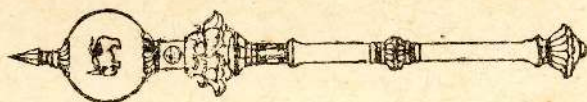


24 වන කාණ්ඩය  
7 වන කලාපය

*V. Shan Yana*  
*H. P. Nanjaya*

අගභරුවාද  
1983 ජූලි 5  
*July*



# පාර්ලිමේන්තු විවාද

(හැන්සාඩ්)

නිල වාර්තාව

(අශෝධිත පිටපත)

## අත්තර්ගත ප්‍රධාන කරුණු

**නිවේදනය:**

කොළඹ විශ්ව විද්‍යාලයේ උත්තර මණ්ඩලයට නම් කරීම

ප්‍රශ්නවලට වාචික පිළිතුරු

ශෝක ප්‍රකාශය: එල්. ඩී. දසනායක මහතා

පළාත් පාලන ඡණය සහන සභා පනත් කෙටුම්පත:

පළමුවන වර කියවන ලදී

පොද්ගලික මන්ත්‍රීන්ගේ පනත් කෙටුම්පත්:

ඉෂා-අතුල් ඉස්ලාම් අනාථ නිවාසය (සංස්ථාගත කිරීමේ)-(පවර් ඒ. කාදර් මහතා)-පළමුවන වර කියවන ලදී

ලංකා ගෝට්ඨු පාසැල් උපාධිධරයන්ගේ සංගමය (සංස්ථාගත කිරීමේ)-[සෙල්වන් රණරාජ මහතා]-පළමුවන වර කියවන ලදී.

මුස්ලිම් කාන්තා සමාර කවය (ලංකා) (සංස්ථාගත කිරීමේ) පනත් කෙටුම්පත:

දෙවන වර කියවා "ඒ" සඳහා කරක සභාවට පවරන ලදී

සීමාසහිත කොළඹ කොමර්ෂල් (පොහොර) සමාගම: වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව

ලංකා රාජ්‍ය පිටි නිෂ්පාදන නීතිගත සංස්ථාව විසුරුවා හැරීම

විවාදය ඉදිරියට ගෙන යන ලදී

(Continued)

<b>Duration of Proceedings</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>3.00 p.m. to 5.20 p.m. on 05.07.1983</b>
<b>Final set of manuscripts received from Parliament</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>10.15 p.m. on 05.07.1983</b>
<b>Printed copies despatched</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>06.07.1983 afternoon</b>

## பாராளுமன்ற விவாதங்கள்

(ஹன்சாட்)

அதிகார அறிக்கை

(பிழை திருத்தப்படாதது)

பிரதான உள்ளடக்கம்

அறிவிப்பு :

கொழும்பு பல்கலைக்கழக மன்றுக்கு நேமகங்கள்

வினாக்களுக்கு வாய்மூல விடைகள்

அனுதாபத் தீர்மானம் : திரு. எல். பி. நீலநாயக்க

உள்ளூராட்சி கடன்வழங்கு சபைகள் சட்டமூலம் :

முதன்முறை மதிப்பிடப்பட்டது

தனி அங்கத்தினர் சட்டமூலங்கள் :

அனாதைகளுக்கான இஷா-அத்துல் இஸ்லாமிய இல்லம் (கூட்

டிண்டிங்)—[ஜனாப் ஜாபிர் ஏ. காதர்]—முதன்முறை மதிப்

பிடப்பட்டது

இலங்கை ஓட்டல் கல்லூரிப் பட்டதாரிகள் கழகம் (கூட்டிணைத் தல்)—[திரு. ஷெல்டன் ரணராஜ]—முதன்முறை மதிப்பிடப் பட்டது

முஸ்லிம் பெண்களின் சமூக லீக் (இலங்கை) (கூட்டிணைத்தல்) சட்டமூலம் :

இரண்டாம்முறை மதிப்பிடப்பட்டு நிலைக்குழு 'ஏ' க்குச் சாட் டப்பட்டது

கொழும்பு கொம்மேஷல் கம்பனி (பசனிகள்) விமிட்டெட் : ஆண் டறிக்கை

இலங்கை அரசு மா அரைக்கும் கூட்டுத்தாபனத்தைக் கலைத்தல் விவாதம் தொடர்கிறது

Volume 24

No. 7

Tuesday  
5th July 1983

## PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES

(HANSARD)

OFFICIAL REPORT

(Uncorrected)

## PRINCIPAL CONTENTS

### ANNOUNCEMENT :

Nominations to Colombo University Court

### ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

VOTE OF CONDOLENCE : MR. L. B. DASSANAYAKE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT CREDIT COUNCILS BILL :

Read the First time

### PRIVATE MEMBERS' BILLS :

Isha-Athul Islam Home for the Orphans (Incorporation) - [Mr. Jabir A. Cader] - Read the First time

Ceylon Hotel School Graduates Association (Incorporation) - [Mr. Shelton Ranaraja] - Read the First time

2-A 71285-2,450 (83/07)

MUSLIM WOMEN'S SOCIAL LEAGUE (CEYLON) (INCORPORATION) BILL :

Read a Second time and allocated to Standing Committee "A"

COLOMBO COMMERCIAL CO. (FERTILIZER) LTD. : ANNUAL REPORT

DISSOLUTION OF CEYLON STATE FLOUR MILLING CORPORATION :

Debate continued

# පාර්ලිමේන්තු විගණනා කොටස

(පිටුව 2)

අනුමත කළ  
(නිල පිටුවකට)  
විගණනා කොටස

විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය
විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය
විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය
විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය
විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය
විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය
විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය
විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය
විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය
විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය	විගණනා කොටසේ අන්තර්ගතය

අංක 7  
24 වන පිටුව

අංක 7  
24 වන පිටුව

# පාර්ලිමේන්තු විගණනා කොටස

(පිටුව 2)

අනුමත කළ  
(නිල පිටුවකට)

## ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය

මුස්ලිම් කාන්තාවන්ගේ සමාජ ක්‍රියා (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය
නිවැරදි කිරීමේ බිල (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය
කොළඹ පුද්ගලික සේවා සමාජ සේවා කමිටුවේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය
කොළඹ පුද්ගලික සේවා සමාජ සේවා කමිටුවේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය
කොළඹ පුද්ගලික සේවා සමාජ සේවා කමිටුවේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය
කොළඹ පුද්ගලික සේවා සමාජ සේවා කමිටුවේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය
කොළඹ පුද්ගලික සේවා සමාජ සේවා කමිටුවේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය
කොළඹ පුද්ගලික සේවා සමාජ සේවා කමිටුවේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය
කොළඹ පුද්ගලික සේවා සමාජ සේවා කමිටුවේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය
කොළඹ පුද්ගලික සේවා සමාජ සේවා කමිටුවේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව (පිටුව 2)	ප්‍රධාන අන්තර්ගතය

පාර්ලිමේන්තුව  
பாராளுமன்றம்  
PARLIAMENT

1983 ජූලි 5 වන අඟහරුවාද  
සිංහලයාගේ ප්‍රධානියා, 5 ජූලි 1983  
Tuesday, 5th July 1983

අ. ගා. 3 ට පාර්ලිමේන්තුව රැස් විය. කථානායකතුමා [අල් හාජ් ජම්. අබ්දුල් බාකීර් මාකාර් මහතා] මූලාසනයාද විය.

பாராளுமன்றம் பி. ப. 3 மணிக்குக் கூடியது. சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் [அல் ஹாஜ் சீம். அப்துல் பாகீர் மாகார்] தலைமை வகித்து கத்தவார்)

The Parliament met at 3 p.m. MR. SPEAKER [AL HAJ M. ABDUL BAKEER MARKAR] in the Chair.

නිවේදනය  
அறிவிப்பு

ANNOUNCEMENT

කොළඹ විශ්ව විද්‍යාලයේ උත්තර මණ්ඩලයට තමා කිරීම  
கொழும்புப் பல்கலைக்கழக மன்றத்துக்கு தேமகங்கள்  
NOMINATIONS TO COLOMBO UNIVERSITY COURT

කථානායකතුමා  
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)  
(Mr. Speaker)

The following Members have been nominated to the Court of the University of Colombo :

Mr. J. A. E. Amaratunga  
Mr. Chandra Ranatunga

As the number of candidates nominated is equal to the number of Members to be elected, I declare these candidates duly elected to the Court of the University of Colombo.

ලිපි ලේඛනාදිය පිළිගැන්වීම  
சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட பத்திரங்கள்  
PAPERS PRESENTED

Audit Report on the Accounts of the University Grants Commission of the year ended 31st December 1981.—(Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways.)

Annual Report of the Sri Lanka Tea Board for 1980.—(Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Public Administration and Minister of Plantation Industries.)

Annual Report and the Statement of Accounts of the State Distilleries Corporation for 1980.—(Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Finance and Planning.)

සහමේසය මත තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.  
சபாபிடித்தலில் இருக்கக் கட்டளையிடப்பட்டது,  
Ordered to lie upon the Table.

පිළිගත්වන ලද වාර්තා  
சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட அறிக்கைகள்  
REPORTS PRESENTED

මුනුවත්ගොඩ තරුණ බෞද්ධ සංගමය (සංස්ථාගත කිරීමේ) පනත් කෙටුම්පත

யணுவாங்கோட பெனத்த இளைஞர் கழகம் (கட்டளைத்ததி) சட்டமூலம்

YOUNG MEN'S BUDDHIST ASSOCIATION, MINUWANGODA (INCORPORATION) BILL

ජම්. චින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා (පාර්ලිමේන්තු කටයුතු හා ක්‍රීඩා ආමේතිතුමා සහ ආණ්ඩු පාර්ශ්වයේ ප්‍රධාන සංවිධායකතුමා)  
(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா—பாராளுமன்ற அலுவலர்கள், விளையாட்டுத்துறை அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக் கொறடாவும)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera—Minister of Parliamentary Affairs & Sports and Chief Government Whip)

On behalf of the Chairman, Standing Committee "B" I present the Report of Standing Committee "B" on The young Men's Buddhist Association, Minuwangoda (Incorporation) Bill together with the Minutes of the Proceedings.

REPORT

The Committee have considered the Young Men's Buddhist Association, Minuwangoda (Incorporation) Bill and have agreed to it without amendment.

පනත් කෙටුම්පත "බී" ස්ථාවර කාරක සභාව විසින් වාර්තා කරන ලද පරිදි 1983 ජූලි 6 වන බදාදා සඳහා බලපැවැත්වේ.

சட்டமூலம் நிலைக்குழு "பி" இனால் அறிக்கை செய்யப்பட்டவாறு 1983, ஜூலை 6, புதன் கிழமை பரிசீலிக்கப்பட்டவிருக்கிறது.

Bill as reported by Standing Committee "B", to be considered upon Wednesday, 6th July 1983.

පෝත්සම්  
மனுக்கள்  
PETITIONS

කථානායකතුමා  
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)  
(Mr. Speaker)

Hon. Member for Katugampola — (Pause) — Not here.

Hon. Member for Matara — (Pause) — Not here.

ජම්. ජෝසප් මයිකල් පෙරේරා (කම්කරු නියෝජ්‍ය ආමේතිතුමා)  
(திரு. எம். ஜோசப் மைக்கல் பெரேரா — தொழில் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)  
(Mr. M. Joseph Michael Perera — Deputy Minister of Labour)

රාගම, බටුවත්තේ, අංක 187 දරන නිවෙස් පදිංචි ජේ. ටී. ජී. ජම්. පෙරේරා මහත්මියගෙන් ලැබුණු පෙත්සමක් මම ඉදිරිපත් කරනවා.

ආර්. පී. විජේසිරි මහතා (තාර්ස්පත්තුව දෙවන) (කි.පු. ඥා. පී. කිලෝසිරි—ඉතාලියේ පුද්ගල ක්‍රීඩකයන්ගේ සංගමයේ සාමාජිකයෙක්)

(Mr. R. P. Wijesiri - Second Harispattuwa)

කුරුණෑගල, දිස්ත්‍රික් ඉඩම් ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණ අධිකාරියේ ජ්‍යෙෂ්ඨ මහත්මයාගේ ලැබුණු පෙන්සන් මම ඉදිරිපත් කරනවා.

මහල පෙන්සන් කාරක සභාවට වැටුප් සඳහා යම් කිසිවක් කරන ලදී. පොදු මනුෂ්‍ය සේවයේ සේවයට යොමු කළේය.

Ordered to be referred to the Public Petitions Committee.

**ප්‍රශ්නවලට වාචික පිළිතුරු**  
**කිතුනුකරු වාච්‍යමය නිදාහැරීම්**  
**ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS**

ජී. ජී. එල්. කමල් මහතා මෙතෙවිස : රැකියාවක්  
සෙවීමේ ආ. ඉ. කමල් මහතා : රැකියාවක්

MISS A. G. L. KAMAL OPATHA : EMPLOYMENT

209/83

1. ආචාර්ය ඩබ්ලිව්. දහනායක මහතා (ගාල්ල) (කලාභිති උපදේශක, තණතොට—කාලි) (Dr. W. Dahanayake - Galle)

සැලසුම් ක්‍රියාත්මක කිරීම පිළිබඳ නියෝජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය : (අ) අත්මක රැකියා බැංකු අංක 619 හිමි උච්චිත මිලකට පදිංචි ජී. ජී. එල්. කමල් මහතා මෙතෙවිස අංක ගණිතය සහ භාෂාව ඇතුළු සම්මාන පහක් ලබා අ. පො. ස. (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය සමත් වී ඇති බව එතුමා දන්නේද? (ආ) ලිපිකාරියක් ලෙස ඇය පත්කර නොමැත්තේ මන්ද? (ඇ) ලිපිකාරියක් ලෙස හෝ වෙනත් සුදුසු තනතුරකට ඇය වහා පත්කරන්නේද? (ඈ) නොඑසේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද?

කි.ටී.එස්. සේනාරත්නම් පීඒඒ. අමාත්‍යවරයාගේ ප්‍රශ්නය : (අ) ආචාර්ය ඩබ්ලිව්. දහනායක මහතා (ගාල්ල) (කලාභිති උපදේශක, තණතොට—කාලි) (Dr. W. Dahanayake - Galle) සැලසුම් ක්‍රියාත්මක කිරීම පිළිබඳ නියෝජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය : (අ) අත්මක රැකියා බැංකු අංක 619 හිමි උච්චිත මිලකට පදිංචි ජී. ජී. එල්. කමල් මහතා මෙතෙවිස අංක ගණිතය සහ භාෂාව ඇතුළු සම්මාන පහක් ලබා අ. පො. ස. (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය සමත් වී ඇති බව එතුමා දන්නේද? (ආ) ලිපිකාරියක් ලෙස ඇය පත්කර නොමැත්තේ මන්ද? (ඇ) ලිපිකාරියක් ලෙස හෝ වෙනත් සුදුසු තනතුරකට ඇය වහා පත්කරන්නේද? (ඈ) නොඑසේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද?

asked the Deputy Minister of Plan Implementation : (a) Is he aware that Akmeemana Job Bank No. 619, Miss. A. G. L. Kamal Opatha of Opatha, Uluwitike, has passed in the G.C.E. (O. L.) Examination with five credits, including language and Arithmetic? (b) Why has she not been given work as a clerk? (c) Will she be appointed at once as a clerk or in another suitable capacity? (d) If not why?

ඩී. ඩී. වෙලගෙර මහතා (සැලසුම් ක්‍රියාත්මක කිරීමේ නියෝජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමා)

(කි.පු. ඥා. පී. කිලෝසිරි—අමාත්‍යවරයාගේ ප්‍රශ්නයට පිළිතුරු සැපයීම)

(Mr. D. B. Welagedera—Deputy Minister of Plan Implementation)

(අ) නැත. මෙම අමාත්‍යවරයාගේ වෙත දන්වා ඇති පරිදි අංක ගණිතය සහ භාෂාව ඇතුළු සම්මාන පහක් සහිතව ඇය අ. පො. ස. (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ)

විභාගය සමත් වී නැත. (ආ) පැන නොහරී. (ඇ) ඇය ලබා ඇති සුදුසුකම් අනුව පුරප්පාඩු සඳහා ඉල්ලීම් ලැබුණු විට සම්මුඛ පරීක්ෂණවලට යැවීමට කටයුතු කරනු ලැබේ. (ඈ) පැන නොහරී.

ආචාර්ය ඩබ්ලිව්. දහනායක මහතා (කලාභිති උපදේශක, තණතොට) (Dr. W. Dahanayake)

මුලින්ම රොබ් කාඩ් එක දුන්නට පසු මේ තැනැත්තිය අවශ්‍ය සම්මාන ලබාගෙන තිබෙන බව තමුන්තාන්දේ දන්නවාද? රොබ් කාඩ් එකේ වයස දත් අවුරුදු පහක් වෙනවා.

ඩී. ඩී. වෙලගෙර මහතා (කි.පු. ඥා. පී. කිලෝසිරි—වෙලගෙර) (Mr. D. B. Welagedera)

අපට ඒ බව දන්නවා නැහැ. දන්නවා නම් අපි ඒ පිළිබඳව සටහනක් කර ගන්නවා.

ඩබ්ලිව්. ජී. කරුණාවතී මහත්මයා : වැන්දඹු විශ්‍රාම වැටුප්  
කි.පු. ඥා. පී. කිලෝසිරි—වෙලගෙර මහතා (කි.පු. ඥා. පී. කිලෝසිරි—වෙලගෙර) (Mrs. W. A. Karunawathie : Widow's Pension)

210/83

2. ආචාර්ය ඩබ්ලිව්. දහනායක මහතා (කලාභිති උපදේශක, තණතොට) (Dr. W. Dahanayake)

කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධනය හා පර්යේෂණ පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා සහ ආහාර හා සමුපකාර ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය : (අ) ගාල්ලේ බටහිර බටුමුල්ල ඩබ්ලිව්. ජී. කරුණාවතී මහත්මයාට අංක 82/196676/06-ගෙවිය යුතු වැන්දඹු විශ්‍රාම වැටුප් හේතු රහිතව කෘෂිකාර්මික දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ ප්‍රමාද වී ඇති බව එතුමා දන්නේද? (ආ) වහාම ඇට්ටර්නිවලට එතුමා කටයුතු කරන්නේද? (ඇ) නොඑසේ නම්, මන්ද?

