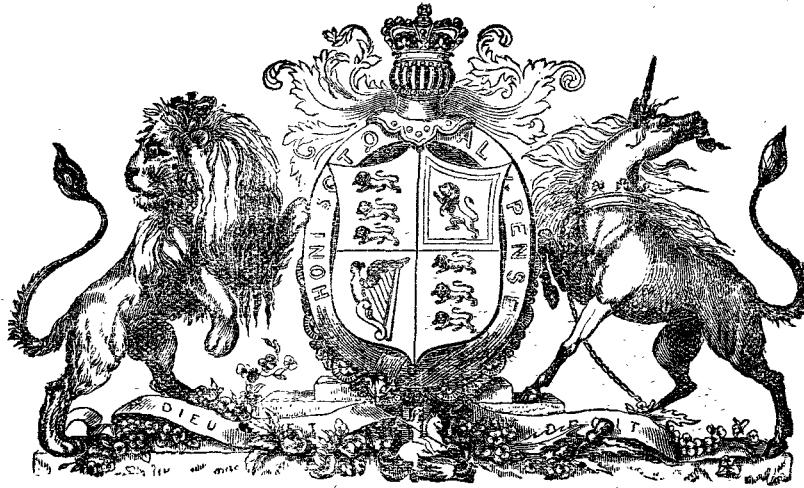


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PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.
PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.
PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile.
PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

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PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by the 25th and 26th sections of "The Irrigation and Paddy Cultivation Ordinance, 1889," it is amongst other things enacted that all rules for the enforcement of ancient customs regarding the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands within any district in the Island framed under the provisions of section 13 of the said Ordinance shall, when completed, be transmitted by the Government Agent to the Governor for the approval or disallowance thereof by the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and that in case such rules shall be approved notice of such approval shall be given by Proclamation, and the said rules shall be published in the *Government Gazette* and in the district in such manner as to the Government Agent shall seem expedient, and shall thereupon become binding upon all proprietors within the said district, and shall be as legal, valid, and effectual as if the same had been inserted in the said Ordinance:

And whereas it is expedient that the following rule, which has been transmitted by the Government Agent of the North-Western Province and approved by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, should be brought into operation in the district of Hiriyala hatpattu, in the North-Western Province:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do, by virtue of the powers in Us vested as aforesaid, proclaim that the said rule relating to the extension of paddy cultivation, the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands, and maintenance of water rights in the district of Hiriya hatpattu, in the North-Western Province, has been approved by Us, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council :—

The irrigation headmen appointed under the irrigation rules, as well as those previously appointed and continuing in office, shall be entitled to suwandiram or commission on all the produce of paddy lands within their subdivision, except hill paddy, at the rate of two per cent. as heretofore on the produce, payable at threshing-floors before any grain is removed or division effected.

The irrigation headmen shall be liable for any neglect of duty proved to the satisfaction of the village council as for a breach of rule.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-second day of September in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-seven.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

IN the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by the 25th and 26th sections of "The Irrigation and Paddy Cultivation Ordinance, 1889," it is amongst other things enacted that all rules for the enforcement of ancient customs regarding the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands within any district in the Island framed under the provisions of section 13 of the said Ordinance shall, when completed, be transmitted by the Government Agent to the Governor for the approval or disallowance thereof by the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and that in case such rules shall be approved notice of such approval shall be given by Proclamation, and the said rules shall be published in the *Government Gazette* and in the district in such manner as to the Government Agent shall seem expedient, and shall thereupon become binding upon all proprietors within the said district, and shall be as legal, valid, and effectual as if the same had been inserted in the said Ordinance :

And whereas it is expedient that the following rule, which has been transmitted by the Government Agent of the North-Western Province and approved by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, should be brought into operation in the district of Katugampola hatpattu, in the North-Western Province :

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do, by virtue of the powers in Us vested as aforesaid, proclaim that the said rule relating to the extension of paddy cultivation, the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands, and maintenance of water rights in the district of Katugampola hatpattu, in the North-Western Province, has been approved by Us, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council :—

The irrigation headmen appointed under the irrigation rules, as well as those previously appointed and continuing in office, shall be entitled to suwandiram or commission on all the produce of paddy lands within their subdivision, except hill paddy, at the rate of two per cent. as heretofore on the produce, payable at threshing-floors before any grain is removed or division effected.

The irrigation headmen shall be liable for any neglect of duty proved to the satisfaction of the village council as for a breach of rule.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-second day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-seven.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

IN the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by the 25th and 26th sections of "The Irrigation and Paddy Cultivation Ordinance, 1889," it is amongst other things enacted that all rules for the enforcement of ancient customs regarding the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands within any district in the Island

framed under the provisions of section 13 of the said Ordinance shall, when completed, be transmitted by the Government Agent to the Governor for the approval or disallowance thereof by the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and that in case such rules shall be approved notice of such approval shall be given by Proclamation, and the said rules shall be published in the *Government Gazette* and in the district in such manner as to the Government Agent shall seem expedient, and shall thereupon become binding upon all proprietors within the said district, and shall be as legal, valid, and effectual as if the same had been inserted in the said Ordinance :

And whereas it is expedient that the following rule, which has been transmitted by the Government Agent of the North-Western Province and approved by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, should be brought into operation in the district of Dambadeni hatpattu, in the North-Western Province :

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do, by virtue of the powers in Us vested as aforesaid, proclaim that the said rule relating to the extension of paddy cultivation, the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands, and maintenance of water rights in the district of Dambadeni hatpattu, in the North-Western Province, has been approved by Us, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council :—

The irrigation headmen appointed under the irrigation rules, as well as those previously appointed and continuing in office, shall be entitled to suwandiram or commission on all the produce of paddy lands within their subdivision, except hill paddy, at the rate of two per cent. as heretofore on the produce, payable at threshing-floors before any grain is removed or division effected.

The irrigation headmen shall be liable for any neglect of duty proved to the satisfaction of the village council as for a breach of rule.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-second day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-seven.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

IN the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by the 25th and 26th sections of "The Irrigation and Paddy Cultivation Ordinance, 1889," it is amongst other things enacted that all rules for the enforcement of ancient customs regarding the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands within any district in the Island framed under the provisions of section 13 of the said Ordinance shall, when completed, be transmitted by the Government Agent to the Governor for the approval or disallowance thereof by the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and that in case such rules shall be approved, notice of such approval shall be given by Proclamation, and the said rules shall be published in the *Government Gazette* and in the district in such manner as to the Government Agent shall seem expedient, and shall thereupon become binding upon all proprietors within the said district, and shall be as legal, valid, and effectual as if the same had been inserted in the said Ordinance :

And whereas it is expedient that the following rule, which has been transmitted by the Government Agent of the North-Western Province and approved by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, should be brought into operation in the district of Weudawili hatpattu, in the North-Western Province :

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do, by virtue of the powers in Us vested as aforesaid, proclaim that the said rule relating to the extension of paddy cultivation, the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands, and maintenance of water rights in the district of Weudawili hatpattu, in the North-Western Province, has been approved by Us, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council :—

The irrigation headmen appointed under the irrigation rules, as well as those previously appointed and continuing in office, shall be entitled to suwandiram or commission on all the produce of paddy lands within their subdivision, except hill paddy, at the rate of two per cent. as heretofore on the produce, payable at threshing-floors before any grain is removed or division effected.

The irrigation headmen shall be liable for any neglect of duty proved to the satisfaction of the village council as for a breach of rule.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-second day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-seven.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

IN the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Hon. Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

✓ WHEREAS by the 25th and 26th sections of "The Irrigation and Paddy Cultivation Ordinance, 1889," it is amongst other things enacted that all rules for the enforcement of ancient customs regarding the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands within any district in the Island framed under the provisions of section 13 of the said Ordinance, shall, when completed, be transmitted by the Government Agent to the Governor for the approval or disallowance thereof by the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and that in case such rules shall be approved notice of such approval shall be given by Proclamation, and the said rules shall be published in the *Government Gazette* and in the district in such manner as to the Government Agent shall seem expedient, and shall thereupon become binding upon all proprietors within the said district, and shall be as legal, valid, and effectual as if the same had been inserted in the said Ordinance:

And whereas it is expedient that the following rule, which has been transmitted by the Government Agent of the North-Western Province and approved by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, should be brought into operation in the district of Wannī hatpattu, in the North-Western Province:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do, by virtue of the powers in Us vested as aforesaid, proclaim that the said rule relating to the extension of paddy cultivation, the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands, and maintenance of water rights in the district of Wannī hatpattu, in the North-Western Province, has been approved by Us, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council:—

The irrigation headmen appointed under the irrigation rules, as well as those previously appointed and continuing in office, shall be entitled to suwandiram or commission on all the produce of paddy lands within their subdivision, except hill paddy, at the rate of two per cent. as heretofore on the produce, payable at threshing-floors before any grain is removed or division effected.

The irrigation headmen shall be liable for any neglect of duty proved to the satisfaction of the village council as for a breach of rule.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-second day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-seven.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

IN the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Hon. Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

✓ WHEREAS by the 25th and 26th sections of "The Irrigation and Paddy Cultivation Ordinance, 1889," it is amongst other things enacted that all rules for the enforcement of ancient customs regarding the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands within any district in the Island framed under the provisions of section 13 of the said Ordinance, shall, when completed, be transmitted by the Government Agent to the Governor for the approval or disallowance thereof by the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and that in case such rules shall be approved notice of such approval shall be given by Proclamation, and the said rules shall be published in the *Government Gazette* and in the district in such manner as to the Government Agent shall seem expedient, and shall thereupon become binding upon all proprietors within the said district, and shall be as legal, valid, and effectual as if the same had been inserted in the said Ordinance:

And whereas it is expedient that the following rule, which has been transmitted by the Government Agent of the North-Western Province and approved by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, should be brought into operation in the district of Dewamedī hatpattu, in the North-Western Province:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do, by virtue of the powers in Us vested as aforesaid, proclaim that the said rule relating to the extension

of paddy cultivation, the irrigation and cultivation of paddy lands, and maintenance of water rights in the district of Devamedi hatpattu, in the North-Western Province, has been approved by Us, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council :—

The irrigation headmen appointed under the irrigation rules, as well as those previously appointed and continuing in office, shall be entitled to suwandiram or commission on all the produce of paddy lands within their subdivision, except hill paddy, at the rate of two per cent. as heretofore on the produce, payable at threshing-floors before any grain is removed or division effected.

The irrigation headmen shall be liable for any neglect of duty proved to the satisfaction of the village council as for a breach of rule.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-second day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-seven.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN pursuance of Her Majesty's instructions dated the 6th day of December, 1889, and the 9th day of May, 1890, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint JOHN NORMAN CAMPBELL, Esq., to be provisionally, subject to Her Majesty's confirmation or disallowance, an Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council of the Island of Ceylon, with effect from the 22nd day of September, 1897, in the room of T. N. CHRISTIE, Esq., who has resigned his seat in the Council.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 24, 1897.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. G. C. ROOSMALECOQ to act as District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Kalutara, with effect from the 27th instant, during the employment of Mr. E. F. HOPKINS on other duty, or until further orders.

Mr. T. B. PANABOKKE to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Matale, and Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Panwila and Urugala, with effect from October 1, 1897, during the employment of Mr. W. H. B. CARBERY on other duty, or until further orders.

Mr. F. A. PRINS to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Panwila and Urugala, with effect from the 16th instant, until the close of the Panwila session, during the absence of Mr. J. B. MISSO.

Mr. J. C. MOLAMURE, Itinerating Police Magistrate, to be Additional Commissioner of Requests, Ratnapura.

Mr. GERARD WIJEKON, Muhandiram of Matale, to be an Unofficial Member of the Local Board of Matale, under section 14 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1876, *vice* Mr. TILLIKERATNE, deceased.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 23, 1897.

WITH reference to the notice dated May 22, 1897, published in the *Gazette* of May 28, 1897, it is hereby notified that Her Majesty the Queen's Exequatur having been received, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to recognize Mr. S. D. YOUNG as Consul at Colombo for the King of Siam.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 24, 1897.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Assessors for the town of Badulla for the year 1898, under the provisions of the 5th section of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866 :—

Mr. E. W. FERDINANDS.

Mr. M. SMAHON.

Mr. W. A. EATON.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,

Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1897.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the following persons to be Assessors for the year 1898, under the provisions of the 5th section of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866, within the Police limits of the under-mentioned towns :—

For Rakwana.

Mr. SIMON PEIRIS.

Mr. A. DE MEL.

NEWATHAMI, Gan-Arachchi.

For Balangoda.

Mr. H. A. GUNSEKERA, Korala of Uduwag-gam pattu.

G. G. PUNCHIMAHATMAYA, of Balangoda.

M. A. PUNCHIMAHATMAYA, of Kirindigala.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,

Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the following persons to be Assessors for 1898, under the provisions of the 5th section of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866, within the Police limits of the town of Jaffna :—

VELAYUTAR PONNAMPALAM, of Vannarponnai west.

MEERALEBBE MOHIDEEN ABDULLA, of Vannarponnai west.

KADIRITTAMBY SELLAPPAH, of Vannarponnai east.

SOMASEGAMPILLAI SELLAPPAH, of Vannarponnai west.

SUPPERAMANIAR KADIRKAMAR, of Cheviateru.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,

Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 8, 1897.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

WEERASEKERA MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHIRALA to be Registrar of Births and Deaths under Ordinance No. 1 of 1895 and Registrar of Marriages under Ordinance No. 3 of 1870 of Kongala-Bintenna, and Registrar of Marriages under Ordinance No. 2 of 1895 of Wellawaya, in the Province of Uva, with effect from October 1, 1897, *vice* S. M. MOHOTTIHAMI. His office will be at Kolongahawatta in Katawaramankada.

Dr. GEORGE FERNANDO to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Division No. 1 of the Galle Municipality, with effect from August 31, 1897, during the absence of **Dr. CARBERY** on leave, or until further orders. His office will be in the Galle Fort.

DON DEONIS UBAYASINHA to act as Registrar of Marriages of West Giruwa pattu and as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tangalla Division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for ten days from September 20, 1897, during the absence of the Registrar, **N. DE ALWIS EDIRISINHA**, on leave. His office will be at Wasalawalawwa in Tangalla.

JOHANIS PATIRATNA to act as Registrar of Marriages of Magam pattu and as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tihawa Division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for ten days from September 15, 1897, during the absence of the Registrar, **J. A. SINGAPPULI**, on leave. His offices will be at Palugahawatta in Yodakandiya and at Anukkumewatta in Tihawa.

