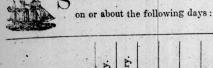
COLOMBO:-TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15th, 1870.

SHIPPING ANNOUNCEMENTS SERVICES MARITIMES

DES Messageries Imperiales.-PAQOTS POSTE FRANCAIS STEAMERS will leave Point de Galle



January	Februar	March. April. May. June.			
20	17	17	14	10	7
18	15	15	12	10	7
19	16	16	13	11	8
	20 18 19	20 17 18 15 19 16	20 17 17 18 15 15 16 16 16 16	A March 12 15 15 12 19 16 16 13 19 16 16 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	20 17 17 14 10 18 15 15 12 10 19 16 16 13 11

Railway tickets direct, either via Calais, Boulogne or via Dieppe and Newhaven at the following rates. Viz Calais or Boulogne Fs. 175......£6 12
Dieppe and Newhaven.....134·15......£5 15
These tickets are available for one month.

For freight or passage apply in Galle at the Office of the Company, and in Colombo at the Office of Messrs. Armitage Brothers.

H. AUBER, AGENT.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL Steam Navigation Company. S TEAMERS will leave Point de Galle on or about the following dates :-

	January.	February	March.	April.	May.	June.
For Suez and	12	9	9	6	4	13
England	12 26	9 23	9 23	20	16 30	27
"Bombay	.11	8	8	5	3	12
and .	25	22	22	19	29	.26
Madras &	11	. 8	8	5	40	14
Calcutta	25	22	22	19	3	28
"Straits &	12	9	9	6	17 31	
China	26	23	23	20	18	. 1
Australia	26	23	23	20	118	15

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.
...£65 To King George's Sound £30
upton † 85 ,, Melbourne or Sydney 40
es † 80 ,, Penang 20 Southampton Marseilles Singapore Hong Kong Shanghai Bombay Madras RESERVED RATES. To Marseilles. To Southampto

For a reserved cabin for one person.......† £160 for two persons.......† 210 ‡ Transit through Egypt £4 10s. extra. Children-above 3 and under 10 years, half of first class rates.
One child under 3 years, (if with Parent) free.

To Marseilles. To Southampton. nts + 448 (2nd class Passengers conveyed only under special circum + 48 1 50

Native Servants .. † 24 ‡ 25 ‡ Transit through Egypt £2 5s. extra. For further particulars apply to F. BAYLEY.

Point de Galle. British India Steam Navigation Company (LIMITED.)

ONE OF THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL LEAVE COLOMBO FOR BOMBAY—Calling at Tuti-corin, Cochin, Calicut, Beypore, Cannanore, Mangalore and Carwar, 7th and 21st

on or about March. FOR CALCUTTA-Calling at Galle, 7 24th January Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizaga-7th and 21st February, and

patam, Bimlipatam and of the and 21st March.
ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co., Agents.

FOR LONDON.

MESSRS. GREEN'S 13 Years A. I. Ship

"WINDSOR CASTLE," 1,074 Tons Register, DAILY expected from Bombay and will load with despatch.

Has excellent accommodation for Passengers and

carries a Surgeo For freight or passage, Apply to M. ROBERTSON & Co. Colombo, 10th February, 1870.

FOR LONDON.

The Barque "ELIZA LAING," 441 Tons. For freight apply to DARLEY, BUTLER & Co.

COMPAGNIE UNIVERSELLE DU CANAL MARITIME DE &UEZ.

THE UNDERSIGNED have been appointed Transit Agents at this port for the above Company, and will be glad to furnish any information in respect thereto on application at their Office. FRYER, SCHULTZE & Co.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

To sail about the 15th of February next. THE MERCHANTS SHIPPING Co.'s (Somes Bros., BLACKWALL) favorite Passenger Ship "SALISBURY,"

1.113 Tons Register.

T. W. TRUE. Commander. Has excellent accommodation for Families and Invalids proceeding to England via the Cape. For freight or passage, Apply to

LEE, HEDGES & Co.,

Steam for China and Japan. TO FOLLOW the "Sakana"

The Screw Steamer "TAZEN." Apply to

J. GIBSON THOMSON & Co.

FOR LONDON. THE FAVORITE CALCUTTA PASSENGER SHIP "ESSEX,"

1.255 Tons Register, A. I. 13 YEARS, CHARLES HODDER, Commander.
O sail probably about the end of

C. SHAND & Co.,

Colombo, February 9th, 1870. SALES BY AUCTION.

FISCAL'S SALE.

No 50 918 IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF KANDY. Abuwaker Lebbe Sinna Tamby of Kandy...Plaintiff.

Talgahagodagedara Tikiri Banda of

1. The field called Weralakwela Kumbura of two amunams and two pelas in extent in the whole, 2. The field called Muttettuwe Kumbura, of

2. The field called Muttettuwe Kumbura, of three pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

3. The garden called Talgahagodawalauwewatta, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more or less, and the chena land appertinent thereto.

4. The paddy field Welicotuwe Kumbura, of two pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

5. The paddy field called Ranawana Kumbura, of two pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

of two pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

6. The garden called Waralokwellewatte, of five

amunams in extent in the whole, more or less.

7. The garden called Arachchillagewatte, of two pelas in extent in the whole; more or less.

8. The garden called Pannagamayhitapuwatta, of two pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

9. The garden called Pitiyegedara Polwatta, of one pela in extent in the whole more or less. one pela in extent in the whole, more or less.

10. The garden called Kekulallapitiye Pahalawatta, of one pela in extent in the whole, more or less, and the chena lands appertinent thereto.

11. The paddy field called Siyambalamaruwe Kumbura, of two pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

12. The paddy field called Gedarawele Kumbura, of two pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

13. The paddy field called Parawela Kumbura, of two pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

14. The paddy field called Adurudeniya Kum-

bura, of one pela and six lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

15. The garden called Welawatta, of one pela and five lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

16. The paddy field called Ratninde Kumbura, of one pela in extent in the whole, more or less.

17. The garden called Medagedarawatta, of one pela in extent in the whole, more or less, and the

chena land appertinent thereto.

18. The paddy field called Koskanuwe Kumbura, of one amunam and one pela in extent in the whole, more or less, all situate at Dullawa in the Asgiri Korla of Udasiya Pattu of Matale South.

That on Tuesday, the 1st March, 1870. 19. The garden called Higahapolawatta, of two amunams in extent in the whole, more or less.

20. The paddy field called Alutwave Kumbura, of one amunam and two pelas in extent in the whole,

21. The paddy field called Othkaranda Kumbura. of two amunams and two pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.
22. The paddy field called Kendawellege Kum-

bura, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more 23. The paddy field called Waharage Kumbura, of one amunam and one pela in extent in the whole,

24, The paddy field called Ambagaha Kumbura. of one amunam in extent in the whole, more or less.

25. The paddy field called Welidegoda Kumbura, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more or less. 26. The paddy field called Linda Kumbura, of one amunam and one pela in extent in the whole,

27. The paddy field called Pitawela Kumbura, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more or less.
28. The paddy field called Balleive Kumbura, of two amunams and one pela in extent in the whole,

29. The paddy field called Magurudeniye Kumbura, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more

30. The paddy field called Wewa Kumbura, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more or less.
31. The paddy field called Wewala Kumbura, of one amunam and two pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

32. The garden called Kongahawatta, of eight

lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

33. The garden called Ranewanewatta, of one pela in extent in the whole, more or less. peia in extent in the whole, more or less.

34. The garden called Arambewatta, of two pelas and five lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

35. The garden called Meegahamulawatta, of eight lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

36. The garden called Udagedarawatta, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more or less.

37. The garden called Wandigewatta, of five lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

38. The garden called Neinamudaliayawatta, of five lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

39. The garden called Kaluhambankarayahitapuwatta, of five lahas in extent in the whole

40. The garden called Malliyagewatta, of one pela in extent in the whole, more or less.

41. The garden called Siyambalagahamulawatta, of eight lahas in extent in the whole, more or less. 42. The garden called Dewalewatta, of eight

lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

43. The garden called Atukonawatta, of one pela in extent in the whole, more or less.

44. The garden called Wedaralagewatta, of one pela and five lahas in extent in the whole, more or

45. The garden called Silwatgedarawatta, of two peles and five lahas in extent in the whole, more

or less.

46. The garden called Betanpalawatta, of eight lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

47. The garden called Mahagedarawatta, of one pela and five lahas in extent in the whole, more

48. The garden called Hulangomuwewatta, of one pela and five lahas in extent in the whole, more

49. The garden called Pusumbahitapuwatta, of two pelas and five lahas in extent in the whole, more or less.

more or less.

50. The garden called Horanekarayagewatta, o five lahas in extent in the whole, more or less. 51. The garden called Etabendapuwatta, of one pela in extent in the whole, more or less.

52. The garden called Yakdessahitapuwatta, of one pela and five lahas in extent in the whole, more

53. The garden called Kiriyahitapuwatta, of one pela in extent in the whole, more or less, and all the chena lands appertinent thereto, all situate at Nu-gahapola in the Udugoda Pallesiyapattu of Matale North.

54. The paddy field called Madaheliye Kumbura of one amunam and three pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.

55. The paddy field called Meegaha Kumbura, of three pelas in extent in the whole, more or less.
56. The paddy field called Hataraliyadde Kumbura, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more

57. The paddy field called Serugaha Kumbura of one pela and seven lahas in extent in the whole more or less.

58. The paddy field called Nikala Kumbura, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more or less.

59. The paddy field called Einbulunuwe Kumbura, of two amunams in extent in the whole, more

or less.

60. The paddy field called Badannakotuwe
Kumbura, of one amunam in extent in the whole more or less, together with all the appurtenances, belonging, all situate at Medabedda in Udugoda Pallesiyapattu of Matale North.

61. The paddy field called Kadidikwewe Kum-

62. The paddy field called Dambawe Kumbura, of one amunam in extent in the whole, more or less.
63. The garden called Kadikawewatta, of one pela in extent in the whole, more or less, all situate at Kadadekawewa in Landepalle Korle of Matale G. S. WILLIAMS,

Deputy Fiscal.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, Matale, 31st January, 1870.

FISCAL'S SALE.

No. 55,333.

OTICE is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 26th February, 1870, commencing at one o'clock, P. M., will be sold by Public Auction at this office the following property, belonging to the Defendant in the above case.

All that estate formerly called 'RAXAWA,' and now known as "ALLEGALLE," with the Buildings, Machinery, Tools, Implements, Furniture and Cattle thereon, situate near the villages of Allegolle, and Menagolle, in the District of Udepalata, Central Province, about 26 miles from Kandy, and 13 from the main-road, at Gampola, containing in extent about 698 acres and 8 square perches, more or less.

All that Coffee Estate called and known as "BARNAGALLE", and all the Buildings, Machinery, Tools, Implements, and Cattle thereon, comprising a part of the land called Tibbowatte Pollekelle, situate at Dolosbage, Udepalata, Central Province, distant from Kandy, about 22 miles, and containing in extent about 196 acres and 16 square perches, more or less.

perches, more or less.

On the same day at one o'clock P. M., at this That portion of the Estate called "GETTEKOHELLE" That portion of the Estate called "Getterohelle" and all the Buildings, Machinery, Tools, Implement's and Cattle thereon, comprised in the two following lots. An allotment of land situate in the District of Dolosbage, Central Province, containing in extent, about 90 acres, and 1 rood, and an allotment of land called "Degolasse Kelle," situate near the village Dolosbage in Udepalata, Central Province, containing in extent about 152 acres and 3 roods, more or less.

T. SKINNER.

T. SKINNER, Fiscal's Office,

Kandy, 1st February, 1870. FISCAL'S SALE.

No. 50,402. IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF KA NDY. Mutu Carupen Chetty......Plaintiff.

Mutu Samy Cangany......Defendant. NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 28th February, 1870, at one (1) o'clock, r. M., will be sold by Public Auction at the premises, the following property, belonging to the Defendant

in the above case Kiriwanagode Copie watte, of about 2 amu-in the Buildings and plantations there-on, and Kalegolley Heney Copie watte of 2 amunams, situate at Udugode in Pallegamphae, of Lower Dumbera. T. SKINNER.

Fiscal's Office, Kandy, 1st February, 1870.

EXTENSIVE AND IMPORTANT SALE

THOROUGH BRED AUSTRALIAN HORSES, &c C HORTLY after the arrival of the Ship, which is daily expected, Messrs. VENN & Co. will sell

52 HORSES, HOUNDS, PIGS. BULLS,

THE STATE OF THE S

&c. These Horses have been selected during the last three months by one of the first breeders and judges in Australia, the pedigrees of the thorough breds can be seen at our office, properly attested and authenticated, and includes the BEST BLOOD IN THE WORLD, their age, qualification and antecedents, are also explicitly stated. The Hounds, Pigs, and Bulls, are all of the best breed including the most valuable Shipment of Australian Blood and Stock, ever imported into Ceylon.

INSOLVENT ESTATE OF MACHLACHLAN, MACKENZIE & Co. FOREST LAND FOR SALE

O BE SOLD AT OUR OFFICE IN KANDY on Tuesday, the 8th of March next, at 1 o'clock P. M., (by order of the Official Assignees) AN UNDIVIDED ONE-THIRD SHARE OF ALL THAT

ALLOTMENT OF LAND, Situate in the Kotmalie District numbered 73,426 in the Government Plan, and known as The Ferhaue Estate,

being 240 acres in extent, 50 of which have already been felled and are now ready for planting.

LEE, HEDGES & Co. Colombo, 3rd February, 1879.

MERCANTILE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Allsopp & Sons EAST INDIA PALE ALE Full to the Bung £7 15s-Cash.

CARGILL and Co. Colombo, 17th December, 1869.

ASPHALTE IN BLOCKS

£5. 5. per Ton. GEORGE WALL & Co.

At the Godowns of the Undersigned. CHAMPAGNE of the very finest quality in 1 do. Yellow Seal in do 40s. do. Claret Maroon Seal in do. 40s do. TATHAM and Co.

Colombo, 16th September, 1869.

FOR SALE.

SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED have received per " Caro L line" from JAMES MACMICKAN and Co., Melbourne, a trial shipment of the above valuable Manure, price here £15 per Ton. It is packed in bags LEECHMAN and Co. Sole Agents in Ceylon

Colombo, 21st June, 1869.

E. J. BRAND & CO.'S WINES. CROWN SHERRY, Pale and Dry, in quarter Casks

Do. MADEIRA
Do. CLARET, Superior
Do. PORT, fine old
FINEST VERMOUTH Cases. Do CURACOA

MARTELL'S BRANDIES LA GRANDE MARQUE ANDE MARQUE | in one dozen Cases. FINEST SPARKLING MOSELLE from A. Jordan, Coblenz. JUST LANDED EX "PALESTINE."

