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PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.
PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.
PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile.
PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

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PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by section 4 of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1889 it is enacted that for the purposes of the said Ordinance it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation to be by him issued and published in the *Government Gazette*, to establish so many provinces as to him may appear expedient, and to divide such provinces into districts and sub-districts, and to declare which of such districts shall be deemed to be the principal district, and with the like advice and in like manner to alter and vary the number and limits of any such provinces, districts, or sub-districts:

And whereas by Proclamations dated the 15th day of November, 1889, and 28th day of February, 1890, the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has established provinces and divided them into districts and sub-districts for the purposes of the said Ordinance:

And whereas it is expedient to alter the limits of the Province of Kandy and of the Province of Ratnapura, established as aforesaid, and to establish an additional Province to be called the Province of Kegalla, for the purposes of the said Ordinance:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do, for the purposes of the above Ordinance, by this Our Proclamation establish the Province of Kegalla and vary the limits of the Province of Kandy and of the Province of Ratnapura, and divide the said three provinces into the districts and sub-districts set forth in the schedule hereunto annexed, and do hereby declare that such of the said districts shall respectively be deemed to be principal districts for the purposes of this Ordinance as are therein expressed to be principal districts.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this First day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-eight.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

SCHEDULE.

Province of Kandy (including the Central Province, the Kandyan Districts of the North-Western Province, and part of the North-Central Province.)

District.	Sub-districts.
Dambulla	Kelegama korale, Maminiya korale, Negampaha korale, Unduruwa korale, Kirilawa korale, Inamaluwa korale, Kandapalla korale, Wagapanaha pattuwa, Udugoda pattuwa.
Matale	Matale east, Matale south.
Kandy (Principal district)	Harispattu, Tumpapattu, Yatinuwara korale, Uduwara korale, Pata Dumbara korale.
Gampola	Pata Hewaheta division, Udapalata division, Uda Bulatgama division, Kotmale division, Dimbula division.
Hanguranketa	Uda Hewaheta korale, Walapane korale, Uda Dumbara korale.
Dambadeniya	Dambadeniya hatpattu, Dewamedi hatpattu, Weudavili hatpattu, Katugampola hatpattu.
Yapahuwa	Hiriyala hatpattu, Vanni hatpattu, Demala hatpattu, Rajakumara Wannipattus of Puttalam.

Province of Ratnapura.

Ratnapura (Principal district)	Kuruwiti korale, Nawadun korale, Kukulu korale, Kadawatu korale, Meda korale, Atakalan korale, Kolonna korale.
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Province of Kegalla.

Galboda (Principal district)	Galboda and Ganno pattu, Egodapota, Meda, and Tanipperu pattus, Deyaladahamuna and Meddemediliya pattus, Walgam pattuwa.
Paranakuru	Mawata pattuwa, Kanduhaha pattuwa, Tunpalata pattuwa
Beligal	Gandolaha pattuwa, Otara pattuwa, Kiraweli pattuwa east, Kiraweli pattuwa west, Kandupita pattuwa.
Ruwanwella	Dehigampal korale, Atulugam korale, Panawal korale, Kitulgalpalata of Lower Bulatgama, Uduwapalata of Lower Bulatgama.

IN the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by section 1 of "The Buddhist Temporalities Ordinance, 1889," it is enacted that the said Ordinance shall come into operation at such time as the Governor shall appoint by Proclamation to be published in the *Government Gazette*, and only in such provinces, districts, and sub-districts as are thereafter, to wit, in section 4 of the said Ordinance, provided:

And whereas We, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, under the provisions of section 4 of the said Ordinance, have by a Proclamation dated the 1st day of July, 1898, established the additional Province of Kegalla for the purposes of the said Ordinance, and have divided such province into districts and sub-districts as the same are respectively set out and declared in the schedule annexed to the said Proclamation:

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, do hereby appoint that from and after the date hereof, the said Ordinance shall come into operation in the province, districts, and sub-districts of Kegalla as set out in the schedule to the said Proclamation dated 1st day of July, 1898.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this First day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-eight.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. DODWELL F. BROWNE to be Commissioner of Assize under section 24 of "The Courts Ordinance, 1889," for the purpose of holding the ensuing criminal sessions of the Supreme Court for the Western Circuit, to be holden at Colombo on the 6th day of July, 1898.

Mr. W. H. JACKSON to act in the office of Principal Collector of Customs and Superintendent of Wrecks, in addition to his own duties as Deputy Collector of Customs and Landing Surveyor, Colombo, with effect from the 8th instant, until further orders, and whilst holding such office to be a Commissioner of the Loan Board.

Mr. F. R. DIAS to act as District Judge, Colombo, with effect from the 2nd instant.

Mr. W. F. H. DE SARAM to be Commissioner of Requests, Negombo, with effect from the 25th June, 1898.

Mr. W. F. H. DE SARAM to act as Superintendent of the Negombo Prison, until further orders.

Mr. H. P. BORRETT to act as Commissioner of Requests, Police Magistrate, and Municipal Magistrate, Kandy, from the 24th instant, during the absence of Mr. KINDERSLEY from the station.

Mr. G. P. SCHOKMAN to be Additional Commissioner of Requests and Additional Police Magistrate, Kurunegala and Galagedara.

Mr. F. A. PRINS to be Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Matale and Panwila and Urugala.

Mr. H. T. SOLOMONS, Head Clerk of the Matara Kachcheri, to be Assistant Superintendent of the Matara Prison.

Mr. TUAN JALAL DOOLE to be an Inquirer into Sudden Deaths for the Judicial Division of Hambantota.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 7, 1898.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to nominate Mr. P. D. WARREN, Acting Surveyor-General, to be a Councillor of

the Municipal Council of Colombo, in place of Mr. F. H. GRINLINTON.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to nominate Dr. W. G. KEITH to be a Councillor of the Municipal Council of Galle, in place of Dr. J. ATTYGALLE.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under section 1 (1) of Ordinance No. 15 of 1896, to appoint Mr. FREDERICK HUGH DIAS to be an Inquirer into Crimes for the Meda pattu in Siyane korale west.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 7, 1898.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. KIRIHETTILLYANAGE DON HONORIUS ALBERT JOHANNES SENANAYAKA, of Kandawela, to be a Notary Public in and throughout the division of Negombo (specified in the schedule hereto annexed), in the Negombo District, Western Province, and to practise as such in the Sinhalese language.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 7, 1898.

Schedule referred to.

A portion of Dunagaha pattu and a portion of Dasiya pattu of the Negombo District, which together are bounded as follows: north by Maha-oya; east and south-east by the roads from Godigomuwa to Dunagaha, Dunagaha to Divulapitiya, and Divulapitiya to Minuwangoda; south by the part of the road from Minuwangoda to Ja-ela and by a part of the southern boundary of the Negombo District; and on the west by the sea.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

DON CAROLIS SIRIWARDANA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Oyaboda division and Registrar of Marriages for Meda pattu of Siyane korale, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for seventeen weeks and one day from the 25th May, 1898, during the absence of the Registrar, **DON PAULIS SIRIWARDANA**, on leave. His office to be at Nugagahawatta in Kalagedihena.

Mr. J. BARTHOLOMEWS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths in the Colombo District of the Western Province, from the 27th January to the 9th February, 1898, during the absence of the Registrar, **Dr. SOLOMON FERNANDO**, from the station. His office to be at the Government Hospital in Negombo.

HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE MUDIYANSE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Uduwara division No. 3, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, from 24th February to the 1st April, 1898; *vice* **W. H. M. KALU BANDA**, deceased. His office to be at Ambanwela.

WIJERATNE WEERAKOON MUDIYANSELAGE RAN BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (Kandy and General) of Uda Dumbara division No. 6, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for twenty-five weeks and five days from the 10th July, 1898, during the absence of the Registrar, **HERAT EKANAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE APPUHAMI**, on leave. His office to be at Talaguna.

AHANGAMA GAMARALA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Akkarai pattu west division and Registrar of Marriages of Akkarai pattu division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for twenty-six weeks and three days from the 10th instant, during the absence of the Registrar, **SEYATU BANDA**, on leave. His office to be at Lewelagama in Akkarai pattu.

Dr. JAMES CRAIB to be Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kandy town, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, with effect from the 18th June, 1898, *vice* **Dr. W. G. KEITH**, transferred. His office to be at the Kandy Hospital.

DISANAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE KIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Gandahe korale and as Registrar of Marriages (Kandy and General) of Wenda-wili Hatpattu, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for thirty days from the 15th July, 1898, during the absence of the Registrar, **DISANAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE DINGIRI BANDA**, on leave. His office to be at Dambagahawatta in Welikanda.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, July 6, 1898.

IT is hereby notified that the Provincial Registrar, **Badulla**, has, under the provisos of section 7 of the Ordinance No. 1 of 1895 and section 7 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, appointed **WEERASEKERA MUDIYANSELAGE MUTU BANDA** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kongala-Bintenna korale division and Registrar of Marriages (General) of Wellawaya division, in the Province of Uva, for fourteen days from the 1st July, 1898, during the absence of the Registrar, **WEERASEKERA MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHIRALA**, on leave. His office to be at Hambegamuwa.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, July 1, 1898.

IT is hereby notified that the Assistant Provincial Registrar, **Chilaw**, has, under the proviso of section 7 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, appointed **Mr. M. W. P. JOHN FERNANDO**, to act as Registrar of Marriages

(General) of Pitigal korale north division, in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province, for seven days from the 2nd instant, during the absence of the Registrar, **Mr. B. A. W. J. NAWARATNA**, on leave. His office to be at the Chilaw Kachcheri.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

IT is hereby notified that the Provincial Registrar, **Jaffna**, has, under the provisos of section 7 of the Ordinance No. 1 of 1895 and section 7 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, appointed **SUSAIPPILLAI NICHOLAS PONNIYA** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Elutumadduval and Registrar of Marriages of Tenmiradchi, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for fourteen days from the 27th June, 1898, during the absence of the Registrar, **S. SANTIYAPPILLAI**, on leave. His office to be at Chempadu in Mirusuivil.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

IT is hereby notified that the Provincial Registrar, **Ratnapura**, has, under the proviso of section 7 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, appointed **WANNAKURALLAYE HIN MAHATMAYA** to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Nawadun korale, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for eight days from the 1st instant, during the absence of the Registrar, **ELAPATA MAHAWALAWWE TIKIRI BANDA**, on leave. His office to be at Porohitagama.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

WITH reference to the *Gazette* Notice dated the 16th June, 1898, it is hereby notified that **KAPURALA ARACHCHIGE PUNCHI APPU**, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalpe korale and Registrar of Marriages (Kandy and General) of Hurulupalata in the North-Central Province, will hold his office in the garden called **Siyambalagahawatta** (and not **Siyambalagaha**) in **Dachchie Hammillewa**.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, July 5, 1898.

IT is hereby notified that the Provincial Registrar, **Kurunegala**, has, under the proviso of section 7 of the Ordinance No. 1 of 1895, appointed **Mr. JOSEPH SOLOMON JOHNPULE** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kurunegala town, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for ten days from the 23rd June, 1898, *vice* **Dr. E. E. MODDER**. His office to be at the Government Civil Hospital, Kurunegala.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1898.

IT is hereby notified that the Assistant Provincial Registrar, **Puttalam**, has, under the provisos of section 7 of the Ordinance No. 1 of 1895 and section 7 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, appointed **J. M. S. DE ROSAIRO** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages of Kalpitiya division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for fourteen days from the 25th ultimo, during the absence of the Registrar, **L. A. DE ROSAIRO**, on leave. His office to be at Kalpitiya.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1898.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

IN accordance with articles (c) and (d) of the Amended Government Minute dated December 7, 1894, it is hereby notified that the rate of exchange which ruled on June 30 last was—

1s. 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

Audit Office,
Colombo, July 7, 1898.

W. T. TAYLOR,
Auditor-General.

IN continuation of the notification dated 15th April, 1898, published in the *Gazette* of the 22nd idem, the following copy of a further order of Her Majesty the Queen in Council, dated the 19th May, 1898, respecting the arrest of seamen deserters in the case of Japan, is hereby published for general information.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 1, 1898.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

At the Court at Windsor, the 19th day of May, 1898.