Ganepalle Korallage Dhanawardhana BANDA to act as Registrar of Marriages under the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895 for Kuruwiti korale, and as Registrar of Marriages under Ordinance No. 3 of 1870 for Meda pattu, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for eight weeks and four days from September 1, 1897, during the absence of **P. M. MOHOTTI APPUHAMI** on leave. His offices will be at Karandana and Kiriella Bimmewatta.

KONAMALAI KANAPATHIPPILLAI to be a Registrar of Marriages under the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895 of Karawaku pattu, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, with effect from October 1, 1897. His office will be at Periakallaru.

Mr. J. BARTHOLOMEUZ to be Deputy Registrar of Deaths of Negombo town, *vice* **Mr. E. H. PERERA**, with

effect from August 24, 1897. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Negombo.

JOHN PERERA ABAYAWICKRAMA GUNAWARDHANA, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Dankoluwa Division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, to be also Registrar of Marriages for Morawak korale, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, with effect from the 1st proximo. His office will be at Kotagala in Morawak korale.

EKANAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE DINGIRI BANDA to be Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (under Ordinance No. 3 of 1870) of Laggala Pallesiya pattu, and Registrar of Marriages (under Ordinance No. 2 of 1895) of Matala East Division, in the District of Matala of the Central Province, with effect from October 1, 1897, *vice* **K. M. APPUHAMI**, resigned. His office will be at Idamedarawatta in Pallegama.

MANNANTUN MUDIYANSELAGE LABUWATTE PUNCHIRALA to be, provisionally, Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (under Ordinance No. 3 of 1870) of Medapalata, and Registrar of Marriages (under the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895) of Walapane, in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, with effect from October 1, 1897, *vice* **W. M. KIRUWANTE**, dismissed. His office will be at Weragodawata in Kalogawatta.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 22, 1897.

IT is hereby notified that **HERAT BANDARAGE KAPURALA** has been appointed by the Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, under section 7 of the Ordinance No. 1 of 1895 and under section 7 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalpe korale and as Registrar of Marriages of Hurulupalata, in the North-Central Province, for fourteen days from the 12th instant, during the absence of the Registrar, **H. B. P. APPUHAMI**, on leave. His office will be at Kumbukwewa.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Acting Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, September 21, 1897.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

THE following rules of the Provincial Committee, Buddhist Temporalities Ordinance, Kandy, made under section 10 of the Ordinance No. 17 of 1895, are published in accordance with section 10 (3) of the above quoted Ordinance.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 23, 1897.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

Rules referred to.

(a.)

1. Three members of the Provincial Committee shall form a quorum.
2. In the absence of the President, one of the members present shall be elected as Chairman for the occasion.
3. A member absenting himself from three consecutive general meetings shall *ipso facto* cease to be a member.

4. In the event of a vacancy occurring in the Committee the remaining members shall elect a duly qualified person to fill up the vacancy.

(b.)

5. The meetings of the Provincial Committee shall be held at the office of the Committee in Kandy on the first Saturday of every month at 2.30 P.M. The Committee shall have power, however, to meet at any other time or any other place in the Province, due notice of change of time and place being given to members.

6. The President shall have power to convene a special meeting of the Committee by giving not less than forty-eight hours' notice in writing, and any two members of the Committee shall have power to call upon the President to convene a special meeting in case of any emergency.

7. The Committee shall appoint one of their number as honorary secretary, and shall employ as many clerks and messengers as may be found necessary.

8. The honorary secretary shall enter in a book the business to be placed before each meeting, and shall record in another book the minutes of the proceedings of each meeting, and the minutes shall be confirmed from time to time, the President signing such confirmation.

9. Every question coming before the meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. Whenever the votes of members present happen to be equally divided, the Chairman shall, besides his vote as a member, have a casting vote.

(c.)

10. Each Sanghasabha shall, in accordance with the law, elect a qualified and well-conducted priest as incumbent of each temple under its jurisdiction, and shall report such election to the Provincial Committee through the District Committee. If the Provincial Committee approve of the election, a certificate of recognition shall be issued to the incumbent.

11. Every charge preferred against an incumbent shall be referred through the District Committee to the Sanghasabha of the sect to which the incumbent belongs. The Sanghasabha shall make a careful inquiry into the charge and forward through the same channel the full proceedings of the case, together with their decision, to the Provincial Committee, who shall have power either to adopt or reject such decision and institute a fresh inquiry. The Provincial Committee shall have power to disallow maintenance to and remove from incumbency any priest found guilty of an offence, justifying the adoption of such a course.

12. Due notice in writing being given, if an incumbent fails, without showing sufficient cause, to appear to answer to a charge preferred against him, the inquiry shall be proceeded with in his absence.

13. In the event of a Basnayaka Nilameship of a dewale becoming vacant, the Chairman of the District Committee of the district in which such dewale is situate shall convene, by giving not less than fourteen days' notice, a meeting of persons entitled by section 6 of Ordinance No. 17 of 1895 to vote at the election of a Basnayaka Nilame. The Chairman of the District Committee shall preside at such meeting, but in his absence, or in the event of his being a candidate, a Chairman shall be chosen by the electors present.

14. In the event of the Diyawadana Nilameship of the Dalada Maligawa becoming vacant, the President of the Provincial Committee shall convene, by giving not less than fourteen days' notice, a meeting of persons entitled by section 6 of Ordinance No. 17 of 1895 to vote at the election of the Diyawadana Nilame. The President of the Provincial Committee shall preside at that meeting, but in his absence, or in the event of his being a candidate, a Chairman shall be chosen by the electors present.

15. If the Diyawadana Nilame of the Dalada Maligawa or a Basnayaka Nilame of a dewale fail to perform his legitimate duties as a trustee, the District Committee shall make an inquiry into the matter and forward the proceedings to the Provincial Committee for decision. The Provincial Committee shall have power to suspend or dismiss the Diyawadana Nilame or a Basnayaka Nilame from his office.

(d.)

16. Each temple shall contribute an amount proportional to its income for defraying the expenses incurred by the Committees in carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance.

17. The President of the Provincial Committee shall deposit in a bank selected by the Committee all contributions from temples as well as all incomes derived from other sources, and shall make disbursements under the directions of the Committee. At every monthly meeting of the Committee the President shall submit a statement of receipts and expenditure and produce the bank books for their inspection.

18. At the end of each financial year the trustees shall remit to the Provincial Committee through the District Committee all surplus funds they may have in hand. The President shall deposit such moneys as a special fund, and shall, under the directions of the Committee, advance from time to time such amounts as the trustees may apply for for the purposes of the temples.

Passed at a meeting of the Provincial Committee, Kandy, on July 17, 1897.

W. DULLEWE,
President

A 2*

It is hereby notified for general information that the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has revoked all regulations made prior to the 1st day of September, 1897, under the provisions of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1897.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1897.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

REGULATIONS made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, under the provisions of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1897:—

1. The term "proper authority" in the following sections shall mean—
 - (a) Wherever there shall be established a Municipality, the Chairman of the Municipal Council, or the Principal Civil Medical Officer, or the Colonial Surgeon of the Province, or the Health Officer of the Municipality, or any officer appointed by the Governor to perform the duties of the proper authority.
 - (b) Wherever there shall be established a Local Board, the Chairman of the Local Board, or the Assistant Government Agent of the District, or the District Judge, or the Police Magistrate, or the Chief Medical Officer resident within the Local Board limits, or any officer appointed by the Governor to perform the duties of the proper authority.
 - (c) Wherever there shall be no Municipality or Local Board established, the Government Agent of the Province, or the Assistant Government Agent of the District, or the Police Magistrate of the division, or the Colonial Surgeon of the Province, or the Chief Medical Officer of the district or place, or any officer appointed by the Governor to perform the duties of the proper authority.
2. The term "health officer" shall mean any person appointed by the Governor to exercise authority in regard to sanitary matters in any port, or where no such person has been appointed the medical officer of the district or place.
3. The master or person in charge of any vessel or boat in which there shall have been any disease not less than fifteen days previous, or which shall have come from any port or place in which at the time of her leaving there was disease, or on which there shall be any person affected with disease, or which shall have communicated otherwise than by signal with any vessel, boat, or place in which disease existed or might be reasonably supposed to have existed, shall not enter any port or harbour, and shall not allow any person to land from such vessel or boat, or to leave such vessel or boat, save by the order in writing of the proper authority.
4. The master or person in charge of such a vessel or boat shall, before entering the port or harbour, hoist at the fore by day a yellow flag, and by night a red light over a white light six feet apart, hoisted well up where best seen; and after the hoisting of such flag or light such vessel or boat shall be deemed in quarantine.
5. The master or person in charge of such a vessel or boat shall anchor or moor such vessel at such a place as shall be pointed out by the Master Attendant or some person acting on his behalf, and shall not leave such place without the permission in writing of the Master Attendant or some person acting on his behalf; and until the master or person in charge of such vessel or boat has received such permission, such vessel or boat shall be deemed in quarantine.
6. If at any time a case of disease shall occur on board a vessel or boat in any port or harbour, or during the period a vessel or boat is in quarantine under regulations 4 and 5, the said vessel or boat shall be placed in quarantine or remain in quarantine for such period as the Principal Civil Medical Officer shall fix, not exceeding thirty days from the date of such case, and be subject to all the prohibitions provided for in regulations 5 and 7.
7. The master or person in charge of any vessel or boat in quarantine shall keep a yellow flag constantly flying at the foremast of such vessel or boat, or in some conspicuous place on such vessel or boat from sunrise to sunset, and from sunset to sunrise shall exhibit a red light over a white light six feet apart, hoisted well up where best seen. The display of such flag and such light shall be sufficient notice that such vessel or boat and the land or sea surrounding the same to a distance of fifty yards are in quarantine.
8. The health officer shall go on board of every vessel or boat entering any port or harbour, and may in his discretion refuse or grant pratique to any vessel or boat.
9. The master or person in charge of any vessel or boat, and every person on board such vessel or boat, shall answer truly every question put to him by the health officer.
10. The master or person in charge of any vessel or boat, and, if there be a surgeon on board such vessel or boat, the surgeon, shall, before the pilot or health officer shall come on board such vessel or boat, truly and fully inform such pilot or health officer if there shall have been any disease on board such vessel or boat not less than twenty days previous; or if such vessel or boat shall have come from any port or place in which there was disease, or if there be any person affected with disease on board such vessel or boat, or if such vessel or boat shall have communicated otherwise than by signal with any vessel, boat, or place in which disease existed, or might be reasonably supposed to have existed.
11. The master or person in charge of a vessel shall not allow any boat of such vessel to be lowered, or any boat whatsoever to lie alongside such vessel, before such vessel shall have obtained pratique, except for the purpose of saving life, or for the purpose of mooring such vessel. The

master or person in charge of a vessel which has lowered a boat for the purpose of saving life or of mooring such vessel shall cause such boat to be hoisted up immediately thereafter.

12. No person shall approach within fifty yards of a vessel or boat not admitted to pratique. No person shall leave any vessel or boat not admitted to pratique. No person shall transmit or receive any article or thing from any vessel not admitted to pratique.

13. No goods shall be removed from any vessel in quarantine, save to such place and under such restrictions and subject to such detention and disinfection as shall be prescribed by the Principal Officer of Customs of the port.

14. The proper authority may order the destruction of any goods brought from any vessel in quarantine. No compensation shall in such case be paid to any person. The owner and consignee of the goods and the master or person in charge of the vessel by which they were carried shall pay the cost of the destruction thereof.

15. A diseased person may, in the discretion of the health officer, be removed from any vessel to a quarantine station or hospital.

16. Whenever there are found on board any vessel coming with a clean bill of health from an Indian port persons who are unable to satisfy the health officer as to their place of origin, but who are in good health, such vessel shall not be placed in quarantine; but such persons shall be kept on board under surveillance, and shall not be allowed to land, but shall be compelled to return by the same vessel.

17. The Principal Civil Medical Officer shall fix the number of days, not exceeding thirty days, during which a vessel shall remain in quarantine.

18. No person shall approach within fifty yards of a vessel in quarantine, and no person shall leave a vessel in quarantine, save with the permission in writing of the health officer and under such restrictions as shall be by him prescribed.

19. The proper authority shall, wherever expedient, establish a quarantine station, a hospital, and a place of observation, and shall affix thereto a notice setting out that the same is a quarantine station, hospital, or place of observation. Such place shall thereafter be deemed to be a quarantine station, hospital, or place of observation, as the case may be, within the meaning of these regulations.

20. No person shall approach within one hundred yards of any quarantine station or hospital. Any person approaching within one hundred yards of any quarantine station or hospital, or of any vessel or boat in quarantine, may be removed to a quarantine station; in addition to any penalty imposed for a breach of the regulations.

21. The conveyance of passengers from any place in India to any place not being a Customs port is prohibited.

22. The conveyance of passengers to any place in this Island from any place in India in any vessel or boat not having a bill of health is prohibited.

23. Any vessel or boat in which passengers are conveyed in breach of the preceding regulations shall be forfeited.

24. The landing of any person from any place in India at any place in this Island not being a Customs port is prohibited.

25. Whenever in any place there shall be any person affected with plague, the proper authority shall cause the removal of such person to some building set apart as a hospital.

Whenever in any building there shall be any person affected with plague, it shall be lawful for the proper authority, after the removal of such person, to cause the building and its contents, either wholly or in part, to be destroyed, or the roof to be removed and the contents, either wholly or in part, to be destroyed, and such process of cleaning and disinfection to be carried out as the proper authority may see fit: provided that compensation shall be paid to the person whose property is destroyed, and such compensation shall be assessed as may by a regulation be directed.

Whenever in any building there shall be any person affected with plague, any other persons found in such building shall be removed by the proper authority to a place of observation. Every person on being ordered by the proper authority shall proceed to a place of observation. No person removed to a place of observation, or who has proceeded to a place of observation, shall leave such place without permission of the proper authority.

26. Any medical practitioner or person professing to treat disease attending any diseased person shall within three hours of such attendance give information in writing to the proper authority, stating the name of the diseased person, his residence, and the nature of his disease.

Every occupant of any building in which there shall be any person affected with any serious illness shall forthwith inform the proper authority thereof.

27. No person shall, without the written permission of the proper authority, enter or go away from any quarantine station, hospital, or place of observation.

28. Whenever it shall appear to him expedient, the proper authority shall give notice by beat of tom-tom and by affixing written notice in conspicuous places, requiring that the walls of any building in any town, village, or place shall be whitewashed and cleaned and disinfected, and the drains, sewers, pits, and cesspits cleaned and disinfected. The owner and occupant of any building and of any land upon which there shall be any building, drains, sewers, pits, or cesspits shall whitewash, clean, and disinfect the same within forty-eight hours of the giving of such notice.