විචාරණ ජනරාල්ගේ ප්‍රශ්නය : (අ) ආචාර්ය ඩබ්ලිව්. දහනායක මහතා (කලාභිති උපදේශක, තණතොට) (Dr. W. Dahanayake) සැලසුම් ක්‍රියාත්මක කිරීම පිළිබඳ නියෝජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය : (අ) අත්මක රැකියා බැංකු අංක 619 හිමි උච්චිත මිලකට පදිංචි ජී. ජී. එල්. කමල් මහතා මෙතෙවිස අංක ගණිතය සහ භාෂාව ඇතුළු සම්මාන පහක් ලබා අ. පො. ස. (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය සමත් වී ඇති බව එතුමා දන්නේද? (ආ) ලිපිකාරියක් ලෙස ඇය පත්කර නොමැත්තේ මන්ද? (ඇ) ලිපිකාරියක් ලෙස හෝ වෙනත් සුදුසු තනතුරකට ඇය වහා පත්කරන්නේද? (ඈ) නොඑසේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද?

asked the Minister of Agricultural Development and Research and Minister of Food and Co-operatives : (a) Is he aware that the Widow's Pension due to Mrs. W. A. Karunawathie, Bataduwa West, Galle - No. 82/196676/06 - is being inordinately delayed in the Department of Agriculture? (b) Will he cause payment to be made at once? (c) If not, why?

එස්. එස්. අබේසුන්දර මහතා (වැඩබලන කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධනය හා පර්යේෂණ පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා)

(කි.පු. ඥා. පී. කිලෝසිරි—අබේසුන්දර මහතා) (Mr. S. S. Abeysondera - Acting Minister of Agricultural Development & Research)

(අ) නැත. (ආ) වැන්දඹු හා අනන්දරු විශ්‍රාම වැටුප් ගෙවනු ලබන්නේ වැන්දඹු හා අනන්දරු විශ්‍රාම වැටුප් කාර්යාලය මගින්ය. (ඇ) අදාල කොටේ.

ஈவார்ட் டிவிட்டி. டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர்  
(கலாநிதி டிபன்சர், தலைநாயக்க)  
(Dr. W. Dahanayake)

I am sorry. I have addressed this Question to the wrong Minister.

பீ. டி. டிவிட்டி மினிஸ்டர் : டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் டிவிட்டி  
ஜெனரல் எஸ். எம். சலீமா : மினிஸ்டர்ஸ் அலோவான்ஸ்  
MRS. S. M. Saleema : W.&O.P. ALLOWANCE FOR CHILDREN

213/83

3. ஈவார்ட் டிவிட்டி. டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர்  
(கலாநிதி டிபன்சர், தலைநாயக்க)  
(Dr. W. Dahanayake)

ரூப ரிபாட்டிங் டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் டிவிட்டி மினிஸ்டர்  
டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் : (அ) 243/1 டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் டிவிட்டி  
டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் : (அ) 243/1, நாவின்னா, உலுவிதி  
டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் : (அ) 243/1, நாவின்னா, உலுவிதி

பொது நிர்வாக அமைச்சரும் தோட்டத்தொழில் அமைச்சரும்  
மாணவரைக் கேட்ட வினா : (அ) 243/1, நாவின்னா, உலுவிதி  
டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் : (அ) 243/1, நாவின்னா, உலுவிதி

asked the Minister of Public Administration and Minister of Plantation Industries : (a) Is he aware that the three minor children of the widow pensioner, Mrs. S. M. Saleema of 243/1, Navinna, Uluvitike, (Widow's Pension No. 11812), do not get any allowances ? (b) Will he cause these minors to be paid their dues with arrears ? (c) If not, why ?

ஹரிந்திர கோராவ் மினிஸ்டர் (கிளர்னிங் ரூப ரிபாட்டிங் டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர்)  
(திரு. ஹரிந்திர கோராவ்—பொது நிர்வாகப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)  
(Mr. Harindra Corea—Deputy Minister of Public Administration)

(a) It is not possible to trace this case as the W. & O. P. number given is incorrect. (b) and (c) Vide (a) above.

**ச. சி. சி. டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர்**

டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் : சந்தைப்படுத்தும் உபநாயகியானும்  
C. G. R. ADVISOR AND MARKETING CONSULTANT

257/83

6. டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் (டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர்)  
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி—அத்தனைக்கல்)  
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody—Attanagalla)

பிரதான கமிஷனர் டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் டிவிட்டி மினிஸ்டர்  
டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் : (அ) டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் டிவிட்டி மினிஸ்டர்  
டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் : (அ) டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் டிவிட்டி மினிஸ்டர்

கிளர்னிங் ரூப ரிபாட்டிங் டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர்  
டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் : (அ) டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் டிவிட்டி மினிஸ்டர்  
டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் : (அ) டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர் டிவிட்டி மினிஸ்டர்

போக்குவரத்து அமைச்சரும் போக்குவரத்துச் சபைகள்  
அமைச்சரும் தனியார் பஸ் போக்குவரத்து அமைச்சருமான  
வரைக் கேட்ட வினா : (அ) இலங்கை அரசாங்க புகையிரதப்  
பகுதிக்கு அவரால் அண்மையில் நியமிக்கப்பட்ட ஆலோசகரும்  
சந்தைப்படுத்தும் உபநாயகியானருமானவரின் கடமை  
களையும் அலுவல்களையும் அவர் கூறுவாரா ? (ஆ) இவரது நியமனத்  
திகதியையும் சம்பளத் திட்டத்தையும் அவர் கூறுவாரா ? (இ)  
புகையிரதப் பகுதியின் தற்போதைய வருமானத்தையும் இலங்கை  
அரசாங்கப் புகையிரதப் பகுதியில் இக்கிணக்களைத்தின் வருமான,  
செலவின நிதிப்பாய்வையும் அவர் கூறுவாரா ? (ஈ) இன்றேல் ஏன் ?

asked the Minister of Transport and Minister for Transport Boards and Minister for Private Ominbus Transport : (a) Will he state the duties and functions of the Advisor and Marketing Consultant to the Ceylon Government Railway recently appointed by him ? (d) Will he state the date of appointment and salary scale ? (c) Will he state the present revenue to the Railway and the Cash flow of the income and expenditure in this department of the CGR ? (d) If not, why ?

பி. கிளர்னிங் மினிஸ்டர் (பிரதான கிளர்னிங் டிபன்சரி மினிஸ்டர்)  
(திரு. எச். குலரத்ன—போக்குவரத்துப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)  
(Mr. H. Kularatne—Deputy Minister of Transport)

(a) No such appointment has been made. (b), (c) and (d) Do not arise.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி மினிஸ்டர்  
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)  
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Is the hon. Deputy Minister aware that this particular individual has been appointed—

பி. கிளர்னிங் மினிஸ்டர்  
(திரு. எச். குலரத்ன)  
(Mr. H. Kularatne)

He has not been appointed to the Railway.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி மினிஸ்டர்  
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)  
(Mr. Lakshman Jayadody)

He was working in one of our foreign missions and was brought back to the Railway Department.

பி. கிளர்னிங் மினிஸ்டர்  
(திரு. எச். குலரத்ன)  
(Mr. H. Kularatne)

There is no post like this in the Railway.

ஓய்வூதியாளர்களுக்கு உதவியாக : விவசாய நிலங்களை அரசுக்கு வாரியம் வழங்கி விடுவது குறித்து உறுதிப்படுத்த அரசு திட்டமிட்டுள்ளதா? (அ) ஆம் எனில், அதன் விவரம் என்ன?

காணிச்சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழு : குத்தகைக்கு விடப்பட்ட/விற்கப்பட்ட காணி

LAND REFORM COMMISSION : LAND LEASED OR SOLD

258/83

7. லக்ஷ்மன் சமரேசுவரன்  
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

காணிச்சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழு தலைமையில் அரசுக்கு விடப்பட்ட/விற்கப்பட்ட காணி பற்றி விசாரணை நடத்தி வருமா? (அ) ஆம் எனில், அதன் விவரம் என்ன? (ஆ) இவ்வகையான ஒவ்வொரு காணியையும் கொள்வனவு செய்தவர்களின் அல்லது குத்தகைக்கு எடுத்தவர்களின் பெயரையும் முகவரியையும் ஒவ்வொன்றும் விவரிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளதா? (இ) இவற்றில் காணிச்சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழுவுக்கு மீண்டும் திருப்பிக்கொடுக்கப்பட்ட காணிகளின் நிரலையும் இவ்வாறு திருப்பிக்கொடுப்பதற்கு இவர்கள் கூறிய காரணங்களையும் அவர் சமர்ப்பிப்பாரா? (ஈ) இன்றேல், ஏன்?

asked the Minister of Agricultural Development and Research and Minister of Food and Co-operatives : (a) Will he table the list of lands already leased or sold by the Land Reform Commission since it decided to sell or lease blocks of land (including the uneconomical for the Commission to manage or retain) since its vesting up to 20th March, 1983 ? (b) Will he state the name and address of each purchaser or lessee and the sale or lease price of each land ? (c) Will he table the list of lands already returned by them to the LRC and state the reasons given by each lessee or purchaser as to why they were returning the land ? (d) If not, why ?

பி. சி. சுவாமிநாதன் : (திரு. எஸ். எஸ். அபேசுந்தரா) (Mr. S. S. Abeyundera) It is a long Answer. I am tabling it.

பி. சி. சுவாமிநாதன் : (திரு. எஸ். எஸ். அபேசுந்தரா) (Mr. S. S. Abeyundera) It is a long Answer. I am tabling it.

காணிச்சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழு : (அ) காணிச்சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழுவுக்கு காணிகள் உடைமையாக்கப்பட்ட தேதி முதல் 1983 மார்ச் 20 ந்த தேதிவரை ஆணைக்குழு விற்றுவிடுவதென அல்லது குத்தகைக்கு விடுவதென தீர்மானிக்கப்பட்ட காணித்துண்டுகளில் (ஆணைக்குழு கவனிப்பதற்கு அல்லது வைத்திருப்பதற்குப் பொருளாதார வாய்ப்பற்றதான காணித்துண்டுகள் உட்பட) ஏற்கனவே விற்கப்பட்ட அல்லது குத்தகைக்கு விடப்பட்ட காணிகளின் நிரலை அவர் சமர்ப்பிப்பாரா? (ஆ) இவ்வகையான ஒவ்வொரு காணியையும் கொள்வனவு செய்தவர்களின் அல்லது குத்தகைக்கு எடுத்தவர்களின் பெயரையும் முகவரியையும் ஒவ்வொன்றும் விவரிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளதா? (இ) இவற்றில் காணிச்சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழுவுக்கு மீண்டும் திருப்பிக்கொடுக்கப்பட்ட காணிகளின் நிரலையும் இவ்வாறு திருப்பிக்கொடுப்பதற்கு இவர்கள் கூறிய காரணங்களையும் அவர் சமர்ப்பிப்பாரா? (ஈ) இன்றேல், ஏன்?

(a) The list of lands already leased or sold by the Land Reform Commission since it decided to sell or lease blocks of land (including the uneconomical for the commission to manage or retain) since its vesting up to 20th March 1983 is given in the annexed schedule under A & B. (b) The name and address of each purchaser or lessee and the sale or lease price of each land is given in the same schedule under C & D. (c) The list of lands already returned by them to the L.R.C. need not be given as there are no such cases. (d) Does not arise.

Colombo District	Extent A. R. P.	Name of Purchaser and Address	Selling Price Rs. c.
1. Makulugaha Kurundugaha Watta	00 2 00	P. D. Karunaratna, Polgasovita, Ambalangoda	6,440 0
2. Muthuhena	02 0 00	O. P. Seneviratna, 45/1, Elibankpara, Colombo	50,351 0
3. Lady Kathaleen	03 2 00	Noortex Garments Industries	335,000 0
4. Ambagaslanda	03 2 29.4	Calerance Perera, Magamma, Homagama	10,239 0
5. Kakunagaha Watta	00 1 00	E. P. Piyasena, 302, Magamma, Homagama	9,553 18
6. Wellangiriya Watta	03 0 00	Industrial Chemical Manufacturies Co., Adamacy Lane, Colombo	30,900 0
7. Hillcrest	01 0 00	P. D. P. S. Wijegunawardena, "Sisila" Bandaragama Road, Madapatha	12,911 0
8. Wellangahawatta	00 1 26	H. P. Ariyatilaka, 31, Koduruwawa, Kesbewa	5,407 50
9. Muthuhena	03 1 00	P. W. Nevill Dharmaratna, S. D. S. Jayasinghe Mawatha, Kalubowila	52,311 50
10. Muthuhena	05 0 00	Lester James Peries, 24, Dikman Road, Colombo	103,311 0
11. Mattagoda	00 1 00	Pantis Jayatunga, Vidyarta, Horana Road, Polgasovita	6,440 0
12. Mahahena	12 3 25	C/S. G. Lanka Granite & Mable Export	292,172 0
13. Habanhena	05 3 20	do.	96,900 0
14. Mattegoda	03 3 32	T. C. A. Samaranyaka, 146/4, Havelock Road, Colombo 5	56,950 0
15. Sirimadura Watta	01 0 00	Secretary, Administration, Meegoda Orphanage, Balika Board of Directors	4,700 0
16. Muthuhena	03 0 00	S. C. Wanniarachchi, Kenwood Institute, 1030, Maradana Road	62,836 0



	<i>Extent</i>	<i>Name of Purchaser and Address</i>	<i>Selling Price</i>
	<i>A. R. P.</i>		<i>Rs. c.</i>
<i>Puttalam District</i>			
1. Mudukatuwa Walauwa	10 0 00	D. Chandrani Jayasooriya, 71/1, Pamankada Road, Colombo 6	102,000 0
2. Mudukatuwa Walauwa	12 0 00	Lanka Travel & Techniques, 56, Galle Road, Colombo 3	97,920 0
3. Talgahawatta	00 3 30	M. G. M. C. J. Goonasekera, Matikotuwa, Dankotuwa	8,025 0
4. Mudukatuwa Walauwawatta	10 3 03	K. N. Perera, "Srilee" Pahalagama, Kakapalliya	111,100 0
5. Mudukatuwa Walauwawatta	05 0 00	P. A. D. Basil, Santhamariya, Mudukatuwa, Marawila	54,305 0
6. Mudukatuwa Walawaththa	09 2 08	J. M. R. Perera, Krishani, Mudukatuwa, Marawila	120,569 0
7. Kohomba Waththa	50 0 00	Chinthamani Wijewardana, 133, Dharmapala Mawatha, Colombo 3	353,500 0
8. Kinakele	08 1 28	D. F. Perera, Weldon, Wennappuwa	126,250 0
9. Martin Waththa	04 0 00	East Coast Ice Suppliers and Martin Service Ltd.	32,960 0
10. Manaweriya	04 0 00	W. A. S. Wijewikrama, Pasyala, Tile Factory, Pasyala	58,431 0
11. Henapola Group	28 0 12	P. A. Jokin, 176, New Hettiwidiya, Kotahena, Colombo	214,411 0
12. Daulkurunda Waththa	30 0 00	Don Edmand Pathirana	290,751 0
<i>Matara District</i>			
1. Illukhena Waththa	03 0 00	Seethawaka Gamage, Lelawathi, Kandusewana, Uda Aparekka, Yatiyana	7,222 50
2. Illukhena Waththa	02 0 00	H. P. Amarasinghe, Kandusewana, Uda Aparekka, Yatiyana	6,420 0
3. Galkaduwa Waththa	04 0 00	Piyadasa Ratnayake, Janaranjana, Mulatiyana, Mathara	19,211 0
4. Gorakawela	46 2 16	A. E. Buljans, Medagoda, Matara	152,500 0
<i>Gampaha District</i>			
1. Millagaha Waththa	01. 0 12	T. V. A. Indrani Anicat Road, Asgiriya, Gampaha	11,287 50
2. Rabowita	08 3 17	A. D. E. Gunaratna, No. 7, Gothami Road, Colombo 8	32,960 0
3. Ankeliruppa Waththa	22 2 28	do.	34,330 0
4. Muruthawela Waththa	17 0 00	do.	136,000 0
5. Liyabuwa Waththa	00 1 02	do.	4,605 0
6. Wandurapola Waththa	10 0 00	Exotic and Orchids Cooperative Society Ltd, Lakmalsala, Kandy Road, Nittambuwa	41,250 0
7. Aniyakanda Waththa	00 0 20	Patric Josap Fernando, 16, Hospital Road, Nagoda, Kandana	5,350 0
8. Batakanda Estate	02 2 00	R. Albert, Godigamuwa, Badalgama	6,687 50
9. Sirimalwaththa	16 0 30	J. A. E. Amaratunga, 88, Negambo Road, Kandana	163,911 0
10. Katuwakele	00 1 09.22	W. A. Ranhami, Urapola Garage, Urapola	6,531 0
11. Perawelkatuwa	10 0 00	Marina Rajapaksha, 44A, Horton Place, Colombo 7	83,611 0
12. Meegasovita	02 0 00	P. H. W. G. Seneviratna, 'Sirisevana', Attanagalla, Urapola	25,556 0
13. Polgahabutiya	04 3 01	A. Krishan Silva, 'Briyatrishwila', Andiambalama	61,200 0
14. Ethkandaovita	02 2 07	W. A. Amaratunga, Hunupitiya, Attanagalla	13,961 0
15. Parawelkatuwa	40 1 20	R. M. T. E. R. Gunasekera, Heiyantuduwa, Mahara	163,116 0
16. Abeyesundera	02 1 00	Malinda Aruna Samarasinghe, 40, Yakkala Road, Gampaha	24,440 0
17. Perawelkatuwa	30 0 00	D. H. Gunasekera, Heiyantuduwa, Mahara	123,511 0
18. Malwatta	00 1 23	S. Rajapaksha, 2/5, Railway Avenue, Nugegoda	26,767 0
19. Aaniyakanda	00 0 20	R. S. Saparamadu, 254, Nagoda, Kandana	5,511 0
20. Vandurapola	22 0 00	Sarabumi Enterprises, 84, Veyangoda Road, Minuwangoda	224,511 0
21. Malwatta	00 1 29	C. L. Dombapola, 'Lilani', Nittambuwa	28,325 0
22. Embulgaswadiya	02 0 00	Multi Purposes Co-operative Society, Thimbirigaskatuwa, Katana	83,011 0
23. Walpola Watta	25 0 00	A. I. Jayatillaka, Ullalapola, Diwulapitiya	260,561 0
24. Attampolawatta	00 2 00	Asian Fabric Ltd., 67, Attampola Watta, Wattala	241,511 0
25. Naiwala	00 1 01.9	R. S. L. P. Daraniyagala, 175, Racecourse Mawatha, Colombo 7	1,181 0
26. Madalanda	19 3 35	C. H. Obeysekera, 19, Racecourse Avenue, Colombo 7	59,576 77
27. Batawela and Delgahawatta	27 1 37	C. H. Obeysekera, 19, Racecourse Avenue, Colombo 7	81,990 32
<i>Galle District</i>			
1. Aluthmulana Hena	01 1 20	P. W. J. Serasingha, Kurupanawa, Nagoda	8,938 50
2. Citras Group	06 0 00	Gilbees (Lanka) Ltd.	37,080 0
<i>Kandy District</i>			
1. Kolongaha Watta	03 0 00	A. C. M. Majan, Kurugoda, Akurana	30,900 0
2. Hanthana Estate	00 3 29.8	Hanthana Hotel Ltd.	25,853 0
3. Little Valley	02 0 00	Galaha, Delthota Co-operative Society	12,911 0