Present:—The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by sub-section (1) of section 238 of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," it is provided that, where it appears to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given by the Government of any foreign country for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant-ships in that country, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that that section shall apply in the case of such foreign country, subject to any limitations, conditions, and qualifications contained in the Order :

And whereas it appears to Her Majesty that due facilities are given by the Government of Japan for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant-ships in that country :

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, on the 3rd day of February, 1898, to pass a *Provisional* Order applying section 238 of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," in the case of Japan :

And whereas the provisions of section 1 of "The Rules Publication Act, 1893," have been complied with :

Now therefore Her Majesty, by virtue of the power vested in Her by the herein-before recited sub-section (1) of section 238 of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that the said section 238 of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," shall apply in the case of Japan.

And the Secretary of State for the Home Department, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and the Secretary of State for India in Council, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

J. H. HARRISON.

IN continuation of the notification dated 17th June, 1897, published in the *Gazette* of the 25th June, 1897, regarding Naval Cadetships, the following copy of a circular despatch received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies is published for general information.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 1, 1898.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

The Right Hon. J. CHAMBERLAIN, M.P., to Governor the Right Hon. Sir J. WEST
RIDGWAY, K.C.B., K.C.S.I.

Circular.

Downing street, May 21; 1898.

SIR,—WITH reference to my circular despatches of 15th July, 1895, 18th February, 1896, 23rd February, 1897, and 15th May, 1897, respecting Colonial nominations for Naval Cadetships, I have the honour to transmit to you a copy* of a letter from the Admiralty stating that the Civil Service Commissioners have pointed out that the reprints of the papers set at the examinations would be of assistance to candidates in the Colonies in preparing for the examination, and enclosing certain papers on the subject.

You will have the goodness to bring this matter to the knowledge of applicants for nominations, and point out to them where the reprints can be purchased. If, however, there should not be sufficient time for the applicants to provide themselves with copies from this country, it may be desirable that you should lend copies to parents and schoolmasters for a limited period, in order to enable them to judge of the qualifications of students, and facilitate the commencement of an adequate preparation.

I have, &c.,
J. CHAMBERLAIN.

* Admiralty, 25th April, 1898.—Examination Papers.

No. 3,436.

Admiralty, 25th April, 1898.

SIR,—I AM commanded by my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to acquaint you, for the information of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, that it has been pointed out by the Civil Service Commissioners that copies of the reprints of the papers set at examinations for Cadetships in the Royal Navy would be of assistance to candidates in the Colonies in preparing for the examination, and would afford some criterion by which they might estimate the chances of their success.

Facilities exist for the purchase of these reprints, as shown in the attached slip, and my Lords desire me to suggest for the consideration of the Secretary of State for the Colonies the feasibility of his Department circulating the fact of their publication and sale in whatever manner may be deemed suitable in the interests of Colonial candidates.

They desire me to add that these reprints are not circulated to any candidates by the Admiralty. A reprint of the papers set at the December examination last is attached.

The Under Secretary of State,
Colonial Office.

I am, &c.,
EVAN MACGREGOR.

Copies of Examination Papers set at Competitions for Naval Cadetships and Assistant Clerkships in the Royal Navy held under the direction of the Civil Service Commissioners, may be purchased, Price Sixpence, either directly or through any Bookseller, from any of the following Agents, viz. :—

ENGLAND : EYRE & SPOTTISWOODE, East Harding street, London, E.C.

SCOTLAND : J. MENZIES & Co., 12, Hanover street, Edinburgh, and 90, West Nile street, Glasgow.

IRELAND : HODGES, FIGGIS, Co., 104, Grafton Street, Dublin.

Admiralty, January, 1892.

THE following rules framed by the Village Committee of the division of Kaddukulam pattu west division of the Trincomalee District, under the provisions of "The Village Communities' Ordinance, 1889," and approved by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, are published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 27, 1898.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

RULES.

1. Every male inhabitant between the ages of 18 and 55 of the subdivision shall be liable to contribute labour annually, not exceeding ten days' labour in any one year, in respect of all the purposes mentioned in sub-sections (1), (2), (13), (16), and (17) of section 6 of the Ordinance No. 24 of 1889, viz. the construction, maintenance, and protection of village paths, bridges, edandas, ambalams, madams, spouts, wells, watering and bathing places, &c.

2. It shall be the duty of every headman to inform the committee whenever it is necessary to call out labour for one or more of the purposes enumerated in rule No. 1, and on receipt of such information the committee shall, after inquiry, prepare a list setting forth the nature of work or works and the probable cost and the names of the villages interested, and shall determine the number of days' labour to be imposed in respect of each work.

3. Wherever a school teacher has been provided by Government at the request of the inhabitants of a village, it shall be the duty of the inhabitants of the villages interested (which villages shall be defined in manner provided by rule No. 2) to construct and keep in repair the school building.

4. Wherever a school and teacher have been provided, the parents or guardians of children shall be bound to send such of their children as are between 7 and 13 years of age in the case of Moors, and between the ages of 5 and 13 in the case of Tamils and Sinhalese, to the school provided, for five days at least in each week for nine months of the year, provided that the school is within three miles of the house of such parent or guardian.

5. No person shall kill or take fish by means of poison, dynamite, or other explosives from village tanks.

6. Bulls intended to be reserved for breeding purposes shall be submitted for the approval of the committee, and if approved, a certificate of approval shall be given by the Chairman to the owner.

7. On or before the 15th January in each year, every owner of cattle shall give to the police vidane or arachchi of the village wherein he resides a list of all the cattle in his possession, showing the sex, age, colour, and brandmarks of each, distinguishing buffaloes from black cattle. Any cattle-owner failing to furnish a list within the time specified shall be liable to a fine of 50 cents a head of all cattle not reported by him, and if such owner fails to furnish the list when thereafter demanded by the police vidane or arachchi, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

8. On or before the 1st March in every year, every police vidane shall send to the President of the Village Tribunal a register of all cattle in his division framed from the cattle owners' lists. Any police vidane neglecting, without sufficient reason, to furnish a register within the time specified shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

9. All cattle shall be branded before attaining the age of eighteen months. Any unbranded cattle exceeding the age of eighteen months found at large may be seized and taken to the President of the Village Tribunal, by whom such cattle may be sold if not claimed within thirty days and the charges for securing the same may be paid.

10. If the village vidane or arachchi has any doubt as to the ownership of any animal brought before him to be branded, he shall refer the question to the President.

11. Black cattle once branded with the communal brand shall never be re-branded, or have their brandmarks altered, added to, or obliterated. Buffaloes may be re-branded when the marks become illegible; but this shall only be done in the presence of the village vidane, who shall report the circumstances to the committee within one week.

12. Every person who shall acquire any head of cattle in any way, except by inheritance or unless it be born in his penfold, shall obtain a cattle voucher in the Form A in the schedule annexed hereto, to be executed by the village vidane within whose jurisdiction the village of the person from whom the cattle is acquired is situated. Such certificate shall be issued subject to the rules laid down by the Government Agent. If the cattle thus acquired does not bear a communal brand, the purchaser or person acquiring it shall produce it before the village vidane or arachchi, who shall cause it to be branded with the brand of the village where the person acquiring resides, and shall report the circumstances within one week to the committee.

13. All agreements for the future sale of cattle shall be in writing, and signed by the parties concerned in presence of the village vidane.

14. Cattle bearing altered or defaced brandmarks and stray cattle shall be produced by the headman of the village in which they are found before the President, who shall, if there is no satisfactory proof of ownership, cause them to be sold, and shall credit the proceeds to the communal fund; provided that if any person shall within six months of the sale prove his title to the animal to the satisfaction of the said President, it shall be competent for him, with the approval of the Government Agent, to order the payment to the claimant of the proceeds of the sale after deducting all costs incurred.

15. No cattle shall be removed from one village to another or from one pattu to another between the hours of 6 P.M. and 6 A.M. without the written permission of the village vidane.

16. Any person losing an animal shall within seven days of the loss report the same with full particulars to the vidane or arachchi of his village. The vidane or arachchi shall forward a list of lost animals every fortnight to the udaiyar of his division. The udaiyar shall make a list of lost animals in his division, and shall forward it monthly to the kachcheri through the vannia, sending at the same time a copy to the President for publication.

17. When a head of cattle possessed on a voucher dies or is missing for a space of one month, the owner thereof shall return the voucher within two weeks to the kachcheri, or to the udaiyar, who shall forward it to the kachcheri, without delay.

18. To prevent cattle trespass, landowners shall fence and watch their fields and *hen* and surround their gardens with a fence or ditch, and cattle owners shall tie or pen their cattle at night, and in the day shall suspend a stick across their necks or tie them together in pairs, and shall suspend wooden bells to the necks of buffaloes.

19. No cattle shall be tethered upon any cart road or in such a manner as will allow them to stray on the road.

20. Cattle seized for trespass and not claimed from the local headman within forty-eight hours shall be sent to the President. If unclaimed within fourteen days, the President or Chairman shall sell the same at public auction after due notice.

21. The carcasses of all cattle that have died of disease shall be buried by the owners thereof without loss of time. The village headmen shall bury carcasses of which the owners are absent or cannot be ascertained.

22. No cattle shall be removed from any village where there is cattle disease.

23. Every proprietor of cattle or herdsman shall separate every diseased head of cattle belonging to him or in his charge from the common herd and put it into a secluded place to be determined by the village vidane or arachchi, and disinfect such place by fire or otherwise as the committee may direct; and it shall be lawful for the Chairman of the Committee to cause any head of cattle suffering from any contagious or infectious disease which is found not properly segregated to be destroyed and buried at the expense of the owner.

24. Every proprietor of cattle or herdsman who has a case of murrain or other cattle disease among his cattle shall report the same to the village vidane arachchi or udaiyar without delay, and such vidane arachchi or udaiyar shall report the same forthwith to the vanniah.

25. The boundaries of all private lands shall be marked by fences, ditches, or stones according to the custom of the subdivision. Such boundaries shall be put up by the owners of both sides thereof. Any person ordered by the committee so to mark the boundary who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the order shall be guilty of an offence.

26. No person shall alter, deface, or wilfully injure any such boundary.

27. Persons residing on either side of a road shall not put dirt, rubbish, timber, mats, copperah, arecanut, or any other commodity in or upon the same or commit nuisance, and they shall not keep carts standing on the road longer than is necessary for the loading or unloading of the same.

28. Proprietors of paddy fields shall see that all the public paths leading through their fields are not less than 3 ft. in width.

29. No person shall obstruct any village path, road, river, water-course, lake or *ela*, or through carelessness or malice injure any village path, road, river, water-course, lake or *ela*, or other village property.

30. The paths between several villages in the district shall be kept clear by the joint labour of the villagers; the people of each village shall clear the path leading from it to the limit prescribed by ancient custom. It shall be the duty of the police vidanes or arachchi to see that the paths are kept clear and to call out labour when necessary.

31. No persons infected with any contagious disease shall wash themselves or their clothes in any public bathing-place.

32. No person shall defile a village ela, village well, or spring of water used for drinking purposes by the inhabitants of any village.

SCHEDULE A.

Cattle Voucher.

No. — Issued to — on the day of —, 189 —. — District.

1. Description of animal:—
(1) colour, (2) age, (3) kind, (4) sex, (5) peculiarity, (6) brandmarks.
2. Name and residence of seller or donor.
3. Name and residence of person receiving.
4. Whether the animal was born in the fold of seller or donor; if not, how acquired.
5. Description of previous vouchers, if any.
6. The village where animal was kept before the transfer.
7. The place to which it is to be removed.
8. The date of the voucher, and the place where it is executed.
9. Signature of the seller or donor.
10. Signature of the person receiving.
11. Signature and name of attesting headman.
12. Names and signatures of the two witnesses.

N.B.—No subsequent sale of the animal referred to herein shall be the subject of endorsement on this certificate, but such sale must be on a fresh certificate, to the counterfoil of which all former certificates must be attached.

IT is hereby notified for general information that 115,182 acres of surveyed lands are available for sale in the under-mentioned Provinces:—

In the Western Province, 11,953 acres, in lots varying in extent from 3 acres to 2,115 acres, situated chiefly in the Hewagam and Siyane korales of the Colombo District and Pasdun korale east and west and Rayigam korale of the Kalutara District, consisting of forest, chena, and jungle land.

In the Central Province, 1,702 acres, in lots varying in extent from 1 acre to 84 acres, situated in the Kandy and Matale Districts, and composed chiefly of jungle, chena, and patana lands.

In the Southern Province, 18,758 acres, in lots varying in extent from 31 perches to 90 acres, situated in the Hambantota District, consisting of paddy fields, chena, garden, and jungle land.

