්වල මහතා කර ඇත. (ii) පැන නොනකී. (උ) (i) දොඩම්වල මහතා විසින් 1980 අපේ ල් මාසයේ දී කරන ලද සේ වාවත් වෙතුවෙන් ලබාගෙන ඇති මුදල් පිළිබඳව පරීක් ෂණයක් පවත්වාගෙන යනු ලැබේ. (ii) පැන නොනකී.

<mark>ඉන් දුපාල අබේධීර</mark> මහතා : නියමින කාලයට පෙර විශුම ගැනීම

இரு. இந்திசபால அபேதிச: காலம் முந்திய ஓய்வு
MR. INDRAPALA ABEYDHEERA: PREMATURE
RETIREMENT

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9. ආර්. එම්. පුංචි බණ් ඩාර මහතා (මොණරාගල) (වී. ජ. මූ. ලොකුබණ් ඩාර මහතා (හපුතලේ)—වෙනුවට) (இரு. ஆர். எம். புஞ்சி பண்டார—மொனருகஃ—திரு. டபின்யு. ஜே. எம். லொக்குபண்டார — ஹப்புத்தனே — சார் பாக)

(Mr. R. M. Punchi Bandara—Monaragala—on behalf of Mr. W. J. M. Lokubandara—Haputale)

යෞවන කටයුතු හා රැකීරක් හ ඇමතිතුමා සහ නියෝජා ඇම අධාාපන ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ පුය නය: (අ) විශාම යැමේදී ඉන් දුපාල අබේධීර මහතා විශාම ලබා ගැනීමේ වයස හේතුවක් නිස එළබෙන් නට පෙරාතුව අධාාපන දෙපාම්ධ්යක් රාජු advanariam of

සේවයෙන් විශාම ගත් බව එතුමා දනිද? (ආ) නිය මිත කාලයට පෙර විශාම ලබා ගැනීමට හේතුව වශ යෙන් ඔහු දක්වා අ.ත්තේ රාජා භාෂාවේ පුවීණාහා වක් නොමැතිකම බව එතුමා දනී ද? (ආ) එශී ඉන්ද පාල අබේසීර මහතා සිංහල පුහුණු ගුරුවරයකු බව එතුමා දනිද? (ආ) විශාම ගැනීමට දක්වත ලද හේතු අසතා නම් ඒ ගැන ඔහුට විරුද් බව කවර කියා මාර්ග යක් එතුමා ගන්නේ ද?

இன்ஞர் அலுவல்கள், தொழில் வாய்ப்பு அமைச்சரும் கல்வி அமைச்சரும் ஆனவரைக் கேட்ட விரை: (அ) கிரு. இந்திர பால அபேதீர என்பவர் ஓய்வுபெறும் வயதெல்லேயை அடையு முன் கல்வித் கிணேக்களச் சேவையிலிருந்து ஓய்வுபெற்றதை அவர் அறிவாரா? (ஆ) உரிய காலத்திற்குமுன் ஓய்வு பெறு கற்கு அரசகரும் மொழியில் தேர்ச்சியின்மையைக் காரணமாகக் காட்டியதை அவர் அறிவாரா? (இ) கிரு. இந்திரபால அபேதீர என்பவர் பயிற்றப்பட்ட சிங்கள ஆகிரியர் என்பதை அவர் அறிவாரா? (ஈ) ஓய்வூதியம் பெறுவதற்காகக் காட்டிய காரணம் உண்மையற்றதாயின் இவருக்கெதிராக அவர் என்ன நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பார்?

asked the Minister of Youth affairs and Employment and Minister of Education: (a) Is he aware that Mr. Indrapala Abeydheera retired from the Department of Education before reaching the age of retirement? (b) Is he aware that his lack of proficiency in the Official Language was given as the reason for his premature retirement? (c) Is he aware that the said Mr. Indrapala Abeydheera is a Sinhala Trained Teacher? (d) What action will he take against him if the reasons given by him for his retirement are false?

වීරවන් නි සමරවීර මහතා

(திரு. வீரவன்னி சமரவீர) (Mr. Weerawanni Samaraweera)

(අ) ඉන්දපාල අබෙබිර මහතා විශාම ලබා ගැනීමේ වයස එළැඹෙන්නට පෙරාතුව අධාාපන දෙපාර්තමේන් තුවේ සේවයෙන් විශාම ගත් බව දනිමි. (අා) නියමිත කාලයට පෙර විශාම ලබා ගැනීමට හේතුව වශයෙන් ඔහු දක්වා ඇත්තේ රාජා භාෂාවේ පුවීණතාවයක් නොමැති බවය. (අා) ඉන්දපාල අබෙබීර මහතා සිංහල පුහුණු ගුරුවරයෙකු බව දනිමි. (අා) අංක 700 හා 1966.09.04 දින දරණ භාණ් ඩාගාර චකුලේඛය සටතේ විශාම ගැන් වීමේ දැන් බලධාරියා වන්නේ රාජා පරිපාලන අමාතාහාශයේ ලේකම් වරයායි. ඒ නිසා මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් මගේ අමාතාහාංශය විසින් එම ලේකම්වරයාගෙන් උප දෙස් ලබාගන්නවා ඇත.

සරන් මුන්තෙව්ටුවෙගම මහතා

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம) (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, අතුරු පුශ්නයක්. ගරු නියෝජා ඇමතිතුමා පිළිගන්නවාද, එවැනි කෙනෙකු විශාම යැමේදී ඔහු දක්වන හේතුව ඔහුට විෂය මූල වූ හේතුවක් නිසා වෙන කෙනෙකු තීරණය කරන්නක් ල්නාම්ශීන් ශිව ?

වීරවන් නි සමරවීර මහතා

(இரு. விரவன்னி சமரவீர) (Mr. Weerawanni Samaraweera)

එමසි ය.

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker) 10 වන පුශ්තය?

වීරවන් නි සමරවීර මහතා

(திரு. வீரவன்னி சமாவீர)

(Mr. Weerawanni Samaraweera)

එම පුශ්නයට පිළිතුරු දීමට මාසයක් කල් අවශායි.

துக' ஐவ இறு தேனைதே ஒரிதேகுள் கிறேசே தியைக்க கட்டனே மிட வினுவை மற்றெரு நிவந்திற் சமர்ப்பிக்கக் கட்டளே மிட பட்டது.

Question ordered to stand down.

<mark>ෂේෂකර්ම අත්යන්</mark>නු මධාස්ථාන, හබරාදුව මැතිවරණ කොට්ඨාශය

புடைவைக் கைத்தறி நிலேயங்கள், ஹபருதுவத் தொகுதி TEXTILE HANDLOOM CENTRES IN HABARADUWA ELECTORATE

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11. ඇල් <mark>බව ද සිල් වා මහතා (කඹුරුපිටිය)</mark> (පි. සුමනි රතු න මහතා—හබරාදුව—වෙනුවට)

(திரு. அல்பட் த சில்வா—கம்புறப்பிட்டிய—நிரு. பி பி. சுமதிரத்ன—ஹபரு நுவ—சார்பாக)

(Mr. Albert de Silva—Kamburupitiya—on behalf of Mr. P. Sumathiratna—Habaraduwa)

ජේෂ කර්මාන්ත් ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසු පුශ්නය: (අ) හබරාදුට මැතිවරණ කොට්ඨාගය තුළ පිහිටි පේෂ කර්ම අත් යන්තු මධාසේජාන සංඛාාව කොපමණිද? (ආ) ඒවා පිහිටියේ කොහේද? (ඇ) ඒවා කු්යාත්මකව තිබේද? එසේ නොමැත්තේ නම, ඒවා සාර්ථකව මයා කරවීම සඳහා ගත යුතු පියටර කුමක්ද?

புடைவைக் கைக்கொழில் அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட விஞ: (அ) ஹபரு துவத் தொகு தியிலுள்ள புடைவைத் வாத்தறி நிலேயக் வின் எண்ணிக்கை என்ன? (ஆ) அவை எங்கே அமைந்துள் ளன? (இ) அவை தொழிற்படுகின்றனவா? இன்றேல் அவை கிறமையாகத் தொழில்படுவதற்கு எடுக்கப்பட வேண்டிய நட வழுக்கைகள் எவை?

asked the Minister of Textile Industries: (a) What is the number of textile handloom centres in the Habaraduwa Electorate? (b) Where are they situated? (c) Are they functioning, and if not, what steps have to be taken to see that they function effectively?

විජයපාල මෙන් ඩිස් මහතා

(திரு. விஜயபால மெண்டிஸ்) (Mr. Wijayapala Mendis)

I am tabling the Answer.

සභාමේසය මත තබන ලද පිළිතුර: சபாபீடத்தில் வைக்கப்பட்ட விடை: Answer tabled:

(a) 17.

- (b) Habaraduwa, Kataluwa, Kodagoda, Hawpe, Welikonda Induranwila, Happawana, Dorape, Puswelikada, Eluketiya, Unawatunna-Siyaneris, Heenatigala North, Malalgodapitiya, Paragoda, Kahanda Ihalagoda, Horadugoda, Habaragala, Harumalgoda West.
- (c) Of the centres mentioned above, the first five, i.e. Habaraduwa, Kataluwa, Kodagoda, Hawpe, and Welikanda Induranwila, are now functioning effectively.

The following steps will be taken in order to operate, successfully the twelve centres that were functioning under the co-operative textile society and which are not functioning at present.

The centres at Happawana, Dorape, Puswelikada, Heenatigala North, Paragoda, Kahanda Ihalagoda, Habaragala, Horandugoda and Harumalgoda West will be closed down and their machinery will be installed at the handloom centres of Unawatunna Siyaneris, Eluketiya and Malalgodapitiya, which will function directly under the supervision of the Department of Textile Industries.

කථානායකනුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

13 වන පුශ්නය?

වීරවන් නි සමරවීර මහතා

(திரு. வீரவன்னி சமரவீர) (Mr. Weerawanni Samaraweera)

ඒ පුශ්නයට පිළිතුරු දීමට මාසයක් කල් අවශ<mark>ායි.</mark>

පුශ්නය මතු දිනකදී ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමට නියෝශ කරන ලදී. விஞவை மற்றெரு நினத்திற் சமர்ப்பிக்கக் கட்டளேயிடப் பட்டது.

Question ordered to stand down.

පනත් කෙටුම්පත් පිළිගැන්වීම சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட சட்டமுலங்கள் BILLS PRESENTED

ධීවර (විදේශීය ධීවර බෝච්චු විධීමන් කිරීමේ) (සංශෝධන) පනත් කෙටුම්පන டேற்டெழில் (வெளிநாட்டு மீன்பிடி விவகாரங்களே ஒழுங்குபடுத்தல்) (திருத்தம்) சட்டமூலம்

FISHERIES (REGULATION OF FOREIGN FISHING BOATS)
(AMENDMENT) BILL

"1979 අංක 59 දරණ ධිවර (විදේ'ශිය ධිවර බෝට්ටු විධිමත් කිරීමේ) පනත සංශෝධනය කිරීම සඳහා වූ පනත් කෙටුම්පතකි."

පිළිගන් වන ලද් දේ ධිවර ඇමති ණෙපස් ටස් පෙරේරා මහතා විසිනි. 1982 සැප් තැම්බර් 7 වන අතහරුවාදා දෙවන වර කියවිය යුතුයයිද එය මුදුණය කළ සුතුයයි ද නියෝග කරන ලදී.

இரு. பெஸ்ரஸ் பெரோர அவர்களால் சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்டது. 1982, செப்செம்பர் 7, செவ்வாய்க்கிழமை இரண்டாம் முறையாக மதிப் பிடப்பட் வேண்டுமெனவும் அச்சிடப்பட வேண்டுமெனவும் கட்ட<mark>ன</mark> மிடப்பட்டது.

Presented by Mr. Festus Perera, Minister of Fisheries; to be read to Digitized by Noolaham Second Ame upon Tuesday, 7th September 1982, and to be printed. noolaham.org | aavanaham.org |

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

Notice of Motion No. 2.

එම්. වින් සන් ව පෙරේරා මහතා

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோ) (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I am not moving Motion No. 2.

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

Notices of Motions and Orders of the Day. Item No. 1.

එම්. වින්සන්ට පෙරේරා මහතා

(திரு, எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோ) (Mr. M. Vincent Perera) Item No. 1 might stand down, Sir.

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker) Item No. 1 to stand down.

<mark>සර් රසික් fපරිඩ් පද</mark>නම (සංස්ථාගන කිරීමේ) පන්ත් කෙටුම්පත

சேர் *ரு*ஸிக் பரீத் நிதித்தாபனம் (கூட்டிணேத்தல்) சட்டமூலம்

SIR RAZIK FAREED FOUNDATION (INCORPORATION) BILL

¢ęවන වර කියවීමේ නිසෝගය කියවන ලදී. இரண்டாம் மதிப்பிற்கான கட்டளே வாசிக்கப்பட்டது.

Order for Second Reading read.

අ. භා. 3.26

එම්. එල්'. එම්. අබුසාලි මහතා (නියෝජා මහවැලි සංවර්ධනය පිළිබඳ ඇමතිකුමා)

(ஜனப் எம். எல். எம். அபுசாவி—மகாவலி அபிவிருத்திப் போதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. M. L. M. Aboosally—Deputy Minister of Mahaweli Development)

I move,

" That the Bill be now read a Second time."

I must thank you, Sir, for giving me a few minutes today to say a few words on the Bill to incorporate the Sir Razik Fareed Foundation. I need not tell you or this House that gratitude is a thing that we do not always expect. As MPs we know that. Lack of gratitude is a universal human weakness. On the other hand, gratitude is none of the noblest characteristics of good men.

Prophet Mohamed himself has said: Digitized by Noolaham Sinhara Muslim unity.

"Those who are not grateful to their fellowmen will not be favoured by Allah."

It is to show gratitude to a great Sri Lankan Moor that some of us have started this foundation, which this Bill seeks to incorporate, some of its objects being to foster and encourage the teaching of Arabic among Sri Lankan Muslims, to construct and maintain a building to be used for weddings and other functions, to utilize the income thereof for relief of poverty, to foster and promote education by founding scholarships to foster, promote and encourage the study of Islamic culture, religion and Dawwa, to foster, promote and encourage inter-communal amity, and a few other objects which I do not want to read out.

Sir Razik Fareed comes from a distinguished Moor family. His father, Mr. W. M. Abdul Rahuman, was a Member of the Legislative Council of this country. His grandfather was the celebrated Arasy Marikar Wapuchi Marikar, the founder-benefactor of Al Madurasathul Zahira, now Zahira College. Wapuchi Marikar himself was descended from the Moors, who designed and built the architectural masterpieces of Granada, Cordova and Alhambra in Spain. The Colombo Museum, the GPO, the Colombo Customs building, the Galle Face Hotel and the President's Office are some of the monuments in stone that will carry Sir Razik Fareed's grandfather's name as long as brick and mortar last.

I might here relate an incident connected with the Colombo Museum. The building was designed in London, and, in view of the intricate architecture, a London firm was to build it at great expense. The then Governor had taken the responsibility and decided to entrust the work to Wapuchi Marikar. In 1877, when it was opened, the Governor, Sir William Gregory, had invited the architects too. He was amazed at the skill and workmanship of the Ceylonese so much that the builder, Wapuchi Marikar, and Mr. Senaratne who had done the carpentry work were both to be honoured. While Mr. Senaratne chose a local honour, Mr. Wapuchi Marikar made a simple request that the museum be closed on Fridays. For 105 years to this day this wish is being carried out.

Sir Razik comes from such a stock. He himself is called the father of the Sri Lanka Moors. It is he who has brought them to the political, educational and social limelight. His services to Muslim education will not be forgotten by the Muslims. The Muslims Ladies College, Lady Fareed House for Elders, the Islamic Secretariat and the MICH are a few of the many institutions that owe their existence to Sir Razik Fareed. I need not mention the Moulavi appointments throughout the Muslim schools for which he was solely responsible. He has encouraged and fostered many other organizations. More important than all these, he has fostered

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It is to show our gratitude to this Grand Old Man of Ceylon politics that the Razik Fareed Foundation is being established.

I commend this Bill to the House.

මර්වින් කුලරත්න මහතා (නියෝජා රාජා ආරක් ෂක ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. மேர்வின் குலாத்ன—பாதுகாப்புப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்) (Mr. Mervyn Kularatne-Deputy Minister of Defence)

විසින් ස්වීර කරන ලදී. அனுவதித்தார்.

Seconded.

පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්. සහා සම්මන වීය.

விறை விடுக்கப்பட்ட நெற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.

පනත් කෙටුම්පත ඊට අනුකුලව දෙවන වර කියවන ලදින්, 48(3) වන ස්ථාවර නියෝගය යටතේ කථානායකතුම, වියින් එය "බී" ස් ථාවර කාරක සභාවට පවරන ලදී.

சட்டமூலம், இதன்படி, இரண்டரம் முறை மதிப்பிடப்பட்டு, நிலுக்கட்டுள் 48 (3) இன்படி நிலுக்குழு 'பி" க்குச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்களால் சாட்டப்பட்டது.

Bill accordingly read a Second time, and allocated by MR SPEAKER to Standing Committee "B" under Standing Order 48 (3)

නලිමියා ඉස්ලාමික අධ්යයන ආයනන සමිනිය (සංස්ථාගත කිරීමේ) පනන් කෙටුම්පන

> நழீயிய்யா இஸ்லாமிய கலாநிலேயச் சங்கம் (கூட்டினேத்தல்) சட்டமூலம்

NALEEMIAH INSTITUTE OF ISLAMIC STUDIES SOCIETY (INCORPORATION) BILL

පනත් කෙවුම්පන (ස්.එ.චර කාරක සහ.වෙනි දී) සංයෝධනය කළ ඇතාරයෙන් සලකා බැලීමේ නියෝගය නියවන ලදී.

(நிலையற் குழுவில்) இருத்தப்பட்டவாறு, புரிசீலித்தற்கான கட் டீன் வாசிக்கப்பட்டது.

Order for consideration, as amended (in the Standingg Committee),

ජබීර් ඒ. කාදර් මහතා (මැද කොළඹ දෙවන)

(ஜனுப் ஜாபிர் ஏ. காதர் — கொழும்பு மத்தி இரண்டாம் அங்கத்தவர்)

(Mr. Jabir A. Cader—Second Colombo Central)

"That the Report of the Standing Committee be accepted."

බැනුව ගුණසේ කර මහතා (මිනුවන් ගොඩ) (இரு. பெனற் குணசேக்கா—மினுவாங்கொடை) (Mr. Bennet Gunasekera-Minuwangoda)

විසින් ස් වීර කරන ලදී. அனுவதித்தார். Seconded

පුශ්නය වීමසන ලදින්, සභා සම්මන විය. வினு விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.

3-A 65034 (82/08)

ජබීර් ඒ, කාදර් මහතා (ஜனுப் ஜாபிர் ஏ. காதர்) (Mr. Jabir A. Cader) I move,

"That the Bill, as amended, be now read the Third time."

බැනව් ගුණසේකර මහතා

(திரு. பௌற் குணசேக்கர)

(Mr. Bennet Gunasekera)

විසින් ස්වීර කරන ලදී. அனுவதித்தார்.

Seconded.

පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සභා සම්මත විය. விற விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to

පනත් කෙවම්පත ඊට අනුකුලව සංශෝධිතාකාරයෙන් තුන්වන වර කියවා සම්මත කරන ලදී.

அதன்படி, சட்டமூலம் திருத்தப்பட்டவாறு மூன்றும் முறையாக மைப்பெடப்பெற்று நிறைவேற்றப்பெற்றது.

Bill, as amended, accordingly read the Third time, and passed.

ශු ලංකා රජයේ පිටි නිෂ්පාදන නිතිගන සංස්ථාව: වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව

இல்ப்கை அரச மாவாலேக் கூட்டுத்தாபனம்: ஆ<mark>ண்டறிக்கை</mark> SRI LANKA STATE FLOUR MILLING CORPORATION: ANNUAL REPORT

එම්, විනු සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා

(நிரு எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோர)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways, I move,

"That in terms of Section 14 (3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971 the Annual Report and the Statement of Accounts for 1980 of the Sri Lanka State Flour Milling Corporation incorporating the Audited Balance-sheets, Audited Trading and Profit and Loss Accounts and Auditor-General's Report which were presented on 3rd August, 1982 be approved."

පුශ් නය පහාහිමුබ කරන ලදී.

வினு எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.

Question proposed.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහනා (අත්තනගල්ල) (திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஐயக்கொடி -- அத்தனகல்ல)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody-Attanagalla)

Sir, I just want to find out what has happened to the Flour Milling Corporation. I think it is dying; it is on its death bed stabbed by Prima! Of course, at the moment we are discussing about what has happened in 1980. But, I must say things have changed since 1980, and during the last two years we find that no production has been shown even in the Central Bank bulletins that come out monthly. Before I come to the accounts itself, I must say that I find that there has not been any production by the Flour Milling Corporation for the month of April 1982. I [ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා]

do not say that production was good during the last year; production was only 4,000 metric tons. But, this year it is nil.

Although the Hon. Prime Minister has moved this Bill, I am sure this is a subject very close to the heart of the Hon. Minister of Food and Co-operatives. I think he should be able to tell us about it, because most of the flour produced by the Corporation goes to the Food Commissioner. Therefore, he should be able to let us know the position of the entire flour stocks in this country, how stocking is done and what role Prima plays with regard to the flour production in this country. Moreover, I have always been asking that the Prima Agreement should be tabled in this House. I would say that, not only does Prima eat into our Flour Milling Corporation and the other two corporations that have been built in Colombo as well as in Trincomalee, but it also is removing from our country the most valuable part of the wheat grain, the bran is removed. Also there is a very valuable protein in the wheat grain, that is the wheat germ which contains a high concentration of protein. Therefore, I have been urging in this House first and foremost that we should be shown the Agreement with Prima. Secondly, as the Hon. Minister of Food is here, let us know the cost of purchase of flour from Prima and the Flour Milling Corporation, and at what prices it has been given to the consumer, because I have been informed that they are making an enormous profit. I am sure the Hon. Minister for Rural Industrial Development will agree with me that flour is one of the main sources of food of the workers in up-country areas. The workers in those areas find it very difficult to get their rice, and also they find it rather difficult to get subsidiary foods like manioc. The only alternative they had was flour. I must say that during the time of the last government there was plenty of Atta flour and I would like to know the situation with regard to the distribution of Atta flour. At that time chapathis and various other rotties made out of this Atta flour were available; I do not know what has happened to that flour. Therefore, I would like the Hon. Minister to give us an entire picture of the flour intake, the flour production, and also the prices at which he purchases, the amount at which he sells, and the profit and loss made for the last year.

Now, coming back to the 1980 Report, as I mentioned, the Minister in charge of this subject is not here. Anyway, who is in charge of this subject? His Excellency the President is in charge of the Flour Milling Corporation. I do not know what you are trying to do with him. Sir, because he is a gentleman of 76 years of age, and he has to see to the subject of flour milling also! These are subjects that should come under a Minister who is in this House and he should answer the questions. We have not got the chance of meeting His Excellency the President in this House to find out from him directly as to what has happened, and we do not know who the Deputy Minister in charge is.

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் (சபாதாயகர் அவர்கள்) Jang edi Jada softilog melyo

(Mr. Speaker)

Order please! I think the Hon. Prime Minister is there; there are Deputy Ministers. You can direct your questions to them. Failing that there is the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs.

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(திரு. வஞ்டின் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I am making them who the Deputy minister is. I would like to know who the Deputy Minister is who is in charge of the Flour Milling Corporation

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(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker) It is for you to find out.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(இரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No, Sir. I do not think there is anyone. I would like to know from the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs it is a very important question who is responsible in this House for the Flour Milling Corporation. We are aware that it comes under His Excellency. We are also aware that the Hon. Prime Minister is answerable. We cannot burden the Hon. Prime Minister with the Flour Milling Corporation. Surely there are other Ministers who are competent, Deputy Ministers who are competent? Surely they can take over the subject?

Therefore, Sir, I would like the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs to be very precise and clear. He is a gentleman who will answer. You are having full control of finance in this country. Let that be not moved away-from this House. Various Ministers, His Excellency, and others have taken subjects, we all know. But there is one thing where this House is supreme, where each one of us as a Member has a right in this House, and that is the control of finance. The Hon. Minister of Finance is here. He will agree with me. Every cent that is voted in this House has to go through the Treasury. Treasury control is the most vital part of financial control. There you can stop all the wastage that was talked about by the Hon. Prime Minister—that 60 per cent of this country's money is being wasted.

Therefore, let us know very clearly, why is the Flour Milling Corporation not giving any production? There are other corporations, I am aware, which have stopped production completely. Take, for instance, the Fisheries Corporation. There has been no production there. Am I right?—(Interruption.)

Actually there has been no production.

fෙපස්ටස් පෙරේරා මහ**නා** (*මිලා* රටග්හෙන් රටගියෙක**)** (Mr. Festus Perera)

It was during the month of June.

ලක්ප්මන් ජයකොඩ මනනා (திரு. லஷ்மன் ஜயக்கோடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody) No. Not in June. I will show you.

ලේසය්ටස් පෙපෙරිරා මහතා (කිලා රියාමාහම රියයිගහර) (Mr. Festus Perera) It is fairly low.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩ මහතා

் (திரு. லக்)மன் ஐயக்கோடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Well, you say it is fairly low. But if you read the Central Bank Report, there is no production. I do not think the Central Bank is wrong. I think the Central Bank is correct. This is the second corporation that I have come across where there is no production. It is not good. There must be production. Feasibility reports have been obtained. They have worked out every aspect of profit and loss. There has been budgeting going on. The hon. Deputy Minister of Public Administration is on the committee on Public Enterprises. He is one of the competent men that we have in the COPE which is looking after the affairs of our corporations. He will agree with me that production has dropped and that once production is no more in a corporation then you have to carry a massive burden in that field.

Now, Sir, coming back to the Auditor-General's report—I am sorry, Sir, there is no Minister.—at page 25 of the report, the Auditor-General says that according to the accounts, the working of the corporation for the year ended December, 1980 has resulted in a net profit of Rs. 8,000 after charging income tax with a pretax profit of Rs. 10,375.34. That was last year. What is happening this year? Now this is something I would like to know because there is no production. What is going to happen this year? Are you going to run this at a loss? And if it is going to run at a loss, I think it is high time the Hon. Minister takes serious note of it and sees to it that there is not going to be a loss in this Corporation.

Now Sir, there has also been the Food Commissioner's liability. The Food Commissioner had to pay Rs. 29,729,470, a Rs. 12 million is in dispute.

Sir, I have noticed that the Food Commissioner collects a lot of money and he has a lot of transactions which I quite appreciate, but in all matters the Food Commissioner is always in a dispute. It may be with the CWE, it may on sugar, but I have found that the Food

Commissioner has always been in a dispute. Therefore, I would like to know from the Hon. Minister who is here as to what has happened to this amount of money. Why is it that this money has not been paid properly, and why has the disputed amount risen to the tune of about Rs. 12 million?

Also, Sir, we have to think of this as a bad debt. It is quite easy to waive these debts as between two Government departments. But debts cannot be waived overnight like that. There must be sufficient reason and I would like the Hon. Minister of Finance, who is here to note that the waives of any debt by a department to a corporation or a corporation to a department must have the sanction of the Treasury. That is very vital. Sometimes I find that the Treasury has no control whatsoever in corporations. It may be that for others good reasons the Government has created corporations, but sometimes it so happens that these corporations do not pay the Treasury the amount of money that they should, which is sometimes contrary to Financial Regulations. We are all bound by them.

Therefore, Sir, I think there should be a very clear cut decision and the Hon. Minister of Finance must collect the money that is due from corporations before any of them goes into liquidation which might happen where this corporation is concerned. I am sure this corporation will be liquidated and if that is done what is going to happen to these bad debts due to them? Probably you might be able to resurrect this corporation, if all the debts are collected. Therefore, I would like the Hon. Minister of Finance to move in this matter because after all it is Government money that has gone into it.

Then Sir, there were disagreements in the Treasury books over millions and millions of rupees, Rs. 25 million to Rs. 30 million. There is no reconciliation done. There has been no reconciliation between the books of the Treasury and the books of the corporation. I do not know why this has not been done. The general excuse may be that there are no accountants, but you do not need deep, knowledgeable accountants to do this type of work. Bookkeepers can do it or someone who is a little more than a bookkeeper can do it. But the moment you cannot reconcile your books it is a very serious matter, it is then that wastage can take place, robbbery can take place, money, commissions, various things can move out, when you cannot reconcile your books. I find that this is one of those corporations where books cannot be reconciled. Of course they say that this corporation is not doing it the proper way, not keeping to regulations and various other rules and so on. I suppose those are matters that have to be looked into by the respective Ministers.

Therefore, finally I would like to ask what is going to happen to this corporation at the end. Is it going to be liquidated, or is it going to be absorbed by Prima? Is Prima going to purchase this? Is Prima going to handle

[ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා]

this and ultimately create a monopoly in this country where flour is concerned? The Government charged the last Government saying that we monopolised everything. Where trade is concerned, the Hon. Minister of Trade talks of liberalization of trade, but when it comes to shipping he wants a monopoly. Then there are different clashes of interest and policy, and the final result is that the price goes up. Therefore, I would like to know from the Hon. Minister and especially from the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs who is handling this today, what is going to happen to this corporation in the near future.

රනිල් දිකුම්සිංහ මහතා (යෞවන කටයුතු හා රැකී රක්ෂා ඇමනිතුමා සහ අධ්නාපන ඇමනිතුමා)

(திரு. ரனில் விக்ரமரிப்று—இன்னுர் அனுவங்கள், தொழில் வாய்ப்பு அமைச்சரும் கவ்வி அமைச்சரும்)

(Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe—Minister of Youth Affairs & Employment and Minister of Education)

Mr. Speaker, the hon. Member for Attanagalla, speaking on the accounts of the State Flour Milling Corporation, said that it had been stabbed in the back by Prima. I think he should not compare the State Flour Milling Corporation to the hon. Member for Madawachchiya who was stabbed in the back by Sirima together with many other senior members of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party. They have all been stabbed in the back by their leader, and I think it is not a fair comparison to make in regard to the State Flour Milling Corporation. The hon. Member for Medawachchiya (Mr. Maithripala Senanayeke) has already been pushed out of the party while the former Member for Kolonnawa is on the verge of being pushed out. Stabbing in the back is not something that has taken place in regard to industrial corporations.

Sir, we must think of the overall performance of the industrial corporations during the years 1970 – 1977. Those were the years during which no employment was created and the numbers which went into employment got reduced annually. Every corporation was run at a loss. The machinery was outdated. I think the Hon. Minister of Industries will tell you the type of junk that he has inside some of his corporations, and we must thank him and the chairmen of some of these corporations for being able to resurrect and even run them on the basis of no loss. Making a profit itself was a problem.

I like to state that during this period some corporations were started without any rhyme or reason. There is a Nylon 6 plant which was started in Sapugaskanda which we are endeavouring to carry on. We do not know why it was started. It is alleged that during that period certain Members received some commission from a Japanese company to start this Nylon 6 plant, and up to date there is no justification for having started it.

I wish the hon. Member for Attanagalla and other hon. Members of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party who are in the House would explain to us how we came to be saddled with these corporations.

Sir, we are not against public corporations. Public corporations are necessary, but they must be run efficiently. They must be able to compete with any industry which is privately owned locally or internationally. They should be capable of making profits and also have the capacity to expand.

What has happened under the famous Bandaranaike administration when every corporation ran at a loss and the Government had to subsidize them? In fact, monies which would have gone into education, which would have gone into the improvement of the health services of the country, went to subsidize the corporations which were run by inefficient chairmen and directors. Now we are gradually improving from that position. Of course, we have problems. The Tyre Corporation's machinery should be in the museum, and not in the corporation. Still we are running it at a profit. It is the same in many other corporations. I think during that period the Members of that Government thought that they had a captive market and that they could dump anything they want on the people. They, were not interested in running them efficiently. Today, when we are faced with problems, how do we make these corporations viable? How do we see that they are not a drag on the economy, that the Finance Minister is not called upon to subsidize them annually? I think the Opposition should help us out because we are here to rectify their mistakes. But instead of helping us, we are being accused of stabbing people in the back. That is certainly not what we have done.

In fact, if the hon. Member for Attanagalla has any regard for industrializing the country, he and other Members of his party must remember that the person who was responsible for starting it in the private sector was the hon. Member for Medawachchiya (Mr. Maithripala Senanayeke) whom you have expelled from your party-or from your group.-(Interruption). Oh! You yourself have expelled them. (Interruption). At least I must say that he tried to get something moving, and if he had been the Minister of Industries it would be different. But from 1970 it is a different story. All State industrial corporations were run at a loss. They were not given an opportunity of making money or expanding. Every year under Mrs. Bandaranaike's Government the numbers going into employment fell. It never increased. The number of students entering schools also reduced. The participation rate at the primary level was 74 per cent in 1974. This Government brought it up to 84 per cent in 1981. In every sector it has been like this. But today, forgetting the past, the hon. Member for Attanagalla tries to make out that we are trying to get rid of corporations. That is not correct. We are trying to run them as viable concerns, but there are problems which you have created.

Look at the machinery in the Flour Milling Corporation? They are antiques. Today their produce cannot compete in the market because they use obsolete machinery. When it was started the machinery may have been good. But what did they do between 1970 and 1977? They have not replaced machinery.-(Interruption). He was not the Minister. Why are you dumping them on him now? He was not the Minister of Industries then. The Minister of Industries was someone else. When it suits you, you try to put it on his neck and get away. When it suits you, you want to kick him out. That is why he was accusing us. You were saying that Prima was trying to stab the State Flour Milling Corporation. It is Sirima who is trying to stab the hon. Member for Medawachchiva. So. I hope that in the future hon. Members of the Opposition will help us out in our attempt to restore these industries and make them viable.

Speaker, I thank hon, Mem! \$5.52 (ms.)

හරින් ද කොරයා මහතා (නියෝජා රාජා පරිපාලන ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு ஹரித்திர கொறயா—பொது நிர்வாகப் பொதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Harindra Corea—Deputy Minister of Public Administration)

I would like to say a few words because the hon. Member for Attanagalla mentioned my name. I would like him and the House to refer to the Motion and see that what we are discussing today is the annual report and statement of accounts for 1980. Now, when we came to this House in 1977 we were discussing the annual reports and accounts of 1970 or 1971, and for 1968 or 1969. But now we are in 1982 and are discussing the annual report and accounts for 1980, which is a very remarkable achievement. He does not give any credit for this achievement.

He talked about the Committee on Public Enterprises which was set up on the initiative of the Hon. Minister of Finance. One of his own former party Members, the hon. Third Member for Colombo Central (Mr. M. Haleem Ishak), is a Member of this Committee, and he has the opportunity of seeing how we discuss the affairs of these corporations. There are 186 corporations which present their accounts to this House. Now, if he goes through the audit reports on some of these corporations for the past years, I think the hon. Member for Attanagalla will hide his head in shame. They were unchecked; there was nobody to go into their accounts. When we questioned these people, when we looked into the history of these corporations, we found that the powers given to the Minister under the Finance Act of 1971 which they

passed had never been used. They should be ashamed of this. I think the Hon. Minister of Finance is considering certain amendments to this Act. I believe he will rectify that position.

Now, the Committee on Public Enterprises sits very often and goes into every single decision and the main functions of these corporations. We go into the accounts of these corporations. The hon. Member for Mannar (Mr. P. S. Soosaithasan), who is of the TULF, is a very valuable Member of this Committee. He is an accountant, and being an accountant by profession, he very zealously questions the officers who come before us in this Committee. I think we have done a very good job of work simply because we are at it. The hon. Member really should not doubt that under this Committee, which was set up on a decision of a Minister of this Government, the corporations are doing well wherever possible. The policy decision of the Government is that the corporations must be viable. I think that is a sound policy decision because otherwise the Money provided by the Treasury can go waste if they are to be propped up by subsidies.

It is only in the national interest that they have to be protected by a subsidy as in the case of the CTB. Now, the corporations have to be viable, and I think it is a very good thing. Of course corporations do have their own problems with regard to personnel. They need accountants and book-keepers and accountants are not available. They do have these drawbacks. But many of the corporations, despite what the hon. Member thinks, are competing very well with imported goods as well as with the local private sector products. I think the hon. Member should go into the production figures.

I read a speech made the other day by Mrs. Bandaranaike. Actually, if you study these figures you will find that she is either under a misapprehension or that she has not looked at the figures in the Central Bank Report, or else she has blatantly utterd a falsehood when she said that the industrial corporations are going down the drain or are running at a loss. It is not true. Eighty per cent of the industrial corporations under the Hon. Minister of Industries have done well, have shown profits and have competed where necessary, with the imported products. These increased their personnel and their manufactures, but, as I said, I do not have those figures in hand and I would refer the hon. Member to the Central Bank Report. He would be able to see these facts and see things in their correct perspective.

As the hon. Member did speak about the conditions of corporations and the checking of corporations, I would like to say that that machinery has been set up and it is functioning well, and corporations I think are doing more valuable service to this country than they did before 1977.

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා හෙනා (நிரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோர்) (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

One question that was raised was whether there was any production at all in 1981 and 1982 in the Sri Lanka State Flour Milling Corporation. There has been production in 1981 and 1982, and the mill was closed only for two weeks during the New Year vacation. Except for that, there had been production, but in 1981 the production has been less than in the previous years because production had to be reduced as flour was not seelling as in previous years. The demand, was less, and at the request of the Food Commissioner production was reduced.

About the liability by the Food Commissioner of Rs. 29 million, it is now reduced to Rs. 12 million and steps are being taken to recover that as well.

The hon. Member for Attanagalla also referred to reconciliation of accounts. Reconciliations have not been done from the inception of the corporation. However, action is now being taken to reconcile accounts after this Government took over office.

பூன்றுவ பிடுமன் டு. இன், வடை படுக்கை பே. விரு விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.

ජාතික ශිල්ප සභාව සහ අනුබද්ධ ආයතන පතත් කෙටුම්පත

<mark>தேசிய அருங்கலேகள் பேசவையும் அதை மருவிய திறுவனக்</mark> களு<mark>ம் சட்டமூலம்</mark>

NATIONAL CRAFTS COUNCIL AND ALLIED INSTITUTIONS BILL

කල් තුබන ලද විවාදය තවදුරටත් පවත්වනු පිණිස නියෝගය කියවන ලදී. ඊට අදාල පුශ්නය [ජූලි ½2]

" කෙටුම්පත් පනුතු දැන් දෙවන වර කියවිය යුතුය.''—[එස්. නොන් ඩමන් මහතා,]

පුශ්නය යළිත් සභාභිමුඛ කරන ලදී.

ஒத் நிப்போடப்பட்ட விவாதம் மீளத் தொடங்கு தற்கான கட் டீளே வாசிக்கப்பட்டது. விஞ—[22 ஜுமே.]

"சட்டமூலம் இப்பொழுது இரண்டாம் முறை மதிப்பிடப்படு மாக'' [திரு, எஸ். தொண்டமான்]

ளினை, மீண்டும் எடுத்தியம்பப்பட்டது.

Order read for resuming Adjourned Debate on Question-(22nd July)

"That the Bill be now read a Second time"-(Mr. S. Thondaman).

Question again proposed

ලක් ෂ්මින් ජයකොඩි මහනා (අන්තනගල්ල) (திரு லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி—அத்தனகல்ல) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody—Attanagalla)

Mr. Speaker, I think I was on my feet last time.

කථානායකතුමා වෙස්ව වෙස්ව වෙස්වෙන්න විය

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

No, No! The hon. Member for Kotmale was on his feet, according to my information. Is he there now?

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கோடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No, Sir. He is not here.

