

# THE MORNING STAR.

Vol. 55.

Jaffna, Thursday the 20th of June. 1895.

No. 13

RIGHTEOUSNESS EXALTETH A NATION: BUT SIN IS A REPROACH TO ANY PEOPLE.

## NOTICE.

The subscribers of the *Morning Star* who have not as yet sent in their dues are hereby reminded to remit the same at their earliest convenience.

## RECEIPTS TO THE MORNING STAR.

Straits Settlements Messrs. Tanjilimmar, C. Yesudasen,	95.
S. Ariyadudi and S. Subramaniam	9.00
Matala Mr. D. Joseph	2.00
Batticaloa Mr. C. H. Kathiravallupilly	2.00
Yanapannai Rev. V. Appathilly	1.50
Jaffna Town Mr. L. Spencer	1.50

## NOTICE.

The Jaffna Trading Company Limited undertake to cash Straits Settlements' Bills of Exchange. Drafts on Banks in Ceylon, on easy terms.

M. Vyttilingam,  
Managing Director.

## TEACHER WANTED.

### FOR THE MANIPPY ENGLISH SCHOOL.

Applicant must be a Christian, holding qualifications to teach a middle school, and willing to stay for a term of at least one year. Persons desiring the situation should apply to the manager in person or by letter giving testimonials. Applications should be made before June 31st 1895.

T. B. SCOTT.

Manippay, June 5th 1895. Manager.

## BIRTH.

On June 16th at Araly, Jaffna, the wife of Dr. C. S. Ratnapillai L. M. S. of Kitalgala Subragama, of a daughter.

## ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 660.

In the matter of the Estate of the late Toyvaraipilly wife of Aronassalem Vyttilingam of Serupiddy Deceased. Aronassalem Vyttilingam of Serupiddy Petitioner.

1. Maternala Thambayah, wife
2. Parapatham.
3. Thambayah Saravanamuttu and
- (Minor) 4. Thambayah Suparanamuttu all of Serupiddy Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of Aronassalem Vyttilingam of Serupiddy praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Toyvaraipilly wife of Aronassalem Vyttilingam of Serupiddy coming on for disposal before H. Nevill Esq., District Judge, on the 10th day of June 1895 in the presence of Mr. T. M. Tampoo Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated the 10th day of June 1895 having been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is the lawful husband of the said Intestate and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said Intestate issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 11th day of July 1895 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

H. NEVILL,  
District Judge.

## ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 667.

In the matter of the estate of the late Kanattal daughter of Kanappathy Pullan of Palai Deceased. Ampalavan Murugan of Neervelli Petitioner.

1. Chintanaray Kathir of Palai
2. Peranatcheli wife of Ampalavan Murugan of Do.
3. Kanappathy Pullan of Neervelli and
4. Pullan Narani of Palai Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of Ampalavan Murugan of Neervelli praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Kanattal daughter of Kanappathy Pullan of Palai coming on for disposal before H. Nevill Esq., District Judge, on the 11th day of June 1895 in the presence of Mr. T. C. Changanappillai Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the 5th day of June 1895 having been read, it is declared that the petitioner is the brother-in-law of the said Intestate and as such is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said Intestate issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 5th day of July 1895 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

H. NEVILL,  
District Judge.

## ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 668.

In the matter of the estate of the late Matesaparam wife of Ampalavan Ponniah of Neervelli Deceased. Ampalavan Ponniah of Neervelli Petitioner.

In the matter of Estate of the late Matesaparam wife of Ampalavan Ponniah of Neervelli Deceased. Ampalavan Ponniah of Neervelli Petitioner.

Ashikuddi wife of Mallyagaram Chinnattamby of Vanarponnai East Respondent. This matter of the Petition of Ampalavan Ponniah of Neervelli praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Matesaparam wife of Ampalavan Ponniah of Neervelli coming on for disposal before H. Nevill Esq., District Judge, on the 12th day of June 1895 in the presence of Mr. T. C. Changanappillai Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated the 7th day of June 1895 having been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is the widower of the said Intestate and as such is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said Intestate issued to him unless the Respondent or any other person shall on or before the 5th day of July 1895 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 12th day of June 1895 H. NEVILL,  
District Judge.

