

# The Ceylon Times

WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED

## THE KANDY HERALD.

VOL. 31

COLOMBO—FRIDAY, JANUARY 14TH, 1870.

No. 4.

### SHIPPING ANNOUNCEMENTS.

#### SERVICES MARITIMES

Messageries Impériales.—

PAQOTS POSTE FRANCAIS



STEAMERS will leave Point de Galle

on or about the following days:

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
For Suez, Mauritius, Pondicherry, Madras and Calcutta.	19	16	16	13	11	8

Passengers for London can obtain at Marseilles Railway tickets direct, either via Calais, Boulogne, or via Dieppe and Newhaven at the following rates, viz:

Via Calais or Boulogne	£ 175	0	0
Dieppe and Newhaven	£ 134	15	0

These tickets are available for one month.

For freight or passage apply in Galle at the Office of the Company, and in Colombo at the Office of Messrs. ARMITAGE BROTHERS.

H. AUBER, AGENT.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL Steam Navigation Company.



STEAMERS will leave Point de Galle

on or about the following dates:—

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
For Suez and England	12	9	9	6	4	13
"Bombay	26	23	23	20	16	27
"Madras & Calcutta	11	8	8	5	3	12
"Straits & China	25	22	22	19	15	26
"Australia	11	8	8	5	3	12

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

To Suez	£ 455	To King George's Sound	£ 30
"Southampton	85	"Melbourne or Sydney	40
"Marshall	80	"Penang	20
"Bombay	10	"Singapore	30
"Madras	10	"Hong Kong	54
"Calcutta	24	"Shanghai	74

RESERVED RATES.

To Suez	£ 160	To Southampton	£ 170
"Bombay	210	"Singapore	220

For a reserved cabin for one person, £160; for two persons, £210.

Transit through Egypt £4 10s. extra.

Children—above 3 and under 10 years, half of first class rates.

One child under 3 years, (if with Parent) free.

To Suez, £48; To Southampton, £50.

European Servants, £48; 2nd class Passengers conveyed only under special circumstances, £48.

Native Servants, £24; 2nd class Passengers conveyed only under special circumstances, £25.

Transit through Egypt £2 5s. extra.

For further particulars apply to F. BAYLEY, AGENT.

Point de Galle.

### PASSAGE FOR LONDON.

Messrs. GREEN'S

Magnificent frigate built Ship

"MALABAR"

1,219 Tons Register.

WILL sail from this in February.

For families proceeding to England, this fine vessel presents every inducement, as she carries an experienced Surgeon.

ARMITAGE BROTHERS, AGENTS.

### NOTICE

IS hereby given that Her Majesty's

Government Schooner "EMILY,"

35 tons, together with the under-

mentioned fittings will be sold by

public auction, by the Master Attendant

at Tuticorin, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

of the 1st February next. This vessel is 9 years old

and originally cost Rs. 10,216. She is built of Teak,

and is well suited for coasting purposes.

Persons intending to bid must attend in person or

by duly accredited Agents.

No person will be allowed to bid on his own

behalf or on that of any other person, until he has

deposited Rs. 100. The deposits of all unsuccessful

bidders will be returned at the close of the sale.

On the sale being declared the deposit of the

successful bidder will be credited to Government in

part payment of his purchase money, and the residue

must be paid within thirty days from the day of

sale, in default of such payment within the pre-

scribed time, the Schooner will be put up again to auction,

by giving due notice thereof, at the risk and loss of

the original purchaser:—

Fore yard	1
Top galliard	1
Fore Mast and Top Gallant Mast	1
with Rigging	1
Main Top Mast with Rigging	1
Old Awnings	2
Jib	1
Flying Jib	1
Main Sail	1
Old Gall Top Sail	1
Top Gall	1
Fore Stay Sail	1
Iron Tank	1
Compass with Binnacle	1
Anchors	2
Stanchions	6
Old Table	1
Iron Tank	1
Brass Main Rope Stanchions	1
Galley and Funnel	1
Anchor Hook	1
Cables	2

HENRY RICHARDSON, Acting Master Attendant.

Master Attendant's Office, Tuticorin, 4th January, 1870.

After sale of the "Emily," one Derelict Anchor

about 30 Cwts. with Iron Stock will be put up and

sold outright.

HENRY RICHARDSON, Acting Master Attendant.

### FOR LONDON.

The A. I. Barque

"ALICE"

474 Tons.

Captain JAMES POUNDER.

For London Direct.

The Fine A. I. Ship

"CITY OF AMOY"

994 Tons.

For passage

Apply to

GEORGE WALL & Co.

Agents.

Colombo, 29th December, 1869.

### COMPAGNIE UNIVERSELLE DU CANAL

THE UNDERSIGNED have been appointed

TRANSIT AGENTS for this port for the above

Company, and will be glad to furnish any infor-

mation in respect thereto on application at their Office.

FRYER, SCHULTZE & Co.

Colombo, 9th November, 1869.

### FOR LONDON DIRECT.

To SAIL ON OR ABOUT JANUARY 20th.

The fine A. I. Ship

"SIR JOHN LAWRENCE"

1,090 Tons Register.

JOHN STARR, COMMANDER.

HAS EXCELLENT accommodation for a few

passengers.

For rates apply to

THE CAPTAIN,

DUNCAN, SYMONS & Co.,

AGENTS.

### SALES BY AUCTION.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF

COLOMBO.

JOHN MAITLAND, Plaintiff.

VS.

1. Mrs SOPHIA DOROTHEA KELAART.

2. JOHN WRIGHT, Guardian of his minor children

Anna Wright, Edward Wright, Archibald Wright

and Alfred Wright.

3. JOSEPH SEBASTIAN MISSO.

4. EDWIN BALL, Guardian of his minor children

Jane Chatherine Ball, Emily Agnes Ball, Eugene

Joceline Ball, John Alexander Ball, and Alice Grace

Ball.

5. Mr. W. H. MORTIER for and on behalf of his

wife Mrs. M. H. Mortier, and as Guardian of his

daughter L. H. Mortier.

6. JOHN WILLIAM ORR for and on behalf of his

wife Mrs. J. E. Orr.

7. JOHN M. DE Q. WRIGHT.

8. PHILIP AUGUSTUS WRIGHT.

9. PHILIP JOSEPH LEWIS VANDERSTRAATEN.

10. SGOE LEBBE AHAMADIE LEBBE MARKAR

and 11. D. H. RODRIGUES all of Colombo.—Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a

commission directed to us by the District

Court of Colombo in the above suit, we will, on the

days and in the order hereinafter mentioned, put up

for sale the following properties, first among the

owners thereof at the price for which they have

been respectively valued by us, and if not purchased

by some of the said owners, then that we will im-

mediately put up and sell the same to the highest

bidders.

On Saturday, the 12th of February 1870, beginning

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be put up

THE HOUSE AND GROUND No. 34 situated

at Keyzer Street, Pettah, Colombo, valued at £2000

The House and Ground No. 49 situ-

ated in the same street valued at ... 350

" " No. 53 ... 300

" " No. 54 ... 300

" " No. 55 ... 300

" " No. 56 ... 300

On Monday the 15th of February 1870 beginning

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be put up

THE UPRIGHT HOUSE AND GROUND

No. 15 Second cross Street and No.

37 Keyzer Street in one lot valued at

The House & Ground No. 16, Se-

cond cross Street ... 500

" " No. 17 ... 250

" " No. 51 ... 400

" " No. 52 ... 500

" " No. 53 ... 680

On Saturday, the 12th of February 1870, beginning

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be put up

### AUCTION SALE.

NEGOMBO.