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker)

Then, will the Hon. Minister reply?

එස්. නොන්ඩමන් මහතා (ශුමීය කර්මාන්ත සංවර් ධනය පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்—கிராமிய தொழில்துறை அபி விருத்தி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman—Minister of Rural Industrial Development)

Mr. Speaker, I thank hon. Members for their contributions and criticism of this Bill, especially the hon. Member for Attanagalla. He told us, in the course of his speech, that this Bill does not cover traditional crafts. In this regard, I would like to tell the hon. Member that when we say "national "it encompasses every aspect. We have gone to Manila, we have gone to Singapore, Malaysia and India. They do not call this a handicrafts emporium or anything like that, nor do they call it a traditional handicrafts emporium. But, on the other hand, a distinction has to be made between traditional crafts, that is, traditional handicrafts made by craftsmen and the traditional craftsmanship. A marketable commodity in the handicraft sector is not traditional products but traditional skills. It is our intention to preserve and perpetuate traditional craftsmanship and enhance the quality of life. In order to ahieve this objective we have to divide handicrafts into traditional handicrafts, utility handicrafts and modern handicrafts adopting traditional motifs and designs. The craftsmen have to manufacture what the market requires. The market for traditional handicrafts is very limited. Therefore, two strategies are involved: firstly, the preservation of traditional craftsmenship and, secondly, the enhancing of the quality of life of the craftsmen. That is why we thought the word "National" would be more suitable. Also, with the present competition from other income groups, people are getting away from crafts, as they do not give them good profits and it is not advantageous for them to be involved in those crafts. Therefore, we are now trying to help the craftsmen to adopt modern methods to improve the designs with a traditional background and so on and to continue with these with crafts. Under those circumstances, the word "National" covers all those

aspects. However, if the hon. Member is very keen to make the amendment, I am prepared to accommodate him and I suggest that in line 5 of the Long Title, after the word "handicrafts" the words "including traditional handicrafts" be added.". I am prepared to accommodate him because our intention is the same; there is no difference.

I am glad that on the whole the Bill was well received. The hon. Member for Attanagalla (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody) except for one amendment accepted the Bill in general, as also the hon. Member for Haputale (Mr. W. J. M. Lokubandara) who spoke on it and the hon. Member for Gampaha (Mr. S. D. Bandaranaike) who was able to understand the spirit of it and support us; I thank all of them.

The only point is, when I spoke earlier I said that I would refer this Bill to a Standing Committee. But in the light of the criticism which I am trying to accommodate and also the fact that we want to get the Bill through soon as it is a very important one, I would like it to go through a committee of the whole Parliament. Therefore, I move that the Second Reading be accepted.

පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සභා සම්මන විය.

வின விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.

මතු පළ වන යෝජනාව සභාසම්මන විය. :

்" පනත් කෙවුම්පත පූර්ණ පෘර්ලිමේන්තු කාරක සභාවකට පැවරිය යුතුය."—[එස්. තොන්ඩමන් මහතා.] தீர்மானிக்கப்பட்டது :

"சட்டமூலம் முழுப் பாராளுமன்ற சூழுவுக்குச் சாட்டப்படு மாக," [திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்]

Resolved:

"That the Bill be referred to a Committee of the whole Parliament"-(Mr. S. Thondaman).

කාරක සභාවෙහිදී සලකා බලන ලදී.

[කථානායකතුම, මූලාසනාරුඪ විය.]

குழுவில் ஆராயப்பட்டது.

[சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் தலேமை வகித்தார்கள்.] Considered in Committee.

(MR. SPEAKER in the Chair).

1 සහ 2 වශන්නි පනන් කෙටුම්පතෙහි කොටසක් හැටියට තිබිය යුතු යයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

1 ஆம் 2 ஆம் வாசகங்கள் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clauses 1 and 2 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

3 වන වශන්නිය.—(සභාවේ සංයුතිය.) வாசகம் 3.—(பேரவையின் அமைப்பு)

CLAUSE 3.—(Constitution of the Council.)

එස්. තොන ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I move,

"In page 1, leave out all the words in lines 25 to 27 and insert:

'(i) A total number of persons not exceeding five to represent crafts councils appointed under section 23 or any craft or crafts';

In page 1, line 35, at end add:

- '(v) one person nominated by the Minister in charge of the sub of Cultural Affairs;
 - (vi) the Chairman of the Sri Lanka Handicrafts Board;
 - (vii) the chairman of the National Design Centre';"

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

It is very vital that the Acting Minister of Cultural Affairs should also be present here. May I speak in Sinhala for the benefit of the Acting Minister of Cultural Affairs?

සභාපතිතුමා

(தலேவர் அவர்கள்)

(The Chairman)

Yes.

අ. භා. 4.6

ලක් ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩ මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கோடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, සංස්කෘතික කටයුතු හා සම බන්ධ විෂයයක් ගැන කථා කරනු විට වා කියන්නව ම්නෑ, මෙම කරුණ. සංස්කෘතික කටයුතු පිළිබද ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගේ බලාපෙ.රොත් තුවක් තිබෙනවා, සංස් කෘතියා පනත අනුව 1048 දී නැත් නම් 1952 දී ඇති කරන ලද 'ආට ප.නල්' 'නුප්චස' පැනල්', 'ඩිසයිනින් පැනල් ' ආදී නොසෙකුත් අංසනන නැවත වරක් හොඩ නගන්න. ඒ කාලයේදී ඒ කුටයුත්තු භාරව සිටියේ එම්. ජේ. පෙරේරා මහත්මයාය. එතුමා ඇත' රූපවාහිනී කටයුතු භාරව ඉන්නවා. ඒ කාලයේ එතුමා තමයි සභා පති හැටියට කටයුතු කළේ. ඒ කාලයේ මේ විවිධ ශිල් ප කටයුතු සම්බන්ධව 'ජැනල්ස් ' දමා තිබුණා. මේ කට යුක්තු වෙළඳ වසාපාරයක් ලෙස ගෙන යාම ගැන මගේ කිසිම විරුද් ධත්වයක් නැහැ. නමුත් මේ ආරම්භ කරන් නට යන ආයතනය වෙළඳ වනප රයක් හැවියට ගෙන යාමේදී ජාතික ශිල්ප සභාවට අනුබද්ධ අයතන සංස් කෘතික කටයුතුවලට පටහැනිව යනවා නම් ඒ හා සම් බන් ධව මීට වඩා ඇඩි සම්බන් ධ්යාරණයක් සංස්කෘතික අමාතාාංශයක් සමඟ ඇති කරගන්නට ඕනෑ. [බාධා කිරීමක්] මෙයට කැබිනව නීරණයක් ගෙන නිබෙන බව අත්ත.

මා දන්නා දෙයක් තමයි සංස්කානික අමාතකංශයක් මේ හා සමාන කටයුතු කරන බව. එම නිසා මා ගරු ඇමනිතුම.ගෙන් අහන්න කැමතියි, මේ අංශතනය කට යුතු කරගෙන යන විට එවැනි කිට්ටු සම්බන්ධතාවයක් ඇති කරගන්නවාද කියා. එවැනි කිට්ටු සම්බන්ධතාවයක් තිබෙන්නටම ඕනෑ. 'ජාතික' කියන වචනයට මයේ කිසිම විරුද්ධත්වයක් නැහැ. 'ජාතික ශිල්ප සභාව' කියන එකට කිසිම විරුද්ධත්වයක් නැහැ. එක ජාතියක් හැටියට තමයි අපි ඉන්නෙ. මේ රටේ කුමන වර්ගයක් හිටියත් එක ලාංකික ජාතියක් හැටියට කටයුතු කරන

the amendment

[ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩ මගුනා]

<u>ි ඉ ඇත් ත. නමුත් රටේ සංස් කෘතිය ආරක්ෂා වෙන්නෙ</u> ඒ ඒ ජාතීත්ට ආවේනික සංස්කෘතික ගනි පැවතුම ආරක්ෂා වුනොත් පමණයි. ඒ නිසයි මා කිව්වෙ ' ට්රැබ් ෂන් ' කියන වචනය ඇතුළත් කරන'න කියා. තමුන් නාන්සේගේ එක්තරා වැඩිෂත් එකක් නිබෙනටා මා දන්නවා උත්තර භාරතිය සංගීතයේ වීරැඩිෂන් එකක් තිබෙනවා, නමුත් කර්තාවක් සංගිත යට ඒක නැහැ. අපේ වැදි ගී, ඒ වර්ගයාට, ඒ කොට්ඨාශ <mark>යට ආවේනික වෙලා තිබෙනවා. අන්න ඒවායින් අපි</mark> <u>ලබාගන්න ඕනෑ ආභාෂයක්. ඒ නිසා තමයි මම බලවක්</u> ලෙස ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලා සිටින්නේ මේ ටාගේ ආයතනයක් විශේෂයෙන්ම වෙළද වනපාරයක් ආරම්භ කළාම, අර ව්රැඩිෂන් කියන කොටස එගෙම නැත්නම්, පාර්මීපරිකට පැවන එන කොටස අහෝසි වන්නට ඉඩ තබන් නුව එපාස කියා. මේ මගින් එය අනෝසි වන්නව <mark>ඉඩ නිබෙන බටට කා පැළත් පිළිගැනීමක් තිබෙනවා. එම</mark> <mark>නිසා මා දැනගන්නට කැම</mark>නියි, සංස්කෘතික අමානාංශ**ය** ආරම්භ කරන්නට යන ආයතනවලින් නියෝජිතයන් මෙම වනුන් නිය සටතේ මෙම සභාවට පතු' කරන්නට යනවාද කියා.

එස්. නොන් ඩමන් මහතා (திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்) (Mr. S. Thondaman)

Mr. Chairman, the fact that we are giving representation to a member who is nominated by the Cultural Affairs Ministry shows how much importance we give to that aspect. It is for that Ministry's representative who will be seated on the Board, to bring up these matters. We will give advice, and what the hon. Member mentioned now will be brought to the notice of the Board. I am sure that is the idea behind this representation that we are giving to the Ministry of Cultural Affairs and other representatives. We will bear in mind what the Hon. Member said.

සංඛශ්ධනය පිළිගත යුතුය. යන පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සභා සම්මත විය.

திருத்தம் விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Amendment put, and agreed to.

3 වන වගන්නිය, සංශෝධිනාකාරයෙන්, පනන් **ෙ**කාටයක් ඇට්යට තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

3 ஆம் வாசகம் திருத்தப்பட்டவாறு சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clause 3 as amended, ordered to stand part of the Bill.

4 සිට 12 නෙක් වගන්නි පනන් කෙටම්පනෙහි කොටසක් හැමියට තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

4 ஆம் வாசகத்திலிருந்து 12 ஆம் வாசகம் வரை சட்டமூலத் இன் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clauses 4 to 12 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

13 වන වශන්නිය.—(සභාවේ ලේකම්වරයා) வாசகம் 13.—(பேரவையின் செயலாளர்) CLAUSE 13.-(Secretary of the Council).

එස්, නොන් ඩමන් මහතා ම මහතා මෙන්නමේ මෙනෙම (திரு. எஸ். கொண்டமான்) (Mr. S. Thondaman) I move.

"In page 3, line 36, leave out 'may' and insert 'shall'."

සංඛෛධනය පිළිගන යනුය. යන පුශ්නය විමසන උදින්, සභා සම්මන විය.

இருத்தம் விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Amendment put, and agreed to.

13 වන වහන්නිය, සංහෝධිතාකාරපෙන්, පනුනු කෙටමුපුතෙයි කොටසක් ඇවියට තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී. 📉

13 ஆம் வாசகம் நிருத்தப்பட்டவாறு சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clause 13, as amended ordered to stand part of the Bill.

14 සහ 15 වගන්හි පනන් කෙවුම්පෙනයි යොටසක් සැටසට නිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

14 ஆம் 15 ஆம் வாசகங்கள் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுடியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clauses 14 and 15 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

16 වන වගන්තිය—(සභාවේ බලනල සහ කර්නටා.) வாசகம் 16.--(போவையின் தத்துவங்களும் பணிகளும்) CLAUSE 16.-(Powers and functions of the Council)

එස්. නොන්ඩමන් මහතා (திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்) (Mr. S. Thondaman) I move,

"In page, 5, leave out all the words in lines 19 and 20."

"In page 5, line 27, immediately after the word 'financial' insert the words 'and any other'."

"In page 5 leave out all the words in line 31 and insert:

- (f) provide for the training of craftsmen and advise on all training programmes for craftsmen, apprentices and employees who are in charge of training institutions connected with craftsmen;
 - (g) institute schemes for the welfare of craftsmen:
 - (h) institute international exchange programmes for craftsmen;
- (i) organise workshops, seminars and conferences at national and international level to improve the standards and skills of craftsmen;
- (j) provide for the desemination of information and knowledge relating to crafts;
- (k) advise on the preservation of handicrafts of national or cultrual value and set up crafts museums or galleries for the purpose of preserving such handicrafts'."

ලක් ජමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

This is a very important clause because it deals with the powers and functions of the council. In the Bill the Hon. Minister had only (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f). After that he has got in (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), and (k).

I would urge the Hon. Minister to include the word "traditional" in (i) I hope that he will agree with me. Clause (i) will then read, "organize workshops, seminars and conferences at "traditional, national and international level ". Will the Hon. Minister agree with that?

කථානායකනුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Does not the idea of "traditional" flow from "national"?.

ලක් ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(இரு லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கோடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No, Sir, definitely not. I disagree with that. Not only I, even the hon. Member for Haputale disagreed with that.

කථානායකනුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

How do you want it to read?

ලක් ජමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. எஷ்டன் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

"(i) organize workshops, seminars and conferences at traditinal, national and international level."

That is where conferences are concerned. Then at (k)-

කථානායකනුමා 💮 📑

(சபாதாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Shall we take them one by one. ?

ලක් ජමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(கிரு லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

This is how (k) will read: "Advise on the preservation of handicrafts of traditional, national or cultural value." Now, that is a very important matter. I shall be very grateful if you can bring that in because there will be no problems after that.

<u>් එස්. තොන්ඩමන් මහතා ය සොල ලෝස පස s</u> W

் (திரு எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman) was all and brand ad]

You can tell me what you want.

<u>ලක් ප්මන් ජයනොඩි මහතා පම්වූ 1888 න් 1108 වෙන්වූ</u>

் (திரு. என்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.) விரை வெளியை வெளிய

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody) The Inc. 100 berbaud

Your new section (k) to read: "advise on the preservation of handicrafts of traditional, national or cultural value " oved of ore now it fadt to

එස්. නොන්ඩමන් මහතා

(இரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

After "handicrafts", I would say, "including traditional handicrafts.".

ලක් ජ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Very good. The Hon. Member for Haputale is also agreeing with me-he is nodding his head. Sir, I have to fight for them also!

එස්. නොන්ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Under (k) I accept the words "preservation of handicrafts, including traditional handicrafts".

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Are you accepting that?

එස්. තොන් බමන් මහතා

(திரு, எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Yes, Sir.

කථානායකතුමා

(தலேவர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Are you accepting both or one?

එස්. තොන් බමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்) Amistry of Cultural Affairs

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I will accept the amendment to (k).

කථානායකතුමා

(தலேவர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

What about (i)?

ලක් ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා පැවේ සාක්ෂයේ 🎎

(திரு: லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

My amendment to (i) is harmless. You can introduce it in (i) also because it relates to seminars, conferences and workshops.

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා 💮 💮 💮 💮

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I can accept that also.

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகுர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

You are accepting it, and it can be put in the correct form by the Legal Draftsman.

සංශෝධනය පිළිගන යුතුය. යන පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සභා සම්මන විය.

திருத்தங்கள் விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Amendments put, and agreed to.

16 වන වශන්නිය සංශෝධිතාකාරයෙන් පනත් කෙටුම්පතෙහි <mark>කොටසක්</mark> හැටියට නිඛ්ය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

16 ஆம் வாசகம் திருத்தப்பட்டவாறு சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clause 16, as amended, ordered to stand part of the Bill.

17 සිට 22 නෙක් වශන්ති පනත් කෙවුම්පතෙහි කොටසක් ඇටියට තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී. ලදා හෝදාවතා ප්රපාචිතයේ

17 ஆம் வாசகத்திலிருந்து 22 ஆம் வாசகம் வரை சட்டமூலத் தன் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது. Clauses 17 to 22 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

23 වන වගන්නිය.—(ශිල්ප සභාවල සංයනිය) வாசகம் 23.—(அருங்கலேகள் பேரவையின் அமைப்பு) CLAUSE 23.-(CONSTITUTION OF CRAFTS COUNCILS)

ලක් ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு: லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Clause 23 (2) states as follows:

"A Council shall consist of not less than five and not more than ten persons appointed by the Minister from among persons who have acquired experience and knowledge in the field of handicrafts or who are by virtue of their being holders of public office specially qualified in relation to the work of such Council."

I would like the Hon. Minister to consider appointing one member to this council with the concurrence of the Ministry of Cultural Affairs.

එස්. තොන්ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு- எஸ். தொண்டமான்) (Mr. S. Thondaman)

Yes, I have no objection.

ලක් ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩ මහතා

(திரு: லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Administratively you will do it?

එස්. තොන්ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Yes.

ලක් ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩ මහතා

(திரு- லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

The Hon. Minister has given me that assurance, Sir.

23 වන වගන්නිය පනන් කෙටුම්පතෙහි කොටසක ඇවියට නිමිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

23 ஆம் வாசகம் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டு மென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clause 23 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

24 සිට 37 නෙක් වශන්නි පනන් යෙටම්පනෙහි කොටසක් හැටියට තිබිස සුතුසයි නිසෝග කරන ලදී.

24 ஆம் வாசகத்திலிருந்து 37 ஆம் வாசகம் வரை சட்டமூறத் தன் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டின்யிடப்பட்டது.

Clauses 24 to 37 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

වන වශන්නිය.—(මණ්ඩලයේ රැස්වීම් සහ ගණපුරණය)

வாசகம் 38.—(சபையின் கூட்டங்களும் கூட்ட நடப்பெண்ணும்) CLAUSE 38.-(MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND QUORUM)

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහනා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I move,

"In page 11, line 24, at end add: '(5) The Board shall meet at least once in every two months.' "

සංශෝධනය පිළිගන යුතුය, යන පුශ්නය විමයන ලදින්, සභා සම්මන විය.

திருத்தம் விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Amendment put, and agreed to.

38 වන වහන්නිය සංශෝධිතාකාරයෙන්, පනන් කෙටුම්පතෙහි තොටසක්° හැටියට නිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

38 ஆம் வாசகம் திருத்தப்பெற்றவாறு சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதி யாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clause 38, as amended, ordered to stand part of the Bill.

39 සිට 41 නෙක් වගන්නි පනන් කෙටුම්පනෙහි කොටසක් ඇමියට නිවිය යනුගයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

39 ஆம் வாசகத்திலிருந்து 41 ஆம் வாசகம் வரை சட்டமூறத் தன் பகுதியாக இருக்கவேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது. Clauses 39 to 41 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

42 වන වගන්නිය.—(මණිඩලයේ පරමාර්ථ) வாசகம் 42.—(சபையின் குறிக்கோள்கள்)

CLAUSE 42.-(OBJECTS OF THE BOARD)

ලක් ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (අත්තනගල්ල)

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி—அத்தனகல்ல) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody-Attanagalla)

We are also going to have a Sri Lanka Handicrafts Board. There is going to be a council as well as a board. The board has its own functions. I appreciate that. Clause 43 gives the powers, functions and duties of the board. With regard to the objects of the board, my submission is that this is purely a marketing organization and has nothing to do with designing. This is a one hundred per cent marketing organization. I quite appreciate the need to have people with a knowledge of sales. Perhaps at the same time one cannot forget the fact that if you are to have a proper marketing

organization of this nature in the country the most important thing is to get people who will be competent and able to produce results.

Sir, Most of our traditional handicrafts are unable to find a market outside this country, mainly because they cannot capture the market in the purchasing centres abroad. Therefore I would request the Hon. Minister to see that the member of this council do always try to maintain the line of attachment without any breakdown. As such I would suggest that one the members of the council be appointed to the Board. It is a must, and I would like that to be in the Bill itself. I am sure he will agree with me that a member of the council should be appointed to this Board. It is possible that at some stage suddenly the Minister may consider that a person other than a member of the council, a person from outside, from a private sector business organization should be there. Then what happens? The entire board that you are going to set up may lose its identity and, as a result, its powers and functions. I would once again request the Hon. Minister to have a member of the council also appointed to this Board to look after the designing and production angles.

එස්. නොන් ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

When the Minister appoints these people he will take into account all those aspects. This organization is structured to work under one umbrella so that all these aspects will be covered. What the hon Member says will be borne in mind when selecting people for the Board.

42 වන වයන්නිය පනත් කෙටුම්පතෙහි කොටසක් හැටියට නිඛ්ය යුතයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

42 ஆம் வாசகம் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டு மென கட்டனேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clause 42 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

43 වන වගන්තිය.—(මණ්ඩලයේ බලතල කර්තවා සහ කාර්ග)

னாசக**ம் 43.—**(சப்பெயின் தத்துவங்களு**ம் பணிகளும், கட**டை களும்)

CLAUSE 43.-(Powers, functions and duties of the Board).

එස්. නොන්ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I move,

"In page 12, line 33 at end add:

'(e) to provide for the training of craftsmen; "

සංශෝධනය පිළිගත යුතුය යන පුග්නය මිමසන ලදින්, සජා සම්මන විය.

திருத்தம் விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Amendment put, and agreed to.

එස්. නොන් ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I move,

"In page 13, leave out all words in lines 3 to 5 and insert; 'and to conduct displays, exhibitions and sales and to do all things incidental to such sales:'

සංශෝධනය පිළිගත සුතුය යන පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්<mark>, සහ</mark> සම්මත විය.

திருத்த_{ம்} விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Amendment put, and agreed to.

48 වන වගන්නිය සංශෝධතාකාරයෙන් පනන් <mark>කෙටුම්පනෙහි</mark> කොටසක් හැටියට තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

43 ஆம் வாசகம் (இருத்தப்பட்டவாறு) சட்டமூலத்தி<mark>ன் ப</mark>குதி யாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clause 43 as amended, ordered to stand part of the Bill.

44 සහ 45 වගන්නි පනන් කෙටුම්පහෙහි කොටසක් හැටික්ව නිඛ්ය යුතු යයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

44 ஆம் 45 ஆம் வாசகங்கள் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியா**க இருக்க** வேண்டுமென கட்ட*ுளயிடப்பட்டது*.

Clauses 44 and 45 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

46 වන වශන්තිය.—(හස්ත කර්මාන්ත අලෙවි කිරීමේ සහ අපනයනය පුවර්ධනය කිරීමේ දෙපාර්තමේන් තුව සහ සුළු කර්මාන්ත දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින් අදාළ අංශවලට සම්බන්ධව දරණ දේපළ මණ්ඩල යට පැවරීම)

வாசகம் 46.—(கைப்பணிகளேச் சந்தைப்படுத்துதல், **ஏற்றுமத** மேம்படுத்தல் திணேக்களத்திஞலும் இயைபான பிரிவுகள் பற்றி யனவாய் சிறுகைத்தொழில்கள் திணே**க்களத்திஞலும் வைத்தி** ருக்கப்பட்ட ஆதனத்தை சபைக்குக் கைமாற்றுதல்)

CLAUSE 46.—(Transfer of property held by the department for Marketing and Export Promotion of Handicrafts and the Department of Small Industries pertaining to the relevant sections to the Board.)

එස්. නොන් ඩමන් මහනා (திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்) (Mr. S. Thondaman) I move,

"In page 14, leave out all words in lines 5 and 6 and insert :

'the possession and control of the Department of Marketing and 'Export Promotion of Handicrafts and all movable and immovable property (including cash) in the possession and control of the Department of Small Industries pertaining';"

සංශෝධනය පිළිගත යුතුය යන පුශ්නය වීමයන ලදින්<mark>, සঞ</mark> සම්මන විය.

திருத்தம் விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Amendment put, and agreed to.

46 වන වගන්නිය සංශෝධිතාකාරයෙන් පනන් කෙවුම්<mark>පතෙනි</mark> කොටසක් හැටියට නිඛ්ය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

46 ஆ_{ம்} வாசகம் திருத்தப்பட்டவாறு சட்டமூலத்தி<mark>ன் பகுஇயாக</mark> இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clause 46 as amended, ordered to stand part of the Bill.

47 සහ 65 වගන්නි පනත් කෙවුම්පතෙහි කොටසක් සෑවියට තිබිය සුතු යයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

47 ஆம் வாசகத்திலிருந்து 65 ஆம் வாசகம் வரை சட்டமூலத் தின் பகுடுயாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது. Clauses 47 to 65 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

66 වන වශන්තිය.—(වාර වාර්තා තොරතුරු)

வாசகம் 66.—(விவரத்திரட்டுகளும் தகவலும்) CLAUSE 66.–(Returns and information)

එස්. තොන් බමන් මහතා

(திரு. ஏஸ். தொண்டமான்) (Mr. S. Thondaman)

I move,

"In page 19 leave out all words in lines 12 to 25."

පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සභා සම්මන මිය.

வினு விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.

66 වන වශන්නිය ඉවත් කළ යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

66 ஆம் வாசகம் நிக்கப்பட வேண்டுமென கட்டீளேயிடப்பட்டது. Clause 66 ordered to be deleted.

67 සිට 69 නෙක් වගන්නි පනත් කෙටුම්පනෙහි කොටසක් හැටියට තිබිය යුතු යයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

67 ஆம் வாசகத்திலிருந்து 69 ஆம் வாசகம் வரை சட்டமூலத் தின் பகுடுயாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டியேடிப்பட்டது.

Clauses 67 to 69 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

70 වන වශන්නිය.—(මණිඩලයේ සංයුක්නිය)

வாசகம் 70,—(சபையின் அமைப்பு)
CLAUSE 70.—(Constitution of the Board)

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்) (Mr. S. Thondaman) I move.

"In page 20, line 27 at end add: '(iii) the Chairman of the Sri Lanka Handicrafts Board; '"

කථානායකතුමා 📉

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker) Does the House agree to that amendment?

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(இரு லக்ஷ்டன் ஐயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody) No, Sir! No, Sir!

That is where in PART IV of the Bill you are going to have a National Design Centre. Earlier you were going to have a Council, as you are aware. Then we were going to have the trading aspect of it. Now we are going to come to the designing aspect. I can recall, Sir, I think I mentioned once—

කථානායකනමා

(சபாநாயவர் அவர்கள்) (Mr. Speaker) Order, please!

Do you want to carry on and finish it or come after tea?

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයනොඩ මහතා හැ නැය ගැන නොගෙන

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

We will come after tea, Sir. (Interruption.)

කථානායකතුමා මේ මේ මෝසො

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

We will finish it now. Carry on now. Do not delay.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I want some time on this, Sir.

කථානායකනුමා _____

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

You carry on. We will see how far we can go.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

This is very important, Sir.

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Your tea will get cold, if you do not make it short.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Is the Hon. Minister agreeable to have a member from the Higher Education Ministry who is in Charge of Heywood to be a member in this. I want it included.

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Agreeable in principle.

කථානායකනුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

He is so accommodating.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Sir, I know he is accommodating, but my point is it must get into the Act.

එස්. නොන්ඩමන් මහනා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I have no objection to that. The hon. Member for Haputale asked and I agreed.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I want a member from the Ministry of Higher Education to represent, especially from Heywood School of Arts. That is where the traditional and the national arts are born.

එස්. තොන් බමන් මහනා

(இரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I cannot specify that.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(நிரு. எஷ்டன் ஐயக்கோடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Why not specify? (Interruption.)

කථානායකනුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please!

He is accepting it in principle. Why do you want to specify?

එස්. නොන්ඩමන් මහතා

(இரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I am prepared to accept a nominee from any Ministry. Whoever is the Minister in charge of that, that Minister I will include.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(தொ. லக்ஷமன் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No, Sir! I am making a request from him.

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Either this way or the other way. If you leave it at that he is accepting it. Otherwise he is not.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I would say this. Minister of Higher Education and Heywood School of Art.

එස්. නොන් බමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

No! No!

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Then I want time to make my submissions on this, because I do not know why he has in Clause 70 an officer from the Ministry of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance for designing.—(Interruption.)

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please!

You have not given your amendment in writing. Therefore, I am not accepting it.

සංශෝධනය පිළිගත යුතුය සහ පුශ්නය මමස<mark>න ලදින්, සභා</mark> සම්මත විය.

திருத்தம் விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்ட**து.** Amendment put, and agreed to.

70 වන වගන්නිය, සංශෝධිතාකාරයෙන්, පනන් <mark>කෙටුම්පතෙකි</mark> කොටසක් හැටියට තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

70 ஆம் வாசக_{ம்} திருத்தப்பட்டவாறு சட்டமூலத்**றின் பகுதியாக** இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clause 70, as amended, ordered to stand part of the Bill.

71 වන වගන්නියේ සිට 88 වගන්නිය නෙක් පනන් කෙටුම්<mark>පතෙනි</mark> කොටසක් හැටියට නිඛ්ය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

71 ஆம் வாசகத்திலிருந்து 88 ஆம் வாசகம் வ**ரை சட்டமூலத்** இன் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Clauses 71 to 88 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

11 වන අථත් වගන්තිය.—(පරප්පාඩුවක් හෝ සාමං ජිකයන්ගේ පත්විමෙහි දෝෂයක් හේතුකොට ගෙන නියා අවලංගු නොවන බව)

பு இய வாசகம் 11.— (வெற்றிடம் காசணமாக, உறுப்பினர்களின் திய மனத் இலுள்ள குறைபாடு காசணமாக செயல்கள் செல்லுபடி யற்றதாதலாகாது.)

NEW CLAUSE 11.-(Acts not invalidated by reason of vacancy or defect in the appointment of members.)

"Acts not invalidated by reason of vacancy or defect in the appointment of members.

11. No act, decision or proceeding of the Board shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of the existence of many vacancy in the Board or defect in the appointment of any member of the Board. ";

ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලදුව, පළමුවක වර කියවන ලදී.

கொண்டுவசப்பட்டு முதன்முறை மதிப்பேடப்பட்டது. Brought up and read the First time.

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு எஸ் தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I move,

"That the Clause be read a Second time."

පශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සභා සම්මන විය.

වශන්නිය පනන් කෙවුම්පනව එකතු කළ යුතුය, යන පුශ්නය මමසන ලදින්, සභාසම්මන විය.

11 වන අළුත් වශන්නිය පනන් කෙටුම්පතෙහි කොටසක් හැටියට නිඔය යුතු යයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

விஞ வீடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. வாசகம் சட்டமூலத்தில் சேர்க்கப்பட வேண்டுமெ**ன வி**ஞ விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

11 ஆம் புதிய வாசகம் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியா**க இ**ருக்<mark>க</mark> வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Question put and agreed to.

Question, that the Clause be added to the Bill, put, and agreed to.

New Clause 11 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

22 වන අජන් වශන්නිය.—(වාර්තා සහ තොරතුරු) புதிய வாசகம் 22.—(விவரத்திரட்டுகளும் தகவலும்)

NEW CLAUSE 22.-(Returns and information.)

"Returns and 22. (1) For the purpose of enabling the council to perform and discharge any of its information. powers, duties and functions under this part, the Council or any person authorised in that behalf by the Council may, by notice in writing, require any person to furnish to the Council or to the person authorised within such period as shall be specified in the notice, such returns and information as shall specified

in such notice.

(2) It shall be the duty of any person who is required to furnish any return or information by a notice under subsection (1) to comply with such requirement within such time specified in such notice, except where such person is precluded from making such return or divulging such information under the provisions of

ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලදුව පළමුවන වර කියවන ලදී. கொண்டுவரப்பட்டு முதன்முறை மதிப்பிடப்பட்டது. Brought up, and read the First time.

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා (திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்) (Mr. S. Thondaman) I move,

"That the Clause be read a Second time." පුශ් නය විමසන ලදින්, සභා සම්මන විය.

වගන් නිය ජනන් කෙටුම්පනට එකතු කළ යුතුය, යන පුශ් නය වීමසන ලදින්, සභාසම්මන විය.

22 වන අඑත් වශන්තිය පනත් කෙටුම්පතෙහි කොටසක් හැටියට නිබිය යුතු යයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

வினு விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

வாசகம் சட்டமூலத்தில் சேர்க்கப்பட வேண்டுமென விஞ விடுக் கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

22 ஆம் புதிய வாசகம் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்ட2ளயிடப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

Question, that the Clause be added to the Bill, put, and

New Clause 22 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

59 වන අථත් වශන්තිය.—(මණ්ඩලයට දෙනු ලබන වාර්ෂික පුදානය)

புதிய வாசகம் 59.—(சபைக்கு வழங்கும் வருடாந்தக் கொடை) NEW CLAUSE 59 .- ("Annual grant to the Board.)

the Board.

"Annual grant to 59. Parliament may annually give a grant to the Board, to meet the expenses of the salaries and other emoluments of the staff and for the purpose of maintenance of the immovable property belonging to the " relevant sections " as referred to in section 46. "

ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලදුව, පළමුවන වර කියවන ලදී.

கொன்நுவரப்பட்டு முதன்முறையாக மதிப்பிடப்பட்டது. Brought up, and read the First time.

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා 📉 💮 💮 💮

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I move,

"That the clause be read a Second time."

පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සභාසම්මන විය.

වගන්තිය ජනත් කෙටුම්පතට එකතු කළ යුතුය, යන පුශ්නය වීමයන ලදින්, සභාසම්මන විය.

59 වන අළුත් වශන්නිය පනත් කෙටුම්පතෙහි කොටසක් සැවියට තිබිය යුතු යයි නියෝග කරන ලදී. postavat nemperiod

விறை விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

வாசகம் சட்டமூலத்தில் சேர்க்கப்பட வேண்டுமென வினு விடுக் கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

59 ஆம் புதிய வாசகம் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

Question, that the Clause be added to the Bill, put, and agreed to.

New Clause 59 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

74 වන අළුත් වශන්නිය.—(පුරප්පාඩුවක් හෝ සාමාජික යකුගේ පත්වීමෙහි දෝෂයක් හේතුකොටගෙන කුීයා අවලංගු නොවන බව)

புதிய வாசகம் 74.—(வெற்றிடம் காரணமாக உறுப்பினர்கள் நியமனத்தில் உள்ள குறைபாடு காரணமாகச் செயல்கள் செல்லுபடியற்றதாதலாகாது.)

NEW CLAUSE 74.-(Acts not invalidated by reason of vacancy or defect in the appointment of member)

" Acts not 74. No act, decision or proceeding of the invalidated by Board shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of the existence of any vacancy in the Board reason of vacancy or defect in the or defect in the appointment of any member of the Board." appointment of member.

ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලදුව, පළමුවන වර කියවන ලදී.

கொண்டு வாப்பட்டு, முதன்முறையாக மதிப்பிடப்பட்டது. Brought up, and read the First time.

එස්. නොන්ඩමන් මහතා

(இரு, எஸ். தொண்டமான்) நடிக்கும் கண்ணிக்கி நடி (Mr. S. Thondaman) and passing and year bluow I

I move,

"That the Clause be read a Second time."

පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සභාසම්මන විය.

වගන් නිය පනන් කෙටුම්පනට එකතු කළ යුතුය, යන පුශ්ණය වීමසන ලදින්, සහාසම්මක විය.

74 වන අළුත් වශන් තිය පනත් කෙටුම්පනෙහි කොටසක් හැටියට තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

வினு விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

வாசகம் சட்டமூலத்தின் சேர்க்கப்பட வேண்டுமென வினு விடுக் கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

74 ஆம் புதிய வாகசம் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.

Question, that the Clause be added to the Bill, put, and agreed to. New Clause 74 ordered to stand part of the Bill.

උපලේ ඛනය, පනත් කෙටම්පනෙහි කොටසක් සැවියට නිඛ්ය යුතු යයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

அட்டவணே, சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாயிருக்கக் கட்டளேயிடப்பட் L.D.

Schedule ordered to stand part of the Bill.

පුඥප්ති වශන්තිය පනත් කෙටුම්පතෙහි කොටසක් හැටියට හිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

சட்டமாகு வாசகமும் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருங்க வேண்டுமென கட்டளேயிடப்பட்டது.

Enacting Clause ordered to stand part of the Bill.

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහනා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

There is an amendment to the Long Title.

කථානායකනුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Have you given notice of it?

එස්. නොන්ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I am myself moving the amendment to the Long Title.

නාමය #மப்பு

TITLE

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

"In page 1, line 5, after the words 'of handicrafts' insert the words 'including traditional handicraft '."

සංශෝධනය පිළිගන සුනුය, යන පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සභා සම්මත විය.

திருத்தம் கிடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ள**ப்பட்டது**.

Amendment put, and agreed to.

නාමය, සංශෝධිතාකාරයෙන්, පනත් කෙවුම්පතෙහි නොටසක් හැටියට නිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

தலேப்பு, இருத்தப்பெற்றவாறு சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக இருக் கக் கட்டனேயிடப்பட்டது.

Title, as amended, ordered to stand part of the Bill.

පනත් කෙටුම්පත, සංශෝධන සහිතව, වාර්තා කරන ලදී.

சட்டமூலம் திருத்தங்களுடன் அறிக்கை செய்யப்பட்டது. Bill reported with Amendments.

එස්. තොන් ඩමන් මහතා ^{377 සමස් W}. womb lon de l

(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)

(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I move.

"That the Bill as amended, be now read the Third time.".

පුශ් නය විමසන ලදින්, සභාසම්මන විය.

පනත් කෙටුම්පන ඊට අනුකූලව සංශෝධිතාකාරයෙන් වර කියවා සම්මත කරන ලදී.

விஞ விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. அதன்படி, சட்டமூலம் நிருத்தப்பெற்றவாறு மூன்மும் முறையாக u இப்பிடப்பெற்று நிறைவேற்றப்பெற்றது.

Question put, and agreed to.

Bill as amended accordingly read the Third time, and passed

කරුනුයකතුමා විද්යා වෙන විද්යාවේ විද්යාවේ

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! Sitting is suspended till 5.07 p.m.

රැස් වීම රට අනුකූලව තාවකාලිකට අත් සිටුවන ලදින්, අ. භා. 5.07 ට නියෝජන කුථානායකතුමා [නෝමන් වෛදසරන්න මහතා] ගේ සභාපනිත් වශෙන් නැවන පවත්වන ලදී.

அதன்படி, அமர்வு பி. ப. 5.07 மணிவரை இடைநிறுத்தப்பட்டு, கிண்டும் ஆரம்பமாயிற்று. பிசநிச் சபாதாயகர் அவர்கள் [திரு. நோமன் வைத்யாத்ன] தலேமை வடித்தார்கள்.

Sitting accordingly suspended till 5.07 p.m. and then resumed, MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER (MR.NORMAN WAIDYARATNA) in the

රේගු යෝජනාව : ආනයන තීරු ගාස්තු சுங்கத் தீர்மானம்: இறக்குமதித் தீர்வைகள் **CUSTOMS RESOLUTION: IMPORT DUTIES**

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරු මහතා (පාර්ලිමේන්තු කට යුතු හා කීඩා ඇමිනිතුමා සහ ඇණ්ඩු පාර්ශ්වයේ පුඩාන සංවිධායකනුමා)

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோ—பாராளுமன்ற அலுவல் கள், விளேயாட்டுக்கள் அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக் கொறடாவும்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera—Minister of Parliamentary Affairs & Sports and Chief Government Whip)

I move, on behalf of the Hon. Minister of Finance and Planning,

"That the Resolution under Section 10 of the Customs Ordinance (Chapter 235) relating to Import Duties which was presented on 21st July, 1982, be approved."