## Local & General.

—THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. The Council met on the 12th inst. and after swearing in Mr. Taylor the Auditor General, took up and discussed the question of the Registration of Births and Deaths. Some changes had been made in the Bill and after a lively debate the Council adjourned to the following day. On the 13th inst. the discussion of the Marriage Registration Bill. So far as we can learn from the reports in the Colombo papers, several important changes have been made, and the Bill as finally passed was not as objectionable as it was before these changes were made. We quote "A lively debate ensued on the question whether registration should be compulsory or not, initiated by Mr. Gnanapavan who vigorously protested against such a provision. He was supported by Mr. Senaratne, and to a certain extent as far as immigrant coolies were concerned by Mr. Walker; but was opposed by Mr. Abdul Rahman—who spoke of the Mohammedan law as being the highest and purest on earth—Mr. Mitchell and the Acting Treasurer. The latter made a most effective speech, quoting against the Tamil members the opinions of the late Sir Arthur Cooper, Secretary, H. C. and Acting Attorney-General and the present Acting Registrar-General. The discussion partook largely of a quasi-personal character, the opposer of compulsory registration and the official in charge of the Bill criminating and recriminating, only to make it all up in the end. The clause was eventually carried by a large majority. Then followed a lengthy discussion on some other clauses, and the Bill as amended was reported and referred to the Law Officers of the Crown for report."

—THE CUBAN REBELLION. The Spanish Government is preparing to send 40,000 troops to this island to quell the insurrection.

—THE STRAITS PORTS. England, France and Russia are banding (1) in the Armenian outrages and (2) in the Armenian outrages at Jeddah.

It is about time that the Christian nations insist upon better government in the countries under the control of the Sultan. A more disgraceful illustration of misrule the world has seldom seen.

—MOONSH. Great uneasiness is felt in Madras at the coming of the monsoon. The crops in South India, are beginning to wither up, and unless rain soon comes famine is sure to follow. The heat is intense, in Bombay rain began falling on the eve of the 11th inst. and it is hoped that the monsoon has set in. In Colombo the rain set in on the 11th and the temperature has fallen several degrees. Here in Jaffna, we have had cloudy weather for the past two or three days, but no rain. A week ago we experienced a heavy dust storm. The heat up to within a few days has been terrible, the thermometer registering as high as any time during the hot weather of April. Yesterday and today the wind has been boisterous, and the indications are that the monsoon is here at last, and we look for cooler weather.

We have received a copy of the administration report of the Northern Provinces from which we hope to make a few extracts in our next issue.

—MR. C. S. KANAGARATNAM A. A. who accompanied Mr. Conanghey to America is advertised to speak, replying to the statements of Swamy Vive Kananda concerning Hinduism and Christian missions in India. He is now in New York, but has not fully decided what course to pursue while in America.

—SUGAR. A few silver conventions has been convened in one of the cities of the South, and is attended by about two thousand delegates.

—HEAT IN CALCUTTA. The heat of the past month has been almost unprecedented in Calcutta. The thermometer has been as high as from 100 to 115 degrees, and there have been a great number of cases of sunstroke among both men and horses.

—A telegram from England announces the birth of a son to Captain and Mrs. Lyon—a grandson to H. E. the Governor.

—EARTHQUAKE IN ITALY. A strong shock of earthquake experienced at Florence on the morning of the 6th inst.

—PORTUGAL. The Portuguese Republic has utterly collapsed, and the Chinese Viceroy, Tang, who was selected its first President, is now a fugitive.

We are glad to welcome Mr. J. S. Black to Jaffna who arrived with his family on the 8th inst. on leave. His daughter is to be married to Mr. T. J. Sinnathamby on the 23rd inst.

—RAILWAY ACCIDENT. A railway accident occurred at

Galle on the 5th inst. by which nearly 40 passengers were more or less injured, the only one seriously. The total amount of loss is estimated at not far from Rs. 5,000.

—MISS M. LEITCH returned to Jaffna on the 7th inst. by steamer. We understand that she expects to make Chavagacherry her headquarters.

