



Ceylon Government Gazette

Published by Authority.

No. 5,432—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1896.

PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments,
and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.

PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile.

PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

	PAGE		PAGE
Minutes by the Governor	...	Registrar-General's Vital Statistics	...
Proclamations by the Governor	...	Season Reports	...
Appointments, &c., by the Governor	... 583	Miscellaneous Departmental Notices	... 600
Orders of the Queen in Council	...	Sales of Unserviceable Articles	... 598
Government Notifications	... 586	Notices calling for Tenders	... 602
Revenue and Expenditure Returns	...	Meteorological Returns	... <i>Suppl.</i>
Notices by the Currency Commissioners	... 597	Quarterly Registration of Books	...

Important Notices received too late for Parts II. to V. are inserted at the end of this Part.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. E. C. DUMBLETON to act as Additional District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Badulla-Haldummulla, until further orders.

Mr. F. BOWES to be Additional District Judge, Badulla-Haldummulla, for the purpose of hearing District Court Case No. 4,255.

Mr. A. S. PAGDEN to act as Commissioner of Requests and Additional Police Magistrate, Colombo, during the employment of Mr. P. ARUNACHALAM on other duty, or until further orders.

Mr. H. B. CHRISTIE, Provincial Engineer, Badulla, to be a Visitor of the Badulla Jail in place of Mr. L. CREASY, who has left the station.

KALIKKUDDY KANTAPPODI, Acting Vanniya of Karavaku and Nintavur pattus, to be an Inquirer into Deaths for the Judicial Division of Batticaloa.

By His Excellency's command,

W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 23, 1896.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

DON LOUIS SARANASINHA to act as Registrar of Marriages, Births, and Deaths of the Ranna Division, in the District of Hambantota, for four weeks and two days from the 28th instant, during the absence of the Registrar, LAMA HEWAGÉ DON DINNES JAYASURIYA, on leave. His office will be at Tanayaméwatta in Ranna.

DON SUGAN WIJEWICKRAMA GUNASEKERA to act as Registrar of Marriages, Births, and Deaths of Kottawa Division, in the District of Colombo, for four weeks and two days from the 20th instant, during the absence of the Registrar, DON CHARLES SAMARASINHA AMARASEKERA, on leave. His office will be at Godaparagahawatta in Kottawa.

By His Excellency's command,

W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 20, 1896.

THE following Rules and Regulations of the Certified Industrial School at Haputale, made by the Governor, in Executive Council, are published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 15, 1896.

By His Excellency's Command,

W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary

I.—NAME OF INSTITUTION.

THE Institution shall be called "The Certified Industrial School," and shall consist of two branches:—

(1) The Orphanage, which shall depend for its support on the voluntary contributions of subscribers, the payment of fees by the friends of boys, and such educational grants and profits on trades as may be earned in this branch;

(2) That for Juvenile Offenders, which shall depend for its support on the maintenance fees paid by Government, trade profits, educational grants, and subscriptions. This branch shall be worked in accordance with the Ordinance for Industrial and Reformatory Schools (No. 1 of 1886), having been certified under the Ordinance by His Excellency the Governor.

"Premises" shall denote the land on which the buildings occupied by the Industrial School stand, and also the land leased from the Government, together with any land cultivated by the Industrial School.

II.—MANAGEMENT AND COMMITTEE.

1. The School shall be under the management of the Wesleyan Mission assisted by a local Committee (without financial responsibility) to consist of not more than sixteen, of whom three may form a quorum. Of this Committee the Government Agent of the Province of Uva, the District Judge, and the Superintendent of the Mission shall be *ex-officio* Members; the others to be elected at the quarterly meetings of the Committee. The Committee shall have power to fill any vacancies in their number that may occur during the year.

2. A meeting of the Committee shall be held once a quarter at the Industrial School, or at Badulla, or at Bandārawela, for the examination of accounts, the transaction of general business, or the inspection of the School. Notice of date, time, and place of meeting shall be given to Members by the Honorary Secretary, who shall also call a meeting at any time when desired on a requisition in writing from any two members.

3. All cases of admission to the Orphanage must be reported to the Committee, and must receive their sanction, when the responsibility of support will fall on the Institution funds.

4. The Committee shall advise and direct with regard to all the industries taught and all secular education. No new branch of study or industry shall be adopted without the sanction of the Committee.

5. At each meeting of the Committee the following questions shall be asked, concerning which the Committee shall have full power to advise and direct:—

- (a) What boys have left the Institution since the last meeting of the Committee; what is the report concerning them; and what prospect is there of their obtaining employment and earning a livelihood?
- (b) What boys have been received into the Homes, on what conditions, and for what terms?
- (c) What are the reports of the Medical Officers and Official Visitors?
- (d) Have any communications been received from Government with reference to the Institution?
- (e) What is the present state of the funds? Can we afford to entertain applications for admission on the Orphan fund?
- (f) What progress is being made in the School and in the various industries? Is any change proposed?
- (g) What is the report concerning boys who have at any time been trained in the School?

6. At the last meeting for the year estimates of income and expenditure for the ensuing year shall be laid before the Committee for their sanction, who shall empower the Superintendent to advance to the Manager such sums as he may consider necessary for the working of the Institution; provided that during any three months he shall not exceed one-fourth of the total estimate of expenditure without the consent of the Committee.

7. At the first meeting for the year the report and a statement of accounts (duly audited) for the past year shall be laid before the Committee for their sanction and approval.

III.—THE SUPERINTENDENT AND STAFF.

8. The staff shall consist of the Superintendent, Manager or Managers, Matron or Matrons, and such Teachers of School or Trades as the Superintendent may consider necessary.

9. The Superintendent of the Mission is the Superintendent of the Institution, and is responsible on behalf of the Mission for its finances, for the educational work, and the general oversight of the establishment.

10. He shall visit the Homes constantly (occasionally at uncertain hours) and examine the registers and account books, and read over the entries made in the several diaries since his last visit, and shall sign the books in record of his having done so.

11. He shall visit the Infirmary frequently and see that proper arrangements for sick children are carried out.

12. He shall regularly inspect the yards, dormitories, cook-rooms, workshops, latrines, and every part of the School, and once a month shall have a parade of all the boys in the Institution when he shall hear and decide on any complaints that may be made.

13. He shall control the staff of the establishment and may appoint or remove any member of it, but shall make no change in the management without the advice of the Committee.

14. He shall see that the Manager of each branch carries out his duties according to the rules of the institution.

15. He shall control and regulate all expenditure, subject to the advice and direction of the Committee as set forth in Rule II., 5 and 6.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS' BRANCH.

IV.—THE MEDICAL OFFICER.

16. The School shall be inspected by a properly qualified Medical Officer at least once a month, and he shall be required to report upon—

- (a) The sanitary arrangements of the School.
- (b) The quantity and quality of the food supplied to pupils.
- (c) The health of the pupils, especially of those in the infirmary or sick wards.

17. The District Medical Officer or his Assistant at Haputalé shall visit the institution not less than once a week, and at any time the Manager may call him in by sending him a written request to that effect.

18. The Medical Officer shall visit the Home on the written request of the Manager. The Medical Officer shall at such visit give such directions for the treatment of the patient or patients as he may think necessary; and it shall be the duty of the Superintendent, or the Manager acting for him, to see that the directions are carried out.

19. He shall keep a Medical Register or Journal in which the District Medical Officer, his Assistant, or Dispenser shall enter the date of every visit to the School; the name of every pupil brought under his treatment or observation; the nature of the disease for which he is treated; and the medicine ordered for each patient; and he shall add any observations which he may deem it

necessary to record in connection with each case. He shall also enter in the Journal every recommendation that he may deem it necessary to make in connection with the School.

This Journal is to be kept in the School and to be open to the inspection of the Committee, the Official Visitors, and the Superintendent.

20. The Medical Officer shall recommend by entry in his Journal any change of diet, whether in regard to the food used or the quantity of the same, for the pupils generally or for sick boys.

21. He shall examine the boys received since his last visit, and shall enter in writing his opinion as to their fitness for the work to which they are assigned.

22. He shall report to the Superintendent any irregularity which may come to his knowledge, or obstruction which he may meet with in the performance of his duty.

V.—THE MANAGER.

