THE KANDY HERALD.

COLOMBO:-FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11th, 1870.

SHIPPING ANNOUNCEMENTS.

EERVICES

Messageries Maritimes.-PACQBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS STEAMERS will leave Point de Galle

on or about the following days:

1 15		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		-
1, 15,	12 26	10 26	9 23	7 21
1, 15, 29	12 26	10 24	7 21	19
		1, 15, 12 29 26	29 26 26 1, 15, 12 10 29 26 24 17 14 12	29 26 26 23 1, 15, 12 10 7 29 26 24 21

Passengers for London can obtain at Marseille Railway tickets direct, either via Calais, Boalogne or via Dieppe and Newhaven at the following rates

Viz : Via Calais or Boulogne Fs. 175..........£6 12 0
Dieppe and Newhaven......134 15........£5 15 4
These tickets are available for one month.
For freight or passage apply in Galle at the Office of the Company, and in Colombo at the Office of Messts. Armitage Brothers.

H AURER

H. AUBER,

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL Steam Navigation Company. STEAMERS will leave Point de Galle on or about the following dates :-

For	July.	August.	September.	October.	November,	December
Marseilles and Southampton	11 25	8 22	5 19	3 17	2 16	14 28
Bombay	10 24	7 21	4	2 10	30 1 15	 13 27
Madras and Cal-	12 26	9 23	6 20	4	29 1 15	13 27
Straits and	13 27	iö	7		29	14
Australia	13	24	21	19 5	12 36 92	28 28
STATE OF THE PARTY	N. 120 LONG	EST IN LIGHT	THE RESERVE	130752 100	93	DELAG STORY OF THE

... | 50 | ... Rates of Passage Money. For Single Sound £30 King George's Sound £30 King George's Sound £30 Melbourne or Sydney 40 Penang 20 Single Singl Penang 20 Singapore 30 Hong Kong 54 l'ombay Madras, Calcutta

", Madras, 10 ", Hong Kong 54 Shaughai 74 "

* Transit through Egypt £3 extra.

Children above 3 and under 10 years,—half of first class rates.

One child under 3 years. (if with Parent) free.

To Marseslles. To Southampton
2nd Class Passengers.... £48 * £50 *
European Servants....... 48 * 50 *
Native do 24 * 25 *

* Transit through Egypt £2 extra

Return Fares.

Return Fares.

Passengers embarking within six months of their arrival from Europe or Suez, and within three months of arrival from all ports Eastward of Suez and vice versa will be allowed a reduction of 20 per cent. on the return passage money.

THE COMPANY reserve the option of forwarding all Goods, shipped by their Steamers for Europe through Egypt, either by Rail or by Canal in their own Steamers, or in vessels employed for the purpose, they also book goods on through Bill of Lading to Trieste, Venice, Genoa, Barcelona, Marseilles or Havre.

For rates of freight and further particulars, Apply to Apply to

F. BAYLEY, Point de Galle.

THE

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

THE FOLLOWING reduced scale of charges from Galle to Marseilles is now adopted by this Company:— First Class (ordinary cabin) .. £75 0 0 SECOND CLASS..... £59 0 0 THIRD CLASS...... £35 0 0 DECK PASSAGE £23 0 0. For further particulars apply in Galle at the Office of the Company, and in Colombo at the Office of Messrs. Armitage Brothers.

British India Steam Navigation Company

H. AUBER,

ONE OF THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL
LEAVE COLOMBO

FOR CALCUTTA—Calling at Galle, 3rd 17th and
Nacrostam Negapatam, Madras, Cocon a da, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam and Gopaulpore, on or about Jack 26th Decomber.

FOR BOMBAY—Calling at Tuti-coria, Cochin, Calicut, Beypore, Cannanore, & 29th Nov. Mangalore and Carwar,

SALES BY AUCTON

AUCTION SALE IN LONDON GALLEMUDONE ESTATE

FOREST LAND ADJOINING IN AMBEGAMOA

MESSRS. FULLER, HORSEY, SON & CO. will shortly put up to auction in Lon The Gallemudone Estate

CALLED
PELLEGALLETENNE,
Consisting in all of 1,792 acres,
of which 280 acres are planted with Coffee. The
estimated Crop this Season is Cwts. 1,100;—a large
extent of the Forest Land is suitable for Coffee.
The property is situated about three miles from
Navellapettia to which town it is expected the
Bailway extention will be carried immediately.
For further particulars,
Apply to
CARSON & Co.
AGENT

AUCTION SALE

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

MESSRS. VENN & Co. are instructed by WM. CARRY LEECHMAN, Esq., to sell on Saturday, 12th November, at his residence, 299 Colpetty, the whole of his well-kept Furniture and Effects, Catalogue of which will duly be published.

MERCANTILE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

EX S. S. "STATESMAN."

CARGILL & Co. have received via Suez Canal by above Steamer a supply of EXTRA SUPERFINE FLOUR IN BARRELS.

Prime York and Belfast Hams Prime Wiltshire Bacon in Tins Prime North Wilts Cheese PRIME DUTCH CHEESE Patent Preserved Ox Tongues in Tins 1 lb. Tin Soups assorted Salmon Cutlets in Indian Sauce Findon Haddocks COD ROES, WHITEBAIT, Rock Island Fresh Lobsters. Herrings a La Sardines Truffies, Champignous Pate de foie Gras Pate de foie D'Oie Pate de foie de Canard Petits Pois an natural Petits Poie an Beurre Potted Meats assorted

LIEBIG'S

EXTRACT OF MEAT Moores Chocolate and Milk Epps' prepared Cocoa Maccoroni and Vermicelli Zante Currants and French Plums Mascatel Raisins and RAISINS AND ALMONDS Crystalized Desert Fruits Bonbons, Lozenges and Assorted Comfits Calf-foot-Jelly French Olives and Capers Pickles assorted

GENERAL WAREHOUSE, COLOMBO AND KANDY, 8th November, 1870.

> RECEIVED Ex S. S. "Statesman."

CRYSTALIZED SUGAR IN BARRELS. ENGLISH FLOUR PRIME YORK HAMS. CAVENDISH TOBACCO in small Boxes,

W. C. BRODIE & Co. BASS PALE ALE IN HHDS. BARCLAY'S PORTER do do ALLSOPP'S PALEALE, PTS. AND QUARTS BARCLAY'S STOUT PORTER do do-BASS' C. B. ALE PTS. AND QUARTS BARCLAY'S do PORTER do do

W. C. BRODIE & Co. EX "CEAN BEAUTY." AND OTHER LATE ARRIVALS.

ALLSOPP'S PALE ALE £7 Cash per Hhd. £3 Cash per Kilderkin.

Reid & Co's London Stout £6 10s. Cash per Hhd.

ALLSOPP'S BOTTLED ALE E. B. in 4 dozen Barrels Quarts £2 Cash. do Pints 7s. per dozen Cash.
C. B. Quarts 9s. 6d. per dozen Cash. do Pints 6s. 6d. per dozen Cash.

RED & CO.'S STOUT E. B. in 4 dozen Barrels Quarts £2 Cash. do Pints 7s. per dozen Cash.
C. B. Quarts 9s. 6d. per dozen Cash. do Pints 6s. 6d. per dozen Cash.

GUINNESS'S DUBLIN STOUT E. B. 4 dozen Cases Quarts £2 Cash. do Pints 7s. per dozen Cash. CARGILL & Co. 1st November, 1870.

ON SALE By the Undersigned:

BASS' BEER IN HHDS.

BARCLAY, PERKIN'S PORTER IN HHDS.

do do C.B. do in qts. and Pints.

R. DAWSON. 37, Chatham Street. MARTELL'S

HENNESSY'S
LA GRANDE MARQUE

BRANDIES
in oue dozen Cases FINEST SPARKLING MOSELLE

E. J. BRAND & CO.'S WINES CROWN SHERRY, Pale and Dry, n quarter Casks

Do. MADEIRA
Do. CLARET, Superior
Do. PORT, fine old
FINEST VERMOUTH in one dozer Do. CURACOA
Do. CROWN WHISKEY J. P. GREEN & Co.

La Grande Marque Cognac.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed Agents for the Sale of the above Cognac, in the Island of Ceylon, are prepared to supply it in large or small quantities. Orders from out-stations must be accompanied by must be accompanied by a reference.

J. P. GREEN & Co.

Colombo, 19th May, 1870.

Barclay Perkin's BROWN STOUT PORTER £6 10s. per Hhd. J. P. GREEN & Co.

> FOR SALE At the Godowns of the Undersigned.
> A Fresh Supply of the
> FINEST AUSTRALIAN FLOUR

in 50lb tins. at 16s 6d. LEE, HEDGES, & Co., Trincomalie Street, Kandy, 19th November, 1869.

FOR SALE.

At the Golowns of the Undersigned: BEST STAFFORDSHIRE HOOP IRON 14 INCH, 14 INCH AND 14 INCH:
Just landed ex "A. O. A.," from London.
LEECHMAN & Co. Colombo, 18th July, 1870.

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

JUST OPENED EX S. S. "EVORA." GENT'S SHOOTING, Emperor and Bluche BOOTS

Gent's Drab Melton Hais. do HELMETS. Black and Drab Tyrol and ALPINE HATS Black Oxonian HATS. do Merino HATS on Cork.

J. LAWTON & Co. Kandy, 10th September, 1870.

EX "OCEAN ROVER." A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES', GENT'S AND CHILDRENS'
BOOTS AND SPOES,

Washing Soda, Bass Brooms, White-wash Brushe FEEDING BOTTLES, Furniture Chintsz, Plain and Twill Dinings, French

Merino, Toilet Powder and Puffs, SPONGES, ROWLAND'S ODONTO, &c. &c. ALSO

SCRAP ALBUMS LETTERED "VIEWS OF CEYLON." KANDY, 12th October, 1870.

FROM Messrs James Macmickan & Co. FLEMINGTON BONE MILLS. Melbourne. Australia.

THEIR AUSTRALIAN BONE THEIR SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME.....£13 per ton.

LET CLIMAN & Co.,
Sole Agents for Ceylon.

SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED have received per "Caro-line" from JAMES MACLICKAN and Co., Mel-bourne, a trial shipment of the above valuable Ma-nure, price here £15 per Ton. It is packed in bags. LEECHMAN and Co. Sole Agents in Ceylon

Colombo, 21st June, 1869

WHYTE & Co.

TAVE received via Suez Canal, "HYMNS ANCIENT AND MORERN"

as used in the English Church, with and without Appendix, with and without Music and Appendix only, in a variety of type and binding. Family Prayer as sanctioned by G.A. (HURCH OF SCOTLAND. Hole's "Book about Poses,"
BAKER'S "ALBERT NYANZA"

WINDOW TATS, HAVANY III CIGARS, Bacon in Flitches.

Apothecaries' Hall, Kandy. WHYTE & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED BY LAST OVERLAND SEEDS

FLOWER AND VEGET BLE.
Apothecaries Hall,
KANDY.
22n July, 1870.

WHYTE & CO.

AVE received Ex "GAMBIA," a new assortment of CROCKERY

comprising sets and half sets of

Breakfast and Dirror ware of choice and elegant patterns and low priced. SETS CHAMBER WATE.

CHILDREN'S MUGS,
SPARE PLATES, CUPS AND SAUCERS, MILK JUGS, &c. &c. Anothecaries' Hall.

COOLY COATS.

BEST BLUE TUNICS. WHYTE & Co. Apothecaries' Hall, Kandy.

STATIONERY.

WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT. WHYTE & Co. Apothecaries' Hall,

TAXIDERMISTS' INSTRUMENTS.

ND REQUISITES OF ALL SORTS. WHYTE & Co. Apothecaries' Hall,

FOR SALE.

THE GODOWNS OF THE UNDERSIGNED THE FOLLOWING EXCELLENT SHERRIES White Seal at 48s. per Dozen at 42s. Yellow Seal

Red at 36s. at 30s. ALSO EX"BRITOMART," SHERRY in Quarter Casks and Hogsheads Hoop Iron 11 in, 11 in, and 13 in.
KEPPEL JONES & Co. Colombo, Feb. 10, 1870.

FOR SALE.

A FEW CASES OF RUINART PERE ET FILS CARTE BLANCHE CHAMPAGNE in quarts and pints. DARLEY, BUTLER & Co.

Manures and Chemicals. JOHN BENNET LAWES, F. R. S.,

59, Mark Lane, London, has ready for delivery-Superphosphate of Lime, Dissolved Bones. Cane Manure. Coffee Manure,

Conce Manure,
Sulphate of Ammonia.
Nitrate of Soda.
Peruvian Guano.
and all Chemical Manures of Value,
Manures can be prepared and shipped in small or large, quantities for experiments, if required, also
Tartaric, Citric and Sulphuric Acids.

ENGLISH GOODS. (VIA SUEZ CANAL.)

AT CHEAPEST RATES. D. NICHOLSON & CO. SILK, WOOLLEN AND MANCHESTER WAREHOUSEMEN

(Wholesale and Retail) India, Colonial and Foreign Outfitters 50 TO 52, ST. PAUL'S CHURCHYARD, (CORNER OF CHEAPSIDE,) LONDON. .

Established 1843,
Invite the attention of OFFICERS of both Services, and FAMILIES residing in India and China, to their Illustrated 120 page Catalogue, containing full particulars as to Woollen, Silk and Cotton Goods of every description.

Ladies' Clothing, Linens, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Habardashery, Jewellery, &c.
Contractors for Military and Police Clothing and

Accoutrements. Household Furniture Musical Instruments. Ironmongery Fire-arm Agricultural Implements
Cutlery
Carriages
Saddleay & Harness

Boots and Shoots Wines. Beers. Preserved Provisions Stationery Books Toys, &c., &c.,

SHIPPED AT LOWEST EXPORT PRICES. Sole Agents for the "Wanzer" and the "Bri annia" Sewing Machines for the City of London Foreign Produce Disposed of for a Commission of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

Price list can be had of Messrs. WHEATLEY & Co.

D. NICHOLSON & CO. 50, 51, & 52. St. Paul's Churchyard, London.
Terms. --Not less than 50 per cent. to accompany Indents and Balance against Bills of Lading.

FOR SALE.

Per Barque " Ceylon." AT THE ROOMS OF THE UNDERSIGNED: A very Superior quality Bombay Onions and Potatoes.

@ 12s. per Cwt. C. N. OORLOFF.

BONE DUST. FRESH GROUND BONE DUST. FOR SALE.

@ £7 P Ton. C.SHAND & Co.

GENERAL NOTICES.

FOR SALE.

At our Godowns: QUART BOTTLE CORKS LEE, HEDGES & Co. Bailie Street,

Colombo, 7th November, 1870. ROYAL BOTANIC GARDENS PERADANIYA.

A PPLICANTS can now be supplied, at very moderate prices, from the ROYAL BOTANIC GARDEN, with various descriptions of ornamental trees, including Firs, Shrubs and Herbaceous plants, Fruit trees, Flowers and Vegetable seeds. Payment to be made before removal. G. H. R. THWAITES.

Peradaniya, 27th October, 1870. **GESIRABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE.**

BY PRIVATE BARGAIN. The Primrose Hill Estate,

SITUATED on the banks of the Mahavillaganga within the Municipal limits of the town of Kandy. In extent 170 acres or thereby, of which about 100 acres are under cultivation. The buildings are in excellent order THE BUNGALOW which is a commodious family Residence being one of the most beautifully situated in the Central

Province.

The Atgalla Estate, Situated three miles from the town of Gampola on the road leading to Navelipettia, in extent 411 acres, or thereby of which about 200 are under cultivation. Building's and Machinery in perfect order.

For further particulars

Apply to

LEE, HEDGES &Co.,

Instruction in Point Lace Work WILL BE GIVEN by a Lady, on applying

A. A. Post Office, Colombo.

NOTICE S HEREBY GIVEN that claims against Louis F. Everard, Esq., will be received by the undersigned up to Saturday December 10th, after which none will be attended to.

GEORGE J. MOBERLY,

Telegraph Office,

Telegraph Office. Colombo, November 7th, 1870. GREAT BARGAINS

A FEW HEAD KANGANIES. Apply to SHARDIAN,

KANDY

TAXIDERMY. HYTE & Co. invite inspection of what specimens they have in their studio at present of stuffed and set-up Birds and Animals, SAMBUR AND OTHER DEER'S HEADS,

&c. &c.
Orders for skins registered, and executed, as soon

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH IN CEYLON.

IN NOVEMBER WILL BE PUBLISHED

MESSRS. PROVOST & Co.,

HENRIETTA STREET COVENT GARDEN,

AN ACCOUNT OF THE VISIT OF THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH TO CEYLON. BY JOH N CAPPER,

Times Correspondent," and author of " Pictures from the East," "The Three Presidencies of India," &c., &c.

THE ABOVE WORK, Royal Quarto, will be printed on the best toned paper, illustrated by eight Chromo-Lithographic plates by Messrs. Day & Soxs, Lithographers to the Queen, from Photographs and Drawings taken on the spot: it will be handsomely bound, forming an elegant drawing-room book, and a reliable record of the Royal Visit to Ceylon.

