

Ceylon Gobernment Gazette

Published by Authority.

No. 5.455-FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1897.

PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

PART II.-Legal and Judicial.

Part III.—Provincial Administration.
Part IV.—Marine and Mercantile.
Part V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

		P.	AGE	•	PAGE			
Minutes by the Governor	•••	•••		Miscellaneous Departmental Notices	44			
Proclamations by the Governor		•••	39	Notices calling for Tenders	56			
Appointments, &c., by the Governor		•••	41	Sales of Unserviceable Articles	54			
Government Notifications		•••	42	Registrar-General's Vital Statistics	Supplt.			
Revenue and Expenditure Returns		•••	\	Meteorological Returns	—			
Notices by the Currency Commissioners	•••	•••		Book registered under Ordinance 1 of 1885	—			
Important Notices received too late for Parts II. to V. are inserted at the end of this Part.								

PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

In the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. West Ridgeway, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

W HEREAS by "The Irrigation and Paddy Cultivation Ordinance, 1889," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, to declare certain districts irrigation districts:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, acting with the advice of Our Executive Council, do hereby declare the following district, to wit, Giruwa Pattu East, in the District of Hambantota, Southern Province, to be an irrigation district under the said Ordinance from and after the 31st day of January, 1897:

Given at Anurádhapura, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-seventh day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-seven.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary. In the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. West Ridgeway, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY,

WHEREAS by section 12 of Ordinance No. 16 of 1865 it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, by Proclamation in the Government Gazette, to declare that such of the provisions of the said Ordinance as to them may seem advisable shall come into operation at any place as shall appear to them to require the same, though there be no Police Force established therein:

And whereas no Police Force has been established in the town of Anurádhapura, in the North-Central Province, and it is expedient that the under-mentioned sections of the said Ordinance shall be brought into operation in the said town of Anurádhapura:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do hereby proclaim that sections 53, 54, 59, 61, 62, 69, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 90, 94, and 95 of the said Ordinance, shall come into operation in the said town of Anurádhapura, in the North-Central Province, as from and after the First day of February, 1897.

Given at Vavuniya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-second day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-seven.

By His Excellency's command,

E. Noel Walker, Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

In the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by section 2 of "The Small Tenements' Ordinance, 1882," it is enacted inter alia that the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, shall determine the towns which shall be brought within the operation of the said Ordinance:

And whereas it is expedient to bring the town of Jaffna, in the Northern Province, within the operation of the said Ordinance:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do by this Our Proclamation bring the above town of Jaffina, the limits of which are defined in the schedule hereto annexed, within the operation of the said Ordinance, from and after the 1st day of March, 1897.

Given at Vavuniya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-second day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-seven.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

SCHEDULE.

From the Fort by the shore of the lake westward to the limit between the villages of Vannarponnai west and Anaikkodai, along that limit to the Punnalai road, along that road to the 2nd milestone which stands at the southwest corner of the tract of fields called Pattiveli, along the western and northern boundary of those fields and along the boundary between the villages of Vannarponnai west and Kokkuvil to the Kankesanturai road, and along the boundary of Vannarponnai east and Kokkuvil to the shroff's extension road, along and to the north of Nariyankundu road and Paravaikkulam road to the Arasadi road, thence in like manner along the Kondaladivuvairavarkoil road to the Point Pedro road, along that road and Sattiriyar road and the boundary between the Jaffna division and the Valikamam east division to the Semmani road, near the western boundary of the salt pans, by that road to the Central road, by that westward to the north-west corner of the tract of fields called Madattadivayal, by the western boundary of those fields and of those called Putkulavayal to the western boundary of the cocoanut estate commonly called Mr. Price's cocoanut estate, along that boundary to the shores of the lake; and by the shores of the lake to the Fort.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

IS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. A. S. PAGDEN to be Additional Police Magistrate, Negombo, for February 3, 1897.

Mr. T. R. E. LOFTUS to be Assistant Superintendent of the Prison at Galle with effect from February 1, 1897.

Mr. A. MAILVAGANAM, of Copay, Jaffna, to be a Justice of the Peace for the District of Jaffna and to be an Unofficial Police Magistrate for the Judicial Division of Jaffna.

Mr. J. R. BARKLEY to be a Justice of the Peace for Koslanda, vice Mr. R. MORISON, who has left the district.

K. ABDUL RAHAMAN, Arachchi, Náwalapitiya, to be Inspector of Wells and Pits for the villages in the Arachchi-wasama of Náwalapitiya.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 28, 1897.

IIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Members of the Provincial Road Committee of the Province of Uva for the year 1897:—

Mr. George Kent Deaker.

Mr. A. T. RETTIE. Mr. A. C. CHAMBERLIN.

/H. E. DAMBAWINNE, Ratémahatmayá.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 23, 1897.

T is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected to serve as Members of the District Road Committee, Puttalam, for the remaining period of the term ending December 31, 1897, vice Messrs. J. A. WIJEYASINGHE and J. A DE SILVA, who have left the district:—

Mr. J. W. P. SENATHIRAJAH. Mr. L. B. MAHAGEDARA.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 28, 1897.

IIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. S. SITHAMPARAPILLAI, Head Clerk of the Kachchéri and Secretary of the District Court of Vavuniya, to be Registrar of Lands of that station, with effect from the 22nd ultimo, in addition to his own duties, vice Mr. K. TILLAIAMPALAM, promoted.

Mr. J. KOERTZ, Justice of the Peace and Crown Proctor, Negombo, to act as Registrar of Lands, Negombo, for six days commencing from the 8th proximo, during the absence of SMr. JAYASURIYA on leave.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 25, 1897.

IIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. MICHAEL SEBASTIAN FERNANDO to act as Registrar of Marriages (Kandyan and General), Births, and Deaths of the District of Kégalla, for one month and twenty days from February 1, 1897, during the employment of Mr. W. R. DE SILVA on other duty, or until further orders. His office will be at the Kégalla Kachchéri.

DON NORIS JAYAWARDANA to be, provisionally, Registrar of Marriages, Births, and Deaths of Paiyágala and Maggona Division, in the District of Kalutara, with effect from February 1, 1897, vice D. J. RANASINHA, retired. His office will be at Dunwatta in Paiyágala.

UNUSU LEBBE ABUBAKKAR LEBBE to act as Registrar of Marriages, Births, and Deaths of Welipenna in Pasdun kóralé, in the District of Kalutara, for seventeen weeks and one day, with effect from February 1, 1897, during the absence of the Registrar, RASAM MARKAR IBRAHIM LEBBE, on leave. His office will be at Penidodangahawatta in Welipenna.

LIYANA ARACHCHILLÁGE KALUHAMI to be, provisionally, Registrar of Marriages (Kandyan and General), Births, and Deaths of Udawapaláta in Lower Bulatgama, in the District of Kégalla, with effect from February 1, 1897, vice HERAT-MUDIYANSELÁGE MUDIYANSE, promoted. His office will be at Dúwawetiyéhéna in Wégalla.

DANIEL MIGEL PERERA to act as Registrar of Marriages, Births, and Deaths of Weligama, in the Matara District, for eight days from February 7, 1897, during the absence of the Registrar, SAMUEL MIGEL PERERA, on leave. His office will be at Palliyegodella in Weligama.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 28, 1897.

II IS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the following persons to be Assessors, under section 5 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866, for the town of Chilaw for the year 1897:—

Mr. J. M. FERNANDO. Mr. A. PULLENAYAGAM.

Mr. M. J. FERNANDO.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 29, 1897.

A 1*

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

T is hereby notified that the Local Board of Health of the town of Puttalam has, with the sanction of His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, in terms of section 27 of "The Local Board of Health and Improvement Ordinance, 1876," made and assessed for the year 1897 a rate of two and a half per cent. on the annual value of all houses and buildings of every description, and all lands and tenements whatsoever within the said town of Puttalam, save such as are by the said section of the said Ordinance exempted from the payment of such rate.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 27, 1897. E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

THE following quarantine regulations are published for general information.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 25, 1897. E. NOEL WALKER. Colonial Secretary.

REGULATIONS made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, in pursuance of the provisions in that behalf contained in the 10th section of the Ordinance No. 8 of 1866, intituled "An Ordinance to prevent the spread of Contagious Diseases in this Island," and in pursuance of the Ordinance No. 23 of 1884.

The regulations made under the said Ordinance No. 8 of 1866, and published under dates respectively May 6, 1873, August 3, 1876, September 9, 1876, January 26, 1877, February 10, 1877, February 2, 1888, and July 21, 1896, are hereby severally repealed, except so far as the same or any

of them repeal any previous regulations.

2. The master or other person in charge of any vessel entering or about to enter any port of this Island, in which vessel any case of cholera, yellow fever, Asiatic plague, smallpox, or other disease, dangerous to the public health may have occurred within a period of ten days previous to the date of the arrival of such vessel, shall notify this fact by hoisting a signal, which signal shall be in the day time a yellow flag at the fore, and in the night time two lighted lanterns, one over the other, at the same masthead; and such master or other person as aforesaid shall not take up anchoring ground within the said port without having obtained the previous sanction of the Master Attendant or other officer in charge of the port, nor without such leave shall he hold any communication with the shore

or with any shipping within the said port.

3. It shall be the duty of the health officer, or medical officer nominated by the Governor, to proceed without delay on board any vessel entering or about to enter any of the ports aforesaid, in which vessel any case of cholera, yellow fever, Asiatic plague, smallpox, or other disease dangerous to the general health shall have occurred within ten days previous to the date of the arrival of such vessel as aforesaid, and such health officer or other medical officer as aforesaid shall inspect the crew and passengers of such vessel, and make careful inquiry as to the nature of the diseases then existing on board thereof, and make a report thereon to the Master Attendant or other officer in charge of the

said port.

