ALCOHOL TOMBER OF MENT TOTAL TO

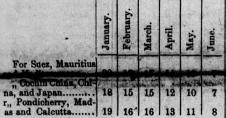
COLOMBO:-TUESDAY, MARCH 1st, 1870.

SHIPPING ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Messageries Imperiales.-PACQBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS

SERVICES MARITIMES

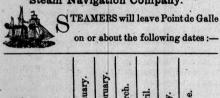
STEAMERS will leave Point de Galle GALLE, 10th February, 1870. on or about the following days:



Passengers for London can obtain at Marseilles Railway tickets direct, either via Calais, Boulogne or via Dieppe and Newhaven at the following rates

H. AUBER, AGENT.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL Steam Navigation Company.



| January | February | Mårch. | April. | May. | June. |
|----------|--|--|---|--|--|
| 12 26 | 9 23 | 9 23 | 6 20 | 4 16 30 | 13° 27 |
| 11 25 | 8 22 | 8 22 | 5 19 | 3 15 29 | 12 26 |
| 11 25 | 8 22 | 8 22 | 5 19 | 3 | 14 28 |
| 12 26 | 9 23 | 9 23 | 6 20 | 31 4 | ··· |
| 26 | 23 | 23 | 20 | 18 | 15 29 15 |
| | 12 26 11 25 11 25 12 26 | 12 9 26 23 11 8 25 22 11 8 25 22 12 9 26 23 | 12 9 9 9 26 23 23 11 8 8 8 25 22 22 11 8 8 8 25 22 22 12 9 9 9 26 23 23 | 12 9 9 6 26 23 23 20 11 8 8 5 25 22 22 19 11 8 8 8 5 25 22 22 19 12 9 9 6 26 23 23 20 | 12 9 9 6 4 26 23 23 20 16 30 11 8 8 5 3 25 22 22 19 15 11 8 8 5 25 22 22 19 3 17 12 9 9 6 31 26 23 23 20 4 |

..£65 To King George's Sound £30 † 85 ,, Melbourne or Sydney 40 Penang Singapore Hong Kong Shanghai Bombay Madras RESERVED RATES.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

To Marseilles. To Southampton For a reserved cabin for one person...... £160 for two persons...... £210

‡ Transit through Egypt £4 10s. extra. Children-above 3 and under 10 years, half of first class rates.
One child under 3 years, (if with Parent) free. To Marseilles. To Southampton

European Servants.....‡ £48 (2nd class Passengers) conveyed only un-‡ 50

‡ Transit through Egypt £2 5s. extra. For further particulars apply to F. BAYLEY.

Point de Galle.

British India Steam Navigation Company (LIMITED.)

ONE OF THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL LEAVE COLOMBO

FOR CALCUTTA—Calling at Galle, 24th January

Negapatam, Madras, Cocon a da, Vizaga-patam, Bimlipatam and Gopaulpore, on or about 7th and 21st February, and 7th and 21st March. ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co., Agents.

FOR LONDON.

13 Years A. I. Ship "WINDSOR CASTLE," 1,074 Tons Register, Now LOADING and will be despatched about 15th March. Has excellent accommodation for Passengers, and carries a Surgeon.

For Freight or Passage, Apply on board to CAPTAIN DOUGLAS, or to J. M. ROBERTSON & Co. Colombo, 24th February, 1870.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

To sail about the 15th of February next. THE MERCHANTS SHIPPING Co.'s

(Somes Bros., BLACKWALL)
favorite Passenger Ship
"SALISBURY,"
A. I. 13 Years

1,113 Tons REGISTER,

T. W. TRUE, Commander.

Has excellent accommodation for Families and · Invalids proceeding to England via the Cape.

For freight or passage, Apply to LEE, HEDGES & Co.,

FOR RANGOON.

on or about the 26th Instant, The A. I. Ship
"ESSEX,"
1,255 Tons,
C. Hodder Commander. For Freight or passage,

Apply to, C. SHAND & Co. Colombo, 19th February, 1870.

Steam for China and Japan.

TO FOLLOW the "Sakana The Screw Steamer "TAZRU." Apply to

J. GIBSON THOMSON & Co.

FOR LONDON. VIA GALLE AND COLOMBO.

The fine A. I. Iron Ship "RAJPOOT," 1,244 Tons Registe, J. Andrew, Commander

EXPECTED from Galle about the 27th Insta LEE, HEDGES & Co.,

Colombo, 12th February, 1870.

COMPAGNIE UNIVERSELLE DU CANAL MARITIME DE SUEZ.

THE UNDERSIGNED have been appointed Transit Agents at this port for the above Company, and will be glad to furnish any information in respect thereto on application at their Office. FRYER, SCHULTZE & Co. Colombo, 9th November, 1869.

SALES BY AUCTION.

AUCTION SALE. MESSRS. LEDWARD & Co., will sell at their Rooms on Saturday the 26th instant, at 12 o'clock,

38 Bolts Canvas more or less damaged.

50 DOZEN PLAYING CARDS. 8 do SHERRY. &c. &c. &c. Also

A PERSIAN ARAB HORSE. broken to Harness and suitable for hiring purposes.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

THE UNDERSIGNED having received a fresh supply of Materials per Steamer via Suez Canal, are prepared to execute orders for Harness, &c. LEDWARD & Co.

INSOLVENT ESTATE OF MACHLACHLAN, MACKENZIE & Co. FOREST LAND FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD AT OUR OFFICE IN KANDY. on Tuesday, the 8th of March next, at 1 o'clock P. M., (by order of the Official Assignees)
AN UNDIVIDED ONE-THIRD SHARE OF ALL THAT ALLOTMENT OF LAND,
Situate in the Kotmalie District numbered 73,426
in the Government Plan, and known as

The Ferhaue Estate. being 240 acres in extent, 50 of which have already been felled and are now ready for planting. LEE, HEDGES & Co. Colombo, 3rd February, 1879.

MERCANTILE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

EX "BRITOMART."

CARGILL & Co. A RE NOW LANDING from the above Vessel a shipment of a shipment of Reid & Co.'s Brown Stout IN WOOD, Orders registered. COLOMBO AND KANDY.

Allsopp & Sons EAST INDIA PALE ALE

IN HOGSHEADS.
Full to the Bung £7 15s—Cash. CARGILL and Co. Colombo, 17th December, 1869.

GENT'S HATS. Ex "BRITOMART."

CARGILL & Co. are now showing an assortment of GENT'S HATS of the newest styles, just received ex above vessel, comprising

Gent's Zephyr Satin Velvet Hats, GENT'S DRAB SHELL HATS CORK LINED GENT'S BLACK OXONIAN FELT ANGLESEA GENT'S DRAB OXONIAN FELT ANGLESEA Gent's Black Oxonian Stiff Felt Anglesea.

GENT'S DRAB OXONIAN STIFF FELT ANGLESEA,
GENT'S BLACK OXONIAN STIFF FELT
ANGLESEA NO CURL,

Gent's Black Hunter Hats, GENT'S DRAB HUNTER HATS, GENT'S SAXONY SCOTCH CAPS, ASSORTED

SHAPES. CARGILL & Co., COLOMBO.

TATHAM and Co.

FOR SALE.

At the Godowns of the Undersigned. do. Yellow Seal in do 40s. do. Claret Maroon Seal in do. 40s do.

Colombo, 16th September, 1869. SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED have received per " Card

Line" from James MacMickan and Co., Melbourne, a trial shipment of the above valuable Manure, price here £15 per Ton. It is packed in bags.

LEECHMAN and Co.

Sole Agents in Ceylon.

Colombo. 21st June. 1869. Colombo, 21st June, 1869.

E. J. BRAND & CO.'S WINES.

CROWN SHERRY, Pale and Dry, in quarter Casks
Do. MADEIRA
Do. CLARET, Superior
Do. PORT, fine old
FINEST VERMOUTH
Do. CURACOA
Do. CROWN WHISKEY

J. P. GREEN & Co. MARTELL'S HENNESSY'S BRANDIES LA GRANDE MARQUE in one dozen Cases
FINEST SPARKLING MOSELLE from A. Jordan, Coblenz. JUST LANDED EX "PALESTINE."

J. P. GREEN & Co.

FINE BONE DUST.

THE UNDERSIGNED having received a fresh L supply of Bones, are now prepared to register orders for BONE DUST, and to forward same upcountry when required. Samples forwarded on ap-

C. SHAND and Co. Slave Island Mills

FOR SALE. BY PRIVATE CONTRACT

Those Valuable Premises In King Street, Colombo,

formerly occupied by the Bank of
Hindustan.

THE HOUSE has been thoroughly repaire', and
new Godowns bult for storing purposes; the

ARTHUR C. HOARE, Attorney for Liquidators.

Bank of Hindustan, China and Japan Limited.
in Liquidation.
Kandy.

Manures and Chemicals. JOHN BENNET LAWES, F. R. S., 59, Mark Lane, London,

as ready for delivery-Superphosphate of Lime. Dissolved Bones. Cane Manure Coffee Manure, Sulphate of Ammonia. Nitrate of Soda.

Peruvian Guano. And all Chemical Manures of Value.

Manures can be prepared and shipped in small or large, quantities for experiments, if required, also Tartario, Citric and Sulphuric Acids.

Ex "Queen of the West."

CUINESS' EXTRA STOUT PORTER QUARTS AND PINTS.
Bottled by Moline & Co. W. C. BRODIE & Co

Ex "Thos. Blythe."

ITKEN'S PALE ALE PINTS AND QUARTS. W. C. BRODIE & Co.

Ex "Queen of the West." A LLSOPP'S PALE ALE PINTS AND QUARTE. W. C. BRODIE & Co.

HAMS, CHEESE, AND BUTTER VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Undersigned have just received per stea mer "WILLIAM MILLER." PRIME WILTSHIRE HAMS.

STILTON AND CHEDDER CHEESE. FRENCH BUTTER IN TINS 21 lb, each. LEDWARD & Co.

REVOLVERS.

MESSRS. LEDWARD & Co. have just received per "Spirit of the North" A FEW SMITH AND WILSON'S CELEBRATED REVOLVERS

ALSO CARTRIDGES FOR SAME.

SALTER'S IMPROVED CIRCULAR SPRING BALANCES.

To weigh 30 lbs. by ounces 25s. each.

LEDWARD & Co.

Sole Agents for Ceylon.

ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co.

NOW ON HAND FOR SALE Robert's Coconada Lanka Cheroots.

BURMAH SHAPED in Boxes of 500 No. 1 Babington in do. 500 Office Cheroots in do. 100 Do. in do. 500 Orders registered at lowest rates DELMEGE, REID & Co.,

Galle.

FOR SALE.

HOUR VALUABLE COFFEE ESTATES AND SPICE GARDENS IN THE TRAVANCORE TERRITORY. For particulars, apply to

ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co. FOR SALE. HUNTLEY & PALMER'S CABIN BISCUITS in 4 lbs. & 2 lbs. Tins.

Do. FANCY do. in 2 lbs. Tins.

Colombo, 3rd February, 1870.

FOR SALE. A SSAM TEA IN 10 lbs. BOXES.

ALSTONS SCOTT & Co.

FOR SALE.

COSEN'S ENGLISH BOTTLED SHERRY. do BRANDY. Huntley & Palmer's 4 lbs. Cabin Biscuits in Cases of

2 lbs. do in cases of 144 tins. 2 lbs. Funcy Biscuits in Cases of 144 tins. Ind Coope & Co.'s E. B. Beer in 4 doz. Cases. AND

JAIL GUNNY BAGS.

ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co., KANDY. NORTON'S PATENT TUBE WELLS.

Reduction in Prices. OFEET WELL AND PUMP FIXED & 7 do do ... £14 0 0

THE undersigned having been appointed sole Agents
in Ceylon for the above Wells, are now prepared to register orders for the same.

ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co.,

Colombo. R. J. DUNLOP, JAFFNA.

MACMEIKAN & Co.'s SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME. ALSTONS, SCOTT & Co. Colombo, 24th February, 1870.

EX "NARDOO."

FOR SALE

"MERLIN." therough bred hunter, and weight carrier—broken for a lady. "WALWA,"

A handsome Iron Grey Cob, broken to harness, and to carry a lady. THE HORSES can be seen at Mr. Rupp's stables and Merlin's pedigree is with the undersigned to whom apply for further particulars.

VENN and Co.

FOR SALE. At the Godowns of the Undersigned. A Fresh Supply of the in 50lb tins, at 16s 6d.

LEE, HEDGES, & Co., Trince malle Street, Kandy, 19th November, 1869.

A CARGO WILL SHORTLY ARRIVE FROM Messrs. Askunas & Co.'s NEW BONE MILLS

BONE DUST.

IN MELBOURNE. THIS BONE DUST is guaranteed pure and of the best description, prepared at the above new and powerful Mills according to the latest improved mode, which gives it the advantage, that it acts

mode, which gives it the advantage, that it acts quicker than usual, enabling Planters and others using it, to derive an immediate benefit from its application, which is much required in these times of progress and expensive labour.

The Ammonia (in the above) which is of animal substance is fairly developed, hence it does not remain inert, and therefore enables this bone dust to act as quick by as Peruvian Guano does, while its fertilizing qualities are much longer lasting in the soil and the price much lower.

Orders for the above will be registered at £9 per ion, by

per ton, by DUNCAN, SYMONS & Co.

FOR SALE.

THE "POONAGALLA" COFFEE ESTATE, in the District of Hapootelle.

For particulars apply to F. SIKES DAMBEGASTELAVA. Newera Ellia. 14th February, 1870.

GENERAL NOTICES

OVERLAND CEYLON TIMES WANTED COPIES OF THE "Overland Ceylon Times

OF JANUARY 11TH. A NY PERSONS having copies of this number and not requiring them, can have their value on forwarding them to the office of this paper. Ceylon Times Office, Feb. 8th.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE H. R. H. THE DUKE OF EDIN-

BURGH'S BALL. NICHOLLS & Co. WILL open about the 10th of March, a full assortment of

BALL DRESSES. FLOWERS, BOOTS, LACES, GLOVES, &c. &c.

Colombo, 24th February, 1870.

POSTAL NOTICE. REDUCTION of Postage on Letters exchanged betweed the United Kingdom and Cana-

H. W. GILLMAN, General Post Office, Colombo, 18th February, 1870.

remains as heretofore.

FOR SALE. GLASS TILES. Apply to

RUDD BROTHERS. Colombo, 22nd February, 1870. THE GAMPOLA DISPENSARY (Late DAVIDSON & Co.'s)

WELL-STOCKED Medicine chests fitted up for Estates. S. R. WILLIAMS,

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY. THE UNDERSIGNED have been appointed Agents in Ceylon of the above Company.

No. 5, KADUGANNAWA STREET, GAMPOLA.

LEECHMAN & Co. Colombo, 12th January, 1870.

NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given, that the rate of interest to be charged on Cash Credit Bonds terminable in one year, and collaterally secured by a Morigage over the Coffee Crops of 1869—1870, has been fixed at 8 per cent.

By order of the Directors,

R. V. DUNLOF,

Oriental Bank Corporation, Colombo 7th January, 1869. MR. HARRY EMANUEL, 18, NEW BOND STREET, LONDON

THE QUEEN, Begs to state that he is open to receive Consignments of Precious Stones and Pearls, either on Purchase or for Sale on Commission.

THE ROYAL VISIT.

DIAMOND MERCHANT AND JEWELLER TO

THE INDIAN SPORTSMAN. Mr. J. D. Dougall,

GUN AND RIFLE MANUFACTURER,

St. James's Street, London,

Desires to bring into special notice the fact of his having had the sole charge of the equipment of H.R.H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH, for his present voyage and visit to India

H.R.H. The DUKE of EDINBURGH, for his present voyage and visit to India.

The unrivalled skill of the Advertiser in adapting Rifles and Shells of his own invention to Indian requirements, &c., &c., having obtained for him the patronage of their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh, he now announces that all Indian orders are executed with the same care and fidelity as for the Royal Family. Drawings, Prices, &c., &c., post free on application.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED are prepared to supply good steam Coal to Steamers calling at this Port, with quick despatch.

JOHN BLACK & Co.,

MARAVILLA COCOA.—For Breakfast.—The Globe says "Various importers and
manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether
any thorough success had been achieved until
Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary
qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their
perfect system of preparation to this finest of all
species of the Theobroma, they have produced an
article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the
market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a
rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above altothers. For homeopaths and invalids we could not
recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage."
Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also
may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homeopathic
Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick
Lane, London.

NOTICE.

THE COMMISSIONERS of the Loan Board are prepared to lend money, at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, upon the security of Land as well as House Property, situated within the towns of Colombo, Kandy and Galle.

F. GRAY,

Loan Office, Colombo, 18th December, 1869.