PRICE 21s.

CONTENTS:

Ceylon Preparing—Landing at Colombo—At Queen's House—To The Kraal—Kraal Town—The Watch Lines by Night—The Drive—Within the Kraal—The Day after—Colombo Festivities—By Rail and Road—Driving-in—Tying-up—Kandy, the Ceutral Capital—The Arrival—The Levee—Kandy Illuminated—Jack in Kandy—The visit to the Maligawa—To the Patenas—The Bopatalawa Hunt—Off to Dimboola—The Dimboola—Dinner—A Kandyan Reception—The Return to Colombo—An Evening at Alfred House—The Ceylon Rothschilds—"By the Deep Nine"—Trincomalie—In Camp—Kellivettie—Fire!—Amongst the Elephants—In Pursuit—The Mahavilla Ganga—Down the River—Naval, Military and Irish—Heads and Tails—Farewell!—

MUNIANDI.

THE FIRST VOLUME OF THIS HUMOROUS PERIODICAL MAY BE HAD AT THE

MUNIANDI PALACE. 32; Chatham Street, Colombo.

BOUND IN FANCY COLORED CLOTH BOARDS PRICE 21 SHILLINGS. A NY OF THE BACK NOS. may be had on application to the publisher, and persons having setts of the first Volume may have the same bound in fancy cloth boards with Title-page, &c

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR AND THE HON'BLE LADY ROBINSON.

AN AMATEUR CONCERT IN AID OF THE FUND FOR THE SICK AND WOUNDED WILL BE GIVEN IN THE

UNITED SERVICE LIBRARY ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15TH. To Commence at 9 P. M. TICKETS—four shillings each—may be had at the Office of MESSES. NICHOLLS AND Co., where a plan of the room may be seen.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED has this day commenced business as an Exchange and Produce BROKER.

EDWIN JOHN. Baillie Street, Fort, 1st November, 1870.

FOR SALE. THE HORAGALLA COFFEE ESTATE.

SITUATED IN THE HANTANE DISTRICT containing in extent per Title Deed 119 acres, of which 99 acres are planted with Coffee and in ful 1 15 acres Forest and

119 acres. For further particulars, Apply to GEORGE STEUART & Co., Colombo, 12th October, 1870.

TO LET. From 1st December next. THE HOUSE AND PREMISES recently occupied by C. W. DIXON Foo

C. W. DIXON, Esq. Round the Kandy Lake, commonly known as the Lake Cottage. Apply to J. G. TOUSSAINT, Lagalla Estate.

BOARDING HOUSE. 51, COLPETTY.

COOL AND COMMODIOUS HOUSE WITH A VIEW OF THE SEA. Ample accommodation for Visitors and a

few Boarders.

BED-ROOMS, BOTH FAMILY AND single carefully attended to, clean linen and every comfort. An excellent Table kept, best Wines, &c., and charges Moderate Managed personally by F. HUDSON,

WHO in compliance with the wishes of many of his friends and kind supporters in the Interior to re-establish in .Kandy, made arrange for the House called the "Oriental Hotel," Browning Street, Kandy, and the documents were in course of preparation when Mr. C. Tottenham and John Massey offered a larger sum which Mr. Hudson and his friends considered too high. It is said that it is to be opened as a second class Hotel!!!

Hotel!!!

The large addition to the Queen's however, will not deter Mr. H. from soon making his appearance in Kandy, when he feels confident that a well regulated Establishment and good Table will command a great portion of patronage and support and regain that reputation when the "Queen's" was solely managed by him two and half years singe. "Queen's" was half years since.

AN ENTERTAINMENT By the Officers of the Garrison in aid OF THE FUND.

FOR SICK AND WOUNDED.

WILL be given in United Service Library, on Saturday the 12th instant.

Reserved Seats 4s. Unreserved Seats 2s. Programmes and Tickets to be had on Wednesday and following days from Mr. Rusbridge at the Library where a plan of the room may be seen.

Performance will commence at a quarter before 9 o'clock, at which hour it is particularly requested the Audience may be seated.

Oriental Bank Corporation. INCORPORATED BY ROYALCHARTER)

INCORPORATED BY HOYALCHARTER)

PAID UP CAPITAL £1,500,000

RESERVED FUND £444,000

Head Offices:—Threadneedle Street, London.

OFFICES IN CEYLON.

COLOMBO, KANDY, GAILE, JAFFNA, BADULLA

NEWERA ELLIA, and HALDUMULLE

THE CORPORATION are prepared to issue and purchase at any of the above offices Drafts on the following places: at rates that may be ascertained on pplications:

Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Roochoofoo, Hongkong, Madras, Mauritius, Melbourne Negapatam, Pondicherry, Shanghai, Singapore, Sydney and Yokohama. They draw on the Bank of England (on demand Union Bank of London, Bank of Scotland London, and on the

Union Bank of London, Bank of Scotland London, and on the
National Rank of Scotland, Provincial Bank of Ireland
Commercial do do National Bank of Ireland
Commercial do do National Bank of Ireland
Commercial do do National Bank of Ireland
Commercial do National Bank of Ireland
British Linen Company
and on Parls and California.

They also issue Circular Notes and Letters of Cred
for the use of travellers.

No Drafts are issued on Mail days.
The following are the Rates ruling for Family Remittances by the ner' mail to England.

6 month's sigh 33 3/0 Premium.

4 ,,, 4 0/0 ,,
3 ,,, 4 0/0 ,,
2 ,,, 5 0/0 ,,
I ,, 5 0/0 ,,
They receive money from Depositors on current accounts and at 1, 2 and 6 months' notice of with drawal.

They are prepared to discount at current rates for

drawal.

They are prepared to discount at current rates for constituents, approved Local Bills not having more than four months to run. Such Bills are required to be lodged with the Manager before 12 o'clock. If sent in later they will be retained until next day for consideration. They are also prepared to grant advances on Cash Credit Bonds, collaterally secured, on terms specially adapted to the requirements of Planters and Agents, Particulars may be obtained on application at the Colombo Office.

Colombe, 7th November, 1870.

Chartered Mercantile Bank of India

London and China. CHIEF OFFICE, 65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON. OFFICES IN CEYLON. Colombo, Kandy, Galle and Matale.

Money is received on Deposit on the Following On Current Accounts at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Minimum monthly Balances credited Half Yearly if the balance during the Half Year has not fallen below £100. On Fixed Deposits for 12 or 6 months 5 per cent.

INTEREST.

for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on DISCOUNT.

Approved Bills not having more than 4 months to run discounted at current rates for Customers. EXCHANGE.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts pay able in London, Scotland and Ireland, Ceylon, India Straits, China, Japan and Mauritius at Current rates Drafts granted payable at the Branches of the Bank of New South Wales,—Circular Notes issued negotiable in Egypt, Syria and the principal towns in Europe.

Colombo, 1st January, 1869. BANK OF MADRAS. (Incorporated by Charter of the Imperial Go-

JAMES ROBERTSON.

vernment.)
PAID UP CAPITAL..... RESERVE FUND.....

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Hon'ble Alexander Forrester Brown of Messrs

Parry & Co., President.

£ (F. Lushington, Esq., Accountant General.

Col. A. C. Orr, R. Z.

R. W. Lodwick, Esq., Deputy Accountant

General. F. Lushington, Esq., Accountant General.
Col. A. C. Orr, R. Z.
R. W. Lodwick, Esq., Deputy Accountant
General.
Hon'ble W. Rierson Arbuthnot, of Messrs. Arbuth-

Honore W. Messas Lecot & Co.
E. Lecot, Esq., of Messas. Lecot & Co.
T. H. Allan Esq., of Messas. Bainbridge, Byars, Gair & Co. C. A. Ainslie Esq., of Messrs. Binny & Co. Col. John Carpendale, Royal Engineers

LONDON BANKERS,—BANK OF ENGLAND

Head Office.

MADRAS.

MAUKAS.

BRANCHES—BANGALOBE, BELLARY, BIMLIPATAM, CALICUT, COCONADA, COCCHIN, COLOMBO, KANDY, OOTACAMUND, TUTICOBIN, TRICHINOPOLY, NEGAPATAM, ALEPPY, BERHAMPORE, GUNTOOR AND
MANGALOBE.

Colombo Branch,

Colo mbo Branch,
Rules and Rates of Business
THE BANK will negociate Bills, and issue Draft drawn on demand, on the above places, and on the Head Office and Branches of the Banks of Bengal and Bombay, at rates to be ascertained at the office.
The Bank will also discount approved local Bills not having more than four months to run at current rate.
The Bank receives money for the same has not fallen below £100 during the half year.

Fixed Deposits are also received, upon which in terest is allowed as follows:

for 1 month at 2 per cent per annum.

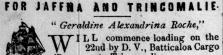
" 2 months " 3 do do
" 5 do do do
" 6 do " 5 do do
The Bank receives for safe custody Government securities, Bank and Railway Stock, purchases and disposes of the same, and realizes and remits the dividends, interest and proceeds of Sale, as constituents may direct, on the following terms:

On receiving charge of Securities or Shares—N Realizing interest or dividends on do 4 per cent Buying or Selling do 4

A. RIACH,

Colombo, 31st March, 1870.

28



l.convey to Trincomalie, For Freight or Passage, N. M. ROCHE VICTORIA.

HOUSE WANTED.

A GOOD HOUSE WITH OPEN ASPECT: WANTED for a term, immediately within 2 miles of the Fort. Address with all particulars to
C. N. OORLOFF,
No. 9, Baillie Street, Fort.

NOTICE.

HAVE this day established myself as Auctioneer and Commission Agent. J. M. RODE. Fort, 31. Chatham Street.

Double Barrelled Guns. SUITABLE FOR ESTATE CANGANIES.

@ 50/. each Cash. J. AUWARDT. YOUNG CANARIES IN FANCY

CAGES. @ 20/. Cash for a Bird and Cage. J. AUWARDT.

HATS.

JUST RECEIVED PER OVERLAND. A N Invoice of superior Black Felt TYROLESE SHAPE HATS, @ 10/. and 12/. each Cash.

J. AUWARDT. AUCTION SALE O N Saturday, the 12th instant, at 12 o'clock at the rooms of the undersigned,

without reserve. 93 Tins VEGETABLE SOUP, CALF FOOT JELLY, do

42 do CABIN BISCUITS. READING SAUCE, do FINGER GLASSES,

WINE GLASSES, do ALSO 12 dozen India Pale Ale, do Sherry,

do Felling Axes. &c., &c.,

On account of the concerned.

J. AUWARDT. TOYS. TOYS.

A Large assortment on Commission Sale at cheap rates.

J. AUWRDT. NOTICE. OWING TO THE PRESSURE OF BUSINESS

WE WILL OPEN OUR X'MAS GOODS, On Monday, the 14th of November in Colombo, and

in Kandy, on the 17th, ALL FIRST-CLASS, selected by our buyers from the best London Houses W. BOLAM & Co.

Colombo, 9th November, 1870. ALL CREDITORS IN CEYLON OF THE ESTATE of the late firm of Dickson, TATHAM & Co., are requested to send in their claims to the undersigned on or before the 30th instant.

THOMAS HELMER, Attorney of the Inspectors, Colombo, 9th November, 1870.

ESTATE SUPPLIES FOR SALE

PORTLAND CEMENT, ELWELL'S AXLES CATTIES,

PLANTING BARS, CART AXLES AND BUSHES, GALVANIZED IRON, ROOFING TILES, CORRUGATED SHEETS, and

RIDGE CAPS AND GUTTERS, GALVANIZED FENCING WIRE in Coils of 600, 1000, and 2000 feet, GALVANIZED STEEL WIRE in Coils of 1000 feet guaranteed to carry 120 lbs. and of 2000 feet guaranteed to carry 80 lbs.

HOOP IRON 11 to 2 in. PURE PAINTS
Blue, Red and Green, COAL TAR. CALCUTTA BAGS 2 and 3 Bushels.

DUNDEE COOTY SACKS.

A 16 feet Water Wheel.

BOLIVIAN GUANO. GEORGE WALL & Co. FINEST EDINBURGH ALE,

SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,

EXPORT STOUT in Hogsheads,
GUINNESS' STOUT
in Barrels of 8 dozen Pints,
H. & R. BRANDY, in Wood and Bottles, VINE GROWERS' BRANDY in one dozen cases, . FERGUSON'S SHERRIES

New Shipment, Green, Blue and White Seal. FINE OLD PORT BURGUNDY AND CLARET, Volnay Rogue, Pommard Rouge,

ST. EMILION in one dozen cases, HOWARD'S QUININE. GEORGE WALL & Co. PER OVERLAND.

We have just received by Mail: RIMMEL'S Costune and Rosewater, CRACKERS
Perfumed, Bouquet, Rosebud and Violet
FANS, Perfumed Almanacks for 1871, and a

Fancy Perfumery. WOLF'S, THE POET'S PIPE in Meerschaum, Briar and Myal Wood. INDERWICKS MEERCHAUM PIPE BOWLS,

Cherry Stems, Amber Mouth-pieces, Briar Pipes with and without Cases, Flexible Tubes, Tobacco Pouches and Pipe Cleaners DE LA RUES' (2 AND 4 PLAYERS')

Bezique Games, Spare Bezique Markers and Guides, Lady's and Gent's Visiting Cards, Highlander Playing Cards, Bone Pen Holders, Taddy's Maccuba, Black

Lundyfoot's Iri sh Snuff, LETT'S DIARIES FOR 1871. Vost Pocket Prayer Books, Prayer Books with Hymns A. and M., Church Servic es, Reference Bibles, Concertina and Piano-forte Instructors, Ingoldsby Legends, &., &c.

O'HALLORAN BROTHERS.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

&c. &zc. PER "SEAFIELD" AND STR. "STATESMAN."

Which will be opened on Monday, the 14th November, Ladies', Maids' & Girls' trimmed and untrimmed Straw Hats. OF THE LATEST STYLE IN GREAT VARIETY,

Childrens' black and white Trimmed and Untrimmed, Straw Turban Hats. Boy's white and Fancy Straw Boating Hats, Ladies' white and black Bonnet Shapes. INFANTS' SATIN HATS AND TRIMMED CAPS, Ladies' Rotondo Scarf Mantles, Lace and Fancy Ribbon Mantles, Fancy Tissue Shawls BRIDAL WREATHS AND FLOWERS;

White and Colored Flowers in great variety; Hat and Bonnet Trimmings, Assorted Fancy Feathers and Plumes. WHITE TULLE RUCHE AND COLORED SATIN RUCHE, COLORED FANCY FRINGE.

Assorted Silk and Satin Trimmings, Colored Satin Piping, Tartan Trimmings and Buttons. White Silk Lace, white Cluny and Magpie Edging and Insertion Laces.

WHITE, COLORED AND BLACK SATIN RIBBONS OF EVERY WIDTH, FANCY BELT RIBBONS, WHITE CAMBRIC FRILLINGS, LADIES' CAMBRIC COLLARS AND CUFFS,

Black hair Chignons, assorted Corsets. LADIES' WHITE AND COLORED KID GLOVES, White Silk plain and Embroidered Gloves, Girls' white and colored Silk Gloves, Ladies' and Gents' white Lisle Thread Gloves, Gents' white Kid Gloves.

PLAIN AND SATIN STRIPED WHITE LLAMA FOR CLOAKS,

COLORED FRENCH DE LAINES White Grenadine, white and colored Tarlatan, white and black plain and Figured Net, White Spot Net, Plain and Figured Tulle, White Musquito Net, White, Black and Purple Penelope Canvas, Silk and Mohair Russia Braids, Smoking Cap Tassels, White and Colored Sewing Silks, Perforated Card Board, Gent's and Boy's white and colored Cotton and Merino Socks in great variety, Ladies' and Girls' white Cotton Stockings, Mens and Boys Elastic Belts, &c.

Black and Blue Black Broad Cloth, SINGLE AND DOUBLE WIDTH, Fancy Woollens, Black Cashmere, White Colored and Black Alpaccas, Black Coburg, Black, Merino White Diamond Fancy Quilting, White Satin Jane, White American and English Drills, White Irisl Linen. White and colored Jaconet Lining, Fancy Prints,

WHITE DAMASK TABLE COVERS, WHITE AND BROWN TURKISH TOWELS, Colored Victoria Table Covers, White Scotch Lawn Handkerchiefs, Best Colored Silk Corah and Madder Handkerchiefs,

BROWN SILK UMBRELLAS, &c. GENT'S AND YOUTHS' LINEN COLLARS IN GREAT VARIETY, Gent's Frilled Defiance Shirt Fronts, White Cambric and Linen Insertion Fronts, White, Colored and Black Silk Ties, Fancy Colored Ribbon Ties. Assorted Fancy Regents Ties, and Scarfs, &c. GENT'S, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES

IN GREAT VARIETY. JEWELLERY.