Whenever cholera, yellow fever, Asiatic plague, smallpox, or other disease dangerous to the general health shall be actually prevailing amongst any of the crew or passengers of any vessel as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the health officer or the medical officer of the port to report the state of the facts to the Master Attendant or other officer in charge of the port. Thereupon the Master Attendant or other officer in charge of the port shall, if so required by the said medical officer, place the vessel in quarantine, and shall require the master or other person in charge of such vessel as aforesaid to take the said vessel out to sea for a period of ten days, or to anchor at any place to be appointed for that purpose for a period of ten days, or until the said medical officer of the port

reports that she may be released.

5. Every vessel entering or about to enter any port of this Island shall, if cholera, yellow tever, Asiatic plague, smallpox, or other disease dangerous to the public health has been prevalent in or about any port which she may have left within the ten days immediately preceding her arrival here, whether such port be within or without this Island, and no such disease shall have appeared on board, be subjected to a quarantine for such period not exceeding ten days as the health officer or the medical officer of the port of arrival shall deem advisable. The master or other person in charge of such vessel shall notify the fact of his having last sailed from an infected port by hoisting signals as in regulation 1 of the Regulations of February 2, 1888, provided with reference to vessels on board of which disease has appeared; and the rules in the same regulation contained as to anchoring or holding communication with the shore shall apply to the case of vessels coming under this regulation.

It shall not be lawful for any person not duly authorized thereto by a written permit from the health officer or medical officer of the port to go on board of any vessel placed in quarantine while the signals provided for in clause 2 are being exhibited; nor shall any person leave such ship unless for the purposes set forth under clause 8, or until such vessel shall have been duly released

from quarantine.

7. It shall not be lawful for any boat, canoe, barge, lighter, or other means of conveyance used for passengers or goods, licensed or unlicensed, to go alongside of, or be attached to, any vessel placed in quarantine under these regulations, unless such boat, canoe, barge, lighter, or other means of conveyance used for passengers or goods should have received written permission to do so (under any restrictions deemed necessary to be exercised for the preservation of quarantine) by the health

officer or medical officer of the port.

8. It shall be lawful for the health officer or the medical officer of the port into which any vessel subject to quarantine shall enter, to allow the passengers to land before the expiration of the quarantine, and to require such passengers to perform their quarantine on shore in such place as

such officer shall determine.

9. All persons on board any vessel in quarantine are hereby prohibited from communicating with the shore beyond the limits of any place which may be set apart for performing quarantine on shore, or with any vessel in the roadstead or port or vicinity thereof, except with the permission of the health officer or medical officer of the port; and all persons are hereby prohibited from going on board any vessel in quarantine except with such permission as aforesaid. And all persons required to perform quarantine in any place on shore are hereby prohibited during such quarantine from leaving such place or communicating with any person beyond or outside such place without such place or design aforesaid. permission aforesaid. And all persons not in quarantine are hereby prohibited from communicating

with any persons in quarantine on shore, except with such permission as aforesaid.

10. It shall be lawful for every officer duly authorized by the Government in that behalf, to appoint a sufficient number of subordinates for the purpose of enforcing any of these rules in respect of any vessel liable to quarantine, at the expense of the owners of such vessel; and the master or other person in charge of such vessel shall pay the subordinates so appointed and defray all expenses incurred in pursuance of this rule. It shall be the duty of the officer in charge of the Custom-house

to refuse port clearance to such vessel until all such demands be discharged.

11. It shall be lawful for every officer duly appointed as aforesaid, with the sanction of Government, to appoint as many places for performing quarantine on shore as may be required, and to provide accommodation at such places for passengers on board any vessel liable to quarantine, at certain fixed fees to be determined from time to time by the Government, which fees shall be payable by the master or other person in charge of such vessel. No person shall be permitted to leave the places so appointed within ten days from the date of the last case of the disease for which quarantine was enforced, unless with the previous sanction of the said officer duly authorized as

12. It shall not be lawful for the master or other person in charge of any vessel coming under the conditions specified in clauses 2, 4, and 5 hereinbefore preceding to communicate with, or to land any person or persons or goods, in any part of the coast of this Island not being a duly proclaimed port.

13. Any of the duties and powers vested by these regulations in the health officer or the medical officer of the port may be performed and exercised by any person duly authorized by the

Governor in that behalf.

14. Disobedience to any of the above regulations will subject the offender, and all persons

aiding and abetting him, to a prosecution under section 11 of Ordinance No. 8 of 1866.

15. His Excellency the Governor nominates the following medical officers to carry out these regulations, and these officers have authority to nominate health officers to act for them in the minor

For all the ports in the Island ... The Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dr. J. L. Vanderstraaten, Colonial Surgeon. Mr. H. A. Keegel, Port Surgeon. For the ports in the Western Province For the port of Colombo Mr. H. A. Reegel, Fort Surgeon.
Dr. John Attygalla, Colonial Surgeon.
Dr. Joseph Carbery, Port Surgeon.
Mr. E. de Livera, Senior Medical Officer, Eastern Province.
Mr. E. Hallock, Assistant Colonial Surgeon.
Mr. H. Thombill Senior Medical Officer of the Northern For all the ports in the Southern Province For the port of Galle ... For the Eastern Province ••• For the port of Trincomalee ... For the ports in the Northern Province Mr. H. Thornhill, Senior Medical Officer of the Northern Province. For the ports in the North-Western Province Dr. E. Gratiaen, Colonial Surgeon.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

THE ENGLISH UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIP.

NE Scholarship of the value of £150, tenable for four years, will be awarded by the Government of Ceylon on the results of a special examination, to be conducted by the Oxford and Cambridge School Examination Board, and which will be held in the Office of the Director of Public Instruction in May, 1897.

No condidate will be admitted to this examination who has not been resident in the Unland for the five years.

No candidate will be admitted to this examination who has not been resident in the 'Island for the five years next before the examination, or who was born on or before the 1st day of May, 1877, or who has not previously passed the "London Matriculation Examination" or the "Cambridge Senior Local Examination" with honours, or the "First in Arts Examination" of the Calculate University in the first division.

The subjects for the examination are as follows:-

(1) Shakespeare's "Hamlet," "King John," and "Merchant of Venice."
(2) Milton's "Comus," "Il Penseroso," "L'Allegro," and "Lycidas;" and "Bacon's Essays (1-30)."

N.B.—The papers on these subjects will contain questions on the History of English Literature during the years 1580-1620.

- (3) English History: Outline questions on the general history, and questions on the special period 1485-1559.
- (4) The English Language: Questions on English grammar and idiom, and such questions on the philology and history of the language as can be answered without a special knowledge of Anglo-Saxon.

(5) English Essay.

Classics.

(1) Latin: Passages for translation into English.(2) Latin Prose.

(3) Greek: Passages for translation into English.

4) Latin and Greek Grammar (including questions on syntax and critical questions). (5) The General History of Greece down to 323 B.C., and of Rome down to 27 B.C.

The fee payable by each candidate will be notified subsequently.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction. Colombo, January 25, 1897.

J. B. CULL, Director.

Gilchrist Educational Trust.

Trustees.

RICHARD LEIGH HOLLAND, ESQ. (Chairman). RT. HON. SIR LYON PLAYFAIR, K.C.B., M.P., L.L.D., F.R.S. RT. HON. SIR UGHTRED JAMES KAY-SHUTTLEWORTH, BART., M.P.

THE HON. ALFRED LYTTELTON, M.A.

PROFESSOR JAMES STUART, M.A., M.P.

Secretary.

R. D. ROBERTS, M.A. (Camb.), D.S.C. (Lond.).

[All communications to be addressed to the Secretary of the Gilchrist Educational Trust, 4, The Sanctuary, Westminster, London, S.W.]

Rules and Conditions relating to Scholarships instituted by the Gilchrist Educational Trust for the benefit of Natives of Ceylon.

- A Scholarship of the value of £150 per annum, and tenable for three years, will be awarded every third year (the next award to be made in 1898 on the result of the examination to be held in December, 1897) to a Candidate born in Ceylon, who shall become eligible by Competitive Examination, and shall be desirous of prosecuting a course of Technical Study in the United Kingdom with a view to obtaining a degree or diploma in Civil Engineering in a University College or Institution in the United Kingdom under the following conditions: University, College, or Institution in the United Kingdom, under the following conditions:-
 - 1. Of the parents of each Candidate, one, at least, shall not be of pure European descent.

2. Every Candidate must furnish proof satisfactory to the Local Authorities-

(i.) That he has completed his sixteenth year, and that his age does not exceed twenty-two years.(ii.) That he has a competent knowledge of the English language.

- (iii.) And that in regard to personal character and social position he is qualified to hold the Scholarship if
- (iv.) He must also produce a Medical Certificate of his fitness to undergo the course of life and study to be followed in Europe.

3. Candidates approved by the Local Authorities shall present themselves at the Senior Local Examination of the University of Cambridge, which will be held on such days as may be appointed in each year in Colombo, Kandy, Galle, and Jaffna, and in other places if it be required and found expedient.
4. Candidates for the Gilchrist Scholarship shall be required to satisfy the Examiners in Part I. of the Cam-

bridge Senior Local Examination and in the sections of Part II. specified below (for further particulars see the regulations for the Local Examinations of the University of Cambridge):—

*PART I. Preliminary.

The principles and practice of Arithmetic.

PART II.*

Section B. (English Composition, English Grammar, English Literature, History, Geography, &c.)

C. (Greek or Latin) or D. (French or German). E. (Mathematics, Pure and Applied.) F. (Chemistry, Physics, Zoology, Botany, Physical Geography.)

"F. (Chemistry, Physics, Zoology, Botany, Physical Geography.)

5. The Scholarship shall be awarded to the Candidate who obtains the highest aggregate of marks in Section E and in Section F (excluding Zoology, Botany, and Physical Geography), provided he obtains the mark of distinction in one of the two sections. The Scholarship shall not be held along with any other Scholarship from Ceylon tenable in Europe. The Candidate will be required to pursue his studies (with a view to a thorough Engineering training) in some established Institution in the United Kingdom for Technical† Instruction, approved by the Gilchrist Trustees, with a view to passing the examinations necessary for obtaining a definite degree or a diploma or license in Engineering or in such other branch of knowledge as may fit him for the higher departments of Public Works or Survey.