Colombo District	Extent		Name of Purchaser and Address	Selling Price	
	A.	R. P.		Rs.	c.
1. Landscape Estate	00	0 10	Withanage John Singho, Thudagalla, Lathpandura Agalawatte	817	50
2. Yatadola Estate			Sududeva Hemasiri		
3. do.			Sududeva Ranasinghe		
4. do.			Thotage Cyril Weerasinghe		
5. do.			Rathnapala Weeragala		
6. do.			Don Diminku Arachchige Berty Jayasiri		
7. do.	03	03 00	Gamage Don Stanley Samaranyake	33,765	0
8. do.			Kaludevage Gamini Upananda		
9. do.			Hevege Somasiri		
10. do.			Weragala Hevage Jinasena		
11. do.			Thotage Don Dias Weerasinghe		
12. do.			Gabalamanage Gunasena		
13. do.			Deegalla Durage Gunapala		
14. do.			Buddisena Palayangoda		
15. do.			Don Diminku Arachchige Sunil Ananda		
16. (Horana) Uda kanda Estate	07	2 21	Sanath Narendra Ellapatha, 11, Udahamulla Road, Panadura	34,005	0
17. Ingiriya Estate	04	3 14	Sherman Son's Limited	59,000	0
18. Company Estate	01	0 14	Y. K. Podiappuhamy	8,971	0
<b>Kegalle District</b>					
1. Illukthanna			Deepal Sriyan Gunasekera, C/o. Hotel's Corporation, P. O. Box 259, Colombo 1	261,590	0
2. do.			Janaki Devi Weerasinghe	202,000	0
3. do.	250	0 00	Rajeeva Sri Mevan Gunasekera	161,600	0
4. do.			Kumudini Dilhara Gonsal Korale	189,375	0
5. do.			Don Simon Gunasekera	189,375	0
6. Sannymid	18	0 20	M. P. Disna Chitrangani	96,171	0
<b>Ratnapura District</b>					
1. Palmgarden	40	0 00	S. Punchinilame, 20, Gatangama Road, Ratnapura	65,280	0
2. Galveta waththa	10	0 00	K. A. Muridasa, 'Pradeep' Demuwatha, Rakwana	26,561	0
3. Pagoda waththa	10	0 22	S. P. S. Jayawardana, 37, Ratmal Mawatha, Ratmalana	83,063	50
<b>Hambantota District</b>					
1. Company Waththa	01	0 14	Y. K. Podiappuhamy	8,971	0
<b>Badulla District</b>					
1. Yelvertan Waththa	02	0 00	D. M. A. Bulathwaththa, Uduwara, Hali-ella	8,560	0
2. Glenelpin	13	2 34	S. C. Garniyar, Telbedda waththa, Badulla	28,247	75
3. Yatala Kubura	01	0 22	H. C. D. Divitawela, Sirimahala, Tikal Road, Borella	6,531	0
4. Glenalpin	00	2 12	N. S. Gnanamuththtu	1,845	75
<b>Kurunegala District</b>					
1. Hettiyawaththa (Mutugala waththa)	50	0 00	D. H. T. Wijeratna, 80/1, Thurstan Road, Colombo 3	375,000	0
2. Earnestwood waththa	10	0 00	C. P. J. Senewiratna, 'Senani', Badulla Road, Kurunegala	52,311	0
3. do.	25	0 00	L. P. J. Sene wiratna	173,011	0
4. Woodland Waththa	50	0 00	M. E. Herman, Udawadagoda waththa, Alawaththa, Matale	141,872	48
5. Aluthmalkaduwa	31	0 20	D. B. Welagedara, Wewa Road, Kurunegala	231,280	0
6. Godayaya Waththa Aluth Malkaduwa	07	2 12	do.	50,434	40
7. Deguwala	10	0 00	L. Chandrani Fernando, 30/62, Longdon Place, Colombo 7	82,592	14
8. Odella Waththa	08	1 24	J. A. Kamalarathna, Ranagalla Metal Industries, Kuliyapitiya Road, Narammala	53,311	0
9. Kanuketiya	02	0 00	Dampeessa, for Tile Industry	25,200	0

මෙරටට ගෙන්වාගෙන ලැබූ විදේශිකයෝ  
වෙනිநாட்டினர், வரவழைக்கப்பட்டோர்

FOREIGNERS BROUGHT DOWN FROM ABROAD

260/83

8 ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා  
(තිரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)  
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

ඇමතිතුමා සහ ජාත්‍ය ආරක්ෂක නියෝජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය : (අ) 1977 සිට 1982 දෙසැම්බර් අවසානය දක්වා විදේශීය රටවලින් මෙරටට ගෙන්වා ගනු ලැබූ අයගේ නම් සහ ලිපිනයන් ද, ඔවුන් ගෙන්වා ගන්නා ලද රටවල්ද, ගෙන්වා ගන්නා ලද්දේ කුමන හේතුවක් සදහා ද යන බව එතුමා සඳහන් කරනවාද? (ආ) මෙරටට ඔවුන් ගෙන්වා ගැනීමට පෙර විදේශීය රටවල ඔවුන් නිදහස්ව සිටි කාර්යයන් මොනවාදැයි එතුමා සඳහන් කරනවාද? (ඇ) එසේ නොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද?

අமைச்சரும் பாதுகாப்புப் பிரதி அமைச்சருமானவரைக் கேட்ட வினா : (அ) 1977 தொடக்கம் திசெம்பர் இறுதிவரைய வෙනிநாடுகளிலிருந்து இந்நாட்டுக்குத் தருவிக்கப்பட்டவர்களின் பெயர், முகவரி, இவர்கள் எந்த நாட்டைச் சேர்ந்தவர்கள், தருவிக்கப்பட்ட காரணம் ஆகிய விபரங்களைக் கூறுவாரா? (ஆ) இவர்களை இந்நாட்டுக்குத் தருவிப்பதற்குமுன் இவர்கள் வெளிநாடுகளில் எப்பணிகளில் ஈடுபட்டிருந்தார்கள் என்பதைக் கூறுவாரா? (இ) இன்றேல், ஏன்?

asked the Minister and Deputy Minister of Defence : (a) Will he state the names and addresses of persons who were brought down from abroad to this country from 1977 to end of December 1982, the countries from where they were brought down and the purpose of getting them down? (b) Will he state the tasks they were engaged abroad prior to being brought down to this country? (c) If not, why?

ටී. බී. වේරපිටිය මහතා- (ඇමතිතුමා සහ නියෝජ්‍ය ජාත්‍ය ආරක්ෂක ඇමතිතුමා)  
(තිரு. றீ. பி. வேரப்பிற்றிய — அமைச்சரும் பாதுகாப்புப் பிரதி அமைச்சரும்)  
(Mr. T. B. Werapitiya—Minister, and Deputy Minister of Defence)

(a) (b) The number of persons who entered the Island during the period 1977 to December 1982 is very large. It is not possible to indicate who among them were brought down, their names and addresses, the countries from which they came and the purpose for which they were brought down, unless specific information is given in regard to agency, authority, institution or individual responsible for bringing them down to Sri Lanka. (c) Does not arise.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා  
(තිரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)  
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Approximately how many thousands have you brought down?

ටී. බී. වේරපිටිය මහතා  
(තිரு. றீ. பி. வேரப்பிற்றிய)  
(Mr. T. B. Werapitiya)  
I cannot give that figure.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා  
(තිரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)  
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

You cannot give me the names. You say large number of people have been brought down. About how many people have you forcibly brought down?

ටී. බී. වේරපිටිය මහතා  
(තිரு. றீ. பி. வேரப்பிற்றிய)  
(Mr. T. B. Werapitiya)

The question he has asked is, "Will he state the names and addresses of persons who were brought down from abroad to this country from 1977 to end of December 1982, the countries from where they were brought down and the purpose of getting them down"? I cannot answer it. I am not saying that I am not answering it.

කථානායකතුමා  
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)  
(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please !

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා  
(තිரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)  
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

How many thousands of people have you brought down?

කථානායකතුමා  
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)  
(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please ! Your supplementary question does not arise from the Question asked.

ලලීන් අබේසිංහ මහතා : උපාධි විභාගය  
திரு. லலித் அபேசிங்ஹம் : பட்டப் பரீட்சை  
MR. LALITH ABEYSINGHE : DEGREE EXAMINATION

37/83

9. එම්. සිවසිඞ්හම්පරම් මහතා (තල්ලූර්)  
(திரு. எம். சிவசிதம்பரம்—நல்லூர்)  
(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam—Nallur)

උසස් අධ්‍යාපන නියෝජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය : (අ) ලලීන් අබේසිංහ මහතා 1978 වර්ෂයේ පෙරාදෙසිය විශ්ව විදුලයේ උපාධි අපේක්ෂකයෙක් වූයේද? (ආ) 1978 වර්ෂයේදී ඔහු අවසාන උපාධි විභාගයට පෙනී සිටියේද? (ඇ) ඔහු එම විභාගයෙන් සමත්වීද? (ඈ) සමත්වී නම්, ප්‍රතිඵල ලැබියේදැයි ඔහුගේ නම ඇතුළත් නොවූයේ මන්ද? (ඊ) ඔහුගේ ප්‍රතිඵල මුද්‍රණයට ඔහුට උපාධි සහතිකයක් නිකුත් කිරීමට එතුමා නියෝග කරනවාද?



லாளர் சேவலாப நிதிக்குப் பணம் செலுத்தி வந்தார் என்பதையும்; (ii) 55 வயது வந்ததும் இரு தடவைகளில் ஊழியர் சேவலாபநிதி நயமாக இவருக்கு முறையே 951 ரூபாயும் 1,375 ரூபாயும் கிடைத்தது என்பதையும்; (iii) 1974 முதல் அவர் ஓய்வுபெற்ற 1981 ஆம் ஆண்டு வரையிலான காலத்திற்கு இந்நிதி தொடர்பான இவருக்குரிய கொடுப்பனவு இன்னும் கொடுபடவில்லை என்பதையும்; அவர் அறிவாரா (ஆ) இந்தக் கொடுப்பனவுகளை உடனே சேகரித்து இவருக்குக் கொடுபடக் கட்டளையிடுவாரா

asked the Minister of Labour : Is he aware, - (i) that one M. P. Luwis Singho who worked on Galatura State Plantations was a contributor to the E.P.F. bearing number 14/T./248 ; (ii) that on his reaching the age of 55 years, Mr. Luwis Singho, received two instalments of his E.P.F. benefits amounting to Rs. 951 and Rs. 1,375 respectively ; (iii) that Mr. Luwis Singho's E.P.F. benefits for the period 1974 - till his retirement in 1981, have not been paid as yet ? (b) Will he order the immediate collection and payment of these E.P.F. payments to Mr. Luwis Singho ?

ப. மீ. சேர்மன் மிசைல் பெரேரா (கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ.)  
(திரு. எம். ஜோசப் மைக்கல் பெரேரா—தொழிற் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)  
(Mr. M. Joseph Michael Perera—Deputy Minister of Labour)

(அ) (i) இல்லை. (ii) லூயிசு சிங்ஹோவுக்கு டீ.மீ.கி.யூ. பத்திரிகை வரலாக 1371.03 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய், 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது.

	ரூ.	பை.
பத்திரிகை வரலாக	332	50
1974 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது	600	17
கிடைத்தது	18	67
மொத்தம்	951.34	

(iii) லூயிசு சிங்ஹோவுக்கு டீ.மீ.கி.யூ. பத்திரிகை வரலாக 2121.22 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய், 1983.05.03 வரையில் கிடைக்காதது. (அ) உடனடியாக டீ.மீ.கி.யூ. பத்திரிகை வரலாக (iii) லூயிசு சிங்ஹோவுக்கு கொடுக்கப்படும்.

ப. மீ. சேர்மன் மிசைல் பெரேரா (கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ.)  
(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகமா)  
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ. பத்திரிகை வரலாக 1371.03 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய், 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது. 1974 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது. 1974 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது. 1974 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது.

ப. மீ. சேர்மன் மிசைல் பெரேரா (கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ.)  
(திரு. எம். ஜோசப் மைக்கல் பெரேரா)  
(Mr. M. Joseph Michael Perera)

ப. மீ. சேர்மன் மிசைல் பெரேரா (கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ.)  
1977 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது. 1977 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது. 1977 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது.

ப. மீ. சேர்மன் மிசைல் பெரேரா (கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ.)  
(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகமா)  
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ. பத்திரிகை வரலாக 1371.03 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய், 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது. 1974 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது. 1974 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது.

ப. மீ. சேர்மன் மிசைல் பெரேரா (கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ.)  
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)  
(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! Are you asking a supplementary question or commenting on the reply given?

ப. மீ. சேர்மன் மிசைல் பெரேரா (கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ.)  
(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகமா)  
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Both!

பி. பி. பொடிசிங்ஹோ (கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ.)  
(திரு. பி. பி. பொடிசிங்ஹோ : ஊ. சே. நி. கொடுப்பனவுகள்)  
MR. P. B. PODI SINGHO : EPF DUES

11. ப. மீ. சேர்மன் மிசைல் பெரேரா (கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ.)  
(திரு. சரத் முத்தெட்டுவெகமா)  
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

கியோசப் கமிசர், டீ.மீ.கி.யூ. பத்திரிகை வரலாக 1371.03 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய், 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது. 1974 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது. 1974 ஜூன் 55 வயது வந்தபோது 951.34 ரூ. ரெண்டி ரூபாய் கிடைத்தது.



பீ. வெல்லாடு மருத்துவ மனத்தில் பணியில் உள்ளவர்கள் : வினாக்கள்  
 திருமதி ஏ. செபமாலையும் ஏனையோரும் ஓய்வூதியம்  
**MRS. A. SEBAMALAI AND OTHERS : PENSION**

175/83

13. பீ. சிவசிவமூர்த்தி மருத்துவ  
 (திரு. எம். சிவசிவமூர்த்தி)  
 (Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)

பீ. சிவசிவமூர்த்தி மருத்துவமனத்தில் பணியில் உள்ளவர்களுக்கு தகுதிபரீட்சை நடத்தப்படாமல் பதவியில் இருப்பவர்களுக்கு தகுதிபரீட்சை நடத்தப்படுமா? (அ) இல்லாவிட்டால், அதற்கு காரணம் என்ன? (ஆ) 1982 ஆம் ஆண்டின் 182 ஆம் இலக்க, பொது நிர்வாகச் சந்தர்ப்பத்தை மூலம் வைத்தியசாலைப் பரிசாரகர்களுக்கு அரசு மொழித் தேர்ச்சிப் பரீட்சை நடத்தப்படுமா? (இ) இல்லாவிட்டால், அதற்கு காரணம் என்ன? (ஈ) 1982 ஆம் ஆண்டின் 199 ஆம் இலக்க, பொது நிர்வாகச் சந்தர்ப்பத்தை மூலம் வைத்தியசாலைப் பரிசாரகர்களுக்கு அரசு மொழித் தேர்ச்சிப் பரீட்சை நடத்தப்படுமா? (உ) இல்லாவிட்டால், அதற்கு காரணம் என்ன?

