



පාර්ලිමේන්තු විවාද

(හැන්සාඩ්)

නිල වාර්තාව

(අශෝධිත පිටපත)

අත්තර්ගත ප්‍රධාන කරුණු

නිවේදනය :

"බ" ස්ථාවර කරක සහවට නම් කිරීම

ප්‍රශ්නවලට වාචික පිළිතුරු

ඇමති හා කැස්බෑව මන්ත්‍රී ධර්මසේන ආටිගල මහතාගේ ප්‍රකාශය

වරප්‍රසාද : සෙල්වරුපා යෝගවන්දන මහතා වසිඬකෝඩි දෙසි මන්ත්‍රී වශයෙන් පත් කිරීම

ලංකාවේ සංවර්ධන මුදල් සංස්ථා (සංශෝධන) පනත් කෙටුම්පත :

දෙවන වර සහ තුන්වන වර කියවා සංශෝධනාකරයෙන් සම්මත කරන ලදී

නිවේදනය :

කැස්බෑව පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රී ධර්මසේන ආටිගල මහතාගේ ඉල්ලා අස්වීම

වාචික වාර්තා :

ශ්‍රී ලංකා ඉවත් විදුලි සංස්ථාව

සීමාසහිත බී. ඩී. ඩී. සමාගම

ශ්‍රී ලංකා කපු සංස්ථාව

කුඩා තේ වතු සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය

ජාතික පේෂකර්ම සංස්ථාව

සීමාසහිත සෝ ඉන්ඩස්ට්‍රිස් ආයතනය

ලංකා කාර්මික සංවර්ධන මණ්ඩලය

සීමාසහිත විජය උප කමිතල

ලංකා බන්ධන බැලි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලය

ලංකා විනෝ සංස්ථාව

ලංකා සීමෙන්ති සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලය

රාජ්‍ය පනල් කැණීම් හා බන්ධන සංවර්ධන සංස්ථාව

ලංකා විද්‍යාත්මක හා කාර්මික පර්යේෂණායතනය

ජාතික පලාසවෙන් සංවර්ධන මණ්ඩලය

කාමිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය

ජාතික කාමිකාර්මික විවිධාශිකරණ සහ ජනපද අධිකාරිය

ශ්‍රී ලංකා සිනි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලය

ඉඩම් ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණ කොමිෂන් සභාව

ජාතික සත්ව උද්‍යාන පනත් කෙටුම්පත :

දෙවන වර සහ තුන්වන වර කියවා සම්මත කරන ලදී

සංවර්ධන සංවර්ධන පනත : නියෝග

ණය සහනදායක ආඥාපනත : නියෝගය

උපකාරන පාඨශාලා සහ අභ්‍යාස විද්‍යාල (විශේෂ විධිවිධාන)

පනත : නියෝග

ශ්‍රී ලංකා තේ මණ්ඩල පනත : නියෝගය

කුඩා තේ වතු සංවර්ධන පනත : නියෝගය

රබර් පාලන අරමුදල : ඇස්තමේන්තු

රත් පාලන පනත : නියෝගය

ක්‍රීඩා පනත : නියමය

කල් තැබීමේ යෝජනාව

ප්‍රශ්නවලට ලිඛිත පිළිතුරු

பாராளுமன்ற விவாதங்கள்

(ஹன்சாட்)

அதிகார அறிக்கை

(பிழை திருத்தப்படாதது)

பிரதான உள்ளடக்கம்

அறிவிப்பு :

நிலைக்குழு "மி" க்கு நேமகங்கள் வினாக்களுக்கு வாய்மூல விடைகள் அமைச்சரும் கெஸ்பாவ அங்கத்தவருமான திரு. தர்மசேன ஆட்டி கல அவர்களது அறிக்கை சிறப்புரிமை : திரு. செல்வராஜா யோகச்சந்திரன் வட்டுக்கோட்டை அங்கத்தவராக நியமனம்

இலங்கை அபிவிருத்தி நிதித் திட்டத்தின் (திருத்தம்) சட்டமூலம் :

இரண்டாம் மூன்றாம் மதிப்புக்களிடம்பெற்று திருத்தப்பட்ட வாறு நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டது

அறிவிப்பு :

கெஸ்பாவ அங்கத்தவர் திரு. தர்மசேன ஆட்டி கல அவர்களது ராஜினாமா

ஆண்டறிக்கைகள் :

இலங்கை ஒலிபரப்புக் கட்டுத்தாபனம் மிஓசி விமீற்றட் இலங்கை மரமுத்திரிகைக் கட்டுத்தாபனம் சிறு தேயிலைப் பற்றுநிலங்கள் அபிவிருத்தி அதிகாரசபை தேசிய புடைவைக் கட்டுத்தாபனம் ஷொ இன்டர்ஸ்தீஸ் விமீற்றட் இலங்கைக் கைத்தொழில் அபிவிருத்திச் சபை விஜயா ஓட்டுத் தொழிற்சாலை விமீற்றட் இலங்கைக் கனிப்பொருள் மணற் கட்டுத்தாபனம்

இலங்கை மட்பாண்டக் கட்டுத்தாபனம் இலங்கை சீமெந்துக் கட்டுத்தாபனம் அரசு சுரங்க கனிப்பொருள் அபிவிருத்தித் திட்டத்தாபனம் இஅகைஆதி தேசிய பண்ணை விலங்கு அபிவிருத்திச் சபை விவசாய அபிவிருத்தி அதிகாரசபை தேவிமாபகுஅச இலங்கைச் சீலிக் கட்டுத்தாபனம் காணிச் சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழு

தேசிய விலங்கினக் காட்சிச்சாலைச் சட்டமூலம் :

இரண்டாம் மூன்றாம் மதிப்புக்களிடம்பெற்று நிறைவேற்றப் பட்டது

உல்லாசப் பிரயாண அபிவிருத்திச் சட்டம் : ஒழுங்குவிதிகள்

கடன் இணக்கக் கட்டளைச் சட்டம் : ஒழுங்குவிதி

உதவிபெறும் பாடசாலைகள், பயிற்சித் கல்லூரிகள் (சிறப்பேற்பாடுகள்) சட்டம் : ஒழுங்குவிதிகள்

இலங்கைத் தேயிலைச் சபைச் சட்டம் : ஒழுங்குவிதி

தேயிலை சிறு பற்றுநிலங்கள் அபிவிருத்திச் சட்டம் : ஒழுங்குவிதி

இறப்பர்க் கட்டுப்பாட்டு நிதி : மதிப்பீடு

தேயிலைக் கட்டுப்பாட்டுச் சட்டம் : ஒழுங்குவிதி

விளையாட்டுக்கள் சட்டம் : கட்டளை

ஒத்திவைப்புப் பிரேரணை

வினாக்களுக்கு எழுத்துமூல விடைகள்

PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES

(HANSARD)

OFFICIAL REPORT

(Uncorrected)

PRINCIPAL CONTENTS

ANNOUNCEMENT: Nominations to Standing Committee "B"	Ceylon Ceramics Corporation Ceylon Cement Corporation State Mining and Mineral Development Corporation CISIR National Livestock Development Board Agricultural Development Authority NADSA Sri Lanka Sugar Corporation Land Reform Commission
ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS	
STATEMENT BY MR. DHARMASENA ATTYGALLE, MINISTER AND MEMBER FOR KESBEWA	
PRIVILEGE: APPOINTMENT OF MR. SELVARAJA YOGACHANDRAN AS MEMBER FOR VADDUKKODDAI	
DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION OF CEYLON (AMENDMENT) BILL Read a Second, and the Third time, and passed as amended	NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS BILL: Read a Second, and the Third time, and passed
ANNOUNCEMENT: Resignation of Mr. Dharmasena Attygalle, member for Kesbewa	TOURIST DEVELOPMENT ACT: REGULATIONS DEBT CONCILIATION ORDINANCE: REGULATION ASSISTED SCHOOLS AND TRAINING COLLEGES (SPECIAL PROVISIONS) ACT: REGULATIONS
ANNUAL REPORTS: Sri Lanka Broadcasting Corporation BCC Ltd. Sri Lanka Cashew Corporation Tea Small Holdings Development Authority National Textile Corporation Shaw Industries Ltd. Industrial Development Board of Ceylon Vijaya Tiles Ltd. Ceylon Mineral Sands Corporation	SRI LANKA TEA BOARD LAW: REGULATION TEA SMALL HOLDINGS DEVELOPMENT LAW: REGULATION RUBBER CONTROL FUND: ESTIMATES TEA CONTROL ACT: REGULATION SPORTS LAW: ORDER ADJOURNMENT MOTION WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

පාර්ලිමේන්තුව

பாராளுமன்றம்
PARLIAMENT

1982 නොවැම්බර් 5 වන සිකුරාදා
வெள்ளிக்கிழமை, 5 நொவம்பர் 1982
Friday, 05th November, 1982

ස. හා. 10 ට පාර්ලිමේන්තුව රැස් විය. කථානායකතුමා [අල් හාජ් ජමී, අබ්දුල් බකීර් මාකාර් මහතා] මූලාසනාරූඪ වීම.

பாராளுமன்றம் மு. ப. 10 மணிக்குக் கூடியது. சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் [அல் ஹாஜ் எம். அப்துல் பாகீர் மாகார்] தலைமை வகித்தார்கள்.

The Parliament met at 10 A.M. MR. SPEAKER (AL HAJ M, ABDUL BAKEER MARKAR) in the Chair.

නිවේදනය

அறிவிப்பு

ANNOUNCEMENT

“ බ ” ස්ථාවර කාරක සභාවට තමා කීරීම
நிலைக்குழு “B” க்கு நேமகங்கள்

NOMINATIONS TO STANDING COMMITTEE “ B ”

කථානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

In terms of Standing Order No. 139, I have appointed Mr. Norman Waidyartna, Deputy Speaker, Chairman of Standing Committee “ B ” for the consideration of the—

- (1) Katugastota Bauddha Balamandalaya (Incorporation) Bill;
- (2) Ratnapura Buddhist Society (Incorporation) Bill;
- (3) Jaffna Divine Life Society (Incorporation) Bill.

I have also nominated the following additional Members to serve on Standing Committee “ B ” for the consideration of the Bills :-

- Mr. A. M. R. B. Attanayake
- Mr. Harish Wanigasekera
- Mr. Rohan Abeygoonasekera
- Mr. J. A. E. Amaratunga
- Mr. Jabir A. Cader
- Mr. Lakshman Jayakody
- Miss Sriyani Daniel
- Mr. Ryter Thilakasekera
- Dr. W. Dahanayake
- Mrs. R. Pathmanathan
- Mr. Pathmin Fonseka
- Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama
- Mr. W. J. M. Lokubandara
- Mr. R. P. Wijesiri
- Mr. P. S. Soosaithasan

ලිපි ලේඛනාදිය පිළිගැන්වීම

சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட பத்திரங்கள்
PAPERS PRESENTED

(1) Annual Reports and Accounts of the Government Owned Business Undertaking of Essential Oils (Ceylon) Ltd. for 1977, 1978, 1979 and 1980.

(2) Report of the Chief Actuary on Valuation of Life Assurance Business of the Insurance Corporation of Sri Lanka as at 31.12.1980.—(Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Shipping).

(1) Annual Report of the Rubber Research Board for 1978.

(2) Annual Report of the Coconut Research Board for 1980.

(3) Annual Report of the State Rubber Manufacturing Corporation for 1980.—(Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Public Administration and Minister of Plantation Industries.)

(1) Annual Report of the State Mortgage and Investment Bank for 1980.

(2) Annual Report of the People's Bank for 1979.—(Mr. M. Vincent Perera, on behalf of the Minister of Finance and Planning.)

සහමේසය මත තිබිය යුතුයයි නියෝග කරන ලදී.

சபாபீடத்தில் இருக்கக் கட்டளையிடப்பட்டது.

Ordered to lie upon the Table.

පෙත්සම්

மனுக்கள்

PETITIONS

ඉන්ද්‍රදාස හෙට්ටියාරච්චි මහතා (කළුතර දිසා ඇමති තුමා)

(திரு. இந்நீரதாச ஹெற்றியராச்சி—கருத்துறை மாவட்ட அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Indradasa Hettiaratchi—District Minister, Kalutara)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, හොරණ වැරැල්ලහේනේ පදිංචි බී. ඒ. ජයරත්න මහතාගේ 1982 ඔක්තෝබර් 31 දිනැති පෙත්සමක් මම ඉදිරිපත් කරමි.

එස්. එස්. අබේසුන්දර මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය සිවර ඇමති තුමා)

(திரு. எஸ். எஸ். அபேசுந்தர—கடற்றொழில் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. S. S. Abeysondera—Deputy Minister of Fisheries)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, මහනුවර, අධ්‍යාපන කාර්යාලයේ, අධ්‍යාපන නිලධාරී, යූ. බී. රත්නායක මහතාගේ 1982 ජූලි 20 දිනැති පෙත්සමක් මම ඉදිරිපත් කරමි.

ආර්. එම්. ධර්මදාස බණ්ඩා මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය ජේෂ් කප්පේ ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. ஆர். எம். தர்மதாச பண்டா — புடைவைக் கைத் தொழில் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. R. M. Dharmadasa Banda—Deputy Minister of Textile Industries)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, බිබිලේ එක්සත් ජාතික පක්ෂ බල මණ්ඩලයේ ලේකම් ජේ. ඒ. සෙනෙවිරත්න මහතාගේ 1982 නොවැම්බර් 1 දිනැති පෙත්සමක් හා

கைத்தொழில், விஞ்ஞான அலுவல்கள் அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட வினா : 1977 ஜூலை தொடக்கம் இன்றுவரை ஓர்ந்தொட்டை ஒட்டுப்பலகைத் தொழிற்சாலைக்குத் தெரிவுசெய்யப்பட்ட நபர்களை, விலாசம் தேர்தல் தொகுதி முதலியவற்றுடன் பட்டியல் படுத்தித் தருவாரா?

asked the Minister of Industries and Scientific Affairs : Will he give a list of persons who have been recruited to the Plywood Factory, Gintota from July 1977 to date, with their addresses and electorates?

එන්. ඩෙන්සිල් ප්‍රනාන්දු මොන, (නියෝජ්‍ය කමිටා නො විද්‍යා කටයුතු අමාත්‍යවරයා)
(திரு. என். டென்சில் பெர்னாண்டோ—கைத்தொழில், விஞ்ஞான அலுவல்கள் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. N. Denzil Fernando—Deputy Minister of Industries & Scientific Affairs)
I am tabling the list of persons who have been recruited to the Plywood Factory, Gintota, from July 1977 to 6.9.82 with their addresses and electorates.

* பக்கவீசம் மொத்தம் 69 ஆகியது.

* சபாபீடத்தில் வைக்கப்பட்ட நிரல் :

List tabled :

List of persons who have been recruited to the Plywood Factory, Gintota from July 1977 to 06.09.1982 with their addresses and electorates :

Name	Address	Electorate
1. H. K. G. Dharmadasa	Amukanaththa, Yakkalamulla	Baddegama
2. U. D. Ranaweera	Ambugahawatta, Madolduwa, Gonapinuwala	Ambalangoda
3. K. K. P. Jayasena	Pinkanda, Dodanduwa	Rhagama
4. N. H. Thilakasiri	'Manjula', Gintota	Galle
5. S. Wijewardene	Kithulampitiya (Farmers) Colony, Uluwitike	Akmeemana
6. P. G. Wijedasa	Haliyawila Watta, Maliduwa, Bussa	Rathgama
7. K. K. G. Dayananda	No. 162, Pinkanda, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
8. U. L. Saranapala	'Rathnagiri', Ukwatta, Gintota	Galle
9. M. Upali Ananda	Kandala, Bussa	Rathgama
10. D. S. Douglas Wickramatunga	Galle Road, Bussa	Rathgama
11. F. G. Hemapala	Mahawatta, Gintota	Galle
12. T. Wijepala	Egodawatte, Medawala, Bussa	RA
13. R. T. G. Somasiri	Arachchigoda, Welipitimodara, Gintota	Galle
14. Rawan Tharanga Weerasinghe	'Wecramali', Bope Road, Kalegana, Gintota	Galle
15. U. G. Wimaladasa	Ahapalawatta, Bussa	Rathgama
16. M. B. Ananda Jayanatha	Thiranagama East, Hikkaduwa	Rathgama
17. D. K. Wipula Ranjith	Wataraka West, Gintota	Galle
18. K. C. Nandasiri	Kurunduwatta, Gintota	Galle
19. K. A. Dharmasiri de Silva	'Sandamali', Welipitimodara, Gintota	Galle
20. G. Upali Padmasiri	Behind G.P.S., Vavuniya Road, Horowpatana	Horowpatana
21. N. V. Sunil	Goludeniawatta, Hapugala, Watwella	Akmeemana
22. G. A. Gnanasena	'Indrani', Alabada, Gintota	Galle
23. S. T. Wijayananda	'Anurapaya', Ukwatta, Gintota	Galle
24. G. W. Wilson	Deegoda, Ukwatta, Gintota	Galle
25. K. K. Somapala	Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
26. P. M. Sumanapala	Arachchigoda, Gintota	Galle
27. G. P. Sunil de Silva	Kapugewatta, Gintota	Galle
28. H. L. Sumanasiri	Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
29. G. W. Edie	Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
30. H. Gunadasa	No. 13, Jayanthi Mawatha, Dadalla, Galle	Galle
31. Kanda Uda Siripala	25/2A, Mahamudali Mawatha, Dadalla, Galle	Galle
32. S. P. Ariyadasa	Ahalawatta, Ukwatta, Gintota	Galle
33. M. D. Jayasiri	Galpottawatta, Piyadigama, Gintota	Galle
34. K. Dayaman	No. 6, Panwila Colony, Mawadawila, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
35. Newton Jayasekara	Seenigama, Hikkaduwa	Rathgama
36. Namal Saumyasiri	Kapumulla, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
37. I. P. Nomal	Milla, Hikkaduwa	Rathgama
38. Edie Jakshman Gurusinghe	Ampitiyawatta, Katukoliha, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
39. B. V. Abeyratne	Dangasmandiya, Damahana, Balangoda	Balangoda
40. H. C. Gunawardena	Pilla Kumbura, Balangoda	Balangoda
41. N. S. Bandusena	'Sinhagiri', Opatha, Uluwitike, Galle	Akmeemana
42. T. B. Illeperuma	Paragahawatta, Godakanda, Galle	Akmeemana
43. K. H. Edwin	No. 23, Meraliya Dolawatta, Hapugala, Wakwella	Akmeemana
44. A. V. Ananda Gunasena	Arachchiwatta, Wakwella	Akmeemana
45. Ariyasena Senanayake	Alahenawatta, Kapugempala, Akmeemana	Akmeemana
46. Asoka Jayasundera	'Dayagee', Hapugala, Wakwella	Akmeemana

Name	Address	Electorate
47. A. R. Piyasena	'Rohana', Meepawala, Poddala	Akmeemana
48. M. W. Hector	No. 21, Kanda, Patabandimulla, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
49. S. Thomasiri	Horagoda, Thelikada, Ginimallagaha	Ambalangoda
50. J. P. Piyarama	Gonapinuwala Garage, Kolammalakula, Gonapinuwala	Ambalangoda
51. D. Sirisoma	Sea Shore Road, Patabandimulla, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
52. M. G. Dharmadasa	Horagampita, Kuligodawatta, Ginimellagaha	Ambalangoda
53. G. D. Sarath Premalal	Mahagangoda, G/Aluthwala	Ambalangoda
54. A. W. Somapala	Waduduwa, Gonapinuwala	Ambalangoda
55. W. G. Premaratne	Duwewatta, Thelikade, Ginimellagaha	Ambalangoda
56. S. K. Mettananda	65/1, Thuduwamulla, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
57. U. L. Amaradasa	Kanattagodawatta, Wanduramba	Baddegama
58. M. A. G. Gunapala	Ambakolawewa, Gonadeniya	Kolonna
59. H. M. Jayasinghe	Thennapita, Buluthota	Kolonna
60. U. L. Dayapala	Anura, Athumale, Mapalagama	Hiniduma
61. G. H. Nandasena	Poddiwela, Maththaka	Hiniduma
62. B. V. Stanley	Niyagama, Thalgaswala, Hiniduma	Hiniduma
63. A. K. Karunadasa	Madakalapuwatta, Katamburawa, Wanduramba	Baddegama
64. D. K. Rathnasoma	C/o. P. A. Peter, Waturawila Kanda, Ganegoda	Bentara-Elpitiya
65. Abeygunaratne	Ihala, Elpitiya	Elpitiya
66. Ananda Kodituwakku	Anduranwilawatta, Pinikahana, Kahaduwa	Karandeniya
67. D. K. Wimalasiri	'Daya wasa', Ampegama	Elpitiya
68. Ariyadasa Masachchi	Inimankada, Bammalanga, Baddegama	Karandeniya
69. D. K. Rupatunga	Pansala Handiya, Ampegama	Karandeniya
70. K. T. P. Bertie	Hettigewatta, Kahawa	Ambalangoda
71. Nimal Gunaratne	Athuruwella, Induruwa	Bentara-Elpitiya
72. M. W. Nandasiri	Pathamulla, Balapitiya	Balapitiya
73. D. Indrasiri Perera	'Samanpaya', Godagama, Kosgoda	Balapitiya
74. M. D. Jinadasa	Heenatiya, Balapitiya	Balapitiya
75. W. Gamini de Silva	53/7, Robert de Soysa Road, Walagedera	Balapitiya
76. W. S. S. B. Fernando	No. 33, Vidyalaya Road, Avissawella	Avissawella
77. K. Sunil	No. 10, Galkeminawa, Bussa	Rathgama
78. S. A. Nandasiri	Welipitimodera, Mahawatta, Gintota	Galle
79. D. G. Bandusiri	Bogahawatte, Pitiwella, Bussa	Rathgama
80. S. A. Persy	Kadurupe, Bussa	Rathgama
81. H. D. Amaradasa	Imbulgasdeniya, Maliduwa, Bussa	Rathgama
82. A. Warnasuriya	No. 87, Nupe, Matara	Matara
83. K. G. Amaradasa	Kadurupe, Bussa	Rathgama
84. J. P. Premachandra	Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
85. K. B. G. Hemapala	Rathmaharawatta, Kahawa	Rathgama
86. M. Nelson Obhayawansa	Kahadapahalawatta, Madawalamulla	Galle
87. K. K. D. P. Asoka	Watapotha, Nivithigala	Nivithigala
88. D. Premasiri	Kapumuilla, Rathgama, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
89. W. K. K. Danister	'Ekamuthu', Ukwatta, Gintota	Galle
90. D. J. Jayatilleke	39, Duwawatta, Hirimula	Galle
91. M. M. Lionel Perera	Erabedda, Daala	Nivithigala
92. A. K. Norman Wijepala	Malgalawa, Opatha, Ganegoda	Elpitiya
93. K. G. Premachandra	Ihala Lelwala, Panwila, Wanduramba	Baddegama
94. M. T. Gunawardena	Aluthgederawatta, Wanduramba	Baddegama
95. E. W. Karthelis	Dolikanda, Bussa	Rathgama
96. E. J. P. Ratnapala	'Sampath', Walliwala, Weligama	Weligama
97. I. D. Amarasiri	Dangahawila, Wathugedara, Karandeniya	Karandeniya
98. S. D. Lionel de Silva	'Wasana', Colombo Road, Gintota	Galle
99. Nandasena Mendis Rajakaruna	Kadurupe, Bussa	Rathgama
100. N. E. Premasiri	Kithangodawatta, Wataraka, Negalla	Akmeemana
101. H. D. Amarasiri	Mahakalupahana, Matugama	Mathugama
102. G. W. Upali de Silva	22, Kanda, Patabandimulla, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
103. T. J. K. de Silva	No. 63, Aluth Pala, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
104. W. Somaratna	Gorakagahawatta, Kadurupe, Bussa	Rathgama
105. Sunil Vedage	Hettigahawatta, Thudalla, Kamburupitiya	Kamburupitiya
106. G. M. Premadasa	Race Course Road, Bussa	Rathgama
107. M. D. Sunil	Muhandiram watta, Hapugaha	Akmeemana
108. A. W. Lionel	Sea Shore Road, Batabandimulla, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
109. M. G. Premaratne	Bulugaha Koratuwa, Kahawattagama, Ahangama	Weligama
110. P. G. Samaraweera	Galpathkade, Liyanagoda, Habaraduwa	Habaraduwa
111. A. P. Wimalasiri	Arumanthriyawatta, Goiyapana, Ahangama	Weligama
112. H. P. Gamini	Ginimella, Kathaluwa, Galle	Habaraduwa
113. S. M. Sunendra Jayaratne	Kurunduwatta, Gintota	Galle

Name	Address	Electorate
114. M. W. Piyasiri	Millahikkaduwa	Rathgama
115. D. M. Indrapala	Gonawetiawatta, Hiyare	Akmeemana
116. K. Karunaratne	Piyasevana, Kathalugoda, Ahangama	Habaraduwa
117. M. P. Wimalasena	Rathgama, Karawegoda, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
118. H. P. Sumanaweera	Archchigoda, Gintota	Galle
119. W. J. Edward	No. 448, Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
120. M. A. Bandusena	Alabada, Gintota	Galle
121. P. G. Piyadasa	No. 363/3, Wakwella Road, Galle	Galle
122. K. W. W. Ranasinghe	No. 189, Olcott Mawatha, Weliwatta, Galle	Galle
123. N. V. Premaratne	Godellawatta, Maitipe, Galle	Galle
124. G. Leslie	37, Sapumal Place, Galle	Galle
125. K. A. Preman	No. 23, Sapumal Place, Galle	Galle
126. U. L. Harischandra	'Somakanthi', Ukwatta, Gintota	Galle
127. M. D. de Silva	Maharuppa, Kuligoda	Rathgama
128. S. Upul	Gammeddegoda, Rathgama, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
129. D. Malis	Kandurupe, Bussa	Rathgama
130. K. D. N. Karunaratne	Moderu, Patuwatha, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
131. M. E. Padmasiri	Kirimetiya, Rathgama, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
132. S. R. Siriwardene	Pitiwella, Bussa	Rathgama
133. M. Wijeratne	Temple Road, Miriswatta, Bentota	Benthara-Elpitiya
134. R. G. N. Ranatunga	Pilekumbura, Miriswatta, Bentota	Benthara-Elpitiya
135. H. W. A. D. Abeywickrema	Vithanagodawatta, Thamburugala	Benthara-Elpitiya
136. K. N. G. Somasiri	Pinikahana, Kahaduwa	Benthara-Elpitiya
137. I. B. H. Jayawardene	Alakaka, Haburugala	Benthara-Elpitiya
138. P. T. Noman	Thuduwegoda, Kahaduwa	Benthara-Elpitiya
139. M. A. Piyaratne	Inguruwatta, Thalawa, Vanduramba	Baddegma
140. H. H. S. de Silva	Kottawa, Yakkalamulla	Baddegma
141. W. W. Gunawardena	Weliwatta Junction, Walagoda, Poddera	Baddegma
142. L. P. Somasiri	Ginigalduwawatta, Ganegama, Baddegama East	Baddegma
143. P. T. Bandula	Wilagodawatta, Hammaliya, Baddegama	Baddegma
144. D. Sunil	C/o. M.W.S., Nayapamula, Baddegama	Baddegma
145. P. H. Piyasena	Panwila, Waduramba	Baddegma
146. M. S. S. de Silva	Robert Soysa Road, Walagedera	Balapitiya
147. B. R. C. de Silva	Kahakarawa, Balapitiya	Balapitiya
148. D. G. Wijewardena	Mohottiwatta, Balapitiya	Balapitiya
149. N. L. Keerthiratne	Habarakada, Thavalama East	Hiniduma
150. K. L. Chandrasiri	Habarakada, Thavalama West	Hiniduma
151. A. D. Piyadasa	Mulan, Nagoda	Hiniduma
152. P. Hini-mahatmaya	Kalelitota, Porowagama	Hiniduma
153. I. D. Sarath Wimalaweera	3rd Mile Post, Wathugedera	Karandeniya
154. P. D. Piyasena	Kongahawatte, Karandeniya	Karandeniya
155. G. H. Gnanaratna	Deenawala, Wathugedera	Karandeniya
156. W. P. G. Jayaratne	Nambarawatte, Ethkandura	Karandeniya
157. W. K. Somasiri	'Sumadura', Nugatota, Ethkandura	Karandeniya
158. I. D. Wickremaratne	Dangahawila, Watugedera	Karandeniya
159. K. D. Thilakasiri	Kekiriya, Karandeniya	Karandeniya
160. M. K. Dharmadasa	Turamalahena, Ampegama	Karandeniya
161. A. A. Nandasena	Kaleganaduwwawatte, Opatha, Uluwitike	Akmeemana
162. M. K. Sarath	Cheenakahaduwwawatte, Kikulmpitiya, Galle	Akmeemana
163. W. G. Dhanapala	Vidanegewatte, Thalpe, Unawatuna North	Akmeemana
164. U. D. Wimalaratne	Pokuna Mawatha, Ethilugoda, Galle	Akmeemana
165. J. Dahanayake	Jambugasliyadde, Morris Road, Galle	Akmeemana
166. V. Jayasundera	Kalluwatte, Hapugala, Wakwella	Akmeemana
167. A. G. Indrapala	Boralagewatte, Nanawila, Walahanduwa	Akmeemana
168. N. Nagahawatte	Menikwatte, Dalawella, Unawatuna	Akmeemana
169. G. V. Mahinda	Meepagewatte, Dalawella, Unawatuna	Akmeemana
170. A. V. Bodhipala	Paranawatte, Nakanda, Ahangama	Habaraduwa
171. T. V. S. Kularatne	'Siri Kelum', Katukurunda, Habaraduwa	Habaraduwa
172. M. Wimaladasa	Jeyakotuwa, Yaddhimulla Road, Unawatuwana	Habaraduwa
173. P. H. Piyadasa	'Sirisoma,' Unawatuna	Habaraduwa
174. D. P. Samarasinghe	Beul Panawattte, Meepe, Habaraduwa	Habaraduwa
175. H. P. Wickremanayake	Kahande, Angalugaha	Habaraduwa
176. W. P. Wilson	Mahagodawatte, Dorape, Angulugaha, Habaraduwa	Habaraduwa
177. J. W. Gunapala	Ginimellagaha West, Gonapeenuwala	Ambalangoda
178. K. D. Gunasena	Housing Project (Scheme) Meetiyyagoda	Ambalangoda
179. W. G. Pathmabandu	Diddeliya, Meetiyyagoda	Ambalangoda
180. T. D. S. L. Silva	Ginimellagaha West, Ginimellagaha	Ambalangoda
181. G. Piyadasa	Maannagoda, Batapola	Ambalangoda

Name	Address	Electorate
182. H. W. Chandrasena	Horagoda, Muukalana-watte, Ginimellagaha North	Ambalangoda
183. K. G. Edwin	Lelkada, Ginimellagaha	Ambalangoda
184. H. I. G. Piyasiri	Walagampitiya, Ginimellagaha	Ambalangoda
185. R. M. Jayalath	'Singhagiri', Owakanda, Ratgama, Dodanduwa	Rathgama
186. B. Ranasinghe	Robert Zoysa Mawatha, Walagedera, Balapitiya	Balapitiya
187. M. W. U. Premarātne	28/27, Pathamulla, Balapitiya	Balapitiya
188. G. K. Siripala	Keppitigoda, Nagoda	Hiniduma
189. K. G. Dayaratne	Kurupanawa, Nagoda	Hiniduma
190. H. G. Premadasa	Wellagahawatte, Mulana, Nagoda	Hiniduma
191. P. Kalansuriya	Tuduwegawatte, Masiwela, Poddala	Baddegama
192. M. J. de Silva	Kandana, Totawatte Road, Ahungalla	Balapitiya
193. D. S. de Silva	Totawatta Road, Ahungalla, Balapitiya	Balaitiya
194. D. V. Jenayake	Wijewardhanarama Road, Keembi-Ela, Poddala	Badegama
195. K. M. G. D. Dias	Ulkatuhena, Gurusinghagoda, Ampegama	Karandeniya
196. G. Somadasa	Mahagangodawatta, Meetiyaagoda	Ambalangoda
197. A. H. D. H. Gamini Gunawardena	'Sunila', Indiketiya, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
198. P. D. Sumitradasa	No. 94, Tuduwamulla, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
199. H. A. Jayasena	Banwella Godella, Aaluthwala	Ambalangoda
200. D. R. Mendis	Nawaratnagoda, Balapitiya	Balapitiya
201. M. Lionel Fernando	202, Paragahawatte, Watugedera	Balapitiya
202. H. M. Anis	133/5, Colombo Road, Balapitiya	Balapitiya
203. K. M. Dharmasena	'Sirinandana', Pituwalagama, Elpitiya	Elpitiya
204. K. P. Dharmadasa	'Prasanna', Hawpegawatte, Poddala	Akmeemana
205. B. Wickremanayake	Narawala, Poddala	Akmeemana
206. D. Ramanayake	216, Manigewatta, Kurunduwatta, Akmeemana	Akmeemana
207. K. D. H. Anil	Nitawella, Bussa	Ratgama
208. M. T. Wickremaratne	Kalupe, Hikkaduwa	Ratgama
209. G. Ariyaratne	Maharuppa, Walauwatta, Tulagoda, Ratgama	Ratgama
210. G. H. Piyadasa	Koggala, Habaraduwa	Habaraduwa
211. W. A. Francis	'Ratna Sewana', Huntirigewatte, Karuketiya, Yatiyana	Kamburupitiya
212. T. D. Sumathipala	Karangoda, Uyangoda, Kamburupitiya	Kamburupitiya
213. M. A. K. Abhaya Dias	Wkuretiya, Baddegama	Baddegama
214. M. E. Allas	43, Creep Road, Galle	Galle
215. D. Ilasinghe	Lelkade, Ginimellagaha	Ambalangoda
216. W. K. Mahindapala	'Wickremawasa', Ukwella, Gintota, Galle	Galle
217. D. P. Rajapaksa	Polhunnawa, Batapola	Ambalangoda
218. Nandasiri Liyanage	Gammeddegoda, Batagama	Ratgama
219. G. Percy Chithrananda	Lelihettuwa, Uurugasmanhandiya, Karandeniya	Karandeniya
220. D. L. Premasiri	'Sirisewana', Boralugada, Baddegama	Baddegama
221. M. C. Nanayakkara	541/213, Colombo Road, Gintota	Galle
222. A. P. Jayaliyes	470/15, Koswatte, Gintota	Galle
223. K. D. Shelton Ganatunga	Weniyarawela, Ampegama	Karandeniya
224. M. K. Dharmatilaka	919/14, Samadaragahawatte, Gothatuwa, Angoda	Kolonnawa
225. I. Jinawansa	Sri Saranankara Mawatha, Elpitiya	Elpitiya
226. W. G. Premaratne	105, Catherine-Kanda, Karandeniya	Karandeniya
227. K. K. Jinadasa	97 A, Dangedera, Galle	Galle
228. N. H. R. Premalal	Delgahabadda, Batapola	Ambalangoda
229. K. A. G. Ghnasiri	Walinguruketiya, Ampegama	Karandeniya
230. H. K. Ekman	Deniyawatte, Manwila, Narawila, Poddala	Akmeemana
231. M. C. Ihalapathirana	Kurundugaha Hettepma	Karandeniya
232. I. D. Wilbert	Koswathumawatha, Karandeniya	Karandeniya
233. M. P. Balasuriya	Patuwala, Elpitiya	Bentara-Elpitiya
234. K. Ariyapala	Dorape, Angunagaha	Habraduwa
235. S. Bandusena	Gonaloluwa, Mayakaduwa, Imaduwa	Habraduwa
236. K. R. Karunaratne	Weligewatte, Kahanda, Agalugaha, Habaraduwa	Habraduwa
237. M. K. H. Wijesiri	80, Horagampiti, Ginimella	Ambalangoda
238. K. C. Piyasiri	120 B, Kurunduwatte, Gintota	Galle
239. J. V. P. Siriwardena	Thalangalla, Opatha	Hiniduma
240. R. Jayasuriya	Akkara 700 (700 Acrs.), Kurundugaha, Hettepma	Karandeniya
241. K. G. Thabrew	Hegalle, Kosgoda	Balapitiya
242. R. W. Gunapala	Thalangalle, Opatha	Hiniduma
243. K. M. Jayatilke	Hapugodawatte, Ganegoda, Akmeemana	Akmeemana
244. T. G. Bandupala	Poddalawatta, Mattake	Hiniduma
245. P. W. Kumarasinghe	Thalgahawatte, Elpitiya	W Elpitiya
246. E. D. R. Wimalaratne	128/1, Hiume Road, Galwadugoda, Galle	Galle
247. W. M. A. Lalith	Kajugahawatte, Mirijjawila, Hambantota	Hambantota