This is instituted to help the Sri Lanka Film Producers. They have made representations to the Government that as a result of high Customs duty on cinematic equipment, they find it difficult to produce films at competitive prices and compete with imported films. Indian film makers receive a drawback of the Excise and Customs duty paid on the films produced in India and exported. Sri Lanka producers on the other hand had to pay Customs duty at 20 per cent to 50 per cent on all equipment and raw films, which led to higher cost of production. This is a measure to help the local film producers.

In order to assist the domestic producers, the Government has decided to reduce the duty to 12 1/2 per cent from the earlier rate of 25 per cent and 50 per cent on certain items.

Do you like to know the items? May I read out.

මන් නීවරයෙක්

(அங்கத்தவர் ஒருவர்)

(A Member)

Not necessary.

පුශ් නය විවසන ලදින්, සහ, සම්මන විය. ளிறை விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

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අධිකරණ සේවා කොමිෂන් සභාව: සාමාජිකයන්ගේ දීමතා

நீதிச் சேவை ஆணேக்குழு உறுப்பினர்களுக்குப் படி

JUDICIAL SERVICE COMMISSION :

ALLOWANCE OF MEMBERS

<mark>පෙල්ටන් රණරාජ මහතා</mark> (වැඩබලන අධිකරණ ඇමනිතමා)

(திரு. ஷெல்டன் நணராஜா—நீதி பதில் அமைச்சர்) (Mr. Shelton Ranaraja—Acting Minister of Justice) I move,

"That the Parliament hereby determines under Article 112 (7) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, that the total maximum allowance payable to each member of the Judicial Service Commission for attendance at meetings of the Commission shall be increased from five hundred-rupees per month to one thousand rupees per month with effect from 01 May, 1982."

At the moment they are being paid a maximum allowance of Rs. 500 per month for sittings of the Commission. The Motion is that it be increased to Rs. 1,000 per month with effect from 1st May, 1982.

පුශ් නය සභාතිමුබ කරන ලදී. මෙලා අශුළුමුපාරාටට්ටොற්றது. Question proposed.

සරන් මන්නෙව්ටුවෙගම මහනා

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவேகம்) (Mr. Sarath Mutietuwegama)

I would like to say something on this proposal. The Government has from time to time been coming out with proposals about the salaries of Judicial Officers. I think it is very, very necessary that the Government seriously sits down and works out a comprehensive restructuring of the salaries of Judicial Officers. Though this is not a salary but it is an allowance for Members of the Judicial Service Commission, right from the top downwards there should be a restructuring, and it is high time that the Government brought a comprehensive proposal that covers all aspects.

There is the question of judges in the minor judiciary-their residences, their travelling. There are judges who have to go out on circuit. I think everybody understands the problem-that this is created by increases in one or the other spheres of salaries of public servants. But I think the hon. Deputy Minister, who is here, will concede that it is necessary to attract people to these judicial posts that are advertised and that it is necessary to attract people who are of the standard of the people who preceded them. I mentioned the question of housing for judges in the outstations and the question of travelling. People who are working in the JEDB and the SPC, for example, are given certain perquisites. They are given bungalows-huge bungalows-they are given servants' allowances, and they are given official cars in which they can travel about, and, on payment of some small amount, do even their private travelling. Why cannot the same scheme be introduced for the judges also? After all, it is not going to cost very much.

අනුර බැස්ටියන් මහතා (බටහිර කොළඹ) (திரு. அனுசா பஸ்தியான்—கொழும்பு மேற்கு)

(Mr. Anura Bastian—Colombo West)

Judges do not have estates.

සරන් මුන්නෙච්චුවෙයම මහතා

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

The Member for Colombo West says that judges do not have estates.

අනුර බෑස් ටියන් මහතා

(திரு. அனுரா பஸ்தியான்)

(Mr. Anura Bastian)

The JEDB is having estates.

සරන් මුත්තෙව්ටුවෙගම මගනා

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

I know that the JEDB is having estates. According to the hon. Member for Colombo West he wants the judges to earn money so that they can be well paid. How are they to earn?

අනර බැස්ටියන් මහතා

(திரு. அனுரா பஸ்தியான்)

(Mr. Anura Bastian)

I did not mean that.

සරන් මුන්නෙව්ටුවෙගම මහතා සම වෙන සම සම

(திரு. கூரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

That is the basis of his proposal. He says that the JEDB are earning money through the estates. Very often the JEDB is losing money, not earning.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Plantations are earning.

සරත් මුත්තෙව්ටුවෙගම මහතා

(திரு. சாத் முத்தெட்டுவேகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

I do not know. When we talk about the JEDB on some occasions we say that they are not earning money. They are bankrupt organizations. They are running on overdrafts. It is better to give it to the judges rather than to the JEDB.— (Interruption.) It is not your fault. It is not a question of whose fault it is.—(Interruption.) Everything is the fault of the last Government!

මන් නීවරයෙක්

(அங்கத்தவர் ஒருவர்)

(A Member)

You are thinking of large bungalows.

සරන් මන්තෙව්ටවෙගම මහනා

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவேகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

I am not talking of large bungalows. I am saying, give the judges residences; give them servants' allowances; give them also cars. It is not a question of anomalies in the salary structure; it is a question of allowances which are solely needed. When judges go to some outstations they have to find their own bungalows. In many places there are no bungalows. I once pointed out on the Floor of this House that there was a High Court Judge who lived in his Chambers for a short time. Can you expect people to work like this? Do you think you can attract people who are qualified and competent to the Judicial Service? This is a very vital part of this issue. I just want to make use of this opportunity to again spotlight this matter because nobody will protest if the judges are given proper allowances, proper housing and other facilities.

ෂෙල් වන් රණරාජ මහතා

(திரு. ஷெல்டன் றணராஜா)

(Mr. Shelton Ranaraja)

I am in total agreement with the observations made by the Hon. Member for Kalawana. Judges find it very difficult to find bungalows, particularly in outstations.

With regard to travel, I quite appreciate the remarks made by him. Sometimes you get judges travelling by bus to court because they find it very difficult to purchase vehicles because of their high cost.

However, I must say that this Government has taken steps to give them better allowances and better salaries. With regard to finding accommodation and houses for them we have taken steps. With regard to giving them higher salaries, the Government has been considering this matter but because of the financial constraints we have not been able to increase the salaries. However I must say that they have got an increse in salaries recently.

පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්, සහ, සම්මන විය. டிறை விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.

> බෙදුම් නඩු පනන : නියෝගය பிரிவிடற் சட்டம்: ஒழுங்கு விதி PARTITION LAW: REGULATION

සෙල්ටන් රණරාජ මහතා

(திரு ஷெல்டன் றணராஜா) (Mr. Shelton Ranaraja)

I move.

"Regulation under Partition Law, - That the Regulation made by the Minister of Justice under Section 82A, read with Sections 8 and 29 of the Partition Law, No. 21 of 1977, as amended by Act, No. 5 of 1981 and published in Gazette Extraordinary No. 199/8 dated 30.06.1982 which was presented on 3rd August, 1982, be approved."

This is for the purpose of increasing the allowance for travelling from Rs. 3 to Rs. 5.

පුශ්නය පිමසන ලදින්, සහ, සම්මන පිය. விறை விடுக்கப்பட்டு, ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Quetion put, and agreed to.

පර්පුරක මුදල:හින්දු කටයුතු හා දුවිඩ භාෂාව කියාත්මක කිරීම

குறைநிரப்புத் தொகை: இந்து அலுவல்களும் தமிழ்மொழி ஏற்பாடுகளே நடைமுறைப்படுத்தலும்

SUPPLEMENTARY SUPPLY: HINDU AFFAIRS AND

TAMIL LANGUAGE IMPLEMENTATION

යි. රුජදුරෙයි මහතා (පුළේශිය සංවර්ධන ඇමතිනමා) (திரு, சி. இராசதுரை—பிரதேச அபினிருத்தி அமைச்சர்) (Mr. C. Rajadurai-Minister of Regional Development)

கௌரவ பெருத்ச் சபாநாயகரவர்களே, பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சின் குறைநிரப்புத் தொகைக்கான பிரேரணேயைச் சபையின் அங்கீகாரத்துக்காக நான் சமர்ப்பிக்கின்றேன்:

" தலேப்பு 180, நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டம் இல. 1 உம் 2 உம்,—1982, சனவரி 1 ஆந் தேதி கொடங்கி 1982 திசெம்பர் 31 ஆந் தேதி முடி வடையும் நிதியாண்டின் சேவைக்கு, இலங்கை சனநாயக சோசலி சக் குடியாசின் தொட்டு நிதியத்திலி நந்தும் அல்லது இலங்கை சனநாயக சோசலிசக் குடியாசின் அரசாங்கத்நினது அல்லது இலங்கை சனநாயக சோசலிசக் குடியரசின் அரசாங்கம் பயன படுத்தக்கூடிய வேறெந்த நிறியிலிருந்தும் அ**ல்லது பண**த்திவி<u>ருந்து</u> அல்லது இலங்கை சனநாயக சோசலிசக் சூடியாசின் அரசாங்கம் பெற்றிருக்கும் எந்தக் கடன் வருமானத்திலிருந்தும் ஐந்து இலட் சம் (5,00,000/-) ரூபாவுக்கு மேற்படாத குறைநிரப்புத் தொகை இதனகத்துள்ள அட்டவண்மிற் குறிப்பிடப்படும் சே**வைகளின்** செலவுக்காக 1979 ஆம் நிதியாண்டில் எதிர்பாராச் செலவு நிதியி லிருந்து கொடுக்கப்பட்ட 3 ஆம் இலக்க முற்பணத்தை<mark>த் த</mark>ீர்த்து வைப்பதற்கு கொடுக்கப்படல் வேண்டும்.

அட்டவணே

து நூர் பிராந்திய அபினிருத்தி அமைச்சர்

நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டம் இல. 1—பொது நிருவாகமும் பதவி யினர் சேவைகளும் ... 4,45,000

நீகழ்ச்சித்திட்டம் இல. 2—இந்து சமய, பண்பாட்டு அலுவல்களும் இலங்கை சனநாயக சோசலிசக் குடி யாசின் அரசியலமைப்பின் தமிழ்மொழி ஏற்பாடுகளே தடை முறைப்படுத்தலும், தமிழ் பண்பாட்டு முயற்சி களே மேம்படுத்தலும்

55,000 5,00,000

(அமைச்சரவையின் அங்கோரம் பெற்றது)"

පුශ් නය සහානිම්බ කරන ලදී. **வி**னு எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்ற*து.* Question proposed.

කා. පො. ඉරන්නිනව් මහතා (කසිරිස්) (திரு. க. போ. இரத்தினம்—ஊர்காவற்றுறை) (Mr. K. P. Ratnam-Kayts)

திவைரவர்களே, " இலங்கை சனநாயக சோசலிசக் குடியர சின் அரசியலமைப்பின் தமிழ்மொழி ஏற்பாடுக**ோ நடை** முறைப்படுத்தல் '' என்பதைப் பற்றி நான் இந்தச் சபையிலே பல முறை பேசு இருக்கிறேன். அரசியலமைப்பின் தமிழ் மொழி ஏற்பாடுகளே நடை முறைப்படுத்துவதற்கு இந்த அர சாங்கம் இதுவரை எதுவும் செய்யவில்லே; தமிழ் மக்களே

[කා. පො. ඉරත්තිනම් මහතා]

ஏமாற்றிக் கொண்டே இருக்கின்றது என்பதை நான் முன்ன ரும் பலமுறை எடுத்துக் கூறியிருக்கிறேன். இந்த அரசாங்கத் தினுடைய அரசியலமைப்பு 1978 ஆம் ஆண்டு உருவாக்கப்பட் டது. இன்று நாலு ஆண்டுகள் கழிந்து விட்டன. இது வரை இந்த அரசியலமைப்பிலே தமிழ் மொழிக்குக் கொடுக்கப்பட் டுள்ள உரிமைகளே நடைமுறைப்படுத்துவதற்கு எதுவும் செய் <mark>யப்படவில்லே.</mark> தமிழ்மொழி ஏற்பாடுகளே நடைமுறைப்படுத் தற்காகவே அமைச்சர் ஒருவரை விசேடமாக நியமித்தார்கள். அப்படி அமைச்சரை நியமித்தும் மூன்று ஆண்டுகள் சென்று <mark>விட்டன. இதுவசை எதுவுமே நடைபெறவில்லே. அவற்றை</mark> <mark>நடைமுறைப்படுத்துவத</mark>ற்கு ஓர் அமைச்சர்! அதுவும் ஒரு தமிழ் அமைச்சர்! ஆனுல், இது வரை என்ன நடந்தது? எதுவுமே நடைபெறவில்லே.

1977 ஆம் ஆண்டு வெளியிடப்பட்ட ஐக்கிய தேசியக் கட்சி மின் தேர்தல் விஞ்ஞாபனத்திலே தமிழ் மொழிப் பிரச்சினே களேத் நீர்ப்போம் என்று அவர்கள் தெரிவித்தார்கள். தேர்தல் முடிந்ததன் பின்னர் பாராளுமன்றத்தில் கொள்கை விளக்க உரையிலும் அதனே வலியுறுத்திஞர்கள். இவையெல்லாம் நடைபெற்று இன்று ஐந்து ஆண்டுகள் முடிவடைந்து விட் <mark>டன. ஆ</mark>னுல், இதுவரை எதுவுமே நடைபெறவில்லே. இதுதான் உண்மையான நிலே என்பதை எவருமே மறுக்க முடியாது. நான் சென்ற முறை இந்தச் சபையிலே பேசும்போது இதனே <mark>மறுக்க முடியுமானுல் அரசாங்க தரப்</mark>பிலே எவரும் மறுக்க லாம் என்று சவால்கூட விட்டேன். இதுவரையிலே அதை எவரும் மறுக்க முன் வசவில்லே.

29.7.82 ஆம் தேதி "பின்னேயார் ஸ்ரோர்ஸ்" என்ற நிறு வனத்தின் உரிமையாளர் திரு. கே. இராசதுரை என்பவர் எனக்கு எழுதிய ஒரு கடிகத்தை இங்கு வாசித்துக் காட்ட விரும்புகிறேன்.

ස. රාජදුරේයි මහතා (திரு. வி. இராசதுரை) (C. Rajadurai)

அவர் எனக்கும் எழுதியிருக்கிறுர்.

කා. පො. ඉද්න්නිනම් මහතා (திரு. கா. பொ. இரத்தினம்) (Mr. K. P. Ratnam)

நாங்கள அடிக்கடி சொல்லுகிறேம் என்று எண்ணுமல் அ <mark>சாங்கத்திலே இருக்கிற தமிழ் அமைச்சர்களும், தமிழ்</mark>ட <mark>பாராளுமன்ற உறுப்பினர்களும் இதை உணர்ந்து பார்க்</mark>க வேண்டும். தமிழ் மக்கள் எவ்வளவு கொதிப்புடன் இருக்கிறு கள் என்பதை உணர வேண்டும்.

அந்தக் கடிதத்தை இப்பொழுது வாசிக்கின்றேன்:

இரு. கா. பொ. இரத்தினம், பாசாளுமன்ற உறுப்பினர், ஊர்காவற்றுறை.

கௌரவ பாராளுமன்ற உறுப்பினர் அவர்கட்கு,

பணிவன்புடன் எழுதிக் கொள்வது, எனக்கு (R.M.P. Office) மோட்டார் போக்குவரத்துத் நிணக்களத்திவிருந்து வாகனம் சம் பந்தமாக ஒரு கடிதம் தனிச் சிங்கள மொழியில் வந்தது. அதைப் படித்துப் புரிந்துகொள்ளக் கூடிய நிலேயில் நாம் இல்லே. மற்றவர்க ளிடம் நாம் காட்டித் தெரிந்து கொள்வதானுல் அவாகள கூறும்

விளக்கத்தைத்தான் நாம் அது சரியோ, பிழையோ தெரிந்த கொள்ள முடியுமே தவிச இட்டவட்டமாக நாம் அதில் என்ன எழுதியிருக்கிறது என்பதனே அறிந்துகொள்ள முடியாது.

இந்த நிலேயை நாம் எவ்வாறு தவிர்ப்பது? தமிழ்மொழித் திட்ட மிடல் அமுலாக்கல் அமைச்சர் பதவியில் ஒரு தமிழ் அமைச்சர் இருந்தும் நிர்வாகம் இந்த ரீதியில் செயற்படுவதையிட்டு நாம் பெரிதும் விசனமும் கவலேயும் அடைகின்ரேம்.

தமிழர் சமுதாயத்திற்காக அடிக்கடி குரல் எழுப்பும் தாங்கள் இது சம்பந்தமாக உரிய இடத்தில் உரிய நடவடிக்கை எடுத்தர் வேண்டும் என்பதனே மிகத் தாழ்மையுடன் வேண்டுகிறேம்.

எமக்கு வந்த கடிதத்தின் போட்டோ பிரதியையும் இத்துடன இணேத் துள்ளோம், வணக்கம். 7 நடித்தான் மெறிக்க நடிக்கள்ளனற் படி நடித்து

sentre nes unvertruit ouv off ? aids still at இப்படிக்கு, ம முறுந்து நார்கள் இராசதுரை நாறு நாறு கூறுராசதுரை."

யாழ்ப்பாணத்திலுள்ள ஒரு பிசபல வர்த்தகருக்கு அனுப் பப்பட்ட அத் தனிச் சிங்களக் கடிதம் இங்கே இருக்கிறது. அது ஒரு சிறந்த ஆவணமாக இருக்கிறது. இந்த அரசாங்கம் ஆட்சிக்கு வந்து ஏறக்குறைய ஐந்து ஆண்டுகளின் பின், ஓர் அரசியலமைப்புச் சடடம் உருவாக்கப்பட்டு நான்கு ஆண்டு களின் பின், ஒரு விசேட தமிழ் அமைச்சர் தமிழ் மொழி உரிமைகளே நடைமுறைப்படுத்த நியமிக்கப்பட்டு மூன்று ஆண்டுகளின் பின் எப்படி ஒரு சாதாரண தமிழ் மகன் மனம் நொந்து எனக்கொரு கடிதத்தை எழுதி இருக்கிறர் என்ப தைக் காட்டு தற்காக இவருக்கு அனுப்பப்பட்ட அச் சிங்களக் கடிதத்தை "ஹன்சாட்" அறிக்கையில் சேர்ப்பதற்காக நான் இங்கு சமர்ப்பிக்கிறேன்.* இந்தக் கடிதத்தைப் பெற்ற ப்ள்டோ யார் ஸ்ரோர்ஸ் உரிமையாளர் திரு. இராசதுரைபோல ஒவ் வொரு தமிழனும் இன்றைக்குக் கவலேயடைகிருன். ஒவ்வொரு தமிழனம் இன்றைக்குத் துன்பம் அடைகிறுன். துன்பம் மட்டு மல்ல வெறுப்பும் வே,தனேயும் அடை இருன், அதுமட்டுமல்ல; விரக்தியும் வீராவேசமும் கொள்ளுகின்ற நிலேயில் தமிழ் மக கள் இருக்கிறுர்கள் என்று தமிழ் மக்களின் பிரதிநிதிகள் என்ற முறையில் இதை நாங்கள் இங்கு எடுத்துக்கூறக் கட மைப்பட்டிருக்கிறேம்.

" தமிழ் மொழி உரிமைகளே நடைமுறைப்படுத்துகின்ற சுழ் றறிக்கை இரண்டு கிழமைக்குள் வெளிவருகின்றது என்ற கடைசி வாக்குறு தியைத் தருகின்றேன் " என்று பிரதேச அபி விருத்தி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் இந்தப் பாராளுமன்றத்திலே ஐந்தாவது முறையாகவும் சுறிஞர்கள். அந்த வாக்குறுநியை அவர் தந்துவிட்டு அமைச்சர் அவையில் இருக்கின்ற ஏனேய தமிழ் அமைச்சர்களின் அணேகொண்டு அதை இரண்டு கிழ மைக்குள் அன்று, இரண்டு மாதங்களுக்குள்ளாகவாகுதல் வெளியிட முடியாது இருந்தால் இந்த அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் ஏன் இந்த அரசாங்கத்தில் ஒட்டிக்கொண்டிருக்க வேண்டும் என்று கேட்கிறேன். இந்தத் தமிழ் மொழி உரிமைகளே நடை முறைப்படுத்த நியமிக்கப்பட்ட அமைச்சருக்கு உண்மையாக அதைச் செய்ய முடியாது இருந்தால், அவருக்குத் தமது வாக் குறுகியை நிறைவேற்ற முடியாது இருந்தால் இந்த அரசாங் கத்தில் அவர் என் ஒட்டிக் கொண்டிருக்க வேண்டும்? அரசாங் கத்தில் ஒட்டிக் கொண்டிருப்பவர்கள் பெரும்பாலும் தங்களது தன்மானத்தையும் தனித்துவத்தையும் இழந்துதான் இருக்கி ருர்களா ? சொன்ன வாக்குறு தியை நிறைவேற்றுவது அமைச் சருடைய கடமை என்பதை இப்பொழுதும் நான் இங்கே வற் புறுத்த விரும்புகிறேன்.

* කථාව දවෆානයේ පළකර ඇත. உரையினிறுதியில் தாப்பட்டுளது. Reproduced at the end of Speech.

இது ஒரு புதுமை அல்ல 1965 ஆம் ஆண்டில் ஐக்கிய தேசி யக் கட்சுயோடு நாங்கள் சேர்ந்திருந்தோம். அன்று ஐக்கிய தேசியக் கட்சி அரசாங்கம் எங்களுக்குக் கூறிய வாக்குறதி யின்படி 1966 ஆம் ஆண்டு தை மாதம் எட்டாம் தேதி பாராளுமன்றத்தில் தமிழ் மொழி விசேட சட்டத்தின்பேற் தமிழ் மொழிப் பிரமாணங்களே அது கொண்டு வந்து நிறை வேற்றியது. இப்பொழுது இந்த நாட்டின் அதி உத்தம சருதி பதியாக இருக்கின்ற மரண்புமிகு ஜே. ஆர். ஜயவர்த்தன அவர் களே அந்தப் பிரமாணங்களே அன்று கொண்டு வந்தார்கள். அப்பொழுது எதிர்க் கட்சியினர் மசாலே வடை, தோசை என் ேறல்லாம் கோஷமெழுப்பினர். தமிழ் மொழிப் பிரமாணங் களுக்கு மாறுக எதிர்க் கட்சியினர் ஊர்வலம் நடத்தினர். இவ் வளவு எதிர்ப்பையும் பொருட்படுத்தாமல் அன்று தமிழ் மொழிப் பிரமாணங்கள் தமிழ் அரசுக் கட்சி சேர்ந்து நிறுவிய ஐக்கிய தேசியக் கட்டு அரசாங்கத்தால் நிறைவேற்றப்பட் <mark>டன. ஆ</mark>ூல் நடந்தது என்ன?' எங்கள் உதவியைப்பெற்று ஆட்சிக்கு வந்த அரசாஙகம் அந்தப் பிரமாணங்களே நடை முறைப்படுத்தவில்லே. இதை நான் சொல்லளில்லே. அதற்கு அடுத்த அரசாங்கத்தில் இந்தப் பிரமாணங்களே நடைமுறைப் படுத்துவதற்குப் பொறுப்பாக இருந்த திரு. பீலிக்ஸ் ஆர். டி. <mark>பண்டாரநாயக்க அவர்களிடம் இது சம்பந்தமாக திரு. டட்</mark>லி சேரையக்க பாராளுகின்றத்திலே ஒரு கேள்ளி கேட்ட போது திரு. பீலிக்ஸ் ஆர். டி. பண்டாசநாயக்க, நீங்கள் கொண்டு வத்த தமிழ் மொழிப் பிரமாணங்களே நீங்கள் எப்படி நடைமுறைப்படுத் சவில்ஃபோ அதைப்போல எங்களுடைய அரசாங்கமும் அவற்றை அமுல் நடத்த மாட்டாது" என்று இவருக்கு முன்னலேயே அடித்துச் சொன்னர்.

இந்த அரசாங்கத்தினுடைய பழைய வரலாறென்ன? 1966 ஆம் ஆண்டிலே நிறைவேற்றிய தமிழ் மொழிப் பிரமாணங்களே நடைமுறைப்படுத்தாமல் தட்டிக் கழித்தது இந்த ஐ. தே. கட்சி அரசாங்கமே! அதேபோன்று 1978 ஆம் ஆண்டு நிறைவேற்றிய அரசியலமைப்பிலே உள்ள தமிழ் மொழி உரிமையை நிறைவேற்றுமல் அதையும் தட்டிக்கழித்துக்கொண்டே போகும். இதனைல் எதுவும் நடவாது என்று நான் பலமுறையும் சொல்லியிருக்கின்றேன். கடைசி முறையாகவும் இங்கே இப்போது கூறுகின்றேன்.

இப்படிப்பட்ட ஒரு சூழ் நிலேயிலே தமிழ் மக்கள் இந்த அரசாங்கத்தை ஆதரிப்புரர்களென்று எவரேனும் எண்ணி குல் அவர் அங்கொடைக்குத்தான் போக வேண்டியவர். தமிழ் மொழியாக்கினிட்டோ மேன்று சொல்கின்றீர்கள். ஊருக்கும் உலகுக்கும் உரைக்கின்றீர்கள். ஊருக்கும் உலகுக்கும் உரைக்கின்றீர்கள். அவ்வாறு தேசிய மொழியாக்கிய்பட்டால் தமிழ் மக்கள் அதன் பயண் அனுபவிக்க வேண்டும். அதனே ஒரு வருடம், இரண்டு வருடம், மூன்று வருடம், நான்கு வருடம் கடந்தும் அனுபவிக்க முடியாதென்ருல் இஃது ஏமாற்று வித்தையன்றி வேறென்ன?

பல வருடங்களாக நான் கூறிவந்த ஓர் உண்மையை இந்தச் சபையிலே மீண்டும் கூறிவைக்க விரும்புகிறேன். எதையும் எழுதிவைக்கலாம். எத்தணேயோ சட்டங்களே ஆக்கலாம். 1943 ஆம் ஆண்டிலே இதே தமிழ் மொழிப் பிரமாணங்களேக் கொண்டு வந்த இதே சஞிதிபதியவர்கள் அப்போது சிங்களமே இந்நாட்டின் உத்தியோக மொழியாக இருக்க வேண்டுமென்ற சட்டமூலத்தைக் கொண்டுவந்தார். அந்தச் சட்டமூலம் மாற்றப்பட்டுச் சிங்களமும் தமிழும் இந்நாட்டின் உத்தியோக மொழிகளாக வேண்டுமென்ற ஒரு சட்டம் 1944 ஆம் ஆண்டு உருவாக்கப்பட்டு, அது நடைமுறையிலிருந்தது. 1944 இல் நடைமுறையிலிருந்த அந்தச் சட்டம் 1956 ஆம் ஆண்டு சிங்களம் மட்டும் சட்டம் உருவாக்கப்படும் வரையில் இந்நாட்டில் நடைமுறையிலிருந்தது. ஆஞல் என்ன பயன்? அந்தச் சட்டம் 12 ஆண்டுகளாக நடைமுறையிலிருந்தும் எந்தசி தமான நன்மையையும் நாம் பெறவில்லே.

எனவே, சட்டங்களே ஆக்கிவைப்பதனைல் தமிழ் இனம்—
சிறுபான்மை இனம்—அடிமைப்பட்ட இனம்—எந்த விதமான தன்மையையும் அடைய முடியாது. அதை நடைமுறைப் படுத்தும் அதிகாரம் இருக்க வேண்டும். இந்த அதிகாரம் எங்கள் கைக்கு வராமல் எந்தச் சட்டத்தை எழுதினுலும்—எந்த அரசியலமைப்பில் எதனே எழுதினுலும் எங்களுடைய உரிமையை அனுபவிக்க முடியாதென்று சொல்கின்றேன். அன்றும் சொன்னேன்; இன்றும் சொல்கிறேன்; எங்கள் உரிமை கிடைக்கும் வரைக்கும்—நாங்கள் விரும்பியதை ஆக்கும் அந்த அதிகாரம் எங்கள் கைக்கு வரும் வரைக்கும்—

தமிழ் மக்களுக்கு அவர்களுடைய உரிமைகள் வழங்கும் விடயத்தில் இந்நாட்டிலே 1944 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்த, 1956 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்த, 1978 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்த 1978 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்த நிலேமைகளால் தமிழ் மக்கள் எதுவித நன்மையையும் அனுபவிக்களில்லே. இந்த ஆண்டுகளிலே தமிழ் மக்களுக்கு உரிமைகள் வழங்க சில சில முயற்சிகள் நடைபெற்றிருந்தும் அதன் பயினத் தமிழ் மக்கள் அனுபவிக்கவில்லே. நான் முன்னர் கூறியது போல, இந்த அரசாங்கத்திலே—இந்த ஆட்சியிலே—எங்களுக்கு உரிமை இருக்குமானுல், நாம் நினேத்ததைச் செய்யத் தக்க உரிமை இருக்குமானுல், நாம் நினேத்ததைச் செய்யத் தக்க உரிமை இருக்குமானுல், தமிழ் மக்களுக்கு அரசியலமைப்பில் கொடுக்க மூடி களுக்கிடையில், தமிழ் மக்களுக்கு அரசியலமைப்பில் கொடுக்க மூடியும். இந்த உரிமை எங்களிடம் இல்லே. இந்த ஆட்சியின் தமிழ் அமைக்சர்களிடமும் இல்லேயென்று நான் சொல்லிக்காட்ட விரும்புகின்றேன்.

உள்நாட்டு அலுவல்கள் அமைச்சர், "ஆண்ட தமிழன் மீண்டும் ஆள வேண்டும்" என்று சொல்லியிருக்கிறுர். தற் போது அரசாங்கத்துடனிருந்து தாம் ஆள்பின்மூர் என அவர் கூறியிருக்கும் கூற்று "ஈழ நாடு" என்னும் பத்திரிகையிலே வெளிவந்தது. பின்னர் அக்கூற்று ''விரகேசரி" யிலும் வெளி வந்துள்ளது. அமைச்சர் அதை மறந்திருக்க மாட்டாசென்று நினேக்கிறேன். 3.8.82 ஆர் தேதிய ஈழ நாட்டிலே. "ஆண்ட பரம்பரை மீண்டும் ஆள வேண்டுமானுல் தமிழர் விடு,கலேக் கூட்டணி அரசுடன் சேர வேண்டும். தேவா அழைப்பு விடு கிருர்'' என்றிருக்கிறது. ''ஆண்ட பரம்பரையான நாம் இன்று அடிமைகளாக இருக்கிருேமென்று தமிழர் **விடு** த**ஃக்** கூட்டணியினர் மேடை மேடையாக் கூறி வருகின்றனர். இந்த அரசாங்கத்துடன் இணேந்திருக்கின்ற திரு. எஸ். தொண்ட மானும் திரு. செ. இராசதுரையும் நானும் ஆள்கின்றேம் தானே" என்று அவர் கூறுகின்றுர். இப்படித்தாணு ஆள் கின்*ரு*ர்கள் ? ஆள்கின்ற ஒருவர்—ஆளும் கட்சியைச் சேர்ந்<mark>த</mark> ஓர் அமைச்சர்—இந்நாட்டை மீளவும் ஆளுகின்ற பதவியைப் பெற்ற ஒருவர்—உள் நாட்டலுவல்கள் அமைச்சரவர்கள், *நா*ம் இந்தப் பாராளுமன்றத்திலே ஐந்தாறு முறை கூறியதை யும் திறைவேற்ற முடியாமல் ஆள்கின்ருரா? இது அடிமை ஆட்சியேயன்றி உண்மையான அதிகார ஆட்சியாகாது. இதனே நான் அந்தப் பக்கத்திலிருக்கும் தமிழ் அமைச்சர் களேப் பார்த்துக்கூற விரும்புகின்றேன்.

[කා. පො. ඉරන් නිනම් මහතා]

பிரதேச அடுவிருத்தி அமைச்ச இதுவரை என்ன செய் திருக்கிறது? ஒரு முயற்சியும் செய்யவில்லே; செய்ய முடியாது; செய்யவும் மாட்டாறு. இந்த நிலேமைதான் அடுத்த தேர்தல் வரையில் இருக்குமென்று நான் கூற விரும்புகிறேன். அது மட்டுமல்ல. இந்த அரசாங்கம் 1977 ஆம் ஆண்டில் தனது கொள்கை விளக்கத்தில் கூறியவற்றை—தொழில் வாய்ப்போ, குடியேற்றமோ, கல்வியேர எதையும்—தமிழ் மக்களது மன நிறைவுக்கு எற்ற முறையிலே, மக்கன் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளத் தக்க முறையிலே செய்ய வில்லேயென்று இந்த நேரத்திலே நான் சுட்டிக்காட்ட விரும்புகின்றேன்.

எனவே தலேவரவர்களே, ஓர் அமைச்சரை நாங்கள் நிய மித்துவிட்டோம்—விசேடமாக நியமித்துவிட்டோம் என்று சோல்லி விட்டால் போதாது. இந்த அமைச்சரோ எதுவும் செய்யாமல் கைப்பொம்மையாக இருந்தால் அது சுயமரி <mark>யாதை உள்ள ஓர் இனத்தை மேலும் விறுகொண்டு எழு</mark>க் தான் செய்யும். பெயருக்கு ஒருவரை வைத்துக் கொண்டு <u>எங்களே ஏமாற்ற வேண்டாம், வேண்டுமானுல் நீங்கள் செய்</u> யாமல் விடுங்கள் : ஆனுல், தமிழ் மொழி உரிமைகளே அமுல் நடத்துவதற்காக ஓர் அமைச்சரை வைத்திருக்கிறேம் என்று <u>சொல்லிவிட்டு அவருக்கு அதிகாரத்தைக் கொடுக்காது</u> அவருடைய கையையும் வாயையும் கட்டி வைத்துவிட்டு— அவரை ஒரு பொம்மையாக்கிவிட்டு—அவர் உங்கள் பிரச்சின களேத் டூர்ப்பார் என்று எங்களுக்குச் சொல்லாநீர்கள். நாங் கள் உணர்ச்சியுள்ளவர்கள், மாங்களல்ல மண்ணுங்கட்டிகள் அல்ல நாங்கள் தமிழ் மக்கள். நீங்கள் சொன்னதைச் செய்யா விட்டால் ஏன் செய்யவில்லே என்று கேட்கும் உரிமை எங் களுக்கு இருக்கிறது. அன்றும் கேட்டோம்; இன்றும் கேட் கென்றேம் ; என்றும் கேட்டுக் கொண்டுதான் இருப்போம் என்பதைச் சொல்லிவைக்க வேண்டியது என்னுடைய கடமை.

அது மட்டுமல்ல. இந்த உரிமையைப் பெறுவதற்காக சகுதி <mark>பதியவர்களுடன் ஒன்றரை வருடங்களாக நாங்கள் தொடர்பு</mark> கொண்டோம். " உங்களுடைய சட்டங்கள், அரசியல் உரிமை கள் எல்லாம் வெறும் ஏட்டுச் சுரைக்காய்கள் தான்" என்று நான் அவருக்கு எழுதினேன். அதற்கு அவர் "நீங்கள் அப் படிச் சொல்வத்தக்க ஒரு உரிமையை இந்த அரசியல் அமைப்பு தருகிறது என்று சொல்லிவிட்டு அதோடு நழுவி விட்டார். நீங்கள் நியமித்த அமைச்சருடன் தொடர்பு கொண்டு பார்த்தோம். ஒன்றுமே செய்யமுடியவில்லே ஆனுல், <mark>மக்கள் என்ன எண்ணுகிருர்கள், இந்த அமைச்சருக்கு அ</mark>தி காரம் இருக்கிறது, இந்த அமைச்சரிடம் நாங்கள் கேட்டால் எங்களுக்குச் சில நன்மைகள் கிடைக்கும் என்ற முறையிலே அவர்கள் எங்களுக்கு எழுதுகிருர்கள். இங்கே என்னிடத்தில் இருக்கிறது ஒரு பத்திரிகை அறிக்கை, ''அமைச்சர் இராசு உறுதி" என்று அந்தச் செய்தி கூறுகிறது. 19.2.82 வெள்ளிக் <mark>கிழமை " விரகேசரி" ப் பத்திரிகையில் வந்த இச் செய்தியை</mark> நான் வாசிக்கின்றேன்:

" செங்களத் தேர்ச்சியின்மையால் பதவி விலக்கப்பட்ட விவசாய சேவையாளர்களுக்கு நிவாசணம்''

இவ்வாருக அவர் உறுது கொடுத்திருக்கின்ருர், உறுதி கொடுக்கிருர் என்று மக்கள் எண்ணுகிருர்கள். அவர் கொடுக் கிருர்; ஆஞல், செய்யவில்ஃ என்பதற்கு இரண்டு உதாரணங் கீன மட்டும் நான் சொல்லுகிறேன். ஒன்று, இப் பத்திரிகைச் செய்தி:

" அமைச்சர் இராச உறுதி"

சிங்களத் தேர்ச்செயின்மை காரணமாக புதவியிலிருந்து நிக்கப் பட்ட 64 விவசாய விஸ்கரிப்புச் சேவையாளர்களுக்கு நிவாரணம் வழங்கி அவர்களே மிண்டும் சேவையில் அமர்த்துவதற்கு நட வடிக்கை எடுப்பதாகப் பிரதேச அமைச்சர் திரு. செ. இராச துரை தம்மைச் சந்நித்த கிழக்கு மாகாண விவசாய விஸ்தரிப்புச் சங்கப்பிரடு நிதிகளிடம் தெவைத்தார். இவ்விவகாரத்தை அமைச்சாவையின் கவனத்துக்குக் கொண்டுவந்து தக்க நட வடிக்கை எடுப்பதாகவும் அமைச்சர் இக்குழுவிடம் தெரிவித்கார். இது சம்பந்தமான ஏற்பாடுகளே உடனடியாகக் கவனிப்பதற்காக அமைச்சர் திரு. சே. இராசதுசை தமது செயலாளர் திரு. எஸ். பே. ஜெகதாதன் தலேமையில் ஒரு குழு நியமித்துள்ளார்."

ஆணல், எதுவும் நடக்களில்லே, எந்த விதமான ஒரு நடமடிக் கையையும் அமைச்சர் எடுக்களில்லே என்பதை இங்கே மன வருக்கத்துடன் நான் சொல்லிவைக்க விரும்புகிறேன்.

இரண்டாவது உதாரணமாகச் தலேவரவர்களே, எனக்கு அனுப்பப்பட்ட கடிகமொன்றை நான் இங்கு வாசிக்கின்றேன். "Progress Reports—Home Guards Scheme" எனும் தலேப்புள்ள கடிகத்தை அதற்குப் பொறுப்பான பிரதி அமைச்சர் எனக்கு அனுப்பிஞர். தமிழ், இந்நாட்டுத் தேசிய மொழி ஆளுல், இங்கே சிங்களமும் ஆங்கில முந்தான் இருக்கின்றது. தமிழிலே இல்லே. ஒரு பிரதி அமைச்சர் ஒரு தமிழ்ப் பாராளுமன்ற உறுப்பினருக்கு அதுவும் தமிழ் உரிமைக்காகப் போராடுகின்ற ஒரு பாராளுமன்ற உறுப்பினருக்கு அனுப்பிய கடிதத்திலே தமிழ் இல்லே. பிரதி அமைச்சர் மட்டத்திலே கடத் தமிழுக்கு உரிய இடம் கோடுக்கப்படவில்லே—தமிழுக்கு உரிய முக்கு உரிய முக்கு உரிய முக்கு உரிய முக்கு

எனது Jeep மோட்டார் வாகனம் சம்பந்தமாக மோட் டார்ப் போக்குவரத்துப் பதிவரளர் திணேக்களத்திலிருந்து கொடக்த கடிதத்திலே கூடத் தனிச் சிங்களம் தான் இருக் கின்றது. அனுப்பப்பட்ட இந்தக் கடிதத்தை யாரிடமாவது காடடித்தான் இதில் என்ன இருக்கிறது என்பதை அறிய வேண்டிய திலேயிலே ஒரு பாராளுமன்ற உறுப்புனராகிய நான் இருக்கின்றேன் என்பதை நான் கூற விரும்புகிறேன் இது சாதாசணமான ஒரு விடயமல்ல என்னே எழுத்தறிவற்ற வனுக்கி விட்டார்கள். சிங்களம் தெரியாத தமிழ் மக்களுக்கு அனுப்பப்படுகின்ற கிங்களத் கடிதங்களேயும் அவர்கள் எடுத் துக் கோண்டு அறிவற்றவர்களாக யாரிடமாவது போய் இதிலே என்ன எழுதப்பட்டிருக்கிறது என்பதைக் கேட்க வேண்டிய நிலேமைதான் இருக்கிறது என்பதை நீங்கள் உணச வேண்டும்.