In the Eastern Province, 9,406 acres, in lots varying in extent from 93 perches to 554 acres, situated in the Trincomalee District, consisting of garden lands and paddy lands.

In the North-Central Province, 10,270 acres, in lots varying in extent from 3 perches to 180 acres, distributed throughout the Province.

In the Province of Uva, 13,936 acres, in lots varying in extent from 8 perches to 96 acres, situated in the Yatikinda division, and consisting of patana, chena, and paddy fields.

In the Province of Sabaragamuwa, 49,153 acres, in lots varying in extent from 13 perches to 5 acres, situated in the Ratnapura and Kegalla Districts, consisting of forest and chena land.

Further particulars regarding these lands can be obtained on application to the Government Agents of the respective Provinces.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, August 20, 1897.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

IN continuation of *Gazette* notice dated August 20, 1897, it is hereby notified for general information that 7,333 acres of surveyed lands are available for sale in the under-mentioned Provinces:—

In the Northern Province, 6,417 acres, in lots varying in extent from 3 perches to 560 acres, situated chiefly in the Jaffna, Mullaitivu, and Mannar Districts, consisting of waste and scrub jungle suitable for chena, tobacco, palmirah, cocoanut, and paddy cultivation.

In the Central Province, 916 acres, in lots varying in extent from 5 perches to 253 acres, situated in the Walapane and Kotmale divisions of the Nuwara Eliya District.

Further particulars regarding these lands can be obtained on application to the Government Agents of the respective Provinces.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 15, 1897.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

IN continuation of *Gazette* notice dated October 15, 1897, it is hereby notified for general information that 22,996 acres of surveyed lands are available for sale in the Southern Province, in lots varying in extent from 1 perch to 244 acres, situated in the Hinidum pattu, Wellaboda pattu, Bentota-Walallawiti korale, Talpe pattu, Four Gravets, and Gangaboda pattu, of the Galle and Matara Districts.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 10, 1897.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,
E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

IN continuation of *Gazette* notice dated October 15, 1897, it is hereby notified for general information that 3,074 acres of surveyed lands are available for sale in the Sinhalese and Tamil divisions of the Vavuniya District, Northern Province, in lots varying in extent from 1 perch to 82 acres consisting of waste, garden, and paddy lands.

Further particulars regarding these lands can be obtained on application to the Government Agent.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo January 19, 1898.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,
E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified for general information that 56,499 acres of surveyed land and 366,459 acres of unsurveyed land, believed to be suitable for cocoanut cultivation, are available for sale in the under-mentioned Provinces:—

Western Province: 5,500 acres of surveyed land and 4,000 acres of unsurveyed land, distributed in the Negombo District and in the Hewagam, Siyane, and Rayigam korales.

Central Province: 6,669 acres of surveyed land and 16,415 acres of unsurveyed land, distributed in the Kandy, Nuwara Eliya, and Matale Districts.

Northern Province: 131 acres of surveyed land and 15,024 acres of unsurveyed land, distributed in the Jaffna, Mannar, Vavuniya, and Mullaitivu Districts.

Southern Province: 17,000 acres of surveyed land and 15,200 acres of unsurveyed land, distributed in the Galle, Matara, and Hambantota Districts.

Eastern Province: 14,650 acres of surveyed land and 3,500 acres of unsurveyed land in the Batticaloa and Trincomalee Districts.

North-Western Province: several thousands of acres of surveyed land and 280,000 acres of unsurveyed land, distributed in the several districts.

North-Central Province: 100 acres of surveyed land and 10,000 acres of unsurveyed land.

Province of Uva: a few lands surveyed and unsurveyed are available outside Kandukara korale.

Province of Sabaragamuwa: 12,448 acres of surveyed land and 22,319 acres of unsurveyed land, distributed in the Ratnapura and Kegalla Districts.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 1, 1898.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,
E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified that an examination under the Regulations of August 26, 1891, for gentlemen in the Civil Service will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday, July 25, 1898, at 11 o'clock A.M.

The *viva voce* examination in the native languages for officers in the Public Works Department will be held at the same time and place.

Candidates are requested to send in their names not later than the 16th proximo.

Gentlemen in the Civil Service should state in their applications whether they are presenting themselves for the first or second examination, and whether they intend taking up the Sinhalese or Tamil languages.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 23, 1898.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,
E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES

PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE at the Government Record Office, Colombo:—

Legal.

LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENTS, REVISED EDITION.

	Rs.	c.
Vol. I., 1799 to 1882.—Bound in leather	...	7 50
Unbound	...	5 50
Vol. II., 1883 to 1889.—Bound in leather	...	7 50
Unbound	...	5 50
Vol. III., 1889 to 1894.—Bound in leather	...	7 50
Unbound	...	5 50

NEW SERIES.

Vol. IV., Part I., 5 of 1894 to 3 of 1895	...	0 75
Vol. IV., Part II., 4 of 1895 to 4 of 1896	...	1 0
Vol. IV., Part III., 5 of 1896 to 3 of 1897	...	1 15

OLD EDITION.

Old Volume I.

All Proclamations, Regulations, and Ordinances in force in the Colony on 12th January, 1870	...	15 0
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Old Volume II.

Part	From	To	Rs.	c.
1	6 of 1870	9 of 1871	...	1 0
2	10 of 1871	28 of 1871	...	1 0
3	1 of 1872	7 of 1873	...	1 0
4	8 of 1873	23 of 1873	...	1 0
5	1 of 1874	3 of 1875	...	1 0
6	4 of 1875	3 of 1876	...	1 0
7	4 of 1876	4 of 1877	...	1 0
8	6 of 1877	8 of 1877	...	0 50
9	9 of 1877	23 of 1877	...	1 0
10	1 of 1878	16 of 1878	...	1 0
11	1 of 1879	15 of 1879	...	1 0

Old Volume III.

1	1 of 1880	17 of 1880	...	1 0
2	1 of 1881	18 of 1881	...	1 0
3	1 of 1882	16 of 1882	...	1 0
4	1 of 1883	18 of 1884	...	3 0
5	19 of 1884	11 of 1885	...	1 0

Old Volume IV.

1	12 of 1885	8 of 1886	...	1 0
2	9 of 1886	7 of 1887	...	1 0
3	8 of 1887	2 of 1888	...	0 40
4	3 of 1888	15 of 1889	...	2 70

Old Volume V.

1	16 of 1889	8 of 1890	...	0 85
2	9 of 1890	1 of 1891	...	0 45
3	2 of 1891	8 of 1892	...	0 95
4	9 of 1892	28 of 1892	...	0 60
5	1 of 1893	4 of 1894	...	0 55

Special Editions of the following, with Tables of Sections and Indices, in paper covers, are obtainable:—

The Penal Code (2 of 1883)...	...	2 0
The Criminal Procedure Code (3 of 1883)	...	3 0
The Courts Ordinance (1 of 1889)	...	0 50
The Civil Procedure Code (2 of 1889)	...	5 0
The Penal Code, in Sinhalese or in Tamil	...	1 0
The Criminal Procedure Code, in Sinhalese or in Tamil	...	1 50
The Evidence Act, with Index (14 of 1895)	...	0 60

Books of Ordinances passed in the following Sessions (old Quarto Edition) can be had, price Re. 1 each:—1836, 1842, 1843, 1846, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1860, 1863-4, 1866-7, 1867-8, 1869-70, 1870-1, 1872-3, 1873.

Separate copies of Ordinances in English (where available, and, where translations have been published, in Sinhalese and Tamil) may be obtained at 5 cents for every 8 pages or portion thereof.

Municipal Councils' Ordinance, No. 7 of 1887	...	0 50
Ramanathan's Reports, 4 vols.	... each vol.	22 0
Tiruwilangam's Digest of Cases, 1st seven parts	...	7 50

Colonial and Departmental Papers.

Copies of Government Minutes, Notifications, and Regulations, &c. (where available), for every 8 pages octavo or 4 pages quarto	...	0 5
Epitome of Government Minutes, Circulars, and Notifications, 1872-87	...	1 0
Schedule of Proclamations, &c., promulgated during 1894	...	1 0
Epitome of Proclamations, Notifications, &c., promulgated during 1895	...	0 40
Do. do. 1896	...	0 75
Do. do. 1897	...	0 50
Colonial Office Lists (annual)	...	4 0
Ceylon Civil Lists (annual)	...	1 0
Ceylon Blue Books (annual)	...	10 0
Administration Reports (annual), bound volumes	...	10 0
Do. single reports	... each 4 pp.	0 5
Sessional Papers, bound volumes	...	10 0
Do. single papers	... each 4 pp.	0 5
Index to Sessional Papers, 1855 to 1894	...	0 35
Reports of the Temple Lands Commissioners, 1857 to 1865	...	0 50
Papers relating to Buddhist Temporalities, 1876	...	1 0
Itinerary of Ceylon Roads:—		
Part II.—Minor Roads (1888), with Map	...	5 0
Do. do. without Map	...	3 0
Gazetteer of the Western Province	...	0 50
Census of Ceylon, 1891	...	12 0
District Manuals:—		
Mannar, by the late W. J. S. Boake, C.C.S.	...	1 0
Uva, by H. White, C.C.S.	...	2 50
Nuwara Eliya, by C. J. R. Le Mesurier, C.C.S.	...	5 0
Vanni Districts, by J. P. Lewis, C.C.S.	...	5 0
Register of Books printed in Ceylon and registered under Ordinance No. 1 of 1885:—		
Part I., 1885-88	...	1 25
Part II., 1888-92	...	1 40
Part III., 1892-94	...	1 50

Archæology.

Dr. Müller's Report on Inscriptions of Ceylon:—		
Text	...	5 0
Plates	...	5 0
Architectural Remains of Anuradhapura (with Plates), by J. G. Smither, F.R.I.B.A.:—		
In boards	...	40 0
In cloth	...	60 0
Return of Architectural and Archæological Remains and other Antiquities in Ceylon	...	1 20
Reports on the Archæological Survey of Ceylon:—		
Kegalla District	...	6 0
Anuradhapura (I.)	...	0 55
Do (II.)	...	1 0
Do (III.)	...	1 65
Do (IV.)	...	1 0
Do (V.)	...	2 20
Do (VI.)	...	2 0
Do (VII.)	...	4 0

Natural History.

Report on Brown Scale (or Bug) on Coffee	...	1 0
The Green-Scale Bug in connection with the Cultivation of Coffee.—Observations by Mr. E. Ernest Green (illustrated)	...	1 0

Natural History—contd.

	Rs. c.
The Flora of Ceylon, by Dr. Trimen:—	
Parts I. and II. combined (with plates) ...	38 50
Part III. (with plates) ...	20 0
Cocoon Cultivation (in Sinhalese) ...	0 50
Lepidoptera of Ceylon, in 13 Parts, with coloured plates ...	each part 14 50

Oriental Literature.

The Mahawansa:—	
Original Pali Text, Part I. ...	7 50
Do. Part II. ...	7 50
Sinhalese Translation, Part I. ...	5 0
Do. Part II. ...	5 0
Wijesinha's English Translation of Part II., with Turnour's Translation of Part I. ...	7 50
The Mahawansa Tika, with Mahawansa Pali, bound in stiff covers ...	7 50
Do. do. bound ...	6 50
Saddharmalankaraya ...	2 0
Extracts from the "Pujawaliya" (English) ...	1 0
Do. do. (Sinhalese) ...	0 75
Nitinighanduwa, English ...	1 0
Do. Sinhalese ...	1 0
Moggallana Panchika Pradipa ...	1 0
The Tesawalamai ...	0 50
Lapidarium Zeylanicum ...	31 50
Dravidian Comparative Grammar ...	13 0
Pali Grammar ...	5 0
Glossary of Native Words occurring in Official Documents (second edition) ...	0 50
Do. (third edition) ...	0 30
Catalogue of Pali, Sinhalese, and Sanscrit Manuscripts in Temple Libraries ...	0 50
Alwis's Descriptive Catalogue of Sanscrit, Pali, and Sinhalese Works ...	5 0
Mugdhabodha Wyakarana ...	5 0
Pybus's Mission to Kaudy ...	0 50

Rules, Tables, and Tariffs.