Messrs. VENN & Co. are instructed by F. G.

WILLIAMS, Esq., to sell by Public Auction,

at the District Judge's House, Negombo,

THE WHOLE OF HIS

HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS,

Consisting of

SATINWOOD AND JACKWOOD FURNITURE,

PLATE, GLASS, CROCKERY, &c.

On Monday, the 17th Instant.

at 12 noon.

Messrs. VENN & Co.

WILL sell at their Rooms on Wednesday, the

12th of January, at 12 noon:—

AND

OILMANSTORES, &c.

to close accounts.

### AUCTION SALE.

THE SALE OF THE EFFECTS OF

R. G. BURNE, ESQ.

WILL take place at his residence "LITTLE

BAQUETTE," Colpetty, on Saturday, the

15th January, at 11 past 2.

INCLUDING

HIS HORSES AND WAGGONS,

&c. &c. &c.

VENN & Co.

### EXTENSIVE AND IMPORTANT SALE

THOROUGH BRED AUSTRALIAN HORSES, &c.

SHORTLY after the arrival of the Ship, which is

daily expected, Messrs. VENN & Co. will sell

52 HORSES,

also

HOUSES,

PIGS,

BULLS,

&c.

These Horses have been selected during the last

three months by one of the first breeders and judges

in Australia, the pedigrees of the thorough breeds

can be seen at our office, properly attested and

authenticated, and include the BEST BLOOD IN

THE WORLD, their age, qualification and antec-

edents, are also explicitly stated. The Hounds, Pigs,

and Bulls, are all of the best breed including the

most valuable Shipment of Australian Blood and

Stock, ever imported into Ceylon.

### SALE OF

A VALUABLE PROPERTY

IN COLPETTY.

Messrs. VENN & Co. are instructed to sell at

their Rooms, on Thursday, the 20th of

January, at 3 p. m.

THAT EXTENSIVE HOUSE AND GARDEN,

situated No. 55, Colpetty, formerly

the residence of the late Dr.

This desirable property is in extent about 11

acres, the house is placed in the centre of the do-

main, and admirably adapted for its locality and

aspect for a Coffee Store of large dimensions, or for

the residence of a family requiring room, con-

venience and access being situated in the most

desirable, and favorite spot in Colpetty.

### THE HORSES AND VEHICLES OF

W. W. MITCHELL, ESQ.

WILL be sold at the Esplanade, Fort,

on Saturday, the 15th Instant, at

2 p. m., unless previously disposed of by

private sale.

H. D. GABRIEL.

Colombo, 11th January, 1870.

### In the Matter of the Insolvency of

John Wright of Colombo.

No. 793.

M. R. H. D. GABRIEL is instructed by the Pro-

visional Assignee, to sell by Public Auction

at his Auction Rooms, Baillie Street, Fort, on Thurs-

day, the 20th January, at noon,

THE WHOLE OF THE

EBONY, CALAMANDER, AND OTHER

Household Furniture,

Glass, Crockery, &c.,

HORSE AND CARRIAGE;

also

JEWELRY,

the property of the said Insolvent.

### AUCTION SALE.

Messrs. VENN & Co. are instructed by H.

Boss, Esq., to sell at his residence Colpetty,

on Friday, the 28th of January, at 12 noon:—

THE WHOLE OF HIS

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Plate, Glass, Crockery,

&c. &c.

FISCAL'S SALE.

Nos. 53, 870 and 53, 493.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF COLOMBO.

Veyna Muna Perappa Chetty, John

Frederick Muller, ... Plaintiffs.



wot not of the human life, that hides itself in dark obnoxious regions, more shamefully than wild beasts of the jungle; of the men who live without an aspiration or a hope, whose faculties are kindred to the buffaloes' near whom they feed, and sleep, and die. Is no Commission to go forth on their behalf, no enquiry as to how want and disease may be stayed and turned aside; how the festering swamp may be made a garden,—the weedy wilderness a field!

**BAND 73RD REGIMENT.**—The Band of the 73rd Regiment will play the following Programme on the Galle Face, on Tuesday evening next:—

**PROGRAMME.**  
1—Quick March. "Le vieux Soldat." Bonheur.  
2—Overture. "La Fille du Régiment." Donizetti.  
3—Grand Selection. "Attila." Verdi.  
Solo for Cornet.  
4—Waltz. "The Merry Widow." Strauss.  
5—Galaop. "The Merry Widow." Strauss.  
God save the Queen!

**THE SERVICE.**—Mr. J. F. DICKSON is to be the paid Commissioner under the Service Tenure Ordinance; he will be succeeded at the Colonial Secretary's Office by Mr. W. O'BRIEN of Galle, who will be replaced by Mr. SWETENHAM from the Kandy Cutchery. Mr. SHARPE has not as yet applied for leave, and it is considered doubtful when he will do so. Mr. JOHN DOUGLAS the newly appointed Auditor General of Ceylon, has been Assistant Colonial Secretary and Railway Clerk at Mauritius, on a salary of £700 per annum. He enjoys considerable reputation in the Colonial office as an accountant, and on that ground was placed in charge of the Mauritius Railway accounts; his experience in these has we understand, been the inducement for appointing him to Ceylon. We are glad to find that we were in error when we stated in our last issue that Mr. F. WILLISFORD of Negombo, was proceeding to Europe on sick leave. It is unquestionably far more judicious to take a holiday to Europe before sickness compels departure from Ceylon, and we believe Mr. WILLISFORD has now been thirteen years in the Island.

**MILITARY.**—Extracts from London Gazette dated 30th November 1869.  
The following Officers having completed the qualifying Service, with the rank of Lieutenant, Colonel, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 3rd February 1866. Lieut. Colonel Geoffrey James Brown, 73rd Foot—dated 20th November, 1869.  
Leave of absence is granted to—Lieut. Colonel F. E. Drewe, Deputy Adjutant General, from 1st January to 28th February, 1870, and Acting Assistant Controller A. C. Crookshank from 1st January to 28th February, 1870.

**THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.**—Sir S. Fitzgerald was met in Kandy yesterday by Sir James Elphinstone, who delayed his departure from Ceylon in order to accompany His Excellency to some of the scenes about Kandy, worth visiting. We believe arrangements now stand, they will take their departure together on Monday next in the "Lord Elphinstone" for Bombay where Sir James will disembark in order to proceed across to Madras.

**THE DICKOYA ARRANGEMENTS.**—The residents in the Dickoya Valley have now matured their arrangements in regard to the approaching royal visit and hunt. The Prince and suite will be entertained by the residents in the Hatten Bungalow, thence at an early hour on the following morning, His Royal Highness will proceed to the Kirkoswald Estate, where breakfast will be provided by the resident Proprietor, Mr. Fetherstonehaugh, and from which the Bhagwantalaya Plains will be easily reached in good time for dinner.

**THE WEATHER.**—We hear from up-country correspondents that in certain districts rain still continues to fall at intervals, interspersed with bright, warm days. In the low country the hazy, heavy days which proved so depressing during last week, have given way to finer weather, to the infinite relief of coffee curers and many others.

**THE RECEPTION COMMITTEE.**—A meeting of the Sub-Committee charged with the entertainment of the Duke of Edinburgh, was held at the Council Chamber on Wednesday, when it was finally resolved that the Public Ball to His Royal Highness should be given on the Galle Face, a desirable site having been selected by Mr. Smith, Architect, Public Works Department.