29. Whenever it shall appear expedient, the proper authority may give notice to the owner or occupant of any land to fill up or disinfect any well upon such land. The owner or occupant of such land shall thereupon fill up or disinfect, as the case may be, such well.

30. Whenever there shall be found at any time to be in any building a larger number of persons than should in the opinion of the proper authority be found to be dwelling there, it shall be lawful for such authority to order the departure from such building of the number of persons in excess of the number which in the opinion of such authority should be found dwelling there; and if

at any time after the giving of such order there shall be found in any such building any number of persons in excess of the number who should be found dwelling there, the owner of such building shall be guilty of an offence.

31. It shall be lawful for the proper authority to cause persons infected with cholera, smallpox, chickenpox, or other infectious, contagious, or epidemic disease, in any house or place hereunder described, to be removed to some public hospital or other place provided by Government—

- (1) In any house or place in which goods are exposed for sale.
- (2) In any house or place of public resort.
- (3) In any building in which there are no means of isolating the patients from the other inmates, or in any building where the retention of the patient is likely to prove a source of danger to others.

Provided that it shall be competent for the proper authority, in case the removal of any person so infected in any house or place in which goods are exposed for sale is objected to, and the house or place is not otherwise open to objection, to allow the patient to be retained, on condition, however, that the sale of goods shall not be carried on in such house or place during such time as any person shall remain so infected in such house or place.

Provided further, that it shall be lawful for the proper authority to allow any patient to be removed to any locality which such patient or his or her friends may choose, and to which the medical authorities of the town or place, if any, do not object, instead of to the public hospital or place provided by Government.

32. Except as provided by these regulations, and except as provided by the Ordinance No. 8 of 1866, it shall not be lawful for any person to remove or assist in removing any person suffering from cholera, smallpox, chickenpox, or other infectious, contagious, or epidemic disease from the house or place in which such person shall be to any other house or place, without the sanction in writing of the proper authority.

33. It shall be lawful for the proper authority to prohibit the removal from any house or place in which goods are exposed for sale, or from any house or place of public resort, or from any building in which cholera, smallpox, chickenpox, or other infectious, contagious, or epidemic disease may have occurred, of any articles of merchandise or trade, or goods of any kind, until such time as such building or place is declared to be free from infection by the medical authorities of the town or place in which such building is situated.

Provided that it shall be lawful for the proper authority to permit any goods from an infected house or place in which goods are exposed for sale, or from any house or place of public resort, or from any building in which cholera, smallpox, chickenpox, or other infectious, contagious, or epidemic disease may have occurred, to be removed to any other locality which the owner or occupier of such building may choose, and to which removal the medical authorities of the town or place do not object.

34. It shall be lawful for the proper authority to prohibit the removal for interment or cremation of corpses of persons who have died of plague, cholera, smallpox, chickenpox, or other infectious, contagious, or epidemic disease along any particular thoroughfare, and to prescribe the thoroughfares leading to the place of interment or cremation along which such corpses shall be carried, and to direct the disinfection of corpses before removal. Information of such prohibition shall be given by notice in writing under the hand of the proper authority, which shall be posted in two or more conspicuous places in the prohibited thoroughfare and by publication in such other way as may be deemed necessary by such proper authority.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1897.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

WITH reference to the above regulations, it is hereby notified that the Chairmen of the Municipal Councils of Colombo, Galle, and Kandy are the Local Authorities for the enforcement and execution of the said regulations within the limits of their respective Municipalities.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1897.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

REGULATIONS made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, under the provisions of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1897:—

1. Every vessel or boat coming to any place in this Island from Bombay shall be subjected to quarantine for a period not exceeding ten days from the date of her departure from that port.
2. No person shall within such period of ten days land at any place in this Island from any such vessel or boat.
3. No person shall at any time within such period of ten days carry, take, or convey any goods from any such vessel or boat to any place in this Island.

4. The landing at any place in this Island of the following goods, shipped at any port on the West Coast of India, or transhipped to any vessel from any vessel which shall have conveyed such goods from any port on the West Coast of India, is prohibited :—

- (1) Used body linen, clothes, bedding, and other personal effects.
- (2) Rags, including rags compressed by hydraulic pressure and transported in bales as merchandise.
- (3) Used sacking or bags, carpets, and old embroidery.
- (4) Green and untanned hides and skins.
- (5) Animal refuse, claws, hoofs, horsehair, hair of animals generally, raw silk, and wool.
- (6) Human hair.

5. The transhipment within any port in this Island of such prohibited goods from one vessel to another is prohibited.

6. The Principal Officer of Customs at any place at which any landing or transhipment shall take place of such prohibited goods shall, unless the Governor shall otherwise direct, cause the destruction of such goods. The cost of effecting such destruction shall be paid by the owner and consignee of such goods and by the master of the vessel by which such goods were carried. No compensation for such destruction shall be paid to any person.

7. Any vessel having on board any such prohibited goods shall, so long as she shall have any such goods on board, be deemed in quarantine, and such vessel and all persons and goods shall in respect of such vessel be subject to the regulations relating to vessels in quarantine.

8. The foregoing regulations 4, 5, 6, and 7 shall not apply to used body linen, clothes, bedding, and other personal effects, being the personal effects accompanying any person, provided that such personal effects shall have been disinfected to the satisfaction of the health officer.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 21, 1897.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified for general information that 115,182 acres of *surveyed* lands are available for sale in the under-mentioned Provinces :—

In the Western Province, 11,953 acres, in lots varying in extent from 3 acres to 2,115 acres, situated chiefly in the Hewagam and Siyane korales of the Colombo District and Pasdun korale east and west and Rayigam korale of the Kalutara District, consisting of forest, chena, and jungle land.

In the Central Province, 1,702 acres, in lots varying in extent from 1 acre to 84 acres, situated in the Kandy and Matale Districts, and composed chiefly of jungle, chena, and patana lands.

In the Southern Province, 18,758 acres, in lots varying in extent from 31 perches to 90 acres, situated in the Hambantota District, consisting of paddy fields, chena, garden, and jungle land.

In the Eastern Province, 9,406 acres, in lots varying in extent from 93 perches to 554 acres, situated in the Trincomalee District, consisting of garden lands and paddy lands.

In the North-Central Province, 10,270 acres, in lots varying in extent from 3 perches to 180 acres, distributed throughout the Province.

In the Province of Uva, 13,936 acres, in lots varying in extent from 8 perches to 96 acres, situated in the Yatikinda division, and consisting of paddy fields.

In the Province of Sabaragamuwa, 49,153 acres, in lots varying in extent from 13 perches to 785 acres, situated in the Ratnapura and Kegalla Districts, consisting of forest and chena land.

Further particulars regarding these lands can be obtained on application to the Government Agents of the respective Provinces.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, August 20, 1897.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE at the Government Record Office, Colombo:—		Rs. c.	
LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENTS, REVISED EDITION.			
Vol. I., 1799 to 1882.—Bound in leather	...	7	50
Unbound	...	5	50
Vol. II., 1883 to 1889.—Bound in leather	...	7	50
Unbound	...	5	50
Vol. III., 1889 to 1894.—Bound in leather	...	7	50
Unbound	...	5	50
NEW SERIES.			
Vol. IV., Part I., 5 of 1894 to 3 of 1895	...	0	75
Vol. IV., Part II., 4 of 1895 to 4 of 1896	...	1	0
OLD EDITION.			
<i>Old Volume I.</i>			
All Proclamations, Regulations, and Ordinances in force in the Colony on 12th January, 1870 ... 15 0			
<i>Old Volume II.</i>			
Part	From	To	Rs. c.
1	6 of 1870	9 of 1871	1 0
2	10 of 1871	28 of 1871	1 0
3	1 of 1872	7 of 1873	1 0
4	8 of 1873	23 of 1873	1 0
5	1 of 1874	3 of 1875	1 0
6	4 of 1875	3 of 1876	1 0
7	4 of 1876	4 of 1877	1 0
8	5 of 1877	8 of 1877	0 50
9	9 of 1877	23 of 1877	1 0
10	1 of 1878	16 of 1878	1 0
11	1 of 1879	15 of 1879	1 0
<i>Old Volume III.</i>			
1	1 of 1880	17 of 1880	1 0
2	1 of 1881	18 of 1881	1 0
3	1 of 1882	16 of 1882	1 0
4	1 of 1883	18 of 1884	3 0
5	19 of 1884	11 of 1885	1 0
<i>Old Volume IV.</i>			
1	12 of 1885	8 of 1886	1 0
2	9 of 1886	7 of 1887	1 0
3	8 of 1887	2 of 1888	0 40
4	3 of 1888	15 of 1889	2 70
<i>Old Volume V.</i>			
1	16 of 1889	8 of 1890	0 85
2	9 of 1890	1 of 1891	0 45
3	2 of 1891	8 of 1892	0 95
4	9 of 1892	28 of 1892	0 60
5	1 of 1893	4 of 1894	0 55
Special Editions of the following, with Tables of Sections and Indices, in paper covers, are obtainable:—			
The Penal Code (2 of 1883)...	...	2	0
The Criminal Procedure Code (3 of 1883)	...	3	0
The Courts Ordinance (1 of 1889)	...	0	50
The Civil Procedure Code (2 of 1889)	...	5	0
The Penal Code, in Sinhalese or in Tamil	...	1	0
The Criminal Procedure Code, in Sinhalese or in Tamil	...	1	50
The Evidence Act, with Index (14 of 1895)	...	0	60
Books of Ordinances passed in the following Sessions (old Quarto Edition) can be had, price Re. 1 each:—1836, 1842, 1843, 1846, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1860, 1863-4, 1866-7, 1867-8, 1869-70, 1870-1, 1872-3, 1873.			
Separate copies of Ordinances in English (where available, and, where translations have been published, in Sinhalese and Tamil) may be obtained at 5 cents for every 8 pages or portion thereof.			
Municipal Councils' Ordinance, No. 7 of 1887	...	0	50
Regulations under the Merchandise and Trade Marks Ordinance (No. 13 of 1888) ... 0 15			
Petroleum Rules, 1896	...	0	10
Copies of Government Minutes, Notifications, and Regulations, &c. (where available) for every 8 pages octavo or 4 pages quarto	...	0	5
Epitome of Government Minutes, Circulars, and Notifications, 1872-87	...	1	0
Schedule of Proclamations, &c., promulgated during 1894	...	1	0
Epitome of Proclamations, Notifications, &c., pro- mulgated during 1895	...	0	40
Colonial Office Lists (annual)	...	4	0
Ceylon Civil Lists (annual)	...	1	0
Ceylon Blue Books (annual)	...	10	0
Administration Reports (annual), bound volumes	...	10	0
Do. single reports	each 4 pp.	0	0
Sessional Papers, bound volumes...	...	10	0
Do. single papers	each 4 pp.	0	0
Index to Sessional Papers, 1855 to 1894	...	0	35
Customs Annual Returns	...	1	0
Customs Tariff	...	0	10
Customs Regulations	...	0	20
Census of Ceylon, 1891	...	12	0
Dr. Müller's Report on Inscriptions of Ceylon:—			
Text	...	5	0
Plates	...	5	0
Architectural Remains of Anuradhapura (with Plates), by J. G. Smither, F.R.I.E.A.:—			
In boards	...	40	0
In cloth	...	60	0
Return of Architectural and Archæological Remains and other Antiquities in Ceylon ... 1 20			
Reports on the Archæological Survey of Ceylon:—			
Kegalla District	...	6	0
Anuradhapura (I.)	...	0	55
Do. (II.)	...	1	0
Do. (III.)	...	1	60
Do. (IV.)	...	1	0
Do. (V.)	...	2	25
Do. (VI.)	...	2	0
Do. (VII.)	...	4	0
The Mahawansa:—			
Original Pali Text, Part I.	...	7	50
Do. Part II.	...	7	50
Sinhalese Translation, Part I.	...	5	8
Do. Part II.	...	5	0
Wijesinha's English Translation of Part II., with Turnour's Translation of Part I.	...	7	50
The Mahawansa Tika, with Mahawansa Pali, bound in stiff covers ... 7 50			
Do. do. unbound	...	6	50
Saddharmalankaraya	...	2	0
Extracts from the "Pujawaliya" (English)	...	1	0
Do. do. (Sinhalese)	...	0	75
Nitinighanduwa, English	...	1	0
Do. Sinhalese	...	1	0
Moggallana Panchika Pradipa	...	1	0
The Tesawalamai	...	0	50
Report on Brown Scale (or Bug) on Coffee	...	1	0
The Green-Scale Bug in connection with the Cultivation of Coffee.—Observations by Mr. E. Ernest Green (illustrated) ... 1 0			
The Flora of Ceylon, by Dr. Trimen:—			
Parts I. and II. combined (with plates)	...	38	50
Part III. (with plates)	...	20	0
Cocanut Cultivation (in Sinhalese)	...	0	50
Lapidarium Zeylanicum	...	31	50
Lepidoptera of Ceylon, in 13 Parts, with coloured plates	each part	14	50
Dravidian Comparative Grammar	...	13	0
Pali Grammar	...	5	0
Glossary of Native Words occurring in Official Documents (second edition) ... 0 50			
Do. (third edition)	...	0	30

Catalogue of Pali, Sinhalese, and Sanscrit, Manuscripts in Temple Libraries ...	Rs. c.	0 50
Alwis's Descriptive Catalogue of Sanscrit, Pali, and Sinhalese Works ...	5 0	
Rules of the Public Service Mutual Guarantee Association ...	0 10	
Ramanathan's Reports, 4 vols. ... each vol.	22 0	
Report of the Temple Lands Commissioners, 1857 to 1865 ...	0 50	
Papers relating to Buddhist Temporalities, 1876 ...	1 0	
Itinerary of Ceylon Roads:—		
Part II.—Minor Roads (1888), with Map ...	5 0	
Do. do. without Map ...	3 0	
Gazetteer of the Western Province ...	0 50	
District Manuals:—		
Mannar, by the late W. J. S. Boake, c.c.s. ...	1 0	
Uva, by H. White, c.c.s. ...	2 50	
Nuwara Eliya, by C. J. R. Le Mesurier, c.c.s. ...	5 0	
Vanni Districts, by J. P. Lewis, c.c.s. ...	5 0	
Register of Books printed in Ceylon and registered under Ordinance No. 1 of 1885:—		
Part I., 1885-88 ...	1 25	
Part II., 1888-92 ...	1 40	
Part III., 1892-94 ...	1 50	
Tables for calculating Pensions under the Widows' and Orphans' Pension Fund ...	0 25	
Exchange Compensation Tables ...	0 50	
Pybus's Mission to Kandy ...	0 50	

Application for any publication in the above List should be made to the *Government Recordkeeper*, at the Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, and should be accompanied by payment in advance.