Regulations under the Merchandise and Trade Marks Ordinance (No. 13 of 1888) ...		0 15
Petroleum Rules, 1896 ...		0 10
Customs Annual Returns ...		1 0
Customs Tariff ...		0 10
Customs Regulations ...		0 25
Rules of the Public Service Mutual Guarantee Association ...		0 10
Tables for calculating Pensions under the Widows' and Orphans' Pension Fund ...		0 25
Exchange Compensation Tables ...		0 50

Application for any publication in the above List should be made to the *Government Recordkeeper*, at the Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, and should be accompanied by payment in advance.

Payment should be made by Post Office Order, Government Draft, or uncrossed Cheque on a Colombo Bank. *Stamps will not be accepted in payment.*

April, 1898.

H. WHITE,
Government Recordkeeper.

THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE is published every *Friday* at the Government Printing Office, Colombo.

The Subscription, Rs. 3 per quarter, is payable in advance, and can only be booked to terminate at the end of a quarter.

Single copies, when available, 25 cents each.

Charges for approved Advertisements, payable in advance.

	Rs. c.
A column ...	7 50
Two-thirds of a column ...	5 0
Half a column ...	4 0
For small notices not exceeding 20 lines (9 words as a rule to the line) ...	2 50
Second and third insertions (consecutive), two-thirds and one-half, respectively, of the above rates.	

Cheques on outstation Banks must include usual Bank commission.

Advertisements should reach the Government Printer before noon on *Thursday*.

THE NEW LAW REPORTS, issued by authority Subscription, Rs. 10 per volume of twelve parts and Digest, payable in advance to the Government Printer.

Back Numbers and Volumes of **THE SUPREME COURT CIRCULAR** (publication of which was discontinued on December 31, 1891) are also on sale at the Government Printing Office, as follows:—

	Rs. c.
Volume I. ...	3 25
Volumes II. to IX., each ...	6 50
Separate Numbers, each ...	0 25

For all other Government Publications application should be made to the Recordkeeper, at the Government Record Office, Colombo.

H. C. COTTLE,
Acting Government Printer.

THE "KEW BULLETIN" of miscellaneous information is issued as an occasional publication from the Royal Gardens at Kew.

It contains notes on the economic products of plants which have been made the subject of particular study and investigation at Kew, and it is intended to be a means of communication to persons interested in Botanical subjects and products in India and the Colonies.

The "Bulletin" is published in London by Messrs. Eyre & Spottiswoode, East Harding street, Fleet street, E.C., and 32, Abingdon street, S.W., and it may be obtained directly from them or through any Bookseller.

Price 4d. per copy. By post, 5d. per copy.

Back numbers, previous to January, 1893, 2d. per copy when available.

The price of the Annual Volume of the "KEW BULLETIN" for each year, with rates of postage, is as follows:—

Price including Postage.

Price.	United Kingdom.	Foreign and Colonial.
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
3 0	3 4½	3 6½

The Annual Volumes for 1887 to 1890 are out of print and cannot now be supplied.

The Index to the first five volumes, being Appendix IV., 1891, may be had separately, price 2d.

The Bulletin is also sold by John Menzies & Co., of Edinburgh and Glasgow, and Hodges, Figgis & Co., Limited, of Dublin.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February, 1898.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. R. C. Hastings for the registration of his Karukampani Vernacular Boys' School as a Vernacular Mixed School.

Karukampani is in Tellipallai district, Northern Province.

Observations will be received not later than the 18th instant.

J. B. CULL,
Director.Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, July 5, 1898.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. R. C. Hastings for the removal of his Arupan Vernacular Mixed School one-fourth of a mile to the north-west of the present site.

Arupan is situated in the Pachchilapallai district, Northern Province.

Observations will be received not later than 18th instant.

J. B. CULL,
Director.Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, July 5, 1898.

Statement of Arrivals and Departures of Coolies during the Month of April, 1898.

Ports.	Arrivals.	Departures.	Total for Four Months.	
			Arrivals.	Departures.
<i>Colombo.</i>				
Men ...	7,967	12,757	22,651	32,045
Women ...	2,043	2,330	4,631	5,838
Children ...	1,737	488	3,956	1,233
<i>Negombo.</i>				
Men ...	27	152	133	248
Women ...	—	6	19	22
Children ...	1	1	5	2
<i>Pesalai.</i>				
Men ...	1,099	662	1,099	662
Women ...	352	108	352	108
Children ...	126	27	126	27
<i>Vankalai.</i>				
Men ...	184	289	1,818	3,310
Women ...	78	44	559	616
Children ...	29	18	217	189
	13,643	16,932	35,566	44,350

LIONEL F. LEE,
Principal Collector.

Customs, Colombo, July 4, 1898.

Statement of Arrivals and Departures of Coolies during the Month of May, 1898.

Ports.	Arrivals.	Departures.	Total for Five Months.	
			Arrivals.	Departures.
<i>Colombo.</i>				
Men ...	9,629	5,860	32,280	37,905
Women ...	3,159	1,053	7,790	6,941
Children ...	2,423	210	6,379	1,443
<i>Negombo.</i>				
Men ...	—	—	133	248
Women ...	—	—	19	22
Children ...	—	—	5	2
<i>Pesalai.</i>				
Men ...	2,473	1,051	3,572	1,713
Women ...	853	174	1,205	282
Children ...	248	35	374	62
<i>Vankalai.</i>				
Men ...	—	—	1,818	3,310
Women ...	—	—	559	616
Children ...	—	—	217	189
	18,785	8,383	54,351	52,733

LIONEL F. LEE,
Principal Collector.

Customs, Colombo, July 4, 1898.

Return of Immigrants and Emigrants at the Port of Colombo during the Week ended July 6, 1898.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.
Immigrants:—					
Estate Coolies	1,166	398	291	121	1,976
Colombo Coolies	364	41	27	11	443
Emigrants:—					
All classes	1,439	280	43	36	1,798*

* Of these, 733 were estate coolies.

J. G. O. REYNOLDS,
Master Attendant.

Senior and Junior Examination, Survey Department.

IT is hereby notified that an examination will be held at the Surveyor-General's Office, Colombo, and the Headquarters of the Superintendents of Surveys, commencing on January 5, 1899, at 7 A.M.

J. B. CULL,
Director.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, May 30, 1898.

IT is hereby notified that the under-mentioned persons have been licensed during the month of June, 1898, under clause 9 of Ordinance No. 15 of 1889:—

Licensed Surveyors.

- No. 187—William de Zoysa Goonetilleke Rajapakse, Colombo, Surveyor and Leveller.
No. 188—Thomas Nugawela, Kandy, Surveyor and Leveller.
No. 189—Charles Allan Oswald Buyzer, Kandy, Leveller.
No. 190—Albert Eric van Rooyen, Colombo, Leveller.

ALFRED E. WACKRILL,
Acting Assistant Surveyor-General.

Surveyor-General's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1898.

ARTICLES of the under-mentioned classes are now transmissible by letter post between Ceylon and the United Kingdom:—

Glass, liquids, grease, colouring powders.

For conditions, &c., see the "Post Office Daily List."

F. W. VANE,
Acting Postmaster-General and
Director of Telegraphs.

Postmaster-General's Office,
Colombo, June 30, 1898.

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 11 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, intituled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Registration of Marriages other than the Marriages of Kandyans or of Mohammedans," I, Ponnambalam Arunachalam, Registrar-General of Ceylon, do hereby notify that the under-mentioned building, used as a place of public Christian worship, has been duly registered for the solemnization of marriages therein:—

No.	Date of Registration.	Description.	Situation.	Minister, or Proprietor, or Trustee.	Religious Denomination on whose behalf the Building is registered.
51	July, 1898	Thatched building	Lunugala, Bogoda korale, Badulla District	The Rev. M. Craner, Minister	Roman Catholic

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1898.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

SEALÉD Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of cocoanut oil for the use of the Ceylon Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Friday, July 29, 1898.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Cocoanut Oil, Colonial Store."

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 200.

4. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

5. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

6. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Tenderers should tender to supply the oil up to the standard sample, which can be inspected at the Colonial Store.

8. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

9. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

10. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

11. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, June 28, 1898.

Jno. Root,
Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALÉD Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of kerosine oil, American Daylight and Bulk oils, for the use of Government at Colombo during 1899, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, July 27, 1898.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Kerosine Oil, Colonial Store."

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

4. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

5. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

6. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

10. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

11. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Jno. Root,
Colonial Storekeeper,
Colonial Store,
Colombo, June 28, 1898.

SEALÉD Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned article for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, July 28, 1898:—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Castor Oil, Colonial Store."

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Castor oil.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Tenderers should tender to supply the oil up to the standard sample, which can be inspected at the Colonial Store.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, June 28, 1898.

SEALÉD Tenders (in duplicate), from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned article for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899, will be received up to noon on Monday, August 1, 1898:—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Coal Tar, Colonial Store."

Tar, coal, in 36-gallon barrels. About 300 to 450 barrels more or less are required, to be delivered in such quantities as may be required from time to time.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

2. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

3. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. The tenderer must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

6. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by

the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

8. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, June 28, 1898.

SEALÉD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Transport of Stores," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, August 2, 1898, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned service from January 1 to December 31, 1899:—

Conveyance of stores by carts as required:—

From Colonial Store to Railway Store and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Colonial Store to Wharf Station and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Cement Store to Railway Store and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Cement Store to Wharf Station and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Colonial Store to Maradana Railway Station and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Beira Store to Maradana Railway station and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Beira Store to Railway Store and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Beira Store to Colonial Store and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Factory Store to Railway Store and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Factory Store to Colonial Store and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Colonial Store to any other place within the gravets and *vice versa*, per cart.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of

Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

8. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures in tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, June 28, 1898.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate) will be received, the original by myself direct in Colonial Store and the duplicate by the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being forwarded at the same time, up to noon on Thursday, August 4, 1898, from persons willing to contract for supplying arrack that may be required during the year 1899 for the use of the Ceylon Government.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Arrack." Arrack 20° below proof as per Syke's hydrometer to be supplied in such quantities as may be required from time to time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

2. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

3. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

6. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

8. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, June 28, 1898.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Colonial Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, August 3, 1898, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services from January 1 to December 31, 1899:—

Shoeing horses of Mounted Orderlies at Colombo:
Do. do. at Kandy.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

[Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.]

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

8. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, June 28, 1898.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, August 9, 1898.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Candles, Colonial Store":—

Candles, table, about 800 to 1,000 lb. more or less are required.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 20.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Rations, &c., Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, August 9, 1898.

Deposits for tender forms, Rs. 20.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed

by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The tenderer must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered. No tender will be considered if the sample is not deposited.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, June 28, 1898.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of Furniture during 1899, to the Colonial Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, August 11, 1898.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 200.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Tenderers must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which tenders will be considered.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office, where catalogue of articles required and dimensions thereof can be inspected.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, June 28, 1898.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for provisioning Hospitals," will be received up to 12 noon on Monday, July 25, 1898, from persons willing to contract for supplying raw provisions to the under-mentioned Government Civil Hospitals and Asylums in Colombo, commencing from January 1, 1899, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender to December 31, 1899:—

	Security in Cash. Rs.
Lunatic Asylum, Jawatta ...	2,000
General Hospital, including the De Soysa Lying-in Hospital and Nursing Establishment and Branch Hospital, Borella ...	1,500
Smallpox Hospital, Kanatta; Infectious Hospital, Urugodawatta; Cholera Hospital, Kanatta; Chickenpox Hospital, Kanatta; and House of Observation, Borella ...	500
Lepor Asylum, Hendala ...	1,000
Planters', Seamen's, Anthonisz's, Passengers', and Cargill's Wards ...	250
Lady Havelock Hospital for Women and Children ...	500

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, or to the Medical Officer in Charge of the respective hospitals, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form, and the tender and the schedules attached thereto, each signed in the presence of two respectable witnesses. Each tender should be for provisioning one hospital only.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of half the amount of security for hospitals where Rs. 400 or under are required, and Rs. 200 for hospitals where security over Rs. 400 is required; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue.

5. Provisions should be of the best quality, approvable by the Medical Officer of the Hospital.

6. When required, samples must be deposited.

7. The successful tenderers will be required to give cash security as given opposite the name of each station and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of each contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tenders. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the cash security, which will be deposited in the Colombo Kachcheri to credit of the Hon. the Treasurer. Those contractors who are required to furnish security to the extent of Rs. 500 and over may have their securities lodged in fixed deposits, if they so desire, in any one of the local banks which they must elect, the deposit being in the name of the Hon. the Treasurer. It is left to the option of the successful tenderer to substitute at any time thereafter for cash deposited by him approved title deeds and to enter into a fresh security bond at his expense.