GOLD EAR-DROPS, BROACHES, NECKLETS, ASSORTED CHARMS, LOCKETS, Ladies' Long Guard Chains, Ring set with stones, Gold Studs, Sleeve Links, Collar Buttons, Albert Chains with drops, Wedding Rings, Silver Studs and Collar Buttons, Ladies' Silver Thimbles. A fine Assortment of Flower Vases.

FANCY TOILET GLASSES OF SIZES. 8-day, 30 hour Clocks, New Besique Playing Cards, Illuminated Silk Book Markers, X'mas Cards, Note Paper and Envelopes, &c. GENT'S OXONIAN AND ARTHUR FELTS' BLACK SATIN VELVET HATS AND CLOTH CAPS

PLATED-WARE.

Plated German Silver Waiters of Sizes, Crue Stands, Butter Coolers, Sugar Baskets, Mustard Pots, Tea Pots, &c., G. S. and N. S. Table and Dessert Spoons and Forks, Tea Spoons, Mustard and Salt Spoons, Table and Dessert Knives, &c.

R. HENDRIES AND PATEY AND CO.'S PERFUMERY IN GREAT VARIETY.

OILMANSTORES.

HUNTLEY AND PALMER'S ASSORTED BISCUITS,

Crosse and Blackwell's Assorted Jams, and Pickles and Imperial Hot Pickles, Morton's, Salad Oil, Mustard, Assorted Lozenges, Pearl Barley, &c. Lea and Perrin's Sauce

BEST SALT BUTTER, CHEDDER AND EDAM CHEESE, BACON IN TINS, YORKSHIRE HAMS, BEST SALT BEEF AND PORK, &c. &c. &c.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TOYS! TOYS!!! TOYS!!! B. PINTOE.

BOARDING OF 2 POWDER MAGAZINES,

TOBACCO IN 20 lb. BOXES,

VERMICELLI IN TINS,

TIN MEATS,

WINES, SPIRITS AND LIQUORS

ON Commission sale for Cash, at the Rooms of the undersigned, at the following low rates.

Viz.

G. H. Mumm & Co's CHAMPAGNE, at 55s. per

Best White Seal SHERRY, at 40s. per 1 Doz. Qrts.

G. Hilderbrandt & Co's PALE BRANDY, equal if not Superior to Hennessys or Martells, at 42s. per 1 Doz. Qrts.

HOLLANDS GIN, in small flasks at 18s. per Doz.

BEST ANISETTE, at 36s. per 1 Doz. Qrts.

"AYA-PANA, Yellow and Green, a favorate drink in Cases of 1 Doz. Orts.

2 "Pts.
4 "½ Pts.

4 12 Pts.

AYA-PANA

IMPROVED HYGIENIC LIQUOR

PATENTED.

This agreeable and wholesome beverage is

great tonic property, and is combined with the choicest brandy, thus rendering it the best remedy for the immediate restoration of the enfeebled

It is be remarked also that the use of this pleasant cordial, as a dessert drink, is of great efficacy in preserving from epidemic diseases.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

GALLE.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 9—British Steamer Catherine Apear. from Kurachee—Passengers Mrs. Montgomery and child. do 10—British Steamer Odessa, from Calcutta 1st

ovember.

do do —British Steamer Abbotsford, from Shanghai 9th
ctober, Penang 2nd November—Passengers 221 pilgri ms,
avd. and Mrs. Crombie, Capt. Findlay, Capt. Castle,
foulson, Lieut, Bachton, Mr. Kramp.

DEPARTURES.

PASSENGERS BY THE GALLE COACH.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

Pere Kerman, Yellow at 36s. per 1 Doz. Qrs.

Do. Do. Green at 45s. per I Doz. Qrt.

Red ,, Do. at 30s. per 1 Doz. Qrts.

Fine Royal Pale SHERRY No. 1. at 34s. per 1 Doz. Qrts.

Do. No. 2. at 38s. per 1 Doz. Qrs

No. 3. at 48s. per 1 Doz. Qrts.

J. AUWARDT.

Colombo, 10th November, 1879.

Do.

H. D. GABRIEL.

Doz. Quarts.

Colombo, 10th November, 1870.

POR SALE.

TNDE COOPE & Co.'s PALE ALE in 4 dozen RONALDSON'S PORT AND SHERRY in 1 do Quarter Casks. CARSON & Co.

CHARLES ASHBY & CO.'S

INDIA PALE ALE. HOR SALE IN HHDS. @ £6 15s. CARSON & Co.

MR. LEECHMAN'S SALE TO-MORROW, (SATURDAY)

AT NOON, (THE THIRD HOUSE IN COLPETTY.)

SALE OF CROWN LANDS.

AT COLOMBO KACHCHERI. On the 15th November, 1870.

Municipality of Colombo.—1 lot of 2 roods situated in Dematagoda Ward No. 7 adjoining the road from Maradana to North and South Base

On the 29th November, 1870. Municipality of Colombo.—1 lot of about 2½ acres each situated in Marandahn Cinnamon garden in Ward No. 9.

AT KANDY KACHCHERI.
On the 30th November, 1870.

Lower Hewaheta.—8 lots from 1 to 19 acres each situated in Atulgama and Nahamuwila of Gandabaya Korale. Gandahaya Korale.

Gandahaya Korale.

Yatiuuwara District—6 lots from 9 perches to 1½ acres each situated in Kandangama of Kandupalata, about ½ mile North of the 63rd mile post on the road from Colombo to Kandy.

Tumpane District—1 lot of 1½ acre situated in Alagalia of Pallapalata adjoining Allagalla Estate.

Matala District.—1 lot of 49 acres each situated in Yatawatta of Asgeriya Pallesiya pattu adjoining Yatawatta Mukalana Estate.

Udunuwara District.—2 lots of ½ and 10 acres each situated in Ambekka and Paduongoda of Medapalata.

Medapalata.

Municipality of Kandy.—1 lot of \$\frac{3}{4}\$ acre situated on the East of Trincomalie Road and about \$\frac{1}{2}\$ mile North of the Town.

Lower Dumbera.—5 lots from 1 to 7 acres each situated in Udapoda and Marandanda of Pallegarmaha.

situated in Udapoda and Marandanda of Pallegampaha.

AT NUWARA ELLIYA KACHCHERI.

On the 30th November, 1870.

Upper Hewahetta.—1 lot of 3 acres situated in
Moragalla of Kohokka Korale.

Wallapana District.—40 lots from 1 to 175 acres
each situated in Kalaganwatte and Tibbotugoda of
Oyapalata. Adjoining and within a mile of Mr.
Tottenham's trace form Kandy to Badulla through
the Nildandahene pass.

AT RATNAPOORA KACHCHERI.

On the 24th November, 1870.

Sabaragumuva District.—80 lots from 1 to 13
acres each situated in Kencheguna, Imbuipe,
Alutnuwara, Ratmalawene, Botumbe, Walaboda
and Muttettuwajama of Kadawata Korale.

On the 26th November, 1870.

Sabaragamuwa District.—1 lot of 71 acres
situated in Teppanawa of Kuruwita Korale.

Do—42 lots from 1 to 227 acres each situated
in Naluwala, Walaboda, Alutnuwara, Denagama,
Boltumbe, Atawakwala, Galagama, and Hatarabage
of Uduwakagam and Talpitigam Pattus in
Kadawata Korale.

Do—14 lots from 1 to 40 acres each situated
in Balangoda, Lankabaranagam Aldura

Do-14 lots from 1 to 40 acres each situated in Balangoda, Lankabaranagam, Aldura, Massana, and Madakanda of Meda Korle.

Sabaragamua District—14 lots from 1 to 129 acres each situated in Balangoda and Lankabaranakama of Helaboda palata and Massana and Madekande of Helandapattu in Meda Korale.

On the 29th November, 1870.

On the 29th November, 1870.

Do—43 lots from 4 to 232 acres each situated in Vegiriy, Pitawelagama, Nadullakanda, Eraparuwa, Bulutota and Amblampitiya of Kolonna Korale. Adjsining Suriyakanda. Gilagaron Poddenakada, Springwood, Deveransiæ and Aigburth Estate.

Do—15 lots from 4 to 12 acres each situated in Acuduwa, Rangwella, Gangoda. Pannil and Rak-

Do—15 lots from \$ to 12 acres each situated in Amuduwa, Rangwella, Gongoda, Pannil and Rakwana, at Aatakalan Korale.

Further particulars respecting the land may be obtained at the Surveyor General's Office and respecting the conditions of sale at the Offices of the Government Agents.

J. G. JERVOIS,

Acting Surveyor General Acting Surveyor General

Surveyor General's Office, Colombo, 3rd November, 1870.

Mails in Oct. & Nov. 1870, according

MADRAS AND CALCUTTA. Rangoon Orissa Emeu STRAITS AND CHINA. BOMBAY AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, &c. ENGLAND AND MEDITERRANEAN Moolte ENGLAND MEDITERRANEAN ? AND MAURITIUS.

PONDICHERRY MADRAS & CALCUTTA Meinam STRAITS AND CHINA.
MADRAS AND CALCUTTA. STRAITS AND CHINA. Travanco Bombay.

England and Mediterranean. Mongolia ENGLAND, MEDITERRANEAN AND MAURITIUS. Peiho Cambodge STRAITS AND CHINA. MADRAS AND CALCUTTA STRAITS AND CHINA BOMBAY Behar or Australia Malta

Mails will be forwarded from Colombo and Galle by British India Steam Navigation Company's

AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, &c.

ENGLAND AND MEDITERRANEAN

Holloway's Pills.—Nervous Debility.—No part of the human machine requires more watching than the nervous system; upon it hangs health, and life itself. These Pills are the best regulators and strengtheners of the nerves and the safest general purifiers; nausea, headache, giddiness, numbness, and mental apathy yield to them. They despatch in a summary manner those distressing dyseptic symptoms, stomachic pains, fullness at the pit of the stomach. ademinal distention, and overcome loathings, especious appetite and confined bowels, the commonly accompanying signs of defective or deranged nervous power. Holloway's Pills are particularly recommended to persons of studious and sedentary habits, who gradually sink into a nervous and debilitated state. unless some restorative, such as his Pill, be occasionally taken.

The Ceplon Times.

COLOMBO, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11TH, 1870.

THE WAR

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS. FOR THE CEVLON TIMES.

(By Indo-European Telegraph.) London, 8th Nov. 12-40 p. m.

At Versailles after the rejection of the armistice by the French, Count Bismark offered to allow freely the elections even in occupied districts, without armistice.

The majority of the Paris Government were favorable to the elections and armistice, but were over ruled by General Trochu. (By Indo-European Telegraph.)

London, 9th Nov. 3-50 a. m. Verdun has capitulated. The Army of the Loire is reported to have repulsed a Prussian attack capturing sixtyfour (64) prisoners.

Lyons is placed in a thorough state of de-Lundon, 7th November, Afternoon. Coffee Plantation Ceylon middling 63s. The Homeward bound Calcutta Mail

a rrived at Suez on the 4th. (By Indo-European Telegraph.)

THE undersigned is instructed to sell at the premises of Messrs. Cargill & Co., Fort, on Saturday, the 12th instant at noon. London, 10th November, 4 a. m. At the Lord Mayor's banquet last right, Mr. Gladstone defended England's observance of neutrality in the present War. Earl Granville detailed England's efforts

to obtain Peace which Prussia absolutely de-Lot of Crockery to close accounts. England, alone and unsupported, had suggested an armistice.

England desires to see a strong united Germany, and deprecates too great humiliation of France.

No fresh fighting is reported. The Germans certainly entend bombarding Paris when they deem the moment

opportune.
The American elections.—The Democrats have carried the elections in the States of at 60s. per 2 Doz. Pin's. New York and Tennessee.

London, 8th November, (Afternoon.) The Coffee market closed quieter. " Plantation Ceylon middling 63s. Good Ordinary Native 47s.
Total Stock 28,875 Tons.

Arrival from Ceylen "Evora." London, 10th Nov. 4-45 p. m. (By Indo-European Telegraph.) THE AMERICAN ELECTIONS.

The conservatives have carried the Missouri and the Democrats the Alabama Elections.

The general result shows a Demoracic Government advices from Pekin dated 26th October, which reached London 10th Inst., state that no danger exists in North

China. (By Indo-European Telegraph.) London, 11th November, 3-10 a. m. From Tours it is reported that heavy fighting took place near Orleans on Wednesday.

The Germans were compelled to evacuate Fighting resumed yesterday (Thursday.) There is a report that Neubrisach has capitulated.

THE INDIAN INSOLVENCY BILL.

The Straits Government are following the example of the Imperial legislature in passing a new Insolvency law. India is doing the same, and from statements that have appeared in the columns of our Indian cotemporaries they appear to be there following the principle of the English law in all essentials.

The leading feature of the Indian Act is that the insolvent obtains his discharge on the surrender of his property, if his assets are sufficient to pay eight annas in the rupee, or if his creditors wish him to be discharged. If the assets do not reach this amount, and if the difference is not paid in three years, the amount unpaid becomes a judgment debt against the insolvent, which may be enforced with the leave of the Court.

Oct. 8—British Steamer Una, for Hongkong, do 9—French Steamer Jeah, for Marseilles—Pas seners as on arrival, and those from the Meinam.
do. 11—British Steamer Jessa, for Dundee, do do—British Steamer Abbotsford, for London.
do do—British Barque Alice, destination unknown. Several modifications have been introduced in order to adapt the English measure to India. Of these, the most important are the following: The Bill makes no distinction be-No. 7-3 Natives from Galle.

8-Mr. Geo. Moberley, and Mr. Jeffreys to Galle.

60-Messrs. W. M. Young, A. Bawa, Elligan, and
Marshall from Galle.

9-Mr. A. W. Jansz, Mr. T. Fraser, and Mr. J.

Wilson to Galle. tween traders and non-traders; the chief Insolvency Court is defined so as to include the four High Courts and the Chief Court of the Punjab; the Local Insolvency Courts will be in the Regulation Provinces, the District do do-Mr. C. Woodward, and Mr. Bennett from Galle do 10-Don Denis Aratchy to Galle. Courts; in the Non-Regulation Provinces, other than British Burma and Sindh, the Commissioners of Divisions; in Burma the Recor-MARDIAGES.
On Guy Fawkes Day, at Galle, by the Revd. Dr. Schrade, Edward Becket Creasy, to Mary Latham Lloyd ders; in Sindh, the Judicial Commissioner.
All orders made by the Chief Insolvency Schrade, Edward Becket Creasy, to Man,
No cards.
On the 10th instant, at St. Peter's Church, Colombo, by
the Ravd. J. Brooke Bailey, George Abercoomby, Dick, of
Oodapuselava to Edith, daughter of Colonel Watson, late

on appeal will be mai, unless such Court
gives leave to appeal to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

There is in the last published volume of Administration Reports, a brief but most instructive Paper supplied by the Queen's Advocate, comprising the statistics of the business of our Law Courts. For some time past the Judges and Magistrates have been called upon to supply detailed monthly returns relative to the business of their respective Courts: these are published in that deadly-lively periodical which many receive but which nobody reads, the Government Gazette. The document we which many receive but which nobody reads, the Government Gazette. The document we are about noticing, is a resumé of these returns extending to the end of 1869. These papers in their present shape, are useful as shewing what has been done, and still more so by indicating how much remains to be done. It is only by a careful study of their results that

ties of the officers presiding over our Courts.

Taking the entire Courts in the island, we find that there were of cases for adjudication during the year under review—in the District Courts 29,386, in the Courts of Requests 46,064; of these large figures there were during the same period decided on their merits in the Courts of Requests 46,064; District Courts 1,942, and in the Courts of Requests 7,219; the arrears remained in each case 16,369 in the District Courts, and in the Courts of Requests 6,602.

"Of the suits decided on their merits, that

is, the suits in which judgment was delivered after a full investigation of the facts, the District Courts shew an excess of 213 in the year under review; the Courts of Requests an excess of 2,188."

The only criterion by which to judge of work done is in the number of cases decided on merits: here are ten of our Principal District Courts placed in the order in which their work has been performed with the amount of pending cases against each :-

Decisions on Amount of Work Merits. pending. Kalutara 349 .. 184 Kandy.. 244 .. 4,031 Colombo 240 3,308 Galle Kurunegala . 237 3,307 175 521 Matara Kegalla ... Jaffna... ... Negombo: 104 501 92 ·· 89 ·· •• 1,210 632 Badulla ... 73 .. 334
From the above it will be seen that the Badulla

greatest amount of work done has been at Caltura where it was at the rate of 61 cases per week: at Kandy it was less than 4½ cases per week: at Colombo slightly less. Comparing this scale of work with the figures representing the arrears at the end of the year, it would according to the same rate of progress on the merits, supposing all arrears to come to trial, require 28 weeks to clear off the arrears at Caltura, but it will require nearly 20 years to clear up arrears of the Kandy Court without taking on any new cases: whilst to clear off the arrears in the Colombo and Galle Courts would require about 17 years! The above arrears stand at those large figures after upwards of 4,000 dormant cases had been struck off the rolls for various reasons, the report under notice remarking on this point, "that several of the Judges, Commissioners, and Magistrates have commenced an examination of the files of their respective Courts, with the object of determining the cases which have remained unprosecuted for a period sufficiently long to warrant their final removal from the list. A large proportion of the arrears appearing in some Courts undoubtedly consists of cases of the description referred to, which have been suffered, for various reasons, to continue on the files. Many of them have been settled or abandoned by the parties concerned, and their retention, nevertheless, is calculated to produce an erroneous impression of the amount of work in the Courts. It would be well for all the Judges, Commissioners, and Magistrates to institute such examination, by which means their lists could be effectually weeded."