PARTICIPATION CHARENTAISE La Grande Marque Cognac

LONDON OFFICES (for the trade only)—22 and 23,
GREAT TOWER STREET.

Mr. V. JOUANENT, Man- | Mr. E. VIGNIER, Manager
aging Director, Cognac | for the U. K., London.

THE largest holders of vintage 1865, and old Brandies of 1st growths.

Blue labels 6 years. Yellow labels 11 years. Red, labels 14 years. White label from 18 to 40 years. Orders registered for supplies in early vessels. J. Gibson Thomson and Co.

Galle, 15th December, 1869.

PRUNING KNIVES of the same approved make as those of the last season MPORTED direct from Messrs. Harrison
Brothers and Howson. Orders of 5 dozen
and upwards delivered free on neighbouring Estates of Rambodde, Pussilawe, Kotmalie and Dimboola; also in Kandy, Gampola and Newera Ellia.

Price 18s. per dozen. Apply to E. WOODHOUSE, Pallerakelly RAMBOD

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH

Company, Limited. THE TELEGRAPH LINES of this Company are now open for the transmission of private messages from this country to the United Kingdom. The charge for a message of ten words from Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, or any other place West of Chittagong, will be £1. 17. sterling. Messages intended for this line will be received at all the Government Telegraph Stations throughout India, and in order to insure their safe transmission should be marked by the sender via Indo-European.

London 31st January, 1870.

Note by Editor.—The above Advertisement was received by Telegram this day, and we cannot therefore guarantee the correctness of the rate

given in the Telegran.

FOR SALE. AT THE GODOWNS OF THE UNDERSIGNED THE FOLLOWING EXCELLENT SHERRIES

in one dozen cases.
White Seal
Yellow Seal at 48s. per Dozen at 42s. at 36s. at 30s. Red Seal Green Seal ALSO EX "BRITOMART."

Hoop Iron 11 in, 11 in, and 12 in. Colombo, Feb. 10, 1870.

SHERRY in Quarter Casks and Hogsheads

TO BE LEASED. The Hangroogamua Coffee Estate,

SITUATED IN THE MEDEMAHANEWERA DISTRICT,

Consisting of 388 acres, of which 278 acres

are under Coffee and in full bearing, 14 acres in Grass, 61 acres Pattana, and 35 acres Forest. The Lease will be for a Minimum term of ten years

For further particulars Apply to GEORGE WALL & Co. 12th February, 1870.

APOTHECARIES HALL, Whyte & Co., (Late Trowell & Co.)

NOTICE

GREAT WANT has hitherto been felt in Ceylon, by those interested in Natural History, and parties desirous of procuring, or sending to Europe, specimens of our most interesting Fauna;—no means of preserving these have been at their command.

W. & Co. having procured the services of a competent party for this purpose, are now prepared to receive specimens of Birds, and the smaller Mammalia—the skins of which will be thoroughly preserved and stuffed.

Charges will be moderate.

MUNIANDI, No. 14. NOW READY CONTENTS: Cartoon—" Which way has the Work gone." Socials-Valentines Day, B. C. 64.

Charges will be moderate.

Educational-What's in a name. Masonic Phantasies. THE HOMEWARD MAIL No. 11. From Walker The Diary of a late Director General.

VALENTINES-From a Royal Duke to his Royal

Mother. From a confirmed Maniac. De Lunatico. Ye Scribe of Baillie. A Definition-Mottoes. A Hint to the Reception Committee.

Notices to Correspondents.

WHYTE AND CO. APOTHECARRIES HALL, KANDY.

L W A Y S on hand a fresh supply of all the MEDICINES in general use, and a great variety of Patent Drugs and preparatrons. Physician's prescriptions and family recipes prepared with the utmost

care. HYTE & Co. have much confidence in draw-ing the attention of the public to their select tments of GENERAL GOODS

OILMANSTORES AND GENERAL GROCERIES. WINES, SPIRITS, BEER AND PORTER,

SODA WATER & LEMONADE. TOBACCOS. And a variety of Smoking Requisites; PERFUMERY, STATIONERY, NOVELS,

PLATED-WARE. Whips, Umbrellas, and Candelsticks, &c. &c. &c. &c.

Diaries for 1870.

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY, CUTLERY.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED have been appointed Sole Agents in Ceylon for Sale of MESSRS. COLLINS & CO.'S

PURE BONE DUST Manufactured at their Mills, Yara Bank, Melbourne, two cargoes are daily expected, orders registered

PRICE £9 5s. PER TON delivered free at Colombo Railway Station. LEE, HEDGES & Co. February 14th, 1870.

FOR SALE.

THAT USEFUL AND HANDSOME TURNOUT A POWERFUL BAY AUSTRALIAN MARE. in good condition,

A ROOMY PALANQUIN CARRIAGE built by KROES, in good order.

young and free from vice.

A SET OF SILVER PLATED LONDON MADE HARNESS, almost new. Price £100.

The property of our Mr. C. H. LEDWARD, who has temporarily left the Island. LEDWARD & Co.

ON VIEW AT ANY TIME IN THE COTTAGE.

SEALED TENDERS VILL be received by the Manager of the Oriental Bank Corporation, Colombo, up to noon on Monday, the 14th March, next, FOR THE ERECTION OF A RESIDENCE.

AND BANK HOUSE AT HALDAMULLE. Copies of the Plans and specifications can be seen, between the hours of Eleven and Two o'clock each day (Mail days excepted) at the Oriental Bank Colombo, and at the Branch Banks at Kandy, Badulla and Haldamulle.

Persons tendering must be prepared with approved security for the performance of the work.

Tenders to be addressed to the Manager of the Oriental Bank Corporation, Colombo, and to be marked on the outside "Tenders for the Haldamulle Bank House."

The Manager does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any other tender.

R. V. DUNLOR, Acting Manager. Oriental Bank Corporation, Colombo, 15th February, 1870.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION THE BOXER CARTRIDGES For Snider-Enfield of '577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Riffes of '450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of '500 bore for Military Riffes.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES with en-METALLIC CARTRIDGES with enhetallic Carriloges with en larged Base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted. Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles; also Cartridges for Ballard, the Spencer and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest Cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above Cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in Her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM-FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's and other Pocket-Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m/. 9-m/, and 7-m/, bore.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Letaucneur Revolvers of 12-m/. 9-m/. and 7-m/.bore, CENTRAL.FIRE and PIN.FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and system of Guns, Rifles, and Revolvers, Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire, Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzslet Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

Gray's Inn Road, London. WHOLESALE ONLY.

ELEY BROTHRS.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS, &C. (FREE FROM ADULTERATION

MANUFACTURED BY CROSSE & BLACKWELL, Purveyors to the Queen, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S well known Maunfactures are obtainable from every respectable Provision Dealer in the World. Purchasers should see that they are supplied with C. &. B.'s genuine goods, and that inferior articles are not substituted for them.

To insure thorough wholesomeness, their Pickles are all prepared in Pure Malt Vinegar, boiled in Oak Vats by means of PLATINUM STEAM COILS; and are precisely similar in quality to those supplied by them for use at

HER MAJESTY'S TABLE.

C & B. are AGENTS for LEA & PERRINS' CELE-BRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, and are

Manufacturers of every description of Oilmen's Store of the highest quality.

No. 17.

ent can now undertake

PRINTING WORK OF EVERY

DESCRIPTION

on the shortest notice and in the best style.

of the most approved forms:

DESPATCH NOTES, WAY BILLS, RICE, GENERAL

AND CASH ORDERS, PERFORATED AND

BOUND IN BOOKS.

Muster Rolls, Pay Lists, &c.

EVERY VARIETY OF FORM IN USE BY

MERCANTILE FIRMS,

-Customs Entries, Boat Notes, Cart Notes,

Contract Forms, Store Reports,

&c. &c.

BANKERS FORMS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

PROCTOR'S PRINTING UNDERTAKEN.

RAILWAY CONSIGNMENT NOTES,

PERFORATED AND BOUND

Auctioneers' Catalogues, Posters, &c

MILITARY FORMS OF ALL KINDS,

Guard Reports, Daily States, Drill Statements

&c. &c. &c.

Orders to be addressed to the Manager, "CEYLON TIMES PRESS," Chatham Street, Colombo.

AUCTION SALE

WELL-SELLECTED AND EXCELLENT

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

wood, Bombay wood and Jackwood, &c.

PLATE, GLASS, CROCKERY, &c.

including

A HANDSOME COTTAGE PIANO,

HORSE CARRIAGE AND WAGGON

TO BE SOLD AT THE

House No. 182.

GRAND PASS ROAD,

adjoining the 2nd mile-post.

JOHN SOLOMONSZ,

Apply to LEDWARD & Co.

ON SATURDAY, THE 5TH MARCH, 1870,

FOR SALE

Price £20

AUCTION SALE.

Also

POSTAL NOTICE.

ORRESPONDENCE, addressed to go via Southampton, can now be forwarded by FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS from Galle, at the ordinary Southampton rates of postage. This correspondence will be taken on from Alexandria by the British packet leaving with the will for the property of the state of the state

British packet leaving, with the mails from Bombay, shortly after the arrival at Suez of the French

NOTICE,

SPRINGWOOD AND BARRA ESTATES,

now amalgamated and worked as one Estate

CONTAINING IN EXTENT 1,122 ACRES,

in bearing.

EVERTON ESTATE,

CONTAINING IN EXTENT 761 ACRES,

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

COLOMBO.

March 1—British Barque Empress of India, 588 tons, Capt. W. J. Nunnerley, from Calcutta 14th February, cargo grain—Passengers, Mrs. Nunnerley, 2 children and Ayah,

GALLE.

ARRIVAL.

Feyb. 27 – British Steamer Arrow, from Suez, 30th January and Aden, 13th February.

TELEGRAPHIC STEAMER REPORTS.

INDO-EUROPEAN MESSAGES.

Latest date received from the United Kingdom (on messages addressed to Colombo) up to 12 noon of to-day is the 22nd February 12-7 p. m.
Line right to Kandy.

PASSENGERS BY THE GALLE COACH.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

Mails in March 1870, according

to date.

ENGLAND, AND MEDITERRANEAN Mongolia.
STRAITS & CHINA.
BOMBAY.
STRAITS & CHINA.
Travoncore
Cambodge.

PONDICHERRY, MADRAS & CALCUTTA. Godave England, Mediterranean & Mau-

Hindostan

Travoncore Cambodge.

Imperatrice. Surat. Simla. Orissa.

MADRAS & CALCUTTA.

RITIUS.

STRAITS & CHINA.

MADRAS & CALCUTTA.
ENGLAND & MEDITERRANEAN.

Feby. 26—Revd. Dr. Boake to Caltura. do 27—Mr. Goonewardene to Caltura.

English Mail Ste

From Bom bay, 27th February, 9 a. m. Steamer signall ed. From Bombay, 27th February, 9-45 a. m. ail Steamer signalled.

DEPARTURE. March 1-British Barque Valkyrien, for Akyab.

ARRIVAL.

Colombo, 28th February, 1870.

General Post Office, 28th February, 1870.

5 PAIRS BULLOCKS

5 Well-made BULLOCK CARTS.

H. W. GILLMAN,

Postmaster Genl.

VENN & Co.

25 DOZENS ELWELL'S CATTIES.

10 Do. Do AXES,

BLACK ENGLISH COW

A BLACK ENGLISH Confine condition and

At Noon.

In Ebony, Walnut, Calamander, Nadoon, Ro



LL GENTLEMEN IN THE CENTRAL, AND A N. W. PROVINCE wishing to attend the Levee at the Pavilion Kandy, on the arrival of H. R. H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH, are requested to send in their names to the A. D. C. on or before the 20th March.

Gentlemen wishing to attend the Levee to be held at Queen's House, Colombo, will be good enough to do so as well.

G. W. CHAPMAN, Capt. A. D. C.

The Pavilion, Kandy, February 26th, 1870.

POSTPONEMENT.

THE SALE OF

THREE DWELLING HOUSES

AND A GARDEN, Nos. 54, 55, 57 and 58,

KEW HOUSE STREET, ADJOINING RIFLE LINES, A DVERTISED by Messrs. VENN & Co. for Saturday 26th Instant is postponed till Saturday 5th proximo, at 3 p. m. Sale to take place on the spot.

Title deeds will be produced.

F. NEWMAN,

J. S. FINDLAY,

Trustees of the Estate of OSSEN LEBBE MARCAR.

කල්දැම්මක් කොම්පොඤඤ වීදි ස් නිවකවූ ස් වීදිගේ ජ දැසින් පවෙතිබෙන No. 54, 55, 57, සහ 53 ත් ගෙවල් තුන සහ විත්තන් ලෙම මහ 26 වෙනි දිනා වෙන්දේ සි ගෙරීමට වැන් උන් නැගේ විසින් දනුම්දී තිබුනු නුමුත් ජන උව න ම න ව්වේදී ව සෙනා සුගද සිවස 3නට එම ඉඩ මේදීම දකිනිමට කල් දමු බව මෙයි න් අන්දීම් ජිවිටත් ඔල්පු කර්දසින් එම ඉඩ මේදීම ගපන්වනවාය.

ඇප්.නිවමංන්. ෙස් . ඇස්. පින්ඩිලේ අස නියෙබ්බේ මරි ඉතා ගින් ඩුදලේකාර **30** 1 6005.

இரதமாதம் உஅ. தகத் சனிக்கிழ மை விரபனவுக்கென அ வெனதுரைக கும்பினியார பாசித்தம்பண்ணின் நை வில கூது சகு அடுத்த இபூ அவுஸ்தெ ருவிலுள்ள 54, 55, 57, 58. ம கொம பாவீகள் வருகிறமாதம் கி. ர திக்தி சனிக்கிழமை க. மணிக்கு அக்க இடத தில்தானே விழகப்படும்.

உறதோள் காணபிக்கப்படும். எவ. நியுமன. சே. எஸ். விணடலே. உசன்டுவவ்வை மரைகள்யருடைய ஆஸ்தியின் காரியகாறா.

VALUABLE COFFEE ESTATE FOR SALE.

WILL EXPOSE for sale on Monday the 14th March, at their Rooms at 3 P. M.
THE GLENALVAH ESTATE. Situated in the Attakalan Corle, "Saffragam" consisting of 243 acres by Government survey of which 160 acres more or less have been planted

About 80 acres in 1866 of the remainder one-half is available forest.

The property lies within one mile of the Government Road to Ratnapoora, 26 miles from Water Carriage, the whole Estate in good order.

TERMS CASH. The ensuing crop is estimated at from 3,000 to 3,300 bushels parchment.

FRESH TEAS. Season 1869-70 in 5 lbs. boxes. Euchong Breakfast Green Gunpowder } O H B O'HALLORAN BROTHERS.

CRYSTALLIZED ASKA SUGAR.

in 186 lbs. bags JUST TO HAND BY STEAMER in fine order. O'HALLORAN BROTHERS.

NOW LANDING Britomart," "Thos, Blythe," AND

"Queen of the West."

THE Largest and BEST ASSORTED stock we have ever yet offered for sale in Ceylon,
The Goods are all from the best ENGLISH AND SCOTCH Houses and are priced at a very considerable reduction of percentage
Full advertisements will be published as the goods open up. They comprise Moir's Crosse and Blackwell's, Morton's and Copeland's PROVISIONS.

STATIONERY. FROM DE LARUE, CORWAN', MILLINGTON AND HUTTON', &c., Men's Drapery and Tweeds,

from FOSTER and PORTER. DRUGS and PATENT MEDICINES from Cur-LING and BARCLAY.

SURGICAL REQUIREMENTS, &c., from Maw and Son. PERFUMERY

From Hendrie, Patey, Piess and Lubin From Ward, Lock and Tyler: TOBACCO and SNUFFS, from Taddy, Bears &c.

CUTLERY, PENKNIVES, &c., from Rodgers and Sons; LOCKS Patent and Cor FROM HART, PREARD & Co.;

BATS, BOXING GLOVES, &c. FROM BARTLET. TOYS, CONCERTINAS, FLUTES and FANCY GOODS,

from Evans, Greenwood. &c. HATS AND CAPS, from Christy & Co. Biscuits from Huntley and Palmer UNSWEETENED GIN, TANQUERAY'S. OLD TOM, Hodges and Bernard's. BRAND1ES-Martell's Hennessy's Jules Robin's

U. V. P. &c. GLASS TILES, Bar Soap, Candles, Loaf-Sugar, Ink, Blacking, Whiting' Acids, Patent Shot, Blasting and Gun Powder, Gun Caps, Thorley's Food, &c. &c.

O'HALLORAN BROTHERS.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOKS.

THE undersigned will sell on Saturday 12th of March next, commencing at noon.
A VALUABLE INVOICE OF BOOKS FROM E. LUMLEY. COMPRISING GENERAL LITERATURE, Childrens Books, and light Reading.