23. The Manager shall reside in the quarters provided for him by the School authorities, and shall be responsible to the Superintendent for the discipline and thorough working order of every department of the School. It shall be his duty to bring to the notice of the Superintendent every instance of irregularity or neglect on the part of the masters or others employed in the School.

24. He shall read or cause to be read by a responsible teacher every letter addressed to or written by a pupil, and may withhold any such letter should he think it necessary; provided that he has the Superintendent's consent to the same, and that the reasons for withholding it be entered in his diary and initialled by the Superintendent.

25. He shall keep an inventory of all articles of stores, clothing, bedding, &c., under his charge, and see that the actual quantity of such articles as remain in the store or office be ascertained, and a list of the same laid before the Committee at the last meeting for the year. He shall also see that each master in charge of the School, or of a shop or working party, keeps a list of all goods, books, and tools in his department.

26. He shall frequently inspect the provisions furnished for the boys, and also the food after it is cooked, and satisfy himself as to the quantity and quality of the food supplied, and bring any instance of irregularity to the notice of the Superintendent, entering a record of the same in his diary.

27. He shall keep all the accounts of the branch of which he is in charge, and pay all bills, masters, and tradesmen with money supplied by the authority of the Superintendent.

28. He shall diligently observe the behaviour of all his subordinates, and see that they strictly adhere to the rules; that they duly observe the character and industry of the boys; and make the required daily and other reports in a proper manner and at the proper time.

29. He shall daily inspect every part of the School and the near premises, and see that due attention is paid to ventilation, drainage, and sanitary conditions, and take such measures as may be necessary for the premises being maintained in perfect order and cleanliness.

30. He shall not permit any person—not a pupil—or official to remain for the night within the School without the written order of the Superintendent.

31. He shall see that the time table is punctually kept by masters and boys, and that the duties marked therein are properly carried out by all. He shall also visit the dormitories, and go through the premises occasionally at night to see that things are in order, and that careful watch is kept.

32. He shall at once communicate to the Superintendent every circumstance which may come to his knowledge likely to affect the security, health, or discipline of the boys, the efficiency of his

subordinates, or which may in any way require the attention of the Superintendent.

33. He shall see that any property belonging to any boy be made into a bundle and labelled with the boy's name (making an entry of the same in a book kept for that purpose). The property to be kept in store for delivery to the boy on his discharge.

34. He shall be in attendance at morning and occasionally at evening muster, each day, unless away on leave of absence obtained from the Superintendent.

35. He shall, each Saturday, assign to each boy the duties on which he shall be engaged during the coming week, and shall make a weekly list on Saturdays of boys to be told off for duty on the School premises, and will give the same to the master for the following week, whose duty it will be to see such work carried out, or, in default, to report all defaulters to the Manager for punishment.

36. The Manager shall keep an Admission Register, which will be duly filled up when any boy enters or leaves the School, with particulars of conduct. The reason for a boy's leaving shall be initialled by the Superintendent.

37. He may not remove any boy from one trade to another without the consent of the Superintendent.

38. He shall daily inspect the labour returns (*i.e.*, the check-roll) for each workshop and field, and see that they are duly entered in the Journal.

39. He shall keep an account of the earnings of the boys according to Rule IX., 3, in a book which shall be kept for that purpose, and shall conduct all such correspondence concerning the boys or the trades as may be authorized by the Superintendent.

VI.—THE MATRON.

40. It shall be the Matron's duty to look after the clothing of the boys, to see that it is kept in good repair, and that each has sufficient.

41. She shall keep a record of all boys who are reported sick by the masters, showing whether they are placed on the sick list, detained in the dormitory for the day, or admitted to the infirmary for special treatment.

42. The House Master shall report all cases of sickness at once to the Matron. Severe cases will be sent to the District Hospital. In cases of doubt, the Superintendent must be consulted. Bad cases must be transferred to the infirmary rooms.

43. She will keep lists of the clothing given to each boy, or undergoing repair, or sent to the wash, and will verify the same at the weekly inspection.

VII.—MASTERS.

44. Each master shall perform such duties as may from time to time be prescribed by the Manager for the purpose of preserving diligence, cleanliness, order, industry, and conformity to the rules of the institution.

45. Each master in charge of a working party, or of a workshop, shall keep a list of the tools used by the boys and verify them every day; and if any are lost or injured shall report the same at once to the Manager.

46. Each master shall be responsible to the Manager for the boys placed under his charge; shall see that the duties marked in the time table are punctually observed by them; and shall allow no boy to shirk his duty or to abscond. Any such neglect of duty on his part will be regarded as an offence against the rules, to be visited by a fine fixed by the Superintendent or by dismissal. It shall be his duty to report any offence on the part of the boys immediately to the Manager.

47. Every Trade Master shall do his best to instruct the boys committed to his charge in his trade, keeping in view the object of the Institution, *viz.*, to enable the boys ultimately to earn their own living. He shall see that they do not idle; nor injure nor

destroy any of the tools or materials they are entrusted with; and he shall report to the Manager any neglect or carelessness on the part of any pupil.

48. No master shall strike any boy unless compelled to do so in self-defence, or in defence of another master or pupil, in any way, unless directed to do so by the Manager, and in the Manager's presence.

49. It shall be the duty of all the masters to see that the highest possible degree of cleanliness is enforced in every part of the School, as well as with respect to the persons of the pupils, their clothing, bedding, and everything else.

50. It shall be the duty of all the masters, without exception, to treat the pupils with kindness and humanity; to inform the Manager of any pupil who wishes to see him; and to be firm in maintaining order and discipline and enforcing an observance of the rules of the institution.

51. The masters shall be present with the Manager on the last Saturday in the month at 12 o'clock for the purpose of holding a Masters' meeting, when the work of the month, the conduct and character of the boys, and their fitness for their trades or for School shall be reviewed; and such recommendations as may be deemed necessary shall be given to the Manager to lay before the Superintendent.

52. A House Master shall be appointed in turn at the Masters' meeting, whose duties will be the following:—

- (a) He shall see that the bells are rung at the proper times according to the time table.
- (b) He shall read prayers every morning and evening at the time appointed in the time table, having previously called the roll. When the Manager is present, prayers will be conducted by him or by such person as he shall ask to lead the devotions.
- (c) He shall lock the doors of the dormitories every morning after prayers and give the keys to the Matron. He shall go round the dormitories every night at 9 o'clock and ascertain that all the boys are in their proper places, and that quiet and order prevails.
- (d) He shall be present at all the meals.
- (e) He shall be present while the boys prepare their lessons in the evening, and shall see that all continue to work during the allotted time.
- (f) He shall see that the boys go quietly to bed after evening prayers.
- (g) He shall be on the School premises all day on his Sunday. He shall see all the boys parade for Sunday School and morning service.
- (h) He shall call the roll morning and evening at the times provided for in the time table.
- (i) He must report any breach of rules or negligence as to the time table, both on his own part or on the part of the boys, to the Manager.
- (j) Arrangements must be made for one of the Masters to sleep in each of the dormitories, and to be responsible for the quietness and order of the boys at night.
- (k) The Masters shall, as a rule, take breakfast and dinner at the same time and place as the boys, but at a separate table. No boy can be allowed to wait on the masters except at meals according to the terms of Rule VIII., 8.
- (l) No master can absent himself from duty at any time without the consent of the Manager.

VIII.—THE BOYS.

53. Boys shall be admitted to the Juvenile Offenders' Branch under the terms of the Ordinance relating to Reformatories and Industrial Schools (No. 1 of 1886). Where practicable, an agent, living near the Court in which the boy is convicted shall act for the Superintendent, and declare whether a boy is physically or otherwise unfit to be received into the institution.

54. Every boy on admission shall have his name entered in a Register kept by the Manager, together with date and particulars of commitment, age, village, friends, habits, and distinguishing features.

55. No boy is allowed to leave the premises without a pass, and no pass shall be given to any boy to be allowed off the premises at night.

56. Each boy admitted into the School, in addition to receiving an elementary education under the provisions of the Code of Public Instruction, shall be taught a trade in one of the industrial branches or in agriculture, at the discretion of the School authorities.

57. Every boy shall be supplied with clothing, consisting of such colour and material as shall from time to time be ordered by the Committee, and shall be compelled to wear the same during his stay; and every such boy shall also be supplied with a mat, blanket or cumby, and such necessities as may be ordered by the Superintendent.