Nevertheless the amount of arrears in Kandy.

Nevertheless the amount of arrears in Kandy as given above is after 2,995 of these dormant cases had been struck off the lists and a considerable number from the Colombo and other

We have searched through the dreary pages of the last two months' Gazettes, but failed to find any returns of work done as in the early part of the year. Can it be that the amount of work performed has been too small to be worth placing on record. This much however we believe, that for one or two recent months day!

THE OFFICERS' READING .--- The "Reading" in aid of the fund for the relief of the sick and wounded, will take place in the Library to-morrow evening, at 9 o'clock. The pro-gramme is such as cannot fail to afford a pleasant evening's amusement both in "read-

ings" and songs.
THE GAS COMPANY.---We understand that the Directors of this Company have despatched a full cargo of plant and material for the Colombo Gasworks, via the Cape. Another cargo is now being shipped by the Suez Canal, and it is probable that the next steamer from Suez may bring the Company's engineer and staff prepared to commence preliminary opera-

THE WEATHER AND THE RAILWAY .--- The North-east monsoon burst upon us in a thunder-storm of unusual severity on Wednesday night, the chief force of the storm naving been felt between Rambukkan and Veyangodde. The lightning is described as having been magnificent, and followed by heavy falls of rain. The country along the line of railway already flooded, became still more deeply submerged, the water rapidly rising in places to a level with the line of rails. The effect of this on the railway embankment already thoroughly saturated was to cause portions of it between the 27th and the 31st miles, to yield to the pressure of the water, leaving dangerous gaps of various depths, entirely suspending all traffic over that portion of the line. Yesterday the morning trains reached their destination about four o'clock in the afternoon, no afternoon trains being despatched, the mails and passengers of the former being transferred to trains on the opposite sides of the damaged section, a distance of some miles. To-day both passenger trains leave as usual and as all the gaps have trains leave as usual, and as all the gaps have been filled in with the exception of one, the delay in passing the passengers &c. across it will be comparatively small. It is expected that Goods traffic may be resumed on Mon-

A RIVAL NAGARA.—According to an Indian cotemporary the Americans have a tremendous rival in a newly dicovered waterfall in British Guiana, which according to report far exceeds the American original in grandeur. What our transatlantic friends think of this may be inferred from some remarks in an Indian ournal viz :--

"That none of the American papers even mention it; they are evidently afraid to speak of it. The discovery is, however, politically of great importance, for if American feeling runs very high indeed, we might make an arrangement to spoil our Guiana water-fall if they will done the Alabama creation." Not they will drop the Alabama question." Not a bad idea for the final settlement of a rather troublesome question.

KANDY.—An occasional correspondent writing from the Central Capital, says:--writing from the Central Capital, says:--
"We are on the eve of a monsoon burst: after
the moon changed yesterday heavy banks of cloud
came up from the North East, obscuring the moo
and sky totally, but cleared off before sunris
This morning angry looking and heavy banks
clouds are drifting from North East which are b

ing challenged by a like volume from South West

is only by a careful study of their results that we attain a clear insight into the working of our present judicial system, and of the qualities of the officers are study of the form of the officers are study of the form of the officers are study of th grouping as these has been witnessed here or elsewhere. The feats of "the Strongest Man in India" were watched with great curiosity, whilst the Dance between Mr. and Mrs. Webster was greeted with a loud encore, nothing like it having been ever witnessed off the boards of the Gymnase. The Vocal portion of the Entertainment was in every respect equal to the others the performance terminating with "God Save the Queen."

ABSTRACT OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVA TIONS IN UPPER DIMBULA, IN OCTOBER, 1870. Rain fell on 30 days: total fall 16.62 inches: Most in 24 hours 2.25 inches.

Highest temperature in month 75°: lowest Monthly range 23°: greatest daily range

Mean of all highest temperature of

day 69.39°:

Mean daily range 11.07°: Mean temperature of month 63.85°.

WIFE MURDER AT GALLE.---We have just heard of a terrible tragedy enacted at Galle on Wednesday night. The proprietor of an hotel, for some time believed to be of unsound mind, is said to have killed his wife, but we are without particulars.

SEASON REPORT FOR KANDY: -For 3rd Quarter ended 30th September, 1870. Weather -In some divisions of the Central Province, there was scarcely any rain at all during the month of July, the weather being clear, hot and dry. Indeed in some parts the amount of heat threatened somewhat serious consequences to the harvest, and fields were in Udunuwara especially, left uncultivated for want of water. The next two months, however were the reverse, the quarter ending in a steady and continued downfall of rain.

Crops.—Gloomy forebodings as to the harvest prevailed during the dry weather. It is to observe however, that the occasion called for some energy among the inhabitants of Upper Dumbera, who set to work on Elas and Dams with the object of husbanding as much as possible, the supply of water to fields where the want of it threatened the loss of crop. There were many complaints about flies, called by the Kandians "Galawella:" indeed it is reported that in Harispatu there were often as many as 30 or 40 flies on one ear of corn. as many as 30 of 40 mes on one ear of corn. It is alleged by the cultivators that these flies are new to Ceylon, and that they are coming in greater numbers every year. Their first appearance in Ceylon is believed to have been simultaneously with the introduction of Carolina Paddy—there is therefor—a somewhat singular consideration of the discourse in the circumstance if and instant. coincidence in this circumstance, if no direct conclusion can be drawn from it.

Coffee has been successful as a rule: in some districts the yields both of Native and Plantation grown Coffee have been very good. It is much to be deplored that such a good crop should not have brought a corresponding re ward; but the war panic is not doing so much harm in this respect as was at first apprehended.

Health. - The health of the people generally has been as good as could be expected. During July there were a few lingering cases of Cholera, the last relics of the attack with which we were threatened in the summer. The heavy rain during August and September brought the usual amount of Fever and Dysentery, and there was a good deal of Measles and Chicken-Pox throughout the Central

Province.

Cattle.—There have been several cases of cattle, it was attend-Hoof disease among the cattle, it was attended in many cases with sore mouth. Lower Dumbera suffered the most severely. But though many cases were reported the deaths were comparatively few. There was also a the Judge of the Colombo District Court has managed to dispose of nearly half a case a managed to dispose of ne nately it was only a threatening.

Deaths, Offences &c.—The accidental deaths this quarter were few in number, but in Upper Bulatgama there were four reported in the month of September. One of these caused much excitement, for nothing but a very old and mutilated skeleton was found, and at the inquest it was impossible to find out anything, as to the sex of the deceased. There were the usual complaints of drunkness from Yatte-nuwara and there was much illicit sale of arrack in Udunuwara and Udapalata especially. In Upper Dumbera a good deal of Timber was felled without License from Crown Forests. BADULLA SEASON REPORT .- Third Quarter

Public Health .- The Quarter was a sickly one. Fever and bowel complaints prevailed in all the Divisions. Cholera appeared in the train of the Katragama Pilgrims on their return from the Temple, and several deaths occurred along the line of road from which the disease extended to the Buttala Korle where 61 deaths occured; great alarm was felt as the disease made its appearance in Kandukara, Passara, Pattipola and Badulla there were in all 336 cases reported, of which 236 were fatal. Several deaths occured among the Pioneers at Lunugalla and among coolies on Estates

in Madoolsema. Cattle.—Cattle murrain continues to prevail and the Headmen reported in Uudukinda... 1291 Cases of which 1086 were fatal.

Yatikinda.... 1099 416 125 85 Wiyalowa ... 125 Bintenna.... 126 Wellassa " Buttela 240 156 ,,

Total... 2881 Total... 1868

Paddy Cultivation.—The Maha harvest was gathered and was a good one. The reports give the following results:—
Udukinda ... 5530 3 0 Produce 37162 0 5 Yatikinda... 3408 3 0 Wiyalowa... 2097 3 4 Bintenna.... 75 0 0 10449 230 Wellassa Wellassa 0 0 0 Butela 135 0 0 Wellewaya.. 92 2 9

267 1 5 11300 0 3 65424 2 6 The season was favorable for Yala cultivation; the

extent sown was A. R. Udukinda... 239 0 Yatikinda... 76 3 Wiyalowa... 856 0 Bintinna... 173 0 Wellassa..... 3 Buttela 58 Weilawaya ... 58 0 0

1403 Ammunams 5 Lahas.

Chenas were being extensively prepared for cultivation as the weather was very favorable. The rainfall during the Quarter was as

1870. 1 day 6·15. 2·35. August September 4 "

12, 8.61. The rainfall in the corresponding quarter of 1869 was 7.45 inches in 16 days.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Thursday, November 10th. The absentees were the Surveyor General, Government Agent C. P., Messrs. Harrison, Martenz and Dehigame.

The previous minutes having been read Mr. Wilson asked permission to postpon his motion relative to Colonial Stores until the

next sitting.

The Colonial Secretary moved the first read ing of the Supply Bill for 1871, and in doing so took the opportunity of offering a few observations upon the financial position of the colony, on the probable revenue for next year, and upon the charges upon the revenue for which this ordinance makes provision. In introducing the Supply Bill for last year the Covernment stated their expectation of a surplus of revenue over expenditure of somewhat nore than £ 50,000. The result as stated in His Excellency's speech was rather more favorable: the actual surplus of revenue over ex penditure being £65,000 and the surplus balances of the colony at the end of 1869 were £84,000. This was the financial state of the colony at the end of the year 1869, when the revenue for this year was estimated by the Government at £1,085,000. The actual revenue for nine months of the year was £802,108 is. 113d. which, allowing for the usual increase of revenue in the last three months of the year, would bring the revenue for the year 1870 to about £1,100,000 an in crease over that of 1869 of £153,000. The net increase for 1870 over that of 1869 being

£53,000. The expenditure for 1870, would probably amount to £1,080,000 leaving a probable excess of revenue over expenditure of £20,000, which would raise the actual cash balance to something more than £100,000. They had a surplus balance of £84,000 at the end of 1870, but it had to be born in mind that while the balance represented the excess of assets over liabilities, those liabilities included no only the debts incurred but the unexpended balances for which provision had been made and which were carried forward, wou'd probably amount at the commencement of next year f 26.000, in reality therefore the cash balances of the Colony would amount to f 126,000, of which £ 26,000 were appropriated by previous ordinances, £100,000 being actually available for appropriation. The rebeing venue of 1871 was estimated at £1,110,000. In this a new item of receipt was brought in, under the head of Government steamer, which was expected here early in the spring and which would produce in the course of the year some very considerable receipts. The revenue from it was estimated at £4,000 and with this additional item and allowing for further development in Railway traffic the revenue might be estimated at £1,110,000. From this they must deduct the fixed charges of the Colony, viz., the Civil establishmen £213,480: the military contribution £ 160,000 e contribution to the Railway interest and sinking fund £58,000, or in all £430,000 leaving about £080,000 for appropriation. it was proposed that £143,091 158 5d be applied for salaries and £306,301 for the ordinary services exclusive of establishments, leaving £230,438 available for the Public Work's Department. Of this one half, would be required for up-keep and departmental leaving the other half for new works. -There was an increase of £3,000 under the head of salaries, which was due to the creation of the Service Tenures Commission, to the increase in the educational department and the police. Under the head of pensions there was an increase of £2,000, but this amount would have to be altered by the Council in committee as news had been unhappily been unhappily received of the death of Mr. Saunders, late Treasurer of the Colony. Under the head of education there was a decrease of £1,500 tuder the Lead of grants-in-aid: this system was working well. The number of schools applying for the grant was 250 and the number of scholars receiving instruction was about 10,000, the amount expended being The average cost per child was s. Before the new system was introduced f 982 was expended yearly in grants to schools in which 1595 children were taugh when the average co t per child was 12/33. inspection guaranteed them against paying for anything except results f 500 had been spent in the opening of 40 new ools in which about 1,000 children were instructed, Normal schools had been opened with 10 English and 20 vernacular pupils with the view of providing properly trained masters, and there would no doubt be an improve-ment in the future both in the English and The vote vernacular instruction imparted. for hospitals was increased by £ 1,300, for the present year it was proposed to give a vote hospitals, it was pro-£6,000 for new osed to erect two, one of which would be at Matura and one at Galle under the head of transport there would be a decrease of f_{500} and there would have been a larger ne if it had not been for the Service Tenures Commission, which was an itinerant commission, and the charges for which were necessarily large. The actual decrease upon the corresponding items of last year amounted to f1,000. The question of transport was under reference to a comwittee, who hoped shortly to be able to make their report upon the subject: and he thought amer of their own a considerable reduction would be made in this vote. Under Government vessels there was a vote of 12,850, which was intended to cover the ance of the cost of the steamer as well as to defray the charges and the current ex enses for the months during 1871 after its arrival. An increase of £4,000 under rail-way expenses was owing to the discontinuance f a general vote of £10,000 for additional odation.

Under the head of public works was ar estimate of up-keep and departmental charges was £115,792 as against £111,932 last year, showing an increase of about £4,000, being an increase of about £4,000, being an increase of £6,000 on up-keep and a decrease of £2,000 on the repairs of buildings. The imate for new works was £114,000 against [101,400 last year the chief of these were :-vote of £25,000 on account of the Batti loa road, the last vote but one which would be required. Two sums of $L_{1,500}$ each for grants-in-aid roads for Dickoya and Dimbula. No provision was made for Dolosbagie as was some question about the terminus which would be affected by the construction the railway; but it was not intended that e claims of the Dolosbagie Planters should 3 overlooked and the Council would be asked inCommittee to insert a small item on account of this road as a guarantee that the Governent were prepared to contribute the moiety ,000 was proposed on account of he Morowa Korle road, in connection with the estimate of £ 9,084 which was intended to take the road to Morawaka as far as Dennia, e natural terminus of the road which vote ould complete the undertaking. Suggestions had been made to connect the southern and Madampé to Dennia, but to do this would Nolve the construction of 50 miles of the solution road at a cost of £100,000. The outlay would be out of proportion to the bjects to be gained, and the Morowa Korle lanters must be left after the road had been to. Dennia to the grant-in-aid system: 5,000 was taken for the improvement of the atnapoora and Badulla roads, while for irriga-on it was proposed to take £30,000. The atriculars of the works to be executed under particulars of the works to be executed under this vote would be duly laid before Council. Upon inland navigation £4,000 was to be exempled, of which particulars would also be laid before £20,000 was for the charter the weather at Bombay was too bad that he could not discharge the cargo till the 6th August. On the 22nd July the Defendant telegraphed to Plaintiffs to say that his ship was detained at Bombay, and the day before (21st) the Plaintiff's Agents Telegraph to Plaintiff to the effect that the Defendant to the charter the weather at Bombay was too bad that he could not discharge the cargo till the 6th August. On the 22nd July the Defendant telegraphed to Plaintiff's Agents Telegraph to Plaintiff to the effect that the Defendant telegraphed to Plaintiff's Agents Telegraph

the extension f the railway from Peradenia to Navetlephtie, to be sup lense ted by a Surplus Fund Ordinance f / 50,000 and by debenture to the extent of / 100,000. He trusted that the ordinance had been framed in a way which would tend to aid the progress and improvement of the colony, economy being shown in every branch of the service

consistent with its efficiency.

The bill was accordingly read a first time the second reading being fixed for Wednesday next, to which day the Council adjourned.

THE COLOMBO HUNT .- Another meet of the Hunt will take place to-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock in the Circular Walk.

DEATH OF A YOUNG OFFICER.-The late Mr. Baker whose funeral took place yesterday with Military honors, was an officer in the department. He arrived in Cey-Controller's lon a short time ago in indifferent health, and at length became so bad that life was despaired of. As is too frequently the case the dying man was ordered home by the Red Sea and died at Mount Lavinia on his way to Galle by coach.

THE VIZIANAGRAM RACES .--- We hear that telegram was received this afternoon from Mr. Morey with the information that "Darkie" pulled off this afternoon the great event of the races, the "Rajah's Cup," beating Melbourne, Zouare and Zariffa. The victory gives £ 1,500 to the winner.

NEWERA ELLIA, 1st November 1870. After quite a sufficient quantity of wet, we have now fine weather, which commenced on Saturday. The mornings are bright and cold and the crusted dew on the window panes,

teads us to expect early frost.

No sickness of any kind amongst either Europeans or natives. The potatoe crops for the season have been almost all put in, sprung up well and look as if we may expect a very good crop should Jack Frost not step in to spoil our sport—Vegetables are scarce enough in the Bazaars, though one Farmer told me he had acres rotting as there was no sale. The fact seems to be the Farmers wont sell at Shop-keepers prices, and these gentlemen will not pay what the Farmer charges.