6. The successful Candidate will be expected to arrive in London, and to present himself to the Secretary of the Gilchrist Trust, not later than the First week in the October following his appointment. He should be provided with a certificate of identity from the Head of the Educational Department or from the Principal of his College. He will then be required to declare his future course of study and to enter himself at the Institution which may be selected; and he will be expected to continue at such Institution and to pursue such course of study for a period of three years, unless excused by special permission of the Trustees, or prevented by ill-health.

unless excused by special permission of the Trustees, or prevented by ill-health.

7. The Scholarship shall be considered as commencing from the First of July following the award of the Examiners, and shall be payable in quarterly instalments on the First days of October, January, April, and July; the first payment to be made on the First of October following the award, provided the Scholar shall attend the Lectures applicable to his Course at the Institution in which he studies, and shall transmit to the Secretary of the Gilchrist Trust, at the conclusion of each term, a statement of his progress and a certificate from the Principal of the Institution stating that his diligence and conduct have been satisfactory. Should he not be able to produce such a certificate, or should he be found guilty of discreditable conduct elsewhere, he shall be considered to have forfeited his claim to the

remaining instalments of his Scholarship.

8 Should the Government pay the expenses of the Scholar to England, the Gilchrist Educational Trust will provide for his return passage, at a cost not exceeding £50, provided that he fulfils in all respects the conditions of the Scholarship, and has obtained the degree, license, or diploma; but the Scholar will not be entitled to any difference

between the actual cost of the passage and the amount above-named.

9. The foregoing scheme shall be subject to revision from time to time; the Trustees reserving to themselves the power of altering the conditions of the Scholarship or of altogether withdrawing it, if they deem it expedient to do either. But no change will be made in such a manner as to affect the interests of Scholars already appointed, or in any case without twelve month's notice.

CAMBRIDGE LOCAL EXAMINATIONS, 1897.

N Examination of Senior and Junior Candidates, in accordance with the Regulations of the Revised Code, will be held at Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Jaffna, and Batticaloa on December 11, 1897, and following days.

Forms of entry duly filled up should be sent to the Director of Public Instruction not later than August 6, together with the following fees, which may be paid as follows:

(1) A Bank draft or Post Office order on England payable to Dr. J. N. Keynes, crossed "Mortlock & Co.," at the rate of £1 for each candidate, as the Cambridge fee. (2) A Post Office order (not Postal order) or Bank draft in my favour at the rate of Rs. 2:50 for each

candidate, as the local expenses fee.

N.B. - Forms of entry will be accepted from August 7 to August 17 inclusive on payment of an extra fee of

Forms of entry may be had from the Director. It is requested that Managers will only apply for such number of forms as they actually require, and that they will not encourage any student to enter as a candidate unless they are satisfied that he has a fair chance of passing the examination.

Religious knowledge, as a subject of examination, is not necessary for Colonial students, and no grant or award under the Revised Code will be made directly or indirectly dependent on marks gained for religious knowledge.

Certificates of the registration of candidates' birth (not affidavits) must in every case accompany the forms

No fees can be returned. If notice of withdrawal be sent to the Local Secretary more than sixteen days before the commencement of the examination, a voucher will be sent, which will enable the student to enter in another year without further fee to the University, subject to the usual conditions of age. The student must apply for a fresh form of entry on or before August 7 next.

N.B.—The Mathematical Prize will be awarded on the results of the Cambridge Senior Local Examination of December, 1897, to the candidate, under 19 years of age, who passes the best examination in Mathematics.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction, Colombo, January 25, 1897.

J. B. CULL, Director.

EXAMINATION OF JUNIOR STUDENTS.

* * In mentioning certain editions of the subjects selected for Examination, the Syndicate have no desire to exclude from use other editions which now exist or may hereafter be prepared.

[N.B.—No student can take two papers set at the same time in the Time Table.]

No one born before December 15, 1881, can be admitted as a Junior Student under the ordinary conditions. Those born on any of the days from December 15, 1879, to December 14, 1881, both inclusive, can be admitted to the Examination for Junior Students under the condition printed in italics on page 49.

These dates being determined by a Grace of the Senate, no application for a relaxation can be considered.

^{*} Candidates must make their selection of sections and subjects in accordance with the conditions laid down by the Syndicate

Under this term Forestry and Agriculture are included. † Persons who desire to pass the examination in order to be exempted from any preliminary examination for which the local examinations are accepted as a substitute or for any professional or business purpose can be admitted above the age of 18, but they will neither be placed in the class list nor receive the usual certificate. The Syndicate will inform the General Medical Council or other authorities of the success of such students.

PART I .- COMPULSORY.

Every student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in (1) Writing from dictation; (2) Arithmetic.

PART II.

The examination will comprise the subjects mentioned in the following thirteen sections. Students will be required to satisfy the Examiners in at least two of the ten sections 1-10; if sections 1 and 2 are the two sections, the student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in three of the subjects included in the latter section; and if section 8 is one of the two sections, the other must be one of the five sections 3-7. A student who barely satisfies the Examiners in the minimum number of sections required may be rejected on the ground of general weakness. No student may enter for more than six of the sections 1-10, or for more than seven sections altogether. Section 1 must be taken by all students, unless their parents or guardians object to their examination in that section.

A certain number of marks will be assigned to Handwriting. Composition will be taken into account.

Section 1.—Religious Knowledge:

Questions will be set on (a) *II. Samuel v—end and *I. Kings i—xi; (b) the Gospel of *St. Mark, credit being given for a satisfactory knowledge of the original Greek; (c) the *Acts of the Apostles, i—xii; (d) The Church

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in (b), and in one of the subjects (a), (c), (d), to each of which the same credit is given. No student will be examined in more than one of the subjects (a), (c), (d). Credit will be given for knowledge of the Revised Version. Students who barely satisfy the Examiners in each of two subjects may be rejected in the section on the ground of general weakness.

(a) English Grammar, including parsing and the analysis of sentences. Candidates will be required to write a short English Essay

(b) Outlines of the History of England, from A.D. 1509 to A.D. 1688. Or (c) Outlines of Roman History from

B.C. 510 to B.C. 266.

B.C. 510 to B.C. 266.

(d) The Physical, Political, and Commercial Geography of Great Britain and Ireland, North America, and the British Colonies, and Protectorates in Africa. An outline map will be given to be filled up by inserting and naming the chief ranges of mountains, the chief towns, the chief lakes and rivers, and the political divisions, and by naming the chief features of the coast line of some part of these portions of the world. Questions will also be set requiring a general knowledge of Geography. (Medal, see p. 50.)

(e) †Shakespeare, The Tempest, or (f) † Milton, Samson Agonistes, or (g) † Scott, The Lady of the Lake, with paraphrasing and simple questions on the language and subject matter.

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in two of the subjects; to obtain the mark of distinction, in three. No one may enter for both (b) and (c), or for more than one of the three (e), (f), (g). Students who barely satisfy the Examiners in each of two subjects may be rejected in the section on the ground of general weakness.

Section 3.—Latin (see notes A, B below): Papers will be set containing passages from †Virgil Eneid XII, and from †Cæsar de Bello Gallico I., for translation into English. No student can take both these subjects.

Section 4.—Greek (see note A below): Papers will be set containing passages from *Xenophon, Anabasis II., and from †Euripides, Hercules Furens (omitting lines 107–139, 348–450, 637–700, 735–821, 875–921, 1016–1085), for

and from † Euripides, Hercules Furens (omitting lines 107-159, 548-450, 057-700, 755-821, 875-821, 1010-1000), for translation into English. No student can take both these subjects.

Section 5.—French (see notes A, B, C below): Passages will be given for translation into English from † About, Le Roi des Montagnes, chapters 1—5, and from † Molière, L'Avarc. No student can take both these subjects.

Section 6.—German (see notes A, B, C below): Passages will be given for translation into English from † Twenty Stories from Grimm (omitting Aschenputtel and Der goldene Vogel), and from † Schiller, Wilhelm Tell. No student can take both these subjects. In writing German in the examination students are advised to use the English character, but the use of the German character is not forbidden.

Section 7.—SPANISH (see notes A, B, C below): Passages will be given for translation into English from Galdos, Trafalgar (Episodios Nacionales), chapters 9-15.

A.—In the examination in Latin, Greek, French, German, and Spanish: (1) Questions will be set on grammar and parsing. Questions may also be set on historical and geographical allusions and on the metre of verse subjects.

Without a fair browledge of Accidence a student cannot note. and parsing. Questions may also be set on historical and geographical allusions and on the metre of verse subjects. Without a fair knowledge of Accidence, a student cannot pass. (2) One or more easy passages not contained in the books named will be set for translation into English, a vocabulary of the less familiar words being given. Students are required to satisfy the Examiners in this part of the paper; but in cases of failure the translation of the unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty may be taken into account. (3) One or more passages of ordinary difficulty not contained in the books named will be set for translation into English. In order to obtain the mark of distinction students will be expected to do fairly well in this part of the paper.

B.—In the examination in Latin, French, German, and Spanish: One or more passages will be set for translation from English into the language. A student cannot obtain the mark of distinction in the language without satisfying the Examiners in this part of the paper.

the Examiners in this part of the paper.

C.—In the examination in French, German, and Spanish: Alternative questions will be provided for students

C.—In the examination in French, German, and Spanish: Alternative questions will be provided for students who prefer to be examined in the language generally and not in any set book.

Section 8. Welsh.—The paper will consist of (1) passages for translation into English from Cymru Fu, Part III. (published separately by Hughes and Son, Wrexham), pp. 255 to 399 (omitting Arwyddion Angau, Rhys Grythor, and the poetical pieces), together with questions on the language and subject-matter of the book; (2) questions on Welsh Grammar; (3) one or more passages of ordinary difficulty not contained in the book named for translation into English, and one or more passages of ordinary difficulty for translation from English into Welsh. Candidates will be required to satisfy the Examiners in each part of the paper.