J. P. GREEN & Co

FOR SALE At the Godowns of the Undersigned. THE FOLLOWING CHOICE RHINE WINES. DEIDESHEIMER......34s per Doz. LIEBFRAUMILCH.....60s Marcobrunner 66s Johannisberger 70s SPARKLING MOSELLE......60s J. R. BELL & Co.

NORTON'S PATENT TUBE WELLS. Reduction in Prices.

FEET WELL AND PUMP FIXED £ 7 0 0 ... £ 8 0 0 ... £ 9 0 0 ... £12 0 9 ... £14 0 0 do do do do do do THE undersigned having been appointed sole Agents in Ceylon for the above Wells, are now prepared to register orders for the same.

ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co.,

Colombo. R. J. DUNLOP, JAFFNA.

FOR SALE.

BY PRIVATE CONTRACT Those Valuable Premises In King Street, Colombo,

formerly occupied by the Bank of
Hindustan.

THE HOUSE has been thoroughly repaired, and
new Godowns built for storing purposes; the
whole yielding a net rental of £240.

For particulars apply to ARTHUR C. HOARE, ARTHUR C. HOARE,
Amorthy for Liquidators.
Bank of Hindustan, Chine and Japan Limited.
in Liquidation.
Kandy.

Manures and Chemicals.

JOHN BENNET LAWES, F. R. S., 59, Mark Lane, London, has ready for delivery-

Superphosphate of Lime. Dissolved Bones. Cane Manure. Criffee Manure. Sulphate of Ammonia. Nitrate of Soda. Peruvian Guano.

and all Chemical Manures of Value.

Manures can be prepared and shipped in small large, quantities for experiments, if required, also Tartaric, Citric and Sulphuric Acids.

FINE BONE DUST.

THE UNDERSIGNED having received a fresh supply of Boxes, are now prepared to register orders for BONE DUST, and to forward same upcountry when required. Samples forwarded on ap plication to

C. SHAND and Co. Slave Island Mills.

FOR SALE. HOUR VALUABLE COFFEE ESTATES IN THE TRAVANCORE TERRITORY. For particulars, apply to

ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co.

FOR SALE. HUNTLEY & PALMER'S CABIN BISCUITS in 4 lbs. & 2 lbs. Tins.

Do. FANCY do. in 2 lbs. Tins ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co. Colombo, 3rd February, 1870.

FOR SALE. A SSAM TEA IN 10 lbs. BOXES.

@ 4s. P lb. . ALSTONS SCOTT & Co.

FOR SALE. COSEN'S ENGLISH BOTTLED SHERRY. do BRANDY. Huntley & Palmer's 4 lbs. Cabin Biscuits in Cases of 2 lbs. do in cases of 144 tins. 2 lbs. Fancy Biscuits in cases of 144 tins. Ind Coope & Co.'s E. B. Beer in 4 doz. Cases.

AND

JAIL GUNNY BAGS. ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co. FOR SALE.

"MERLIN." A thorough bred hunter, and weight carrier-broken 972

for a lady. "WALWA," A handsome Iron Grey Cob, broken to harness, and to carry a lady. THE HORSES can be seen at Mr. Rudd's stables and Merlin's pedigree is with the undersigned to whom apply for further particulars.

VENN and Co

FOR SALE. At the Godowns of the Undersigned. A Fresh Supply of the FINEST AUSTRALIAN FLOUR in 50lb tins, at 16s 6d LEE, HEDGES, & Co., Trincomalie Street, Kandy, 19th November, 1869.

James MacMeikan & Co., Flemington Bone Mills, Melbourne. Australia.

TOR THEIR AUSTRALIAN BONE DUST the undersigned are prepared to register orders for shipments expected.

A shipment of SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME expected per "SHEPHERD," due 28th February, for which the undersigned will now register orders at £13 10s. per Ton, taken from the Wharf as landed. LEECHMAN & Co.,

FOR SALE-

Agents for Ceylon.

AIA Codown of the Undersigned, Holing and Weeding Mamoties, Felling and Weeding M Felling Axes,
Catties,
Pruning Knives,
Grass Kuives,
Briar Tooks,
Nails from 1½ "to 6,"
Coir Yarn.

LEE, HEDGES & Co. Trincomalie Street, Kandy, 6th December, 1869.

NOW LANDING

Ex" Britomart" PALE ALE—Holts in wood andBottle
PORTER—Bridge's E. Bottled
SHERRIES—Pale dry in quarter casks and 1 doz PORT WINE—in quarter casks and 1 doz. cases UNITED VINEYARD PROPRIETOR'S

BRANDY in 1 doz. cases, MACKWOODS & Co. Colombo, 10th February, 1870.

BONE DUST. A CARGO WILL SHORTLY ARRIVE FROM Messrs. Askunas & Co.'s

NEW BONE MILLS IN MELBOURNE. THIS BONE DUST is guaranteed pure and of the best description, prepared at the above new and powerful Mills according to the latest improved mode, which gives it the advantage, that it acts quicker than usual, enabling Planters and others using it, to derive an immediate benefit from its

using it, to derive an immediate benefit from its application, which is much required in these times of progress and expensive labour.

The Ammonia (in the above) which is of animal substance is fairly developed, hence it does not remain inert, and therefore enables this bone dust to act as quick by as Peruvian Guano does, while its fertilizing qualities are much longer lasting in the soil and the price much lower. soil and the price much lower.

Orders for the above will be registered at £9 per ton, by

DUNCAN, SYMONS & Co. GENERAL NOTICES



ENTERTAINMENT TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH.

SUBSCRIBERS to the above are urgently requested to pay their subscriptions to any member of the Committee, to the undersigned, or into the ORIENTAL BANK, to the Credit of the Committee, as the expenditure attending the construc-tion of the buildings can only be defrayed from

M. W. TOCKE,

OVERLAND CEYLON TIMES WANTED COPIES OF THE "Overland Ceylon Times

OF JANUARY 11TH. A NY PERSONS having copies of this number A and not requiring them, can have their value on forwarding them to the office of this paper. Ceylon Times Office, Feb. 8th.

NOTICE. ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

IN LIQUIDATION. E are authorized by the Official Liquidators to state that the time within which premiums paid since the suspension of the Company may be claimed, has been extended to the 30th March next. GEORGE WALL & Co. Colombo, 26th January, 1870.

SALE OF COFFEE PROPERTY Ат 1 г. м.,

On Saturday, the 19th February WILL BE OFFERED FOR SALE at our Office in KANDY, (if not previously disposed of by private contract.)

THE LALLAGAHA ELLA ESTATE SITUATED AT PALLEGAMPAHA, HARRISPATTOO, about 8 miles from Matale, and containing in exten About 210 Acres, of which 150 acres (more or less) are planted and in bearing.
THE BUNGALOW AND STORES

For further particulars, Apply to LEE, HEDGES & Co. Colombo, 26th January, 1870.

are in good order.

NOTICE.

CHURCH EXTENSION SOCIETY. GENERAL MEETING of the Subscribers A will be held in the Scotter Church Kandy, at 11 o'clock, A. M. On Thursday February, 17th. Kandy, February 9th, 1870.

THE GAMPOLA DISPENSARY (Late DAVIDSON & Co.'s) WELL-STOCKED Medicine chests fitted up for Estates.

No. 5, KADUGANNAWA STREET, GAMPOLA.

S. R. WILLIAMS,

THE UNDERSIGNED have been appointed Agents in Ceylon of the above Company. LEECHMAN & Co. Colombo, 12th January, 1870.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the rate of interest to be charged on Cash Credit Bonds terminable in one year, and collaterally secured by a Mortgage over the Coffee Crops of 1869—1870, has been fixed at 8 per cent.

By order of the Directors,
R. V. DUNLOP,
Acting Manager

Oriental Bank Corporation.

NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED are prepared to supply good steam Coal to Steamers calling at this Port, with quick despatch.

THE ROYAL VISIT.

GUN AND RIFLE MANUFACTURER, Desires to bring into special notice the fact of his having had the sole charge of the equipment of H.R.H. The Duke of Edinburgh, for his present

voyage and visit to India. The unrivalled skill of the Advertiser in adapting Rifles and Shells of his own invention to Indian requirements, &c., &c., having obtained for him the patronage of their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh, he now announces that all Indian orders are executed with the same care and fidelity as for the Royal Family. Drawings, Prices, &c., &c., post free on application.

markatures have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. MARAVILLA COCOA .- For Break-

MR. HARRY EMANUEL, 18. NEW BOND STREET, LONDON DIAMOND MERCHANT AND JEWELLER TO

NOTICE.

Loan Office, Colombo, 18th December, 1869.

PARTICIPATION CHARENTAISE La Grande Marque Cognac LONDON OFFICES (for the trade only)-22 and 23,

THE largest holders of vintage 1865, and old

Galle, 15th December, 1869. PRUNING KNIVES of the same approved make as those of the last season. MPORTED direct from Messrs. Harrison

Apply to E. WOODHOUSE.

via Indo-European.

London 31st January, 1870.

Note by Editor.—The above Advertisement was received by Telegram this day, and we cannot therefore guarantee the correctness of the rate

A GENERAL MEETING of the CEYLON
TURF CLUB will be held in the United
Entering at one o'clock on Friday, the 11th
Instant, to consider the ADVISABILITY OF HOLDING A RACE

DURING THE VISIT OF HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE

OF EDINBURGH TO CEYLON. Signed G. V. LAMBE,

February 7th, 1870.

OUR MR. C. H. LEDWARD being about to leave Ceylon for a shorttime, begs to intimate to his friends and supporters that his business will during his absence be carried on as punctually and efficiently as heretofore, and that all Auction Sales that he may be favored with will be conducted by Mr. W.

EX "PALMERSTON." A COTTAGE PIANO

Manufactured expressly for this climate, in perfect

On view at the Rooms. LEDWARD & Co.

No. 13.

NOTICE.

Oriental Bank Corporation, Colombo 7th January, 1869.

Galle, 21st January, 1870.

THE INDIAN SPORTSMAN.

Mr. J. D. Dougall.

THE QUEEN,
Begs to state that he is open to receive Consignments
of Precious Stones and Pearls, either on Purchase or
for Sale on Commission.

THE COMMISSIONERS of the Loan Board are prepared to lend money, at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, upon the security of Land as well as House Property, situated within the towns of Colombo, Kandy and Galle.

F. GRAY, Secretary.

GREAT TOWER STREET.

Mr. V. JOUANENT, Man- Mr. E. VIGNIMR, Manager aging Director, Cognac for the U. K., London.

Brandies of 1st growths.

Blue labels 6 years. Yellow labels 11 years. Red, labels 14 years. White label from 18 to 40 years.

Orders registered for supplies in early vessels.

J. Gibson Thomson and Co.

M PORTED direct from Messrs. Hardson Brothers and Howson. Orders of 5 dozen and upwards delivered free on neighbouring Estates of Rambodde, Pussilawe, Kotmalie and Dimboola; also in Kandy, Gampola and Newerz Ellia. Price 18s. per dozen.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH

Company, Limited. THE TELEGRAPH LINES of this Company are now open for the transmission of private messages from this country to the United Kingdom. The charge for a message of ten words from Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, or any other place West of Chittagong, will be £1. 17. sterling. Messages intended for this line will be received at all the Government Telegraph Stations throughout India, and in order to insure their safe transmission should be marked by the sender via Indo-European.

given in the Telegram. TURF-CLUB Special Notice.

MEETING

NOTICE.

A. ARCHBALD. LEDWARD & Co. Colombo, 4th February, 1870. FOR SALE.

BY "CHALLENGER & Co.," London.

ALSO EX "BRITOMART." HERRY in Quarter Casks and Hogsheads Hoop Iron $1\frac{1}{4}$ in, $1\frac{1}{2}$ in, and $1\frac{3}{4}$ in.

at 30s.

KEPPEL JONES & Co. Colombo, Feb. 10, 1870.

PLANTERS ASSOCIATION.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will Take place at the rooms of the Association on Thursday, the 17th February, for the election of Chairman, Secretary and Committee.

Any member having an original motion to propose, is requested to give fifteen days notice of the same.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS RECEIVED. 1. That in the opinion of this Meeting the proposed improvements of the Galle Harbour being essentially an Imperial work, should be executed with Imperial not Colonial funds."

2. "That this Meeting do take into consideration the question of labor supply, and the best means for increasing it."

Members intending to be present at the dinner.

Members intending to be present at the dinner, which will take place on the evening of the 17th February, are requested to send timely notice to the

H. BYRDE.

Kandy, 19th January, 1870.

FOR SALE. A SUPERIOR SEMI-GRAND PIANO made to order

BY "BROADWOOD" COST £120. Price £50 Apply to VENN & Co.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF THE A. B. C. CLUB.

VILL be held at the Kandy Library on the morning of the 18th February, at eight T. SKINNER.

> Asiatic Banking Corporation. IN LIQUIDATION.

A NNEXED is a Copy of a Circular letter which I have forwarded this day to those Creditors of the Corporation who have registered their claims in accordance with the notice given. G. DENIS H. HARRISON.

Attorney for Official Liquidator. Kandy, 9th February, 1870.

IN CHANCERY. IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES' ACT, 1862.

THE ASIATIC BANKING CORPORATION. 4, Lombard Street, London January, 1870.

AND OF

I beg to inform you that, on application to my Attorney, in Ceylon, on or after the 22nd February next, you may receive a Cheque for the amount payable to you, in respect of a Fifth Dividend of 1s. in the £, which by the direction of His Honor the Vice-Chancellor Stuart, has been declared in this matter.

Upon application for payment, this Notice must be produced, together with the last account rendered to you by the Corporation, also any Deposit Receipts, Bills of Exchange, or other Securities held by you. If you do not attend personally, you must fill up and sign the subjoined forms of Receipt and Authority, when a Cheque, payable to your order, will be delivered.

Your obedient Servant,
W. TURQUAND,
Official Liquidator.

APOTHECARIES HALL, KANDY. Whyte & Co., (Late Trowell & Co.)

NOTICE. GREAT WANT has hitherto been felt in Cevlon, by those interested in Natural His-

tory, and parties desirous of procuring, or sending to Europe, specimens of our most interesting Fauna;—no means of preserving these have been at their command.

W. & Co. having procured the services of a com-petent party for this purpose, are now prepared to receive specimens of Birds, and the smaller Mammalia—the skins of which will be thoroughly preserved and stuffed. Charges will be moderate.

HOUSE AT NEWERA ELLIA TO LET.

MR. G. L. MOLESWORTH'S HOUSE At Newera Ellia, FURNISHED.

For particulars and terms, Apply to H. D. GABRIEL.



RUSTON, PROCTOR & Co's

PRIZE THRASHING MACHINES. RUSTON, PROCTOR & Co's

PRIZE FLOUR MILLS AND SAWING BENCHES RUSTON, PROCTOR & Co's CONTRACTOR'S LOCOMOTIVES.

RUSTON, PROCTOR & Cos. PATENT CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS.