	Name	Address	Electorate
248.	S. C. Wickrematunga	Ankokkawala, Galle	Galle
249.	D. L. W. Sirisena	Pahala Lelwala, Wanduramba	Beddegama
250.	I. D. Dharmasiri	Borakanda, Karadeniya	Karadeniya
251.	Sanny Lokuge	'Seelani', Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
252.	D.G. Gunapala	Malakadawatte, Ethkandura, Nugetota	Karadeniya
253.	D. G. David	Paranawatte, Gurusinghagoda, Baddegama	Baddegama
254.	E. R. H. Sumathipala	'Abe-Sewana', Weheragoda, Devinuwara	Devinuwara
255.	M. R. B. K. Menama	Halpandeniya, Yatigaloluwa, Polgahawela	Polgahawela
256.	Gamini Saratchchandra	Vidanagoda, Gintota	Galle
257.	H. D. B. A. Jayasena	'Samaruwa', Mahaedanda, Karadeniya	Karadeniya
258.	Jagath Nanayakkara	Etambagha Handiya, Hapugala, Wakwella	Akmeemana
259.	M. I. Panditha	Ampegama, Baddegama	Baddegama
260.	M. D. M. Jayatubanda	Nelliya, Minuwangete, Kurunegala	Kurunegala
261.	K. G. Wijeratne	Katawannawala, Ahangama, Weligama	Weligama
262.	K. Abeywickrema	14, Hamson Town, Wanawasala, Kelaniya	Kelaniya
263.	K. H. Gunasiri	Thalgahawatta, Karadeniya	Karadeniya
264.	P. M. Somadasa	Igelanaiwela, Karadeniya	Karadeniya
265.	M. A. S. Perera	114/B, Nagahawatte, Dalugama, Kelaniya	Kelaniya
266.	Sarath Wickremathilaka	Galahenakande, Ampegama	Karadeniya
267.	Upali Disanayake	Pittaniya, Galahenakanda, Ampegama	Karadeniya
268.	K. D. Amerasekera	Haldola, Ampegama, Baddegama	Karadeniya
269.	M. H. Somaratne	Mahaedanda, Karadeniya	Karadeniya
270.	Lalith Guruge	Kahatagawatte, Hikkaduwa, Hikkaduwa East	Ambalangoda
271.	K. D. Piyasiri	Borakanda, Karadeniya	Karadeniya
272.	M. Chandraratne	Konkaralahena, C/o. Pradesikaya, Paragahahena, Kiramba	Mulkirigala
273.	E. K. Paulis	Hinguruwawatte, Ganegama South, Baddegama	Baddegama
274.	C. Anandagoda	Anandagoda, Walpita North, Poddala	Baddegama
275.	J. R. Wijesinghe	Chandra Stores Katuwana	Mulkirigala
276.	D. D. R. Abeywardena	Batapola, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
277.	K. K. Gunapala	Lindagawewatte, Ilukhena, Matara, Yatiyana	Kumuburupitiya
278.	M. Upali Dissanayake	Palatota, Kalutara	Kalutara
279.	W. Premasiri	Pawara, Bussa	Ratgama
280.	M. D. Cyril	Hapugala, Wakwella	Galle
281.	D. L. Nimal	Kithulampitiya, Galle	Galle
282.	N. K. Chandrasiri	Delkadawatta, Mahahegoda, Bussa	Ratgama
283.	A. G. Nandasena	1/163, Minuwangoda, Galle	Galle
284.	Jayasiri Payathilaka	Galpotta Watte, Piyadigama, Gintota	Galle
285.	Gunapala Weerasinghe	Pinkande, Dodanduwa	Ratgama
286.	P. W. Paullis	Dewinigoda, Ratgama, Dodanduwa	Ratgama
287.	W. K. Piyasena	Weragoda, Meetiyyagoda	Ratgama
288.	A. Rupasinghe	Moratota, Waharaka, Ruwanwella	Ruwanwella
289.	K. Wilson Jayawardena	Watekade. Thalduwa, Avissawella	Ruwanwella
290.	K. M. Rajaratne	Pamankada, Thalduwa, Avissawella	Ruwanwella
291.	K. G. Weerasena	Mahakanda, Waharaka, Ruwanwella	Ruwanwella
292.	G. Chandrasagara	Debegama, Dehiowita	Ruwanwella
293.	T. Gunaratne	Watapotha, Nivitigala	Nivitigala
294.	A. Ratnasekera	Tunekanuwa, Udakarawita	Nivitigala
295.	A. A. Jinadasa	Tunekanuwa, Udakarawita	Nivitigala
296.	A. Madasekera	Hiniduma	Hiniduma
297.	W. L. Dharmadasa	Batuwanhena, Nawadagala	Bentara-Elpitiya
298.	Sarath Sumanasekera	Gurusinghagoda, Baddegama	Karadeniya
299.	W. D. Samaraweera	616 A, Irriyawetiya, Kelaniya	Kelaniya
300.	K. K. Gunatilleke Perera	175, Parakrama Mawatha, Peliyagoda	Kelaniya
301.	S. G. Sarath	167/2, Nuge Road, Peliyagoda	Kelaniya
302.	M. M. Aariyawansa	360, Gemunu Mawatha, Biyagama Road, Kelaniya	Kelaniya
303.	Anada Ranjith Abewickrema	Near Post Office, Hambugala	Kelaniya
304.	S. P. Dias	Waragoda Road, Thorane Junction, Kelaniya	Bentara-Elpitiya
305.	M. L. Wickramapala	'Jasmin', Etawala, Induruwa	Kelaniya
306.	Y. S. Mendis	66, Nahena, Hunupitiya, Wattala	Kelaniya
307.	U. G. Ariyatilaka	Munatungoda, Wanduramba	Baddegama
308.	M. A. Upali Perera	Godagama, Pelmadulla	Pelmadulla
309.	A. K. Wimalasena	Udugammedda, Godagama, Pelmadulla	Pelmadulla
310.	N. G. R. Hemachandra	402, Panawella, Kahawatta	Pelmadulla
311.	H. N. Thilakarathne	Udugammedda, Godagama, Pelmadulla	Pelmadulla

	Name	Address	Electorate
312.	G. Somaratna	Kanampella, Kosgama	Avisawella
313.	H. Sugathadasa	Arukwatta, Padukka	Avisawella
314.	Premalal Perera	70/1, Perera Mawatha, Diulapitiya, Borelesgamuwa	Kesbewa
315.	A. H. M. Mansoor	58, Halls Road, Thalapitiya	Galle
316.	M. W. S. J. Perera	Veedamullawatta, Kahawa	Ratgama
317.	Santha Danhena	Moderu, Patuwatha, Dodanduwa	Ratgama
318.	N. M. K. Kandasena	Godagama, Thelwatta	Ratgama
319.	T. Vithanaachchi	Pinikahana, Kahaduwa	Bentara-Elpitiya
320.	G. M. Gunapala	Kudauuragaha, Uurgaha	Karadeniya
321.	T. A. Kandasiri	Yalegama, Induruwa	Bentara-Elpitiya
322.	P. L. Premaratne	Kanuketiya, Keppitigoda, Nagoda	Hiniduma
323.	T. G. Siripala	Kadapilawata, Wanduramba	Baddegama
324.	P. Suriyaarachchi	Mabotuwana, Wanduramba	Baddegama
325.	B. Wanniarachchi	Galduwa, Kahawa	Ratgama
326.	K. H. B. Jayasena	Moderagoda, Koggala	Habaraduwa
327.	M. H. Gunadasa	Tunele, Kahaduwa	Bentara-Elpitiya
328.	B. H. Piyaratne	Near Post Office, Ampegama	Karadeniya
329.	K. Wijeratne	Kodewatta, Walakanda, Puhulwella	Kamburupitiya
330.	J. Epa	Mattaka, Wesihena	Hiniduma
331.	W. Preamadasa	Narambawatta, Ethkandura	Karadeniya
332.	N. E. Wijesoma Ananda	Kihimbiela, Poddela	Baddegama
333.	A. G. Gunawardena	Batapola Road, Kurundugaha Hettepma	Karadeniya
334.	L. G. Cyril	185/34, Negombo Road, Peliyagoda	Kelaniya
335.	K. D. Sugathapala	Galahlenakanda, Ampegama	Karadeniya
336.	K. D. Thilakasiri	Maddewila, Ethkandura	Karadeniya
337.	M. H. Chitrasena	Maddewila, Ethkandura	Karadeniya
338.	A. G. Sirisena	Kande-ela, Polgahawela, Agaliya	Baddegama
339.	P. M. Jayawickrema	Kahagala, Hakurugoda, Kamburupitiya	Kamburupitiya
340.	W. W. Seneviratne	Polkotuwa-watta, Keppitigoda, Nagoda	Hiniduma
341.	P. A. Ranjith Perera	306, Dippitigoda, Uurgasmanhandiya	Karadeniya
343.	D. D. Vithana	83, Olcott Mawatha, Weliwatta, Galle	Galle
344.	M. S. M. Razik	Masjeen Mawaja, Kirinda, Puhulwella	Kamburupitiya
345.	S. H. Premadasa	Angungketiya, Elpitiya	Karadeniya
346.	L. Gunaratne Peris	26 B, Ihala Thalawa	Bentara-Elpitiya
347.	Sunil Kalupahana	Dodankahavila, Gonapeenuwala	Ambalangoda
348.	J. R. Sunil	Mannegeewatta, Baddegama North	Baddegama
349.	K. H. Sirisena	Mahagoda, Egodakona, Watugedera	Karadeniya
350.	K. M. G. Premaratne	Janahita, Imbulaketiya, Agaliya	Karadeniya
351.	A. M. A. C. Jayaratne	Kandewatta, Galle	Galle
352.	K. C. Sumanasena	Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
353.	N. B. S. Gunawardena	Dharmapala Mawatha, Girimbura, Galle	Galle
354.	Ranjith Karunaratne	217/3, Wakwella Road, Minuwangoda, Galle	Galle
355.	S. H. W. Sumathipala	Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
356.	S. D. T. Gamage	Weniyarawala, Ampegama, Karadeniya	Karadeniya
357.	T. Gunasena Mendis	Kandurupe, Bussa	Ratgama
358.	K. P. C. Perera	Poramba, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
359.	G. W. Premasiri	Kande Mawatha, Patubedimulla, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
360.	A. M. Dharmadasa	Ginimellagaha, Baddegama	Ambalangoda
361.	L. A. S. S. de Silva	'Sirisewana', Bataduwa, Batapola	Ambalangoda
362.	K. K. Karunadasa	Lelkada, Ginimellagaha	Ambalangoda
363.	H. N. K. Jinasena	Pedru Janapada, Halpatota, Baddegama	Ambalangaoda
364.	D. D. Piyatissa	Sewana, Pinkande, Dodanduwa	Ratgama
365.	M. Nandasiri	Duuwa Road, Akuruna, Kahawa	Ratgama
366.	K. P. Sirisena	Elhenagewatta, Wakwella	Akmeemana
367.	W. K. Percy	46, Pelawatta, Hapugala	Akmeemana
368.	N. G. Dharmadasa	Kihibiyakanda, Wanduramba	Baddegama
369.	E. P. Dharmasena	Walpita North, Maswala Road, Poddela	Baddegama
370.	K. Abewickrema	Gonagala, Induruwa	Bentara-Elpitiya
371.	K. G. Thilakasiri	Welihagoda, Ahangama	Habaraduwa
372.	G. W. Sumanasiri	Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
373.	A. D. Sarath	271, Wakwella Road, Galle	Galle
374.	S. P. Sumanapala	1/165, Eliyat Road, Galle	Galle
375.	H. P. B. Gamini	91 B, Creeps Road, Dangedera, Galle	Galle

<i>Name</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Electorate</i>
376. P. P. Paramananda	Welhengoda, Ahangama	Habaraduwa
377. A. T. Sumathipala	Heennagahawatta, Katukurunda, Habaraduwa	Habaraduwa
378. M. W. Bandupala	Katukurunda, Habaraduwa	Habaraduwa
379. S. H. Ananda	Leedamulawatta, Lanumodera, Habaraduwa	Habaraduwa
380. K. B. G. Somaweera	Gamagoda, Baddegama	Baddegama
381. U. J. Cyril	Epitahagahawatta, Baddegama South	Baddegama
382. K. H. Dickson	Mabimgoda Uragasmanhandiya, Karandeniya	Karandeniya
383. T. H. Somadasa	Maddewila, Athkandura	Karandeniya
384. S. H. S. Nandasiri	195, Yatagala, Uragasmanhandiya	Karandeniya
385. H. S. Wickremasinghe	Dangahawila, Watugedara, Ahungalla	Karandeniya
386. P. W. Padmasiri	Athkandura, Karandeniya	Karandeniya
387. I. D. Wijetilleke	Meegaspitiya, Uragasmanhandiya	Karandeniya
388. K. D. Jinasena	Egodawela, Watugedara	Karandeniya
389. K. A. P. Prematilleke	'Senani', Ampegama, Baddegama	Karandeniya
390. L. P. Chandrasinghe	Galpottawala, Uragasmanhandiya	Karandeniya
391. W. D. Piyasiri	Nambarawatta, Athkandura	Karandeniya
392. W. Dickson de Soysa	Aganketiya, Elpitiya	Karandeniya
393. U. D. Ruban	Meegoda, Wanchawala, Galle	Karandeniya
394. K. Dayananda	Samangiri, Panagamuwa, Wanchawala	Akmeemana
395. L. M. Karunaratne	Ganegoda, Akmeemana	Akmeemana
396. O. M. Gamini	Anangoda, Walahanduwa	Akmeemana
397. K. W. Gamini	Olabedda, Batapola	Ambalangoda
398. W. G. Ariyasena	Beratuduwa Road, Gonapinuwala	Ambalangoda
399. A. A. Silva	Dammini, Alukwala	Ambalangoda
400. K. B. G. Tilak	Galduwa, Kahawa	Rathgama
401. W. Gamini Sarath Silva	Delduwa, Ambalangoda	Rathgama
402. M. Lionel	Devinigoda, Rathgama	Rathgama
403. U. K. Lionel	Paranawattta, Mullegoda, Induruwa	Bentara-Elpitiya
404. D. M. D. Jayasena	Jorsigoda, Induruwa	Bentara-Elpitiya
405. A. K. Bandusena	Athulnagoda, Kamburugala	Bentara-Elpitiya
406. M. D. Amarasiri	Athuruwella, Induruwa	Bentara-Elpitiya
407. D. D. de Soysa	Nanathota, Kosgoda	Balapitiya
408. K. D. Chandradasa	Kurunduwatta, Wathugedara	Balapitiya
409. H. S. W. de Silva	Andadola, Balapitiya	Balapitiya
410. D. S. W. de Silva	Sethaseeri, Wathuregama, Ahungalla	Balapitiya
411. H. H. K. Devika	Unawatuna, Galle	Galle
412. Chitra Samarasekara	Rathgama Junction, Rathgama	Rathgama
413. N. M. Jayasekera	Dadalla, Galle	Galle
414. A. A. Perera	Rangana, Koswatta Road, Nawala, Kotte	Kotte
415. D. B. Tillekeratne	Welipitimodera, Gintota	Galle
416. M. H. Tillekeratne	20 Acre, meddawila, Athkandura	Karandeniya
417. W. T. Udayaratne	Anangoda, Batapola	Ambalangoda
418. U. H. A. Ranjith Sarath	Mahinda Mawatha, Bataganwila, Galle	Galle
419. K. T. G. Sarath	Thiranagama, Hikkaduwa	Rathgama
420. D. G. Jayasiri	Panagamuwa, Wanchawala	Akmeemana
421. P. Dayaratne	Moderu Patuwata, Dodanduwa, Rathgama	Rathgama
422. K. D. Amarajeewa	Dalhenakanda, Ampegama	Karandeniya
423. I. D. Chandrasinghe	Girikumbura, Uragasmanhandeniya	Karandeniya
424. M. H. Newton	Thelikade, Ginimellagaha	Ambalangoda
425. P. H. Sumanaratne	Galpottawala, Uragasmanhandiya	Karandeniya
426. P. L. Jayasiri Dias	Pansala Godella, Ampegama	Karandeniya
427. D. Padmadasa	Gammaddegoda, Rathgama	Rathgama
428. K. G. Chandradasa	Bataduwa, Batapola	Ambalangoda
429. H. L. K. Chandrapala	24, Ganegoda, Akmeemana	Akmeemana
430. G. M. Karunatilleke	Pelawatta, Ahangama	Habaraduwa
431. P. H. Karunaratne	Kandakanda, Elpitiya	Karandeniya
432. P. H. Gunaratne	Kirimetiya, Uragasmanhandiya	Karandeniya
433. R. K. Bandutilleke	Maningoda, Aluthwala, Ambalangoda	Ambalangoda
434. B. Tillekeratne	Mananpita, Meetiyaigoda	Ambalangoda
435. H. A. Sumathipala	Dehigahabedda, Meetiyaigoda	Ambalangoda
436. M. H. Susiripala	Yatagala, Uragasmanhandiya	Karandeniya
437. N. K. U. Ariyananda	Handungewatta, Uluvitake	Akmeemana
438. M. Serasinghe	Mawadawila, Rathgama	Rathgama
439. K. N. Gunadasa	Ganegama South, Baddegama	Baddegama
440. Y. W. Tillekeratne	Hapugala, Wakwella	Akmeemana
441. H. K. Wilson	Pinikahana, Ambana	Bentara-Elpitiya

පී. ඩබ්ලිව්. සුගතපාල මහතා : ස්ථිර කිරීම
 திரு. ஜி. டபிள்யூ. சுகதபால : நிரந்தரமாக்கல்
 MR. G. W. SUGATHAPALA : PERMANENCY

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රෙජිස්ට්‍රාර් ජනරාල්වරයාගේ චක්‍ර ලේඛය අංක 02/එන්/10/එස්ඩී
 பதிவாளர் நாயகத்தின் சுற்றறிக்கை, இல. 02/N10/SD
 REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S CIRCULAR No. 02/N 10/SD

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3. ආචාර්ය ඩබ්ලිව්. දහනායක
 (கலாநிதி டபிள்யூ. தஹநாயக்க)
 (Dr. W. Dahanayake)

කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධනය හා පර්යේෂණ පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය: (අ) අවුරුදු 20 ක පමණ අවණව කාලයක් සේවය කළ ලබුදුව ගොවිපලේ කමිකරු අංක 85 හිමි පී. ඩබ්ලිව්. සුගතපාල මහතා ස්ථිර කිරීම සඳහා යෝජිත කඩදාසි 1980 දී ප්‍රධාන කාර්යාලයට යවා තිබියදීත් ඔහු ස්ථිර තත්ත්වයට පත්කර නොමැත්තේ මන්ද? (ආ) සුගතපාල මහතා 1980 සිට ස්ථිර තත්ත්වයට පත් කරන්නේද? (ඇ) නොකරන්නේ නම්, එ මන්ද?

விவசாய அபிவிருத்தி ஆராய்ச்சி அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட வினா : (அ) தொடர்ச்சியாக 20 வருடங்கள் லபுதுவ பண்ணையில் தொழிலாளியாக வேலைசெய்யும் திரு. ஜி. டபிள்யூ. சுகதபாலாவை (தொழிலாளி இல. 85) நிரந்தரமாக்குவதற்குரிய பத்திரங்கள் 1980 ஆண்டு தலைமைக் காரியாலயத்திற்கு அனுப்பப்பட்டும் ஏன் இன்னும் இவரை நிரந்தரமாக்கவில்லை? (ஆ) 1980 ஆம் ஆண்டு தொடக்கம் திரு. சுகதபாலவை அவர் நிரந்தரமாக்குவாரா? (இ) இல்லையெல், ஏன்?

asked the Minister of Agricultural Development and Research : (a) why is Mr. G. W. Sugathapala, labourer No. 85 of Labuduwa Farm, who has worked continuously for about 20 years, not made permanent although his papers for permanency were forwarded to the head Office in 1980? (b) Will he make Mr. Sugathapala permanent with effect from 1980? (c) If not, why?

සුමනදාස අබේවික්‍රම මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධනය හා පර්යේෂණ පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා)
 (திரு. சமனதாச அபேவிக்ரம — விவசாய அபிவிருத்தி, ஆராய்ச்சிப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)
 (Mr. Sumanadasa Abeywickrema—Deputy Minister of Agricultural Development & Research)

(අ) පී. ඩබ්ලිව්. සුගතපාල මහතා අතීයම් කමිකරුවකු ලෙස 1960. 08. 01 දින කෘෂිකාර්ම දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ සේවයේ කියුක්ත විය. 1980. 08. 01 දින ඔහු තාවකාලිකව මාසික වැටුපක් ලැබීම සඳහා සමත් විය. දැනට පවත්නා නියමයන් අනුව ඔහුට ස්ථිර තත්ත්වය ලැබිය හැකි වනුයේ 1985. 08. 01 දිනදී ය. (ආ) නැත. (ඇ) සුගතපාල මහතා ස්ථිර තත්ත්වයකට පත්වීමට සමත් වනුයේ 1985. 08. 01 දිනදී ය.

4. ලක්ෂමන් ජයකොඩි මහතා (අත්තනලේල)
 (திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக்கொடி—அத்தனகல்ல)
 (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody—Attanagalla)

ස්වදේශ කටයුතු පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය: රෙජිස්ට්‍රාර් ජනරාල් විසින් සියලුම ඉඩම් රෙජිස්ට්‍රාර්වරුන් හා අතිරේක දිස්ත්‍රික් ලේකම්වරුන් වෙත යවන ලද 1982 අප්‍රේල් මස 29 වැනි දින අංක 02/එන්/10/එස්ජී දරන චක්‍රලේඛය එතුමා සභාගත කරන්නේද?

உண்ணாட்டலுவல்கள் அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட வினா : காணிப் பதிவாளர்கள் மேலதிக மாவட்டப் பதிவாளர்கள் அனைவர்க்கும் பதிவாளர் நாயகம் அனுப்பிய 1982 ஏப்பிரில் 29 ஆந் தேதிய 02/10/SD இலக்கமுடைய சுற்றுநிரூபத்தைச் சமர்ப்பிப்பாரா?

asked the Minister of Home Affairs : Will he table the Registrar-General's Circular No. 02/N10/SD of 29th April, 1982, sent to all Registrars of Land and Additional District Registrars?

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
 (திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா)
 (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I answer on behalf of the Minister of Home Affairs. Registrar-General's Circular No. 02/N10/SD of 29.04.1982 is hereby tabled* marked annex 'A'.

* සභාමෙසය මත තබන ලද චක්‍රලේඛය :
 சபாபீடத்தில் வைக்கப்பட்ட சுற்றறிக்கை :
 Circular tabled :

'A'

TRANSLATION

By Circular No. 02/N 10/SD.
 1982.04.29
 Registrar-General's Office,
 P. O. Box No. 565,
 Independence Square,
 Colombo 7.
 29th April, 1982.

To : All Registrars of Lands and Additional District Registrars.

FINANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, No. 14
 OF 1982

I am sending herewith a copy (in Sinhala, Tamil and English) of the above mentioned Act.

2. By this Act the provisions in Sections 59, 60 and 64 of Finance Act No. 11 of 1963 are amended. Thereby it becomes no longer necessary to call for documentary evidence from persons whose Sri

Lanka Citizenship is in doubt, in proof of their Citizenship. Instead, when a land is alienated or bought in favour of a non-national and when he is liable to the tax, such person shall sign a declaration at the foot of the instrument to the effect that he is not a Citizen of Sri Lanka. At the same time the signature of the declarant shall be attested by the notary. In such circumstances, the deed should not be accepted for registration until the tax payable under Section 58 of Finance Act, No. 11 of 1963 is paid.

3. In the event of there being any deeds which had been tendered for registration, or in the event of any deeds not still having being tendered for registration, or where the Citizenship is in doubt and documentary evidence had been called for in proof of Citizenship, or where such documentary evidence has to be called, such deeds should be returned to the tenderers and the attention invited to the provisions of the above mentioned Act. Thereafter, the following course of action should be suggested, to the grantee :

(i) If he is a non-citizen of Sri Lanka he should in terms of Section 10A of Finance (Amendment) Act No. 14 of 1982, furnish a declaration of means of an Affidavit and should thereafter pay the requisite tax terms of Section 58 of Finance Act No. 11 of 1963.

(ii) If the grantee is a citizen of Sri Lanka he should accordingly furnish Declaration by means of an Affidavit.

4. In the event of the grantee making a declaration to the effect he is a Citizen of Sri Lanka, you should forthwith admit the deed to registration.

5. I attach.....copies of a Circular letter to be issued to all notaries within your jurisdiction. Please have it despatched to every notary and report to me thereafter.

6. Please take necessary action to have all Affidavits furnished in connection with Citizenship to be attached and filed of record with the duplicates of the relevant deeds.

Sgd./S. L. H. Perera,
Registrar-General.

- Copies to : (i) Secy./H. A.
- (ii) Secy./F. A.
- (iii) Secy./F.
- (iv) All Hon. Members of Parliament.
- (v) C.I.R.
- (vi) All Staff Officers and Heads of Branches of the Head Office.

TRANSLATION

Registrar-General's Office
P.O. Box No. 565
Independence Square
Colombo 7.
29th April, 1982.

" My No. N 10/S.D./

To : All Notaries in the Island

Sir/Madam,

Finance (Amendment) Act, No. 14 of 1982

I append below an extract of the above mentioned Act which has come into operation as from 25.03.1982.

1. " This Act may be cited as the Finance (Amendment) Act, No. 14 of 1982. Short title.

2. The following new section is hereby inserted immediately after section 59, and shall have effect as section 59 A of the Finance Act, No. 11 of 1963, Insertion of new section 59A in Act No. 11 of 1963.

(hereinafter referred to as " the principal enactment ") :-

" Non-citizens to whom ownership of any land is transferred to sign a declaration in instrument of transfer.

59A. Where the ownership of any land is transferred to any person, being a person who is not a citizen of Sri Lanka and who is liable to the tax, such person shall sign a declaration at the foot of the instrument effecting such transfer stating that he is not a citizen of Sri Lanka. The signature of the declarant shall be attested by the notary attesting such instrument."

3. Section 60 of the principal enactment is hereby amended as follows :- Amendment of section 60 of the principal enactment.

(1) by the repeal of subsection (1) of that section and the substitution thereof of the following subsection :-

" (1) Where an instrument effecting a transfer of ownership of any land to any person is presented for registration, in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Documents Ordinance, to the Registrar of Lands, the Registrar shall, subject to the provisions of that Ordinance, register such instrument :

Provided, however, that where such instrument contains a declaration referred to in selection 59A the registrar shall refuse to register such instrument unless and until the tax payable in respect of the transfer effected by such instrument has been paid to him " ; and

(2) In subsection (3) of that section, by the substitution, for the words " subsection (1) or subsection (2)" wherever these words occur in that subsection, of the words " subsection (2) ".

Amendment of section 64 of the Principal enactment.

4. Section 64 of the principal enactment is hereby amended by the addition, at the end of that section, of the following new subsections :-

" (4) Any person, being a person who is required by section 59A to sign a declaration in an instrument effecting a transfer of ownership of any land to such person, who fails to sign such declaration shall be guilty of an offence under this Part of this Act and shall on conviction after summary trial before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and imprisonment and in every case, to an additional penalty equal to twice the value of the land transferred by such instrument.

(5) Where an offence under subsection (4) is committed by a body of persons, then-

(a) if that body of persons is a body corporate, every person who at the time of the commission of the offence was a director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of that body corporate ; or

(b) if that body of persons is a firm every person who at the time of the commission of the offence was a partner of that firm,

உப. தோன் டிமன் ஹை
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Requirements of 1979 were met from the stock and the purchases of 1978.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I appreciate that. But I asked, "Were quotations called for?" Say, yes or no.

உப. தோன் டிமன் ஹை
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Yes, in 1977 quotations were called for and it was bought in 1978.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No, Sir. I am asking him : Were quotations called for the purchase of 18,000 pounds of 57 m.m. capping foil required by the Milk Board for the year 1979 ?

உப. தோன் டிமன் ஹை
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Quotations were called for in 1979. Purchases were made in 1978, and after that the stocks of 1978 were used in 1979.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Quotations were called for in 1979 and purchases were made in 1978 ?

உப. தோன் டிமன் ஹை
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I am sorry, 1977.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Still worse.

உப. தோன் டிமன் ஹை
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Not worse.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

How can this happen ?

கி.நாயகர் அவர்கள்
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

I presume that what he says is that in 1977 quotations were called for and the 1978 requirements were met from that.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

With all due respect to you, Sir, quotations were called for in 1979 according to him.

உப. தோன் டிமன் ஹை
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

No, no.

கி.நாயகர் அவர்கள்
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

That was a mistake. Earlier he said it correctly.

உப. தோன் டிமன் ஹை
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Quotations were called for in 1977 ; purchases were made both in 1978 and 1979 as some of them were delivered in 1979, and the whole requirement of 1979 was met.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Were quotations called for in 1979 ? Yes or no !

கி.நாயகர் அவர்கள்
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

Order please, Will the Hon. Minister state whether quotations were called for in 1979 ?

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I want to know whether quotations were called for in 1979. In 1979 did the Hon. Minister call for quotations ?

உப. தோன் டிமன் ஹை
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

The requirements were met out of the stocks and the purchases made in 1978.

கனிசீமனீ பீசகோடி மெனா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

With all due respect to this House, Sir, I would be most grateful to you if you would request the Hon. Minister to be more precise. Because we know that quotations were called for in 1979. I am aware of it. That is why I framed the balance question. But now he says he cannot answer me as to whether quotations were called for in 1979 or not.

கிபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

But this fact remains—

கனிசீமனீ பீசகோடி மெனா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No. I am asking him whether he called for quotations for 1979. The answer is yes or no. If he says no, I will sit down. If he says yes, then I will follow up with the balance question.

உபீ. தோன்மனீ மெனா
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

I will not have to state more than what I have already told you. All the requirements in 1979 were met out of the stock of 1978 for which quotations were called for in 1977.

கிபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

The hon. Member's question is this: whether quotations were called for in 1979.

உபீ. தோன்மனீ மெனா
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

We never purchased without any quotations. The requirements for 1979 were met out of the purchases made in 1978 for which quotations were called for.

கிபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

Therefore, shall we presume that no quotations were called for in 1979?

கனிசீமனீ பீசகோடி மெனா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Is it correct that no quotations were called for in 1979?

உபீ. தோன்மனீ மெனா
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

For these requirements, not in 1979. We do not take it every year. We have to buy in advance and keep in stock. We did not buy in 1979. I say these requirements were met from the previous year's stocks for which there was a quotation called for.

கனிசீமனீ பீசகோடி மெனா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

He is still not coming out with the answer that you asked for. Whether quotations were called in 1979 or not. The answer is yes or no.

உபீ. தோன்மனீ மெனா
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

No, no. For what was made use of in 1979, there was a quotation called in 1977 and we made the purchases in 1978.

கனிசீமனீ பீசகோடி மெனா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I request you to hand this over either to the CID or to the Auditor-General.

உபீ. தோன்மனீ மெனா
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

He can even come and see me in my office.

கனிசீமனீ பீசகோடி மெனா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No. No. I do not say that this is your fault. I am sure you are misinformed, but please answer the questions that we ask.

கிபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

I think the question has not been answered.

உபீ. தோன்மனீ மெனா
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

No. I answered it. I said, yes, for 1978 and 1979 we called for quotations in 1977.

கனிசீமனீ பீசகோடி மெனா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

But I am asking whether—he has answered regarding 1977—any quotations were called for in 1979.

එස්. තොන්ඩමන් මහතා
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

For 1979, quotations were called for in 1977.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

But I am asking whether quotations were called for in 1979. Let him say, yes or no.

එස්. තොන්ඩමන් මහතා
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

For this amount of 18,000 pounds of 57 m.m. capping foil, quotations were called for in 1977. Some of them were purchased in 1978 and then delivered; and again certain quantities were delivered in 1979 and for all quotations were called. You cannot say no quotations were called for.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

You say, "You cannot say no quotations were called for?"

එස්. තොන්ඩමන් මහතා
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

Yes. It was called.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

In 1979?

එස්. තොන්ඩමන් මහතා
(திரு. எஸ். தொண்டமான்)
(Mr. S. Thondaman)

For the 18,000 used in 1979 quotations were called for.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Please Sir, I think let it be very clear for the purchase of 18,000 pounds of 57 m.m. capping foil required for the Milk Board for the year 1979 were quotations called for?

කිසිවක් කියනු
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

I think he has answered in some form. What he says is that the quantity was taken from the quotations called for in 1977.

ආර්. ප්‍රේමදාස මහතා (අග්‍රාමාත්‍යතුමා, පළාත් පාලන, නිවාස හා ඉදිකිරීම් ඇමතිතුමා, මහාමන්ත්‍ර කමිටු මිලිබද ඇමතිතුමා සහ පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ සභානායක තුමා)

(திரு. ஆர். பிரமதாசு — பிரதம அமைச்சரும் உள்ளூர் சாட்சி, விடமைப்பு, நிர்மாண அமைச்சரும் நெடுஞ்சாலைகள் அமைச்சரும் பாராளுமன்றச் சபை முதல்வரும்)

(Mr. R. Premadasa—Prime Minister, Minister of Local Government, Housing & Construction, Minister of Highways, and Leader of the House of Parliament)

I will get that through to the hon. Member.

කිසිවක් කියනු
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

Yes.
ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I appreciate it.

කිරි මන්ඩලය : තුළුන් කෝක් මිලදී ගැනීම
பால் சபை : கிறெளன் கோக் வாங்கல்
MILK BOARD : PURCHASE OF CROWN CORK

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6. ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

ඉංග්‍රීසි කප්පානිත සංවර්ධනය පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා හෙන් ඇසූ ප්‍රශ්නය: (අ) කිරි මංඩලයට තුළුන් කෝක් ග්‍රොස් 1,07,500 මිලදී ගැනීම සඳහා ටෙන්ඩර් කැඳවන ලද්දේද? (ආ) ටෙන්ඩර් ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද දේශීය හා විදේශීය සමාගම් සහ ඒවායේ ලිපිනයන් ද, එතුමා සඳහන් කරනවාද? (ඇ) නොඑසේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද? (ඈ) ටෙන්ඩර් පිළිබඳ තීරණයක් ගත් පසුව ඇණවුමෙන් 50% සිංග්ල්පුරුවේ සමාගමකට දෙන ලද බව එතුමා දන්නවාද? (ඉ) එම සමාගමට 50% ලබා දීමට තීරණය කරන ලද්දේ කවුරුන් විසින්ද? (ඊ) එයට හේතු මොනවාද? (උ) එම සමාගමේ නම සහ ලිපිනයන් එතුමා සඳහන් කරනවාද? (ඌ) නොඑසේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද? (එ) සිංග්ල්පුරු සමාගම එම ද්‍රව්‍ය සපයන ලද්දේ කිනම් මුදලකටද? (ඵ) ඉතිරි 50% ලබා දුන් ශ්‍රී ලංකා සමාගම් මොනවාද? (ඹ) එහි ලිපිනයන් සඳහන් කරනවාද? (ඪ) නොඑසේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද? (ක) එම සමාගම් ද්‍රව්‍ය සපයන ලද්දේ කිනම් මුදලකටද? (ග) ටෙන්ඩර් කැඳවීමෙන් පසු 50% බැගින් සමාගම් දෙකකට ලබා දීමෙන් කිරි මංඩලයට වූ අලාභය කෙතෙක්ද? (ච) එම අලාභය මෙසේ තීරණය කරන ලද අයගෙන් අය කර ගැනීමට ක්‍රියා කරනවාද? (ඡ) එසේ නොකරන්නේ නම්, ඒ මන්ද?

கிராமிய தொழிற்றுறை அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சரைக் கேட்ட வினா: (அ) பால்சபைக்கு 1,07,500 குரோஸ் கிறெளன் கோக் விலைக்கு வாங்க கேள்வி கோரப்பட்டதா? (ஆ) கேள்வி சமர்ப்பித்த வெளிநாட்டு அல்லது உள்ளாட்டுக் கம்பெனிகளின் பெயர்களை அவர் குறிப்பிடுவாரா? (இ) இன்றைல், ஏன்? (ஈ) கேள்வி சமர்ப்பந்தமாக முடிவெடுக்கப்பட்ட பின்னர்

Horadugoda-Dikkumbura Road through Andugoda at 1/8 mile intervals? (b) Are there large potholes along these stretches? (c) Will he take steps to repair these stretches of road? (d) If so, when?

உ. மீ. விந்ஸன் பரேரா (பாட்டிலிமென்டு கல்வியியல் துறை அமைச்சர்) (திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பெரேரா—பாராளுமன்ற அலுவலர்கள், விளையாட்டுக்கள் அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக் கொறடாவும்)

(திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பெரேரா—பாராளுமன்ற அலுவலர்கள், விளையாட்டுக்கள் அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக் கொறடாவும்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera—Minster of Parliamentary Affairs & Sports and Chief Government Whip)

I answer on behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways :

(a) This road is in a satisfactory condition as a minor road. (b) The potholes have been patched. (c) for a satisfactory repair this road has to be remetalled, for which funds have to be released under the DCB. (d) Repairs can be undertaken as soon as funds are released.

திக்கம்புற-அங்குலுகஹா வீதி DIKKUMBURA-ANGULUGAHA ROAD

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11. பி. சூமதிரத்னா (திரு. பி. சூமதிரத்னா) (Mr. P. Sumathiratna)

பிரதம அமைச்சரும், உள்நாட்சி, வீடமைப்பு, நிருமாண அமைச்சரும் பெருந்தெருக்கள் அமைச்சருமானவரை கேட்ட வினா: (அ) திக்கம்புற-அங்குலுகஹா ரோடு, ஒவ்வொன்றும் 1/8 மைல் தூரங்கொண்ட இடைவெளிகளில் என்ன நிலப்பரத்தில் இருக்கின்றது என்பதைக் கூறுவாரா? (ஆ) இந்த ரோட்டுக்குத் துண்டுகளில் பெரிய குழிகள் விழுந்திருக்கின்றனவா? (இ) இந்த ரோட்டைத் திருத்துவதற்கு அவர் நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பாரா? (ஈ) அவ்வாறாயின் எப்பொழுது?

பிரதம அமைச்சரும், உள்நாட்சி, வீடமைப்பு, நிருமாண அமைச்சரும் பெருந்தெருக்கள் அமைச்சருமானவரை கேட்ட வினா: (அ) திக்கம்புற-அங்குலுகஹா ரோடு, ஒவ்வொன்றும் 1/8 மைல் தூரங்கொண்ட இடைவெளிகளில் என்ன நிலப்பரத்தில் இருக்கின்றது என்பதைக் கூறுவாரா? (ஆ) இந்த ரோட்டுக்குத் துண்டுகளில் பெரிய குழிகள் விழுந்திருக்கின்றனவா? (இ) இந்த ரோட்டைத் திருத்துவதற்கு அவர் நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பாரா? (ஈ) அவ்வாறாயின் எப்பொழுது?

asked the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways : (a) Will he state the condition of the Dikkumbura-Angulugaha Road at 1/8 mile intervals? (b) Are there large potholes along this road? (c) Will he take steps to repair this road? (d) If so, when?

உ. மீ. விந்ஸன் பரேரா (திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பெரேரா) (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I answer on behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways : (a) This road is in a satisfactory condition as a minor road. (b) The potholes have been patched. (c) For a satisfactory repair this road has to be remetalled for which funds have to be released under the D.C.B. (d) Repairs can be undertaken as soon as funds are released.

கோடகோட-ஹொரத்துகோட வீதி KODAGODA-HORADUGODA ROAD

361/82 (2)

12. பி. சூமதிரத்னா (திரு. பி. சூமதிரத்னா) (Mr. P. Sumathiratna)

பிரதம அமைச்சரும், உள்நாட்சி, வீடமைப்பு, நிருமாண அமைச்சரும் பெருந்தெருக்கள் அமைச்சருமானவரை கேட்ட வினா: (அ) கோடகோட-ஹொரத்துகோட ரோட்டு ஒவ்வொன்றும் 1/8 மைல் தூரங்கொண்ட இடைவெளிகளில் என்ன நிலப்பரத்தில் இருக்கின்றது என்பதைக் கூறுவாரா? (ஆ) இந்த ரோட்டுக்குத் துண்டுகளில் பெரிய குழிகள் விழுந்திருக்கின்றனவா? (இ) இவற்றைத் திருத்துவதற்கு அவர் நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பாரா? (ஈ) அவ்வாறாயின் எப்பொழுது? இல்லையெனில், ஏன்?