ADVERTISEMENT.



W E THE UNDERSIGNED P. CADER
SAIBO & Co., do hereby give notice to
all Gentlemen, Managers and Superintendents of
Estates, Firms, and other public offices, that we
have opened a

NOTICE.

PROVISION SHOP

for supplying all sorts of necessary things, at a cheaper rate than the other traders in the Town of Kandy, and hope that all our customers will remit their Accounts monthly, or once in Two months. P. CADER SAIBO & Co.

No. 225. COLOMBO STREET, KANDY.

NOTICE.

WILL be sold by Auction at the Colonial Store on Thursday 3rd proximo, at noon, A QUANTITY OF

TIMBER, TOOLS. AND OTHER CONDEMNED STORES.

W. J. GORMAN, C. S.

Colonial Store, Colombo, 24th February, 1870.

FOR SALE.



FIRST-RATE HARNESS HORSE PALANQUIN CARRIAGE together or separately. Apply to DARLEY, BUTLER & Co.

NOTICE.

MR. FRANCIS SALIS FERNANDO is authorised to sign for our form IVI rised to sign for our firm per procuration from this date.

PETERSON & Co. Colombo, February 28th, 1870. On Thursday, the 3rd of March,

next, at noon, THE UNDERSIGNED is instructed to sell at the Colonial Stores, THE UNDERMENTIONED CALCUTTA

MATTING, more or less damaged. 1 PIECE 29 × 24 FEET. 2 do 32½ × 9 do 1 do 50 × 8½ do On account of the concerned. H. D. GABRIEL.

COLOMBO SCOTCH STORES.

A VARIETY OF NEW GOODS BY THE LATE ARRIVALS. including Various Articles useful to intending Visitors

to the Kraals, TIN DINNER CURRIERS, BASINS, CUPS, COFFEE POTS, CAFFETIERS, FOLDING CHAIRS, &c.

ALSO a fresh supply of TINNED SOUPS, MEATS, &c. PARRAFIN, BY DRUM, OF 5 GALS. OR SINGLE GAL. WITH A SMALL LOT OF

PARRAFIN LAMPS. N.B.-All Goods priced, on the Cash principle of moderate profits but quick returns. Purchasers have not to pay for the long credits or bad debts of others. Price Lists have been circulated. Inspection invited

No. 1, Chatham Street, Fort. NEW LAW BOOK.

DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT in Appeal Cases,

J. CROWTHER. Frice 6s., by post 6s. 3d. on sale only by J. MAITLAND & Co.

AUSTRALIAN HORSES.

To fig them up use. THORLEY'S FOOD. a supply of which is now landing

J. MAITLAND & Co.

On View for a Week.

THE PRIZE OIL PAINTING. " A STRONGHOLD OF THE DOUGLAS." Value One Hundred Guineas.

J. MAITLAND & Co.

TOYS. Worth seeing by the Old and buying for the Young. J. MAITLAND & Co.

GALVANZED BUCKETS AND TUBS

OF SIZES. PRINTING INK, NAILS, ENAMELED, SAUCE PANS, GRED IRONS, FRYING PANS AND KETTLES,

Axes, Quintanies, Grass Knives, &a., O'HALLORAN, BROTHERS.

O'HALLORAN BROTHERS ARE NOW LANDING

Ex "Thomas Blythe" and "Queen of the West.' A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c. WASHING SODA, EPSOM SALTS, CARBOLIC

ACID, for Disinfecting. Chrystallised Medicinal ditto.

AMERICAN POTASH, &c. &c. &c. PATENT MEDICINES. NALDIRE'S Soaps for Dogs, Holloway's Pills and Ointments, Cockle's Pills. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Bridge's Sarsaparilla and Ginger, De Roos Guttæ Vitæ and Pills; and a great variety of all other STANDARD MEDICINES of this class.

MEDICAL SUNDRIES

comprising Maw's, O'Connells & Mather's Feeding Bottles. INDIA RUBBER TEATS. ELECTRO-MAGNE-TIC MACHINES.

ELASTIC KNEE CAPS, SOCKS AND STOCKINGS, Tooth Brushes, Lancets, Bathing Caps, FLESH GLOVES, AND BELTS, BOUGIES AND CATHETERS, RECTUM BOUGIES &c., OXFORD PADS, FLESH BRUSHES, TURKISH GLOVES, &c.

HENDRIE'S. RIMMEL'S AND PATEY'S PERFUMERY, VIZ: ESS: BOQUET, JOCKEY CLUB, GUARDS, FRANGIPANI, MILLEFLEURS, AND OTHER

BOUQUETS, Pomades, Oils, &c. PATEY'S LAVENDER-WATER, RIMMEL'S VINEGAR, ASSORTED BAR SOAPS, PETROLEUM AND PETROLINE SOAP,

&c. &c. Rowland's Maccassar, Kalydor and Odonto. Persian Hair Dye PIESSE AND LUBIN'S FRANGIPANI, STOLEN KISSES, WOOD VIOLET, KISS ME QUICK, And assorted Perfumes, Nail, Shaving and Hair Brushes, &c. .

O'HALLORAN BROTHERS.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

THE "CEYLON TIMES PRESS." LARGE and varied assortment of Type and printing Materials having been received, establishment can now undertake " A GENTLEMAN'S GENTLEMAN" is not suitable to our columns. Try Muniandi!

"Wentworth."—Just at the present time our correspondent's letter would be somewhat premature. Wait awhile.

"Programme of Kandy A. B. C. Club," shall PLANTERS MONTHLY AND WEEKLY REPORTS,

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Throat Affections.—All the varieties of these distressing complaints may be readily and affectively treated by rubbing this Ointment twice a day upon the neck and chest, and supperting the strength by suitable nourishment. By this simple means diptheris, ulcerated and relaxed throat, irritation of the windpiper quinsey, and all glandular enlargements will have their progress arrede and the destruction they have caused remained

The Ceylon Times.

COLOMBO, TUESDAY, MARCH 1, 1870.

TÉLEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

London, February 18th. The Lord Chancellor has introduced the Judicial Reform Bill in the House of Lords.

Messrs. Disraeli and Bright are both improving in health. London, February 22nd.

The Army estimates are below those of last year by upwards of a million, those for the Navy shew a reduction of three quarters of a

The trial of Prince Bonaparte, for the death

of M. Victor Noel, will take place on the 21st March, at Tours. The death of the Bishop of Chichester is announced.

An interesting debate has taken place in th French Chambers, on the internal policy of the present ministry, which resulted in a vote of confidence in the Government by a majori-

Mr. Disreali is reported to be convalescent. QUOTATIONS OF PRODUCE IN THE LONDON MARKET BY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Coffee-Plantation Middling, 74s. Native good ordinary, 58s to 59s afloat. Market very firm. Cotton-Tinnevelly good fair, 91d Cocoanut Oil 43s.

IRRIGATION WORKS IN THE EASTERN PROVINCE.

Of the works for Irrigation purposes in the Eastern Province, the most interesting, be cause the most sorely needed, are those in the Trincomalee district. They are far less extensive than those in the Batticaloa division, but the fact that until these were taken in hand by Mr. Birch under the authority of the Governor, nothing whatever had been done to resuscitate the prostrate cultivation of the district, MESSRS. LEDWARD & Co. will sell at their Rooms on Thursday the 3rd Instant at 12 o'clock. imparts to them an importance of no ordinary character. Only those who have known the vicinities of Kandelly, Allai and Periyacolum during seasons of protracted drought, can realise the state of the country arising from the neglect of these admirable works: a broken bund means famine: an inefficient sluice signifies want and disease. No more pitiable spectacle could be met with than long dreary tracts of abandoned paddy fields where the plough had not been seen for years: where none but odd corners at chance times, had been turned up for seed, which in rainless months refused to fructify, and so died where it lay, and only gave a crop of weakly

stubble. If there be any truth in that old, well-worn saying, that he who has produced a grain of corn where none had grown before, deserves our gratitude far more than the victor in many battles, there must be a debt of this quality accumulating in the Eastern Province for some-

body!
To begin with the Tank adjoining Topur which we saw when repairs were commenced, the Allai Kulam, it would be difficult to picture IN consequence of the death of one of the Propertors, the late F. Shand, Esq., the undersigned have been instructed to offer for sale by Public Auction on Friday, the 18th March, next, at noon, the following COFFEE ESTATES, situate at Rakwane, in the district of Saffragam, Southern Province: a finer sight than this sheet of water now presents, covering 3,300 acres of ground, and irrigating to begin 2,124 acres, nearly all Crown, land at the time of the first repairs, but of which 836 acres have since been sold for £1930 with 160 acres given for cultivation

on half value for

175

leaving land still to be sold 745 acres, worth about £ 1,600.

So far as the restoration of this Tank is concerned, it has been completed in a satisof which 260 acres or thereabouts, are under cultivation, and in bearing, and a considerable portion of the remainder consists of good Forest Land suitable for Planting.

Full particulars regarding these Properties, and terms of sale, may be had on application to Messrs.

C. Shand & Co., Colombo. factory manner by the repair and raising of the bund, and the construction of new masonry sluices which were previously of timber, and most inefficient. There is still, however, work to be done in the construction of five miles of channel, to conduct a portion of the water from this tank, of which there is ample to spare, as far as Mudur: along the entire course of this channel there are extensive tracts of crown land suitable for paddy cultivation, which require but population to render these five miles of plain a continuous expanse of fertile fields. Some idea of the service rendered by this work may be formed, when we state that previous to the restoration of this tank, the usual course of cultivation was DEPARTURES.
Feby. 27—British Barque Palmerston, J P. Seagrove, 894 tons, bound to London, cargo general—Passengers Mrs. H owie and 4 children, Master Bannister and Mr Ryne. do do—British Barque Helen Malcolm, J. Griffiths, 311 tons, bound to Calcutta, in ballast. do 27—British Ship Beann-tamha, W. McCann, 1,178 tons, bound to London, cargo general. one crop in each year-of which usually three in five years were failures : with the present supply of water two good crops yearly may be

depended upon. To the north of Trincomalee, at a distance of seven miles, and in the midst of some very fine land surrounded by villages, is the Irriga-tion work known as the Periyakulam. It is nearest to Nilaveli in the Kaddukkulam Pattoo, and is formed by damming across the intervening low land from one range of hills to another, the water shed of which forms its sole but steady source of water supply. dam has been raised several feet as well as strengthened, and a stone spill-water and masonry sluices have been added, over the former of which the waste water may still be

seen running.

The cost of this work has been £950. The area of the tank has not yet been surveyed, but it contains sufficient water to cultivate with undoubted certainty 700 or 800 acres of land. The lands in the immediate vicinity belonged to the Crown: of these 594 have been surveyed, and about 300 more will shortly be laid out. Of the portion already surveyed the following have been sold to native cultivators :-

342 acres sold for £839
122 do for half value 152

realising in all £99i

BIRTHS.

Feby, 24th, at Ratnapura, the wife of F. R. Saunders, Esq., Ceylon Civil Service, of a son.

At Newera Ellia, on Friday, February 25th, the wife of H. R. Von Dadelszen, Esq., of a son.

MARRIAGE.

On the 19th February, at Trinity Church, Bangalore, by the Revd. Dr. Murphy, William Thomas Taylor, Esq., Manager, Agra Bank, Madras, to Adela Louisa, only daughter of the late Honorable Jackson Perring, of Ceylon, and niece of the late Sir John Perring, Dart, Co. Devon. The restoration of the sluices of the Kandely Lake has been a work of a minor character, but although involving far less outlay than either of the other irrigation works, promises to be scarcely inferior to them in ultimate results. This vast body of water, sixteen miles in circumference during the rainy season, is on the high road from Trincomalie to Kandy, and distant from the former place two stages, or twenty-five miles. It is charmingly situated, amidst a wide expanse of grass-land studded with noble-looking groups of forest trees and tufts of brushwood. We shall not soon forget and watched the setting of the sun, and listened to the notes of many birds, and saw groups of wild animals browsing by the forest edges, and herds of half wild buffaloes and tavellam 21 AUSTRALIAN COLONIES &c. Avoca.

These days are Sundays: Letters &c., will be forwarded, as usual, to Galle, where the Mails will be made up by the Packet Agent next day.

or more than the cost of the repairs.

which had once upon a time locked up that store of wealth for man to utilise, then flowing out in useless waste—the huge stones of the sluices all displaced and grown with jungle. One of the two gates of this emporium of

water, has been renewed and built up with massive masonry, the other will be heavier work and task the skill and energies of the workmen to the utmost. The population in the immediate vicinity of this fine piece of water, is but scant, and the quantity of land hitherto cultivated from the channel flowing through the broken sluices, has been insignificant; but when the rainfall has been shut up within its limits, and the outfall can be regulated at will, any extent of fields may be irrigated from it by means of channels, and as nearly the whole of the land for many miles around, is the property of the Crown, there will be an excellent opportunity for the Government to hold out liberal terms to native purchasers willing to settle below and around the tank, and even perhaps to bring some of the skilful cultivators of paddy from the Northern Province to settle there, by means of grants of land freed from taxation for a term of years.

Whilst alluding to these works, we will offer a few remarks upon a matter respecting which there appears to be a slight confusion in the minds of some, who have written on what they are pleased to designate Sir Henry Ward's admirable Irrigation scheme, and which they further see fit to pronounce so far superior to the scheme initiated and legalised by the present Governor. Were these astute critics to pay a little more attention—just the least in the world-to all the circumstances connected with the irrigation works indicated by the late and present Governors, it would be seen that the later scheme embraces the earlier: that the two portions of it have reference to entirely different circumstances, and that one is in no manner or degree antagonistic to the other. Sir Henry Ward undertook large works at considerable cost, and sought no return of the outlay, for the very good reason that there was scarcely anybody to repay it. Those works, with only the most trifling exceptions, were for the advantage of lands belonging to the Crown and it may be seen by reference to all the late Governor's Minutes on the subject, as well as Mr. Birch's and other reports on the same, that the calculations as to return of outlay were based upon the sale of the lands. Now this is still the mode of proceeding in regard to such works as those in the Trincomalle district; and also we believe in respect of the repairs of Rugam Tank at Batticaloa, but the case of Tanks and Water-courses for the Irrigation of private lands is entirely different, and never formed any part of Sir Henry Ward's scheme. If those who draw invidious comparisions between past and present irrigation projects, will indicate any single instance in which Sir Henry Ward restored a Tank or a Water-course for the sole benefit of private landowners, making them a present of the outlay, we will confess that they have some reason with them, but if not, let them write more justly.

GOSSIP.

We understand that some little excitement has been caused in Judicial circles, by the receipt of a "Circular" from the Colonial Secretary, enjoining all District Judges, Police Magistrates, &c., to forward their monthly returns of business done, to the Queen's Advocate instead of to the Colonial Secretary as heretofore, together with the following additional particulars:

The distribution of work for each day, shewing what days are devoted to District Court, Court of Requests and Police Court cases, respectively, and what to Justice of the Peace investigations.

The furthest day to which the Rolls of the Courts, and of Justices, extend, distinguishing the cases in the different Courts, and Money for land cases.

3. The average number of hours of sitting every day,-the time when the Judge, Commissioner, or Magistrate, usually opens Court,

and when he rises.

All these will in future be summarized in an intelligible form and published in the Gazette, with a view to enable the public to obtain a bird's-eye view of the judicial work of the island, a result which is impossible by the

present form of publication.

We have never hesitated to express our opinion of the necessity for reforms in the con-stitution and working of the Colombo of the same. in all £2,105 opinion of the necessity for reforms in the collection stitution and working of the Colombo Academy. We were however scarcely prepared to find this reform taking the shape of aboli-tion of the first class! The reason for this extreme, and in our opinion injudicious proceeding, is said to be the smallness of the class. But surely there can be no reason why that which is small in one quarter may not be large at another period! This reminds us of those Yankee reforms, which consist of improving off the face of the earth,

We were much struck with the ingenuity of certain functionaries at a certain Station in Upper India, known as Muttra, who, to save time, or expense, or trouble, or all. instead of constructing triumphal arches to welcome the Duke of Edinburgh, removed by rail those which had been used for a similar purpose at Agra. Here is a suggestion for our Municipality, whose funds are the reverse of ample. Let them drive a bargain with the Madrassees who, we doubt not, would be delighted to take a very moderate figure for the splendid Pandal which we are told is being erected in honor of the Prince: it might come down by one of the B. I. S. N. Company's steamers leaving just previous to the Duke.

Writing on this subject, we sincerely hope something respectable will be done on the night of the Prince's arrival, in the illumination of the Fort: it would be a reproach to us if we should not follow, however humbly, the example set us by the cities of India; if we should confine our illuminating efforts to lighting up the trees in Slave Island opposite the Ball Pavilion! The cost need not be a matter of magnitude, and we hope will not weigh against the effect that may be produced not alone on the royal guest, but on the native community.