58. The food is to consist of a meal of congee, or bread with tea in the early morning; a breakfast of curry and rice and dinner of the same at the hours given in the time table.

59. No food is to be served in any place but the dining or schoolroom, except in cases of sickness and by special permission of the Manager.

60. All work done by the boys shall be entered daily in the check-roll kept for the purpose, and brought out into a weekly or monthly debit and credit account; and any work done for any teacher or any other person can only be done with the permission of the Manager, and will be charged for at such rates as the Superintendent and Manager may deem reasonable.

61. Every boy shall be responsible to the House Master for tidying his bed and clothes after rising in the morning, and the House Master shall see that the dormitories are thoroughly cleaned by the house boys and locked up before 8 o'clock, after which no boy will be permitted to enter until bedtime, without the permission of the Manager or Matron.

62. The education given to the boys shall be for the present in the vernacular, under the schedule in the Public Instruction Code for the teaching of vernacular schools.

IX.—PUNISHMENTS AND REWARDS.

63. Minor offences against the rules of the School may be punished by the Manager by the infliction of a punishment diet and task work. Serious offences must be reported to the Superintendent, who may order (with or without punishment, &c., diet or task work) strokes with the rattan or solitary confinement, or in cases of emergency the stocks. All cases of absconding or outrageous conduct shall be reported to the Visitor, who shall make inquiry into each case and order such punishment, as he may deem necessary, to be carried out in his presence; but in no case, where caning is given, is it to exceed twenty strokes with the rattan on the bare buttocks.

NOTE.—The Master in charge of the School may punish in the School when necessary, but only by beating on the palm of the hand. Such punishment never to exceed four strokes (two on each hand), and if any further punishment is necessary he shall report to the Manager and let him award.

64. Fines may be inflicted on boys earning wages, on the order of the Superintendent, the amount varying according to offence, particulars of which shall be kept together with a record of all offences and punishments in the Defaulter's Book.

65. For the encouragement of good conduct and industry, boys of good character, whose names have not appeared in the Defaulter's Book for two years, will be awarded, after that, wages for work done during the half of the day devoted to industrial teaching, at the rate of 5 cents per half day; the money thus

earned, less any amount lost in fines, to be kept for them till they leave, and given them at intervals after their discharge under conditions hereafter noted.

66. The amounts of earnings shall be paid to discharged boys under the following conditions :—

- (a) That a book containing names, addresses, and amounts due to boys be sent to the gentlemen acting as agents, in which an account of such earnings may be kept.
- (b) That a book of receipts, in duplicate, be also kept.
- (c) That the said book, with duplicate receipts for any disbursements made during the quarter, be forwarded to the Superintendent after the close of each quarter.
- (d) That payments shall be made to boys applying for them on condition that they correspond with the Manager; the necessary information on this head to be written in the book each time it is sent to the Superintendent.
- (e) That payments be made only on condition that the boy is able to satisfy the agent of his good conduct, and that he is seeking to lead an honest and upright life.
- (f) That the agent shall so satisfy himself in any way that he may deem best, and also that the amount to be paid at each time be left entirely to him in consultation with the Superintendent.
- (g) That the boy produces his Reformatory character as a proof of his identity when applying for such payments.

67. Specially meritorious cases shall be rewarded as follows where the boys are old enough and are considered sufficiently qualified :—

By appointment as—

- (a) Corporals : in which case such boy shall wear a badge of two red stripes on the sleeve of his jacket or tunic, and shall have occasional charge of a certain number of younger boys, and shall receive in addition to any wages that he may earn 25 cents per mensem.
- (b) Sergeants : when each boy so appointed shall wear three red stripes, and shall receive 50 cents per mensem in addition to any wages that he may earn.

ORPHANAGE BRANCH.

X.—ADMISSION.

68. Children of all classes shall be eligible for admission without distinction of race or creed.

69. Orphans, or fatherless children in destitute circumstances, shall have the preference in all applications for admission to be supported out of the charity funds.

70. Any subscriber of Rs. 120 per annum may nominate and, subject to the approval of the Committee, place a destitute or orphan boy in the School, who shall be maintained therein so long as the subscription is continued.

71. A boy not in destitute circumstances may be received as a boarder subject to the Committee's approval, whose relations or friends will pay a fee of Rs. 10 a month and an entrance fee of Rs. 20. This will include board, the ordinary education of the School, and special instruction in any of the School trades or industries that the friends may wish the boy to receive.

72. A temporary arrangement is made by which children between the ages of four and seven will be received and educated under the charge of the Matron of the establishment, in preparation for the Industrial School. Such children as are not orphans or destitute to be paid for as above under Rule X., 4.

It is hereby notified that his Excellency the Governor has been pleased to sanction the following amended Rates to be charged on Timber and other Forest Produce in the Eastern Province with effect from November 1, 1896.
The *Gazette* notice dated May 2, 1893, is hereby cancelled.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 15, 1896.

By His Excellency's command,

W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Scale of Rates for Timber and other Forest Produce.

Description of Timber. (The Sinhalese and English names are printed in italics.)	Royalties on Timber in the Log cut on Permit in Crown Forests.									Rates on Timber in the Log issued from Depôts.			Rates on Timber Sawn on Indent in Depôts.						
	Green Timber.			Dead Timber.			Koddus (Well Pipes).						Scant- lings.	Planks.			Reepers.		
	Between 5 and 7 ft. Girth.	Between 3 and 5 ft. Girth.	Under 3 ft. Girth.	Between 5 and 7 ft. Girth.	Between 3 and 5 ft. Girth.	Under 3 ft.Girth.	Between 9 and 12 ft. Girth.	Between 6 and 9 ft. Girth.	Under 6 ft.Girth.	Between 5 and 7 ft. Girth.	Between 3 and 5 ft. Girth.	Under 3 ft. Girth.		Over 2 in. thick.	From 1 to 2 in. thick.	From ½ to 1 in. thick.	Half in. thick.	1 in. thick.	Half in. thick.
	Per Cubic Foot.			Per Cubic Foot.			Per Cubic Foot.			Per Cubic Foot.				Per Cubic Foot.	Per 1,000 Superficial Feet.			Per 1,000 Lineal Feet.	
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
Mutirai (<i>Satinwood</i>) ...	1 0	0 80	0 64	0 51	0 41	0 33	0 89	0 67	0 50	1 80	1 36	1 8	2 75	46 0	25 0	15 0	—	—	
Samandalai (<i>Halmilla</i>) ...	0 80	0 64	0 51	0 41	0 33	0 26	0 89	0 67	0 50	1 55	1 19	0 95	2 50	42 0	22 50	12 50	—	—	
Vinilai or Kaddamanakku (<i>Milla</i>) ...	0 70	0 56	0 45	0 36	0 29	0 23	0 69	0 53	0 40	1 43	1 10	0 89	2 25	37 50	20 0	10 0	31 50	20 0	
Palai ...	0 60	0 48	0 38	0 30	0 24	0 19	0 53	0 40	0 30	1 30	1 1	0 82	2 5	34 0	18 0	9 0	30 0	17 50	
Ranai or Yavaranai ...	0 60	0 48	0 38	0 30	0 24	0 19	0 53	0 40	0 30	1 30	1 1	0 82	2 5	34 0	18 0	9 0	30 0	17 50	
Marutu (<i>Kumbuk</i>) ...	0 60	0 48	0 38	0 30	0 24	0 19	0 53	0 40	0 30	1 30	1 1	0 82	2 5	34 0	18 0	9 0	30 0	17 50	
Vepu (<i>Margosa</i>) ...	0 60	0 48	0 38	0 30	0 24	0 19	0 53	0 40	0 30	1 30	1 1	0 82	2 5	34 0	18 0	9 0	30 0	17 50	
Illuppai ...	0 60	0 48	0 38	0 30	0 24	0 19	0 53	0 40	0 30	1 30	1 1	0 82	2 5	34 0	18 0	9 0	30 0	17 50	
Tumpalai ...	0 50	0 40	0 32	0 26	0 21	0 17	0 44	0 33	0 25	1 18	0 92	0 76	1 85	31 0	16 0	8 50	26 0	16 0	
Navel ...	0 50	0 40	0 32	0 26	0 21	0 17	0 44	0 33	0 25	1 18	0 92	0 76	1 85	31 0	16 0	8 50	26 0	16 0	
Tommakoddai ...	0 50	0 40	0 32	0 26	0 21	0 17	0 44	0 33	0 25	1 18	0 92	0 76	1 85	31 0	16 0	8 50	26 0	16 0	
Surapunnai ...	0 40	0 32	0 26	0 21	0 17	0 14	0 36	0 27	0 20	1 5	0 83	0 70	1 70	28 50	15 0	7 50	24 0	15 0	
Tirukkondal ...	0 40	0 32	0 26	0 21	0 17	0 14	0 36	0 27	0 20	1 5	0 83	0 70	1 70	28 50	15 0	7 50	24 0	15 0	
Other trees ...	0 30	0 24	0 19	0 15	0 12	0 10	0 27	0 20	0 15	0 93	0 74	0 63	1 55	26 0	13 50	7 0	22 0	13 0	