This site facing the Lake, is a few yards below the Royal Artillery Quarters, and being directly opposite to the Rifle Parade ground affords great facilities for the grand pyrotechnic display which will not be the most insignificant feature of the entertainment, a varied, and extensive supply of fireworks having been ordered from England.

It is supposed that there will also be a torchlight procession of Boats on the Lake: this together with several Paddle Boats moored, at different stations on the same piece of water all burning blue lights, will enhance the beauty and novelty of the scene. No pains are being spared by the Committee to render the reception worthy of the distinguished visitor.

At a special meeting of the Municipal Council yesterday it was determined that the Municipality should, with the consent of the Government, take in hand the reception of the Prince at the Wharf, and the general arrangements connected therewith.

**CATTLE DISEASE REPORT.**—This Report was laid on the table on Wednesday last, though without the coloured Plates illustrative of the effects of Murrain in cattle, they are nearly ready, and will be distributed in a few days. The following table of Contents indicates the direction taken by the enquiry, and the results:—

**REPORT.**—Antiquity of Cattle Disease. Original seat of Rinderpest. Ancient Annals of Ceylon. Prevalence of Murrain in modern times. Mortuary Returns of Cattle. Degeneracy of Ceylon. Causes. Droughts, severe and frequent. Breeding of Cattle. Quality of food. Grazing. Non-pasture habits of Sinhalese. Rainfall. Effects of droughts. Trade of the Country in Cattle. Nature of the disease. Post-mortem appearances. Symptoms of Murrain. Predisposing causes. Absence of care of Cattle. Droughts. Breed. Foot and Mouth disease. Curative measures. Hygienic measures. Disinfection. Contagion. Cause of infection. Direction of wind. Isolation of infected cattle. Attention to Sheds. Disinfecting measures. Cleanliness should be enforced. Summary of measures. Carcasses to be buried. Precautions during convalescence. Chemical agents. Disinfection. Disinfectants.—Fire—Carbolic Acid. Results. Sulphur vapour. Fat—Lime—Chlorine. Curative measures. Not reliable. Cattle owners should report cases. Village Headman to tend sick cases. Treatment of Cattle. Strength of animal to be maintained. Treatment of convalescents. Inoculation of Cattle. Difficulties of Native character. Stringent measures not desirable. Value of example. Influence of Revenue Officers. Hand-book on Cattle treatment. Shelter for Cattle. Village Headmen. Cattle Pound Fund in Madras. Grazing insufficient. Mauritius grass. Prairie Grass of Australia. Chena lands for grazing purposes. Food roots for Cattle. Improvement in breed of Cattle. Castration. System to be maintained. Effects of castration. Trained Natives. Insufficiency of existing stock of Cattle. Agricultural implements and processes. Native Plough, should be improved.

ed. Better ploughing. Model Farm near Madras. Improved farming implements. Threshing. Natives willing to adopt improvements. Legislation in reference to Cattle and Murrain. Appointment of an Officer recommended. Conclusion. Post-mortem Examinations.

**REPORT TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR HERCULES ROBINSON.**

SIR.—In accordance with the instructions received from Your Excellency, we have visited various parts of the Island, for the purpose of gathering information concerning the Cattle Disease of this country, its history, its nature, and its extent; with a view to arrive at some conclusion as to the best means to be adopted in order to arrest its ravages, and, if possible, to prevent its recurrence. The diary of our several journeys, with the record of Evidence taken, appended to the Island, is a reasonable to conclude that in the Sinhalese period there must have been far more numerous and extensive herds in the country than at the present time.

Of the antiquity of Cattle Disease there are ample proofs in the historical chapters of the Sacred Volume, and in the works of the early Greek and Latin authors. Its ravages throughout the various States of Continental Europe, at irregular intervals from the fourth to the early part of the eighteenth century, were recorded with an amplitude varying with the extent of its devastations. But great was the destruction caused by it during the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, those losses appeared insupportable when compared with the havoc committed by the Cattle Pest which broke out in the year 1711, spread through almost every European State, and culminated in a mortality of several millions of cattle in 1745.

The evidence collected in England and elsewhere, during the prevalence of the Rinderpest in 1865 and 1866, shows that, in the opinion of those professional who were best informed as to the subject, the various outbreaks of murrain in modern times are traceable to one common source—the Steppes of Asiatic Russia. It would have been satisfactory, could we have obtained such information as would have enabled us to arrive at some conclusion as to the origin of Cattle Disease in this country, and as to the probability of discovering a remedy for this pest depends very much on a solution of the question, Whether the disease be indigenous or imported?

The Pali records of Ceylon contain no allusion to cattle plague or to Cattle. The "Mahavamsa," the "Rajaratnawartha," and other historical works, contain the recitals of great national conflicts, of the warfare deeds of Kings, of the founding and overthrow of dynasties, of the various vicissitudes of the people; they inform us of many matters concerning the welfare of the nation, except in connection with those gigantic works of irrigation, which whilst they advantaged the people stood monuments of their founders' power and munificence. Had pestilence ravaged off any considerable number of cattle during the centuries, it is probable that the Dutch held possession of the maritime provinces of this Island, a Government so careful of the welfare of its possessions would not have failed to notice the fact. The Records of that Government are however, too voluminous to admit of any present search, especially as there exists no Index to their contents. It may be seen by the evidence taken during our several journeys, that Cattle Disease was not unknown during the Sinhalese period of Ceylon history. Much reliance cannot be placed on the testimony of Natives in regard to matters of tradition, but it may be fairly assumed from the concurrent testimony of native headmen and others, that although murrain probably prevailed in the island, it was on rare occasions and of a comparatively mild type. From the commencement of the European period to so late a date as about 1840, it would appear that cattle disease made but few attacks on the native herds of this country, and rarely with any serious results. The evidence of all those who have been able to speak on the question, agrees on one point, that from about 1840-41 the disease has made its appearance with greater frequency, and violence, and with more fatal results. To what cause this is attributable there is no evidence to show. This is however worthy of remark that from the period just mentioned, concurrently with the rapid extension of Coffee planting in the Island, cattle were more largely imported from India for purposes of transport by elephants and carts. The opening-up of the Coffee trade necessarily led to a greater movement of cattle into the interior, and whether the disease was re-introduced by such agency, or not, it might well be believed that the pest was frequently carried into fresh localities by itinerant travellers.

Whatever credibility may attach to the testimony of native headmen, it is to be exaggerated, and however serious it may be to adhere to, a faithful statement of facts, it is certain that they are so little accustomed to careful observation, as to render all data obtained from them of very questionable value. The evidence as to the greater or less violence of the outbreaks of murrain at different seasons and in previous years, and the modified symptoms and types of the disease, are so conflicting as to afford no clue that would serve as a safe guide to any conclusion on these points.