Payment should be made by Post Office Order, Government Draft, or uncrossed Cheque on a Colombo Bank. *Stamps will not be accepted in payment.*

J. J. THORBURN,
Acting Government Recordkeeper.

February, 1897.

THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE is published every *Friday* at the Government Printing Office, Colombo.

The Subscription, Rs. 3 per quarter, is payable in advance, and can only be booked to terminate at the end of a quarter.

Single copies, when available, 25 cents each.

Charges for approved Advertisements, payable in advance.

	Rs.	c.
A column ...	7	50
Two-thirds of a column ...	5	0
Half a column ...	4	0
For small notices not exceeding 20 lines (9 words as a rule to the line) ...	2	50
Second and third insertions (consecutive), two-thirds and one-half, respectively, of the above rates.		

Cheques on outstation Banks must include usual Bank commission.

Advertisements should reach the Government Printer before noon on *Thursday*.

THE NEW LAW REPORTS, issued by authority. Subscription, Rs. 10 per volume of twelve parts, payable in advance to the Government Printer.

Back Numbers and Volumes of **THE SUPREME COURT CIRCULAR** (publication of which was discontinued on December 31, 1891) are also on sale at the Government Printing Office, as follows:—

Volume I. ...	Rs. c.	3 25
Volumes II. to IX., each ...	6 50	
Separate Numbers, each ...	0 25	

For all other Government Publications application should be made to the *Recordkeeper*, at the Government Record Office, Colombo.

G. J. A. SKEN,
Government Printer.

THE "KEW BULLETIN" of miscellaneous information is issued as an occasional publication from the Royal Gardens at Kew.

It contains notes on the economic products of plants which have been made the subject of particular study and investigation at Kew, and it is intended to be a means of communication to persons interested in Botanical subjects and products in India and the Colonies.

The "Bulletin" is published in London by Messrs. Eyre & Spottiswoode, East Harding street, Fleet street, E. C., and 32, Abingdon street, S.W., and it may be obtained directly from them or through any Bookseller.

Price 4d. per copy. By post: 5d. per copy.

Back numbers, previous to January, 1893, 2d. per copy when available.

The price of the Annual Volume of the "KEW BULLETIN" for each year, with rates of postage, is as follows:—

Year.	Price.*	Price (including Postage)	
		United Kingdom.	Foreign and Colonial.
1891 ...	s. d. 3 0	s. d. 3 4½	s. d. 3 6½
1892 ...	3 0	3 4½	3 6½
1893 ...	3 0	3 4½	3 6½
1894 ...	3 0	3 4½	3 7½
1895 ...	3 0	3 4½	3 6½

The Annual Volumes for 1887 to 1890 are out of print and cannot now be supplied.

The Index to the first five volumes, being Appendix IV., 1891, may be had separately, price 2d.

The Bulletin is also sold by John Menzies & Co., of Edinburgh and Glasgow, and Hodges, Figgis & Co., Limited, of Dublin.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October, 1896.

THE bridge over the Dodangahaella on the 60½ mile, Ratnapura-Pelmadulla road, will be closed to traffic from October 7 to 12, 1897, both days inclusive, to allow of the bridge being repaired.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 16, 1897.

Return of Immigrants and Emigrants at the Port of Colombo during the Week ended September 22, 1897.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.
Immigrants (coolies) ...	1,737	444	384	178	2,743
Emigrants (all classes) ...	1,298	263	52	25	1,538

J. DONNAN,
Master Attendant.

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 11 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, intituled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Registration of Marriages other than the Marriages of Kandyans or of Mohammedans," I, Ponnambalam Arunachalam, Acting Registrar-General of Ceylon, do hereby notify that the under-mentioned buildings, used as places of public Christian worship, have been duly registered for the solemnization of marriages therein:—

No.	Date of Registration.	Description.	Situation.	Minister, or Proprietor, or Trustee.	Religious Denomination on whose behalf the Building is registered.
22	Sept. 21, 1897	St. Sebastian's Church ...	Malpitiya, Weudawili Hatpattu, Kurunegala District	Rev. T. Labouré, Minister	Roman Catholic
23	Do.	Our Lady of Lourdes' Church	Polgahawela, Dambadeni Hatpattu, Kurunegala District	do.	do.
24	Do.	School Chapel ...	Komariya, Panawa pattu, Batticaloa District	Rev. C. S. Casinader, Minister	Wesleyan Methodist

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, September 21, 1897.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Acting Registrar-General.

Teachers' License Examination, 1897.

THE following candidates passed the Teachers' Examination for Licenses held on July 5, 1897, and following days in the order in which they are given; and the candidates whose names do not appear in this list failed to pass the examination. They must present themselves at the next examination in all the subjects. No communication on the subject will be attended to.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, September 20, 1897.

J. B. CULL,
Director.

FIRST CLASS.

Index No.	Order of Merit.	Name.	Address.	Marks.
				Full Marks ... 650
371	1	<i>Sinhalese (Male Candidates).</i> S. Don James	Care of Rev. E. A. Prince	462
367	2	H. D. Karunaratne	do. Thomas Pereira, Esq.	429
436	3	D. S. Gunsekera	do. Rev. J. H. Darrel	407
53	4	M. Don Samuel	do. Rev. A. Triggs	405
438	5	P. F. de Pinto	do. Rev. J. H. Darrel	390
437	6	James de Silva	do. do.	385
432	7	Harmanis Fonseka	do. do.	384
296	8	D. S. Valentino Perera	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	379
320	9	D. Peter Samaranyeka	do. do.	377
256	10	K. Pedro Perera	do. do.	369
322	11	S. J. Rosa	do. do.	360
206	12	M. G. A. Ratnayeka	do. W. A. Dullewa, Esq.	357
46	13	D. J. Jayatileka	do. K. A. Silva, Esq.	353
396	14	T. de Silva Wijewickrema	do. Rev. R. Tebb	352
38	15	P. S. Ranasinha	do. Rev. F. D. Edirisinhe	350
323	16	B. A. Fernando	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	349
462	17	G. W. H. Samaranyeka	do. F. de Silva, Esq.	348
397	18	R. L. James Henry	do. Rev. R. Tebb	344
325	19	H. D. Stephen	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	338
321	20	D. M. Rupasinghe	do. do.	333
155	21	G. D. Joronis	do. J. G. Mendis, Esq.	331
316	22	J. J. Fernando	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	328
258	23	D. J. Agostinu	do. do.	327
				Full Marks ... 650
93	1	<i>Tamil (Male Candidates).</i> Velupillai Sithamparapillai	Care of Rev. A. E. Restarick	342
18	2	D. A. Velupillai	do. do.	338
				Full Marks ... 750
9	1	<i>Sinhalese (Female Candidates).</i> Sophia C. Perera	Care of A. E. Bultjens, Esq.	461
421	2	Cecilia M. Karunaratne	do. Rev. H. Hartley	431
170	3	Elizabeth de Silva	do. Rev. R. A. Mendis	424
148	4	K. P. Magginona	do. Rev. F. D. Edrisinghe	383
154	5	M. Emalia Peeris	do. Sobita Unnanse	381

Index No.	Order of Merit.	Name.	Address.	Marks.
SECOND CLASS.				
<i>Sinhalese (Male Candidates).</i>				
482	1	A. Andris	Care of A. L. Samerewikrema, Esq.	550
285	2	D. D. Theodris Appu	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	394
470	3	M. Punchirala	do. Rev. G. Liesching	388
210	4	M. A. Silva	do. W. A. Dullewa, Esq.	369
194		Cornelis Tissera	do. A. E. Buntjens, Esq.	352
336	6	D. Don Juse	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	352
369	7	M. D. Simon	do. Don James Attygala, Esq.	348
225	8	M. B. Elikewala	do. W. A. Dullewa, Esq.	347
365	9	D. D. Wijesinghe	do. Thomas Perera, Esq.	343
158		Don Hendrick	do. do.	341
430	11	M. Don William	do. Rev. J. H. Darrell	339
4	12	Peter Charles Rodrigo	do. Rev. T. Moscrop	337
351	13	M. Melis Perera	do. Rev. F. D. Waldock	337
205	14	H. Punchi Banda	do. Rev. A. E. Becket	332
184		W. Carolis Perera	do. Swarnajoti Unnanse	332
159	16	R. D. James	do. Thomas Perera, Esq.	329
291	17	Peregrini Abrew	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	326
481	18	H. L. Martel	do. A. L. Samerewikrema, Esq.	324
134	19	D. M. Mathes	do. Swarnajoti Unnanse	322
36	20	J. W. H. de Silva	do. Rev. F. D. Edirisinghe	320
173		H. B. Hewapola	do. Thomas Perera, Esq.	320
127	22	A. W. Peter Perera	do. Rev. H. A. Lapham	319
253	23	K. M. Perera	do. Rev. A. E. Becket	318
309		K. D. R. Gunawardena	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	318
384	25	George E. Frederick	do. Rev. R. Tebb	314
255		D. J. Fernando	do. Rev. A. E. Becket	314
403	27	David Andrew	do. Rev. H. Hartley	312
274	28	J. P. V. Senanayeka	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	311
473	29	W. M. M. Banda	do. W. A. Dullewa, Esq.	309
61		Don Hendrick	do. Rev. J. S. Corlett	309
191	31	B. D. Neris Singho	do. Swarnajoti Unnanse	308
307	32	K. Don William	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	307
479	33	F. W. Weerakoon	do. Rev. H. P. Napier Clavering	306
180	34	A. Babun Singho	do. A. L. Samerewikrema, Esq.	304
335	35	B. Marsal Rodrigo	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	301
428	36	W. Don Arnolis	do. Rev. J. H. Darrell	299
14	37	Charles H. Kukulege	do. Rev. J. W. Balding	297
182	38	M. Hendrick	do. A. L. Samerewikrema, Esq.	293
286	39	W. Anthony Fonseka	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	291
302	40	H. N. W. Fernando	do. do.	289
311	41	A. D. Peter	do. Rev. F. M. Stouter	287
332	42	Don Belenis	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	279
151	43	C. D. James	do. Sobita Unnanse	276
156		J. P. H. Madis	do. J. G. Mendis, Esq.	276
<i>Tamil (Male Candidates).</i>				
11	1	N. A. Sinnayah	Care of A. Nagalingam, Esq.	407
102	2	J. M. Alvapillai	do. Rev. G. Leese	399
141	3	M. S. Chellaturai	do. Rev. G. Moreel	389
98	4	V. Krishnapillai	do. Rev. F. Heimbürger	371
100	5	David M. Kanthiah	do. Rev. G. Leese	357
101	6	Edward K. Eliyatamby	do. do.	355
238	7	G. S. Solomon	do. Rev. J. G. Garrett	349
63	8	K. Samuel Eliyatamby	do. Rev. J. S. Corlett	345
10	9	S. Candiah	do. C. Marimuttu, Esq.	335
90	10	N. Jacob	do. Rev. T. S. Smith	334
232	11	Aramy Daniel	do. Rev. J. Hsley	329
258	12	P. Peris Xavielpulle	do. Rev. D. Wilkinson	320
446	13	S. Saravanamuttu	do. C. Marimuttu, Esq.	316
20	14	K. Ramanather	do. Rev. J. Carter	300
105	15	J. Kanagasapathipillai	do. V. Kandappillai, Esq.	294
69	16	P. Vytilingam	do. S. Sivapparakasa Panditar	290
453	17	S. Murugasar	do. Rev. J. West	284
443	18	Arumugam Saravanamuttu	do. A. Velupillai, Esq.	275
<i>Sinhalese (Female Candidates).</i>				
417	1	Carlina M. Fernando	Care of Rev. H. Hartley	650
42	2	R. Ellen Dias	do. A. E. Buntjens, Esq.	385
418	3	Alice Dissanayaka	do. Rev. H. Hartley	374
409	4	Lucy H. Alvis	do. do.	370
414	5	Menie Wijetilleka	do. do.	363
343	6	Sarah M. Fernando	do. do.	360
49		Leanora de Alvis	do. Rev. J. de Silva	357
13	8	Johana E. Fernando	do. Rev. L. E. Cox	357
252	9	Sophia A. Edirisinghe	do. Rev. J. W. Balding	354
112	10	N. J. Purasinghe	do. Rev. A. E. Becket	353
35		P. A. Cornelia	do. Rev. F. D. Edirisinghe	349
114	11	M. P. Alice	do. do.	333
			do. do.	333

CEYLON MEDICAL COLLEGE.

THE Winter Term of the Twenty-seventh Session (1897-98) of the Ceylon Medical College will commence on Friday, October 1 next.

(2) No person is allowed to be registered as a Medical Student unless he shall have previously passed a preliminary examination in the subjects of general education recognized by the General Medical Council of Great Britain, or possess a Degree in Arts from any University of the United Kingdom, India, or the Colonies, or one of the following certificates:—

Cambridge.—Junior Local Examinations: the certificate must include Latin, Mathematics, and one of the optional subjects (Greek, French, German, Logic). Senior Local Examinations: the certificate must include Latin and Mathematics, all to be passed at the same time.

University of London.—Matriculation Examination.

(3) Every person desirous of being registered as a Medical Student shall apply to the Principal of the Ceylon Medical College, and shall produce a certificate of general education recognized by the General Medical Council of Great Britain, and shall pay a Matriculation fee of Rs. 10-50.

(4) The following is the Programme of Lectures for the Winter Term commencing on October 1 next:—

FOR SENIOR STUDENTS.

Subject.	Days.	Hour.	Lecturer.
Medicine ...	Daily ...	2 to 3 P.M.	G. Schokman, M.B., C.M.
Midwifery ...	Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	10 to 11 A.M.	W. G. Vandort, M.D.
Medical Jurisprudence	Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays	3 to 4 P.M.	J. B. Spence, M.B.
Surgery ...	Daily ...	1 to 2 P.M.	W. G. Rockwood, M.D.
Hygiene ...	Tuesdays and Thursdays	2 to 3 P.M.	J. L. Vanderstraaten, M.D.
Clinical Lecture	Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays	9 to 10 A.M.	Drs. Schokman, Rockwood, and H. M. Fernando
Practical Pathology	Tuesdays and Wednesdays	12 to 1 P.M.	H. Marcus Fernando, M.D., B.Sc.
Ophthalmic Surgery	Fridays	12 to 1 P.M.	W. H. De Silva, M.B., C.M.

FOR JUNIOR STUDENTS.