Section 9. Mathematics: (a) Euclid.—Candidates will be required to satisfy the Examiners in Euclid, Books i. and ii. Questions will also be set on Euclid, Books iii., iv., and vi. Two and a half hours will be allotted to the paper, which will consist of two parts: the first part will contain bookwork questions only, and the answers to this part will be collected at the end of the first hour and a half; the second part will contain easy geometrical exercises.

Proofs other than Euclid's will be admitted, but a knowledge of Euclid's axioms will be required, and no proof of any proposition will be accepted which requires the assumption of anything not assumed by Euclid or proved in

preceding propositions in Euclid.

(b) Algebra.—Candidates will be required to satisfy the Examiners in definitions and explanations of algebraical signs and terms; addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of algebraical quantities; theory of indices with integral expresses. indices with integral exponents; greatest common measure and least common multiple; extraction of the square root;

the solution of easy equations of the first degree and questions producing such equations, and the solution of easy quadratic equations involving one unknown quantity. Questions will also be set on quadratic equations, the elementary rules of ratio and proportion, arithmetical and geometrical progressions, permutations, combinations, and

the binomial theorem with positive integral exponents.

(c) PLANE TRIGONOMETRY, including the solution of triangles and the use of logarithms.

(d) ELEMENTARY MECHANICS.—Questions will be set on the composition and resolution of forces acting in one plane at a point, parallel forces, the mechanical powers, the properties of the centre of gravity, uniform and uniformly accelerated motion in a straight line.

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in Euclid and in Algebra. Euclid and Algebra, if

done well enough, are sufficient for the mark of distinction.

Section 10.—NATURAL SCIENCE:

I. (a). ELEMENTARY EXPERIMENTAL SCIENCE. *-Students will be expected to show that they have acquired I. (a). ELEMENTARY EXPERIMENTAL SCIENCE. Students will be expected to show that they have acquired a practical acquaintance with the elements of physical and chemical measurement, and with the properties of common substances as ascertained by simple experiments. Three papers will be set: the first paper will be on measurement, fluid pressure, temperature, and the study of simple chemical changes; the second paper on the simpler laws of Statics and Dynamics illustrated by graphical constructions and by experiments; and the third paper will deal with practical work. All candidates entering for the subject must take Paper I. and Paper III. (the practical examination); they cannot gain the mark of distinction without also taking Paper II. A more detailed syllabus can be obtained on application to the General Secretary.

I. (b). Chemistry.—Students will be expected to show an elementary knowledge of the non-metallic elements and their compounds, and of the chemistry of the metals so far only as this is necessary for the preparation of the non-metallic elements and their compounds or for the illustration of their properties. No knowledge of carbon-compounds will be expected beyond the oxides of carbon, the carbonates, marsh gas, and olefiant gas. Questions may be set which involve easy calculations.

be set which involve easy calculations.

be set which involve easy calculations.

I. (c). ZOOLOGY.—Questions of an elementary nature will be set upon the following groups: Protozoa, Coelenterata, Annelida, Arthropoda, Mollusca, Echinodermata, Pisces, Amphibia, Reptilia, Aves, Mammalia.

Candidates will also be required to show an acquaintance with the external features and habits of the more familiar examples of these groups. Specimens will be provided for description, and special weight will be given to this part of the examination. Students should bring a pocket lens.

I. (d). Botany.—Elementary questions will be set upon the general morphology, physiology, and classification of plants, including (i.) the external forms of plants and the relation of the parts of plants to one another and to the plant as a whole; (ii.) the absorption of food materials, and the various processes which are involved in the life functions of plants; (iii.) the elementary facts of plant structure so far as they are necessary to render intelligible the principles of vegetable physiology; (iv.) the outlines of the classification of the Plant Kingdom, and the classification of Flowering plants, with special reference to the following Natural Orders: Ranunculaceæ, Papaveraceæ, Cruciferæ, Malvaceæ, Caryophyllaceæ, Leguminosæ, Rosaceæ, Umbelliferæ, Compositæ, Primulaceæ, Boragineæ, Scrophulariaceæ, Labiatæ, Liliaceæ, Amaryllideæ, Iridaceæ, Orchidaceæ. Specimens (not necessarily confined to the Natural Orders specified above) will be provided for description, and special weight will be given to this part of the examination; arrangements will be made for Colonial centres. Students should bring a pocket lens and a dissecting needle.

I. (e). Physiology and of the structure and functions of the organs and tissues concerned with the following processes: Muscular Movement, Circulation, Respiration, Digestion, Nutrition, and Excretion; and a rudimentary

processes: Muscular Movement, Circulation, Respiration, Digestion, Nutrition, and Excretion; and a rudimentary acquaintance with the structure and functions of the Nervous System and of the organs of the Special Senses; (ii.)

acquaintance with the structure and functions of the Nervous System and of the organs of the Special Senses; (ii.) an elementary acquaintance with the laws of Health depending directly on the above specified physiological processes. The knowledge required for (i.) may be obtained from Foster's Primer of Physiology with Foster and Shore's Physiology for Beginners, or from similar elementary books; for (ii.) from Reynolds' Primer of Hygiene.

II. (a). Practical Chemistry.—Students will be required to test for single elements, and for carbonates, nitrates, sulphates, chlorides, oxides, and sulphides. In this part of the examination credit will be given for good observations precisely recorded; and for well-drawn inferences from them, even when the candidates are unable to make a complete analysis. Students may also be required to observe directly the effects of heat and reagents upon substances without ascertaining the composition of the substances. A list of apparatus and chemicals will be sent on application to the General Secretary. Practical Chemistry may be taken either on Friday or on Saturday.

II. (b). The Elements of Statics, Dynamics, and Hydrostatics, as illustrated by simple experiments or common observations.

common observations.

II. (c). THE EXPERIMENTAL LAWS OF HEAT.

II (d). ELEMENTARY PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.—(Medal, see p. 50.)

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in one of the subjects marked I. or in two of

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in one of the subjects marked I. or in two of those marked II.; they may enter for not more than three subjects, one of those marked I. and two of those marked II. Students taking I. (a) may not take any of the other subjects in the section.

Section 11. (a) Shorthand.—The students will take down passages read aloud, and will afterwards transcribe them. Passages will be dictated at the rates of fifty words and eighty words per minute. (Medal, see p. 50.) (b) Bookkeeping and Commercial Arithmetic. Questions will be set on Bookkeeping by double entry, and also on compound addition, the principal foreign currencies, interest and discount, stocks and exchange. For the answers in Bookkeeping, ruled forms will be provided for the Candidates. To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in one at least of the subjects (a), (b).

Section 12. (a) Freehand Drawing, (b) Model Drawing, (c) Geometrical Drawing, (d) Linear Perspective.—To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in two of these four subjects; no student will be examined in more than three of the four.

will be examined in more than three of the four.

Section 13. Music.—Questions will be set on Notation; on Scales, Clefs, Keys, Intervals, Time; on the Marks and Terms generally employed in Music; on Cadences. Exercises will be set, in not more than four parts, on Triads and their Inversions, in which the highest or the lowest part or both will be given. Music may be taken either on Friday or on Saturday.

EXAMINATION OF SENIOR STUDENTS.

[N.B.--No student can take two papers set at the same time in the Time Table.]

No one born before December 15, 1878, can be admitted as a Senior Student under the ordinary conditions. Those born before December 15, 1878, can be admitted to the examination for Senior Students under the condition printed in italics on page 49.

This subject can be taken at those centres only at which a suitable laboratory and apparatus can be provided for the practical examination.

PART I.-COMPULSORY.

Every student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in the principles and practice of Arithmetic.

PART II.

The examination will comprise the subjects mentioned in the following eleven sections. Every student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in at least three of the nine sections A—K, or in two of the sections A—K, together with either L or M. A student who barely satisfies the Examiners in the minimum number of sections required may be rejected on the ground of general weakness. No student may enter for more than seven of the eleven sections. Section A must be taken by all students, unless their parents or guardians object to their examination in that section.

Section A.—Religious Knowledge:

The examination will consist of questions on (a) *II. Samuel v—end and *I. Kings i—xi; (b) the Gospel of *St Mark, credit being given for a satisfactory knowledge of the original Greek; (c) *II. Corinthians; (d) the Offices for Holy Communion, Baptism, and Confirmation in the Book of Common Prayer: especial attention must be paid to the Apostles' Creed.

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in (b), and in one of the subjects (a), (c), (d), to each of which the same credit is given. No student will be examined in more than one of the three subjects (a), (c), (d). Credit will be given for a knowledge of the Revised Version. Students who barely satisfy the Examiners in each of two subjects may be rejected in the section on the ground of general weakness.

Section B-(a) English Composition.

Section B—(a) English Composition.

(b) English Grammar, including parsing and the analysis of sentences. Candidates will be expected to show some knowledge of the history of the English language.

(c) History of England, from the Accession of James I. to the Accession of William III. Questions will also be set on the outlines of the history of England from the Norman Conquest to the Accession of Queen Victoria. Or (d) Greek History, from B.C. 510 to B.C. 477; some general questions will also be set on the history of Greece, from B.C. 510 to B.C. 429. Or (e) Roman History, from B.C. 451 to B.C. 367; some general questions will also be set on the history of Rome, from B.C. 510 to B.C. 266.

(f) Physical, Political, and Commercial Geography of Great Britain and Ireland, North America, and the British Colonies, and Protectorates in Africa, with some general questions on Geography. (Medal, see page 50.)

(g) †Shukespeare, The Tempest, or (h) †Milton, Samson Agonistes, with paraphrasing and questions on the language and subject-matter.

(k) The elements of Political Economy. Or (l) The elements of Logic

(k) The elements of Political Economy. Or (l) The elements of Logic.

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in (a) and at least two other subjects; they may not take more than one of the three (c), (d), (e), or of the two (g), (h), or of the two (k), (l). Students who barely satisfy the Examiners in each of two subjects in addition to English Composition may be rejected in the section on the ground of general weakness.