பிரதம அமைச்சரும், உள்நாட்சி, வீடமைப்பு, நிருமாண அமைச்சரும் பெருந்தெருக்கள் அமைச்சருமானவரை கேட்ட வினா: (அ) கோடகோட-ஹொரத்துகோட ரோட்டு ஒவ்வொன்றும் 1/8 மைல் தூரங்கொண்ட இடைவெளிகளில் என்ன நிலப்பரத்தில் இருக்கின்றது என்பதைக் கூறுவாரா? (ஆ) இந்த ரோட்டுக்குத் துண்டுகளில் பெரிய குழிகள் விழுந்திருக்கின்றனவா? (இ) இவற்றைத் திருத்துவதற்கு அவர் நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பாரா? (ஈ) அவ்வாறாயின் எப்பொழுது? இல்லையெனில், ஏன்?

asked the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways : (a) Will he state the condition of the Kodagoda-Horadugoda Road at 1/8 mile intervals? (b) Are there large potholes along these stretches? (c) Will he take steps to repair these stretches of road? (d) If so, when, and if not, why?

உ. மீ. விந்ஸன் பரேரா (திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பெரேரா) (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I answer on behalf of the Prime Minister and Minister of Local Government, Housing and Construction and Minister of Highways : (a) This road is in a satisfactory condition as a minor road. (b) The potholes have been patched. (c) For a satisfactory repair this road has to be remetalled, for which funds have to be released under the DCB. (d) Repairs can be undertaken as soon as funds are released.

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා .
 (திரு. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)
 (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Minister of Lands and Land Development and Minister of Mahaweli Development, I ask for one month's time to answer this Question.

ප්‍රශ්නය මතු දිනකදී ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමට නියෝග කරන ලදී.
 வினாவை மற்றொருதினத்திற் சமர்ப்பிக்கக் கட்டளையிடப்பட்டது.
 Question ordered to stand down.

කළානායකතුමා
 (சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
 (Mr. Speaker)

Question No. 15.

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
 (திரு. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)
 (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Minister of Lands and Land Development and Minister of Mahaweli Development, I request one month's time to answer this Question.

ප්‍රශ්නය මතු දිනකදී ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමට නියෝග කරන ලදී.
 வினாவை மற்றொருதினத்திற் சமர்ப்பிக்கக் கட்டளையிடப்பட்டது.
 Question ordered to stand down.

**ඇමති හා කැස්බෑව පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රී
 ධර්මසේන ආටිගල මහතාගේ
 ප්‍රකාශය**

அமைச்சரும் கெள்பாவ அங்கத்தவருமான திரு. தர்மசேன ஆட்டிகலை அவர்களது அறிக்கை

**STATEMENT BY MR. DHARMASENA
 ATTYGALLE, MINISTER, AND
 MEMBER FOR KESBEWA**

ධර්මසේන ආටිගල මහතා (ඇමතිතුමා)
 (திரு. தர்மசேன ஆட்டிகலை—அமைச்சர்)
 (Mr. Dharmasena Attygalle—Minister)

ගරු කළානායකතුමනි, පොදු මහජනතාවට, අපේ රටට අවශ්‍ය වූ නායකත්වය අප සිතුවාසේම අද ලැබී තිබෙනවා. එම නායකත්වය උඩින් සරුසාර ශ්‍රී ලංකාවක් ගොඩ නැගීමේ අසීමිත බලය නැතිනම් කැමැත්ත අප පක්ෂයට ලබාදීමේ ශෞරවය මේ උත්තරීතර සභාවේදී ලංකා ජනතාවට ශීඝ්‍ර නමා ආචාර පූර්වකව පුද කිරීමට අවසරය ලැබේවා යි මම ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

මෙම ප්‍රීතිජනක අවස්ථාවේදී මෙවැනි ප්‍රකාශයක් කිරීමට මට සිදුවීම ගැන මා කණගාටුවට පත් වෙනවා.

ගරු කළානායකතුමනි, මගේ ආසනය හා එහි ප්‍රගතිය පිළිබඳව වචන කිහිපයක් ප්‍රකාශ කිරීමට මම බලාපොරොත්තු වෙනවා. ඔබතුමා ඇතුළු මේ ගරු සභාව දන්නා පරිදි, 1972 අතුරු මැතිවරණයේදී මා ජයග්‍රහණය කරන තෙක් මා නියෝජනය කරන කැස්බෑව ආසනය, ප්‍රබල වාමාංශික ආසනයක්. එදා මා ජයග්‍රහණය කළ දින සිට මේ දක්වා එය රැක ගැනීමට හැකිවීම ගැන මා ඉතාමත් සතුටට පත් වෙනවා.

නමුත්, පසුගියදා පැවති ජනපතිවරණයේදී අප ආසනය ලබා ඇති ඡන්ද ප්‍රමාණය සලකා බැලීමේදී, සුළු ප්‍රමාණයකින් මට පසුබැසීමට සිදු වූ බව ඔබතුමා දන්නවා ඇති. ඒ සඳහා මගේ පිළිතුර මාගේ ආසනයේ මට පක්ෂ, විපක්ෂ හාම සභෝදර සභෝදරියකගේම දැන ගැනීමට කරුණු කිහිපයක් ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම මගේ යුතුකමක් යැයි මම සිතනවා.

මහජන මන්ත්‍රීවරයෙකු හැටියටත්, සෞඛ්‍ය උප ඇමතිවරයෙකු හැටියටත්, දේශීය වෛද්‍ය ඇමති හැටියටත් අවුරුදු දහයක පමණ කාලයක් මට හැකි තරම් අවංකවත් මහජන හිතසුව පිණිසත් මගේ ආසනයේ දියුණුව පිණිසත් යමක් කරන්නට මට පුළුවන් වුණා. ඒ වගේම සභෝදර ඡන්දදායක හටගන්නේ අනුග්‍රහය නිසා බව, දැනුත් මම එහිතරව ප්‍රකාශ කරන්නට කැමතියි.

ගරු කළානායකතුමනි, පසුගිය දින ඇති වූ ජනපති වරණයේදී මෙවැනි පසුබැසීමක් ඇති වීමට ප්‍රධාන හේතුව අත් කිසිවක් නොව, මගේ පෞද්ගලික ජීවිතයට බල පෑ කරුණු කිහිපයක් මුල්වීම බව පෙන්වා දෙන්නට කැමතියි.

පසුගිය අවුරුදු එකහමාර ඇතුළත මට මුහුණ පාන්නට සිදුවූ ප්‍රබල සිදුවීම් අතර, මගේ හාරියාව අසනීපයෙන් පෙළිමත්, ශල්‍ය ක්‍රම දෙකකටම භාජනය වීමත්, සභෝදරයන් දෙදෙනෙක් ඉතාමත් අසාධ්‍ය තත්ත්වයට රෝගාතුරවීමත්, මාගේ වැඩිමහල් සභෝදරයා ඇතුළු තවත් පවුලේ ඉතා කිට්ටු ඥාතීන් කිහිප දෙනෙකුගේ අභාවය සිදු වීමත්, ඒ අතරම මගේ නිවස සොදාන් විසින් බිඳ මහත් අලාභ හානි ඇතිවීමත් මේ කරුණු අතර මුල් වනවා. දරාගත නොහැකි මෙවැනි මානසික සිත්තුවල් වලට ලක් වූ මට, පසුගිය කාලය තුළදී ආසනයේ වැඩ කටයුතුවලට, ඉහත කාලයේදී මෙන් සහභාගි වන්නට නො හැකිවීම සත්‍ය කරුණක් බව මම ද පිළිගන්නවා.

මේ සියලු අතපසුවීම් නිසා මා අතින් කොයි තරමින් ප්‍රමාද දෝෂයක් වුවදැයි මට සිතාගත නො හැකියි. එය සාධාරණ අතපසු වීමක්ද, මාගේ අතින් සිදු වූ අතපසු වීමක්දැයි නිගමනය කිරීම, මගේ ඡන්දදායකයින් වෙත භාර කරමි.

ගරු කළානායකතුමනි, ඇත්ත වශයෙන්ම මගේ ආසනය තුළින් ලැබූ ඡන්ද සංඛ්‍යාව අති පාරිශුද්ධ වස්තුවක් හැටියට මම දැළකනවා. උච්ඡතා අවස්ථාවලදී විසි කර, උච්ඡතාවක් නැති අවස්ථාවක ලඟට ගන්නා කැංගුරුමක් සේ මන්ත්‍රීතම ගෝ ඇමතිකම පාවිච්චි කරන්නට මම කිසිසේත් කැමැත්තක් දක්වන්නො නැති බව මේ ගරු සභාවට මෙක් කරන්නට කැමතියි.

ඔරුවක් ඔනෑ කරන්නේ ගහකින් එතෙර වීමට මිස එතෙර උනායින් පසුව එය කර තබාගෙන යෑමට නොවේ. ඒවාගේම මම ද මගේ හැඟීමේ හැටියට මට භාර දුන් ඔරුව ගහ තරණය උදෙසා පිහිටිව ගැනීමෙන් පසුව, එය යළි තිබුන තැනට භාර දෙන්නටයි මගේ අදහස.

ගරු කළානායකතුමනි, මගේ ආසනය තුළත් ඉන් බැහැරවත් ඇමතිවරයෙකු වශයෙනුත්, ශ්‍රී ලංකාද්විපය තුළත්, ආයුර්වේද වෛද්‍ය අංශයේ උන්නතිය උදෙසා

අල්ප මාත්‍ර වූ සේවයක් මට කරන්නට ලැබීම, මට මෙන්ම ලංකා ආයුර්වේද විද්‍යාවට හුණුම දක්වන්නට සතුටට කරණයක් වුවා යැයි මට හිතන්නට පුළුවනි. ඒ පොදු කටයුත්තට මට සහාය දක්වන ලද අතිගරු ජනාධිපතිතුමා, ගරු අගමැතිතුමා ඇතුළු මෙම ගරු සභාවේ මැති ඇමතිවරුන්ට මාගේ ආදර හත්තිය පිරි නමන්නට ඔහු.

අපේ රට සංවර්ධනය කරා ගමන් කරන මේ යුගය, ජනාධිපතිතුමා ප්‍රමුඛ මේ සභාවේ වෛයඛිය මත දිනෙන් දිනම ඉදිරියට යන බව, හෙට පායන හිරු මෙන් පැහැ දිලියි. ඒ සඳහා මෙහි මා සිටියත්, නොහිටියත්, මගේ අත-හිත හා උනන්දුව නො අඩුව ලබා දෙන්නට මා පොරොන්දු වෙනවා.

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, අවසාන වශයෙන් කැස්බෑව ජනතාව වෙනුවෙන් මා ගත් වෙහෙසත්, එම ප්‍රදේශ වෙනුවෙන් මා දැරූ උනන්දුවත් එහි සහෝදර ජනතාව දන්නවා ඇතැයි මා විශ්වාස කරනවා. එසේම කැස්බෑව ජන්ද දායකයන් මගේ මතකයේ සදාකාලික නිදන් වස්තුව හැටියට මම සලකනවා.

දේශපාලනයට බැසගත් සාමාන්‍ය පුරවැසියකු හැටියට මට සැනසෙන්නට කොතෙකුත් කරුණු මගේ මතකයට නැගෙනවා. අප වැනි දේශපාලනයට පිවිසි නවකයින්ට මල් පොකුරු මෙන්ම ගල් මුගුරු ද එන බව රහසක් නොවේ. මම, මට හැකි පමණින් අපේ කොට්ඨාශයට, රජයට, යමක් කරන්නට උත්සාහ ගන්නා. ඒ උත්සාහයේ ප්‍රතිඵලයක් වශයෙන් ඉදිරි කාලයේ අපට ඵලදායක සාක්ෂි දකින්නට ලැබෙනවා ඒකාන්තයි.

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, මේ ඉදිරිපත් කළ කරුණු පිළිබඳව දීර්ඝ ලෙස සලකා බැලීමෙන් පසුව මට තීරණයක් මත පියවරක් ගැනීමට සිදුව තිබෙනවා. එය නම්, රජයෙන්, පක්ෂයෙන් උන්නතිය සඳහා මෙතෙක් මා නියෝජනය කළ ආසනයෙහුත්, මා ඉසිලූ පදවියෙහුත් ඉවත් වීමට තීරණය කිරීමයි.

මාගේ මෙම කථාවෙන් පසුව ඉල්ලා අස්වීමේ ලිපිය මම පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ මහා ලේකම්තුමා වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කරනවා, ඒ සමගම මා ඉසිලූ අමාත්‍ය ධුරයෙන් අස්වීමේ ලිපිය ද අතිගරු ජනාධිපති උතුමාණන් වෙත මා පිළිගන්වනවා.

දස අවුරුදු දේශපාලන ජීවිතයේදී මා වෛයඛිමත් කළ මේ ගරු සභාවේ ගරු කථානායකතුමාටත්, ගරු අමාත්‍යතුමාටත්, ගරු විපක්ෂ නායකතුමා ඇතුළු මැති ඇමතිවරුන්ටත්, මට සහයෝගය දුන් මහ ලේකම්තුමාගේ සිට සියළුම මහත්ම මහත්මීන්ටත්, මගේ අමාත්‍යාංශයේ සහ අමාත්‍යාංශය යටතේ තිබෙන දෙපාර්තමේන්තු සහ සංස්ථාවල සියළුම නිලධාරී මහත්ම මහත්මීන්ටත්, විශේෂයෙන්ම මාගේ කැස්බෑව ආසනයේ පොදු ජනතාවටත් මගේ හද්දයාංගම ස්තූතිය පුද කරමින් මේ ගරු සභාවෙන් මා අවසර ගන්නවා.

අනතුරුව ඇමති හා කැස්බෑව මන්ත්‍රී ධර්මසේන ආචල මහතා සහායෙය වෙත ගොස් තම ඉල්ලා අස්වීමේ ලිපිය පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ මහලේකම්ව හාර දී මූලාසනයට ආවාර කොට සහ ශර්ඝයෙන් පිට විය.

இதன்மேல் கெஸ்பாவ அங்கத்தவரான அமைச்சர் திரு. தர்ம சேன ஆட்டிசல, சபாபிட்டுத்தளவிற்கு சென்று தமது இராஜினாமாக்கடிதத்தைப் பாராளுமன்றச் செயலாளர் அறிபதியிடும் கையளித்து அக்கிராசனத்துக்கு வணக்கம் செலுத்திவிட்டுச் சபா மண்டபத்தை விட்டகன்றார்.

Thereupon Mr. Dharmasena Attygalle, Minister and Member for Kesbewa, walked up to the table, handed his letter of resignation to the Secretary-General of Parliament, bowed to the Chair, and withdrew from the Chamber.

කථානායකතුමා
(*சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்*)
(Mr. Speaker)

The Hon. Minister of State has seen me in my Chambers and desires to make a statement. I have asked him to do so.

වරප්‍රසාද : සෙල්වරාජා යෝගචන්ද්‍රන් මහතා වඩ්‍රකෝට්ටේට මන්ත්‍රී වශයෙන් පත් කිරීම

சிறப்புரிமை : திரு. செல்வராஜா யோகச்சந்திரன் வட்டுக்கோட்டை அங்கத்தவராக நியமித்தல்

PRIVILEGE: APPOINTMENT OF MR. SELVARAJA YOGACHANDRAN AS MEMBER FOR VADDUKKODDAI

අනන්දනිස්ස ද අල්විස් මහතා (රාජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමා)
(*திரு. அனந்தநிஸ்ஸ ந அல்விஸ்—இராசாங்க அமைச்சர்*)
(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis—Minister of State)

Mr. Speaker, Sir, I am most grateful to you for having heard me in our Chambers and very kindly agreed to let me raise this matter, the subject of which I discussed with you yesterday. I am concerned, Mr. Speaker, with a matter that covers the Privileges of this House, the guardian of which and the interpreter of which, to my mind, is Mr. Speaker who presides over its deliberations.

Mr. Speaker, there was a Gazette notification, No. 216/8 dated 26.10.1982, issued by Mr. Chandrananda de Silva, Commissioner of Elections, which announced that he declared Mr. Selvaraja Yogachandran to be Member for Electoral District No. 80, Vakdukkoddai. By a letter to the Secretary-General of Parliament dated 26th October 1982 the Commissioner informed the Secretary-General that this person is the member for Electoral District No. 80, Vaddukkoddai. That letter, I have checked with the permission of the Secretary-General, is in the files of this House.

Then, Sir, it so happens that this Selvaraja Yogachandran is also known as Kuttimani.

වී. එන්. නවරත්නම් මහතා (වාචාකච්චේරි)
(*திரு. வி. என். நவரத்தினம்—சாவகச்சேரி*)
(Mr. V. N. Navaratnam—Chavakachcheri)

I rise to a point of order, Sir. I challenge your right to allow a member either to make a personal explanation or—

கலாநாயகர்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

What is your point of Order ?

பி. ஏன். கலாநாயகர்

(திரு. வி. என். நவரத்தினம்)
(Mr. V. N. Navaratnam)

I am coming to that, Sir.

I challenge your right to allow a member either to make a personal explanation or to raise a Question of Privilege. We, Sir, are governed by the Standing Orders of this House. Our greatest obligation to this House is to do whatever we do inside the House (*Interruption*). No! I am not debating your speech. I am raising a point of Order. I must explain the point of Order to Mr. Speaker.

ஊனத்தினிசு டி அலிசு

(திரு. ஆனந்ததினசு டி அலிசு)
(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

I am holding the Floor! I am not prepared to give way.

கலாநாயகர்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

May I first know what is the Standing Order you are referring to?

பி. ஏன். கலாநாயகர்

(திரு. வி. என். நவரத்தினம்)
(Mr. V. N. Navaratnam)

The Rules of the House permit statements or speeches to be made in this House on the following subjects only: No member nor Minister nor anybody else has the right to make any statement in the House outside the Business of Parliament contained in Standing Order 19. If it is a personal explanation, certainly you, Mr. Speaker, can give permission to make a statement.

கலாநாயகர்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! Right or wrong, the Hon. Minister has seen me in my Chambers. I have permitted him to make that statement.

பி. ஏன். கலாநாயகர்

(திரு. வி. என். நவரத்தினம்)
(Mr. V. N. Navaratnam)

With all respect to you, Mr. speaker, neither you nor the House itself - (*Interruption*). We are prepared to debate and defend.

கலாநாயகர்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

Allow me to speak. It is a matter that relates to-

நிசுங்க விஜயரத்ன

(திரு. நிசுங்க விஜயரத்ன—நீதி அமைச்சர்)
(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne—Minister of Justice)

Standing Order 19 (11) relates to Questions of Privilege.

பி. ஏன். கலாநாயகர்

(திரு. வி. என். நவரத்தினம்)
(Mr. V. N. Navaratnam)

This is not a personal explanation.

கலாநாயகர்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

I have already allowed him to make that statement as a matter of Privilege, and I cannot go against that Ruling.

பி. ஏன். கலாநாயகர்

(திரு. வி. என். நவரத்தினம்)
(Mr. V. N. Navaratnam)

If the people of the country can see what you are doing here today, they will give the correct verdict at the Referendum.

கலாநாயகர்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! I have already given my Ruling that as a matter of Privilege he can make that statement. I am not holding with you on your point of Order. If after the statement is made there is a request for a debate I might consider that at that stage. The Hon. Minister can continue.

ஊனத்தினிசு டி அலிசு

(திரு. ஆனந்ததினசு டி அலிசு)
(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

Have you done?

பி. ஏன். கலாநாயகர்

(திரு. வி. என். நவரத்தினம்)
(Mr. V. N. Navaratnam)

I bow to the Ruling of the Chair although I do not agree.

ஊனத்தினிசு டி அலிசு

(திரு. ஆனந்ததினசு டி அலிசு)
(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

You have not done yet? I will wait. Time is on my side.

கலாநாயகனது

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! I think you have to carry out my Order, please. I am asking the Hon. Minister to carry on.

ஊதன் டிவிஷன் டி அலீவிஸ் மஹா

(திரு. ஆனந்ததில்லஸ் டி அல்விஸ்)

(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

I bow to your Ruling, Mr. Speaker. My hon. Friend cited Standing Order 19. He forgot that Standing Order 19 also includes questions of Privilege under section (11).

கலாநாயகனது

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

I think I have already given a Ruling on that. You need not dwell on that?

ஊதன் டிவிஷன் டி அலீவிஸ் மஹா

(திரு. ஆனந்ததில்லஸ் டி அல்விஸ்)

(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

He must read the Standing Orders before he takes our time (*Interruption*).

நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன மஹா (அமைச்சர் அறிவிப்பு)

(திரு. நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன—நீதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne—Minister of Justice)

We cannot account for your immaturity.

ஊதன் டிவிஷன் டி அலீவிஸ் மஹா

(திரு. ஆனந்ததில்லஸ் டி அல்விஸ்)

(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

When I began, Sir, I said this concerns a question of the Privileges of the entire House, not merely of mine.

When I said that this gentlemen is also known by an alias called Kuttimani, this interruption took place. Now, Sir, I want to bring officially to your notice that in the High Court of Colombo, in Case No. 84480, the High Court Judge in Court No. 3 sentenced Selvaraja Yogachandran alias Kuttimani to be taken to the Welikada Prison in Colombo, and on a date to be appointed by the President of the Republic of Sri Lanka, within the walls of the said Prison to be hanged by his neck until he be dead.

Now, Sir, I am not going to take your time.

நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன மஹா

(திரு. நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன)

(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne)

Murder is not a simple thing. Murder is not a simple thing (*Interruption*).

பி. சிவசிதம்பரம் மஹா (நல்லூர்)

(திரு. எம். சிவசிதம்பரம்—நல்லூர்)

(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam—Nallur)

You are not the judge.

நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன மஹா

(திரு. நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன)

(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne)

Neither are you. The judge has judged! (*Interruption*).

கலாநாயகனது

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! Hon. Member for Nallur (*Interruption*)—I want order in this House. If anybody is going to disturb further I think I will have to take action. Let this not be an occasion where you can just play about.

ஊதன் டிவிஷன் டி அலீவிஸ் மஹா

(திரு. ஆனந்ததில்லஸ் டி அல்விஸ்)

(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

Various things are being said, Sir, such as that this matter is in appeal. When a person is sentenced to death and he appeals, he continues to be in prison and he is not released, unlike a person who has been fined; if he appeals, the fine is suspended and there is a presumption of innocence. This is a completely different matter.

Now, Sir, I will not go into the circumstances that led to this order of the High Court Judge. That is not the purpose of my intervention.

I wish to draw your attention, Mr. Speaker, to Article 91 of the Constitution read together with Article 89 (d) of the Constitution. If you will bring your mind to bear on 91(1), this is what it says:

“No person shall be qualified to be elected as a member of Parliament or to sit and vote in Parliament

(a) If he is or become subject to any of the disqualifications specified in Article 89”.

Now, Sir, we go back to Article 89 to find out what that is. There sub-section (d), among the disqualifications, says:

“If he is serving or has during the period of seven years immediately preceding completed serving of a sentence of imprisonment (by whatever name called) for a term not less than six months imposed after conviction by any court for an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term not less than two years or is under sentence of death.....”

This is among the disqualifications for sitting and voting in this House as a Member.

[ஈழநாட்டினியர் உறுதிமொழி]

Now, Sir, I also respectfully draw your attention to Standing Order 5 (1) to (3) of this House, where it is your right and duty imposed on you to ensure that Members who sit in this House take an Oath of Allegiance to preserve the rights and privileges of this House and the Constitution of the Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka.

Sir, counsel appearing for Kuttimani in these courts have pleaded that they are not prepared to say, on some other matter, whether he is guilty or not. They challenged the jurisdiction of a Sinhala court to try a citizen of Jaffna.

உறுதிமொழி

(அங்கத்தினர் ஒருவர்)
(A Member)

Eclam!

ஈழநாட்டினியர் உறுதிமொழி

(திரு. ஆனந்ததிலஸ் த அல்விஸ்)
(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

So, when a person does not withdraw the instructions given to his counsel, it is generally presumed that that is the opinion of the accused and that is the position of the accused. Sir, if it is the position of the accused that he will not accept the jurisdiction of a Sinhala court because he is not a citizen of this country that we call the Republic of Sri Lanka, then Sir, a foreigner—a self confessed foreigner—cannot sit in this House and vote as a Member and you cannot administer an Oath of Allegiance.

உறுதிமொழி

(அங்கத்தினர் ஒருவர்)
(A Member)

A self-confessed foreigner!

ஈழநாட்டினியர் உறுதிமொழி

(திரு. ஆனந்ததிலஸ் த அல்விஸ்)
(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

I draw your attention to the celebrated case in constitutional law, which all these Gentlemen across the floor probably know by heart. Sir, in that case in the British House of Commons, Mr. Speaker had to rule on a matter similar to this. When a Member was elected, he said he would not take an affirmation or oath in the form in which it was administered, because he said, "I do not believe in God". As you know, the British House of Commons has a tradition of being defenders of the Anglican faith. He said he did not believe in God and he was an atheist and therefore he could not accept that. Mr. Speaker did not permit him to sit in the House. He went outside. He went to the courts. He was re-elected. He was again not permitted to sit in the House. He tried to force his way there. The Sergeant-at-Arms took him away on the orders of Mr. Speaker. He sued the Sergeant-at-Arms. It was a

celebrated trial. Every Member of Parliament probably knows this case by heart. But the point is, Sir, that the courts held that the House is the guardian, the House is the ultimate arbiter of who will sit there regardless of what a court may say.

உறுதிமொழி

(திரு. எம். சிவசிதம்பரம்)
(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)

Are you referring to the House of Commons?

ஈழநாட்டினியர் உறுதிமொழி

(திரு. ஆனந்ததிலஸ் த அல்விஸ்)
(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

I said it was the House of Commons. The position taken up there was that in the House of Commons the House decides the composition of that House according to the rules that it lays down for itself and interprets by discussion and final ruling of Mr. Speaker. So there is a parallel there. Even if this person nominated by the TULF arrives in this House. I put it to you most respectfully, Sir, your hands are tied in that you cannot allow him to sit here without taking an Oath of Allegiance.

நினைவு விபரம்

(திரு. நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன)
(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne)

A self-confessed foreigner!

ஈழநாட்டினியர் உறுதிமொழி

(திரு. ஆனந்ததிலஸ் த அல்விஸ்)
(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

He has already declared in one place through his counsel—(Interruption.)—No, no, it is not hearsay. I have a certified document from the courts.—(Interruption.).

Then, Sir, that is one aspect of the matter. But cutting through all of this, a court of Sri Lanka, the High Court of Sri Lanka, has already delivered a verdict saying that Kuttimani is guilty of murder.

நினைவு விபரம்

(திரு. நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன)
(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne)

Plead insanity!

ஈழநாட்டினியர் உறுதிமொழி

(திரு. ஆனந்ததிலஸ் த அல்விஸ்)
(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

The other day in some other exchange, to my consternation, I am told the hon. Member for Nallur, normally extremely circumspect in what he says, has described this person as a courageous hero. I do not know whether he persists in expressing such an opinion.—(Interruption). He says he persists. Then, Sir, we have a peculiar contradiction. On the one hand, the hon. Leader of the Opposition condemns violence, and on the other, his Deputy says that those who commit violence, who commit murder, are heroes.

பி. சிவசுந்தரம் **மொழி**

(திரு. எம். சிவசுந்தரம்)

(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)

Who decides that ?

நிசன்கா விஜயரத்ன **மொழி**

(திரு. நிசன்கா விஜயரத்ன)

(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne)

The court has decided that he is a murderer.—(Interruption).

கலாநாயகர்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! Hon. Member for Nallur, the Hon. Minister is on his feet. I think you should allow him the courtesy to carry on.

ஆனந்ததிஸ்ஸ தே அல்விஸ் **மொழி**

(திரு. ஆனந்ததிஸ்ஸ தே அல்விஸ்)

(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

May I say in passing that I am most astonished that people of such judicial temperament should get hot under the collar when we are discussing such finer points of a trial, of an alleged crime and sentence, which are on record. We can discuss this. I do not think we need to generate all this heat.—(Interruption).

நிசன்கா விஜயரத்ன **மொழி**

(திரு. நிசன்கா விஜயரத்ன)

(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne)

Listen to him.

ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம் **மொழி** (பேரவைத் தலைவர்)

(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்—எதிர்க்கட்சி மு.தல்வர்)

(Mr. A. Amirthalingam—Leader of the Opposition)

Let us be decent; let us not indulge in cheap gibes and catcalls. Certainly we are prepared to discuss this. Let us discuss this reasonably.

கலாநாயகர்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! In the first instance allow him to say what he has to say without being disturbed.

நிசன்கா விஜயரத்ன **மொழி**

(திரு. நிசன்கா விஜயரத்ன)

(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne)

They are growling like tigers.

ஆனந்ததிஸ்ஸ தே அல்விஸ் **மொழி**

(திரு. ஆனந்ததிஸ்ஸ தே அல்விஸ்)

(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

I appreciate the position of the hon. Leader of the Opposition. As a matter of fact, they are now in a worse position than my Friends in the SLFP. I have my great affection for the hon. Leader of the Opposition. I understand that he is now himself a prisoner of certain elements in that party.

ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம் **மொழி**

(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)

(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)

No.

ஆனந்ததிஸ்ஸ தே அல்விஸ் **மொழி**

(திரு. ஆனந்ததிஸ்ஸ தே அல்விஸ்)

(Mr. Anandatissa de Alwis)

We shall see. Now, Sir, when a Member is appointed by a party which lays claim to a seat under our Constitution, the Commissioner of Elections, according to the provisions, has no discretion whatsoever. This is a matter which in their wisdom it may be considered at some other time; we are not discussing that. He has, therefore, not erred in writing to the Secretary-General. The Secretary-General himself is in a similar situation where he cannot ask questions about the rights and wrongs of the matter or the qualifications of the Member to sit in this House. But, Sir, you have the right because it concerns the reputation and the privileges of this House, of all of us, by Standing Orders and by convention. And in Parliamentary conduct, convention has a much more profound application of responsibility than any stated regulations in the Standing Orders.

So, Sir, you are required to bring your mind to bear upon any issues that may have some relevance to whether such a person can sit and vote in this House. Therefore, I have brought, this matter to your notice, that this person has no right to sit and vote in this House. I have submitted to you a copy of the judgment of the High Court of Sri Lanka. Therefore, I ask you, most respectfully on behalf of all of us—I think I have a right—to rule today that this appointment is not valid, and under any circumstances Selvaraja Yogachandran alias Kuttimani shall not sit in this House.

If there are any arguments that my hon. Friend wishes to raise and if you would permit me, Sir, I am prepared to meet those arguments, but I submit that you will agree that this matter cannot be left any longer in suspense for the important reason that this Gazette notification was made on 26th October. This whole country, which has been looking at this House of Parliament for the last so many days, listening to its debates and reading its proceedings, would be looking at it with great wonder as to why this House has not decided yet on a nomination like this which is without precedent in the democratic legislative history of Sri Lanka.

Sir, this is a bigger Parliament and a better Parliament than you have ever had because it happens to be in Sri Jayewardenepura. So, Sir, in Sri Jayewardenepura the Parliament has a very special significance. This is the seat of Sinhala kings who captured Nallur.

[சுபீரின் குறைகள் குறித்து]

These are mere side issues and pleasantries, but this is a very grave matter for Parliaments to come and generations to come. The Ruling you will give will have a significance which will either protect democracy as we know it, or harm it and hinder it for a long time to come.

பீ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்

(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)

(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)

Mr. Speaker, may I, before you give your Ruling, request that we be given a chance to state our case, particularly I, as the secretary of the party which made this nomination. I think, I have a right to expect that I be given permission to state my case, and I have a duty to state the reason why we made this appointment and what our view is with regard to the law on this matter.

சுபீரின் குறை

(சுபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

But I am wondering under what provision I could do it. I have given an opportunity to the Hon. Minister of State because he saw me in my Chambers, to raise a matter of privilege. I have allowed him to do that, but I cannot allow that matter to be debated. If I allow you to comment on that—(Interruption). Order, please! I do not want Members in the back benches to make unnecessary comments when I am giving a Ruling. There must be a sense of proportion.

Already the matter has been raised and I have to give a Ruling on that, but under what provision can I allow you to make comment?

பீ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்

(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)

(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)

I thought the Hon. Minister who made that statement invited a discussion, and you yourself indicated that at the proper time a discussion can be allowed.

If it is a question of Privilege it has to go to the Privileges Committee and follow its normal course. If it is a question of any of the provisions of the Standing Orders only, you can make your Ruling now.

As far as Mr. Selvaraja Yogachandran coming and sitting in this House is concerned, he has to take his Oath of Allegiance before he does so. That is simple. It is laid down by the Constitution. If he cannot do that, he cannot come and sit. That is a different matter. But to anticipate his failing to come and take his Oath of Allegiance, and in anticipation of his failure to take his Oath of Allegiance to seek to rule that he cannot come and sit here, I think is a very hypothetical situation on which you are called upon to rule, Mr. Speaker. If it is

a question of Privilege, I think the procedure is laid down in the Standing Orders. You have to refer this to the Privileges Committee, which will have to submit its report to the House, and on a Motion thereafter action can be taken.

சுபீரின் குறை

(சுபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

On a matter of Privilege raised before the House I can give my Ruling or have that referred to the Committee on Privileges.

பீ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்

(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)

(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)

Certainly not: With all respect, let us not violate the very Standing Orders under which we are functioning.

சுபீரின் குறை

(சுபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

That has been the procedure here, the convention we have been following.

பி. சிவசிதம்பரம்

(திரு. எம். சிவசிதம்பரம்)

(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)

No. convention.

சுபீரின் குறை

(சுபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please!

பீ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்

(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)

(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)

There is no such convention. please do not go down to history as a Speaker who never cared for the Standing Orders or conventions. We have the highest respect for you, Sir. Do not bring yourself down in the esteem of the whole country, of the whole democratic world, by making a Ruling which is against the Standing Orders. Please do not do that. Out of regard and respect for you I make this appeal to you. Do not bring down the position of the Chair and yourself, Mr. Speaker, whom I respect. That is why I say the Standing Orders lay down the procedure when a Question of Privilege is raised. You know, we have raised a number of matters of Privilege. You have always said: "I will look into the matter and refer it to the Privileges committee and take necessary action." You have never arrogated to yourself the power to rule on a question of Privilege. When His Excellency was here as Prime Minister, amendments to the Privileges Act were discussed. The procedure for dealing with Questions of Privilege are laid down there. So let us not violate those procedures Mr. Speaker, merely because this is a matter which may be a very plausible ground to rouse up people.

I want to tell you, Mr. Speaker, straightaway that our purpose in making this nomination is not to embarrass this House or to embarrass the Hon. Minister or anybody. The Hon. Minister knows very well that we raised this question of the anomalous position of the Prevention of Terrorism Law under which a person who is charged with committing the offence after July 1979 is not subject to the death penalty and a person charged with an offence committed before July 1979 is subjected to the death penalty. And you will remember, Hon. Minister of State, and I am sure the Hon. Prime Minister will remember, and the Hon. Minister of Justice will know that at the Inter-party Committee, with His Excellency presiding, it was agreed that this anomaly in the law should be rectified. And, as the Hon. Minister of Trade and Shipping himself said in the course of the Debate on the Prevention of Terrorism Law, because the rules of evidence which are normally applicable to criminal cases are being set at nought and because convictions can be got on a mere confession in whatever way that confession was extorted, there is no death penalty for trials under the Prevention of Terrorism Law—(Interruption).

I do not want you to do that. Let there be Order in this House—(Interruption). Hon. Member for Jaffna, please do not go on making unnecessary comments.

பீ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்
(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)
(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)

Sir, we raised matter, and in the Inter-Party Committee it was agreed that an amendment should be introduced to in the Prevention of Terrorism Law to remove this anomalous position, and the Hon. Minister of Justice as Minister of Justice was asked to prepare the amendment. The Legal Draftsman prepared the Amendment, and we were told at the Inter-Party Committee that the amendment was ready and that it would be tabled in the house. Then, one fine day we were told that there was opposition from certain quarters and therefore the amendment could not be tabled.

நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன
(திரு. நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன)
(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne)

I do not think we said there was opposition from certain quarters ?

பீ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்
(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)
(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)
Why not ?

நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன
(திரு. நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன)
(Mr. Nissanka Wijeyeratne)

The Hon. Minister of Justice has not agreed with it yet.

பீ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்
(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)
(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)

I do not want to bring out all that we discussed that the Inter-Party Committee meeting, but the Hon. Minister of Justice will not deny that the amendment was drafted and we were told that the amendment would be tabled. But later we were told that it could not be tabled for certain reasons, so that it is because of this anomaly in the law that Selvaraja Yogachandran has been sentenced to death. Otherwise, under the normal Prevention of Terrorism Law, he may have been sentenced to a term of imprisonment. Our only purpose in nominating him to this House was to draw the attention of this House, of all right-thinking persons, to this anomaly in the law, where a person who commits an offence after July 1979 goes to jail and a person who committed it before July 1979 is sentenced to death. So we wanted to draw the attention of this house and, through this House, the whole country and appeal to the conscience of the Sinhalese people and hon.

சி. சிவசிதம்பரம்
(திரு. எம். சிவசிதம்பரம்)
(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)
You drafted the Amendment.

நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன
(திரு. நிசங்க விஜயரத்ன)
(Mr. Nissanka Wijayaratna)

You are still pleading for it, you are still asking for it. It has not been conceded yet.

பீ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்
(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)
(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)

I did not say that the Hon. Minister of Justice said it. I said that the Hon. Minister of Trade and Shipping said, because there were—(Interruption.)

கி. பாலசுப்பிரமணியன்
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)
Order, please !

சி. சிவசிதம்பரம்
(திரு. எம். சிவசிதம்பரம்)
(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)

You were not the Minister of Justice at that time ; you were the Minister of Education.

கி. பாலசுப்பிரமணியன்
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

Hon. Member for Nallur, I will give you a chance to speak, but for God's sake do not jump up and disturb.

[ப. டிபீன்டென்ட் மெம்பர்]

Members, that this is an anomalous position. After all conviction have been got and convictions have been set aside.

The Hon. Minister of State knows that during the last government, may be misguided young men, they started a war against the government. They attacked the police Stations; 35 policemen were killed and so many others were killed. that government introduced a special procedure for trial. They introduced law and appointed a Criminal Justice Commission and sentenced them all. This Government when they came to power quite correctly I say, abrogated that iniquitous law and released all the convicted prisoners. Some of them have now contested DDC elections and are members of the District Development councils. The Leader of that movement was also convicted and sentenced to a term of imprisonment. (Interruption) Wherever he may have been he was sentenced to a term of imprisonment by the Criminal Justice commission. He was sentenced to life imprisonment for waging war against the State. Mr. Rohana Wijeweera was sentenced by the Criminal Justice Commission. But quite correctly, this government felt that the whole procedure adopted by the Criminal Justice Commission was wrong, abrogated that law and released them, and Rohana Wijeweera was enabled to contest for the higher post in the country, the Presidentship.

The Hon. Minister of State did not say, "How can a condemned man, how can a convicted man contest the Presidentship"? So let us not apply one rule to the Sinhala insurgents and another rule to the Tamil terrorists. Let us apply the same rule, that is all that we say. We wanted to draw the attention of this House the Sinhala people and of the whole world to this anomalous situation and that is why we made that nomination. By that we have made it categorically clear that we are not in any way associating ourselves, we are not in any way identifying ourselves with whatever act Mr. Yogachandran may have been guilty of or not. You have a proper trial-

நிசங்க விஜேவரத்ன மெம்பர்

(திரு. நிசங்க விஜேவரத்ன)

(Mr. Nissanka Wijeveratne)

Did you select him because he agreed to your policies?