The data collected from various sources, by direct evidence from the Reports of Government Agents in past years, and from the returns recently made by those officers in reference to the cattle disease during a period of three years, show that with every accession of the pest, the mortality arising from murrain amongst cattle in Ceylon, has been frequently very serious. It may be seen by reference to the tabular Mortuary Returns for the whole Island in the Appendix, that the average loss from cattle disease in this Island during the last three years ended 1867, is reported as having been not less than seventy thousand head yearly, representing by the most moderate calculation, a loss to the people of fully £60,000 per annum. It is not however in the actual money value alone that the extent of these losses is to be estimated. The constant hindrances to agricultural operations caused by the loss of cattle, and not unfrequently the loss of an entire season to the husbandmen, is of far greater importance to the husbandmen than the money value represented by the lost cattle. In some districts the villagers, reduced by frequently recurring unfavourable seasons and losses of crop, are too poor to purchase fresh cattle to repair the ravages of murrain, and though they frequently be enabled to hire buffaloes from their more fortunate neighbours, it is by no means unusual that many amongst them can procure such service only when the season is too far advanced to admit of the fields being cultivated. We have satisfied ourselves that concurrently with the destruction of life amongst the herds of this country, the same process of degeneracy, which appears to have been going on in Southern India, has exercised a perceptible influence on the village cattle of Ceylon, and prejudicially affected their usefulness. Whilst the native value of a buffalo or a bullock has, in many localities, been doubled within the last few years, the amount of field work materially declined. The animals of the Country, though the exception perhaps of the wild buffaloes to be found in certain localities, the Eastern and North-Western Provinces, are smaller and less powerful than those of former times.

(To be Continued.)

**THE BANK OF MADRAS.**—We observe in the Madras Mail the following paragraph in reference to this Bank:—"The directors of

the Bank of Madras yesterday declared a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, for the half year ended 31st ultimo. For the half year ended 30th June, 1869, the dividend was at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum. The total dividend for the year is therefore 10 per cent."

**TOTAL ECLIPSE OF THE MOON.**—There will be a total eclipse of the moon on Monday night: First contact with the penumbra, 5.15 p.m.: First contact with the shadow, 6.16; beginning of total phase, 7.16: middle of the eclipse, 8.5; end of total phase, 8.54: last contact with the shadow, 9.55: last contact with the penumbra, 10.56. The first contact with the shadow will occur at 90° from the northernmost point of the moon's limb towards the east: the last contact at 79° towards the west, in each case for direct image.—Observer.

**FLOODS IN TINNEVELLY.**—The north-east rains appear to have been even more severe in certain districts of South India than in Ceylon. Tanks have been burst in the Tinnevely and adjacent districts, crops damaged, and a large stone bridge connecting Tinnevely with Courtallam entirely destroyed. This structure had been erected by the Rajah of the country, at a cost of a lakh of rupees and of fine stone, on the model of London bridge.

**MURRAIN, ROADS AND PIONEERS.**—A Saffragan Correspondent writes to us under date the 12th instant "Carter tells me Murrain is prevalent all along the road now, and I know that several very fine bullocks have died suddenly lately, bullocks in fine condition and seemingly all right until attacked. I saw a paragraph in the Times, saying the Road is in capital order; it was so until lately, but I hear that in the last few days it has commenced cutting up a good deal from 76th mile post to Kalupahane Rest house, and Coolies complain bitterly of being mulcted by the Pioneers at the different working parties. The Pioneers and Coolies levy a sort of black mail on them, and if they refuse to stump-up keep them waiting and give them any amount of trouble."

**COLOMBO MUNICIPALITY.**—REPORT OF THE PUBLIC WORKS COMMITTEE on estimates for 1870.—The following is a digest of this document:  
Estimated revenue.....£22,510 0 0  
Do. expenditure.....22,146 0 0  
Special Charges to come out of above income:  
Fixed Establishment.....2085 6 8  
Communtion.....233 0 0  
Assessment charges.....934 0 0  
Police.....6300 0 0  
Lock-gate account.....18 0 0  
Carriers Licenses.....36 0 0  
Slaughter House Establishment.....194 10 0  
Tax on Vehicles and animals account.....136 0 0  
Sinking fund for repayment of loan.....700 0 0  
Interest on loan (£4,500).....280 0 0  
Public Market at St. John's Canal.....3500 0 0  
Total.....£15,923 0 0

leaving a balance of only £633 for reserve fund and to meet the charges for Public Works, Roads, Bridges and general conservancy of the town:  
For Contingencies.....2251 0 0  
Public Works.....2999 0 0  
Roads.....5677 0 0  
Sewage disposal.....1760 0 0  
Racket Court Latrines.....298 0 0  
Estimate for repairs of roads £869 not yet spent.....2427 0 0  
Total.....£15,923 0 0

showing a deficiency of.....£7,289 0 0  
The Committee therefore propose the following reduced estimates for works of absolute necessity:  
Reserve of 10 per cent.....2251 0 0  
General up-keep and repairs.....1495 0 0  
Sewage disposal.....1050 0 0  
Repair of roads.....3258 0 0  
Total.....£8,053 0 0

This amount is all that is available, and the Committee express their conviction of the inadequacy of the amount appropriated for roads, but trust to the Superintendent exercising all the care and economy in his power.

**PLANTERS DINNER AND BALL IN KOTMALIE.**  
The 7th Instant, was marked by a festive gathering of about seventy of the planters of Kotmalie and Dimboola, participants in the hospitality of Messrs. Elphinstone and McLeod in the Baharunda Store. The fare was provided by the Manager of the Ceylon Hotels Company, and was all that could have been desired.

After the dinner was concluded, and the usual loyal toasts had been proposed by the Chairman, Sir James Elphinstone, "the Coffee enterprise in Kotmalie and Dimboola" was given by Mr. McLeod, and replied to by Mr. Hood, then followed "Our Joint Hosts" by Mr. Smith, of Craigie Lee, and Mr. Morrison, "The Mercantile Interest" was responded to by Mr. Dawson: "the Chairman" was proposed by Mr. Tyndall and "the Ladies" by Mr. McLeod.

About midnight the company took to dancing, Sir James opening the ball with a Scotch Reel in admirable style, and we understand that the company did not separate until day-dawn.

**KANDY.**

The holidays passed off without much of the disturbances and rows, for which our town has long been famous at such times of the year. Even the number of people brought up before the Police Court on the 29th, for being drunk and disorderly, during the previous two or three days could bear no sort of comparison with the crowds charged with similar eccentricities in former years. Luckily for the inhabitants, the weather was clear and favorable, though we had a couple of showers at long intervals. The Excursion Trains brought a multitude from Colombo, chiefly Sinhalese. The morning Train of the 3rd instant, conveyed some thousand people, having left, it was said, no small number on Kelani and other Stations, for want of room. Kandians in very large numbers availed themselves this year of the reduced fares; and, both at Christmas time and New Year, crowds from the most distant villages, went down to see the wonders of the maritime capital. It won't be a bad spec, for the powers that be, if they had excursion trains with reduced fares a little oftener than at present.

On Monday and Tuesday last, the Delada relic was exposed to public gaze. This was in consequence of a visit paid by a few Burmese Priests and others from the neighbouring continent to the Maligawa, with the object of paying their respects at the sacred shrine. Crowds from the Kandian villages, and from the low country, availed themselves of the opportunity, and from morning till dusk, the temple was a state of seige. None of us could find admittance, on account of the dense mass thronging at the doors, and hopelessly endeavouring to force an entrance into the building. Many, I am informed, after having come from great distances, were forced to return home without catching a glimpse of the precious relic. The collections, if one may believe the reports that are circulating, amounted to something almost fabulous; but at any rate the contributions of the faithful must have reached several hundreds. The sacerdotal element from the maritime country, mustered in great force. The

Government Agent and other officials obtained admittance into the apartment, where the Karundawa was deposited, on Tuesday evening, and amongst others of the favored few, were a company of ladies.

The weather continues to be clear, but there are indications of approaching wet. The health of the town is said to be satisfactory.