RUSTON, PROCTOR & Co., ENGINEERS. Locomotive Works, Lincoln, England.



PERFUMERY, Warrnted to retain its excellent quality in any climate.
RIMMEL'S TOILET VINEGAR, to supersede eau RIMMEL'S LAVENDER WATER, distilled from

RIMMEL'S JOCKEY CLUB. Frangipanne, etc., of RIMMEL'S GLYCERINE, Honey Windsor and other

RIMMEL'S LIME JUICE and Glycerine for Beauti RIMMEL'S LOTION for Whitening and Beautifying

RIMMEL'S PERFUME VAPORIZER, Perfume

RIMINEL S IHRANG IHRANG a new perfume. RIMMEL, Persumer to H. R. H. the PRINCE OF WALES.

98 Strand and 24 Cornhill, London,

NOTICE.

MR. JAMES BRODIE has been admitted a partner in our firm. W. C. BRODIE & Co. 2nd February, 1870.

WHYTE AND CO. APOTHECARRIES HALL. KANDY.

A L W A Y S on hand a fresh supply of all the
MEDICINES in general use, and a
great variety of Patent Drugs and
preparations. Physician's prescriptions and family recipes prepared with
the utmost

care. WHYTE & Co. have much confidence in drawing the attention of the public to their select assortments of GENERAL GOODS comprising

OILMANSTORES AND GENERAL GROCERIES, WINES, SPIRITS, BEER AND PORTER, SODA WATER & LEMONADE,

TOBACCOS. And a variety of Smoking Requisites, PERFUMERY, STATIONERY, NOVELS, Diaries for 1870.

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY, CUTLERY, PLATED-WARE. WHIPS, UMBRELLAS, AND CANDELSTICKS, Kandy, 12th January, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

For Jaffna, Trincomalee and Batticaloa.

THE SCHOONER "MEERA MOYDEEN SONNDANY"

WILL load to the above ports on Monday, and will sail with Please apply to
N. M. ROCHE VICTORIA.

FOR LONDON, VIA BALLE AND COLOMBO. The fine A. I. Iron Ship

"RAJPOOT," 1,244 Tons Registe, J. Andrew, Commander. EXPECTED from Galle about the 27th Instant, and will load with despatch, the greater portion of her Cargo being already engaged.

LEE, HEDGES & Co., Colombo, 12th February, 1870.

TO BE LEASED.

The Hangroogamua Coffee Estate, SITUATED IN THE MEDEMAHANEWERA DISTRICT, Consisting of 383 acres, of which 278 acres are under Coffee and in full bearing,
14 acres in Grass, 61 acres
Pattana, and 35 acres
Forest.
The Lease will be for a Minimum term of ten years.

For further particulars Apply to

GEORGE WALL & Co. 12th February, 1870.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH'S VISIT. KANDY.

NOTICE.

NICHOLLS & CO., HAVE the pleasure to inform their Cus-tomers and Friends IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCE that their Cutter, Mr. HARPER, from London, will be

AT THE CEYLON HOTEL COY'S, KANDY, on the 16th and 17th instant, and will be pre-pared to receive orders for all kinds of

Gentlemen's Clothing, He will be supplied with patterns, &c.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will sell by public auction at the Wharf, on Thursday, the 17th Instant, at 1 o'clock, P. M. SIX BALES OF GREY SHIRTINGS, more or less sea damaged.

Ex "SPIRIT OF THE NORTH," on account of the concerned. C. SELEMBREM,

Colombo, 14th February, 1870.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED have been appointed Sole Agents in Ceylon for Sale of MESSRS. COLLINS & CO.'S PURE BONE DUST

Manufactured at their Mills, Yara Bank, Melbourne two cargoes are daily expected, orders registered PRICE £9 5s. PER TON delivered free at Colombo Railway Station. LEE, HEDGES & Co.

February 14th, 1870. NOTICE.

THE CEYLON CATHOLIC MESSENGER will from the 15th Instant, be printed and published at the Colombo Catholic Orphanage Press, Cotanchina, and all communications, correspondence, &c., are to be addressed to the Editor Ceylon Catholic Messenger, Office No. 23, St. Lucias' Street, Cotanchina, Colombo.

All payments from and after the 15th Instant, are to be made to Mr. W. B. Rodrigue, No. 2 Silversmith Street, Colombo, whose receipt will alone be considered a sufficient discharge. Colombo, 14th February, 1870.

MUNIANDI, No. 14. NOW READY

CONTENTS: Cartoon—"Which way has the Work gone." Socials—Valentines Day, B. C. 64. Educational—What's in a name. Masonic Phantasies.

THE HOMEWARD MAIL No. 11. From Walker Mac Skinnem. The Diary of a late Director General.

VALENTINES—From a Royal Duke to his Royal

Mother. From a confirmed Maniae.

De Lunatico. Ye Scribe of Baillie. A Definition—Conun A Definition—Conundrum—Mottoes.
A Hint to the Reception Committee.
Notices to Correspondents.

EX "BRITOMART."

CARGILL & Co., A RE NOW LANDING from the above Vessel Reid & Co.'s Brown Stout IN WOOD.

Orders registered. Colombo and Kandy. NICHOLLS & CO.

AVE RECEIVED:

Monte Christo Saloon Rifles

Do. do. do. Pistols

Bulletted Caps for ditto Nos. 1, 2, and 3
Rein Holders, Whips Sockets, Knee Caps
Watering bridles, Linen Horse Clothing
Fetlock boots, India rubber rings
Saddle cloth, Harness Pads, Traces,
Hunting and Racing Spurs
Warren's Boilers, Fish kettle, Stew pans &c.

HAMS, CHEESE, AND BUTTER

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Undersigned have just received per steamer "WILLIAM MILLER." PRIME WILTSHIRE HAMS. STILTON AND CHEDDER CHEESE. FRENCH BUTTER IN TINS 21 lb, each. LEDWARD & Co.

FOR SALE.

THAT USEFUL AND HANDSOME TURNOUT A POWERFUL BAY

AUSTRALIAN MARE, in good condition, young and free from vice. A ROOMY PALANQUIN CARRIAGE

built by Kroes, in good order. A SET OF SILVER PLATED LONDON MADE HARNESS, almost new,

Price £100. ON VIEW AT ANY TIME IN THE COTTAGE. The property of our MR. C. H. LEDWARD, who has temporarily left the Island.

LEDWARD & Co.

NOW ON HAND FOR SALE Robert's Cocona da Lanka Cheroots.

BURMAH SHAPED in Boxes of 500 No. 1 Babington in Office Cheroots in in ers registered at lowest rates

DELMEGE, REID & Co. Sole Agents for Ceylon.

AUCTION SALES OF VALUABLE HOUSE PROPERTY

At 3 p. m., of Saturday 19th Instant.

THREE HOUSES CORNER OF KEYSER AND 1ST CROSS STREETS,

opposite to the PETTAH BURIAL GROUND, Suitable either for dwelling houses or stores, and calculated to yield a rental of £150 @ £200 per annum.

AND At 3 p. m., on Saturday 26th Instant.

THREE DWELLING HOUSES AND A GARDEN,

Nos. 54, 55, 57 and 58, KEW HOUSE STREET, SLAVE ISLAND, adjoining the Rifle Lines. THE TITLE DEEDS OF THE PROPERTIES will be

ද, න් වී ම යි. විටිනා කෙවල් එම සභාගන්දීම වෙන්

දේසියේ විකිනිමක්. මෙම මස 19 මනිදින සෙන සූත්ද සව 3 නට පිටකොටුවේ නැසිසැවිදිගේ සහ 1 වෙ නි කරා විදියේ කැරතෝජපුව ඉදිරිි්ටග් ති බෙත පදින්වයට සහ කබෝ ලොත් සැගක න අීරු බ තට පවු 5 ඩ් 150 ක් 200 ක් පම න බද්දක් අයවෙන කෙවල්දන විකුණන්ඩ

න ව අ 26 දින සෙප සුන්දුන් කොම්වො ඤඤ ිදී යේ ජලා සින්නයාව හි බන ෙමමර 54,55, 57, සත 56, අරන කෙවල් අතුව x නකුත් විකු

නතුත් බ ගය වේ ය. ජවාගේ ූ ජපු එ පුස්ථාවට පෙන් නවා

වැන්සමාතම. அறிவிததல் இதினகள் கானப்பட்ட பொரமதியான

வீடுகளும் தோட்டமும் அவவிடமவைத்து

வெந்தேசிபப்டும் பிறகோட கடயிலிருக்கு ம கெயிசர்தெருவு கட்சியிலையும் 1 ம குரு வடு நிகரும் கிட்டங்கு கருக்கும் தருந்த வ கரு நிகரும் கிட்டங்கு கருக்கும் தருந்த வ ருடம் ஒண்டு ககு 150 அவ்வது 200 பவுன் கூளிவாவு உவ்வதாக மூண்டு வீடுகள் இம் மாதம 19 திரதி பினநோம மூண்டுமனிக இ விக்கப்படும்.

இம்மா தம் 26 நிக்கி பின்னேற்ம முண்டு ம னிக்கி கொமபெனிதெருவிள் கிவு ஓம் தெ ருவிலிரு சஞ்சு பட்டால் ததுக்கு அடுத்த நொம்பர் 54, 45, 57, 58, வீடுகளும் இரு

தோட்டமும் விக்கப்படும். இதர்கு உருகிகடதாகிகள் அவ்விடம வைத்து காநலாம் வென் கொட்டெனி

MESSRS VENN & CO., WILL sell on the Esplanade, on Saturday, the 19th February, at 12 noon:

EIGHTEEN EXCELLENT INDIAN HORSES,



INCLUDING Carriage and Saddle Horses, Hacks, Roadsters and Ladies' Horses. ON VIEW AT 2 MILE-POST Union Place, SLAVE ISLAND.

MESSRS. VENN & CO. A RE instructed by J. F. Dickson, Esq., C. C. S., to sell at his residence, The "Rotunda," Colpetty, on Saturday, the 26th of February, at 12 noon:— WELL-KEPT TEAK, SATIN, AND JACKWOOD

Household Furniture, PLATE, GLASS, CROCKERY, HORSES, VEHICLES, &c.



"BELLEVUE HOUSE" IN MUTWALL, TO LET. Apply to H. D. GABRIEL.

SEALED TENDERS VILL be received by the Manager of the Oriental Bank Corporation, Colombo, up to noon on Monday, the 14th March, next,

FOR THE ERECTION OF A RESIDENCE AND BANK HOUSE AT HALDAMULLE. Copies of the Plans and specifications can be

seen, between the hours of Eleven and Two o'clock each day (Mail days excepted) at the Oriental Bank Colombo, and at the Branch Banks at Kandy, Badulla and Haldamulle. Persons tendering must be prepared with approved ecurity for the performance of the work. Tenders to be addressed to the Manager of the Oriental Bank Corporation, Colombo, and to be marked on the outside "Tenders for the Haldamuile Bank House."

The Manager does not bind himself to accept the

R. V. DUNLOP, Acting Manager. Oriental Bank Corporation, Colombo, 15th February, 1870.

lowest or any other tender.

SALE OF

STEAM ENGINE, BOILER, DREDGING

MACHINE AND IRON BOAT. MESSRS. VENN & Co. are instructed to sell M ESSRS. VENN & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, on Saturday, the 26th Instant, at 3 o'clock, P. M.
One RANSOM AND SIMMS' Ten Horse-power Stationary Engine, with link motion, reversing gear and all the necessary appliances.
One RANSOM AND SIMMS' Fourteen Horse-power Locomotive Tubular Boiler, on standards, with all fittings complete.

fittings complete.
One Iron Boat 67 feet 8 inches long, 10 feet 2 inches broad, and 3 feet deep.

All the Buckets and Working Gear belonging to a Dredging Machine; also a Chest of Tools.

The above belonging to the Steam Dredge lately used in the Colombo Lake, are in excellent working order, and may be seen at the Government Factory.
For further particulars apply to Mr. WILLIAM
FERGUSON, at the Municipal Council's Office.
Colombo, February 15th, 1870.

> SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. COLOMBO.

ARRIVAL.

Febv. 13—British Barque Teviot. J Wheelan, 433 tons, from London, 28th October, cargo general—Passengers, Sydney Hope Nurvine Esq., Vessels communicated with during the voyage; Nov 8th, 'Queen of the West' from London to Colombo, Dec. 2nd 'Otago' from Glasgow to Adelaide and ship 'Damascus' from Sydney to London; Dec. 8th, Barque 'Caroline Hutchins' from London to Dec. 2th ship 'Clara and Emma' from San Francisco to Queen's Town, Dec. 19th, 'Queen of the Seas' from London to Cape Town, Dec. 22nd. Norwegian Barque 'Dolphin' from Gateshead to Shangui, Dec. 23rd, Ship 'Rajahmahal' from Liverpool to Calcutta, Barque 'Laura Gertrude' from Cardiff to Pt. de Galls and the ship 'Helios' from Port Talbot to Rangoon, and Dec. 25th Barque 'Medina' from Hongkong to London. ARRIVAL

London, cargo general. Passengers, Mr. & Mrs. Macready and 4 children, Mr. Macready, Mrs. Prime and 6 children, Mr. Williams' 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Willistord, Mr. J. F. Moir's 4 children, Mr. C. H. Ledward, Mr. T. Stephen, Master Watson, and Mrs. Dawes & two children. do do—British Steamer William Miller, C. G. Nyberg, 566 tons, bound to Singapore, cargo general.

do 14—British Ship Salisbury, J. W. True, 1,094 tons, bound to London, cargo general.

GALLE.

ARRIVALS. Feby. 11-British Ship Dilawur, from Sydney 27th No rember 1869. do 12—British, Barque *Helpmeet*, from Sydney 11th December 1869. do do—Norwegian Ship *Norgs*, from Cardiff 18th No-vember, 1869. Feby, 12—British Barque *Aguiline*, from Sunderland 1st November 1869.

Feby, 12—British Barque Aguiline, from Sungeriand 128 November 1869.
do 13—British Barque Phillis, from Shields 7th October 1869.
do do---British Steamer William Miller, from Colombo 13th February.
do do---Norwegian Barque Ostindia, from Cardiff 12th November 1869.
do do---British Ship Grand Duchess, from Newcastle 18th November 1869.
do 14----British Barque Ophir, from Dundee 4th Octobar 1869. ber 1869

ber 1869.
Feby. 13---Passed by British Ship Castle Avon, from Bombay, bound to Gopalpore.
do 14---British Ship Benares, from Bombay---Passengers Mrs. Noyes and child.
do 15---French Steamer Godavery, from Calcutta.
do do---French Steamer Tigre, from Suez---Passengers for Galle, Messrs. Cunningham, Colomb and Missieux.