Section C.—Latin (see notes A, B below): Passages will be given for translation into English from † Virgil, Æneid XII.; † Horace Odes I.; † Cæsar de Bello Civili I., † Cicero, Pro Murena. Students must select one verse and one prose subject from these four.

Section D.—GREEK (see note A): Passages will be given for translation into English from **Euripides, Hercules Furens; †Homer, Odyssey X.; Thucydides I. (24—end); †Herodotus VIII. (1—90). Students must select one verse and one prose subject from these four.

Section E.—French (see notes A, B, C): Passages will be given for translation into English from $\dagger About$ Le Roi des Montagnes, and from $\dagger Molière$, L'Avare.

Section F.—German (see notes A, B, C): Passages will be given for translation into English from † Goethe's Boyhood, and from *Schiller, Wilhelm Tell. In writing German in the Examination, students are advised to use the English character, but the use of the German character is not forbidden.

Section G.—Spanish (see notes A, B, C): Passages will be given for translation into English from Galdos Trafalgar (Episodios Nacionales), and from Samaniego, Fábulas en Verso Castellano.

A.—In the examination in Latin, Greek, French, German, and Spanish: (1) Questions will be set on the lauguage and subject-matter. Questions may also be set upon the metre of verse subjects. Without a fair knowledge of Grammar a student cannot pass. (2) One or more easy passages not contained in the books named will be set for translation into English, a vocabulary of the less familiar words being given. Students are required to satisfy the Examiners in this part of the paper; but in cases of failure the translation of the unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty will be taken into account. (3) One or more passages of ordinary difficulty not contained in the books named will be set for translation into English. In order to obtain the mark of distinction students will be expected

to do fairly well in this part of the paper.

B.—In the examination in Latin, French, German, and Spanish: One or more passages will be set for translation from English into the language. A student cannot obtain the mark of distinction in the language without satisfying

the Examiners in this part of the paper.

C.—In the examination in French, German, and Spanish: Alternative questions will be provided for students who prefer to be examined in the language generally and not in any set book.

Section H.—Every student who is examined in this section will be required to satisfy the Examiners in Plane Geometry, viz., Euclid, Books i., ii., iii., iv., vi., and xi. to Prop. 21 inclusive, and in Algebra, viz., the solution of simple

Geometry, viz., Euclid, Books i., ii., iii., iv., vi., and xi. to Prop. 21 inclusive, and in Algebra, viz., the solution of simple and quadratic equations and of problems producing such equations, the elementary rules of ratio and proportion, arithmetical, geometrical, and harmonical progressions, permutations, combinations, the binomial theorem, and the theory of logarithms. Proofs other than Euclid's will be admitted, but a knowledge of Euclid's axioms will be required, and no proof of any proposition will be accepted which requires the assumption of anything not assumed by Euclid or proved in preceding propositions in Euclid. Euclid and Algebra, if done well enough, are sufficient for the mark of distinction.

Questions will also be set in the following subjects: (1) Plane Trigonometry, inclusive of the use of the Exponential Theorem, De Moiver's Theorem, and the expansions of sin \theta and cos \theta in power of \theta; the paper will also contain some easy questions on the more advanced parts of Algebra. (2) Conic Sections, treated both geometrically and by easy analytical geometry. Applied Mathematics, including Elementary Statics, viz., the fundamental ideas of mass weight and density, the equilibrium of forces acting in one plane, the properties of the centre of gravity, the laws of friction, the mechanical powers, and the principle of virtual work; Elementary Dymamics, viz., the laws of motion and simple applications of them, uniform and uniformly accelerated motion in a straight line, the laws of

falling bodies, projectiles, Atwood's machine, and the principle of work with elementary applications of it; and the ELEMENTARY PARTS OF ASTRONOMY, so far as they are necessary for the general explanation of the more simple phenomena depending on the positions and motions of the bodies forming the solar system.

Section K. NATURAL SCIENCE:

Section K. NATURAL SCIENCE:

I. (a). The general principles of Chemical Science, and the facts which illustrate them. The questions will relate to such compounds and reactions as are typical or characteristic. The questions on Organic Chemistry will be limited to cyanogen and the principal cyanides, paraffins, alcohols and ethers of the ethylic type, fatty acids of the acetic type. A fair knowledge of Inorganic Chemistry will enable a student to pass.

I. (b). Zoology.—Questions will be set in the subject as defined for Junior Students, but a knowledge of the characteristics of the main subdivisions of the groups mentioned will be required.

Candidates will also be expected to show a knowledge of the life history of the following organisms and a practical acquaintance with their structure: Amœba, Vorticella (Bell animalcule), Hydra, Earthworm, Crayfish, Frog. Specimens will be provided for description, and special weight will be given to this part of the examination. Students should bring a pocket lens.

should bring a pocket lens.

I (c). Botany.—Questions will be set in the subject as defined for Junior Students, with the addition of the following Natural Orders, Violaceæ, Geraniaceæ, Rubiaceæ, Dipsaceæ, Campanulaceæ, Ericaceæ, Solanaceæ, Euphorbiaceæ, Corylaceæ, Cyperaceæ, Gramineæ, and also the life history of a typical Moss and Fern and of Pinus. For biaceæ, Corylaceæ, Cyperaceæ, Gramineæ, and also the life history of a typical Moss and Fern and of Pinus. For distinction students will be expected to show also a practical acquaintance with the physiology, the life history (including development), and the structure (morphology and minute anatomy) of the following organisms, Saccharomyces (Yeast), Pleurococcus, Mucor (a Mould), Spirogyra, Fucus (Brown Seaweed), Fern, Flowering plant (Conifer, Monocotyledon, Diootyledon). Students should bring a pocket lens and a dissecting needle.

I. (d). Physiology and Hygiene.—Questions will be set in the subject as defined for Junior Students, but a fuller and more detailed knowledge will be required. In addition to a knowledge of the subject as treated of in the books mentioned for Junior Students, a fuller acquaintance with the subject as treated in Huxley's Elementary Physiology or in any similar work, and in the more elementary parts of Willoughby's Public Health or Notter and Firth's Hygiene will be required.

Physiology or in any similar work, and in the more elementary parts of Willoughby's Public Health or Notter and Firth's Hygiene will be required.

II. (a). Practical Chemical Analysis.—Credit will be given for well-chosen experiments, good observations precisely recorded, and well-drawn inferences from them. A list of apparatus and chemicals will be sent on application to the General Secretary. Practical Chemistry may be taken either on Friday or on Saturday.

II. (b). The elementary principles of Statics, Dynamics, and Hydrostatics, as illustrated by simple experiments, common observation, or the action of well-known machines.

II. (c). The fundamental laws of Heat, and the experiments which illustrate them.

II. (d). The fundamental laws of Light, and the experiments which illustrate them.

II. (e). The fundamental laws of Electricity and Magnetism, and the experiments which illustrate them.

II. (f). Physical Geography in the wider sense. (Medal, see page 50.) Questions will be set on the present physical condition of the earth, and the physical agencies modifying it or affecting the conditions of life upon it.

upon it.

To pass in the sections students must pass in one of the subjects marked I. or in two of the subjects marked II.; they may enter for not more than three subjects, not more than two of which may be from either of the groups marked I. and II.; they may not take more than one of the three I. (b), I. (c), I. (d), and they may not take both II. (d) and II. (e).

Section L. Drawing, (a) Freehand, (b) from Models, (c) in Perspective, and (d) Imitative Colouring (water-colour).—To pass in the section students must satisfy the Examiners in (a) and in one at least of the other

Section M. Music.—Questions will be set on Notation; on Scales, Clefs, Keys, Intervals, Time; on the Marks and Terms generally employed in Music; on Cadences; on Triads and Chords of the Seventh and their Inversions; Single Suspensions; Ihythmical Phrasing. Exercises will be set (on the above Chords) in not more than four parts, in which the highest or the lowest part or both will be given.

CLASS LISTS AND CERTIFICATES.

CLASS LISTS AND CERTIFICATES.

The names of the boys who pass with credit will be arranged in three honour classes, the first class of juniors being further subdivided into two divisions. In each of these classes and divisions, and also in the list of those who pass to the satisfaction of the Examiners, yet not so as to deserve honours, the candidates will be arranged in alphabetical order under the several centres. After the name of every boy will be added his place of residence, the school (if any) from which he comes to attend the examination, and the name of his schoolmaster. Separate lists will also be given of those boys who may specially distinguish themselves in particular parts of the examination, and in these lists the boys will be arranged in order of merit. The names of those who pass the examination for Juniors between the ages of 16 and 18 and for Seniors above the age of 19 will be placed in lists by themselves, in alphabetical order, not in any class of honours. Similar classes and lists will be drawn up for girls, but the names of those who do not request that their names may appear will not be given.

The classes of honours are determined solely by the total number of marks obtained by the student. No marks are counted for any paper unless the student passes in that paper, and no marks are counted for any section unless the student passes in that section. Regard will be paid to handwriting and spelling.

The students who pass with credit or satisfy the Examiners will receive certificates to that effect, which will be sent to them through the Local Secretaries. Every certificate will specify the subjects in which the student has passed with credit or satisfied the Examiners, and the class obtained, if any.

DETAILED REPORTS.

After the class lists have been issued in each year, the Syndicate will be prepared to inform the masters and mistresses of schools, on receipt of a payment of one shilling for each student, of the manner in which their pupils have acquitted themselves in the several subjects in which they have been examined, describing each as good, moderate, weak, &c.; and also to place their pupils in order of merit among themselves in each subject and on the whole examination.

^{*} The following elements and their compounds are to be omitted:—Beryllium, Cadmium, Cæsium, Cerium. Didymium, Erbium, Gallium, Glucinum, Indium, Iridium, Lanthanum, Lithium, Molybdenum, Niobium, Osmium, Palladium, Rhedium, Rubidium, Ruthenium, Samarium, Scandium, Selenium, Tantalum, Tellurium, Terbium, Thallium, Thorium, Titanium, Tungsten, Uranium, Vanadium, Ytterbium, Yttrium, Zirconium.