On Monday the 3rd, there was a large gathering at the Roman Catholic School, where the Annual Fete of the children was celebrated. There was a very large number in attendance, including several of the principal residents, and no small number of ladies. The sports, games, speeches and tea, passed off with unusual success, and the fireworks at the close were much grander than those of any previous years. The credit of the entire meeting is due to the painstaking Ministers, Father Ingolanti and Assauw, and also to Brother John, who was stated in the report submitted to the meeting, to have done much in promoting the interests of the Week-day and Sunday Schools.

We are to have a repetition of the "Babe's Gathering," though on a smaller scale than that of last year. All the Kandy Protestant Sunday Schools are to unite in having a Festival, which is to come off about the end of January, at the European Parade Ground. A meeting of the Delegates from the various Schools was held last evening, at the Library, when all the preliminary arrangements were made. The only contingency against which the committee should be prepared, is the weather, which in January has always been of a variable character.

The attention of Government should be drawn to the dangerous state of the turn from New Road to the Railway Road. The bank is several feet high, and there is no rail, fence, or any other protection whatsoever for carriages passing on the road up. The least slip is sufficient to send a vehicle, with anything it may happen to have in the way of contents, to the low ground at the foot of the bank,—a depth of at least twelve feet.

**KANDY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.**

The following is a résumé of the last Council proceedings:—

The Petition from Planters in Hantanne District was ordered to be returned to the Governor, with the information that they had agreed to abolish the Toll on the Hantanne Road, in consideration of the sum of £6, to be paid annually as commutation, in lieu of Tolls by the Managers of Estates in the Hantanne district, towards the maintenance of the Municipal Roads.

The Municipal Council has also settled with the Toll Renter, by refunding to him the amount he had paid on account of the purchase of the Toll.

Mr. Siebel informed the Council, that judgment had been obtained in Kandy District Court, case No. 49,274 against Bonafacio Ferdinands and another, Renters of Peradeniya Bridge Tolls for 1867.

The sale of the right to cut grass growing round the Lake for £28 to Mr. Jacob Ambrose was sanctioned. Last year the grass sold for £11 10. Estimates were sanctioned for the upkeep of the Roads, Bridges and Ferry Boats, including the re-planking of Peradeniya Bridge, and for enlarging the Council Chamber, so as to make it available for Public Meetings.

Mr. Van Twes's bill for preparing transfer of the site of the Slaughter House was sanctioned.

The Report of the Committee on the Kandy Lake was not ready to be laid before the Council: but it is proposed to take steps to dredge the Lake, and to keep men constantly employed in removing the silt, which it is considered impossible to prevent being washed into the Lake. The site of the old Lower Lake is to be applied for, for the purpose of constructing a bathing place, and washing places for Dhobies, so as to keep the water of the Upper Lake as pure as possible. A Bye-law was also sanctioned for prohibiting the washing of Horses and other animals in the Lake.

It was decided that the Minutes should be officially communicated to the Papers until they are confirmed.

There being nearly a sufficient balance in hand to pay the Poller Bill for 1869, it was decided that the 4th Quarter's Assessment for 1868 should not be collected, which will doubt be satisfactory to the rate-payers, more especially as the Council considered it advisable to collect the Carriage Tax in one sum for the whole year, and to refund any amount overpaid by reason of the removal of any person having paid the Tax, or on account of the sale or other disposal of any vehicle or animal which would exempt the owner from the payment of the Tax.

A Committee was appointed to report on objections to the Assessment Tax. The Colombo Gas and Water Company is to be asked if the Company is prepared to carry out Mr. Grinlinton's scheme for supplying Kandy with water on the security of a Water-rate, mortgaged to the Company with the sanction of Government.

The finances appear to be in a satisfactory state, as although the expenditure sanctioned for 1870 will exceed the estimated Revenue by about £600, the difference will be met by the balance in hand; and the expense of re-planking the whole of Peradeniya Bridge and one-third of Kattugastotte Bridge will not have to be incurred again probably for many years.

Castle Hill and other Streets are to be much improved by the construction of covered drains and footpaths. Carpenters' Sheds and a Smithy are to be erected on the Municipal premises. A Well is to be sunk at Kattukelle, an exposing shed built, and a public Latrine, on the dry earth system.

**CULTURA.**

(From our own Correspondent.)

Another year has just dawned, and we cannot but be thankful that we have been spared to enter it—and may I be permitted to wish you heartily, and your numerous readers, contributors and advertisers, though in the stereotyped phrase, a happy and prosperous New Year, and many returns of the season. Of the past, there is scarcely anything of importance worth noting—of the future, I must confess my inability to predict; but there seems to be a general belief among the well informed here, that better prospects are in store for the well-being of this hitherto neglected, though important, district. It is announced, that the New Year has brought on one change in Kurunegala, and that is the conveyance of evening mails to Colombo and Kandy. This is indeed a great blessing to the inhabitants of Kurunegala. But I am told that the letters &c., brought by the evening mail which arrives at 4 1/2 p.m., will not be distributed till the next morning mail. This arrangement makes the evening mail service, an useless thing, as we will not be able to answer letters with any greater facility than formerly. I would therefore suggest that a night Clerk and Peon be appointed, and letters distributed as soon as the mails arrive.

**LETTER TO THE EDITOR.**

SIR,—Your contemporary, the Observer (under what influences I will not here enquire) is evidently endeavouring to work up Ceylonians into a fever of enthusiasm, regarding the approaching visit of the Duke of Edinburgh, and doubtless he is very wise in his generation. I speak for three with whom I opened his last night's larger Supplement, when I say that the only feeling inspired by a glance at its heading (we read no more) was one rather of nausea than of delight. The fact is, there isn't a bit of real heartfelt enthusiasm in the place on the subject, and any feeble sentiment of the kind must have been well nigh extinguished, after the intolerably domineering and supercilious manner in which we have just been treated by Government, through those to whom we must still look as our Representatives in the Council. I am not wrong in stating that a very widespread feeling of dislike towards the Government has been the result of the closing scenes in the Senate Chamber, and the proceedings of the 2nd inst. Were the Colonists to hold aloof on the approaching visit of His Royal Highness, it would be a well merited rebuke to the Powers that be. For in the approaching visit we are not to be looked upon as simply welcome, the Duke of Edinburgh—God bless him, (I say humbly) but as welcoming the—Son of Victoria our Queen and Governor. So that loyalty is called in.

How can men be expected to be bristling in demonstration of loyalty, and suffer insult from their Rulers at the same time?

We're all loyal enough. There's no fear on that score. Judging from recent events in Ireland, and their effects on legislation for that Country, it would seem as if less loyalty would cause our wishes to be better attended to.

Of course where the Duke comes, we will get up a fuss, as we always do when an opportunity occurs, for relieving the monotony of existence in Ceylon, and of course the ostensible reason for our temporary insanity will be ascribed to "ardent and irrepressible loyalty," &c. &c., while (aloud, of course) the actual reason will be to amuse ourselves.

Yours &c.,

**TRINCOMALEE.**

The Trincomalee Garrison Athletic Sports took place on the 1st and 3rd January.

The first day of the races were unfortunately interrupted by heavy showers, but the second went off with great eclat.

The following was the Programme.