பொது நிர்வாக அமைச்சரும் தோட்டத்தொழில் அமைச்சரும் அவர்களுக்கு கேட்ட வினா: (அ) வைத்தியசாலைப் பரிசாரகர்களான (i) திருமதி ஏ. செபமலை (ii) திருமதி பி. மாணிக்கம் (iii) திருமதி ஜே. மேரி கேட்டுட் (iv) திருமதி கே. பொன்னம்மா (v) திரு. கே. சின்னத்தம்பி (vi) திரு. சி. கோபாலசிங்கம் (vii) திருமதி எஸ். நாகம்மா (viii) திருமதி எம். கனகம்மா என்போருக்கு அரசு மொழியில் தேர்ச்சிப் பரீட்சையின் மூலம் வழங்கப்படவில்லையா? (ஆ) திரு. சி. கோபாலசிங்கத்தின் விடயம் தொடர்பாக சுகாதார அமைச்சின் செயலாளர் அவரது அமைச்சுக்கு எழுதியிருந்த தாரா (இ) 1980 ஆம் ஆண்டின் 182 ஆம் இலக்க, பொது நிர்வாகச் சந்தர்ப்பத்தை மூலம் வைத்தியசாலைப் பரிசாரகர்களுக்கு அரசு மொழித் தேர்ச்சியிலிருந்து விலக்களிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளதாலும், அரசாங்க சேவையாளர் அரசு மொழித் தேர்ச்சிப்பெறாத தவறியபோதும் ஓய்வூதியம் பெறாததற்கேதாவது அவர்கள் இளைப்பாறுவதற்கு உடன் முன்னதாக அவர்களுடைய பதவியில் உறுதிப்படுத்தப்பட வேண்டுமென 1982 ஆம் ஆண்டின் 199 ஆம் இலக்க, பொது நிர்வாகச் சந்தர்ப்பத்தை குறித்துரைப்பதாலும், மேற்படி எட்டுப்பேரும் 199 ஆம் இலக்கச் சந்தர்ப்பத்தை மூன்றே இளைப்பாறிய போதும் அவர்களுக்கான ஓய்வூதியத்தை வழங்கும்படி சுகாதார அமைச்சுக்கு அவர் அறிவுறுத்தல் வழங்குவாரா?

asked the Minister of Public Administration and Minister of Plantation Industries: (a) Were (i) Mrs. A. Sebamalai, (ii) Mrs. P. Manickam, (iii) Mrs. J. Mary Gertrude, (iv) Mrs. K. Ponnamma, (v) Mr. K. Sinnathamby, (vi) Mr. T. Gopalasingham, (vii) Mrs. S. Nagamma and (viii) Mrs. M. Kanagamma, all Hospital Attendants, not awarded pensions, because

they had not gained proficiency in the Official Language? (b) Did the Secretary, Ministry of Health write to your Ministry regarding the case of Mr. T. Gopalasingham referred to above? (c) Since Hospital Attendants are exempted from acquiring proficiency in the Official Language by Public Administration Circular No. 182 of 1980 and since Public Administration Circular No. 199 of 1982 stipulates that Public Servants, despite their failure to gain proficiency in the Official Language, should be confirmed in their posts, immediately prior to their retirement to enable them to get a pension, will he advise the Ministry of Health to pay the above eight persons their pension, although they retired prior to Circular No. 199?

ஹரிந்திர கோரகா மருத்துவ (சிவசிவமூர்த்தி மருத்துவ)  
 (திரு. ஹரிந்திர கோரகா—பொது நிர்வாகப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Harindra Corea—Deputy Minister of Public Administration)  
 (a) The persons in (i) to (vi) mentioned in the question were not awarded pensions because they had not been confirmed in their posts, due to their failure to obtain proficiency in the Official Language. No representations have been made to this Ministry in respect of No. (vii)—S. Nagamma, and No. (viii)—Mrs. M. Kanagamma. (b) Yes. (c) No; because the six persons mentioned in (a) above were not in service on 9th July, 1980, the date on which the provisions of P.A. Circular No. 182, as amended by P.A. Circular No. 199, came into operation.

பீ. சிவசிவமூர்த்தி மருத்துவ  
 (திரு. எம். சிவசிவமூர்த்தி)  
 (Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)

Is the hon. Deputy Minister aware that during the Committee stage of the Budget this matter was raised and the Hon. Minister said he would consider it? Will the Deputy Minister please remind the Hon. Minister of the promise that he gave on the Floor of this House and see whether something can be done for these people?

ஹரிந்திர கோரகா மருத்துவ  
 (திரு. ஹரிந்திர கோரகா)  
 (Mr. Harindra Corea)

The Circulars that I mentioned gave effect to what the hon. Member wished us to do, but as far as these people are concerned they are not caught up by the circulars. They were not in service at the time the circulars were issued and we cannot bring them in.

வி. சி. சந்திரமூர்த்தி மருத்துவ (செவ்வாடி)  
 (திரு. வி. சந்திரமூர்த்தி—சாவகச்சேரி)  
 (Mr. V. N. Navaratnam—Chavakachcheri)

This matter was discussed and debated for the last three years and the Ministry of Health, since it was not possible to make payment under the existing





එම්. වික්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා (පාර්ලිමේන්තු කටයුතු හා ක්‍රීඩා දැමකිනුමා සහ ආණ්ඩු පාර්ශ්වයේ ප්‍රධාන සංවිධායකයා)

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா—பாராளுமன்ற அலுவலர் கள், விளையாட்டுத்துறை அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக் கெகாறடராவும்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera—Minister of Parliamentary Affairs & Sports and Chief Government Whip)

On behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government Housing and Construction and

Minister of Highways, may I be permitted to table this answer ?

It is a long answer.

කතාකතනා (சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

If it is a long answer, yes.

සආමේසය මත පවතින දිගු පිළිතුර :  
சபாபிடத்தில் வைக்கப்பட்ட விடை :

Answer tabled :

(a) Name	Present Post	Post held at the time of retirement	Present salary & allowance Monthly Rs.	Amount of pension Monthly Rs.
(1) Mr. G. V. P. Samarasinghe	Addl. Secretary, Defence	Secretary, Defence & External Affairs	-	2,462 84
(2) Mr. D. B. I. P. S. Siriwardena	Secretary, Public Administration	Secretary, Public Administration & Home Affairs	6,765	730
(3) Mr. Ivan Samarawickrema	Secretary, Mahaweli Development	Secretary, Mahaweli Development	5,765	1540
(4) Mr. E. L. Wijemanne	Secretary, Education	Deputy Director-General, Education	4,500	1,890
(5) Mr. A. B. Talagune	Secretary, Rural Development	Asst. Government Agent, Moneragala	4,500	Nil
(6) Mr. R. V. Rupasinghe	Secretary, Private Omni Bus Transport	Secretary, Private Omni Bus Transport	6,765	3,000
(7) Brigadier L. J. I. Fernando	Secretary, Internal Security	Addl. Director, Army Head Quarters	3,840	1,201
(8) Mr. D. J. F. D. Liyanage	Secretary, State	Deputy Director, Land Development	5,765	360

(b) Does not arise.

මහ මාර්ග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව : කඩිට්ස් මැකිවරණ කොට්ඨාශයේ දැනී ගල් රෝල්

பெருவிதித் தீர்மான்கள் உருவாகள், ஊர்காவற்றுறைத் தொகுதி

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT ROLLERS IN KAYTS CONSTITUENCY

150/83

5. එක්ස. එම්. සෙල්ලතම්බු මහතා—(කා. පො. ඉරත්තිමේ මහතා වෙනුවට)

(திரு. எக்ஸ். எம். செல்லத்தம்பு—திரு. கா. பொ. இரத்தி மாம் சார்பாக)

(Mr. X. M. Sellathambu on behalf of—(Mr. K. P. Ratnam)

අග්‍රාමාත්‍යතුමා සහ පළාත් පාලන, නිවාස හා ඉදිකිරීම් දැමකිනුමා සහ මහාමාර්ග කටයුතු පිළිබඳ දැමකිනුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය : (i) කඩිට්ස් මැකිවරණ කොට්ඨාශයේ දැනී මහාමාර්ග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවට අයත් ගල් රෝල් 1982 වර්ෂයේදී පාවිච්චියට නොගෙන නිකරුනේ තිබුණු දින ගණන ; (ii) ඒවා පාවිච්චියට නොගෙන නිකරුනේ තිබුණු දවස ; (iii) ඒ දින ගණන් සඳහා එම ගල් රෝල්වලට ගෙවූ මුළු කුලිය ; (iv) නිකරුනේ තිබීමට හේතුව ; එකමා ප්‍රකාශ කරන්නේද ?

பிரதம அமைச்சரும், உள்நகராட்சி, வீடமைப்பு, நிர்மாண அமைச்சரும் பெருவிதிகள். அமைச்சருமானவரைக் கேட்ட வினா : (i) ஊர்காவற்றுறைத் தொகுதியில் பெருவிதித் தீர்ணக் களத்தின் உருவாகள் 1982 ஆம் ஆண்டில் எத்தனை நாட்கள் வேலையின்றி இருந்தன என்பதையும் ; (ii) வேலையின்றி இருந்த திகதிகளையும் ; (iii) இந்த நாட்களுக்கு இந்த உருவிகளுக்குக் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட வாடகைப் பணத்தின் மொத்தம் என்ன என்பதையும் ; (iv) வேலையின்றி இருந்ததற்குரிய காரணத்தையும் அவர் கூறுவாரா ?

asked the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways : Will he state—(i) the number of days the rollers of the Department of Highways in the Kayts Constituency were idle in 1982 ? (ii) the dates on which they were idle ? (iii) the total hire paid to these rollers for these days ? (iv) the reason for the idling ?

එම්. වික්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා

(திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

It is also a long answer. May I Table it on behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways

கலாநாயகர் அவர்கள்  
(Mr. Speaker)

Yes.

சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் அவர்கள் வினா.

Answer tabled :

(a) (i) The required information in respect of the four rollers which were made use of in the Kayts Constituency in the year 1982 is as follows :-

Rollers	No. of days idle
HDRR 279	67 days
HDRR 292	18 days
MERR 396	115 days
MERR 426	46 days

(ii) I am tabling a schedule which indicates the dates on which these rollers were idle. (iii) According to departmental procedure, a total sum of Rs. 3,698.50 was paid by the Executive Engineer, Kayts to the Works Done Advance Account of the Department of Highways, for the days on which these rollers were idle. (iv) these rollers had to be kept idle on certain days due to the inadequacy of funds for undertaking work on which they could have been deployed. This is a General problem. Idle hire charges which are levied to compel correct programming of work, represent only a fraction of the funds which would be required for keeping the rollers in operation.

1	2 Dept. No. of Rollers in Kayts Electorate	3 No. of Working Days	4 No. of days Serviceable	5 No. of days Idle	6 Dates on which they were idle
Jan.	HDRR 279	19	19	3	6, 15, 27
	MERR 396	19	19	15	7, 11, 12, 13, 15, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 28, 29.
Feb.	HDRR 279	18	14	9	1, 2, 3, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26
	MERR 396	18	18	18	Idle
March	HDRR 279	22	12	8	17, 22, 23, 24, 26, 29, 30, 31
April	HDRR 279	18	18	2	19, 20
	MERR 397	18	18	10	16, 20, 21, 22, 23, 2, 27, 28, 29, 30
May	HDRR 279	20	20	11	13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 26, 29.
	MERR 397	20	20	8	3, 4, 5, 6, 24, 27, 28, 29
June	HDRR 279	21	21	4	1, 2, 3, 4
	MERR 397	21	21	8	1, 2, 8, 10 11, 1, 15, 16
	MERR 426 5.6.82	11	11	2	21, 30
July	HDRR 279	20	20	10	1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 16, 19, 20
	HDRR 292	20	20	4	15, 16, 21, 22
	MERR 397	20	20	Nil	—
	MERR 426	20	20	5	1, 2, 6, 9, 30

1	2 Dept. No. of Rollers in Kayts	3 No. of Working Days	4 No. of days Serviceable	5 No. of days idle	6 Dates on which they were idle
August	HDRR 279	21	21	1	1st
	HDRR 292	21	21	Nil	
	MERR 397	21	21	11	3, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27
	MERR 426	21	21	9	2, 9, 10, 16, 20, 24, 25, 30, 31
Sep.	HDRR 279	20	20	4	21, 22, 23, 24
	MERR 292	20	20	Nil	
	MERR 397	20	20	6	1, 3, 6, 22, 23, 24
	MERR 426	20	20	2	22, 28
Oct.	HDRR 279	21	21	7	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 18, 19
	HDRR 297	21	21	4	19, 20, 21, 25
	MERR 347	21	21	21	Idle the whole month
	MERR 426	21	21	4	1, 11, 15, 20
Nov.	HDRR 279	20	20	8	2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 15, 18, 19
	HDRR 292	20	20	6	2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9
	MERR 397	20	20	20	Idle the whole month
	MERR 426	20	20	7	2, 12, 15, 23, 22, 24, 25
Dec.	HDRR 279	21	21	Nil	
	HDRR 292	21	21	4	3, 8, 10, 22
	MERR 397	21	21	8	1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10
	MERR 426	21	21	21	Idle whole month
	MERR 374 from 15.12.82	11	11	3	20, 21, 23

**කථනායකතුමා**  
(*சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்*)  
(Mr. Speaker)  
15 වන ප්‍රශ්නය ?

සරත්චන්ද්‍ර රාජකරුණා මහතා (වැඩ බලන ආහාර හා සමූපකාර දැමිනිමා)

(*திரு. சரத்சந்திர ராஜகருணா—பதில் உணவு கூட்டுறவு அமைச்சர்*)

(Mr. Sarathchandra Rajakaruna—Acting Minister of Food and Co-operatives)

මෙම ප්‍රශ්නයට පිළිතුරු දීමට මාස තුනක පමණ කාලයක් ගතවීය. මුළු ලංකාවේම තිබෙන සමීකී ගැන වාර්තාවක් මෙම ප්‍රශ්නයෙන් ඉල්ලා තිබෙනවා. මොකටද කියා මම දන්නෙ නැහැ. එතුමාගේ කොට්ඨාශයේ

3-A 71285-(83/07)

තිබෙන සමීකී ගැන පමණක් විස්තර ඉල්ලුවා නම් ඉක්මණින් පිළිතුරු සපයන්න තිබුණි.

**කථනායකතුමා**  
(*சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்*)  
(Mr. Speaker)

මාස තුනක් කල් අවශ්‍ය බවද කියන්නේ ?

සරත්චන්ද්‍ර රාජකරුණා මහතා  
(*திரு. சரத்சந்திர ராஜகருணா*)  
(Mr. Sarathchandra Rajakaruna)

මව්.

ප්‍රශ්නය මතු දිනකදී ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමට තියෝග කරන ලදී. කිහිපයක් මඟින් මුහුණ දී තිබුණු ප්‍රශ්න සඳහා පිළිතුරු සපයීමට කටයුතු කළේය.

Question ordered to stand down.

வேக ப்ரகாஸ : பி. வி. டசனாயக மஹா

அனுதாபத் தீர்மானம் : திரு. எல். பி. தசநாயக்க

VOTE OF CONDOLENCE :

MR. L. B. DASSANAYAKE :

பி. வி. பிளக்ஸ்பெரே மஹா (பார்லிமென்டு கட்டுவது னா துடி  
டி, மஹிம) னா னா னா பார்லிமென்டு ப்ரகாஸ னா பி. வி. டசனாயக்க

(திரு. எம். வின்கசன் பெரேரா—பாராளுமன்ற அலுவல்கள், வினாயாட்டுத்துறை அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக் கொறடாவும்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera - Minister of Parliamentary Affairs & Sports and Chief Government Whip

Mr. Speaker, today we pay our tributes to the memory of Mr. Dassanayake Mudiyansele Loku Banda Dassanayake, a man who was much loved by the people of Gampola. Popularly known amongst the peasants of Atabage as "Thapal Mahathtaya", he represented Gampola in the house of Representatives for nearly a decade from 1960 to 1970.

He was born on April 14th, 1920, and received his education at the Government Mixed School, Udagama, Holy Trinity School, Pussellawa and Jinaraja College, Gampola. He played an important role in all school activities and was a keen sportsman.

He started life as a Sub-Post Master of the Atabage sub-post office in 1945. He took an active interest in Trade Union work and was a Vice-President of the Sub-Post Masters' Union. He encouraged all social and religious activities in his constituency and held office in the Atabage-Pallegama Rural Development Society and the kandukara Ihala Korale Rural Development Societies Association.

This social and welfare work endeared him to both young and old. He took to national politics and contested the Gampola seat at the General Election of March 1960 as the nominee of the Mahajana Eksath Peramuna. At the July election of the same year he contested the Gampola seat as the nominee of the United National Party and was returned. At the General election of March 1965 he won Gampola with a comfortable majority and was appointed Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Communications.

He was an enthusiastic agriculturist and actively supported the food production drive launched in 1965.

In his life of over 3 score years he gave his best to the people. His loss is deeply felt by the people of Gampola and the country is poorer by his death.

Mr. Speaker, I propose that the condolence of this House be conveyed to the members of the bereaved family.

பி. பி. பிளக்ஸ்பெரே மஹா (பார்லிமென்டு)

(திரு. வி. என். தவரத்தினம்—சாவகச்சேரி)

(Mr. V. N. Navaratnam - Chavakachcheri)

We endorse the sentiments expressed by the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs. Some of us had the pleasure and privilege of knowing this late member of Parliament for a long period. In spite of the differences we had on political matters, he was on very friendly terms with most of us. I endorse the request made by the Hon. Minister that a copy of today's proceedings be sent to the members of the bereaved family.

சி. பி. வி. ஹுரூல் மஹா (பார்லிமென்டு)

(திரு. சி. எல். பி. ஹுரூல்—கலாச்சார அலுவல்கள் அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. E. L. B. Hurulle - Minister of Cultural Affairs)

Mr. Speaker, I wish to associate myself with the sentiments expressed by the two hon. Members who spoke before me. I have known Mr. Dassanayake from 1965 till the time of his death. During the period 1965 to 1970, he functioned as my Parliamentary Secretary in charge of Communications. He was one who knew the aspirations of the common man, the aspirations of the workers. As such, I gave him all encouragement and all the powers to attend to the trade union work in the Ministry of Communications. As you are aware, in the Railway alone there are a large number of trade unions of various political views. I must mention here that I am very grateful to him for all that he has done to ameliorate the conditions of the workers in the Railway.