EXEMPTIONS FROM VARIOUS EXAMINATIONS. &c.

[The Syndicate do not hold themselves responsible for any error caused by changes in requirements with which they have not been made acquainted. Students are referred to the published regulations of the respective institutions.]

- A. University of Cambridge: Previous Examination.—The following are the conditions under which a candidate in the Senior Local Examination is entitled to exemption from parts or the whole of the previous examination (see 30):—
- (1) From Part I. if the candidate has at one and the same examination shown a sufficient degree of merit in

the Gospel (including the Greek text), in Latin, and in Greek.

(2) From Part II. if the candidate has at one and the same examination shown a sufficient degree of merit in

Arithmetic, in Euclid, in Algebra, in Religious Knowledge or Logic, and in English Composition.

(3) From the additional subjects if the candidate has shown a sufficient degree of merit either in Applied Mathematics, or in French, or in German.

B. University of Cambridge: Bachelor of Music.—A Senior Certificate enables a student to become a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Music, or, if a woman, to enter the examination for such candidates, if the student passes in (1) the English section, (2) one of the four languages—Latin, Greek, French, German, (3) Euclid

and Algebra.
C. The Scottish Universities.—The holder of a Senior Certificate is under certain conditions entitled to exemption from portions of the preliminary examinations in Arts and Science and in Medicine of the Scottish

Universities

- D. THE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.—The Code for Day Schools (1896) sanctions the engagement of holders of the Junior Certificate as pupil teachers, and the recognition of holders of the Senior Certificate as assistant teachers.
- E. General Medical Council.—A Senior Certificate qualifies the holder for registration as a Medical or Dental Student if it includes English Grammar and Composition, Latin, Mathematics, and one of the following: Greek, French, German, Spanish, Logic; and a Junior Certificate if it includes English Grammar, Latin, Euclid, Books i., ii., iii., Algebra, and one of the following: Greek, French, German, Spanish.†

 Junior students who are seeking to qualify for medical registration should state the fact in their forms of entry, and if they pass in Euclid, Books i., ii., iii., this will be endorsed on their certificates. Such students may also,

if they wish, enter for English Grammar alone in the English section.

F. INCORPORATED LAW SOCIETY.—Persons who have obtained a Senior or Junior Certificate are excused the preliminary examination before entering into Articles of Clerkship with attorneys and solicitors.

G. THE INSTITUTION OF CIVIL ENGINEERS.—The Senior or the Junior Certificate qualifies the holder, so far as educational requirements are concerned, for admission as a student, if it includes certain specified English subjects, Arithmetic, Algebra. Euclid (Books i.-iii.), or Trigonometry and two subjects selected from specified branches of Science and Geometrical Drawing, or one of the latter with a classical or modern language.

H. Institute of Actuaries.—The Senior or Junior Certificate, provided that it includes Algebra, exempts

from the preliminary examination for admission as a student of the Institute.

I. Institute of Chartered Accountants.—Persons who have obtained a Senior or a Junior Certificate under certain conditions are exempted from the preliminary examination. For further information application may be made to the Secretary of the Institute.

J. THE PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY OF GREAT BRITAIN.—The Senior or the Junior Certificate exempts

from the first examination, if it includes Latin, Arithmetic, and English.

- K. THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF VETERINARY SURGEONS.—The Senior Certificate (if it includes English Grammar and Composition, Latin, and Mathematics), or the Junior Certificate (if it includes English Grammar, Latin, Mathematics, and one of the following: Greek, French, German), qualifies for admission to the professional examination.
- L. London County Council.—Junior County Scholars of the Technical Education Board of the London County Council, who would under ordinary circumstances vacate their scholarships in December, are allowed an extension of their scholarships until the following July, in the event of their passing the Cambridge Junior Local Examination during the tenure of their scholarship.
- Students desirous of obtaining exemption from any part of the previous examination may, whether they already hold the certificate of the Syndicate or not, enter for those subjects alone that are required for the purpose. Students who already hold the certificate of the Syndicate, and desire to add some one or more subjects in order to obtain exemption from a preliminary examination, can enter for such subject or subjects alone.† In all such cases the ordinary fee for entrance must be paid.

PRIZES AND MEDALS.

The Syndicate will give prizes to the four candidates who pass the best examination among the senior and junior boys and the senior and junior girls, £12 to each of the two seniors, and £8 to each of the two juniors.

The Council of the Royal Geographical Society offer four silver medals, one for the best senior in Physical, Political, and Commercial Geography (section B), one for the best senior in Physical Geography (section K), one for the best junior in Physical, Political, and Commercial Geography (section 2), and one for the best junior in Physical Geography (section 10), if of sufficient merit.

Sir Isaac Pitman and Sons offer two medals, one silver and one bronze, to be awarded to the junior candidates who stand first and second in Shorthand. These medals are open for competition irrespective of the particular systems of Shorthand adopted by the candidates.

The above prizes and medals are not onen to juniors above the age of 15 or to conjugate the age of 15 or to conjugate

The above prizes and medals are not open to juniors above the age of 16 or to seniors above the age of 19.

^{*} A student who has attained the required standard in Arithmetic, in Euclid, in Algebra, and in Religious Knowledge or Logic, but not in English Composition, is entitled to exemption from Part II. of the previous examination, with the exception of the essay paper.

† The General Medical Council announce that they will not in future accept any Junior Certificate unless the whole of the necessary subjects have been taken at the same time. This rule does not, however, apply to Senior Certificates.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON. OF THE MATRICULATION EXAMINATION

THE Matriculation Examination of the University of London will be held at the Office of the Director of Public Instruction on the under-mentioned dates, commencing at 11 o'clock A.M. :-

(a) Monday, January 10, 1898.(b) Monday, June 13, 1898.

2. Candidates should notify to the Director their intention to present themselves at the examination four clear months prior to the date of such examination, in order that application may be made in time for the examination papers.

3. Each candidate is required to forward to the Director, prior to the examination, an admission fee of £2 sterling by Bank draft or Post Office order on England payable to the Registrar of the University of London, and also a certificate of birth showing that he has completed his sixteenth year.

- 4. If a candidate withdraws his name, or fails to present himself at the examination, or fails to pass it, the fee shall not be returned to him, but he shall be allowed to enter for any subsequent Matriculation Examination upon payment, at every such entry, of an additional fee of £1 sterling. The certificate of age need not again be produced.
 - 5. The following regulations from the "University Calendar" are published for general information:-Candidates will not be approved by the Examiners unless they have shown a competent knowledge in each of
- the following subjects, according to the details specified under the several heads:

 (1) Latin; (2) one of the following languages:—Greek, French, German, Sanskrit, Arabic†; (3) the English Language and English History, with the Geography relating thereto; (4) Mathematics; (5) Mechanics; (6) one of the following branches of Science; :—Chemistry, Heat and Light, Magnetism and Electricity, Botany.

The following are the particulars of the foregoing subjects of examination: -

I.—LATIN.

One Latin subject, to be selected by the Senate one year and a half previously from the works of the undermentioned authors§ :-

Virgil.—Two books of the Æneid. Horace.—Two books of the Odes.

Sallust.—The Conspiracy of Catiline, or the war with Jugurtha.

Casar.—One of the longer or two of the shorter books of the Gallic War.

Livy.—One book, or portion of a book.

Cicero.—De Senectute or De Amicitia, with one of the following Orations:—Pro Lege Manilia, one of the four Catilinarian Orations, Pro Archia, Pro Balbo, Pro M. Marcello, or two of these Orations.

Ovid.—One book of the Metamorphoses (or Selections from two books) and one book of the Epistles or of the Tristia; or six of the Heroides; or two books of the Tristia.

The paper in Latin shall contain passages to be translated into English, with questions arising out of the book or books selected. Short and easy passages shall also be set for translation from other books not so selected. A separate paper shall be set containing questions in Latin Grammar, with simple and easy sentences of English to be translated into Latin.

II .- OTHER LANGUAGES.

One of the following, at the option of the candidate :-

1.—Greek.

One Greek subject, to be selected by the Senate one year and a half previously from the works of the undermentioned authors :-

Homer .- One book. Xenophon.-One book. Alschylus.—The Persæ.

Euripides.—Hecuba; Andromache; Hercules Furens; Medea; Alcestis; Electra; Heraclidæ (one play).

The paper in Greek shall contain passages to be translated into English, with questions arising out of the book selected, and with general questions in grammar.** Short and easy passages shall also be set for translation from other books not so selected.

2.—French.

The paper in French shall contain passages for translation into English, and questions in grammar, limited to

3.-German.

The paper in German shall contain passages for translation into English, and questions in grammar, limited to the Accidence.

* No credit will be given for more than one of these subjects.
† Candidates desiring to be examined in either Sanskrit or Arabic must give at least four calendar months' notice to the Director of Public Instruction.

‡ Candidates in any one of these sciences will find it an advantage to have obtained some elementary instruction in the practical use of apparatus.

§ The Latin subjects for 1898 will be {January, 1898, Livy XXII., chapters I—XVIII. and XXIII—LI. June, 1898, Virgil, Æneid, 1 and 2.

| Special stress is laid on accuracy in the answers to the grammar questions, and on the correct rendering of English

¶ The Greek subjects for 1898 will be { January, 1898, Xenophon, Cyropædia, I. June, 1898, Æschylus, Persæ.

^{**} Special stress is laid on accuracy in the answers to the questions in Greek Grammar.

52

4.—Sanskrit

Sanskrit subjects, to be selected by the Senate one year and a half previously from the under-mentioned works :-

Hitópadésa, books II. to IV. Pañchatantra, books II. to V.

Sahityaparichaya, parts I. and II., pp. 1-93. Ramayana, book I.

Mahâbhârata (Story of Nala, Story of Sávitrì, Bakavadhaparavan, Sakuntalopâkhyâna). Manu, books II. to VII.