DEPARTURES. Feby. 3-British Ship Victoria, shewed her No. in past Febr. 3—British Steamer Sakana, for Jaffina, do 12—Spanish Frigate Berenguela, for Manila. do 14—British Ship Diluvur, for Calcutta. do 16—British Barque Halpmeet, for Cololmbo.

INDO-EUROPEAN MESSAGES.

Latest date received from the United Kingdom (on mea-ages addressed to Galle) up to 12 noon of to-day is the 12th KANDY WEATHER.

Observations taken at the Survey Office, 1713 feet above Mean Sea Level and Read at 9-30 a.m. Day of Week Day of month Feb. 1870 10087664881 Barometer corrected and reduced to temp. of 32° 204 218 218 218 202 202 202 194 188 188 188 195 195 775.8 779.0 779.0 80.2 80.2 81.0 81.0 Max. in Air Min. in Air. Max. Wet. Min. Wet. Max. Sun. 58-7 56-7 56-7 59-7 59-7 Min. on Grass, 0.00 S M 0.0 Rainfall in previous 24 hours. Direction. Pressu e in lbs. per square foot. 1731

Amount of Horizontal move-ment of air in pre-100-152 128-900 83-689 69-489 41-668 38-765 27-489 63-0 58-0 58-0 ment of air in j Cloud. Ozoone, COLOMBO WEATHER. Dew Point.

Degree of Humidity.

Rain fall in 24 hours. Ba. at 32° Mean sea lev Direction. Force island on most favorable terms. 8 29-841 84-6 75-5 69-5 60 0 W.N.W. 0-375 lbs 10 29-864 82-1 77-6 74-6 78 0 W.N.W. 0-333 11 29-862 83-1 78-1 74-8 76 0 W. 0-256 W. 0-256 14 89-860 83-9 79-4 76-4 78 0 W. 0-337

OUTSTATIONS.

AT NOON. WIND. REMARKS.

PASSENGERS BY THE GALLE COACH.

Feby. 10—Mr. J. W. Home, Mr. Anderson, Mr. W. F.
Meres, and Mr. Geo: Andree from Galle.
do 11—Mr. Mainwaring, Miss N. Black, Mr. J. G.
Batta and Capt, Martin from Galle.
do 12—Revd. J. Bareille to Galle,
do do—A Native from Galle.
do 13—Capt. Martin, and Mr. J. W. Home to Galle,
and Mr. C. Prime to Bentotte.
do—Galle. Galle.
do 14---Mr. W. Henry and Mr. and Mrs. G. Lembrugen to Galle.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES. BIRTHS.

BIRTHS.

At Ranwelle Estate, Rangella, on the 10th of February, the wife of James Wright, Esq., of a son.

At 231, Colpetty, on the 14th February, the wife of James A. Scott, Esq., Deputy: Purveyor to the Forces, of a son. On 14th February, at Lakeside, Colombo, the wife of R. Crowe, Esq., of a son.

DEATHS.

On the 11th Enhancement of Colpetty at Man Rangel

DEATHS.

On the 11th February, in Colpetty, at Mrs. Kroon's, from Hydra Phobia, Thomas Henry, 2nd son of the late Thomas Ford, aged 12 years 3 montus and 16 days.

At Mutwal, Colombo, on the evening of the 13th Instant, Foster, child of Mr. F. B. Nicholas.—Friends at a distance will please accept this intimation.

Mails in February 1870, according to date.

15 ENGLAND, MEDITERRANEAN AND Tigre.
Deccan. MAURITIUS. MADRAS & CALCUTTA. ENGLAND & MEDITERRANEAN, Mooltan STRAITS & CHINA. BOMBAY. AUSTRALIAN COLONIES &C.

* These days are Sundays: Letters &c., will be forwarded, as usual, to Galle, where the Mails will be made up by the Packet Agent next day.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

" F. A. S .- " UP-COUNTRY" and Planting Reports from Dombera, Happotella, &c. shall appear in our

We are unable to give insertion to the communication "ZERES." "X" wishes to know if the Archdeacon is entitld to draw "Travelling Allowances" for the time he remains in Colombo not on duty but for his health. Certainly not.

Holloway's Pills.—The Right Road to Happiness.—In selecting the most appropriate medicine for a particular ailment, there may be some difficulty, unless one can be found at once to purify, regulate, and strengthen. Holloway's Pills possess and exert these properties in an extraordinary degree. They enable the stomach to dicest any ordinary food, they increase the secretory powers of the liver, cleanse the blood, expel all morbid matters, and throw into the circulation the purest elements for sustaining and repairing the frame, and preserving it from unnecessary, wear and tear."

The Ceylon Times.

COLOMBO, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1870.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

London, February 18th. Parliament opened by Commission. Her Majesty alluded to the friendly relations which existed between this country and foreign powers, and expressed a hope that mediation will in the future, avert the calamities of war, and be the means

of maintaining general tranquillity.

The revenue was spoken of as in a satisfactory state. Future legislation in reference to elections was alluded to, whilst in regard to land tenures in was alluded to, whilst in regard to land tenures in Ireland, a hope was expressed that Parliament will be able to legislate in a manner conducive to the future tranquillity of that country the present state of which caused Her Majesty painful concern. Legislation was also promised in respect of National Education, the natulizations of foreigness University Tentes to Cyford, &c. ners, University Tests at Oxford, &c.

London, February 9th. Disscussion in both Houses on the Royal Speech led no practical results and the Address was finally adopted.

Mr. Bright is seriously indisposed. Disturbances in Paris are reported but order has been restored.

THURSDAY NEXT.

As the day approaches on which the Planters Annual Meeting is to be held, we find a stronger and more general determination amongst members to wash their hands of politics and Galle Harbor, and devote themselves to the consideration of such questions as pro-perly belong to a Planters' Association. We should hope that the proposer of the first resolution on the list, will see fit to withdraw it and not waste the time of members in the useless discussion of a settled question.

The Association will have an engrossing to-pic before it in the question of Labor Supply. In our present issue will be found a letter from a Planter of considerable experience, who assures us on no doubt good grounds, that if the Coolies ordinarily in the islaad were to be made to work more continuously than is usually the case during crop time, there would be sufficient labor for all present wants. This however is not the point. We wish to see our way for an extended supply of labor to meet the larger demands arising in new and extending districts. Crop time is usually a period of bad weather, and it would not be prudent to depend upon an addition to our labor by forcing every hand into the field for seven days in each week of crop time. Our ordinary supply must be supplemented and it is for the Planters themselves to determine by what means this shall be accomplished. They must be prepared to bear the cost of any new Agency themselves, embracing probably

travelling representative and a steamer, looking for the co-operation of Government if We would wish to suggest the twin subject of food-supply to the Association. Too little has been hitherto thought of this question: notified immediately. The landing as we have too little has been done in the matter, and yet there is not any one subject of such vital importance, to government, to planters and to merchants as this. An abundance of home grown food means cheap food, and we can see no reason why in time by means of irrigation and improved cultivation, we should not have rice almost as cheap in the villages of Ceylon as in those of India. A very small amount of pressure on our government would induce them to extend present irrigation outlay: as for the means of extension there need be no difficulty on that score; the money can be had in this

THE SERVICE TENURES.

Our readers cannot fail to have been struck with the good sense and proper feeling mani-fested in several of the speeches made at recent Service Tenure meetings by Buddhist Priests and others. They have administered a well merited rebuke to a christian government which, whilst refusing to give countenance to the religion of the country, continues to levy taxes from the natives for the support of its own Churches and Clergy. The Buddhist Priests and Headmen complain that they had no timely notice of the intended legislation, and were thus debarred from giving expression to their opinions on the matter. itself a very grave charge: the spirit of British legislation requires that every interest affected by any measure should have full opportunity of expressing an opinion upon its merits. In former times, in the days of Sir Edward Barnes and Sir Robert Horton, care was always taken that the provisions of every ordinance affecting native interests in any way, were carefully circulated throughout the country in such a scrupulous manner that every land-holder might have an opportunity of express-

ing his opinion of it

We shall probably be told that the Government Gazette is published in the vernacular for this purpose: but we know also how great a farce is publicity by that means. We heard some time ago of the Governor's disgust on finding the provisions of the Irrigation Ordinance entirely unknown to the native Headmen at Avishavella when His Excellency enquired of them what they thought of the measure. We remember moreover, that a translation of his Excellency's speech on the Irrigation Ordinance was in consequence, printed for special circulation throughout the Singhalese districts, and how three months afterwards a copy having been required, the whole impression was found after elaborate search, quietly stowed away on the top shelf of an almirah in the Colonial Secretariat. This ing, by the Messageries Steamer Tigre. Letters is how official information is circulated in modern days! From information we have obtained from

Buddhist Priests, a deputation of whom waited

upon us yesterday, we gather that their princi-

pal objection to the Ordinance lies in the

power given under it to Dewa Nillemes to

eceive the value of commutations for Temple

Service, without at the same time providing that

those sums of money shall be scrupulously devoted to the maintenance of the services for

which they are the equivalent. The Priests as matters now stand, have no power over a Dewa Nilleme to render annual accounts of disburse-

ments. It may indeed be said that if a Dewa Nilleme fails in his duty and allows the temples to fall into disrepair, he may be called to account and if proof can be had, put out of office. Now a Dewa Nilleme under the operation of the new Ordinance may receive ten thousand pounds in commutation for Temple Services, and during his life time may perform all his duties with exactitude. But at his death how can the Priests compel his heirs to pay them the principal which should be in his possession? The whole would inevitably be lost, as no Dewa Nilleme was ever known to bequeath any balance of Vihare funds to the Priests of any temples, and it is this fact which causes disquietude amongst the Priesthood. The intelligent members of their body declare that they will be quite content if the proceeds of all commutations can be guaranteed in perpetuity to the service for which its equivalent property was originally bestowed, and this we think they have a right to ask. It is contrary to the spirit of our faith that we should endeavour to subvert other religions by unfair and unworthy means, and we trust the day is far distant when such will be sanctioned by any British Government.

A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH

THE LATE EDWARD JOSEPH DARLEY

A telegram from London received in Colombo on Sunday last, conveyed the sad intelligence that one more of the old residents of Ceylon, has passed away. Edward Joseph Darley, the Senior partner of the firm of Darley, Butler & Co. died in London on the 29th instant, after a short illness, in or about the sixtieth year of his age. So changeful is our Society that at this time but few remain in Ceylon who remember the deceased when amongst us as merchant and unofficial member of Council. The few of those days who remain need not be told by us of his excellent qualities of head and heart, of the good work he performed for the community whilst a mem-

The late Mr. Darley came to Ceylon in 1834, to the firm of Ackland & Boyd : in 1838 he was admitted a partner, and the firm became Ackland, Boyd & Co. During the early period of his residence in Ceylon Mr. Darley acted as temporary Editor of the Observer then the property of the Colombo Merchants and a respectable journal. In 1848 the firm was compelled to suspend payment, and eventually the present firm of Darley, Butler & Co. was established. How careful trading and the American War favored the new firm, needs scarcely to be told; all who knew the deceased and few knew him better than the writer, will join in bearing testimony to his perfect rectitude, his goodness of heart, and his

COSSIP.

like Edward Joseph Darley.

The Governor having returned to Colombo, there is naturally a good deal of curiosity evinced in regard to certain Civil Service arrangements believed to be on the tapis; nothing is yet known in respect of the enticipa-ted vacancy on the Galle Bench inasmuch as the Judge of the station has not yet sent in his papers. With regard to another matter concerning which there has for some time, been a good deal of speculation, we believe it will be found that one of the officials in question will be recommended to apply for leave and the question of his acting successor will in that case lie between a present agent holding a f1200 appointment, and an acting Agent, But all this surmise will become matters of certainty

in few days more. It is generally believed amongst officials, that the present chief Suprintendant of Police will accept an appointment in another colony. Surmise has already indicate his successor in the person of an Assistant Agent in the Western Province, known to stand well with the authorities, but we have reason for believing that the governor considers it will be preferable that this appointment shall in future be in the

named for the post. The official programme of the royal landing, previously stated, is expected to take place on the 3rd and 4th April. The 3rd will fall on a Sunday, so that the Levee cannot take place sooner then monday the 4th, but it will pro-bably be on the day following. In the evening of the same day, there will be a drawing-room at Queen's House, at which ladies will be presented to the Prince. In the evening of the day on which the Royal visitor will land, the Governor intends accompanying the Prince for a drive in the suburbs of the town, to afford as many of the people as possible an opportunity of seeing His Royal Highness. The Committee appointed to arrange the landing proceedings, is comprised of the following:—Mr. Parsons, Mr. Layard, Col. Young, Capt. Chapman.

Apropos of this topic we notice that the Duke of Edinburgh's visit to India has given rise to a dispute regarding the expenditure incurred in the reception and entertainment of his Royal Highness, not quite of the same nature as the Australian debates. The Friend of India says Lord Mayo has declared his intention of bearing his share of the expenditure on the ground that the Duke was his guest. The Council are said to oppose this

termination. Plasterers and whitewashers are busily engaged on most public buildings and on some private offices also. We may here notice in passing, the vast improvement in the appearance of Queen Street, caused by the completion of Messrs. Wall & Cos. new office which is decidedly the most elegant building within the Fort, whether it be in respect of design or workman-like finish. We may mention moreover that it has been built in the incredibly short space of time of about five months. It reflects the highest credit on Mr C. H. SPARKES, C. E. from whose design and under whose immediate and unremitting supervision it was constructed, One or two such officers as Mr. Sparkes would be a valuable acquisition

THE RIFLE BAND .- The Band of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, will play on Friday next, the 18th Instant, in the Cinnamon Gardens, at 5 p. m., the following programme.

to the Public Works Department.

THE FRENCH MAIL .- The Mail of the 21st from London was brought to Galle this morn-

THE GAZETTE.—The following appointments are published, Captain A. B. Fyers, R. E., to be Acting Director of Public Works, vice Mr. Molesworth, who has obtained leave of absence to proceed to England.

Lieut.-Col. J. G. Jervois, R. E., to be acting Surveyor General, vice Capt. Fyers.
Captain A. B. Fyers, R. E., to be acting Director General of the Ceylon Railway, Mr.

AGENTS FOR CLYLON. STREET, FORT.

complete devotion to every task he took in hand, public and private. The world at large would be none the worse for a few more men

hands of a military man, we have even heard the name of a gallant officer now in the island,

precedent, but the Viceroy is firm in his de-

PROGRAMME.
SELECTIONS. COMPOSERS.

&c., will be delivered in Colombo some time

C. F. Fernando to be a Deputy Coroner for the Districts of Negombo.

ber of Council, and of the ready help he gave to all useful and charitable institutions.

Mr. Æ. A. King, having obtained leave of hsence for a fortnight, from the 21st instant, Ir. W. E. Sharpe has been appointed District Judge, Commissioner of requests, and Police Magistrate, of Badulla, as well as coroner for

the District of Badulla.