Reduced Royalties on Timber in the Log cut on Permit in Crown Forests for dug-out Canoes for local use.						Small Round Timber.	Royalty when cut on Permit in Crown Forest.	Rates when issued from Dépôt.
	Between 15 and 20 ft. Girth.	Between 12 and 15 ft. Girth.	Between 9 and 12 ft. Girth.	Between 6 and 9 ft. Girth.	Under 6 ft. Girth.	Valais (<i>beams</i>), 18 ft. to 24 ft. by 12 in. to 18 in. ...	15 cents each	60 cents each
						Kappus (<i>poets</i>), 10 ft. to 15 ft. by 12 in. to 18 in. ...	12 "	50 "
						Mankus or puttus (<i>rafters</i>), 15 ft. to 25 ft. by 6 in. to 9 in. ...	3 "	7½ "
						Velikkampus (<i>fence sticks</i>), 7 ft. to 9 ft. by 9 in. to 12 in. ...	3 "	7½ "
						Varichchies (<i>reepers</i>), karfan, 12 ft. to 15 ft. by 2 in. to 4 in. ...	2 "	5 "
						Varichchies or mavaras, common, 12 ft. to 15 ft. by 2 in. to 4 in. ...	1 "	3 "

Royalties on Minor Forest Produce collected on Permit in Crown Forests.

	Rs. c.		cents
Kadukkai (<i>Gallnuts</i>) ...	0 50 per cwt.	Honey (for export) ...	25 per gallon
Tandikkai (<i>Gallnuts, inferior kind</i>) ...	0 30 "	Wax (do.) ...	10 per lb.
Kanchurankottai (<i>Nux vomica seed</i>)...	0 37 "	Edible birds' nests ...	37 "
Mara pási (<i>Orchilla-weed</i>) ...	0 75 "	Coral ...	5 per bushel
Kandalpattai (<i>Mangrove bark</i>) ...	0 25 "	Stone, gravel, and clay ...	15 per cart load
Vempadampattai (<i>Vempadam bark</i>)...	0 25 "	Cabook ...	25 "
Ponnarampattai (<i>Ponnaram bark</i>)	0 62 "	Bricks (made in Crown land) ...	20 per 1,000
Kodaikkilanku (<i>root</i>) ...	0 25 per bushel	Tiles (do.) ...	10 "
Canes (thick), 9 cubits long ...	0 5 each		
Canes (thin) ...	0 12 per head load		
Jungle creepers ...	0 10 per pingo load		
Mana and Illuk grass ...	1 0 per 1,000 bundles, each 2 ft. in girth		

Permits to cut ebony in Crown forest will be issued only under special circumstances on payment of royalty at the rate of Rs. 100 per ton on logs weighing over 15 cwt., Rs. 75 per ton on logs weighing from 10 to 15 cwt., Rs. 50 per ton on logs weighing from 5 to 10 cwt., and Rs. 25 per ton on logs weighing under 5 cwt.

The full royalty due or, if it cannot be accurately calculated, the estimated amount, must be paid before any permit to fell timber is issued.

Royalty must be paid on the whole of the bole of any tree felled on permit, and not only on the log that the license-holder may remove.

In measuring logs for payment of royalty no allowance will be made for sapwood, buttresses, bark, &c. Permit-holders may, however, square logs (provided there is no unnecessary waste of timber), remove the bark, &c., before measurement.

Logs felled by permit-holders and found rotten or hollow must be taken over and paid for at such reduced rates of royalty as may be fixed by the Assistant Conservator of Forests.

A tree will not be considered "dead" unless every part of it is dead and dry.

No log will be considered a "kottu" (well pipe) unless the hollow extends the whole length of the log, and is nowhere less than nine inches in diameter.

Permits to fell in Crown forest trees to be made into dug-out canoes at reduced rates of royalty will be issued only to villagers requiring canoes for local and personal use, and not for sale. Should any person obtain, at the reduced rate of royalty, a permit to fell in Crown forest any tree for the declared purpose of being made into a dug-out canoe, and use the log for any other purpose, it will be liable to seizure and confiscation.

If trees of valuable kinds other than marutu are required for making dug-out canoes, full royalty must be paid.

Special rates will be charged for (a) flowered satinwood, (b) sawn balks of timber, (c) timber in the log exceeding 20 ft. in length, and (d) all sawn timber any side of which exceeds 12 in., supplied on indent or issued from any dépôt.

Rejected, waste, or surplus sawn timber lying in any dépôt will be issued to applicants at rates 25 per cent. less than those fixed for timber sawn on indent.

STATEMENT of the Account of the Commissioners of Currency for the Month ended September 30, 1896, required by section 20 of Ordinance No. 32 of 1884 :—

CIRCULATION.		Value.	
		Rs.	c.
Currency notes in circulation on September 30, 1896	...	—	10,060,000 0
RESERVE.		In Silver.	
		Rs.	c.
By silver in the vault (12 cents copper)	...	5,444,897 22	—
By investments made by the Crown Agents as per annexed statements (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g)	...	—	2,795,318 8
By securities invested in Indian Government paper as per annexed statement (h)	...	—	1,819,784 70
		5,444,897 22	4,615,102 78
W. T. TAYLOR, Acting Colonial Secretary,	} Currency Commissioners.	Total ...	10,060,000 0
ÆLIAN A. KING, Acting Treasurer,			
F. R. SAUNDERS, Acting Auditor-General,			

Value of Securities, calculated at the latest known Market Prices of August, 1896.