The paper in Sanskrit shall contain passages from the books selected, to be translated into English, with questions in grammar. A passage or short passages shall also be set for translation from other books not so selected

5.-Arabic.+

The paper in Arabic shall contain passages for translation into English, and questions in grammar.

III .- ENGLISH.

The general history and grammatical structure of the language.

History of England to the end of the seventeenth century, with the geography relating thereto. [N.B.—Special stress is laid on correct spelling and grammar in the answers to the questions.]

IV .- MATHEMATICS.

1. Arithmetic.—The ordinary rules and processes of arithmetic, including proportion; vulgar and decimal

fractions; extraction of the square root.

Algebra.—Addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of Algebraical quantities; reduction and manipulation of algebraical fractions; arithmetical and geometrical progression; simple equations and easy quadratic equations, with questions involving their use.

3. Geometry.—The subjects of the first four books of Euclid and simple deductions.

V .- MECHANICS.

[Candidates will be expected to show a general acquaintance with the apparatus by which the elementary principles of physics, as enumerated below, can be illustrated and applied.]

Elementary notions as to velocity, acceleration, force, mass, momentum, work, and energy. Composition and resolution of velocities, accelerations, and forces, in one plane.

Moments and couples, in one plane.

Centre of gravity, or mass-centre. Transmission of pressure in liquids; variation with depth of the pressure due to weight of liquids. Specific gravity, and modes of determining it. Pressure of gases and laws relating thereto.

Atmospheric pressure.

VI.—OTHER SCIENCES.

One of the four following, at the option of the candidate:

1.—Chemistry.

The following elements, and their compounds as enumerated below; their chief physical and chemical characters; their preparation; and their characteristic tests:-

Oxygen, hydrogen, carbon, nitrogen. Chlorine, bromine, iodine, fluorine. Sulphur, peosphorus, silicon. Combining proportions by weight and by volume. General nature of acids, bases, and salts. Symbols and nomenclature.

nomenciature.

The atmosphere—its constitution; effects of animal and vegetable life upon its composition.

Combustion.—Structure and properties of flame. Nature and composition of ordinary fuel.

Water.—Chemical peculiarities of natural waters, such as rain-water, river-water, spring-water, sea-water.

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Oxides and acids of nitrogen. Ammonia. Olefiant gas, marsh gas, sulpher dioxide, sulpheric acid, sulphuretted hydrogen.

Hydrocholoric acid. Phosphoric anhydride and common phosphoric acid.

2.—Heat and Light.

Heat.—Expansion of solids, liquids, and gases, accompanying rise of temperature. Laws relating thereto. Thermometry. Calorimetry. Specific heat. Liquefaction and solidification. Vaporization and condensation; ebullition; properties of vapours, saturated or unsaturated. Latent heat.

Transmission of heat by conduction and convection.

Light.—Propagation of light in straight lines in uniform media. Velocity of light and modes of determining it. Intensity of light, its variation with distance. Shadows. Photometry. Reflection and refraction at plane or spherical surfaces. Formation of images by plane and spherical mirrors, and by simple lenses (excluding aberration). Decomposition of white light by a prism. The prismatic spectrum.

3.—Magnetism and Electricity.

Magnetism.—Simple experimental properties of magnets. Effect of a magnet on a neighbouring piece of soft iron or of hard steel. Terrestrial magnetism: behaviour of a declination needle and of a dipping needle at different parts of the earth's surface.

For January, 1898:—Pañchatantra, book II., ed. Bühler (Bombay Sanskrit Series); Mahâbhârata, Nala, Cantos 17—21; Manu, book VI., ed. Jolly (Trübner's Oriental Series).

For June, 1898:—Paüchatantra, book IV., ed. Bühler (Bombay Sanskrit Series); Mahâbhârata, Story of Sávitri; Manu, book V., 100—169, ed. Jolly (Trübner's Oriental Series). † Candidates desiring to be examined in either Sanskrit or Arabic must give at least four calendar months' notice to the Director of Public Instruction.

^{*}See note † on page 43. The Sanskrit subjects for 1898 will be-

Electricity.—The two electrical states and their mutual relations. Attraction and repulsion. Conduction and insulation. Electrostatic induction. The common plate and cylinder electrical machines. Electrical condensers Distribution of electricity upon conductors.

Current electricity. Common forms of battery. Ohm's law and its simple applications. Heating, chemical,

and magnetic effects of electric currents.

Simple experimental methods of generating currents by relative motion of conductors and magnets.

Simple laws of magneto-electric induction.

4.—Botany.

The elementary facts in the morphology of the vegetative organs of the principal families in the British Flora-The parts of the flower and their functions, with special reference to fertilization; fruits and seeds with their provisions for preservation and dispersion.

The elementary facts in the nutrition of the flowering plant.

The description of a flowering plant (whether in whole or in part) in technical language.

N.B.—Candidates are warned that Botany being partly practical, cannot be held in Ceylon.

The examination shall be conducted in the following order:-

Marra	(Morning, 11 to 1.	Latin.
MONDAY	••• 1	Afternoon, 2 to 4.	Latin. Latin Grammar and Composition.
Margan Lar		Morning, 10 to 1.	Greek, French, German, Sanskrit, or Arabic
TUESDAY	••••	Afternoon, 2 to 5.	Greek, French, German, Sanskrit, or Arabic Arithmetic and Algebra.
	(Morning, 10 to 1.	Geometry.
WEDNESDAY	}	Afternoon, 2 to 5.	Geometry. Chemistry; or Heat and Light; or Magnetism and Electricity;
			or Botany.
Treerman	(Morning, 10 to 1.	English Language. English History, with the geography relating thereto.
Thursday	1	Afternoon, 2 to 5.	English History, with the geography relating thereto.
FRIDAY	•••	Morning, 10 to 1.	Mechanics.
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Office of the Director of Public Instruction. Colombo, January 25, 1897.

J. B. Cull. Director of Public Instruction.

THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE is published every Friday at the Government

Printing Office, Colombo.

The Subscription, Rs. 3 per quarter, is payable in advance, and can only be booked to terminate at the end of a quarter.

Single copies, when available, 25 cents each.

Charges for approved Advertisements, payable in advance.

	*	•	Rs.	c,
A column	•••	•••	7	50
Two-thirds of a column	***	***	5	0
Half a column	***	•••	4	0
For small notices not e	exceeding 2	0 lines		
(9 words as a rule to	the line)	•••	2	50

Second and third insertions (consecutive), two-thirds and one-half, respectively, of the above rates.

Cheques on outstation Banks must include usual Bank commission.

Advertisements should reach the Government Printer before noon on Thursday.

THE NEW LAW REPORTS, issued by authority. Subscription, Rs. 10 per volume of twelve parts, payable in advance to the Government Printer.

Back Numbers and Volumes of THE SUPREME COURT CIRCULAR (publication of which was discontinued on December 31, 1891) are also on sale at the Government Printing Office, as follows:—

		Rs.	C.
Volume I	•••	3	25
Volumes II, to IX., each	***	6	50
Separate Numbers, each	•••	0	25

For all other Government Publications application should be made to the Recordkeeper, at the Government Record Office, Colombo.

G. J. A. SKEEN. Government Printer.

THE "KEW BULLETIN" of miscellaneous information is issued as an occasional publication from the Royal Gardens at Kew.

It contains notes on the economic products of plants which have been made the subject of particular study and investigation at Kew, and it is intended to be a means of

investigation at Kew, and it is intended to be a means of communication to persons interested in Botanical subjects and products in India and the Colonies.

The "Bulletin" is published in London by Messrs. Eyre & Spottiswoode, East Harding street, Fleet street, E. C., and 32, Abingdon street, S.W., and it may be obtained directly from them or through any Bookseller.

Price 4d. per copy. By post: 5d. per copy.

Back numbers, previous to January, 1893, 2d. per copy, when available.

The price of the Annual Volume of the "KEW BULLETIN" for each year, with rates of postage, is as follows:-

					Pri	ce (iñ	cludi	ng Postage)	•
Year.		Price.				ited gdom.		oreign and Colonial.	
		8.	d.		8.	d.		s, d ,	
1891	•••	3	0		3	41	•••	3 61	
1892		3	0		3	$4\frac{7}{4}$		3 64	
1893		3	0	•••	3	$4\frac{2}{3}$		$36\frac{1}{3}$	
1894	•••	3	0		· 3	4 រ ៉ី	• • •	$3 7\frac{7}{3}$	
1895		3	0	•••	3	$4\frac{3}{2}$	•••	$3 6 \frac{7}{4}$	
****					^ - .				

The Annual Volumes for 1887 to 1890 are out of print, and cannot now be supplied.

The Index to the first five volumes, being Appendix IV.

1891, may be had separately, price 2d.

The Bulletin is also sold by John Menzies & Co., of Edinburgh and Glasgow, and Hodges, Figgis & Co., Limited, of Dublin.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, October, 1896.

Statement of Arrivals and Departures of Coolies for the Month of December, 1896.

•	O.	DITO INCO	1101	T OI DOG	,0111	DUL, LU	vv.	- 123
Ports.		Arrivals	s .	Departur	es.	ment	of t	ommence- he Year.
Colombo.								epartures.
Men Women Children	•••	2,875 609 514	•••	32 0	•••	15,411	•	59,281 14,459 4,801
Negombo. Men Women Children	•••	18	•••			225 66 17	•••	258 67 14
Pesalai. Men Women Children			•••		•••	17,181 5,444 1,533	•••	6,126 1,265 344
Vankalai. Men Women Children		627 162 68		598 71 27	•••	3,048 790 285	•••	5,090 1,197 379
, . **		4,873		2,598	1	28,350	. ,	93,281
Customs, Janua	Co ry	lombo, 26, 1897	•		P	I JONEL incipal	F. I Coll	ector.

OTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the Congregation of All Saints' Church, Galle, will be held in the School-room on Monday, February 8, 1897, at 6 P.M., for the purpose of electing a Trustee to complete number required by Ordinance, for the election of an Auditor for the current year, and for the transaction of such other business as may arise.