8. In case any person makes any alterations in his tender before forwarding it, such alteration should invariably bear his initials; otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

9. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector General of Hospitals.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

ALLAN PERRY, Surgeon-Major,
Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, June 13, 1898.

මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වෙන සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලටද, පිස්සන්කොටුවට සහ ලාදුරු ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලටත් වර්ෂ 1899 ක් වූ ජනවාරි මස 1 වෙනි දින නොහොත් වැනවර්තරගන් දින පටන් එම අවුරුද්දේ දෙසැම්බර් මස 31 වෙනි දින දක්වා කැමට ඕනෑකරණ දේවල් අඩුවෙන් දීමට කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුවල ගත්ව මනාප අය වලින් විසින්, මුද්දරකරපු වැන්ඩර්වල ඇන්ජලෝස් ලාඩ් ("Tender for provisioning Hospitals") "ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලට කැම දීමට වැන්ඩර්" යන වාසයම ඇතුළු එවන ඉල්ලුම්පත් වර්ෂ 1898 ක් වූ ජූලි මස 25 වෙනි සඳුදා දවල් 12 වෙන තුරු භාරගනු ලැබේ.

මුදලෙන් ඇට රුපියල්.

ජවත්තේ පිස්සන්කොටුව ...	2,000
කොළඹ මහ ඉස්ප්‍රියාලය, සොයිසා ගර්භිණීන්ගේ ඉස්ප්‍රියාලය, සාන්තු කාරයින්ගේ නිවාස සහ බොරැල්ලේ අතු ඉස්ප්‍රියාලය (Branch Hospital, Borella) ඇතුළුව ...	1,500
කහත්තේ වසුරි ඉස්ප්‍රියාලය, ලැරුගොඩවත්තේ බෝවෙන ලොඩ් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලය, කහත්තේ කොලොරු ඉස්ප්‍රියාලය, කහත්තේ පැපොල් ලොඩ් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලය සහ බොරැල්ලේ සෝදිසිකරණ සාලාවන් ඇතුළුව ...	500
හැදල ලාදුරු ඉස්ප්‍රියාලය ...	1,000
වතුකාරයින්ගේද, නැවකාරයින්ගේද, අත්තෝනිස් සහ පිටරට සහ අයවළුන්ගේ සහ කර්නිල් වැට්ටුවලට ...	250
සෞඛ්‍ය උමයින්ට, හැව්ලොක් සාමුද්‍රවගේ නමින් සද තිබෙන ඉස්ප්‍රියාලය (Lady Havelock Hospital) ...	500

2. වැන්ඩර් නොහොත් ඉල්ලුම්පත් එවන කොට කොපි දෙකක් එවිය යුතුයි. මෙයින් පලමුවෙනි කෙපිස, ප්‍රධාන සිවිල් වෛද්‍යාචාර්යවරයාටද, දෙවෙනි කොපිස ගරුකටයුතු ඔව්වර් ජනරාල්තුමාටද කෙපිසම ඇරිස යුතුයි. මෙම කොපි දෙක එකතුම අරින්නට ඕනෑය.

3. මෙම ඉල්ලුම්පත් ඒ නිසමකර තියෙන පෝර්ම කොලවල ඉල්ලුම්කලයුතුයි. පෝර්මකොල ලබාගත්ව පුළුවන් ප්‍රධාන සිවිල් වෛද්‍යාචාර්යතුමාගේ කත්තෝරුවෙන්ය. ඉල්ලුම්පත් නිසමකර තිබෙන පෝර්ම කොලවල මිස වෙන අන්දමකින් ඉල්ලුවාට භාරතොගන්ත බව දතයුතුයි. මෙම පෝර්ම කොල වැදගත් සාක්ෂිකාරයෝ දෙන්නෙක් ඉදිරිපිටදී අත්සන්කල යුතුයි. එක ඉල්ලුම්පත්පත් එක ඉස්ප්‍රියාලයක කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුවට පමණක් ඉල්ලුම්කල යුතුයි.

4. සෑම ඉල්ලුම්කාරයෝම වැන්ඩර්කොල ඉල්ලුම් කරන කොට මුදල් බිඳින්ට ඕනෑය. එනම් ඇප රුපියල් 400 නොහොත් ඊට අඩුව ඇප ගණනක් නිසම කර තිබෙන ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලට පෝර්මකොල ඉල්ලුම් කරන කොට ඒ ඒ ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලට නිසමකර තිබෙන ඇප මුදලෙන් පංඉවක් බිඳින්ට ඕනෑය. රුපියල් 400

හිට වැඩියේ ඇප නිසමකර තිබෙන ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලට පෝර්මකොල ඉල්ලුම් කරන කොට රුපියල් 200 බැගින් බිඳින්ට ඕනෑය. යම් අයෙක් ඉල්ලුම්කල සිත් පසු කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුවට බැඳෙන්නට බැරිස කීවොත් එසේ නැතුව ඔහුට ඊට සෑහෙන සහතික ඇප ආදිය දෙන්නට බැරිපුනොත්, ඒ අය විසින් පෝර්ම කොල ගත්ව බැඳුණු මුදල් රාජසන්තකවෙනවා ඇත. කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව සම්පූර්ණයෙන් පසු පෝර්මකොල ලබාගැනීමට බැඳුණු මුදල ඒ ඒ අයවළුන්ට දෙනවා ඇත. පෝර්ම කොල ලබාගත්ව බිඳින මුදල් ට්‍රේසරියේ නොහොත් කවිවේරියේ බැඳ ඊට කුමනාන්ති ලබාගත එම කුමනාන්තිස දී පෝර්මකොල ලබාගත්ව ඕනෑය.

5. කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව පිට ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලට දෙන්නට පොරොන්දුවෙන දේවල් දෙසැටර උත්තැනේ විසින් ගොද බවට ඒත්තුගන්න අන්දමට නොහොත් හොද ජනිවලින් තිබෙන්නට ඕනෑය.

6. යම් විවකදී ඕනෑකලොත් ඒත්තුගත්ව දෙපන දේවල්වලින් මෝස්ත්‍ර (samples) නිසන්නට ඕනෑය.

7. බාරගත්ව දෙපන වැනවර්තරයා විසින් ඒ ය ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලට නිසමකර තිබෙන ඇප ගන්න මුදලෙන් නිසන්නට ඕනෑවත් සහ වැන්ඩරය බාරගත්තේ කාදී කියා දැනුම්දී දින පටන් පහලොස් දවසක් ඇතුළත ඒ එම වැන්ඩරගේ ඉල්ලා තිබෙන කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව අරි සාකාර ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලට වැන්ඩරේ සෑහ එවන මර්පු අත්සන්කරන්නට ඕනෑය. පෝර්මකොල ගත්ව බැඳුණු මුදල ඇප මුදලේ කොටසක් නොව බාරගත් නවා ඇත. මෙයින් පසු බාරගත්ව දෙපන වැන්ඩර ගත අයිතිකාරයා මනාප එවන මුදල් වෙනුවට සහතික කරපු ඉඩම් මර්පු තිබා අඑන් පොරොන්දු මර්පුවකට බැඳෙන්නට පුළුවන්ය. මේ ගැන වෙන්නාමු සියලුම විසදුම් ඔහු විසින් දරන්නට ඕනෑය.

ඇප කොලඹ කවිවේරියේ ගරුකටයුතු මුදල් භාණ්ඩාරයක නැත (Hon. the Treasurer) ගේ නමින් බිඳින්ට ඕනෑය. ඇප රුපියල් 500 නොහොත් ඊට වැඩියේ ඇප බිඳින්ට ඕනෑකරණ කොන්ත්‍රාත්කාරයෝ කැමතිනම් ලංකාවේ තියෙන කොපියම්බු බැන්කුවක ගරුකටයුතු මුදල් භාණ්ඩාරයක (Hon. the Treasurer) තැනගේ නමින් ඇප මුදල සඳි වසයෙන් (fixed deposit) තබන්නට පුළුවන්. මෙයින් පසු බාර ගත්ව දෙපන වැන්ඩරගත අයිතිකාරයා මනාප එවන මුදල් වෙනුවට සහතික කරපු ඉඩම් මර්පු තිබා අඑන් පොරොන්දු මර්පුවකට බැඳෙන්නට පුළුවන්ය. මේ ගැන වෙන්නාමු සියලුම විසදුම් ඔහු විසින් දරන්නට ඕනෑය.

8. යම් වැන්ඩරයක් එවන්නට මත්තෙන් එම වැන්ඩරේ යම් වරදක් කළහා ගරිගස්සන්ට ඕනෑකොලොත් එම ස්ථානේ වැන්ඩරකාරයාගේ පුරුදු අත්සනේ මුල් අකුරු තබන්නට ඕනෑය. එසේ නොකර තිබුනොත් එම වැන්ඩරේ බාරගන්නේ නැත.

9. මේ ගැන වැඩිදුර කාරනා දැනගන්නට ඕනෑනම් ප්‍රධාන සිවිල් වෛද්‍යාචාර්යතුමාගෙන් ඉල්ලුම්කල යුතුයි.

10. යම් කිසි වැන්ඩරයක් නොහොත් සියළුම වැන්ඩර අගන්කෙරීමට සහ යම් වැන්ඩරේකින් කොටසක් බාරගැනීමට බලේ ආණ්ඩුව තබාගන්නවා දතයුතුයි.

(අත්සන්කලේ) ඇලන් පැරි,
ප්‍රධාන සිවිල් වෛද්‍යාචාර්යතුමා,
වර්ෂ 1898 ක් වූ ජූනි මස 13 වෙනි දින
කොලඹ ප්‍රධාන සිවිල් වෛද්‍යාචාර්යතුමාගේ කත්තෝරුවේදීය.

1899 ම් ජූනි 1 තෙමාස 1 ත් තිකති තුච්ඡකම් අඛ්ලා කොර්තිලාත්ත ඉප්පත්ත කේන්ඩ්කලතාභි ඉත්තා කොණ්ඩ නාටතාච්ඡකම් 1899 ම් ජූනි මාර්ඡ්‍යාමාත ම් 31 ත් තිකති චකාරෙත්තම් පිත්තා පොලොප්පත්තම් ජූප්පත්තිරිකලෙත්තම් තේන්චෙයාන සාමාකේන්කේ කොට්ඨපත්තකාර කොර්තිලාත්ත ඉප්පත්තම් සෙය්ච්චිලාප්ප් ප්‍රාණචාර්කලිඨ්චිලාත්ත "ජූප්පත්තිරිකලෙත්තම් සාමාකේන් කොට්ඨපත්තකාර කොර්තිලාත්ත ඉප්පත්තම් කේන්

விக்கடதாசி" என்று மேல்வாசகத்திலே முதி முத்திரை வைக்கப்பட்ட கேள்விக்கடதாசிகள் 1898 ம் ஆண்டு ஆகஸ்டு 25 ந் திகதி திங்கட்கிழமை பகல் பன்னிரண்டு மணி வரைக்கும் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படும்:—

	ரொக்கப் பிணை ரூபா.
ஆசுப்பத்திரிகள்.	
யாவத்தை பயித்திய ஆசுப்பத்திரி (Lunatic Asylum) -	2,000
பொறளை பெரிய ஆசுப்பத்திரியும் அசைச்சேர்ந்தவைகளும் (De Soysa Lying-in Hospital and Nursing Establishment and Branch Hospital, Borella) -	1,500
கணுக்கை வைசூரி ஆசுப்பத்திரியும் அசைச்சேர்ந்தவைகளும், ஊறுகொட ஆசுப்பத்திரியும், பொறளை பார்வை ஆசுப்பத்திரியும் -	500
அந்தலை குஷ்டரோய ஆசுப்பத்திரி (Leper Asylum) -	1,000
தோட்டத்துரைமார், கப்பல்காரர், அந்தோனிஸ், பிரயாணிகள் சட்டைகள், காகில் சாலை (Cargill's Wards) -	250
லேடி ஹவ்லக் ஆசுப்பத்திரி (Lady Havelock Hospital) -	500

2. கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தக் கேள்விக் கடதாசிகள் இரண்டு கொப்பிகளில் எழுதி ஒரு கொப்பியைப் பிரதான சிவில்மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசுக்கும் மற்றக்கொப்பியை சங்கைப்பொருந்திய ஒடிற்றர் ஜென்னறலுக்கும் ஒரே முறையிற்றானே அனுப்பிவைக்க வேண்டியது.