பி. அமிர்தலிங்கம் மெம்பர்

(திரு. ஏ. அமிர்தலிங்கம்)

(Mr. A. Amirthalingam)

No, no; because he was sentenced to death wrongly and under a wrong law. that is why we appointed him and it was for no other reason. You rectify the law. He will never come here. I tell that to you, Hon. Minister of Justice.

That is all, Mr. Speaker.

பி. சிவசிதம்பரம் மெம்பர்

(திரு. எம். சிவசிதம்பரம்)

(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)

கூடுதல்

எழுந்தார்.

rose.

ரணில் விக்கிரமசிங்க மெம்பர் (யுவனியல் அமைச்சர் அல்லது கல்வி அமைச்சர்)

(திரு. ரணில் விக்கிரமசிங்கம்—இளைஞர் அலுவல்கள், தொழில் வாய்ப்பு அமைச்சரும் கல்வி அமைச்சரும்)

(Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe—Minister of Youth Affairs & Employment and Minister of Education)

We also want to speak. 'I have got up before him. Mr. Speaker, before he speaks, I must speak, I must reply. I am not giving way. (Interruption). If you say that both of us should sit, then I am prepared to sit. I am not prepared to sit because of him. He must give way to me. He has no right to speak now. He must give way to me. (Interruption.)

சபாநாயகர்

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

Order, please! I never followed a word of what was said. Therefore, I cannot comment on it.

பி. ரமேஷ் மெம்பர் (ஊராட்சி அமைச்சர், பஞ்சாயத்து அமைச்சர் அல்லது கல்வி அமைச்சர்)

(திரு. ஆர். பிரேமதாசு—பிரதம அமைச்சரும் உள்ளூர் சாட்சி, வீடமைப்பு, நிர்மாண அமைச்சரும் தெருஞ்சாலைகள் அமைச்சரும் பாராளுமன்றச் சபை முதுவரும்)

(Mr. R. Premadasa—Prime Minister, Minister of Local Government, Housing & Construction, Minister of Highways, and Leader of the House of Parliament)

Mr. Speaker, may I have your indulgence to point this out to you and to this House. May I have your hearing on this point. The Hon. Minister of State raised a matter concerning the qualifications of a person to sit in this House and vote. We need not go into a debate on this matter. The discretion lies with Mr. Speaker.

When an application is made to the Speaker by a person who is elected, to come into this House and take his oath to sit in this House and vote, the Speaker has to decide whether to allow it or not. In deciding that, the Speaker will have to consider the provisions of the Constitution. I do not think at this juncture you have any application from any person called Kuttimani or whatever name that the Hon. Minister has mentioned.

மன்திரிபரணன்

(அங்கத்தவர் ஒருவர்)

(A Member)

Yogachandran.

ආර්. ප්‍රේමදාස මහතා
(ති.රු. ඉ. පිරිමෙතාස)
(Mr. R. Premadasa)

I do not think the Hon. Speaker has any application. It may be that the Commissioner of Elections may have intimated to you that somebody has been nominated and is elected under the law. But it is for the speaker, when an application is made by such person to enter this House, take his oath, sit in this house and vote, to give consideration to the provisions of the Constitution—

කමානායකතුමා
(ආරාභයකර් ඉවර්කර්)
(Mr. Speaker)
Articles 89 and 91.

ආර්. ප්‍රේමදාස මහතා
(ති.රු. ඉ. පිරිමෙතාස)
(Mr. R. Premadasa)
Article 91 specially. May I read that—

91(1) " No person shall be qualified to be elected as a Member of Parliament or to sit and vote in Parliament—

(a) if he is or becomes subject to any of the disqualifications specified in Article 89 ; "

කමානායකතුමා
(ආරාභයකර් ඉවර්කර්)
(Mr. Speaker)
Correct.

ආර්. ප්‍රේමදාස මහතා
(ති.රු. ඉ. පිරිමෙතාස)
(Mr. R. Premadasa)
And Article 89 (d) states :-

" (d) If he is serving or has during the period of seven years immediately preceding completed serving of a sentence of imprisonment (by whatever named called) for a term not less than six months imposed after conviction by any court for an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term not less than two years or is under sentence of death or is serving or has during the period of seven years immediately preceding completed the serving of a sentence of imprisonment for a term not less than six months awarded in lieu of execution of such sentence " : and so forth

When such an application is made it will be the duty of Mr. Speaker to see that that person comes within the purview of this Article. And it was said here that in this particular matter a finality has not been reached in regard to this conviction. So I believe that such a person will not make an application to you, Mr. Speaker. In such an event, he will know that you will rule that such person, if he is under conviction under the provisions of this law, cannot be allowed to come into the House ; that you will make that Ruling.

So Mr. Speaker, my point is this : there is no purpose now in converting ourselves into a court-house and debating this point. Let us leave this matter in the

hands of Mr. Speaker. We have full trust in you. We know you will uphold the Constitution. When such an application is made, we are sure that you will make the correct Ruling.

Thank you.

කමානායකතුමා
(ආරාභයකර් ඉවර්කර්)
(Mr. Speaker)

I am grateful to the Minister of State and to the Prime Minister for bringing to my notice certain provisions of the Constitution, particularly Articles 91 and 89. If any application comes before, I shall consider it in the light of the provisions of Articles 91 and 89, and thereafter give any Ruling.

I thank both sides of the House for trying to assist me.

පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ කටයුතු

**පාරාලාමයන්හි ඉලුවල්
BUSINESS OF THE PARLIAMENT**

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා (පාර්ලිමේන්තු කටයුතු හා ක්‍රීඩා ආරේකිතා සහ ආර්ථික පාර්ශ්වයේ ප්‍රධාන සංවිධායකතුමා)
(ති.රු. ආම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා—පාරාලාමයන්හි ඉලුවල් කර්, විකීපාඨිකිතා ආමය්ඡරාම පිරිම ආර්ඡාක කොරාඨාඨාම)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera—Minister of Parliamentary Affairs & Sports and Chief Government Whip)

I move,
" That Government business do have precedence this day "

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදින් සහ සම්මත විය.
ඛිතා ඛිඨිකිකිප්ප්ප්ඨි ඉර්ඨාකිකොර්ඨාප්ප්ප්ඨි.
Question put, and agreed to.

පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ රැස්වීම්

**පාරාලාමයන්හි ඉරාර්ඨා
SITTINGS OF THE PARLIAMENTS**

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
(ති.රු. ආම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I move,
" That this Parliament at its rising this day do adjourn 2 p.m. on Thursday, 25th November, 1982 "

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදින් සහ සම්මත විය.
ඛිතා ඛිඨිකිකිප්ප්ප්ඨි ඉර්ඨාකිකොර්ඨාප්ප්ප්ඨි.
Question put, and agreed to.

ලංකාවේ සංවර්ධන මූල්‍ය සංස්ථා (සංශෝධන)
පනත් කෙටුම්පත

இலங்கை அபிவிருத்தி நிதிக்கூட்டுத்தாபனம் (திருத்தம்)
சட்டமூலம்

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION OF
CEYLON (AMENDMENT) BILL

දෙවන වර කියවීමේ නියෝගය කියවන ලදී.

இரண்டாம் மதிப்பிற்கான கட்டளை வாசிக்கப்பட்டது.

Order for Second Reading read.

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මෙල් මහතා (මූල්‍ය හා ක්‍රම සම්පාදන
අමාත්‍යවරයා)

(திரு. ஆர். ஜே. ஜி. த மெல்—நிதி, அமைப்புத்திட்ட
அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel—Minister of Finance and
Planning)

Mr. Speaker, after the hurly burly is done, I do not
know whether the battle was won or lost or drawn.

කමානායකතුමා

(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)

(Mr. Speaker)

It is neither won or lost.

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මෙල් මහතා

(திரு. ஆர். ஜே. ஜி. த மெல்)

(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

It is in your hands

I have great pleasure to moving.

"That the Bill be now read a Second time"

I think it my duty, Sir, to give the House a little
resume or a little history of the work of this very
important Corporation in this country.

The Development Finance Corporation was
established 27 years ago by Act No. 35 of 1955. Since
that time, there have been three small amendments to
the Act, but nothing of great significance in changing
the constitution or the function of the Development
Finance Corporation. The original purpose of setting up
this Corporation was to promote economic development
in the country by assisting in the establishment,
expansion and modernization of private industrial,
agricultural and commercial enterprises in Sri Lanka. It
was also formed to encourage the promotion of private
capital, both internal and external, in such enterprises.
Until I set up the National Development Bank in 1979,
the Development Finance Corporation was the only
long-term finance institution in Sri Lanka.

I must say that the Development Finance
Corporation in the last 27 years has performed a very
useful function the development of the Sri Lanka
economy. It functions today in a sort of way, a very
unique sort of way. It has been established by an act of
Parliament. but it functions as a private section

organisation with its shares quoted in the Colombo
Share Market. The shareholders of the Development
Finance Corporation include the International finance
Corporation, which is the finance wing of the World
Bank, the IBRD; the Commonwealth Development
Finance Corporation of Britain one of the Leading semi
government finance institutions in Britain; the DEC of
Germany, which is the leading finance institution in
Germany helping the private sector and the FMO of
the Netherlands, which is the leading finance institution
helping the private sector in the Netherlands. It also
has as its shareholders various foreign commercial
banks, local banks like our own bank, the Bank of
Ceylon, pension funds, provident funds, private and
public companies and individuals. There are even Sri
Lankans, private individuals who hold a fair number of
shares in the Development Finance Corporation.

Then, Sir, I think I should give the House a little bit
of information about the directorate because we are
making some amendments there. The present DFCC
directorate comprises 12 members including two direct
government representatives, one from my own Ministry
and the other from the Ministry of Industries and
Scientific Affairs; two directors representing the
foreign banking institutions like the IFC, CDFC, DEG
and FMO; Two ex-officio directors one representing
the CISIR and the other the General Manager of the
DFCC; and five directors representing the Sri Lankan
shareholders interests. So there is wide representation in
the directorate.

With regard to the financial resources of the DFCC,
as at 31st March, 1982, the end of this financial year,
the DFCC's total resources amounted to Rs. 510
million, including Rs. 24 million in paid-up ordinary
share capital, Rs. 42 million in reserves, and Rs. 444
million by way of borrowings. Despite this rather large
financial base of Rs. 510 million, the DFCC's
authorised share capital still continue to remain at the
figure which was set for it in 1955, that is Rs. 24
million. This, I think, is fantastically low when
compared with the work which the DFCC is doing
today in the economy of this country.

In the meantime, Sir, the paid-up share capital
increased rapidly from Rs. 8 million in 1976 to Rs. 24
million, which is the maximum authorized at present.
The limit of Rs. 24 million relating to the DFCC's
authorized share capital as specified in the Act of
Incorporation in 1955 was considered sufficient at that
time. However, this is grossly inadequate in the present
context. Therefore, Sir, the authorized capital should be
increased substantially in order to raise more equity,
both in the local market and in the foreign market, in
order to enable the DFCC to function in a more
meaningful way in the present economic context of this
country. This, Sir, is of vital importance, in my opinion,
for the DFCC to play the role which we envisage for it
in the economic development of Sri Lanka.

Then, Sir I would like to say a few words about project financing. Over the years the DFCC has assisted the establishment, expansion or modernization of over 600 projects in this country, ranging from industries in the food and beverages area to building materials, engineering, agriculture, fishing, textiles, tourism in a very large way, rubber and leather products and various other miscellaneous projects and ventures. In the Financial Year 1981/82, that is last year, gross financial assistance has been approved by the DFCC in respect of 110 projects aggregating Rs. 255.7 million. The DFCC's loan and investment portfolio as at the same date amounted to Rs. 500 million approximately. An analysis of the portfolio suggests that the average size of the loan granted by the DFCC can be classified as medium category loans, ranging from Rs. 2 million to Rs. 10 million. There have been only a few loans in the category which we can consider rather large, loans of over Rs. 10 million. Therefore, by and large, Sir, the DFCC has helped the small entrepreneurs and the middle class of entrepreneurs in this country.

The lending policy and procedures of the DFCC have always been geared to the development policies of whatever Government was in power. It has followed a sound credit policy, in my opinion, Sir, based on a thorough examination of technical, market, financial and economic aspects of the projects seeking financial assistance from the DFCC. It has, in fact, conducted its affairs in a most systematic manner.

Then, Sir, I would like to say a little bit about equity financing by the DFCC. The DFCC indeed has been a pioneer development bank in this country before we established the National Development Bank in 1980. It has been a forerunner in the financing of equity investments in Sri Lanka. Equity investments, which accounted for only Rs. 12.2 million up to 1975, increased during the last seven years to Rs. 80.6 million—a very significant nearly seven-fold increase in the last seven years. This demonstrates the DFCC's commitment to accelerate the development of a stock market in this country, which we like to create—a meaningful stock market. We have not had a real stock exchange and a real stock market in this country in spite of all our protestations. In this connection, increasing the authorized share capital of the DFCC to Rs. 300 million, as we propose in this Bill, would facilitate raising equity funds from time to time. This would provide for more scope and flexibility in the DFCC's investment operations. It would also strengthen the Government's objective to promote the development of a strong capital market in this country.

Then, Sir, the DFCC has also displayed considerable professional expertise in its own field. On account of its low capital base at present and other financial constraints in the present Act, I must confess that the

DFCC's growth in terms of financial norms has not really been commensurate with the length of its existence in the field of project financing. Nevertheless, it has throughout these years, the last 27 years, contributed to the development of a highly skilled, professionally expert class in the field of development banking. The professional staff available with the DFCC is, in my opinion capable of handling large project loans, both internal and external. They have acquired the capacity to handle matters relating to equity financing which requires a high degree of financial skill and business acumen. It has also the nucleus of a staff which is not only capable but dedicated to the field of development banking training.

Development banking training is something to which we should pay special attention in this country because our development programme has increased both in the public sector and the private sector. We must train experts in the field of development banking. The growth of expertise in the DFCC has been recognized by the Asian Development Bank because, I am glad to state, Sir, they have identified the DFCC as the executing agency for the regional training programme to be held for the first time in Colombo in February/March next year.

Then I would draw your attention and the attention of the House to certain priority areas which we envisage for the DFCC in the future. In its operational strategy the DFCC has always given priority to projects which are export-oriented because this Government places the highest emphasis on the development of the export sector. It has also given high priority to industries based on local raw materials which is geared to import substitution. It has also placed high priority on pioneering and innovative types of projects. It has given a great deal of priority to tourism and I think the development of tourism in this country—the construction of hotels and ancillary tourist services—has been greatly benefited by this single institution, the DFCC. The DFCC has financed most of the tourist hotels that have come up in this country during the last 10 years. It will also give priority to other service industries which generate foreign exchange savings or earnings.

In this process, Sir, the DFCC has also been mindful of its obligations to develop the small-scale sector, the small man. Since 1977, after I became Minister of Finance, I gave instructions that a separate department should be set up to promote small-scale enterprises, to identify and develop them. The DFCC also has spread its activities to promoting self-employment project in accordance with the government's objectives of providing as many employment opportunities as it could in this land. The DFCC has also extended its co-operation by funding projects recommended by the new Export Development Board.

[අ.වි. සේ. ඩී. ද මැල් මහතා]

Therefore, Sir, the market and banking environment in the banking sector is today very different from what it was in the 1970s, 1960s or 1950s. There is the greatest development of banking that ever occurred in this country. Since this Government came into power in 1977 we have established, I think, more than 350 branches of the Bank of Ceylon and the People's Bank in the last five years. We have also allowed 14 foreign banks to establish branches in Colombo and if necessary in the Free Trade Zone.

Banking has expanded by leaps and bounds, both in terms of new branches opened and the volume of business transactions. With the expansion of the networks of local commercial banks, also the establishment, of foreign banks, the setting up of the new amalgamated State Mortgage and Investment Banks which will soon become a housing bank namely, the setting up of the National Development Bank, the expansion of the National Savings Bank, the Bank of Ceylon and the People's Bank, the scope for long-term lending is now becoming increasingly more sophisticated and competitive in this country. Against such background, the DFCC can only maintain its momentum by improving its financial base, increasing its resource base and also diversifying its scope of activities by streamlining its operations. And it must also be geared for more speed and efficiency, which is demanded by the clientele today. This is what I seek to achieve by the present amendments.

For the information of hon. Members, I would now go into a little detail about some of the more important amendments. Certain amendments I think are necessary to the sections of the present Act, regarding the powers and functions of the corporation as we have decided to expand the role of the corporation and also to facilitate its efficient performance. The first major amendment to which I would wish to draw the attention of the hon. Members is in Section 4. Section 4 of the present law defines a private industrial agricultural or commercial enterprise as one in which the Government holds not more than 20 per cent of the capital. In other words the DFCC cannot at present lend to any enterprise where the Government has more than 30 per cent of the total capital. This section has to be amended in the present context as the limit is too low. This section is amended to allow the Government—(Interruption)—If you want a debate you can continue. Yes, I am in perfect agreement. This is a very urgent Bill, that is why I took it up today—we can go on till 5 p.m. if necessary. This section has to be amended in the present context. The limit of 20 percent is far too low in the present context. I am sure the hon. members in the Opposition will also agree with me, that this section should be amended to allow the Government to hold at least up to 49 per cent of the capital of such enterprises in order to allow the DFCC to finance such projects, in which the

Government has a higher percentage of capital. So, we are increasing the original limit of 20 per cent to 49 per cent.

Then, Sir, there is an amendment in Section 5 of the DFCC Law which gives the Corporation the power to borrow funds for the purpose of the business of the Corporation. This Section is amended to specifically permit the Corporation to raise funds, by issuing debentures and accepting fixed deposits from any person, for such amounts and periods as may be determined by the Board of Directors. Section 5 is also amended to include the Merchant Banking Services and leasing functions among the powers of the Corporation. This amendment is necessary to enable the DFCC play a more useful role in providing consultancy services. In this context, we also felt that the DFCC should be given some of the powers that are given to the National Development Bank, because the DFCC also performs somewhat similar functions.

These new powers, based on the National Development Act No. 2 of 1979 (Section 6) are now included in Section 5 of the amended DFCC Law, which I am bringing before the House today. The powers to be included are as follows—I will try to summarise as briefly as possible :

- (a) power to establish subsidiary companies ;
- (b) power to participate in loans, equities, underwriting and guarantees with approved credit agencies ;
- (c) power to lease, let on hire, sell outright or sell on hire-purchase basis warehouses, godowns, stores and building, machinery, equipment and other goods ;
- (d) power to convert a part or whole of its loans to industrial, agricultural or commercial enterprises and its subscriptions to bonds or debentures on preference shares issued by any such enterprise into equity capital ;
- (e) power to receive in consideration of the functions the Corporation may be performing such commission, brokerage, interest, remuneration or fees as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

Section 7 of the DFCC Law is also amended to increase the authorised capital from the present Rs. 24 million to Rs. 300 million. Increasing the capital, as I told you, is very necessary for the proper functioning of the DFCC in the present economic context in this country.

Then, Sir, there are also certain minor changes, very minor changes in the construction of the Board of Directors, to which I do not want to refer and waste the time of the House.

Then, Sir, Section 13(2)(b) of the present Law restricts the payment of dividends to shareholders in excess of 12 per cent of the share capital of the Corporation in any year so long as there is outstanding any loan made by the Government to the Corporation.

In the present economic climate, Sir, I think the restriction of dividends to 12 per cent will not enable the DFCC to raise further capital from the private capital market in view of the higher dividends declared by other private companies and higher rates of interest paid by banks. This Section is amended to remove the restriction on the declaration and payment of dividends in excess of twelve per cent.

Then, Sir, Section 14 stipulates a limit of Rs. 72 million for the Government guarantee on loans to the DFCC. This limit on Government guarantee of loans to the DFCC, limiting it to Rs. 72 million is, in my opinion, far too low in the present context. We have to guarantee loans given by the IBRD, by the DEG in Germany, the FMO in the Netherlands, the Commonwealth Finance Corporation in London, large loans. So this is completely inadequate in the present context. The limit fixed by this Section for the Government guarantee of Loans is to be increased to Rs. 3,000 million. An upper limit, however, has been placed on the extent to which the Government could guarantee loans as the Attorney General has ruled that such a limit be placed. In practice the amounts guaranteed will be smaller amounts than Rs. 3,000 million.

Sir, these are the main provisions of this Bill, which I have great pleasure in introducing today to further streamline and expand the scope of activities of the Development Finance Corporation which has indeed played a useful role in the economic development of our country in the last 27 years since it was established in 1955. I commend this amending Bill to the House.

புனிய வலகிழை கரண தே.

எனது எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.

Question proposed.

சுரன் முன்னெடுப்பெனம் மெனா (கலவான)

(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகமா—கலவான)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama—Kalawana)

The Hon. Minister announced that, in respect of the authorised capital and in respect of the Government guarantee on loans from the DFCC, the authorised capital goes up to Rs. 300 million and the Government guarantee goes up to Rs. 3,000 million. Rather astronomical figures, even in these days of inflation! So, I would like to suggest to the Hon. Minister that, in view of the fact that the government is really taking such a large share in the activities of the DFCC, the allocation of shares of the Government should go up to 51 per cent. I think that is the only way in which we

can justify the authorised capital going up to Rs. 300 million and the government guarantee going up to Rs. 3,000 million. So 51 per cent should be the Government part of the share capital.

One more matter, Sir. I would like to urge the Hon. Minister to consider a small matter in respect of the amendments that he proposes to section 10. That is about the period of the shareholder - director's term of office, limiting it to 10 years. There it would be a serious anomaly between the DFCC Bill and the Companies ordinance in this regard. The Companies Ordinance makes certain other provisions in respect of shareholders, particularly with regard to shareholders who are holding office at the time the Ordinance came into force. And I am asking really, Sir, in respect of the directors who are now holding office. Even if they have completed 10 years, if the shareholders want them, to allow them to continue until the age of 70 which is the same as in the case of the Companies Ordinance. After all, they are the Directors elected by the shareholders.

So I would like to ask the Hon. Minister to consider that in respect of the present set of Directors elected by shareholders who are now there.

சுரன் முன்னெடுப்பெனம் மெனா

(திரு. ஆர். ஜே. ஜி. த மெல்)

(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

A number of them are over 70 years.

சுரன் முன்னெடுப்பெனம் மெனா

(திரு. சரத் முத்தேட்டுவெகமா)

(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

If they are 70 years, then that would be the limit. But in respect of the present shareholders, they have been doing some useful work, and I do not think the Hon. Minister will want to guillotine them all with this 10 year rule—the present set. So the Hon. Minister might make an exception for the present set of Directors elected by shareholders.

When I referred to the other matter the Hon. Minister was doing something else and perhaps missed the point. That is, that the government allocation should be 51 per cent.

சுரன் முன்னெடுப்பெனம் மெனா

(திரு. ஆர். ஜே. ஜி. த மெல்)

(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

I would very much like to do so, but I have no power to do so. The finance structure of the DFCC is largely determined by contributions from the World Bank, the IFC, the DEG, in Germany, the FMO in the Netherlands, and the Commonwealth Development Finance Corporation in Britain. It is largely with their capital that they are carrying on, and the government share is very small. And unless we work in co-operation with these international financial institutions, they

[ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා]

would not go along with us. We have tried to make certain changes, but those institutions I mentioned are not prepared to go along with us, unless there is a high percentage of private sector capital. Those financial institutions consider this as a private sector financial institution rather than a government institution.

සරත් මුත්තේටුවෙගම මහතා

(*ති.රු. ජාත් ප්‍රාථමික සේවකයා*)
(Mr. Sarath Muttetuwegama)

What about the shareholders ?

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා

(*ති.රු. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ.*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

I will consider that later.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(*ති.රු. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකොඩි*)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Mr. Speaker, I think no one is going to be against the amendments that have been brought before the House. But I think the Hon. Minister was quite frank when he said that the World Bank and all the other international institutions which wish to contribute would like to have this as a private sector organization. And if that is so, if that is going to be the diktat of the World Bank, then I think the safeguards have to come where the government is concerned. Because when I say the government it does not only mean where the financial structure of this particular Bank is concerned, but it would also mean the activities of the Bank – that is, the very activities that the Bank is going to undertake very soon. We might get caught to this massive world recession that is going on.

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා

(*ති.රු. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ.*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

We are already caught

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(*ති.රු. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකොඩි*)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

We are caught in that.

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා

(*ති.රු. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ.*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

We have been caught for the last three years. I have been functioning as Finance Minister for the last five years in the midst of the biggest world recession since 1932.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(*ති.රු. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකොඩි*)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I quite appreciate the Hon. Finance Minister is in a very very difficult position. And I have always been

saying in this house quite categorically that we have to see when the 1983 budget comes what format it will take, and I shudder to think when the Hon. Finance Minister –

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා

(*ති.රු. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ.*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

I do not mind exchanging places with the hon. Member at any time if he is the shadow Finance Minister of the next government.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(*ති.රු. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකොඩි*)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

We have no shadow Ministers, Sir. But anyway, my submission is this. With this huge recession that is going on, if we are going to be committed hundred per cent to the private sector and less to the public sector of this country, I think the Hon. Finance Minister owes a duty to this House to let us know what the new policy of the Bank is when it expands, financially and otherwise, with regard to the directorate and what the the new policy is going to be with regard to loans.

What is the new policy going to be with regard to the loans that are to be given out? I see the Hon. Minister of Industries here. Now, he has his private sector industries as well as his public sector industries. Also there are so many other organizations in this country. Various Ministries have their own private sector organizations for banking operations, finance, trade and so on – they have all gone into the private sector, but within its own Ministry.

Now let us take a sector like the Free Trade Zone. Have we pumped any money into the Free Trade Zone and if so, what percentage of this capital that is going into the DFCC will be pumped in? Secondly, what percentage will go into the FIAC projects? What is the percentage that will go to the FIAC projects which are outside the Free Trade Zone? Thirdly, there is also the LIAC sector that comes under the Hon. Minister of Industries. What percentage of this money would go to the LIAC projects? Then there are other service sectors like the Hon. Prime Minister's House building sector. Therefore, it means a lot of thought has to go into this and there should be a control exercised by the Hon. Minister of Finance, because he is ultimately responsible with regard to the DFCC, where the members of this House are concerned. Therefore, I think he should be strengthened –

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා

(*ති.රු. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ. ජ්‍යෙ.*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

With your permission, Sir, although I am ultimately responsible to this House for the activities of the DFCC, I have absolutely no control over the DFCC on

the basis in which it has been constituted because the funding has come from international financial institutions like the World Bank, the IFC, the Commonwealth Development Finance Corporation, the DEG and the FMO in the Netherlands. They are the main financiers and it is a condition of their finance that the DFCC remains a largely private sector organization in which the government should not have a controlling interest, and even Finance Ministers of Socialist Government, semi-Socialist Governments or Feudal Socialist Governments which you had, like Dr. N. M. Perera and Mr. Felix R. D. Bandaranaike could not get them to change their conditions. You cannot get them to change their conditions.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(*ශ්‍රී. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකොදි*)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I know that, Sir.

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා

(*ශ්‍රී. ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ජ. ද මෙල්*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

This is the pattern all over the world. There are similar institutions all over the Third World countries financed by these same institutions and they insist on this set up.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා

(*ශ්‍රී. ලක්ෂ්මන් ඉයාකොදි*)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Therefore, will the Hon. Minister at least let us know, let this House know – I am not going to ask him to interfere with their lending policy and things like that – to whom these loans have gone because that is a very important sector ?

Sir, he was not talking of the small-scale industries, small businessmen in this country, the small industrialists, the small manufacturers. I would like to know the percentage that these small people get ? To my mind, when I see the development of banking in this country, especially for the last five years, I feel that a massive percentage has gone into trade and commerce, rather than to the industrial sector for the production sector. The production sector has come down whilst the trade sector has certainly gone up, and as traders are we making the necessary Profits in the trade sector compared with the industrial sector, where there is a substantial increase. We are not. That is the unfortunate situation.

Tea, rubber and coconut are the three products we have and then we have tourism also. Also there are other industries which can be developed but which have not yet been developed. We know what is happening to

the gem trade and some other industries. They are all crashing. So, therefore, let us be careful about the expenditure. I hope the Hon. Minister will ensure that and let this House know what percentage has gone into the various industrial sectors, various trades and commercial sectors and what quantum has gone in so that we may know whether this bank which borrows money from abroad is capable and competent enough to face the recession that is coming.

ආනන්ද දසනායක මහතා (කොත්මලේ)

(*ශ්‍රී. ආනන්ද දසනායක—කොත්මලේ*)
(Mr. Ananda Dassanayake—Kotmale)

ගරු කළානායකතුමනි, ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගේ අවධානය යොමු කරන්න කැමතියි, කාරණා එකක් දෙකක් ගැන “Development Finance Corporation of Ceylon” කියන එක අපි සිංහලට පෙරලුවොත්, සමහර විට ලංකාවේ සංවර්ධනය සඳහා ණය දෙන හෝ මුදල් ආධාර දෙන ආයතනයක් හැටියට නම් කළ හැකියි. මේ ආයතනය සමහර අවස්ථාවලදී වැරදි කර තිබෙනවාය කියන එක පැහැදිලි වෙනවා සමහර කැණවලින්. මම අසාගෙන සිටියා පසුගිය දවසක මේ සභාවේදී කළ කතාවක්. 1981 දෙසැම්බර් 21 වන දින හැන්සාඩ් වාර්තාවේ 4599 වන නිරූපණය මේ ගැන හුඟක් දුරට සඳහන් වෙනවා. මම ඒ සියල්ලම කියන්නේ නැහැ. කොටසක් පමණක් කියවනවා. හැරිස් පත්තුවේ දෙවන ගරු මන්ත්‍රිතුමා (ආර්. පී. විජේසිරි මහතා) විදේශීය බැංකු ගැන ප්‍රශ්නයක් මතු කර තිබෙනවා, මේ විධියට :

“ ගරු ඇමතිතුමාට තවත් එකක් මතක් කරන්න කැමතියි. ලංකාවේ තිබෙන ඔප්පත් වඩා වැඩිදුරට බැංකුව තමයි, ඩී. එස්. ඩී. ඩී. කියන එක.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Development Finance Corporation of Ceylon (DFCC) held on Friday August 7th 1981 a loan of Rs. 2 million was considered for Luxury Management and Investment Ltd.

Although the loan was not approved unanimously and some Directors objected on the grounds of inadequate security, Mr. William Tennekoon, Chairman of the DFCC voting with the majority approved the loan.

One of the Directors of Luxury Management and Investments Ltd., is Mr. A. U. Tennekoon, son of Mr. William Tennekoon, Chairman of DFCC.

Section 9, sub section 6 of the DFCC Act No. 35 of 1955 states ‘The Corporation shall not make an investment in or otherwise transact business with an enterprise in which a Director of the Corporation is a partner, director, or shareholder or is in any other way directly or indirectly interested unless the transaction is unanimously approved by the other Directors of the Corporation.’

Since the loan Rs. 2 million to Luxury Management and Investments Ltd. was not unanimously approved and therefore violates section 9, sub section 6 of the DFCC Act No. 35 of 1955, will the Minister please direct the Attorney General to inquire and report on the matter.

මේක එකක් ; අනිත් එක මෙයයි :”

ගරු මුදල් ඇමතිතුමා මෙයට පිළිතුරු දී තිබෙනවා. මම ඒ කොටසත් කියවන්නම්.

“ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා
(*திரு. ஆர். ஜி. த. மெல்*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

ගරු මන්ත්‍රීතුමා විනාසියක් දුන්නෙන්, ඒ ගැන පොඩි පැහැදිලි කිරීමක් කරන්න.

ආර්. පී. විජේසිරි මහතා
(*திரு. ஆர். பி. விஜேசிரி*)
(Mr. R. P. Wijesiri)
හෙදයි.

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා
(*திரு. ஆர். ஜி. த. மெல்*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

මහ ඩී. එස්. ඩී. ඩී. කියන ආයතනය මගේ අමාත්‍යාංශය යටතේ පාලනය වන ආයතනයක් නොවෙයි. ඒක ගැන කිසිම වගකීමක් මට නැහැ. ඩී. එස්. ඩී. ඩී. ආයතනයේ කොටසක්වත් රජයට නැහැ. එක අතකින් ඒකේ පුද්ගලික අංශයේ කොටස්කරුවන් රාශියක් ඉන්නවා, ඒ ඇරෙන්න වෙමින්ටත් තරගයේ ලෝක බැංකුවේ ශාඛාවක් තැත්නම් කොටසක් වන අයි. එස්. ඩී. — ‘ඉන්ටර් නැෂනල් ෆිනැන්ස් කෝපරේෂන්’ කියන ආයතනයට කොටස් රාශියක් තිබෙනවා. මහා භාණ්ඩාගාරයටවත්, රජයටවත් කොටස් නැහැ. අපට පුළුවන්—තවමත් මට පුළුවන්—ඒ අධ්‍යක්ෂ මණ්ඩලයට එක අධ්‍යක්ෂ වරයෙක් පමණක් පත් කරන්න. මොකද, රජයෙන් ඒ ආයතනයට ණයක් දී තිබෙන නිසා. එපමණයි. දී තිබෙන්නේ. පාලන අංශය ගැන කිසිම වගකීමක් මට දරන්න බැහැ.”

කථානායකතුමා
(*சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்*)
(Mr. Speaker)
Order, please!
The sitting is suspended till 2 p.m.

රැස්වීම ඊට අනුකූලව තාවකාලිකව අත්සිටුවන ලදීත්, අ. හා. 2 ට නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමා [නෝමන් වෙද්‍යාරත්න මහතා] මේ සභාපතිත්වයෙන් නැවත පවත්වන ලදී.

අනුපාද, අග්රාජ්‍ය පී. පී. 2 මණිවතරා ඉඳාදිනුත්තප්පට්ට, ඒර්ට්ටම් ආරම්භයානිත්තු. උප සභානායකර් අචර්කර් [திரு. நேரமன் வைத்யரத்ன] තබමෙ ඛසිත්තාර්කර්.

Sitting accordingly suspended till 2 p.m. and then resumed.
MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER (Mr. Norman Waidyaratna) in the Chair.

නිවේදනය
අறிකිප්පු
ANNOUNCEMENT

කැස්බෑව පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රී ධර්මසේන ආටිගල මහතාගේ ඉල්ලා අස්වීම

கெஸ்பாவ பாராளுமன்ற அங்கத்தவர் திரு. தர்மசேன ஆட்டிக்குல அவர்களின் ராஜினாமா

RESIGNATION OF MR. DHARMASENA ATTYGALLE, MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT FOR KESBEWA

නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමා
(*பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்*)
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)

The Secretary-General of Parliament has received a letter from Mr. Dharmasena Attygalle, Member of Parliament for Kesbewa which will now be read to Parliament.

අනතුරුව පහත සඳහන් ලිපිය මහලේකම් විසින් කියවන ලදී: *அதன்மேல் செயலாளர் அறிபதி பின்வரும் கடிதத்தை வாசித்தார் :*

Whereupon the Secretary-General read the following letter :

“මධ්‍යතන,
පිලියනදල,
1982 නොවැම්බර් 06.

මහ ලේකම්තුමා,
පාර්ලිමේන්තුව,
ශ්‍රී ජයවර්ධනපුර,
කෝට්ටේ.

හිතවත් මහත්මයාණෙනි,

ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ්ඩුක්‍රම ව්‍යවස්ථාවේ 66 ආ ව්‍යවස්ථාව යටතේ මා නියෝජනය කරන කැස්බෑව ආසන යෙන් වහාම ක්‍රියාත්මක වන පරිදි ඉල්ලා අස්වන බව මෙයින් දන්වමි.

මෙයට හිතවත්

ධර්මසේන ආටිගල,
කැස්බෑව පාර්ලිමේන්තු මන්ත්‍රී.”

ලංකාවේ සංවර්ධන මුදල් සංස්ථා (සංශෝධන) පනත් කෙටුම්පත

இலங்கை அபிவிருத்தி நிதிக்க கூட்டுத்தாபனம் (திருத்தம்) சட்டமூலம்

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION OF CEYLON (AMENDMENT) BILL

ආනන්ද දසනායක මහතා (කොත්මලේ)
(*திரு. ஆனந்த தஸநாயக்க—கொத்தமலே*)
(Mr. Ananda Dassanayake—Kotmale)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, මම කියාගෙන ආවේ මේ සංවර්ධන මුදල් සංස්ථාව රටට ඉතාම වැදගත් ආයතනයක් හැටියට අපි සලකන බවයි. දැනට අවුරුදු 30 කට කිව්වු කාලයක් තිස්සේ මේ ආයතනය ලංකාවේ පැවතගෙන එනවා. මෙම ආයතනය සංශෝධනය කිරීම සඳහා ගරු මුදල් ඇමතිතුමා ගත් උත්සාහය ඉතාම වැදගත් කොට සලකන්නට පුළුවනි. ඇත්ත වශයෙන්ම මෙතරම් වැදගත් ආයතනයක් සම්බන්ධ බලතල මෙතෙක් කල් රජයට එහෙම තැත්නම් ගරු මුදල් ඇමතිතුමාට කැනි විම ගැන, තොතිබීම ගැන විශේෂ යෙන් අපි කණගාටු විය යුතුයි. ඒ වරද නිවැරදි කිරීමටයි, සංශෝධනය කිරීමටයි මේ ලංකාවේ සංවර්ධන මුදල් සංස්ථා (සංශෝධන) පනත් කෙටුම්පත ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබෙන්නේ. එයින් සංශෝධන කීපයක් ඇති වෙනවා.