The Europeans residing in Newera Ellia do

not work as of old, they have done their duty and now enjoy the firuits of honest labour whilst three of the foremost are coffee Pro prietors. Native and Tamil labour is scarce and as few hands are to be found they will only work when they please. Mr. Cheape has several European Labourers in his service, but we all know none of the class from which they spring will work unless starving. Where are Baker's men? Echo answers where? The Road up the Pass is about the best on this side of Kandy, and the coolies seem to work better: the town roads are all that could be expected, but; I would suggest a small improvement (if it is in the province of the Road officer. The so called "seats" for the accomodation of pedestrians are a disgrace to the place - three stumps driven into the ground with bare planks nailed triangularly on

the top, don't seem to be at all comfortable There are very few visitors, and they do no seem to be early risers, for I did not meet one white face in my two turns round the plain, though the last was it about 8 o'clock There is no news of any sort stirring a. m. were I to except the vast amount of law business done here of late, which was not usual formerly. Cases and counter cases between master and man, horse broker and hirer &c are the order of the day, and natives look on in amaze to see our great folks both Plaintiffs and Defendants.

Coffee is coming in slowly from Udapus concers coming in slowly from Cuapus-silawa, where they report fine weather, fair crops, but short labour: they are like other Districts late in picking.

The group of estates about Wilson's

Bungalow have very fire crops and good weather. There was a fear that labour would be short, but a few gangs arrived opportunely, and all is going on well-very little parchment has been sent off, as the Proprietors sell here and watch prices. Cart hire from Newera Eliva is very low, and Carts are going begging for loads, as the stores are empty.

NAVALAPITTIA, 5th November 1870. During the last week we have had fine dry weather, and though we had a good shower last night, there is every appearance of continued sun. The inhabitants of all classes are healthy, and enjoy the present sunshine after so much wet. Estates are generally in ne order, but some of those road from Gampola, and for a couple miles towards Ambagamon, are most miserable and one wonders how they are kept in hand at all. Many small clearings which a couple of years ago were in executent condition, have been allowed to go out entirely. Whilst many large places are hopelessly in weeds.

Crops are late in picking, will be decidedly short and late in despatching. Labour is fa from plentiful, and crimping rife; the principal duty of our constabularly being to carry warrants about from place to place to appre hend miserable runaways, to the total neglect of their other duties, a thankless work also to the poor constable as his batta is insufficient, and ne stands a good chance of a thrashing on either side and a blowing up from the J. P. if he is accused of a mistake: surely some remedy coula be found to meet the crimping grievance With the exception of crop work and weed ing, little is being done on Estates-but where we are cultivating every work is in a forward tate. Roads are in very good order, and the line of red pogs with their attendant signals along the road, show that His Excellency really means to leave his name behind him. I went carefully over the major part of the trace, and noticed there were no very heavy cuttings, and perhaps no tunnelling Great anxiety is felt as to the sites of the two stations at Gampola and here as the decision on this point involves the fortunes of many hard working hoseholders and cultivators. noticed that the native were fearful justice would not be done to them for property destroyed, and they remarked that if one of their own people might be appoined assessor which would ruin them! Moreover as Plantains and other trees are very perishable, any aaessment of damage made a couple of month hence would not be correct.

Cart hire is very low and many carts are returning empty.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

B. Armitage and others...... Plaintiff.

The facts of this case are as follows. The Plaintiffs by their Agents at Bombay, on the 14th July last, chartered the Defendant's ship, and it was agreed that it should leave Bombay within ten days from the date of the charter party, proceed on to Narakal, Malabar Coast, and there take a cargo of rope (free of freight) and proceed to Colombo and there take a full and complete cargo of oil &c., for London for which last mentioned cargo it was provided that Defendant should be cargo it was provided, that Defendant should be paid freight. The Charter-party also contained the following clause "Restraint of Princes and Rulers, the Acts of God, the Queen's Enemies, Fire, and all and every other Dangers and Accident of the Seas, Rivers, and Navigation of whatever nature and kind soever, during the voyage always except-

It appeared in evidence that at the date of the C. P. the Defendant had not discharged the Bombay cargo that from the date of the charter the

ship the coir rope. Shortly after the charter the Plaintiff appear to have chartered a ship at Colombo to take the coir rope on to Australia, and this suit was instituted by them to recover £162 15s. being damage said to have been paid to the Master of the Ship engaged to carry the coir rope to Australia. Evidence was called on both sides and it appeared from the Defendant's evidence that the detention of the ship at Bombay beyond the 10 days stipulated for in the Contract were owing to the Defendant inability to land the cargo which in spite of all his efforts, he could not do till the 6th August, as the weather was so bad that the men could not work more than an hour or two Dias and Ferdinands for the Defendant, con

tended, 1st that the alleged breach of the contract to leave Bombay within 10 days, was covered by the saving clause in the Charter party, and and, that the damages were too remote. saving clause in the Charter party, and and, that the damages were too remote. On the first point it was contended that as at the date of the charter, the ship had not fully discharged the Bombay cargo, that circumstance must have entered into the contemplation of the courtered was the inchiplation of the contracting parties, and as the inability to discharge was owing to the state of the weather the non-performance of the stipulation to leave within 10 days was covered by the saving clause in the charter. On the 2nd point itwas urged that there was nothing in the Charter-party to give notice to the Defendant that the coir rope were intended to be forwarded to Australia from Colombo by another ship, and it could not be said that a liability to pay damage in respect of an en-gagement by the Plaintiff at Colombo to send the rope to Australia, had entered into the contem-plation of the parties when the Charter-party of the 14th July was signed.

Lorenz contra was not called upon by the Court on the 1st point. On the 2nd point he contended that the destination of the rope being Colembo, the Defendant must be presumed to have had notice that it was intended for shipment thence to some other place. It could not be presumed that it was intended for the Ceylon market as Ceylon was an exporting country of the particular article, and it could not be presumed that it was to go to London, because the charter provided a special cargo for London. Besides on the 21st July the Defendant had notice that the rope was intended to be sen on by another ship which was waiting for it.

Dias. The subsequent notice could not make Dies. The subsequent notice could not make a new contract. The Defendant should have had the notice at the date of the charter party. 8th November, 1870. [per Berwick, D. J.]
JUDGMENT.—I. The Court must hold that the Defendant s excuse of not having been able to leave

Bombay within the stipulated time on account of

stress of weather, is not established.

(1) It is proved that he might have left Bombay before the 24th July, if he had not been detained by the necessity of discharging the cargo which he had taken to that port, which discharge was delayed by the state of the weather. But was delayed by the state of the weather But when he entered into the Charter-party he did not communicate this or any other private engagement to the Plaintiffs or their Agents, and left them to understand that he was wholly free from other prior engagements. As stress of weather offered no obstacle to his putting out to sea (as his Mate proves) but only to his fulfilling some prior engagement with which the Plaintiffs had nothing to do, the defence forwarded on this ground i (2) But further if a person undertake absolute

ly to do a thing, he undertakes it at his own risk of being able to fulfil his contract. In this case, the terms of the Charter-party are conclusive; for it limits the reasons that are to excuse performit limits the reasons that are to excuse performance; and these do not include st.ess of weather before commencement of the voyage. But it is hardly worth while dwelling on this point as it is proved that there was nothing in the state of the weather to render impossible the performance of his Contract to set sail during the period of 10 days allowed by the Charter-party.

II. It follows that the Plaintiff are entitled to

recover damages for breach of contract if these are proved and not too remote. III. But the special damages claimed ar too remote, and therefore not recoverable. Th

general test of this is always of course whether the loss was such as would naturally as well as directly follow the breach of Contract and might therefore be reasonably presumed to have been in the con-templation of both parties. The particular tests in this case are (1) could the Defendant at the time he signed the Charter-party have reasonably con-templated that the rope was to be delivered at Colombo? And (2) even if so, could be reasonably have known or anticipated that not only was i imported for exportation, but that a vessel was already taken up to export it, and that demmurrage would be incurred by a delay in its arrival (1) I think the information he obtained for Plaintiff and the terms of the Charter-party they procured him to sign were plainly calculated to lead him to understand that the rope was to be delivered him to understand that the rope was to be delivered not in Colombo, but in London. It instructed him to proceed to Karikal, and there take on board the rope in question, and having received it to proceed to Colombo, and there take on board a full and complete cargo" (which is equivalent to saying that he was to fill up a complete eargo there) of oil and Coffee &c., "and being so loaded, shall there with proceed direct to London, and deliver the "same on being paid freigh." &c. There is nothing in this to lead him to suppose that the rope was to be delivered in Colombo; and said that he might have known this from the Cir. cumstances that it was agreed that the rope was to come as far as Colombo "free of freight," to come as far as Colombo "free of freight,"
I think it a more reasonable assumption for him
to make, that as the bulk of the carge are to be
loaded here, and this was to be substantially the
port of departure, the Plaintiffs made it a part of
their terms that such insignificant portion of cargo
as the ship had to pick up on its necessary journey
or with little deviation to the charter part, should
only pay freight like the mass of the argue loaded only pay freight like the mass of the eargo loaded at the general and substantial place of export. It was a very inconsiderable concession, in consider-ation of a large and profitable job. This view is confirmed by the Plaintiffs' admission that there is no custom of trade to interpret this provision as implying a delivery in Colombo: and Defendant had no previous or other opportunity of conjecturimplying a delivery in Colombo: and Defendant had no previous or other opportunity of conjecturing the Plaintiff's firm's intention or practice in the matter.

(2) Even if the Defendant con'l reasonably

have known or contemplated the delivery of the rope at Colombo, he could not have contemplated either that it was intended for re-exportation or that another vessel was chartered for this purpose, and that demmurrage to her would be incurred by his delay. It is satisfactory to find my own view on this point exactly confirmed by the decision of

my predecessor in a similar case handed up in e of the trial

course of the trial.

It was argued in reply that Defendant had notice of the Plaintiffs' intention before breach of the contract. But the telegram thus referred to is only dated 2 days before the breach, and what we only dated 2 days before the breach, and what we have to deal with is what was within the know have to deal with is what was within the know-ledge or reasonable contemplation of the Defen-dant when he signed the charter-party on 14th July. For these reasons the special loss claimed up at be held too remote: and as Plaintiffs have not of the any other damages, they cannot get judy in for such nominal damages as would entitle them to costs. Plaintiffs must therefore be nonsuited and pay costs of suit. pay costs of suit.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY. Sir, -I was very much amused to find on

reading Monday's Observer, that there is a Royal Birthday still remembered in Ceylon. I thought they had all been forgotten, seeing that they are never celebrated. I really wish the Observer would make the Governor a present of a genuine Ceylon Observer Shee Almanac as the calendar at present in use at Queen's House' is evidently a rabidly republican print which has omitted all reference to Royal birthdays, and seemingly everything else connected with the reigning family.

This is the paragraph which occurred to me as being so funny: 'Prince of Wales' Birthday. -A correspondent writes: "Wednesday next the oth instant is the 29th birthday of H R. H. the Prince of Wales. Surely our loyal Merchants and Bankers ought to celebrated this day by closing their offices' &c. &c.

It is a fashionable pastime apparently in Ceylon, to propose all sorts of schemes whereby other people's time or money may be advantage ously spent for the general amusement. I hope I shall not be considered rude in putting forward a few proposals also, whilst "the season" lasts. I would suggest for instance that "Queen's House" leads the way in showing a little more

dant's ship could not get away till the 30th July. It also appeared that the Defendant was not aware till the 22nd that the Plaintiff intended to trana little more money in hospitality. I am not aware, though open to correction,---there must be but very few in a position to correct methat the health of Her Majesty the Queen has been given publicly within those walls during the last three years. For the sake of old times, and just by way of reminding the loyal subject under what form of 'Government he lives, I think this might be done occasionally with advantage. I belive however, without fear of contradiction, I am carrect in saying that the public have not had during the two or three years, an opportunity afforded them of celebrating either the birth-day of H. M. the Queen, or that of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales. In other loyal Colonies and in the different Presidences of India it is usual for the Governors thereof, to give a public Ball on each of these occasions, and various other times also. I therefore, feel no delicacy in suggesting an early resumption of those festivities at "Queen's House" Colombo.

An "at Home" may be an exceedingly amusing entertainment, but it celebrates nothing, nor do I see exactly what it means, unless to serve as an excuse for not giving us anything else. If $f_{7,000}$ per annum is insufficient to permit the Governor displaying a little loyalty now and then, on proper occasions, might I suggest that he says so? bably the Colonial office would then consider the question of increase. Perhaps the Council would kindly debate the question? In the meantime, I am prepared to subscribe fio towards a fund for the promotion of loyalty in Ceylon more particularly with a view to celebrating the Queen's Birthday annually:" the entertainment to be given at Queen's House. I count upon the loyal correspondent of the Observer who suggested that the Banks should close for the Prince of Wales' Birthday,

as good for an equal amount. As I am suggesting the resuscitation of a few old worn-out ideas, allow me in conclusion to suggest something new—hardly new per-haps—but never yet I fancy, publickly ex-pressed. Might I venture to recommend a better quality of (hampagne? The gentleman, whoever he may have been, when he selected the brand at present in use at "Queen's House" does not appear to have passed the 'Ginger Beer" stage of his existence. I trust that time may have matured a taste for some thing superior. Why not pay a few shillings more and have it really good? I imagine thirty shillings per dozen, or so, would secure a first class wine specially adapted for such

reunious? In bare justice to an exceedingly unpopu lar article, it is but fair to state that it seems an honest liquor enough, inasmuch as it appears for the most part, and very properly so, to be greatly ashamed at finding itself fastenings of wire and twine-but altogether declining to exaggerate the deception further than absolutely necessary, often times issuing forth sulkily, after the man-ner of treacle and with a total absence of that eclat so charming in the aristocratic purity of the vintage.

Your obedient servant, A STAGGERED LOYALIST.

ORIENTAL HOTEL, KANDY: DEAR SIR,-I notice an edvertisement in you

paper dated November 8th, and headed BOARDING HOUSE

BOARDING HOUSE
51, Colpetty.

Being at present the only person in the Island interested in the affair, and being at all times described in the affair, and being at all times described in the affair, and being at all times described in the affair, and being at all times described in the affair, and being at all times described in the affair that the person who signs the above alluded to advertisement did most decidedly Not make any offer for the "House called the Oriental make any offer for the "House called the Oriental Hotal" until some hours after the bargain had been made with the Company—and even then offered to give the same price, if not more. There were certainly not any papers in preparation, with my knowledge or consent. I understand from the present proprietor that the house will be added. sent proprietor that the house will be conducted as it always was, that is as a FIRST CLASS HOTEL. I therefore beg to say that the assertions made in the notice alluded to are totally without foundation.

I am Sir. Your faithfully,

W. A. ARCHBALD. Kandy, November, 9th 1870.

THE POST.

DEAR MR. EDITOR.—I wish you would call attention to, the very slow and irregular manner in which Postal arrangements are conducted, the mails leaving Peradenia at 1I-15 A. M., is on no occasion excep Sunday's, delivered in Ramboda till 7 P. M., this a distance of 29 mile take about 8 hours, and by this dilatoriness few even in the 8 hours, and by this dilatoriness few even in the Ramboda District can get letters the same day they leave Colombo, and Poondeloya is still worse off, as they can in no instance answer letters by return Post. Even if the departure of the Coach from Ramboda could be depended on which it cannot be, as 9 A. M., is given as the hour of departure, but the Coach oftener leaves at 8 and half past thus doing away with any chance of answing letters even in Ramboda, by return post, shewing it would not be asking too much of those in charge of our Postal arragements to have our letters carried at a reasonable rate of speed, say, at the rate of 6 mile an hour, this speed, say, at the rate of o mile an nour, this would bring the Mail to Ramboda by 4 P. M. when Mails to Poondeloya and Newere Ellaye could be delivered the same night, and in some cases answered by next morning's Post, that is answered by next morning's Post, that is to say if any expedition was used in delivering at the different offices, but this department like the carrying one is quite as bad, an hour and a half is no unusual time for a coolie to have to wait for the letter after the arrival of the Mail. It might be well for the Post Master-General to see to these things. Of our Roaders and Road makers I will have something to say shortly.

E. R. Ramboda, 6th November, 1870.

CUSTOM HOUSE SALES.

DEAR SIR,-I beg to call the attention of Goernment through your columns, to the recent sale functaimed goods at the Custom House. Had the departmental rule been observed prohiriad the departmental rule been observed prohibiting Customs Officers becoming purchasers of goods at any sales held by them, the shoes &c., sold on the 10th ultimo, would have undoubtedly fetched and realized better prices. They were officer, who retailed the shoes among his brother officers at 6s. to 7s., the pair. The sale was attended (as represented in the Examinar of 8th instant,) by the Collector, his Deputy, and the Landing Surveyor and ver poors of these Officers at 6s. the Landing Surveyor, and yet none of these Offi-cers checked the doings of this underling, who by his undue interference deterred other from bidding,

and thereby rendered the sale a sham, the goods being sacrificed. But if they were ignorant of this then, now that ft is brought before them, let the matter be enquired into.