- 1.—100 yards race—1st prize 10 Pte. Time 1.30. Roberts, 73rd. 2nd prize 5 Pte. Long, R.A. 11 Secs.
- 2.—Throwing Cricket ball—5 Pte. McNamer, 73rd. 84 yards.
- 3.—200 yards race—1st prize 10 Pte. Time 3.30. Roberts, 73rd. 2nd prize 5 Pte. Wilson, 73rd. 24 Secs.
- 4.—Putting shot (21lb.) 1st prize 5 Pte. Russell, R.A. 24 ft. 7 inches.
- 5.—440 yards race (last 200 yds. over 4 flights of hurdles) 1st prize 10 Pte. Roberts, 73rd. 2nd prize 5 Pte. McNamer, 73rd.
- 6.—Long Jump—1st prize 5 Pte. McNamer, 73rd.
- 7.—Mile Race—1st prize 10 Pte. Killan, 73rd. Time 10.30. 2nd prize 10 Pte. Scott, R.A. 5.30. 3rd 5 Pte. Leonard, 73rd.
- 8.—200 yards Hurdle race; 1st prize 10 Pte. McNamer, 73rd. 2nd prize 3 Pte. Wilson, 73rd.
- 9.—100 yards race for N. C. Officers 1st prize 10 Pte. L. C. Staff 73rd.
- 10.—High Jump—1st prize 5 Pte. Wilson, 73rd. 4 ft. 6 in.
- 11.—100 yards race for old soldiers; 1st prize 10 Pte. Fitzpatrick, 73rd. 15 years service.
- 12.—Half-mile Race; 1st prize 10 Pte. Time 10.30. Killan, 73rd. 2nd prize 5 Pte. Abdan Kassim, C. P. 2.30.
- 13.—Sack Race—5 L. Corporal Staff, 73rd.
- 14.—Throwing the Half Cwt.; 5 Pte. Hewett, R.A.
- 15.—Blindfold race 50 yards—1st prize 5 Pte. Abdan Kassim, C. P. R.
- 16.—Catching the Bell-man—5 Pte. Robson, R.A.
- 17.—Three legged race—10 Pte. Robson and Pte. Russell, R.A.
- 18.—Consolation Race—5 Pte. French, 73rd.
- 19.—Forced Handicap for winners—10 Pte. Roberts, 73rd.
20. Diving in Meal tub for sixpences.

**JAFFNA.**—The Freeman has been informed that Mr. Morrison the Agent of the Oriental Bank Corporation at Jaffna, intends going on a visit to England. A wish expressed that the Manager at Colombo will send a gentleman who will be so popular and successful as Mr. Morrison has been. A subscription List has been opened with the view to presenting that gentleman with some substantial testimonial of the estimation in which he is held by the numerous constituents and customers of the Bank, and other members of the Community; we notice that a Boat Company has recently been established at the Northern Capital.

**KORNEGALLE, January 8th, 1870.**

"Better late than never." I come forward to wish you and your readers a merry Christmas and a happy New Year. This season was a very gay one in our little town. For the first time Christmas day was ushered in by a Carol. A notice was circulated in the town, that no fire-arms and fire-works should be discharged within the town limits on Christmas night, and this notice was treated with contempt by most of the people. The Assistant Agent, acting as Police Magistrate, issued licenses to some, but most of the people did fire crackers &c., without a license. I think it is impossible to enforce such an order in a town that has no Municipality.

The Revd. Mr. W. Ellis preached two very impressive sermons on Christmas morning and evening; but I am sorry to say that we had no midnight service on New Year's Eve nor morning service on New Year's day. It is indeed a pity that New Year's day should have passed off without Divine Service being held in the Church. But as I am ignorant of the reasons why service was not held on the occasion, I refrain from making any remarks on the subject.

The Sunday School Anniversary Tea Meeting is to be held this evening; but the weather, which was very fine for the last two or three days, has all of a sudden turned out to be very unfavorable for the Sunday School children, and I am afraid the meeting will not, as was expected, turn out to be a grand success. I shall try to give you an account of the meeting in my next.

The New Year has brought on one change in Kurunegala, and that is the conveyance of evening mails to Colombo and Kandy. This is indeed a great blessing to the inhabitants of Kurunegala. But I am told that the letters &c., brought by the evening mail which arrives at 4 1/2 p.m., will not be distributed till the next morning mail. This arrangement makes the evening mail service, an useless thing, as we will not be able to answer letters with any greater facility than formerly. I would therefore suggest that a night Clerk and Peon be appointed, and letters distributed as soon as the mails arrive.

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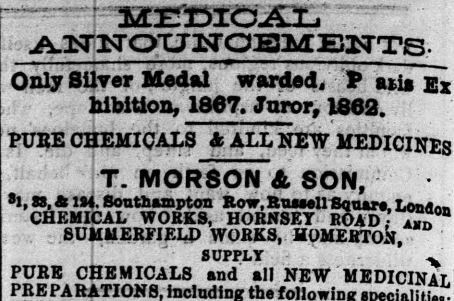
**COLOMBO, 13th January, 1870.**

(There will necessarily be differences of opinion on local politics, but, in our own view of the matter, all these should be ignored in reference to the visit of the Prince. Discontent with the constitution of our Council and the ill-judged conduct of our rulers, should not cast a damp on the reception to be given our Sovereign's son.—Editor Times.)

**THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH IN CALCUTTA.**

Calcutta, or rather Lord Mayo, for on him falls the chief burden and expense, is still rigidly royal entertaining our distinguished visitor. On the evening of the departure of the last mail, the Prince attended the fete given by the Native gentlemen of Calcutta, at Baboo Shrinani Mook's villa, called "The Seven Towers." The entertainment was of the entertainment as oriental in character as possible, and succeeded admirably in amusing their Royal guest and visitors with nautches, sword playing, wrestling, and other native games, shown by the electric light. The fireworks also were magnificent, contrasting favourably with those exhibited on the Maidan, while the whole of the roads leading to the gardens were illuminated by men holding large torches. Altogether the entertainment was a great success.

All dwellers near the Maidan in Calcutta were awakened at an early hour on Wednesday morning, by the firing of the troops supposed to be attacking the Fort and Calcutta, from the Southward. Those who obtained seats on the tops of the adjoining houses, or on the race stand, had a capital view of the whole proceedings, and though the attacking force drove the defenders into the Fort, they were ultimately repulsed by the heavy fire from the Fort, and the explosion of three mines. Both the attack and defence were most excellently conducted, and passed off without any accident. About 12 o'clock the Begum of Bhopal and the Mahadji of Vizianagaram paid visits to His Royal Highness, &c. &c. p.m., addresses were received from the Calcutta University and the Bengal Chamber of



weak digestion.

**In Powder, Wine, Lozenges and Globules**  
**PANCREATIC EMULSION, and PANCREATIC**  
in powder, containing the active principle obtained  
from the Pancreas, by which the digestion  
of the assimilated food is effected.  
**SACCHARATED WHEAT PHOSPHATES**, a valu-  
able dietetic preparation for Invalids and  
Children, supplying the elements for  
the formation of bone.  
**CHLOROXYNE** (Morson's), the universally approved  
Antiseptic and Astringent.  
**CREASOTE**—(Caution)—from Wood Tar, of which  
T. M. & SON are the only British Manufacturers.  
**GELATINE**, a perfect and economical substitute  
for Isinglass.  
*Shipping Orders executed with care and despatch.*

**FOREIGN AGENTS:—**

Calcutta.....	Messrs. SCOTT, THOMSON & Co
Bombay & Poona.....	do TREACHER & Co
Calcutta.....	do BUDGETT & HUGHES
Delhali & Mejan Meer do	PUNJAB TRADING
Lucknow & Simla.....	do COMPANY Limited

**DNNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA**  
**FOR** Thirty Years the Medical Profession have ap-  
proved of this pure solution as the best remedy to  
cure of the Stomach, Headache,  
Heartburn, Gout, and Indigestion.