A cotemporary in offering us his congratulations on our appointment as Special Correspondent of the London Times, has given us credit for contributions to the London journals to which we can lay no claim. The letters to the Morning Advertiser which are mentioned in such flattering terms, were, we believe, written by Mr. George Augustus Sala. The letters on the Indian Mutiny may for aught we know have been quoted in the House of Commons as from an "Eye witness," by reason of their fidelity, but they made no claim to be such; they were penned from the recital of refugees on their way through Calcutta to reach home, and contained recitals of what actually occurred during the early days

of that awful period. Not the least prominent topic of the week is the promotion of Mr. Birch from the Eastern Agency to the Colonial Secretaryship of the Straits Settlement, a distinction due to his untiring energy and devoted zeal in the discharge of his public duties. The Governor we believe, recommended him for promotion as being the sharpest member of the Ceylon Service which Service cannot fail to recognise the lovely panorama, as we looked out upon it from the southern bund, one Sunday evening, and watched the setting of the serving of the servi every consideration to the claims of local officials. Mr. Birch is now on his way to Colombo, intending to proceed to the Straits by the outward steamer due at Galle on Monday next. Mr. R. Morris will we believe suc-

and gazed upon the grand and good design | posing most effectually of Mr. VanDort's medical mare's-nest, and shewing that in Ceylon Tamil coolies are cared for as well as need be. It appears that a great deal, too much importance has been given to Mr. Van Dort's

our Postal authorities have succeeded in obtaining a concession from the Messageries Imberiales, who agree in future to carry a southampton packet from Ceylon as far as Alexandria, when it will be forwarded by the

corresponding steamer from Bombay.

ILLNESS OF SIR EDWARD CREASY.-Letters were received in Ceylon by the last mail, advising the serious illness of Sir Edward Creasy, who was suffering from a Tiolent attack of bronchitis, and was at one time consider-ed in great danger. On the departure of the mail he had rallied, and was considered out of danger. We hear that it his intention to apply for an extension of leave until November Australian Horses.-Mr. Rudd's batch of

horses ex Catherine were put up to auction, yesterday by Messrs. Venn & Co and sold well in spite of their poor condition and the large number of horses thrown upon the market lately. There was keen competition for some of the best bred of the lot, and we have no doubt we shall see several of these again on the Galle Face Course in September. "Chorister," a very handsome chestnut thorough-bred, fetched froo, the highest price given, Mr. L. St. G. Carey being the purchaser. "Beadsman" another chestnut with a first rate pedigree was knocked down for £90. Then came "Ownee" £85, "Gem" £75 "The Priest"s£70, and so on down to £35 for a little grey mare, the average of the 27 horses sold being a little over £54. Amongst the 19 bought in was "Lath" a fine well-bred horse who has run successfully in Australia, and "St. George" a likely looking five years old the George" a likely looking five years old that from his pedigree ought to make a good shew on the turf. We can only again express the hope that the result of this venture may be such as to induce the importation of similar class cattle hereafter.

THE GAZETTE.—Saturday's Gazette contains the following appointments, to take effect

from the 1st proximo.

R. W. T. Morris, Esq., to be Assistant at Mannar to the Government Agent for the Northern Province, District Judge, Commis-sioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate of Mannar.

R. W. D. Moir, Esq., to be Assistant at Trincomalee to the Government Agent for the Eastern Province. E. N. ATHERTON, Esq., to be Landing Sur-

eyor at Colombo. Messrs. Morris and Moir will, however, continue until further orders, the former to act as Government Agent for the North-Western Province, and the latter to perform the duties of Assistant at Batticaloa to the Government Agent for the Eastern Province. R. Reid, Esq., to be Acting Assistant at

Mannar to Government Agent for the North-ern Province, and Acting District Judge &c. of Mannar, as well as Coroner for the District of Mannar. G. H. WITHERS, Esq., to be Acting Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate

Mr. W. J. S. BOAKE is to be attached as a Writer to the Colonial Secretary's Office from the 1st proximo. MATHEW MOLEMAN to be Registrar of Pon-parappi Pattu, in the District of Puttalam, with

of Balauitimodara.

effect from the 21st ultimo, in the room of VISENTI MARIANU PILLAI, dismissed. Leave of absence, from the 2nd to the 11th proximo, having been granted to Mr. P. A. TEMPLER, it is notified that Mr. F. R SAUN-DERS has been appointed to act during that period as District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate of Ratnapura,

as well as Coroner for the District of Ratna-Notice is given, that from the 1st proximo the Office of the English Registrar of the Town and Gravets of Colombo will be at his house at Hulsdorp, near the premises lately occu-

pied as the Registrar-General's Office. A portion of Messrs. Armitage Brothers Godowns, in the Fort, having been selected as a Bonded Warehouse for the reception of all Goods legally imported. His EXCELLENCY

Memorandum of the Arrival and Departures of Coolies at the Ports of the Northern Province during the month of January, 1870:—
Total from the commence-

Ports. Arrivals. Departures. Arrivals. Departures. Men 9 Women ... 3 Children ..oo VANGALLA. Men 300 1,213 300 1,213 Women 56 265 56 265 Childre 7 94 7 94 Total . . 363 1,572 363

A Criminal Session of the Supreme Court will be held at Huldfsdorp in Colombo, on Monday, the 21st day of March next, at 11-30,

COFFEE EXPORTS.—The returns for the week ending the 25th February, shew that two ships cleared outwards from Ceylon for London and two steamers for Hongkong and Bombay, taking a to al of Cwts, 25,012 of Coffee giving a total exported to date of Cwts. 385,770 a total exported to date of Cwts. 385,770 against Cwts. 463,324 at same period of last year. In Plantation Coffee to date there is an excess over last year of Cwts. 15,791. but Native shew a decrease of Cwts. 15,791. Native shew a decrease of Cwts. 61,763

CRIMINAL.—The influential Unanse, whose name has recently been before the public in connection with the atrocious murder in Kandy has been committed for trial together with his accomplices by the Queen's Advocate. The youthful murderer from Galagedra, who, our readers will remember, took away the life of a ad younger than himself, will also probably be tried at the same time, being now in Jail .-Examiner.

MEDICAL.—We learn on the authority of the Examiner, that the Principal Civil Medical Officer will leave Colombo at the beginning of next month, on an extended tour of inspection through Ratnapura, Haputale, Badulla, &c. inspecting the Kandy Hospitals on his way to Colombo. Dr. Andree, we suppose, will during the interval attend to the office duties of the Department.

KANDY TURRET CLOCK.—This clock is still incomplete. The Municipal Council was requested to take it over some months ago, but declined to do so, until it could be handed over in a complete state. The Bells are said to be in Colombo. In the ordinance for making provision for the Contingent Services of the year 1870, there is an estimate "for additional amount required for putting up a clock in Kandy, £56," so it is to be hoped the Clock will soon be in working order.

THE "TIMES' SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT."

We understand that Mr. JOHN CAPPER has been commissioned to act as Special Correspondent to the Former design of the secondary to th pondent to the London Times during the so-journ of the DUKE OF EDINBURGH in Ceylon. We congratulate our local contemporary on being selected for the distinguished office thus conferred on him,—one which, from what we know of his numerous and interesting contributions to Household Words during 1852-1855, cattle resting them at the water's edge. All that was needed to make up the total of that picture was a boat upon the waters. We sat picture was a boat upon the waters. We sat and connected Papers, appear elsewhere, dis-

H. D. GABRIEL.

Subsequently, his letters from Calcutta on the subject of the Indian Mutiny, were read with great interest, and were even quoted in Parliament as the reliable account of an "Eyewitness, of many of those distressing scenes which terrified and amazed the admirers of

We shall look forward with much interest to his forth coming relation of the events which are about to render Ceylon an object of curiosity to the European readers of the London Times.—Examine.

RAILWAY COLLECTIONS.—Abstract of Traffic for the week ended 20th February, 1870:— Passengers.. £ 728 Carriages., Mails .

Parcels Merchandize.. Do. corresponding last year 4031 18 11 813 2 0

SERVICE TENURES' ORDINANCE.—A public meeting of Buddhist Priests, Kandyan Chiefs and others was held on the 6th of February at the Tembiliyangoda Wihara in South Matela, to discuss the Service Tenures' Ordinance. About fifty Buddhist Priests and several hundred laymen

5196

Train Mileage

of South Matale District, attended.

The following Resolutions were adopted by the meeting after some lengthy addresses had been

Resolution I.—This meeting considers that the Service Tenures Ordinance, enacted at the last session of the Legislative Council of this Island, is calculated to undermine the national religion of the Singhalese and their ancient customs, usages and ceremonial rites, and therefore that a memorial be addressed to the Queen's Most Ex-cellent Majesty through His Excellency the Governor, respectfully stating the grievance consequent upon this Ordinance, and praying that it may please Her Most Gracious Majesty to withhold the Royal sanction to it.

Resolution II.—That signatures be taken to

Resolution II.—That signatures be taken to be attached to the memorial to be forwarded to Her Majesty through His Excellency the Governor. Resolution III.—That a copy of this memorial be presented to His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh, who is expected here in a short time. Resolution IV.—That the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the English and Singhalese local papers, requesting them to publish the same for general information.

GALLE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.—At a meeting on February 5th, it was resolved to request Government, in order to prevent the evasion of the Municipal toll on the Colombo road, to permit its removal to the junction with the cross-road to Ukwatte, to establish a branch toll across the road to Ukwatte, at its junction with the Colombo road.

Read a letter from the Hon'ble the Colonial Secretary, intimating the approval of the Bye-law relating to the rates of toll to be levied by the

Council.

With reference to objections to assessment, it was resolved to refer them for report to the Councillors of the different wards.

Dr. Anthonisz, Mr. Hall, Mr. Ludovici and Mr. Goonawardana were appointed a Bench of Magis-

trates.

At another meeting on February 19th, convened to consider the Report of the Committee on the distribution of the markets, and the Auditor's

Green Market to be quite unsuitable to be used as a Meat Market, in consequence of defective drainage and ventilation, while the new building intended for a meat market was free from all ob-

Resolved that the report be adop'ed, and the same Committee appointed to make arrangements for adapting the new building for the purposes of

a meat market.
Read a letter from Mr. F. W. Lemarchand,

KANDY.—A correspondent writes.—"The accused in the case of the Nitewelle murder have been committed to take their trial at the ensuing sessions of the Supreme Court, with the exception of Dømbekotna Unanse and Piteyagedera Koralle The high priest who was expected to be discharged is also to be tried, as also keeralle who will be indicted as an accessory after the fact. The sessions will commence on Tuesday but I believe there are not many cases in the calendar and the work will be gone through in a fortnight at most.

work will be gone through in a fortnight at most.

The Planting Community will be interested in knowing that the case of Mr. Tytler against a Kangany on the charge of machanila. The Planting Community will be interested in knowing that the case of Mr. Tytler against a Kangany on the charge of embazzling advances is also to be taken up at the approaching sessions. Mr. Tytler at the Planters' meeting the other day stated that he hoped if the man was found, guilty he would receive the severest punishment the law could inflict. Offences of this kind are very prevalent and it is not all who would take the trouble, Mr. Tytler has taken in having the culprit arrested and the case against him so clearly proved.

There is a great inclination on the part of the There is a great inclination on the part of the Town council to curtail its expenditure, now that an opportunity has arisen for examination of its financial position. There is a whisper that the offices of third Inspector and store-keeper will be aboliseed and that some one of the other officers will be directed to discharge these duties. The public have long been enquiring for what earthly will be directed to discharge these duties. The public have long been enquiring for what earthly good these two offices were left open as the work attached to each of them was simply nominal. If a few of those suncures were abolished, there would be every chance of taxation being a little lighter than it is now.

APPEAL DECISIONS OF SUPREME COURT. -A copy of this work, now on sale by Messrs.

Maitland and Co., has reached us. It appears to be very carefully and judiciously compiled, with a very useful Index, and we should imagine it will prove most serviceable to enquirers in such matters.

KURUNEGALA .- From a Correspondent. As you may be aware, the Sessions of the Supreme Court were held here from the 18th to the 25th instant. There were 15 Cases on the calander; which were disposed of, two on the place of "carity". the plea of "guilty," two by postponement, and eleven by trial, resulting, nine in conviction and two (Arson and Forgery) in acquittal, through the able advocacy of Mr. Advocate Ferdinands assisted by Mr. N. Ondatjie, the P. Counsel for the accuseds. Throughout the trials the jury was an English-speaking one, and they deserve credit for their unanimous, just and sensible verdicts. One of the gentlemen who had been rejected as a juror before, for refusing to be sworn, was again ex-

cluded, with a threat of fine for persisting.

I was never before in witnessing Supreme Court trials of trivial cases, struck with the thought that the Supreme Court in Ceylon is an imposition on the public revenue, while it can be dispensed with by vesting the same powers in other Courts. The District Courts for instance may at every quarter try cases of grave offence under the jury system, and by grave offence under the jury system, and by the aid of the Bar. Thus the enormous amount (including batta and travelling expenses) which is now required to support the S. C. establishment, may be saved to no little advantage, even with additions to the salaries of District Courts. As for Appeals, it is I think properly the province of the two Queen's Ad-

to the readers of the leading English Journal. vocates in Colombo to consider and decide estates true enough doubtless, in very many them—of course without having any interest in private practice as Law Officers of the Crown.

Grand preparations are being made for the reception of the Prince. Kurunegala, with all its inferiority, would fain rival the superior places of the Royal visit. Whatever may have been selfish and isolated cases of disaffection to the British Pule in past days there is I to the British Rule in past days, there is I think more true loyalty in the Kandyans than in their low country brethren, though in general sincerity of character the latter are an exception to the race.

In writing a report, I am reminded to add in conclusion that I wish Kurunegala were frequently visited by true preachers of the Gospel. Mr. Jones of the Church Mission was here a few days ago, and he set forth by earnest preaching Christ and Him crucified as the only object of faith unto salvation. Oh! that Christians would not spare, but prayerfully raise their voices against systems of Christanity which are calculated to foster error, and teachers untutored by the Holy Spirit.

Kurunegala, February 27th, 1870.

JAFFNA, 21st February, 1870. (From an Occasional Correspondent.)

"There is many a slip between the cup and the lip" is a very old saying, and experience too often tells us how true the proverb is, especially when we are the sufferers by the disappointment. In my last I had given you some idea of the prospects of the Paddy cultivators this season and of the large crops they were likely to reap: there is some little apprehension now that though the crop will be good, and very good when contrasted with the two previous years of drought, still it will be less than it might have been, were it not for the rains which we have had for so many days dur-ing the first half of the month, and which are so unusual at this time of the year. I believe in a few instances the crop was quite destroy ed, in others it has been somewhat damaged but in most instances where perhaps the paddy may not be lost or spoilt, the straw so necessary for the cattle in this district, will turn out

The Cocoanut estates are coming round very well, and look much better than they have done for some time, and if planters could be certain of moderately rainy seasons in North-East Monsoon their prospects would be very good and cocoanut planting would be a fair speculation in the Northern Province. We expect good shipments of copperate to the coast during the coming season, which commences about May and June, but as most of the coperal is generally shipped for the south of India from Point Pedro, Colombo Merchants should make arrangements with the Planters here if they wish to secure a good supply for their Mills.

Mr. Morrison, who has been the Agent of the Branch of the Oriental Bank Corporation at this place, has now left us on his way to ngland: he has been here over four years, and I believe was very much liked by the native traders and merchants. Mr. Morrison had a public leave-taking before his departure, and had a testimonial kindly presented to him by the natives of the place. Mr. Carmichael from Badulla has succeeded Mr. Morrison, and though he may not have such manifestations of the good-will of the people here when his term of office at this place expires, I have no doubt he will have as much cause to be as leased, though he does not re eive the chain with the usual outburst of public feeling in foolish speeches which must make a jublic man feel more ashamed of himself than other-

jection in these respects, its only objection, arising from the exposure of meat to the view of passengers, from its contiguity to the road, being easily remedied by screening up the side facing the street.

You may have noticed in the Gazette for some weeks past that a notice has appeared of fering a reward of \(\int_{50} \) to any person who would give evidence which would lead to the conviction of the people converged in stealing. conviction of the people concerned in stealing a Case book from the District Court. I believe evidence is now forthcoming with reference to the points which it was necessary should be Read a letter from Mr. F. W. Lemarchand, reporting his examination of the Accounts of the last quarter of 1868 and the whole of 1869. The General Ledger Balances were examined, and the Cash balances found to agree with the Bank's list obtained by two witnesses, who it would be a list obtained by two witnesses, who it would be a list obtained by two witnesses, who it would be a list obtained by two witnesses. cleared up before the case could be commit-ted for trial, and I think that the most impor-Pass Books.