அடுத்ததாக, புத்தளத்திலே நாக்களி நூச்சோலே அச சாங்க தமிழ் வித்தியாலயத்தின் அதிபர் எழுதுகிருர். 14.7.82 ஆம் தேதியிட்டு வடமேல் மாகாணத்தில் குருநாகல், சிலாபம் புத்தளம் ஆகிய மூன்று மாவட்டங்களிலும் நூற்றுக்குமதிக மான முஸ்லிம், தமிழ் வித்தியாலயங்கள், குழுன் கத்தோ லிக்க தமிழ் வித்தியாலயங்கள், டுத்து தமிழ் வித்தியாலயங் கள் இருக்கின்றன. இவ்வித்தியாலயங்களுக்கு இம் மூன்று மாவட்டங்களிலுமுள்ள கல்விக் காரியாலயங்களிலிருத்து அனுப்பப்படுகின்ற சுற்றுகிருபங்கள், கடிதங்கள் அனேத்துமே தனிச் கிங்களத்திலேயே அனுப்பப்படுகின்றன. இதனுல் இப் பாடசாலேகளில் கடமையாற்றும் அதிபர்கள், உப அதிபர்கள் உதவி ஆசிரியர்கள் அனேவரும் பேரும் கஷ்டத்துக்கு உள்ளா கின்றனர். இப்படியான நிலேமை தொடர்ந்தும் தமிழ் ஆசிரி யர்களுக்கு ஏற்படக் கூடாதென்பதை இந்து கலாச்சாச, தமிழ் மொழி அமுலாக்கல் அமைச்சர் மேதகு எஸ். இராச துரை அவர்களுக்கு அறிவி,க்திருப்பதாக அக்கடிதத்திற் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டிருக்கின்றது. அக்கடிதத்தை நான் இங்கு பூர ணமாக வாசிக்க விரும்புகிறேன்:

> புத்/நாக்களி அ. த. வித்தியாலயம், நாச்சோஃல, புத்தனம், 14.7.82.

பெள்ரடுத்ர் கே. பொ. இரத்தினம், பாராருமன்ற உறுப்பினர், ஊர்காவற்றுறை. மதிப்பிற்குரிய ஐயா,

சென்ற 30.11.81 அன்று—வடமேல் மாகாணம், குருநாகல், சிலாபம், பத்தனம் ஆகிய மூன்று மாவட்டங்களிலும் நூற்றுக்கும் அடுகமான முஸ்லிம் மகா வித்தியாலயம், குரே. க. த. வித்தியாலயம், குரு. க. த. வித்தியாலயம், இந்து தமிழ் வித்தியாலயங்கள் உள்ளன. இவ் வித்தியாலயங்களுக்கு இம் மூன்று மாவட்டக் கல்விக் காரியாலயங்களிலுமிருந்து அனுப்பப்படும் சுற்றுநிருபங்கள், கடிதங்கள் அனேத்தும் தமிழ் மொழிபெயர்ப்பற்ற தனிச்சிங்கள மொழி மூலமே அனுப்பப்படுகின்றன, இதனுல் அதிபர்கள், உதனியாசிரியர்கள் அனேவரும் கிபரும் கஷ்டத்திற்கும் கிசமத்திற்கும் உள்ளாகின்றனர்.

இது பற்றி உரிய நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கப்படுமென இத்து சமய, தம்முகமாழ அமுலாகக அமைச்சிடம் ருந்து ஃப.கு. இத பற்கும் கிடைக்கப் பெற்கும். ஆண்ல, புற்தவம் சிலாபம் பசுத்தக் கிறக்கள் கொய்யால்யங்கள் கிறத்து வடும் சுற்று நருபங்கள், கிறக்களி அணித்தும் தனிச் சிங்கள் மோழி மூலம் அனுப்பப்படிகள்றன, இத்தை அத்பர்கள், உதவி ஆசிரியாகள், பாடசாண்களில் கிறம் மாற்ற முடியாது திண்டாடும் விறவர். அந்நிலை இதன்பணபும் அற்படாதபடி தமிழ் மொழிப் பாடசாண்களுக்கு தமழ் மொழி முலமே சக்கை சுற்று நருபங்களும் கடிதங்களும் அனுப்பப்பட வேண்டுகம். தமழ் மொழு முலமே தமைச்சிடம் வேண்டுகள் வகுக்கும் படி தங்களே மிதந்த பணிவன்புடன் வேண்டுகின்றேம்.

இது மட்டுமன்று, அதசாங்க அடுபர் அலுவலகம் (கச்செரி) உதவி அரசாங்க அதபர் காரியாலயம், உள்ளுர் ஆட்சி மன்றம இவைகளைலிருந்து வரும் கடிதங்களும் தனச் செங்கள மொழி மூலமே உள்ளன.

பொலிஸ் நிலேயங்களில்கூட தமிழ் மக்களின் முறைப்படுகள் இங்கள மொழியில் பதியப்படுகின்றன. தமிழ் மொழு மூலம் முறைப் பாடுகள் செய்ய முடியாது மக்கள் அவதப்படுகின்றனர். மறப்பு, இறப்புக்களும் தமிழ் மக்களேப் பொறுத்தளவில் கி.களே மொழி மொழி மூலமே பதியப்படுகின்றன.

இப் மிரதேசத்தில் இந்நில நிங்கி, தமிழ் மக்களுக்கு தமிழ் மொழி மூலம் தங்கள் அலுவல்களேச் செய்வதற்கு பிரதேச அபினிருத்தி அமைச்சை வேண்டும்படி தாழ்மையுடன் வேண்டுகின்ரேம்."

தலேவாவர்களே, இன்றும் சில மக்கள் எண்ணுகிருர்கள். அதுவும் ஆசிரியர்கள் எண்ணுகிருர்கள், தமிழ் மொழி அமு லாக்கல் அமைச்சரிடம் வேண்டுகோள் விடுத்தால் அவர் ஏதா வது செயவார என்று, இந்த இடத்துலருந்து அவர்களுக்கும் நாட்டு மக்களுக்கும் சோல்ல விரும்புகிறேன். அவரிடம் விடுக் கும் வேண்டுகோள் கடலில் அல்லது கிணற்றிற் போட்டா லாவது ஏதாவது பிசயோசனம் கிட்டும் என்று. அவசை நான்

குறை சொல்லவில்லே. அவருக்கு அதிகாரமே இல்லே. இந்த விடயங்களேயெல்லாம் எடுக்குச் சொல்வதற்காக இந்த இடத் தைப் பயன்படுத்துவதற்காகத்தான் நாங்கள் இந்தச் சபைக்கு வந்திருக்கிறும். எங்கள் உள்ளத்திலேயுள்ள கருத்தை, மக்கள்படுகிற குஷ்டங்களே, மக்கள் அடைகிற இன்னல்களே இவற்றுல் அவர்களுக்கு ஏற்படுகிற விரக்தியை, வீராவேச உணர்ச்சியை நாங்கள் இவ்விடத்தில் எடுக்துச் சொல்லக் கடமைப்பட்டவர்களாக இருக்கிறேம்.

இந்த அமைச்சர் சிங்கள மொழித் தேர்ச்சியின்மையால் பாதிக்கப்பட்டவர்களுக்கு நிவாரணமளிப்பதற்காகச் சில முயற்சிகளேச் செய்திருக்கிறுர். பா இக்கப்பட்டவர்களுக்கு எந்த விதத்தில் நிவாரணமளிக்கலாம் என்பதுபற்றி ஆராய்ந்து அறிக்கை சமர்ப்பிப்பதற்காக மாண்புமிகு சனுதி பதி அவர்கள் அமைச்சரவையிலேயுள்ள ஐந்து தமிழ் பேசும் அமைச்சர்களேக் கொண்ட குழுவொன்றை நியமித்தார். அந்தக் குழு, ஏறத்தாழ ஒரு வருட காலமாக **ஆராய்**ந்**து** ஓர் அறிக்கையைச் சமர்ப்பித்தது. அந்த அறி<mark>க்கை அமைச</mark>் சாவையால் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டு பொது நிர்வாக அமைச் சுக்கு அ<u>ண</u>ப்பப்பட்டபொழுது, அங்கே அது கொத்தி வெ<mark>ட்டி.</mark> சுளேயெல்லாம் எடுக்கப்பட்ட கோதான ஒரு சுற்று நிருபமாக வந்திருக்கிறது. அமைச்சாவைத் துணேக் குழுவின் மூல அறிக்கையை எனக்குச் சமர்ப்பிக்குமாறு நான் அவர் களேக் கேட்டேன். ஆனல், அது இன்று வரை எனக்கு அனுப்பப்படவில்லே அவர்கள் என்ன எழுதிஞர்களேர தெரி யாது அவர்கள் தங்களது மூல அறிக்கையை வெளியிட்டால், அது பொது நிர்வாக அமைச்சினுல் எவ்வாறு கொத்தி வெட்டி இந்தச் சுற்று திருபமாக உருவாக்கப்பட்டிருக்கிறது என்பதை அறியத்தக்கதாக இருக்கும்

தல்வரவர்களே, அதன் பின்னர் இந்த ஐந்து அமைச்சர்
கள்யும் நேரில் சந்தித்துப் பேச விரும்பி இந்த ஐந்து
அமைச்சர்களுக்கு ஓர் அழைப்பை விடுத்தேன். தமிழ் பொழி
உரிமைபற்றியும் தமிழ் உத்தியோகத்தர்களுடைய சிங்கள மொழித் தேர்ச்சிபற்றியும் கலந்து உரையாழிவதற்கு இந்த
அமைச்சரவைத் துண்க்குழுவைச் சந்திக்க விரும்புக்றேன்.
அதற்கு வேண்டிய ஒழுங்குகளேச் செய்து தாருங்கள் என்று
அந்தக் குழுவின் தல்வராக இருக்கின்ற இந்த அமைச்சருக்
கும் ஏனேய நான்கு அமைச்சர்களுக்கும் நான் கடிதம் எழுதி
னேன். உள்நாட்ட அவல்கள் அமைச்சர் உடனடியாகக் கூட்
டத்தை ஒழுங்கு பண்ண முடியாது, பின்னர் ஒழுங்கு செய்
வோம் என்று எனக்கு அறிவித்தார்கள். அந்தக் குழுவுக்குத்
தல்வராக இருக்கின்ற பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சர் பின்
வரும் தந்தியை எனக்கு அனுப்பி வைத்தார்:

"தாங்கள் அமைச்சருக்கு அனுப்பிய கடிதமும் தந்தியும் பிடைக்கப் பெற்றேம், தங்களது கடிதம் பொது நிர்வாக அமைச்சின் செயலாளருக்கு 15 ஆம் தேதி அனுப்பி வைக்கப் பட்டுள்ளது. தங்களே உப குழு சந்திப்பதற்கு ஆவன செய்யு மாறு கோரியுள்ளோம். தாங்கள் போது நிர்வாக அமைச்சரு டன் நேரடியாகத் தொடர்பு கொள்ளவும்.

தமிழ் அலுவல்கள் பணிப்பாளர்"

இது யாரால் அனுப்பப்பட்டது? அந்தக் குழுவுக்குத் <mark>தலி</mark> வராக இருக்கிற மாண்புமிகு செ. இராசதுரை அவர்களால் [කා. පො. ඉරන් නිනම් මහතා]

அனுப்பப்பட்டது. 26.3.82 ஆம் தேதி அவருக்கும் ஏஃாய நாலு அமைச்சர்களுக்கும் நான் எழுதிய கடிதத்தை வாசித் துக் காட்ட விரும்புகிறேன் :

"மான்புமிகு செ. இராசதுரை அவர்கள்,

தலேவர், தமிழ்மொழி அலுவல்கள்பற்றிய அமைச்சாவைத் துணேக் குழு,

கோழும்பு,

அன்புடையிர்,

28.2.82 இல் கூடிய தமிழ்த் தொழிற்சங்கக் சுட்டணியின் செயற்சூழு பின்வரும் தீர்மானத்தைச் செய்துள்ளது.

"அரசாங்க நிருவாகச் சுற்றறிக்கை இல. 182 ஆம் மழிசுற்றி நீருப_{ம்} 199 ஆம் சிங்கள மொழித் தேர்ச்சியின்மையினுல் அநி <mark>யாயமாகப் பாதிக்கப்பட்ட—</mark>பாதிக்கப்படுகின்ற தமிழ் அரசாங்க ஊழியர்களுக்கு அசசியல் அமைப்பு வழங்கும் நிவாரணத்தைத் தாறும் கொடுக்கத் தவறிவிட்டமையினுலும் இச் சுற்றறிக்கை கள் இவை வெளியிடப்படுவதற்குமுன் சிங்களத் தேர்ச்சியின்மை காரணமாகப் பதவியிலிருந்து நிக்கப்பட்ட உத்தியோகத்தர் களுக்கு எவ்வித நிவாரணத்தையும் வழங்காமையினுவும், தமிழ் மாகாணங்களில் மட்டும் மாற்றத்துக்குட்பட்டும்—உட்படாமலும் தமிழ் மொழி மூலம் கடமையாற்றும் உத்தயோகத்தர்களுக்குச் சிங்களத் தேர்ச்சி தேவையில்லே என்பதைச் சுற்றறிக்கைகள் காரமையாறும், இந்தப் பிரச்சினேகளேத் திர்ப்பதற்குத் தமிழ் பொழி விவகாரத் நிற்காக நியமிக்கப்பட்டுள்ள அமைச்சரவைத் துணேக்குழுவையும் சஞ்திபதியையும் த. தொ. ச. கூட்டணியின் பிரடு நீதிகள் சந்தித்துப் பேச வேண்டுமென இக்குழு தீர்மாவிக் கென்றது."

எனவே, இத் தீர்மானத்தின்படி தமிழ் மொழி அலுவல்களுக் குப் பொறுப்பாகவுள்ள அமைச்சாவைத் ஒஃணக்குமுவைச் சந் தித்துப் பேசுவதற்கு ஒழுங்கு செய்து வசதியான நேரத்தையும் இடத்தையும் அறிவிக்குமாறு கேட்டுக் கொள்கிறேன். தன்றி."

இந்தக் கடிதத்தைத் தலேவர் உட்பட ஐந்து பேருக்கும் அனுப்பினேன். தலேவர் சொன்னுர், அரசாங்க நிருவாக அமைச்சருடன் தொடர்பு கொள்ளுங்கள் என்று. உள்நாட்டு அமைச்சர் குழுவின் தலேவர்தான் இதை ஒழுங்கு செய்ய முடியும் என்று எழுதினர். ஆனல். குழுவின் தலேவரோ தமக்கு அதிகாரம் இல்லே என்பதைக் காட்டி அரசாங்க நிரு வாக அமைச்சருடன் தொடர்பு கொள்ளுங்கள் என்று எழுதினர். அதன்பிறகு இந்த மானம் கெட்டவேலே எனக்கு வேண் டாம் என்று நான் விட்டு விட்டேன். இதுதான் இன்றைய நிலே. இந்த ஐந்து அமைச்சர்களேயும் சந்தித்துப் பேச முயற்சி செய்தேன். அதைச் செய்ய முடியாமற் போய்விட்டது. அதற்குப் பொறுப்பாக இருக்கின்ற இந்த அமைச்சர் தம்முடைய பொறுப்பைத் தட்டிக்கழித்துவிட்டார். உண்மையாக இன்று அந்தப்பணி அரசாங்க நிருவாக அமைச்சரிடம் தான் இருக்கிறது.

நான் இந்தச் சபையில் கூறியதுபோல அரசாங்க நிருவாக அமைச்சருடைய செயலாளர் ஓர் ஓய்வுபெற்ற உத்தியோகுத் தர். இந்தத் தமிழ் மொழிப் பிரமாணங்களே நடைமுறைப் படுத்தலும் தமிழ் உத்தியோகத்தர்களுக்கு சிங்களத் தேர்ச்சி வேண்டுமா அல்லது வேண்டாமா என்பதைத் தீர்மானிப் பதும் அந்த ஓய்வுபெற்று கடமையாற்றும் செயலாளர் கையில்தான் இருக்கின்றது. அந்த அதிகராம் அதற்குப் பொறுப் பான அமைச்சரிடமும் இல்லே. நான் குறிப்பிட்ட துணேக்குழுவில் இடம்பேற்றுள்ள அமைச்சர்களிடமும் இல்லே. இதற்கான அதிகாரம் முழுவதையும் ஓர் ஓய்வுபெற்ற செயலாளர் கையில் கொடுத்து அவர் சொல்வதைச் செய்கின்ற நிலே இருப்பதால் கோடுத்து அவர் சொல்வதைச் செய்கின்ற நிலே இருப்பதால் தான் இவ்விதமான சேர்கேடுக்கும் இவ்விதமான கொடுமை

களும் நடக்கின்றன. இவ்வளவு கோளாறுகளுக்கும் காரண மாக இருக்கின்றவர் அந்தச் செயலாளர்தான் அவரிடத்தில் அந்தப் பொறுப்புக்களே விடக்கூடாது. நான் மாண்புமிரு சளுதிபதி அவர்களுக்கு இதனேச் சுட்டிக்காட்டினேன். இது ஓர் அரசியற் பிரச்சிணே இதை ஓர் உத்தியோகுத்தர் கையில் விடப்படாது. இதை நாங்களே அரசியல் ரீதியில் திர்க்க வேண்டும் என்று நான் மாண்புமிகு ஐனுதிபதி அவர்களிடம் நேரில் சொன்னேன்; பின்னர் எழுதினேன். இந்த முக்கிய பணியை ஓர் ஓய்வுபெற்ற உத்தியோகத்தர் கையில் கொடுத் ததே இவ்வளவு சிக்கல்களுக்கும் காரணம் என்பதை நான் இந்த இடத்திற் கூறக் கடமைப்பட்டிருக்கிறேன். அரசியல் அமைப்புக் கொடுக்கின்ற உரிமைகளே உண்மையாகத் தமிழ் மக்கள் அனுபவிக்க வேண்டும் என்முல் இந்த அரசாங்கம் சொல்பவற்றை எல்லாம் செயற்படுத்த வேண்டும்.

செங்களத் தேர்ச்சியிலிருந்து சில அரசாங்க உத்தியோகத்தர் களுக்கு அரைகுறை நிவாரணம் வழங்கப்பட்டது. அது சம் பந்தமான சுற்றறிக்கை வெளிவருதற்குச் சில ஆண்டுகளுக்கு முன் உக்தியோகத்திலிருந்து நீங்கிய எத்தனேயோ உத்தியோ கத்தர்கள் எங்களேக் கேட்கிருர்கள், தங்களுக்கு இன்னும் ஒருவித நிவாரணமும் கிடைக்கவில்லே என்று. சிங்களத் தேர்ச்சியின்மையால் பாதிக்கப்பட்ட சில உத்தியோகத்தர் களுக்கு நிவாரணம் வழங்கப்பட்டிருக்கிறது. அந்த நிவார ணம் குறித்த காலத்திற்கு முன்னர் வழங்கப்படவில்லே. அது ஒரு மிகப் பெரிய அநியாயம் ஆகவே பாதிப்புக்குள்ளான உத்தியோகத்தர்களுக்குரிய அந்தக் கஷ்டுக்தை நீக்கவேண் டும். நீதிவழங்க வேண்டும். நியாயத்திற்காகவே நாங்கள் இதைக் கேட்கின்றேம். நாம் மண்டியிடவில்லே. சலுகைகளேக் கேட்களில்லே. அல்லது நாங்கள் சரணுகதி அடையவுடில்லே. எனவே சிங்களத் தேர்ச்சியின்மையால் பாதிக்கப்பட்டவர் களுக்கு நிவாரணம் அளிக்கத்தக்க முறையில் வேண்டிய நட வடிக்கைகளே விரைந்து எடுக்க வேண்டும். இந்தப் பிரச்சினே களேத் தீர்ப்பதைச் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட அமைச்சர் துணேக்குழு தாமே பொறுப்பெடுத்துச் செய்தால்தான் அதைச் செய்ய முடியும். சில தனிப்பட்ட அமைச்சரிடமோ உத்தியோகத்தரி டமோ இதை விடாது அமைச்சர் துணேக்குழு தாமே அதைச் செய்யவேண்டும் என்று கூறிவைக்க விரும்புகிறேன். அர சாங்கம் இது விடயத்தில் எதையுமே செய்யாது போனுல் இந்த அரசாங்கத்தைத் தமிழ் மக்கள் ஒரு நாளும் ஆதரிக்க மாட்டார்கள் என்றுகூறி எனது உரையை முடித்துக் கொள் ளுகேறேன்.

සභාගත කරන ලද ලීපිය. சபாபீடத்து வைக்கப்பட்ட கடிதம்:

Letter tabled.

මගේ අංකය:—ගිණුම්/3. ඔබේ අංකය: මෝටර් රථ පුවාහන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව, කොළඹ 5. 1982. 05. 20 වැනි දින,

කෝ . රාජදුරෙයි මයා. මනිපායි පාර, ගාපනය.

මහත් මයාණෙනි/මහත් මීයණි/මහත් වරුනි, 🚻 🗀 🔻 🔻

මුද් දර ගාස්තු/ආදයම් බලපනු ගාස්තු ආපසු ගෙවීම

අංක 26/5045 දරණ මොවර් වාහනය/යේ රියැදුරු බලපනුයේ/ඔබ නමින් ලියා පදිංචි කරවා ගැනීම/ලියා පදිංචි කිරීමේ සහනිකයේ/ සඳහා යෝගූූූූනා සහණුක පනුයක්/අනුපිටපනක් ලබා ගැනීම සඳහා ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද අයදුම්පතට අලවා තිබූ මුද් දරවල වටිනාසමෙන්/ සඳහා 1982 වර්ෂය වෙනුවෙන් වැඩිපුර ගෙවන ලද බලපතු ගාස්තු වෙන් ආපසු ගෙවන මුදල වන රුපියල් 572/50 ක් ඔබට ගෙමීම පිණිස මේ සමහ ඇති කුවිනාන්ඩිය සත විසිපහක මුද් දරයක් මත අත්සන් කර වහාම මා වෙන එවන්න.

2. මෙම ඉල් ලීම ඉටු නොකළහොත්, මුද් දර හාස්තු/බලපතු ගාස්තු ආපසු ගෙවීම සඳහා වැඩිපුර කියා කළ නොහැකි බව කරුඹෙකව දන්වනු කැමැත්තෙමි.

මෙයට යටත් සේවක,

මෝටර් එථ පුවාහන කොමසාවිස් වෙනුවට.

හිණුම ශාඛාව.

්ර්ර් අ ම වෙනු යා අතු වැටු පතු විනාන් සිය

26/5045 දරණ මෝටර් වෘහනය/වෘහනයේ/රියැදුරු බලපතුයේ මා නමින් ලියාපදිංචි කරවා ගැනීම/ලියාපදිංචි කිරීමේ සහතිකයේ/ අදහා යෝගානා සහතික පතුයක්/අනුපිටපතක් ලබා ගැනීම සදහා ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද අයදුම්පතට අලවන ලද මුද් දරවල විටිනාකමෙන්/ සඳහා 198... වර්ෂය වෙනුවෙන් වැඩිපුර ගෙවන ලද බලපනු ගාස්තු වෙන් ආපසු ගෙවන මුදල වශයෙන් රුපියල් ක් කොළඹ 5 මෝටර් රථ පුවාහන කොමසාරිස් ගෙන් භාර ගනීම්.

(මෙහි ශවා 25 කා මුදදුරයක් මතු අව"සන් කරන්න.)

පි. ඉනේ පලිංශම් මහතා (පදිසිප් පු) (කිලු: යි. සිකො சனிங்கம்—பட்டிருப்பு) (Mr. P. Ganeshalingam—Paddiruppu)

மாண்புயிரு பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்களே, எனக்கு முன் உரை நிகழ்த்திய ஊர்காவற்றுறை அங்கத்தவர் தமிழ் மொழி உபயோகம் பற்றி விரிவாகப் பேசிஞர். கௌரவ பிரதேச அபி விருந்தி அமைச்சர் எனது மாவட்டத்தைச் சேர்ந்தவர். இந்த அமைச்சருடைய ஓர் உயர்ந்த பண்பாடு என்னவென் ருல் எவர் என்ன அபிவிருத்தி வேலேகளுக்காகப் பணம் கேட் டானும் இல்லே என்று சொல்ல மாட்டார். இந்தக் காரணத்தி இல்தான் இந்தக் குறைநிரப்புப் பிரேரணே இந்தச் சபையில் கொண்டுவாப்பட்டிருப்பதாக நான் நினேக்கின்றேன். நிகழ்ச் ஒன்று, பொது நிருவாகமும் பதவியினர் சேவைகளுக்கும்—நான்கு இலட்சத்து நாற்பத்தையாயிரம் ருபாவும். நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டம் இரண்டு, இந்து சமயப் பண் பாட்டு அலுவல்களும் இலங்கை ஜனநாயக சோசலிசக் குடி யாசின் அரசியலமைப்பின் தமிழ் மொழி ஏற்பாடுகளே நடை முறைப்படுத்தலும் தமிழ்ப் பண்பாட்டு முயற்சிகளே மேம்படுத் தலும்—ஐம்பத்தையாயிரம் ரூபாவும் மொத்தமாக ஐத்து இலட்சம் ரூபாவுக்கு இங்கு குறைநிரப்புப் பிரேரணே கொண்டு வரப்பட்டிருக்கின்றது.

1979 ஆம் ஆண்டிலே பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சின் போது நிர்வாகப் பதவியினர் சேவைகளுக்காக வரவு செல வுத் திட்டத்திலே ஒதுக்கப்பட்ட பணம் 18,94,820 ரூபாவா கும். இந்த அமைச்சிலே பல வெற்றிடங்கள் நிரப்பப்படாமல் இருக்கின்றன. அப்படியிருந்தும் 1979 ஆம் ஆண்டிலே ஏற் பட்ட நிதி பற்றுக் குறைக்குக் கௌரவ பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சர் இந்த ஆண்டு குறைதிரப்புப் பிரோணையைச் சமர்ப்பித்திருக்கிறர். கடந்த ஆண்டிலோ அதற்கு முத்திய ஆண்டிலோ என் கௌரவ அமைச்சர் இந்தக் குறைறிரப்புப் பிரோணையைக் கொண்டுவரவில்ஃமென்பதை இந்தச் சபைக்கு விளக்கிக் கூற வேண்டும்.

The Hon. Minister of Regional Affairs must categorically state why there has been this undue delay in presenting this Suppplementary Estimate for the approval of the House in 1982 for expenditure incurred in 1979. Sir, I am referring to the Draft Estimates, 1982. Under this you will see that recurrent expenditure—General Administration and Staff Services, 1980, was Rs. 1,924,122. The estimate for 1981 was Rs. 3,108,270. In 1982 it ws Rs. 3,662,000. Compared to the expenditure in 1981 and the allocation in 1982, after getting an allocation of Rs. 1,894,820 in 1979 the Hon. Minister is bringing a Supplementary Estimate for Rs. 500,000 in 1982.

அடுத்ததாக, இரண்டாம் நிகழ்ச்சித் திட்டத்தின் கீழ் கௌரவ அமைச்சரவர்கள் 55,000 ரூபாக் குறைநிரப்புப் பீரேசீணையைச் சமர்ப்பித்திருக்கிறர். 1979 ஆம் ஆண்டிலே இதற்கான நிதி ஒதுக்கிடு செய்யாத காரணத்தால் இதுபற்றி நான் எதுவும் கூற விரும்பவில்லே. அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் கடந்த மூன்று வருடங்களாக அவர் பொறுப்பாக இருக்கின்ற மாவட்டங்களிலே என்ன அபிவிருத்தி வேலேகளேச் செய்கிருக் கிறுர் என்று அறிய விரும்புகிறேன்.

According to the Draft Estimates for 1982, the allocation for capital expenditure for the Hon. Minister was Rs. 25,566,876 in 1980 and Rs. 20,949,960 in 1981; and this year 1982 it is roughly Rs. 16 million. Most of the 1982 allocation is itemized here, and one of the itemized allocations for 1982 is Valai-Iravu Bridge Rs. 1 1/2 million.

நான் மட்டக்களப்பிலே நடைபெறுகின்ற பன்முகப்படுத்தப் பட்ட வரவு செலவுத் திட்டக் கூட்டங்களுக்குச் சென்றிருக் கின்றேன். ஏனேய அபினிருத்தித் திட்டக் கூட்டங்களுக்குச் சென்றிருக்கின்றேன். அவ்வாறு சென்றபோதெல்லாம் அங்கே எழுப்பப்பட்ட கேள்ளியெல்லாம், கௌரவ பிரதேச அபி விருத்தி அமைச்சாவர்கள் தமது அமைச்சுக்கு வாவு செலவுக் திட்டத்திலே ஒதுக்கிடு செய்யப்பட்ட 15 இலட்சம் ரூபாவை யும் இன்னும் வஃவிறவுப் பால வேஃக்குக் கொடுக்கவில்ஃல யென்றும் அதனுலே நெடுஞ்சாஃலத் திஃணக்களப் பகுதியும் அந்த வேஃலையத் தொடர்ந்து செய்ய முடியவில்ஃயென்பது மாகும்.

இந்த ஆண்டிலே கௌரவ பிரதேச அபினிருத்தி அ<mark>மைச்ச</mark> ருக்கு ஒதுக்கப்பட்ட நிறி ஒதுக்கீட்டிலே, முக்கியமான ஒரு ஒதுக்கிடு—

Exploration of underground water Rs, 1 million எனது மாவட்டத்தில், கௌரவ அமைச்சரவர்களின் தொசூரி உட்பட படுவான்கரைப் பகுதியிலே ஆண்டுதோறும் குடிநீர்ப் பிரச்சின் ஏற்படுவது வழக்கம். இம்முறை பருவ மழை பெய்யாத காரணத்தினுல், எந்த ஒரு குளத்திலும் குடிதண்ணிர் இல்லாத ஒரு நிலேயிலே கௌரவ பிரதேச அமைச்சர் 10 இலட் சம் ரூபா நிரி ஒருக்கிட்டிலிருந்து எத்தீன குழாய்க்கிணறு கீளத் தோண்ட ஏற்பாடு செய்திருக்கிறுர் என்பதை நான் அவரிடத்திலிருந்து அறிய விரும்புக்கேறன்.

கௌரவ பொதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சரவர்களுக்கு த் தெரியுமோ தெரியாதோ எனக்குத் தெரியாது, தெரியாம லிருந்தால் நான் அவருக்கு இவ்விடத்தில் ஒன்றைக் கூறி வைக்க விரும்புகிறேன். வவுனியா, முல்லேத்திவு போன்ற இடங் களிலே குடிதீர்ப் பிரச்சினேயைத் தீர்ப்பதற்காக மேற்கு

[පි. ගනෝ ෂලිංගම මහතා] ඉ<u>. 10 අපාද සැමේ සම</u> සම H පුළුව ஜேர்மனி அரசாங்கத்தின் உதவியோடு பல குழாய்க் கிணறு கள் அமைக்கப்படுகின்றன. சாவகச்சேரி, பருத்தித்துறை ஆகிய இடங்களிலே அமெரிக்க அரசாங்கத்தின் நிதியுகவியு டன் குடிநீர்த்திட்டங்கள் அமுலாக்கப்பட்டு வருகின்றன. திரு கோணமலே பகுதியில் கனடிய அரசாங்கத்தின் நிதியுகவி யோடு குடிடி நீர் த்திட்டம் ஏற்படுத்தப்பட்டு அமுல்செய்யப்படு சின்றது. இப்படியாக எல்லா மாவட்டங்களிலும் குடிநீர்ப் பிரச்சினேயைத் நிர்ப்பதற்காகப் பல பிறநாட்டு நிறுவனங்க ளின் உதவியோடு வேலேகள் நடந்துகொண்டிருக்கின்றன. அதே நேரத்திலே எமது மாவட்டத்தைச் சேர்ந்த பிரதேச அபினிருத்தி அமைச்சர்—கடந்த 25 ஆண்டுகளாக இப் பாராளுமன் றத்திலே அமர் ந் திருப்பவர்—இப்பிரச் சிணைய நன்ருக உணர்ந்து இதுவரையிலே இப்பிரச்சினேயைத் நீர்ப்ப தற்கு என்ன முயற்சிகளே மேற்கொண்டுள்ளாரென்பதை நான் அறிய விரும்புகிறேன். 1982 ஆம் ஆண்டுக்கான வரைவு நிநி தைக்கீட்டிலே ஒதுக்கிடு செய்யப்பட்ட 10 இலட்சம் ரூபா வுக்கு என்ன நடந்தது என்பதையும் நான் அவரிடத்தி விருந்து அறிய விரும்புகிறேன்.

அடுத்ததாக, கடந்த மூன்ற ஆண்டுகளாக பிரதேச அபி விருத்தி அமைச்சருக்கு, அபிவிருத்திக்காக ஒதுக்கிடு செய் <mark>யப்பட்ட தொ</mark>கையின் எண்ணிக்கையில் ஏறத்தாழ 8 கோடி ரூபாவில்—உண்மையில் பிரதேச அமைச்சரவர்களுக்கு நன்று <mark>கத் தெரியும் பட்</mark>டிருப்புத் தொகுதியும் மட்டக்களப்பு மாவட் டத்தை, உள்ளடக்கிய ஒரு பிரதேசமென்பது—பட்டிருப்புக் தொகுதியில், அண்மையில், மாவட்ட அபிவிருத்திச் சபை <mark>உறுப்பினரான திருவாளர் மாணிக்கத்தினுடைய கிராமத்</mark> தெக்கு வீதி, மின்சாரம் அமைப்பதற்காக 40,000 ரூபா ஒதுக் டுடு செய்துள்ளதைத் தனிர வேறு எவ்வளவு பணம் அமைச் சாவர்களால் ஒதுக்கீடு செய்யப்பட்டதென்பதையும் நான் அவரிடத்திலிருந்து அறிய விரும்புகிறேன்.

1980 ஆம் ஆண்டு அமைச்சரவர்களால் 4,44,408 ரூபாவுக்கு ஒரு கல்லுடைக்கும் இயந்திரம் கொன்வனவு செய்யப்பட்டது. A metal crusher was purchased on a plan submitted by the Planning Ministry in 1980 for Rs. 444,408. Sir, up to now, for the last two years, this metal crusher is lying in a crate exposed to the elements in the office of the Superintending Engineer, Highways, at Batticaloa. Because this metal crusher was intended for Vellavali, a place in my electorate, the Hon. Minister, for reasons known to him, decided to shift it to one of this villages, Karadiyanar. If he had shifted the metal crusher and put it into use, I will not have any grudge about it, but for the last two years the metal cursher is lying in a crate and no one knows the actual condition of the machinery. It is really national waste! The Hon. Prime Minister, who speaks about waste and corruption, must investigate to find out how this national waste has taken place in this country.

அபிவிருத்தி சம்பந்தமான விஷயங்கள்பற்றி இன்னும் சில வற்றைக் கூற விரும்புகின்றேன். கௌரவ அமைச்சருடைய தொகுதியிலே அமைச்சர் தொண்டமானுடைய அமைச்சின் உதவியுடன் கோழிப் பண்ணேயொன்று அமைக்கப்படுகிறது. படமாட்டாது என்**ற வாக்குதி அ**ளி<mark>த்தபின்பும் இப்படியான</mark> அதற்காக கௌரவ பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சர் 7,40,000 பிரச்சினேகள் இருந்து கொண்டு இருக்கின்றன. மட்டக் ஆபாவை ஏற்கெனவே ஒதுக்கிடு செய்திருக்கிறுர். ஆ**ுல் அந்த க**ளப்பு மாகாணத்தில், மட்டக்களப்பு மாவட்டத்தில் இரு**க்**

புதிய மதிப்பீட்டின்படி அந்த வேலேக்கு ஏறத்தாழ ஒன்பது இலட்சம் ஆபா தேவைப்படுகின்றது. மிகுதிப் பணம் அதற்கு வழங்கப்படவில்லே. சுவிஸ் புரஜக்ட்டின் கீழ் கௌரவ கொண்டமானின் அமைச்சினுல் வழங்கப்பட்ட இயந்திரங் கள் ஏறத்தாழ முப்பது இலட்சம் ரூபா பெறுமதியானவை, அந்த இயந்திரங்கள் ஒன்றுக்கும் பயன்படாமல் பயனற்ற நிஸ்யிலே இருக்கின்றன. கௌரவ அமைச்சருடைய கொகுதி யிலே, சத்துருகொண்டான் என்ற இடத்திலே இன்ஞர் விவ சாயத் திட்டம் என ஒரு திட்டம் ஆரம்பிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கின் றது. அதற்கு மொத்த ஒதுக்கிடு 12 இலட்சம் ரூபா. ஏற் கெனவே செலவிடு செய்யப்பட்டிருக்கிற நிதி ஆறு இலட்சம். மிகுதிப் பணம் அந்தத் திட்டத்துக்கு வழங்கப்படாதுவிட் டால் அங்கே ஏற்கெனவே அமைக்கப்பட்ட கிணறுகள், எனேய அபிவிருக்கி வேலகள் அத்தனேயும் தாமதமாகிற நில ஏற்படலாம். இதனே அமைச்சர் கவனத்துக்கெடுக்க வேண்

கௌரவ அமைச்சர் எனது தொகுதிக்கு அழைக்கப்பட் டால் மகத்தான வரவேற்புக்கள் அளிக்கப்படுகின்றன. அண்மையில் களுதாவளே பிள்ளேயார் கோவிலுக்கு அவர் அழைக்கப்பட்டார். அந்தக் கோவிலின் நிர்வாகிகள் அவருக்கு ஒரு வேண்டுகோள் விடுத்தார்கள். கோவிலுக்குத் நீர்த்தக் குளம் ஒன்று அமைப்பதற்காக மூன்று இலட்சம் ரூபா வேண்டுமென்று கேட்டார்கள். இரண்டு கிழமைகளிலே காசோலேயை அனுப்பி வைப்ப**தாக அமைச்சர்** கூறினூர். இன் அவரை அவர்கள் காசோலேயைப் பெறவில்லே. இது போல எனது தொருதியில் பல இடங்களுக்கு அமைச்சர் விஜயம் செய்திருக்கிறர். அங்கெல்லாம் அவருக்கு சூதாகல வாவேற்பு அளிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கிறது. இவ் வரவேற்புகளில் என்ன வேண்டுகோள் விடுக்கப்பட்டாலும் அவர் கூறுவற ' இரண்டு கிழமைகளில் நல்ல செய்தி வரும்' என்பதுதால். ஐந்து இலட்சம் ரூபா குறைதிரப்பு கொண்டுவத்திருக்கிற பாதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சர்—ஏற்கனவே ஆரம்பிக்கப் பட்ட வேஃகளுக்கு நிதி ஒதுக்கிடு செய்ய முடியாத நிலேயிலே இருக்கிற பிரதேச அபிவிருந்தி அமைச்சர்—என் இப்படி. யான வைபவங்களுக்குப் போய் இப்படியான வாக்குறுதிகளே அளிக்க வேண்டும் என்று கேட்க விரும்புகிறேன்.