By order of the Trustees,

Galle, January 9, 1897.

D. C. F. OBEYSEKERE, Honorary Secretary.

Return of Immigrants	s and Emigrants at the	Port of Colombo	during the	Week ended Januar	y 27, 1897.
----------------------	------------------------	-----------------	------------	-------------------	-------------

		Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.
Immigrants (coolies) Emigrants (all classes)	•••	675	169		44	
tamigramus (am crasses) *	•••	1,581	510	97	19	1,983
						T T

J. Donnan, Master Attendant.

UNSERVICEABLE

OTICE is hereby given that the private property of long-sentenced and deceased prisoners of Welikada Jail and unclaimed private property will be sold by public auction at the Welikada Jail premises at 12 noon on Saturday, February 27, 1897:—

Satur	day,	February 27,	1897	
				Long-Sentenced Prisoners.
Lot.		Register No.		List of Property.
1 2	•••	C 1,123 C 1,064	•••	One old sarong, one white coat, and one old merino banian One old sarong, one old white cloth, one old white coat, four coat buttons, one piece
3	•••	C 1,126	*	of rag, and one old leather belt One old sarong, one old pocket handkerchief, and one old leather belt
. 4	•••	C 1,136		One old chintz cloth
5		C 1,144	•••	Two old sarongs, one old white coat, four bone buttons, and one piece of rag
6	•••	$C_{1,152}$	•••	One old sarong and one old merino banian
7	•••	C 7,153	•••	One old sarong and one old leather belt
· 8	•••	C 1,154	***	One old sarong, one old merino banian, and one old leather belt
9	***	C 1,155	•••	One old white cloth
10 11	•••	C 1,161	•••	One old sarong and one old merino banian One old vettie cloth, one old handkerchief, and one old leather belt
12	•••	C 1,169 C 1,171	•••	One old chintz cloth, one old merino banian, and one old khaki coat
13	•••	C 1,174	•••	One old sarong, two white cloths, one old white coat with three buttons, one old
		.		towel, two pieces of rags, one old leather belt, and one old crooked comb
14	***	C 1,194	•••	One old chintz cloth, one old sarong, one old white banian, and one old leather belt
15 16	•••	C 1,195	•••	One new sarong, one old white banian, one old vettie cloth
	•••	C 1,223	***	One old sarong, one old chintz cloth, two old white banians, one old handkerchief, one old leather belt, one false hair, and one broken comb
17	***	$C_{1,226}$	•••	One old sarong, one old short trousers, one new white cloth, and one old handkerchief
18	•••	C 1,122	•••	One old sarong and one old leather belt
$\begin{array}{c} 19 \\ 20 \end{array}$	•••	C 1,121 C 1,231	•••	One old sarong, one old coloured handkerchief, and one old leather belt One new sarong and one old leather belt
$\tilde{21}$	•••	C 1,231	•••	One old sarong, one old white towel, and one new white banian
$\frac{22}{22}$	•••	C 1,233	•••	Two old sarongs, one old leather belt, and one merino banian
23	•••	C 1,234		One Cannanore cloth, one new white cloth, and one old merino banian
24	•••	C 1,235	•••	One old sarong, one old merino banian, one old leather belt, and two iron keys
25	• • •	C 1,236	***	One old sarong, one new white cloth, one old merino banian, one old silk handkerchief, and one old leather belt
26	•••	C 1,237	•••	Two old sarongs
27	•••	C 1,238	•••	One new white cloth and one old white cloth
28	•••	C 1,256	•••	One old sarong, one old white cloth, and one handkerchief
29 30	•••	C 1,257 C 1,264	•••	One old sarong, one new sarong, one double handkerchief, and one leather belt
	•••		•••	One new white cloth, one old sarong, one old chintz cloth, one merino banian, one old shawl, and one leather belt
31		C 1,265	•••	One sarong, one old white coat, three bone buttons, and one old white cloth
32 33	•••	C 1,281	•••	One old sarong, one old white cloth, and one old leather belt
	***	C 1,295	***	One old sarong, two old white cloths, one old China silk coat with three buttons, one piece of rag, and one crooked comb
34	•••	C 1,296	•••	One tweed cloth, one old chintz cloth, one old white coat, four coat buttons, one old
		,		white cloth, one old white banian, one old silk handkerchief, and one old pocket handkerchief
35	•••	C 1,297		One old chintz cloth, one tweed cloth, one new vettie cloth, one old merino banian,
				one old elastic belt, one black coat, one old crooked comb, and one pocket
36		C 1,307		handkerchief
37	***	C 1,316	•••	One piece of cambaya and one cloth belt One torn sarong, one new white cloth, one new merino banian, one chintz coat with
		, , ,	•••	eight bone buttons, one old shawl, one new leather belt, one pair metal earrings set
38		C 1,008		with two glass stones One old sarong and one old white handkerchief
39	• • • •	C 1,365	•••	One old white cloth and one old chintz coat
40	•••	C 1,323	•••	One old sarong, one new white cloth, one new chintz cloth, one old chintz banian,
	į.			one old pocket handkerchief, one old silk handkerchief, one new silk tassel, one false hair, and four silver studs
41	***	.C687	***	One red sarong, one old white coat, four plated buttons, one old white banian, three
· ·				brass studs, one old leather belt, and one red handkerchief

Deceased Prisoners.

				22 00000000 - 1 1000000	
Lot.		Register No		List of Property.	
1	•••	10,067	•••	One sarong, one chintz cloth, one white cloth, one red handkerchief, and one les	ather
2	•••	10,225	•••	Two sarongs, one old merino banian, and two handkerchiefs	
				Unclaimed Property.	
1, 2,	···	C 4,267 C 7,202		One dyed cloth, one shawl, one silver ring, and one brass ring One torn sarong, one piece of cloth, one betel bag, and one piece of brass	
Gol	Wo	elikada Priso January 2	on, 0. 1897	R. E. FIRMINGER, Superintender	nt.

WILL be sold by public auction at the Railway Stores, Maradana, at 12 noon on Saturday, February 13, 1897, a lot of empty packing cases, iron drums, zinc lining, &c.

Railway Stores, January 26, 1897. D. S. Power, Railway Storekeeper.

OTICE is hereby given that the following unserviceable articles belonging to the Police Department will be sold by public auction at the Police Barracks, Maradana, at 2 P.M. on Monday, February 15, 1897:—

- 1 board for broad sheet
 3 boards, notice, small
 2 blocks, cap
 48 buckets, galvanized
 2 burners, tin
 3 brushes, paint and
 whitewashing
 1 brush, blacking
 1 can, iron
 1 dictionary
 4 file case with pigeonholes
 1 hand cart, iron
 4 inkstands, pewter
- 1 iron chain for lamp
 2 lanterns, hand, English
 2 lamps, kerosine, hanging
 3 lanterns, hand, common
 4 pegs, accourrement
 1 pulley
 1 spade for fire engine
 1 saw with leather case
 2 trestles for tables
 20 tin file backs
 2 trays, office
 1 tin box for charge sheet
 1 tub, prine

J. S. DE SARAM, for Superintendent of Police.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles belonging to the Public Works Department will be sold by public auction at the Public Works Department Store, Koslanda, on Saturday, March 13, 1897, at 12 noon:—

10 billhooks and coytas 1 padlock, common boiler, colloo plane, iron bits 5 porowas 25 buckets, galvanized 2 casks, wooden 20 rakes coppercan, iron 5 rammers, ${\bf tipped}^{\hat{}}$ can, tin 4 chisels of sorts 10 catty, short 2 saws, hand 1 saw, frame 1 forge, portable
2 grass-cut knives
2 hammers, screw
22 hammers, sledge 1 saw, pit 1 saw, tennon 15 shovels 10 trowels, masons' 2 hammers, miners' 55 hammers, hand 2 tongs, smiths' 1 tape, measuring 66 ft. 217 mamoties do. 50 ft. 1 oil stone 2 hand carts, iron 111 pickaxes 1 road roller 2 pecks, galvanized H. F. TOMALIN,

for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department, Colombo, January 21, 1897.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

EALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for provisioning Hospitals," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, February 1, 1897, from persons willing to contract for supplies for the use of the under-mentioned Government Civil and District Hospitals. tals commencing from date of acceptance of tender to December 31, 1897:—

		Decurity
		in Cash.
		$\mathbf{Rs.}$
Civil Hospital, Kalmunai, and Leper Ward	.28	200
Civil Hospital, Negombo		200
Civil Hospital, Nuwara Eliya		300
Civil Hospital, Nuwara Eliya, Baker Ward		200
District Hospital, Balangoda, including Para	ngi	
Hospital	•••	.200
District Hospital, Teldeniya	•••	200
District Hospital, Nawalapitiya		. 200
Immigrant Hospital, Mihintale		25 0
Field Hospital, Alutnuwara, including Inf	ec-	
tious Wards	•••	200

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, or to he Medical Officer in charge of the respective hospitals, and no tender will be considered uples it is furnished on nd no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on he recognized form. Each tender should be for pro-

he recognized form. Each tender should be for provisioning one hospital only.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of half the amount of security for hospitals where Rs. 400 or under are required, and Rs. 200 for hospital, where security over Rs. 400 is required; and should any person decline to enter into

the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue. In stations where there are no kachcheries the deposit must be made to the

Medical Officer in charge of the hospital.

5. Provisions should be of the best quality, approvable by the Medical Officer of the hospital.

6. When required, samples must be deposited.

7. The successful tenderers will be required to give cash security as given opposite the name of each station, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of each contract within a fortnight from date fulfilment of each contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tenders. The amount or nouncation of acceptance of the tenders. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the cash security. It is left to the option of the successful tenderer to substitute at any time thereafter for cash deposited by him approved title deeds and to enter into a fresh security bond at his expense.

8. In case any person makes any alterations in his tender before forwarding it, such alteration should invariably bear his initials, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

9. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the ight of accepting any portion of a tender.

W. R. KYNSEY, Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector, General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office, Colombo, January 11, 1897.