Resolved that Mr. Lemarchand be requested appear have come forward to swear to having appear have come forward to swear to having sent the persons accused coming out of the District Court House late that night. Mr.

Resolved that Mr. Lemarchand be requested appear have come forward to swear to having sent the persons accused coming out of the District Court House late that night. Mr.

Advocate Gould is now in jail, or rather in the late of the persons account of it, and to reduce the persons accused coming out of the persons accuse Vegetable Market be set apart for traders from jail he spital, he not being in very good health, the interior, who should be allowed to occupy u.Te ing probably from excitement. What u.Te ing probably from excitement. What the special cause of the imprisonment of such a respectable individual as Mr. Advocate Gould, is more than I can say for a certainty, but it w uld appear from general report that he has been impisoned because he was suspected of tampering with the witnesses in the

PLANTERS ASSOCIATION.

The bulky papers connected with the question of Coolie Mortality, open with a letter from the Colonial Secretary, submitting for the consideration of the Planters Association, the Report of Assistant Colonial Surgeon Van

coffee estates, could certainly prevent.

After a description of the Tamil physique he report goes on to say, "With regard to their character,—they are inoffensive, patient, docile, indisposed for exertion, but with great powers of endurance, influenced in their conduct by fear, or the love of gain rather than by molives of gratitude or a sense of duty, unprincipled, untruthful. Their habits are purely sensual. The indulgence of their animal appetites is their sole motive for exerion. They eat to repletion, and are far from discriminating in the choice of their food. There is indeed nothing short of poison, with which a lowe caste Malabar will not try to appease his hunger. Putrid meat, entrails, reeking hides, roots, leaves, nothing comes amiss to him. He will exhume the buried carcase of a sheep to feast on its decomposed remains and if there is any dainty to which he s partial, it is a kind of ferruginous clay, which he will chew and eat with as much

relish as if it were some sweet confection." "When a function so important as nutrition s perverted to ignoble uses, irregularly exer-ised, or overworked, the result can soon be predicted. The enlarged stomach craves for more food, and is yet unable to digest even a portion of what it receives. The undigested nass passes through the intestines unchymified, and either promotes undue secretion of the intestinal gland, producing Diarrhea; or excites inflammation in the lower bowels, and ushers in a train of symptoms, which terminates in Dysentry. Hence it is not surprising that the chief complaint, from which the Malabar Cooly suffers, and to which he generally succumbs, is Diarrhea or its congener Dysentery. Diarrhea indeed, is of such com-mon occurrence in Malabars, that they usually regard it as the normal condition of the bowel any deviation towards health being considered as a sign of costiveness. Of the patients treated in hospital, about three-fourths would

have Diarrhœa as a complication, whatever the disease for which they are admitted."

Statistics in reference to admission to hospital are freely indulged in, and some remarks are made as to the habits of the laborers on Coffee

cases but certainly not applicable so generally as Mr. Van Dort assumes. A considerable space is devoted to a wordy description of "the site, the espect, the elevation above the sea, the character of the soil, and other circumstances of the surrounding neighbourhood, of the Gampola Hospital which is followed by paragraphs in reference to the Water Supply, the Sewerage, and Drainage, the position and state of Latrines, the internal dimensions of the several wards, the the internal dimensions of the several wards, the number of beds in each, the distance between the beds, and the number of cubic feet allotted to each patient; also what provision is made by separation or otherwise for preventing the spread of diseases, commonly held to be contagious. The number of Medical Officers, distinguishing those who reside within the walls, and stating which of them are allowed to engage in Private Practice and specifying the proportion which the number of Medical men bears to the average number of Patients. The same in regard to nurses.

The average time for which patients remain in the Hospital, issaid to have been 20.7 days in 1867 and 25.4 in 1868.

and 25.4 in 1868.
The Diet table is below:

ORDINARY DIET.

3 Hoppers, or Bread of 4 oz. Sago, or Rice, or same value.

Arrowroot.

12 oz, Meat or 1½d worth 2½ oz. Sugar. of Fish.

½ oz. Coffee.

½ oz. Sugar.

8 oz. Bread. oz. Sugar. oz. Coffee. pint Milk. oz. Salt. SPOON DIET. d. for Curry Stuff and 4 oz. Bread. ½ oz. Coffee. 4 oz. Sago. 2½ oz. Sugar. Vegetables.

This inflated document concludes with a statement of "the arrangements for visitation and inspection by superior Civil Authorities, and how often the Hospitals are visited and inspected by the Governor himself, and also as to the periodical Reports and Returns furnished to the Governor of the state of the Hospitals, and the statistical details connected with them, including the cause of death, and the number of Post-mortem examinations."

The Emigration Commissioner's report on the above, opens by pointing out that as regards cooling the cause of the statistical details contents and the number of Post-mortem examinations."

above, opens by pointing out that as regards coolie mortality assuming, that all who are not accounted for have died, the mortality must be distributed over the whole period that the Coolies remain in the Colony, which, if taken at 3½ years, would give a mortality at the rate of 7.04 per cent. per annum.

It may, however, be doubted, the Commissioner continues, whether we are justified in assuming that all who do not return to India are therefore dead. In a despatch from the Governor of Ceylon, of 6th March, 1867, upon Cooly Immigration, it is of 6th March, 1867, upon Cooly Immigration, it is stated, that "many who originally came over to work on the Estates, have become settlers, and have acquired landed property." This is so natural, that it might have been assumed a priori, and some deduction, though to what extent I am unable to suggest, must therefore be made on this account from the estimated mortality."

The privations incidental to the journey along the North road, are alluded to but the Emigration authorities appear to be quite in the dark as to the

authorities appear to be quite in the dark as to the efforts made in regard to stream communication and afterwards by the establishment of the Go-

and atterwards by the containing and deprayed havernment ferry.

After dwelling upon the filthy and deprayed habits and tastes of Malabars the document goes on to say "In what way, better and wholesomer habits may be induced, it is not easy to determine. The course that most naturally suggests itself, is to allow the employer to provide food for the labourer, making a regulated deduction from his wages on account of it. In Mauritius the coolies have always been fed by their employers, and no complaint, that I am aware of, has ever been made on that account. In several of the West Indian Colonies also the issue of Rations, as part of wages, for a limited period after the first arrival of the Cooly, has been sanctioned as a sanitary measure. The system is no doubt open to abuse, and should be adopted only as a last resource. Nevertheless if no other means arist is abuse, and should be adopted only as a last resource. Nevertheless, if no other means exist, it would be better to adopt this than to allow the people to destroy their health by feeding on garbage. The stay of the Cooly in Ceylon is too short to allow of much moral improvement, from the example of those about him; and although Dr. Vandort says that there is a perceptible difference between the Cooly, who has been sometime in the Colony and been taught industrious habits, and the Cooly who has just arrived, it would be too much to expect, that the tastes and habits of a lifetime could be materially altered during a residence not exceeding three or four years."

years."
"Upon the whole it appears to me, that the best plan would be to allow the employer to ration the labourers, at least for a limited period, makmake known in the Districts of India, from which the Emigrants to Ceylon are drawn, any regula-tion of the kind that might be established. I presume that the Government would be able through the Agents of the several Provinces to watch sufficiently over the Coolies, to see that they were not defrauded, either in the rations issued to them or the amount deducted on account of them." "If Earl Granville should approve of this sugges-tion, it might probably be thought right to com-municate on the subject with the India Office, before a final decision is taken. The Secretary of State for India has on former occasions objected to the issue of rations as part of wages but in so extreme a case, as that described the objection

fermerly taken may perhaps be waived." REPORT OF THE PLANTERS' ASSOCIATION.

Report of Assistant Colonial Surgeon Van Dort and the comments of the Emigration Commissioners thereon.

The Report deals in the first place with the statistics of coolie immigration which it states leave 24 per cent of the arrivals in twenty-five years unaccounted for shewing that the mortality among Malabar Coolies is excessively high, and that a large proportion of deaths is due to causes, which a more elaborate system of Medical Police, together with a strict enforcement of sanitary laws in cooly lines on coffee estates, could certainly prevent.

After a description of the Tamil physique

am instructed to submit for the information of the Government, the following observations:—

The discrepancy between the number of Indian coolles departing from Ceylon as compared with the number arriving, from which Doctor Vandort infers an excessively high rate of mortality, has several times during the last 25 years attracted the attention of Planters, the Press and the Government, and has led to searching enquiries. The result of investigation has always shewn that the official returns are very incomplete and that the rate of turns are very incomplete and that the rate of

mortality is not at all excessive.

It is remarkable that Dr. Vandort should not have It is remarkable that Dr. Vandort should not have known the untrustworthy nature of figures on which alone he bases his conclusion as to any excessive rate of mortality, but this is not the only point in which he betrays his very imperfect knowledge of the condition of Indian coolies in Ceylon. His description of the immigrant is highly coloured and inconsistent, some of his conclusions are very contradictory, and not a few of his statements are either exaggerated or wholly incorrect

contradictory, and not a few of his statements are either exaggerated or wholly incorrect.

If, however, Dr. Vandort's comparison between the condition of the "newly arrived" immigrants and those who have been subjected to the influence of the "genius of labour" in Ceylon be correct, it would appear that the improvement both moral and physical is such as to show, that the condition of the coolies in Ceylon is peculiarly favourable, and wholly incompatible either with vicious diet and an excessive rate of mortality. His report would wholly incompatible either with vicious diet and an excessive rate of mortality. His report would rather concern the Indian Government than the Ceylon Planters. The latter cannot be responsible for the brutish skull, "the lack of expression,' the "dull heavy apathetic look," the "sensual" propensities and the loathsome tastes which Dr. Vandort describes as characteristic of the "newly arrived" cooly; whilst on the other hand he is fairly to be credited with the change which is so speedily wrought by the treatment he receives in Ceylon. The "sharpened facultios," the "quickened intelligence," the "consciousness of power and capabilities hitherto dormant," "the expression of manliness and intelligence" the "fitness for positions of trust and importance," the "ingenuity and skill" he acquires, and the "development of the perceptive and reflective faculties" are proof that the so-called degraded creature who comes from India, finds in Ceylon conditions so favourable for his improvement as to speedily effect a total regeneration of his moral and hyperical extract. ninds in Ceylon conditions so favourable for his improvement as to speedily effect a total regeneration of his moral and physical nature. Yet these are the conditions which Dr. Vandort would have us believe are so destructive of life as to call for the interference of Government on behalf of the suf-

After making due allowance for the exaggerated terms in which the improvement the Indian coolie undergoes by his treatment in Ceylon, is described, the fact is patent that his condition is most materially ameliorated during his sojourn in Ceylon. The fact is borne out by the constantly increasing tide of immigration which annually flows in to supply the large demand for coolie labour in our plantations. The coolies be it observed, come here of their own accord, they leave their homes under no engagement for any particular term of service. They are free to go wherever they please and to leave at 15 days notice any service in which they may engage. For more than 30 years they have been coming thus voluntarily in increasing numbers to seek employment on our estates; and coffee culto seek employment on our estates; and coffee cultivation which is entirely carried on by means of their labour, has doubled in extent within the last ten years. It is inconceivable that coolies, a great ten years. It is inconceivable that coolies, a great portion of whom re-visit their country nearly every year, would return and bring with them their families and friends if the rate of mortality were such as Dr. Vandort infers, or if their condition in Ceylon were such as to ental a fearful loss of live.

Still, conclusive as these facts appear, the question is one of such vital importance to the Ceylon coffee enterprise that the Planters Association have dearned it prepare not only to answer Dr. Vandorter

coffee enterprise that the Planters Association have deemed it proper, not only to answer Dr. Vandort's remarks, but to ascertain as accurately as possible by actual returns the present rate of mortality of the coolies on the plantations. For this purpose circulars were issued to Planters, and returns have been received from 325 estates in all the coffee districts for the years 1868 and 1869, and the result is shewn in the table appended hereto.

The rate, calculated on the average number of coolies employed, is rather in excess of the fact.'

coolies employed, is rather in excess of the fact because the principal mortality occurs amongs newly arrived coolies, and at the time when the maximum number are engaged. Moreover, the year 1868 was characterised by a most unusual amount of sickness. The rate, as shown, however amount of sickness. The rato, as snown, nowever cannot be considered, under the circumstances, as at all excessive, or such as to call for the interference of the Government. It will be observed that the annexed returns include women and children amongst whom the mortality is much greater than amongst whom the mortality is much greater than amongst able bodied men. Returns recently published, shewing the health of the native and British armies in India, give the rate of mortality amongst the men 20.11 per 1000, amongst the women 31.60 and amongst the children 86.70 which would give and amongst the children 86.70 which would give an average of 46.14 whilst the returns hereto ap-pended shows an average of 33.6 for 1868 and 28.0 for 1869. It should be borne in mind that the pro-portion of won.e 1 and children on our plantations is far greater than amongst troops. From a very meagre return obtained from the Government from 176 estates the rate of mortality is for 1868 36.4 and for 1869 266. moreover it is shown by 36.4 and for 1869 26.6; moreover it is shewn by the same return that the births on estates are very nearly in the proportion of 446 births to 412 deaths. The returns above referred to also shew the death rate in Indian jails (where no children are) was 110.8 per 1000 in 1860 and 30.28 in 1868. The comparison afforded by all those figures proves that the rate of mortality amongst immigrant laborers in Ceylon, is far from excessive.

Dr. Vandort's inference that because the Tamil

Dr. Vandort's inference that because the Tamil coolies have a strong love of country, no great number can have settled here, is simply opposed to fact. It is not denied that they have a great attachment to their country, but it is nevertheless certain that an immense number have actually settled in Ceylon, and they abound in every district, along every line of road and in every large town and village, as petty owners and cultivators of land, coolies for hire domestic servants horse keepers. coolies for hire, domestic servants, horse keepers, gardeners, &c. In Colombo alone there are several thousands and their number is increasing. Many thousands of Tamil women are engaged in coffee curing establishments. Wherever any large work is undertaken hundreds are immediately procurable. Even at this season when the inducements held out by planters, for the harvest are so tempting and the demand so large, the Government had no difficulty whatever in obtaining 600 coolies in Colombo fo

the demolition of the fortress.

It is remarkable that Dr. Vandort should have

based his conclusions on an abstract assumption in direct opposition to a fact which is patent.

Dr. Vandort's description of the Indian immigrants is throughout xaggerated, and in some respects wholly incorrect, It is true that there are amongst them some very coarse feeders, but those from an insignificant and entirely exceptional few and do not at all represent the habits of the mass. It is also a fact that in certain very rare individual cases they have been known to eat the disgusting substances mentioned by Dr. Vandort, and it is probable that such cases occur chiefly amongst the low and disorderly characters, who hang about such towns as Gampola, but even in these cases it is rarely simple hunger that impels them, but the cravings of a disordered system. Certainly such is the case when ferruginous clay is eaten. It it ridiculous to suppose that this substance is regarded as a "dainty" and it would seem doubtful whether the control of the contro

as a "dainty" and it would seem doubtful whether Dr. Vandort can ever have witnessed a case of the kind. A member of our Committee who has been a large employer of Tamil coolies for upwards of 30 years, and a close observer of their habits, emembers 5 or 6 cases of this practice. Another who has been many years amongst the Coffee Estates, has seen but one individual, a young girl, in the act of eating clay and she was evidently satisfying with discust of particular than the contract of the fying with disgust, a morbid craving and not in-dulging in a dainty morsel.

The mortality described by Dr. Vandort as ex-

The mortality described by Dr. Vandort as existing amongst the patients in the Gampola hospital, does not represent the mortality of invalid coolies in general, nor are the cases he describes such as generally occur on the estates. Gampola is in the centre of a number of large Coffee districts, ann the hospital there receives only the worst cases from a very large area of country. Coolies as a rule have so great and insuperable an objection to hospitals that they can rarely ever be induced to go there until their case becomes desperate. Hence if there until their case becomes desperate. Hence it is only the very worst cases that come under the notice of the hospital doctors, and amongst them it is natural to expect a high rate of mortality. The vast majority of cases of ordinary sickness are treated with great care and remarkable skill on the Estates, where, if no higher motive prevailed, the value of the coolies' lives and the importance of their services would ensure the attention of the Managers. A letter is hereto appended from Dr. Shipton who was formerly for 5 or 6 years in charge of the Gampola hospital and who has also a large experience of the Estate Coolies, which confirms

the views herein expressed.