கௌசவ பிபதேச அடிவிருத்தி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் இந்து ஆலயங்களுக்கும் பொறுப்பாக இருக்கின்ற காரணத்தினுல் இந்து ஆலயங்கள் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட சில பேச்சினேகளேக் கூற விரும்புகிறேன். உசுந்தை முருகன் ஆலயம் மட்டக்கவப்பு மாகாணத்தின் தெற்கு எல்லேயில் இருக்கிறது. கிழக்கிலங்கை யில் பெயர்போன ஆலயம் இது. அண்மையில் கௌரவ பொ*ந்* துவில் இரண்டாவது பேரதிநிதி (திருமதி இரங்கநாயகி பத் மநாகன்) அங்கே சில அபிவிருத்தி வேலேகளேச் செய்வதற்கு நிதி _ஒதுக்கீடு செய்*தபோது* வனவிலங்குப் பகுதியி<mark>னர் தட</mark>ை யிட்டனர். பல முட்டுக்கட்டைகளின் முத்தியில் இந்த வேலே யைச் செய்ய வேண்டியதாக இருந்தது. அதற்கு முன்பு இந்த ஆலயத்தை வனவிலங்குப் பிரதேசப் பகுதியின் கொண்டு வருவதற்கு முயற்சு செய்யப்பட்டபோது அதைப் பற்றி நாம் அதி உத்தம சனுதிபதியுடன் பேசினேம். அப்படி அந்த ஆலயம் வனவிலங்குப் பகுதியின் கிழ் கொண்டு வரப் மதிப்பீடுகள் திரும்பப் பரிசிலணே செய்யப்பட்டதன் பின், கின்ற கௌரவ பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி, இந்து கலாசார

அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் இப்படியான பெரச்சிண்களிலே தமிழர் விடுதலேக் கூட்டணியினராகிய நாங்கள் தலேபிடுவதிலும் பார்க்க அவரே தலேயிட்டு இப்படியான பெரச்சிணேகளேத் தீர்த்து வைக்க வேண்டும்.

of the Tamil Language Act is a dead letter

அண்மையிலே கதிர்காமத்திற்குக் கால்நடையாகச் செல் <u>லும் சந்தர்ப்பம் எனக்கு ஏற்பட்டது. 1977 ஆம், ஆண்டு</u> <u>நடந்த இனக்கலவரத்திற்குப் பின் ஆயிரக்கணக்கான இ</u>த் துக்கள் உகந்தைப் பாதை மூலமாகத்தான் கதிர்காமத்திற் குக் கால்நடையாகச் செல்வார்கள். சென்ற மூன்று தினங் களிலே ஏறத்தாழ ஆருபிரம் யாத்திரிகர்களே நான் வழியிற் கண்டேன். அண்மையிலே அந்தப் பகுதியிலே வனவிலங்குப் பகுதியினர் ஒரு சட்டத்தைக் கொண்டு வந்திருக்கிறுர்கள். அதாவது உகந்தை ஆலயத்திலிருந்து கதிர்காமம் செல்லும் பக்தர்கள் காலே ஆறரை மணிக்கு முன் புறப்பட்டு வனவிலங் குப் பகுதியூடாகச் சென்று குமுக்கள் ஓயாவைக் கடக்க வேண்டும் என்பதும் இடையில் எந்த இடத்திலும் தங்கக் கூடாது என்பதும்தான் அச்சட்டம். ஏறத்தாழ உகந்தையில் இருந்து குமுக்கன் ஓயா 14 கட்டை வயோதிப இந்து யாத் நிரிகர்கள் ஒரு நாளிலோ, சில மணித்தியாலங்களிலோ இந் தப் 14 கட்டைகளேயும் நடந்து செல்ல முடியாது. வழக்கமாக வாகாவட்டை என்ற இடத்தில் தங்கித்தான் அடுத்த நாள் <mark>குமுக்கன் ஆறுக்குச்</mark> செல்வார்கள். பௌத்த மதத்தைப் போல எல்லா மதத்தையும் சமமாகக் கருதுவதாகக் கூறுகின் றது இந்த அரசாங்கம். கித்துள்பவ என்றதொரு பௌத்த தலம் யால வனவிலங்குப் பகுதியில் நட்ட நடுவில் இருக்கின் றது. இந்த இடத்திற்கு இரவோ பகலோ செங்கள பௌத்தர் கள் எந்த நேரமும் செல்ல முடியும். ஆனுல், இந்துக்குளாகிய கதிர்காம யாத்திரிகர்கள் காலே ஆறரை மணிக்கு முன்னர் வெளிக்ரிட்டு வனவிலங்குப் பகுதியைக் கடந்து குழுக்கள் ஓயாவுக்கு அப்பால் செல்ல வேண்டும். இது விடயமாகப் பல இந்துக்கள் கௌரவ பிரதேச அமைச்சருக்கு எழுக்கு மூலம் முறைப்பாடு கொடுத்திருக்கிறுர்கள். அதன் விபரங்கள் பத்தி ரிகைகளிலும் வெளியிடப்பட்டன. இது கிடயமாகக் கௌரவ பேதேச அபிவிருத்தி. இந்து கலாசார அமைச்சர் என்ன நட வடிக்கை எடுக்கப் போகின்குர் என்பதை அறிய விரும்பு ABomin.

கதிர்காமத்திலே இத்துக்கள் தங்குவதற்கென்று இருந்த திச்செயாரு மடத்தை—இராம் கிருஷன் மடுக்குக்—கடந்த அப்சாங்கம் சுவக்டத்த்து. இந்த அரசாங்கம் ஆட்சிக்கு வந்த பின்னர் எங்கள் மாவட்டத்தைச் சேர்ந்த இரு அமைச்சர்கள் கூற்னுகள், அந்த மடக்கை அரசாங்கக்குடமருந்து எடுக்கு மீண்டும் இராம கிருஷ்ண மிஷனிடம் ஒப்படைப் போ மென்று. ஆனுல், அதனே அவர்களாற் சாதிக்க முடியாமற் போய்விட்டது. அப்படியிருந்தும் 1982 ஆம் ஆண்டு மதிப் பீட்டிலே, கதிர்காமத்தில் ஓர் இந்து மடத்தை அமைப்பதற்கு 30 இலட்சம் ரூபா பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சுக்கு வழங் கப்பட்டுள்ளது. 1982 ஆம் ஆண்டுக்கான வரவு செலவு மதிப் பிடு சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்டதெப்போது? கெட்டத்த**ட்**ட எட்டு மாதங்கள் கடந்த பின் சென்ற கிழமைதான் கௌரவ பிர தேச அபினிருத்தி அமைச்சரவர்கள் அந்தக் கட்டடத்துக்கு அடிக்கல் நாட்டியிருக்கிறுர். ஆனல், அவர் அந்தக் கட்டடத் தைப் பூர்த்தி செய்வாசா என்பதில் நிச்சயமாக எனக்கு ஐய மிருக்கிறது: We ampldorg agail in asibama nwo riad

இந்த ஒதுக்கீட்டிலே பல அம்சங்கள் "ஐட்டமைஸ்" செய் யப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன. அத்தக் காசணத்தால் அவர் மூழு ஒதுக் கீட்டையும் செலவு செய்ய மாட்டாசென்ற ஐயம் எனக்கிருக் கின்றது. எனினும், "பிசதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சர் அப் படிப்பட்டவரல்ல; நிச்சயமாக அதனேக் கட்டி முடிப்பார்" என நினேத்தால் இந்தச் சபையிலே அவர் அதனேக் கூறட்டும்.

1978 ஆம் ஆண்டிலே ஏற்பட்ட சூருவளியினுற் பல இந்து ஆலயங்கள் பாதிக்கப்பட்டன. சில ஆலயங்களுக்குத் தவது தலாக கலாசார அலுவல்கள் அமைச்சின் நிதியிலிருந்து அவற்றைப் புனாமைக்க நிதி கிடைக்கவில்லே. அதன் பின் பத்திரிகைகளிலே ஓர் அறிக்கையைக் கௌரவ பிசதேச அபி விருத்தி அமைச்சரவர்கள் விடுத்திருந்தார். ஆலயங்கள் புன ரமைக்கப்படாளிட்டால் அவற்றுக்கு நிதி ஒதுக்கிடு செய்யத் தமக்கு விண்ணப்பிக்குமாறு அவர் கேட்டிருந்தார். அப்படி விண்ணப்பித்த பல ஆலய நிர்வாகிகளுக்கு அனுப்பப்பட்ட கடிதங்கள் எவ்னிடம் இருக்கின்றன. அவற்றில் ஒன்றை வாசித்துக்காட்ட விரும்புகின்றேன்.

"இந்து சமயத் திணேக்களம்

பிரதேச அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சு, தபால் பெட்டி இலக்கம் 1700, 244, காலி வீதி, கொழும்பு 4.

செயலாளர், கருணேடிகேப் பின்னோயார் ஆலையம், காக்காச்சிவட்டை, அளவு நடிக்கு நடிக்க

the five-member Board which was appointed, in Bulling

ு ஆலயங்களேப் பதிவு செய்தல் பா 925ம் நட

மேற்படி விஷயம் சம்பந்தமாகத் தங்களால் எனக்க<mark>னுப்பப்</mark> பட்ட விண்ணப்பம் சார்பாக, தங்கள் கரு²ணம[®]லப் **பிள்ளேயார்** ஆலயம், பிரதேச அபிவிருத்து அமைச்சின் இத்து சமயத் நிண<mark>க்</mark> களத்தால் பதிவு செய்யப்பட்டிருப்பதை மகிழ்ச்சியுடன் அறிய<mark>த்</mark> தருகின்றேன். தங்கள் ஆலயத்தின் பதிவு இலக்கம், 6/3/BT/7/P/77 ஆகும்.

எம்மோடு தொடர்புகொள்ளும்போது இந்தப் பதிவிலக்கத்தைத் தவருது குறிக்கும்படி அன்புடன் கேட்கின்றேன்.

> இங்ஙனம். அமைச்சின் பணிப்பாளர்_, சிவசாசா''

ஆனுல், இப்படிக் கடிதம் பெற்ற ஆலயங்களிலே எந்த <mark>ஓர்</mark> ஆலயத்துக்காவது கௌரவ பிரதேச அபிவிருத்**தி அமைச்சர்** நிதி ஒதுக்கீடு செய்யவில்லே

எனக்கு முன் பேசிய கேளாவ ஊர்காவற்றுறைப் பிரதிநிதி சிங்களத் தேர்ச்சியின்மை காரணமாக வேலே நீக்கம் செய்யப் பட்ட சிற்றூலியர்களேப் பற்றிக் குறிப்பிட்டார். 1979 ஆண் டின் பின் சிங்களத் தேர்ச்சியின்மை காரணமாக வேலே நீக் கம் செய்யப்பட்ட சில சிற்றூழியர்கள் மீண்3ம் கடமையால் அமர்த்தப்பட்டிருக்கிருர்கள். ஆளுல், அதற்கு முன்னர் வேலே [8. ගතෝ පිරිංගම් මහතා] நீக்கம் செய்யப்பட்ட சிற்றாழியர்களின் நிஃயென்ன இன்று வரை அவர்களுக்கு எந்த ஒரு நிவாரணமும் வழங்கப்பட வில்லே:

விவசாய விஸ்தரிப்பு உத்தியோகத்தர்கள் சங்கத்தினுல் எனக்கு அனுப்பப்பட்ட ஒரு கடிதம் என்னிடத்தில் இருக் கின்றது மட்டக்களப்பு, அம்பாறை மாவட்டங்களிலே சேவை செய்த இவர்களின் சேவைகள் நீக்கப்பட்டுவிட்டன சிங்களத் தேர்ச்செயீன்மைக்காக அக்கடிதத்திலே குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட வற்றை நான் இங்கு வாசிக்கின்றேன்:

LOSS OF PROFESSION DUE TO NON PROFICIENCY IN SINHALA – KVS/DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

We the undersigned employed as Kurushikarma Viyapthi Sevaka in the Department of Agriculture and were serving in Batticaloa and Amparai Districts had been terminated from service due to not obtaining the Proficiency in Sinhala Language, though some of us had passed proficiency grades I and II.

- 1. Mr. K. Kathiresapillai.
- 2. Mr. S. Sivagnanam.
- 3. Mr. V. Thambipillai.
- 4. Mr. K. Thambipillai.
- 5. Mr. N. Sivanesathurai.
- Mr. V. Vannamani.
- 7. Mr. T. Poopalaretnam.
- 8. Mr. V. Iyathurai.
- 9. Mr. N. Govindarajah.
- 10. Mr. K. Vinayagamoorthy.
- 11. Mrs. T. Ratnam.
- 12. Mr. T. Sellathamby.

All these persons had not been reinstated. The Hon. Minister of Regional Development is also a Member of the five-member Board which was appointed to look into this matter. I wish to know the remedy they have in mind for these minor employees who lost their jobs.

Similarly, there are several other minor employees who had lost their jobs due to non-proficiency in Sinhala. One Markandu Mailvaganam, a Fiscal Process Server, who joined the service in 1960, was discontinued for non-proficiency in Sinhala. Then, Sir, one S. Ponnampalam, a weaving demonstrator who is a lame person, was also discontinued from service for non-proficiency in Sinhala.

கௌரவ பிரதேச அடின்ருத்தி அமைச்சரவர்களிடததில் குற்றம் காணும் தோக்கத்தோடு இவற்றை நான் இங்கே கூற வில்லே பிரதசே அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சரவர்கள் 5 மாவட்டங் களின் அபிவிருத்திக்கும் பொறுப்பாக இருக்கின்ருர். என்னு டைய தொகுதியில்—அமைச்சருடைய மாவட்டத்தில்—அமைச்சருடைய மாவட்டத்தில்—சற் கனவே ஆரம்பிக்கப்பட்ட வேலேகளே யாவது பூர்த்திசெய்ய வேண்டும்: இதற்காக அமைச்சர் நடவடிக்கை எடுக்க வேண்டும் என்ற நோக்கத்துடனேயே நான் இவற்றை இங்கே கூறிவைக்ககேன்றேன். நன்றி

වී. යෝගේ ස්වර්න් හෙත: (යාපනය) (இரு. வெ. யோகேஸ்வரன்—யாழ்ப்பாணம்) (Mr. V. Yogeswaran—Jaffna)

The Hon. Minister of Rural Development was one person who was appointed as Minister by amending the Constitution. The Government thought so much of him

that the Constitution which was amended a number of times was amended to accommodate him. But, as the hon. Member for Kayts (Mr. K. P. Ratnam) has stated, absolutely no work has been done. The implementation of the Tamil Language Act is a dead letter. It is a fraud. There is no question about that. The Tamil-speaking people have been taken for a big ride. They appointed him as Minister and he was entrusted with the task of implementing the Tamil Language (Special Provisions) Act, but nothing was done. Absolutely nothing was done. As I just mentioned, a Constitution of the country was amended to make him to cross over from the TULF to the Government. They thought such an important man is coming, we must amend the Constitution and take him into the Cabinet and he will do wonders.

What he has done to us, as the hon. Member for Kayts and the hon. Member for Paddiruppu said, is that he always promises anything. That I think is due to his kind heart. Mr. Speaker, according to a Sinhalese proverb a kind-hearted lady is always in trouble. He promises everything. This is a vicious circle— (Interruption). No. He promises to all, to everybody. The problem is temples and associations invite him and give him a reception expecting money from him. He feels that because they had accorded him a reception he should give them money. This is a vicious circle. He has not been allocated with any money. That is the biggest scandal of all. He is allocated no money.

About the number of persons who have lost their jobs because of lack of proficiency in Sinhala, the hon. Member for Kopay has enumerated the number. What has the Hon. Minister done about this for the last six years? Nothing! There is one person by the name of Rajakulendran Rajakulasingam who was working for 15 or 16 years lost his job because of non-proficiency in Sinhala. He wrote a letter to me every week. On the envelope he used to write "M. P. for Jaffna. Personal. Very urgent". He wrote to me saying "After nearly twenty years I am discontinued from service. Do something for me." Of course, I contacted the Ministry and sent the letters to them. Earlier, there was an Additional Secretary who was a very nice and efficient officer, Mr. Manickawasagar. He was a friend of mine. He said, "Yes, But these cases cannot be be dealt with singly. These must be submitted en block to the Cabinet for a ruling. Then we can do something." This was about a year or two back. Subsequently also he continued to write letters to me once a week on this question. In the last letter he wrote to me he said, "I am not writing to you any more. I want to go and join an Ashram." He has renounced the world because of the Minister of Regional Development. In his letter he said, "I am joining an Ashram. You will do nothing."

I am not complaining, as I told you, as regards the problems of the Tamil-speaking people. They must find their own remedies for these problems. Why should I

complain? The Hon, Minister will say something and go off, and nothing will happen. The Tamil Language (Special Provisions) Act is a dead letter. It is like the famous emperor's robe. Everybody is saying that the man is coming down in golden robes, but I see him stark naked! Very few hon. Members come and tell the House that, but I can tell the House. So, this is the real problem.

Now, with regard to the matter of public servants who lost their jobs, nothing has happened for the last six years. As regards the implementation nothing has happened. It is in the Constitution, but it is a dead letter!

There is one more matter. The hon. Member for Paddiruppu (Mr. P. Ganeshalingam) said that the Hon. Minister of Regional Development goes everywhere, he is given receptions, and he promises everything. At the meetings he says, "In two weeks time you will get some good news". That is not the language of a Minister. That is the language of astrologers—in two weeks time you get good news!

The Mahadeva causeway connects Mannar and Jaffna. The Prime Minister, when he came to Jaffna, had a conference in Jaffna. We do not attend any of the functions except official functions of the Prime Minister. We went to the Secretariat and raised the queston of the Mahadeva Causeway. The Prime Minister said, "If you want it under the decentralized Budget, you start it this year. Subsequently, I will see that it is funded by the Central Government and the Highways will complete the work." The Hon. Minister of Regional Development is also a kind hearted man. He said "Yes, I will give you fifteen lakhs. Rs 1.5 million will be given by the Regional Development Ministry for the Mahadeva Causeway". The sum of Rs. 1.5 million is an itemized expenditure for the Mahadeva Causeway. We were all very happy when he said that. But the money has not come. I have gone to the Ministry and even today I went to the Ministry. They say that the Minister has withdrawn from the itemized expenditure ten lakhs of rupees for a bridge in Batticaloa and that the balance left is only five lakhs. They told me about two or three weeks ago that the money has been sent, but the money has not been sent. I do not need this five lakhs. I do not think that even fifty cents will come out of it.

I ask the Hon. Minister to please tell the Prime Minister to implement what he said, to start the work. We are doing half of the work through *Shramadana*. He said, "Start the work this year. Next year Highways will do the work ". Please ask your Prime Minister to do that. You promised Rs. 1.5 million. Tommorow tell your offficials to send this Rs. 1.5 million and honour your word. Please tell them that you promised it. Take one of the telephones out of the 1000-odd telephones you have in this building and tell your officials to send the money.

එම්. සිටසිනම්පරම මහතා (නල්ලුර්) (තිලුං ගේ සිගහිතරා (හැල්ලාර්) (Mr. M. Sivasithamparam—Nallur)

We do not often see the Hon. Minister and do not speak about him. It is very rarely that he comes to this House. But when he comes we want to say something about him. My Colleagues of the TULF have already spoken about acts of omission of the Hon. Minister, but there is one act of omission which I do not think that anyone can forgive the Hon. Minister for. As you know, we put up a memorial for the revered Leader of the Hon. Minister, the late Chelvanayagam. To incorporate that Trust in the name of that revered gentleman I had to introduce a Private Member's Bill in this House. I introduced a Private Member's Bill in this House six nmonths ago and as was required by the Standing Orders of this House, that Bill was sent to the Hon. Minister for report. Sir, six months have elapsed to date but the report has not come to this House. It is not about anybody else, it is about that gentleman who made him a man, that gentleman who brought him to politics, that gentleman who made him a Member of Parliament. We want to incorporate a bill in his name, but six months have gone, and the Hon. Minister has not sent that report to this House. A number of reminders have been sent by the staff of the House asking for the report, and ultimately, Mr. Deputy Speaker, I wrote to Mr. Speaker that, if the report does not come, I want that Bill sent down for the Second Reading. Now, that is an act of omission for which we can never forgive the Hon. Minister because that Bill is in the name of that gentleman who made him, and we are trying to incorporate that trust, to make it a charitable trust, to make that trust work, and here is an Hon. Minister who sits on that Bill for the last six months. It was sent in December and six months have passed since then, but no report has come. It is a very simple Bill and there is nothing involved. It is merely a report in order to satisfy the conditions of the Standing Orders. I am only sorry that in this matter the Hon. Minister should have treated us in this way.

Mr. Deputy Speaker, the Hon. Minister organized a Hindu Conference and there are a lot of stories about this Conference. We want the Hon. Minister to table the accounts of that conference, because I have reliable information that a lot of money had been colleted in India. I have information that he Chief Minister of Pondicheri had given a lakh, and that others too have given monies towards this Hindu Conference. I have also information that they have not yet settled the food bill for this conference. It is a matter of disgrace to all of us, because here was a conferene held under the auspices of the Government and His Excellency the President was present. So, let us know what the accounts are. It is a number of months since the conference was held, and we want to know how much was spent, how much was collected, so that the whole world will know that there was no hanky-panky about this conference; that the [එම්. සිවසිතම්පරම් මහතා]

accounts are all above board. I do not know, but I hear stories about this conference. I am not vouching for the truth of those stories, but certainly there is a bounden duty for the Hon. Minister to table the accounts of that conference in this House, so that all of us can be satisfied.

Sir, I do not want to repeat matters that have already been said about the implementation of the language Bill. But I must say that you have transferred the one man who understood about the language problem. Mr. Manickavasagar was one man in your Ministry who knew something about this matter, and he has been transferred. He has been transferred for very good reasons; I know why he was transferred. So, the one man who could have done something for the public servants, who understood the problems of the public servants has been transferred. Today, postmasters from Batticaloa have gone to the Hon. Minister. The Hon. Minister is a very pleasant gentleman to deal with. He never refuses anything when the Postmasters and others go to him. He says, "That is a very small matter; I will settle it". But they wait and wait and wait. Then of course, failing to get redress from him, they come to us. What can we do? Therefore, I do ask the Hon. Minister to take some very prompt action and see that some justice is done to the public servants who have been affected.

Sir, I want once again to appeal to the Hon. Minister for Regional Development, to sent the report so that we can incorporate that Bill during the lifetime of this Parliament, because he was the gentleman who made him. That is an appeal that I make to the Hon. Minister, because he might disclaim all of us, but he cannot disclaim that gentleman. Therefore, I do ask that he send that report as early as possible.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (අත්තනගල්ල) (திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி—அத்தனகல்ல) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody—Attanagalla)

Sir, I would not have spoken on this, but I find that this Supplementary Estimate has to be withdrawn. This is in settlement of an Addvance Account No. 3–I read from the Supplementary Estimate itself-of the Contingencies Fund in the financial year of 1979. What have you been doing all these years? The Hon. Minister cannot submit this. Under the law what he has to do is-if it was in 1979, he had 1980-he should show an excess in his Ministry then. He has passed the year 1981 also and now he comes here in 1982. I have been just asking a colleague of mine who has been serving in the Committee and he agreed with me just now. I do not want to mention his name, because it will authentically come.

I do not think we can pass this, Sir. I do not know why he got late. This is a sum of money that he has to pay on programme 1, Object 1-which is recurrent expenditure. Therefoe, he has to pay Rs.445,000 for staff salaries. Then for promotion of Hindu Religious and Cultural Affairs, object Code 1, Rs. 13,000. For what is that? Does he know what he has been spending for? Then for Object Code 5, Rs. 12,000. Then Object Code 7, Rs. 30,000. Sometimes it is stated on these papers that Cabinet approval is given. But I must say that in this supplemenary Estimate. I do not see that at all. That Certificate is not given.

Therefore, I would like the Hon. Minister not to press for a division on this today. I would request the Hon. Minister to go back to his Ministry, ask from the Treasury, and find out whether what he is doing is correct, find out whether the Contigencies Fund has been withdrawn, and whether it is correct for us to pass this and then come to the House. I do not think it is fair by hon. Members to pass this amount of money without saying even in this document that at least Cabinet approval is obtained. I keep it open for the Hon. Minister to decide.

සි. රාජදුරේසි මහතා (පුාදේශිය සැවිඩින ඇමතිතුමා) (ගිල හි. බුහාඅතුගහ—ශිහරිතු ආශිෂිලිත්ති அගෙරාජාර්) (Mr. C. Rajadurai—Minister of Regional Development)

கௌரவ பிரதிச் சபாநாயகரவர்களே, இக்குறை நிரப்புப் புரோணேயில் கௌரவ அங்கத்தினர் வெளியிட்ட கருத்துக் களே நான் மிகவும் அவதானமாகக் கவனித்துக் கொண்டி ருந்தேன் ஊர்காவற்றுறைப் பிரதிநிதியவர்கள் தமிழ்மொழி அமுலாக்கலில் ஏற்பட்டிருக்கின்ற தாமதங்களேயும், சிக்கல் களேயும், தமிழ் மக்கள மனதிலே இருக்கின்ற சந்தேகங்களே யும் வழக்கம் போல இங்கே எடுத்துக் கூறிஞர்கள். இந்நாட் டில் மொழிப் பிரச்சிணே ஏற்பட்டதற்குப் பின்னர், தமிழ் மொழிப் பிரச்சிணேயைத் தீர்ப்பதற்கு, காலத்துக்குக்காலம் பதனிக்கு வந்தபல அரசாங்கங்கள் பல நடவடிக்கைகளே எடுத்த போதிலும் சூழ்நிலேகள், அரசியல் கொந்தளிப்புகள் காரணமாக, அவை அமுல் நடத்தப்படாமல் போனதை அர சியல் வரலாறு 1956 க்குப் பின் நிதர்சனமாகக் காட்டியிருக் கிறதா. 1956 ஆம் ஆண்டிலும் 1965 ஆம் ஆண்டிலும் பின்னர் அதைக் தொடர்ந்து வந்த ஒவ்வோர் அரசாங்க காலத்திலும் இந்நாட்டுக்குத் தமிழ் பேசும் தேசிய இனத்தினுடைய மொழிப் பிரச்சிணேயைத் இர்ப்பதற்குப் பல அரசாங்கங்களு**ம்** முனேந்து அவற்றில் வெற்றிகாண முடியாமலிருந்ததை நாம் அறிவோம். இந்த அரசாங்கம் பெரும்பான்மைப் பலத்தோடு ஆட்சிப் பொறுப்பை ஏற்றபின் அரசியல் அனுபவமும் தீர்க்க தரிசனமும் கொண்ட எமது அதி உத்தம சடுகிபதி அவர்கள், இந்நாட்டின் அபிவிருத்திக்கு இந்நாட்டிலே வாழுகின்ற சிறு பான்மை மக்களின் ஒத்துழைப்பும் நம்பிக்கையும் தேவை என்பதை அறிந்து, அதுதான் இந்நாட்டின் உண்மையான அபினிருத்திக்குத் தூணே செய்யும் என்பதை அறிந்து, பல சமூகங்களுக்குமிடையில் பாஸ்பர ஒற்றுடையை உருவாக்க வேண்டுமென்று உணர்ந்து, இந்நாட்டின் அரசியல் சாசனத் **திலே தமிழ் மொழியை ஒரு தேசிய மொழியாகப் பிரகடனப்** படுத்திரை. புறை வின்றிய வல நிறு நாம் தவிப்பார் வின்றி

இந்தாட்டின் தமிழ் பேசும் மக்களின் அரசியல் வரலாற்றில் அதி உன்ன தமான இடத்தை வகித்த தந்தை செல்வா அவர் கள், தமிழ் பேசும் மக்களுக்கு வழங்கப்பட வேண்டிய அரசி யல் உரிமைகள் அரசாங்க வர்த்தமானி மூலம் ஒரு போதும் வழங்கப்படக்கூடாது : அவற்றை அரசியல் சாசனத்திலேயே வழங்க வேண்டும் என்று வற்புறுத்தினர்கள். 1956 ஆம் ஆண் டுக்குப்பின் இந்நாட்டில் மொழிப்பிரச்சிணகள் தடு தாக்கிய தற்குப் பிறகு, 1972 ஆம் ஆண்டில் இந்நாட்டு அரசியல் சாச னம் எழுதப்பட்டது. அதுவரையில் இந்நாட்டின் அரசியல் சாசனம் ஒரு வெளிநாட்டு அரசியல் மேதையினுலேயே எழு தப்பட்டிருந்ததை நாடு அறியும். 1972 ஆம் ஆண்டு உருவாக் கப்பட்ட அரசியல் சாசனத்திலே தமிழ் பேசும் மக்களின் தாய்மொழியான தமிழ் மொழியின் உரிமைகள் முற்றுக மறு தலிக்கப்பட்டதை இந்நாட்டு வர்லாறு காட்டும் அவற்றை எல்லாம் இங்கே சொல்லப்போனுல் எனது பேச்சு நீண்ட பேச்சாக அமைந்து விடும்.

அதற்குப் பிறகு இரண்டாவது தடவையாக இந்நாட்டு அரசியல் சாசனம் ஐக்கிய தேசியக் கட்சி அரசாங்கத்தின் காலத்திலே உருவாக்கப்பட்டது. அந்த அரசியல் சாசனத் இலே மிகவும் துணிவோடும், இந்நாட்டுத் தமிழ் பேசும் மக்க ளின் நம்பிக்கையைப் பெறுவது மட்டுமல்ல, அவர்களுடைய மனதிலே இருக்கின்ற சந்தேகங்களேயும் நிவிர்த்தி செய்ய வேண்டுமெனக் கருதி தமிழ் பேசும் மக்களேயும் இந்நாட்டின் தேசிய இனமாகக் கருதி இந்த அரசாங்கத்தின் தலேவர் உரு வாக்கிய அரசியல் சாசனத்திலே தமிழ் மொழியைத் தேசிய மொழியர்கப் பிரகடனப் படுத்திஞர். அதைத் தொடர்ந்து தமிழ் பேசும் மக்களுக்குப் பல உரிமைகள் அரசியல் சாசனத் திலே வழங்கப்பட்டது என்பதை எவரும் மறுக்க முடியாது. பல மொழிகளேப் பேசுகின்ற மக்கள் வாழ்கிற ஒரு நாட்டிலே, பல மதங்கள் இருக்கிற ஒரு நாட்டிலே பல ஆண்டுகாலமாக இருந்து வந்த செக்கல்களேயும், தீராத பிரச்சிணேகளேயும் ஒரே கால கட்டத்தில் தீர்த்து முடித்துவிட வேண்டும் என்று நாங் கள் நினேப்பது வாவேற்கக் கூடிய ஒன்று. ஆளுல், அதனே நடைமுறைப்படுத்தும்போது அதிலேயிருக்கிற செக்கல்கள், அதிலேயிருக்கிற தாமதங்கள், ஏற்கெனவே ஏற்பட்டிருக்கிற தழும்புகள் இவற்றையெல்லாம் பரிசீலனே செய்து மெல்ல மெல்லக் கொண்டு வர வேண்டியது அரசியல் தலேவருடைய கடமையாகும்.

மாண்புமிகு ஊர்காவற்றுறை பேசுதித்தி அவர்கள் இந்த நாட்டிலே வாழுகின்ற தமிழ் பேசும் மக்களுடைய மனதிலே சந்தேகங்கள், அதிருப்திகள், ஏமாற்றங்கள், தோல்விகள், நம்பிக்கையீனங்கள் இருக்கின்றன எனச் சுட்டிக் காட்டினர். அவற்றை இல்லாமற் செய்வதற்கு இந்த அரசாங்கம் படிப்படியாக நடவடிக்கைகளே எடுக்கு வருகின்றது என்பதை எவரும் மறுதலிக்க முடியாது. தனிச் சிங்களச் சட்டத்தினுல் கடந்த அரசாங்கங்களின் காலங்களிற் பாதிக்கப்பட்ட அரசாங்க ஊழியர்கள் அதற்கான விமோசனங்களேப் பேறவில்லே என்று சுட்டித் காட்டினர்கள். ஆனுல், எங்களுடைய அமைச் சிலே அத்தகைய அரசாங்க உத்தியோகத்தர்களுடைய அமைச் சிலே அத்தகைய அரசாங்க உத்தியோகத்தர்களுடைய கடிதங்கள் தினமும் வந்து குவிந்துகொண்டேயிருக்கின்றன. அவற்றை நாம் பரிசீலனே செய்கிரேம்; படிக்கிறேம். அவை பற்றிய நடவடிக்கைகளே மேற்கொள்கிறேம்.

இந்த ஆண்டு எங்கள் அமைச்சினுல் தயாரிக்கப்பட்ட சுற்று நிருபம் போது நிர்வாக அமைச்சினும் சட்டமா அதிபரினு லும் பல தடவைகள் பரிசிலணே செய்யப்பட்டு, திருத்தப்பட்டு

இன்னும் இதில் எவற்றைச் சேர்த்து இந்த நாட்டின் தமிழ் பேசும் தேசிய இனத்தினுடைய அவநம்பிக்கையைப் போக்க லாம் என ஆராயப்பட்டது. இந்த நாட்டில் தமிழ் பேசும் தேசிய இனத்தினுடைய அவநம்பிக்கையை எவ்வாறு போக்க லாம் என்ற நடவடிக்கைகளே எனது அமைச்சும் பொது நிர் வாக அமைச்சும் மேற்கொண்டிருக்கிறது என்பதை நான் இந் தச் சந்தர்ப்பத்திலே சொல்லிவைக்க விரும்புகின்<mark>றேன். வட,</mark> கிழக்கு மாகாணங்களேப் பொறுத்த அளவிலே இன்று ஏற் படுத்தப்பட்டிருக்கின்ற மாவட்ட அபிவிருத்திச் சபைகள் மூலம் இம் மாகாணங்களின் நிர்வாகங்கள் அனேத்தையும் முற் ருக தமிழ் மொழியிலேயே நடத்துவதற்கான சந்தர்ப்பங்கள், வாய்ப்புக்கள், வசதிகள் கிடைத்திருக்கின்றன. வட, கிழக்கு மாகாணங்களுக்கு வெளியிலேயுள்ள தமிழ் பேசும் மக்கள் அரசாங்கத்தோடு தமிழிலே தொடர்புகொள்ளலாம் என்று அரசியல் சாசனத்திலே இருந்த போதிலும், தமிழ் பேசும் மக்கள் அப்படித் தொடர்புகொள்கிறபொழுது அவர்களுக்கு உரிய பதிலேச் சொத்த மொழியிலே பெறுவதிற் சில சிக்<mark>கல்கள்</mark> இருக்கத்தான் செய்கின்றன. அரசாங்கத் திணேக்களங்களுக் சூத் தட்டுப்பொறி இயந்திரங்களேக் கொடுத்துதவுவதோடு தமிழ் சுருக்கெழுத்து, தட்டெழுத்தாளர்களுக்குப் பயிற்சி அளிப்பதற்கான திட்டமொன்றும் வகுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கின்றது. அப்படிச் செய்கின்ற பொழுதுதான் வட, கிழக்கு மாகாணங் களுக்கு வெளியிலே இருக்கின்ற தமிழ் பேசும் மக்கள் அச சாங்கத்தோடு தங்கள் தொடர்புகளே தமிழ் மொழியிலே செய் யக்கூடிய சூழ்நிலே உருவாகும்.

எனது அமைச்சு 1979 ஆம் ஆண்டு உருவாக்கப்பட்டபோதி லும் அது அதனது செயற்பாடுகளே 1980 ஆம் ஆண்டிலே தான் செய்யக்கூடிய வசதிகளும் வாய்ப்புகளும் ஏற்பட்டது என் பதை நீங்கள் அறிய வேண்டும். ஒரு காலத்திலே இந்த அமைச்சு பலவிதமாக விமர்ச்சிக்கப்பட்டது. அவற்றையெல் லாம் நாம் பொறுமையோடு கேட்டுக் கொண்டிருந்தோம். ஆனுல், அமைச்சு அதனது கடமைகளேச் செய்யத் தொடங் கிய பொழுது உத்தியோக மொழிச் சட்டத்தால் பாதிக்கப் பட்ட பலர் எங்களுடைய அமைச்சின் சார்பாக வெளியிடப் பட்ட மலர் எங்களுடைய அமைச்சின் சார்பாக வெளியிடப் பட்ட எற்று நிருபத்தினுல் விமோசனம் பேற்றதும் இந்த நாட்டின் தேசியப் பத்திரிகைகள் அதனேப் பாராட்டித் தீலேயங்கங் கள் எழுதின. எனவே, இந்தப் பிரச்சினே மேல்ல மெல்லத் நிர்க்க வேண்டிய ஒரு பிரச்சின் என்பதை அரசியலில் நல்ல அனுபவமும் முதிர்ச்சியும் பேற்ற என்னுடைய முதிப்புக்குரிய அங்கத்தவர்கள் ஒப்புக்கொள்ளமே செய்வார்கள் என்று நம்பு கிறேன்.

மாண்புமிகு ஊர்காவற்றுறைப் பொதிநிறி தமிழ் மொழி அமு லாக்க துணேக்குழுவைச் சந்திக்க வேண்டும் என விரும்பியது உண்மை. அர்தச் சந்திப்புக்கு வாய்ப்புகளே ஏற்படுத்த வேண் டும் என நான் விரும்பிரிருத்தேன். அவருடைய கடிதங்கள் வந்த நோத்திலே அலே உலக இந்து மகாநாட்டன் வேலேகள் அசிகமாக இருத்த காரணத்தால் அதை அந்தக் காலத்திலே செப்ப முடியாது போய்விட்டது. அவர் வழக்கம்போல எனக்கு ஒரு ஞாபகருட்டற் கடிதத்தை எழுதியிருப்பாராகுல் நிச்சமமாக அந்தத் துண்க்குழுவைச் சந்திப்பதற்கு வாய்ப்பு அனித்திருப்போம். என்னுடைய செயலாளரை அழைத்து இப் டியாக ஊர்காவற்றுறை பெதிநிதி அவர்கள் முதற்றடவை யாக எனது அமைச்சுக்குக் கடிதம் எழுதியிருக்கிரர்; அவ ரிடமிருந்து பெறவேண்டிய ஆலோசனேகள் பல இருக்கும்; ஆகவே ஏற்பாடு செய்யுங்கள் என்று சொன்னதை இங்கே உறுதிப்படுத்த விரும்புகிறேன். ஆனல், அந்த தோத்திலே

[සි. රාජදුරෙයි මහතා]

இருந்த சூழ்நிலேகள் அதற்கு முற்ருக இடம் தாவில்லே என்று வருத்தத்தோடு இந்தச் சந்தர்ப்பத்திலே தெரிவித்துக் கொள் இறேன். அவர் சுட்டிக் காட்டிய அத்தணேக்கும் ஏற்பாடுகளேச் செய்வதற்கு நாம் முயற்கிப்போம் என்பதையும் இந்தச் சந் தர்ப்பத்திற் சொல்லவிரும்புகிறேன்.