මා කලින් පෙන්වා දුන් පරිදි සමහර අවස්ථාවල සංස්ථාවේ ව්‍යවස්ථාව උල්ලංඝනය කරමින් අධ්‍යක්ෂ මණ්ඩලය කටයුතු කර තිබෙනවා. මේ වාගේ ආයතනයක සේවය කරන්නට සුදුසු ආර්ථික විශේෂඥයන් වැනි ඉතාමත් දක්ෂ බුද්ධිමත් අය මේ රටේ කොතෙක් සිටියත් ඒ අයට අවස්ථාවක් නොදී මේ මුලදී පත් වෙන—“ෂෙය, හෝල්ඩර්ස්ලා”—කොටස්කරුවන් විය පටන් ගත් දවසේ සිට අද වන තුරුම ඒ තනතුරුවල ඉන්නවා. මේ නිසා තවත් කෙනෙකුට සේවයක් කරන්නට අවස්ථාවක් ලැබෙන්නේ නැහැ. ඒ අවස්ථාව ලබා දීම සඳහා ගරු මුදල් ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබෙන මේ සංශෝධනය ඉතාමත් වැදගත් වෙනවා. පසු

ගිය කාලයේ තිබුණේ අධ්‍යක්ෂ මණ්ඩලය කාල නියමයක් නැතිව සේවය කිරීමේ ක්‍රමයකි. යම් අධ්‍යක්ෂවරයෙක් අවුරුදු 10 ක් සේවය කළා නම් ඒ අධ්‍යක්ෂවරයාට නැවතත් සේවය කිරීමට අවස්ථාවක් නොලැබෙන හැටියටයි, මෙය සකස් කර තිබෙන්නේ. ඇත්ත වශයෙන්ම අධ්‍යක්ෂවරයෙකුගේ සේවා කාලය අවුරුදු 8 කට පමණ සීමා වෙනවා නම් ඒ තරමට හොඳ බවයි, මගේ අදහස. ඒ අධ්‍යක්ෂවරු පසුගිය කාලයේ කර තිබෙන සමහර වැරදි කර තිබෙන්නේ, සේවා කාලය දිග වැඩි නිසා වෙන්ව ඇති. මේ පනත් කෙටුම්පතේ 5 වැනි වගන්තියේ (3) වැනි උප වගන්තියේ—ඉංග්‍රීසි පිටපතේ 3 වැනි පිටුවේ—මේ විධියට සඳහන් වෙනවා :

“(3) by the substitution, in subsection (5) of that section for the words “be citizens of Sri Lanka.” of the words “be citizens of Sri Lanka. No shareholder-director shall hold office for a continuous period of more than ten years.”

මේ පනත් කෙටුම්පතේ ඇති ඉතාම වැදගත් සංශෝධනය එයයි. එම නිසා මම මගේ ස්තූතිය නිමි කරනවා, ගරු මුදල් ඇමතිතුමාට. ඒ සමහර මම ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා, පුළුන්කමක් තිබෙනවා නම් ඒ කාලය තවත් අවුරුදු 2 කින් කපන්නය කියා.

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා
(*திரு. ஆர். ஜி. த. மெல்*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

I will accept his amendment if the hon. Member will curtail his speech.

ආනන්ද දසනායක මහතා
(*திரு. ஆனந்த தஸநாயக்க*)
(Mr. Ananda Dassanayake)

මුදල් ඇමතිතුමා ඒ දෙන උපදේශය මම පිළිගන්නවා. ඊළඟට 6 වැනි වගන්තියේ (2) වැනි උප වගන්තියේ මේ විධියට සඳහන් වෙනවා.

“(1) the Corporation shall set aside in each year in a special reserve fund a sum equal to not less than twenty per centum to the net profits of the Corporation as shown in the Corporation's financial statement for that year, until the amount so set aside equals the amount of the Government loan then outstanding.”

ඒ කියන්නේ, ඇත්ත වශයෙන්ම සංස්ථාවට ලැබෙන ලාභයෙන් 20% ක ප්‍රමාණයක් ඉතිරි කිරීමක් වශයෙන් තබනවා. එය රටේ මුදල් තත්ත්වයේ ආරක්ෂාවට විශාල ආධාරයක් වෙනවා.

මේ සංස්ථාව ඉතාමත් වැදගත් ආයතනයක් හැටියට සලකන්න ඕනෑ. මේ ආයතනයෙන් අපේ රටේ සංවර්ධනයට—විදේශ සංවර්ධනයටත් සමහර විට මෙයින් කොටසක් යනවා—විශාල සේවයක් මෙයින් සැලසෙනවා. එම නිසා අපේ රටේ සංවර්ධනය සඳහා මේ ආයතනයෙන් ලබා ගන්නා තිබෙන මුදල් හැසියෙන් හා කාර්යක්ෂම තත්ත්වයෙන් ලබා ගැනීම සඳහා හොඳ අධ්‍යක්ෂ මණ්ඩලයක් මේ ආයතනයට පත් වෙනවා ඇතැයි මා බලාපොරොත්තු වෙනවා.

ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා
(*திரு. ஆர். ஜி. த. மெல்*)
(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I must thank the hon. Members for Kalawana, Attanagalla and Kotmale for their very valuable comments.

So far as the comment made by the hon. Member for Attanagalla is concerned, the DFCC does not finance any GCEC projects. The DFCC is strictly confined to local, Sri Lankan projects. So the money of the DFCC is not given for foreign projects or to foreigners.

Then the DFCC has not financed any pure trade and commerce projects. It is the export oriented industry, agriculture, tourism and that type of thing. No pure trade and commerce project has been financed by the DFCC.

The DFCC only lends to the local private sector, the Sri Lankan private sector. After I became Minister of Finance I made special efforts to reorientate their lending, as far as possible within my own powers, towards the small and medium sectors rather than the large sectors of this country. Today the medium sector takes about 80 per cent of all the loans and the small sector about 10 per cent because the demand has not really been generated.

With regard to the breakdown, of loans as notice has not been given of this question, I cannot give an absolutely clear cut breakdown, but as far as possible I tried to get the figures. The breakdown of loans according to the different categories is : Industry, other than small scale sector, about 49 per cent ; Small scale industry 10 per cent ; Hotels and tourism 38 per cent—really a large percentage has gone to hotels and tourism ; Agriculture and animal husbandary—I am very sorry to say it is rather small—only 3 per cent. This makes up to 100 per cent.

As regards the suggestion made by the hon. Member for Kotmale (Mr. Ananda Dassanayake) that I should reduce the term of office for directors to eight years, I am personally inclined to agree with him, and I may accept an amendment to make it eight years.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහායමත විය.
පනත් කෙටුම්පත ඊට අනුකූලව දෙවන වර කියවන ලදී.

භිෂ්‍ය ඕර්දුකර්වරු, ඉරිතුරුකොළාභ්වරු.
අතර්පාදි, ජාත්‍යන්තර මුදල් මණ්ඩලයේ මුදල් මණ්ඩලයේ පවරුණු.

Question put. and agreed to.

Bill accordingly read a Second time.

මතු පලවන යෝජනාව සහායමත විය :
“පනත් කෙටුම්පත පූර්ණ පාර්ලිමේන්තු කාරක සභාවකට පැවරිය යුතුය.”—[ආර්. ජේ. ජී. ද මැල් මහතා.]

නිර්මාණිකර්වරු :
“ජාත්‍යන්තර මුදල් මණ්ඩලයේ මුදල් මණ්ඩලයේ පවරුණු.” [திரு. ஆர். ஜி. த. மெல்]

Resolved :
“That the Bill be referred to a committee of the Whole House.”—(Mr. R. J. G. de Mel)

the year 1979. I see the hon. Deputy Minister is here now. We were making use of this particular report so that he may analyse it in detail, and then we also could use this analysis. I must say that certain important queries that were raised by the Auditor-General at a later date helped in making a useful analysis and a good dissection of what the Ministries should do not only with regard to this particular corporation but with regard to all corporations that come within the purview of the Auditor-General's Report. I do not want to deal at length with this subject because if the hon. Deputy Minister is prepared to accept our suggestions, I would like to submit to him how the accounts are kept, how the Auditor-General's remarks and the reply should go to the chairman, and how the Ministry could act through its Secretary to give this House a clear picture of what happens in this particular corporation.

Fortunately, I managed to find the Auditor-General's Report on the accounts of the Sri Lanka Broadcasting Corporation for the year ended 1979. The Auditor-General's number is C-23/A/20(1979) and the Ministry number is BKN/58. I would like to hand it over straightaway to the hon. Deputy Minister and I do not want to table it in this House. This particular report is very unique in the sense that we find a full account of what an auditor does when he examines the books of this particular corporation.

I would like to refer the hon. Deputy Minister to the Auditor-General's Report on the corporation's annual accounts, item 2:5:1, where under (a) the Auditor-General has initialled and said "Check with DP". Then under (b) he says, "Check up with finance" and it goes on like that. There is also an item "the expenditure for the year erroneously included". It says, "Check up with journal entry". Likewise, you get all the queries that have been gone into, and what the chairman or the director-general who is in charge of the subject or the accountant in charge of the subject should do, thereby giving a very clear picture of what is happening in this corporation.

Therefore, I do not wish to deal with this at length, as I mentioned. But I think this is a unique and genuine case which the Auditor-General, the corporation as well as all those who are involved in the finances of the corporation should go into and study so that they will not make any mistakes and so that they will be able to make available all particulars regarding this corporation to the committee on Public Enterprises set up under the Constitution, which, I must say, is doing an excellent job where the corporations are concerned. There are one or two matters that I would like to bring to your notice as to what happens here.

Paragraph 3:20 of this report says:

"Documents and information not rendered: The following documents have not been rendered for audit:

(i) 222 Nos. paid vouchers totalling Rs. 2,989,630.83;"

Those have not been submitted for audit. But I find in the book which was printed subsequently that the number of paid vouchers had come down to 155, totalling about Rs. 350,000. You see the difference between the original audit and the subsequent audit. Originally when the audit checked they found 222 vouchers totalling almost Rs. 3 million where no authority had been given. This is the sort of thing, I think, the Ministry should go into to find out as to how these differences have taken place.

Then there is paragraph 3:18:61:

"Creation of New Posts in 1980:

It was observed that the following posts had been created in 1980 contrary to the Cabinet decision dated 1980.01.16 which prohibited the creation of new posts for that year".

They have created without Cabinet sanction the posts of Deputy Director-General (Administration & Finance), Deputy Director-General (Programmes), Deputy Director-General (Regional Stations), Director-Education Services, Assistant Transport Foreman (Ruhunu Sevaya), Administrative Officer, Director-Animation, Additional Director-General, Controller, Security, Chief Engineer, Director-English Services (National), Director-English Services (Commercial), Assistant Director-Middle East Services, Civil Engineering Consultant (Contract), Advisor to the Director (News).

All these posts have been created and the salary scales attached to the posts are all over Rs. 1,500. The corporation decided to create these posts, but without any Cabinet sanction. Now, Sir, You are aware that to create a post on a salary scale over a particular amount Cabinet sanction has to be taken.

On another occasion, Sir, in a subsequent year, 1980, Rs. 4.2 million has been paid to a company called Design Group Five to make plans and estimates. There has not been any token vote, and Cabinet approval also has not been taken, but Rs. 4.2 million has been paid to Design Group Five.

Millions and millions of rupees are being spent like this without Cabinet sanction. It is a very serious matter.

There is another section which I would like to read.

"3:16-Irregularities in the award of tenders: (iv) Since the value of this supply and services exceeded Rs. 500,000 the approval of the Board should have been obtained for both the acceptance of the offer and also for deviation from the tender procedure before it was acted upon. This has not been done. Only the approval of the Tender Board had been obtained. Besides this the tender had not been reported to the Cabinet of Ministers in terms of the Cabinet Conclusion of 1978.04.26, since its value exceeded Rs. 1 million."

In the same way, Sir, you find there has been printing and supply of corporation diaries, and as far as that is concerned no Cabinet sanction has been taken and monies have been expended without any consultation with the authorities concerned.

[සේවයේ ජයගොඩ ගෙන.]

I feel, Sir, that this corporation should be thoroughly investigated. I am not casting any aspersions on any person in this corporation, but once you see this report you feel that there are so many involvements that have taken place that you cannot pinpoint them and fix responsibility on any individual as having made these irregular payments.

There has been an occasion where a Regular Army Officer has been employed by the corporation.

“ A captain of the Regular Army—now he is a temporary major according to the report—had been appointed Director (Security) of the corporation with effect from 1.4.79. Consequent to a Cabinet Conclusion of 13.2.80 arising out of the findings of the Political Victimization Committee Report, this officer, who was compulsorily retired from the Sri Lanka Army, had been reinstated in the Sri Lanka Army along with five others. Accordingly he assumed duties in the Regular Army on 10.3.80 and was paid the salary and allowances with retrospective effect from 1.1.80. According to the information furnished by the Commander of the Sri Lanka Army, this officer had been paid salary and allowances by the Army from 1.1.80 to 31.7.80. Since this officer had not relinquished his appointment as the Director (Security) of the corporation at the time he was reinstated in the Army, he continued to draw his salary and allowances and enjoy other perquisites from the corporation as well for this period.”

Now he gets double pay. The army pays him and the corporation pays him.

Likewise I think, there are many shortcomings in payments of monthly allowances to engineers. There is a massive query on that.

Next I wish to refer to the award of television sets and cassette recorders to employees. Somewhere in the report it says they cannot trace where these cassette recorders and television sets are. They have been just doled out to various people.

Therefore, Sir, I think the Minister should be more careful in submitting reports of this nature. We are being asked to approve this report in spite of the fact that the Auditor-General says that he is not satisfied with the accounts. I do not know whether we should really accept this report, whether we are in a position to accept this report, when the Auditor-General says that he is “unable to state that the accounts of the Sri Lanka Broadcasting Corporation for the year 1979 have been satisfactorily prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles”.

So are we going to accept it? Do you think we should accept it? Does the Minister want us to accept it? I think this would be a very good guideline for future reports that are being placed in this House. If the Auditor-General says that it is not satisfactorily prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles, I feel that it is not proper for us to accept such a report. Anyway, this is a case in point which I want to show this House, and I hope the Hon. Minister will go into this thoroughly and clean up the place.

Very soon there will be the Referendum. We heard the other day from the Hon. Prime Minister that various allegations had been made to him. All the parties in this country have already writtin to His Excellency, President J. R. Jayewardene regarding this Referendum. We will be writing to him regarding the subject of propaganda. The other day the Hon. Prime Minister mentioned that the television and the radio would be available. We have already written to His Excellency about this, asking him to postpone all these elections; that is what we debated yesterday. I just want to mention this. The Sri Lanka Freedom Party, the Communist Party of Sri Lanka, the Mahajana Eksath Peramuna, the Lanka Sama Samaja Party, the Lanka Jathika Peramuna, the Democratic Workers Congress, the Nawa Sama Samaja Party, the All Ceylon Tamil Congress, the Democratic National Front have all written to His Excellency the President that they be given a chance of making propaganda through the radio as well as television. Therefore, we would like this particular organization, especially because it concerns mass media and is run with the money of the nationals of this country, to be extra careful in how they dole out money for such purposes.

එම්. එල්. එම්. අබුසාලි මහතා (ත්‍රිකෝණ මහලේ සංවර්ධන අමතීනුමා)

(ஜனாப் எம். எல். எம். அபுசாலி—மகாவலி அபிவிருத்திப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. M. L. M. Aboosally—Deputy Minister of Mahaweli Development)

I do not want to make any comments on the accounts. The hon. Member for Attanagalla Mr. Lakshman Jayakody, has done so, and I am sure the Hon. Minister and his able Deputy will be quite capable of handling the matter. In any case, these are accounts for 1979 and I have certain suggestions and comments to make now that the Deputy Minister is here. I hope he will take note of it and try to rectify it because these are certain problems my electorate as well as the Ratnapura District especially are undergoing on the newly opened National Television Service. I am taking this matter under this Report because the 1979 Report also includes the Television Project. I understand subsequently a new Board has been set up and their report might come in a year or two.

In this connection, I would like to bring to the notice of the Hon. Minister through you that the reception of the Rupavahini Transmission Service is very unsatisfactory in the Balangoda area. I understand that all radio waves in the very high frequency, V.H.F. should have a direct line between the transmitting antenna and the receiving antenna. This means that there should not be any obstruction by way of mountains and obstacles like that. Unfortunately, there are several sites in Ceylon which they call shadow areas. Balangoda, Ratnapura, Embilipitiya, Badulla, Deniyaya and Kandy are some of them which have

been pointed out in 1978 by the Japanese Team of Experts that came here. They have mentioned these in their report. In the case of Kandy, which I suppose is due to its importance, they have got a separate transmitting station. Also to give a better reception to Jaffna they have gone out of the way to have a transmitting station at Kokuvil as a booster station, and they have forgotten to do anything about the bad reception at Ratnapura, Balangoda, Embilipitiya, Badulla, and Deniyaya. The people living in these areas also would like to enjoy the Rupavahini Service as well as the I.T.N. that is ready. If the Government does not take steps to have a few more additional transmitting stations to boost the reception, I am afraid, the people in these areas will not be able to enjoy this very fine service that the Hon. Minister and the Government have introduced.

The hon. Member for Attanagalla was speaking about ten parties who were trying to make use of the television and the radio services for propaganda. I am afraid, people living in our areas will miss this nice show! I would earnestly request the Hon. Minister to please make a note of this, because there are many people in our areas, especially in Ratnapura, Badulla, Pelmadulla and Embilipitiya, who are capable of having not 12 inch and 14 inch television but 27 inch television, or even bigger models than that because they have the money, but as reception is very bad they will be left out.

Then, I would like also to bring to the notice of the Hon. Deputy Minister, and through him the Department, about another matter that has been brought to my notice by several Muslim organizations. You will find, Sir, in the report that the English Service provides two hundred hours per week in the SLBC, the Sinhala Service has 224 hours, the Tamil Service, excluding Telegu Malayalam and Karnatam, have 151 hours allotted to them. You will find from this, Sir, that only ten hours per week are allotted for Muslim programmes.

உன் டி கருணரத்ன மனா (நிலைமர் உயர் அமைச்சர்)
(திரு. சந்திர கருணரத்ன—இராசாங்கப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)
(Mr. Chandra Karunaratne—Deputy Minister of State)

Sir, they are languages. Muslim is a religion.

உ. ம. உ. ம. அபூசாலி மனா
(ஐ. எம். எல். எம். அபூசாலி)
(Mr. M. L. M. Aboosally)

I am not speaking of religion. I will come to that later.

உன் டி கருணரத்ன மனா
(திரு. சந்திர கருணரத்ன)
(Mr. Chandra Karunaratne)

If you take medium-wise it is English, Sinhala and Tamil. Then you must have Hindu, Christian, Roman Catholic and so on.

உ. ம. உ. ம. அபூசாலி மனா
(ஐ. எம். எல். எம். அபூசாலி)
(Mr. M. L. M. Aboosally)

I will come to that. I will show you later when the religious service programmes are there. You have the "Ilangai" Service, special service. You have separate services like that. But I am here bringing to your notice the representations made to me by several organizations that the ten hours per week allotted for Muslim programmes is insufficient, that it is a very useful programme.

You will find, Sir—I do not mind telling you; you also have many Muslims in your electorate—you will find, that in many Muslim Schools we are unable to study the religion of Islam which is compulsory, because the Government has not provided the Moulavi teachers. This programme is being made use of by school children to cover that gap. And this ten hours per week is hardly sufficient because there are other matters of importance to Muslims which are also covered within these ten hours. Therefore, I would request you, Sir, to give your consideration to increasing primarily these ten hours to twenty hours per week. This would serve not only the students, but also the others who are very keen on listening to this service.

Then, I have another matter which I would like to bring to your notice with regard to the Ratnapura Broadcasting Centre or station, which has been under construction for quite some time. I would like you to get this completed early and also to start a service there, because Ratnapura has certain matters which are peculiar to it. We would like to encourage the Sabaragamuwa *netum*, for instance songs and other features which are very peculiar to the Sabaragamuwa Province. That is one. The other thing is, beyond Ratnapura the reception is very poor. During day time we can hardly hear except the programmes of channel 2. We find channel 1 very difficult to get. Even in the evenings, beyond Ratnapura the reception is poor. If you bring the Ratnapura substation into operation soon and also start a service like the one at the Ruhuna or Anuradhapura, a service peculiar to Ratnapura like the Ruwan Service, it will be very helpful. (Interruption). Maybe a gem service, and you will definitely have gems from that District. (Interruption) Yes. Both men and women, who are really gems.

The other matter I want to bring to your notice, Sir, refers to the obituary notices read out through the SLBC, especially where Muslim names are concerned. Here sometimes announcers are Tamils and they mispronounce the names, and this has created a lot of problems. There are names like "Thaha". It is pronounced "Daha". If a "Thaha" passes off in Galle, there will be problems. In the same way, the Hon. Speaker's name "Bakeer" is not pronounced properly in the Tamil language by the Tamils because there is no

[එම්. එච්. එම්. අබ්දුලි මහතා]

“bayana”, there is no “ba” in the Tamil language. They say “Pakeer”. There is a lot of difference between “Pakeer” and “Bakeer”. Pakeer is quite different from Bakeer. Likewise, “Badurdeen” is pronounced “Padurdeen”. These things will not happen if the obituary notices of Muslims are announced by Muslim announcers.

As you are aware, Sir, the names in Arabic connote certain meanings. They are connected with the Holy Prophet and the saints. Therefore, mispronunciation gives a wrong meaning and sometimes tend to malign the religious personalities and objects therein. I am sure there are many Muslim announcers in the SLBC and many of them are on a casual basis. They can be made use of to rectify this matter.

Another matter that I wish to bring to your notice is about the programme “Ukwatul Islam”. This programme has been going on for the last 20 or 25 years. It has been produced by one Mr. M. M. Mohamed, a versatile and well known Muslim teacher. He knows both his Tamil and Sinhala and he has written several books. Here again, only half an hour has been allowed to him for this service. This service becomes useful to the students. I would like the Hon. Minister to make a note of this and see that this service is extended.

Another matter that I would like to bring to your notice is that there is no panel to scrutinise the Muslim programmes that are broadcast in Sinhalese under the Muslim service. If anybody sends an article to the SLBC, it is just read out. There have been instances where certain important matters have been misrepresented. This will not happen if you have a panel of Muslims to go through and scrutinise them before they are broadcast.

I would also like to bring to your notice the necessity to have an estate service in the SLBC for the estate Tamil population. I would earnestly request you to consider a Tamil service especially for the estate workers. They have different customs and a culture of their own which is quite different to the culture of the Batticaloa and Jaffna Tamils. They have their “sami kumpudu” on the estate, as the Hon. Minister will know. He comes from a planting area and is a planter himself. These people through their trade unions have brought to my notice that they would like to have a service of their own, and there are very talented young Tamils on the estates who can contribute to this programme.

I do not want to take any more of your time. These are small matters which I thought I should bring to your notice, because several representations have been made regarding these matters for a long time. I am sure the Hon. Deputy Minister will look into them.

චන්ද්‍රා කරුණාරත්න මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය රාජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමා)

(*திரு சந்திரா கருணாரத்ன—இராசாங்கப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்*)
(Mr. Chandra Karunaratne—Deputy Minister of State)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, ශ්‍රී ලංකා ගුවන් විදුලි සංස්ථාව ගැනත්, එහි මුදල් කටයුතු සම්බන්ධවත්, හාදිස්පත්තුවේ දෙවන ගරු මන්ත්‍රිතුමාත් (ආර්. ඩී. විජේසිරි මහතා) අත්තනලේලේ ගරු මන්ත්‍රිතුමාත් (ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා) කරුණු ඉදිරිපත් කළා. මම මගේ වචන ස්වල්පය කියන්නට පෙර සඳහන් කරන්න ඕනෑ මේ ගුවන් විදුලි සංස්ථාවේ 1977 අවුරුද් දේදී මිලියන්ස් 4.78 ක පාඩුවක් තිබුණු බව. 1978 දී මිලියන්ස් 22.49 ක ලාභයක් ලැබුණා.

In 1978 there was a profit of Rs. 22.4 million, in 1979 a profit of Rs. 15.82 million, in 1980 a profit of Rs. 16.58 million and in 1981 there was a profit of Rs. 10.7 million. Up to 1978, this Corporation had been running at a terrific loss and the treasury has been giving money for it to be run. Also, in July 1979 there was a salary increase of 40 per cent and in 1982 there is a salary increase of 30 per cent.

දැනට අවුරුදු දෙකකට පමණ ඉහත කාලයේ ගුවන් විදුලි සංස්ථාවේ පළපුරුදු එකවුත්ටන්ට්ටි කෙනෙක් හිටියේ නැහැ. ඒ නිසාම මුදල් ගණන් හිලවී හරියට නැතැ වේ ටාජ්නාව ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමට ප්‍රමාද වී තිබෙන්නේ. නමුත් දැන් අවුරුද්දක දෙකක පමණ සිට වාට්ටි එකවුත්ටන්ට්ටි කෙනෙක් අරන් තිබෙනවා. මා ගිහනවා අර සඳහන් වුණු වචනවලට මගේ දේවල් එහි නැතිවා නොවෙයි. ඒවා සොයාගන්න බැරිව තිබෙනවා හරියාකාරව. ගණන් පරීක්ෂා කරන අය සංස්ථාවේ නොසිටි නිසා, ඒවා ඉදිරිපත් කර නැතැයි කියා මම විශ්වාස කරනවා.

විශේෂයෙන්ම “ඩිසයින් ගෘප් 5 ප්‍රවෘත්ති” සම්බන්ධව හාදිස්පත්තුවේ දෙවන ගරු මන්ත්‍රිතුමාත්, අත්තන ගාල්ලේ ගරු මන්ත්‍රිතුමාත් කිවවා ලක්ෂ ගණනක් මේකට වියදම් කළා කියා.

ආනන්ද දසනායක මහතා

(*திரு. ஆனந்த தஸநாயக்க*)
(Mr. Ananda Dassanayake)

පිළිවෙළ කරන්න විගණකාධිපතිතුමා ඉල්ලා තිබියදී තවමත් දිලා නැහැ, 1977 ත් 1978 ත්.

චන්ද්‍රා කරුණාරත්න මහතා

(*திரு. சந்திரா கருணாரத்ன*)
(Mr. Chandra Karunaratne)

That is because they do not have an accountant. So, now, we are trying to get an accountant to go into these matters and I hope in the near future we will be able to present these accounts as well.

Regarding Design Group 5, I wish to mention that this building where the Sri Lanka Broadcasting Corporation is housed could accommodate about 250 people, but it accommodates over 2,000 people now. So, with the consent of the Ministry, the Corporation has decided to put up a new building. The hon. Member for

Attangalla (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody) should know that, before the construction of a building starts, the plans should be drawn and approval of the UDA and the Municipality should be obtained. I think we are going ahead with the work now.

Then, as you know we have 270 hours of broadcasting, which includes Tamil, English, Overseas and so on. Therefore, a new studio is very essential. I think the hon. Member for Balangoda mentioned about Rupavahini. We are aware that we do not get a proper reception in certain parts of Sri Lanka. As you know this is a Japanese gift, and we went into it with the money that was available; we started this on their recommendation. I wish to say that we are going into this matter and in the near future it will be in order.

Also, with regard to allocating more time for Muslim services, the Hon. Minister is going into this matter. As you know, we have the English, Tamil and Sinhala Services and we also have times allocated for religious programmes in Buddhism, Hinduism and so on. So, we should increase the times proportionately, and I think the Sri Lanka Broadcasting Corporation is going into this matter.

ඒ වාගේම මේ අවස්ථාවේ සඳහන් කරන්න ඕනෑ ගුවන් විදුලි සංස්ථාව අළුත් වැඩපිළිවෙලක් පටන් ගෙන තිබෙන බව, රජරට සේවය, රුහුණ සේවය දැනට ක්‍රියාත්මක කර තිබෙනවා. ඒ වාගේම සෙන්කඩගල අපි සේවයක් පටන් ගන්න යනවා. යාපනේත් අපි දැන් ගොඩනැගිලි ඉදිකරල ලකදීම සේවයක් ආරම්භ කරන්නට බලාපොරොත්තුවෙනවා. එනිසා මේ ගැන මන්ත්‍රී ටැන් සඳහන් කළ කරුණු ඇමතිතුමාගේ අවධානයට යොමු කර මේ ගණන් හිලව් වල යම්කිසි අඩුපාඩුවක් තිබෙනවා නම් ඒවා සියල්ලක්ම සකස් කර ඊලඟට ඉදිරිපත් කරන්නට බලාපොරොත්තු වෙනවා කියමින් මගේ වචන ස්වල්පය අවසන් කරනවා.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
ඹිඟු ඹිඳුකුප්පට්ටු, ආණ්ඩුකොළාණප්පට්ටු.
Question put, and agreed to.

ජාතික සත්ව උද්‍යාන පනත් කෙටුම්පත

**தேசிய விலங்கினக் காட்சிச்சாலை சட்டமூலம்
NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS BILL**

දෙවන වර කියවීමේ නියෝගය කියවන ලදී.
இரண்டாம் மதிப்பிற்கான கட்டளை வாசிக்கப்பட்டது.
Order for Second Reading read.

එම්. ඩින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා (පාර්ලිමේන්තු කටයුතු හා ත්‍රිකා ඇමතිතුමා සහ ආණ්ඩු පාර්ශ්වයේ ප්‍රධාන සංවිධායකතුමා)

(திரு. எம். டின்சன் ப் பெரேரா—பாராளுமன்ற அலுவல்கள், விளையாட்டுத்துறை அமைச்சரும் பிரதம அரசாங்கக் கொறடாவும்)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera—Minister of Parliamentary Affairs & Sports and Chief Government Whip)

On behalf of the Minister of State I move,
“That the Bill be now read a Second time”
The Deputy Minister will explain.

වන්දා කරුණාදර්ශන මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය රාජ්‍ය ඇමති තුමා)
(திரு. சந்திர கருணரத்ன—இராசாங்கப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)
(Mr. Chandra Karunaratne—Deputy Minister of State)

Sir, this is a Bill to give statutory authority to the Director. Although the Zoo has been in existence for more than 38 years, there is no legal enactment covering its functions and activities. The zoo has more than 2,000 live exhibits. The value of these exhibits as well as equipment and other State property within the premises is within the region of several million rupees.

The average daily attendance is more than 5,000 persons, including school children. The government is introducing this Bill to give Statutory authority to the Director to safeguard State property, to deal with visitors who violate rules and regulations framed under this Ordinance, and to recover any live exhibits that may escape from or be stolen from the Zoo and are in the possession of any private party.

The recurrent expenditure of the zoo will be met from the Zoo Development and Welfare Fund.

An annual estimate of expenditure will be prepared and submitted for Treasury approval before commencement of operations. Monies recovered for capital expenditure will be provided in the estimates of the Treasury as at present.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
පනත් කෙටුම්පත ඊට අනුකූලව දෙවන වර කියවන ලදී.
ඹිඟු ඹිඳුකුප්පට්ටු ආණ්ඩුකොළාණප්පට්ටු.
அதன்படி, சட்டமூலம் இரண்டாம் முறையாக மதிப்பிடப் பெற்றது.
Question put, and agreed to.

Bill accordingly read a Second time.

මතු පළවන යෝජනාව සහ සම්මත විය :
“පනත් කෙටුම්පත පූර්ණ පාර්ලිමේන්තු කාරක සභාවකට පැවරිය යුතුය.”—[එම්. ඩින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා.]

நிர்மாணிக்கப்பட்டது :
“சட்டமூலம் முழுப்பாராளுமன்றக் குழுவுக்குச் சாட்டப்படுமாக.” [திரு. டின்சன் பெரேரா]

Resolved :
“That the Bill be referred to a Committee of the whole Parliament—(Mr. M. Vincent Perera.)

කාරකසභාවෙහිදී සලකා බලන ලදී.
[නියෝජ්‍ය කමානායකතුමා මූලසනාදය විය.]
குழுவில் ஆராயப்பட்டது.
[செப்திச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் தலைமை வகித்தார்கள்.]
Considered in Committee.
(Mr. DEPUTY SPEAKER in the Chair.)

1 வன வன்கிசெ டெ 14 வன வன்கிசெ தைன் பதை கெடுபி
 பதை கெடுபிசெ டெ 14 வன வன்கிசெ தைன் பதை கெடுபி
 பதை கெடுபிசெ டெ 14 வன வன்கிசெ தைன் பதை கெடுபி
 பதை கெடுபிசெ டெ 14 வன வன்கிசெ தைன் பதை கெடுபி

1 ஆம் வாசகத்திலிருந்து 14 ஆம் வாசகம்வரை சட்டமூலத்தின்
 பகுதியாக இருக்கவேண்டுமென கட்டளையிடப்பட்டது.
 சட்டமூலம் வாசகமும் தலைப்பும் சட்டமூலத்தின் பகுதியாக
 இருக்கவேண்டுமென கட்டளையிடப்பட்டது.
 சட்டமூலம் திருத்தமின்றி அறிக்கை செய்யப்பட்டது.

Clauses 1 to 14 ordered to stand part of the Bill.
 Enacting Clause and Title ordered to stand part of the Bill.
 Bill reported without Amendment.

එම. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
 (திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா)
 (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I move,

"That the Bill be now read the Third time."

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.

පනත් කෙටුපත වට අනුකූල තුන්වන වර කියවා සම්මත කරන
 ලදී.

வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு, ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

அதன்படி, சட்டமூலம் மூன்றாம் முறையாக மீடுப்பிடப்பெற்று
 நிறைவேற்றப்பெற்றது.

Question put, and agreed to.
 Bill accordingly read the Third time, and passed.

සංචාරික සංවර්ධන පනත : නියෝග

உல்லாசப் பிரயாண அபிவிருத்திச் சட்டம்: ஒழுங்குவிதிகள்

TOURIST DEVELOPMENT ACT : REGULATIONS

එම. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
 (திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா)
 (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Minister of State, I move,

"That the Regulations made by the Ceylon Tourist Board, with the
 concurrence of the Minister of State, in terms of sections 77 and 96,
 78 and 96 and 96 of the Tourist Development Act, No. 14 of 1968,
 and published in the Gazette Extraordinary, No. 203/6 of 27.7.1982,
 which were presented on 7th September, 1982, be approved."

Mr. Deputy Speaker, these are Regulations made
 under the Tourist Development Act relating to
 Appellate Tribunal where a user's permit is cancelled,
 Sir. That procedure they should follow in regard to
 appeals.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
 வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு, ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
 Question put, and agreed to.

ශ්‍රේය් සහන දයක ආදාපනත : නියෝගය

கடன் இனக்கக் கட்டளைச் சட்டம்: ஒழுங்குவிதி

DEBT CONCILIATION ORDINANCE :
 REGULATION

එම. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
 (திரு. எம். வின்சன்ட் பெரேரா)
 (Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Minister of Justice, I move,

"That the Regulation made by the Minister of Justice under
 sections 6 and 10, read with section 63 of the Debt Conciliation
 Ordinance (Chapter 81), as amended by Act, No. 19 of 1978 and
 published in Gazette Extraordinary, No. 204/8 dated 03.08.1982
 which was presented on 7th September, 1982, be approved."

Mr. Deputy Speaker, These Regulations are made
 under the Debt Conciliation Board to bring down the
 new revised rate of allowances to the Members of the
 Board.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
 வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு, ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
 Question put, and agreed to.

උපකාරන පාඨශාලා සහ අධ්‍යාපන විද්‍යාල (විශේෂ විධි
 විධාන) පනත : නියෝග

உதவி பெறும் பாடசாலைகள் பயிற்சிக் கல்லூரிகள்
 (சிறப்பெற்பாடுகள்) சட்டம்: ஒழுங்குவிதிகள்

ASSISTED SCHOOLS AND TRAINING
 COLLEGES (SPECIAL PROVISIONS) ACT :
 REGULATIONS

ජනිල් විකුමසිංහ මහතා (යෞවන කටයුතු හා රැක
 රක්ෂා ඇමතිතුමා සහ අධ්‍යාපන ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. ரணில் விசுவநாதன்—இளைஞர் அலுவலர்கள், தொழில்
 வாய்ப்பு அமைச்சரும் கல்வி அமைச்சரும்)

I move,

"That the Regulations made by the Minister of Education under
 Section 14, read with Section 5A of the Assisted Schools and
 Training Colleges (Special Provisions) Act, No. 5 of 1960, as
 amended by Act, No. 65 of 1981, and presented on 10th September,
 1982, be approved."

These Regulations are made to give effect to the
 Assisted Schools and Training Colleges, (Special
 Provisions) Act No. 65 of 1981. The regulations are
 with me. Act No. 65 of 1981, Assisted Schools Training
 Colleges (Special Provisions) Amendment allows
 financial assistance to unaided schools and it gives
 power for the Hon. Minister to make Regulations
 thereunder; and we have made regulations pertaining
 to the payment of financial assistance to the non-fee
 levying assisted schools. According to these
 Regulations, the quantum of financial assistance which
 may be given to unaided schools shall be determined
 according to the number of eligible teachers in such
 schools. Also, the number of eligible teachers in
 unaided schools shall be determined on the basis of the
 number of pupils on roll on January, 1, 1980 and in

accordance with instructions issued from time to time by the Director-General of Education in regard to this computation of the cadre of teachers in Government schools. That is the main basis.

புள்ளி வசூலிக்கும் கல்வி
 வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.
Question proposed.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி
 (திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி)
 (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I wish to state, Hon. Minister, with regard to these non-fee levying schools that hitherto this BTT was a big burden on these schools, and I was made to understand that the Government has made a decision that they want to remove the BTT, which, I think, is a good thing. (*Interruption.*) They have abolished the BTT. And also once we give all these concessions to these schools, we must also look at the other side of the picture, namely, the students. Certainly, we have to assist these schools in a manner that these schools can run properly and efficiently, and at the same time the Government look into another aspect, namely, that they get quality teachers, the correct type of teacher for these schools. I have found that some of these schools find it was rather difficult to carry on without money. The schools are looked after by the Parent-Teachers Associations and parents have to pay a lot of money. They find it rather difficult to carry on.

At the same time there are a certain number of unfortunate situations that have arisen with regard to the medical school that has been established. It does not come under your Ministry. I would like the Hon. Minister to consider the entire structure of these schools once again and see that, the students get a very good education and at the same time see that these schools are run properly. As far as I am concerned, I will not advocate the taking over of all schools but the Government should see to it that the schools impart a better type of education to students and keep going the old traditions and spirit of the schools that existed during the period that went by.

டீன். டென்சில் ப்ரொண்டோ (நியோகித
 கல்வி அமைச்சர்)
 (திரு. என். டென்சில் ப்ரொண்டோ—கைத்தொழில், விநியோக
 அமைச்சர்)
 (Mr. N. Denzil Fernando—Deputy Minister of
 Industries and Scientific Affairs)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I never came to take part in this debate. As the hon. Member for Attanagalla began to shed crocodile tears, I am forced to say a few words.

I would like to ask the hon. Member who created the situation and who made them non-fee levying schools. Your Government did it in 1960, by a stroke of the pen. Do not say 'no' to it.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி
 (திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி)
 (Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)
 He is mixing up the two.

டீன். டென்சில் ப்ரொண்டோ
 (திரு. என். டென்சில் ப்ரொண்டோ)
 (Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

I am not mixing up. I am not giving way to you please! I will tell you the reason. Do not shed crocodile tears. I am telling you for the second time, you are the people who created this in 1960. (*Interruption.*)

நியோகித
 (பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
 (Mr. Deputy Speaker)

Order, please!