The universal opinion amongst planters is that the suggestion to provide rations as part of their pay would be very strongly objected to by the coolies themselves, and that it is besides quite unnecessary. It would be liable to abuse and might degenerate into a system of "truck." No such system would therefore be justified except by a very strong necessity such as does not exist in Ceylon. The general practice is to let coolies supply them-selves wherever bazaars are at hand, and where these are distant, rice is supplied to coolies at a fixed price by the employers. During the terrible scarcity of rice in 1866 when the rice rose as high as 24/ and 30/ per busher the Estate coolies throughout the Coffee Districts were well supplied and no

destitution was suffered to exist amongst them.

The Association do not deem it necessary to refer to the hospital arrangements and details of cases mentioned in Dr. VanDort's report, nor yet to specify particularly the provision made along the lines of road by which coolies reach the coffee districts because these will be more fully and authoritatively met by the Government officials to whom Dr. Van-

met by the Government officials to whom Dr. Van-Dort's report has been submitted.

Annexed I beg to hand you copies of letters, received from Messrs. R. B. Tytler, W. A. Swan, J. Shipton, P. Moir, W. Sabonadiere and W. D. Gib-bon, all of whom are gentlemen of experience in the Island. and whose remarks confirm the views of

I have the honor &c., (Signed) H. BYRDE, Secretary.

at both ends

The Colonial Secretary. LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

LABOR SUPPLY.

DEAR SIR,—Your report of the Planters' Association Meeting on the 17th slightly mis-represents my meaning in one sentence. Your report "Mr. "Swan said that in his long experience this was the "first time he had to complain of want of labour "though the cry had often been raised."

What I actually said was, to the best of my recollection, as follows. "This was the first time for "25 years that I had joined in the cry," the cry, that is, of a general scarcity of labour impending. I did not mean to assert and was not understood by the meeting as asserting, that I personally had

I did not mean to assert and was not understood by the meeting as asserting, that I personally had cause to complain of shortness of labour; scarcely any in Matale West have that complaint to make. Please publish the above explanation and oblige. Yours faithfully, W. A. Swan.

The Borders, 26th February, 1870.

Sin,—With all the reports current respecting costume for meeting the Prince at the Wharf, it would scarcely be fair to believe any one of the stories in which the sublime and ridiculous play a variable part. If the Lord Chamberlain would graciously gazette the wishes of Royalty or Royal-ty's representative, it would allay a great deal of idle talk, and be a boon to those who wish to do the right thing, and particularly wish not to be singu-

I hope the authorities will remember the eyes of the natives will be upon us, and bear in mind the I hope the authorities will remember the eyes of the natives will be upon us, and bear in mind the comparison drawn by Sir Joshua Reynolds between a gentleman in a court dress, &c., and a Cherokee Indian in feathers.

Yours &c.,

Surrour.

COFFEE.

For ever never, never for ever.

Long fellow.

DEAR SIR,—Here are a few figures from London about Ceylon Coffee for the past year:—

1869. 1868. 1869. 1868. .Tons 41,060 44,614 decrease. 3554 Imported

Delivered for Home Con-11,357 12,497 decrease. 114 sumption Delivered for 26,703 30,963 decrease. 426 Export Stock 1st Jany. . 14,095 11,304 increase. 2791

Total deliveries . 38,060 43,460 decrease. 5400 Deliveries were therefore Tons 6554 less than the quantity imported in 1868.

COFFEE IN GENERAL.

Stock 1st Jany. Tons 23,715 19,070 increase. 4645
This excess is almost entirely of Ceylon and Brazil sorts.

Yours truly, EVE OPENER.

DON'T TRY GANJAM.

SIR,—There are two sides to every story, and it is even so with the pitiable story told by one of the speakers at the late Planters meeting at Kandy, in regard to the Ganjam experiment. According in regard to the Ganjam experiment. According to him the experiment had proved a miserable failure because the men imported were a "worthless lot"—those were the exact words he used, and he expressed himself as well satisfied when the last

he expressed himself as well satisfied when the last of them bolted from their engagements. Another speaker Mr. W. A. Swan, a thoroughly practical man, and one who does not talk at hazard, said that the failure of previous experiments was not a good reason for despondency: we ought to profit by the experience of the past and do better in future.

Another speaker, Mr. Corbet, said that possibly the failure of previous experiments had been owing to blunders of some kind, and we should not be deterred by past failures. Such is precisely the case. Happening to know something of the "Ganjam Experiment,"—not as worked on the coast, for of that I am ignorant, but as it was worked here, I venture to trespass on your time and space in order that intending experimentalists may not be deterred by Kandy Croakers.

Never were truer words spoken than those which fell from Mr. Swan who said "there were reasons "why such schemes had failed in times gone bye." Of course, there were, and verg good reasons too. At

"why such schemes had failed in times gone bye." Of course, there were, and verg good reasons too. At any rate I can tell you the reason why the importation failed in one quarter,—on the estate belonging to the gentleman who derided the scheme so completely. In the first place the unfortunate Gamjamites were brought from a very hot, dry country, and sent off at once to the highest part of the Happotella District at an elevation of about 4,500 feet, in the midst of the burst of the Northeast monsoon. This would have signified but little had proper arrangements been made for their rehad proper arrangements been made for their re-ception and shelter on arrival at the estate: bnt here was the first mistake: they were consigned to a man notorious for bad management of coolies, noted for careless indifference and brutal violence. Is it for carefess indifference and brutal violence. Is it to be wondered at then that the Ganjam coolies turned out a failure? I passed through the estate on which these unfortunate Ganjam coolies were located. It was late in the evening: rain fell heavily as it can fall up here in the month of November: a cold wind was sweeping over the patnas and the Coffee, and as I looked down on the earther harheques of the "Rlonk" cetate I saw it earther and the Coffee, and as I looked down on the earthen barbecues of the "Blank" estate, I saw it swimming with water and dotted with numerous black indistinct objects scattered thicky about the surface; they were the Gangam coolies, men, women and children, huddled together in the pelting, pitiless rain where they had to spend that and no doubt many succeeding nights for want of shelter I That these unfortunate coolies stricken down by disease and speaking a language not myderlood. disease and speaking a language not understood, and disgusted with their treatment, should have turned out a failure can scarcely be matter for surprise. The speaker dwelt on the satisfaction he experienced when the last of their number disapexperienced when the last of their number disappeared. Where did he disappear? In the grave! Of the 300 or thereabouts who went up to Hapotella about 250 died of disease bought or by unnecessary exposure and harsh treatment, some on the estate, but most of them in jail to which they were consigned because they could not work!—If the person who spoke with so much unction of "the person who spoke with so much unction of "the worthless lot" had adhered more closely to accuracy of statement, he would have caused the reverse of laughter by the recital of the result of that

experiment.

Don't try Ganjam! Oh! no, by no means. The few stragglers who escaped a miserable death, have told their tales of suffering amongst their fellows too eloquently to leave any chance of future successin that quarter!

Yours &c., WITNESS.

Happotella, Feb. 25th, 1870.

(We are able to bear personal testimony to the wretched manner in which these poor creatures were received and housed on the estate in question.—Editor Ceulon Times.) Ceylon Times.)

INDIAN JOTTINGS

DR. LIVINGSTONE'S PROGRESS.—It is impossible to follow Dr, Livingstone through the minute details which even his brief dispatch to the Home-Secretary contains. Many of the places named are new even to Dr. Livingstone, and are unmarked in any published map or chart. But the principal localities and the main features of the discovery are fixed upon the mind by the Doctor's own description. In the Valley of the Loangwa, and close upon his old friends the Zambezi, Livingstone climbed what seemed to be a mountain range, but what turned out to be an elevated plateau from 3,000 to 6,000 feet above the level of the sea, and covering a space of 350 square miles, south of Lake-Tanganyika. It was covered with dense or open forests, had an undulating surface, and was well watered with numerous rivulets, and contained on its slopes a population living in almost Arcadian Delfi, 6th February.—H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh reached this station at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and was received on alighting from the train by the Civil and Military Officers of Delhi who had been assembled under the order of Colonel Becher. H. R. H. was accompanied by the Commissioner Colonel McNeile who had met him at Gazeeabad. He went straight to the carriage prepared for him, and under a Royal salute drove off to Ludlow Castle. The 103rd Fusiliers furnished a guard of honour at the station and the hand of the watered with numerous rivulets, and contained on its slopes a population living in almost Arcadian simplicity. On the east, separated by a broad valley was yet another upland, inhabited by a light-colour-ed, industrious, thriving and withal friendly tribe. But it is with the northern slopes we are most con-cerned. Here, receiving its supplies from a number-of tributaries, all rising in the well-shaded plates guard of honour at the station and the band of the guard of honour at the station and the band of the IVth Hussars struck up the National Anthem as the Royal party moved out amidst the lusty cheers of the assembled crowd. A troop of the 8th Bengal Cavalry formed the escort. The route from the railway station along the Queen's and Hamilton roads was densely lined on both sides by crowds of natives, and it was with much difficulty that they could be prevented from following the carriages into Ludlow Castle. On the Duke's alighting from his carriage, he again received a Royal salute from two guns stationed in front of the Commissioner's house—a Company of the 17th N. I. forming a guard of of tributaries, all rising in the well-shaded platea stretched away the River Chambeze, broad as the Isis, but flowing faster (as well it might, consider-ing the distance it had to go), into the great nor-thern valley of the Nile. It helped to form, Living-stone discovered, three lakes in a course of five or six hundred miles, and during its journey changes its name three times. It will be observed that Dr. its name three times. It will be observed that Dr. Livingstone has not yet actually traced this riverinto the waters of the Nile proper, but if life and health were granted to him, he was intent on accomplishing this feat before turning his steps homewards. He has, however, traced it in a northerly direction for five or six hundred miles, and knows, at least, that the valley channel is uninterrupted. The river has hitherto been considered a new branch of the Zambezi, and is, as we noticed last week, marked by the Portuguese as running westward. "A person who collected," says Dr. Livingstone, "all, even the hearsay geography of the Portuguese, knew so little of the country that he put a large river running three shousand feet uphill and called it the New Zambezi."

But not only did Dr. Livingstone discover many —a Company of the 17th N. I. forming a guard of honour, presented arms and all the young ladies of the station showered smiles and flowers on him. So far everything prospered without a hitch of any kind. At 9-30 cannon again thundered forth H. B. H. 'a departure to include the liberature of the stationary of the stat Rind. At 9-30 cannon again thundered forth H.

R. H.'s departure to view the illumination and display of fireworks at the Jumma Masjid; the plan was to illuminate the route from Ludlow Castle along the circular road to the Lahoree gate of the city, thence up the whole length of Chandnee Chowk, through the Dariba to the Jumma Masjid.

The scheme was a gigantic one and it is impossible. Chowk, through the Dariba to the Jumma Masjid. The scheme was a gigantic one, and it is impossible to guard against a few of the many thousand chirags being dim when required to be burning brighty—but the less said about this the better. The lighting up through the Chandnee Chowk was very partial indeed, the Jumma Masjid itself which was I believe left to the Mahomeders was a discrete. and called it the New Zambezi."

But not only did Dr. Livingstone discover many waters flowing northwards from the Upland, but on its northern slope he found a beautiful lake called Liemba. Nothing is more picturesque in the narrative than the description of this paradise in the wilderness, hitherto unvisited by Europeans. In a rift of the mountain lay a broad water, edged with islighting up through the Chandnee Cnowk was very partial indeed, the Jumma Masjid itself which was I believe left to the Mahomedans was a disgrace and the only two buildings at all properly illuminated, were the Institute and the College. Some of the devices and revolving wheels which were displayed in former place were very beautiful indeed and did credit to the manager, whoever he may have been. At the College, the portice alone and the steps leading up to it were illuminated, and it was the only thing in the whole city which can be said to have been really a blaze of light. The was the only thing in the whole city which can be said to have been really a blaze of light. The pyrotechnic display on the Champ de Mars immediately below the Jumma Musjid was a wretched failure, such miserable fireworks I have seldom seen on much less important occasions. The Duke no doubt felt as bored as he looked, and at about 11 took his departure. Now was the time to notice the police arrangements, the crowd was immense and no doubt would have been difficult to keep in order even had a large body of policemen been available. Somebody certainly was wanting in his duty to allow carriages to pass both was through the Dariba at the same time. This Dariba is one of the narrowest of all the streets and is only just wide enough to allow carriages to pass one annother—but now it was chock-full of natives on foot and nothing was done to prevent carriages entering the street

wilderness, hitherto unvisited by Europeans. In a rift of the mountain lay a broad water, edged with shelving cliffs of red clay schist, and dotted with islands where men catch fish, rear goats, and till the land. "On the northern slope of the upland," says the Doctor, "on the 2nd April 1867, I discovered Lake

Doctor, "on the 2nd April 1867, I discovered Lake Liemba,; it lies in a hallow with precipitous sides 2000, feet down; it has extremely beautiful sides, top and bottom being covered with trees and other vegetation. Elephants, buffaloes, and antelopes feed on the steep slopes, while hippopotami, crocodiles and fish swarm in the waters. Guns bieng unknown, the elephants, unless sometimes deceived into a pitfall, have it all their own way. It is as perfect a natural paradise their own way. It is as perfect a natural paradise as Xenophon could have desired. On two rocky islands men till the land, rear goats, and catch fish; the villages ashore are embowered in the palm oil palms of the West Co ast of Africa."

But this is not the only wonderful picture the Dector gives us the only wonderful picture the

But this is not the only wonderful picture the Doctor gives us. In a postscript he describes a black tribe with eyes slanting downwards, like those of Chinamen, who live under ground in excavations, thirty miles long, traversed with runningrills. It is rather humbling to know that we have, after all, only got back to the geography of Ptolemy, who fixed the sources of the Nile where Dr. Livingstone is finding them now.—Cape Argus.

was done to prevent carriages entering the street This morning the Duke will attend service at St.

Jame's Church, and I trust be left alone for a quiet day. To-morrow at 11 he receives two deputations each to present an address, one from the residents and the other from the Delhi Society. The latter deputations will consist of natives solely. After the presentation of the addresses, such native gentlemen as are on the Governor General's Durbar List, will be presented. In the afternoon the fort will be visited and H. R. H. will be entertained at tiffin by the officers of the 103rd in the Dewan Khass. In the evening will be the station ball. On Tuesday morning he visits the Kootub and takes his departure for Lahore the same night at 10 o'clock.—Delhi Gazette.

The same journal in a later issue; we gather that the trials to which the Duke of Edinburgh will have to submit at Lahore, will be very similar to those to which he was subjected in Agra. The Europeans will present an Address. His Royal Highness will arrive on the afternoon of Wednesday (tomorrow). In the evening there will be a State dinner and conversazione at Government House. On the 10th, in the foremon Native Chiefe, will be advitted.

Jame's Church, and I trust be left alone for a quiet

the evening there will be a State dinner and conversazione at Government House. On the 10th, in the forencon Native Chiefs will be admitted to pay their respects, in the afternoon the city and the fort will be visited, in the evening the city will be illuminated and there will be a ball in the Montgomery Hall. On the 11th, in the forencon there will be a review of troops at Meean Meer and immediately after the Soldiers' Exhibition will be opend; in the evening a conversazione in the Montgomery Hall, to which both Europeans and Natives will be invited. On the 12th, in the forencon the Native Chiefs will be honored with return visits and in the afternoon the Duke will leave Lahore for Umritsur.

The Maharajahs of Cashmere and Puttiala, the Nawab of Bhawulpore, and the Rajahs of Nabba and Jheend, will be the only Independent Chiefs present, so that the Duke will not have much trouble in the way of receiving and paying visits.

in the way of receiving and paying visits.