I remember that when I took over, there were about seven or eight thousand casual workers in the Way and Works Department. They had worked for several years and requested for permanency had been made by the trade unions to every Government before 1965, even to the LSSP Ministers who were Ministers of Communications, but their requests for permanency fell on deaf ears. I must say that after his discussions with the trade unions he put up his proposals to me. I had discussions and with the blessings of our present President, we were able to make about seven to eight thousand casual workers in the Railway permanent.

There were also requests for permanent houses. Railway workers were living in shanties. This was during the colonial days. We were able to co-operate, discuss with the trade unions, and annually get about Rs. 1 1/2 million to put up new houses for the Railway workers. This too, I must say, was due to our present President who was acting as the Prime Minister at the time. When I brought up this proposal that we should put up more houses for the workers, we did not get all the encouragement from the Treasury. But at the discussions with the Prime Minister, that is with our

present President who was acting as Prime Minister, I was able to get my request approved, because our President sympathized and he knew the difficulties that the workers were going through. All this was due to the spade-work done by the late Mr. L. B. Dassanayake.

So it is a great loss not only to the country, but also to the working class of this country.

May I, therefore, request that these sentiments be conveyed to the members of the bereaved family.

**ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (අත්තනගල්ල)**

(*ශ්‍රී ලං. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකොගාලා—අත්තනගල්ල*)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody-Attanagalla)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, ගම්පොළ පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රීවරයා හැටියටත්, කාලයක් තිස්සේ ප්‍රවාහන ඇමති හැටියටත් කටයුතු කළ දසනායක මහතාගේ අභාවය සම්බන්ධයෙන් ශ්‍රී ලංකා තීරණය පක්ෂයේ බලවත් ශෝකය පළ කරන්නට මා මේ අවස්ථාවේ බලාපොරොත්තු දෙකවා. ගම්පොළ ප්‍රදේශයෙන් මැතිකරී කණගාටුදායක ආරංචි ගණනාවක්ම ලැබුණා. ආර්. ජ. ජයතිලක මහත්මයා, ජීව පෙර ඇත්තියා දිසානායක මහත්මයා ආදී ශ්‍රේෂ්ඨ උදව්‍යයන් අභාවයත් සම්බන්ධයෙන් මේ ගරු සභාවේදී අපේ ශෝකය පළ කරන්නට සිදු වුණා. එම කණ්ඩායමට මෙතුමාගේ නමක් අද ඇතුළත් වී තිබෙනවා.

වෘත්තීය සමිති මට්ටමේ වැඩ කටයුතු කරදර, 1965 යුගයේදී වරක් දසනායක මහත්මයා මට හමු වුණා. මට පෙර කතා කළ ගරු ඇමතිතුමා ප්‍රකාශ කළ පරිදි රේල්වේ වෘත්තීය සමිති සම්බන්ධයෙන්, ඒ කම්කරුවන්ගේ ප්‍රශ්න සම්බන්ධයෙන්, කටයුතු කරන විට එතුමා සමග සාකච්ඡා ගණනාවක්ම කරන්නට අපට සිදු වුණා. ඒ සෑම සාකච්ඡාවකදීම එතුමාගෙන් අපට සාධාරණ පිළිතුරු ගණනාවක්ම ලැබුණා. ඒ මහතා සම්බන්ධයෙන් ගරු ඇමතිතුමා ප්‍රකාශ කළ අදහස් මමත් මේ අවස්ථාවේදී අනුමත කරන්න කැමතියි. එතුමාගේ යුගය විකක් කෙටි වුණත් තම ජනද කොට්ඨාශයටත්, තම ප්‍රදේශයේ වැසියන්ට විශාල සේවයක් කිරීමට එතුමාට හැකියාවක් ලැබුණාය කියා මා සිතනවා. පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේදීත්, ඒ වගේම ජනද කොට්ඨාශයේදීත්, අමාත්‍යාංශයේදීත් ඉටු කළ යුතු යුතුකම් කොටස ඉටු කරන්නට එතුමාට පුළුවන්කම ලැබුණා.

එම නිසා, එතුමා පරිපූර්ණ දේශපාලනඥයෙක් හැටියට පිළිගන්නා අතර, එතුමාගේ අභාවය සම්බන්ධව ශ්‍රී ලංකා තීරණය පක්ෂයේ කණගාටුව මතුවීමට මාර්ගයෙන් ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලෙස ඉල්ලුම් මා තිහඩ වෙනවා.

**සරත් මුත්තේවටුවෙගම මහතා (කලවාන)**

(*ශ්‍රී ලං. සරත් මුත්තේවටුවෙගම—කලවාන*)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama-Kalawana)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, ගම්පොළ හිටපු පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රී එල්. බී. දසනායක මහතාගේ අභාවය පිළිබඳ ශෝකය පළ කිරීමේ යෝජනාවට ශ්‍රී ලංකාවේ කොමියුනිස්ට් පක්ෂය වෙනුවෙන් සහගාමී විමට අවස්ථාව ලබා දීම ගැන තමුත්තාන්සේට සතුතිවන්න වෙනවා. එතුමා මන්ත්‍රීවරයෙක් හැටියටත්, තිස්සේ ඇමතිවරයෙක් හැටියටත් කළ සේවාව පිළිබඳව දැනට ගුණකථන කීපයකින්ම කියවී තිබෙනවා. තවදුරටත් ඒ පිළිබඳව කාලය ගත කිරීම අවශ්‍යය කියා මා හිතන්නේ නැහැ. එතුමාගේ අභාවය පිළිබඳව කණගාටුව ප්‍රකාශ කරන මේ අවස්ථාවේ අපේ ශෝකයත් එතුමාගේ පවුලේ උදව්‍යයට දන්වන මෙන් මම තමුත්තාන්සේගෙන් ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

**දිනේෂ ගුණවර්ධන මහතා (මහරගම)**

(*ශ්‍රී ලං. දිනේෂ ගුණවර්ධන—මහරගම*)

(Mr. Dinesh Gunawardene-Maharagama)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, ගම්පොළ හිටපු මන්ත්‍රී එල්. බී. දසනායක මහතාගේ අභාවය පිළිබඳ ශෝක ප්‍රකාශ යෝජනාවට මහජන එක්සත් පෙරමුණේ අපේ ශෝකයත් එකතු කිරීමටයි, මා නැගී සිටියේ. තැපැල්

දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ තැපැල් ස්ථානාධිපතිවරයෙක් හැටියට ඒ ප්‍රදේශයට සේවයක් කර, ඉන්පසු පාර්ලිමේන්තු දේශපාලනයට පලමුවරට මහජන එක්සත් පෙරමුණේ අපේක්ෂකයෙකු හැටියට ඉදිරිපත් වී සුළු ජනද සංඛ්‍යාවකින් පරාජයට පත්ව, ජීව පසු අපේ දේශපාලන පක්ෂය අත්හැර දමා වෙනත් දේශපාලන පක්ෂයක් සමග එකතු වී පාර්ලිමේන්තුවට පත් වී ඇතිදීත් තමන්ගේ ප්‍රදේශයට විශාල සේවයක් ඉටු කළ දසනායක මහත්මයාගේ අභාවය විශේෂයෙන් එම පළාතේ ජනතාවට විශාල පාඩුවක්. එතුමාගේ අභාවය හිතාදර මිත්‍රයෙකුගේ සහ සමාජ සේවකයෙකුගේ විශේෂයෙන් හැටියට අපි සලකන අතර මේ ශෝක පණිවුඩයට අපිත් එකතු වන බව එතුමාගේ ශැතීන්ට දන්වන ලෙස ඉල්ලුම් මා තවතිහඩවා.

**ඩබ්ලිව්. ඩී. බී. දිසානායක මහතා (මහනුවර දිසා ඇමතිතුමා)**

(*ශ්‍රී ලං. ඩබ්ලිව්. ඩී. බී. දිසානායක—මහනුවර දිසා ඇමතිතුමා*)

(Mr. W. P. B. Dissanayake-District Minister, Kandy)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, ගම්පොළ හිටපු පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රී එල්. බී. දසනායක මැතිතුමා ගැන ගම්පොළ දත් සිටින පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රී හැටියට මමත් වචන ස්වල්පයක් ප්‍රකාශ කළ යුතුවම තිබෙනවා. ගම්පොළ මැතිවරණ කොට්ඨාශයේ ඉපදී, අටබාගේ උඩගම ගම්මානයේ හැදී වැඩි ග්‍රාමීය පරිසරයකින් දේශපාලනයට ඇතුළු වූණ කෙනකු හැටියට එල්. බී. දසනායක මැතිතුමා මම එතුමා හොඳකාරව දන්නවා. දේශපාලන ක්ෂේත්‍රයට ඇතුළු වෙන්නට කලින් ප්‍රදේශයේ තැපැල් ස්ථානාධිපතිවරයෙකු මෙන්ම ගොවියෙකු හැටියටත් කටයුතු කළ එල්. බී. දසනායක මැතිතුමා ඒ පළාතේ සමිකී ස්වේච්ඡා සමාජයේවා සංවිධානයක් තිබුණා නම් ඒ හැම සංවිධානයකම ක්‍රියාකාරී සාමාජිකයෙක් වශයෙන් සිටි බවත් මම හොඳකාරව දන්නවා.

ඒවාගේම එතුමාගේ තරුණ කාලයේදී ගම්පොළ ජීනරාජ මහා විද්‍යාලයේත් මහනුවර ධර්මරාජ මහා විද්‍යාලයේත් කැපී පෙනෙන ක්‍රීඩකයෙක් හැටියට කටයුතු කළ බවත් මා දන්නවා. එතුමා පාර්ලිමේන්තුවට පිවිසෙන තුරුම මහනුවර දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේම ඉතාමත්ම සුප්‍රසිද්ධ පාපන්දු ක්‍රීඩකයෙක් හැටියට තමන් දරාගෙන සිටිය කෙනෙක් බව මා මෙහිදී විශේෂයෙන් මතක් කළ යුතුයි.

එතුමා 1960 මාර්තු මැතිවරණයේදී මහජන එක්සත් පෙරමුණේ අපේක්ෂකයෙක් වශයෙන් ඉදිරිපත් වී සුළු ජනද සංඛ්‍යාවකින් පරාජයට පත්ව 1960 ජූලි මාසයේ පැවති මැතිවරණයේදී එක්සත් ජාතික පක්ෂයේ අපේක්ෂකයෙක් වශයෙන් තරග කර මේ පාර්ලිමේන්තුවට තේරී පත් වුණා. එතුමා 1965 දීත් ගම්පොළ පාසනයෙන් විශිෂ්ට ජයග්‍රහණයක් ලබා ගත්තා. 1965 සිට 1970 දක්වා කාලයකදී එද බලයේ සිටි එක්සත් ජාතික පක්ෂයේ අගමැතිතුමා යටතේ තිස්සේ ඇමතිවරයෙක් වශයෙන් එතුමා කටයුතු කලා. ප්‍රදේශයේ ආගමික, සමාජයේවා, අධ්‍යාපනික, සංස්කෘතික ආදී වූ මේ ගැම අංශයකටම විශාල සේවයක් එතුමාගේ කාලයේදී සිදු වුණා. එතුමා මන්ත්‍රීවරයෙක් වශයෙන් සිටි කාලයේදී එතුමාගේ පුද්ගලික දේපොළ සියල්ලක්ම පාහේ පොදු වැඩ සඳහා පවරා දුන්නා. එවැනි දේවල් දකින්නට ලැබෙන්නේ බොහෝම කලාතුරකිනුයි. ආරෝග්‍යශාලාවක් ඉදි කිරීමට ඉඩමක් සොයා ගැනීම ප්‍රශ්නයක් වුණු වෙලාවේ එතුමා තමන් පදිංචිව සිටි තිවසින් ඉවත් වී ආරෝග්‍යශාලාව පවත්වාගෙන යාම සඳහා සොබා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවට එද ඒ තිවස නැර දුන්නා. ඒවාගේම ප්‍රදේශයට පිරිමැගෙන විශේෂ ජීවිතයක් ගත කළ, විශාල සේවාවක් ගම්පොළ මැතිවරණ කොට්ඨාශයට ඉටු කළ ජනතා මිත්‍රයෙක්, ජනතාවට හිතවත්ව සිටි කෙනෙක් ගම්පොළ ජනද කොට්ඨාශයට තැනී වීම ගැන මගේත් ගම්පොළ ජනතාවගේත් කණගාටුව මේ ගරු සභාවේදී ප්‍රකාශ කරන්නට කැමතියි. තමුත්තාන්සේ මගින් ඉදිරිපත් වන මේ යෝජනාවට ගම්පොළ ජනතාවගේ සහ මගේ කණගාටුව සඳහන් කර යවන මෙන් කරුණාවෙන් මම ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.



බිලය බලපත් කරනු ලැබ ඇතැයි කියා ඇත.

இதன்படி, சட்டமூலம் முதன்முறை மதிப்பிடப்பட்டு அச்சிடப் படக் கட்டளையிடப்பட்டது.

சட்டமூலம், நிலைக்கட்டளை இல. 47(5) இன்படி இராஜாங்க அமைச்சருக்கு, அறிக்கை செய்யப்படுதற்காகச் சாட்டப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

Bill accordingly read the First time, and ordered to be printed.

The Bill stood referred, under Standing Order No. 47(5), to the Minister of State for report.

**මුස්ලිම් කාන්තා සමාජ කවය (ලංකා) (සංස්ථාගත කිරීමේ)**

**පනත් කෙටුම්පත**

**முஸ்லிம் பெண்களின் சமூக லீக் (இலங்கை) (கூட்டிணைத்தல்) சட்டமூலம்**

**MUSLIM WOMEN'S SOCIAL LEAGUE (CEYLON) (INCORPORATION) BILL**

දෙවන වර කියවීමේ නියෝග කියවන ලදී.

இரண்டாம் மதிப்பிற்கான கட்டளை வாசிக்கப்பட்டது.

Order for Second Reading read.

ජබීර් ඒ. කාදර් මහතා (මැද කොළඹ දෙවන)

(ஜனாப் ஜாபிர் ஏ. காதர்—கொழும்பு மத்தி இரண்டாம் அங்கத்தவர்)

(Mr. Jabir A. Cader - Second Colombo Central)

I move,

"that the Bill be now read a Second time."

Sir, this is a Bill framed by the Muslim Women's Association for the co-operation and goodwill of the community, co-operation with other communities as well as for the rendering of social services to the community and to other communities.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (අත්තනගල්ල)

(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி—அத்தகல்ல)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody - Attanagalla)

විසින් සඳහා කරන ලදී.

அனுவதித்தார்.

seconded:

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.

வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

පනත් කෙටුම්පත ඊට අනුකූලව දෙවන වර කියවන ලදීත්, 48 (3) වන සඳහා නියෝගය යටතේ, කථනානුකූලව විසින් එය "ඒ" සඳහා කරන සහතික පවරන ලදී.

சட்டமூலம், இதன்படி, இரண்டாம் முறை மதிப்பிடப்பட்டு, நிலைக் கட்டளை 48(3) இன்படி நிலைக் குழு "ஏ" க்கு சபாநாயகர் அவர்களால் சாட்டப்பட்டது.

Bill accordingly read a Second time, and allocated by MR. SPEAKER to Standing Committee "A" under Standing Order 48 (3).

**සීමාසහිත කොළඹ කොමර්ෂල් (පොහොර)**

**සමාගම : වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව**

**கொழும்பு கொம்மேஷல் கம்பனி (பசனாகள்) விமிடெட்டிஷ் பொதுப்பு முயற்சி ஆண்டறிக்கை**

**COLOMBO COMMERCIAL CO. (FERTILIZER) LTD. : ANNUAL REPORT**

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා (තිரு. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, housing and Construction and Minister of highways, I move,

"That in terms of Section 14(3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, the Annual Report for 1981 of the Government of Sri Lanka - Successor to the Business Undertaking of Colombo Commercial Co. (Fertilizer) Ltd., together with the Balance Sheet and the Auditor-General's Report which was presented on 27.06.1983 be approved."

ප්‍රශ්නය සහතික කිරීමට ලදී.

வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.

Question proposed.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Sir, we have to make certain comments on this.

කථනානුකූලව

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Yes, carry on.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Mr. Speaker, annually we get a chance of speaking on a very vital sector of our economy, and that is fertilizer. But, after today. I do not know what is going to happen with the devaluation of the rupee. I do not know what the price of fertilizer is to be, because there are certain threats that various commodities would be going up in price, one of which most probably would be fertilizer. We do not know because no statement has been made on it as yet. But we are going into the Report that comes to us annually, that of the Business Undertaking of Colombo Commercial Co. (Fertilizer) Ltd. (1981).

As you are aware, this Company was taken over by our Government and since then it has been operating under the present Government with a Competent Authority, and I must say I have to differ with certain principles that have been accepted by certain others that under this Competent Authority this Organization has gone from strength to strength. I say

[ரணசமன் சமகோடி மதகா]

this because some time ago there was a report where about five or six foreigners have been brought to this country to look into the possibilities of handing over some of the organizations like the business undertakings should be converted into corporations or companies. But, Sir, when one reads through this entire Annual Report and sees the performance, I think they have disapproved that fact. Therefore, some comments are needed in respect of the working of this Company as well as the present situation with regard to fertilizer in this country.

Now, we are sorry to say that the amount of fertilizer used in this country has dropped. I am not accusing the Government, but I am asking the Government to give more emphasis, to have more propaganda with regard to the fact that fertilizer is a necessity, and if production does not increase in this country in the three major crops, minor crops or and other crops, I am sad to say that we will have to face this situation annually where the Government has to devalue the rupee. And then of course the prices of commodities will go up and then to combat that they will devalue the rupee. Then again, the prices will go up and they will have to devalue the rupee. And as a result the prices will go up again. This will be a never ending procedure. Therefore, the only way to stop that is production. You have to get more on your tea, you have to produce more rubber, more coconut. In fact, all facets of production have to increase. Otherwise, this process of devaluation will go on.