Cost.	Stock Held.	Description.	Latest known Market Prices of August 31, 1896.	Brokerage.	Net Price.	Value.	Net Value.
Rs. c.	£ s. d.					£ s. d.	£ s. d.
(a) 599,283 0	3,290 4 7	Cape 4 per cent. Consolidated Stock	119	118 3/4	3,907 2 10		
	5,500 0 0	Canada Dominion 5 per cent. Debentures	113 1/2	113 1/2	6,228 15 0		
	6,200 0 0	Do. do. do.	113	112 3/4	6,990 10 0		
	8,267 18 7	Do. 3 do. Stock	105 1/2	105 1/2	8,701 19 10		
	2,918 11 10	South Australia 4 do. do.	116	115 3/4	3,378 5 4		
	1,019 1 8	Queensland 3 1/2 do. do.	109 1/2	109 1/2	1,113 6 11		
	4,313 7 5	New South Wales 3 1/2 do. do.	112	111 1/2	4,820 3 9		
	3,601 7 11	Do. 3 1/2 do. Inscribed Stock	112	111 3/4	4,024 11 2		
	100 0 0	Do. 4 do. do.	122	121 3/4	121 15 0		
	100 0 0	Do. 4 do. Debentures	107	106 3/4	106 15 0		
(b) 292,708 50	8,600 0 0	Do. 5 do. do.	104 1/2	104 1/2	8,965 10 0		
	8,000 0 0	Do. 4 do. do.	107	106 3/4	8,540 0 0		
	8,000 0 0	Victoria 4 do. do.	103 1/2	103 1/2	8,260 0 0		
	6,400 0 0	Canada Dominion 4 do. do.	113	112 3/4	8,160 0 0		
	5,000 0 0	Do. 4 do. do.	113	112 3/4	5,137 10 0		
(c) 299,994 0	5,000 0 0	South Australia 4 do. do.	112	111 3/4	5,587 10 0		
	5,400 0 0	New South Wales 5 do. do.	104 1/2	104 1/2	5,629 10 0		
	5,000 0 0	Victoria 4 1/2 do. do.	109	108 3/4	5,437 10 0		
(d) 88,000 0	5,653 12 2	Do. 4 do. Inscribed Stock	108 1/2	108 1/2	6,120 0 6		
	11,732 17 2	Do. 3 1/2 do. do.	107	106 3/4	12,524 16 5		
(e) 1,000,000 0	13,277 0 5	South Australia 3 1/2 do. do.	112	111 3/4	14,837 1 4		
	10,124 12 3	New Zealand 3 1/2 do. do.	109	108 3/4	11,010 10 3		
	9,344 14 4	New South Wales 3 1/2 do. do.	112	111 3/4	10,442 14 3		
	10,694 19 6	Cape 3 1/2 do. do.	119 1/2	119 1/2	12,753 14 11		
	10,000 0 0	Canada Dominion 3 do. do.	105 1/2	105 1/2	10,525 0 0		
	2,053 17 9	New South Wales 3 1/2 do. do.	112	111 3/4	2,295 4 4		
	3,145 9 1	New Zealand 3 1/2 do. do.	109	108 3/4	3,420 13 6		
	5,167 18 8	Consols 2 1/4 do. do.	112 3/4	112 3/4	5,813 18 5		
	3,629 15 0	Local Loans 3 do. Stock	114 1/2	114 1/2	4,146 19 8		
	5,629 16 10	Queensland 3 1/2 do. do.	109 1/2	109 1/2	6,150 11 11		
(g) 300,000 0	10,705 8 9	South Australia 3 1/2 do. do.	112	111 3/4	11,963 6 6		
2,795,318 8	187870 13 11		Market Price of Sept. 30, 1896.				
(h) 1,819,784 70	Rs. c. 1,841,300 0	Indian Securities	106 1/2	106 1/2			207,115 6 10 at exchange 1s. 2 1/2 d. per rupee— Rs. c. 3,503,625 16
4,615,102 78							1,956,381 25
Present value of Securities							5,460,006 41
Original cost of Securities							4,615,102 78
Difference in favour of present value = (or about 18 per cent. of Investments)							844,903 63

Depreciation Fund Investments.

Cost.	Stock Held.	Description.	Latest known Market Prices of August 31, 1896.	Brokerage	Net Price.	Value	Net Value.
R ^s . c.	£ s. d.					£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Rs. c.	£ s. d.	New South Wales 4 per cent. Inscribed Stock	122	121½		£ 1,019 3 5	
13,107 1	837 2 1	Cape Consolidated Stock ...	119	118¾		994 18 6	
13,390 55	837 16 9	Canada Dominion 3 per cent. Stock ...	105½	105¼		1,007 5 11	
12,737 15	957 1 2	Victoria 3½ per cent. Stock ...	107	106¾		976 2 10	
12,246 0	914 8 6	South Australia 3½ per cent. Stock ...	112	111¾		1,080 7 1	
13,776 75	966 15 3	Victoria 3½ per cent. Stock ...	107	106¾		2,019 19 9	
27,944 78	1,892 5 4	New Zealand 3½ per cent. Stock ...	109	108¾		1,917 5 2	
28,676 96	1,763 0 1	Queensland 3½ per cent. Stock ...	109½	109¼		1,909 11 7	
32,605 7	1,747 18 2	Canada Dominion 3 per cent. Stock ...	105½	105¼		1,976 15 1	12,901 9 4 at exchange 1s. 2⅓d. per rupee=
32,206 36	1,878 3 1						Rs. c. 218,245 8
	11,794 10 5						
	Rs. c.	Indian Securities					
59,998 62	60,000 0	do.	Market				
36,582 48	37,000 0	do.	Price of				
48,000 0	48,000 0	do.	Sept. 30,				
56,373 68	54,000 0	do.	1896				
52,659 73	49,500 0	do.					
	248,500 0	do.	106½	106¼	=	264,031 25	
		Present value of Securities			=	482,276 33	
		Original cost of Securities			=	440,305 14	
440,305 14		Difference in favour of present value =				41,971 19	
		(or about 9 per cent. of Investments)					
		Amount uninvested ...				5,486 96	

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the private property of long-sentenced and deceased prisoners of Welikada Jail, and unclaimed private property, will be sold by public auction at the Welikada Jail premises at 12 noon on Saturday, November 21, 1896 :—

Lot No.	Registered No.
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	10
11	11
12	12
13	13
14	14
15	15
16	16
17	17
18	18
19	19
20	20
21	21
22	22
23	23
24	24
25	25
26	26
27	27
28	28
29	29
30	30
31	31
32	32
33	33
34	34
35	35
36	36
37	37
38	38
39	39
40	40
41	41
42	42
43	43
44	44
45	45
46	46
47	47
48	48
49	49
50	50
51	51
52	52
53	53
54	54
55	55
56	56
57	57
58	58
59	59
60	60
61	61
62	62
63	63
64	64
65	65
66	66
67	67
68	68
69	69
70	70
71	71
72	72
73	73
74	74
75	75
76	76
77	77
78	78
79	79
80	80
81	81
82	82
83	83
84	84
85	85
86	86
87	87
88	88
89	89
90	90
91	91
92	92
93	93
94	94
95	95
96	96
97	97
98	98
99	99
100	100

List of Property.

Long-sentenced Prisoners.

1	...	C 690	...	1 old sarong, 1 old white cloth, and 1 old leather belt
2	...	C 691	...	1 old soman and 1 old white banian
3	...	C 706	...	1 old white cloth
4	...	C 716	...	1 old vettie cloth and 1 old handkerchief
5	...	C 725	...	1 old sarong and 1 piece of rag
6	...	C 743	...	1 old white cloth, 1 old towel, and 1 old leather belt
7	...	C 745	...	1 old white cloth
8	...	C 753	...	1 torn white cloth
9	...	C 754	...	1 old sarong
10	...	C 784	...	1 old sarong and 1 old handkerchief
11	...	C 791	...	1 old vettie and 1 piece of rag
12	...	C 792	...	1 old white cloth, 2 pieces of chintz cloth, 1 old handkerchief, and 1 old leather belt
13	...	C 793	...	1 old chintz cloth, 1 old sarong, 2 old handkerchiefs, and 1 silk tassal
14	...	C 806	...	1 old sarong and 1 old white handkerchief
15	...	C 824	...	1 old malaya cloth and 1 old merino banian
16	...	C 825	...	1 black coat, 2 pairs of trousers, 1 old white shirt, 1 pair of shoes, 1 pair of socks, 1 tie, 1 waist-band, 2 pocket handkerchiefs, 5 shirt buttons, 1 white collar, 1 pair of sleeve holders, 1 Oxford hat, and 1 Cannanore cloth
17	...	C 826	...	1 old sarong, 1 old white handkerchief
18	...	C 730	...	2 old chintz cloths, 1 old white banian, 1 old leather belt, and 3 silver studs
19	...	C 731	...	1 chintz cloth, 1 old sarong, 1 old merino banian, 2 silver studs, and 1 brass stud
20	...	C 732	...	1 old chintz cloth, 1 old white banian, and 1 old pocket handkerchief
21	...	C 733	...	2 old white cloths, 1 old sarong, 1 old white banian, 3 brass studs, and 1 old leather belt
22	...	C 829	...	1 old sarong, 1 old white cloth, 1 old merino banian, 1 old towel, 1 old handkerchief, 1 old leather belt, and 1 silver ring

Lot No.	Registered No.	List of Property.
23 ...	C 830 ...	1 old sarong, 2 old handkerchiefs, 1 old elastic belt, and 1 old cloth purse
24 ...	C 831 ...	1 old sarong, 1 old white cloth, and 2 old handkerchiefs
25 ...	C 832 ...	1 old sarong, 1 old chintz cloth, 1 old white banian, and 1 old silk tassal
26 ...	C 842 ...	1 old soman, 1 old sarong, 1 old white banian, and 1 old leather belt
27 ...	C 844 ...	1 old sarong
28 ...	C 845 ...	1 old sarong, 1 old chintz cloth, and 1 old merino banian
29 ...	C 847 ...	1 old sarong, 1 old handkerchief, and 1 old leather belt
30 ...	C 856 ...	1 old Cannanore cloth, 1 old merino banian, and 1 old leather belt
31 ...	C 860 ...	1 old sarong, 1 old white coat, 1 old shawl, and 1 cloth belt
32 ...	C 874 ...	1 old white cloth, 1 old merino banian, 1 old leather belt, and 1 old pocket handkerchief
33 ...	C 875 ...	1 old sarong
34 ...	C 877 ...	1 old white cloth, 1 double handkerchief, and 2 pieces of rags
35 ...	C 916 ...	1 old red handkerchief
36 ...	C 920 ...	1 old white cloth
37 ...	C 946 ...	1 old sarong, 1 old white cloth, 1 old white coat, 2 plated buttons, 1 old leather belt, 2 small pocket handkerchiefs, 1 crooked comb, and 1 iron key
38 ...	C 964 ...	1 old sarong, 1 tweed cloth, 2 white cloths, 1 old merino banian, 1 serge coat, 8 coat buttons, and 1 crooked comb
39 ...	C 1014 ...	1 old sarong
40 ...	C 895 ...	1 old sarong, 1 old white cloth, and 1 old merino banian
41 ...	C 1065 ...	1 old sarong

Deceased Prisoners.