Elementary Anatomy ...	Daily, except Saturdays	10 to 11 A.M.	F. Oorloff, M.B., C.M.
Practical Anatomy ...	do.	12 to 1.30 P.M.	W. H. de Silva, M.B., C.M.
Chemistry ...	Mondays, Fridays, and Saturdays	9 to 10 A.M.	H. Marcus Fernando, M.D., B.Sc.
Materia Medica & Therapeutics	Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays	3 to 4 P.M.	O. Johnson, L.R.C.P. & S.
Zoology ...	Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	10 to 11 A.M.	H. Huybertsz, L.R.C.P. & S.
Physiology and Practical Physiology ...	Daily ...	2 to 3 P.M.	P. Brito, M.B., C.M.
Practical Pharmacy	Daily	7.30 to 9 A.M.	H. Ashley

The Anatomical Rooms are open daily, and Students are aided in their studies by the Lecturer on Anatomy and the Demonstrator.

The following fees have been sanctioned:—

1. The fee for each of the above courses of lectures is Rs. 31-50.
2. The fees for the Hospital Practice of the General Hospital, Colombo, containing 212 beds, Clinical Lectures, and Dispensary shall be as follows:—Rs. 50 a year, or Rs. 41 for six months and Rs. 20 for three months, or Perpetual Ticket for Rs. 150.
3. Practice of the Lying-in Hospital, Rs. 60.
4. Practical Pharmacy under the Apothecary of the Hospital, Rs. 31-50.
5. Vaccination under the Colonial Surgeon and the Inspector of Vaccination, who also gives instruction and officially recognized certificates, Rs. 31-50.
6. The fees for the several examinations of the College are as follows:—For First Professional, Rs. 20; Second Professional, Rs. 20; Final, Rs. 25.
7. The fee for the License is Rs. 50.
8. The practice of the Lunatic Asylum, Rs. 10-50.
9. Every Student on registration pays a Matriculation fee of Rs. 10-50.
10. A composition fee of Rs. 700 will be accepted for all the Lectures, Hospital Practice, &c., required for the License of the College, Rs. 800 payable in two yearly instalments, or Rs. 90 half-yearly, from Students who intend to attend all the courses of study provided in the curriculum.

For Prospectus and further information apply to Dr. H. M. Fernando, Registrar.

Ceylon Medical College,
Colombo, September 20, 1897.

J. L. VANDERSTRAATEN, M.D.,
Principal.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, October 11, 1897, at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the Mutwal Jail premises one bull belonging to the Mutwal Jail.

Convict Establishment,
Colombo, September 13, 1897.

R. E. FIRMINER,
Superintendent.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for victualing the Hulftsdorp Jail," will be received up to noon on Monday, October 11, 1897, from persons willing to contract for victualing the Hulftsdorp Jail for one year commencing from January 1, 1898:—

1. The tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Inspector-General of Prisons and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the above-named jail and the Inspector-General of Prisons, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. The under-mentioned deposit, which must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, will be required before any form of tender is issued:—

A deposit of Rs. 50, which must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, will be required before any form of tender is issued. And should any person fail (within a fortnight after he has been written to or notified to the address given by him of the acceptance of his tender), or decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

5. When required samples must be deposited. Sufficient securities will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the offices specified.

7. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

8. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers.

9. When bonds have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

10. Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. Every tenderer should write his address on his tender, giving the name of the street and the number of the house he lives in.

R. E. FIRMINER,
Acting Inspector-General of Prisons.

Prisons Office,
Colombo, September 6, 1897.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Tubs to the Colonial Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, October 13, 1897, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government during the years 1898, 1899, and 1900. Tenders may be for one, two, or three years.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time:—

To be of balmillia, millilla, or teak.
No other wood will be accepted.

Bathing tubs, large, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ by 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	
Do. small, 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ by 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ft.	
Round tubs, large	
Eight-gallon tub	
Washing tub	
Foot-bath	
Hand bucket	
Pail do.	
Urine do.	
Spitting do.	
Closestool do.	
Breakers, 6 gallons and upwards	
Casks, 1 to 5 gallons, at per gallon	
6 to 15	do.
16 to 25	do.
26 to 35	do.
36 to 45	do.
46 to 55	do.
56 to 65	do.
66 to 75	do.
76 to 85	do.
86 to 95	do.
96 to 105	do.
106 to 115	do.
116 to 125	do.
126 and upwards	do.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 25.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

When required, persons who have tendered must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

The tender must state thickness of all planks and width of hoop iron to be used in making each article.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office, where catalogue of articles required and dimensions thereof can be inspected.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

The security bond should be furnished before December 31, 1897.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOR,
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Storekeeper.
Colombo, September 7, 1897.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) for the under-mentioned services on account of the Colonial Store Department from January 1 to December 31, 1898, will be received:—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Landing, &c., Stores per Steamers or Sailing Ships," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, October 18, 1897.

Tenders shall be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

For landing with the utmost despatch all stores, machinery, rails, sleepers, and other materials arriving at the port of Colombo by steamers and sailing ships for the Railway, and delivering the same at the Railway Store or Railway Station at Maradana, at the vicinity of the Railway line near the Lotus pond, or at any other place within the gravets of Colombo.

The rate demanded should be at per ton, and should include the cost of sorting and stacking within the premises at such places as may be appointed.

All stores should be removed from the Wharf to the Railway premises by railway, the Government supplying sufficiency of trucks at a Bettenberg battery siding, and receiving them from contractor on Wharf weighing machine, the contractor paying the Traffic Manager for transport at the rate of 50c. per ton for all materials, exclusive of explosives,—explosives to be paid for at the rate of 75c. per ton,—and 4c. per ton on minimum of 200 tons per day, for shunting at the Wharf, when such shunting is necessary, the loading and unloading of trucks being done at the expense and risk of the contractor. If wagons be detained beyond the time allowed (24 hours), the contractor to pay demurrage. The contractor will be required to shunt all tracks from the Main line on to the siding at the Breakwater, and thence back on to Main line.

For landing with the utmost despatch all stores, materials, &c., arriving at the port of Colombo by steamers and sailing vessels for the Colonial Store Department and delivering the same at the Wharf, Fort, the vicinity of the Lotus pond, Beira, Slave Island, Government Factory, Volunteer Headquarters, Maligakanda, Borella, St. John's Warehouse, Breakwater Depôt at Reclamation ground, Breakwater Depôt at Mutwal, at the Cement jetty by sea, or at any other place within the gravets of Colombo; for landing and delivering blasting powder at the Welikada Magazine, and for receiving and shipping all stores, materials, &c., to be exported from Colombo.

The rate demanded should be at per ton, and should include cost of sorting and stacking packages at such places as may be appointed.

2. Parties tendering may state rates for contract to run for one, two, or three years.

3. The contractor will be bound to accept in all cases the conditions of the charter-party as regards discharge of the ship; and all demurrage and other charges which may result from a failure to comply with such conditions shall be borne by the contractor.

4. Tenders should be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed form, and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Each party will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 200, which will be returned in the event of his tender not being accepted, but which will be forfeited in the event of his declining to carry out his tender or any portion of it which may be accepted.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by

the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 7, 1897.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, October 20, 1897, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1898.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Basel Mission Tiles (Calicut), Colonial Store."

Tiles, flat
Tiles, half
Tiles, ridge
Tiles, glass
Tiles, ventilation

To be delivered in such quantities as may be required from time to time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Mangalore or Basel Mission Tiles, Railway."

Tiles, flat
Tiles, half
Tiles, ridge
Ventilators
Glass tiles

To be delivered in such quantities as may be required from time to time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 25.

2. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

3. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kacheheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered, of which due notice will be given. No tender will be considered if the samples are not so deposited.

6. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by

the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

8. The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store, JNO. ROOR,
Colombo, September 7, 1897. Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Sawn Teak and Pine Boards," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, October 19, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the supply of sawn teak and pine boards for use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1898.

2. Rangoon teak of Indian quality and Baltic and Austrian pine flooring, ceiling, and other boards are required. All boards to be tongued and grooved. The sizes are as follows:—

Teak Scantlings and Boards.

Scantlings, all sizes from 2½ in. by 2½ in. to 6 in. by 6 in.; beams, all sizes from 6 in. by 6 in. to 12 in. by 24 in.; planks from ½ in. to 2 in. thick; ceiling and flooring boards.

Baltic and Austrian Pine Boards (Tongued and Grooved).

6 in. by 1½ in., 6 in. by ¾ in.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

4. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

5. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

6. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store, JNO. ROOR,
Colombo, September 7, 1897. Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Bricks, &c., to the Colonial Store," will be received to 12 noon on Friday, October 22, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1898, viz.:—

Bricks, slop	Bamboos
Tiles, half-round	Batahies
Tiles, ridge	Posts of sizes
Cabook stones	

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

2. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered, of which due notice will be given. No tender will be considered if the samples are not so deposited.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store, JNO. ROOR,
Colombo, September 7, 1897. Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Halgas, &c., to the Colonial Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, October 25, 1897, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1898, viz.:—

Halgas planks	Mililla posts
Halgas scantlings	Mililla planks
Jakwood beams	Teak scantlings
Jakwood reepers	Satinwood planks
Lunumidella scantlings	Mi piles
Cocconut rafters	Jakwood in logs, &c.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

2. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The amount of security to be given and all other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

8. The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures in tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Jno. Root,
Colonial Storekeeper.
Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 7, 1897.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), to be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Clothing, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, October 4, 1897:—

For supplying and making clothing required for the year 1898.

Particulars and description of clothing to be made can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Jno. Root,
Colonial Storekeeper.
Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 1, 1897.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1898, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, October 7, 1897:—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Cumbles, Colonial Store."

Cumbles, white
Cumbles, gray.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Paddy, &c., Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, October 7, 1897:—

Deposit for
Tender Forms.

Kandy.—Paddy, gram, straw, lime for
whitewashing Rs. 25
Nuwara Eliya.—Paddy, gram, and straw Rs. 25

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Provisions, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, October 7, 1897:—

Gram } for horses.
Paddy }
Salt, per lb.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Cattle Food, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, October 7, 1897:—

Cocoanut branches with green leaves, per 100 branches.
Best cocoanut poonac, per cwt.
Best gingelly poonac, per cwt.
Collu, per bushel.
Country paddy, per bushel.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 25.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 1, 1897.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for daily dry-earth conservancy in the Queen's House at Colombo, from January 1 to December 31, 1898, will be received up to 12 noon on Friday, October 1, 1897.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for dry-earth conservancy, Queen's House, 1898."

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

The security bond should be furnished immediately on notice of acceptance of tender.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 1, 1897.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of Furniture during 1898, to the Colonial Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, October 9, 1897.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 200.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Tenderers must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which tenders will be considered.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office, where catalogue of articles required and dimensions thereof can be inspected.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

The security bond should be furnished before November 30, 1897.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 1, 1897.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned article for the use of Government from date of acceptance of the tender to December 31, 1898, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, October 14, 1897:—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Castor Oil Colonial Store."

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Castor oil.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 13, 1897.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Bricks and Tiles to the Railway Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, October 27, 1897, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1898, viz. :—

Bricks, engineer	Bamboos
Tiles, half-round	Batalies
Tiles, ridge	Posts of sizes
Cabook stones	

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

2. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed

by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered, of which due notice will be given. No tender will be considered if the samples are not so deposited.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished before December 31, 1897.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.
Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 13, 1897.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Timber to the Railway Branch, Colonial Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Friday, October 29, 1897, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1898, viz. :—

Halgas planks	Millilla planks
Halgas scantlings	Del planks
Jakwood scantlings	Teak planks
Jakwood planks	Satinwood planks
Jakwood reepers	Mi piles
Lunumidella planks	Doon or hora spars
Mendora reepers	Jakwood in logs
Cocconut rafters	Sapanwood, &c.
Rukkattana planks	Hora planks, logs, &c.
Millilla posts	

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

2. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

3. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

6. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the

approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

7. The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

8. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

9. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 13, 1897.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) for the under-mentioned service on account of the Colonial Store Department will be received up to noon on Monday, November 1, 1897.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Landing, &c., Coal and Coke per Steamers and Sailing Ships."

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

2. For landing with the utmost despatch all coal and coke arriving at the port of Colombo by steamers and sailing ships for the Railway, and delivering the same at the Railway Store or Railway Station at Maradana, at the vicinity of the Railway line near the Lotus pond, or at any other place within the gravets of Colombo.

3. The rate demanded should be at per ton, and should include the cost of stacking materials, when required, at such places as may be pointed out.

4. All small coal and coke should be bagged on boardship and conveyed and delivered so bagged. Not less than 350 tons coal should be landed per working day, and loaded into trucks at the Wharf for transport to the Railway at the rate of 200 tons per working day if required.

5. All coal and coke should be removed from the Wharf to the Railway premises by railway, the Government supplying a sufficiency of trucks at the Wharf Railway Station, and receiving them from contractor on Wharf weighing machine, the contractor paying the Traffic Manager for transport at the rate of 50c. per ton for all materials, the loading and unloading of trucks being done at the expense and risk of the contractor. If wagons be detained beyond the time allowed (24 hours), the contractor to pay demurrage.

6. The weight ascertained at the Railway weigh-bridge at the Wharf Station, minus weight of bags, shall be that for which the contractor will be paid.

7. Parties tendering are requested to state rates for contract to run for one, two, or three years.

8. An allowance of 2 per cent. on the bill of lading quantity will be made to the contractor for wastage.

9. The contractor will be bound to accept in all cases the conditions of the charter-party as regards discharge of the ship; and all demurrage and other charges which may result from a failure to comply with such conditions shall be borne by the contractor.

10. Tenders should be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper.

11. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed form, and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

12. Each party will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 150, which will be returned in the event of his tender not being accepted; but which will be forfeited in the event of his declining to carry out his tender or any portion of it which may be accepted.

13. The amount of security—which must be real, not personal—to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

14. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

15. The Government reserves to itself the coal that may be saved from the Harbour.

16. The security bond should be furnished forthwith on acceptance of tender.

17. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

18. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, to reject any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store, JNO. ROOT,
Colombo, September 13, 1897. Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for daily dry-earth conservancy in the Colonial Store, Colombo, from January 1 to December 31, 1898, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, November 2, 1897:—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for dry-earth conservancy, Colonial Store."

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The deposit must made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyer, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

All alterations or erasures in tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store, JNO. ROOT,
Colombo, September 13, 1897. Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALED Tenders in duplicate will be received, the original by myself direct in Colonial Store and the duplicate by the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being forwarded at the same time, up to noon on Thursday, November 4, 1897, from persons willing to contract for making and supplying the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government for 1898:—

2. For the supply of the under-mentioned uniforms for the Railway Department during 1898:—

For Workmanship.	<i>For Guards, Gate Inspectors, and Sergeants.</i>		
	Fine serge coats	... about	48
	Coarse serge coats	... "	150
	Coarse serge trousers	... "	95 pairs
	White drill trousers	... "	550 pairs
	<i>For Porters, Policemen, Gatemen, &c.</i>		
	Coarse serge suits	... about	850
	Sergeant's gold stripes	... "	5
	Policemen's shoulder straps, red	... "	175 pairs
	For patrols, Way and Works Department	... 50 suits	
	For ticket examiner	... 4 "	
	For train porters and bank coolies	... 75 "	

3. The tender should specify the rate at which each different description of uniform would be made up of materials supplied from the Railway Store, exclusive of needles and thread.

4. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

5. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

6. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

7. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

9. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

10. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

11. The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

12. All alterations or erasures should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

13. If material for more than twenty suits is received at one time, value will have to be deposited for all in excess of twenty.

14. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned paper for the use of the Ceylon Government will be received:—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Paper for the Colonial Store, Colombo," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, October 23, 1897.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Tenderers are at liberty to submit tenders for more than one quality of each paper.

2. The paper to be supplied in lots as required of not less than fifty reams of any one kind at a time on and after January 1, 1898.

3. Samples of not less than half a quire of each kind should be forwarded with tender.

4. Price per ream to include delivery into Store.

5. The full quantity will be taken within the year, but larger quantities may be required, in which case two months' notice will be given.

Reams.

Yellow Wove Writing Paper, Quad Foolscap, 34 in. by 27 in., 50 lb.	... 1,000
Cartridge, white, Super Royal, 27½ in. by 20½ in., 50 lb.	... 200

White Printings.

Quad Foolscap, 34 in. by 27 in., 40 lb.	... 500
Double Royal, 40 in. by 25 in., 44 lb.	... 600
Gazette (special size), 35 in. by 25 in., 43 lb.	... 450
Quad Crown, 40 in. by 30 in., 65 lb.	... 200
Double Royal, 40 in. by 25 in., 60 lb.	... 150
Double Demy, 35 in. by 22½ in., 48 lb.	... 100

Coloured Printings.

Royal, 25 in. by 20 in., 24 lb. (Yellow 150, Pink 25, Blue 15, Green 35, Slate 5)	... 230
Glazed Badami Double Royal, 40 in. by 25 in., 32 lb., put up folded	... 600
Glazed Badami Quad Foolscap, 34 in. by 27 in., 30 lb., put up folded	... 150
Brown Paper, 22 in. by 29 in., 50 lb., put up folded	... 150

6. The sizes and weights given above for each description of paper must be exactly followed, and all should be put up flat in bales, except where otherwise required, 516 sheets to a ream.

7. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

8. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

9. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

10. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

11. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

12. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of

the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

13. The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

14. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of all the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

15. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 14, 1897.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate) will be received, the original by myself direct in Colonial Store and the duplicate by the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being forwarded at the same time, up to noon on Saturday, November 6, 1897, from persons willing to contract for making and supplying the under-mentioned jailors' uniforms, &c., for 1898:—

For supplying to measurements and to patterns:—

	Probable No. of Suits required.
Blue serge coats and trousers ...	20
White drill coats and trousers ...	120
Khaki coats and trousers ...	622

All the above should be delivered in such quantities as may be required from time to time.

2. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered, of which due notice will be given. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 21, 1897.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Rangoon Teak," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, November 8, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the supply of Rangoon teak, for the construction and repairs of public buildings during 1898.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Intending tenderers will be furnished on application with the quantities actually supplied during the last three years.

2. The timber should be quality first class Rangoon teak squares.

3. The specification of the consignment should be submitted if directed to do so, and the teak is to be delivered at the Government Factory or as may be directed.

4. The timber is to be sound throughout, free from sapwood, shakes, dead or loose knots, or any other defects, and of the full dimensions given, in logs averaging 15 to 25 ft. in length by 15 in. sidings to 24 in. sidings—30 per cent. to be not less than 18 in. sidings by 20 ft. in length.

Price to be stated at per ton of 50 cubic ft.

5. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 500.

6. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

8. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

9. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

10. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

11. The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

12. The price to include delivery.

13. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

14. The timber, before being accepted by the Colonial Storekeeper, will be inspected and passed by the Factory Engineer.

15. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, September 21, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for provisioning Hospitals," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, September 27, 1897, from persons willing to contract for supplies for the use of the under-mentioned Government Civil and District Hospitals commencing from January 1, 1898, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender to December 31, 1898:—

	Security in Cash.
	Rs.
Jubilee Hospital, Balapitiya ...	150
Civil Hospital, Trincomalee ...	200
Civil Hospital, Vavuniya ...	150
District Hospital, Uda Pussellawa ...	150
District Hospital, Ramboda ...	200
Immigrant Hospital, Dambulla ...	250
Immigrant Hospital, Vankalai and Pesalai ...	250
Field Hospital, Nikaweratiya, including infectious wards ...	150
Field Hospital, Alutnuwara, including infectious wards ...	200
Police Hospital, Colombo ...	250

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, or to the Medical Officer in charge of the respective hospitals, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form. Each tender should be for provisioning one hospital only.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of half the amount of security, and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue. In stations where there are no kachcheries the deposit must be made to the Medical Officer in charge of the hospital.

5. Provisions should be of the best quality approvable by the Medical Officer of the hospital.

6. When required, samples must be deposited.

7. The successful tenderers will be required to give cash security as given opposite the name of each station, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of each contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tenders. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the cash security. It is left to the option of the successful tenderer to substitute at any time thereafter for cash deposited by him approved title deeds and to enter into a fresh security bond at his expense.

8. In case any person makes any alterations in his tender before forwarding it, such alteration should invariably bear his initials, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

9. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

J. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,
Acting Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, August 31, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for removing Night Soil," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, September 27, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the removal of the night soil of the General Hospital, Colombo, twice a day (including the De Soysa Lying-in Home), and the washing of the Dissecting Room of the Medical College commencing from January 1, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender to December 31, 1898, in covered iron vessels in a properly constructed cart, to the Municipal depot within the hours fixed by the Council. The contractor should provide his own coolies.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 100; and should any tenderer decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue.

5. The successful tenderer will be required to give at once cash security to the extent of Rs. 200, and to sign the bond and for the due fulfilment of the contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tender.

6. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

7. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

J. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,
Acting Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, August 31, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Articles for the Civil Medical Stores during the year, 1898," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, September 27, 1897, for supplying the articles enumerated below:—

Asafœtida, per lb.
Camphor, best quality, per lb.
Capsicum, per lb.
Cardamom seeds, per lb.
Caraway seeds, per lb.
Coriander, per lb.
Cinchona bark, renewed, per cwt.
Cinnamon bark, per lb.
Cocoonut oil (hand made and purified), per gallon
Carded flax made up into 3 lb. packets of 4-oz. rolls, per lb.
Crystallized sugar, per lb.
Ginger powder, per lb.
Hard soap, per cwt.
Hog's lard, per lb.
Orange peel, dried, per lb.
Pins, per dozen papers
Rasins, freed from seeds, per lb.
Senna leaves (Tinnevely), per cwt.
Sherry wine, per dozen quarts
Slaked lime, per lb.
Matches, per dozen boxes
Earthen pots (to hold 2 to 8 lb.), assorted, per 100
Empty tins, 1-gallon size, each
Do. 2 do.

Zinc funnels, pint size, each
 Splints, Pott's, common, lined, per set of 8 pairs
 Splints, Cline's, hand, per pair
 Splints, leg, per set of 6 pairs
 Splints, long, Liston's, for adults, per dozen
 Splints, long, for children, per dozen
 Stone jars, 2-gallon-size, with screw stoppers, each
 Straw, per lb.
 Tar, per gallon
 Carts, double bullock, to convey packages to the Fort, per trip
 Carts, single bullock, to convey parcels to the Fort per trip
 Carts, single bullock, to convey packages to Railway, per trip
 Sulphur, in rolls, per cwt.
 Hackery to Fort, per trip
 Hackery to railway station, Maradana, per trip

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 100; and should any tenderer decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue.

5. Samples of the articles tendered for must be deposited at the Civil Medical Stores, Maradana, and Colonial Store.

6. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to give cash security to the extent of Rs. 350 for the due performance of the contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tender.

7. In case any person makes any alterations in his tender before forwarding it, such alterations should invariably bear his initials, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Medical Superintendent of the Civil Medical Stores.

9. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

J. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,
 Acting Principal Civil Medical Officer and
 Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
 Colombo, August 31, 1897

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Calves for Vaccination," will be received up to 12 noon on Monday, September 27, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the supply of six calves, more or less, as may be required every month from January 1, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender, to December 31, 1898.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The calves must be delivered at the animal vaccination, depôt, Galle. They should be under one year old, perfectly weaned, stout and healthy, and without any eruption on the skin. Any calf not answering to the above description will be rejected.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Colonial Surgeon, Maradana, Colombo, or to the Colonial Surgeon, Galle, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 15 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon the signature of a contract.

Cash security to the extent of Rs. 50 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

For further particulars apply to the Colonial Surgeon or to the Inspector of Vaccination, Colombo.

J. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,
 Acting Principal Civil Medical Officer,
 and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
 Colombo, August 31, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Calves for Vaccination," will be received up to 12 noon on Monday, September 27, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the supply of six calves, more or less, as may be required every month from January 1, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender, to December 31, 1898.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The calves must be delivered at the animal vaccination depôt, Borella. They should be under one year old, perfectly weaned, stout and healthy, and without any eruption on the skin. Any calf not answering to the above description will be rejected.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Colonial Surgeon, Maradana, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 15 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon the signature of a contract.

Cash security to the extent of Rs. 50 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

For further particulars apply to the Colonial Surgeon or to the Inspector of Vaccination, Colombo.

J. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,
 Acting Principal Civil Medical Officer
 and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
 Colombo, August 31, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Calves for Vaccination," will be received up to 12 noon on Monday, September 27, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the supply of six calves, more or less, as may be required every month from January 1, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender, to December 31, 1898.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The calves must be delivered at the animal vaccination depôt, Kandy. They should be under one year old, perfectly weaned, stout and healthy, and without any eruption on the skin. Any calf not answering to the above description will be rejected.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Colonial Surgeon, Maradana, Colombo, or to the Colonial Surgeon, Kandy, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 15 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon the signature of a contract.

Cash security to the extent of Rs. 50 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

For further particulars apply to the Colonial Surgeon or to the Inspector of Vaccination, Colombo.

J. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,
Acting Principal Civil Medical Officer
and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, August 31, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for removing Night Soil," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, September 27, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the removal of the night soil of the Lady Havelock Hospital, Colombo, twice a day commencing from January 1, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender, to December 31, 1898, in covered iron vessels in a properly constructed cart, to the Municipal depôt within the hours fixed by the Council. The contractor should provide his own coolies.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 10; and should any tenderer decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue.

5. The successful tenderer will be required to give at once cash security to the extent of Rs. 25, and to sign the bond and for the due fulfilment of the contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tender.

6. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

J. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,
Acting Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, August 31, 1897.

TENDERS for the conveyance of Government stores of the Badulla Kachcheri from Bandarawela to Badulla and from Badulla to Bandarawela from October 1, 1897, will be received by the Government Agent, Province of Uva, till 12 o'clock noon of September 30, 1897.

Badulla Kachcheri. L. W. C. SCHRADER,
September 2, 1897. for G. A. BAUMGÄRTNER,
Government Agent.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for services in connection with the Central Timber Depôt," will be received up to noon on Monday, September 27, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services from October 16, 1897, to December 31, 1898:—

(1) To unload timber from vessels at anchor in the harbour and to land, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(2) To lay out ebony for trimming in the depôt, per ton of 20 cwt.

(3) To weigh ebony in the depôt, per ton of 20 cwt.

(4) To stack ebony after weighing in the depôt, per ton of 20 cwt.

(5) To shift and re-stack timber in the depôt, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(6) To unload timber from railway wagons in Colombo, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(7) To transport timber from landing jetty to Slave Island depôt and to stack, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(8) To transport timber from Mutwal ferry to Slave Island depôt and to stack, per cubic foot.

(9) To transport timber from Main station to Slave Island depôt and to stack, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(10) To transport timber to the reclamation grounds from the Slave Island depôt, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(11) To transport timber from the Slave Island depôt to the Government Factory, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(12) To unload timber from padda boats, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(13) To load timber into carts, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(14) To transport timber from the Kelaniya depôt to the Slave Island depôt and to stack (toll fare included), per cubic foot.

(15) To cut ebony in the depôt, for a piece.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Conservator of Forests and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General both to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Conservator of Forests, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished in the recognized form.

4. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

5. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

6. Cash security of Rs. 250 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

8. Any alteration made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the initials of the tenderers will be treated as informal and rejected.

9. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. The name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the documents.

A. F. BROWN,
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,
Colombo, September 6, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of Building Materials in the Northern Province," will be received up to noon on Monday, October 18, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned service during the year 1898:—

For supplying building materials, &c., for the use of the Public Works Department, Northern Province, at Jaffna, Pallai, Vavuniya, Mannar, and Kanukkeny.

- Arecanut trees, 24 ft. long, each
- *Bags, gunny, new, each
- *Bags, ola, with naar corners, to contain two bushiels, each
- *Baskets, naar, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in., each
- *Baskets, ola do. do.
- *Baskets, ola, water, each
- *Baskets, Madampe, 16 in. diameter, top 9 in., each
- *Baskets, rattan, strong, of full size
- *Brooms, coir, each
- *Brooms, ekel, each
- *Bricks, Colombo, per 1,000
- *Brushes, whitewashing, coir, strong, each
- *Cadjans, not less than 8 ft. long and 1 ft. in breadth, per 100
- *Canvas, native, per yard
- Charcoal, per bushel
- Dammar, per lb.
- *Gray shirting, per yard
- Gum Arabic, per lb.
- Glass, per square foot
- *Indigo, per lb.
- *Lime, per bushel, made from coral chips
- Lime, shell, per bushel
- *Mats, ola, 12 ft. by 4 ft., each
- *Mats, tender ola, 6 ft. by 3½ ft., each
- Nedeles, ordinary, per doz.
- Naar, palmirah, per 1,000
- Oakum, per lb.
- Oil, cocoanut, per gallon
- Oil, fish, per gallon
- Olas, palmirah, per 1,000
- *Road pounders of approved timber, diameter at bottom 9 in., at top 6½ in., and height 18 in., without handles, each
- Rosin, per lb.
- *Rope, coir, 4 in. circumference, per foot
- *String coir, per cwt.
- Stones, rubble, by weight, per ton
- Stones, coral, in blocks, per cubic ft.
- Sand, per bushel
- *Sandpaper, per sheet
- *Tape, narrow, white, per 100 yards
- *Tiles, Coast, 9 in. long, at per 1,000
- *Tiles, Calicut, flat, at per 1,000
- *Tiles, Calicut, ridge, at per 100
- *Tiles, ventilating, Calicut, per 100
- *Syklights, do.
- *Tiles, flooring, Pondicherry, at per 1,000
- *Twine, Bengal, per lb.
- *Twine, English, per lb.
- *Thread, cotton, per lb.
- *Thread, linen, per lb.
- Verdigris, per lb.
- Vinegar, country, per gallon
- Wax, bees, per lb.