பட்டிருப்புப் பிரநிநி அவர்கள் (திரு. பூ. கணேசலிங்கம்) பல பேரச்சுவேகளே இங்கே தினப்பிருர்கள். இந்தக் குறைநிரப் புப் புரேரீண காலம் கடந்து கொண்டு வரப்படுமின்றது என்று அவர் சொன்னர். அனுபவம் இல்லாத, மிகக் குறைந்த எண்ணிக்கையான உத்தியோகத்தர்களே வைத்துக்கொண்டு இந்த அமைச்சை நாங்கள் நடத்த வேண்டிய கஷ்டத்திற்குள் ளாக இருந்தோம் என்பது உங்களுக்குத் தெரியும். இந்த அமைச்சுத் தொடங்கப்பட்ட நேரம் அதிற் கடமை புரிவதற் குப் பலர் விருப்பமில்லே. அந்தச் சூழ்நிலேயை மாற்றி இந்தச் செலவுகளேச் செய்தபோது அனுபவமும் ஆற்றலும் வாய்ந்த உத்தியோகத்தர்களே இந்த ஆண்டுதான் எடுக்கக்கூடியதர்க இருந்தது. கௌரல பட்டிருப்புப் பிரதிநிதி அவர்கள் கிளப் பிய பல பிரச்சினேகளுள் ஒன்று அவருடைய தொகுதிக்கு நான் போகேன்றபோது வாக்குறுநிகளே மாத்திரம் அளித்து விட்டு வருகின்றேன் என்பது. அப்படி அளிக்கப்பட்ட வாக் குறுதிகள் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன; நிறைவேற்றப்படு கின்றன என்பதை நான் அவருக்கு மிகுந்த அன்போடு சொல்லிவைக்க விருப்புகிறேன்.

இந்த அமைச்சு உருவாக்கப்பட்டபோது வடக்கு, கிழக்கு மாகாண்ங்களிலுள்ள அரசாங்க அதிபர்களுக்கு எங்கள் அமைச்சின் சார்பில் சந்து திருபங்களே அனுப்பினும். உங்க ஞரைய மாவட்டங்களில் எற்தெந்த அபினிருத்தி வேலேகளேச் செய்ய வேண்டும் என்பதைப் பந்திய விபரங்களேத் திரட்டி அனுப்புங்கள் என்ற கேட்டோம். ஆகுல், நான் மிகுந்த உறுதியோடு சொல்ல விரும்புவது எங்கள் அமைச்சுக் கேட்ட அபிவிருத்தி பற்றிய விபரங்களே நாம் பெற முடியாது இருந் தோம் என்பதுதான். எமது அமைச்சுத் தீண்டத்தகாத அமைச்சாகக் கருதப்பட்டது.

වී. සෝගේ ස්වරන් මනතා (திரு. வெ. யோகேஸ்வரன்)

(Mr. V. Yogeswaram)

எங்களிடம் எதுவும் அப்படிக் கேட்கப்படவில்வ

සි. රාජදුරේසි මහතා (කිල- ශ්. බුණ කුණක)

(Mr. Rajadurai)

விபாம் கேட்டு உங்களுக்கு எதுவும் அனுப்பப்படவில்லே.

மாகாண அரசாங்க அதிபர்களுக்கே அனுப்பினேம். அவர்
களிடமிருந்து உரிய அபிவிருத்தித் திட்டங்களேப் பற்றி உரிய
பதில்கள் ஒன்றுமே கிடைக்காமல் இருந்தது. எனவே
வடக்கு, சிழக்கு மாகாணங்களுக்கு நாங்களே வலிந்து திட்
டங்களேத் டுட்டவேண்டிய நிலேயில் இருந்தோம். யாழ்ப்
பாணம் முழங்காவில் இள்ளுர் குடியேற்றத் திட்டத்திற்கு
எங்கள் அமைச்சின் சார்பிலே பெரும் தொகையான
பணத்தை வழங்கினேம். பல இலட்சக் கணக்கான சூபாக்
களேப் பெற்ற இந்த அமைச்சு வடக்கு, கிழக்கு மாகாணங்
களுக்கு என்ன அபிவிருத்தி வேலேகளேச் செய்திருக்கின்றது
என்று கௌரல பட்டிருப்புப் பிரதிநிதி கேட்டார். வடக்கு
கிழக்கு மாகணங்களில் எங்கள் அமைச்சு என்ன அபி
விருத்தி வேலேகளேச் செய்திருக்கின்றதென்பதைப் பற்றி
எழுத்துமேலம் இத்தச் சபையிலே உள்ள ஒல்வொரு பிரதி

நிதிக்கும் இரண்டு கிழமைகளுக்குள் நாங்கள் விபரங்களே அனுப்பி வைப்போம்.

பருத்தித்துறைத் தொகுதியிலே திக்கத்திற்கு மின்சாரம் கொடுக்க நாம் நிதி கொடுத்திருக்கிரும். யாழ்ப்பாணத்திலே **காரைநகருக்கு மின்சாரம் கொடுக்க நாம் நிதி கொடுத்திருக்** இரேம். யாழ்ப்பாணம் ஆஸ்பத்திரிக்கு மார்பு நோயாளரின் நன்மைக்காக அங்கு 13 இலட்சம் ரூபாக்களேக் கொடுத்திருக் இரும். முல்லேத்திவு மாவட்டம் சுதந்திரம் பெற்ற முப்பது ஆண்டுகளின் பின் என்னுடைய அமைச்சின் சார்பில்தான் முதல் தடவையாக யின்சாரத்தைப் பெற்றிருக்கின்றது. அங்கு நாற்பது இலட்சம் சூபாக்களே மின்சாரத்திற்காகக் கொடுத்திருக்கிறேம். ஆகவே, தீங்கள் கேட்கிறீர்கள் என்ன செய்திருக்கின்றீர்கள் என்று. மன்னுரில், நெடுங்கேணியில் ீர்ப்பாசன வசதி இல்லாமல் இருந்த விலசாரிகளுக்கு lift irrigation தெட்டத்திற்காக இந்த அமைச்சின் சார்பிலே தி தி கொடுத்து திட்டம் வேற்றிகாமாக நடைபெறுகின்றது. திலமன்னுரில் பிடிக்கப்படும் மீனேப் பதப்படுத்த முடியாமல் இருந்தது. அங்கு ஒரு ஐஸ் தொழிற்சாலேயை அமைக்க எமது அமைச்சென் சார்பிலே நிதி கொடுத்திருக்கிறேம். அதேபோல மன்ளுரிலே கால்நடைத் தொழிலில் ஈடுபட்டுள்ளவர்களுக்கா கப் பால் சேகரிக்கும் தொழிற்சாஃக்காகப் பணம் கொடுத் திருக்கிறேம். சேருவாவிலயிலே பிரம்புக் தொழிலும் இதர தொழில்களும் செய்வதற்கும் பணம் கொடுத்திருக்கிறேம். வடக்கு, கிழக்கு மாகாணங்களிற் பல அபிவிருத்தி வேலே களுக்கு எமது அமைச்சின் சார்பிலே பணம் கொடுத்திருக் இரேம். எடதை அடைச்சுப் பொறுப்பேற்றபின் எந்தெந்த அபிவிருத்தி வேலேகளே நாம் பொறுப்பேற்று இந்த மாகா ணங்களில் செய்திருக்கிரேமோ அத்தனே விபரங்களேயும் இந்தக் கௌரவ சபையில் உள்ள ஒவ்வோர் உறுப்பினருக்கும் இரண்டு வாரங்களுக்குள்ளாக அனுப்பி வைப்போம் என் பதை நான் மிக மகிழ்ச்சியுடன் இங்கு சொல்லிக்கொள்ள விரும்புகின்றேன்.

பட்டிருப்பு அங்கத்தவர் அவர்கள் சொன்னுர்கள், அவரு டைய தொகுகிக்குப் போய் நான் உறுத் மொழிகிகாக் கொடுக் கிறேனென்று. உறுத் மொழிகிகா மாத்திரம் கொடுத் தவிட்டு வருகிறேனென்று அவர் சோன்னுர். நான் அங்கு மீண்டும் போகும் போது "உங்கள் உறுத் மொழிகள் எப்கே?" என்று ஆவர்கள் என்னேக் கேட்கத்தான் போகின்றுர்கள் பெரிய கோயிலிலே வருடா வருடம் நீரின்மையால் அழிந்து போகின்ற வேளாண்மையைக் காப்பாற்ற தாம் இப்போது தண்ணீர் இறைக்கின்ற இயந்திரங்கிகாத் கொடுக்கப் போகின்றேம். அதேபோல துறைநிலாவணயில் ஒரு வைத்தியசாலே மைக் கட்டுவதற்காக நாம் நிதி கொடுத்திருக்கிறும். கச்சேரி மில் நீங்கள் அதைப்பார்த்து அறிந்து கோள்ளலாம். [இடையிடு] இன்னும் வேலே தொடங்கவில்லே. தாமதமாகலாம். நிதி நைக்கிடு செய்யப்பட்டிருக்கிறது. அதைத்தான் நான் சொல் கிறேன். [இடையீடு]

உகந்தைக் கோயிஃப் பற்றிக் கூறப்பட்டது. பொத்துவில் இரண்டாம் பாராளுமன்ற அங்கத்தவர் இங்கே இருக்கிறுர். இது சம்பந்தமாக அவர் என்னே எனது அமைச்சிலே பல தடவைகள் சந்தித்தார். சஞுதிபதியவர்களேயும் சந்தித்து இது சம்பந்தமாக எடுக்கப்பட்ட நடவடிக்கைகள் எனது அமைச்சிலே கடிதக் கோவையாக இருக்கின்றன. எந்தப் பிரச்சிணே பற்றியும் பொதுமக்களிடமிருந்து கிடைக்கும் முறைப்பாடுகளே உரிய அமைச்சிடம் கொடுத்து நடவடிக்கை கள் எடுக்கப்படுகின்றனவென்பதைச் சொல்லிவைக்க விரும்பு இன்றேன்.

சூருவளியால் பாதிக்கப்பட்ட ஆலயங்களுக்குப் பணம் கொடுக்களில்லேயென்று சொல்லப்பட்டது. உண்மை தான், அதை நான் ஏற்றுக் கொள்கிறேன் எராளரான ஆலயங்கள் விடுபட்டுப் போனது உண்மை. அந்த ஆலயங்களின் விபரங்கரேத் திரட்டிறேம். இந்த விபரங்களேத் திரட்டி அதற்கான மதிப்பீடுகளேத் தயாரித்தோம். சூருவளியால் பாதிக்கப்பட்ட 239 இந்து, கிறிஸ்தவ, பௌத்த ஆலயங்களும் மசூதிகளும் இருக்கின்றன. அவற்றுக்கான மதிப்பீடுகளேத் தயாரித்து அது சப்பந்தமான ஒரு கூட்டம் கலாசார அலுவல்கள் அமைச்சில் போனமாதம் நடைபெற்றது. அந்தக் கூட்டத்தில் அமைச்சில் தேன் கலந்துகொண்டோம். இன்னும் மேலதிகமான விருந்கின்றதேயொழிய, அவற்றுக்கு மிக விரைவில் நிதி வழங்கப்படும் என்று மிக மகிழ்ச்சியுடன் கூறிக்கொள்ள விரும்புகின்றேன்.

அடுத்ததாக, குழாய் நீர்க் கிணறு பற்றிக் குறிப்பிடப்பட் டது. முன்பெல்லாம் கிணறுகளே ஆழத் தோண்டும் இயத்திரங் களே வடக்கு, விழக்கு மாகாண மக்கள் காண்பது கஷ்டமாக இருந்தது. இந்த நிலேமை இல்லாமற் செய்வதற்காக எங்கள் அமைச்சின் சார்பில் ஆழக் கிணறு தோண்டும் இயந்திரங்களே வாங்க வேண்டும் என்று முடிவு செய்யப்பட்டு அவற்றை வாங்கினேம். இப்போது பரிட்சார்த்தமாகக் கிணறுகள் பல இடங்களிலே தோண்டப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன. உங்கள் பகுதிக் கும் அந்த இயந்திரங்கள் விரைவில் அனுப்பப்படும் என்று சொல்ல விரும்புகின்றேன். மிகவும் அவசாமாக இரண்டு வாரங்களுக்கு அந்த இயந்தொங்களே மகாவலி அபிவிருத்திச் சனப கேட்டதனுல் அவற்றைக் கொடுத்திருக்கிறேம். பவ இடங்களில் நீர் கிடைக்கும் அதிஷ்டம் இருக்கின்றது. சில இடங்களில் அந்த அதிஷ்டம் இல்லே. என்னுடைய தொகுதி யில் சில இடங்களில் தண்ணீர் கிடைக்கவில்லே. அவ்விதம் தோண்டப்படும் கிணறுகளுக்கு எங்கள் அமைச்சின் சார்பில் நிதி வழங்குவோம். அவ்வியந்திரங்களே நாம் இறக்குமதி செய்தது எங்கள் பகுதியின் அபிவிருத்திக்காகத்தான்.

வெள்ளாவெளி என்ற பகுதியில் கல்லுடைக்கும் தொழிற் சால் அமைப்பதில் தாமதங்கள் இருந்தன. அதிற் பல சிக்கல் கள் இருந்தன. மற்றும் கில பிரச்சிண்கள் இருந்தன. அதை விட வேறெந்தக் காரணத்துக்காகவும் அதில் நாமதம் ஏற்பட வில்லே. குறிக்கப்பட்ட காலத்திற்குள் அந்தத் தொழிற் சாலேயை அமைக்க வேண்டியிருந்த காரணத்தால் இடமாற் றம் செய்யப்பட்டிருக்கின்றது. வேறெந்தக் காரணத்துக்காக வும் அப்படிச் செய்யப்படவில்லே. உங்கள் பகுதி, எங்கள் பகுதி என்ற காரணத்துக்காகவல்ல. எல்லாப் பகுதிகளேயும் அபீவிருத்தி செய்ய வேண்டுமென்பதற்காக நாம் முயற்சிகளே மேற்கொண்டிருக்கிறேம். எத்தத் தொகுதிக்கும் நாம் பாகு பாடு காட்டவில்லே.

நீங்கள் சில பிரச்சினேகள் எங்கள் கவனத்துக்குக் கொண்டு வந்திருக்கின்றீர்கள். அவற்றுக்கான நடவடிக்கைகளே நாம் மிகுந்த கவனத்தோடு எடுப்போம், மட்டக்களப்பு மாவட்டம் துரித கதியில் அடிவிருத்தியடைய வேண்டுமென்ற நல்ல மனம் படைத்தவா பட்டிருப்புப் பிரதிநிதியவர்கள். ஆகவே அவ்விடயங்களிலே பரிபூரணமான நடவடிக்கையை எடுப் பதற்கு நான் பின்னிற்கப்போவதில்லே. யாழ்ப்பாணப் பிரதிநிதியவர்கள் மகாதேவா தாம் போதிக்கு ஒதுக்கப்பட்ட பணத்தைப் பற்றி இன்கே கூறிஞர் கள். எந்தக் காரணத்தைக் கொண்டும் அப்பணத்தை வாபஸ் பெறவேண்டிய குழ்நிலே எங்களுக்கு இருக்கவில்லே. எவரு டைய வேண்டுகோனோ ஆலோசீனகளோ இல்லாமலேயே மகாதேவா தாம்போதி வேலேகளுக்குப் பணம் ஒதுக்கப்பட வேண்டுமென நானே சிபார்சுசெய்தேன். எவருடைய வேண்டு கோளுமில்லாமலே, அப்பகுதியில் பல வருட காலம் சுற்றித் திரித்தவன் என்ற ரீதியில் எந்தேத்தப் பகுதியில் எவை யேவை முக்கியத்துவம் வாய்ந்தவை என்பதை என்னுல் புரி யக் கூடிய காரணத்தினுல் அந்தப் பணத்தை ஒதுக்கிடு செய் திருக்கின்றேன். இது தொடர்பாக நாளே எனது அமைச்சின் செயலாளருடன் கலந்தாலோசித்து நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பேன் என்பதைக் கூறவிரும்புகிறேன்.

அடுத்ததாக, மட்டக்களப்பு, வவுண இவு தாம்போ திக்கு ஒருக்கப்பட்ட பணமாகிய 15 இலட்சம் ரூபாவை அமைச்சி லிருந்து ஒதுக்கீடு செய்வதிலே பெரும் தாமதமேற்பட்டுள்ள தெனப் பட்டிருப்புப் பிரதிநிதி அவர்கள் கூறிஞர்கள். என்னேப் பொறுத்தவரையிலே அப்பணம் இவ்வாரம் அனுப் பப்பட்டுவிட்டதென்பதை சொல்லிவைக்க விரும்புகிறேன்.

நல்லூர்ப் பிரதிநிதி அவர்கள் இந்து மாநாட்டைப் பற்றிய ஒரு பிரச்சினேயை இங்கு கிளப்பிருர்கள். இந்து மாநாட்டின் அனேத்து வரவினங்களும் செலவினங்களும் கணக்கு விபரத் தொட்டோடு சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட வேண்டுமென அவர் இங்கே கூறிஞர். எனது 25 ஆண்டு கால அரசியல் வர்லாற்றிலே இவற்றைத் தெரியாமல் நான் இருக்கவில்லே. அவை விரை விலே வெளியிடப்படும். இன்னுமொரு விடயத்தைப் பற்றியும் அவர் இங்கே கூறிஞர். இந்து மாநாட்டிற்காகப் பெருந் தொகையான பணம் இந்தியாவிலே திரட்டப்பட்டதென அவர் கூறிஞர். இப்பணத்தை சேகரிப்பதற்காக இந்தி<mark>ய</mark>ா விலே ஒன்பது பேர் அடங்கிய ஒரு குழு நியமிக்கப்பட்டு அவர்களே இதற்குப் பொறுப்பாக இருந்தார்கள். இந்த ஒன் பது பேர் கொண்ட குழுவிலே கோடிஸ்வரர்களும் இருக்கிறுர் கள். ஆகவே தனிப்பட்ட முறையில், இந்து மாநாட்டுக்கு. இந்தியாவில் எங்குமே பணம் சேகரிக்கப்படவில்லே. அந்தக் குழுவிலே, சினித் தொழிற்சாலேகள், பெரிய சர்க்கரைத் தொழிற்சாலேகள். சமேந்துத் தொழிற்சரலேகள், பெரும் ஹோட்டல்கள் ஆகியவற்றின் சொத்தக்காரர்கள், பெரும் இலட்சா பெடுகள் அடங்கியுள்ளார்கள் அந்தக் குழு அதனது பணச் சேகரிப்பு திதிய விபரங்களே வைத்திருக்கின்றது. தமிழ்நாட்டு அரசாங்கம், இந்து மாநாட்டுக்காக வருகை தந்த பிரதிநிதிகளுக்கு வழங்குவதற்காக சில வெள்ளிக் தட்டுக்களே அன்பனிப்புச் செய்திருந்தது. இவ்விபரங்களே வெளியிடவேண்டுமென்று நிங்கள் கேட்கின்றீர்கள். அதை நான் வரவேற்பெறன். அது வெளியிடப்படும் என்பதை உங்க ளுக்குக் கூறி, இத்தக் குறைநிரப்பும் பிரேரணே தொடர்பான விவாதத்திலே இவ்வளவு அரிய கருத்துக்களேயும் தெரிவித்து எனக்கு ஊக்கத்தையும் இன்னும் சொல்லப்போனுல் கொஞ் சம் துரிமாகச் செயல்படுவதற்கான உற்சாகத்தையும் அளித்த அங்கத்தவர்களுக்கு எனது 'நன்றியைத் தெரிவித்துக் கொள்ளுகின்றேன்.

ழென்னை செய்தை ருடிது', வரை வ®சென் பெக். வினு விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.'்

පරිපූරක මුදල : රුවල් යාතාවලින් මසුත් ඇල්ලීම සඳහා පුහුණු කිරීම

குறைநிரப்புத்தொகை: மீன்பிடித்தலுக்காக பாய் வள்ளங் களிற் பயிற்சி

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e. con. 6.49

ලේසස්ටස් පෙරේරා මහනා (ධීවර ඇමනිතුමා) (ඕரு. பெஸ்ரஸ் பெரோர—கடற்டுருழில் அமைச்சர்) (Mr. Festus Perera—Minister of Fisheries)

ගරු නියෝජා කථානායකතුමනි, මගේ නමින් තිබෙන පහත සඳහන් යෝජනැව මා ඉදිරිපත් කරනවා :

"1982 ජනවාරී මස 01 වැනි දිනෙන් ආරම්භව 1982 දෙසැම්වර් මස 31 වැනි දිනෙන් අවසන් වන මුදල් වර්ෂය තුළ සේවය සඳහැ ශ් ලිංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජන රජයේ ඒකාබද්ධ අරමුදලින් හෝ ශ් ලංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ කිසියම වෙනත් අර්මුදලකින් හෝ මුදල් වලින් හෝ ශ් ලංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයට සුදුස්සක් කළ හැකිව තිබෙන මුද්ලකින් හෝ ශ් ලංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජය විසින් ලබාගනු ලබන කිසියම ණය මුදලකින් හෝ රුපියල් දොළොස් ලක්ෂයකට (රු. 12,00,006) නොවැඩි පරිපුරක මුදලක් ගෙමිය යුතු අතර, එම මුදල් මෙහි පහත පෙනෙන උපලේඛනයෙහි නියමිත පරිදි වැය කළ සුකුය.

උපලේ ඛනය

ශීර්ෂය ,136 : ධීවර අමාතාවරයා රූ. වැඩ සටහන අංක 1 : සාමානා පරිපාලන සා කාර්ය මණ බල සෝවා ... 12,00,000 "

නියෝජා කථානායකතුමනි, දැනට දින කිපයකට පෙර මා මේ ශරු සහාවේදී සදහන් කළා, අත් ශදු බැලීමක් වශයෙන් බෝට්ටු 5 ක් නිෂ්පාදනය කිරීමේ නියාමක වාහපෘතියක් අප පටන් ශත්තාය කියා ඒ වාගපාතිය මෙන් අප බලාපොරොත්තු වුණේ, අද ධිවරයන්ට සිය ධීවර යාතා සම්බන්ධයෙන් මුහුණ පාන්න සිදු වීතිබෙන කරදරයක් මගහැරවීම සඳහා අලුත් කුමයකට බෝට්ටු නිෂ්පාදනය කිරීමයි. දැන් බෙහෝ දුරට ධිවර යාතා බලගැන්වෙන්නේ ඉන්ධන පාවිච්චි කොට බලගැන්වෙන ඒ එන්ජින් එසේම තිබෙද්දී ඒවාට රුවල් යෙදීම සඳහායි, එම වහා පෘතිය පටන් ශත්තේ.

නියෝජ්ත කථානායකතුමා

(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Order please! The Deputy Chairman of Committees will now take the Chair.

අනතුරුව නියෝජා කථානායකතුමා මූලාසනයෙන් ඉවන් වූයෙන්, නියෝජා කාරක සහාපතිතුම, [එඩිමන්ඩ සමරටනුම මහතා] මූලාසනාරුස විය.

அதன் பிறகு, பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் அக்கிராசனத்தி வின்று அகலவே, குழுக்களின் பிரதித் தவிசாளர் அவர்கள் [திரு. எட்மண் சமாவிக்சம] தலேமை வகித்தார்கள்.

Whereupon MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER left the Chair, and MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES (MR. EDMUND SAMARAWICKREMA) took the Chair.

ලේපස් ටස් පෙරේරා මහතා <u>මෙන්ම මෙන්ම මෙන්ම</u>

(திரு. பெஸ்ரஸ் பெரேசா) (Mr. Festus Perera)

නියෝජා සභාපතිතුමනි, ඒ වාං.පෘතියේ පළමු අදියර යටතේ අප ඒ බෝව්ටු නිෂ්පාදනය කළා. ඒ පළමු අදි යරේ අරමුණ ඉෂ්ට කර ගැනීම සඳහායි, දැන් අප මේ දෙවැනි අදියරට පැමිණ තිබෙන්නේ.

මේ දෙවැනි අදියරේ අරමුණ ඉෂ්ට කර ගැනීමට නම් අපට සිදු වෙනවා, රුවල් සවි කෙරුණු ඒ බෝට්ටු පිළි බදව අගැයීමක් කිරීමටත්, ඒ බෝට්ටු පුදර්ශනය කිරීමට සය ඒ සඳහා තරුණයන් 20 දෙනකු පුහුණු කිරීමටත්, මේ දෙවැනි අදියර කියාත්මක කිරීමට බලාපොරොත්තු ධන්නේ එක්සත් ජනපද ආධාර ලබාගෙනයි. ඒ ආධාර ධනුම්ගත කිරීම සඳහා තමයි, මේ යෝජනාව ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබෙන්නේ.

මේ අවස්ථාවේදී මා නැවතත් මතක් කරන්න ඕනෑ, මේ කාරණය: ටොන් 31/2 බෝට්ටු පෘමිච්චි කිරීමේදී ඉන්ධන පුශ්නය බොහොම නදින් බලපානවා. ඉන්ධන මිල ඉහළ යන්න කලින් මෙවැනි බෝට්ටුවක එක ගම නක් සදහා පෘමිච්චි කරන්න සිදු වුණේ රුපියල් තුන්-භාරසීයක ඉන්ධන බව අප දන්නවා. නමුත් දැන් ඒ සදහා රුපියල් දාහක් පමණ වියදම කරන්න සිදුවී තිබෙ නවා. මේ බෝට්ටුවලට යොදා ඇති ඒ එන්ජින් පෘචිච්චි කිරීමේදී විශාල අපහසුතාවකට මුහුණ පාත්න ධීවර යන්ට සිදු වී තිබෙනවා. ඒ තත්ත්වය යටතේ.

මේ නියාමක වහපෑනිය යටතේ අප කරන අත්හදා බැලීම මගින් කෙරෙන්නේ මෙයයි: අප බලාපොරාත්තු වන්නේ පැරණි රුවල් කුමය නැවතත් පුයෝජනයට ගැනීමයි. නමුත් එහිදී අප බලාපොරොත්තු වන්නේ නැහැ. එන්ජින් පාවිච්චිය අත්හරින්න හෝ නැති කරන්න. ඒ එත්ජින් එම බෝට්ටුවල එසේම තිබෙද්දී හැකි තාක් දුරට රුවල් පාවිච්චි කරමින් එම යාතුා පැද වීමටයි, අප බලාපොරොත්තු වන්නේ. මෙවැනි නියාමක විහපෑතියක් සඳහා අපට ආධාර කිරීම ගැන මා මේ අවස් ථාවේදී එක්සත් ජනපදයේ ඒ ආධාර අරමුදලට අපේ හ්තුනිය පුද කරනවා.

මේ ගරු සහාවේ සිටින ගරු මන් තිවරුන් දන් නවා, ඉන් ධන මිල ඉහළ යැම නිසා අද ධීවරයන් මුහුණ පා තිබෙන කරදරය, අපහසුව කොයිතරම්ද කියා. ධීවරයන්ට ඒ විධියේ කරදරයකට මුහුණ පාත් න සිදු වී තිබීම නිසා පාරිභෝගිකයාටත් පහර වදිනවා. ඒ මොකද කිවොත් ධීවරයාගේ වියදම් වැඩි වන විට මාඑ මිලත් ඉහළ යන නිසයි. එම නිසා මේ යෝජනාව අනුමත කිරීම මගින් තමුන් නාන්සේ ලා ධීවරයන්ට පමණක් නොවෙයි, පාරි භෝගිකයන් වත් වැසියක් සඳසන බව පෙන්වා දෙන් න කැමැතියි.

මෙය ඉතාමත් අවශා දෙයක්. අන්හදා බැලීමක් <mark>වශ</mark> යෙන් කරගෙන යන මේ විසාපෘතිය සාර්ථක වුණොත් ඒ මිසියට රුවල් පාමිච්චිය සඳහා සිටරයන් දිරිගැන්වීමට අප බලාපොරොත්තු වෙනවා. ඒ මිසියට මේ විසාපාරය සාර්ථක වෙනවා නම් අලුතින් ඒ ආකාරයට බෝව්ටු නිෂ් පාදහය කරනවා හැරෙන්නට දැනට තිබෙන ටොන් 3 1/2 බෝව්ටු ඒ කුමයට පරිවර්තනය කරන්නත් අප බලාපොරොන් තු වන බව මතක් කරන්න කැමතියි. එම නිසා මේ පරිපූරක මුදල අනුමත කරන මෙන් මා ඉතා ඕනැකමින් ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

<mark>மூன்றை மண்கிஇவி வ</mark>டி<mark>ன் கு</mark>ද் வினு எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது. Question proposed.

අ. භා. 6.53

டுவீச்லென் ජයவோவி இதுறை (திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

ගරු තියෝජන සභාපතිතුමනි, මෙය පර්යේ ෂණාත් මක කටයුත් තක් සදහා ඉදිරිපත් කෙරුණු යෝජනාවක් තිසා අප මීට විරුද්ධ වන්නේ නැහැ. නමුත් මේ අවස් එවේදී ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් එක පුශ් නයක් අහන් න කැම තියි. දැනට තිබෙන ටොන් තුන හමාරේ බෝට්ටුවලට හැමදුම වාගේ හැතැප්ම 50 ක් පමණ ඇත දියඹට යන් නට සිදු වන බව අපි කවුරුත් දන් නවා. ඊට මෙහා යින් අපි බලාපොරොත්තු වන පුමණයට මාඑ ලබා ගන්නට පුළුවන් කමක් නැහැ. දැන් මේ අලුත් පර්ශේෂණය කළාට පස්සේ, අළුත් කුමය කිුියාත් මක කරන්න ගියාම, අද බෝට්ටුවකින් පැය 6 කින් ගිහින් එන ඒ හැතැප්ම 50 ගමන පැය 10 කින් වත් ගිහින් එන්න පුළුවන් වේ යයි තමුත් නාන්සේ විශ්වාස කරනවාද?

මාඑවා නමැති සතා අල්ලා ගත්තාම පුළුවන්තරම් ඉක්මණීන් ගොඩට ගේන්න ඕනෑ. මේ යෝජනාව ඉදිරිපත් කරන විට මට වැටහුණු එක් කරුණක් තිබෙනවා. අද ටොන් තුනහමාරේ බෝට්ටුවක් හැතැප්ම 50 කට එහා දියඹට යන්නත් ඕනෑ. අද ඒ ගමන පැය 6 කින් කරන්නත් ඕනෑ. දැන් මේ අලුත් විධිය කියාන්මක කරන්න ගියාමත්, ඒ හැතැප්ම 50 යන්නත් ඕනෑ, ඉන්බන අඩු කිරීම සඳහා රුවල දමාගෙන ඒ ගමන යන්නත් ඕනෑ. මේ විධියට හැතැප්ම 50 යන්න පැය 10 ක් ගත වෙයි. ආපසු එන්නත් පැය 10 ක් ගිය හැටියේම ඇල්ලු මාළු ටික කුණු වෙනවා.

මේ කර්තවාය කරන්න ගියාම අනිවාර්යයෙන්ම ඇති විය හැකි තත්ත්වයක් ගැන මගේ ලොකු අවිශ්වාස යක් තිබෙනවා. මාළු රක්ෂාව කරන ධිවර ජනතාව ඒ රැකියාවේ නොරැදී වෙනත් රැකියාවල් සොයා යන්න ඉඩ තිබෙනවා. අවසානයේදී සමහර විට කොටස් දෙකක් පමණක් ඉතුරු වෙයි. එනම්, බොසෝම ළහ මුහුදට ගිහින් ක්ෂණිව එන අය හා මහා ටුෝලර් හිමි අයයි.

මම ගරු ඇමතිතුමාට බොහෝම බැගැපත්ව එක් කාරණයක් මතක් කරන්න කැමතියි. විදේශවලින් අපට ලැබෙන අාධාර ඉතා ගෞරවයෙන් ආදරයෙන් පිළි ගන්නා අතරම, අවසානයේ දී මේ චොන් තුනහමාරේ බෝවටු නැති වී ගොස් ධීවර ජනතාවත් කුමානුකූලට අඩු වේගෙන ගොස්, ඒ අය වෙනත් රැකියා බලා ගොස්, අටසානයේ දී මහා ටුෝලර් වනාපාරය පමණක් මේ රටේ ඉතුරු වෙයි. මේ බිය සාධාරණ බියක්, සෑම කෙනෙක් තුළම මෙය තිබෙන බව මම දන්නවා. ගරු ඇමති තුමාගේ පුදේ ශයේ එතුමා හොඳින් ද<mark>න්නා කෙනෙක්</mark> ඉන්නවා. එතුම ගෙන්ම මේ කාරණය අසා බල<mark>න්න.</mark> මගෙන් අහන්න වුවමනා නැහැ.

ලේ**පස්ටස් පෙරේරා මහතා** (කිලු. ධයාණණණ ධය*ි ගෙන*) (Mr. Festus Perera) කවුද "එතුමා" කියන්නේ ?

ලක් ෂ්මින් ප්යකොඩ මහතා (திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

එතුමා මගේ හොඳ මිතුයෙක්. බේබිසිංකැන් මුදලාලි මහත්මයා, මේ බිය සාමානශයෙන් තිබෙන බව එතුමා කියයි. මහා ටුෝලර් එන්න පුළුවනි. ඒවා ආ විට වන දේත් මම පෙන්වා දෙන්නම්.

මේ අවුරුද්දේ මාළු නිෂ්පාදනය ගැන මම අද නික මට ලේඛනයකින් කියෙව්වා. පිටි සංස්ථාව සම්බන්ධ යෙනුත් කලින් කතා කරමින් මම පිටි නිෂ්පාදනය යැන සඳහන් කළා දැන් මාළු සම්බන්ධයෙන් කතා කරන විට ඒ ලේඛනයේ සඳහන් වී තිබෙන කරුණු කියන්න ඕනෑ.

I will tell you what the position was in regard to fish in May 1982. The Central Bank Bulletin says:

"The total fish supply of the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation for May 1982 has been provisionally estimated at 148 metric tons."

I will tell you what has happened to the balance fish.

"This represents nearly one half of the supply that was available in May 1981."

So it has dropped by 50 per cent! It further says:

"The supply of fish during the first five months of 1982 recorded a 47 per cent decrease when compared to the same period last year. There has been no production of fish by the corporation to this date this year. Hence these decreases are due to the lower level of fish purchases made by the corporation."

That shows the fish purchases made by the corporation.

The corporation did not show any fish purchases, and therefore it did not have the check stalls in order to check the soaring prices of fish. There are fish stalls, but there is no fish available in these stalls.

Let us now compare the figures of the export of fish. This is where that the big trawlers are coming back in a big way and are taking over from the 3 1/2 tonners that you have been speaking about. If the present mechanized 3 1/2 tonner has to compete with the big trawlers, what is going to happen to the sailing vessels when they have to compete with the big trawlers? The export side is very revealing. I think you would like to know of it. Fish, fresh and frozen, exported in March 1981—

ු නියෝජන කාරක සභාපනිතුමා

் (்குழு பிரதித் தவேவர்)

(Mr. Deputy Chairman of Committees)

Order, please!

එකල් සි වේලාව අ. භා. 7 වූයෙන් කටයුතු අත් සිටුවා විවාදය ක<mark>ල්</mark> නබන ලදී.

ජනැන්සිට විවාදය 1982 අශෝස්තු 20 වන සිකුරාද පවත්වනු ලැබේ.

அப்போது பி. ப. 7 மணியாகினிடவே அலுவல்கள் இடைநிறுத் தப்பட்டு, விவாதம் ஒத்திவைக்கப்பட்டது. 20, ஓகஸ்ட். 1932 வெள்ளிக்கிழமை விவாதம் மீளத் தொடங்கும்.

It being 7 p.m. Business was interrupted, and the Debate stood adjourned.

Debate to be resumed on Friday, 20th August 1982.

කල්තැබීම

ஒத்திவைப்பு

ADJOURNMENT

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා (පාර්ලිමේන්තු කටයුතු හා කීඩා ඇමතිතුමා සහ ආණ්ඩු පාර්ශ්වයේ පුඛාන සංවිධායකතුමා)

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோ—பாராளுமன்ற அலுவல் கள், விளயாட்டுக்கள் அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக் கொறடாவும்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera—Minister of Parliamentary Affairs & Sports and Chief Government Whip)

I move

"That the Parliament do now adjourn".

පුශ්නය සභාගිමුඛ කරන ලදී.

வினு எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது. Question proposed.

සරත් මුත්තෙව්ටුවෙගමු මහත;

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

I have given notice of three questions. One is to the Hon. Minister of Transport. I do not see him here. Oh yes, the Deputy Minister is here! This question relates to the closure of the German-Training School at Katubedda on the 10th of this month. There have been some incidents after which the German Training School at Katubedda has been closed and there has been an assault on students on the 10th August by the police. The students have boycotted the lectures, and as a result the Katubedda German Training School has been closed. Information given to me is about four days old. I do not know what has happened during the last few days but I would like to ask the hon. Deputy Minister to take steps to have the German Training School opened at the earliest opportunity.

Sir, I have given notice of a question to the Hon. Minister of Health regarding the vacancies in the specialists cadre at the Ratnapura General Hospital. I would like to ask him how many vacancies there are in the specialists cadre and to ask him in particular, as to why there has been no anaesthetist at the Ratnapura

General Hospital, for the last six to eight weeks at least. As a result several people who had gone for surgery to the General Hospital are awaiting surgery for the last two months in wards, and some of them have been advised by the hospital authorities to go away and come back when an anaesthetist is available. Of course, some minor operations are been done by people who are not qualified anaesthetists but who assist in the operations. The situation is becoming rather grave and about ten days ago I visited a patient, who himself is a patient awaiting surgery and in that ward there were a number of people awaiting surgery, some from as far away as Embilipitiya.

Therefore, I would ask the Hon. Minister of Health to see that an anaesthetist is sent to the Ratnapura General Hospital as this is the only hospital for the whole area and urgent surgery cases from all feeder hospitals are sent to Ratnapura and they are being held up because there is no anaesthetist.

Sir, I have given notice of a Question to the Hon. Prime Minister arising out of the article written by columnist Migara in the 'Weekend Sun' of 8th August 1982. This column refers to certain activities, certain malpractices as it were, and certain shortcomings in the administration of the national carrier 'Air Lanka'. It was followed up on the following Thursday by the usual communique which is issued at the end of Cabinet meetings by the Hon. Minister of State, who announced that His Excellency the President had stated at the Cabinet that a probe was going to be conducted into the affairs of Air Lanka. Even if the allegations made by Migara are half-truths, the situation at Air Lanka is in a very parlous condition. I think the country has a right to know what the position is, and this House certainly has a right to know what the position is because monies have been voted and it seems that certain people are not administering Air Lanka as they should.

The specific questions that I have asked the Hon. Prime Minister are, whether it is true that a probe into the affairs of Air Lanka hs been ordered and who is conducting the probe; whether the Auditor-General or a member of the Auditor-General's Department is a member of the team probing Air Lanka; whether the Hon. Prime Minister will make a statement to this House apprising us of the facts as to who are the top officials of Air Lanka, their names and also their background and bio-data; where they have served earlier and so on, because one of the allegations was that top officials of Air Lanka are people who have been serving in Air Siam, which is now deffunct, and have connections which are rather suspicious with the Chairman of Air Lanka.

Sir, I have also asked what salaries and other perquisites of office each of those top officials of Air Lanka is entitled to and what the financial situation of Air Lanka is. I want to ask the Hon. Prime Minister whether a probe has been ordered, and if so, when that probe commenced. I would also like to know whether a deadline has been set for that probe to be completed and also whether the country and this House, in particular, will be informed of the result of that probe.

டுவிங்கு**றி ப்புவ**வை இரை (திரு. லஷ்மன் ஜயக்கோடி) (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I have asked three questions today, as it is a full one hour that we are getting today. First of all, arising from the speech made by the hon. Member for Kalawana, I myself have asked a question from the Hon. Prime Minister as columnist "Migara" in his column "Men and Matters" has detailed in very clear terms what has happened to Air Lanka. The major question is, how did he get all that information. The information giving dates monthly and yearly is very revealing. I must say that it is a useful document to Members who are in Committees to go into and see what is really wrong with some of the corporations that are being handled by them and also some of the organizations where the Treasury has put in its money.