1 ...	9485 ...	1 old white cloth, 1 old sarong, 2 old handkerchiefs, and 1 old leather belt
2 ...	7146 ...	2 old Cannanore cloths and 1 old handkerchief

Unclaimed Property.

1 ...	— ...	6 pairs of gold earrings, 1 gold stud, 1 silver waist-chain, 1 silver anklet, 1 gold armlet, 3 silver shirt studs on chain, 3 silver shirt studs on chain, 1 silver chain with earpick, 3 silver rings, and 1 brass ring
-------	-------	--

Welikada Prison,
Colombo, October 16, 1896.

R. E. FIRMINER,
Superintendent.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following un-serviceable articles will be sold by public auction at 3 P.M. on Saturday, November 7, 1896, at the Lunatic Asylum, Jawatta :—

8 brushes, whitewashing, hair	3 pots, watering, galvanized, 3-gallon
12 buckets, latrine, galvanized, iron	2 spittoons, enamelled
2 coffee cans, zinc	2 trays, tin, round
3 knives, kitchen, large	1 tray, tin, square
1 knife, table	2 buckets, closetool
63 plates, tin	5 buckets, spitting
30 pots, tin, pints	2 chairs, ladies'

OWEN JOHNSON,
for W. R. KYNSEY,
Principal Civil Medical Officer
and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, October 17, 1896.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following un-serviceable articles will be sold at the Anuradhapura Kachcheri on Tuesday, December 8, 1896, at 11 o'clock A.M. :—

4 waste paper baskets	17 buckets
2 boxes, date	4 lanterns, bull's-eye
1 clock, not striking	1 can, tin
1 inkstand, office	2 felling axes
5 pickaxes	1 katty
23 mamoties	

W. H. B. CARBERY,
for EVAN M. BYRDE,
Government Agent.

Anuradhapura Kachcheri,
October 19, 1896.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following un-serviceable, unclaimed, and confiscated articles will be sold by public auction on Saturday, October 31, 1896, at 1 P.M., at the premises of the Police Court, Galle :—

2 rat traps	2 adzes
3 arm chairs	1 axe
1 gold bangle	8 mamoties
2 hairpins	1 lantern
1 watch	2 buckets
1 pair socks	1 cat
1 string of beads	1 jar painting ink
2 brass betel boxes	5 cloths
3 chunam boxes	1 towel
3 studs with chain	14 handkerchiefs
1 chain	6 shawls
6 combs (crooked)	13 sarong cloths
1 high comb	1 silver tray
2 jars	3 tin boxes
1 bottle	1 brass betel stand
6 wooden boxes	1 brass hanging lamp
1 chembu	9 cups
1 belt	12 plates
1 bundle clothes (in pieces)	1 brass spittoon
9 door pieces	4 umbrellas
6 iron pieces	1 kerosine oil hanging lamp
1 lot logs, planks, and firewood	A quantity of wax
Some cocoanuts	1 lot copper, iron, and tin
18 alawangu	1 bag arecanuts

R. B. HELTINGS,
Police Magistrate.

Police Court,
Galle, October 16, 1896.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE at the Government
Record Office, Colombo :—

LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENTS, REVISED EDITION.

	Rs. c.
Vol. I., 1799 to 1882.—Bound in leather ...	7 50
Unbound ...	5 50
Vol. II., 1883 to 1889.—Bound in leather ...	7 50
Unbound ...	5 50
Vol. III., 1889 to 1894.—Bound in leather ...	7 50
Unbound ...	5 50

NEW SERIES.

Vol. IV., Part I., 5 of 1894 to 3 of 1895 ...	0 75
---	------

OLD EDITION.

Old Volume I.

All Proclamations, Regulations, and Ordinances in force in the Colony on 12th January, 1870 ...	15 0
--	------

Old Volume II.

Part	From	To	
1 ...	6 of 1870	— 9 of 1871	1 0
2 ...	10 of 1871	— 28 of 1871	1 0
3 ...	1 of 1872	— 7 of 1873	1 0
4 ...	8 of 1873	— 23 of 1873	1 0
5 ...	1 of 1874	— 3 of 1875	1 0
6 ...	4 of 1875	— 3 of 1876	1 0
7 ...	4 of 1876	— 4 of 1877	1 0
8 ...	5 of 1877	— 8 of 1877	0 50
9 ...	9 of 1877	— 23 of 1877	1 0
10 ...	1 of 1878	— 16 of 1878	1 0
11 ...	1 of 1879	— 15 of 1879	1 0

Old Volume III.

1 ...	1 of 1880	— 17 of 1880	1 0
2 ...	1 of 1881	— 18 of 1881	1 0
3 ...	1 of 1882	— 16 of 1882	1 0
4 ...	1 of 1883	— 18 of 1884	3 0
5 ...	19 of 1884	— 11 of 1885	1 0

Old Volume IV.

1 ...	12 of 1885	— 8 of 1886	1 0
2 ...	9 of 1886	— 7 of 1887	1 0
3 ...	8 of 1887	— 2 of 1888	0 40
4 ...	3 of 1888	— 15 of 1889	2 70

Old Volume V.

1 ...	16 of 1889	— 8 of 1890	0 85
2 ...	9 of 1890	— 1 of 1891	0 45
3 ...	2 of 1891	— 8 of 1892	0 95
4 ...	9 of 1892	— 28 of 1892	0 60
5 ...	1 of 1893	— 4 of 1894	0 55

Special Editions of the following, with Tables of
Sections and Indices, in paper covers, are
obtainable :—

The Penal Code (2 of 1883)...	2 0
The Criminal Procedure Code (3 of 1883) ...	3 0
The Courts Ordinance (1 of 1889) ...	0 50
The Civil Procedure Code (2 of 1889) ...	5 0
The Penal Code, in Sinhalese or in Tamil ...	1 0
The Criminal Procedure Code, in Sinhalese or in Tamil ...	1 50

Books of Ordinances passed in the following
Sessions (old Quarto Edition) can be had, price
Re. 1 each :—1836, 1842, 1843, 1846, 1848, 1849,
1850, 1851, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1860, 1863-4,
1866-7, 1867-8, 1869-70, 1870-1, 1872-3, 1873.

Separate copies of Ordinances in English (where
available, and, where translations have been
published, in Sinhalese and Tamil) may be
obtained at 5 cents for every 8 pages or portion
thereof.