MADRAS PREPARING.—The expected arrival of the Duke of Edinburgh seems to engage the attention of the public. Our Hindu friends are up and doing; a pandal on a grand scale, which is to cost some Rs. 7009, is being elected on the Western side of the Monument Esplanade. The structure will be about 200 feet long, and 125 broad, and is to accommodate about 3000 people, besides the bevy of dancing girls, sent for from Tanjore and Trichinopoly. A three feet wall wall will run round the pandal, to make it durable and to support the boarded flooring. Upwards of 75 Chandeliers have already been procured by the Committee, but some difficulty is felt as regards the purchase of posts and thatch, which are very scarce just now. The demand for candle and cocoanut and lamp oil, has already tended to raise the price of those articles. The Zemindar of Calastre, for whom premises have already been engaged at Tondiarpetf, will arrive at Madras from Arcot by special train, on the 1st of March. Sir T. Madava Row, Dewan of Travancore, has written to the Manager of our Railway, informing him that a special train from Beypore to Madras will be required by the Maharajah, three days before the arrival of the Prince. The Devan has also entered into an agreement with Messrs. Taylor and Co., Livery stable keepers, to supply His Highness with a carriage and four, a carriage and horses for the use of his followers, at the rate of Rs. 550 per day. Grand preparations are being; made in Travancore for the departure of the Rajah, and the Marahmut Sheristadar has been sent to Madras for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements for the accommodation of His Highness. The Rajah of Puducatta is also preparing himself for a tour to Madras, by the beginning of next month. One of our newspapers asserts positively, that Monsieur Bontemps, the Governor of Pondicherry, accompanied by Monsieur Sice, Head of the Revenue Department, and the other bigwigs of that French settlement, will come to Madras, on the MADRAS PREPARING.—The expected arrival of the

THE CAPE COLONY.—The Scotsman is informed, on good authority, that Sir Philip Wodehouse's term of office as Governor of the Cape Colony has been extended for another year, which will make is period of service longer in duration than that of any of his predecessors—even including Lord Edward Somerset. One effect of this arrangement will perhaps be the retention at the Mauritius of Sir Henry Barkly, who, it was anticipated, would succeed the present Governor of the Cape. Sir Philip Wodehouse's supercession is delayed to enable him to carry out his policy with reference to the annexation of Basuto Land to the dominions of the Crown—a policy which, owing to the large slice of territory His Excellency has ceded under the provisions of the convention of North Aliwal to the Dutch boers of the Orange Free State, has excited considerable controversy in South Africa. It is believed that the Hon. Richard Southey, the Colonial Secretary of the Cape, will be appointed the first lieutenant-governor of Basuto-Land, although there is a party in Natal still anxious for the annexation of the Basuto country to that colony. that colony.

DR. Livingstone's Progress.—It is impossible



Extract from Lancet, December 22, 1866.

Extract from Lancet, December 22, 1866.

LIQ' CARBONIS DETERGENS.... We are very sceptical of the value of new remedies, and it was in a spirit of scepticism that we tried the liq. carbonis detergens. It is represented to be a concentrated alcoholic solution of the constituents of coal tar, and to contain all the active ingredients of the tar, to wit, bensine napthaline, and phenic acid. The addition of water with agitation, makes a durable emusion, in which the tar remains in a state of fine suspension, almost equivalent to solution. Our therapeutical experience of the preparation is very satisfactory indeed. In our hands it has been a most effective agent in the case of various skin diseases, especially of the chronic ecze matous class; and one case of psoriasis which had resisted all other kinds of treatment was speedily got under by the application of the Liq. carbonis detergens. We esteem it a very valuable addition to cur list of known remedies, and worthy of a very extended trial by the profession. In the above cases of disease and in various others, such as fetid ulcers &c. the preparation is put into the form of soap.

PURE COAL TAR SOAP (REGISTERED AS SAPO CARBONIS DETERGENS.) This Soap is unrivalled as a SKIN SOAP.

as proved by abundant medical testimony. By daily use infectious diseases are prevented, and a clear and healthy appearance imparted to the skin.

Sold in tablefs at 6d. and 1s. each, by all Chemists. The above are manufactured by the Sole Preprietors

W. V. WRIGHT & Company., WHOLEBALE & EXPORT DRUGGISTS, MANU-FACTURING CHEMISTS, &C.,

SOUTHWARK STREET, LONDON S. E,. REMOVED FROM No. II. OLD FISH STREET, E. C.

Messrs. W. V. WRIGHT & Company will be happy to forward to the trade, free of all charge, a monthly Price Current of Drugs, Chemicals, Pharmaccutics and Photographic Chemicals of their special manufacture, of guaranteed purity.



CORK AND FELT HELMETS ARE MANUFACTURED Without India-Rubber,

and are perfectly free from the objectionable a dangerous qualities of all articles of clothing made that material when used in tropical climates. The Cork Helmets without India-Rubber ARE MANUFACTURED SOLELY BY

> J. ELLWOOD & SON. AT THEIR WORKS.

24 GREAT CHARLOTTE STREET, LONDON. S.E. Merchants and Shippers can be supplied either at the Works as above or at J. ELLWOOD & SONS' Sample 98 GRACECHURCH STREET, LONDON. E.C.

> IMPORTANT CAUTION. DR. DE JONGH'S.

> > LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.

The undersigned having received the information that fraudulent imitations of this zelebrated Oil are extensively cold by unprincipled dealers in INDIA and CHINA, all purchasers of DR. DR. DR. JONGH'S OIL are especially requested to observe that the following are the indications of the grants of the GR.

The hottle is sealed with an impressed matallice.

the indications of the country of the GR.

The bottle is scaled with an impressed metallic capsuic (centre a cod-fish on a shirt, eneroised by the
words "Dr. de Jongh's od Liver Oil.")

The label, and 16-page pamphlet round each bottle
under pink outside wrapper, bear Dr. de Jongh's,
SIGNATURE and STAMP (centre, a cod-fish on a shield
encircled by the words "Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver
Out.")

Notice.-Rs. 1000 Reward. Any parties counterfeiting DR. DE JONGH'S SIGNA-TURE and STAMP, or copying or colourably imitating this label, or preparing, selling, or importing FEAUDU-LENT IMITATIONS Of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law, for forgery and fraud. ONE THOUSAND RUPEES REWARD

detection and conviction of any person so offending.
Communications in strict confidence received by
DR. DE JONGH'S SOLE CONSIGNEES AND AGENTS,
HANSARD, HARFORD & Co., 77, Strand, London

DHOTOGRAPHIC AND OPTICAL J. SOLOMON 22. RED LION SQUARE, LONDON,

Patentee of Magnesium Lamp and Enlarging Apparatus. Illustrated Catalogues, with Lists of Novelties for the Season of 1869, given on application.

EUROPEANS IN CEYLON.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The leading professional men of England recommend the following popular preparations of SAVORY & MOORE, who obtained the Silver Medal at the late Paria Exhibition.

For Breakfast and Lunch-"Pancreatic Cocoa."—Nutritious, palatable, and indispensable to all suffering from Indigection, Debility and Pulmonary complaints. Sold in tips of 1 lb. and upwards.

Digestion is restored and perfected by the use of "Pancreatine." This valuable natural product properly assimilates every kind of food and precludes nausea. Sold in Bottles and Wine and in powder.

Wasting Diseases.—Immediate relief and permanent benefit is obtained by using "Panoreatic Emulsion." It is agreeable to the trade, and assimilates all faity substances Cod Liver Oil, &c. Sold in bottles.

Consumption.—In all cases where Cod Liver Oil is taken the "Pancreatic Emulsion"incre ases appetite, nutrition and materially helps the system. Sold in Bottles,

Asthma, &c.—In diseases of the throat and respiratory organs the use of "Datura Tatuta" gives instant relief, and its good results are confirmed by the personal experience of most eminent Physicians. Sold as Cigars, Cigarrettes, Pastiles for inhalation, &c.

Diarrhesa, Cholera, &c.—Jeremie's celebrated Sedative and Anti-spasmodic has never been known to fail in the most desperate cases of Cholera. Sold in Bottles.

Food for Infants.—The Boyal Narseries are supplied with the food prepared by Savory & Moore. It has received the marked approval of eminent medical men for its nutritive and digestive qualities. Sold in tins ready for use, SAVORY & MOORE,

Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales the Emperor Napoleon III., the King of the Belgians, &c 143, New Bond Street, London. See Trade Mark on every Bottle and Tin.

Sold by all Chemists, Druggists and Storekeeper throughout the World.

PERFUMERY

Osborne & Co.'s Celebrated Extraits. Jockey Club Bouquet, Ess. Bouquet, Stock Exchange Bouquet. Oriental B uquet; put up in neat boxes containing three bottles assorted. A great variety of choice and fashionable perfumes. OSBORNE & Co.'s PERFUMED SPIRITS LAVENDER An extremely fragrant and refreshing Perfume; the fine scent of the pure Mitcham Lavender being combined with that of the choicest flowers and aromatics.

ronized by the Queen and the leading members of the European Aristocracy.

LIQUOR CARBONIS DETERGENS | BENNETT, EDLEY, & COLLINGS MERCHANTS. Atlas Buildings, 49, South Castle Street, LIVERPOOL. Foreign Orders Executed, and Consignments of Produce received for sale

> D. NICHOLSON & COMPANY SILK, WOOLLEN, AND MANCHESTER WARE-HOUSEMEN, COLONIAL AND FOREIGN AGENTS. 50, 51 and 52, St. Paul's Churchyard,

> LONDON. B. NICHOLSON & Co. undertake the execution of Indents for every description of goods for Merchants and Traders abroad, for a commission of 2½ per cent. the original invoices in all cases, being forwarded.
>
> As D. N. & Co. have accounts for their own business with all the principal Manufacturers in England and France, they can offer their Correspondents many advantages which could not be obtained from an ordinary Agent.

> advantages which could not be obtained from an ordinary Agent.
>
> Foreign Produce disposed of for a commission of

D. NICHOLSON & Co., 50, 51 & 52, St. Paul's Churchyard, London

Sole Agents for the WANKER SEWING MACHINE COM-PANY and the BRITANNIA SEWING MACHINE COMPANY for the City of London.

Bankers—Messrs. Martin & Co., 68, Lombard Street.

N.B.—Price Lists can be procured from, and orders, sent direct, or through Messrs. Balmer, Lawrie & Co. Calcutta; and also of Messrs. Wheatley & Co. Bombay.

FRAUD. On the 27th June, 1866, MOTEEWALLAH, a Printe was convicted at the Supreme Court, Calcutta, of counterfeiting the

LABELS of Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, and was sentenced by Mr. Justice Phear to

TWO YEARS RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT

And on the 30th of the same month, for SELLING SPURIOUS ARTICLES bearing Labels in imitation of Messrs. CROSSE and BLACKWELL'S, SHAKE BACHOO was sentenced, by the Suburban Magistrate at Sealdah, to

TWO YEARS RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT.

CAUTION.—Any one SELLING SPURIOUS OILMEN'S STORES, under Crosse & Blackwell's name, will be liable to the same punishment and will be vigorously prosecuted. Purchasers are recommended to examine all goods carefully before taking delivery of them. The GENUINE Manufactures of Messrs, Crosse & Blackwell may be hed from every Respectable dealer in India.

BENSON'S

GOLD WATCHES CLOCKS **JEWELLERY** Of the Newest Designs all kinds. Of all kinds. DRAWING-ROOM. DINING-ROOM. BRACELETS. BROOCHES. EAR-RINGS. CHBONOMETER. CARRIAGE.

CHEONOMETER.

CHURCH.

CHRONOGRAPH. HALL AND SHOP.

GOLD LEVER GO. 5, 7, 11, and 20 do

Mr. BENSON, who holds the appointment to H.R.H.

the Prince of Wales, has just published two Pamphlets, enriched and embellished with illustrations—one upon Watch and Clock Making, and the other upon Artistic Gold Jewellery. These are sent post free on application. Persons living abroad can select the article required, and have it forwarded with perfect safety.

25, OLD BOND STREET; and THE CITY STEAM WORKS, 58 & 60, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON; Or, if preferred, to H. S. King & Co. (late Smith Elder & Co.), Bombay, of whom can be obtained the Illustrated Pamphlets.

BISHOP'S GRANULAR

Effervescent Citrate of Magnesia INTRODUCED AND PREPARED BY ALFRED BISHOP Manufacturing Chemist,

THIS perfectly white and delicately clean granulated preparation possesses remarkable effervescent qualities, which far surpasses the ordinary Seidlitz Powder in its cooling, refreshing, and mild aperient properties, as well as in its flavour as a saline draught. It is particularly well adapted for women and young children, on account of its most agreeble flavour and mild effect.

N.B.—The genuine has the name of BISHOP upon the Bottle, also the Name and Trade Mark upon the Label, and is sold in convenient sizes, and secured in so perfect a manner that it may be shipped with safety to any part of the world.

Manufacturer also of Granulated and Effervescent Carbonate of Iron, Cirtate of Quinine, Citrate of Quinine and Iron, carbonate of Lithia in Tubes, Citrate of Lithia, Vichy Salt, Seidlitz Mixture, and all other Granulated Preparations.

IN CHANCERY.—CAUTION.—BISHOP'S GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT CITRATE of MAGNESIA.—Mr. Bishop having discovered that the Label which he has used since 18:1 was being imitated, recently applied to the COURT of CHANCERY for an INJUNCTION to restrain such imitation. The Injunction was immeniately granted, and the Detendant was ordered to day all Mr. Bishop's Costs and destroy the Labels complained of.



IM PORTANT REDUCTION Gospel Oak Galvanized Iron. (CORRUGATED SHEETS.)

IN consequence of an extension of the Works and a great economy in cost of production, a very important reduction of price, dating from 1st March 1867, is made, and this favourite Brand will now be found to compete on more equal terms of price with the commoner qualities in the market, Established in 1842, and is the oldest manufacture of Galvanized iron in England. Obtained the only Prize Medal in the Trade at the Great Exhibition of 1862

GOSPEL OAK OFFICE.



UNRIVALLED

RIMMEL'S LAVENDER WATER, distilled from Mitcham flowers.

RIMMEL'S JOCKEY CLUB. Frangipanne, etc., of

exquisite fragrance.
RIMMEL'S GLYCERINE, Honey Windsor and other

RIMMEL'S LOTION for Whitening and Beautifying RIMMEL'S PERFUME VAPORIZER, Perfume

Fountains, etc., etc.,
RIMMEL'S IHRANG IHRANG a new perfume. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

RIMMEL, Perfumer to H. R. H. the PRINCE OF WALES.

98 Strand and 24 Cornhill, London.

CAUTION.

STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS for Children cutting their teeth. Purchasers are requested to

hfotis Medicine, and to observe, in every case, that the words

W. WRIGHT & CO'S PURE COAL-TAR SOAP, REGISTERED AS SAPO CARBONIS DETERGENS.

THIS SOAP is compounded from our "LIQUOR CARBONIS DETERGENS" which according to the estimony of the leading Medical Journals is unrivalled for its Detergent and Antiseptic qualities besides being an almost infallible specific for indolent Ulcers, Wounds, Sores, and Affections of the Skin generally. All the active principles of Coal Tar, including that powerful disinfectant, Carbonic Acid are contained in the "Liquor," and are developed in the Soap in a milder form.

contained in the "Liquor," and are developed in the Soap in a milder form,
W. V. WRIGHT & Co.s. PURE COAL-TAR SOAP is material security sgainst infectious diseases of every sort, and moderates the effluvia of house drains. This offect is produced by the water being thrown into them in which the soap has been used for washing.
W. V. WRIGHT & Co.s. PURE COAL-TAR SOAP w. V. WRIGHT & Co.s PURE COAL-TAR SOAP improves the general condition of the skin, which becomes soft and silky; and after washing there is a conscious sensation of a most agreeable and refreshing character. The face assumes a clear and healthy appearance; there is no liability to chilblains or chapped hands, and offensive emanations from the person (if there be any) are quickly removed.

W. V. WRIGHT & Co.'s PURE COAL-TAR SOAP prevents the hair from turning prematurely gray. All

prevents the hair from turning prematurely grey. All ordinary soaps destroy the colour of the hair more or less; but the Sapo Carbonis Detergens does not produce this effect, partly because it contains a very small proportion of alkali, and partly because of the peculiar nature of the alkali and the special form and combinate the state of the product of the alkali and the special form and combinate or the state of the peculiar nature of the alkali and the special form and combined the state of the state of

nature of the alkali and the special form and combination in which it exists.

W. V. WRIGHT & Co.'s PURE COAL-TAR SOAP, from the small quantity of alkali which it contains, as well as from the compression to which it is subjected does not soften or waste in water like other soaps, and will be therefore, found most economical in use.

W. V. WRIGHT & Co.'s PURE COAL-TAR SOAP is a specific against the bite of reptiles, the sting of insects, &c., &c., and is an invaluable article in hot climates.

W. V. WRIGHT & Co.'s PURE COAL-TAR SOAP W. V. WRIGHT & Co.'s FURE COAL-TAR SOAP is most highly spoken of by the Press. The following is from the Lancet, Dec. 22, 1866:—"In our hands it has been a most effective agent in the case of various skin diseases, especially of the chronic eczematous class, and one case of psoria was, which had resisted all other kinds of treatment, speedily got well under the application of the liquor carbonis detergens. We esteem it a very valuable addition to our list of skin remedies and worthy of a very extended trial by the profession. In the above classes of disease, and in various others, such as fœtid ulcers, &c., the preparation is put into the form of soap. Messrs. W. V. WRIGHT and Co., London, are the manufacturers See also Medical Times and Gazette, Jan. 19, 1867 British Medical Journal, Jan. 26, 1867.

Sold in Tablets at 6d. and 1s, each by all Chemists And wholesale by the Sole Proprietors,

W. V. WRIGHT & COMPANY.

Manufacturing Chemists, Wholesale and Export Druggists, SOUTHWARK STREET, LONDON, S. E.

REMOVED FROM No. 11, OLD FISH STREET, E. C.
Established 1667.