டீன். டென்சில் ப்ரொண்டோ
 (திரு. என். டென்சில் ப்ரொண்டோ)
 (Mr. N. Denzil Fernando)

The future leaders of this country one attending those schools. We thank His Excellency's Government for coming to the rescue of these schools. For nearly 15 years, not a cent was passed by the Government. It is this Government, His Excellency's Government, that came forward to give them money, and you are coming here to shed crocodile tears. Who created this? Why did you create this? Are they not the children of citizens of this country? Are they not going to be leaders of the country? That is the question you must ask. Just because there is something wrong somewhere you go and take over all the schools and then say, if you want to be outside the school do not levy fees. The children who attended these schools are also citizens of this country and they received treatment which was worse than step-motherly treatment. Now, you come here and shed tears. You must thank this Government for giving them aid in millions of rupees. You must understand that before you say anything. You created these schools but you did not give them the aid. You treated them as vagabonds. For nearly 15 years the children attending these schools had to pay and their parents did it. I thank those parents. They rose to the occasion because they were more concerned about their *alma mater* and they helped the schools. You come here and say all this. I am happy that I was here. This government has come to the rescue for these schools. We must thank the Minister of Education and His Excellency the President for giving them aid. Aid is being given in millions of rupees and the schools have been brought into the national scheme. I once again thank the Hon. minister of Education and His Excellency the President for all that they have done.

சுனில் விஜயவாசன மகாபா

(திரு. ரணில் விக்ரமசிங்ஹ)

(Mr. Ranil Wickremasinghe)

I thank the two hon. members for the valuable contributions that they made. The Deputy Minister of Industries and Scientific Affairs is as devout a Catholic as the Pope, if not more so.

There are a few schools which do not belong to the government system in this country. They are even less than one per cent of the total number of schools falling into three categories. All of them are in financial difficulties. I think the decision of the government not to levy BTT would help all of them.

The three categories are the fee levying schools which opted out of the then system in 1951; the non-fee levying schools to whom assistance was stopped in 1961 and the third category being the schools which were started after 1951 and were not non-fee levying assisted schools but by which fees were being charged and which could not be registered under the Act because fee-levying schools were those which had opted to take that decision in 1951.

Act No. 65 of 1981 which we passed and the Regulation made thereunder pertain to the non-fee levying schools. The Government took a decision to give financial assistance to these schools. At the time when we took the decision in 1981 there were some protests but subsequently when the amending Act was brought to Parliament all parties supported it. The Regulations which we have made now determine the manner in which the assistance is to be given and the control that we would have. Certainly, the hon. member for Attanagalla did make the point that the Government should think not only of what form of assistance we should give to them but also of the manner in which we should guarantee that standards are maintained. I agree with him.

These are some of the proposals which were contained in the White Paper earlier. With the non-governmental schools staying out of the system completely, it was difficult to have had any form of supervision—said they opted out—but the situation is different now. And since there is a national system of education and one scheme of examinations, all leading to the university, it becomes essential that there should be some form of general supervision over the schools, not in the sense of telling them whom they should take and whom they should recruit as teachers, but of being able to lay down standards and see that they are maintained. There is a certain amount of administrative arrangement and I, as Minister have been trying to have some national direction.

There have been certain protests, not by the non-fee levying, but by some of the fee levying schools. They tried to go out of the system but I have told them that there is a national system of education. I hope that by next year we will be able to bring legislation which might ensure that, while non-governmental schools maintain their independence, that the Government would have a certain say to ensure that standards that the national system of education requires are being maintained. There is another matter which I think should bring to the notice of the House.

Though this does not pertain to the non-fee-levying schools. I do not know what the solution for that is, but I think some of the fee-levying schools are having serious financial trouble and I do not know whether some of them would be able to continue in the next few years! What the final solution should be is a matter for those schools, the Minister of Education and all parties of this House to think of. I thought I should make use of the occasion to bring it to the notice of the House, and I would like to thank hon. Members for the contributions they have made.

புள்ளியை விசேஷமாகக் கேட்கும், பதில் பதிலாக விடும்.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு, ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

சுரீ லங்கா தேர் டீர் போர்டு சட்டம் : திருவிடயம்
இலங்கை தேயிலைச் சமைச்சு சட்டம் : ஒழுங்குவிதி
SRI LANKA TEA BOARD LAW : REGULATION

மொண்டேகு ஜயவிக்ரம மகாபா (சுரீலங்கா தேயிலைத் தோட்டத் துறை அமைச்சர்)

(திரு. மொண்டேகு ஜயவிக்ரம—பொது நிர்வாக அமைச்சரும் பெருந் தோட்டத்தொழில் அமைச்சரும்)

(Mr. Montague Jayawickrema—Minister of Public Administration and Minister of Plantation Industries)

I move,

“That the Regulation made you hte Sri Lanka Tea Board under Section 25 of the Sri Lanka Tea Board Law, No. 14 of 1975 and approved by the Minister of Plantation Industries and Published in the Gazette Extraordinary No. 191/4 of 05.05.1982 and which was presented on 3rd August, 1982, be approved”.

This is in connection with the decision to increase the subsidy on tea small holdings.

புள்ளியை விசேஷமாகக் கேட்கும், பதில் பதிலாக விடும்.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு, ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

කුඩා තේ වතු සංවර්ධන පනත: නියෝගය
தேயிலை சிறுபற்று நிலங்கள் அபிவிருத்திச் சட்டம்:
ஒழுங்குவிதி

TEA SMALL HOLDINGS DEVELOPMENT LAW :
REGULATION

මොන්ටේගු ජයවික්‍රම මහතා
(திரு. மொண்டேகு ஜயவிக்ரம)
(Mr. Montague Jayawickrema)
I move,

"That the Regulation made by the Minister of Plantation Industries, in terms of Section 22 of the Tea Small Holdings Development Law, No. 35 of 1975, and published in the Gazette Extraordinary No. 196/12 of 10.6.1982 which was presented on 19th August, 1982, be approved."

This is also in connection with the tea small holdings. It is to implement the increase in subsidies to be paid.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන දේන්, සහ සම්මත විය.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

සීමාසහිත බී. සී. සීමාගම: වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව
பி. சி. சி. லிமிடெட் : ஆண்டறிக்கை
BCC LIMITED : ANNUAL REPORT

මොන්ටේගු ජයවික්‍රම මහතා
(திரு. மொண்டேகு ஜயவிக்ரம)
(Mr. Montague Jayawickrema)
I move,

"That in terms of Section 12 of the Business Undertaking (Acquisition) Act, No. 35 of 1971, published in the Ceylon Government Gazette Extraordinary, No. 14,998/7 of 25th February, 1972, the Annual Report for the year 1979 of the Business Undertakings of British Ceylon Corporation Ltd., British Ceylon Milling Co. Ltd., Orient Company (Ceylon) Ltd., and Ceylon Extraction Company Ltd., being report incorporating the Auditor-General's Report, which was presented on 7th September, 1982, be approved."

ප්‍රශ්නය සහතික කරන දේ.
வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.
Question proposed.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, I wanted to raise certain matters with the Hon. Minister because he made a statement in this House with regard to the coconut industry : that he would be guaranteeing a price of Rs. 1,450 per thousand nuts and that he would also make available to the planters or the small holders of this country fertilizer at the price of Rs. 3,003. Sir, I would like to pose certain questions so that the Hon. Minister would be able to go into the problem of coconut oil, desiccated coconut, copra, export prices and everything. Once he gets the answers to these questions from the BCC as well as the CDA and all the other allied

organizations that come under the Coconut Development Authority, I would like him first and foremost to consider these matters-It will appear in HANSARD, I suppose-and find out whether there has been rigging of any prices, and if so what role the BCC has played and what it could play to give a better price to the producer and generally to the copra manufacturer, the DC manufacturer, the exporters and the whole area of operation where coconut is concerned.

I would like him to check up on what is the price per thousand units the producer must receive to keep his plantation economically viable to use fertilizer and generally maintain a production level. Secondly, what is the present scheme by which the Coconut Development Authority is handing out a sum of Rs. 1,000 per ton of D.C. and to whom is it giving this money? I do not want to come out with it and say to whom it is giving the money. I have got some information, but I do not want to come out with it. How does the CDA guarantee the price of coconuts to the producer-how could it be done? Also check up as to who are the five leading exporters of dessicated coconut. Who are the five leading overseas buyers who buy from the local exporters and what are the ports of destination? What are the Quantities sold by each shipper and what is the F.O.B. price in US dollars? Check up on the quantities that have been shipped each month from 1st April 1982. What are the export licences granted by the CDA and to whom for export of coconut oil and poonac from 1st April 1982 to 13th September, 1982? What are the names of the overseas buyers, destinations and the prices of each export order and who were the local shippers and what were the dates of sale?

I would like you to check up these things.

හැරල්ඩ් හේරත් මහතා (ඇමතිතුමා සහ නියෝජ්‍ය
වනනා වතු සංවර්ධන ඇමතිතුමා)
(திரு. ஹரால்ட் ஹேரத்—அமைச்சரும் ஜனதா தோட்ட
அபிவிருத்திப் பிரதி அமைச்சரும்)
(Mr. Harold Herath—Minister, and Deputy Minister of
Janata Estates Development)

I like to know whether the hon. Member wants these details now?

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

No. I am giving you an occasion to get to the bottom of it and find out why we are not getting a proper price. When these questions came to my mind, I jotted them down and I thought I should state them in this House so that you may be able to get your officials to work on it and give an answer to you to enable you to formulate a scheme after getting all the information that is necessary.

[ලක්ෂමන් පැයකොඩි මහතා]

Then, how many of these export orders were done directly by the BCC and to whom? Prior to 1976 what were the export orders done directly by the BCC? What is the floor price for purchase of cococnut oil by CDA since April 1982? What quantities of bulk oil have been purchased by the CDA since and at what price did the CDA sell this oil? What is the naked rupee value per ton realised by the CDA after deduction of all charges for the oil sold by tender and what is the US \$ value of each sale? What quantities of oil have been sold; what is the name of the local shipper, and who was the overseas buyer in each case? What was the foreign exchange price per ton at which export licences are given and upon what authentication were licences given to the oil sold by tender or by private treaty? What quantities of coconut oil have been sold in 1982 by the BCC directly to overseas buyers other than Pakistan and Bangladesh and Middle East? What are the names of the overseas buyers, what quantity and for what price had the oil been shipped and to what destination?

Has the BCC an agent in India and if so, what is the name? Has the BCC sold any oil with destination India or elsewhere for shipment in September, 1982? Was this oil sold through BCC agent to buyer in India? If not, to whom was the oil sold, what quantity, price per ton and what shipment, what were the specifications sold, what were the shipping documents including an analyst certificate to be supplied and by which surveyor or Government Analyst?

Are there any other export licences given by the CDA or are there any applications pending for licences for export of bulk coconut oil on the same vessels that the BCC are shipping? Who is the local shipper/applicant or to whom have such licences been granted, at what F.E. price per ton? What are the names and addresses of the overseas buyers, what is the destination and when were the overseas sales made by local shipper other than the BCC? Who supplied the oil to the BCC and other shippers and at what price? Was any commission payable locally or overseas?

Has the CDA given loans of coconut oil to local shippers? If so on what dates, the prices, names of the vessels and destination? What were the credit terms of these loans, have the loans been replaced, and what benefit did the CDA gain by these loans?

Once you get the answers to these questions that I have raised from your officials as well as from the BCC and the Coconut Development Authority, you will be able to visualise and analyse whether there is any racketeering going on in regard to the price factor.

This is a very important set of questions that I have made for my own information, so that I would be able to inform the Hon. Minister. At various times I have

met him and explained to him how a better price could be obtained. We have no way, other than getting a better international market price, to sustain the coconut market in this country, in respect of oil, DC or any other commodity that we would like to export. Therefore, I would like the Hon. Minister to look into these matters and get that answer from his officials, rake into the books of BBC and find out whether there is anything wrong in the whole structure of trading and manufacture and whatever loans and benefits that we give those organizations, and then come to a conclusion as to how we can get a better price for the producers.

හැරල්ඩ් හේරත් මහතා (ආමතීකූලා සහ නියෝජ්‍ය ජනතා කුලු සංවර්ධන ආමතීකූලා)
 (ශ්‍රී ල. ඉගැන්වීමේ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව—අධ්‍යක්ෂ ජනරාල් සහ ජනතා කුලු සංවර්ධන ආමතීකූලා)
 (Mr. Harold Herath—Minister, and Deputy Minister of Janata Estates Development)

Mr. Deputy Speaker, my task has been made very easy by the hon. Member for Attanagalla as he has only requested me to go into a number of matters which he enumerated. I am very thankful to him, because I know he always makes suggestions in the interests of the coconut industry. I would give the undertaking to the hon. Member that all the matters raised by him will be scrutinized by me, and if necessary I would like to have a discussion with him later. But I can straightway answer some of the matters raised by him. About the price for coconut— I have called it his hobby horse— which is Rs. 1,400, it was not an undertaking given by me. At the time the duty structure was presented to this House, the Hon. Minister of Finance presumed that he would be able to give this price to the producer, because at that time the world market was so good.

But the hon. Member for Attanagalla is aware of the utter collapse of the world market prices, specially of oil, which normally affects DC also, and, like all coconut producing countries of the world, we found ourselves in difficulties. I think our biggest competitor, the Philippines, is in greater difficulties. Therefore, the CDA and the Ministry thought that they should not allow the coconut industry to collapse here because of the world market prices. So we evolved a price support scheme by which we proposed that the producer should get at least Rs. 1,000 for 1,000 coconuts.

I am also very thankful to the Hon. Minister of Finance and the Acting Minister of Finance for the ready co-operation and assistance given by them, because they made a special allocation for the CDA to buy oil at a higher price than the world market price and sell it at a loss. The CDA paid Rs. 9,500 per metric ton of oil when the world market price was in the region of Rs. 8,000 or Rs. 8,400, incurring a loss of about Rs. 1,000 per metric ton. This Rs. 9,500 was worked out so that the producer would get Rs. 1,000 on 1,000

coconuts, because we thought that it should be the minimum he should get, as the cost of production of 1,000 coconuts in the region of Rs. 500 to Rs. 600 where the estates and State-managed lands are concerned. But where the small landowner or the smallholder is concerned, his cost of production is very much lower than that.

Then we found that the DC miller, the desiccated coconut miller, was in difficulties. We extended this price support scheme to the DC miller as well, where the miller was paid Rs. 1,000 as subsidy for every metric ton of DC produced by him. So we thought we should bring the DC miller on par with the oil miller, because otherwise, if we allowed the disparity to continue, there would be a drop in the local market.

I agree with the hon. Member for Attanagalla about fertilizer. This does not come within the purview of the Coconut Industries Ministry. It comes under the Ministry of Agriculture.

I would say that if the producer gets a price of around Rs. 1,000 per thousand nuts it is a very good price, provided the Government can make some sort of arrangement about the price of fertilizer. The small landowner finds himself in very great difficulties because the price of fertilizer has shot up by 130 per cent, and in the long run it may affect the production of coconut in Sri Lanka.

The item presented by the Hon. Minister of Plantations is about BCC's 1979 accounts. I would say that BCC has done extremely well in this year. I think it is one of their best years where they made a net profit of over Rs. 18 million. I think even before the take-over it was not possible to make this enormous profit made by BCC. All the departments, all the subsidiary companies, have made very large profits. I hope BCC could continue in this manner. But there are years when there are ups and downs in various subsidiary companies. But where 1979 is concerned, it was one of the best years for BCC. In 1977; I think, BCC was running at a loss.

I thank the hon. Member for Attanagalla for his very comprehensive list of questions, which, of course, will take quite a lot of time for me to go through. But I do feel that it is in the best interests of the coconut industry. I can assure the hon. Member for Attanagalla that I have had no information at all about the rigging of markets. I think if I go through the list of queries given by him I should be able to pinpoint if there is any case like that.

Thank you very much.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීන්, සහ සම්මත විය.

வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

ශ්‍රී ලංකා කජු සංස්ථාව: වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව
இலங்கை மாமுந்திரிகைக் கூட்டுத்தாபனம்: ஆண்டறிக்கை

SRI LANKA CASHEW CORPORATION:
ANNUAL REPORT

මොන්ටේගු ජයවික්‍රම මහතා
(திரு. மொண்டேகு ஜயவிக்ரம)
(Mr. Montague Jayawickrema)

I move,

"That in terms of Section 14 (3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, the Annual Report and Accounts for the year 1979, pertaining to the activities of the Sri Lanka Cashew Corporation established under State Agricultural Corporation Act, No. 11 of 1972, which was presented on 21st July 1982, be approved."

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීන්, සහ සම්මත විය.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு, ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

කුඩා තේ වතු සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය:
වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව

சிறு தேயிலைப் பற்று நிலங்கள் அபிவிருத்தி அதிகார சபை:
ஆண்டறிக்கை

TEA SMALL HOLDINGS DEVELOPMENT
AUTHORITY: ANNUAL REPORT

මොන්ටේගු ජයවික්‍රම මහතා
(திரு. மொண்டேகு ஜயவிக்ரம)
(Mr. Montague Jayawickrema)

I move,

"That in terms of Section 21 of the Tea Small Holdings Development Law, No. 35 of 1975, read with Section 14 (3), of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, the Annual Report of the Tea Small Holdings Development Authority for the year 1979, being the Report incorporating the Report of the Board of Directors, Accounts and Auditor-General's Report, which was presented on 9th September 1982, be approved."

ප්‍රශ්නය සහතික කරන ලදී.
வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.

Question proposed.

ආනන්ද දසනායක මහතා (කොත්මලේ)
(திரு. ஆனந்த தஸநாயக்க—கொத்மலை)
(Mr. Ananda Dassanayake—Kotmale)

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කළානායකතුමනි, ගරු රාජ්‍ය පරිපාලන හා වැවිලි කට්ඨාන අමතීතුමා විසින් කුඩා තේ වතු සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව මේ ගරු සභාවට ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබෙනවා. මීට අදාලව ගරු අමතීතුමාගේ දැන ගැනීම සඳහාත්, ඒ වගේම සුළුතේ වතු හිමියන්ගේ දියුණුව සඳහාත් අදාල වන කරුණු කිපයක් ඉදිරිපත් කරන්නට කැමතියි. 1981 ශ්‍රී ලංකා මහ බැංකු වාර්තාවෙන් පැහැදිලි කර තිබෙනවා, තේ කට්ඨානනය සම්බන්ධයෙන් අතීත තිබෙන දුෂ්කරතා ගැන. මෙය වැවිලි කට්ඨානනය අමතීතුමාගේ වැඩකටයුතුවල අඩුපාඩුවක් නිසා සිදුවූවක් හැටියට කියන්න බැහැ. මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් මුළු රජයේම සැලකිල්ල යොමු විය යුතුයි. තේ නිෂ්පාදනය ගැන ශ්‍රී ලංකා මහ බැංකුවේ 1981 වාර්තාවේ

[ආනන්ද දසනායක මහතා]

සඳහන් වී තිබෙන කොටසින් සුළු ප්‍රමාණයක් මම කිය වන්න කැමතියි. එම වාර්තාවේ 22 වැනි පිටුවේ මෙසේ සඳහන් වෙතුවා :

" 1981 දී තේ වගා අංශයට නිකුත් කළ පොහොර ප්‍රමාණය මෙවරින් ඊටත් 103,300 ක් වූ අතර, එය ඉකුත් වසර සමඟ සසඳන කල, සියයට 6 ක අඩුවීමකි. එසේ වුවද, ජනතා වතු සංවර්ධන මණ්ඩල සහ රාජ්‍ය වැවිලි සංස්ථා පාලනය කළ තේ වතු වල යොදන ලද පොහොර ප්‍රමාණයේ වැඩිවීමක් වාර්තා වී ඇති හෙයින්, කුඩා තේ වතු ඇතුළු පෞද්ගලික තේ වතු වල පොහොර භාවිතය ඉකුත් වසරේදීදී මෙන්ම අඩුවී ඇති බව පෙනේ. කුඩා තේ වතු හිමියන් සිය වතු වලට පොහොර යෙදීම බොහෝ ලෙස අඩු කොට ඇති බව පෙනේ. පෞද්ගලික අංශයේ තේ වතු වලට යෙදූ පොහොර ප්‍රමාණය අඩුවීමට ප්‍රධාන හේතුව වූයේ 1981 පෙබරවාරි සහ සැප්තැම්බර් මාසවල ප්‍රකාශයට පත් කරන ලද පොහොර මිල වැඩි කිරීමය. "

ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමනි, ඉතාම අවාසනාවන්ත සිද්ධියක්. රජයෙන් පාලනය වන වතු වලට කෙසේ හෝ බැංකුවලින් ණය අරගෙන හෝ පොහොර යෙදීම කරන නිසා පොහොර මිල වැඩිවීමෙන් හෝ පොහොර සහනාධාරය කැපීමෙන් හෝ එම වතු වලට ඒ තරම් බලපෑමක් සිදු වන්නේ නැහැ. වත්තෙන් ලාභ ඇති වුණත් නැති වුණත් ඒ වතු වලට පොහොර යෙදීම සැහෙන දුරට කර ගෙන ගොස් තිබෙනවා. නමුත් කුඩා තේ වතු හිමියන්ට මෙය බරපතල ප්‍රශ්නයක් වී තිබෙනවා. සමහර විට අක්කර 2, 5, 10, 15, 20 30 ආදී ප්‍රමාණවල වතු තිබෙන්න පුළුවන්. සමහර විට ඒ වතු හිමියන් ජීවත් වන්නේ ආණ්ඩුවේ රැකියාවක් කිරීමෙනුත් නොවෙයි. සමහර විට ඒ ගමේ තවත් හත් අට දෙනෙක්, දහ පහලොස් දෙනෙක් ජීවත් වෙන්නේ ඒ වතු වල වැඩ කිරීමෙන් විය හැකියි. නමුත් දැන් මේ ප්‍රශ්නය නිසා පොහොර මිල වැඩි වීම උඩ, මේ වතු වලට පොහොර යෙදීම කරන්න විධියක් නැහැ.

ඒ නිසාම තේ වතු වල ආදායම, දළ ප්‍රමාණය, අස් වැන්න ප්‍රමාණය අඩු වෙනවා. අස් වැන්න අඩුවන්න, අඩුවන්න මොකද වෙන්නේ? වත්තේ අතික් වැඩ කොටස් සියල්ලම අතපසු වෙනවා. කානු කැපීම, පස සෝදා යාම වැළැක්වීම, වල් කෙටීම, ආදී දේවල් ඒ වගේම, කස් පාදුව, දළ කැඩීම ආදී දේවල් සියල්ලම අපබෝධයට පත් වෙනවා. ඇයි? අස් වැන්න අඩු වෙන නිසා. දැන් වැඩි තරමක් කුඩා තේ වතු කැලෑ බවට පත් වී ගෙන යනවා. මා හිතන හැටියට කුඩා තේ වතු සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියට මෙය බරපතල ප්‍රශ්නයක් වී තිබෙනවා. කුඩා තේ වතු සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ මහත්වරුන් තමන්ගේ කටයුතු උපරිම හත්වයෙන් කරන්නට උත්සාහ ගන්න බවත් මේ අවස්ථාවේදී සඳහන් කළ යුතුයි. මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් වැඩ කටයුතුවලට මා ඒ නිලධාරීන් සමඟ ආශ්‍රය කරන නිසා මා ඒ බව හොඳට දන්නවා. නමුත් ඒ අයට කරන්න දෙයක් නැහැ. ඒ එක කාරණයක්. අස් වැන්න අඩුවීමට එය එක් හේතුවක්.

කුඩා තේ වතු සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියෙන් රජයේ අනුග්‍රහයට හෝ තේ නැවත වගා කිරීමට කටයුතු සලසා දී තිබේ

නවා. තේ නැවත වගා කිරීම සඳහා අරගෙන තිබෙන පියවර හරියට ක්‍රියාත්මක නොවන්නේ බාධක කීපයක් තිබෙන නිසයි. සමහර විට කුඩා තේ වතු හිමියන්ට අක්කරයක් හෝ දෙකක් නැවත වගා කිරීමට දෙනවා. ඒ සඳහා රජයෙන් රුපියල් 12,500 ක් ගෙවනවා. ඒ ගෙවීම කරන්නේ කොටස් හයකින් හෝ හතකින්යි. ඒ වගේම සමහර විට ඒ වැවිල්ල කරන්නට අවුරුදු හයක් පමණ ගත වෙනවා. එම ඉඩම—අක්කරයක් හෝ දෙකක් වන ඉඩම—සම්පූර්ණයෙන් උදුරු නැවත බවත්තා යන විට, ඊළඟට එම ඉඩම් පොහොර කිරීම සඳහායි කියා, ගෝතමාලා ආදී තණ වර්ග වවත් නට නියම කර තිබෙනවා.

අලුතෙන් තේ වවන්න පළමු ගෝතමාලා වැනි තාණ වර්ග ඉඩමේ වවන්න නියම කරනවා. ඒ සඳහා අවුරුදු දෙකක් පමණ ගත වෙනවා. මම ගරු ඇමතිතුමාට මේ කාරණය විශේෂයෙන් පෙන්වා දෙන්නයි කථා කරන්න අදහස් කළේ. අවුරුදු දෙකක කාලයක් ගත වන මේ තාණ වර්ග වැවීම සාමාන්‍ය පුද්ගලයකුට කරන්නට බැහැ. විශේෂයෙන් කුඩා තේ වතු හිමියකුට තමාගේ වැවිල්ල දියුණු කරගෙන, තමා බලාපොරොත්තු වන ඉලක්කය සම්පූර්ණ කර ගන්නට නම් මේ අවුරුදු දෙකේ කාල සීමාව අඩු වශයෙන් හය මාසයකට අඩු කරන්නට හෝ එය නැත්තටම නැති කරන්න හෝ ඕනෑ. ඉඩමේ අමුතු වෙන් වල් සිටුවා, එය කපා පෝර වත්තට දමා ඒ කටයුතුවලට අවුරුදු දෙකක් ගත වීම නිසා, වතු හිමියා බලාපොරොත්තු වන ඉලක්කය සම්පූර්ණ කර ගන්නට බැරි වෙනවා. නැවත වගා කෙරෙන ප්‍රමාණය අඩු වෙනවා. නියමිත ප්‍රමාණයට එය සම්පූර්ණ කර ගන්නට බැරි වෙනවා. ඒ නිසා මේ අවුරුදු දෙකේ කාල සීමාව නැත්තටම නැති කරන ලෙස මම කියන්න කැමතියි. වගාව හැදීමෙන් පසුව වුවත්, පෝර හානියෙන් පස සරු කරන්න පුළුවනි. අනවශ්‍ය කාලයක් මිඩංගු කිරීමෙන් රටටම වත්තේ පාඩුවක්. මේ වාර්තාවෙන් එය පැහැදිලි කර තිබෙනවා.

" 1980 දී හෙක්ටයාර් 2,078 ක් වූ නැවත වගා කළ තේ බිම් ප්‍රමාණය, 1981 දී හෙක්ටයාර් 2,627 ක් වූ අතර, රාජ්‍ය වැවිලි සංස්ථාවල මනා ක්‍රියාකාරීත්වය මෙම වැඩිවීමට බෙහෙවින් හේතු විය. රාජ්‍ය වැවිලි සංස්ථා මගින් නැවත වගා කළ බිම් ප්‍රමාණය හෙක්ටයාර් 449 කින් වැඩි විය. පෞද්ගලික අංශය මගින් කරන ලද නැවත වගා කිරීම් කටයුතු ඉතා අසතුටුදායක තත්ත්වයක පැවති බැව් ලබා ගත හැකි සංඛ්‍යා තොරතුරුවලින් පෙනේ. වර්ෂය තුළ නැවත වගා කළ යුතු බිම් ප්‍රමාණය සැලකිය යුතු ලෙස වැඩි වුවද, තේ වගා අංශය සමස්තයක් වශයෙන් හත් කල, වාර්ෂික දියුණුව ඉලක්කයන් කරා ළඟා නොවීය. 1981 වර්ෂය අවසානය වන විට නැවත වගා කළ බිම් ප්‍රමාණය හෙක්ටයාර් 38,766 ක් හෙවත් මුළු ලියාපදිංචි ප්‍රමාණයෙන් සියයට 16 ක් විය. නැවත වගා කිරීමේ කටයුතුවල අසතුටුදායක බව සලකා, පෞද්ගලික අංශයේ වතු වලට දෙන නැවත වගා කිරීමේ සහනාධාරය, උස් හා මැදි බිම් ප්‍රදේශවල අක්කරයකට රු. 12,500 (හෙක්ටයාරයකට රු. 30,888) දක්වාද, පහත් බිම් ප්‍රදේශවල අක්කරයකට රු. 10,000 (හෙක්ටයාරයකට රු. 24,711) දක්වාද, 1981 නොවැම්බර් මාසයේ සිට වැඩි කරන ලදී. එසේ වුවද, රාජ්‍ය අංශයේ වතු සඳහා වූ නැවත වගා කිරීමේ සහනාධාරය නොවෙනස්ව පැවතුණි. නැවත වගා කිරීම සඳහා වැය වන වියදම අධික වන බැවින්, නැවත වගා කිරීමේ මුළු වියදම ආවරණය නොවන නව සහනාධාර ප්‍රමාණය යටතේ වුවද, පෞද්ගලික අංශයේ නැවත වගා කිරීමේ කටයුතු සතුටුදායක වෙතැයි සිතිය නොහැක. "

ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගේ අවධානය යොමු කරන ලෙස මම ඉල්ලන්නේ මේ කාරණය ගැනයි. කොමිෂනරියකට වාගේ කුඩා තේ වතු හිමියකුට මේ ක්‍රමය අනුව අවුරුදු දෙකක් බලා ඉදලා, තමන්ගේ ලාභය, ආදායම් නැති කරගන්නට පුළුවන්කමක් නැහැ. විශාල කොමිෂනරියකට වාගේ මෙය කුඩා වතු හිමියකුට කරන්නට බැහැ. අවුරුදු දෙකක් තුළ තෘණ වගා කිරීමට ගන්නා මහන්සිය නැති කොට, ඒ සඳහා යන වියදම අඩු කර, පෝර භාවිතා කිරීමෙන් එය වඩා ලේසියෙන් කර ගන්නට පුළුවනි. මේ තෘණ වගා ව්‍යාපාරය සඳහා හරියටම රු. 3,000 කට වැඩි ප්‍රමාණයක් වියදම් වෙනවා. රසායනික පෝර යෙදී මෙන් පස සරු කර ගන්නොත් එය ඊට වඩා වැදගත් වෙනවා. රුපියල් තුන් දහසකින් පෝර හොණ්ඩර 18 ක් 2෦ ක් පමණ තේ අක්කරයකට යොදන්න පුළුවනි. එහෙම කරතොත් තෘණ වගා කිරීමෙන් පස සාරවත් කිරීම අවශ්‍ය වන්නේ නැහැ. ඒ නිසා මේ වැඩේ කරන හැටියට මම ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා. මොකද? මමත් වගා කරගෙන යන තේ ඉඩම සරු කරගන්න මටත් වුවමනා නිසායි. මම මීට වඩා කපා කරන්නේ නැහැ.

මොන්ටේගු ජයවික්‍රම මහතා (රාජ්‍ය පරිපාලන ඇමති තුමා සහ වැවිලි කප්පාන් ඇමතිතුමා)
 (ති.රු. මොන්ටේගු ඉයවික්‍රම—පො.ත. නිර්වාක අමාත්‍ය ජයරාජා පෙරේරා මහතාගේ නිවැරදි ප්‍රකාශනයට අනුව)
 (Mr. Montague Jayawickrema—Minister of Public Administration and Minister of Plantation Industries)

ගරු කපාකරුන්ගේ, කොන්මලේ ගරු මන්ත්‍රීතුමාගේ අදහස පිළිගන්නට අපට සිදුවී තිබෙනවා. කාමිකර්මයේ යෙදී සිටින කෙනෙක් හැටියට මමත් ඒ කාරණය දන්නවා. දැන් අපි පහත රට තේ අක්කරයකට රු. 19,768 සිට රු. 24,700 දක්වා මුදලක් හය වරකට ගෙවනවා. උඩ රට පළාත්වල, කොන්මලේ මන්ත්‍රීතුමාගේ වැනි කොට්ඨාශ වල අපි දැන් රු. 24,710 සිට රු. 30,900 දක්වා මුදලක් හයවරකට ගෙවනවා. ඒ මන්ත්‍රීතුමාගේ අදහස මම පිළි ගන්නවා. වගාව පහුවීම නිසා වතු හිමියන්ට කරදර රාශියකට මුහුණ පාන්නට වෙනවා. එම නිසා මේ කාරණය වරකට සීමා නොකර හතර වරකට සීමා කිරීම සඳහා මම දැන් තීරණයක් ගන්නට යනවා. ඉතාම සාරවත් ඉඩමකට 'ගෝතමාලා' ඉන්දන් අවශ්‍ය වෙන්නේ නැහැ. එම නිසා මම එය පිළිගන්නමි.

සාමාන්‍යයෙන් රිකිලි තේවලින් පහත රට ප්‍රදේශවල නම් අවුරුදු දෙක තුනකින් බොහොම පහසුවෙන් තේ දල කඩා ගන්නට පුළුවනි. උඩරට ප්‍රදේශවල ඊට වඩා ටිකක් වැඩි කාලයක් ගත වෙනවා. කොන්මලේ ගරු මන්ත්‍රීතුමාගේ ඒ අදහස පිළිගෙන ඒ ආකාරයෙන් මම එය ක්‍රියාත්මක කරන්නට බලාපොරොත්තු වන බව මේ අවස්ථාවේදී ගරු සභාවට මතක් කරන්න කැමතියි.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
 ඒ ඉ ක්‍රමය ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලැබූ බවට අනුමතය.
 Question put, and agreed to.

රබර් පාලන අරමුදලේ ආදායම් හා වියදම් ඇස්තමේන්තු
ඉහළපත් කටුපාලන නීතිමය ව්‍යුහාන සේ සෙවන මතකපිටි
ESTIMATE OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE OF RUBBER CONTROL FUND

මොන්ටේගු ජයවික්‍රම මහතා
 (ති.රු. මොන්ටේගු ඉයවික්‍රම)
 (Mr. Montague Jayawickrema)
 I move.
 "That in terms of Section 50 (2) of the Rubber Control Act, No. 11 of 1956, the Estimated of Income and Expenditure of the Rubber Control Fund for the year 1982 which was presented on 3rd August, 1982, be approved."

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
 ඒ ඉ ක්‍රමය ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලැබූ බවට අනුමතය.
 Question put, and agreed to.

තේ පාලන පනත: නියෝගය
තේ පාලන කටුපාලන සංග්‍රහයේ සංස්කරණය
TEA CONTROL ACT: REGULATION

මොන්ටේගු ජයවික්‍රම මහතා
 (ති.රු. මොන්ටේගු ඉයවික්‍රම)
 (Mr. Montague Jayawickrema)
 I move,
 "That the Regulation made by the Minister of Plantation Industries in terms of Section 49 of the Tea Control Act, No. 51 of 1957, which was presented on 2nd November, 1982, be approved."

This is what it means. We have increased the licence duty for tea dealers from Rs. 50 to Rs. 250.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
 ඒ ඉ ක්‍රමය ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලැබූ බවට අනුමතය.
 Question put, and agreed to.

ජාතික පේෂකර්ම සංස්ථාව: වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව
ජාතික පුළුස්සුම් සංස්ථාවේ වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව
NATIONAL TEXTILE CORPORATION: ANNUAL REPORT

විජයපාල මෙන්ඩිස් මහතා (පේෂකර්ම ඇමතිතුමා)
 (ති.රු. විජයපාල මෙන්ඩිස්—පුළුස්සුම් සංස්ථාවේ නිවැරදි ප්‍රකාශනයට අනුව)
 (Mr. Wijayapala Mendis—Minister of Textile Industry)
 I move,

"That in terms of Section 30 (2) of the State Industrial Corporations Act, No. 49 of 1957 and Section 14(3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, the Annual Report and Accounts of the Board of Directors of the National Textile Corporation, being report incorporating the Auditor-General's observations for the year ending 31st December, 1978, which were presented on 21st July, 1982, be approved"

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
 ඒ ඉ ක්‍රමය ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලැබූ බවට අනුමතය.
 Question put, and agreed to.

கிமொஹித ஷோ ஓன்டிஸ்ட்ரிஃ ஈாஃதனஃ :
வார்திக வார்தாவ

ஷோ இண்டஸ்ட்ரிஸ் லிமிட்டட் : ஆண்டறிக்கை

SHAW INDUSTRIES LTD : ANNUAL REPORT

ஃரீல் ஡ேறிவி மஃதா (ஃர்மாதன் ஃா விடிஃ கஃபுது
ஃேறிது)

(திரு. சிறில் மத்திவ்—கைத்தொழில், விஞ்ஞான அலுவல்
கள் அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Cyril Mathew—Minister of Industries & Scientific
Affairs)

I move,

“That in terms of Section 14(3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971,
the Annual Report and Statement of Accounts of the Government
Owned Business Undertaking of Shaw Industries Ltd., being report
incorporating the Auditor-General’s observations for the year ended
31st December, 1978, which was presented on 21st July, 1982, be
approved.”

புன்தஃ விமஃத டீனீ, ஃதா ஃமீதஃ விஃ.

ஃிது ஃடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

லஃா கார்திக ஃண்டிவத மஃடிஃலஃ :
வார்திக வார்தாவ

இலங்கை கைத்தொழில் அபிவிருத்தி சபை : ஆண்டறிக்கை
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD OF
CEYLON : ANNUAL REPORT

ஃரீல் ஡ேறிவி மஃதா

(திரு. சிறில் மத்திவ்)

(Mr. Cyril Mathew)

I move,

“That in terms of Section 14(3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of
1971, the Report of the Directors and Accounts of the Industrial
Development Board of Ceylon being report incorporating the
Auditor-General’s observations for the year ended 31st
December, 1979, which was presented on 21st July, 1982 be approved.”

புன்தஃ விமஃத டீனீ, ஃதா ஃமீதஃ விஃ.

ஃிது ஃடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

கிமொஹித விர்ஃ டிவ் கஃஃலஃ : வார்திக வார்தாவ

ஓட்டுத் தொழிற்சாலை : ஆண்டறிக்கை

VIJAYA TILES LTD. : ANNUAL REPORT

ஃரீல் ஡ேறிவி மஃதா

(திரு. சிறில் மத்திவ்)

(Mr. Cyril Mathew)

I move,

“That in terms of Section 14 (3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971,
the Annual Report and Statement of Accounts of the Government
Owned Business Undertaking of Vijaya Tiles Ltd., being report

incorporating the Auditor-General’s observations for the year ended
31st December, 1979, which was presented on 3rd August, 1982, be
approved ”

புன்தஃ விமஃத டீனீ, ஃதா ஃமீதஃ விஃ.

ஃிது ஃடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

லஃா ஃறிதர் வுரீ ஃண்டிவத மஃடிஃலஃ :
வார்திக வார்தாவ

இலங்கை கனிப்பொருள் மணல் கூட்டுத்தாபனம் :

ஆண்டறிக்கை

CEYLON MINERAL SANDS CORPORATION :
ANNUAL REPORT

ஃரீல் ஡ேறிவி மஃதா

(திரு. சிறில் மத்திவ்)

(Mr. Cyril Mathew)

I move,

“That in terms of Section 14(3) of the Finance Act No. 38 of 1971,
the Annual Report of Ceylon Mineral Sands Corporation being report
incorporating the Auditor-General’s observations for the year ended
31st December 1979 which was presented on 26th August, 1982, be
approved.”