The Evidence Act, 1895, with Index ...	0 60
Municipal Councils' Ordinance, No. 7 of 1887 ...	0 50
Regulations under the Merchandise and Trade Marks Ordinance of 1888 ...	0 15

Petroleum Rules, 1896 ...	0 10
Copies of Government Minutes, Notifications, and Regulations, &c. (where available), for every 8 pages octavo or 4 pages quarto ...	0 5
Epitome of Government Minutes, Circulars, and Notifications, 1872-87 ...	1 0
Schedule of Proclamations, &c., promulgated during 1894 ...	1 0
Colonial Office Lists (annual) ...	4 0
Ceylon Civil Lists (annual) ...	1 0
Ceylon Blue Books (annual) ...	10 0
Administration Reports (annual), bound volumes ...	10 0
Do. single reports ... each 4 pp.	0 5
Sessional Papers, bound volumes... ...	10 0
Do. single papers ... each 4 pp.	0 5
Customs Annual Returns ...	1 0
Customs Tariff ...	0 10
Customs Regulations ...	0 25
Census of Ceylon, 1891 ...	12 0
Dr. Müller's Report on Inscriptions of Ceylon :—	
Text ...	5 0
Plates ...	5 0
Architectural Remains of Anurádhapura (with Plates), by J. G. Smither, F.R.I.B.A. :—	
In boards ...	40 0
In cloth ...	60 0
Return of Architectural and Archaeological Remains and other Antiquities in Ceylon ...	1 20
Reports on the Archaeological Survey of Ceylon :—	
Kégalla District ...	6 0
Anurádhapura (I.) ...	0 50
Do. (II.) ...	1 0
Do. (III.) ...	1 60
Do. (IV.) ...	1 0
Do. (V.) ...	2 25
Do. (VI.) ...	2 0
Do. (VII.) ...	4 0
The Maháwagsa :—	
Original Páli Text, Part I. ...	7 50
Do. Part II. ...	7 50
Sinhalese Translation, Part I. ...	5 0
Do. Part II. ...	5 0
Wijesinha's English Translation of Part II., with Turnour's Translation of Part I. ...	7 50
The Mahawansa Tika, with Mahawansa Páli, bound in stiff covers ...	7 50
Do. do. unbound ...	6 50
Saddharmalankaraya ...	2 0
Extracts from the "Pájáwaliya" (English) ...	1 0
Do. do. (Sinhalese) ...	0 75
Nitinighanduwa, English ...	1 0
Do. Sinhalese ...	1 0
Moggallana Panchika Pradipa ...	1 0
The Tésawajamai ...	0 50
Report on Brown Scale (or Bug) on Coffee ...	1 0
The Green-Scale Bug in connection with the Cultivation of Coffee.—Observations by Mr. E. Ernest Green (illustrated) ...	1 0
The Flora of Ceylon, by Dr. Trimen :—	
Parts I. and II. combined (with plates) ...	38 50
Part III. (with plates) ...	20 0
Lapidarium Zeylanicum ...	31 50
Lepidoptera of Ceylon, in 13 Parts, with coloured plates ... each part	14 50
Dravidian Comparative Grammar ...	13 0
Páli Grammar ...	5 0
Glossary of Native Words occurring in Official Documents (second edition) ...	0 50
Do. (third edition) ...	0 30
Catalogue of Páli, Sinhalese, and Sanscrit Manu- scripts in Temple Libraries ...	0 50
Alwis's Descriptive Catalogue of Sanscrit, Páli, and Sinhalese Works ...	5 0
Rules of the Public Service Mutual Guarantee Association ...	0 10

	Rs.	c.
Rámanáthan's Reports, 4 vols. ... each vol.	22	0
Reports of the Temple Lands Commissioners, 1857 to 1865 ...	0	50
Papers relating to Buddhist Temporalities, 1876 ...	1	0
Itinerary of Ceylon Roads:—		
Part II.—Minor Roads (1888), with Map ...	8	0
Do. do. without Map ...	3	0
Gazetteer of the Western Province ...	0	50
District Manuals:—		
Mannár, by the late W. J. S. Boake, C.C.S. ...	1	0
Uva, by H. White, C.C.S. ...	2	50
Nuwara Eliya, by C. J. R. Le Mesurier, C.C.S. ...	5	0
Vanni Districts, by J. P. Lewis, C.C.S. ...	5	0
Register of Books printed in Ceylon and registered under Ordinance No. 1 of 1885:—		
Part I., 1885–88 ...	1	25
Part II., 1888–92 ...	1	40
Part III., 1892–94 ...	1	50
Tables for calculating Pensions under the Widows' and Orphans' Pension Fund ...	0	25
Exchange Compensation Tables ...	0	50
Pybus's Mission to Kandy ...	0	50

Application for any publication in the above List should be made to the *Government Recordkeeper*, at the Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, and should be accompanied by payment in advance.

Payment should be made by Post Office Order, Government Draft, or uncrossed Cheque on a Colombo Bank. Stamps will not be accepted in payment.

J. J. THORBURN,
Acting Government Recordkeeper.

June, 1896.

THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE is published every Friday at the Government Printing Office, Colombo.

The Subscription, Rs. 3 per quarter, is payable in advance, and can only be booked to terminate at the end of a quarter.

Single copies, when available, 25 cents each.

Charges for approved Advertisements, payable in advance.

	Rs.	c.
A column ...	7	50
Two-thirds of a column ...	5	0
Half a column ...	4	0
For small notices not exceeding 20 lines ...	2	50

Second and third insertions (consecutive), two-thirds and one-half, respectively, of the above rates.

Cheques on outstation Banks must include usual Bank commission.

Advertisements should reach the Government Printer before noon on *Thursday*.

THE NEW LAW REPORTS, issued by authority. Subscription, Rs. 10 per volume of twelve parts, payable in advance to the Government Printer.

Back Numbers and Volumes of **THE SUPREME COURT CIRCULAR** (publication of which was discontinued on December 31, 1891) are also on sale at the Government Printing Office, as follows:—

	Rs.	c.
Volume I. ...	3	25
Volumes II. to IX., each ...	6	50
Separate Numbers, each ...	0	25

For all other Government Publications application should be made to the Recordkeeper, at the Government Record Office, Colombo.

G. J. A. SKEEN,
Government Printer.

THE "KEW BULLETIN" of miscellaneous information is issued as an occasional publication from the Royal Gardens at Kew.

It contains notes on the economic products of plants which have been made the subject of particular study and investigation at Kew, and it is intended to be a means of communication to persons interested in Botanical subjects and products in India and the Colonies.

The "Bulletin" is published in London by Messrs. Eyre & Spottiswoode, East Harding street, Fleet street, E.C., and 32, Abingdon street, S.W., and it may be obtained directly from them or through any Bookseller.

Price 4d. per copy. By post: 5d. per copy.

Back numbers, previous to January, 1893, 2d. per copy, when available.

The price of the Annual Volume of the "KEW BULLETIN" for each year, with rates of postage, is as follows:—

Year.	Price.	Price (including Postage).	
		United Kingdom.	Foreign and Colonial.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
1891 ...	3 0	3 4½	3 6½
1892 ...	3 0	3 4½	3 6½
1893 ...	3 0	3 4½	3 6½
1894 ...	3 0	3 4½	3 7½
1895 ...	3 0	3 4½	3 6½

The Annual Volumes for 1887 to 1890 are out of print, and cannot now be supplied.

The Index to the first five volumes, being Appendix IV., 1891, may be had separately, price 2d.

The Bulletin is also sold by John Menzies & Co., of Edinburgh and Glasgow, and Hodges, Figgis & Co., Limited, of Dublin.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October, 1896.

Notarial Apprenticeship Examination.

AN Examination will be held at the Colombo School of Agriculture on November 27 and 28, 1896, at 11 A.M. each day, of applicants for permission to enter into articles for the office of Notary.

The subjects of examination will be—

- (1) Arithmetic.
- (2) Language (English, Sinhalese, or Tamil, at the option of the candidate), dictation, grammar, and composition.

Candidates should have complied with the requirements of section 2 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1877 and obtained the authority of His Excellency the Governor to be admitted to the examination, which authority should be produced to the Registrar-General on or before October 31, 1896, on which date the list of eligible candidates will be closed.

J. B. CULL,
Director of Public Instruction.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, October 2, 1896.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. D. Wilkinson for the conversion of his Wennappuwa Sinhalese Girls' Boarding and Industrial School to a Sinhalese and Tamil Girls' Boarding and Industrial School.

Observations will be received not later than October 30, 1896.

J. B. CULL,
Director.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, October 15, 1896.

NOTICE is hereby given that applications for grants in aid of the under-mentioned schools have been received.

Observations will be received not later than October 30, 1896.

Name of School.	Class.	Province.	Mission.	Name of Manager.
Kandy Boys' High ...	English ...	Central ...	Wesleyan ...	Rev. E. A. Prince
Velavelly Mixed ...	Vernacular ...	Eastern ...	do. ...	Rev. E. M. Weaver
Suthumalai Mixed ...	do. ...	Northern ...	Roman Catholic ...	Rev. J. Collin

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, October 15, 1896.