A Proclamation issued by the Governor of New Zealand declaring the length of voyages for Passenger ships from New Zealand to various Ports is published, in order that it may be produced in evidence in case of any prose cution under the "Passenger Act."

The Chartered Mercantile Bank Notes in

circulation during the month of January amounted to £65,562.

PUBLIC WORKS' DEPARTMENT .- Mr. Folkard arrived in Ceylon by the last steamer from Suez, and will at once proceed to Batticaloa, as Provincial Assistant for the Eastern Province. The operations on the new Batticaloa Road and the Irrigation works at Rugam and eisewhere, will all be in his charge, equally with the Newara Eliya and Happotella roads.

MILITARY. - Leave of absence is granted to the following Officer Leut C. B. Carey Roya Engineers from 14th December to 21st Febr. to remain on Nuwara Eliva on Private

SERVICE TENURE ORDINANCE. A numerously attended meeting of Buddhist Priests, Kandian Chiefs, and others professing the Buddhist faith, took place at Dalada Maligawa at Kandy on Saturday the 29th of January 1870 at

1 P. M.

There were present at this meeting 177 Buddhists' Prieste, 31 Kandyan Chiefs, and above 500 other laymen, consisting of above 500 in all.

Among those present were 1st the most Revd.

D. D. Medagama the head of the Malwatta Establishment and the Primate of the whole Buddhishment and the Primate of the whole Buddhishment and the Primate of the whole Revd. S. Establishment and the Frimate of the whole Buddhist Church of Ceylon, and the most Revd. S. Wattegama the head of the Asgiriya Establishment, 3rd the Revd. Indawalugodde the High Priest of Asgiriya the Incumbent of Mahiyangana Vihara. 4th the Revd. B. Salugalle the second Vihara. 4th the Revd. B. Salugalle the second High Priest of Callalwatta Establishment. 5th Revd. Paradaniya Anunavake the Chief Priest of Huduhunpela. 6th Revd. B. Wirawala Anunayake the Chief Priest of Bulugahalana Vihara of Udunuwara. 7th Revd. D. Dedumupitiya Anunayake of Suppane and the Chief Priest of Welagama Wihara. Among the Kandian Chiefs were I Dunuwilla Diwanilame of Dalada Maligawa. 2 Paranatala Ratamahatmaya of Yatinuwara. Kadicawa the Katamahatmaya of Hewahate. Madugalle the Basnavaka Nileme of Mahade wale. 5 Kiribatkumbure the Basnayaka Nilema o Embekka Dewale. 6 the Basnayaka Nilema o Welagama. All these were assembled at the Daladamaligawa, at the above mentioned hour of the day. And the above named thirteen persons were unanimously elected by the priests and Layman present as a Committee to conduct the affairs of this meeting. Whereupon the Revd Bodhisha Sulugalle the Anunayaka having pro-posed by the most Revd. Mahanayaka of Mal-watte Establishment the Primate, and unanimously posed by the most Revd. Mahanayaka of Mal-watte Establishment the Primate, and unanimously agreed by the assembly took the chair and spoke in a lengthy and able speech, and clearly re-presented the disadvantageous position and the inevitable ruin in which the recently passed Service Tenure Ordinance has placed the Buddhist religion in this Island and its Vihares and De-

He said that when any Ordiance was enacted by the Rulers of the land, and when that Ordinance was repugnant to its ancient customs, and to the salvation of their souls in the future births; and to the practice of their religion, it is the duty of the principal priests of the Sthawira order being well versed in the religion, and the chiefs over the people and the Budhists in general, to Memorialize people and the Budhists in general, to Memorialize our most Gracious Sovereign Lady Queen, praying that Her Most Gracious Majesty may be mercifully pleased to disallow that Ordinance. A law, he said enacted by a just Government must be of equal advantage to all parties, as the great earth which supports every thing upon it; but earth which supports every thing upon it; but where any thing may be done which may appear to possess a selfish motive, there can be neither justice nor impartiality, the religion of the Bud-dhists is belief in Buddha, his doctrines and the priesthood. When these three are taken together it is called Buddhist religion and on these three gems do they equally place their faith; when the Buddhist Priests engage themselves to act according to this Ordinance their purity in reference to the tenets of Buddhism will perish; when law Buddhist profiles them that faith will be when lay Buddhists notice them their faith will be corrupt. No good but evil can result from corrupt faith, and therefore he said, I propose that the home government should be memorialized to alter this law.

Mr. Dunuwila Diwanilama of Daladamaligawa,

seconded this resolution, and said in what way so-ever may be the faith of the natives at the present day, this Ordinance is a violation of the articles of stipulations entered into at the secession of 1815; when it was agreed upon on the part of Government that they would carefully protect and ne common faith of the inhabi tants of this Island of Ceylon. And now Buddhism, which has prevailed in the Island for such a length of time, will in a short time come to ruin. length of time, will in a short time come to the Mr. Madugalle, the Basnayaka Nileme of Mr. Madugalle, the Basnayaka Proposed

Maha Dewale, supported the resolution proposed by the Revd. the Chairman, and seconded by Dunuwila Diwanilema, and proposed that signatures of both the priests and laymen should be taken to the memorial to be presented to Her Most Gracious Maistr.

Most Gracious Majesty.

Kadikaw the Ratemahatmaya of Hewahate said, I agree with all that has been said, and propose that this memorial should be handed at His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh the Prince of our most Gracious Majesty the Queen who is shortly expected in the Island. Kiribatkumbure, the Basnayaka Nileme of Embekka dewale addressed the assembly thus. There is no custom of taking any services in Wiharas and Dewalas of this Island by paying wages or salary in money.

wages or salary in money.

In lieu of such payments the ancient kiags have allowed portions of land to those who rend services to Wiharas and Dewalas.

The effect of the present Ordinance will de-prive the Temples and the tenants of their lands in a short time; and by the deprivation of these lands and tenants the Temples will in a short time

The Revd. Peradania the high priest of Huduhumpola said although it has been always clear that government at all times wished the welfare that government at all times wished the welfare and prosperity of the people of this island, no good will result to them from this Ordinance for the Temples will come to ruin as has been often already represented and the poor tenants who suffer imprisonment and pay fines in consequence of their inability to pay the three shillings of the Poll Tax when they shall have to pay some more money for the lands they hold, will not be able to do it, the consequence will be that the land owners will take legal steps and issue writs and get their lands sold, and thus they would be reduced to poverty. There case will be like of those who after being burned are compelled to remain under the scorching sun.

The Revd Indawalugode the high priest of Mahiyangane said we all agree with all that has been said, and proposed that all who were present should sign the should sign the memorial to be presented to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. (Here all vo-

Queen's Most Excellent Majesty. (Here all vo-luntarily signed the memorial.)

And the same Revd Indawalugoda proposed that the proceedings of this meeting should be for warded to the Singhalese. local papers and that translations of them should be sent to the English papers requesting them to be published for gen-eral information, which was unanimously agreed

Hereupon the High Priest of Asgiria Establish d up and thanked the Revd. Priest wh occupied the chair with great respect for the able and respectable manner in which this meeting was conducted. And the meeting was dissolved at 5; P. M. giving notice that another meeting will be held on the same subject at Matale on the 6th of February.

RECEPTION OF THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH. The following is the official programme of

The following is the official programme of the landing.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh will land at the Customs' Jetty.

The side opposite the landing steps will be lined by a guard of honor.

His Royal Highness will be received on landing by His Excellency the Governor, His Honor the Acting Chief Justice, The Hon'ble the Majorgeneral. The Hon'ble the Puisse Judges and the al, The Hon'ble the Puisne Judges, and the Hon one the Members of the Executive Council.

The Governor and the General will be accompanied by their personal Staff only.

panied by their personal Staff only.

The standing room on the side of the Jetty opposite the guard of honor, (with the exception of

a space at the landing steps) will be set apart for all Civil and Military Officers in uniform.

Tiers of seats will be erected between the end of the Jetty, and the Customs Gateway, under a Canopy at the point marked B. And there, places will be set apart for Lady Robinson and other Ladies, Members of the Legislative Council, for the Heads of Departments, Civil and Military, for Members of the Municipal Council, for the Members of the Press, and for as many of the General Public as the space will accommodate.

Public as the space will accommodate.

Admission to these seats will be by tickets, to be issued by the Landing Committee, to whom early application should be made.

The DUKE will proceed from the Landing

Stairs to the Governor's Carriage, which will be drawn up outside the Customs' Gate, whence he will drive along the face of the Public Buildings to Queen's House.

The Decoration of the Road from the Custom

House Gate to Queen's House, will be undertaken by the Municipality, with the exception of two Pandals, at the points marked C. and D, which will be erected by the Chiefs of the Western and Southern Provinces, who will at these sites, line the road on each side, headed by their respective

Agents and Assistant Agents.
The remainder of the road will be lined by Troops, and Police.

The Public Offices, and verandah overlooking the road, will be set apart for the Members of the

various departments, with their families. A second guard of honour will be stationed or the road, opposite the Portico of Queen's House.
Should these arrangements not afford sufficient accommodation for those who may desire to see His Royal Highness, the hall and vestibule of Queen's House, up to the foot of the staircase, will be open to the public, as far as space will

On the day after the landing, there will be a On the day after the landing, there will be a Levee at Queen's House at 2 P. M.

All Gentlemen proposing to attend will be so good as to send in their names a week before, to the Aide-d -Camp in waiting.

On the evening of the same day at 9-30 P. M., Lady Robinson will hold a Reception at Queen's House, at which the Ladies present will be presented to his Powal Hirdness.

ented to his Royal Highness. On the following morning, it is proposed that the Duke of Edinburgh shall leave for the Ratna-

pura Kraal.

The Programme for the reception of His Royal Highness at Kandy will be published later

By Order, G. H. CHAMPMAN Capt. A. D. C.

PECUNIARY ASSISTANCE.—We have searched through such Tasmanian papers as are in Colombo, in order to ascertain how the matter of Mr. Legge's Ornithological and other presents to the Australian Society stood, and, ac-cording to the letter from that gentlemen published in the Mercury, he expressed a hope that the Society would accept his presents and follow them up by endeavoring to get from India at its own cost, some of the Himalaya game birds. He said "Will the society endeavour to get them down? It would not cost much. If they won't I vote you and I try it."-This is what the Oserver is pleased to term "accepting pecuniary assistance"!

Affixed to this letter are some remarks from the Secretary of the Society, in which he expresses an opinion that the donor of the presents should not be allowed to defray all their cost—that is all, a suggestion which has never been acted on, and not likely to be.

KANDY.

" A Planter' writes us from the Central

capital as follows:—
I have just run in here from the watte to see about transport, which is unco' scarce in our part of the country, and I don't find that our neighbours are much better off, for not a cart can I get for love or money, They say that Rice has been sold as high as 30s. a bushel in Radulla and that f to a cart has been paid from here for 30 bushels Rice up! Small chance then is there of getting my parchment away I fear, when famile prices are ruling in the far off districts. The Contractors say, that cattle murrain is raging in Hapotella and elsewhere and that the deaths from disease have caused the scarcity. Probably the real facts have been exaggerated but I have no doubt there is a great deal of truth in it for I hear also of great mortality amongst tavelam and estate cattle in Ouvah-as many as 33 per cent. having died in a week on one estate! Now is the time for road Steamers, whre tramways, balloons or other strange means of locomotion, and I am glad to hear that Mr. Brown's Enterprise, the first traction engine, is being Colombo, and that others have been ordered out-indeed two are said to be coming at once. By the bye we havn't heard any hing definite of the wire Tramway lately and sinister reports be gin to find their way about the Planting districts n reference to that experiment which Mr. Tottenham was to try on the Brighton Downs. I suppose people argue that had it been a projector would not have been slow to proclaim the fact, but one does not

trumpet abroad ones failures.

Perhaps I am prejudiced as I think of that thousand bushels of Parchment "sweating" away in my store, but it seems to me that the Planters' Association might do better at its annual meeting than rave impotently at the Go ernment in reference to the Galle Harbour, by asking practical men for suggestions in reference to the transport difficulty, I am quite sure we can do no good with the former though we talk till we are black in the face---but Mr. E— for instance might give us a wrinkle or two about bullock carts and the way they ought o be driven!

The labor question I see is to be discussed and a very serious one it promises to become nex: year when we shall certainly pick (or ought to pick) the biggest crop that Ceylon has ever grown. This year we have not had a superbundance of labor anywhere and in some districts it has only been by management and concession that all the Coffee has been gathered. How will it be next year when those 2 or 3000 acres of new land in Dimboola and Dick-Oya come into bearing unless some additional effort is made to secure an increased supply of coolies?—especially as the Rice crops on the coast are said to be good and they wont

have the Irishman's reason for emigration.
The report goes that Mr. Wall will carry the arringement proposed in his famous correspondence with Mr. Leake and hand over "the chair" to Mr. Harrison,—well so far as the practical good of the planting community is concerned Pompey and Sambo are very much alike, especially Pompey! Poor Capt. Byrde was ousted because he didn't display enough activity---but he was perpetual motion itself compared with his successor who was to turn the central province upside down and set the Mahavelliganga on fire

HAPUTALE, 6th February, 1870.

The weather has been most trying to every one, we have had an alternation of wet and fine days: just as we think we are to have bright, fine, weather, down comes the rain and all our hopes are washed away. The roads, consequent on this untimely weather, are very much cut up, indeed ruts some few feet deep are frequent throughout the whole way from Balangoda to this. It is quite painful to see the Bullocks striving to get the carts out of these holes: in some places the roadis literally a quagmire, the result I fancy of a bad bottom at foundation. Carts are scarce just now, and Rice still more so: it seems strange that we should suffer, when in Colombo and Ratnapura one hears of Rice in plenty. In Badulia I believe, it has risen to a famine price, I hear

nexion with this place, but really the letter was so extraordinarily worded, the Queen's English so fearfully mutilated, that I must notice a few of this writer's remarks, as it may be of benefit to him as a frequent writer to the Observer.' He talks about the month being 'coarse," pray Mr. Editor what may 'coarse mean in reference to weather, week, or month' as I never remember seeing the term used—Again he says—'strange!' the "company" could not take a lesson from former years and have had a full supply on hand, instead of doling it out with egg-shells "they" could have sold it by the 100 Bushels and made a grand stroke of Now, careless, Sir what, may I ask, in the foregoing paragraph, does it refer to? I presume 'Rice,' but he never mentions the word—He talks about 'a dust of Rice,' crimping in one's own 'palleum'!! Oh! ye gods! Is this Tamil? How can any one write such insensate bosh? This imaginative writer says there is a clique in the district, in connexion with the Haputale Church, and that the members thereof can only be looked upon as 'Children in disguise.' I never heard of there being a clique in the district, I know that 2 or 3 people here were prejudiced against the management of the Haputale Church, whether justly so or no, I leave to yourself, Mr. Editor, as I fancy you have heard all about the affair; there was a great deal of ill-feeling evinced about the opening of the Church: in the first place no English Clergyman was asked to attend and hold a service, as had been stipulated, I believe: secondly the residents awoke to the fact that there was less than & of the total amount of Europeans in the district who were Presbyterians, and thirdly the whole conduct of the matter was offensive to some few in the place. Mr. Tom Thumb (the Observer's correspondent) as his synonyme implies, must be a child, and most ce tainly requires no disguise, as his letter is sufficient to shew one his infantile feelings and

expressions.
Some few Estates here are still in autumn crop. There has been a general blossom out this week, but we expect another, and a larger one: it ought to be, judging from the appearance of the trees, which have any amount of good work on them. Coolies are I b elieve, scarce, and no new gangs seem to be coming in, spring crop however will I think be short on most of the Pass and lower estates,

RAILWAY COLLECTIONS .- Abstract of Traffic for the week ended 30th January, 1870:-Passengers.. £663 19 10 Horses 26 14 Total for the week Do. corresponding last year 3936 3

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Train Mileage

DEAR SIR,-I have an enemy whom I wish to in jure. I should like to call him an Ass and a Fool in a public journal, can you help me in the matter? If you could throw in a column or so of general imyou could throw in a column or so of general impertinence with two or three bad pronouns, I should be glad, but it must not cost more than 4/s. Let me know if you can do it for this, or whether I must apply to the "Ceylon Observer?"