Oh! for Mr. Vane in the Customs again. Make seizures no matter how, is the burden of the song in the Customs as it is at present consti-tuted—little fortunes are being amassed by some

of those who with salaries varying from £5 to £6 per month, are buying lands in the Cinnamon Gardens and build houses on them, and enjoy the additional luxury of a drive in a turn-out of their own, whilst their names appear prominent on any subscription list with a £2 2s., surely these are mysteries the sooner solved the better. This is a mysteries the sooner solved the better. This is a subject worth looking after. With regard to the In-door Department, great complaints are con-stanly made of the unnecessary delay in passing entries, in some instance delays of four days have occurred.—I understand that two petitions were presented to the Collector regarding this and after investigation the result was the removal of the Clerk, entrusted with the work. There is no doubt hat there is great laxity of supervision in both the Out-door and In-door Departments, and unless some effective measures be adopted to put down the irregularities complained of, matters will go I Remain &c.

Colombo, 11th November 1870.

INDIAN JOTTINGS.

for legitimate regret that the fugitive Empress and Prince Imperial have been allowed to take up their abode in England as private persons, with only a tardy expression of sympathy from her Sovereign. Charles X., in 1830, took refuge in Scotland, and though he had negotiated a secret treaty with Pursii for the approximation. Sovereign. Charles X., in 1830, took refuge it Scotland, and though he had negotiated a secret reaty with Russia for the annexation by France of the Rhine Provinces and Belgium, and the surrender of Hanover (then the possession of the King of England,) as a sop to Prussia, while the Czar obtained indemnity in Poland, still William IV. placed Holyrood Palace at the refugee's disposal. Let the faults of the Emperor have been disposal. Let the faults of the Emperor have been what they may, his wife and son, as long as his own sovereignty was respected by Germany, were entitled to the treatment of royal personages, and to such consideration as one Queen in misfortune might expect from another in prosperity. Germany was little likely to misinterpret such courtesies as we indicate; and even had there been a risk of her doing so, England would have preferred to offend the Germans in a small matter, rather than to show the cold shoulder to one who was once the nation's honored guest. The Court was once the nation's honored guest. The Court at Balmoral "walks on the slopes", fishes, and talks prettily to bedridden matrons. Absorbed in its own pursuits it seems unconscious of the storm raging abroad, and ignorant of the discontent at its very doors. Should the Empire be restored there can be no more friendly intercourse be-tween the Tuilleries and Windsor. The dead lion come to life again, cannot be expected to cherish any kindly feeling for those who turned confrom his bereaved spouse and temptuously away from heir.—Madras Mail.

heir.—Madras Mail.

CURE FOR SNAKE BITES.—At the Medical Society of Victoria a paper was read by Professor Halford of the University of Melbourne, giving a summary of twenty cases of snake-bite treated by the injection of liquid ammonia, first pointed out him shout two years ago. Seventeen cases by him about two years ago. Seventeen cases recovered. Thirteen were reported to have been in a dying state when the ammonia was injected Some of the snakes were as venomous as the Indian Cobra, and included the brown and black snake of Australia and the rattle-snake. Halford has been severely criticised for treatment and his veracity almost doubted. are not aware that a single experiment of the kind has been tried in India. A small superficial vein in the arm is exposed. About thirty drops of dilute liquor ammonia of the British Pharmacopea, having a specific gravity of 959, is then injected into the vein, by means of what is called a hypodermic syringe. The effect is said to be hypodermic syringe. The effect is said to be immediate, and patients recover from the low state they were in with such marvellous rapidity that it appears almost magical. Such is the statement. Would not the injection of this fluid

when life is ebbing prove useful in other disease?

Bombay Sharping.—Bombay will soon be as much renowed for "raising the wind" as Yankeeland. Last week a broker named Oomajee went to a Parsee who keeps a liquor shop and showed him two oblong silver coins, and said that he was commissioned to sell a thousand of the same kind, which had been found in a keld. The two silver which had been found in akeid. The two shver pieces were duly weighed, and a bargain made for 685 Rupees for the thousand. A couple of days after, Oomajee came to the shop and told the owner, that the man was sitting with the bag of silver coins on the Esplanade Hotel. He then asked to see some more samples of the coin out of the bag, and one more was given him. This was taken into the Fort and stood the test well. The Parsee then appeared to be satisfied and sent a message to his son to pay the money and return with the bag to the shop. The sum was handed over to the seller, and while the son and servant were counting the coins, the broker and vender had disappeared. When they returned to the shop the son told the father what had occurred, and foul play being suspected, the coins were tested and were found to be made of zinc. The police were soon on the track and several of the people connected with the affair have been arrested.

PATHOLOGY OF CHOLERA.—In his "Micros objects found in cholera evacuations" Dr. T. N. Lewis, Assistant Surgeon attached to the Sanitary Commissioner gives some valuable facts. Indeed the report is replete with careful research and sound reasoning and furnishes one of the best and most lucid record of facts on the subject. The paper is divided into two parts; the first is devoted to the consideration of the "fungoid" theory of cholera, as advanced by Professor Hallier of Jena. After a series of experiments made with the greatest care, Dr. Lewis has came to the conclusion, that the germs found in the choleraic discharges are not the snores of a special fungus peculiar to the report is replete with careful research and are not the spores of a special fungus peculiar to cholera, but may be devoloped from other sources. That the debris of the rice water stools, and the mat the aeons or the rice water stools, and the "peculiar corpuscles" described by Parkes are not composed of opithelium; and that vibriones, bacteria and monads do not appear to exist to a greater extent in cholera, than in the discharges of persons suffering from other diseases or even in a healthy condition. That these microscopiec objects may be peculiar in their nature is "not proven." In the second part of the report Dr. Laving record." may be peculiar in their nature is "not proven." In the second part of the report Dr. Lewis remarks on Pettenkofer's theory of the connection that exists between cholera and the variation of the level of the sub-scale parts. level of the sub-soil water. This theory also pre-sumes that the cholera-germ is of a specific nature

character and shows the laborious work and care-ful scientific research brought to bear on the mys-terious subject and if the result is not such as the more sanguine expected, it is at least reliable. EUROPE.

The book is of a most pra-

purely negative. The book is

THE FLIGHT FROM PARIS. - With a heavy heart I left Paris the last day on which the railway com-panies allowed travellers to take luggage, and when en turned away from the houses of our quarter to fill the ditches around the fortifica-tions. As you have heard, for many days carts and carriages full of people running away from the outskirts of Paris had filled the streets; but at the Orleans terminus, whither I repaired to take the train for Bordeux, the scene of confusion and dis-

order baffles description.

The station was so crowded that it was impossi ble to elbow one's way through. Hundreds of fami-lies sat or lay down in the large open yard, some on the mattresses and blankets they were carrying away, others on the bare damp ground among broken glass, splinters of wood, and all those miscellaneous fragments which accumulate in an encamp-ment of that kind. The richer inhabitant of Paris had flown in good time, and the greater part of the travellers that night were artisans, who, work failtraveliers that hight were artisans, who, work failing, had not the means of supporting their families through a seige. Many poor women did I see looking so tired and careworn already that it seemed impossible they could proceed on their journey; most of them had a sleeping infant in their arms, and were surrounded by other children, mere balies themselves. As the night wore on and great were the state of bies themselves. As the night wore on and grew colder the sadness and confusion of the scene inreased. Spite of cold, hunger, and fatigue, some shildren had fallen asleep in the most comfortless children had latten asteep in the most comfortiess places and attitudes; while others, already inured to care by the hardships of their young lives, kept awake, crying silently as they watched over their younger brothers and sisters. Those silent tears running down the cheeks of children permaturely ld were in themselves a dreadful sight

Every now and then above the buzz of voices und the loud swearing of men a cry was heard: Les guichets pour les trains du centre sont puverts!" and a general scuffle followed. The men

It was two o'clock in the morning when at last, the trains for the "centre" having been despatch-ed, the first train for Poitiers and Bordeaux started inst five hours late), after a general scuffle in which, as usual, the strongest got the best seats.

The carriages were second and third class, the express trains having been suppressed. We were ten grown-up people in our carriage, besides two young children, a dog, a cage with birds, a French hunting horn, innumerable umbrellas, wraps and parcels of all description, and a trunk so large that it could but just go in side-ways at the carriage door. We all rebelled at this last intrusion, but our omplaints elicited no redress from the official to whom we appealed, and who merely remarked in an aggrieved tone, "On a bien d'autres chats à fouetter dans un moment comme celui-ci qu'à s'oc-

bringing up to Paris new recruits and Gardes Mobringing up to Paris new recruits and Gardes abbiles from the departments. Cheerful enough they were as they stamped about in the station to get some life into their stiffened limbs; but with the exception of perhaps some three or four hundred RECEPTION OF THE EMPRESS.—It is a subject exception of perhaps some three or four hundred men, composing a battalion of the line sent from Pau, they were raw and awkward recruits, and they looked more like fore-doomed victims than serious

opponents.
We reached Bordeaux the next day at 7 P. M. The state of the town contrasted painfully with that of Paris. The Bordelais laughed and chatted as mer-rily as if no harm had ever befallen the country. But all at once a rumour spread through the town like wildfire. A thousand Prussians had landed and were going to set the town on fire! Then there was much shouting and a great deal of running at much shouting and a great deal of running about; but very soon, and as suddenly as they had taken fright, the good people's panic abated, and they began to crack jokes about what had so much alarmed them. This wild piece of news had been spread several days running, and always with the same effect—so my hotel-keeper informed me. Next norning I went in succession to all the propersy shoutoners. money-changers who still kept open shop to get a thousand-franc bank note exchanged for gold, sil-ver, or smaller notes. Nowhere could I succeed, on any terms. I then repaired to the "Succursale de la Banque de France," where I was told that they only changed bank notes for manufacturers who could prove that they had workmen to pay to the amount of the notes presented; nor could I have proceeded on my journey had it not been for a commercial man who changed my note at a heavy

discount. Throughout the south of France the precipitation with which the new Government has selected and named new officials has created great discontent. As I passed through the Landes a vast fire south-west of the railway was devastating the pine forests, which had already been partially burned down last year and this summer. This is a severe loss for the inhabitants of the department, whose sole traffic is derived from the turpentine andwood obtained from the pines which cover that wide track of sand. These fires, as well as others which have devastated the south of France of late years, areattributed to Bismarck's emissaries, who are supposed to swarm here as well as in the north of France.

The vintage is almost over. Where I am now staying, a large vine-growing estate, the gathering was completed in exactly half the time with exactly half the number of hands employed in good years! Unfortunately this is no exception. Everywhere the dried bunches of grapes which remain on the stocks testify to the damage caused by the drought. In other years the difficulty of obtaining agricultural labourers would have been severely felt; but the exceptional drought of the summer simplified matters. The trees have the late autumnal tints, the meadows are so completely parched up that they are extremely slippery, there or straw, and even the Indian corn crops have en-tirely failed. What a winter we have before us, at the time of all others when poor France would have needed material case and peace of mind in that

COFFEE SALES

The following are arranged according to prices

Trealised.

J. M. G. V. 1 ck. sold at 83s 26 at 68s 5 at 68s 6d at 59s 4 at 77s.

Tyspain 9 cks. sold at 80s 6d 14 at 69s 4 at 60s 6d 3

80s. D. B. C. 11 eks. bot in 80s (79s bid) 36 at 71s (69s 6d bid) 2 sold 58s 5 at 79s 6d 1 at 44s 7 at 59s 15 at 58s 2

bid) 2 sold 58s 5 at 79s 6d 1 at 44s 7 at 59s 15 at 58s 2 at 49s 7 at 66s 2 at 29s.

Bambreila 2 cks. sold at 80s 6d 27 at 72s 6d 10 at 62s 6d 2 at 78s.

W. K. 14 cks. bot in 80s (78s 6d bid) 20 sold 72s 25 at 71s 6d 2 at 58s 6d 6 at 80s 6d 2 at 75s 6d 5 at 79s 6d 17 at 71s 6d 1 at 57s 6d 1 at 80s 6d 1 at 41s.

Palliagalla. 1 ck sold at 79s 1 at 66s 6d 5 at 69s 6d 5 at 70s 2 at 69s 6d 5 at 58s 6d 2 at 77s 1 at 75s 6d 1 ta 44s 6d 2 B 56s.

Dara 1 cks. sold at 78s. 6 at 68s 6d 3 at 58s 6s 1 at 77s 1 at 76s 1 at 43s.

Warwick 4 cks sold at 78s 20 bot in at 74s 2 cks sold at 57s 1 at 28s 3 at 79s.

at 57s 1 at 42s 3 at 79s. Hunugalla 2 cks sold at 77s 6d 10 at 74s 20 at 66s 6d. Bambrella 2 cks. sold at 77s 6d 22 at 75s 6d 11 at 64s

3 at 78s 6d 1 at 70s 1 at 55s. J. A. C. 2 cks. sold at 77s 6d 14 at 66s 5 at 58s 2 at 18s 1 at 47s. Halgalla : ck. sold at 76s 6d 3 at 75s 20 at 66s 3 at 58s

J. A. C. 2 cks. sold at 77s 0d 14 at 60s 5 at 60s 2 at 78s 1 at 47s.

Halgalla 1 ck sold at 76s 6d 3 at 75s 20 at 66s 3 at 68s 2 at 78s 1 at 77s.

M. G. H. G. 2 cks. sold at 76s 5 at 69s 5 at 70s 18 at 68s 6d 10 at 63s 3 at 73s 9d 4 at 48s 1 out.

M. W. R. S. 3 cks sold at 76s 5 at 65s 6d 26 at 66s 1 at 58s 8 at 80s 10 brls at 43s 1 at 52s.

Hunwelle 5 cks sold at 75s 6d 5 at 68s 6d 5 at 62s 6d 1 at 78s.

Woodside 1 cks. sold at 75s 5 at 66s 5 at 67s 3 at 66s 6d 2 at 58s 6d 3 at 75s 1 at 45s 1 at 60s. 1 at 55s 2 at 50s 1 out 1 sold 71s. 2 at 37s.

Royel. 2 cks. sold at 74s 17 at 64s 10 at 57 6d 1 at 78s 6d 2 at 44s.

Kallebokka. 4 cks sold at 74s 5 at 65s 21 at 65s 6d 6 at 59s 6d 3 at 77s 5 at 76s 6d 4 at 45s 1 brl 40s.

New Forest 4 at 74s 1 at 55s 1 at 37s 2 at 77s.

Ouragalla. 7 cks bot. in at 74s 20 at 67s (64s bid) 3 at 57s 6d 2 at 68s 21 at 78s 6d 5 at 65s 6d 6 at 65s 6d 6 at 65s 2 at 78s 6d 17 at 45s 6d.

Kanagastalawa 2 cks. sold at 73s 6d 5 at 74s 6d 5 at 51 5 3 at 57s 6d 1 at 76s 6d 1 at 76s 1 at 42s.

Ellamulla. 3 cks. out at 72s 10 at 70 1 at 77s.

Lendolo, 8 cks sold at 77s 6d 5 at 66s 6d 3 at 50s.

tt 5/5 6d 1 at 705 6d 1 at 705 1 at 425.
Ellamulla. 3 cks. out at 728 10 at 70 1 at 775.
Lendooln. 8 cks sold at 715 6d 5 at 665 6d 3 at 505,
Stony Cliff. 8 cks. sold at 715 6d 17 at 655 7 at 575 6d
2 at 755 6d 2 at 755 2 at 455 6d.
Borders 1 ck. sold at 715 14 at 665 3 at 57 2 at 765 6d.

Numerous experiments were made to test this theory in many of the stations in the North-West, Borders 1 ck. sold at 71s 14 at 60s 3 at 57 2 at 76s 6d. N. P. G. W. T. L. 2 cks. sold at 71s 11 at 67s 5 at 58s the difficulty involved no satisfactory conclusion could be educed, the result of the enquiries being at 76s l at 76s 6d l at 42s. W K l ck sold at 71s 18 at 62s 6d 4 at 56s 6d 3 at 7s 13 brls sold at 47s 6d. New Valley 9 cks sold 71s 18 at 63s 6d l at 54s 2 at

s 60 1 at 48s. Dimboola 5 cks sold at 70s 4 at 70 6d 6 at 62s 6d 2

Timbola 5 cks sold at 708 2 at 70 6 0 at 625 0 2 at 585 6d 2 at 785.

Glencairn 9 cks, sold at 708 12 at 658 9 at 588 6 at 568 6d 2 at 778 6d 3 at 768 38 B. 498 6d.

Fivella 3 cks sold at 698 6d 8 at 658 6d 10 at 668 3 at 658 6d 5 at 668 6d 2 at 658 1 at 568 6d 3 at 578 6d 8 at Glencairn. 4 cks sold at 68s 18 at 61s 6d 4 at 56s 6d 3

t 778 I at 758 6d. Peacock Hill 16 cks sold at 698 6d 14 at 608 6d 3 at 54s 5 at 76s 6d. Tunisgalla 7 cks. sold at 68s 6d 1 at 74s 8 at 60s

hall. 8 bought in 68s 23 at 62s 9 at 58s 6d 9 at

Aruhall. 3 bought in 688 23 at 028 9 at 508 6d 9 at 568 5 at 768 6d.