Therefore, I have asked the Hon. Prime Minister to give us a detailed statement about the activities of this organization, about the loans taken by Air Lanka, profit and loss account of Air Lanka, the debt ratio, dues to the airport authorities and to the Ceylon Petroleum Corporation and also the take-away salaries of the expatriates. The article of "Migara" says that the expatriates take Rs. 250,000 as take-home salary per month. The answer to that by Air Lanka would be "No expatriate is getting Rs. 250,000." He may get Rs. 275,000 or Rs. 150,000 or Rs. 196,000. The answer from the Directors of Air Lanka may be that. I say so because I know that a document of that type has been sent by Air Lanka giving wrong figures, and I challenge the figures that have been sent on 12th August 1982. I am giving the date of the document and would like to table it in this House for the information of anyone who is going to probe into this. I am very happy that His Excellency is going to probe this institution.

I would like to table a document where certain orders have been given which says that this organization is a multi-national organization. It has nothing to do with Sri Lanka any more. We have no right whatsoever. Some of their corporate directives that have been sent out—these are not Cabinet papers—(Interruption) these are "Air Lanka Limited 003" and effective from 1st October, 1981—Air Lanka Phase 11 metric organization for field operating unit system. What do they say?

"It is the policy of Air Lanka that we shall function as a multi-national conglomerate,"

I mean this is the thinking behind these people. Who do they think they are? Do they think they are multi-nationals? Here we cannot scratch our-I do not

want to mention the other word which is unparliamentary. They are without money and completely broke. They have lease money from Exim Bank, USA, and ECGD, U.K. They say it is a concessional loan. We would like to know how much they have taken and at what interest. Therefore it is high time that a complete probe was done in this matter. I agree with the officials of the Auditor-General's Department. I would also like the best person that we can find in this country to go into the activities of this institution and report back to His Excellency because I myself have some documents which show how they are trying to swindle and give a wrong impression to the people of this country.

Air Lanka was originally a FIAC organization. Why did they go GCEC? They went GCEC because no one can probe into the GCEC. They can hide anything that happens there and here is one organization which is supposed to be eating into our money, but everyone is fearing to tread that area.

I would, therefore, wholeheartedly support what the hon. Member for Kalawana has said and we would like to have a full answer from the Hon. Prime Minister.

The second question which I wish to ask is with regard to the stand of the Government of Sri Lanka on the present situation that has arisen with regard to Diego Garcia.

As you are aware, Sir, the Government of Seychelles and also the Government of Madagascar and the Government of India, especially the Government of India by making a statement in the Lok Sabha by its Minister of External Affairs, Mr. Narasimha Rao, have requested that Diego Garcia be returned to Mauritius. Mauritius has asked for it and has requested back this island which has been built up into a massive base—a military base—from the initial stages of calling it a communication centre. I would like know from the Hon. Minister what our thinking is.

We have been in the forefront and I must say so. Has this Government at various stages Foreign Minister Hameed had mentioned it, had championed the cause of making the proposal of the Indian Ocean Peace Zone a reality. I know the Governments that went against it, but I must say that Minister Hameed did his best to keep the flag flying, and also he has been quite reasonable in what he has done and I dare say that he did try his best though he has not been successful. That is a different matter, but one tries his best, and he did. But on this particular subject of the military base he has not made a clear statement. There are hinterland states, there are littoral states right round the island of Diego Garcia, and some resolute steps have to be taken. Here is an occasion where we could really make an impact on what

non-alignment means. Therefore, I would like to know from this House what would be the decision of the Government of Sri Lanka.

තුන් වන පුශ්නය ගරු ර.ජා ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් අහන් නට කල්පනා කළා. නමුත් එතුමා හිටියේ නැහැ. ඒ පුශ් නය අපට බලපා තිබෙන කාරණයක් සම්බන් ධවයි. මේ ආයතනය නැත්නම් මේ පාර්ලිමේන්තුව ආරම්භ කරන අවස්ථාවේ විශාල ඉල්ලීමක් කර නිඹුණා අපටම සම්බන් ධිතු මුදුණ ආයතනයක් ඕනෑය කියා මේ මැතක දී සිට අපට පෙනී ගෙ ස් තිබෙනවා, මේ ආයතනය නැත් නම් පාර්ලිමේන්තුව කෙ.ළඹින් පිකක් ඇත් වී තිබෙන නීසාදෝ අපට ලැබෙන හැන් සාඞ් යනාදී දේ වල් විකක් පුමාද වෙලා ලැබෙන බව. පරණ ස්ථානයේ දී නම පසුව දාට පසුවදා හෝ කොහොම හරි අපට ඒවා ලැබුණා. නමුත් දැන් අපට හැන්සාඩ් ආදිය ලැබෙන්නේ ටිකක් පුමාද වෙලා. මුදුණාලය තිබෙන්නේ ගරු රාජා ඇමති ඇමතිතුමා යටතේ නිසා එතුමාගෙන් මම අහන්න කැම තියි, මේ පාර්ලිමේන් තුවට සම්බන්ධ වෙලාම තිබෙන <mark>වෙනමම මුදුණාලයක්, ඒ කියන්නේ හැන්ස</mark>ාඕ ආදිය මුදුණය කිටීම සඳහා අයතනයක් සකස් කරන්න බැරිද කියා.

තවත් එක කාරණයක් පමණයි, සදහන් කරන්නල තීබෙන්නේ, 1980 පැවති වැඩවර්ජනයට සම්බන්ධ ව ගමන ගමනා ගමන මණි බලයේ සේ වකයින් පිළිබදව මා ශරු ඇමනිතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලීමක් කර සිටියා ; ලිවියකුන් ලියා තිබෙනවා. ඒ අතර වැඩ වර්ජනයට සම්බන්ධ වූ අය නැවත සේවයේ විහිටුවීමෙන් පසුව ඔවුන් ට තම සේවය හරියාකාර කර ගෙන යැමට නොහැකි වන අන්දමට ස්ථාන මාරු දෙනවා, සතියෙන් දෙකෙන්. එමෙන්ම ඒ අය ලෙකු දුෂ්කරතාවන්ට මුහුණ පා සිටිනවා. එ අය නව සේවකයින් හැටියටයි, සේවයට ගන්නේ. ඒ නිස, කලින් සේවයට හිමි වැටුප් ඔවුන්ට ලැබෙන්නේ නැහැ. ඒ අතරම මණ ඩලයට ඔවුන්ගෙන් අය වෙන්නට තිබෙන ණයත් අය කර යන්නවා. ඒ කීයන්නේ උත්සව අත්තිකාරම් අදී ඔවුන් ලබා ගෙන තිබුණු ණය ආපසු අය කරු ගැනීම අදිය විශේ ෂයෙන් ම කොළඹ උතුර හා දකුණ පුාදේ ශීය මණ් ඩලවල වැඩ වර් ජනය කර සිට නැවත රැකියා ලැබූ අය දුෂ්කර පුදේ ශ වලට මාරු කර යවා නිබෙනවා. ශී ලංකා ජානික පුව හන <mark>සෝවක සමිතියේ ගරු සහපති බබලිවි. ස්වෘත්ලි</mark> පුනාන්දු මහතා මුල සිටම කාලයක් නිස්සේම ලංගම සිටි කෙනෙක් ය කියා මම හිතනවා. ඔහු ජොෂ්ඨ ඩිපෝ ම ඊග පරික්ෂක කෙනෙක්. ඒ මහත්මයා ජාඇල සිට කුරුණෑගලට මාරු කර තිබෙනවා. එමෙන්ම එම සම තියේ සෝමරත්න රණව_ක මහතා කඩව_න ඩිපෝවේ <mark>සිට සාපනයට මාරු කර නිබෙනවා. මේ විසියට</mark> බලා ගෙන සන විට වැඩ වර්ජනය කිරීමේ හේතුවෙන් වෙහෙම කටයුතු සිදු වෙනවාය කියා අපට හිතන්නට පුළුවන්.

එමෙන් ම ඌව, උතුරු මැද හා දකුණ යන පුාදේ ශීය මණ් ඩලවල වැඩ වර්ජනය කළ කිසිම සේ වකයෙක් තවම නැවත සේ වියට බඳවා ගෙන නැති බවත් මම මතක් කරන්න කැමතියි. ඒ නිසැ මා ගරු ඇමතිතුමා යෙන් ඉල් ඌ සිටිතමා. මේ ගැන කියා කරන්න. මේ ඉල් ලීම ගැන සලකා බලන්න කියා. ඒ අය බොහොම අමාරු තත්ත්වයකට පත් වෙලයි ඉත්තේ. මෙය ලෙහෙයි පහසු එකක් නොවෙයි. [බාධා කිරීමක්] කවදාවත් කඩා කප් පල් කරන්නේ නෑහැ. අපි දැකලා තිබෙනවා දැන් කඩාකප් පල් කරන්න ඉන්නේ කොහොමද කියා. මෙය ලෙහෙයි පහසු එකක් නොවෙයි. සමහර විට පාලන බලය ලැබුණාම මුල් මුල් වකවානුවලදී තරුණ ගතිය අනුව විකක් හිතන්න ඇති. එහෙත් විකක් වයස ගතියට යන විට අර මුල් ගතිය නැති වී වෙන ස්වරූපයකින් නැත් නම් වෙනත් ඇසකින් බලන අවස්ථාවලුන් තිබෙනවා. මට මතකයි, 1965 දී අපේ පෙස්ටස් පෙරේරා ඇමති තුමා බොහොම වේගවත් කෙනෙක්. එහෙත් අද බොහෝම සාන්ත දාන්තු කෙනෙක් බවට පරිවර්තනය වී තිබීම ගැන මම සන්නෝෂ වෙනවා. ඒ අතර මේ කරුණු දෙක තුන ගැන ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගේ අවධානය යොමු වෙයි කියා මම බලාපෙරොත්තු වෙනවා.

රනිල් විකුම්ඩංහු මහතා (යෞවින කටයුතු හා රාකී රක්ෂා ඇමතිතුමා සහ අධාාපන ආමතිතුමා)

(Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe—Minister of Youth Affairs & Employment and Minister of Education)

සිරීමා පිල වර්ජනය කර සිටි, ආපසු ඒ පිලට එන්න ඉල්ලා සිටු අයට ඒක ලබා දුන්නද නෑද්ද?

் (திரு. லக்ஷ்டன் ஐயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

් එතුමාගෙ ඔළුව හොඳ නැහැ, මෑතක ඉඳලා.

එච්. එම්. ඒ. ලොකුබණ ඩ, මහතා (හල් ගමුට) (தි.ரு. எச். எம். ஏ. லொக்குபண்டா—கல்கமுவ) (Mr. H. M. A. Lokubanda—Galgamuwa)

ගරු නියෝජා සභාපතිතුමනි, මා කතා කරන්නෙ කීසීම වෘත්තීය අයිතිවාසිකමක් නැති, වැඩ වර්ජනයක් කරන් න බැරි ගොවි ජනතාවගේ පුශ් නයක් සම්බන්ධ වයි ; රාජාංගනයේ වම ඉවුරේ ගෙවි ජනතාවයේ පුශ් නයක් ගැනයි. 1980 දී පමණ උස්සාන වාරිමාර්ග පවත් වාලෙන යාමට අවශා ඉන්ධන සැපයීම රජයෙන් නැවැත්තුව. ඒ අවස්ථාවෙදි දේශපාලන වශයෙන් මටත් විශාල පුශ් නයකට මුහුණ දෙන්න සිදු වුණා. පසුව අපෙ කුරුණාගල දිස්තික් ඇමතිතුමාත්, කරීම සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ මහත්වරුත්, ර සාකච්ඡා කර, රාජාංගන උස්සාන වාරිමාර්ගවල පොමීප හතළිස් ගණනක් කියාත්මක කරන්නට අවශා මුදල ව්මධානගත අයවැයෙන් ණය මුදලක් හැටියට ගොවීන්ට ලබා දී මිරිස් වගාව පටන් ගත්ත. දැන් මිරිස් පුශ්නය කලින් සදහන් කළ පුශ්නයටත් වඩා හයානක පුශ්න යක්. එයාර් ලංකා ගුවන් යානාවලින් දැන් රාජාංගනයේ මිරිස් විදේශයට යවනවා. ඒකයි, එයාර් ලංකාවල අද තිබෙන වෙනස, වෙනදා මනුෂාගන් ගියාට වඩා.

ගරු නියෝජන සභාපතිතුමනි, විශේෂයෙන්ම මේ ඉන්ධන සෑපසීමේ පුශ්නය මත අපට දේශපාලන වශ යෙන් මඩ ගැසීමේ වසාපාරයක් පටන් ගන්න. සුපට දිස්තුික් ඇමතිතුමාත්, අනික් නිලධාරි මහත්වරුන් ම්මත් ගොවීන් උනන්දු කර, ඉන්ධනවලට අවශා මුදල ණය මුදලක් වශයෙන් ගොවීන්ව ලබා දී දෙවනුව එම මුදල ගොවීන්ගෙන් අයකර ගෙන ඉතා සාර්ථකව කටයුතු කර ලංකාවෙන් පුථම වරට මිරිස් පිට<mark>රට යැවීමේ</mark> වසාපාරය පටන් ගත්ත. ඇත් ඉන්ඩන මිල එන්ට එන් ටම ඉහල යන නිසා ගොවීන්ට ඉන්ධන ගන්නට බැහැ. විදුලි බලය සැපයීම සඳහා අවශා මුදල් ලබා දෙන්න මටත් අපහසුයි. එම නිසා ජාතික කටයුත්තක් වශයෙන් සලකා මේ පුශ්නය විශේෂයෙන්ම විදුලිබල හා බල ශක්ති පිළිබද නියෝජ්ත ඇමතිතුමාගේ අවධානයට යොමු කරවන්න කැමතියි. මේ කාර්ෂය සඳහා රුපි<mark>යල්</mark> ලක්ෂ 70 ත් 80 ත් අවශා වෙනව, අපේ ජාතික කට යුතුවලට නොයෙක් නොයෙක් අවස්ථාවලදී රජයෙන් මුදල් දෙනව. එම නිසා මේ පොම්ප නවීකරණය කර, නියාත්මක කුරන්නට අවශා මුදල් විදුලි බල මණිඩලය මගින් මේ ගොවීන්ට ලබා දෙන ලෙස ඉල්ලා සිටිනව. මා මුලින් කිව්වා වාගේ මේ ගෙවීන්ට කිසිම වෘත්තීය අධිතිවාසිකමක් නැහැ. හැම අවස්ථාවේදීම රජයෙන් දෙන පහසුකම නිහතමානීට භුක්ති විදිනව; මදිය කියන්නෙ නැහැ; විරුද්ධව කිසිම සටනක් කරන්නෙ තැහැ. උදාහරණයක් වශයෙන් 1971 කැරැල්ලේ පවා ගොවීන් ඒ වනපාරයට සහයෝගයක් දුන්නෙ නැති නැති බව කියන්න පුද්වනි. ජන්දය පාවිච්චි කිරීමෙන් පමණයි, ගොවි ජනතාව ආණ්ඩුවක් පිහිටුවීම හෝ නැති කිරීම කරන'නෙ. එම නිසා එවැනි ගොව ජනතාවට කරන පුජෝපහාරයක් වශයෙන් පළමුවෙන්ම රාජාං ගන වම ඉවුරේ ගොවීන්ට විදුලි බලය ලබා දෙන්නටය කියන කාරණයට විදුලි බල හා බලශක්ති නියෝජ්ෂ ඇමතිතුමාගේ අවධානය යොමු කරටනව, ඔබතුමාට බොහොම ස්තුනියි. persual tenedies blo est notices blomb

එම්. මින් සන්ට පෙරේරා මහතා _{සහ ස}ිසු සම්බන්ධ සි (திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெசேசா) அது அதனை Anidad I bolimid (Mr. M. Vincent Perera) and and too last belovab and tool and

The hon. Member for Kalawana (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama) and the hon. Member for Attanagalla (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody) wanted to know something about Air Lanka. They have referred to an article published in the "Weekend" of 8th August 1982. The statement issued to the press with regard to this matter has not yet been published, and I am tabling this for the information of hon. Members, the public and the press. (Interruption). - by the Directors of Air Lanka. - (Interruption).

ලක් ජමන් ජයකොඩි මහනා _{සහ අත} අතුරු අතුරු අතුරු (திரு. லக்குமன் ஜயக்கொடி) and or band and colonal aiA bas (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

එහෙනම අපිටන් එවලා නියෙනව, හොරෙන්.

සරන් මුත්තෙව්ටුවෙගම මහතා 🚃 📶 🛍 🚾 📶 📶 📶 (திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவேகம்) (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama) shafa need can concretely

හොරාගේ අම්මාගෙන් පෝනු අහනට වාගෙ වැඩ<mark>ක්</mark>

එම්. මින් සන් ව් පෙරේජා මහතා 💛 💛 😘 😘

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெசோர்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Will you please listen to me -- (Interruption). Anyway, I want the contents-(Interruption).

රනිල් විකමසිංහ මහතා

(திரு. சணில் விக்சமசிங்ஹ)

රන්ල් මිකම්මයේ වනතා (Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe)

First, let the Hon. Minister repy. Is there something wrong with your head. Sit down. Higher mid of noted I

එම්. වින්සන්ට පෙරේරා මහතා

(இரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரேசா)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I am tabling that statement which gives the full reply to the questions raised by the two hon. Members. if you are not satisfied, you will have an opportunity of

taking it up at another Sitting අපහම සංසිම්සම් ී එල්දර

(திரு. சணில் விக்சமசிங்ஹ)

(Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe)

That is the reply.

එම්. වින්සන්ට පෙරේරා මහතා ⁴ බටම හේද අත්ද අ

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோர்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I want that statement to go into HANSARD in full-(Interruption.)

රනිල් දිකුමසිංහ මහතු, ම් Jonnes Jinometale tedion A

(திரு. சணில் விக்சமசிங்ஹ)

(Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe)

Listen to the Hon. Minister.

ලක් ෂ්මන් ් ජයකොඩි මහතා <u>ද අපපාසේට සමසේ ඇය</u>

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Is that the Hon. Minister's stand?

රනිල් විකුමසිංහ මහතා

(திரு. ரணில் விக்ரமசிங்ஹ)

(Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe)

That is the reply. (practing varies 3.3)

එම්. වින් සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා ^{වස සු}ළු 10woq 180 Y

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரேரா)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Will you please allow me to table this statement?

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

usue of "Weekend" of August 8, 19

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(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Is that the Government's stand and of moy rates bloom aw

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(திரு. சணில் விக்சமசிங்ஹ)

(Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe)

Why do you not let him finish it? Why are you not listening to him?

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You must have a little patience. It may be a serious matter. This gives a full reply to all the questions raised by the hon. Members.

රනිල් විකුමසිංහ මහතා (මුලු. අකෝබ බේස්අගම්ක්කුව) (Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe) Listen to him carefully.

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(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெசேசா) முடி (முறை M. AM)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I want the whole thing published in HANSARD and if you are not satisfied, you will have an opportunity of taking it up at another Sitting.

එම. මින්සන්ට පෙරෙරිර මහතා

Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

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(நிரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Is that the Hon. Minister's statement or is that the-(Interruption.)

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(அங்கத்தவர் ஒருவர்)

(A Member)

Another statement cannot be made.

ලක් ජ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා <u>පහසා පෙන් මහත</u>

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி) நூள்! M. no H adi or nated

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

-Air Lanka Chairman's statement ? (Interruption.)

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(குழு பேரித் தலேவர்) நடித் சிது வாடு நடித்த தல்வர்)

(Mr. Deputy Chairman of Committees)

Order, please!

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(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஐயக்கோடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Your power Sir, and the Hon. Minister's power.

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(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ற் பெரோர்) walls seesig box IIIW

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Sir, whether it is the Director's powers or the Hon. Minister's powers, it is a statement tabled* on behalf of the Government.

We would refer you to the article written by "Migara" captioned "Is Air Lanka taking Sri Lanka for a good ride" and published in the issue of "Weekend" of August 8, 1982 and would wish to express our views on the matters raised therein.

#ய**ையேய இரு நிறை டிடி** பூவிரும் : காணும் (William Anna) சபாபீடத்தில் வைக்கப்பட்ட சுற்று : 1 நிற்ற மல ob yd W Statement tabled : The article commences with a reference to the honour of a visit by His Excellency the President and the Honourable Ministers of the Cabinet to Air Lanka Catering Services and the new facilities of Air Lanka at the Colombo Airport, Katunayake on Wednesday 28 July. On that occasion Air Lanka was privileged when His Excellency and the Honourable Ministers accepted our invitation to lunch. The article enumerates the items in the menu. Being an airline we decided to simulate at the lunch the menu and the service on an Air Lanka flight.

Unfortunately it has led to an insinuation in the article that this was done to influence His Excellency and the Honourable Ministers to look with favour on Air Lanka. We consider this comment as being not only in extremely bad taste but also as insulting to our distinguished guests.

The background to this insinuation is said to be the request that Air Lanka has made for financial accommodation. We will deal with this aspect of the matter later as this has to be placed in its proper perspective.

Sri Lanka is situated at a very favourable point in both shipping routes and air routes. It was only logical therefore to develop the infra-structure for shipping by modernising the Port of Colombo. For identical reason Government in late 1977 decided as a matter of policy to develop the whole area of Civil Aviation. This includes modernising the activities of the Department of Civil Aviation, development of the Airport to meet the increasing demands of air travel and tourism, to provide for other infra-structure activities such as handling facilities, catering services etc. Over the last decade the users of the Airport has increased from 152,600 in 1972 to 500,000 in 1982. The projections for usage in 1990 is expected to be 1,093,000. Thus it was that after considerable studies made locally and with an internationally well known firm of specialists an Airport development plan has been prepared and construction work commenced. This is expected to cost 2,200 million rupees. Funds have already been obtained for his purpose.

Simultaneously the need for an efficient national airline received serious consideration. The old national carrier, Air Ceylon, went into liquidation. Government as a matter of policy decided to start a new airline. Thus Air Lanka came into being. To give the Airline flexibility of management and operation it was decided that it should be a Limited Liability Company rather than a Government Corporation. It was further decided that for the first few years Air Lanka should be financed by the Government and by national institutions such as the local Banks. It was also decided that unlike in the case of Air Ceylon the new airline should not farm out its international rights to other airlines but that it should develop on its own. In view of the lack of local expertise it was decided to obtain management and technical expertise from a successful airline. Singapore Airlines was invited to assist and they readily agreed to the proposal.

Unfortunately 1978 saw the beginning of worldwide recession for airlines coupled with a tremendous increase in the eost of aircraft and other costs such as fuel. The three hundred million rupees that was the initial capital proved to be grossly inadequate for Air Lanka to obtain aircraft and provide the other infra-structural needs such as mechanical workshops, hangars and other essential equipment to keep the airline going. In this difficult situation government with its other commitments found it difficult to contribute substantially to the capital requirements and Air Lanka was forced to borrow with a guarantee from the Government.

These are braoadly the circumstances in which Air Lanka sought financial support from the Government. These are not circumstances that only a fledgling airline as Air Lanka is in. There is hardly an airline in the world that does not have grave financial problems.

Reference has been made to high interest rates. The interest rates paid by Air Lanka are those applicable in the international money markets. Lease financing was provided by Exim Bank (USA) and ECGD (UK) and are at concessionary rates by the Government, the

suggestion that Government was unaware of the position is to say the least fatuous. The request to Government to help Air Lanka with capital is to ensure a more realistic capital base for the airline. Further since every Government guarantee has to have the approval of the Cabinet of Ministers the suggestion that individual Ministers were not aware of the performance of Air Lanka can only be termed mischievous and disruptive comment. The motivation for this can only he known to "Migara's " fertile imagination. Or could there be some other motivation? We are aware that certain individuals and institutions both national and foreign are not too happy with the progress of the airline.

The allegation has been made that the full facts regarding the airline have not been made available to Government. This is not true. All relevant facts have from time to time been made available to the President who is also the Minister in charge of the subject of Aviation. It is not the practice of Air Lanka to base reports on half truths and disinformation.

Migara has glibly attributed the financial situation of Air Lanka "to a secretive operation indulged in by too few people—most of them handling millions of Sri Lanka guaranteed loans but holding foreign passports", supporting his mischievous case by conveniently ignoring that Air Lanka is not the only airline with financial problems and that this is a malady shared by every airline in the world of much longer standing and strength than Air Lanka. Let him quote a single international airline that is not beset with financial problems due to recession in the airline world and high interest rates. On the issue of a management by few this is certainly correct. Air Lanka is managed by a Board of Directors of five. We are not aware of a single foreign passport holder among them.

The next serious charge that is made is that "Air Lanka was born with a silver spoon and has been mollycoddled with fantastic concessions since then." We wish it were so. We have already pointed out that Air Lanka had been grossly under-capitalised. So much for the "silver spoon" at birth!

Let us examine what these "fantastic." concessions are! How effective are adjectives when they are used to mislead on an issue!

Before this is examined let us make one point. It is the responsibility, pay the duty, of any business venture to contend strenuously to reduce its input costs. Is it not a fact that the newspaper industry which has rotary machines imports newsprints at a preferential duty of 5 per cent against a general duty of 25 per cent imposed to protect the national paper industry and that the Ministry of Industries and Scientific Affairs has made violent objection to the abuses that have risen thereby?

But we do not take issue with the principle that it is the right and duty of any commercial establishment to strive to reduce its input costs—even unreasonably. The decision, after all, is in others' hands.

The first concessionary matter referred to is the ground rent demanded from Air Lanka Catering Services. It is correct that we have taken this matter up; and, why? Let us recall the catering services at the Airport prior to the establishment of Air Lanka Catering Services. Hardly any self respecting Air Line made use of these services. They were so horrible. What was the ground rent charged then? Air Lanka Catering Services was established thereafter. Today practically every airline patronises it. It has a capacity to supply three thousand meals a day and is in need of expansion. The Air Lanka menu that was listed in the first paragraph of his report is typically of the standard of service in Air Lanka flights. Whose achievement was this? Was it the achievement of those who demand rent or those who have performed? Is it then unnatural that those who have achieved should burke at demand from those who merely want to extort from those who have achieved results? All that Air Lanka Catering Services pleads is give it and opportunity to perform still better. Do not kill the goose that laid the golden egg. We have agreed to pay the rent demanded, if somewhat unhappily, because we feel that it is an exploitation of our achievement.

On the other hand what is the quality of the restaurants run in the Airport. Let "Migara" savour the difference and he may then understand our position.

The second "fantastic" concession claimed by "Migara" to be enjoyed by Air Lanka is in regard to landing charges. It is alleged that "Air Lanka arbitrarily decided that they pay just half of what the Airport was demanding". Air Lanka can make no "arbitrary" determination of this matter. Air Lanka, however, claims that as the largest individual user of the Airport and that in view of the fact that charges are levied on training and other flights that these be reviewed. The charge claimed is minor in relation to its overall turnover. But a matter of principle is involved. Air Lanka would be happy to accept a fair determination.

A lot of play has been made in relation to the prices that Air Lanka pays to the Petroleum Corporation for aviation turbine fuel. It is true that Air Lanka contended strenuously with the Petroleum Corporation for the best possible prices for aviation turbine fuel. This was based on two factors. The first was our claim that we were entitled to a discount as the largest single bulk purchaser of aviation turbine fuel, a factor that has been conceded by most petroleum companies to the national airline at its base. The second was that the prices quoted by the Petroleum Corporation should be competitive with the prices charged at other airports.

What is little known is that the cost of fuel is the most important single input cost of the price of an airline ticket. Where in 1970 this was 4 per cent of cost, in 1982 it is 54 per cent of cost.

Air Lanka does not negotiate for favourable prices only from the Ceylon Petroleum Corporation. It does so with every aviation turbine fuel supplier in other airports to which it flies.

Indeed it attempts to take advantage of every international fluctuation of price which is beneficial to it.

Let us see what the "fantastic" concessions are that it has sought and received from the Ceylon Petroleum Corporation in comparison with the prices quoted at other airports at which purchases are made. The current prices are as follows:

US ¢ per US gallon

Colombo	119
Singapore	116
Bangkok	115.42
London	118
Frankfurt	114.39
Bahrein	128

It will be seen that except in Bahrein-the home of petroleum products-the price paid in Colombo is the highest. "Migara" has already mentioned how the Bahrein price has been subsidised by way of a special grant to its national airline.

Hence, where are these fantastic concessions! The Ceylon Petroleum Corporation and Air Lanka did come to an understanding on the calculation of charges. The Petroleum Corporation has accepted the claim for bulk discounts. There is a dispute on the principles of working out the basic prices which can be resolved without the interference of any intermediary. Air Lanka reiterates that it will continue to negotiate for favourable prices not only with the Ceylon Petroleum Corporation as well as with all other suppliers of aviation turbine fuel in foreign International airports.

That Air Lanka is being subsidised by the Ceylon Petroleum Corporation is a canard which we hope has been properly laid! The fact that other airlines have to pay higher fuel charges at Colombo airport is not a matter for Air Lanka but for the Ceylon Petroleum Corporation. Air Lanka could have no conceivable objection to comparable international prices being charged from other airlines. This, however, is a matter for Ceylon Petroleum Corporation's policy.

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The next charges laid against Air Lanka is its handling charges. Handling at an Airport is circumscribed with the facilities available. These are directly affected by the physical facilities availabe. This is not a matter for Air Lanka but for the Airports Authority. It is a recognition of these inhibitions that have led to an airport development plan. Air Lanka has to work within these constraints but the costs to Air Lanka with or without these constraints is the same. Air Lanka is fully in sympathy with the Airports Authority for the efforts it is making to improve facilities in spite of these constraints and appreciates the difficulties of the Airports Authority to provide facilities in an airport that has outgrown its capacty. However, for purposes of comparison we give below the handling charges in other airports to which Air Lanka flies.

Handling charges

Colombo	US \$ 2130 per transit	(Rs. 44,234)
	US \$ 2535 per turnround	(Rs. 53,060)
Bahrein	Dinars 468 per transit	(Rs. 25,729)
	Dinars 587 per turnround	(Rs. 32,272)
Singapore	S\$ 5197 per transit	(Rs. 49,960)
	S\$ 6647 per turnround	(Rs. 63,899)
Bentrode as	(presently negotiating 12% increase	se)
Bangkok	. Bahts 47,400 per transit	(Rs. 42,638)
	Bahts 59,200 per turnround	(Rs. 53,253)
London	£1010 per turnround	(Rs. 36,159)
	(+ £. 28 per ton of freight carrie	mele innot cost of the
Frankfurt	DM. 6,392 a tree and 42 at 11 CR	(Rs. 53,501)
(Handling	charges applicable to Tristar aircraft)	

Handling charges depend on a number of factors. These include competitiveness, availability of alternative positions etc. Air Lanka's handling charges are at least competitive by international standards.

"Migara" states that Air Lanka was asked by the Airports Authority to pay a part of the handling charges at the Airport and that this request was ignored. We wish to state categorically that at no time was Air Lanka requested to pay a part of the handling charges: Another figment of "Migara's "fertile imagination.

The next issue raised was the benefits of the GCEC status of Air Lanka. What the rationale behind this comment is difficult to understand. The GCEC law entitles those institutions that are eligible or the concessions that the law provides to apply and obtain them. The main requirement for GCEC registration is that the institution should be a foreign exchange earner. Air Lanka's foreign exchange earnings this year will be over Rs. 2,000 million. Indeed some experts whom Air Lanka consulted before applying for GCEC status were of the view that while in the short term there were definite advantages that in the long term particularly since it was impossible for the Airline to make profits in the first few years of operation there would be no real benefit. It was after the most anxious consideration that Air Lanka decided to apply for registration under the GCEC. We, however, find it difficult to understand why it is sought to deny to Air Lanka any rights that it can justly claim under the laws of the country. No special rights not available to other GCEC registrants have been made available to Air Lanka. What then is the grouse unless it is to find any reason, good or bad, to find fault with Air Lanka?

Issue has been made of the refusal of Air Lanka to pay an increased rental to the GCEC when the latter prchased the building in which Air Lanka's offices are. The original owner of the building was the Central Bank and Air Lanka entered into a rental agreement with it. Immediately the GCEC purchased the building it asked for an increased rental which Air Lanka considered unreasonable. This was the act of any sensible tenant. The GCEC on our representations agreed to defer the demand for an increased rent. Air Lanka's action was prudent. For today's market the real value of rental chargeable is much less than what Air Lanka pays. Indeed Air Lanka has been offered leases of office space on the same road at much cheaper rates.

We now come to the section in the report captioned "Princely benefits for those at the top". Despite the caption the section commences with a comment on the salaries paid to Air Lanka's staff generally. Air Lanka, it must be remembered is not a Government department. It is a public limited liability company. One of the reasons for its being so constituted is to enable a greater flexibility of operation in all areas including the fixing of salaries in accordance with the market. Air Lanka's salary scales are generally those prevalent in the private sector. The only fringe benefit that Air Lanka's staff enjoys is travel on Air Lanka in accordance with certain regulations. This is a concession that every airline in the world concedes to its staff. This too can be enjoyed strictly on a seat availability basis. We fail to understand why Air Lanka's staff alone should not enjoy this concession. In spite of the alleged fabulous salaries Air Lanka lost ovre 320 employees to other airlines over the last two years.

On the odious comparison of the salary of a lecturer in surgery and an Air Lanka Baggage Officer we can only say that Air Lanka can hardly be held responsible for the salaries of University staff. We can, however, correct "Migara" on the salary paid to a Baggage Officer. The scale is Rs. 1,500 to Rs. 2,000 and not Rs. 2,500. The Baggage Officer, however, pays income tax and is not entitled to private practice.

Point is made of the salaries paid in dollars to expatriate officers. No new airline can employ exclusively local staff. The expertise is just not available in the country. Thus the need for expatriates. The salaries of expatriates cannot be fixed in terms of local salaries. There are international norms for these. Nor will expatriate staff accept salaries in local rupees. At present the bulk of the expatriate staff are in the engineering section and have almost exclusively been lent by the good offices of Singapore Airlines. They are paid the same salaries that they enjoyed in Singapore Airlines. Other expatriate such as pilots, flight engineers etc. are paid the salaries that they would enjoy in the international market. At present there are only four management officers employed in Colombo.

Reference has been made to commissions on sales. What is referred to is the incentive scheme introduced a few months ago to improve the load factor and revenue. This incentive scheme benefits all sales staff both in Sri Lanka and in the stations abroad. Incentive schemes are not unusual mercantile practices. They have been introduced in many State Corporations. Why Air Lanka should be criticised for introducing them and why all levels that contribute to the special areas to which they are applied should not enjoy them is difficult to understand.

On the matter of the take home wage of one expatriate being Rs. 250,000 per month, we will only say that there is no expatriate who enjoys a take home wage of Rs. 250,000.

Comment has been made that Directors and their families are entitled to unlimited travel. Entitlement is one thing; utilization of the right is a completely different matter. Directors do travel but their travelling is mostly connected with official airline work which should not be confused with privileged travel. If the record is checked it will be found that the families of Directors have travelled hardly once a year.

What is, however, difficult to understand is the logic behind the assertion that because Directors and their families have the right to privileged travel the "Directors ride rough shod over the interests over other corporations and Authorities". Again the subsequent statement that "there are clear cases of 'conflicts of interests' almost in its literal sense" does not appear to have any meaning, unless it is an innuendo so malicious that it is understood only by "Migara".

The next matter that "Migara" has found reason to comment on is the purchase and lease of aircraft. He commences with the lease and subsequent purchase of B 707 aircraft from Singapore Airlines. Air Lanka was incorporated in January 1979 and we were directed to commence operations on 1st September of that year an almost impossible task. Even "Migara" would admit that it is impossible to

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commence flying operations without aircraft. Singapore Airlines offered us two B 707 aircraft on lease at what we considered fair prices. Thereafter we were offered the first refusal for the purchase of these aircraft. We evaluated the offer against the lease rent we had contracted to pay and found it financially more favourable to purchase the aircraft. We did so setting off the lease rental that we had previously paid and negotiating for an additional engine to be included in the purchase price. Air Lanka has not lost on the deal.

Reference has been made to the aircraft being taken to Libya. This is correct. The Libyans were interested in the purchase of the aircraft. The expenses were met by Libya. The deal did not go through and the aircraft were sent to Shannon. We are not aware of any furore created by Ireland on any account whatsoever.

Reference has been made to hanger charges in a sum of US \$, 50,000 being paid. This is a canard. The only charges paid was a sum of approximately US \$, 9,000 for maintaining the aircraft prior to negotiating a sale. Perhaps "Migara" is not aware that aircraft deteriorate rapidly if they are kept idle. Maintenance has to be done.

The next allegation is the most obnoxious innnuendo of all. He says that Tristar aircraft was leased from All Nippon Airways. He adds that the Lockheed Company was involved in a scandal involving All Nippon Airways in which the Japanese Prime Minister Kakuei Tanaka was involved. We should like to know what specifically is the allegation he makes regarding Air Lanka. Is it his view that because of the scandal alone, the lease of aircraft from All Nippon airways is not proper. As far as we are aware every major aircraft manufacturing company in the United States was alleged to have given kick backs. If no aircraft is to be purchased from any of these companies no airline will have aircraft!

Comment has also been made regarding the purchase of Lockheed Aircraft from the manufacturers. A decision was taken after evaluation of the needs of aircraft by two independent persons.

As far as who the Sri Lanka agents for Lockheed are we do not know. What we do know is that the President of Lockheed gave us a letter certifying that his company has not paid any fee or commission in connection with the sale of tristars to Air Lanka. The question, therefore, of any impropriety just does not arise.

It is said that the legal division of Air Lanka knew nothing about the purchase of Tristars. The fact is that the legal division of Air Lanka has no competency in regard to this matter. For this reason Sir Lanka was represented by lawyers with experience of aircraft financing—White and Case of new York. They were selected after informal consultations with the Government. The Attorney General's advice is not available to Air Lanka as it is a public limited liability company. The Solicitor General, however, was continuously consulted in regard to the Government guarantee.

Reference is made to two Air Lanka planes returning to base with defects. This is not an unusual occurrence for any airline. The question of Air Canada comes in only because the maintenance contract was with Air Canada. Air Lanka has not suffered "a tremendous set back" as alleged on account of these incidents. There has been no reduction in bookings.

The issue of certification has been raised. Mr. Poobathy certified B 707 aircraft for a short time in 1979 and on 27 September 1979 requested the Director of Civil Aviation to relieve him from the responsibility. Currently the Director of Civil Aviation has approved Air Canada and HAECO of Hongkong to certify aircraft for maintenance purpose. The Certificate of Airwothiness is issued by the Director of Civil Aviation without reference to Air Lanka. Thus, it is not Air Lanka but independent bodies that issues the necessary certificates.

The next matter raised is ticketing. It is correct that mainly due to the recession in the airline industry, discounting of tickets takes place. However, checking on these practices is not a matter for the airline though Air Lanka to minimise these practices have come to agreements with other airlines.

There is a lot of nonsense written about consolidators. Any recognised travel agent in good standing can apply to be a consolidated if he produces 1,500,000 rupees worth of business a month for the previous six months. The business relates to actually flown revenue and not to bookings and is assessed after the moneys have been received by Air Lanka. Thereafter he will continue to be considered a consolidator and obtain concessions only if in each successive period of 3 months he produces business agregating to 4,500,000 rupees for each three month period. Else he will not receive any special concessions. The opportunity is. There is, therefore, no cause for distress to anyone. The appointment of consolidator is a well known and commonly accepted airline practice.

Issue is made of the fact that appointments of agents overseas are made by telex. Where the appointment is urgent this is done and confirmed thereafter. What there is to scrutinise in this procedure we do not know.