புன்தஃ விமஃத டீனீ, ஃதா ஃமீதஃ விஃ.

ஃிது ஃடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

லஃா சிதநீ ஃண்டிவத : வார்திக வார்தாவ

இலங்கை மட்பாண்டக் கூட்டுத்தாபனம் : ஆண்டறிக்கை

CEYLON CERAMICS CORPORATION : ANNUAL
REPORT

ஃரீல் ஡ேறிவி மஃதா

(திரு. சிறில் மத்திவ்)

(Mr. Cyril Mathew)

I move,

“That in terms of Section 14(3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971,
the Annual Report and Statement of Accounts of Ceylon Ceramics
Corporation, being report incorporating the Auditor-General’s
observations for the year ended 31st December 1980 which was
presented on 26th August, 1982, be approved.”

புன்தஃ விமஃத டீனீ, ஃதா ஃமீதஃ விஃ.

ஃிது ஃடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

லஃா ஃிமென்தி ஃண்டிவத மஃடிஃலஃ :
வார்திக வார்தாவ

இலங்கை சிமெந்துக் கூட்டுத்தாபனம் : ஆண்டறிக்கை

CEYLON CEMENT CORPORATION : ANNUAL
REPORT

ஃரீல் ஡ேறிவி மஃதா

(திரு. சிறில் மத்திவ்)

(Mr. Cyril Mathew)

I move,

“That in terms of Section 14 (3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of
1971, the Annual Report and Statement of Accounts of the Ceylon

Cement Coporation being report incorporating the Auditor-General's observations for the year ended 31st December, 1979 which was presented on 26th August, 1982, be approved."

புல்தைய விமலத ருதீந், ஸதா ஸதீமத விட.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

**ராத்ர சதரல் துதீமீ தா திதீர் ஸலர்மத
ஸஸ்தாவ: வார்தீத வார்தாவ**

அரசு கரங்க கனிப்பொருள் அபிவிருத்திக் கூட்டுத்தாபனம் :
ஆண்டறிக்கை

**STATE MINING AND MINERAL
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION: ANNUAL
REPORT**

ஸரீரல் துதீவி மததா
(திரு. சிதில் தத்திவ்)
(Mr. Cyril Mathew)

I move,

"That in terms of Section 14 (3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, the Annual Report of State Mining and Mineral Development Corporation, being report incorporating the Auditor-General's observations for the year ended 31st December, 1979, which was presented on 2nd November, 1982, be approved."

புல்தைய விமலத ருதீந், ஸதா ஸதீமத விட.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

**லுதா விடூதமத தார்தீத வர்வீதீனாதிதாய:
வார்தீத வார்தாவ**

இலங்கை அறிவிதயல் கைத்தொழில் ஆராய்ச்சி திறுவகம் :
ஆண்டறிக்கை

**CEYLON INSTITUTE OF SCIENTIFIC AND
INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH: ANNUAL REPORT**

ஸரீரல் துதீவி மததா
(திரு. சிதில் தத்திவ்)
(Mr. Cyril Mathew)

I move,

"That in terms of Section 14 (3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, the Annual Report of the Ceylon Institute of Scientific and Industrial Research, being report incorporating the Auditor-General's observations for the year ended 31st December 1980, which was presented on 2nd November, 1982, be approved "

புல்தைய ஸதாதிமல தரத ருதீ.
வினா ஏடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.
Question proposed.

**விடீரீந் துதாயத் து மததா (வாதிமலத விடீரீக திடுதது
துதீதீதது)**

(திரு. திரேருள் பெர்னாண்டோ—ததில் வெளிதாரட்டலுவல்
கள் அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Tyrone Fernando—Acting Minister of Foreign Affairs)

I wish to say a few words on this subject. I would like to take this opportunity to pay a tribute to the work of

the CISIR, particularly in the field of combating industrial pollution. The CISIR has been doing some very good work in the industrial area of my electorate ; in North Moratuwa and South Ratmalana. Sir, as you know, a number of the factory people discharge their waste matter and effluents into rivers and into paddy fields and have caused a lot of environmental problems. The CISIR has been regularly visiting these areas, preparing reports and helping the industrialists to dispose of their waste matter.

In particular, I would like to mention one Mr. Jeyarajah, who is a most unusual type of public servant, very efficient, honest and an enthusiastic officer.

Sir, secondly I noticed in the report that the CISIR is also going into the question of producing power from alcohol which would be a very useful thing in the future. As you know, Brazil has been the pioneer in this field and I had the opportunity of paying an official visit to Brazil last year and I also had the opportunity of travelling in vehicles entirely driven by alcohol. In fact, the President of Brazil travels in a car driven by alcohol, and they have now advanced to the extent that some vehicles are entirely driven by vegetable oil, juices of vegetables. Coconut oil, even onions and chillies might be useful. I wish the CISIR all success in that project also.

புல்தைய விமலத ருதீந், ஸதா ஸதீமத விட.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

**தாதீத தடு ஸதீதத ஸலர்மத மதீமலய:
வார்தீத வார்தாவ**

தேசிய தண்ணை விலங்கு அபிவிருத்திச் சபை :
ஆண்டறிக்கை

**NATIONAL LIVESTOCK DEVELOPMENT
BOARD: ANNUAL REPORT**

தீ. திவ் ததீ தைரீரூ தைதா
(திரு. தம். திவ் ததீ தைரீரூ)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

On behalf of the Minister of Rural Industrial Development, I move,

"That in terms of section 14 (3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, the Annual Report of the National Livestock Development Board, being report incorporating the Auditor-General's observations for the year ended 31st December, 1979, which was presented on 19th August, 1982, be approved."

புல்தைய ஸதாதிமல தரத ருதீ.
வினா ஏடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.
Question proposed.

லக்ஷ்மன் லக்ஷமன் ஜயக் கொடி

(திரு. லக்ஷமன் ஜயக் கொடி)

(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I would like the hon. Deputy Minister to let us know about the animal feed production of this country, and let us know the cause of the decline in the production during this period. This is a very serious matter. I noticed last year, for instance, in poultry feed, the tonnage had been 35,000 tons. It has dropped to 27,000 tons this year, cattle feed from 8,700 tons to 6,200 tons, pig feeds from 82 tons has gone up to 200 tons. I do not know how that happened. The total feed production of 44,000 tons dropped to 33,000 tons. Therefore the National Milk Board production form 34 metric litres. Now, this is a very unfortunate situation, because there is a vast decline in the production of food items. This is something that the Hon. Minister should take note of especially when it comes to rural industrial development. In the rural sector, in most of the coconut triangle area as well as the Kurunegala District this is the live-wire of the people of the area. There is a decline in the supply. (*Interruption.*) Anyway, I am reading from the Central Bank Bulletin for August 1982 which has just come out. It shows a decline. I do not know whether the production was a little more during this period. Certainly there is a decline in animal food production. (*Interruption.*) You say no, but when you are contradicting, you are not agreeing with the Central Bank Report. I am going on the Central Bank Report of August 1982. We do not come to your offices to check these from your books. We have to go through the Central Bank Report and find out how the present production is. These figures are only up to August 1982. Therefore, there is something wrong somewhere. Even the grass that has been grown here has shown a massive decline. Surely, are we not to believe what is said in this book? So, according to these figures, that is the present position. I do not want to refer to the 1979 Report and then raise questions about the present position. I like to know the present position. Surely, the Parliament is there for us to ascertain such information. We do not ask for what has happened years and years ago. On the basis of this Report, we take the opportunity to ask one or two questions as to why this decline has taken place. The latest Report gives the decline. I think the Hon. Minister should let us know why this decline has taken place, because it is a very vital factor.

The only way to stop the cost of living going up is to produce more and more; the only way to stop the cost of production in the manufactured goods going up is to produce more. In fact the way to stop the cost of anything from going up is to produce more. There is no other way, there is no short cut. The higher the production, the lower the cost of production is going to be. If your production is low, your cost of production will be high. That is a common thing.

As regards the lack of maize, I am told that you are going to import some three thousand tons of maize because you cannot find it here. Why has the production of maize come down? All these matters are inter-connected. Therefore, I would like the Hon. Minister to let us know why this has happened.

එස්. කේ. පියදස මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය ග්‍රාමීය කර්මාන්ත සංවර්ධනය පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. எஸ். கே. பியதாசா—கிராமிய கைத்தொழில் அபிவிருத்திப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. S. K. Piyadasa—Deputy Minister of Rural Industrial Development)

නියෝජ්‍ය කළුපල සංවර්ධන අමාත්‍යවරයා, මේ අවස්ථාවේදී සාකච්ඡා කරන්නේ පසු සම්පත් මෙහෙයුමේ වැරදි වැනි අන්තර්ගතයේ ගැටලු මෙන්වුවද (ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා) අසා තිබෙන්නේ වෙනත් ප්‍රශ්නයක්. ඒ වුණත් අපි කියන්න සන්නේෂය 1977 න් පස්සේ සත්වහාර නිෂ්පාදනය සිලයෙන් වැඩි වී තිබෙන බව. කොපමණ වැඩි වී තිබෙනවාද කිව්මොත් නිෂ්පාදන තත්ත්වයේ ප්‍රමාණයට අනුව විකුණා ගැනීම කරන්නට බැරි තත්ත්වයකට අප පැමිණ තිබෙනවා. ඒ පිළිබඳව වැරදිවත් තමුත් නාන්සේට වුවමනා නම් අපි එය ඉදිරියේදී දෙන්න බලා පොරොත්තු වෙනවා.

ප්‍රශ්නය විමසන ලදීත්, සහ සමමත විය.

வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.

Question put, and agreed to.

காண்கார்த்மிக සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය :

வார்ப்பிண வාර்ப்பா

கமத்தொழில் அபிவிருத்தி அதிகாரசபை : ஆண்டறிக்கை

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY : ANNUAL REPORT

ගාමිනි ජයසූරිය මහතා (කාෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධනය හා පර්යේෂණ පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා)

(திரு. காமனி ஜயசூரிய—விவசாய அபிவிருத்தி ஆராய்ச்சி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Gamani Jayasuriya—Minister of Agricultural Development & Research)

I move,

"That in terms of Section 30(2) of the State Industrial Corporations Act, No. 49 of 1957, the Annual Report of the Agricultural Development Authority including the observation of the Auditor-General for the year 1981, which was presented on 7th September, 1982, be approved."

I would like to take this opportunity of thanking the Chairman and the Board of Directors, and other members of their staff for the good work they have done during the year. Anyone looking at the Annual Report, I am sure would be satisfied that the accounts are up-to-date, and if he reads the Chairman's Report, the review of work, he would be quite happy about it.

ප්‍රශ්නය සහායවූවකර කරන ලදී.

வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.

Question proposed.

[වෛද්‍යවාර්ෂය පී. ආඞී. බී. සීරිල්]

හම්බන්තොට දිස්ත්‍රික්කය කෘෂිකර්මය අතින්, විශේෂයෙන් 1977 න් පස්සෙ දියුණුවේගෙන යන දිස්ත්‍රික්කයක් වශයෙන් හඳුන්වන්න පුළුවනි. මේ දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ කෘෂිකර්ම දියුණුව සඳහා ප්‍රථමයෙන්ම අත හිත දුන්නේ කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය පිහිටුවීමට පස්සෙය කියා මම කියනවා නම් එය වගකීමක් ඇතිව කියන කථාවක් වශයෙන් මට අදහස්වන්න පුළුවනි. කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියට විධායක බලයක් තිබුණත් නැතත්, මේ අධිකාරියේ නිලධාරීන් සහ මහත්වරුන් වැඩ කරන්න දන්න පුද්ගලයන් බව මම අවංකවම ප්‍රකාශ කරන්න කැමතියි. ඊට සාධක වශයෙන් තමුන් නාත්සේට කරුණු පෙන්වනවා නම් මට කියන්න පුළුවනි 1977 දී හම්බන්තොට දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ අක්කරයකට බ්‍රසල් 65 ක් වූ වි නිෂ්පාදනය මෙම කෘෂි අධිකාරිය පිහිටවීමට පස්සෙ දිස්ත්‍රික්ක කළමනාකාරවරුන් සහ ප්‍රාදේශීය කළමනාකාරතුමන් විශේෂයෙන් සහාපති තුමන් නිරන්තරයෙන් ගොවි ජනතාවන් සමග, මන්ත්‍රී තුමන් ලා සමග හැසිරීම තුළින් සහ අවධානය යොමු වීම තුළින් අවුරුදු දෙකක් යන්න මත්තෙන් අක්කරයකට වි බ්‍රසල් 125 දක්වා දෙගුණයක් කිරීමට හැකි වී තිබෙන බව.

ඇත්ත වශයෙන්ම මෙම කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියට පුදුම හැකියාවක් තිබෙනවා. ඒ මොකද? වාරිමාර්ග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ සහ කෘෂිකම් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිලධාරීන්ගේ සහයෝගය අරගෙන අඩුපාඩුවක් දුටුව තැනදී ඒ අඩුපාඩුව නැති කරගෙන, වැරද්දක් දුටුව තැනදී ඒ වැරද්ද නිවැරදි කරගෙන විශාල ප්‍රගතියක් ඇති කරගන්නට මවුන්ට හැකියාවක් තිබුණා. විශේෂයෙන් ඒ සහාපතිතුමාට තිබෙනවා, වැඩ කරන්න ආශාවක්. ඒ වාගේම කැපවීමක් තිබෙනවා. මෙසේ දියුණු වක් ලබාගැනීමට පුළුවන් වුණේ, සහාපතිතුමා තුළ වැඩ කරන්නට තිබෙන ආශාවත්, කැපවීමත් සහ රජයට තිබෙන පක්ෂ පාතිත්වයත් නිසාමය කියා මේ මොහොතේදී මම සඳහන් කරන්නම ඕනෑ.

විශේෂයෙන්ම මේ කාලය තුළදී කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය වශයෙන් තිබෙන වැඩ කටයුතු පමණක් නොව කැඩි බිදී ගොස් තිබුණු වැව් විශාල සංඛ්‍යාවකුත් ඒ මගින් සාදාගන්නට පුළුවන්කම ලැබුණා. ඒ සඳහා කෘෂිකම් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවෙන් මුදල් ලබාගෙන එතුමා ලේකම් හැටියට සේවය කළ නිසා ඒ කටයුතු කරන්නට එතුමාට හැකියාවක් තිබුණා. හම්බන්තොට දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ, විශේෂයෙන් තිස්සමහරාම මැතිවරණ කොට්ඨාශයට ලක්ෂ 40ක් පමණ එක් වර්ෂයකදී ලබාදී පුදුමාකාර විධියට ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණ කටයුතු රාශියක් කරන්නට හැකියාවක් තිබුණා. මේ තුළින්, වගකීමක් ඇතිව මට කියන්න පුළුවන්, කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ සහභාගිත්වය නිසා, අවධානය නිසා, කුඹුරු අක්කර 12,000 ක් පමණ වැඩිපුර වගා කරන්න හැකියාව ලැබුණා කියා. ඒ තුළින් ඉඩම් නැති කුඹුරු අක්කරයක් වත් නැති—

අනතුරුව නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමා මූලාසනයෙන් ඉවත් වූයෙන් කථානායකතුමා [අල් හාජ් එම්. අබ්දුල් බාකීර් මාර්කාර්] මූලාසනාරූඪ විය.

அதன் பிறகு, பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் அங்கிராசனத்தி லின்று அகலவே, சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள் [அல் ஹாஜ் எம். அப்துல் பாகீர் மாகார்] தலைமை வகித்தார்கள்.

Whereupon Mr. DEPUTY SPEAKER left the Chair, and MR. SPEAKER (AL HAJ M. ABDUL BAKEER MARKAR) took the Chair.

වෛද්‍යවාර්ෂය පී. එම්. බී. සීරිල්

(வைத்திய கலாநிதி பீ. எம். பி. சிறீல்) (Dr. P. M. B. Cyril)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, මා කථා කරමින් සිටියේ කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය පිහිටුවීමට පසුව හම්බන්තොට දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ, විශේෂයෙන් තිස්සමහරාමය මැතිවරණ කොට්ඨාශයේ, 1978 න් පසුව කුඹුරු අක්කර 12,000 ක් පමණ මේ කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ පිහිට නිසා අවධානය සහ සහභාගිත්වය නිසා දුප්පත් ජනතාව අතර බෙදා දෙන්නට පුළුවන්කම ඇති වුණා කියන එකයි. මම මේ ගරු සභාවට කියන්න ඕනෑ කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියට විධායක බල ඇතත් නැතත් ඒ කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ නිලධාරීන්ගේ සහයෝගය නිසා, අනික් දෙපාර්තමේන්තු සමග සහයෝගයෙන් හා සහජීවනයෙන් වැඩ කරන්නට පුළුවන්කම තිබුණු නිසා, අඩුවක් හෝ වරදක් දුටු තැන ඒ මොහොතේම ක්‍රියාත්මක වී එය නිවැරදි කරන්නට ඒ අඩුපාඩුව නැති කරන්නට හැකියාවක් ඇති වී තිබුණා කියා. විශේෂයෙන්ම හම්බන්තොට දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ ප්‍රගතිය ගැන කථා කරන විට, කෘෂිකර්මක ප්‍රගතිය ගැන කථා කරන විට, එහි ගෞරවය අපි ප්‍රථමයෙන්ම දිය යුත්තේ කෘෂිකර්ම දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවට හා සමානවම කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියටයි කියා මම කියනවා.

පසුගිය කාලය තුළ දී කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ සහාපතිතුමා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ ලේකම්තුමා ලෙසත් සේවය කළ නිසා අඩුපාඩුවක් දුටු තැනම—එය සම්පූර්ණ කරන්නට ක්‍රියා කළා. වැටක් ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණය කරන්නට අවශ්‍ය වුණම ඒ සඳහා මාස ගණනක් ගත්තේ නැතිව ක්ෂණයකින්ම ඒ මොහොතේම අවශ්‍ය මුදල් ලබා දී වැඩ කරන්නට එතුමාට පුළුවන්කම තිබුණු නිසා, විශාල ප්‍රගතියක් පුදුමාකාර පරිවර්තනයක් ඇති වුණා කියා මම කියන්න කැමතියි.

මේ මෑතකදී අපේ නියෝජ්‍ය මහවැලි සංවර්ධන ඇමතිතුමා කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ සහාපතිතුමාට කියනවා මා අසාගෙන සිටියා මීට ඉහත දී තිබුණු බලතල දෙනවා නම්, නැත්නම් එවැනි බලතල ලැබෙන ක්‍රමයක් ඇති වෙනවා නම් ඒ කෙරෙහි වැඩ කටයුතු ඒ විධියට බාධාවකින් තොරව අධීක්ෂණ කරගෙන යන්නට පුළුවන් වෙයි කියා එතුමා තුළ ලොකු විශ්වාසයක් තිබෙනවා හා සමානවම එය එතුමාගේ ප්‍රාර්ථනාවක්ය කියා. ඒ නිසා මා කෘෂිකර්ම ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලීමක් කරනවා, මේවැනි මොකක් හෝ විකල්ප ක්‍රමයක් ඇති කර බලය අඩුවීමක් නැත්නම් බලය හින වීමක් තිබෙනවා නම් ඒ බලය නැවතත් දිය යුතුයි කියා.

කෘෂිකර්මයෙන් තමයි අපේ රට දියුණු කරන්න පුළුවන් වන්නේ. විශේෂයෙන් හම්බන්තොට දිස්ත්‍රික්කය. ලුණුගම්වෙහෙර ව්‍යාපාරය තුළින් අක්කර

නියෝජ්‍ය කථානායකතුමා
(பிரதிச் சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Deputy Speaker)
Order, please! The Hon. Speaker will now take the chair.

31,000 ක් අලුත් කුඹුරුවලට පරිවර්තනය වන විට කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ සහයෝගය හා අවධානය එයට ලැබුණොත් තමයි, එය ප්‍රගතිය කරා ගෙන යන්නට පුළුවන් වන්නේ. අදටත් හඬබන්තොට දිස්ත්‍රික්කය වී නිෂ්පාදනය අතින් අතිරික්ත දිස්ත්‍රික්කයක් බවට පත් වී තිබෙනවා, ඒ නිසා අර විධියට කටයුතු කරගෙන ගියොත් මෙය ප්‍රගතිය කරා ගෙන ගොස් වී නිෂ්පාදනය දෙගුණ තෙගුණ කරන්නට පුළුවන් වෙයි කියා මට පෙනී යනවා, විශේෂයෙන්ම කැපී පෙනෙන ලක්ෂණයක් තමයි මේ ලේකම්තුමා අධිකාරියේ සහාපතිතුමා හැටියට ඇතැම් මැතිවරණ කොට්ඨාශවලට වර්ෂයකට දෙවරක් පමණ ගොස් හැම ගමක් ගානේ කුඹුරක් නියරක් ගානේ ගොස් ඇල දොළ කරා ගොස් ඒවායේ අඩුපාඩු සොයා බලා මුදලක් හදලක් අවශ්‍ය වන විගසම ලක්ෂ ගණනින් එම මුදල් ලබා දී ඒ අඩු පඩු නැති කරන්නට කටයුතු කිරීම. එතුමාට එවැනි හැකියාවක් තිබුණු නිසා තමයි, හම්බන්තොට දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ එදා තිබුණු වී නිෂ්පාදනය වූ අක්කරයකින් බ්‍රසල් 65 ක් ලබා ගැනීම අක්කරයකින් බ්‍රසල් 125 දක්වා වැඩි කර ගැනීමට පුළුවන් වී තිබෙන්නේ. අද ඊටත් වඩා වැඩි වෙමින් පවතිනවා. අද පුදුමාකාර විප්ලවය වෙනසක් සංවර්ධනයක් ඇති වෙනවා කෘෂිකර්ම අතින් මේ කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ නිලධාරීන්ගේ විශේෂයෙන් සහාපතිතුමාගේ මැතිවරණ කොට්ඨාශවල සිටින කළමනාකාර මහත්වරුන්ගේ ඇපකැපවීම නිසාය කියා මතක් කරමින් කෘෂි සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය මේ කර ගෙන යන වැඩ පිළිවෙලට අනගිත දීමට ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගේ අවධානය යොමු කරමින් මා නිහඬ වෙනවා.

අ. හා. 4

හරිෂ් වනිගසේකර මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය ග්‍රාම සංවර්ධනය පිළිබඳ ඇමතිතුමා)

(සි.ප්‍ර. ඉහරිංග බානිකප්පෙරු— கிராம அபிவிருத்திப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. Harish Wanigasekera—Deputy Minister of Rural Development)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය ගැන කථා කරන විට ප්‍රථමයෙන්ම ප්‍රශංසා මුඛයෙන් කියන්නට ඕනෑ මෙම අධිකාරියේ සහාපතිතුමා ඇතුළු නිලධාරී මණ්ඩලය ගම්බද ආසනවල අපේ ගොවි කම්කරු ජනතාවට මහඟු සේවයක් කර තිබෙන බව. එක කාරණයක් ගැන මම අත්තලල්ලේ මන්ත්‍රිතුමා සමග එකඟ වෙතවා. කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියට මීට වඩා බලතල දෙනවා නම් අපට මීට වඩා සාර්ථක ප්‍රතිඵල ලබා ගන්නට පුළුවන් වේය කියා මමත් අදහස් කරනවා.

මේ අවස්ථාවේදී කණගවුවෙන් වුවත් කිවයුතු කාරණයක් තිබෙනවා. මගේ ආසනයේ රත්සැගොඩ කුඹුරු අක්කර 600 ක් පමණ වාර්ෂිකව වතුරෙන් යට වී විනාශ වෙතවා, ඒකට හේතුව පසුගිය රජය කාලයේදී කුඹුරු පිටිය ආසනයේ තිබෙන සපුරුණු ආල කුඩා කිරීමයි. ඒ ආල පුළුල් කරන්නට කියා කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ සහාපතිතුමා වර්ෂයක් පාසා එතුමාගේ වාර්තා මගින් වාර්ෂික දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවට දන්වා තිබෙනවා. ඒ ආල පුළුල් කළේ නැත්නම් කවදාවත් රත්සැගොඩ කුඹුරු අක්කර 600 ය ගොවිතැන් කරන්නට ඒ කුඹුරු වගා කරන ගොවීන්ට සහකාරී සලස්වන්නට පුළුවන්

වෙන්නේ නැහැ. වාර්ෂික දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව අයත් වෙන්නේ ඉඩම් අමාත්‍යාංශයට. ඉඩම් අමාත්‍යාංශය යටතේ තිබෙන වාර්ෂික දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිලධාරීන් මේ දක්වා මේ කාරණය ගැන කිසිම අවධානයක් යොමු කර නැති එක ගැන අපි කණගාටු වෙනවා. කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ සහාපතිතුමා ඇතුළු ඒ නිලධාරීන් අපිත් තවමත් උත්සාහ ගන්නවා මේ කාර්ය ඉෂ්ට කරවා ගන්නට. නමුත් එය කරවා ගැනීමට මේ දක්වා අපොහොසත් වී තිබෙනවා.

හම්බන්තොට දිසා ඇමතිතුමාත් කී පරිදි කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ සහාපතිතුමාගෙනුත් අනෙකුත් නිලධාරීන්ගෙනුත් අපේ අසරණ ගොවීන්ට විශාල මෙහෙයක් ඉටු වී තිබෙනවා. විශේෂයෙන්ම මොරටක් කොරලය වැනි දුෂ්කර ප්‍රදේශයක හේන් ගොවිතැන් කළ ගොවීන්ට සුළු අපනයන හෝග වගාවෙන් විශාල රුකුළක් ලැබී තිබෙනවා. මා ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගේ අවධානයට යොමු කරවන්නේ මෙයයි. කෘෂිකර්ම දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ ව්‍යාප්ත නිලධාරීන් කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ කළමනාකාර මහත්වරුන් සමග මීට වැඩිය කිව්ව සම්බන්ධයක් ඇති කරගෙන අපේ ආසනවල වැඩ කරනවා නම් ඒ දෙන උපදෙස් මැනවින් පිළිපදිනවා නම් අපේ ආසනවල කෘෂිකාර්මික ව්‍යාප්තිය මීට වඩා හුඟක් දියුණු කර ගන්නට පුළුවන් වෙයි.

කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියේ සහාපතිතුමා ඇතුළු නිලධාරී මහත්වරු අප නියෝජනය කරන ගම්බද ආසනවල අසරණ ගොවීන්ට දෙන උපදෙස් සහ ආධාර සම්බන්ධව ඒ උදවියට යළිත් අපේ ස්තුතිය පිරිනමන අතර මා ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා අත්තන ගල්ලේ මන්ත්‍රිතුමාත් ප්‍රකාශ කළ පරිදි, කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරියට මීට වැඩිය තවත් වකක් බලතල දෙන ලෙස. ඒ සමගම, කෘෂිකාර්මික සංවර්ධන අධිකාරිය ඉදිරිපත් කරන වාර්තා ගැන මීට වඩා සැලකිලිමත් වන ලෙස වාර්ෂික දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවටත් කෘෂිකර්ම දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවටත් උපදෙස් දුන්නොත් අපේ කටයුතු මීට වඩා සපුලු කර ගන්නට පුළුවන් වන බවත් මා මතක් කරනවා. ස්තූතියි.

ගාමනී ජයසූරිය මහතා
(සි.ප්‍ර. காமனி ஜயசூரிய)
(Mr. Gamani Jayasuriya)

I would like to thank the Hon. Members for the complimentary remarks they have made about the Chairman, the Board of Directors and the other members of the ADA. That is why in my opening remarks, too, I said I would like to congratulate them for the good work they have done during the course of the year. The hon. Member for Attangalla (Mr. Lakshaman Jayakody) said that Pethiyakanda estate is badly managed or that there is a loss, but I would like to tell him that Pathiyakanda estate is not managed by the ADA. It is looked after by the LRC. So, I would like the hon. Members of this House to accept this Report.

ප්‍රශ්නය විච්ඡින ලදීත්, සහා සම්මත විය.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டது ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

ජාතික කෘෂිකාර්මික විවිධාංගීකරණ සහ ප්‍රජාපද අධිකාරිය : වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව

தேசிய விவசாய மாற்றுப் பயிற்சி செய்கைக் குடியேற்ற அதிகாரகமை : ஆண்டறிக்கை

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL DIVERSIFICATION AND SETTLEMENT AUTHORITY: ANNUAL REPORT

ශාමනී ජයසූරිය මහතා (திரு. காமனி ஜயசூரிய) (Mr. Gamani Jayasuriya)

I move,

"That in terms of Section 2 (i) of the State Agricultural Corporation Act, No. 11 of 1972, the Annual Report of the National Agricultural Diversification and Settlement Authority, including the observations of the Auditor-General for the year 1979, which was presented on 2nd November, 1982, be approved."

Sir, I must say I am sorry that I cannot speak in the same strain about the Agricultural Diversification and Settlement Authority. As you know, I took up this Ministry just a couple of months ago, and in a way I am happy that I have had the opportunity of looking into it. But when I looked into it, it brought me a lot of sorrow and sadness. I am now making some drastic changes there, by changing the Board and appointing a Project Manger to the Board of Management. So, I hope that this new Board will look into the problems that are there, and try to put this straight as soon as possible.

ප්‍රශ්නය සඟවීමක කරන ලදී. வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது. Question proposed.

ආනන්ද දසනායක මහතා (திரு. ஆனந்த தஸநாயக்க) (Mr. Ananda Dassanayake)

ගරු කළානායකතුමනි, ජාතික කෘෂිකාර්මික විවිධාංගීකරණ සහ ප්‍රජාපද අධිකාරිය මෙම වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබෙන්නේ 1979 වර්ෂයට. ඊට පසු තවත් අවුරුදු තුනක් ගත වී තිබෙනවා. මෙම අධිකාරියේ දැනට තිබෙන තත්ත්වය නම් ගරු ඇමතිතුමා අවබෝධ කරගෙන තිබෙනවා. ඒ ගැන වැඩි විග්‍රහයක් කිරීම අවශ්‍ය නැහැ. මෙම ආයතනය පිහිටුවන්නට රජයෙන් දුන් මුදලත් විදේශයකින් දුන් මුදලත් එකතු කර බලන විට දස ලක්ෂ 700 ක් 800 ක් පමණ වියදමක් දරා තිබෙන බව පෙනෙනවා. ඊට අමතරව, මෙම අධිකාරිය මගින් උඩරට ප්‍රදේශයේ කාගල්ල, මහනුවර, මාතලේ, ගම්පොල, නාටලිපිටිය අදී ප්‍රදේශවල සරු සර තේ වතු—හොදට නඩත්තු කළ තේ වතු—පාලනය කර ගෙන ගියා. එතකොට ඒ වතුවලින් විශාල ආදායමක් මෙම අධිකාරියට ලැබී තිබෙනවා.

මෙම අධිකාරිය විසින් කරන ලද භාසාජනක යෝජනාවක් ගැන මට මේ අවස්ථාවේදී මතක් වෙනවා. මේ අයට මොන විධියේ සිවිල්ලක් ඇති වී ඒක ක්‍රියාත්මක කළාදැයි මම දන්නේ නැහැ. හොදට විවෘතව ඇසු, කමිකරුවන් හය සියයක් හත් සියයක් ජීවත් වී,

හොදට නඩත්තු කළ තේ වතු කර්මාන්තශාලා වංශලා ගබඩා ලබන් කාමර සහාය නියාගෙන හොදට නඩත්තු කරගෙන ආපු තේ වතු මෙම අධිකාරිය විසින් "යෝජිත කැල" "suggested forests" කියන තත්ත්වයට පත් කලා. විවි කිවුණු ඉඩමක් කැල කිරීම එපමණ අමාරු නැහැ. ඒක බොහොම ලේසි වැඩක් ඒක කරල ඊට පසු මොකක්ද කලේ? වන්න කැලවට අපිනවාය කියල ඒකෙ කිවුණු ලබන් කාමර පික සමහර මුදලලියාට කොන්ත්‍රාත්කරුවන්ට සහ නාඩාප්ලාව වික්කා. එහෙම නම් ඒකෙ වෙනම අදහසක්, යටි අදහස්ක් තිබෙන්න ඕන.

ඊළඟට ඒ බංශලා කැවුවා, ඒකෙ උළු පික වික්කා, ටකරන් පික වික්කා, ඇස්බැස්ටෝස් පික වික්කා, ලී පික වික්කා. වැඩියක් නියා තිබුණු පටිප්ප ලබන් පික පවා ගලවා වික්කා. මේ විධියට ඒක නාස්ති කර දමම.

ඊළඟට වන්නේ ගස් පික කැපුවා. වුනා ගස්, මාර ගස්, ඇල්බිඩියා ගස් ආදී වශයෙන් ගස් වර්ග රාශියක් තිබුණා. ඒ ඔක්කොම ගස් කපා ගන්න ආයෙන් කොන්ත්‍රාත් දුන්නා. දැන් මොකද වෙලා තිබෙන්නේ? අපට තිබෙන ලොකුම වස්තුවක් නම්යි, අපේ රටේ පස. දැන් ඒ වස්තුව නිකමීම ගතව, ඇළට, දොළට සේදී ගලාගෙන යනවා. දැන් ඒ ඉඩම් සාරයක් නැති පිටිපිති බවට පත් වෙලා; ගල් උඩට මතු වුණු ස්ථාන බවට පත් වෙලා. අපේ රටේ ඉදිරියට ජීවත් වන්න ඉන්න පරම්පරාවලට ජීවත් වන්න අවශ්‍ය ඒ වස්තුව ඒ විධියට විනාශ කර තිබීම ගැන අප කනගාටු වෙනවා. ඒ විධියට මහ අපරාධය කුයි, කරල තිබෙන්නේ.

ඒ වගේම වතු 18 ක පමණ ස්ටෝරු ආදිය ගැලව්වා. පොද්ගලික 'බිස්නස්' කරයන් එක්ක 'ට්‍රාන්ස්ෆර්' හත්ස්' තබාගෙන වැඩ කර තිබෙන බව පැහැදිලිව පෙනෙනවා. එම කිසා ගරු ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් මා ඉතා ඕනෑකමින් ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා. පසුගිය කාලය තුළ මේ විවිධාංගීකරණ ආයතනය කර තිබෙන වැඩ ගැන පැහැදිලි පරීක්ෂණයක් කරන්නාය කියා.

මේ ආයතනයෙන් කරල තිබෙන එකම වැඩිය මොකක්ද? 'බෝඩිස්' ගැනීම විකරයි. ඒ 'බෝඩිස්' ගණන් කලොත් අඩු ගණනේ 2,000 ක්වත් ඇති. ඒ 'බෝඩි' එකකට රුපියල් දෙසිය--තුන්සිය ගණනේ--සමහර විට දහදහා-පහළොස්දහා ගණනේ--වියදම් කරල ඇති. ඒ විධියට මේ ආයතනය තුළ කෙටි තිබෙන මුදල් නාස්තියට අධ්‍යක්ෂ මණ්ඩලය වග කියන්න ඕන.

ගරු ඇමතිතුමා මේ ආයතනයේ වැඩ කටයුතු සම්බන්ධයෙන් යම්කිසි ගැහීමක් ඇති කර ගෙන, තීරණයක් ගෙන දැනටමත් වැඩ කටයුතු කරගෙන යන බව පෙනෙනවා. ඒ වුණත් දැනටමත් සේවකයන් 14 000 කට වඩා අනාවරී සිටිනවා. හේවාහට හිටපු මන්ත්‍රී අතර බැති යෙල් මහතා මේ ගැන බොහොම වේගවත්ව කපා කර තිබෙනවා. ඒ කමිකරුවන් අද පාදේ. ඒ 14,000 ට අද වැඩ නැහැ. කලින් හය දවසක් වැඩ දුන් අයට දැන් දවස් දෙකයි, වැඩ දෙන්නේ. කමිකරුවන් වැඩිය කියල අකික් ඉතුරු වතුවලට දමල තිබෙනවා. මේ විධියේ අප රාධ කර තිබෙන කිසා ඒ ගැන ප්‍රසිද්ධ පරීක්ෂණයක් කර වැරදිකරුවන්ට දඬුවම් දෙන ගැටියට ඉල්ලමින් මගේ චවන ස්වල්පය අවසාන කරනවා.

අ. හා. 4.12

වත්පු කරුණාරත්න මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය රාජ්‍ය ඇමති තුමා)

(*திரு. சந்திர கருணாரத்ன—இராஜாங்கப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்*)
(Mr. Chandra Karunaratne—Deputy Minister of State)

කතානායකතුමනි, මේ අවස්ථාවේදී ජාතික කෘෂිකාර්මික විවිධාංගීකරණ සහ ජනපද අධිකාරිය ගැන මාත් වචන ස්වල්පයක් කථා කරන්න කැමැතියි. අපේ ප්‍රදේශයේ 'නබ්සා' යනුවෙන් පටන් ගත් ව්‍යාපාරය සම්බන්ධයෙන් ගරු ඇමතිතුමා කී දේත්, ඒ වගේම කොත්මලේ මන්ත්‍රීතුමා (ආනන්ද දසනායක මහතා) ප්‍රකාශ කළ දේත් මේ අවස්ථාවේදී විශේෂයෙන් අනුමත කරන්න කැමැතියි. මා හිතන හැටියට මේ 'නබ්සා' ව්‍යාපාරය අරණයක, හේවැහැට, ගම්පොළ, නාවලපිටිය යන ඡන්ද කොට්ඨාසවල පටන් ගත් දෙයකි. කොත්මලේ මන්ත්‍රීතුමා කීවා වගේ විශේෂයෙන් නාවලපිටිය ඡන්ද කොට්ඨාශයේ, හොඳ ආදායමක් ලබමින් ජනවසමෙන් පාලනය කළ වතු 5 ක්—අක්කර 5,000 ක් පමණ—මේ ව්‍යාපාරයට අරගෙන ගසාකැමේ ව්‍යාපාරයක් කරගෙන ගියාය කියන එක මේ අවස්ථාවේදී කණගාටුවෙන් නමුත් සඳහන් කරන්න ඕනෑ.

මා මේවා සඳහන් කරමින් ඇමතිතුමාට දෝෂාරෝපණය කරනවා නොවෙයි. ඇමතිතුමා මේ ආයතනය හාර ගෙන තටම ගත වුණේ මාස කීපයක් පමණයි. නමුත් මේ සුළු කාලය තුළ—දැනටමත්—මෙම ආයතනය ගොඩ ගැනීම සඳහා ඒතුමා යම්කිසි වැඩ පිළිවෙලක් ගෙන තිබීම ගැන අප සන්තෝෂ වෙතවා. නමුත් කොත්මලේ මන්ත්‍රීතුමා කීවා වගේ නාවලපිටිය, ගම්පොළ ආදී ප්‍රදේශවල ඉන්න අයට පෙනෙනවා සිදුවී ඇති විනාශය. රුපියල් ලක්ෂ ගණන් නොවෙයි කෝටි ගණන් වටිනා වතුවල තිබුණු ඉතා හොඳ තේ කර්මාන්තශාලා කිසිම ආකාරයකින් ප්‍රවාහිත පත්‍රවල දැන්වීම් පළ කිරීමක් කරන්නේ නැතිව, ටෙන්ඩර් කැඳවන්නේ නැතිව, පසුගිය අවුරුදු දෙක-තුන ඇතුළත ගසාකැමේ ව්‍යාපාරයකට හොඳු කර තිබෙන බව සඳහන් කරන්න ඕනෑ.