Portree cks sold at 688 7 at 608 6d 1 at 538 1 758 6d.

Wiharepalla. 5 cks sold at 678 6d 7 at 678 7 at 648 7 at 598 1 at 778 4 at 478.

Hattonvelle. 6 cks sold 678 6d 5 at 668 6d 5 at 668 11 at 668 6d 7 at 618 1 at 57 3 at 4 8 2 at 788.

Ourugalla 28 cks. bot in 678 (638 bid) 5 sold at 578.

M. C. H. G. 18 cks. sold at 668 6d 1 at 578 8 at 608

M. C. H. G. 18 cks. sold at 66s 6d I at 57s 8 at 60s 3 at 77s.

Devon, 2 cks. sold at 66s 26 at 63s 4 at 58 6d 2 at 77s.

Aigburth, 3 cks. sold 66s 70 at 63s 4 at 62s 6d 7 at 57s 1 at 76s 2 at 75s 2 at 43s.

Bopettia 2 cks sold at 66s.

Doonachee. 4 cks. sold at 65s 6d 1 at 54s 1 at 76.

Mossyille. 3 cks sold at 65s 2 at 63s 6d 13 at 61s 6d 8 58s 8 at 56s 6d 2 at 45a 6d 1 77s.

T. T. A. M. 1 ck. sold at 65s 5 at 61s 2 at 56s 1 at 76s 2 at 48s 6d 1 at 59s.—1 ck. out 69s 6d 2 sold at 64s 6d 3 at 57s 6d 1 at 76s 2 at 46s 6d.

Pooselenne. 1 ck. sold at 65s 2 bot in 64s 9 at 60 5 sold 55s 1 at 74s 1 at 74s 1 at 43s.

Toolselenie. 1 ck. Sold at 658 2 och in 648 9 at 665 5 old 558 1 at 748 1 at 738 1 at 438.

Cottaganga 2 cks sold at 658 5 at 648 6d 41 at 648 27 och in at 638 (588 bid) 4 at 778.

Penross. 3 cks sold at 648 6d 3 at 628 15 at 618 5 at Yattewatty, 1 ck. sold at 648 2 at 568 6d 2 at 558 1 at

74s 2 at 43s. Kirkoswald 6 cks. cold at 64s 6 at 59s 6d 2 at 54a 6d a at 75s 19 B. 62s 30 B. 60s 8 at 54s 6d 4 out 6 sold at 13s 6d. Kondasalla I ck. sold at 64s 6d 2 at 59s I at 55s I at

72s 5 ck. 2 B. sold at 36s 6d. Mottata 4 cks sold at 33s 6d 4 at 59s 1 at 77s 1 at 43s. Allagalla 1 ck. sold at 63s 6d 6 at 61s 4 at 50s 6d 2 at 54s 3 at 44s 6d 1 at 75s 2 at 74s 2 at 59s 1 at 41s 8 at

32s 6d.

Dodangalla. 2 bot. in 63s 14 sold at 61s 6d 5 at 56s 6d 2 at 655 11 at 76s 4 at 43s 1 at 46s.

Narrangalla 35 cks bot in at 63s (6os bid) 3 cks sold at 62s 6d 16 bot in at 59s (58s 6d bid) 2 sold at 55s.

Shallock 2 cks sold at 62s 6d.

Rappahannock 20 cks bot in at 62s 6d.

Wattegalla. 17 cks sold at 61s 6d 10 at 59s 6 at 58s 6d 16s at 58 4 at 73s 24 486 5 at 42s.

l 16 at 56s 4 at 73s 2 at 46s 6 at 43s. Watawalkelle I ck sold at 61s.

Watawalacie 24 solu at 615 21 sold at 605 6d 8 t 605 6d 3 at 755 6d 2 at 425. Monarakande 6 cks. sold at 615 2 at 565 1 at 76 6d. Kobanilla 2 cks. sold at 605 6d 3 at 585 5 at 555 1 at 76s 1 at 44s 2 at 47s.

Knuckles 20 bot in at 6os 3 sold at 55s 15 at 59s 10

55s 6d. Ratotte. 1 ck sold at 60s 5 at 59s 6d 7 at 59s 6 at 54s at 39s 3 at 74s.

Mossville. 3 cks sold at 60s 9 at 58s 6d 10 at 56 6d 11 at 55 s 8 at 40s 8 at 74s 4 at 59s 6d. N. 4 cks. sold at 60s 2 at 55s 1 76s 8 at 45s 1 at 42s 14 at 38s.

Loonoogaila 3 cks. sold at 59s 6d 6 at 57s I at 74s. Paswelle 5 out 5 sold at 58s 6d 22 at 58s 5 at 54s 4 nt 3 sold at 73s.

K. K. I ck. sold at 58s 9 at 57s 7 at 55s I at 58s I at 6s 3 at 43s. Vurrie Mittia 2 cks sold at 57s 8 at 50s 5 58s 1 at 57s

at 74s 6d 2 at 63s 6d 1 at 60s 6d 2 at 8 at 74s 6d 2 at 63s 6d 1 at 60s 6d 2 at 144s. Grandpass 6 cks sold at 57s 5 at 56s 6d 6 at 54s 4 at 72s 6d 5 at 42s. Aloira. 14 out 5 cks. sold at 56s 6d 4 at 44s 6d 6 at

W. R. C. S. 2 cks sold at 56s 2 out 5 sold at 68s 5 at

ouverts!" and a general scuiffle followed. The men forced their way through the crowd to secure tickets and have their luggage registered, while the women and children collected their parcels and stumbled over the boxes and packages, the straggling fowls and animals, that cumbered the way, in their desperate attempts to obtain places in the train. Then came the cry. "La train or the conditions of the cond train. Then came the cry, "Le train est complet!" and the poor creatures who had proved more feeble and the poor creatures who had proved more feeble or less pushing than their neighbours had to wait another weary hour for the commencement of a

cuper des plaintes de tont le monde."

All the way down to Tours we crossed trains

COLLECTING PEONS.

TIMES," two Collecting and Delivery

NOTICE.

MR. C. MATHEW, Ship Chandler, begs to give notice, that he has this day removed his place of business to No. 6, Canal Row, from where a full view of the Galle Face can be had. The House being a large and commodious one, Mr. C. MATHEW will be glad to receive Boarders on Moderate Terms, a reduction being made for

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C. MATHEW.

Fort, Colombo, Canal Row, 2nd November, 1870.

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Osborne & Co.' Cosmetic Petroline Soap prepared with the pure Barbadoes Tar. In addition to the invaluable medicinal qualities this Soap possesses, it will be found far superior to other Perfamed Soaps for the ordinary purposes of the Toilet. Its extreme mildness, and excellent detergent properties, make it an indispensable requisite to all who suffer from tender skin. Recommended by all the eminent skin doctors. Prize Is, per box.

OSBORNE & Co.'s PETROLEUM SOAP, prepared with the same ingredients as the above in a more concentrated form, for acute cases of skin eruptions. It will be found especially useful as a disinfectant. Price 6d. per tablet.

OSBORNE & Co.'s PURE OATMEAL, for the softening and whitening the skin, fragrantly

OSBORNE & Co.'s PURE OATMEAL, for the softening and whitening the skin, fragrantly perfumed. 1s. per box.
OSBORNE & Co.'s CARBOLIC TAR SOAP, prepared with the medicinal Carbolic Acid in combination with Barbados Tar, and invaluable preparation for hot climates. 1s. per box of 3 tablets. OSBORNE & Co.'s ORRIS ROOT TABLET, a new

Soap for the Toilet. Recommended for its mildness and refreshing perfume.

OSBORNE & Co.'s "BABY'S SOAP, 6d."

OSBORNE & Co.'s REAL OLD BROWN WINDSOR SOAP, 2s. 6d. per packet.
OSBORNE & Co.'s IMPROVED DITTO, 1s. and 2s. OSBORNE & Co.'s IMPROVED DITTO, 1s. and 2s.
per packet, or in boxes of 3 tablets 1s.
OSBORNE & Co.'s FAMILY DITTO, is. per lb.
packet, or in wood boxes of 7 and 14 lbs.
This is a beautifully bland Soap, distinguished for
its refreshing Odour.
PERFUMERY
Oborne & Co.'s Celebrated Extracts
— Jockey Club, Ess. Bouquet, Stock Exchan g
Bouquet, Oriental, &c. &c.
OSBORNE & Co.'s NEW TARTAN PERFUMES
— "Queen's Own," Rob Roy, Royal Stewart.
Delightfully fragrant and lasting.
OSBOURNE & Co.'s BRILLIANTINE (Flower
Scented), for imparting a beautiful gloss to
the Hair and Whiskers.

OSBORNE BAUR & CHEESEMAN.

OSBORNE BAUR & CHEESEMAN, PERFUMERS TO HER MAJESTY,

Golden Square. Regent Street. London For upwards of a quarter century Manufacturers and Managers to the late Robert Henbuile.

Agents in all parts of the World.

** See that you get OSBORNE & Co.'s Preparations

BENSONS.

GOLD WATCHES CLOCKS JEWELLERY all kinds. Of all kinds. Newest Designs.

LEVER. DRAWING-ROOM.
HORIZONTAL. CHRONOMETER. CARRIAGE.
KEYLESS. CHURCH. HALL AND SHOP. BRACELETS BROOCHES, EAR-RINGS. LOCKETS.

CHRONOGRAPH. HALL AND SHOP. NECKLACES.
GOLD LEVER HUNTERS, 14, 18, 3, and 35 Guineas
SILVER do 6, 7, 11, and 20 do
Mr. BENSON, who holds the appointment to H.R.H.
the Prince of Wales, has just published two Pamphlets,
enriched and embellished with illustrations—one upon
Watch and Clock Making, and the other upon Artistic
Gold Jewellery. These are sent post free on application. Persons living abroad can select the article
required, and have it forwarded with perfect safety.

ORDERS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO

25, OLD BOND STREET; and THE CITY STEAM
WORKS, 58 & 60, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON;
Or, if preferred, to H. S. King & Co. (late Smith
Bider & Co.), Bombay, of whom can be obtained the
Illustrated Pamphlets.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES For Snider-Enfield of 577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of 450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Depar'ment, also of 500 bore for Military Rifles. WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTIDGES with enlarged Base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted-Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and

other Riffes; also Cartridges for Ballard, the Spencer and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest Cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above Cartridges case (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-looding Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in Her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM-FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Weston's Transfers

for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's and other Pocket PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers o

-m/. 9-m/. and 7-m/. bore. CENTRAL-FIRE and PIN-FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and system of Guns, Rifles, and Revolverf Double Waterproof and E. B. Cabs. Patent Wire Cartridges, Eeit Gun Weddings for Breech and Muzzie Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military

ELEY BROTHERS Gray's Inn Road London.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

EUROPEANS IN CEYLON.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The leading professional men of England recommend the following popular preparations of SAVORY & MOORE, who obtained the Silver Medal at the late Paris Exhibition.

For Breakfast and Lunch.—"Pancreat's Cocoa,"—Nutritious, palatable, and indispensable to all suffering from Indigestion. Debility and Pulmonary complaints. Sold in tins of 1 lb, and upwards.

Digestion is restored and perfected by the use of "Pancreatine." This valuable antural product properly assimilates every kind of food and precludes nausea. Sold in Bottles and Wine and in powder.

Wasting Disease.—Immediate relief and permanent benefit is obtained by using "Pancreatic Emulsion." It is agreeable to the taste, and assimilates all fatty substances Cod Liver Oil, &o. Sold in bottles.

Consumption.—In all cases where Cod Liver Oil is taken the "Pancreatic Emulsion" increases appetite, nutrition and materially helps the system. Sold in Bottles.

Asthma, &c.—In diseases of the throat and respiratory organs the use of "Datura Tatuta" gives instant relief, and its good results are confirmed by the personal experience of most eminent Physicians. Sold as Cigars, Cigarrettes, Pastiles for inhalation, &c.

Diarrhoea, Cholera, &c.—Jeremie's celebrated Sedative and Anti-spasmodic has never been

rettes, Pastiles for inimilation, &c.

Diarrhosa, Cholera, &c.—Jeremie's celebrated Sedative and Anti-spasmodic has never been known to fail in the most desperate cases of Cholera. Sold in Bottles.

Food for Infants.—The Royal Narseries are supplied with the food prepared by Savory & Moore. It has received the marked approva, of eminent medical men for its nutritive and digestive qualities. Sold in tins ready for use

SAVORY & MOORE, Chemists to the Queen, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales the Emperor Napoleon III., the King of the Belgians, &c

143, New Bond Street, London. See Trade Mark on every Bottle and Tin Sold by all Chemists, Druggists and Storekeeper throughout the World.



Silver Medal

PARIS EXHIBITION 1867.

PEPSINE WINE—LOZENGES—GLOBULES.
The most agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion. In bottles and boxes.

PANCREATIO EMULSION in 4 oz. 3 oz. and 16 oz

bottles.
SACCHARATED WHEAT PHOSPHATES, a valuable dieter preparation for Invalids and Children in kets.
GELATINE AND CRESOTE (Morson's).

Chlorodyne, in botties (Morson's).
Chlorodyne, in botties (Morson's).
Pure Chemicals and Latest Preparation
** See Name, Address, and Trade Mark.
T. MORSON & SON,
URORS INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION 1862,
87 & 124, Southampton Row, Russell Square, London
Orders to be made payable in London. SHIPPING ORDERS CAREFULLY PACKED.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. LIFE AND FIRE AS-OFFICERS in charge of BUILDINGS will find the PYRIMONT ASPHALTE the most effective and economical material for covering FLAT ROOFS, and for suppressing the rising of moisture through WALLS and BASEMENTS. Also for the FLOORS

STORES and WAREHOUSES, PRISONS—LAVATORIES, ABATTOIRS and MARKETS, BARRACKS—MORTUARIES,

BARRACKS—MORTUARIES,
ELEPHANT HOUSES, STABLES, and
Floors generally. The WHITE ANT and othe
vermin excluded.
A LIST of WORKS to which the material has
been successfully applied for upwards of 30 years
can be had post free on application to
J. FARRELL, Secretary, London

Parliament Street, London Orders must describe the class of work for which the material is wanted, and the superficial area, that the shipment may embrace the proper qualities and quantities. Payment in England is required to ensure attention to an order. All Blocks are impressed on two opposite side with the words

> PYRIMONT SEYSSEL.



LEA AND PERRINS CELEBRATED.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE DECLRED BY CONNOISSEURS

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condinent having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE and to see that their names are upon the wrapper

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged. L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with powers of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitation by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, & see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, & Stopper.

SUEZ CANAL.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietor Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c nd by Gr ocers and Oilmen universally.

THE VICTORIA DOCK offers special advantage for the long steam vessels likely to be engaged in trading between ports in the East and London, by mean of the Suez Canal.

The Victoria Dock entrance is the first dock entrance

arrival at on coming up the River Thames. It is situated half-a-mile below Blackwall, and by it steam vessels avoid all the bends in the more crowded parts of the The depth of water on the cill of the gates is 28 feet and the capacity of the lock is adequate to the largest class of vessels.

Class of vessels.

**Class

class of vessels. Most of the iron-clads;—the Minataur and Northumberland, of 6,620 tons burthen, and 450 feet in length, were fitted out in the Victoria Dock.

The large water space of ninety acres, and capacious jetties, each of which is 500 feet long and 80 feet wide, with convenient warehouses thereon, afford the utmost dock and Wharf accommodation; and attached to the dock is a pontoon, for raising, examining, and repairing large vessels, whereby the risk and expense of removal to dry docks is avoided.

The quava are surrounded by railway communication.

large vessels, whereby the risk and expense of removal to dry docks is avoided.

The quays are surrounded by railway communication, so that trucks come alongside vessels, and merchandize can be conveyed by railway to and from all the manufacturing places in the United Kingdom.

By means of hydraulic cranes vessels are unloaded and loaded with unexampled despatch. Goods to and from the Victoria Dock are received at and delivered from the Minories Station by frequent trains in the day. Passengers are conveyed to and from the Dock by trains between the Fenchurch Street and Bishopsgate Stations every quarter of an hour.

Stations every quarter of an hour. THOMAS CHANDLER. London, and St. Katharine Docks House, Leadenhall Street, London, December, 1869.

"Berkeley, Sept., 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking 'Norton's Camomile Pills.' I applied your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above-named Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating the stomach of time, having tried nearly every the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a ength of time, having tried nearly-every remedy prlescribed, but without deriving any bene fit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills, I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this, publicity, for the bonof of those who may thu, be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yourstruly, Henry Allp ss.—To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills

Joyce's Sporting Ammunition

Established 1820. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO.