An allegation has been made that Mr. Virachai has appointed a travel agency with which he is connected as General Sales Agents for USA. We regret that we have no information on this matter. Mr. Virachai is out of the Island and immediately on his return the matter will be verified.

Reference has been made to a Frenchman who was appointed to Europe has been brought in to do administration in Colombo. We cannot see what is wrong with this as employees are transferable.

Comment has been made that Mr. John Joshua has been appointed as an agent of Air Lanka. There is no formal appointment of agents. Any accepted IATA agent can do business with Air Lanka. Mr. Joshua is an accepted IATA agent and is entitled to do business. Business is conducted with Mr. Joshua purely on a cash basis. It is not known what the advantage is to Air Lanka by refusing to do business with anyone for cash.

Reference has been made to the registration of the trade name Air Lanka in England in 1979 prior to Air Lanka applying for registration. This is correct. The matter was settled amicably. What particular inference is being drawn from this we do not know.

It is correct that MCOO are issued prior to fare increases. There may be some speculative buying by travel agents. It is impossible to restrict or control this. This is very similar to pre-budget spending sprees.

Comment has been made that the Chairman's one time colleagues have been appointed to posts in Air Lanka. We know of two. Whether two constitutes a 'host' is perhaps giving a new meaning to the word 'host'. We cannot see why the airline should not appoint a person strongly recommended by the Chairman himself, if the Board considers him suitable.

One of the persons so appointed is Mr. Virachai. There is no suggestion that he did anything improper in Air Siam. Therefore his association with Air Siam cannot by itself be a bar to his appointment in Air Lanka, no more than Captain Wickramanayake's association with Air Siam be a bar to his being appointed as Chairman, Air Lanka.

We have had the opportunity to judge Mr. Virachai's performance after his appointment to Air Lanka and we are satisfied with his work and the very important contribution he has made to Air Lanka's progress.

Comment has also been made to the appointment of Mr. Peter Swift. Mr. Swift who holds the appointment of Chief Operating Officer is a graduate in Aeronautical engineering and has had 15 years experience in airline management with Aer Lingus and Britannia Airways. For 7 years he was a Director of Britannia Airways supervising their planning and commercial departments. For the past 7 years Mr. Swift was Executive Vice-President of Guinness Peat Aviation. We count ourselves fortunate to have obtained his services on contract.

It has been stated that "the powerful expatriate lobby has disheartened some Sri Lankans who were recruited from Air Ceylon. If the comment made regarding appointments from defunct Air Siam is

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[එම්. වින්සන්ට පෙරේරා මහතා]

valid for defunct Air Ceylon too, then no officer from Air Ceylon should have been appointed leave alone promoted. Air Lanka is still very young and all expatriate appointments have been on contract for short terms. There is plenty of scope for national staff but ony if they prove themselves. The only authority that will determine this is the board of Air Lanka itself.

We are aware of the case of the Sri Lankan who was involved in an issue with an expatriate. Suffice it to say that the matter was inquired into by the Board who found the Sri Lankan guilty of isubordination and improper conduct. The Sri Lankan himself admitted his guilt and apologised in wiriting. The Board, however, decided that discilplinary action be taken. It so happens that the Sri Lankan officer was an ex Air Ceylon employee.

We do not think it worth commenting on the comparative living standards of Sri Lanka's Ambassadors overseas and Air Lanka's country managers. They do different jobs which require different approaches.

Comment has been made on the fact that expatriates get tax free salaries while Sri Lankans pay tax. This is in accordance with the GCEC law. It is correct that a foreign senior licenced aircraft maintenance engineer get 2050 dollars a month. Most of them are from Singapore airlines on secondment and payments are made in terms of the salaries they drew in Singapore Airlines. We can assure "Migara" that the salaries paid to Sri Lankan engineers bear comparison with any salary paid in either the State or the private sector.

It is correct that with all other international airlines Air Lanka too has interlining arrangements. If a deficit balance sheet for a year is the sole criterion as to whether interlining arrangements should be entered into with that airline, in today's airline situation hardly any interlining arrangements could be made resulting in a heavy loss of business. It appears to be an argument for the lack of an argument.

Reference has been made to a blunder in Heathrow which is presumably in connection with landing rights not being available to Air Lanka there. If there was a blunder it took place before Air Lanka was established. All that Air Lanka did was to try to retrieve the alleged blunder.

The final comment relevant to Air Lanka is that "Air Lanka has not shown a national character". The basis of this criticism appears to be the presence of three or four expatriates in important posts. We beg to disagree that this is how the airline should present a national character.

We have dealt at lengh with all the matters in "Migara's" article. It would be impolite if we did not acknowledge with gratitude the single crumb that fell from his plate: his reference that "its in-flight service is fast gathering a reputation of being the best in Asia".

There are other credits that Air Lanka can claim which without belabouring the point can be summarised in a few statistical figures.

PASSENGERS CARRIED

1979/80	1980/81	1981/82	1982/83
SepMar.	AprMar.	April./Mar.	AprMar.
96,000	239,000	441,000	516,000 (proj)

CARGO CARRIED

1979/80	190/81	1981/82	1982/83
SepMar.	AprMar.	AprMarch	AprMar.
1,400 tonnes	3,400 tonnes	6,600 tonnes	8,000 tonnes

1981 FOREIGN EXCHANGE-FROM VISITORS AIR LANKA CARRIED

Rs. 763,840,000

Source: CEYLON TOURIST BOARD

PASSENGER REVENUE SYSTEMWIDE

1979/80	1980/81	1981/82	1982/83
SepMar.	AprMarch	AprMar.	AprMar.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
225,210,000	765,000,000	2,471,000,000	1,570,000,000
DULINA STORMS (S)	IN ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT		(proi)

CARGO REVENUE

1979/80	1980/81	1981/82	1982/83
SepMar.	AprMarch	AprMar.	AprMar.
encks.d of an	d some Rs. W al	bi mad Rs. vali	Rs. 256,000,000
35,777,000	127,000,000	247.000.000	(Proi)

GROUND HANDLING REVENUE

1979/80	1980/81	1981/82	1982/83
SepMar.	AprMar.	AprMar.	AprMar
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
46,836,000	97,000,000	133,000,000	146,000,000 (Proj)

FLIGHT KITCHEN REVENUE

1980	1981	1982
JanDec.	JanDec.	JanDec.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
59,000,000	117,000,000	128,700,000 (Proj)

NON-OPERATING REVENUE

1979/80	1980/81	1981/82	1982/83
SepMar.	AprMarch	AprMar.	AprMar.
Rs.	no weem Rs. no. 1 ni	Rs. b less	Rs. 52,000,000
7,909,000	26,439,000	47,000,000	(Proj)

We are proud to state that to date we have trained and currently have flying 6 Sri Lankan Captains, 10 Sri Lankan First Officers, 9 Sri Lankan Flight Engineers plus 5 2nd Officers who sometimes fly as Engineers.

Air Lanka as a Commercial Organisation is anxious to have good relations with the Press. If "Migara" wished to make an objective study we would have been happy to supply him with any information he wanted. We are sorry that he thought it better to scavenge for the information through disgruntled Air Lanka Personnel and others with an animosity towards Air Lanka.

AIR LANKA LIMITED. 12th August, 1982.

වෛදනාවාර්ය රංජිත් අතපත්තු මහතා (සෞඛ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමා)

(டாக்டம் சஞ்சித் அத்தபத்து—சுகாதார அமைச்சர்) (Dr. Ranjith Atapattu—Minister of Health)

With regard to the questions asked by the hon. Member for Kalawana! (1) Four vacancies, Consultant Psychiatrist, Consultant Radiologist, Consultant Pathologist, and Consultant ENT Surgeon; (2) Since 1.6.82 there has not been an Anaesthetist at the General Hospital Ratnapura

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Then, the next question, how many patients who were awaiting operations have been discharged until such time as the Anaesthetists were available? Now, the answer provided here is nil, because it is obviously not possible to give the number as so many who needed operations have been transferred to Colombo and other hospitals. (Interruption) That is right. Those who needed consultant anaesthetist operations have been transferred to the bigger hospitals. So, it is very difficult to answer that question as it is. However, Consultant Anaesthetist, Dr. Mrs. Balasuriya has been appointed with effect from 15.9.82. At the moment, two House Officers of Anaesthesia have been at Ratnapura continuously, and two trainee House Officers also of Anasthesia, who completed training are also there since 10.7.82. I do not say that is adequate, but that is all we can provide at the moment. but, from 15.9.82, the Consultant Anaesthetist will be there, and will be able to tackle cases of any magnitude.

එට්. බී. අබේරන්න මහතා (ශමන:ශමන මණ්ඩල නියෝජා ඇමතිනමා)

(திரு. எச். 19. அபேரத்ன—பிரதி போக்குவரத்துச் சபை அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. H. B. Abeyratne—Deputy Minister for Transport Boards)

ගරු නියෝජා සභාපතිතුමනි, කලවානේ ගරු මන්තී තුමා (සරත් මුත්තෙච්චුවෙගම මහතා) ඉදිරිපත් කළ කාරණය සම්බන්ධයෙන් පිළිතුරු දෙන්න කැමතියි. තඩුබැද්දේ ලංකා-ජර්මන් කාර්මික අභාහස මිදුහලයේ ඉගෙන ගන්නා ළමයින් තුන්සිය හතළිස් දෙනෙක් කිසිම දැනුම්දීමක් නැතුව නීනි විරෝධි ලෙස 1982.08.10 වන දින පායමාලා හැදෑරීමට පැමිණ නැහැ. ඒ අය විශේෂයෙන්ම අවිනීත සහ පුකෝපකාරී අන්දමට හැසි රුණු නිසා ඒ බව පොලීසියට දන්වා කටයුතු කර තිබෙ නව.

සරන් මූත්තෙව්ටුවෙශම මහතා (බිලු. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம) (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

ඒ අයට ගහල.

රනිල් විනුමසිංහ මහතා (நிரு. ரணில் விக்ரமசெங்ஹ) (Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe)

කලවානෙ මන් නිතුමා ලනුවක් දුන්න.

එච්. බී. අබේරන්න මහනා (කිලු. எச். යි. அபேரத்ன) (Mr. H. B. Abeyratne)

Sir, I would like to tell the hon. Member for Kalawana that eleven persons were injured, and these are the statements that they have given to the Police. Mahinda Hettige is one. This trainee has given a statement to the Police saying that he received injuries in the mob stampede. He never makes a statement to the Police saying that he was assaulted by the Police.

Rohana Palitha Ratnayaka-

සරන් මුන්නෙට්ටුවෙගම හෙනා (திரு. சரத் மூத்தெட்டுவெகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama) and lo bomodai

It has been recorded by the same police who assaulted.

එච්. බී. අබේරත් න මහතා

(திரு. எச். பி. அபேரத்ன) (Mr. H. B. Abeyratne)

That is right. The Police are recording the statements all right. But these complainants are the people who are signing the statements. This trainee has given a statement to the Police saying that he fell down while running and got injured. He has never said that he had been assaulted by the Police.

Then Kirthisirige Mervin Leslie Perera says that he has received minor injuries and he says that he has not been assaulted by the Police.

Niranjan Wijesinghe has given a statement to the Police saying that he had fallen down during the above incident and received very minor injuries.

Jahan Indrajith Edirisinghe has given a statement to the Police saying that the glass show-case at the parlour had fallen on his leg.

සරත් මුත්තෙව්ටුවෙගම මහතා

(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகம்)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

It is a grave tragedy.

රනිල් විකුමසිංහ මහනා as trace or a doidw anolger

(திரு. ரணில் விக்ரமசிங்ஹ)

(Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe) old bluow I nodat need

There were no dead bodies ! VIJ mort A10 Jones makes

එව්. බී. අබේරන්නු මහතා ^{කටහා කට}් කට්ටුක්විස With A

(திரு. எச். பி. அபேரத்ன) இது அது அது இது இது

(Mr. H. B. Abeyratne)

When there are 342 young people involved in a stampede, do you expect everyone of them to go scot-free without any injuries. These are the things that you and your party have been telling the people, the students, and workers of this country. Without informing the Principal of that institution, not giving even one day's notice, they do not attend classes, they go to the Principal's office, threaten to kill him, threaten to break the doors, threaten to smash the furniture there. What do you expect a respectable officer holding the post of Principal to do. He has not only requested the students to come back and attend the classes, he has got all the respective lecturers to go out and request the students to come back. But till 3.45 they were making demands. They had sent a letter. They are sending a letter dated 10.8.82.

මේ විධියට නීනි විරෝධි ලෙස පන්නි වර්ජනය කොට එදාම ලිපියක් ලියනව විදුහල්පතිතුමාට—

ව්දුහල් පතිතුමා වෙන,

ඔබ විසින් එවන ලද ලිපිය සම්බන්ධවයි. ඔබ කීයා තිබුණු පරිදි ඔබ හමුවීමට කිඩවකු එවීටෙ—

The Principal has requested a team of their men to come and discuss what it is, because the Principal is

[එච්. බී. අබේරත් න මහතා]

completely unaware of their demands. He had not been informed of the demands for which there students are replying saying.

' එවූ ලිපියෙහි අපගේ ඉල් ලීම ගැන කිසිම දෙයක් නොකිරීම ගැන කනගාටු වෙමු. ඔබ අපගේ පහත සදහන් ඉල් ලීම ලබා දෙන බවට ලිබිනව දැනුම්දිමක් කළඟෙන් වහාම අපි පෙර පරිදි පුනුණුවීමේ යෙදෙන බවට පොරෙ.න් දු වෙමු. '

They are requesting the Principal of that institution to give an undertaking in writing today. There was no discussion and, of course, Sir, the students who took part in this illegal protest have been temporarily suspended and they have been informed to re-apply if they wish to continue their training. After looking into their fresh applications, we propose to open the German Training School.

Regarding the other matter raised by the hon.

Member for Attanagalla-

එතුමා පාර්ලිමේන් තුවේ මට වඩා බොහෝම ජෙසස් ය කෙනෙක්. එතුමාගේ පුශ්නය තිබෙන්නේ මෙහෙමයි. 1980 වැඩ වර්ජනයෙන් පසු නැවත වැඩට ගත් ගමනා ශමන මණ්ඩලයේ සේවකයන් මාරු කර තිබෙන්වාය කිය එතුමා කියනවා. [බංධාකිරීම්] 1980 වැඩ වර්ජනයට සහභාගි වුණාය කී උදවිය ලංකා ගමනාගමන මණ්ඩලයට නැවත අරගෙන ඔවුන් මාරු කර යවා තිබෙනවාය කියා එතුමා කියනවා. නමුත් එතුමාගේ 3 වන ජේ දයෙන් කියනවා, කිසිම වැඩ ලර්ජකයකු සේවයට කැඳවා නැත කියා.

But read the third paragraph. He mentioned three regions which are part and parcel of the Ceylon Transport Board and said that none of these people have been taken. I would like to tell him, Sir, that we have taken back 214 from Uva, to be very precise. From Anuradhapura there were only 27 strikers; all 27 have been taken. There were 22 in Matara; all have been taken.

ඒ මන් තීතුමාට මම කියන් න කැමතියි, අපි ලංගම යෙන් සාමාධා වශයෙන් බස් 5,500 ක් පමණ ධාවනය කරන බව. මේ 5,500 න් 2,220 ක් පමණ ධාවනය කරන බව. මේ 5,500 න් 2,220 ක් පමණම ධාවනය කරන්නේ කොළඹ හා තදාසන් න පුදේ ශවලයි. 1980 වැඩ වර්ජනයක් තිබුණාය කියා මේ රජය කවදාවත් පිළි ශන්නෙ නැහැ. සේ වකයන් පිරිසක්, හරියට අර ජර්මානු අභාශස විදසලයේ ළමයින් කිසිම දැනුම් දීමක් නැතිව පාසලේ ඉගෙනගන්න බැහැ කිව්වා වාගේ, වැඩට ආවෙ නැතුව හිටියා. ඊට පස්සෙ අපි තීරණයන් කළා, නැවත වැඩට ගත්තත් ඒ මිනිස්සු කෙරෙහි කිසිම විශ්වාසයක් තියන්න බැහැ කියා. ඒ මොකද, අපි ධාවනය කරන බන් වලින් සියයට 50 ක් ම කොළඹ පුදේ ශයේ ධාවනය කෙරෙන්නෙ.

අපි ඒ කට්ටිය කෙරෙහි අනුකම්පා සහගතට බලා සේවය දුන්නා. නමුත් අපි කිව්වා, මහජනයාත් සමහ කරන මේ කට්යුත්තෙදි තමුන්නාන්සේලා කෙරෙහි දිශ්වාසයක් නියා කට්යුතු කරන්න බැහැ, ඒ මොකද, ඇයිත් සුමානෙකට පස්සෙ තමුන්තාන්සේලා වැඩට එන්නෙ නැතුව හිටියොත් සියයට 50 ක්ම ධාවනය කෙරෙන කොළඹ පුදේශයේ ගමනාගමනය ඇණ හිටිනවා, ඒ නිසා අපි තමුන්නාන්සේලාව අපේ අනික්

රීජන් වලට ටික ටික බෙදා හරිනවාය කියා. එසේ බෙද හැරියේ ඒ කට්ටියට කිසිම කරදරයක් සිරිහැරයක් කිරීමට නම් නොවෙයි. එක තැන තියාගෙන අඳල ආයිත් වැඩට ආවෙ නැත් නම් බස් 2,500 ක් ධාවනය කරන් නට බැරිව යාමෙන් මහජනයාට කරදරයක් වන නිසයි.

(ලක්ෂ්මන් අත් තනගල් ලේ ගරු මන් නීතුමාට ජයකොඩි මහතා) මම කියන්න කැමතියි, ඔය ඩඩ්ලි පුනාන්දු මහතා මාරු කර තිබෙන්නේ ජාඇල සිට කුරුණෑගලට බව. හැතැප්ම කීයද? ඕක කරදරයක්ද? තුමුන් නාන් සේ ලා එහෙමද මාරු කළේ ? [බාධා කිරීම්] ඇත්තු වශයෙන්ම සභාපතිතුමනි. බැංකුවේ වැඩ වර්ජනය නීතානුකූල වෘත්තීය සමිති විසින් ඒ ආයතනවලට දන්වා අමාතනංශයටතු දන්වා කළ වැඩ වර්ජනයක්. එක් කෙතෙක් වත් ආපසු ගත්තෙ නැහැ. නමුත් ලංකා ගමනාගමන මණ්ඩලයේ රක්ෂාව නැති වී ගිය උදවියට කියන්න පුළුවන්ද එහෙම එකක් ඒ ගොල්ලන්ට වුණාය කියා. අපි අනුකම්පා කර සියලු දෙනාම ගත්තා. මුන්නැහේ කියනවා එක්කෙනෙක්වත් ගත්තෙ නැහැ

ඊළහට එතුමාගේ දෙවන කාරණය තමයි, ස්වැන්ලි පුනාන්දු මහතා ජොෂ්ඨ ඩිපෝ පරීක් ෂකයෙක් ය කියන එක. කොපමණ ජොෂ්ඨ වුණත් සභාපතිතුමනි, වැඩක් තිබෙනවාද, දැනුම් දීමක් නැතිව වැඩට එන්නෙ නැතුව ඉන්නවා නම්. එයාගෙ ජොෂ්ඨකමෙන් ඇති වැඩක් තිබෙනවාද? දුෂ්ට කියාවක් නොවේද දන්නවන්නෙ නැතුව වැඩට එන්නෙ නැති එක? ඒ නිසා ජොෂ්ඨත්වය කෙරෙහි අපට විශ්වාසයක් තියන්න බැහැ, වැඩට එන්නෙ නැත්නම්. එතුමා කුරුණෑගලට මාරු කර තිබෙනවා. එතුමාගේ ඉල් ලීමක් තිබෙනවා අපට වෙන තැනක් දෙන්න පුළුවන්. හැබැයි, කොළඹ දෙන්න අමාරුයි. කොළඹ අපේ මුළු බස් ධාවනයෙන් සියයට 50 ක් බඩ් ධාවනය වන පුදේ ශයක්.

නියනවා, සෝමරත් න රණවන යාපනයට **යැව්වාය කියා. එනුමා පමණක්** නොවෙ<mark>යි,</mark> තවත් විශාල පිරිසක් ඇරියා. බැඳෙනකොට නම් කියන්නෙ ලංකාවෙ ඕනෑම තැනක සේවය කිරීමට කැමතියි කියායි. රණවක මහතා යාපනයට ඇරියා. ඒ ක හරි එසේ යැව්ට අයට අපි නැවත චකු ලේඛයක් යැව්වා, යාපතේ සේවය කිරීමට අමාරු නම් **ක**රුණාකර ඉල් ලිමක් ඉදිරිපත් කරන්නය කියෑ. එසේ ඉල්ලීම් කළ සියලු දෙනාටම වෙනත් තැන්වලට මාරු වීම් දුන්නා. නැහැ පුළුවන්ද ගරු මන්නීතුමාට? ඒ ඉල්ලීම් කළ ධියල දෙනාටම ඒ ඉල්ලු ස්ථාන දුන්නා. කොළඹට ගෙනැම්න් බැහැ. කොළඹව ගෙනඑන්න බැරී අර හේතුව නිසයි. කොළඹ උතුරේ බස් 1,130 ක් ධාවනය කරනවා. කොළඹ දකුණේ බස් 1,078 ක් ධාවනය කරනවා. එ**ම** නිසා අත්තනගල්ල ගරු මන් නීතුමාට දන්වන් නට සතුටයි, එතුමාට සපයා තිබෙන හැම තොරතුරක්ම වැරදි බට. දැන් මේ රණවක මහත් මයාත් සමග ගිය අදවිය ගෙන් සැහෙන පිරිසක් යාපනය හොඳයි කියනවා. අපට එැණු විවාගන්නට පුළුව<mark>න්. මිරිස්</mark> විවගා ගන්නට පුළුවන්. එම නිසා—සේ වසට අමතරව ගණනක් පොයා ගත් නට පුළුවන් කියා—අපි එහාට යන් නට කැමනියි කියනවා. ඒ අතර ආයෙත් ඒ අය මෙහාට එවන්නය කියා මුන් නැහේලා කියනවා.

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එම නිසා මම එතුමාට කියන් නට සතුටුය, මෙවැනි පුශ්න අසන විට කරුණාකර අපි කෙරෙහිත් විශ්වාසයක් තවා, මේවා පාර්ලිමේන් තුවේම කියනවාට වැඩිය දුරකථන යෙන් හෝ අපට කථා කර මේවා ගැන අහනවා නම්. එහෙම නැත් නම් නිතරම පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේදී මුණ ගැහෙන නිසා එසේ මුණ ගැසුණු අවස්ථාවක මේවා ගැන අපෙන් අහනවා නම් නියම තත්,ත්වය මේකයි කියා අපි එතුමන් ලාට කියනවා. ස්තුනියි.

විදේ න් පුනාන් දු මහතා (නියෝජන විදේ ශ කටයුතු ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. ரிருன் பெர்ணண்டோ—பொதி வெளிநாட்டலுவல் கள் அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Tyronne Fernando—Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs)

Mr. Chairman regarding the matter raised by the hon. Member for Attanagalla, I wish to state that the question of sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago in which Diego Garcia is situated is in dispute. But I wish to state catergorically that Sri Lanka is for the demilitarization of the Indian Ocean and that our Government has been working unceasingly and unhesitatingly for the last five years towards this goal and we will continue to do so.

The hon. Member for Attangalla has also said about the Indian Ocean Peace Zone proposal and the proposed conference. I wish to say that it is not dead. In fact, my Minister, Hon. Mr. Hameed has not failed as you have said here. But I am sorry to say that the hon. Member for Attangalla has failed in his efforts to make the Sri Lanka Freedom Party a zone of peace and today even within the Sirima Wing it has been become a zone of war.

අ. භා. 7

වන්දා කරුණාරත්න මහතා (නියෝජා රාජා ඇමනි තුමා)

(திரு. சந்ரா கருணுரத்ன—இராசாங்கப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்) (Mr. Chandra Karunaratne—Deputy Minister of State)

ගරු නියෝජන සභාපතිතුමනි, අත්තනහල්ල ගරු හෝ නිතුමා (ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා) නැතු පුශ්නය සම්බන්ධයෙන් කියන්න තිබෙන්නේ මෙයයි: කොටුවේ පැරණි දැම් නාගයේ පිහිටි පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ අවසාන සභාවාර දිනය වූ 1982.03.26 වන දින දක්වා සියලුම ශාණ් සාඩ් වාර්තා පැය 24 ක් තුල ඉදිරිපත් කර බෙදා ශාණ් සාඩ් වාර්තා පැය 24 ක් තුල ඉදිරිපත් කර බෙදා ශාණ් සාඩ් වාර්තා නිකුත් කිරීමේදී දින කිපයක පමන හැන් සාඩ් වාර්තා නිකුත් කිරීමේදී දින කිපයක පුමාදයක් ඇති විය. 1982.03.26 වන දින හෝ ඊට පස හෝ වැඩ වර්ජනයක් ඇති නොවූ හෙයින් මෙම පුමාදය රජයේ මුදුණාලයේ වැඩ වර්ජනයක් නිසා ඇති වූ බව කිව නොහැකියි.

ශී ජයවර්ධනපර පාර්ලිමේන් තුවේ ආරම්භක සැසිවා**ර** ලශ් පටන් හැන්සාඩ් වාර්තා වඩාත් පුසන්න ආකාරය කින් නිකුත් කිරීමට නිරණය කරන ලදී. එම නිසා පුමා ණය මෙටුක් කුමයට සහ මුදුණය 'ඔ[ප්සෙට්' මුදුණ කුමය අනුව වෙනස් කරන ලදී. මෙම ලේඛනය ඕf ප්සෙට් ' කුමයට මුදුණය කිරීම සදහා භාෂා තුනෙන් ම සකස්' කරන ලද 'fපිල්ම සෙටර්ස්' අවශා වේ. ද නට මුදුණාලයේ ඉංගුීසි කොටස පමණක් 'fපිල්ම් සෙටර්ස් මගින් කරනු ලබන අතර, සිංහල සහ දෙමළ භාෂාවන්ගෙන් පළ වන කොටස් පැර**ණි කල් ගත** වන කුමයට අනුව මුදුණය කරනු ලැබේ. සිංහල සහ දෙමළ 'සෙටර්' 1982 සැප්තැම්බර් වන විට මුදුණය සඳහා යොදා ගැනීමට අපේක්ෂා කෙරේ. ඒ වන තෙක් දින කිපයක් පුමාදය වැළැක්විය නොහැකියි. උජයේ මුදුණා ලයාධිපති මෙම තත්ත්වය පිළිබද්ව ශරු කථානායක තුමාට කල් ඇතිව දනුම් දී ඇත.

qt. con. 7.40

පී. දයාර්ත්ත මහතා (අම්පාර දිසා ඇමතිතුමා සහ නියෝජන විදුලිබල හා බලශක්ති ඇමතිතුමා)

(நிரு. பி. தயாரத்ன—அம்பாறை மாவட்ட அமைச்சரும் பிரதி மின்சக்தி, எரிபொருள் அமைச்சரும்)

(Mr. P. Dayaratne—District Minister for Amparai and Deputy Minister of Power & Energy)

ගරු නියෝජා සභාපතිතුමනි, ගල්ගමුව ගරු මන් නු තුමා (එව්. එම්. ඒ, ලොකු බණ්ඩා මහතා) නැතු පුශ්නය දුනට ඩීසල් එන්ජින් යන්නුවලින් ජලය පොම්ප කරන ස්ථාන කිපයකට විදුලි බලය පෘවිව්චි කර වතුර පොමීප කිරීම කළ හැකිද යන්න ගැනයි. ඈත්ත වශයෙන්ම අද විදුලිබල ගාස්තු අනුව බලන විට විදුලි බලයෙන්' වතුර පොම්ප කිරීම එතරම් ලංහදායක නොවුණත් එය කළ හැකියි. නමුත් දනට ඩීසල් එන්ජින් යන්තු සවි කර ඇති නිසා ඒවා පැත්තකට දමා ඒ වෙනුවට විදුලි බල යෙන් කිුයා කරන වතුර පොම්ප යොදවන්නට ගියොත් වීශාල මුදලක් වැය වන බව කල්පතා කරන්නට ඕනෑ. **ඵ**ී මුදල අනුව බලන විට මම හිතනවා, මේ විධි<mark>ය</mark>ට ටෙනස් කිරීම එතුරම් ලාභදායක වන්නේ නැහැයි කියා. කෙසේ වුවත් ඒ අවශා පොම්ප සපයන්නට පුළුවන් නම්, ඒ වාශේම ඒ ඒ ස්ථානවල විදුලිබල මාර්ග ඉදි කිරීම සඳහා අවශා වන මුදල යම්කිසි කුමයනින් විදුලිබල මණ්ඩලයට ගෙවන්නට පුළුවන් නම් ඒවා විදුලි බල යෙන් කියා කරවීමට අවශා කටයුතු පිළියෙළ කරන්නට පුළුවන් බව මම මේ අවස්ථාවේදී කියන්නට කැමතියි.

පුශ්නය විමසන ලදින්. සභාෂම්මින විය.

விஞ விடுக்கப்பெற்று ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது. Question put, and agreed to.

> පාර්ලිමේන්තුව ඊට අනුකුල්ව අ. භා. 7.42 ව 1982 අශෝස්තු 20 වන සිකුරාද, පූ. භා. 10 වන තෙක් කල් ශියේය.

> அதன்படி, பி. ப. 7.42 மனிக்கு **பாராளுமன்றம்,** 1982 ஓகஸ்ட் 20, வெள்ளிக்கிழமை மு. ப. 10 மணிவரை ஒத்தினைக்கப்பட்டது.

> Adjourned accordingly at 7.42 p.m. until 10 a.m. on Friday, 20th August 1982.

එම නිසා මම එතුමාව නියන්නට යනුවූව, අම්වැනි පුත්තා අතන විට කරුණාගර අපි සෙරෙනින් විශ්වායයන් බවා, මේවා පැරීලිමේන් තුවෙම නියනවාට වැඩිය දුරුත්වන සෙනේ තෝ අපව කළා සර වෙවා ශාත අතනවා යම, එයෙම නැත් සම නිතරම පාර්ලමේන්තවේදී මුණ ශාපයතු නිසා එහේ මුණ නැතුණු අවස්ථාවක මේවා ශාත අපෙත් අතනවා නම නියම තත්ත්වය මෙන්සි කිසා. අපි එතුමත් ලාව කියනවා. ස්තුනියි.

විරෝන් පුනාන්දු මහතා (නියෝජය විදේශ **ක**ටයුතු ලමනිකුමා)

(Bog Hopei Gutendallur-121 B Carolperiugend seir yenderi)

(Mr. Tyronde Fernando—Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs)

Mr. Chairman regarding the matter raised by the non-Member for Attanagalla. I wish to state that the question of sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago in which Diego Garcia is situated is in dispute. But I wish to state catergorically that Sri Lanka is for the demintarization of the Indian Ocean and that our Government has been working unceasingly and unhesitatingly for the last five years towards this goal and we will continue to do so.

The hon. Member for Attangalla has also said about the Indian Ocean Peace Zone proposal and the proposed conference. I wish to say that it is not dead. In fact, my Minister, Hon. Mr. Hameed has not failed as you have said here. But I am sorry to say that the hon. Member for Attangalla has failed in his efforts to make the Sri Lanka Freedom Party a zone of peace and today even within the Sirima Wing it has been become a zone of

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වන්දා පරුණාරීන්න වනතා (නිදහස්ත රාජ්‍ය ඇමනි කුමා)

(Mr. Chandra Karunaratne-Deputy Minister of State)

ුගරු නියෝජන සහපනිතුමනි, අත්තන්තල්ල සරු පෝහුදමා (ලක්තිමත් එස්සක්සි සිගතා) නැතු පුත්තය සත්වා වසෙන් කියත් හ නිවෙන් නේ මෙයනි : සොටුවේ පැරණි පුම නාගයන් පිනිටි පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ අවසාන සතාවර දිනස් වූ 1082.08.26 වන දින දක්වා සියලුව හැන් සති වර්තා පැය 24 ක් පුල අද්විපත් කර වෙදා සමන් ලදී. 1082.04.20 වන දින පාර්ලිමේන්තුව නි සමන් ඇත්තන පාර්තා නිකුත් කිරීමේදී දින කිවසක සමන් ඇත්තන් පාර්තා නිකුත් කිරීමේදී දින කිවසක පුමාදයක් ඇත් සිය. 1182.03.26 වන දින දෙන් වීට සස ජන්තේ මදුණෙල්සේ ඇති හෝව හෝත්තේ සමම පුවාල්ස

මු වස්දේශ්‍ය සිට පැරදුමෙන් ප්‍රවේඛය අරම්ඛන සැසිම් සේ පරිත අදුන්සාම් වර්තා වඩාත් ප්‍රසන්න අයක්රය සිත් නිකුත් කිරීමට නිරණය කරන ලදී මම නිසා පුමා මෙය අනුව වෙනස් සන්න ලදී මෙම ලේඛන්ස ' සිස්සේට්' කුම්කට වැණෙස කිරීම සඳහා සාසා කුනෙන් ම සකස් සරන ලද ' පිමිල්ම සොවස සමණක් ' පිමිල්' ව සෙවරීස් මහින් කරනු ලබන අතර, සිංහල සහ දෙමළ තාස්වක් ගෙන් පළ හෝ කරනු ලබන අතර, සිංහල සහ දෙමළ තාස්වක් ගෙන් පළ හෝ කොඩස් පැරණි කල් හත වන තස්වේන් වැණිය කරනු ලබන අතර, සිංහල සහ දෙමළ තස්වේන් වෙන් කරනු ලබන අතර, සිංහල සහ දෙමළ තස්වේ දෙනුම මුදුණය කරනු ලැබේ සිංහල සහ දෙමළ සොදා ගැනීමට අපේක්ෂා කෙනේ. ඒ වන තෙන් දින සොදා ගැනීමට අපේක්ෂා කෙනේ. ඒ වන හෙන් දින අතේ සුවේ සම තත්ත්වස් පිළිබුඳ්ව හේදු සභාතායක් ලබාව සල් ඇතිව දහස් සිදිබුඳ්ව හේදු සභාතායක්

d. co. 7.40

ව්. දයාර්ත් හා මහතා (අම්පාර දිසා ඇමනිතුමා සහ නියෝජය විදේසිළ හා මළයක්ති ආවත්තමා)

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(Mr. P. Dayaratno-District Minister for Amparai and Deputy Minister of Power & Energy)

බව, නිසෝපිය සසපපත්තමක්, මහතා නැතු පුශ්නය අනට සිසල් එන්නේ සන්තුමලින් ප්ලය පොම්ප කරන ස්ථාන කිපයකට මිදුල් බලය පාමිච්චි කර වතුර සොම්ප කිරීම කළ හැක්ද යන්න දෙනකි. ඇත්ත ව්යසෙන්ම අද සිදුල්බල කාත්තු අනුව බලන විට විදුල් බලයෙන් වතුර පොම්ප කිරීම එතරම් ලානදායක නොවුණන් එය කළ හැකියි. නමන් දනට සිසල් එන්ජින් සන්තු සම කර ඇති නිසා ඒවා සැත්තෙනු දමා ඒ වෙනුවට විදුල් බල සෙන් කිය. කරන වතුර පොම්ප යොදවත්නට බහොත් වෙනුව මිදුල අනට බලන වීම නිතනවා. මේ විධියට වනයේ කිදුල අනට බලන වීම නිතනවා. මේ විධියට පොසේ වුවත් ඒ අවසා පොම්ස සපයන්නට පුළුවන් හෙසේ ලෙන අවසා වන මුදුල සමන්නි කියානින් මිදුල්බල කිරීම සඳහා අවසා වන මුදුල සමනිසි කුමයනින් මිදුල්බල සෙන් නියා කරම්මට අවසා සොම්ස කමයනින් මිදුල්බල සෙන් නියා කරම්මට අවසා කටන්නේ මිදුල්බල සෙන් නියා කරම්මට අවසා කටයකු පිළිබඳ කරන්නට මිදුල්බල සෙන් නියා කරම්මට අවසා කටයකු පිළිබඳ කරන්නට

> पुत्र' जाय हिस्सा एर्स्जों, एकावर्ष्ट्रिक हैया. व्हेन्ज व्हेजिस्सारियाक्षेत्र वाक्ष्यविकासंस्थायाच्या आ Question put, and agreed to

ප්රතිවේත් අව වීට අන්තුල්ව ඇ හා. 7.02 ව 1982 අගෝස් ආ 20 වන සිතුරාද පූ. හා. 18 වන කෙරේ පල් නිසේ ය.

Assertate, 13, to 7, to terrify the representation of the 100 terrifold of the 100 terrifold

Adjourned accordingly as 7.42 p.m. until 10 a.m. on Friday, 20th August 1982.

m. g.

මෙම චාර්තාවේ අවසාන මුදුණය සඳහා සවකීය කථාවල නිවැරදි කළ යුතු තැන් දක්වනු රිසි මන්තීන් මීන් පිටපතක් ගෙන එහි ඒවා පැහැදිලිව දක්වා එම පිටපතු හැන්සාඩ් සංස්කාරක වෙත

1982 සැප්තැම්බර් 3 වන සිකුරාදා වෙන අදුරු අදුරු අදුරු වෙන අදුරුදා

නොඉක්මවා ලැබෙන සේ එවිය යුතුයි.

அங்கத்தினர் இறுதிப் பதிப்பிற் செய்யவிரும்பும் பிழை திருத்தங்களே அறிக்கையிற்றெளிவாகக் குறி<mark>த்து</mark> பிழை திருத்தங்களேக் கொண்ட பிரதியை ஹன்சாட் பதிப்பாசிரியருக்கு

1982 செப்செம்பர் 3, வெள்ளிக்கிழமைக்குப் பிந்தாமற்

கிடைக்கக்கூடியதாக அனுப்புதல் வேண்டும்.

NOTE

Corrections which Members suggest for the Final Print should be clearly marked in this Report and the copy containing the corrections must reach the Editor of HANSARD,

not later than

Friday, 3rd September, 1982

දිගක මුදල් : පාර්ලිමේන්තු විවාද වාර්තාවල වාර්ෂික දයක මිල රු. 200/- කි. (අශෝධිත පිටපත් සඳහා නම් රු. 175/- කි). පිටපතක් ගෙන්වා ගැනීම අවශා නම් ගාස්තුව රු. 2.50 කි. තැපැල් ගාස්තුව ශත 90 කි. කොළඹ 1. තැ. පෙ. 500, රජයේ පුකාශන කාර්යාංශයේ අධිකාරි වෙත සෑම වර්ෂයකම නොවැම්බර් 30 දට පුථම දයක මුදල් ගෙවා ඉදිරි වර්ෂයේ දයකත්වය ලබාගෙන විවාද වාර්තා ලබාගත හැකිය. නියමිත දිනෙන් පසුව එවනු ලබන දයක ඉල්ලුම්පත් භාරගනු නොලැබේ.

சந்தா: ஹன்சாட் அதிகார அறிக்கையின் வருடாந்த சந்தா ரூபா 200/- (திருத்தப்படாத பிரதிகன் ரூபா 175/-) ஹன்சாட் தனிப்பிரதி ரூபா 2.50. தபாற் செலவு 90 சதும். வருடாந்த சந்தா முற்பணமாக அத்தியட்சர், அரசாங்க வெளியீட்டலுள்ளகம், த. பெ. இல 500, கொழும்பு 1 என்ற விலாசத்திற்கு அணுப்பி பிரதிகளேப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளலாம். ஒவ்வோராண்டும் நவெம்பர் 30 ந் தேதிக்குமுன் சந்தாப் பணம் அணுப்பப்படவேண்டும். பித்திக் கிடைக்கும் சந்தா விண்ணப்பங்கள் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படமாட்டா.

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