Timber.

Beams, palmirah, best quality, 2 of a tree, per ft. run.			
Do.	do.	3	do.
Do.	do.	4	do.
Do.	do.	5	do.

Reepers, palmirah, best quality, 12 ft. each, at per 100
Reepers, palmirah, for Calicut tiles, 12 ft. long, at per 100

Palmirah piles, at per ft. run.
Palmirah struts, 4 in. by 2 in., at per foot.
Palmirah railings, 4 in. by 2 in., at per ft.

NOTE.—The palmirah timber must be of very best quality.

Jak planks, free from all crack and sap, per square foot
Mango do. do.
Margosa do. do.
Margosa timber, per cubic ft.

NOTE.—The price of planks to be given at per cubic ft. to cover any thickness that may be required.

2. The tenders are to be made in duplicate on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Government Agent, Jaffna, and the Assistant Government Agents' Offices at Mannar, Vavuniya, and Mullaitivu, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form. The originals should be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Director of Public Works, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposits shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

4. Cash security will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the security, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Jaffna.

5. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

6. Samples of articles marked (*) to be deposited with the Provincial Engineer, Public Works Department, Jaffna, in sealed packets or bottles, labelled with the name of the tenderer, on or before October 18, 1897.

7. Any alterations made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due fulfilment of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, together with a fee of Rs. 10-50 to be paid by the tenderer, but the bonds may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. And when bonds have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 13, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for transport in the Northern Province," will be received up to noon on Monday, October 18, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned service during 1898:—

I.—Transport by Cart.

For conveyance of stores, &c., of any description from—

(1) Jaffna to any part of the mainland of the Northern Province and *vice versa*, at per cwt. per mile.

Rates for 100 baskets and per bundle of 10 ola mats to be given.

(2) Jaffna to any part of the peninsula and *vice versa* at per cwt. per mile.

Rates for 100 baskets and per bundle of 10 ola mats to be given.

(3) For conveyance of stores of any description within Mannar District.

Rates for 100 baskets and per bundle of 10 ola mats to be given.

NOTE.—The loading and unloading of stores into and from the carts to be done by the contractor.

II.—Transport by Boat.

For conveyance of stores, &c., of any description from—

(1) Jaffna to Elephant Pass or any intermediate places, at per cwt.

Rates per 100 baskets and per bundle of 10 ola mats to be given.

(2) Jaffna to Mannar or any intermediate place, at per cwt.

Rates per 100 baskets and per bundle of 10 ola mats to be given.

(3) Jaffna to Mullaittivu or any intermediate place, at per cwt.

Rates per 100 baskets and per bundle of 10 ola mats to be given.

NOTE.—The loading and unloading of stores into and from the boats to be done by the contractor.

2. The tenders are to be made in duplicate on forms which will be supplied upon application at the Jaffna Kachcheri, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form. The originals should be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Director of Public Works, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

4. Cash security will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the security, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Jaffna.

5. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

6. Any alterations made in the tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

7. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due fulfilment of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, together with a fee of Rs. 10.50 to be paid by the tenderer, but the bond may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. And when bonds have been drawn by the tenderer's own lawyer, the name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 13, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for transport of Stores and Materials," will be received up to noon on Monday, November 1, 1897, from persons willing to transport stores and materials to and from the under-mentioned stations in the Eastern Province during the year 1898:—

To and from Batticaloa.	
Do.	Customs.
Do.	Badulla road.
Do.	Trincomalee road.
Do.	Kalkuda.
Do.	Kalmunai and all intermediate stations.
Do.	Kalmunai.
Do.	Potuwil.

To and from Sagamam.

Do.	Malkampuddi.
Do.	Sammanturai.
Do.	Chadayantalawa and all intermediate stations.
Do.	Trincomalee.
Do.	Kituluttu.
Do.	Ratmalie.
Do.	Kiniyai.
Do.	Vergal.
Do.	Mutur and all intermediate stations.

2. Tenders are to be made in duplicate on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Director of Public Works or the Government Agent, Batticaloa, or the Assistant Government Agent, Trincomalee, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form. The originals should be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Director of Public Works, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both to be forwarded at the same time; and the tenderers should state in their tenders at what rate they will transport by cart or boat per cwt. of stores and materials per mile.

3. A deposit of Rs. 50 should be made either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and the receipt of the Treasurer or the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent produced when applying for forms. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signing the contract.

4. Cash security will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Batticaloa.

5. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

6. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyer, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

7. All alterations should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.
Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 20, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of Building Materials, &c., in the Eastern Province," will be received up to noon on Monday, November 1, 1897, from persons willing to contract to supply the under-mentioned materials for the use of the Public Works Department at the different places specified, during 1898:—

Batticaloa District.

1. Batticaloa Public Works Department yard.
2. Any station on the Coast road.
3. Do. Badulla-Batticaloa road.
4. Do. Kalkuda road.

Kalmunai District.

1. Kalmunai Public Works Department yard.
2. Any station on the Coast road.
3. Do. Arasadi-Malkampuddi road.
4. Do. Akkaraippattu-Sagamam road.
5. Do. Potuvil-Mupane road.
6. Do. Chavalaikkadai-Chadayantalawa road.
7. Do. Karativu-Samanturai road.

Trincomalee District.

1. Trincomalee Public Works Department yard.
2. Any station on the Coast road.
3. Do. Trincomalee-Kandy road.
4. Do. Trincomalee-Anuradhapura road

Tenderers may tender for all or any of the articles in the following list :—

- * Baskets, nar, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in.
- * Baskets, rattan, strong 15 in. diam. top, 4 in. diam. bottom, 8½ in. deep, each.
- * Bricks, slop, 9 in. by 4½ in. by 3 in., per 1,000.
- * Bricks, paving, per 1,000.
- * Brooms, coir, each.
- * Bengal line, per lb.
- * Brushes, whitewashing, country, each.
- Charcoal per bushel.
- Coir string, per cwt.
- Coir rope, per cwt.
- Cadjans, not less than 7 ft. long by 1 ft. broad, per 100 (double).
- Coral, per bushel.
- Ceiling cloth, per yard (gray shirting).
- Dammar, per lb.
- Fish oil, clean, per gallon.
- Gunny bags (old and new), each.
- Gum Arabic, per lb.
- Glass, per square ft.
- Indigo, per ball.
- Lime, boiled, per bushel.
- Lime, slaked, per bushel.
- * Mats, ola, 2½ ft. by 4 ft., each.
- Ochre, yellow, per lb.
- Oil, cocconut, per gallon.
- Oil, kerosine, per gallon.
- Ekel, per bundle.
- Sheep skins, each.
- Buffalo hides, each.
- Sandpaper, per sheet.
- Salt, per lb.
- Tape, cotton, white, per skein.
- Thread, white, per reel.
- Tallow, country, per lb.
- * Tiles, 10 in., half-round, per 1,000.
- Tiles, 15 in., half-round, per 1,000.
- * Tiles, ridge, per 1,000.
- Vinegar, country, per gallon.
- Verdigris, per lb.
- Wax, bees', per lb.
- Tats, each.
- Needles, per dozen.
- Bluestone, per lb.
- Sugar, per lb.

1. Tenders are to be made in duplicate on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Director of Public Works or the Government Agent, Batticaloa, or the Assistant Government Agent, Trincomalee, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form. The originals should be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Director of Public Works, and the duplicates direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General; both to be forwarded at the same time.

2. A deposit of Rs. 50 should be made either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and the receipt of the Treasurer or the Government Agent or the Assistant Government Agent produced when applying for forms. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signing the contract.

3. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all necessary information in respect of the contract can be ascertained upon application at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Batticaloa.

4. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

5. Samples of articles marked thus (*) to be deposited with the Provincial Engineer, Batticaloa, in sealed packets or bottles, labelled with the name of the tenderer, on or before November 1, 1897.

6. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contracts, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers.

7. When bonds have been drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

8. Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 20, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of Rice in the Eastern Province," will be received up to noon on Monday, November 1, 1897, from persons willing to contract to supply best kallunda and country rice for the use of the Public Works Department, Eastern Province, at the different places named below from January 1 to June 30, 1898 :—

Batticaloa District.

1. Batticaloa Public Works Department yard.
2. Any station on the Coast road.
3. Any station on the Badulla-Batticaloa road.
4. Any station on the Kalkuda road.

2. Tenders are to be made in duplicate on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Director of Public Works or the Provincial Engineer, Batticaloa, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form. The originals should be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Director of Public Works, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit of Rs. 50 should be made either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and the receipt of the Treasurer or the Government Agent produced when applying for forms. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signing the contract.

4. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information in respect of the contract can be ascertained upon application at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Batticaloa.

6. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

7. Samples of rice, not less than a measure, should be deposited with the Provincial Engineer, Batticaloa, in sealed bags, labelled with the name of the tenderer, on or before November 1, 1897.

8. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contracts, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, and when bonds have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

9. Any alterations made in the tender form should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of local materials in the Western Province during 1898," at the under-mentioned stations, viz., Negombo and Kalutara, will be received at the office of the Director of Public Works up to noon (12 o'clock) on Monday, October 18, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services during the year 1898, keeping each district separate:—

Negombo District.

Bamboos
Baskets, rattan
Bags, gunny, second-hand
Beeswax
Bricks, per 1,000, Colombo
Do. approved local
Cadjans, per 1,000, not less than 6 ft. long
Ceiling cloth
Cabook, 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in., per 1,000
Glass, per sq. ft.
Indigo, per lb.
Lime, slaked, per bushel
Lime, washing, do.
Oil, cocoanut, per gallon
String, coir, per cwt.
Tiles, half-round, per 1,000, Colombo
Do. do. local
Twine, Bengal, per lb.
Jakwood, at per cub. ft., sawn to sizes, including rafters
Do. planks of 1 in. or 1½ in., per sq. ft.
Do. reepers, per 1,000 ft.
Cocoanut piles, &c., for canal work:—
Cocoanut piles, per 1,000 ft.
Do. beams do.
Do. slabs do.
Do. pegs do.
Do. planks do.

Kalutara District.

Bamboos
Baskets, rattan
Bags, gunny, second-hand
Beeswax
Bricks, per 1,000, Colombo.
Do. approved local
Cadjans, per 1,000, not less than 6 ft. long
Ceiling cloth
Cabook, 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in., per 1,000
Glass, per sq. ft.
Indigo, per lb.
Lime, slaked, per bushel
Lime, whitewashing, per bushel
Oil, cocoanut, per gallon
String, coir, per cwt.
Tiles, half-round, per 1,000, Colombo
Do. do. local
Twine, Bengal, per lb.
Jakwood, at per cub. ft., sawn to sizes, including rafters
Do. planks of 1 in. or 1½ in., per sq. ft.
Do. reepers, per 1,000 ft.
Cocoanut piles, &c., for canal work:—
Cocoanut piles, per 1,000 ft.
Do. beams do.
Do. slabs do.
Do. pegs do.
Do. planks do.

The delivery of materials will be required to be made in any part of the several districts known as Negombo and Kalutara of the Public Works Department.

Samples of bricks, tiles, baskets, coir, and Bengal twine to be delivered at the Colombo Kacheheri before the tenders are opened.

For the supply of the articles enumerated, either as a whole or part, keeping each district separate.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied on application at the offices of the Government Agent at Colombo or of the Assistant Agent at Kalutara, in the Western Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any forms are issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond for the whole or any part of his

tender, such deposits shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon the signature of the contract.

Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract for the supply of materials, and the persons whose contract shall be accepted for materials shall be bound by a cash deposit of Rs. 150 in each case, which must be hypothecated to Government, for the due fulfilment of such contract.

The Government reserve to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. And when bonds have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

Any alteration made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 22, 1897.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for rattanning carriage seats, chairs, &c., for the Ceylon Government Railway," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 13 next, from persons willing to contract for the above service for the year 1898.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon personal application at the office of the General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 25 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The security required will be Rs. 100 in cash, and any further information required can be obtained on personal application at the office of the General Manager.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

The person whose tender is accepted by the Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

W. CANTRELL,
General Manager's Office, Acting General Manager.
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Ballast to the Railway for the year 1898," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 12 next, from persons willing to contract for the supply of ballast, to be delivered at the under-mentioned places, viz.:—

400 cubic yards per month of quartz ballast at 39 miles 60 chains, Main line.

400 cubic yards per month of quartz ballast at Alutgama.

150 cubic yards per month of coral ballast at Hik kaduwa.

To be delivered on the 25th week day of each month. Tools for cutting the ballast will be lent to the contractor.

Each tender must specify the rate per cubic yard.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon personal application at the office of the General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 25 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The security required will be Rs. 100 in cash, and any further information required can be obtained on personal application at the office of the General Manager.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

The person whose tender is accepted by the Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderer's initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

W. CANTRELL,
Acting General Manager.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Firewood for the use of the Railway for 1898," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 12 next, from persons willing to contract for the above service in the quantities and at the places specified below:—

	Cubic Yards per Month.	Per Annum.
Colombo to Ambepussa (for firewood special trains). This wood should be supplied at the following spots: Kelaniya station, 13½, 14½, and 16½ miles; Henaratgoda station, 17½, 18, 19, 20, 25, 30, 30½, and 31½ miles	3,080	36,960
(At firewood stages.) This should be supplied at firewood stages at Henaratgoda, Veyangoda, Mirigama, and Ambepussa		
Kandy District (at wood stages at Kandy and Matale, and any point on the line for wood specials between Matale and Gampola)	1,050	12,600
Nawalapitiya to Hatton:—		
Galboda wood stages	780	9,360
Watawala wood stages	780	9,360
Nawalapitiya station or firewood special	1,040	12,480

Wood must be cut into lengths of 3 ft., and not less than 9 in. nor more than 24 in. in girth.

The following woods will not be accepted: atamata, amba or mango, gedemba, loommadala, rookkattana, durkaduwa, kadju, walkaduru, cotton, arubooda.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon personal application at the office of the

General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 20 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Security in cash at the rate of Rs. 5 per 100 yards of firewood to be supplied will be required from each contractor.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

The person whose tender is accepted by the Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bonds prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

W. CANTRELL,
Acting General Manager.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Brake Blocks for the Ceylon Government Railway," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 12 next, from persons willing to contract for the above service for the year 1898.