Invite the attention of a Sportsmen to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England. India, and the Colonies,

Joyce's Treble Waterproof Central Fire PERCUSSION CAPS.
Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Cartridge Cases of superior quality for Breech-loading Guns, Wire Cartridges for killing Game

at long distances,
And every description of Sporting Ammunition.
Sold by all Gunmakers and Dealers in Gunpowder
FREDERICK JOYCE & Co.,
Patentees and Manufacturers,

57, Upper Thames Street, London.

FRAUD. On the 27th June, 1866, MOTEEWALLAH, a Printer was convicted at the Supreme Court, Calcutta, of counterfeiting the LABELS

Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL, Leadon, and was sentenced by Mr. Justice Pheare to TWO YEARS RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT

And on the 30th of the same month for SELLING SPURIOUS ARTICLES bearing Labels in imitation of Messrs. CROSSS and BLACKWELL'S, SHAIK BACHOO was sentenced, by the Suburban Magistrate at Sealdah, to TWO YEARS RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT.

CAUTION .-- Any one SELLING SPURIOUS OILMEN'S STORES, under Crosse & Blackwell's name, will be liable to the same punishment and will be vigorously prosecuted. Purchasers are recommended to examine all goods carefully before taking delivery of them. The GENUINE Manufactures of Messrs, Crosse & Blackwell may be had from every Respectable ealer in India.

MANURE FOR THE COFFEE PLANT MESSRS. E. PURSER & CO.,

AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTS, LONDON, AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTS, LONDON, having for many years devoted attention to the composition of Coffee Manures, which have been most successfully employed on some of the larges estates, beg to inform Planters that they have a pointed the undernoted Agents for the sale of their preparations in India

The first consignment gor forward by the steamer "Surbiton" via Suez Canae and the Agents are now ready to receive received. and the Agents are now ready to receive orderl for the same.

Purser's Patent Coffee Manure, contains all the mineral constituents of the Coffee Plant in their most available form.

Purser's Dissolved Bones.

A manure which has been used for many years, and requires no recommendation. Bones in this prepared state produce much better results than when used in a broken condition without further combination.

when used in a broken condition without ruther combination.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. H. MANN & Co., MANGALORE and MESCARA,

" JAMES ANDREW & Co., CALICUT.

(Limited.)

Universal Marine Insurance Company

THE ROYAL INSURANCE

COMPANY.

Capital £2,000,000,

ACCUMULATED FUNDS IN HAND

£1,500,000.

Is entitled to rank amongst the first.

LIFE.

Large participation in profits, undoubted security and exemption of insured from liability of partnership Forfeiture of a policy cannot take place from unintentional misstatement.

FIRE.
MODERATE PREMIUM, PROMPT AND

LIBERAL SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS.

AGENTS FOR CEYLON.

LEECHMAN & Co.

Agent in Kandy, J RUSSEL GRANT.

Agent at Galle, P. L. VANDERSTRAATEN, M. D.

LIFE and FIRE risks accepted on the spot withou reference to England.

The City of Glasgow Life Assurance

Company.

ARMITAGE BROTHERS. Colombo, 7th April 1870.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

Life Assurance Institution.

HEAD OFFICE, 9 & 10 KING STREET, CHEAPSIDE LONDON, E.C.

ESTABLISHED 1840,

(Empowered by Special Act of Parliament.)

Capital One Million.

A siddition to all ordinary Assurances this Company issues policies by which the sums assured are made payable to the policy Holder himself on his attaining a specified age, or to his representatives in case of his death before arriving at such age thus

enabling the assured to provide for their

families and secure Retiring provisions

for themselves.

FREE POLICIES are granted. These can never become altogether void by non-payment of premiums.

Ireniums payable annually, half-yearly, quarterly, or monthly as desired.

CLERGY FUND. One-tenth of the Proprie on more favorable terms than in any other office.

Full information may be had from

FOWLIE, RICHMOND & Co.,

Agents are prepared to accept risks.

(Limited.)

Colombo, 26th June, 1867.

Agents. C. SHAND & Co

Agents C. SHAND & Co

Commercial Union Fire MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY. The Southern Insurance Company

HEAD OFFICE. 19 and 20, Cornhill, London.

FOWLIE, RICHMOND & Co. Colombo, 9th October, 1869.

Batavia Sea & Fire Insurance Coy

ESTABLISHED 1843. HEAD OFFICE IN BATAVIA.

Trustees. Directors. H. Klein Esq., D. J. C. F. A. W. Lechten-The Right Hon: F. J. Van Hemert D. J. L. W. Grebling Esq. berg Esq. Agents in London-Messrs. Baring Bros: & Co. Do do Liverpool Do.

Director in Amsterdam-Jan Ter Meulen Esq. THE undersigned have been appointed Agents for this Company and are prepared to issue Policies of Marine Insurance on first class Mercantile Risks

from Ceylon.

LEECHMAN & co.—Colombo. CLARK, SPENCE & Co .- GALLE.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital £2,000,000.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed Fully subscribed by upwards of SEVEN HUNDRED SHAREHOLDERS, whose individual responsibility is unlimited.

ANNUAL REVENUE UPWARDS OF £200,000.

Head Office:

ABERDEEN, DUNDEE, EDINBURGH, GLASGOW, ANI AT I MOORGATE STREET, LONDON.

Life Department.

THE COMPANY has two distinct scales of premium for the assurance of lives in the East, suitable respectively to persons residing there for a short time only, and to those whose residence is likely to be of longer duration. By one scale ("Reducible Rates") Premiums are lowered to the Home Rates, and the Policy placed on the Home conditions of Assurance then current, on the assured returning to Europe. By the other ("Non-Reducible Rates") the assured instead of being subjected to a heavy extra premium during his Eastern residence, has the option of spreading the same over the whole currency of his assurance by paying an unchanging premium, little higher than that charged for residence at home

Fire Department.

INSURANCES granted on most favorable terms on every description of property and produce in the Island, including Stores on Coffee Estates, not covered with thatch, also on Oil stored in open yards.

Prospectuses and particulars furnished on application to the Agents.

C. SHAND & Co.

CLOSE OF THE PRESENT BONUS PERIOD, on 15th November, 1870.

PERSONS who may assure before that date, will have a share in the Division of Profits to be made in 1871, which will include the whole divisible Profits which have arisen since 15th NOVEMBER, 1865.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1826

With which is now united THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Colonial and Foreign Assurances.

A N Amalgamation having been formed between the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and the COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, the Business of the United Companies will henceforth be conducted under the title of the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The sunual Revenue of the Standard Company is now upwards of £650,000, and the Accumulated Funds thought to upwards of £3,500,000 Sterling. The new Business transacted during the past year amounted to be large sum of £1,375,000 sterling, the corresponding Premiums amounting to £45,337 per annum.

MODERATE RATES.

charged for residence in the Colonies, India, and other places abroad, LOCAL BOARDS AND AGENCIES

In India and in all the British Colonies, where every facility will be afforded in the transaction of businessed where Premiums may be received and claims paid.

Immediate reduction of Premium on return to Europe or other temperate cluste without Medical Certificate LOFITS divided every five years.

The new Colonial and Foreign Prospectus may be had on application at the chief offices of the Com-

Manager and Actuary.
D. CLUNIE GREGOR,
Colonial and Foreign Secretary. (Ceylon Board.)

J. T. WHITE, Esq. of Messrs. J. M. Robertson & Co. Merchants.
GIGHARD CAYLEY, Esq. Rarrister at Law.
F. J. Die Saham Esq.

Medical Adviser— Dr. W. CARDEN Roe.

Agents & Secretaries of Board -- Alstons, Scott & Co.

SUB-AGENTS:

Messrs Keir, Dundas & Co.—Kandy,

Delmege, Reid & Co.—Galle,

J. R. Dunlor Esq.—Jaffna.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

SECURITY

Should be the First Consideration in Insurance Transactions. THE DIRECTORS OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY have the following information to the public, as evidence of the ample security they afford to their assurers:—

THE CAPITAL of the Company, available for the purpose of meeting any unusual calamity happening to the Assured, is

TWO MILLIONS STERLING. The amount actually paid up is £288,495. This, with the Accumulated Funds in Hand, makes the rivested esources of the Company upwards of ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS, which amount is invested as follows:— INVESTED FUNDS OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

30th June, 1869. Real Property owned by the Company.....

£1,672,356 16 11 The above is a complete list of the Investments of the Campany at the date specified, in addition to which the funds are still further increased, by amounts constantly varying, at different periods, in the hands of the Bankers and the Company's Agents. At 31st Dec., 1868, these stood at.....

For the satisfaction of the Public, the whole of the Securities belonging to the Company are annually submitted to the careful scrutiny of two independent Auditors, and the following is an Extract from their Report to the last Annual Meeting:—

"The whole of your Books have been Audited—every Document, every Account, every Voucher, your Bank-book, and every Security—all have been most carefully kept, and there is not one doubtful Security in the whole."

THE ACCUMULATIONS OF THE LIFE DEPARTMENT. After payment of Losses, Annuities, and Expenses of every description, have been as follows :-

Funds in Hand at the last Quinquennial Valuation, 31st Dec., 1864, £621.434 15 5

Added to 31st December, 1865 103,146 7 3

, , , , 1866 124,165 7 5

, , , , , 1867 128,583 5 10

Total Accumulation of the Life Department on 31st December, 1868

exclusive of Shareholders' Capital £1,122,275 8 THE DIRECTORS ALSO THINK IT DESIRABLE TO STATE THAT THE BUSINESS OF THE ROYAL HAS NEVER BEEN AMALGAMATED WITH THAT OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

And that the LIABILITY of it Shareholders is UNLIMITED.

LEECHMAN & Co.

£168,089 2 0

BISHOPS. GRANULAR Effervescent Citrate of Magnesia

INTRODUCED AND PREPARED BY ALFRED BISHOP Manufacturing Chemist.

MEDICAL

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

17 & 18, SPECK'S FIELDS, MILE END NEW TOWN LONDON.

THIS perfectly white and delicately clean granulated THIS perfectly white and delicately clean granulated preparation possesses remarkable effervescent qualities, which far surpasses the ordinary Seidilitz Powder in its cooling, refreshing, and mild aperient properties, as well as in its flavour as a saline draught. It is particularly well adapted for women and young children, on account of its most agreeble flavour and mild effect.

N.B.—The genuine has the name of BISHOP upon the lot'le, also the Name and Trade Mark upon the Label, and is sold in convenient sizes, and secured in so perfect a manner that it may be shipped with safety to any part of the world.

Manufacturer also of Granulated and Effervescent Carbonate of Iron, Citrate of Quinine, Citrate of Quinine and Iron, carbonate of Lithia in Tubes, Citrate of Lithia, Vichy Salt, Seidlitz Mixture, and all other Granulated Preparations.

IN CHANCERY.—CAUTION.—BISHOP'S GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT CITRATE OF MAGRESIA.—Mr. Bishop having discovered that the Label which he have

IN CHANCERY.—CAUTION.—BISHOP'S GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT CITRATE OF MAGRESIA.—Mr. Bishop having discovered that the Label which he has used since 18:1 was being imitated, recently applied to the COURT OF CHANCERY for an INJUNCTION to restrain such imitation. The Injunction was immeated granted, and the Detendant was ordered to payall Mr. Bishop's costs and destroy the Labels implained of.

WHITMORE'S COMPOUND LINIMENT OF ARNICA.

A Specific for the cure of Rheumatism. Lumbago Sciattien, Sprains Contusions, Weakness of the Joluts Chilblains. &c.

It is also an excellent remedy as a stimulating application to the surface of the Chest and Back in Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pulmonary Consumption, and Hooping Cough. When the Liver is inactive, rubbed over it, its stsmulating properties, have a beneficial effect and in all cases where counter irritation is desirable, it will be found invaluable.

In bottles, small, medium, and large.

WILKINSON'S

BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES. Prepared from the receipt of an eminent Physician and experience has fully justified their recommendation as the most speedy remedy in IRRITATION OF THE THROAT, CATHARRAL COUGHS BRONCHITIS, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, SPITTING OF BLOOD, &c., &c. To public speakers and vocalists they will be found invaluable, as they impart a clear and beautiful one to the voice. Free from any preparation of Opium, and of an agreeable taste, they are applicable to all

No Pill is so efficacious in promoting Digestion strengthening the STOMACH, correcting ACIDITY, preventing or removing HEADACHE, GIDDINESS, &c., arising from a COSTIVE HABIT, DEBILITATED STOMACH, or TORPID LIVER.

They require no change of DIET, and those of the MOST DELICATE CONSTITUTION may take them with safety.

WHITMORE'S

STOMACHIC AND LIVER PILLS.

MOST DELICATE CONSTITUTION may take them with safety.

Taken as an adjunct with WILKINSON'S SARSAPA. RILLA with the greatest succe s.

In bottles small, medium, and large.

Agents in

COLOMBO.—O'Halloran Brothers, Apothecaries' Hall

Maitland & Co., Medical Hall,

KANDY.—Trowell & Co., Apothecaries Hall; d'Este & Co., Medical Hall.

POINT-DE-GALLE.—Fredk. Piters, Baptiste & Co.

PREPARED ONLY BY THOMAS WILKINSON. At Wilkinson's Celebrated Sarsaparilla, also Ginge and Camomile Depot.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

270, Regent Street, London.

Diseases of the Skin.

Universal approbation has been awarded to this fa mous Ointment for its efficiency in removing disease of the skin. For exorofula, scurvy, scald heads, and all eruptions of the skin, both in infancy and maturer years, no remedy can be applied which so quickly cures as Holloway's Ointment. In the nursery it should always be at hand to ease the many skin affections to which the majority of children are liable. In all heat and tooth rashes the Ointment is wonder fully cooling and curative. To soldiers, sailors miners, and travellers in foreign lands, it is invaluable Sores, Wounds, Bad Breasts, B Legsda. In this class of maladies an improvement in the appearance of the disease of the patient, follows the first dressing with the ointment.

It must not only be smeared on the wound or sore, but be briskly rubbed for some inches round about the diseased swollen or painful parts. It will penetrate to the blood vessels, nerves, and muscles, and even to the bone, and will exercise the most wholesome healing and purifying, power over every tissue requisite for thorough reparation. The effect of the Ointment is increased by fomenting with warm water before the Ointment is rubbed in; but sores, when healing should never be cleansed with sponge or any thing else, as the young and new flesh which appears like a Ointment is rubbed in; but sores, when healing should never be cleansed with sponge or any thing else, as the young and new flesh which appears like a oream, would be washed away

Blood to the Heart, Apoplexy
Nothing gives so much ease in these complaints
from which so many suffer as Holloway's cooling and
healing Ointment. When rubbed upon the spine, it
acts most energetically in drawing surplus blood from
the brain; even to children in teething; this Ointment
has a miraculous-effect in preventing fits, and convulsions, so often attendant on tooth cutting. The Fills
should be used according to the directions.

Rheumatism, Gout, Stiff Joints. Every one suffering from these painful affections hould use this purifying ointment, as it has rescued thouands from a life of torture, after every other means had been tried in vain. The ointment should be well rubbed into the skin at least twice a day after it has been properly fomented with warm salt and water, and dried. The inflammation soon yields and the patient no longer belpless, resumes his accustomed occupation.

Glaudular Swelling's, Bronchitis. Mumps. Sore Throat

and Diptheria.

and Diptheria.

To cembat these diseases with success, a remedy is required which will have the whole absorbent system under its conirol. Such a remedy is Holloway s Ointmeut, when rubbed on the skin. It penetrates to the glands, and removes any obstruction or imputity which may be impeding their healthy action. This Ointment acts on the very mainspring of life, for through the glands pass all new matter required for he hody's reparation; in all the above class or of cases the Ointment and Pills need conjointly, will act so scarchingly, and certainly, as to effect cures in the most deplorable cases.

Fistulas and Piles.

All inflammations and ulcerations of sensitive parts may be presently relieved, and ultimately cured by the diligent use of this cooling and healing Ointment, aided twice daily by bathing the parts in cold water. Immediate ease springs from this treatment, perseverance is necessary to effect a permanent cure.

Ashma, Shortness of Breath.

In these complaints the Ointment should be well rubbed twice a day upon the chest and between the shoulders, it will penetrate to the lungs, stimulate them to renewed exertions, prevent stagnation at blood, moderate the pulsations of the heart, regulate the current of air through the bronchial tubes, and thus effect a permanent cure.

Both the Ointr	nent and Pills show following cases:	
Bad Legs	Corns (Soft)	Rheumatism
Bad Breasts	Cancers	Scalds
Burns	contracted and	Sore Nipples
Bunions	Stiff Joints	Sore-throats
Bite of Mosqui-	Elephantiasis	Skin-diseases
toes and Sand-	Fistulas	Scurvy
Flies	Gout	Sore-heads
Coco-bay	Glandular Swel-	Tumours
Chiego-foot	lings	Ulcers

Ulcers Chilllains Lumbago Piles Wounds Sold at the Establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLO war, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following-prices:—1s. 14d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s. and 33s each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

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