Yours Peacefully, COLONIAL CHRISTIAN.

5196

Valley, Feby. 11th, 1870. (Go to Baillie Street by all means .- Editor Times.

APPROPRIATE TAXATION.

SIR,-It is not long since we heard the Munici pality wanted money, perhaps it still wants it, and may be setting its brains to discover a new tax. Gratis I give the Municipality a suggestion, Tax Dogs. At five shillings per annum it would produce a beautiful Revenue. Not that after the imposition of the tax half the number of dogs now kept would remain to be taxed. This would of course be the most beautiful effect of the tax. Still there would be enough remaining to pay a most respectable quato to the Municipal Treasury. This would be far better than the dog catching and torturing system now in vogue, which is simply an exhibition the Municipality should not permit.

I write in the interests of revenue, of decency and cleanliness, of humanity, and of the weakness of human nature which requires sleep.

Yours. DIOGENES. RAKWANE.

DEAR SIR,-I should not have troubled your columns again with anything connected with Rak-wane, had not your correspondent "A Resident" call-ed the veracity of my statements in question, but he does not produce a single fact to support his contradiction. Facts are stubborn things, and it

requires proof to impair them.

I think now that I was rather severe on the Government Agent, Mr. Saunders, but then he should not step out of his path and mix himself up with a well known to be wolf in sheep's clothing, and as

full of venom as a Cobra.

On the contrary, I consider Mr. Saunders to be a very hard-working Government Assistant, and have no doubt he was led astray by the man who calls him-self a Coffee Planter, and sees his Coffee going out by the acre every day and can't devise is stop it, he ought to have a leather medal? I earn my salary by remaining on the estate and looking after my work, and getting a day's labour out of my Coolies, can the individual mentioned

ve say the same. above say the same.

If my cotemporary "A Resident" is willing to let the matter sink into oblivion, I am quite agreeable o adopt the same course.

I think he ought to have left those whom the cap

itted to exonerate themselves. Yours to command, DETECTOR.

HOPOTELLA OCCURRENCES.

DEAR SIR,-Whilst toddling on to Haldumulla few days back, a place I generally resort to, when I have an over-flow of my purse to regale myself with my planting brethren after many a days toil and labour, and when nearing my destination, my attention was attracted from a distance by an un attention was attracted from a distance by an unusual gathering on the main road close to the 106th mile-stone. Fearful at first to approach the tumult, I hesitated for a while, and made enquiries as to its nature. The only answer I could get, and that from a poor cooly, ran as follows "Hapuga-tella Dora" gimauda "Collison Dora" odichamaduperia sanda." I thought at once to take my heels, homewards, for I thought it better vo leggit than be beaten myself, especially in these hard days, when one is hardly able to spare a guinea or two as the Doctor's fees for a broken head or a fractured limb. Mustering courage however I cautiously approached, when indeed I found to my very great surprise that what the cooly had told me was the truth.

It appears that the scuffic emanated about a card

ntained coffee from the planter's estate, and which unhappily had broken down, thus rendering a great impediment to the other carters &c. The superintending officer in his usual obliging way offered assistance by applying his men, to remove the cart from the fix it was in, his aim was no doubt to do a man to be superintended. doubt to do a good turn to the planter, which I have not the slightest doubt was misconstrued. Hence, came words, and from words came blows. Tis indeed a pity that our respected road officer should have got into this unforeseen unpleasantness. As during his short career amongst us, we have found in him a good friend, a pains-taking and realous Couranness of the statement of the stat found in him a good friend, a pains-taking and zealous Government officer, and ever willing to be of assistance to those who need it. In my writing now, it is not, my dear Mr. Editor, I can assure you, with a view of exalting the one or condemning the other, indeed not. 'Tis only to ascertain for my own information, (as opinions differ) whether the road officer has not the power, as a Government of the road officer as a covernment of the road officer has not the power, I believe, it has risen to a famine price, I hear it was f i per Bushel.

Writing about the district and its grievances, reminds me of a letter I saw the other day, in the 'Observer,' representing matters in con-

officer, and only he, is the responsible party, when in command and supervision of the roads under his

If this be admitted, than as a matter of course i must follow that the Planter acted inconsistently— inasmuch, as he was preventing a Government Ser-vant from the execution of his duties. Had the Planter allowed the cart to be removed, (instead of insisting on its being kept in the state it was, till another cart was got to remove the coffee) by the assistance offered him, no such consequences would have befallen—nor would they have made themselves subjected to the Legal measures now adopted. I trust however that our impartial Magistrate will patiently hear the case, when brought before him, and so punish the guilty party (whoever it may be) as to prevent a re-occurrence of such ini-quitous proceedings.

Begging the insertion of this in a corner of your

next issue, and promising to inform you as to the result of the case, and enclosing my card. I remain &c

HENNESSY. Hoputale, 7th Feby., 1870. DEAR SIR,—It may not be altogether amiss in view of the question to come before the meeting at Kandy next week, to discuss a few facts respecting our Labour supply. On inquiry you will find that about 25 per cent. of the coolies in the Central Province have abstained from doing work during Crop. I mean that a daily average, of that mount has been absent from muster. Taking 5 of as representing the number really unwell, this leaves 20 o/o of idleness. I am not making a rash statement, but it is the result of many inquiries, not only from is the result of many inquiries, not only from Superintendents but from Canganies and men who pass by dozens along the adjoining high road every day; and whose reasons for being absent are anything but those of ill-health. They have earned an thing but those of ill-health. They have earned an extra /6 are going to the bazaar; or somebody owes them a rupes and they are going to see if they can recover it, taking their wives, or relations along with them. These reasons for being absent may be allowable during the greater part of the year, but during crop time, when every day's labour is worth 10/ it is simply fearful that such excuses should be held valid. Take an estate with 100 coolies allow 5 ofe for sick men, as many more for coolies, allow 5 o/o for sick men, as many more the ordinary Store work, and you would have 90 pickers or a daily average of 180 boxes picked. But in the ordinary average of picking this season, (and the evil is yearly growing worse) the daily picking with that number of men on the Estate has been only 140, shewing a total loss on Estates been only 140, shewing a total loss on Estates has been only 140, shewing a total loss on Estates which have been short handed of 40 boxes of cherry daily, value £10. That is to say, that for every day's idleness of the men an Estate the proprietor has been feeding and paying all the rest of the year costs feeding and paying all the rest of the year costs him £10 a day in crops time. I am well aware that the law admits of idle coolies being punished, but who can go to Court with all his idle men in crop time, 20 miles away perhaps; and moreover a man who has his coolies in Court continually a man who has his coolies in Court continually may just as well give up planting altogether, for he won't get any coolies by and bye. No, the remedy must be applied nearer at home, and speedily. Let us for a moment see what is done to check this, the cooly loses his pay for the day, but that does not affect him till pay day, 3 months' afterwards, and then he says "ray pay is short on this Estate, I'll try some other." Or, perhaps, being of a contented turn of mind, he may say I've got more than I require to live on, and twice as much more than if I was at home "and so does as usual." It is now a well admitted fact that one way or another old coolies are less eager to earn money than new men ey than new men coolies are less eager to earn money than new men from the coast. Another check attempted is no rice issue except for 5 days work, were the actual allowance of rice for 5 days gives the cooly 15 o/o (Fifteen per cent) of his time in idleness not counting Sundays. Moreover, very few coolies who have additional sources of food absolutely require a full bushel of rice, so that a family of brothers and sons, may club together and do with 3/ each during the month. A few years ago, when a gang of coolies was found arranging their 5 days work so as to allow of so many men being absent every day, pressure was put on the Cangany, or the men themsives, and the arrangement brokeup; but now it is as common as possible for every old cooly to be absent one as possible for every old cooly to be absent of day as a rule. Bazaars are so plentiful, rice abundant and cheap, that the stoppage of rice issue is a mere bagatelle, and on most places does not inconvenience the men at all. Even supposing the cooly actually requires rice, when it has been the cooly actually requires rice, when it has been stopped on the Estate, all he has to do if he can't stopped on the Estate, all he has to do it he can't borrow it, is to go to the nearest native village, or native Coffee watte and earn a shilling or even eighteen pence, and I daily see numbers of coolies doing this. Again, bazaar men, and owners of small pieces of Coffee, strike up friendships with individual Canganies and men and get them either to send men whenever they require them, or in the case of the men, to come themselves. The same with Estate Conductors who own land near at hand with Estate Conductors who own land near at hand or whose friends do so. Of course circumstances vary in accordance with position of Estates, but, on

most of them, out of Ouvah, the stoppage of rice issue as a check on idleness is a failure. So far from coolies being unable to obtain supplies of food as has been advanced lately, the facility of obtaining it has acted adversely to their earning a large amount of pay. What then is to be done? stopping their pay and stopping their rice is quite eet the evil, and the law as it stands is unavailable, he must look elsewhere for benefit both to masters and men. He must prevent the coolies fro a leaving Estates without permission.

This would be the greatest possible advantage. If
the coolie could not go to a bazaar with his friends, or to an arrack tavern, or to have a talk with his next Estate neighbour, he would seldom remain idle in the lines, besides he then would feel the idle in the lines, besides he then would feel stoppage of his ice in a greater degree, if he co not earn it elsewhere. He would then be found in his line by the Congany and could be turned out or his room might be locked with the cooly outside and bid hardly care to sit out of doors unable to cook, or to go to the bazaar. I am convinced that the rule of not leaving the Estate without permission would soon entail such a change in the matter that no other measures would be necessary. It might be carried into practice only during time, and the rule relaxed at other seasons if the adviseable. What a stoppage there would be to crimping, for not one-tenth of the present amount of it is carried on with permission of masters What a stoppage to arrack drinking! What an increase in cooly's earnings, and consequently in-crease in inducement to industrions men from the coast to come over! And now comes the question, how is this to be brought about, and how is the Madras Government, with its ever watchful tendency to keep Indian labour in India, to be got to give its adhesion to the scheme. First and foremost the Planters' Association must make itself-and the public of Ceylon thoroughly acquainted with the custom, as well as the law, now obtaining in the Mauritius. We must not only know this as it stands, but we must know the practical effect of the law and the custom. If no one can sufficiently elucidate the question, send over a practical ently elucidate the question, send over a practical planter to Mauritius with the express purpose of gaining information in the same manner as we did in the matter of the tea-planting a practical man would soon learn the ins and outs of the question and how it worked. When this was clearly explained a correspondence with the Madras Government, or even another Commissioner sent over to Madras, personally to represent the matter, would be the next step and the same with our own Gobe the next step, and the same with our own Government. With their sanction, the scheme would vernment. With their sanction, the scheme would be very plain easy. Every Estate would have its check look printed for permissions; and it would be competent for police, or in fact for every one to demand his permit of any Tamil cooly, or Cangany seen at the bazaar, or other road. What is to be done in case the man has no permit should be settled, and all minor arrangements made without tled, and all minor arrangements made without any great deficiently. What I want to point out as great deficiently. What I want to point out as the necessity for the movement, and the prelimina-ry steps towards it, all falling within the province of the Planters Association. With all the available labourers now in the island, really at work, and doing their work, then are quite enough for all our require-ments and what we have to look at now is to make them work. There can be no possible objection on the score of humanity, no cry of slavery. No Govern-ment servant can absent himself without permission, no labourer in England, or farm servan would dare be absent without leave why should coolies do as they like, more especially in crop time—when thousands and thousands of pounds worth of Coffee is absolutely falling and being lost, the Estate owner being quite willing to pay, for everything in the shape of labour, ordinary or extra. These coolies are supposed to have come over from the Coast to carry money—and just at the very time they would be enabled to make a small fortune they sit down and refuse to work—to their own less and that of their coal. fortune they six down and refuse to work—to their own loss and that of their employer. By a simple regulation allowed by the Government perhaps not even compulsory on Estate owners, all this could be altered and amended. I had intended adding

Yours truly,

something about Chinese Coolies, but I have written at such unconsciouable length that I had better keep

the Chinese till another opportunity.

SALES OF CEYLON COFFEE IN LONDON, DEC. 17 TO JAN. 14TH.

Haldamulla, 7 sks sold at 75s 5 at 69s 6d 2 at 61s 4 57s 6d 8 at 75s. Cabenella, 3 cks sold at 82s 2 at 72s 6d 1 at 79s 1 a 7s. Leanawille, 4 cks sold at 81s 8d 2 at 71s 1 at 54s. Gulella, 3 cks sold at 82s 2 at 72s 1 at 79s 6d 1 at 56s Monerakanda, 4 cks sold at 82s 8 at 78s. S. K., 7 cks sold at 64s 1 at 65s. H. M. A., 4 cks sold at 63s 1 at 73s. C. T. T., 1 ck sold at 63s. 1 at 73s. C. T. T., 1 ck sold at 46s. Coslande, cks sold at 71s 6d 16 at 67s 5 at 71s 6d 16 at 71s 6d 16 at 71s 6d 16 at 67s 5 at 71s 6d 16 at 71s 6

Coslande, 5 cks sold at 71s 3 at 71s 6d 15 at 67s 5 at 8s 2 at 60s 5 at 75s 6d.