ඒ ප්‍රදේශයේ සිටි දහස් ගණනක් කම්කරුවන්ට අද රක්ෂා නැති වී ගිහින් තිබෙනවා. සමහර තැන්වල ගෙවල් බැඳල. නමුත් ඒවායේ වැහලවල් නැහැ; ඒවා කඩා වැටෙනවා. වතු සම්පූර්ණයෙන්ම කැලෑ බවට පරිවර්තනය වෙලා. නාවලපිටිය කොට්ඨාශයේ අක්කර හාර පන් දහසක වතු ප්‍රමාණයක් අද බොහොම කණගාටු දායක තත්ත්වයකට පත් වෙලා තිබෙනවා. මේවාට ආණ්ඩුවෙන් රුපියල් ලක්ෂ ගණන් වියදම් කලා. මම හිතන හැටියට ලෝක බැංකුවෙන් ආධාර ලබා ගෙන, රුපියල් දස ලක්ෂ සියයක් පමණ වියදම් කලා. නමුත් විශාල ගසා කැමේ ව්‍යාපාරයක් ඒවයේ සිටි උසස් නිලධාරීන් ගෙන ගිය බව විශේෂයෙන් සඳහන් කරන්න ඕනෑ. එම නිසා මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් කිසියම් විභාගයක් පැවැත්වීම ඉතාමත්ම අවශ්‍යයි. ඒවැනි පරීක්ෂණයක් පැවැත්වීමට කටයුතු යොදන ලෙස ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් මා ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

මම හිතන විධියට මේ අන්දමේ මුදල් ගසා කැමක් අපේ පළාතේ කිසිම කාලයක සිදු වුණේ නැත කියා සඳහන් කරන්න ඕනෑ. අද අපේ පළාතට යන්න බැරි

තත්ත්වයක් තිබෙනවා. කම්කරුවෝ පාරේ, ලුයින් කඩල, ඔවුන්ට රක්ෂා නැහැ. වතු කැලෑ බවට පත්වෙලා. බොහොම කණගාටුදායක තත්ත්වයකටයි, මේ වතු පරිවර්තනය වී තිබෙන්නේ. දැන් විනාශ වී ගිය මේ වතුවලට පිළියමක් යොදන්න බැහැ. තැවත වතු බවට පරිවර්තනය කරන්න නම් රුපියල් කෝටි ගණනක් වියදම් කරන්න වෙනවා. මේවා ඒ ගම්වල අයට නැතිනම් ඒ වතුවල වැඩ කරන අයට බෙදන්නට ක්‍රමයක් දැන් යොදා තිබෙනවා. මෙය බොහොම ඉක්මණින් ක්‍රියාත්මක කරන්නටය කියා ඉල්ලනවා. විශේෂයෙන්ම මල්ගොල්ල කියන අක්කර පන් සියක් පමණ වන හොඳ තේ වත්තක් ඒ ප්‍රදේශය තිබෙනවා. ඉඩම් ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණ කොමිෂන් සභාව මගින් බලාපොරොත්තු වෙනවා නැවත මේකේ වැඩ කරන්න. නමුත් කලින් පැවති තත්ත්වයට මේ වත්ත ගෙන එන්න බැරි නිසා ගම් පුළුල් කිරීමේ වැඩ පිළිවෙල යටතේ හෝ ඒ වත්තේ ඉන්න අයට හෝ එම වත්ත බෙදා දෙන්න වහාම ක්‍රියා කරන ලෙස ඇමතිතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

මගේ කතාව අවසන් කරන්න පෙර සඳහන් කළ යුතු තවත් දෙයක් තිබෙනවා. වතු කීපයක කර්මාන්ත ශාලා කීපයක්, බංගලා කීපයක් ඉතුරු වී තිබෙනවා. ඒවා වටිනා ලී පාවිච්චි කර බොහොම හොඳට සාදන ලද බංගලා. ඒ වගේම ඒ කර්මාන්ත ශාලාවල හොඳ යන්ත්‍ර තිබෙනවා. මේවාත් ටික ටික ගලවා විකිණීමේ ව්‍යාපාරයක් දැන් කර ගෙන යනවා. එම නිසා, මේ විනාශය වළක්වන්න, හෙරකම් කිරීම වළක්වන්න අලුතෙන් පත් කර ඇති අධ්‍යක්ෂ මණ්ඩලය ක්‍රියාත්මක වෙන්නය කියා ඉල්ලා සිටින අතර ඒ පළාතේ තිබෙන, විශේෂයෙන් මල්ගොල්ල කියන වත්ත මා කලින් සඳහන් කළ ක්‍රමය යටතේ බෙදා දීමට වහාම පියවර ගන්නය කියා ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

ගරු කතානායකතුමනි, මගේ කතාව අවසන් කිරීමට පෙර නැවතත් මතක් කළ යුතු දෙයක් තිබෙනවා. ඇත්ත වශයෙන්ම මේ විනාශකාරී කටයුතුවලට වගකිව යුතු කලින් සිටි සභාපතිතුමා ඇතුළු—සභාපති කෙනෙක් ක්‍රියා කලා—සෑම දෙනා ගැනම පරීක්ෂණයක් පවත්වා, වැරදි කර ඇති අයට නිසි දඩවම් දෙන්නය, එසේ නැති නම් ඒවා ගැන සොයා බලන්න 'සී. අයි. ඩී' එකට හාර දෙන්නය කියා ඉල්ලා සිටිමින් මගේ වචන ස්වල්පය මෙයින් අවසන් කරනවා.

ගාමනී ජයසූරිය මහතා

(*திரு. காமனி ஜயசூரிய*)

(Mr. Gamani Jayasuriya)

Sir, there is nothing more that I could say. When I introduced this report I mentioned the state of NADSA, and I said that in a way I am happy that I took it over without waiting much longer because I hope that I will be able, at least at this stage, to see that any more unnecessary expense or loss of the country's money will not take place. At the same time I felt sad because of what I saw there. It is a scandalous state of affairs, I must say. I am aware of it, and I will try to do my best to put it right.

ප්‍රශ්නය විච්ඡිත ලදීත්, සභා සම්මත විය.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டது ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

ශ්‍රී ලංකා සීනි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලය :
වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව

இலங்கை சீனிக் கூட்டுத்தாபனம் : ஆண்டறிக்கை
SRI LANKA SUGAR CORPORATION : ANNUAL REPORT

ශාමනී ජයසූරිය මහතා
(திரு. காமனி ஜயசூரிய)
(Mr. Gamani Jayasuriya)

I move,

“That in terms of Section 30 (2) of the State Industrial Corporations Act, No. 49 of 1957, the Annual Report of the Sri Lanka Sugar Corporation, including the observation of the Auditor-General for the year 1979, which was presented on 2nd November, 1982, be approved.”

ප්‍රශ්නය සහතිමය කරන ලදී.
வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.
Question proposed.

ලක්ෂ්මන් ජයකොඩි මහතා
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I want to ask the Hon. Minister one questions—Whether he could let us know the cost of production of a kilo of sugar at Hingurana and the cost of production of a kilo of sugar at Kantalai, and at what price sugar is sold to the Food Commissioner and to the private sector. It is a very straight question. If you can give me the answer, I will be most grateful.

ශාමනී ජයසූරිය මහතා
(திரு. காமனி ஜயசூரிய)
(Mr. Gamani Jayasuriya)

I will send the hon. Member for Attangalla a reply in the course of next week.

එම්. එල්. එම්. අබුසාලි මහතා (නියෝජ්‍ය මහවැලි සංවර්ධන ඇමතිතුමා)

(ஜனாப் எம். எல். எம். அபுசாலி—மகாவலி அபிவிருத்திப் பிரதி அமைச்சர்)

(Mr. M. L. M. Aboosally—Deputy Minister of Mahaweli Development)

Before we pass on to the next matter, I would like to know from the Hon. Minister about the Sevanagala Scheme in the Ratnapura District that has been hanging fire for a long, long time. I would like to know whether there is any progress made in that Scheme, whether it will be started soon.

වෛද්‍යවාර්ෂය පී. එම්. බී. සිරිල් මහතා (හමින්තොට දිසා ඇමතිතුමා)

(வைத்திய கலாநிதி பி. எம். பி. சிறில்—ஹம்பாந்தொட்ட மாவட்ட அமைச்சர்)

(Dr. P. M. B. Cyril—District Minister, Hambantota)

ශ්‍රී ලංකා සීනි සංයුක්ත මණ්ඩලය, ඉඩම් ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණ කොමිෂන් සභාවේ වාර්තාව ගැන වචන ස්ටිල්පයක් කපා කරන්නට මම බලාපොරොත්තු වන්නේ.

කපානායකතුමා
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

කපා කරන්න අවශ්‍ය නැහැ. ප්‍රශ්න මොනවා හරි තිබේ නවා නම් අහන්න.

වෛද්‍යවාර්ෂය පී. එම්. බී. සිරිල් මහතා
(வைத்திய கலாநிதி பி. எம். பி. சிறில்)
(Dr. P. M. B. Cyril)

1974 ඒවත් එක්කයි තිබෙන්නේ. එහෙම නම් අහන්න වුවමනාවක් නැහැ.

ශාමනී ජයසූරිය මහතා
(திரு. காமனி ஜயசூரிய)
(Mr. Gamani Jayasuriya)

The Sevanagala Scheme is due to be commissioned in January, 1983, that is, at the beginning of next year.

ප්‍රශ්නය විසඳන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

ඉඩම් ප්‍රතිසංස්කරණ කොමිෂන් සභාව :
වාර්ෂික වාර්තාව

இலங்கை காணிச் சீர்திருத்த ஆணைக்குழு : ஆண்டறிக்கை
LAND REFORM COMMISSION : ANNUAL REPORTS

ශාමනී ජයසූරිය මහතා
(திரு. காமனி ஜயசூரிய)
Mr. Gamani Jayasuriya

I move,

“That in terms of Section 14 (3) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, the Annual Reports and Statements of Accounts of the Land Reform commission including the observations of the Auditor-General for the years 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978 and 1979, which were presented on 2nd November 1982, be approved.”

ප්‍රශ්නය විසඳන ලදීත්, සහ සම්මත විය.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு, ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

ක්‍රීඩා පනත : නියමය
விளையாட்டுக்கள் சட்டம் : கட்டளை
SPORTS LAW : ORDER

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා
(திரு. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I move,

“That the Order made by the Minister of Parliamentary Affairs and Sports under Section 28 of the Sports Law, No. 25 of 1973, and published in the Gazette Extraordinary of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka No. 203/6 of 27.07.1982, which was presented on 2nd November, 1982, be approved.”

This is to enable taekwondo to be listed as a recognized sport. Taekwondo is a game similar to Karate.

புல்தக சகஸ்திவ கர்ன லடி.
வினா எடுத்தியம்பப்பெற்றது.

Question proposed.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி மஹா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I want to know from the Hon. Minister of Sports what Taekwondo means ?

உ.தி. விந்ஸன் பி பைரேரா மஹா
(திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பி பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Taekwondo is a game similar to karate.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி மஹா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I want to ask him one question.

கலாநாயகரு
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

It is the right time for the Minister of Sports to give some instructions on that subject to the hon. Member for Attangalla !

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி மஹா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I was wondering what it was.

Sir, I want to ask him a question about the cricket team that has gone to South Africa. There is a massive bullabaloo going on about that.

உ.தி. விந்ஸன் பி பைரேரா மஹா
(திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பி பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

We are looking into the matter—both the Cricket Board and the Ministry. I will make a statement very soon.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி மஹா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Sir, why I raised this matter was because the Hon. Minister through the mass media had given an assurance that he would make a statement on this matter.

உ.தி. விந்ஸன் பி பைரேரா மஹா
(திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பி பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Yes. You will come to know what sort of action will be taken.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி மஹா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

I know. I will come to know once you make the statement.

உ.தி. விந்ஸன் பி பைரேரா மஹா
(திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பி பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

The matter is being discussed with the Ministry officials and the Cricket Board.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி மஹா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

Sir, I would like him to consider this fact also. Playing cricket is all right. We all play cricket. But here there is a Foreign Affairs angle to it.

உ.தி. விந்ஸன் பி பைரேரா மஹா
(திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பி பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Yes. Yes.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி மஹா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

And you are also involved ?

உ.தி. விந்ஸன் பி பைரேரா மஹா
(திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பி பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Yes, we are also involved in it.

லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயகோடி மஹா
(திரு. லக்ஷ்மன் ஜயக்கொடி.)
(Mr. Lakshman Jayakody)

So will you kindly let us know what the situation is?

உ.தி. விந்ஸன் பி பைரேரா மஹா
(திரு. எம். விந்ஸன் பி பெரேரா)
(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

Actually I am out of it.

புல்தக விசேஷ லடி, சகா சலினை வி.
வினா விடுக்கப்பட்டு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டது.
Question put, and agreed to.

டிரோன் பூநாண்டி மஹா
(திரு. டிரோன் பெர்னான்டோ)
(Mr. Tyrone Fernando)

Sir, Items 76 to 84 may stand down.

கலாநாயகரு
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

All the other items to stand down.

කල් තැබීම

ஒத்திவைப்பு

ADJOURNMENT

එම්. වින්සන්ට් පෙරේරා මහතා

(திரு. எம். வினசன்ட் பெரேரா)

(Mr. M. Vincent Perera)

I move,

"That the Parliament do now adjourn."

ප්‍රශ්නය සහායමක කරන ලදී.

வினா எடுக்கப்பட்டபெற்றது.

Question proposed.

ආනන්ද දසනායක මහතා

(திரு. ஆனந்த் தஸநாயக்க)

(Mr. Ananda Dassanayake)

ගරු කළාතායකතුමනි, මගේ ප්‍රශ්න වික මම ඉතා ඉක්මණින් ඇසීමට බලාපොරොත්තු වෙනවා. මම එක ප්‍රශ්නයක් ඇසීමට දැනුම් දී තිබෙන්නේ රාජ්‍ය ආරක්ෂක කටයුතු පිළිබඳ ගරු නියෝජ්‍ය ඇමතිතුමාටයි. ඒ ප්‍රශ්නය මම ඉතා කෙටියෙන් කියන්නම්. ගරු කළාතායකතුමා මගින් පසුව හෝ ඒ සම්බන්ධව හරි පිළිතුරක් අපට ලැබෙන්නට සලස්වන ලෙස මම ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා. එත කෙට රජයේ ක්‍රියාපටිපාටිය අනුව මේ සම්බන්ධව තව දුරටත් සොයා බලන්නට පුළුවනි.

1982 ඔක්තෝබර් 20 වන දින පැවැත් වූ ජනාධිපති වරණයෙන් පසු ඔක්තෝබර් 21 වන දින, 22 වන දින හා 23 වන දිනයන්හි වාහන සහිත පෙළපාලි කොත්මලේ ආසනය තුළ එක්සත් ජාතික පක්ෂයේ සංවිධායක හා ජනාධිපතිවරණ අපේක්ෂක නියෝජිතයා පැවැත් වූ බව එතුමා දන්නවාද?

ජනාධිපතිවරණ කිහිප අනුව ඔක්තෝබර් 20 දිනට පෙර දවස් දෙකක් හා ජනාධිපතිවරණයට පසුව දවස් හතක් පිළිගැනීම, රැස්වීම්, පෙරහැරවල් හා පෙළපාලි පැවැත්වීම සම්පූර්ණයෙන් තහනම් බවත් එසේ කිහි විරෝධී ක්‍රියාවන්ට සම්බන්ධ වන අයට විරුද්ධව කිහි මගින් ක්‍රියා කළ යුතු බවත් එතුමා පිළිගන්නවාද?

මීට කලින් හදිසි කිහිප සම්බන්ධව සාකච්ඡා කරන අවස්ථාවේදීත් මම මේ ගැන කිව්වා. සමහර වැරදි කළ අය සම්බන්ධයෙන් කිසිම පරීක්ෂණයක් කරලා නැහැ. එහෙම කරනවා නම් ඒ අය ඉදිරියට හෝ ඒ විධියේ වැරදි නොකරන්න පුළුවන්. එවැනි අය සම්බන්ධව පරීක්ෂණ කරලා නැහැ. මේ සම්බන්ධව විස්තර අපට දෙන්නට පුළුවන්. ඒ පරීක්ෂණ සම්බන්ධයෙන් කටයුතු කරන ලෙස මම ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

මගේ දෙවැනි ප්‍රශ්නය මෙයයි. ගරු අග්‍රාමාත්‍යතුමා ගෙන් ඇසීමටයි මම මෙය දැනුම් දී තිබෙන්නේ. 1982 ඔක්තෝබර් 20 වැනිදා ජනාධිපතිවරණයෙන් පසු විරුද්ධ පක්ෂයට අයත් රජයේ සේවකයන් ඒවාගේම සංස්ථාවල සේවකයන්—විශේෂයෙන් ලංගම සේවකයන්—රාශියකට සේවය වාර්තා කරන්න දෙන්නේ නැතිව ඒ ස්ථාන වලට වැරට පිටස් යොදා ඒ සේවකයන්ට අඩන්නේවිටමී කර තිබෙනවා. ඒ සම්බන්ධව අප වෙත පැමිණිලි රාශියක් ලැබී තිබෙනවා. ඒ පැමිණිලි රාශිය විභාග කිරීමට සඳහා අපි පොලිසිය වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබෙනවා.

තමන් නාන්සේගේ දන ගැනීම සඳහා මම කරුණක් දෙකක් කියන්නට කැමතියි. ශ්‍රී ලංකා ගමනාගමන මණ්ඩලයේ 1982 ජනාධිපතිවරණයෙන් පසු අසාධාරණකම් වලට ලක් වූ සේවක සේවිකාවන් පිළිබඳ විස්තර ස්ටිල් පයක් මෙන් න :

මෙම අනවර්තවලට ඇල්පිටිය සිපෝවේ සේවකයන් 19 දෙනෙකු ලක් වී ඇත. පියාදරු තුන් දෙනෙකු, කොන්දෙස් තරවැන්නන් නව දෙනෙකු, සිපෝ පරීක්ෂකවරුන් හතර දෙනෙකු, කාර්මිකයන් දෙදෙනෙකු. මේ අය පහරදීම්වලට, තුවාල සිදු කිරීම්වලට හා සේවය වාර්තා කිරීමට ඉඩ නොදීම් ආදියට ලක් වී තිබෙනවා. කැස්බෑව සිපෝවේ ආර්. කේ. කේ ගුණදස හමුතී කොන්දෙස්තරට බරපතල තුවාල සිදු කර සේවයෙන් පත්නා දමා තිබෙනවා. මොණරාගල සිපෝවේ සේවකයන් 40 ක් පමණ—සිපෝ අධිකාරී සහ කළමනාකාර සහායක ඇතුළුව—සේවයෙන් පත්නා ඇත. සිපෝ අධිකාරීගේ වැඩ බලන්නේ ජාතික සේවක සංගමයේ සහායති තැනැත්තා. මොරටුව සිපෝවේ සේවා ස්ථානවලින් මාරු කිරීම්, සේවයට ඉඩ නොදීම් සිදුවී තිබෙනවා. මධ්‍යම බස් රථ කාර්යාලයේ හේමඩිපි ජයලත් මහතාට සිහි නැති වන තෙක් පහර දී කකලෙන් ඇදගෙන විත් එළියට ඇද දමා තිබෙනවා. ඔහු හදිසි අනතුරු වාර්තාවෙන් ප්‍රතිකාර ගෙන තිබෙනවා.

ඊළඟට කහගොල්ල ප්‍රාදේශීය වැඩ පොළේ ඩී. මදනායක, ආර්. ඒ. නිහාල් රංජිත්, ඩබ්ලිව්. ඒ. එස්. පෙරේරා යන තිදෙනාට ජාතික සේවක සමිතියේ සහායති තැනැත්තෙක් අකමැත්ත නිසා සේවය කිරීමට ඉඩ දිය නොහැකි බව කියා ලිඛිතව ලිපියක් දී තිබෙනවා. සේවයට ගන්න බැහැ කියා ලියා දී තිබෙනවා. කැතිරුව සිපෝවේ සේවකයන්ට වැඩ කිරීමට ඉඩ දී නැහැ. උඩහමුල්ල සිපෝවේ සේවකයන්ට සේවය කිරීමට ඉඩ නොදීම සහ පහර ගැසීම් සිදු වී තිබෙනවා.

මෙන් න මේ විධියට නොයෙක් අනවර කර තිබෙනවා. කහගොල්ලේ කර්මාන්ත ඉංජිනේරු තැන විසින් ශ්‍රී ලංකා මධ්‍යම ගමනාගමන මණ්ඩලයේ සේවක මණ්ඩල කළමනාකාර තැන වෙත යවන ලද ලිපියක් මම දැන් ඉදිරිපත් කරන්නමි :

"ගේ අංකය" කඉ/කහ/072/82.
1982 ක්වූ ඔක්තෝබර් මස 25 වෙනි දින,
කහගොල්ල කර්මාන්ත ඉංජිනේරු කාර්යාලයේ දී,
සේවක මණ්ඩල කළමනාකාර තැන,
ශ්‍රී ලංකා ගමනාගමන මණ්ඩලය.

සේවා ස්ථානයෙන් පිට කරනු ලැබූ සේවකයන්

ලේ පහත දැක්වෙන සේවක මහතන් තිදෙනා මෙම සේවා ස්ථානයෙන් ආපසු යවන ලෙස ජාතික සේවක සංගමයේ පනාපති කේ. ඒ. බුද්ධිදාස මහතා මා වෙත දන්වා ඇත. ඒ අනුව එකී සේවක මහතන් තිදෙනා ඔබ වෙත එවමි. කහගොල්ල සිට නාරාහේන්පිට ප්‍රධාන කාර්යාලයට යාමට රාජකාරි ගමන් අවසර පත්‍ර තුනක් නිකුත් කර ඇත. මෙම ගමන් අවසර එකී සේවකයන්ට ලබාගැනීමට ගිණිම නොමැත්තේ නම්, එහි වටිනාකම ඔවුන්ගේ වැටුප්වලින් අඩු කර ගැනීමට මා වෙත දන්වන මෙන්ද ඉල්ලමි.

- (1) ඩී. දෙනායක, (2) ඩී. ඒ. නිහාල් රංජිත්, (3) ඩබ්ලිව්. ඒ. එස්. පෙරේරා.

කර්මාන්ත ඉංජිනේරු තැන,
කහගොල්ල."

ජාතික සේවක සංගමයේ සභාපතිගේ කීම පිටසි, මෙහෙම යවා තිබෙන්නෙ.

ඊළඟට පිළියන්දල ශ්‍රී ලංකා පිහන් සංස්ථාවේ 80 දෙනෙකුට වැඩට වාර්තා කිරීමට ඉඩ නොදී පහර දී වධ හිංසා පමුණුවා තිබෙනවා. මෙයින් 50 දෙනෙක් පොලීසි යට ගොස් පැමිණිලි කර තිබෙනවා.

එහි එච්. ඩී. දයානන්ද නමැත්තාට සිදු වූ දේ නිදසුනක් වශයෙන් පෙන්වන්න පුළුවන්. ඔහු 1982. 11. 02 දින වැඩට ගොස් තිබෙනවා. ඔහුට වෙලාව සටහන් කිරීමට වෙලා සටහන් පත තිබී නැහැ. ආරක්ෂක නිලධාරීන් ළඟ තිබූ ලේඛනයක ඔහුගේ නම සඳහන් වී තිබුණු අතර, ඉහළින් ආ නියෝගයක් අනුව ඔහුට රැකියාව නැති බව දන්වා තිබෙනවා. මේ වන තුරු ලියවිල්ලකින් කිසි දෙයක් දන්වා නැහැ. ඒ ගැන පිළියන්දල පොලීසියට පැමිණිලි කර තිබෙනවා.

මේ අනුව බලන විට ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, ඡන්දයක් පැවැත්වීම මේ රටේ ජනතාවට එපා වන තැනට කටයුතු යෙදී තිබෙනවා. ඡන්දයක් පවත්වන විට ප්‍රධාන දේශ පාලන පක්ෂ තරඟ බිමට බිහින්න ඕනෑ. එසේ ඒන අවස්ථාවේදී අපට ආධාර කරන පිරිස බල බලා පළිගැනීම සඳහා ඔවුන් අස් කරනවා නම්, ඔවුන්ට හිරිහැර කරනවා නම් ඡන්ද පැවැත්වීම සඳහාම නැති කර දමා යම්කිසි පිරිසක් පත් වී පාලන කටයුතු කරගෙන යනොත් එය ඒ තරමටම හොඳයි කියා මම කල්පනා කරනවා. එම නිසා මේ කාරණා ගැන පරීක්ෂා කර බලා ඒ සේවකයන් වෙනුවෙන් සාධාරණය ඉෂ්ට කරන ලෙස මම ඉල්ලා සිටිනවා.

වී. ජ. ම. ලොකුබණ්ඩාර මහතා (හපුතලේ)
(திரு. டபிள்யூ. ஜே. எம். லொக்குபண்டார—ஹப்புத்தலை)
(Mr. W. J. M. Lokubandara—Haputale)

ගරු කථානායකතුමනි, අපේ අභිමතය යුදානුපිකාර සිත්ට තමයි, “දිනුවත් ගහනවා, පැරදුණත් ගහනවා” කියලා ඔය නම් කියාපු, කාලකන්නී තුන්දෙනා කුමන්ත්‍රණයක් කළේ. බයිසිකල් වේන් අරගෙන ආවා. ධර්මිණ්ට විධියට, අපට ඒ අය ඒ ගොල්ලන්ගේම සනීපය සඳහා යටත්න සිද්ධ වුණා. එහෙම දෙයක් මිස, කිසි සේත්ම, මැතිවරණයට අසාධාරණ බලපෑම් වන දේවල් සිදු වුණේ නැති බව කියන්න මා කැමතියි.

එම්. සිවසිනම්පරම් මහතා
(திரு. எம். சிவசிதம்பரம்)
(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)

Mr. Speaker, I am glad that you are recognizing me at least now.

I have given notice of two questions to the Hon. Minister of Justice. He is not here. I gave notice yesterday. I do not know whether anyone is going to answer the question on behalf of the Hon. Minister of Justice because these are fairly urgent matters.

කථානායකතුමා
(சபாநாயகர் அவர்கள்)
(Mr. Speaker)

I will have them noted so that a reply may be given to you on some other day.

එම්. සිවසිනම්පරම් මහතා
(திரு. எம். சிவசிதம்பரம்)
(Mr. M. Sivasithamparam)

Mr. Speaker, three young men were arrested as far back as May 1980 on some charges at Batticaloa. They were produced before the Magistrate and remanded. Now it is more than 2 1/2 years. No case has been filed and no non-summary proceedings have started. They have been asking for bail over and over again, but bail has been refused. Surely, Sir, people were arrested and kept in remand for such a long time without a charge! This is something that one cannot take light notice of. Two and a half years is a very long period, and why has not charge been made? If you had facts on which you arrested them, why have you not charged them up to now? The names of these three young men are: B. Mahendra, Thdchanamoorthy and Bhawanandan. These are the three boys who were arrested in Batticaloa in May 1980. Up to date nothing has been done. They are on remand. They have not been told as to what charges are going to be brought against them. I can understand if it is a detention order under the anti-terrorism law. This is under the normal law of the land. They have been remanded for the last two years or more. This is a matter—I thought the Hon. Minister of Justice would be here—which he should look into and see whether bail can be given to these young men.

The other question is in regard to Vamadevan, one of the three accused in High Court Case No. 624/78. He was convicted with the other two, and the High Court Judge had given him three years' on one count and five years on the other count, both sentences to run concurrently. These three accused appealed, and in appeal this accused was acquitted on count three. The five year period of imprisonment was removed by the Court of Appeal. Therefore, he was left with only three years to serve and the Supreme Court also ruled in that particular case that the period for which they had been on remand should also be taken into account when the question of the three year period is calculated. Now, Sir, the three year period is over. But the jail authorities are taking up the position that the letter that has gone from the Court of Appeal from the Registrar of the Court of Appeal, is that he has to serve the other five years also. So, some mistake has taken place somewhere. I am personally aware that the Court of Appeal definitely acquitted him on count three and therefore he does not have to serve those years. I am giving the number of these cases: High Court Case No. 624/78 and Appeal Court Case No. 9497/81. I hope at least the Minister for Parliamentary Affairs will pass this information to the Hon. Minister of Justice, because the man is going to be kept in jail for no fault of his. I do ask the Hon. Minister of Parliamentary Affairs to pass both these cases to the Hon. Minister of Justice so that he can take some action in the matter.

[மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும்]

(அ) ஆம் (ஆ) திரு. அபேதுங்கவிற்கு ஓய்வூதியத்தை செலுத்துவது தொடர்பான ஒரு விண்ணப்பம் ஓய்வூதியத்திற்குப் பொதுப்பாண பணிப்பாளரிடம் சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்டது. பற்றாக்குறைகள் சம்பந்தமாக அவரிடமிருந்து குறிப்பிட்ட டனவு பணம் அரசாங்கத்திற்கு வருமதியாக உள்ளது. ஓய்வூதியப் பணிப்பாளரினால் ஓய்வூதியக் கொடுப்பனவு அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்டவுடன், திரு. அபேதுங்கவிற்கு பற்றாக்குறைகள் தொடர்பாக அரசாங்கத்திற்கு வருமதியாகவுள்ள பணத்தைக் கழித்தபின் ஏதாவது மிகுதியாகக் காணப்படுக அக் கொடுப்பனவுகள் செலுத்தப்படும். (ஆ) மேலே 'ஆ' வின் விடையைப் பார்க்கவும்.

(a) Yes. (b) An application for payment of a pension to Mr. Abeyunga has been forwarded to the Director of Pensions. Certain sums of money are due to Government from him on account of shortages. When the Director of Pensions approves the payment of a pension, Mr. Abeyunga will be paid any dues if there is a balance left after deducting the dues to Government on account of shortages. (c) Vide reply (b) above.

மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

LATE MR. E. H. SAMMIE: PROVIDENT FUND DUES TO WIDOW

411/82 (2)

மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

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asked the Minister of Trade and Shipping: (a) Is he aware that Port worker 16324, Mr. E. H. Sammie of Galle, died on 21st October, 1981, and his widow, Mrs. U. L. Ellen Nona of 150/5, Gangarama Road, Galle has asked for his Provident Fund and other dues? (b) Will he take action to pay all dues at once? (c) If not, why?

மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

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மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

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(a) No. (b) and (c) Do not arise.

மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

MRS. R. PUNCHINONA: PASSPORT

416/82 (2)

மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

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மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

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மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

asked the Minister, and Deputy Minister of Defence: (a) Will he be pleased to order the issue of passport to Mrs. R. Punchinona, Kalahe, Wanchawela, who gave her application in October, 1931, and also her own birth certificate and a child's birth certificate subsequently? (b) Will he take disciplinary action against all officers who have caused this inordinate delay? (c) If not, why?

மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

மேலேயே பதிலளிக்கும். திரு. இ. எச். சேமீ, காலஞ்சென்றவர்: விதவைக்குச் சேமலாபநீதி

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(அ) திருமதி ஆர். புஞ்சிநோனா சமர்ப்பித்திருக்கின்ற பிறப்புச்சாட்சிப் பத்திரம் திருத்தப்பட்டுள்ளதோடு பிறந்த திகதியும் மாற்றஞ் செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது. இவ்விடயம் விசாரணையின் கீழ் இருக்கிறது. (ஆ) ஆம். (இ) எழுவில்லை.

(a) Mrs. R. Puchinona has submitted a birth certificate which has been tampered with and the date of birth altered. This matter is under investigation. (b) and (c) Do not arise.

நி. சி. மல்லிகா மனைவியை : கௌரவ உறுப்பினர்
செல்வி பி. டி. மல்லிகா : அடையாள அட்டை
MISS B. D. MALLIKA : IDENTITY CARD

417/82 (2)

ஊழலிய விகிதி. உறுப்பினர்
(கலாநிதி டபிள்யூ. தஹநாயக்க)
(Dr. W. Dahanayake)

கூலியினர் சபை உறுப்பினர் ஒருவர் தயார் செய்து கொடுத்திருக்கின்ற பிறப்புச் சாட்சிப் பத்திரம் திருத்தப்பட்டுள்ளதோடு பிறந்த திகதியும் மாற்றஞ் செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது. இவ்விடயம் விசாரணையின் கீழ் இருக்கிறது. (ஆ) ஆம். (இ) எழுவில்லை.

அமைச்சரும், பிரதிப் பாதுகாப்பு அமைச்சரும் ஆனவரைக் கேட்ட வினா : (அ) B 10, தின்பாளாக்க் கோட்டம், பதினாறுவா. வஞ்சாவலை என்ற முகவரியினரும் இலக்கம் C 241406 என்ற அடையாள அட்டைக்குரியவருமான செல்வி பி. டி. மல்லிக்காவுக்கு அடையாள அட்டை வழங்குவது 1981 அக்டோபர் 1 இலிருந்து தாமதப்படுத்தப்பட்டுள்ளது என்பதை அவர் அறிவாரா? (ஆ) இவ்வடையாள அட்டையை உடனே

வழங்கவும், அத்துடன் மட்டுமீறிய இந்தத் தாமதத்துக்குப் பொறுப்பாயிருந்த அலுவலர் அனைவர்க்கும் தராத உடனடி நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கவும் செய்வாரா? (இ) இல்லையேல் ஏன்?

asked the Minister, and Deputy Minister of Defence : (a) Is he aware that the issue of the Identity Card to Miss B. D. Mallika of B10, Diulana Estate, Padinnoruwa, Wanchawela No. C 241406, has been delayed from 1st October, 1981? (b) Will he please cause the Identity Card to be issued at once, and also take disciplinary action against all officers who are responsible for this inordinate delay? (c) If not, why?

பி. சி. வேரபிதியை
(திரு. பி. பி. வேரபிதியை)
(Mr. T. B. Werapitiya)

(அ) ஆம். ரூப உறுப்பினர் ஒருவர் தயார் செய்து கொடுத்திருக்கின்ற பிறப்புச் சாட்சிப் பத்திரம் திருத்தப்பட்டுள்ளதோடு பிறந்த திகதியும் மாற்றஞ் செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது. இவ்விடயம் விசாரணையின் கீழ் இருக்கிறது. (ஆ) ஆம். (இ) எழுவில்லை.

(அ) இல்லை. விண்ணப்பத்தை உடனே அரசாங்க அதிகாரி 1981-12-18 ந்த திகதியன்றே பெற்றுக்கொண்டார். (ஆ) ஆள் அடையாள அட்டை 1982.05.19 ந்த தேதி வழங்கப்பட்டு 1982.07.26 ஆந் தேதி கிராம சேவகரினால் விண்ணப்பதாரிக்கு விநியோகிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது. தாமதத்திற்கான காரணம்பற்றி விசாரணைகள் நடைபெற்றுக்கொண்டிருக்கின்றன. (இ) எழுவில்லை.

(a) No. The AGA received the application on 18.12.81. (b) The Identity Card was issued on 19.5.1982 and delivered to the applicant by the Gramaseva Niladhari on 26.7.1982. Inquiries are been made in regard to the delay. (c) Does not arise.

உ. சூ.

மேலே கூறியவை அனைத்துமே பிழைகள் அல்லாத வகையில் கட்டுரை நிறைவேற்றி கட்டுரை செய்து தரவேண்டுகிறபடி கேட்டுக் கொள்கிறேன்.

1982 நவம்பர் 19-ம் திகதி

தொகுப்பாளர், டி. சி. சி. சி.

குறிப்பு

அங்கத்தினர்கள் இறுதிப் பதிப்பிற் செய்யவிரும்பும் பிழை திருத்தங்களை அறிக்கையிற் குறிப்பிட்டு
பிழை திருத்தங்களைக் கொண்ட பிரதியை ஹன்சார்ட் பதிப்பாளரிடம்

1982 நவம்பர் 19, வெள்ளிக்கிழமைக்குப்

பிந்தாமற் கிடைக்கக்கூடியதாக அனுப்புவதில் வேண்டும்.

NOTE

Corrections which Members suggest for the Final Print should be clearly marked in this Report
and the copy containing the corrections must reach the Editor of HANSARD,

not later than

Friday, 19th November 1982



දයක මුදල් : පාර්ලිමේන්තු විවාද වාර්තාවල වාර්ෂික දයක මිල රු. 200/- කි. (අශෝඛිත පිටපත් සඳහා නම් රු. 175/- කි). පිටපතක් ගෙන්වා ගැනීම අවශ්‍ය නම් ගාස්තුව රු. 2.50 කි. තැපැල් ගාස්තුව ගත 90 කි. කොළඹ 1. තා. පෙ. 500, රජයේ ප්‍රකාශන කාර්යාංශයේ අධිකාරී වෙත සෑම වර්ෂයකම නොවැම්බර් 30 දාට ප්‍රථම දයක මුදල් ගෙවා ඉදිරි වර්ෂයේ දයකත්වය ලබාගෙන විවාද වාර්තා ලබාගත හැකිය. නියමිත දිනෙන් පසුව එවනු ලබන දයක ඉල්ලුම්පත් භාරගනු නොලැබේ.

සந்தා : ඉහත සඳහන් අධිකාර අවිකල්පවත් වැරදිව ප්‍රකාශනයක් වූවහොත් සන්තා ලුපා 200/- (නිලිකරනු ලබන ප්‍රකාශනයක් වූවහොත් ලුපා 175/-) ඉහත සඳහන් අධිකාර අවිකල්පවත් වූවහොත් සන්තා ලුපා 2.50. තපාල සේවය 90 පමණි. වැරදිව ප්‍රකාශනයක් වූවහොත් සන්තා මුහුණතක අත්තිපති, අර්ථනිරූපණ කොමිෂන්වලට, ත. පෙ. 500, කොළඹ 1 හි විවිධ වාර්ෂිකව අනුපිටි ප්‍රකාශනයක් පෙන්වන්නෙක්වෙත. ඉන්දියාවේදීද සන්තා ලුපා 30 ක් දීමට සූදානම්ව සන්තා ලුපා පණක් අනුපිටිවීමට සූදානම්වීමට. පිටිකි කිසිදු සන්තා විකුණුම්වලට සන්තා ලුපා පණක් අනුපිටිවීමට සූදානම්වීමට.

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