The blocks are to be delivered at the Maradana yard, and must be of sound mangewood, and cut to templates supplied by the General Manager of the Railway. All defective blocks will be rejected.

The delivery of the blocks to be in twelve instalments of 583 each, the first delivery to take place between January 1 to 10 next, and afterwards between 1st and 10th of each succeeding month, until the total quantity of 7,000 has been supplied.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon personal application at the office of the General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 25 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The security required will be Rs. 150 in cash, and any further information required can be obtained on personal application to the office of the General Manager.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

The person whose tender is accepted by the Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

W. CANTRELL,
Acting General Manager.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of local materials in the Western Province during 1898," at the under-mentioned stations, viz., Negombo and Kalutara, will be received at the office of the Director of Public Works up to noon (12 o'clock) on Monday, October 18, 1897, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services during the year 1898, keeping each district separate:—

Negombo District.

Bamboos
Baskets, rattan
Bags, gunny, second-hand
Beeswax
Bricks, per 1,000, Colombo
Do. approved local
Cadjans, per 1,000, not less than 6 ft. long
Ceiling cloth
Cabook, 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in., per 1,000
Glass, per sq. ft.
Indigo, per lb.
Lime, slaked, per bushel
Lime, washing, do.
Oil, coconut, per gallon
String, coir, per cwt.
Tiles, half-round, per 1,000, Colombo
Do. do. local
Twine, Bengal, per lb.
Jakwood, at per cub. ft., sawn to sizes, including rafters
Do. planks of 1 in. or 1½ in., per sq. ft.
Do. reepers, per 1,000 ft.
Cocanut piles, &c., for canal work:—
Cocanut piles, per 1,000 ft.
Do. beams do.
Do. slabs do.
Do. pegs do.
Do. planks do.

Kalutara District.

Bamboos
Baskets, rattan
Bags, gunny, second-hand
Beeswax
Bricks, per 1,000, Colombo.
Do. approved local
Cadjans, per 1,000, not less than 6 ft. long
Ceiling cloth
Cabook, 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in., per 1,000
Glass, per sq. ft.
Indigo, per lb.
Lime, slaked, per bushel
Lime, whitewashing, per bushel
Oil, coconut, per gallon
String, coir, per cwt.
Tiles, half-round, per 1,000, Colombo
Do. do. local
Twine, Bengal, per lb.
Jakwood, at per cub. ft., sawn to sizes, including rafters
Do. planks of 1 in. or 1½ in., per sq. ft.
Do. reepers, per 1,000 ft.
Cocanut piles, &c., for canal work:—
Cocanut piles, per 1,000 ft.
Do. beams do.
Do. slabs do.
Do. pegs do.
Do. planks do.

The delivery of materials will be required to be made in any part of the several districts known as Negombo and Kalutara of the Public Works Department.

Samples of bricks, tiles, baskets, coir, and Bengal twine to be delivered at the Colombo Kachcheri before the tenders are opened.

For the supply of the articles enumerated, either as a whole or part, keeping each district separate.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied on application at the offices of the Government Agent at Colombo or of the Assistant Agent at Kalutara, in the Western Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any forms are issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond for the whole or any part of his

tender, such deposits shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon the signature of the contract.

Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract for the supply of materials, and the persons whose contract shall be accepted for materials shall be bound by a cash deposit of Rs. 150 in each case, which must be hypothecated to Government, for the due fulfilment of such contract.

The Government reserve to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. And when bonds have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

Any alteration made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

H. WARD,

for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 22, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for rattanning carriage seats, chairs, &c., for the Ceylon Government Railway," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 13 next, from persons willing to contract for the above service for the year 1898.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon personal application at the office of the General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 25 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The security required will be Rs. 100 in cash, and any further information required can be obtained on personal application at the office of the General Manager.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

The person whose tender is accepted by the Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

W. CANTRELL,

General Manager's Office, Acting General Manager.
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Ballast to the Railway for the year 1898," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 12 next, from persons willing to contract for the supply of ballast, to be delivered at the under-mentioned places, viz.:—

400 cubic yards per month of quartz ballast at 39 miles 60 chains, Main line.

400 cubic yards per month of quartz ballast at Alutgama.

150 cubic yards per month of coral ballast at Hik kaduwa.

To be delivered on the 25th week day of each month.
Tools for cutting the ballast will be lent to the contractor.

Each tender must specify the rate per cubic yard.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon personal application at the office of the General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 25 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The security required will be Rs. 100 in cash, and any further information required can be obtained on personal application at the office of the General Manager.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

The person whose tender is accepted by the Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderer's initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

W. CANTRELL,
Acting General Manager.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Firewood for the use of the Railway for 1898," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 12 next, from persons willing to contract for the above service in the quantities and at the places specified below:—

	Cubic Yards per Month.	Per Annum.
Colombo to Ambepussa (for firewood special trains). This wood should be supplied at the following spots: Kelaniya station, 13½, 14½, and 16½ miles; Henaratgoda station, 17½, 18, 19, 20, 25, 30, 30½, and 31½ miles (At firewood stages.) This should be supplied at firewood stages at Henaratgoda, Veyangoda, Mirigama, and Ambepussa	3,080	36,960
Kandy District (at wood stages at Kandy and Matale, and any point on the line for wood specials between Matale and Gampola)	1,050	12,600
Nawalapitiya to Hatton:—		
Galboda wood stages	780	9,360
Watawala wood stages	780	9,360
Nawalapitiya station or firewood special	1,040	12,480

Wood must be cut into lengths of 3 ft., and not less than 9 in. nor more than 24 in. in girth.

The following woods will not be accepted: atamata, amba or mango, gedemba, loommalala, rookkattana, durkaduwa, kadju, walkaduru, cotton, arubooda.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon personal application at the office of the

General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 20 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Security in cash at the rate of Rs. 5 per 100 yards of firewood to be supplied will be required from each contractor.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

The person whose tender is accepted by the Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bonds prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

W. CANTRELL,
Acting General Manager.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

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The blocks are to be delivered at the Maradana yard, and must be of sound mangowood, and cut to templates supplied by the General Manager of the Railway. All defective blocks will be rejected.

The delivery of the blocks to be in twelve instalments of 583 each, the first delivery to take place between January 1 to 10 next, and afterwards between 1st and 10th of each succeeding month, until the total quantity of 7,000 has been supplied.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

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The security required will be Rs. 150 in cash, and any further information required can be obtained on personal application to the office of the General Manager.

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Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

W. CANTRELL,
Acting General Manager.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, September 18, 1897.

RETURN OF RAINFALL FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST, 1897.

PROVINCE.	STATION.	Height above Mean Sea Level, in Feet.	Total Rainfall during the Month, in Inches.	Greatest Quantity in any 24 Hours, in Inches.	Date on which the Greatest Quantity Fell.	No. of Days on which Rainfall was Registered.	Direction of Wind.	REMARKS.	
Western	Negombo	6	7.11	2.25	8-9	29	S.W.	Mr. Waddell	
	Kalutara	36	9.44	2.70	21-22	23	N.W.	Mr. McDonnell	
	Labugama	375	23.39	2.68	4-5	28	S.W.	Mr. Samarakone	
Central	Henaratgoda	33	22.14	4.98	22-23	26	S.W.	Mr. Silva	
	Katugastota	1,500	8.28	1.17	8-9	21	E.	Mr. Price	
	New Valley (Dikoya)	3,708	19.74	2.03	25-26	23	N.E.	Mr. Ward	
	Helboda (Pussellawa)	3,300	16.27	2.17	4-5	30	Variable	Mr. Gosset	
	Yarrow Estate	3,400	13.49	2.05	25-26	24	Variable	Mr. Shelley	
	Peradeniya	1,540	13.59	1.86	27-28	27	S.W.	Mr. Macmillan	
	Duckwari	3,300	12.17	1.90	8-9	29	Variable	Mr. Spence	
	Caledonia	4,273	14.83	2.00	7-8	24	Variable	Mr. Goork	
	Pussellawa	3,000	15.77	1.70	4-5	28	S.W.	Mr. Crabbe	
	Hakgala	5,581	12.73	1.88	22-23	27	Variable	Mr. Noek	
	S. Wanarajah Estate	3,700	23.06	2.57	7-8	24	Variable	Mr. Tatham	
	St. Andrews (Maskeliya)	4,200	31.65	4.11	25-26	25	Variable	Mr. Taylor	
	Dalgwise Est. (Shannon)	4,510	30.06	3.15	30-31	31	S.W.	Mr. Theobald	
	Padupola	1,636	37.77	3.81	7-8	29	S.W.	Mr. Ward	
	Mylapitiya	1,707	3.67	0.75	15-16	17	Variable	Mr. Morgan	
	Aluta	800	—	—	—	—	—	—	Not received
	Northern	Mullaittivu	12	4.20	2.50	23-24	4	S.W.	Mr. Sanmukam
Jaffna		8	5.41	2.02	21-22	6	S.W.	Mr. Grant	
Mankulam (N. Road)		167	3.83	0.95	21-22	12	S.W.	Mr. Walker	
Elephant Pass		7	4.51	1.15	30-31	7	S.W.	Mr. Ludovici	
Vangalchettykulam		179	—	—	—	—	—	—	Not received
Point Pedro		24	7.62	4.80	25-26	6	S.W.	Mr. Pararachasingha	
Jaffna College		9	4.09	2.53	25-26	4	S.W.	Mr. Cooke	
Kayts		8	3.03	1.24	25-26	4	S.W.	Mr. Katuruwelpuljai	
Kankesanturai		10	7.17	3.50	25-26	8	S.W.	Mr. Everts	
Pallai		24	5.02	2.32	25-26	5	S.W.	Mr. Ludovici	
Murikandy (N.-C. Road)		7	3.01	1.14	20-21	6	S.W.	Mr. Ludovici	
Nedunkeni		122	6.05	2.10	20-21	7	S.W.	Mr. Sanmukam	
Chavakachcheri		16	14.45	7.50	25-26	6	Variable	Mr. Ludovici	
Udupiddi		35	6.86	2.95	25-26	6	S.W.	Mr. Hastings	
Marichchukaddi		14	0.70	0.50	21-22	2	S.W.	Mr. Viramuttu	
Southern		Ella Vella	262	7.21	1.20	4-5	24	W.	Mr. Smith
		Kekanadura	150	10.23	1.77	23-24	17	S.W.	Mr. Smith
	Denagama	286	8.25	2.00	3-4	19	W.	Mr. Smith	
	Udukiriwila	235	7.20	1.30	26-27	13	S.W.	Mr. Lourensz	
	Kirama	260	6.16	1.72	26-27	16	S.W.	Mr. Ismail	
	Hali-ela	200	11.92	1.80	3-4	24	S.W.	Mr. Smith	
	Tissamaharama	75	0.95	0.25	23-24	7	S.W.	Mr. Lucas	
	Matara	15	7.35	0.95	26-27	20	S.W.	Mr. Smith	
	Dandeniya	157	12.02	3.05	4-5	21	S.W.	Mr. Smith	
	Urubokka	890	8.85	1.32	26-27	18	N.E.	Mr. Smith	
	Elagala	121	1.43	0.56	23-24	4	S.W.	Mr. Lucas	
	Tangalla	94	6.36	1.69	4-5	19	S.W.	Mr. Steen	
	Mamadola	56	3.77	1.12	1-2	9	S.W.	Mr. Ebert	
	Eastern	Irrakkamam	42	4.59	2.26	15-17	6	Variable	Mr. Edge
		Devilana	136	0.98	0.62	16-17	2	W.	Mr. Grigson
		Sagamata	40	1.55	1.10	30-31	2	E.	Mr. Edge
		Ambare	65	4.88	2.60	30-31	10	W.	Mr. Edge
Kanthalai		150	2.75	1.12	18-19	7	W. to E.	Mr. Carte	
Allai		95	3.20	2.70	19-20	2	S.W.	Mr. Carte	
Rukam		120	3.78	2.48	20-21	3	N.W.	Mr. Grigson	
Periyakulam		20	4.55	1.75	19-20	5	S.W.	Mr. Carte	
Chadaiyantawala		57	1.27	0.72	18-19	3	Variable	Mr. Edge	
Kalmunai		12	2.09	0.94	30-31	4	Variable	Mr. Edge	
Rotawewa		30	2.67	2.02	15-16	5	Variable	Mr. Edge	
Lahugala		70	2.26	1.50	10-11	5	S.	Mr. Edge	
Naulla		30	2.94	1.00	24-25	5	Variable	Mr. Edge	
Andankulam		41	2.32	1.06	18-19	5	S.W.	Mr. Carte	
Manalpuddy		21	3.20	1.15	30-31	4	W.	Mr. Grigson	
North-Western		Magalawewa	176	6.65	2.30	21-22	9	Variable	Mr. MacBride
		Maha Uswewa tank	160	6.60	2.09	19-20	8	S.W.	Mr. Simmons
	Tenepitiya	9	4.15	1.06	8-9	14	S.W.	Mr. Simmons	
North-Central	Batalagoda	—	8.68	1.50	29-30	28	—	Mr. Parker	
	Kalawewa	268	3.99	1.10	19-20	7	S.W.	Mr. Weinman	
	Maradankadawala	443	6.03	2.20	18-19	11	S.W.	Mr. Weinman	
	Mihintale	354	3.23	1.65	18-19	4	S.W.	Mr. Silva	
	Horowapotana	217	6.92	2.90	18-19	5	S.	Mr. Silva	
	Madawachchiya	285	6.41	2.32	22-23	8	Variable	Mr. Silva	
	Topare	200	5.21	2.40	71-18	4	S.W.	Mr. Jayewardane	
Uva	Bandarawela	3,800	2.51	1.00	22-23	5	S.W.	Mr. Tocke	
	Haldummulla	3,160	5.66	3.00	18-19	7	S.W.	Mr. Viramuttu	
	Kumbukkan	446	3.37	1.90	20-21	5	S.E.	Mr. Emerson	
	Hambagamuwa	390	1.39	0.45	18-19	6	S.W.	Mr. Gunawardana	
Sabaragamuwa	Koslinda	—	6.86	3.10	19-20	5	Variable	Mr. Emerson	
	Ambanpitiya	729	14.42	1.81	4-5	26	S.W.	Mr. Auwardt	
	Pelmadulla	408	15.46	3.50	7-8	24	S.W.	Mr. Jeffery	
	Kolonna korale (Hulanda-oya)	203	1.61	0.44	24-25	7	S.W.	Mr. Caspersz	
	Avisawella	105	17.12	2.80	8-9	17	N.W.	Mr. Dassaenaika	