—VISITOR AT P. PENNO. Pandit V. Kanappathy Pillay, Sanskrit professor in the College of the Maharaja of Travancore, has just returned to India, after visiting his friends and relatives at P. Penno during the past few weeks. S. Ponnusamy Pillay of the Bank of Bengal, Rangoon, after a month's holiday has returned to his work. S. N. S. Mutumamary Pillay, Head clerk of the Supt. of the Post Office at Mogga, Burma, is now on a visit of 6 months leave, after an absence of 10 years.

—P. PENNO. Mr. Cassichetty returned from Colombo on the 7th inst. and resumed duties at P. Penno.

—COLONIAL NEWS. The Hon. H. L. Wendi is now in England, having gone there for a change. Justice Lawrie has gone home on leave and Mr. Brown has been appointed as Junior Puisne Justice. Justice Brown is expected to take the Northern circuit in July. Mr. Temple has been appointed the District Judge of Colombo.

—A STRONG RIFT. At Mattovil, a village in the Chavagacherry district, a riot of a sectarian nature is reported to have taken place. A limit fence of the land owned by a man of the Vellah caste, and by another of the Nalava caste was the cause of all the strife. The former claimed superiority of power by reason of his higher caste. As matters could not be adjusted, a strong feeling grew up between the two factions. And one day last week the two parties came into conflict, and the Nalavas seemed to have fared the worse. Clashes, stones, knives, &c. are reported to have been freely used and both parties are now before the Court.

—THE COURT NEWS. There has never before been such a lull in the work of the District Court. The cases are few and everything about the District Court is dull. The Secretary of the Court having been a little indisposed was absent from his post for about a week, the head clerk acting for him. The office routine, it is reported, will soon undergo substantial repair and the office will be temporarily removed to the newly repaired building adjoining the Registrar's office, which structure appears to be of no practical use at present. Mr. Sampathnath of this Court has transferred his license to the Court at Anaradhapura and he has been highly commended for the wise exercise of his discretion.

—A VISIT TO THE WOMAN'S HOSPITAL. Ennivil will no longer be a village of insignificance. The locality where the village terminates is now busy with builders, carpenters and others who are all intent upon the construction of the long wished for Hospital for women. The contractor and the overseer in charge are very diligent about the work and should the work not be finished within the prescribed period of one year, no fault could be attributed to them, as such an enormous establishment cannot be given over for use within a year. The foundations for all the required buildings have been laid and all the walls of the main buildings were on the 15th instant, over three feet high. The roofing and the frame work of all the windows and doors are lying in sheds ready to be transported to the respective places as soon as the walls are raised to the required height. Calicut tiles are lying in an enclosure, and about 25 carpenters and carpenters and 50 coolies are daily at work in the premises besides others who are engaged outside for the preparation of materials for the building. An extent of about one beecham of land with huts on the south-east of the premises is disputed by an unjust claimant, and it was found necessary that he should be ejected by process of law, which action against him is being taken by the Court at Maligama. We wish all success and prosperity to the patrons of this benevolent institution.

—BAPTIST MISSIONARIES. We learn that certain Baptist Missionaries are at present in Jaffna and that they held a meeting in the Baptist Vernacular School in the Pettah on the night of the 15th inst.

—MR. S. ELYATAMBY of the P.W.D. at Anuradhapura, son of Mr. H. Stowell and brother-in-law of Mr. D. C. Chellappa, Sub-Inspector of Schools is now at Manippay Jaffna on six months leave.

—MEDICAL. Dr. M. Elyatamby succeeds Dr. Johnson as Medical Officer in charge of the Out Door Dispensary, Jail and Infectious Diseases Hospital at Jaffna.

—DR. R. H. PHILLIPS succeeds Dr. Elyatamby at Point Pichai as medical officer in charge of the Pichai Hospital. Dr. C. Ratnapillai, son of Mr. Kariyagase of Araly and son-in-law of Rev. Backus of Palai, succeeds Dr. Phillips at Mantova as medical officer in charge of the Civil Hospital there.

Dr. V. Muthukumar who was acting for Dr. Johnson goes back to his station at Chavagacherry. Mr. M. E. Pichai as well as the other staff of the Pichai Hospital, Health officer on being relieved by Dr. V. Muthukumar, at Elavattai.