Take, for instance, coconut, into which a hundred per cent of the fertilizer should have gone. I am sorry to say that for the whole of last year only 20 per cent of the fertilizer had gone into the production of coconut. So, how can you expect an increase in production? I predict that after October for six months we will not be able to pick a single coconut from our trees.

For six months, there would not be crops; there would not be the fourth crop, there would not be the fifth crop and there would not be the sixth crop for no coconut planter will go and pick the nuts as long as there are insufficient nuts in the trees. You have to skip the picking. That is going to happen. One of the main reasons for that is that we have not fertilized at the proper time; only 20 per cent fertilizer has been used.

Sir, secondly there has been difficulty in getting bank loans. It was mentioned that the Bank of Ceylon and the People's Bank would give loans for fertilizing. But I must say that I had this very personal experience. After my application went in, it took me eight months to get a bank loan. For what was it? It

was for fertilizer. There is a very important sector and here we have to wait for eight months to get a bank loan! You can just imagine how long it will take for an ordinary citizen, an ordinary peasant to obtain a loan. I think the Government should look into this matter as to why bank loans are not given, especially loans for fertilizer. They said they would give the loans but it takes a long time. It is not given at the proper time, and I think the Government should look into this.

Thirdly, I would like to refer to the purchase of fertilizer from abroad, particularly as the Hon. Minister of Industries is here. I believe the Ceylon Fertilizer Corporation is under him. (*Interruption*) Anyway, there is a Ceylon Fertilizer Corporation and there is the Fertilizer Manufacturing Corporation. Now this Fertilizer Corporation is a corporation that imports and they import about 75 per cent of the fertilizer and they hand it over to the JEDB and Bours and other private organizations for retail selling. They are the wholesale importers. The balance 25 per cent has been given out to some peculiar people whom no one knows. Now there is a company called Germania who has imported fertilizer into this country. There is a company called Anglo-Asian who imports fertilizer into this country. It is not the Ceylon Fertilizer Corporation or any other corporation that imports fertilizer. These two firms are importing, they may be importing by calling for tenders. But the point I am making is this fertilizer is not imported through the Ceylon Fertilizer Corporation.

Sir, these companies, Germania and Anglo-Asian, who import fertilizer have no laboratory here. It is a must that one should have a laboratory if you are an importer of fertilizer. In case you import false fertilizer or sub-standard fertilizer you have to send it back to the supplier and say that it should be tested and if you do not have a laboratory you cannot test it.

சிரீல் மூகிவி மதகா  
(திரு. சிறீவில் மத்திவ்)  
(Mr. Cyril Mathew)

This is the commercial company and not the Fertilizer Corporation.

ரணசமன் சமகோடி மதகா  
(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி)  
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

You just keep quiet, you are crazy.

சிரீல் மூகிவி மதகா  
(திரு. சிறீவில் மத்திவ்)  
(Mr. Cyril Mathew)

He is talking of the Fertilizer Corporation.



ලක්ෂමන් ජයකෝඩී මහතා  
(**ශ්‍රී. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකෝඩි.**)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Sir, we must find out—

කථානායකතුමා

(**ශ්‍රී. පා. ආ. ජයරත්න.**)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please!

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකෝඩී මහතා

(**ශ්‍රී. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකෝඩි.**)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Sir, first we must find out why the Ceylon Commercial Company is not permitted to import fertilizer? It has applied to import fertilizer. Why is it not allowed to import? It has the best laboratory as far as we know. Next to Bours or along with Bours, Ceylon Commercial Company, the Government undertaking, has a very good laboratory but it is not permitted to import fertilizer.

Therefore, I would like the hon. Minister to take up this matter with the Fertilizer Corporation and give an opportunity for even a company like this or a Government undertaking of this nature to import fertilizer. It is not permitted to do so. Therefore, I would like the Competent Authority to look into this and support this suggestion. Sir, at the moment as you are aware, this is an organization that does not get World Bank aid, they do not get any advice from any foreign country. They are independent on their own but yet, I must say, they have done fairly well, and, therefore, it is our duty to see that they get more help from the Government.

Today I read in the papers about the fact of devaluation and I was going through the figures to see how it is going to affect the import of fertilizer. It is a very serious matter. I am sure the petrol prices are going up. I am almost sure that the fertilizer prices are going up. We did a rough calculation to find out by how much it will go up. It is not only the CIF price for fertilizer that will go up if this organization is going to import. There will be an all round increase.

If you imported fertilizer to the value of say US \$ 10,000, at the conversion rate of last week, the cost would have been Rs. 230,000. This week it has shot up to Rs. 240,000. So there is a difference of Rs. 10,000 for every US \$ 10,000 worth of fertilizer that we import. There will be various other increases which would follow. Your stamp duty on the L.C. will increase. Your bank commission will increase. This is what is going to happen when you devalue. Then the duty of five per cent will increase. The turn-over tax of

7 1/2 per cent will increase. The 15 per cent business turn-over tax will increase. We did a rough calculation for this US \$ 10,000 and we found that there will be an increase of Rs. 15,576 on this 10,000 dollar worth of imported fertilizer.

Now, who is going to suffer that loss? Are you going to pass that to the consumer? Are you going to pass that to the farmer or is the Government going to bear that loss?

As far as we know, during the period of the last Government, fertilizer, rice, flour, sugar, books and pharmaceuticals were outside the FEEC system. We did not have at that time what we call devaluation, but we had a FEECs system where we excluded certain commodities which are very useful. We had them at the old rate, and commodities which were not essential at the new rate. Of course, the people did not like it. It was Rs. 8 a US dollar then and with even one hundred per cent FEEC a US dollar was Rs. 16. Today it has surpassed that; it has gone up to Rs. 24 a US dollar. I do not know how it will settle down in the days to come but at the end of the year it will go up to Rs. 27 a US dollar. We all know that.

We have got a report from the World Bank as to how it is going to be increased and what should be done in order to keep up to that. Therefore, it is a serious matter as far as the Government is concerned and it should consider it. Subsidy may be a bad word today. Every year you are removing the subsidies. Gradually you are removing the subsidies and burdens are put on the people.

There is a World Bank report which came today. We all know the news that come and what the Government did at the World Bank; it is in the report itself. It was printed on the 23rd of June 1983 at Washington. The World Bank News says about the Sri Lanka aid group meeting also. It says:

"The Sri Lanka aid group meeting, at its 19th meeting held also in Paris last week, commended the Government of Sri Lanka on the successes of its development strategy during the last few years. At the meeting, Sri Lanka's Minister of Finance and Planning, Ronnie de Mel, said that despite an adverse international economic climate and deterioration in the terms of trade, Sri Lanka had managed to attain an average economic growth rate of 6.2% during 1978-82.

However, members expressed concern that large deficits in the budget and balance of payments, and the growing debt burden could pose a threat to the gains already made, and encouraged the government to pursue vigorously its policy initiatives to achieve a sustainable budgetary and balance-of-payments position in the medium-term. It was agreed that further efforts are needed to contain the growth of public expenditures and mobilize additional resources.

Members welcomed the government's decision not to initiate unplanned new projects in 1983 and 1984."

[பார்லிமேன் உத்தரவு]

It goes on. I do not want to read the rest of it. In other words, what they said was, up to 1983 everything had been done unplanned. Now, for God's sake do not do anything unplanned for 1983 and 1984. This is from the "World Bank News".

Prices will rise. The fertilizer price is going to rise. And, if the country could afford the input of only 20 per cent of fertilizer when the price was low, when it rises you can just imagine whether they are going to fertilize or not. If you do not fertilize, if you do not purchase fertilizer from C.C.C. a business undertaking of Government that will crash. I notice in their annual Report for 1981 there is a Table called according to which their Profit to Net Assets is 15 per cent in 1976, 73 per cent in 1977, 89 per cent in 1978, 24 per cent in 1979, 8.9 per cent in 1980 and 77 per cent in 1981. They have done well. In fact, I must congratulate them. But, by these certain governmental instruments being used in the fiscal sector I am sure these will suffer. Most of the companies are suffering. Therefore one cannot say that the liberalized economy has done so well. (*Interruption*)—There are so many answers. I cannot give them to you now. And therefore, Sir, what I would say is, one has to be extra careful in order to see that sectors of this nature are looked after. There are other sectors that can take second place, but fertilizer is a sector which has to be looked after. I am sorry to say that in spite of all the government's tasks of development the important sectors are not being looked after.

I see the hon. Deputy Minister for Public Administration (Mr. Harindra Corea). Ask him about what is going to happen to the coconuts in Chilaw. It is a very sad situation, Sir. (*Interruption*).—Yes. Because of the drought and because of the lack of fertilizer, because people have not got the money. A ton of fertilizer is Rs. 3,003 today, and with the 5.1 per cent devaluation. I do not know how much it will be! Therefore, Sir, I would like the Hon. Minister to consider a further subsidy on fertilizer. You can take from any quarter but this is one sector where a subsidy has to be given. In all countries where fruit crops and tree crops are grown fertilizer subsidies are being given now. It is so even in America, where you get the farmer and his farming being looked after more than any other sector. It has so happened that when there is a glut of food production they even throw it into the sea in order to save the farmer. It is worked in that form of economics in that country. If that food is given to poor nations of the world I think it is a better idea, but in a capitalist economy I suppose it has to happen that way and it is being done that way. I do not blame them because they are treading a similar path. (*Interruption*). We are now communist.

Therefore Sir, I would like the Hon. Prime Minister, who is in charge of this, to look into this sector and given us a subsidy on fertilizer

புறநகர சிமென்ட் டீன், கனா கமிட்டி சிமென்ட் டீன்.

வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

கலாநாயகனார்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! The Deputy Speaker will now take the Chair.

புறநகர சிமென்ட் டீன் கலாநாயகனார் இலாபகரமாக ஒத்திடுகிறார். கிளையர் கலாநாயகனார் [கலாநாயகர் அவர்கள்] இலாபகரமாக ஒத்திடுகிறார்.

அதன்பிறகு, சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் அக்கிராசனத்தினின்றும் நீங்குவே, பிந்திச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் [திரு. நோமன் வைத்யரத்ன] தலைமை வகித்தார்கள்.

Whereupon MR. SPEAKER left the Chair, and MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER [MR. NORMAN WAIDYARATNA] took the Chair.

லண்டன் ராஜ் சிபி நிஷ்பாஹ் நிதிநாள் கூட்டிடுவது

விசாரணை

இலங்கை அரசு மா அரைக்கும் கூட்டுத்தாபனத்தைக் கலைத்தல்

DISSOLUTION OF CEYLON STATE FLOUR MILLING CORPORATION

பி. சிமென்ட் டீன் கலாநாயகனார்

(எம். சின்சன் பெரேரா)

(Mr. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Hon. Prime Minister, I move,

"That this Parliament resolves under Section 19 of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, read with paragraph (2) of Article 44 of the Constitution, to authorize His Excellency the President to dissolve the Ceylon State Flour Milling Corporation established by an Order made under Section 2 (1) of the State Industrial Corporation Act, No. 49 of 1957, and published in Gazette Extraordinary No. 13,982 of March 12, 1964, and to appoint one or more persons to be the liquidator or liquidators of the aforesaid Corporation."

In moving this Resolution I like to be short as to why this course of action is necessary. With the establishment of the Prima Flour Milling complex at Trincomalee, the necessity for another organization to undertake flour milling did not exist. Trincomalee can accommodate bulk carriers of 60,000 metric tons or more whereas Colombo can accommodate bulk carriers with a maximum capacity of 20,000 metric tons for which the freight charges are US \$ 20 to 30 more than for larger vessels. New technology used at the Trincomalee mill enables 75 to 80 per cent extraction of flour from wheat. On the other hand, the State Flour Milling corporation used technology that is about 25 to 30 years old, and in 1981 had incurred a loss of Rs. 63 million.

In view of the above, it was decided to terminate the activities of the Flour Milling Corporation and make use of the existing machinery, land and buildings of the corporation to establish other viable projects. Accordingly, after negotiation, an agreement was entered into between the Government of Sri Lanka and Prima Limited, Singapore, to establish a local public limited company, known as Ceylon Grain elevators Ltd., to establish and operate the following : bulk handling and storage provision for all grains, seeds, beans etc., carrying on all entrepot trade ; establishment of a feed mill ; encourage local cultivation and Production of feed material and purchase same.

The total investment involved is estimated at \$ 20 million. Land and buildings belonging to the State Flour Milling Corporation are leased to Ceylon Grain Elevators Ltd., for a period of 30 years on a rental of \$ 119,330 per annum. Plant and machinery was sold to the company for a value of \$ 300,000.

The service of employees in the Flour Milling Corporation have been terminated with termination payment amounting to Rs. 21 million. The retrenched employees are eligible for employment with the new company. The workers are quite satisfied with these arrangements.

The agreement with Ceylon Grain Elevators Ltd., in force for a period of 30 years. At the expiration of the lease the demised premises together with the buildings and immovable fixtures shall revert to and become the property of the Government of Sri Lanka.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදී.  
 வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பட்டது.  
 Question proposed.

එම්. හලේම් ඉෂාක් මහතා (මැද කොළඹ තුන්වන)  
 (ஜனாப் எம். ஹலீம் இஷாக் — கொழும்பு மத்தி மூன்றாம் அங்கத்தவர்)

(Mr. M. Haleem Ishak—Third Colombo Central)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, one of the reasons given by the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs and Sports for dissolving or liquidating the State Milling Corporation is that vessels of large tonnage cannot enter the port of Colombo. If I heard him correctly, he said that bulk carriers of 20,000 tons only could enter the Port of Colombo. This, I think, is completely wrong. Bulk carriers of 35,000 tons and tankers enter the Port of Colombo. Whoever gave this reason has completely misled the Government by saying that large bulk carriers cannot enter the Port of Colombo and discharge wheat.

I can tell you why the government has taken this decision to dissolve and liquidate the state Flour Milling Corporation. a few days after this Government

was formed the Prima Flour milling Corporation was set up in this country with Singapore collaboration. If Prima are in a position to import wheat in bulk carriers of 75,000 to 80,000 tons on alongside berths in Trincomalee, I do not see why, if the Government is serious in continuing with the State Flour Milling Corporation, the Government cannot make use of those facilities in Trincomalee. The reason given that you can bring only vessels of 20,000 tons into the port of Colombo is completely wrong.

Another reason given is that the workers will have the right to apply for employment in the new company. We have listened to this type of assurance, especially after this Government was formed. We know what happened when the textile mills were taken over by private companies. Today there are thousands of these workers on the streets. Some of them have not been paid their compensation even though labour tribunals, magistrates' courts and even the Supreme Court has held that compensation has to be paid to them.

I know the case of Mr. U. E. Perera, a former member of the Kotte Urban Council, who for the last seven years has been trying hard to get the compensation awarded to him by the labour tribunal, by a magistrate and finally by the Supreme Court. I raised this matter on the Floor of this House, and I have also written to His Excellency the President on this matter. I also raised this when the Votes of the Ministry of Textile Industries were taken up in this House. But nothing has happened. The same fate will befall the workers of the State Flour Milling Corporation.

I say that the reason why the Government has taken this step of liquidating the State Flour Milling Corporation is to satisfy Prima. They have established this company, and today the consumer is expected to pay whatever price they charge for their products. A pound of their bread is sold at Rs. 8 when the ordinary consumer cannot afford to pay Rs. 2.80 for his pound of bread.

I appeal to the Government to consider the fact that thousands of workers are going to be thrown to the streets and that no compensation will be paid to them. Applications for employment will be called from these workers but I am sure that thousands will be on the streets if this proposal is accepted by the Government.

සරත් මුත්තේවුගේ මහතා(කලවාන)  
 (திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவேகம—கலவான)  
 (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama—Kalawana)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I think the Hon. Minister has, very appropriately, been given the task of moving this particular item. On many days, when we commence the Business of the House, he begins by moving

[සරන් මුත්තේටුවෙගම මහතා]  
obituaries of Members of this House who have passed away. Now he is moving the obituary of a state corporation ! I think this is the first obituary of a state corporation, but I think there will be a number of such obituaries which will have to move in due course.

ලංකා රාජ්‍ය පීටි නිෂ්පාදන නීතිගත සංස්ථාව විසුරුවා හැරීමට ගෙනෙන මේ යෝජනාව, විදේශීය කොමපැනියකට කරන පාවාදීමක්.

මැද කොළඹ තුන්වන ගරු මන්ත්‍රීතුමා (හලීම් ඉෂාක් මහතා) කාරණා දෙකක් මතක් කලා. එක කාරණයක්, එතුමා පොද්ගලිකවම දන්නා දෙයක්. එනම්, නැව් කොළඹ වරායට ඇතුළුවීම පිළිබඳ කාරණය. තමුත් ඊට වඩා ලොකු ප්‍රශ්න මෙතැන තිබෙනවා. නිදහස් වෙළඳ ප්‍රතිපත්තියක් අනුගමනය කරනවාය කියද්දී, මේ ආණ්ඩුව තරම් ණයට මිල මුදල් ලබා ගත් ආණ්ඩුවක් ඉතිහාසයේ තැන කියමින් පුරසාරම් දෙවිද්දී රජයෙන් සංස්ථාපිත කර තිබෙන රාජ්‍ය පීටි සංස්ථාව දියුණු නොකරන්නට කිසිම හේතුවක් තිබුණද? ඒකට උපකරණ අවශ්‍ය නම් ඒවා ගෙන්වා රාජ්‍ය පීටි සංස්ථාව දියුණු නොකළේ මන්ද? ප්‍රිමා සමාගම කරන කාර්ය භාරය රාජ්‍ය පීටි නිෂ්පාදන නීතිගත සංස්ථාව කරන්නට බැරි වුණේ මොකද කියන එක අපි දැනගන්නට ඕනෑ. මේ ප්‍රිමා සමාගම අපට උදව්වට ඇවිත් තිබෙන සමාගමක් නොවෙයි. ඒක පැහැදිලිව මතක තබා ගන්නට ඕනෑ. ඒක රජයක් විසින් දෙන ආධාරයක් නොවෙයි. ඒක පොද්ගලික කොමපැනියක්. පොද්ගලික කොමපැනියක් ලංකාවට ඇවිත් අවුරුදු තිස් ගණනක කාල සීමාවක් තුළ මේ "බීජනස්" එක කරන්නේ මොකටද? අපට ආධාරයටද? ලංකාවට උදව් කරන්නද? ලංකාවේ ජනතාවට කන්න පාත් තැනි තියා පාත් හඳුල දෙන්නද මේ අය ඇවිත් ඉන්නේ? තැහැ, ඒ අය ඇවිත් ඉන්නේ ලාභ ලබා ගන්නයි.