3. பிரதான சிவில் மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசரிடமிருந்து பெற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்ட அச்சிட்ட கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தக் கடுதாசிகளில் ஒப்பந்தங்களைக் கேட்கவேண்டியது. அப்படிப்பட்ட ஒப்பந்தக் கடுதாசிகளின் கௌரவ ஒப்பந்தங்கள் கவனி+கப்பட மாட்டா. கேள்விக்கடுதாசியும் அதற்கு அணைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் ஒப்பந்தப் பிணைப்பத்திரமும் இரண்டு கணிசமுள்ள சாட்சிகளின் சமூகத்தில் கையெழுத்து வைக்கப்படவேண்டும் ஒவ்வொரு கொந்திருத்துக் கேள்விக்கடுதாசியும். ஒவ்வொரு ஆசுப்பத்திரிக்காயிருக்க வேண்டும்.

4. நாநாறு ரூபாய் அல்லது அதற்குக் குறையப் பிணை தேள்வையான ஆசுப்பத்திரிகளுக்கு அதில் அரைவாசியும் அல்லது நாநாறு ரூபாய்க்கு மேற்படப்பிணை தேள்வையான ஆசுப்பத்திரிகளுக்கு இருநாறு ரூபாயும் ஒவ்வொரு ஒப்பந்தக் கேள்விக்காரனும் கேள்விக்கார சிவையப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்பொழுது முற்பணமாக அந்தத்தொகையைக் கட்டிப்போடவேண்டியது. கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தத்தின் பின் ஆராகுதல் ஒப்பந்தப்பிணைப்பத்திரம் எழுத உடன்படாவிட்டால் அல்லது பிணைப்பணம் முழுவதையும் கட்டத்தவறினால் முற்பணமாகக் கட்டிய தொகை கோற்றமேந்தக்காவிடும். கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தம் தீர்ந்த கையொப்பம் வைத்த பின் மற்ற ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படாத கொந்திருத்துக் கேள்விக்காரருடைய பணத்தொகைகள் திரும்பிக் கொடுக்கப்படும். முற்பணம் திறசேரியில் அல்லது கச்சேரியில் கட்டி நீஜீற்றை ஒப்பந்த கேள்விக்கடுதாசி கொடுக்கும் உத்தியோகஸ்தரிடம் கொடுக்கவேண்டும்.

5. சாமான்கள் திறமானவையும் ஆசுப்பத்திரி மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசரால் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படாத தக்கவையுமாயிருக்கவேண்டும்.

6. சாமான் மாதிடிகள் கேட்கும்போது கொடுக்க வேண்டும்.

7. கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தம் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்ட நாட்துவக்கம் இரண்டு சிறுமைக்குள்ளாக ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்ட கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தக்காரர் ஒவ்வொரு ஆசுப்பத்திரிக்கும் மேற்குறிக்கப்பட்ட பணப்பிணை கட்டவும் கேள்விப்பத்திரத்தைச்சேர்ந்த உறுத்க்கு சைஒப்பம் வைக்கவும் வேண்டும். கேள்விப்பத்திரத்தின்பேரால் முற்பணமாகக்கட்டிய தொகையும் பிணையில் ஒரு ப

குதியாய்ச்சேரும். அந்தத்தொகை கொழும்புக் கச்சேரியில் சங்கைப்பொருந்திய பொக்கிஷகாரன் (Hon. the Treasurer) பேருக்கு கட்டப்படும். அஞ்ஞாறு ரூபாய்க்கு அல்லது அதற்கு மேற்பட பிணைக்கட்டவேண்டிய ஒப்பந்தக்காரர் தாங்கள் கட்டவேண்டிய தொகையை தற்சொருக்கு பிரியமானால் வசதியென்று காணுகிற ஓர் வங்கியில் சங்கைப்பொருந்திய பொக்கிஷகாரன் (Hon. the Treasurer) பேருக்கு கட்டிக்கொள்ளலாம். இத்தன்னால் எவ்வேளையிலாவது ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்ட உறுதியைக்கொடுத்து பணப்பிணையை மீட்டு புதுப்பிணை உறுதியைத் தன சொந்தச்செலவில் முடிக்கிறது கொந்திருத்துக்காரனுடைய பிரியத்துக்கு விடப்பட்டிருக்கின்றது.

8. ஆராகுதல் கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தக் கேள்விப்பத்திரத்தில் பிழைகள் திருத்தினால் அப்பிழை திருத்தங்கள் கேள்விப்பத்திரக்காரனின் கைஒப்பம் பெற்றிருக்க வேண்டும். அல்லாவிடில் கேள்விப்பத்திரம் சரியல்ல தென்று தள்ளப்படும்.

9. இதைக்குறித்து இன்னும் விவரங்கள் அறியவேண்டியதானால் பிரதான சிவில் மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசரிடம் அறிந்தகொள்ளலாம்.

10. ஒப்பந்தக்கேள்விகளில் ஒன்றை அல்லது முழுமையையும் தள்ளும் உரித்தை வைத்திருப்பது மல்லாமல் அவைகளில் ஏதாருதல் ஒரு பகுதியை ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளும் உரித்தும் கோற்றமேந்தாருக்கு உண்டு.

அல்லான் பெரி,
பிரதான சிவில்மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசர்.

பிரதான சிவில்மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசர் கச்சேரி,
கொழும்பு, 1898 ம் (ஸ்) ஆனிமீ 13 ந் உ.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for provisioning Hospitals," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 25, 1898, from persons willing to contract for supplies for the use of the under-mentioned Government Civil and District Hospitals commencing from January 1, 1899, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender to December 31, 1899:—

	Security in Cash. Rs.
Civil Hospital, Panadure ...	150
Do. Kalutara ...	200
Do. Kegalla ...	200
Do. Ratanapura ...	200
Do. Marawila ...	200
Do. Kurunegala ...	400
Do. Puttalam ...	200
Do. Chilaw ...	150
Do. Galle, including the Kaluwella Hospital, House of Observation	750
Smallpox Hospital and Bathfield House, Galle ...	150
Civil Hospital, Matara ...	200
Do. Balapitimodara ...	150
Do. Hambantota ...	150
Do. Tangalla ...	200
Do. Trincomalee ...	200
Do. Batticaloa ...	200
Do. Kalmunai and Leper Ward ...	200
Do. Negombo ...	200
Do. Badulla, including Infectious Hospital ...	300
Do. Mulhalkele ...	200
Do. Anuradhapura ...	250
Smallpox and Cholera Hospital, Jaffna ...	150
Civil Hospital, Mullaittivu ...	250
Do. Vavuniya ...	150
Do. Point Pedro ...	150
Do. Mantota ...	150
Do. Kandy, including Mahaiyawa Hospital and Smallpox Hospital ...	750
Do. Matale ...	300
Do. Nuwara Eliya ...	300
Do. do. Baker Ward ...	200

	Security in Cash. Rs.
Civil Hospital, Katugastota ...	150
Do. Gampola ...	400
Immigrant Hospital, Dambulla ...	250
Do. Mibintale ...	250
District Hospital, Dikoya ...	250
Do. Lindula ...	300
Do. Uda Pussellawa ...	150
Do. Kelebokke ...	150
Do. Balangoda, including Parangi Hospital ...	200
Do. Avisawella ...	200
Do. Rakwana ...	150
Do. Maskeliya ...	150
Do. Karawanella ...	350
Do. Deltota ...	200
Do. Haputale, including Infectious Wards ...	250
Do. Nawalapitiya ...	200
Do. Neboda ...	200
Do. Lunugala ...	200
Do. Teldeniya ...	200
Do. Ramboda ...	200
Do. Deniyaya ...	150
Do. Maturata ...	150
Do. Dimbulla ...	150
Field Hospital, Nikaweratiya, including Infectious Wards ...	150
Field Hospital, Alutnuwara, including Infectious Wards ...	200
Field Hospital, Medagama, including Infectious Wards ...	200
Field Hospital, Dandugama, including Infectious Wards ...	150
Field Parangi Hospital, Godakawela ...	200
Do. Kolonna ...	200
Do. Buttale ...	100
Hospital Ship Serendib ...	100
Police Hospital, Colombo ...	250
Immigrant Hospital, Mannar ...	250
Do. Vankalai and Pesalai ...	250
Do. Puliadyirakkam ...	250

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, or to the Medical Officer in charge of the respective hospitals, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form, and the tender and the schedules attached thereto each signed in the presence of two respectable witnesses. Each tender should be for provisioning one hospital only.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of half the amount of security for hospitals where Rs. 400 or under are required, and Rs. 200 for hospitals where security over Rs. 400 is required; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produce to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue. In stations where there are no Kachcheries the deposit must be made to the Medical Officer in charge of the hospital.

5. Provisions should be of the best quality, approvable by the Medical Officer of the hospital.

6. When required, samples must be deposited.

7. The successful tenderers will be required to give cash security as given opposite the name of each station, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of each contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tenders. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the cash security, which will be deposited in the Colombo

Kachcheri to credit of the Hon. the Treasurer. Those contractors who are required to furnish security to the extent of Rs. 500 and over may have their securities lodged in fixed deposits, if they so desire, in any one of the local Banks which they must elect, the deposit being in the name of the Hon. the Treasurer. It is left to the option of the successful tenderer to substitute at any time thereafter for cash deposited by him approved title deeds and to enter into a fresh security bond at his expense.

8. In case any person makes any alterations in his tender before forwarding it, such alteration should invariably bear his initials; otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

9. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

ALLAN PERRY, Surgeon-Major,
Principal Civil Medical Officer
and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, June 13, 1898.

මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන සිවිල් සහ පලාන්වල ඉස්ප්‍රියාලවලට වර්ෂ 1899 ක්වූ ජනවාරි මස 1 වෙනි දින නොගොස් වැනවර් භාරගත් දින පවත් එම අවරුද්දේ දෙසැම්බර් මස 31 වෙනි දින දක්වා කැම දීමට කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුවල් ගත්ව මනාප අංශවලුන් විසින් මුද්දරකරණ වැනවර්වල ඇඳවිලෝජ් ලබා ("Tender for provisioning Hospitals") "ඉස්ප්‍රියාල වලට කැම දීමට වැනවර්" සහ වාසගම ඇතුළු එවක ඉල්ලීම පත්‍ර, වර්ෂ 1898 ක්වූ ජූනි මස 25 වෙනි සඳුදා දවල් 12 වෙනතුරු භාරගනු ලැබේ.

මුදලෙන් ඇ. රුපියල්.