Mr. D. H. Margenot will go to Delft and relieve Mr. M. Ramalingam who has been ordered to attend to the medical duties at the coming festival at Ninavotte. Mr. Margenot's duties will be performed by Mr. K. Vyttilingam. Mr. C. M. Manayil goes as medical officer in attendance to the medical duties at the coming festival at Madu while Mr. P. Tanjilimmar acts for him at Valtiyilalai.

Mr. A. Catinasser, Dispenser Civil Hospital Mullaitivu, is here on leave. He is improving in his broken health and spending his days among his relations. He is the son of Police Vellah Mr. Arumagan of Kopy.

Dr. W. E. Linn leaves Jaffna for Manar District on inspection duty on the 21st inst. and he will make a visit at Madu also in connection with the medical arrangements made at the Madu Festival.



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## INTEMPERANCE.

A fortnight ago as we were passing along Main street in town, we noticed a crowd of people in and around a room where apparently from the sounds an auction sale was going on. We were told, on inquiry, that the arrack rents for the different sub-divisions of the peninsula were being sold. The Government having disposed of the rent of the whole district at a good round figure, the purchaser, in turn, was sub-renting in order to make his profit out of the transaction. And later on, the petty dealers, in order to make their profits, will entice men and women—yes, and children too,—to take the accursed stuff which hurries them on to poverty, and crime, and death.

In this connection it strikes us that the laws governing the sale of toddy and arrack, should be strictly enforced. It is claimed, for instance, that the law forbidding the sale of these intoxicating beverages except in places licensed for this purpose, is often broken. It is commonly reported and quite generally believed that these liquors can be obtained at other than licensed places. Such places are known to those who are in the habit of frequenting them, but for obvious reasons this knowledge is kept back from the head men.

Again, it is said that the law requires that the licensed shops shall be closed at sun down. We should like to know how far this rule is observed, especially in country places. It is no uncommon occurrence to see persons under the influence of drink in the streets quarrelling or singing indecent songs, at almost any hour of the evening.

Again, it is claimed that tavern keepers are forbidden to sell to children. Yet, if report is true, little children under 10 years of age, are learning to drink.

These are some of the reports that have reached our ears,—whether true or not, we are not now in a position to affirm. But one thing we do know, and that is that drunkenness is increasing, and we shudder to think what Jaffna will come to if this rate of increase continues. There are those who claim that if Government would give up trying to get a revenue from this traffic, drunkenness would rapidly decrease. But unless this was accompanied by certain prohibitory laws, we do not see how the evil would be greatly lessened. It must be borne in mind that the habit of drinking has become more or less fixed with a great many, and these would continue drinking, and men would carry on the trade as before. Then in order to make the largest amount of profit possible, these dealers in the fiery stuff, would induce others to commence this habit, and thus the evil would go on increasing. If, on the other hand, laws could be enacted and enforced prohibiting the use of intoxicants except under certain conditions, we grant that it would be a long step towards redeeming the land from the curse of strong drink. But this is not likely to happen, so long as the Government succeed in getting so good a revenue from the sale of toddy and arrack.

What then is the remedy? What is it possible for us as individuals to do, to help our fellow men from the consequences of this terrible evil?

First of all we should bring to the notice of the authorities instances of the breaking of existing laws governing the sale of toddy and arrack. In this all should be interested. It is a question that pertains to the moral welfare of the people at large, and Sivities as well as Christians should strive for the moral good of their country. It will not do for us to shirk our responsibility. Fear of ridicule should not hold us back in a matter of life and death. If our information is correct at all, and we ourselves revelled for meddling in what, it may be said, does not concern us, we at least will have the satisfaction of knowing that we have done our duty.

In the second place it is incumbent upon all leaders of the people, to set forth clearly the evils of drink, and to instruct especially the children in principles of sobriety and temperance. If it is impossible for us to shut up every dram shop and to prohibit the use of intoxicating liquors, we can at least by our example and by our words influence the rising generation, as to bring about a reform that will be permanent. Preachers and teachers have a work to do here, the importance of which can hardly be over estimated. No uncertain sound should issue from the pulpit: no doubtful doctrine should be taught in the school room. Much can be done in a quiet way along these lines,—more it seems to us than by simply signing our names to a petition of one kind or another.