ප්‍රිමා සමාගම අඹරන පීටිවල මුඛඩි wheat bran කියන එක කොහොටද යන්නේ? ප්‍රිමා සමාගම ඒ ගත්ත විට බුන්වලින් ගම්බ කරන මුදල කොපමණද? ඇමතිතුමාට කියන්නට පුළුවන්ද? ඒවාට ලෝක වෙළඳ පොළෙන් ලබා ගන්නා මුදල කොපමණද? කවුරුත් මේවා දන්නවා. මේක යෙදුමක් නොවෙයි. මේක අපට ආධාරයකුත් නොවෙයි. මේක වාණිජ කොමපැනියක්. ලාභ ලබාගන්න ඇවිත් ඉන්න සිංගප්පූරුකාරයෝ විකක්. ඒ අය ඇවිත් ලාභ ලබල අපේ පාර්ලිමේන්තයාගේ ජීවන විපදම තව විකක් ඉහල තංවන්නට එය හේතුතුන වි තිබෙන කොට, මේ කාර්ය භාරය කරන්නට පුළුවන්කම තිබුණු, කරන්නට උත්සාහ කළ රාජ්‍ය පීටි නිෂ්පාදන නීතිගත සංස්ථාව විසුරුවා හරින්නට යෝජනාවක් අනුමත කරන්නය කියා තමුත්තාත්සේලා මේ සභාවට ඇවිත් අපට කියනවා.

මේ ඒකියා නිදහස් වෙළඳ ප්‍රතිපත්තිය යටතේ රාජ්‍ය සංස්ථා සියල්ලම මරා දමන්නට තමුත්තාත්සේලාට වුවමනා නම් ඒක කරන්නට තමුත්තාත්සේලාට බලය තිබෙනවා. ශක්තිය තිබෙනවා. තමුත් මේ සභාවට ඇවිත් දුරුවන් රවටන විධියේ හේතුන් අපට ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම මේ සභාවේ උදව්ට කරන නිග්‍රහයක්. බුද්ධියට කරන නිග්‍රහයක්. තමුත්තාත්සේලා කියනවා නම් මේ කටයුත්ත ගැන කම්කරුවන් බොහොම සතුටින් ඉන්නවාය කියල. තමුත් මේ කටයුත්ත ගැන කම්කරුවන් තම අප්‍රසාදය පල කරන බව මම පොද්ගලිකව දන්නවා. දවසක් මේ කම්කරුවන් කොල්ලපිරියෙ හන්දියෙ මහ පාරේ හිටියා. ඒ අයට කනා කරල කිය කිය හරි දුන්නම හරිය කියා හිතනවා. තමුත් මවුත් හොඳවම බැණ බැණ හිටියේ. කොල්ලපිරියේ රාජ්‍ය පීටි සංස්ථාවේ මුලස්ථානයට ඇවිත් පාර්ලිමේන්ත මුදල අරගෙන ඒ කම්කරුවන් බැණ බැණ හිටිය. මවුත් අනාගතයක් තැහැ. මවුත් මහ පාරට බස්වා තිබෙනවා. ඒ සියලුම දෙතොට පුළුවන්ද, ත්‍රිකුණාමලයට යන්න? බොහෝ දෙනෙක් මෙහෙ පදිංචිකරුවන්. ත්‍රිකුණාමලයට ගිහින් රක්ෂාව කරන්නට ඒ අයට පුළුවන් කමක් තැහැ. ඒ හැරත් මැද කොළඹ තුන්වන ගරු මන්ත්‍රීතුමා කීවා වාගේ ප්‍රිමා සමාගම මේ කම්කරුවන් ගන්නේ තැහැ. මම හිතන හැටියට ප්‍රිමා කොමපැනියට කම්කරුවන් ගැනීමේදී ලොකුම නුසුදුසුකම වන්නේ පරණ සංස්ථාවේ වැඩ කලාය කියන එකයි. සේවකයන් බඳවා ගන්න විට පරණ

සංස්ථාවේ වැඩ කිරීම ලොකුම නුසුදුකම වෙනවා. ප්‍රිමා සමාගමක් සමග සාකච්ඡා කර, ඒ හිටපු සේවකයන් සියලු දෙනාටම ප්‍රිමා සමාගමේ සේවකයන් වශයෙන් ගන්නවා කියා මේ ගරු සභාවට සහතිකයක් දෙන්නට තමුත්තාත්සේලාට පුළුවන්ද? බැහැ, මම කියන්නේ ඒකේ අතින් පැත්ත. [බාධාකිරීම්]

මන්ත්‍රීවරයෙක්  
(அங்கத்தவர் ஒருவர்)  
(A Member)  
වික දෙනෙක් අරන්.

සරන් මුත්තේටුවෙගම මහතා  
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம)  
(Mr. Sarath Muttewegama)  
වික දෙනෙක් අරන් ඇති.

ගාමිණී දිසානායක මහතා  
(திரு. காமினி திஸாநாயக்க)  
(Mr. Gamini Dissanayake)

What were you doing on the road at Kollupitiya.

සරන් මුත්තේටුවෙගම මහතා  
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம)  
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

Why, I was moving about on the road.

ගාමිණී දිසානායක මහතා  
(திரு. காமினி திஸாநாயக்க)  
(Mr. Gamini Dissanayake)

You were the leader.

සරන් මුත්තේටුවෙගම මහතා  
(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகம)  
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

No, I did not even know. I quite casually came across them.—(Interruption) The Duty Free Shop is far away. I, in fact, told them your address to go and see you. I told them that you were close by.

[ප්‍රිමා සමාගමෙන් කම්කරුවන් ගන්නේ තැහැ. [බාධා කිරීම්] අපොයි අම්මෝ! ජන්දය දුන්නා. උපාලි විජේවර්ධන මහතාත් "මියුනිසිපල් ඉලෙක්ෂන්" එකේදී ජන්දය දුන්නා කියා මා කීප වතාවක් කියා තිබෙනවා. කොබ්බෑකඩුව මහතාගෙන් ජන්දය දුන්නා. [බාධා කිරීම්] අඩුව වශයෙන් රාජ්‍ය පීටි නිෂ්පාදන නීතිගත සංස්ථාවේ සේවය කළ කම්කරුවන්වත් ප්‍රිමා සමාගමේ සේවයට ගන්නවා කියා සහතිකයක් ලබා දෙන්න රජයට පුළුවන්ද? තමුත් අපට කියන්න බැහැ මොකක් හරි බරපතල හේතුවක් තිබෙනවා නම් ඒ අය සේවයට ගන්න කියා. බරපතල හේතුවක් නොතිබෙනවා නම් රාජ්‍ය පීටි නිෂ්පාදන නීතිගත සංස්ථාවේ සියලුම සේවකයන් සේවයට ගන්න.

අ.ගා. 417

ආර්. එම්. කරුණාරත්න මහතා (උවා-පරණගම)  
(திரு. ஆர். எம். கருணாரத்ன—உவா-பரணகம)  
(Mr. R. M. Karunaratne-Uva-Paranagama)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, රාජ්‍ය පීටි නිෂ්පාදන නීතිගත සංස්ථාව විසුරුවා හැරීම පිළිබඳව සාකච්ඡා කරන මේ විවාදයේදී අපේ කලවාන ගරු මන්ත්‍රීතුමා, (සරන් මුත්තේටුවෙගම මහතා) එතුමාගේ දේශපාලන පක්ෂයට දර්ශනය ගෙන එන්නේ රුදියාවෙන් තිසා, මෙයට කෙලින්ම විරුද්ධ වුණාය කියා මා හිතනවා. මෙහි ඇතුළු පැත්ත සමහර විට එතුමා නොදන්නවා වෙන්න පුළුවන්. ප්‍රිමා සමාගම මගින්

රුපියල් දස ලක්ෂ 350 ක් වියදම් කර-එයට පක්ෂව කටා කරනවා නොවෙයි. ඇත්ත තත්වය පැහැදිලි කිරීම අපේ යුතුකමක් ව තිබෙනවා-ප්‍රිමා පීචි කර්මාන්ත ශාලාව ක්‍රිකණාමලයේ ඇති කලා, එම කර්මාන්ත ශාලාව මගින් ලංකාවට අවශ්‍ය පීචි අවුරුදු 20 ක් නොමිලයේ අඹරා දෙනවා. අවුරුදු 20 ක් ගිය විට එම කර්මාන්ත ශාලාව ලංකා රජයට අයිති වෙනවා. එතෙක් ආහාර දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව මගින් සැපයෙන තිරිඟු පීචි කර්මාන්ත ශාලාව මගින් නොමිලයේ අඹරා දෙනවා. කොළඹ තිබෙන රාජ්‍ය පීචි නිෂ්පාදන නීතිගත සංස්ථාව ඉතා කුඩා එකක්. එහි අඹරන්නට පුළුවන් වන්නේ ලංකාවට අවශ්‍ය පීචි ප්‍රමාණයෙන් 15% ක් පමණ සුළු ප්‍රමාණයක්. මෙම ආයතනය අවුරුදු ගණනාවක්ම පාඩුවෙන් පාඩුවට පවත්වාගෙන ආවා. මෙහි තිබෙන්නේ 1960 ට පෙර සවි කරන ලද පරණ මැෂින්. මේ කර්මාන්ත ශාලාවට නවීන මැෂින් දැන් සවි කරන්නට ගියොත් කෝටි සියයක පමණ මුදලක් රජයට වැය කරන්නට සිදු වෙනවා. ඒ නිසා මෙම සංස්ථාව විසුරුවා හැර එය නවීකරණය කිරීම සඳහා සීමා සහිත සමාගමකට පවරන්නට කටයුතු කරනවා.

ඒ වාගේම 1985 වන විට ලංකාවේ සහල් නිෂ්පාදනය වැඩි වී සහල්වලට කරන්න දෙයක් තැනී ප්‍රශ්නයකට මුහුණ දෙනවා කියා ශුවන් විදුලිය මාර්ගයෙන්, රුපවාහිනිය මාර්ගයෙන් ප්‍රචාරය වෙන බව අපි දන්නවා. ඒ තත්වය ඇති වුවහොත් අපි සහල් පිටරට පවත්න මනුෂ්‍ය; තැන්තම් ලංකාවට ගෙන්වන තිරිඟු ප්‍රමාණය අඩු කරන්න මනුෂ්‍ය. ප්‍රිමා කර්මාන්ත ශාලාවට පීචි නිෂ්පාදන කටයුතු හාර දීමෙන් ලංකාවේ ධාන්‍ය නැත්නම් සහල් අඹරා එයින් යම්කිසි පීචි ප්‍රමාණයක් නිෂ්පාදනය කරන්න පුළුවන්කම තිබෙනවා. එවැනි නවීකරණයක් කිරීම සඳහායි මේ ආයතනයට රජයේ අනුමතිය දී තිබෙන්නේ කියා පසුපෙළ මන්ත්‍රීවරයෙක් වශයෙන් මා කියා සිටිනවා. මෙය රටට වැඩදායක දෙයක්. මොකද, ලංකාවේ ධාන්‍ය වගී වගාව වැඩි වුවහොත් 1960 ට පෙර තිබුණු මැෂින්වලින් ඇඹරීමේ කටයුතු කරන්න අමාරු තත්වයක් ඇති වෙනවා.

**සරත් මුත්තේටුවෙගම මහතා**  
 (ති.ප්‍ර. சாரத் முத்தேவகமலம்)  
 (Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)  
 මේක විනය කර දමන්නටයි හදන්නෙ.

**ආර්. එම්. කරුණාරත්න මහතා**  
 (ති.ප්‍ර. ஆர். எம். கருணாரத்ன)  
 (Mr. R. M. Karunaratne)

තැහැ. ඇත්ත වශයෙන්ම නියම තත්වයට අපට මුහුණ දෙන්න සිදුවී වෙනවා. ඒ පිළිබඳව නොයෙකුත් පර්යේෂණ පවත්වා තියෙනවා. මොකද? මේ ආයතනය ලංකාවේ ධාන්‍ය වර්ග අඹරා ලංකාවට අවශ්‍ය දෙයක් නිෂ්පාදනය කරන්න මනුෂ්‍ය. එහෙම කරන්නේ තැනී නම් අපේ රටේ නිෂ්පාදනය කරන සහල්වලට කරන්නෙ මොනවාද කියන ප්‍රශ්නය මතු වෙනවා. අත්ත ඒ ප්‍රශ්නයටයි ආණ්ඩුව මුහුණ දෙන්න හදන්නේ කියන කාරණය මේ අවස්ථාවේදී පැහැදිලි කර දීම යුතුකමක් තිසයි මම මේ වචන ස්වල්පය ප්‍රකාශ කළේ.

අ.හ. 4.20

**ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (අත්තනගල්ල)**  
 (ති.ප්‍ර. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகமலம்—அத்தனகல்ல)  
 (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody-Attanagalla)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, ලාං-පරණගම මන්ත්‍රීතුමා සදහන් කළ විධියට හාල් ඇඹරීම නොවෙයි මෙතන ප්‍රශ්නය වී තිබෙන්නෙ. ප්‍රශ්නය මේකයි. දැන් රජයට අයිති සංස්ථාවක් අහෝසි කරන්න යනවා. මේ අහෝසි කරන්න යාමේදී ගන්නා ලද පියවර වික ගැන මදක් කල්පනා කර බලන්න මනුෂ්‍ය. මුලින්ම මේ සංස්ථාව තිබුණේ කොහොමද? ඇත්ත වශයෙන්ම මෙහි නිෂ්පාදනය ආරම්භ කළේ 1968 දීයි. 1961 දී පටන් ගත් මෙහි නිෂ්පාදනය ආරම්භ කළේ 1968 දීයි. 1975 වන විට ටොන් හැක්කෑ දහසක් නිෂ්පාදනය කරන්නට පුළුවන් වන විධියටයි මෙහි කටයුතු සකස් කරගෙන ආවේ.

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, මෙම සංස්ථාවේ ලාභ-අලාභ බැලීමේදී අපට පෙනී යන්න මොකක්ද? එහි ලාභ-අලාභ පිළිබඳ සම්පූර්ණ විස්තරයක් මා ලග තිබෙනවා. 1972 දී ලබා ඇති ලාභය රුපියල් දස ලක්ෂ 3.6 ක් වෙනවා. මම දස ලක්ෂවලින් කියන්නම්. මොකද? මිලියන් කියන ඉංග්‍රීසි වචනයට දස ලක්ෂ කියන වචනයයි සිංහලෙන් පාවිච්චි කරන්නෙ. ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, 1973 දී ලබා ඇති ලාභය රුපියල් දස ලක්ෂ 12 යි. 1974 දී දස ලක්ෂ 39 ක ලාභයක් ලබා තිබෙනවා. 1975 දී ලාභය දස ලක්ෂ 11 යි. 1976 දී ලාභය දස ලක්ෂ 30 යි. තමුත් 1977 දී දස ලක්ෂ 15 ක පාඩුවක් සිදු වී තිබෙනවා. තමුත් 1978 දී ලබා ඇති ලාභය රුපියල් දස ලක්ෂ 45 යි. 1979 දී ලාභය දස ලක්ෂ 10 යි. 1980 දී ලබා ඇති ලාභය දස ලක්ෂ 1 යි. මන්ත තත්වය. 1981 දී තමයි නවීකරණය කරන්න මනුෂ්‍ය කියා යත්තු ඇණවුම් කරන්න බලාපොරොත්තු වුණේ. තමුත් මොකක්ද සිදු වුණේ? 1981 වන විට එක පාරටම 'ප්‍රිමා' කියන ආයතනය ලංකාවට ආවා-මෙතනට ආවා-ගරන්න. එහෙම ඇවිත් 'ග්‍රේන් එලීටේටර්' කියන ආයතනයක් ආරම්භ කලා. ඒට පස්සේ මෙන්න මේ විධියේ විශාල දත්වීමක් පත්‍රයක පල කර තිබුණා:

The Ceylon Grain Elevators Limited : Issue of 6,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each at par.

මෙන්න මේ විධියට විස්තර පල කර තිබුණා.

The Directors of the Company-I will read out the names : Cheng Tsang Man-Co. Director, 11-K Evelyn Road, Singapore 1130. Cheng Chih Cheng-Co. Director, 11-H Evelyn Road, Singapore 1130. Cheng Chih Kwong-Co. Director, 11-E Evelyn Road, Singapore 1130. Tan Hong Tjioe-Co. Director, 160, Coronation Road, Singapore 1026. Oei Kiat Tho-Co. Director, 21, Barker Road, Singapore 1130. Ferry Teguh Santosa-Co. Director, 9, Astrid Hill, Singapore 1026 Cheng Chih Hui-Co. Director, 11-G Evelyn Road, Singapore and Tan Beng Chuan.

ඒට පස්සේ තවත් එක තමක් තියෙනවා. තමුත් ඒ රජයේ නායකයකුගේ නමක් නිසා ඒක මම කියන්න යන්නෙ තැහැ.

Mr. Kenneth chew, Group Financial Co-ordinator, Prima Limited, 201, Keppel Road, Singapore, and SGV-Goh Tan Satchi Pasu Pte. Ltd., 3rd Floor, Cargills Building, P.O.Box 918, Colombo 1 are the Secretaries of the company.