Especially adapted for ladies and children. When  
combined with their

**ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP**

It cures the most distressing feverish taint, which  
is the most gentle and refreshing of all febrifuges.  
In hot seasons and hot climates the *regular* use of this  
simple remedy has been found highly beneficial  
IT IS PREPARED BY

**DINNEFORD & CO.**  
CHEMISTS, &c.,  
172, NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

*SOLD BY all respectable Chemists throughout the World*  
TRADE MARK.—DINNEFORD & Co.'s is on  
each bottle and on label over the cork.

**Aromatic Tincture of Quinodine**  
For the cure of

It may be mentioned that those who, during the campaign in the Crimes, daily took a small quantity passed entirely unharmed through the raking fire of Fear and Dysentery that thinned the ranks around them.

Sold in half and quarter pint bottles by the following Agents in  
C. C. BARBO - J. Matfield & Co., Medical Hall, C. O'Halloran Bros., Apothecaries' Hall, C. J. Peters, S. D'Este & Co., Medical Hall - R. Trowell, Apothecaries Hall. POINT DE GALLE. - C. J. Peters. SINGAPORE. - Little & Co., The Dispensary. NEW ZEALAND. - J. Barrard. INDIAN ARCHES. - BOMBAY. - Tracer & Co.; ROGERS & Co. POONA - Rogers & Co.; Tracer & Co. KURRACHEE. - Budgets & Hughes; Walter Meiklejohn. KOTREE

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**THOMAS WILKINSON,**  
(Late BRIDGE & Co.),  
OPERTATIVE CHEMIST,  
Fridge's Sarsaparilla, also Ginger and Camomile.  
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**THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!**  
**HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.**  
Chief Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of *croup, bronchitis and influenza* may always be radically cured by the use of *Holloway's renowned Pills*. They quickly remove any temporary stagnation of blood relieve any overgrown veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying action, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and rectify the system against consumption, asthma and similar complaints.

**Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels.**  
From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. *Holloway's Pills* effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, but rather invigorate it; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They cleanse the

their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowel without gripping or any other annoyance; again, take as an example the case of indigestion, if the food is not properly digested, dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," and thereby prevent acidity, flatulence, nausea and biliousness.

**Windy or Watery Droopy**

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints, should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, remove the blood, and impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

**Disorders Peculiar to Women.**

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments which are peculiar to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

**Influenza, Diphtheria and Sore Throat.**

How all important it is to check the first departure from health in all any case by so taking Holloway's Pills without risk or restriction. In cases of inflammation of the blood, nerves and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath the earlier they are taken the better.

Diseases—incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin and throat, are cured by the use of the purifying Pills, which may be reduced to the following doses in cases of one, two, or three nights, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

**Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.**

No organ in the human system is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function of the liver, and every organ, especially remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflamed state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys are generally laboring under some of these pills, taken in time will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

*Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—*

Female Irregularities	Scrofula
Menstrual Complaints	Scald Head
Excesses of the Lungs	Sore Throat
Fevers of all kinds	Stone and Gravel
Stiffness of the Joints	Secondary Syphilis
Gout	Sore Eyes
Head-ache	The Venereal Disease
Indigestion	Tumours
Inflammation	Ulcers
Jaundice	Venereal Affections
Liver Complaints	Wounds of all kinds
Lumbago	Weakness from whatever cause
Piles	Whooping Cough
Rheumatism	Urine
Retention of Urine	£ s. d.
Urine	£ s. d.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor H. HOLLOWAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilised world, at the following prices:—

1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s. 2s., and 8s. each box.

\* There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients for every disorder are affixed to each Box.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN CAPPER OF COLOMBO AT THE "CEYLON TIMES" OFFICE, 38 CHATEAU

# The Ceylon Times Shipping and Weather List.

COLOMBO, 14TH JANUARY., 1870.

## COLOMBO.

### ARRIVALS.

Jany. 11--British Barque *Choice*, J. Harrison, 374 tons, from Galle, 4th Instant, cargo Ceylon produce.  
do do--British Barque *Cambridge*, W. Cockerel, 498 tons, from Coochin 28th December, cargo Oil and sundries.  
do 12--H. M's. Steamer *Lord Elphinstone*, Lieut. T. C. R. Carpendale, 1. N. 850 tons, from Galle, 11th Instant--Passengers His Excellency the Governor of Bombay & Suite.  
do 13--British Barque *Peru*, 389 tons, Capt. H. B. Barchan, from Galle 11th Instant, cargo general.  
do 14--Hamburg Barque *Tony*, 441 tons, Capt. E. Peterson from Chittagong 3rd Instant, cargo Rice.

### DEPARTURES.

Jany. 11--British Steamer *Oriental*, A. Irvine, 1,006 tons, bound to Calcutta, cargo general--Passengers 4 Cabin and 31 deck.  
do 13--British Barque *Mirilla*, E. Pett, 767 tons, bound to London, cargo general--Passenger Mr. G. Anderson.

## GALLE.

### ARRIVAL.

Jany. 13--British Steamer *Nada*, from Persian Gulf 3rd January--Passengers, 5 natives.

### DEPARTURES.

Jany. 12--British Steamer *Mooltan*, for Calcutta--Passengers as on arrival, and from Galle, Colonel Seward, Mr. Radcliffe and Miss Garvin, and those from the *Eneui* and *Orissa*.  
do do--British Steamer *Deccan*, for Suez--Passengers as on arrival, and from Galle, Captain and Mrs. Galway, Mrs. Ashton, and 4 children, and those from the *Eneui* and *Aveca*.  
do do--British Steamer *Eneui*, for Bombay--Passengers as on arrival, and from Galle, Messrs. Beale & Cooper.  
do do--British Steamer *Orissa*, for Hongkong--Passengers as on arrival, and those from the *Mooltan* and *Surat*.  
do do--British Steamer *Oriental*, for Calcutta.

## COLOMBO WEATHER.

January.	Bar. at 22° & Mean sea level.	Temperature Air.	Temperature Evaporation.	Dew Point.	Degree of Humidity.	Rain fall in 24 hours.	WIND.	
							Direction.	Force per sq. foot.
13	29.855	80.6	75.8	72.5	77	0	N. W.	0.060 lbs
14	29.870	81.6	77.5	74.7	80	0	W. N. W.	0.532

## OUTSTATIONS.

At Noon.	WIND.	Therm. METEER.	REMARKS.
GALLE.... Jany. 13	Light	78°	Cloudy
Do .... do 14	Strong	86°	Cloudy
KANDY .... Jany. 13	Calm	72°	Fine
Do .... do 14	Calm	74°	Fine
MANAAR.... Jany. 13	Calm	79°	Cloudy
Do .... do 14	Light	81°	Cloudy
N. ELLIA.... Jany. 13	Str. var.	62.5°	Fair
Do .... do 14	Light	66°	Fair
TRINCOMALEE Jan. 13	N. E.	76°	Cloudy
Do .... do 14	Variable	78°	Cloudy
JAFFNA .... do 13	Light	79°	Fine
Do .... do 14	Calm	79.30	Cloudy

## KANDY WEATHER.

Observations taken at the Survey Office, 1713 feet above Mean Sea Level and Read at 9-30 a. m.