The community needs to be thoroughly aroused on the subject. We need to realize what a terrible curse, the habit of using intoxicating liquors is. The good Book says, "Wine is a mocker, strong drink is raging; and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise." "Woe unto him that giveth his neighbour drink, that putteth thy bottle to him and makest him drunken also." "Nor thieves, nor covetous, nor drunkards, nor revilers, nor extortioners, shall inherit the kingdom of God."

## ON THE WING.

## VII.

The Atlantic Ocean is certainly an uneasy sea. This steamer was one of the largest nine years ago, being of over 8000 tons, but she rolls and plunges in a most uncomfortable fashion, so that some of the ladies cannot come to the table at all and very few on some days. I myself have found my berth the most comfortable place for one day and a good part of two others, and yet we have had no storm. We have on board 93 saloon passengers, a very pleasant company. There are also 68 second class passengers and 612 steerage. The latter while away the time and attempt to forget their discomforts by a great deal of rude jollity.

The first day out being Easter Sunday, Rev. Mr. Macdonell of Toronto, Canada, read the episcopal service, and Dr. Matthews preached. The latter is the Sec. of the Presbyterian Union of England but preached many years in New York, and is a very genial companion. Our second day was saddened by a double burial at sea. One of the engineers, who had charge of the refrigerator, had influenza when the vessel left Liverpool, and early Monday morning he was found dead in his berth. Soon after one of the stewards was found dead in his berth of heart disease. He has been about thirty years in the service of this line. Dr. Matthews was asked to officiate at the double funeral. The coffins covered with flags were laid side by side on planks projecting over the vessel's side, and the episcopal service for burial at sea was read, while all the stewards and crew not on duty stood around and the passengers crowded every available place, and a gentle rain descended, as if the heavens were weeping in sympathy. Just as the hour of noon was struck the great screw stopped its revolutions, and at the words "we commit these bodies to the deep looking for the resurrection of the body, when the sea shall give up her dead," the planks were lifted and the two coffins slid into the sea. The feet of the bodies were weighted with heavy shot, and the coffins being made for the purpose, parted asunder and remained floating on the surface while the bodies sank swiftly to the bottom of the great deep. As I looked back over the course of the ship there was a break of about a quarter mile in the white track churned up by the screw propeller, and in that calm spot the coffin boards floated as head boards to a deep grave, and I thought how every life path is crossed by such breaks marked by the coffin of a loved one. The engineer leaves his family in good circumstances, but the steward was poor, and a collection has been taken for his family amounting to about £12.

This morning we passed a schooner in distress with its flag at half mast. It had sunk nearly to the water's edge, and the crew had taken refuge in the rigging. A White Star steamer had seen them first and gone to their rescue, so that there was nothing for us to do.

Among our passengers is an old lady who has a sort of mania for crossing the sea, and is said to have crossed the Atlantic 160 times, and spent quite a fortune in doing it. Sitting next to us at the table are Mr. and Mrs. Grant. His father is a cousin of General Grant, and he and his brother were school mates of mine in boyhood, and he could give me much interesting information as to our old school-mates. He is introducing American machinery in England and Europe, and has just sold \$150,000 worth. Another American gentleman here has a massive gold medal costing \$300, which he received for the best machinery in another line. We have also at our table two Zena ladies missionaries from Calcutta. There is also on board a Salvation army lady a graduate of Vassar College. One evening I was asked to give an address in the Music Room on "Glimpses of Ceylon," which I was very glad to do.

On Wednesday evening just before sunset as we approached the Gulf Stream, there was a most peculiar appearance. A mist or vapor was rising from the warmer water, and condensed by the cooler wind filled the hollows of the waves. It

looked to be not more than 5 or 6 feet high, and it gave the sea at a little distance just the appearance of the sea of clouds we sometimes see at Kodaikanal in looking over the plain, with an occasional wave lifting its head above the surface like the mountain tops there.

This afternoon while more than 300 miles from New York we sighted a pilot boat and took on a pilot. As these men get a good sum for piloting in these large steamers they go out on the sea sometimes even 500 miles to meet them so as to secure the job. He brought later papers than we had seen, but not the latest. How many important events may happen in the week or 6 days we are shut off from the rest of the world.