A. H. L., 2 cks sold at 61s 3 at 57s 2 at 61s 6d.

K. K., 6 cks sold at 60s 6d.

B. S. 2 cks cold at 45s 6d.

A. H. L., 2 cks sold at 01s 3 at 3.

K. K.. 6 cks sold at 46s 6d.

B. 8., 3 cks sold at 55s.

W. R. 2 cks sold at 55s.

D. L., 6 cks sold at 50s 2 at 50s.

Kotmalie, 6 oks sold at 74s 6d 21 at 66s 2 at 59s 6d 3

at 77s 3 at 43s.
Gilgaron, 3 cks sold at 72s 5 at 69s 4 at 68s 6d 3 at 63s 1 at 78s.
V. D. S. 4 cks sold at 70s 6d. Diggins, 4 cks s ld at 67s. Knuckles, 3 cks sold at 67s 6d 9 at 66s 1 at 55s 2 at

75s I at 40s. C. S. I ck sold at 67s 3 at 65s I at 57s 2 bags at 68s 38s. H. C., 2 cks sold at 77s 6d 5 at 73s 6d 2 at 68s

C. H. C., 2 cks sold at 778 bd 5 at 738 bd 2 at 608 at 648 1 at 798 1 at 548.

C. H. C., 2 cks sold at 808 1 at 708 3 at 378.

F. S. & Co., A. T. & Co., Ouvah 120 bags bought in 558 129 sold at 558.

Blinckwood, 4 cks sold at 768 13 at 708 6d 2 at 638 6d 1 at 708 6d 1 at 488.

A. S. & Co.. 6 bags sold at 598 8 at 538 1 at 418 1 at

55s.
Blackwood, 4 cks sold at 85s 10 at 78s. 2 at 61s 1 at

80s.

Ouvahkellie, i ck sold 57s 6 at 62s 2 at 54s I at 7os.

Amblankanda, 6 cks sold at 55s 6d 4 at 47s 6d 2 at
61s I at 32s.

Sheen, 32 bags sold at -14s.

R. S. D, 28 casks sold at 53s 6d.

V. K, 2 cks sold at 53s 6d.

A. C. K, 4 cks s.ld at 53s 6d.

I. G. I ck sold at 53s 6d.

N. C, 7 cks sold at 53s 6d.

N. C, 7 cks sold at 52s.

Coslande, 2 cks sold at 76s 6d II at 89s 6d 3 at 76s.

Cattarantenne, 2 cks sold at 53 6d.

Costande, 2 cks sold at 768 6d 11 at 898 6d 3 at 768. Cattarnatenne, 3 cks sold at 53 6d. G. E., 4 cks sold at 48s. Hangurankette, 8 cks sold at 698 6d 5 at 668 6d. 30 at 668 8 at 638 at 4768 6d 8 at 488 6d. S. G. M, 2 cks sold at 838 6d 29 at 725 7 at 64s. 8at 78s.

8 at 78s.

Nahawena, 1 ck sold at 67s 19 at 64s 5 at 62s 6d.
6 at 62s 11 at 74s.

Gigran Ella, 1 ck sold at at 81s 22 bought in 71s, 69s 6d bid 5 sold at 64s 4 at 77s.

Caragahatenne, 5 cks sold at 66s 5 at 65s 6d 2 at 71s 6d. Beauvais 3 cks sold at 78s 6d 4 at 68s 6d 1 at 62s.

at 675 Beauvais, 2 cks sold at 79s 6d 4 at 72s t at 69s 1 at 64s 2 at 77s 6d. Wannerajah, 2 cks sold at 66s 6d 2 at 68s.

D, 1 ck sold at 68s 6d 6 at 66s 6d. 4 at 63s 6d 3 at

H, 4 cks sold at 80s 19 at 73s 6d 15 at 67s 6d 5 at K, 2 cks sold at 82s 5 at 77s 2 at 65s 1 at 78s 10 at 66s 6d.

T, I ck sold at 66s 3 at 66s 6d 1 at 68s 3 at 66s 6d

3 at 62s 1 at 70s.

Yattywatte, 1 ck sold at 60s 2 at 66s 6d 1 at 61s.
2 at 76s 1 at 48s 1 at 63s 6d 1 at 63s 2 out.
St. John 2 cks sold at 72s 5 at 69s 1 at 68s 6d 1 at St. John 2 cks sold at 72s 5 at 69s 1 at 68s 6d 1 at 59s 1 at 775 5 at 52s 6d.

P. B. D. C. 9 cks sold at 56s 39 at 58s 138 at 52s.

P. B. D. C. 6 casks sold 56s 6d 27 bags at 61s 20 at 52s 86 at 52s 6d 14 at 46s 6d.

Pingarawa, Badulla 3 casks sold at 70s 5 at 68s 6d 4 at 68s 6 at 64s 0d 6 at 59s 2 at 52s.

S. E. 2 casks sold at 46s 3 at 47s 2 at 58s 5 at 50s 2 at 42s 1 at 79s 2 at 71s 1 at 76s 1 at 54s 2 at 64s 1 bag

T. I. K. 2 casks sold at 73s 5 at 76s 4 at 68s 4 at 68s

at 75s 4 at 44s.
T. J. M. I cask sold at 70s 1 at 69s 1 at 65s £d 2 at 57s l at 74s 2 at 40s 9 at 45s. N. I cask sold at 77s 5 at 74s 6d l at 56s l at 50s 6d at 77s. R. W. A. 13 casks sold at 82s 5 at 70s 6d 2 at 77s

I at 56s.

Donachie, 7 casks sold at 74s 2 at 64s 6d 1 at 55s.

N. C. Ouvah, 2 casks sold at 77s 5 at 72s 20 at 73s 5 at 64s 6 at 63s 6d 4 at 77s 3 at 57s.

C. A. 1 cask sold at 79s 18 at 74s 6d 4 at 65s 2 at 78s 6d 5 at 65s 2 at 78s 6d 5 at 65s 2 at 78s 6d 5 at 65s 2 at 78s 6d 6 at 78s 6d 6 at 65s 2 at 78s 6d 6 at 78s 6d 6 at 78s 6d 6 at 78s

78s 6d 2 at 57s. R. W. A. 7 casks sold at 74s 7 at 65s 6d 1 at 61s 1 at 775 6d 2 at 52s.

Rajawelle, I cask sold at 76s 2o at 68s 6d 5 at 64s I at 78s I at 54s I at 70s I at 62s I at 76s 2 at 51s 6d I at

60s 4 at 38s.

Beckington, 8 casks sold at 64s 6 at 59s 6d 1 at 78s
2 at 49s 6 at 71s 6d 2 at 63s 1 at 73s 1 at 57s.

N. H. B. 12 bags sold at 67s 82 at 51s 8 at 46s 14 at
55s 25 at 41s 6d 46 at 51s.

Arnhall, 1 cask sold at 70s 8 at 67s 1 at 55s 1 at 77s 40 at 44s 6d.

CHINA.

The Steamer Ellora from Hongkong 25th January, Singapore 1st and Penang 3rd February, reached Galle on the 8th the following are the chief items of interest to hand by her:

The correspondence between the French Minister and the Viceroy of Nanking has been published in which M. De Rochechouart's conduct contrasts

favorably with the shameful neglect of the late

Two memorials condemning the Convention concluded by Sir R. Alcock with the Chinese Government, have left by this Mail.

INDIAN JOTTINGS.

In the North West journals we read that the Duke of Edinburgh's visit are the Maharajas of Kashmir and Puttiala, the Rajas of Jheend Nabha and the Nawab of Mallair Kotla. Kashmir Chief has, we believe, taken a house for the time of his stay, and none of the other chiefs will be accompained by a large camp.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh left Agra on Tuesday last, January 25, and is now on his way toward Delhi, Umballa and the Pun-Royal Highness and suite arrived at Agra on January 21st, at 11-30 A. M., Sir W. Muir and Staff accompanying him from Toondla. At the Agra station His Royal Highness was received by Lady Muir, Mr. Justice Turner, Brigadier-General Stannus, and the chief civil and military authorities. military authorities. The procession, which was rather imposing, halted under the Fort, and the Duke received and replied to addresses from the Municipality and the Native community. In the evening there was a state dinner in the Lieut. Governor's camp, and afterwards His Royal Highness attended the ball given in the Metcalfe Testimonial Hall by the gentlemen of Her Majesty's Services in the North-West Provinces. On the 22nd he visited the Fort, and on his return received a visit from the Nawab of Rampore. In the evening His Royal Highness proceeded through the illuminated portion of the city to the Taj, where the Lieutenant-Governor had organised a beautiful and brilliant fete in his honour. On the 23rd, His Royal Highness, the Lieut. Governor, and their respective suites, visited the Secundra Orphanage, Akbar's Tomb, and the Roman dra Orphanage, Akbar's Tomb, and the Roman Catholic Institution. On the 24th, a visit was paid to His Highness the Nawab of Rampore; in the evening His Royal Highness dined at the mess of H. M.'s 77th Regiment, and in the evening attended Lady Muir's ball. On the 25th, the Royal party left Agra for Futtehpoor Sikri, Bhurtpore, Ulwar, Muttra, and Delhi. The Duke will probably reach Delhi on the 5th of February. On the morning of the 23rd, about 2 a. m. there was "an unrehearsed effect" in camp. a. m. there was "an unrehearsed effect" in camp Sir Seymour Blane's tent took fire; and everything in it was burned except its distinguished owner,

who escaped in time.

Bombay is now actively preparing to welcome.

His Royal Highness in the beginning of March His Royal Highness in the beginning of March next. A meeting of the Justices of the Peace for the Town and Island of Bombay was held on Lan 26 Mr. A D. Schli the Town and Island of Bombay was field on Jan. 26, Mr. A. R. Scoble presiding to consider what steps shall be taken by the Corporation to welcome the Prince. On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by the Hon'ble Munguldass Nathoobhoy, it was resolved that a Committee be appointed to draw up a suitable address.

It was explained that the Municipal Act did not allow of any outlay of municipal funds on this occasion; and it was determined that requisition be sent to the Sheriff requesting him to convene a

occasion; and it was determined that requisition be sent to the Sheriff requesting him to convene a public meeting so that the necessary funds may be forthcoming. A public meeting will therefore be held on an early day.

The Great Eastern, with the Bombay and Aden section of the British Indian Submarine Telegraph Cable on board, is now riding safely in Bombay. Harbour, baying a wired on Leavery

Telegraph Cable on board, is now riding sately in Bombay Harbour, having arrived on January 27. So also is her consort, the Chiltern, which arrived a day in advance of "the big ship." The Chiltern experienced a pleasant and, all things considered, a speedy passsage out.

The Chiltern belongs to the Telegraph Construction and maintenance Company of London, and is one of the fleet employed by the Company in laying deep sea cables. She is specially fitted

in laying deep sea cables. She is specially fitted up for this service, the machinery for paying out stop to particularize,

the cable being of the most elaborate, delicate and the cable being of the most elaborate, delicate and complete description. The cable is coiled in two tanks, forward and aft; one part of it consist of ten miles of the shore end, weighing about ten tons per mile; the bulk of the cargo is made up of 249 miles of deep sea cable, which weighs three tons per mile, or thereabouts. On getting into port, the Chiltern proceeded alongside the coalship that has been waiting for her, and is completing her coaling for the voyage to the Red Sea. She will act as tender to the Great Eastern on the voyage to Aden.

The Engineering staff, which arrived in Bombay some time ago, is now busy preparing for the laying of the shore end and connections. This will not be a work of any great length of time, and before a fortnight is over, both vessels will again have their course directed towards the West, but, though many miles from Bombay, still in closest communication therewith.

AT HOME AND ABROAD,

Two Scholarships tenable by women who wish to study medicine, of the value of £40 per annum for three years, are to be awarded by competitive examination to candidates of the "gentler" sex in London in June next. Candidates must be under 25 years of age. The examination will be a written one. And the necessary subjects are Arithmetic, Algebra, Euclid, Elementary Mechanics. English, and Latin. The following are optional, Greek, German, French, Natural Philosophy, Botany, Chemistry.
The two ex-Queens of Spain are accused of theft,

and it is gravely proposed to demand the extradi-tion of the royal personages. What has become of the far-famed chivalry of the Spanish nation? The articles abstracted are valuable, it is true; no The articles abstracted are valuable, it is true; nor less than the crown jewels. But then the accused parties are ladies. Who is to try them? And where is the trial to take place? And under what code of international law are crowned heads to be handed over to the police? The case is probably without precedent. The Queens may plead that the jewels are a very small indemnity for the losses they have incurred. They may even send in their little bill to the Cortes, charging at so much per the jewels are a very small indemnity for the losses they have incurred. They may even send in their little bill to the Cortes, charging at so much per diem for anxiety of mind caused by the vagarieo of rebellious subjects. Ought no deposed sovereigns to be provided with a retiring allowance? One reigning monarch is said to have insured his life largly in England; but this may be a mere canard. When Kings and Queens are crowned hereafter, it may be necessary to put a clause into the deed of settlement, to the effect that the crown jewels are national, not private property, to be enjoyed by are national, not private property, to be enjoyed by the wearers only during their incumbency.

EARTHQUAKE WAVE OF THE PACIFIC.—An article in the New Scientific periodical, "Nature," traces the course of the earthquake wave originated in the Pacific Ocean by subterraneous and subsqueous disturbances, which committed such havoc on the Peruvian shore in 1868. The particulars regarding the progress and direction of the wave, the time at which it appeared at distant parts of the earth, its velocity, breadth and depth, have been collected by a German savan. Professor Von Hochstetter.

velocity, breadth and depth, have been collected by a German savan, Professor Von Hochstetter.

The first great shock of the earthquake was felt at Arica on the 13th August. Twenty minutes later an enormous wave, fifty feet in height, swept the shore and started on its career over half the globe. It travelled southward along the Coast of Chili, reaching Coquimbo, three hours after the first shock at Arica. An hour later it reached Valparaiso, and an hour afterwards the imbalitants of Valdeirs. at Arica. An hour later it reached Valparaiso, and an hour afterwards the inhabitants of Valdeira were terrified by a rush of water that threatened to destroy their city. Northwards from Arica the shores of Lower California were swept on the 14th August, by a wave 63 feet high. At midnight, August 13th and 14th, the wave reached the Sandwich islands, and from that time till the 16th the sea around those and from that time till the 16th the sea around those islands rose and fell in a surprising manner. Yokohama was visited by waves of enormous dimensions on the 14th; on the night of the 13th a similar phenomena was observed in the Marquesas islands, some of the islands being completely submerged. At Opera the coaling station for steam vessels between Panama and New Zealand, nine waves came in one after another at intervals of 20 minutes, the highest superping over the coal denôt.

highest sweeping over the coal depôt.

Of the shores of New Zealand those facing the east received the greatest impression. The harbour of Lyttleton was left completely dry by the retreat of the water, which did not return for more than the coal of the state of the an hour. Several successive waves advanced and receded, the highest sweeping over the bounds of the harbour. The Australian shores near Newcastle were visited by the wave on the morning of the 14th, the disturbance continuing from six A. M. till

14th, the disturbance continuing from six A. M. dirhalfpast eleven.