The Ceylon Grain Elevators Limited is supported and promoted by Prima Limited, Singapore, a brief description of which is given below :

"Prima Limited Singapore. The Company was incorporated in Singapore in 1961. The Company became a public Company listed on the Stock Exchange of Singapore and Malaysia in 1969. The company has an issued and paid-up capital of S \$ 30,000,000 and a total shareholders fund of S \$ 79,844,001 as at 31st December, 1981."

1981 වන විට රුපියල් දස ලක්ෂ 38 ක් වියදම් කර ආරම්භ කළ ආයතනයෙන් අවුරුදු දහයක් තුළදී රුපියල් දස ලක්ෂ 151 ක ශුද්ධ ලාභයක් ලබාගෙන තිබෙනවා.

You can just imagine how many times it has capitalized. It has got capitalized five times. The investment has been Rs. 38 million and the profits

[ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා]

were Rs. 151.9 million. What is the reason for you to close it down? There is no reason whatsoever because it has been an organization or a corporation which has given profits.

ඊට පස්සේ 1981 දී මෙය නවීකරණය කරන්න තිබුණා. මෙය 1981 දී නවීකරණය කරන්න තිබුණු බව උච්ච-පරණගම ගරු මන්ත්‍රීතුමාට (ආර. එම්. කරුණාරත්න මහතා) මම මතක් කරන්න කැමතියි. මෙය කාගෙක්ද ලැබුණේ? ඇයි නවීකරණය නොකළේ? සමාරචාදි රටකින් මේ රටට ආයතන තුනක් ගෙනත් දුන්නා. එයින් එක ආයතනයක් තමයි. ටයර් සංස්ථාව. එය නවීකරණය කරන්නට දෙවැනි පියවර ගන්නා. අලුත් යන්ත්‍රෝපකරණ හයි කරන්නට තීරණය කළා. දෙවැනි ආයතනය තමයි, වානේ කර්මාන්ත ශාලාව. මම හිතන හැටියට ඒකට දත් කණකොකා හටවන්න යනවා. එහි නවීකරණය කල් දම-දමා යනවා. තුන්වැනි ආයතනය පීටි කර්මාන්ත ශාලාව. මෙය නවීකරණය කරන්නට 1981 දී මුදල් ඉල්ලු විට රජය මුදල් දුන්නේ නැහැ. ඒ වෙනුවට රජය මොකද කළේ? පීටි සංස්ථාවේ තිබුණු ඉලෙක්ට්‍රික් සහ කර්මික යන්ත්‍රෝපකරණ මක්ෂේ කර සම්පූර්ණයෙන්ම විකුණා දුමමා. ඒට පසුව, විදුලි යන්ත්‍රෝපකරණ හා කාර්මික යන්ත්‍රෝපකරණ තවත් කොටසක් ඇතුළේ තිබුණා.

The mechanical and electrical equipment was handed over to the Ceylon Steel Corporation.

Then the Government wanted to find out whether this Corporation could make rice flour, but ultimately they found that this was not meant for rice milling. You had to get new equipment for it. Therefore, the rice flour production scheme became a separate organization.

Therefore, when you look into the objects of Grain Elevators Ltd., you will observe that it has nothing to do with feeding the people. It is to feed Prima only. The objects are stated in the prospectus of the company. This is what they wanted to do, Sir. It says :

“ The directors, after taking into consideration

1. The strategic location of Sri Lanka for the entrepot business of the Middle East.”-(*Interruption*)

- I will tell you because you are creating the public impression in this country that you are producing this to feed the people of this country. Do not think that the Singaporeans are going to feed Sri Lankans only. This is a business to feed other people in other areas. What is the market that we are having here. We are having only 15 million people here ; That is a small market. This is entreport trade.-(*Interruption*) Precisely. That is what I say. For whom? Not only for us, but for others, too.

Then, Sir, the second reason is, “ the potential of the poultry industry and the requirement of high quality formula feed products in Sri Lanka.” අපට කන්න දෙන්න නොවෙයි. This is another object. This is one of the targets. Thirdly, “ the technical know-how available to the company through its promoter”; and, lastly, with the extensive and the wide experience

the directors of the company have in grain milling, entrepot trade and feed milling. They are of the opinion that investors in the capital of the company can, if no unforeseen circumstances intervene, participate to receive a fair and reasonable return to their investment after the first year of full operation of the company.”

අපට කන්න දෙන්න නොවෙයි. කුකුළන්ට කන්න දෙන්න. පළමුවැනි අවුරුද්දෙන් පස්සේ තමයි ගරා ගැනීම පටන්ගත්තේ. ෆ්ලීමා එකක් පළමුවැනි අවුරුද්දේ සාධාරණ විධියට හිටියා. මුලින් කීවේ මොකක්ද? ෆ්ලීමා එක එන්න ඉස්සර වෙලා ගත 72 ට, ගත 80 ට තිබුණු පීටි ගත 60 ට බැස්සුවා. ආවා ෆ්ලීමා අද කෙළවර වෙලා තිබෙන්නේ කොතෙක්ද? රු. 2.80 වෙලා දත් 2.50 ට වෙලා තිබෙනවා. තමුත්තාත්සේලා මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් ශ්‍රී ලංකා නිදහස් පක්ෂයට දොස් කියනවා. ඒ කාලයේ පීටි තිබුණා. ඒ කාලයේදී අපට ලාබෙට පීටි ගන්න කුම තිබුණා. [බාධා කීර්මක්] පාන්දර හතරට තමයි පෝලිමේ හිටියේ. තමුත් අද මොකද වෙලා තිබෙන්නේ? රුපියල් අටට විකුණන පාන් වර්ග අද තිබෙනවා. ඒවා කමක් නැහැ. තමුත්තාත්සේලාට! රුපියල් පහළොවට විකුණන පාන් වර්ග තිබෙනවා.

නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමා  
(*பிரதீக் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்*)  
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Are you concluding your speech ?

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා  
(*திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயகோடி*)  
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No, Sir.

නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමා  
(*பிரதீக் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்*)  
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Order, please ! The Sitting is suspended till 5 p.m.

අයවීම ඊට අනුකූලව තාවකාලිකව අත්හිටුවන ලදීත්, අ.ග. 5 ට නැවත පවත්වන ලදී.

அதன்படி அமர்வு 5 மணிவரை திடை நிறுத்தப்பட்டு, பின்னும் ஆரம்பமாயிற்று.

Sitting accordingly suspended till 5. P.M. and then resumed.

ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා  
(*திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயகோடி*)  
(M. Lakshman Jayakody)

Just before tea Sir we were discussing the subject of the liquidation of the Flour Milling Corporation. I do not know whether this Corporation was established under a Soviet-Lanka agreement where soft loan terms were given for the construction of the Flour Milling Corporation and in the agreement I could recollect that a very broad term was used : “ An agreement for the benefit of the people of Sri Lanka ”. So when one said it was for the benefit of the people of Sri Lanka, it also meant that under the soft term loans that we got from the Soviet Union at that time I do not think anyone envisaged a liquidation. I do not know, I do not think, it is absolutely necessary to inform a country who has given us a loan on a soft term basis, a bilateral

loan on a very friendly basis, but I think there should be at least some indication to them as to why we were doing it. I say this because, suddenly the present Chairman Mr. Hewath Fernando came to know about the liquidation in September 1982 by a letter when he wanted to expand this organization. He wanted to modernize this factory. He wanted to bring in new equipment into it. But then suddenly in September 1982 he was informed that it is to be liquidated. I think Sir, it is something that is not quite proper. And it was in the same month that the aid givers had wanted to offer to the Corporation the new plan to re-construct the project. Therefore, Sir, I think it is the duty of the Government to let us know why this step was taken, why they want to liquidate it.

At the last meeting of the Flour Milling Corporation the idea was to store grain in the buildings that are there, and they are going to use the elevators that are there for the storing of animal feed. This was also a last moment job. So I must also bring to your notice, the Corporation would have invoiced even for spare parts for its modernization, and its entire programme, the 1982 modernization programme, had to be cancelled and ultimately the Government started to purchase grain under PL 80 and hand it to Prima for the milling of wheat.

In this context, Sir, I must bring to your notice two or three matters. Hitherto, the Flour Milling Corporation used to mill the entire seed and get the bran, the wheat germ as well as the flour, and we have been used to that pattern for the last so many years of using all three in our milling. But when we get flour from Prima, as the hon. Member for Kalawana mentioned, the flour is removed and the wheat bran and germ are sent abroad. That is the price we have to pay. I am informed that a bottle of wheat germ oil is about fifty thousand rupees or something, today's price. Such a valuable high protein type of oil is not available to us—I do not know whether my figure is wrong, whether it is five thousand or fifty thousand, I cannot say, but it is a very valuable type of oil. And the wheat bran is the most important thing. As you are aware, Ata Flour with the bran is used to make 'chapatti', the staple food in North India. So the valuable part is taken away by Prima and we are trying to make our palate get used to Prima bread, and I must say it is like husk. It has a better look, but to my mind it has no strength at all. I suppose the medical people on the other side could let us know whether bran mixed with flour is better or not, that is a subject I do not know. Anyway, one has to look into the matter carefully, whether we are getting a proper return for the purchase of wheat under the PL 480. I see in some of these reports—this is an agreement under the United States Public Law 480—that the amount of delivery we are giving to Prima is becoming less. In

other words, Prima is not working up to total capacity. My charge is it has to commission 600,000 tons of flour per year, but it commissions only 400,000 tons. So I would like to know whose fault it is, whether we are giving less wheat to them to mill or whether they are not doing a proper job? I would like to know that. I want to know from the Government whether Prima are milling to capacity, if not, what is the reason? It may be that we do not buy the required amount of wheat and give them for milling, or it may be the other way, or are they controlling the milling according to whether or not they are going to get a better price for their bran or for their germ oil? Are they controlling the production level also in the Prima according to their whims and fancies?

Now, this is something that one has to go into. Of course, we are being fed; we are being given the required tonnage of wheat, but one has to see how the milling programme goes on, because we have no control whatsoever, whether we are getting the maximum tonnage at the proper time or whether we are purchasing it at a very high price. We do not know whether we are being played out even where the purchase and sale of wheat are concerned. I say it because of this. I am quoting from page 403 of the Bulletin of the Central Bank of March 1983. It says:

"The Prima (Ceylon) Ltd, (PCL) delivered 19,900 metric tons of flour to the Food Commissioner in March, 1983 indicating a decrease of 43 per cent."

Just imagine, it is half the production!

—“when compared to the amount delivered in the same month last year.”—

There is a percentage drop.—(Interruption)—No, he has to do that.

—“The Food Commissioner imported 109,000 metric tons of wheat grain during March 1983.”

Now, we would like to know at what price. We all know that the price of wheat is coming down in the world. We also know that the prices of various other commodities are coming down. Though we have gone for this “donkey” devaluation, all the prices in the world are coming down. We would like to know whether the price of wheat is coming down. I do not know why we went in for this devaluation! Because my hon. Friend is the Acting Minister I do not want to worry him, but when the Minister comes I will take it up with him. Let us know the price of wheat that we buy. Now, what does this Bulletin say? It says:

“The stock of flour with the Food Commissioner at the end of March 1983 is estimated at 22,500 metric tons.”

My point is this. Our production now is less. It was 43 per cent last year. It may be that we have not bought the required tonnage of wheat under PL 480 and given it to them. It may be that the price of wheat flour may go up. We want to have a categorical statement from the Government whether the price of wheat will go up.

[உத்தரவிடப்பட்டிருக்கிறது]

After 1982 they had a quality test. In that quality test, Sir—this is subject to correction—the flour in the State Milling Corporation was proved to be superior to Prima medically, when it was medically analysed. Secondly, Sir, they have found—this is also subject to correction—that even the humidity of Prima flour was 11 per cent whereas the humidity of the four of the State Flour Milling Corporation was 8.9 per cent. You can just imagine! These are the results that are coming out.—(Interruption)—Who gave this information? The people who are working there. I think one has to look into this matter more carefully at a time when we are going to wind up an organization. With regard to the sale of flour to the Food Commissioner, I am informed that Prima gets an advantage as against the State Flour Milling Corporation.

Now, with regard to the Flour Milling Corporation flour, the Corporation had to use its marketing organization to sell its flour. It was done internally within the country. Even to sell to the Food Commissioner they have to use it marketing organization. But the Prima Complex need not; they just come and dump the flour; they come and deliver the flour. The Government has a contract to purchase the flour. Therefore, I think it has been a very unfortunate situation where we have to follow. This is a Government organization. Just because who all these people come from Singapore puzzle us and threaten us in the manner that they have been doing all these year, it has been most unfair that we have to close this Corporation. It may happen even to the Steel Corporation—mark my words.

சரத் முத்தேவகாமா

(திரு. சரத் முத்தேவகாமா)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

I think, to all the corporations.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி

(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Even the other day team had come from abroad and they looked into the activities of our Corporations through the COPE organization and they recommended to turn it into a Company. Now, they have even said that the Railways should go; everyone

should go; almost all the existing Corporations that are not doing well should capitalize and go private. Here, the Minister of Lands and Land Development and Minister of Mahaweli Development is now threatening to do that. He is going to do that. That means, we can be hundred per cent sure that some of the Corporations coming under him are definitely getting wound up. What are the ones that you have decided should go? I think he will reply to that. (Interruption). Low lying Areas Reclamation, I think it is a different organization. But, anyway this is a new concept. Therefore when you have a new concept, of winding up of these corporations, remember that this is Government money. It is not the money of a particular Government, it is not from the coffers of a particular set of executives; it is the money of the people. So, since it is the money of the people, I think one should not take up the position and say, "We are going to wind up". There have been donors; there are many countries that have given donations to set up these corporations on soft loans. The World Bank gave us soft loans. Where the World Bank is concerned, we are prepared to do. When other countries give soft loans on the same terms, we are not prepared to do. Therefore, Sir, I think it may have come from the Soviet Union, it may have come from India, it may have come from any non-aligned country or an aligned country, it may have come from the West, it has been a bilateral agreement between country to country, that bilateral agreement has taken place on a soft loan basis rather than on a commercial basis. It may be that it is our property and our decision. True but, it is our duty to inform the donor country at least that we are carrying out this operation, because of the subsequent support they have given us. Free technology would have come to us. I know in the case of the Steel Corporation there are workers who have been sent from here to the Soviet Union to be trained there. When they come here ultimately what did they do? It is the same with the Flour Mill. There are trained people trained by them, in the technology as well as the methodology of all that. They are just thrown into the dust-bin overnight. It is not fair. Can you do that with the World Bank? Can you do that with the IMF? Can you do to the other donors? You cannot. Therefore, I think it is most unfair not to allow and not to inform that particular country who gave us this donation which now you are to wind up for no reason at all.

[தலைவர் அவர்களின் கவனத்திற்கு வந்தது 1983 ஜூலை 6-ம் நாள் செய்தி க்குரிய செய்தி.]

[நிகழ்ச்சித்தொடரை, 1983 ஜூலை 6, புதன் கிழமை அறிக்கை அறிக்கையிற் பார்க்க.]

For continuation of Proceedings see OFFICIAL REPORT for Wednesday, 6th July 1983.)







௩. ஐ.

மேல வர்நாவே டிவகாை இடனக டடகா ட்டகக கலாவல கிவர்டி கல ட்டக கரன் ட்டவனு ரீகி மக்தித் தேன் சிவககக் கை சகி சீவா சககரீலிவ  
ட்டவா சம சிவகக கரன்டாடி ட்டககாரக வக

1983 ட்டலி 19 வக ட்டகரீவாட

கைககமவா ட்டககை கை சீவக ட்டககி.

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**குறிப்பு**

அக்கத்தவர்கள் இதுகிப் பகிப்பிற் சகய்வகரூமடும் பிழை கிருத்தகககை அகிககையிற்றெனிவாகக் குறித்த  
பிழை கிருத்தகககைக் ககண்ட பிசகியை ஹன்சார்ட் பகிப்பாகிரியருக்கு

1983 ஜூலை 19, சகவ்வாய்க்கிழமைக்குப் பிந்தாமற்

கிடைக்கக்கூடியதாக அனுப்புதல் வேண்டும்.

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**NOTE**

Corrections which Members suggest for the Final Print should be clearly marked in this Report and the *copy containing  
the corrections must reach* the Editor of HANSARD,

not later than

Tuesday, 19th July 1983

**දයක මුදල් :** පාර්ලිමේන්තු විවාද වාර්තාවල වාර්ෂික දයක මිල රු. 200/- කි. (අශෝඛිත පිටපත් සඳහා නම් රු. 175/- කි). පිටපතක් ගෙව්වා ගැනීම අවශ්‍ය නම් ගාස්තුව රු. 2.50 කි. නැපාල් ගාස්තුව ගත 90 කි. කොළඹ 1, නා. පෙ. 500, රජයේ ප්‍රකාශන කාර්යාංශයේ අධිකාරී වෙත සෑම වර්ෂයකම නොවැම්බර් 30 දින ප්‍රථම දයක මුදල් ගෙවා ඉදිරි වර්ෂයේ දයකතාවය ලබාගෙන විවාද වාර්තා ලබාගත හැකිය. නියමිත දිනෙන් පසුව එවනු ලබන දයක ඉල්ලුම්පත් භාරගනු නොලැබේ.

சந்தா : ஹன்சார்ட் அதிகார அலி்களையின் வருடாந்த சந்தா ரூபா 200/- (திருத்தப்படாத பிரதிகள் ரூபா 175/-) ஹன்சார்ட் தனிப்பிரதி ரூபா 2.50. தபாற் செலவு 90 சதம். வருடாந்த சந்தா முற்பணமாக அத்தியட்சர், அரசாங்க வெளியிட்டலுவலகம். த. பெ. இல. 500, கொழும்பு 1 என்ற விலாசத்திற்கு அனுப்பி பிரதிகளைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளலாம். ஒவ்வொரண்டும் நவம்பர் 30 ந் தேதிக்குமுன் சந்தாப் பணம் அனுப்பப்படவேண்டும். பிந்திக் கிடைக்கும் சந்தா விண்ணப்பங்கள் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படமாட்டா.

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