H.

## THE LATE MR. RICHARD WATSON.

The sad news of the death of Mr. Richard Watson at 6 p.m. on Wednesday evening, the 5th inst. was received in Pt. Pedro and in the surrounding villages where he was so well known, with feelings of deep sorrow. At the mission house, at the Customs, in the market place and everywhere where people thronged, men and women and even children talked sympathetically of the death of "Padrao" the name by which he was known on account of the active interest he took in Christian work.

Mr. Richard Watson was born in January 1849 of heathen parents, and was the last of a family of six children. His parents wished to give him an English education, but being staunch Sivities, they feared their son might become a Christian by the teaching and influence of the missionaries. He was bred up to the business of his father who was a paddy merchant, and was sent to his brother's at Anaiotta to learn business.

Here at the request of Rev. Richard Watson, Wesleyan native minister, who took a liking to the boy, he was put in the English school. After a few years, he returned to Pt. Pedro, and joined the English school there under Rev. Dr. P. Niles. Rev. Wm. Walton who was then the European missionary at Pt. Pedro, seeing that he was intelligent and persevering in his studies, encouraged him in various ways and placed in his hand many books which he read and afterwards bore such good fruit. He early imbibed a love for the Bible, and about 1864, he was so convinced of the truth of Christianity that in spite of the opposition of his parents, relatives and friends, he openly embraced Christianity.

He was baptized by Rev. William Walton and was named Richard Watson after his first English teacher and spiritual guide. His confidence and unshaken faith and the excellent character he bore bespoke a real change in the young man, and his parents never stood in the way of his religion. As the number of Christians was very small, and as those outside its pale taunted them with the reproach that they became converts "for the loaves and the fishes," or for the purpose of entering the public service through the favor of the missionaries, Mr. Watson had early resolved that if it was the will of God, he would be an independent Christian doing work for God without accepting a place under the mission, or even under the Government. He made up his mind to make a living by carrying on the business of his father. He was the only Christian merchant in Pt. Pedro, and by his honesty and uprightness won the respect of all. His godown was never open for business on Sundays. His example and the purity of his life, have been the means of converting his aged parents to the Christian faith.

In 1876 he was married to Miss Emily Basannah Nevias the daughter of the late Mr. William Nevias. He was happy in the choice he had made and his home with his wife and three children was to him always a sanctuary of peace and joy. He died at the age of 46, gloriously lauded by all.

Mr. Watson was esteemed by all with whom he came in contact. Successive Wesleyan missionaries both at Pt. Pedro and Batticaloa, have borne testimony to his sobriety, thoughtfulness and good character. He helped the work of the mission in various capacities. He was a local preacher for a long time, and leader of a class. At early meetings and meetings held for the conversion of the heathen, he always took a prominent part. During his last sickness, his mind was at peace and he died a triumphant death.

A large number of his relations and friends gathered at his residence on Thursday, the 6th, to pay their last respect to the departed, among whom we noticed the Rev. G. and Mrs. Trimmer of Jaffna.

Cm.

## ANAIOTTA CHURCH BUILDING.

Preparations are being made for the erection of a small Church building at Anaiotta. Some funds have been received from foreign sources but insufficient for the need. Through the efforts of Mr. Kathiramer of Anaiotta some contributions have been obtained from natives but further gifts are necessary for the completion of the work. We shall be grateful for any help given at this time. The following is a list of the Native friends who have already paid their subscription:

A. V. Comaraswamy	5 00	S. Samuel	2 50
A. M. Chittasingam	10 00	E. M. Kanagasabay	2 50
E. C. B. Komarakasathie	5 00	A. Friend	2 50
J. Spencer	5 00	A. Friend	5 00
V. Simappa	2 00	Richard Lawton	10 00
S. Tambyathan	2 00	C. Rethamilly	5 00
U. N. Asarappa	5 00	C. Parsons (pro. 15)	10 00
S. W. Sanathil Rajah	5 00	D. Joshua	10 00
N. S. Swaminathapillai	5 00	R. J. Solomon	5 00
J. T. Mariah	2 50	D. P. Nicholas	25 00
Total Rs. 124 00			