පානදුරේ සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලේ	150
කළුතර	200
කැගල්ලේ	200
රත්නපුරේ	200
මැරුණි	200
කුරුමාල	400
පුත්තලම	200
ගලාවක	150
ගාල්ලේ, සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලොද, කලුවැල්ලේ ඉස්ප්‍රියාලෙ සහ සෝදිසි කරණි සාලාව (House for Observation)	750
ගාල්ලේ විසුරි ඉස්ප්‍රියාලේ සහ බාත්චිල් සාලාව (Bathfield House)	150
මාතර, සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලේ	200
බලවිම්මේදර	150
ගම්බන්කොට	150
තත්තල්ල	200
නිරිකුණාමලේ	200
මඩකලපුවේ	200
කල්මුණේ සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලේ සහ ලාදුරු වැව්වුව	200
මීගොහුවේ, සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලේ	200
බදුල්ලේ සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලේ සහ බෝවෙන ලොඩ් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලොන් ඇතුළුව	300
මල්වත්තලේ, සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලො	200
අනුරාධපුරේ	250
ත්තමනේ, විසුරි සහ කොලොන් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලේ	150
මලකිණි, සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලො	250
වාමොනියා	150
පොසිනිච්චේදුරු	150
මාත්තොට	150
මහනුවර, සිවිල් ඉස්ප්‍රියාලොද මායිමාවේ නිබන්ධ ඉස්ප්‍රියාලේ සහ විසුරි ඉස්ප්‍රියාලො ඇතුළුව	750

கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தம்செய்ய விருப்பமுள்ள வர்களிடமிருந்து “ஆசுபத்திரிகளுக்குச் சாமான்கள் கொடுப்பதற்குக் கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தக் கேள்விக்கடதாசி” என்று மேல்வாசகத்திலெழுதி முத்திரைவைக்கப்பட்ட கேள்விக்கடதாசிகள் 1898 ம் ஆண்டு ஆடிமாசம் 25 ந்தேதி திங்கட்கிழமை பகல் பன்னிரண்டு மணிவரைக்கும் ஏற்றுக் கொள்ளப்படும்:—

ஆசுபத்திரிகள்	ரொக்கப் பிணை ரூபா.
பாணந்துறை	150
களுத்துறை	200
கேகாலை	200
இரத்தினபுரி	200
மாறாவில்	200
குருணாகல்	400
புத்தளம்	200
சலாபம்	150
காலி ஆசுபத்திரியும், களுவலை ஆசுபத்திரியும் அதைச்சேர்ந்தவைகளும்	750
காலி வைசூரி ஆசுபத்திரியும் அதைச்சேர்ந்தவைகளும்	150
மாத்துறை	200
பலபிட்டிமோதரை	150
அம்பாண்டொட்டை	150
தங்காலை	200
திருசோணமலை	200
மட்டக்களப்பு	200
கல்முனை ஆசுபத்திரியும் குஷ்டநோய்ச்சாலையும்	200
நீர்கொழும்பு	200
வதுளை	300
முலகல்செகலை	200
அனுராசபுரம்	250
யாழ்ப்பாணம் வைசூரி பேதிவியாதி ஆசுபத்திரி	150
முல்லைத்தீவு	250
வவுனிய விளாங்குளம்	150
பருத்தித்துறை	150
மாதோட்டம்	150
கண்டி ஆசுபத்திரியும், மகாயாவா ஆசுபத்திரியும்	750
மாத்தளை	300
துவரேலியா	300
துவரேலியா பேகர்சாலை (Baker Ward)	200
கடிகல்சொட்டை	150
கம்பளை	400
காட்டுத்தம்பளை	250
மேந்தலை	250
டிக்கோயா	250
லின்லோர்	300
உடப்புச்சலாவை	150
செல்லப்பொக்கை	150
பலாங்கொடை	200
அவுசாவலை	200
றக்வானு	150
மஸ்கெலிடா	150
கறவனெல்லை	350
தெல்தோட்டை	200
அப்புத்தளை	250
நாவலப்பிட்டி	200
நேபெண்ட	200
லுணுகலை	200
தெல்தளை	200

ஆசுபத்திரிகள்	ரொக்கப் பிணை ரூபா.
றம்பொடை	200
தெனியாய	150
மத்திறட்டை	150
தும்பளை	150
நிக்காவறட்டியா	150
அளுத்துவரை	200
மெத்கமா	200
டண்டுகமா	150
கொடக்கல்லை	200
கொலொன்ணு	200
புத்தலை	100
செறிசைடிக்கப்பல் ஆசுபத்திரி	100
கொழும்பு பொலிச ஆசுபத்திரி	250
மனாரர்	250
வங்காலை, பேசாலை	250
புளியடி இறக்கம்	250

2. கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தக் கேள்விக்கடதாசிகள் இரண்டு கொப்பிகளில் எழுதி ஒரு கொப்பியைப் பிரதான சிவில் மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசுருக்கும் மற்ற கொப்பியை சங்கைப்பொருந்திய ஓடிற்றர் ஜெனறலுக்கும் ஒரேமுறையிறருளே அனுப்பிவைக்க வேண்டியது.

3. பிரதான சிவில் மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசரிடமிருந்து அல்லது குறிக்கப்பட்ட ஆசுபத்திரியின் மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசரிடமிருந்து பெற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்ட அச்சிட்ட கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தக்கடிதாசிகளில் ஒப்பந்தங்களைக் கேட்கவேண்டியது. அப்படிப்பட்ட ஒப்பந்தக்கடிதாசிகளிற கேளாத ஒப்பந்தங்கள் கவனிக்கப்படமாட்டா. கேள்விக்கடிதாசியும் அதற்கு அனைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் ஒப்பந்தப் பிணைப்பத்திரமும் இரண்டு கணிசமுள்ள சாட்சிகளின் சமூகத்தில சையெழுத்து வைக்கப்படவேண்டும். ஒவ்வொரு கொந்திருத்துக்கேள்விக்கடிதாசியும் ஒவ்வொரு ஆசுபத்திரிக்கா யிருக்கவேண்டும்.

4. நாநாறு ரூபாய் அல்லது அதற்கு குறையப் பிணை தேள்வையான ஆசுபத்திரிகளுக்கு அதில் அரைவாசியும் அல்லது நாநாறு ரூபாய்க்கு மேற்படப் பிணை தேள்வையான ஆசுபத்திரிகளுக்கு இருநாறு ரூபாயும் ஒவ்வொரு ஒப்பந்த கேள்விக்காரனும் கேள்விக்கடதாசியைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்பொழுது முற்பணமாக அந்தத் தொகையைக் கட்டிப்போடவேண்டியது. கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தத்தின்பின் ஆராகுதல் ஒப்பந்தப் பிணைப்பத்திரம் எழுத உடன்படாவிட்டால் அல்லது பிணைப்பணம் முழுவதையும் கட்டத் தவறினால் முற்பணமாகக் கட்டிய தொகை கொவறணமேந்துக் காகிவிடும். கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தம் தீர்ந்து கையொப்பம் வைத்தபின் மற்ற ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டாத கொந்திருத்துக் கேள்விக்காரருடைய பணத்தொகைகள் திரும்பிக் கொடுக்கப்படும், முற்பணம் திறசேரியில் அல்லது கச்சேரியில் கட்டி நிசிறறை ஒப்பந்தக் கேள்விக்கடிதாசிக் கொடுக்கும் உத்தியோகஸ்தரிடம் கொடுக்கவேண்டும். கச்சேரியில்லாத விடங்களில் குறித்த ஆசுபத்திரியின் மெடிக்கல் ஓபிசரிடம் முற்பணம் கட்டவேண்டியது.

5. சாமான்கள் திறமானவையும் ஆசுப்பத் திரி மெடிக்கல் ஒபிசரால் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட த்தக்கவையுமா யிருக்கவேண்டும்.

6. சாமான் மாதிரிகள் கேட்கும்பொது கொடுக்கவேண்டும்.

7. கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தம் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்ட நாட்துவக்கம் இரண்டு கிழமைக்குள்ளாக ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்ட கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தக்காரர் ஒவ்வொரு ஆசுப்பத்திரிதரும் மேற்குறிக்கப்பட்ட பணப்பிணைகட்டவும் கேள் விப்பத்திரத்தைச்சேர்ந்த உறுதிக்கு கைஒப்பம் வைக்கவும் வேண்டும். கேள்விப்பத்திரத்தின் பேரால் முற்பணமாகக் கட்டியதொகையும் பிணையில் ஒரு பகுதியாய்ச்சேரும் அந்தத்தொகை கொழுப்புக் கச்சேரியில் சங்கைபொருங்கிய பொக்கிஷகாரன் (Hon. the Treasurer) பேருக்கு கட்டப்படும். ஐஞ்ஞாறு ரூபாய்கு அல்லது அதற்கு மேற்பட பிணைகட்டவேண்டிய ஒப்பந்தக்காரர் தாங்கள் கட்டவேண்டிய தொகையை தங்களுக்குப் பிரியமானால் வசதியென்று காணுகிற ஓர் வங்கியில் சங்கைபொருங்கிய பொக்கிஷகாரன் (Hon. the Treasurer) பேருக்கு கட்டிக்கொள்ளலாம். இதன் பின்னால் எவ்வளவு பிரயாஜி ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்ட உறுதியைக் கொடுத்துப்பணம் பிணையமீட்டுபது பிணையுறுதியைத் தன் சொந்தச்செலவில் முடிக்கிறது கொந்திருத்துக்காரனுடைய பிரியத்துக்கு விடப்பட்டிருக்கின்றது.

8. ஆராகுதல் கொந்திருத்து ஒப்பந்தக் கேள்விப்பத்திரத்தில் பிழைகள் திருத்தினால் அப்பிழை திருத்தங்கள் கேள்விப்பத்திரகாரனின் கையொப்பம் பெற்றிருக்கவேண்டும், அல்லாவிடில் கேள்விப்பத்திரம் சரியல்லதென்று தள்ளப்படும்.

9. இதைக்குறித்து இன்னும் விபரங்கள் அறியவேண்டியதானால் பிரதான சிவில் மெடிக்கல் ஒபிசரிடம் அறிந்துகொள்ளலாம்.

10. ஒப்பந்த கேள்விகளில் ஒன்றை அல்லது முளுமையையும் தள்ளும் உரிக்கதை வைத்திருப்பது மல்லாமல் அவைகளில் ஏதாசுதல் ஒரு பகுதியை ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளும் உரித்தும் கோறணமேந்தாருக்கு உண்டு.

அல்லான் பெறி,
பிரதான சிவில் மெடிக்கல் ஒபிசர்.
பிரதான சிவில் மெடிக்கல் கந்தோர்,
கொழும்பு, 1898 ம் (வ) ஆனிமீ 13 ன் உ

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Shoes, &c., to the Colonial Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 15, 1898, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899, viz.:—

Boots, strong, with buckles	... per pair
Shoes, strong, for men	... do.
shoes, strong, for women	... do.
Shoes, canvas, for nurses	... do.
Slippers, strong, large, for hospital	... do.
Sandals for Leper Hospital	... do.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and

the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Tenderers should tender to supply the boots, shoes, &c., up to the standard sample, and also to the specification which can be inspected at the Colonial Store.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), to be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Clothing, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, August 18, 1898:—

For supplying and making clothing required for the year 1899.

2. Particulars and description of clothing to be made can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

3. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

4. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

5. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

6. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

8. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

9. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

10. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

11. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALED Tenders in (duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Sundries, Colonial Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, August 16, 1898, from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899 :—

Hats, straw	...	... each
Beeswax	...	... per lb.
Bengal line	...	... do.
Buffalo hide, large	...	... do.
Bullock hide, large	...	... do.
Calf-skins	...	... each
Charcoal	...	... per bushel
Chimneys of sizes	...	... each
Do. duplex	...	... do.
Coir string	...	... per cwt.
Coir rope of sizes	...	... per lb.
Do.	...	... per cwt.
Coir matting, plain	...	... sq. yard
Do. twilled.	...	... do.
Comboys	...	... each
Cotton twisted line	...	... do.
Crude potash	...	... do.
Cuttle bones, perfectly dry	...	... per 100
Dammar	...	... per lb.
Fish oil, clear	...	... per gallon
Glass tumblers	...	... do.
Handkerchiefs, coloured	...	... do.
Incense	...	... per lb.
Lamp wicks	...	... per yard
Do. 2 in. and 3 in.	...	... per 12 yards
Do. kerosine, of sizes	...	... per yard
Plumbago, lump	...	... per cwt.
Do. dust	...	... do.
Tape, narrow, white	...	... per 100 yds.
Thread, cotton, for wicks	...	... per lb.
Twine, Bengal	...	... do.
Malacca rattans, 11 to 13 ft. in length, of average thickness	...	... per cwt.
Sheep or goat skin, large, thin	...	... per lb.
Do. thick	...	... do.
Woodoil	...	... per gallon
Tallow, country	...	... per lb.
Sulphur	...	... per cwt.
Sal ammoniac	...	... per lb.
Sulphuric acid	...	... do.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 30.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Tenderers should tender to supply the articles up to the standard samples, and to the specification which can be inspected at the Colonial Store.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeepers's office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

J. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Halgas, &c., to the Colonial Store," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 22, 1898, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899, viz. :—

Halgas planks	Mililla posts
Halgas scantlings	Mililla planks
Jakwood beams	Teak scantlings
Jakwood reepers	Satinwood planks
Lunumidella scantlings	Mi piles
Coconut rafters	Jakwood in logs, &c.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

2. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The amount of security to be given and all other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeepers's office.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

8. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures in tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store, JNO. ROOT,
Colombo, July 4, 1898. Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALLED Tenders (in duplicate) will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, August 24, 1898, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Basel Mission Tiles (Calicut), Colonial Store."

Tiles, flat
Tiles, half
Tiles, ridge
Tiles, glass
Tiles, ventilation

To be delivered in such quantities as may be required from time to time.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

2. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

3. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered, of which due notice will be given. No tender will be considered if the samples are not so deposited.

6. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

8. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store, JNO. ROOT,
Colombo, July 4, 1898. Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALLED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Rangoon Teak," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, August 25, 1898, from persons willing to contract for the supply of Rangoon teak, for the construction and repairs of public buildings during 1899.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Intending tenderers will be furnished on application with the quantities actually supplied during the last three years.

2. The timber should be quality first class Rangoon teak squares.

3. The specification of the consignment should be submitted if directed to do so, and the teak is to be delivered at the Government Factory or as may be directed.

4. The timber is to be sound throughout, free from sapwood, shakes, dead or loose knots, or any other defects, and of the full dimensions given, in logs averaging 15 to 25 ft. in length by 15 in. sidings to 24 in. sidings—30 per cent. to be not less than 18 in. sidings by 20 ft. in length.

Price to be stated at per ton of 50 cubic ft.

5. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 500.

6. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

8. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

9. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

10. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

11. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

12. The price to include delivery.

13. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

14. The timber, before being accepted by the Colonial Storekeeper, will be inspected and passed by the Factory Engineer.

15. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store, JNO. ROOT,
Colombo, July 4, 1898. Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899, will be received :—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Lime, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Friday, August 26, 1898 :—

Lime, slaked	Clay, white
Lime, unslaked	Clay, yellow
Lime, boiled	Coral stones

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

2. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued ; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

3. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kacheheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. Slaked lime to be delivered in a bushel or eight-bushel measure, filled with a shovel or basket, the lime being dropped from a height of at least six inches from the measure. A bushel of lime to weigh 42 lb.

6. Boiled lime will be measured and paid for by weight.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, August 30, 1898 :—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Cattle Food, Colonial Store."

Cocoonut branches with green leaves, per 100 branches.
Best cocoonut poonac, per cwt.
Best gingelly poonac, do.
Collu, per bushel.
Country paddy, per bushel.
Bovina, cattleoid, or other patent cattle food, per bag of 140 lb.
Cotton seed, per pound.
Ulundu, per bushel.
Raw rice, do.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 25.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued ; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kacheheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are considered. No tenders will be considered if the samples are not so deposited.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Sawn Teak and Pine Boards" will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 29, 1898, from persons willing to contract for the supply of sawn teak and pine boards for use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899.

2. Rangoon teak of Indian quality and Baltic and Austrian pine flooring, ceiling, and other boards are required. All boards to be tongued and grooved. The sizes are as follows :—

Teak Scantlings and Boards.

Scantlings, all sizes from 2½ in. by 2½ in. to 6 in. by 6 in ; beams, all sizes from 6 in. by 6 in. to 12 in. by 24 in.; planks from ½ in. to 2 in. thick ; ceiling and flooring boards.

Baltic and Austrian Pine Boards (Tongued and Grooved).

6 in. by 1½ in., 6 in. by ¾ in.

3. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

5. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued ; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

6. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

7. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

11. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1899, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, August 31, 1898:—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Cumblies, Colonial Store."

Cumblies, white.
Do. gray.

Deposit for tenders forms, Rs. 100.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The tenderers should tender to supply the cumblies up to the standard sample and specification, which can be inspected at the Colonial Store.

7. The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a

security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, July 4, 1898.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the Conveyance of Mails, Chilaw and Puttalam," will be received at the Postmaster-General's Office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 25, 1898, for the under-mentioned services, from January 1, 1899, to December 31, 1902.

For the conveyance of mails between Puttalam and Chilaw by cart drawn by two bullocks, once daily each way.

The tenders must be made in duplicate.

The original is to be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Postmaster-General, while the duplicate shall be sent on the same day to the Hon. the Auditor-General.

The hours of arrival and departure of the coaches to be fixed from time to time by the Postmaster-General.

The tenders must be made upon forms which will be supplied on application to the Postmaster-General, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

Any alterations in a tender must bear the initials of the tenderer or tenderers, otherwise it will be rejected.

A deposit of Rs. 100 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract.

Security to the amount of Rs. 750 will be required. From this sum the Postmaster-General will meet the cost of carrying on the service when he may deem it to be necessary to incur expenditure on account of the contractor's failure to comply with the conditions of the contract.

Security must be completed by December 15, 1898, by the deposit of the above amount in cash.

The person whose tender is accepted will be required to bear the expense of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers.

The contractor will be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 a day for using or allowing to be used for the service in any mail cart run by him under this contract a bullock or mail cart which has been condemned by the Postmaster-General or any of his Assistants, or by an Inspector of Coaches.

All carts and bullocks intended to be used in this service must be approved by the Postmaster-General or his Assistants.

A penalty not exceeding Rs. 50 will be imposed by the Postmaster-General or by any of his Assistants on the contractor for carrying in his coach more passengers than are allowed by the terms of the license.

Extra mail carts must be supplied at all times, when required, without any charge.

Fines will be imposed by the Postmaster-General for all delays and irregularities.

In case of repeated delays or irregularities the contract will be cancelled.

The Government reserves to itself the right of rejecting, without question, any tender or any portion of a tender.

Further particulars can be obtained on application at the Postmaster-General's Office, Colombo.

F. W. VANE,

Postmaster-General's Office, Acting Postmaster-General.
Colombo, June 30, 1898.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the Conveyance of Mails, Polgahawela, Kegalla, and Aranayaka" will be received at the Postmaster-General's Office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 25, 1898, for the under-mentioned services, from January 1, 1899, to December 31, 1902.

For the conveyance of mails between Polgahawela and Kegalla by coach drawn by two horses twice daily each way, and between Kegalla and Aranayaka and Kegalla and Polgahawela by runners once daily each way.

The tenders must be made in duplicate.

The original is to be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Postmaster-General, while the duplicate shall be sent on the same day to the Hon. the Auditor-General.

The hours of arrival and departure of the coaches or runners to be fixed from time to time by the Postmaster-General.

The tenders must be made upon forms which will be supplied on application to the Postmaster-General, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

Any alterations in a tender must bear the initials of the tenderer or tenderers, otherwise it will be rejected.

A deposit of Rs. 250 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract.

Security to the amount of Rs. 1,200 will be required. From this sum the Postmaster-General will meet the cost of carrying on the service when he may deem it to be necessary to incur expenditure on account of the contractor's failure to comply with the conditions of the contract.

Security must be completed by December 15, 1898, by the deposit of the above amount in cash.

The person whose tender is accepted will be required to bear the expense of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers.

The contractor will be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 a day for using or allowing to be used for the service in any coach run by him under this contract a horse or vehicle which has been condemned by the Postmaster-General or any of his Assistants, or by an Inspector of Coaches.

All vehicles and horses intended to be used in this service must be approved by the Postmaster-General or his Assistants. Horses under 14 hands will not be accepted for use in any coach to be run under this contract.

A penalty not exceeding Rs. 50 will be imposed by the Postmaster-General or by any of his Assistants on the contractor for carrying in his coach more passengers than are allowed by the terms of the license.

Extra coaches must be supplied at all times, when required, without any charge.

Fines will be imposed by the Postmaster-General for all delays and irregularities.

In case of repeated delays or irregularities the contract will be cancelled.

The Government reserves to itself the right of rejecting, without question, any tender or any portion of a tender.

Further particulars can be obtained on application at the Postmaster-General's Office, Colombo.

F. W. VANE,
Acting Postmaster-General.

Postmaster-General's Office,
Colombo, June 30, 1898.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the Conveyance of Mails, Colombo, Negombo, and Chilaw," will be received at the Postmaster-General's Office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 25, 1898, for the under-mentioned services, from January 1, 1899, to December 31, 1902.

For the conveyance of mails between Colombo and Negombo by coach drawn by two horses twice daily each way, and between Negombo and Chilaw once daily each way.

The tenders must be made in duplicate.

The original is to be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Postmaster-General, while the duplicate shall be sent on the same day to the Hon. the Auditor-General.

The hours of arrival and departure of the coaches to be fixed from time to time by the Postmaster-General.

The tenders must be made upon forms which will be supplied on application to the Postmaster-General, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

Any alterations in a tender must bear the initials of the tenderer or tenderers, otherwise it will be rejected.

A deposit of Rs. 250 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract.

Security to the amount of Rs. 1,500 will be required. From this sum the Postmaster-General will meet the cost of carrying on the service when he may deem it to be necessary to incur expenditure on account of the contractor's failure to comply with the conditions of the contract.

Security must be completed by December 15, 1898, by the deposit of the above amount in cash.

The person whose tender is accepted will be required to bear the expense of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers.

The contractor will be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 a day for using or allowing to be used for the service in any coach run by him under this contract a horse or vehicle which has been condemned by the Postmaster-General or any of his Assistants, or by an Inspector of Coaches.

All vehicles and horses intended to be used in this service must be approved by the Postmaster-General or his Assistants. Horses under 14 hands will not be accepted for use in any coach to be run under this contract.

A penalty not exceeding Rs. 50 will be imposed by the Postmaster-General or by any of his Assistants on the contractor for carrying in his coach more passengers than are allowed by the terms of the license.

Extra coaches must be supplied at all times, when required, without any charge.

Fines will be imposed by the Postmaster-General for all delays and irregularities.

In case of repeated delays or irregularities the contract will be cancelled.

The Government reserves to itself the right of rejecting, without question, any tender or any portion of a tender.

Further particulars can be obtained on application at the Postmaster-General's Office, Colombo.

F. W. VANE,
Acting Postmaster-General.
Postmaster-General's Office,
Colombo, June 30, 1898.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the Conveyance of Mails, Kandy Post Office and Railway Station," will be received at the Postmaster-General's Office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 25, 1898, for the under-mentioned service from January 1, 1899, to December 31, 1902.

For the conveyance of mails between the Kandy Post Office and Railway station by a coach or coaches drawn by single horse at such hours and for such number of trips as may be specified by the Postmaster-General.

The work required to be performed under this contract consists of about 9 to 10 trips per day each way between the Kandy Post Office and Railway station, and at least one coach and two horses will be required for the due performance of this service.

The tenders must be made in duplicate.

The original is to be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Postmaster-General, while the duplicate shall be sent on the same day to the Hon. the Auditor-General.

The hours of arrival and departure of the coaches to be fixed from time to time by the Postmaster-General.

The tenders must be made upon forms which will be supplied on application to the Postmaster-General, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

Any alterations in a tender must bear the initials of the tenderer or tenderers, otherwise it will be rejected.

A deposit of Rs. 200 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract.

Security to the amount of Rs. 1,000 will be required. From this sum the Postmaster-General will meet the cost of carrying on the service when he may deem it to be necessary to incur expenditure on account of the contractor's failure to comply with the conditions of the contract.

Security must be completed by December 15, 1898, by the deposit of the above amount in cash.

The person whose tender is accepted will be required to bear the expense of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers.

The contractor will be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 a day for using or allowing to be used for the

service in any coach run by him under this contract a horse or vehicle which has been condemned by the Postmaster-General or any of his Assistants, or by an Inspector of Coaches.

All vehicles and horses intended to be used in this service must be approved by the Postmaster-General or his Assistants. Horses under 14 hands will not be accepted for use in any coach to be run under this contract.

A penalty not exceeding Rs. 50 will be imposed by the Postmaster-General or by any of his Assistants on the contractor for carrying in his coach more passengers than are allowed by the terms of the license.

Extra coaches must be supplied at all times, when required, without any charge.

Fines will be imposed by the Postmaster-General for all delays and irregularities.

The Government reserves to itself the right of rejecting, without question, any tender or any portion of a tender.

In case of repeated delays or irregularities the contract will be cancelled.

Further particulars can be obtained on application at the Postmaster-General's Office, Colombo.

F. W. VANE,
Acting Postmaster-General.

Postmaster-General's Office,
Colombo, June 30, 1898.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

WILL be sold by public auction at the Cask Warehouse, Customs, on Saturday, the 16th proximo, at 12 noon :—

129 barrels of cement, more or less damaged.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Store, Colonial Storekeeper.
Colombo, June 30, 1898.

Public Works Department Store, Mannar, on July 25 1898, at 2 P.M. :—

1 brignette mould	18 6 in. vertical moulds
1 clip	2 6 in. vertical core
2 perforated zinc sheets	44 platform and stands
9 9 in. 2-ft. mould	2 dozens pounders
1 9 in. angle mound	6 dozens wedges
1 9 in. angle core	4 6 in. angle mould
2 6 in. 2-ft. mould	3 6 in. angle core
2 6 in. junction blocks	

H. A. MARTIN,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, July 5, 1898.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles belonging to the Public Works Department will be sold by public auction at the