Sun.	Sat.	Fri.	Th.	Wed.	Tue.	Mon.	Sun.	Day of Week.
9	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	Day of month Jan. 1870
163	170	201	192	189	189	189	189	Barometer corrected and reduced to temp. 32.
69	72	74	74	74	74	74	74	Max. in Air.
68	68	69	69	69	69	69	69	Min. in Air.
0.70	0.68	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	Max. Wet.
66	66	67	67	67	67	67	67	Min. Wet.
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	Max. Sun.
63	61	64	64	64	64	64	64	Min. on Grass.
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Rainfall in previous 24 hours.
0.027	0.043	0.054	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Direction of Wind.
67	83	43	69	80	68	74	7	Pressure in lbs. per square foot.
7	5	8	6	4	4	8	7	Amount of horizontal movement of the air preceding 24 hours.
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	Cloud.
								Ozone.

## BANK OF MADRAS.

(Incorporated by Charter of the Imperial Government.)

PAID UP CAPITAL.....Rs. 56,25,000  
RESERVE FUND.....5,62,500

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Hon'ble William Rierson Arbuthnot, of Messrs Arbuthnot & Co., President.  
Govt. Directors. { F. Lushington, Esq., Accountant General.  
Col. A. C. Orr, B. E.  
R. W. Lodwick, Esq., Deputy Accountant General.  
Hon'ble J. C. Loch, of Messrs. Parry & Co.  
E. Lecot, Esq., of Messrs. Lecot & Co.  
A. J. Byard, Esq., of Messrs. Bainbridge Byard Gair & Co.  
W. Scott, Esq., of Messrs. Binny & Co.  
W. B. Liddell, Esq., of Messrs. Walker & Co.

LONDON BANKERS,—BANK OF ENGLAND Head Office.

## MADRAS.

BRANCHES—BANGALORE, BELLARY, BIMPALA-TAM, CALCUT, COCHIN, COCHIN, COLOMBO, KANDY, OOTACAMUND, PUTICORIN, TRICHINOPOLY, NEGAPATAM, ALEPPY, BERNAMPOR, GUNTOOR AND MANGALORE.

## Colombo Branch.

### Rules and Rates of Business

THE BANK will negotiate Bills, and issue Drafts drawn on demand, on the above places, and on the Head Office and Branches of the Banks of Bengal and Bombay, at rates to be ascertained at the office.

The Bank will also discount approved local Bills not having more than four months to run at current rates. The Bank receives money from depositors on Current Account, upon which interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on the minimum monthly balance, provided the same has not fallen below £100 during the half year.

Fixed Deposits are also received, upon which interest is allowed as follows:  
for 1 month at 2 per cent per annum.  
" 2 months " 3 " do do  
" 6 do " 5 " do do

The Bank receives for safe custody Government securities, Bank and Railway Stock, purchases and disposes of the same, and realizes and remits the dividends, interest and proceeds of Sale, as constituents may direct, on the following terms:

On receiving charge of Securities or Shares—Nil  
Realizing interest or dividends on do 1/4 per cent  
Buying or Selling do 1/4  
Returning to constituents do 1/4

### Hours of Business:

10 A. M. to 3 1/2 P. M.

The Bank closes on Saturday at 1 1/2 P. M.

THOS. GIBBIE,  
Agent.

## Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER)

PAID UP CAPITAL £1,500,000

RESERVED FUND £444,000

Head Offices:—Threaple Needle Street, London.  
OFFICES IN CEYLON.

COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, JAFFNA, BADULLA, NEWERA ELLIA, and HALDUMULLE

THE CORPORATION are prepared to issue and purchase at any of the above offices Drafts on the following places at rates that may be ascertained on application:

Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Foochoofoo, Hongkong, Kurrachee, Madras, Mauritius, Melbourne, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Shanghai, Singapore, Sydney and Yokohama.

They draw on the Bank of England (on demand) Union Bank of London, Bank of Scotland London, and on the

National Bank of Scotland, Provincial Bank of Ireland Commercial do do National Bank do British Linen Company and on Paris and California.

They also issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for the use of travellers.

No Drafts are issued on Mail days. The following are the Rates ruling for Family Remittances by the next mail to England.

6 months sight	1/2	o/o	Discount.
4 " "	3/4	o/o	Par
3 " "	1	o/o	Premium.
2 " "	1 1/2	o/o	"
1 " "	2	o/o	"
Demand	2	o/o	"

They receive money from Depositors on current accounts and at 1, 2 and 6 months' notice of withdrawal.

They are prepared to discount at current rates for Constituents, approved Local Bills not having more than four months to run. Such Bills are required to be lodged with the Manager before 12 o'clock. If sent in later they will be retained until next day for consideration.

## CASH CREDITS.

They are also prepared to grant advances on Cash Credit Bonds, collaterally secured, on terms specially adapted to the requirements of Planters and Agents. Particulars may be obtained on application at the Colombo Office.

R. V. DUNLOP,  
Acting Manager.

Colombo, 8th November, 1869

## Chartered Mercantile Bank of India

London and China.

CHIEF OFFICE, 65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON.

OFFICES IN CEYLON.

Colombo, Kandy, Galle and Matale.

INTEREST.

Money is received on Deposit on the Following terms:

On Current Accounts at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Minimum monthly Balances credited Half Yearly if the balance during the Half Year has not fallen below £100.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months 6 per cent. per annum.

for "shorter" periods " 6 " 5 " " " on application.

## DISCOUNT.

Approved Bills not having more than 4 months to run discounted at current rates for Customers.

## EXCHANGE.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in London, Scotland and Ireland, Ceylon, India, Straits, China, Japan and Mauritius at Current rates. Drafts granted payable at the Branches of the Bank of New South Wales, Circular Notes issued negotiable in Egypt, Syria and the principal towns in Europe.

JAMES ROBERTSON,

Manager.

Colombo, 1st January, 1869.

## PASSENGERS BY THE GALLE COACH.

Jany. 10--Messrs. J. A. Loftus, Dr. J. V. Loftus, Revd. P. Ellery and Revd. J. A. Spaar from Galle.  
do 11--Mrs. S. Short, Capt. Galloway, and Mr. F. W. Lemarchand to Galle.  
do do--Dr. and Mrs. Staples, Mr. Rossiter, and Mr. J. W. Home from Galle.  
do 12--Mr. Molesworth and Mr. Woodward to Galle.  
do do--The Hon'ble H. Corry, Mr. E. Davis, and Mr. W. Hamilton from Galle.  
do 13--Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Wijaratna to Galle.

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

### BIRTH.

At Korteboon, Colombo, this morning, at 8 o'clock A. M., the wife of Fredrick Driberg, Esq., of Ekelle Estate, of a son.

### MARRIAGE.

On December 2nd, at Kilker Co. Clara, Ireland, by the Revd. G. Burdett, assisted by the Revd. W. F. Botton, Major William Barclay, Madras Staff Corps. to Kate, third daughter of J. Thwaites Esq., M. D. Ceylon.

### DEATHS.

On the 5th December, at 6, Devonport-street, Hyde-park, George Hinde Cripps, Esq., late of Her Majesty's Civil Service, Ceylon, aged 63.

On the 7th Dec., Capt. James Vetch, R. E. F. R. S., late of the Harbour Department of the Admiralty, Aged 81. Dec. 16th, at his residence, in London, W. D. Lee, of the Firm of Lee, Hedges & Co.