It is supposed that the velocity of a wave of this kind is in proportion to the depth of the sea which it traverses: and from the comparative speed with which this ocean wave travelled from shore to shore, a calculation has been made of the comparative depth of the water between these points. The rate of progress being the quickest when the water is the deepest and vice versa.

the deepest and vice versa.

Then the rate of progress from Arica to the Coast of Peru was 284 nautical miles per hour. From Arica to the Sandwich Isles 417 nautical miles, and so on, showing that the depth was greater between the last mentioned places than between the former. Professor Hochstetter thus arranges results of his calculation as to the mean depth of the ocean between the undermentioned spots:—Between Arica and Valdeira, ... 1,190 fathoms.

2,565 1,933 1,473 The Sandwish isles, Opera, Lyttleton

Newcastle (Australia,) ... 1,501 ,,
These results, though of little practical use, are interesting, as exhibiting a remarkable appliance of the theory of deduction and scientific ingenuity, which thus makes use of volcanic forces to gauge IMPROVED ORDINANCE.—The complete success

which has attended the conversation of upwards of 400 cast-iron 8-in. smooth-bores into Palliser rifled cannon for the Admiralty has lately attracted the attention of the War Office to the importance of converting the thousands of 68-pounder cast-iron guns which are mounted on our coast defences both me and abroad. Out of several hundred guns at home and abroad. Out of several hundred guns which have now been proved, in no instance, remarks the *Times*, has the slightest symptom of weakness presented 'itself. The conversions are due to the reports and recommendations of General Lefroy and the members of the late Ordanao Committee, and the practacle results reflect great credit upon their labours. The recent visit of Colonel Jervois, the Deputy-Director of Fortifications, to Halifax and Bermuda, has been the means of further demonstrating the importance of the sphiest. ther demonstrating the importance of the subject. It appears that at the latter place alone upwards of 300 smooth-hore guns are mounted in the works, and, although complete in their carriages, traversing platforms, embrasures, sponges, rammers, &c., they are in their present smooth-hore state no better than wooden dummies for opposing a bombardment at long ranges with rifle guns. The Secretary of State for War has, as a perliminary measure authorized the trial at Shoeburyness of two rifled guns, a 7-in. and an 8-in., converted from old 68-pounder guns. They are to be fi red at the Warrior Target from a distance of 1,000 yards. The experiment is awaited with great interest, since if the guns penetrate the target at such a range, it is expected considerable orders for conversions will ther demonstrating the importance of the subject. if the guns penetrate the target at such a range, it is expected considerable orders for conversions will follow. An old cast-iron mortar has also been converted, by Mr. Cardwell's directions, into a 9-in, rifled mortar, and will be tried at the same time as the guns. It weighs about six tons, and it, is expected that it will throw its ahell of 250 lb, containing a bursting charge of 20 lb-of powder, upwards of 7,000 yards.

MEDHANICO-CHEMICAL VENTILATION OF HOSPITALS, &c.—Can a circumscribed atmosphere, vitiated by the respiration of an animal confined in it, be rendered normally pure? asks the Builder. Chemistry

the respiration of an animal confined in it, be rendered normally pure? asks the Builder. Chemistry furnishes a certain reply—it can. That is to say, the generated carbonic acid being absorbed, and an amount of oxygen added proportionate to the quantity existing in the carbonic acid: The Engineer, in writing on this subject, says:—We have no hope that the scheme of mechanic-ochemical ventilation can, or at least will, be applied to ordinary dwellings. Not only would the case be too great, but the necessary mechanical and chemical conditions would be wanting. We can see no reason, however, that should debar, its application to hospitals and sanitatiums, and possibly to barracks and prisons. [Surely workhouses would be as readily ventilated on this principle as prisons. Whyshould prisons be preferentially suggested?] To take an extreme case. Let the proposition be to ventilate a fever ward, in a situation where fever his endemic, to ventilate it with pure normal air. Surely there should ward, in a situation where fever his endemic, to ven-tilate it with pure normal air. Surely there should be no difficulty in pumping the necessary supply of air through cream of lime, to effect separation of carbonic acid, sulphurous acid, hydrosulphuric acid, and aqueous vapour then, through oil of vitriol to effect separation of amonia. The result would be air almost chemically pure, so far as the chemical agents specified are conserved, and weakably the fever misson specified are concerned, and probably the fever miasm would also have been eliminated. In certain cases, it might be though desirable to medicate the inject-add size to share it with according to the control of the c ed air-to charge it with ozone, for example. again, could readily be done in a way we need not



Extract from Lancet, December 22, 1866. Lig' CARBONIS DETERGENS.... We are very sceptical of the value of new remedies, and it was in a spirit of scepticism that we tried the liq. carbonis detergens. It is represented to be a concentrated alcoholic solution of the constitutants of coal tar, and to contain all the active ingredients of the tar, to wit, benzine mapthaline, and phenic acid. The addition of water with agitation; makes a durable emusion, in which the tar remains in a state of fine suspension, almost equivalent to solution. Our therapeutical experience of the preparation is very satisfactory indeed. In our hands it has been a most effective agent in the case of various skin diseases, especially of the chronic ecze matous class; and one case of psoriasis which had resisted all other kinds of treatment was speedly got under by the application of the Liq. carbonis detergens. We esteem it a very valuable addition to our list of kin remedies, and worthy of a very extended trial by he profession. In the above cases of disease and .nvarious others, such as fetid ulcers &c. the prearation is put into the form of soap. LIQ' CARBONIS DETERGENS ... We are very sception

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British Medical Journal, Jan. 26, 1867.

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Colonial and Foreign Assurances.

A N Amalgamation having been formed between the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and the COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, the Business of the United Companies will henceforth be

STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. The annual Revenue of the Standard Company is now upwards of £650,000, and the Accumulated Fundamount to upwards of £3,500,000 Sterling. The new Business transacted during the past year amounted to the large sum of £1,375,000 sterling, the corresponding Premiums amounting to £45,337 per annum.

MODERATE RATES.

charged for residence in the Colonies, India, and other places abroad.

LOCAL BOARDS AND AGENCIES In India and in all the British Colonies, where every facility will be afforded in the transaction of business and where Fremiums may be received and claims paid.

Immediate reduction of Premium on return to Europe or other temperate climate without Medical Certificate

Immediate reduction of French.

Profits divided every five years.

Profits divided every five years.

The new Colonial and Foreign Prospectus may be had on application at the chief offices of the Community to the agents at home or abroad.

WILL THOS. THOMSON, any, or to the agents at home or abroad,

Manager and Actuary.
D. CLUNIE GREGOR, Colonial and Foreign Secretar .

J. T. WHITE, Esq. of Messrs. J. M. Robert- A. Wise Esq. of Messrs. George Steuart A. WISE ESQ. OF MESSIS. GEORGE STEE
& Co., Merchants.

Esq. Barrister at Law.

W. P. CHARSLEY, Esq. M. D., M. R.

Principal Civil Medical Officer.

Agents & Secretaries of Board—Alstons, Scott & Co.

SUR-AGENTS. son & Co. Merchants. RICHARD CAYLEY, Esq. Rarrister at Law. F. J. DE SARAM Esq.

SUB-AGENTS: Messrs KEIR, DUNDAS & Co.-Kandy. " DELMEGE, REID & Co.-Galle. , J. R. Dunlor Esq. - Jaffna.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

SECURITY

Should be the First Consideration in Insurance Transactions.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY have the pleasure of supplying the following information to the public, as evidence of the ample security they afford to their assurers:— THE CAPITAL

of the Company, available for the purpose of meeting any unusual calamity happening to the Assured, in TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

The amount actually paid up is £288,495. This, with the Accumulated Funds in Hand, makes the

invested resources of the Company upwards of ONE MILLON SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS, which amount is invested as follows:— INVESTED FUNDS OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, 30th June, 1869.

33,500 0 0 28,085 · 1 3 100,000 0 0 59.090 17 335,476 11 11 10,000 0 101,330 7 10 31,106 11 6 Short Loans on first-class English Dividend-paying Stocks with margins, from 20 to 50 per Cent. on market values...

Loans on Security of Life Policies...... 477.195 0 0

The above is a complete list of the Investments of the Company at the date specified, in addition to which the funds are still further increased, by amounts constantly varying, at different periods, in the hands of the Bankers and the Company's Agents. At 31st Dec., 1868, these stood at. £168.089 2 0

For the satisfaction of the Public, the whole of the Securities belonging to the Company are annually submitted to the careful scrutiny of two independent Auditors, and the following is an Extract from their "The whole of your Books have been Audited—every Document, every Account, every Voucher, your Bank-book, and every Security—all have been most carefully kept, and there is not one doubtful Security in the whole." THE ACCUMULATIONS OF THE LIFE DEPARTMENT,

Total Accumulation of the Life Department on 31st December, 1868 exclusive of Shareholders' Capital £1,122,275 8 144,945 12 2 THE DIRECTORS ALSO THINK IT DESIRABLE TO STATE THAT THE BUSINESS OF THE ROYAL HAS NEVER BEEN AMALGAMATED WITH

THAT OF ANY OTHER COMPANY, And that the LIABILITY of its Shareholders is UNLIMITED. LEECHMAN & Co.

AGENTS FOR CEYLON.

£1,672,356 16 11

ANNOUNCEMENTS. Only Silver Medal awarded, Paris Ex-

MEDICAL

沙岭

hibition, 1867. Juror, 1862. PURE CHEMICALS & ALL NEW MEDICINES T. MORSON & SON,

133, & 124, Southampton Row, Russell Square, London CHEMICAL WORKS, HORNSEY ROAD; AND SUMMERFIELD WORKS, HOMERTON,

SUPPLY
PURE CHEMICALS and all NEW MEDICINAL
PREPARATIONS, including the following specialities:
PEPSINE, the active digestive principle of the gastric
juice; an agreeable and popular remedy for
weak digestion. In Powder, Wine, Lozenges and Globules

PANCREATIC EMULSION, and PANCREATINE in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. SACCHARATED WHEAT PHOSPHATES, a valu

S..CCHARAFED WHEAT PHOSPHATES, a valuable dietetic preparation for Invalida and Children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone.

CHLORODYNE (Morson's), the universally approved Anodyne.

CREASOFE—(Caution)—from Wood Tar, of which T. M. & SON are the only British Manufacturers. GELATINE, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass.

Sh-pping Orders executed with care and despatch.

FOREIGN AGENTS :-Calcutta... Messis Scott, Thomson & Co
Bombay & Poonah... do Treacher & Co.
Kurrachee... do Eudgett & Hughes
Umballa & Mejan Neer do Punjab Tradno
Lucknow & Simla... do Company Limitig

Keating's Cough Lozenges.

CHEST, they are the most agreeable and efficacious remedy; they do not contain opium or any other deleterious drug, and may therefore be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate constitution.

Sold in boxes, tins, and bottles of various sizes.

KEATING'S

The great remedy for these disorders in Adults and Children can now be administered in the form of A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, at once agreeable and effective.

TESTIMONIAL.

LIFE, but is unrivalled in destroying Fleas, Bugs, Cockroaches, Beetels, Mosquitoes, and every other

DNNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA ROB Thirty Years the Medical Profession have approved of this pure solution as the best remedy to

And as a mild Aperient for delicate constitution especially adapted for ladies and children. When ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent few more dangerous than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis and influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood relieve any overgorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying power cleanse the blood from all impurities, and sortify the system against consumption, asthma and fimilar complaints.

fimilar complaints.
Stomach, Liver. Kidneys and Bowels. Stomach, Liver. Ridneys and Bowels.

From various sauses these organs are frequently getting out of order and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowel without griping or any other annoyance; again, takes an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill" as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulencu nausea and biliovsness.

windy or Watery Dropsy
Whoever is afflicted with these complaints, should at
once have recourse to Holloway's pills. They act most
energetically on the glandular and absorbent system.
purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or
other causes may have temporarily taken away. They
excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby
stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already

collected.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of ll ages to robust health.

Influenza, Diptheria and Sore Throat,
How all important it is to check the first deporture.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the

werld for the following diseases:

Ague
Female Irregula-Scrofula or

rities
King's evil King's evil Sore Throats Stone and Gravel Secondary Symp rities
Fevers of all
kinds plaints

Blotches on the toms
Tic-Douloureux Bowel Complaints Colics Constipation of the Bowels Ulcers Jaundice Liver Complaints Consumption Debility Lumbago Piles Rheumatism Retention of

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Hollo-WAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilised world, at the following prices —is 1½d., 2s 9d. 4s 6d. 11s. 22s. and 33s each box. * There is a considerable saving by taking the lar-

ger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients for every disorder are affixed to each Box.

' STREET, FORT.

THIS UNIVERSAL REMEDY now stands the first in public favour and confidence; this result has been acquired by the test of fifty years' experience. These lozenges may be found on sale in every British Colony and throughout India and China they have been highly esteemed wherever introduced. For COUGHS ASTHMA, and all AFFECTIONS of the THROAT and CHEST thay are the most agreeable and efficacious re-

CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS.

TESTIMONIAL.

"BATLEY, January 26, 1869.

"SIR,—One of my children, aged two years and four months, being troubled with worms, I was induced to try your Bon Bons. I purchased some from Mr. B. Whitaker, Chemist of Batley, and after taking two only, she voided nine large worms. Two days after another dose, she again voided three more; three of them, the worst, measuring from 8 to 9 inches each in length. I consider them a most invaluable remedy, and should be tried by all suffering from worms."

"To Mr. Keating, (Signed) "JOHN STENSON London."

"Witness, B. WHITAKEL."
Sold in tins and bottles of various sizes.

Keating's Insect Destroying Powder.
This Powder is QUITE HARMLESS TO ANIMAL LIFE, but is unrivalled in destroying Fleas, Bugs,

species of insect.

Sold in packets, tins, and bottles of various sizes.

The public are particularly requested to observe that all the above preparations bear the Trade.

Mark.

Sold in Ceylon by PITERS & Co., and MAITLAND

cidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Gout, and Indigestion'

ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP

It forms a most agreeable aftervessing , fraught, whice is both a gentle aperient and grateful febrituge. In hot seasons and hot climates the regular use of this simple remedy has been found highly beneficial IT IS PREPARED BY

DINNEFORD & CO.

CHEMISTS, &c...

172, NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

sold by all respectable Chemists throughout the World CAUTION.—See "that DINNEFORD & Co." is on each bottle and red label over the cork.

THE DOOT OF FOR

collected.

Il ages to robust health.

Influenza, Diptheria and Sore Throat,
How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of onc, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Unitment is scothing, rooling, and healing, and better adapted than any offiler remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

'No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become sensionly diseased. When nausea, flatulency or acidity on the stomach warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following disease:—

Ague Asthma Bilious com-

Venereal Affec-Worms of all kinds Weakness from whatever cause Erysipelas Urine &c. &c. Sold at the Establishment of Professor Hollo-

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