Messrs. W. V. WRIGHT & Co. will be happy to forward to the trade, free of all charge, a Monthly Price current of Drugs, Chemicals, Pharmaceutical and photographic Chemicals, of their especial manufacture of guaranteed purity.

BY ROYAL COMMAND STEEL PEN MAKER TO THE QUEEN JOSEPH GILLOTT,



VICTORIA WORKS, BIRMINGHAM ESPECTFULLY Directs the Attention of the Commercial Public, and of all who USE STEEL PERS, to the Incomparable Excellence of his Proeductions, which, for Quality of Material, easy action and Great Durability, will Insure Universal Preference Every Packet bears the Fac-simile of his Signatur

They can be Obtained Retail of every Dealer in the World; Wholesale at the Works, Graham Street Birmingham; and at the Branch Esta Jishment at 9 John Street New York and 87 Gracechurch Street.

SUEZ CANAL.

THE VICTORIA DOCK offers special advantages for the long steam vessels likely to be engaged in trading between ports in the East and London, by means of the Suez Canal.

The Victoria Dock entrance is the first dock entrance

arrived at on coming up the River Thames. It is stuate half-a-mile below Blackwall, and by it steam vessels avoid all the bends in the more crowded parts of the river.

The depth of water on the cill of the gates is 28 feet

and the capacity of the lock is adequate to the large

class of vessels.

Most of the Government iron-clad3—the Minotaus and Northumberland, of 6,620 tons burthen, and 45f feet in length, were fitted out in the Victoria Dock

The large water space of ninety acres, and capacious jetties, each of which is 500 feet long and 80 feet wide, with convenient warehouses thereon, afford the utmost dock and wharf accommodation; and attached to the dock is a pontoon, for raising, examining, and repairing large vessels, whereby the risk and expense of removal to dry docks is avoided.

removal to dry docks is avoided.

The quays are surrounded by railway communication, so that trucks come alongside vessels, and merchandize can be conveyed by railway to and from all the manufacturing plac s in the United Kingdom.

By means of hydraulic cranes vessels are unloaded and loaded with unexampled despatch. Goods to and from the Victoria Dock are received at and delivered from the Minories Station by frequent trains in the day.

Passengers are conveyed to and from the Dock by trains between the Fenchurch Street and Bishopsgate Stations every quarter of an hour. Stations every quarter of an hour. THOMAS CHANDLER.

LONDON AND ST. KATHARINE DOCKS HOUSE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, December, 1869.



For the above well-known Brands of GALVANISED IRON. The state of the s

Cameleopards and Palm Tree Wolverhampton Corrugated Iron Company CHURCH LANE, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENGLAND

Only Silver Medal awarded, Paris Exhibition, 1867. Juror, 1862. PURE CHEMICALS & ALL NEW MEDICINES

T. MORSON & SON. 193, & 124, Southampton Row, Russell Square, Londo CHEMICAL WORKS, HORNSEY ROAD; AND SUMMERFIELD WORKS, HOMERTON,

SUPPLY
PURE CHEMICALS and all NEW MEDICINAL
PREPARATIONS, including the following specialities:
PEPSINE, the active digestive principle of the gastric
juice; an agreeable and popular remedy for
weak digestiou.



M anufacturers of

SURGEONS' INSTRUMENTS Infants' feeding Bottles. Lint, &c., &c And Dealers in all kinds of DRUGGISTS' SUNDRES, APOTHECARIES' WARES,

11 & 12 ALDER GATE ST., LONDON, E. C. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES forwarded to the

LIFE AND FIRE AS-SURANCE NOTICES.

THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital £2,000,000, ACCUMULATED FUNDS IN HAND £1,500,000.

Is entitled to rank amongst the first. LIFE. harge participation in profits, undoubted security, and exemption of insured from liability of partnership. Forfeiture of a policy cannot take place from unin-tentional misstatement.

FIRE.

MODERATE PREMIUM, PROMPT AND LIBERAL SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS. AGENTS FOR CEYLON.

LEECHMAN & Co. Agent in Kandy. J. RUSSEL GRANT.

Agent at Galle, P. L. VANDERSTRAATEN, M. D.

LIFE and FIRE risks accepted on the spot without reference to England.

Batavia Sea & Fire Insurance Co.

ESTABLISHED 1843. HEAD OFFICE IN BATAVIA. Trustees, Directors. H. Klein Esq., D, J. C. F. A. W. Lechten-The Right Hon: F. J. Van Hemert D. J. L. W. Grebling Esq. berg Esq.

Agents in London-Messrs. Baring Bros: & Co. Do do Liverpool Director in Amsterdam-Jan Ter Meulen Esq. THE undersigned have been appointed Agents for this Company and are prepared to issue Policies of Marine Insurance on first class Mercantile Risks LEECHMAN & CO.-COLOMBO.

The Southern Insurance Company (Limited.) Agents. C. SHAND & Co

CLARK, SPENCE & Co .- GALLE.

Universal Marine Insurance Company (Limited.)

Agents C. FRAND & Co Colombo, 26th June, 1867.

COMMERCIAL UNION FIRE AND MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY. HEAD OFFICE.

> 19 and 20, Cornhill, London. FOWLIE, RICHMOND & Co.

Colombo, 9th October, 1869.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND. Life Assurance Institution. HEAD OFFICE, 9 & 10 KING STREET, CHEAPSIDE LONDON, E.C. ESTABLISHED 1840,

ESTABLISHED 1849,

AND

(Empowered by Special Act of Parliament.)

Capital One Million.

In addition to all ordinary Assurances this Company issues policies by which the sums assured are made payable to the policy Holder himself on his attaining a specified age, or to his representatives in case of his death before arriving at such age thus enabling the assured to provide for their families and secure Retiring provisions for themselves.

FREE POLICIES are granted. These can never become altogether void by non-payment of premiums.

Premiums payable annually, half-yearly, quarterly, or monthly as desired.

CLERGY FUND. One-tenth of the Proprie-

or monthly as desired.

CLERGY FUND. One-tenth of the Proprietors' Profits periodically set aside for the benefit of Clergymen and Ministers, whose lives are thus assured on more favorable terms than in any other office.

Full information may be had from

FOWLIE, RICHMOND & Co.,

Agents in Carlon

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital £2,000,000. Fully subscribed by upwards of SEVEN HUNDRED SHAREHOLDERS, whose individual responsibility is unlimited.

ANNUAL REVENUE UPWARDS OF £200,000. Head Offices:

Head Offices:

ABERDEEN, DUNDEE, EDINBURGH, GLASGOW, AND AT I MOORGATE STREET, LONDON.

Life Department.

THE COMPANY has two distinct scales of premium for the assurance of lives in the East, suitable respectively to persons residing there for a short time only, and to those whose residence is likely to be of longer duration. By one scale ("Reducible Rates") Fremiums are lowered to the Home Rates, and the Policy placed on the Home conditions of Assurance then current, on the assured returning to Europe. By the other ("Non-Reducible Rates") the assured instead of being subjected to a heavy extra premium during his Eastern residence, has the option of spreading the same over the whole currency of his assurance by paying an unchanging premium, little higher than that charged for residence at home

Fire Department. INSURANCES granted on most favorable terms on every description of property and produce in the Island, including Stores on Coffee Estates, not covered with thatch, also on Oil stored in open yards.

Prospectuses and particulars furnished on application to the Agents.

C. SHAND & Co.

COLOMBO

SUN FIRE OFFICE LONDON,

ESTABLISHED 1710

I N S U R A N C E S effected upon Dwelling Houses
Warehouses, Shops, Coffee Works, Estate Buildings, and their contents, at the Current Rates of premiums. premiums.

Claims arranged by the Local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.

FRYEL, SCHULTZE & Co.—Agents.

Colombo.

KEIR, DUNDAS & Co.—Agents.
Kandy.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

Agents.

THE EIGHTH DIVISION of the Company's Profits is appointed to be made at 15th NOVEMBER 1870, and all Policies now effected will participate.

THE FUND TO BE DIVIDED will be the Profits which have arisen since 15th

THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS YEAR will close on 15th NOVEMBER 1869, and in order to secure the advantage of this year's entry to the PROFIT SCHEME, Proposals should be lodged with the Agents on or before that date.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. ESTABLISHED 1826.

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Colonial and Foreign Assurances. A N Amalgamation having been formed between the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and the COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, the Business of the United Companies will henceforth be STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The annual Revenue of the Standard Company is now upwards of £650,000, and the Accumulated Funds mount to upwards of £3,500,000 Sterling. The new Business transacted during the past year amounted to he large sum of £1,375,000 sterling, the corresponding Premiums amounting to £45,337 pe. annum.

MODERATE RATES. charged for residence in the Colonies, India, and other places abroad. LOCAL BOARDS AND AGENCIES

In India and in all the British Colonies, where every facility nd where Premiums may be received and claims paid. terior remains may be received and graims paid. ecdiate reduction of Premium on return to Europe or other temperate climate without Medical Certificate Profits divided every five years.

The new Colonial and Foreign Prospectus may be had on application at the chief offices of the Com-

WILL THOS. THOMSON WILL 'HOS. THOMSON,

Manager and Actuary.

D. LUNIE GREGOR,

Colonial and Foreign Secretar. J. T. White, Esq. of Messrs. J. M. Robert- A. Wise Esq. of Messrs. George Steuart

Rarrister at Law.

Redical Adviser—Dr. F. W. Willisford.

A. Co., Merchants.

W. P. Charsley, Esq. M. D., M. R. C. S.

Principal Civil Medical Officer.

W. Willisford. RICHARD CAYLEY, Esq. Rarrister at Law. F. J. DE SARAM Esq. Agents of Secretaries of Board-Alstons, Scott & Co. SUB-AGENTS: Messrs Keir, Dundas & Co.-Kandy

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

" DELMEGE, REID & Co.-Galle. J. R. DUNLOF Esq. - Jaffna.

SECURITY

Should be the First Consideration in Insurance Transactions.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY have the pleasure of supplying the formation to the public, as evidence of the ample security they afford to their THE CAPITAL of the Company, available for the purpose of meeting any unusual calamity happening to the Assured, is

TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

The amount actually paid up is £288,495. This, with the Accumulated Funds in Hand, makes the invested resources of the Company upwards of ONE MILLON SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS, which amount is invested as follows:— INVESTED FUNDS OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

30th June, 1869.

The above is a complete list of the Investments of the Company at the date specified, in addition to which the funds are still further increased, by amounts constantly varying, at different periods, in the hands of the Bankers and the Company's Agents. At 31st Dec., 1868, these stood at..... £168,089 2 0 For the satisfaction of the Public, the whole of the Securities belonging to the Company are annually submitted to the careful scrutiny of two independent Auditors, and the following is an Extract from their Report to the last Annual Meeting:—

"The whole of your Books have been Audited—every Document, every Account, every Voucher, your Bank-book, and every Security—all have been most carefully kept, and there is not one doubtful Security in the whole."

£1,672,356 16 11

THE ACCUMULATIONS OF THE LIFE DEPARTMENT, 124,165 7 5 128,583 5 10 144,945 12 2 THE DIRECTORS ALSO THINK IT DESIRABLE TO STATE THAT

THE BUSINESS OF THE ROYAL HAS NEVER BEEN AMALGAMATED WITH THAT OF ANY OTHER COMPANY, And that the LIABILITY of its Shareholders is UNLIMITED. LEECHMAN & Co.

MEDICAL

ANNOUNCEMENTS. In Powder, Wine, Lozenges and Globules PANCREATIC EMULSION, and PANCREATINE in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected.

SACCHARATED WHEAT PHOSPHATES, a value

able dietetic preparation for Invalids and
Children, supplying the elements for
the formation of bone.
CHLORODYNE (Morson's), the universally approved
Anodyne.
CREASOTE—(Caution)—from Wood Tar, of which
T. M. & SON are the only British Manufacturers,
GELATINE, a perfect and economical substitute
for Isinglass.
Shipping Orders executed with care and despatch.

FOREIGN AGENTS :-

Keating's Cough Lozenges.

THIS UNIVERSAL REMEDY now stands the first THIS UNIVERSAL REMEDY now stands the first in public favour and confidence; this result has been acquired by the test of fifty years' experience. These lozenges may be found on sale in every British Colony and throughout India and China they have been high, yesteemed wherever in roduced. For COUGHS ASTHMA, and all AFFECTIONS of the THEOAT and HEST, they are the most agreeable and efficacions remedy; they do not contain optum or any other deleterious drug, and may therefore be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate constitution.

Sold in boxes, tins, and bottles of various sizes.

KEATING'S CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS. The great remedy for these disorders in Adults and Children can now be administered in the form of A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, at

TESTIMONIAL.

" BATLEY, January 26, 1869. "BATLEY, January 26, 1869.

"Sir,—One of my children, aged two years and four months, being troubled with worms, I was induced to try your Bon Bons. I purchased some from Mr. B. Whitaker, Chemist of Batley, and after taking two only, she voided nine large worms. Two days after another dose, she again voided three more; three of them, the worst, measuring from 8 to 9 inches each in length. I consider them a most invaluable remedy, and should be tried by all sufficing from worms."

"To Mr. Keating, (Signed) "JOHN STENSON London."

"Witness, B. WHITAKER."
Sold in time and bottles of various sizes.

Keating's Insect Destroying Powder.

This Powder is QUITE HARMLESS TO ANIMAL LIFE, but is unrivalled in destroying Fleas, Bugs, Cockroaches, Beetels, Mosquitoes, and every other species of insect.

Sold in packets, tins, and bottles of various sizes.

The public are particularly requested to observe that all the above preparations bear the Trade Mark.

Sold in Ceylon by PITERS & Co., and MAITLAND and Co.

FOR Thirty Years the Medical Profession have approved of this pure solution as the best remedy to Acidity of the Stomach, Headache. Heartburn, Gout, and Indigestion' And as a mild Aperient for delicate constitutions especially adapted for ladies and children. When combined with their

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP t torms a most agreeable aftervescing fraught, which is both a gentle aperient and grateful febrituge. In hot seasons and hot climates the regular use of this simple remedy has been found highly beneficial.

IT IS PREPARED BY DINNEFORD & CO. CHEMISTS, &c.,

172, NEW BOND STRE ET, LONDON. cold by all respectable Chemists throughout the World CAUTION.—See "that DINNEFORD & Co." is on each bottle and rel!abel over the cork.

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

HELDOCTOR FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent few more dangerous than affectious of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of entarrh, bronchitis and influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood relieve any overgorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying power cleanse the blood from all impurities, and sortify the system against consumption, asthma and fimilar complaints.

Stomach, Liver. Kidneys and Bowels. Stomach, Liver. Kidneys and Bowels.

Stomach, Liver. Kidneys and Bowels.
From various sauses these organs are frequently getting out of order and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowel without griping or any other annoyance; again, takes an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill" as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulencu nausea and bilioosness. *Dinner rift seeks.

**Read and bilioveness.

Windy or Watery Dropsy

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints, should at once have recourse to Holloway's Fills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system. purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or the same as may have temporarily taken away. They

other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taker with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maiadies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of ill ages to robust health.

Influenza, Diptheria and Sore Throat.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves and nuscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Vintment is scothing, cooling, and healing, and better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

Fo organ in the human body is so liable to disorder is the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nauses, flatulency or acidity on the stomach warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile and sick headaches, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the

oms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague Asthma Female Irregula-Scrofula or rities Billious complaints

Blotches on the Gont Fits Scoondary Symp Blotches on the Skin toms
Tic-Douloureux Bowel Complaints Colics Constipation of Tumours Ulcers Venereal Affec. Jaundice Liver Complaint tions
Worms of all
kinds
Thouse from Consumption Debility

Consumption
Debility
Dropsy
Dysentery
Dysentery
Sold at the Establishment
WAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also
by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines
throughout the civilised world, at the following prices
—1s 14d., 2s 9d. 4s 6d. 1ls. 22s. and 33s each box.

* There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. ger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients for every disorder are affixed to each Box.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN CAPPER OF

COLOMBO, AT THE "CEYLON TIMES" OFFICE, 32 CHATHAM STREET FORT.

LEVER.

ORDERS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO

17 & 18, SPECK'S FIELDS, MILE END NEW TOWN LONDON.

King William Street.

PERFUMERY, Warrnted to retain its excellent quality in any climate. RIMMEL'S TOILET VINEGAR, to supersede eau

Toilet Soaps.

RIMMEL'S LIME JUICE and Glycerine for Beauti-

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

the words

JOHN STEEDMAN, CHEMIST, WALWORTH, SURREY,

are engraved, on the Government Stamp affixed to
each packet, without which none are genuine. Sold
by all Chemists and Druggists, in Ceylon,
IN PACKETS.