J. B. CULL,
Director.

Return of Immigrants and Emigrants at the Port of Colombo during the Week ended October 21, 1896.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.
Immigrants (coolies) ...	1,045 ...	286 ...	187 ...	76 ...	1,594
Emigrants (all classes) ...	859 ...	229 ...	48 ...	15 ...	1,141

J. DONNAN,
Master Attendant.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Articles for the Civil Medical Stores during the year, 1897," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, October 26, 1896, for supplying the articles enumerated below :—

Asafoetida, per lb.
Camphor, best quality, per lb.
Capsicum, per lb.
Cardamom seeds, per lb.
Caraway seeds, per lb.
Coriander, per lb.
Cinchona bark, renewed, per cwt.
Cinnamon bark, per lb.
Cocoanut oil (hand made and purified), per gallon
Carded flax made up into 3 lb. packets of 4-oz. rolls, per lb.
Crystallized sugar, per lb.
Ginger powder, per lb.
Hard soap, per cwt.
Hog's lard, per lb.
Orange peel, dried, per lb.
Rasins, freed from seeds, per lb.
Senna leaves (Tinnevely), per cwt.
Sherry wine, per dozen quarts
Slaked lime, per lb.
Matches, per dozen boxes
Earthen pots (to hold 2 to 8 lb.), assorted, per 100
Empty tins, 1-gallon size, each
Do. 2 do.
Zinc funnels, pint size, each
Splints, Pott's, common, lined, per set of 8 pairs
Splints, Cline's, hand, per pair
Splints, leg, per set of 6 pairs
Splints, long, Liston's, for adults, per dozen
Splints, long, for children, per dozen
Stone jars, 2-gallon size, with screw stoppers, each
Straw, per lb.
Tar, per gallon
Carts, double bullock, to convey packages to the Fort, per trip
Carts, single bullock, to convey parcels to the Fort, per trip
Carts, single bullock, to convey packages to Railway, per trip
Sulphur, in rolls, per cwt.
Hackery to Fort, per trip
Hackery to railway station, Maradana, per trip

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 100; and should any tenderer decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue.

5. Samples of the articles tendered for must be deposited at the Civil Medical Stores, Maradana, and Colonial Store.

6. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to give cash security to the extent of Rs. 350 for the due performance of the contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tender.

7. In case any person makes any alterations in his tender before forwarding it, such alterations should invariably bear his initials, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Medical Superintendent of the Civil Medical Stores.

9. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

W. R. KYNSEY,
Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, September 29, 1896.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for removing Night Soil," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, October 26, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the removal of the night soil of the General Hospital, Colombo, twice a day (including the De Soysa Lying-in Home), and the washing of the Dissecting Room of the Medical College, commencing from January 1, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender to December 31, 1897, in covered iron vessels in a properly constructed cart, to the Municipal depot within the hours fixed by the Council. The contractor should provide his own coolies.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 100; and should any tenderer decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue.

5. The successful tenderer will be required to give at once cash security to the extent of Rs. 200, and to sign the bond and for the due fulfilment of the contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tender.

6. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

7. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

W. R. KYNSEY,
Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, September 29, 1896.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Calves for Vaccination," will be received up to 12 noon on Monday, October 26, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the supply of four calves, more or less, as may be required every month from January 1, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender, to December 31, 1897.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The calves must be delivered at the animal vaccination depôt at Galle. They should be under one year old, perfectly weaned, stout and healthy, and without any eruption on the skin. Any calf not answering to the above description will be rejected.

The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer, Colombo, or the Colonial Surgeon, Galle, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 15 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Cash security to the extent of Rs. 50 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

For further particulars apply to the Colonial Surgeon or to the Inspector of Vaccination, Colombo.

W. R. KYNSEY,
Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, September 29, 1896.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Calves for Vaccination," will be received up to 12 noon on Monday, October 26, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the supply of six calves, more or less, as may be required every month from January 1, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender, to December 31, 1897.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The calves must be delivered at the animal vaccination depôt, Borella. They should be under one year old, perfectly weaned, stout and healthy, and without any eruption on the skin. Any calf not answering to the above description will be rejected.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Colonial Surgeon, Maradana, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 15 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon the signature of a contract.

Cash security to the extent of Rs. 50 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

For further particulars apply to the Colonial Surgeon or to the Inspector of Vaccination, Colombo.

W. R. KYNSEY,
Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, September 29, 1896.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Calves for Vaccination," will be received up to 12 noon on Monday, October 26, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the supply of four calves, more or less, as may be required every month from January 1, or from date of acceptance thereafter of tender, to December 31, 1897.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The calves must be delivered at the animal vaccination depôt at Anuradhapura. They should be under one year old, perfectly weaned, stout and healthy, and without any eruption on the skin. Any calf not answering to the above description will be rejected.

The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer, Colombo, or the Medical Officer, Anuradhapura, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 15 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Cash security to the extent of Rs. 50 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

For further particulars apply to the Colonial Surgeon or to the Inspector of Vaccination, Colombo.

W. R. KYNSEY,
Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, September 29, 1896.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), from persons willing to contract for daily dry-earth conservancy in the Colonial Store, Colombo, from January 1, 1897, to December 31, 1897, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, October 24, 1896.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for dry-earth conservancy, Colonial Store."

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyer, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

All alterations or erasures in tender should bear the initials of the tenders, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, October 5, 1896.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for daily dry-earth conservancy in the Queen's House at Colombo from January 1 to December 31, 1897, will be received up to 12 noon on Saturday, October 24, 1896 :—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for dry-earth conservancy, Queen's House, Colonial Store."

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of

the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

The security bond should be furnished immediately on notice of acceptance of tender.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, October 5, 1896.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of Metal and Coral Stones for Mannar District," will be received up to noon on Monday, October 26, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned service during the year 1897 :—

For supplying at the jetty at Mannar before June 30, 1897 :—

195 cubes of Kalamparawa metal, at per cube.

80 cubes of Jaffna metal, at per cube.

Coral stone in blocks, not less than 1 in. in length 6 in. thickness, and 1 in. in breadth, roughly dressed, per cube.

NOTE.—Metal to pass any way through a 2-in. ring.

2. The tenders are to be made in duplicate on forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Government Agent, Northern Province, Jaffna, and the Assistant Government Agent's Office at Mannar, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form. The originals should be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Director of Public Works, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General; both to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

4. Cash security will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the security and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Jaffna, and at the District Engineer's Office, Mannar.

5. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

6. Any alterations made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

7. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due fulfilment of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, together with a fee of Rs. 10-50 to be paid by the tenderer, but the bonds may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. And when bonds have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, October 5, 1896.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1897, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, October 31, 1896 :—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Candles, Colonial Store."

Candles, table, about 800 to 1,000 lb. more or less are required.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 20.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Rations, &c., Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, October 31, 1896.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 20.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, October 13, 1896.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Rice, &c., for the use of the Giant's Tank Works," will be received at the Jaffna Kachcheri up to noon on Monday, November 2, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services from January 1 to December 31, 1897 :—

For supplying good, fresh, clean, dry kallunda rice, free from any admixture of other rice or paddy, in all respects equal to the accepted samples, in such quantities as may from time to time be required by the officer in charge of the Giant's Tank Works, viz. :—

Best kallunda rice, at per bushel
Nar baskets for earthwork, at per 100
Rattan baskets for earthwork, the baskets being 1 ft. 8 in. in diameter and 4 in. deep, per 100
Mats (state dimensions), per 100
Coir string, per cwt.

Gunny bags, per bag
Coast paddy, per bushel
Cocoanut oil, per bottle
Colloco, per bushel
Gingelly poonac, per cwt.
Cadjans, per 1,000
Straw (not pulavo), per lb.
Vinegar, per bottle
Margosa oil, per bottle
Salt, per lb.
Stone, blue, per lb.
Bluestone, per lb.
Fresh coral lime (unslaked) per bushel

The deliveries of the rice and all the materials shall be made by the contractor at his own expense at the following stations, viz. :—

The rice at the rice stores at Murunkan and Puliyadi-irakkam, and all the other materials at the store of the officer in charge of Giant's Tank Works at Murunkan or Puliyadi-irakkam.

Samples of rice and all materials to be deposited with the Government Agent, Northern Province, labelled with the name of the tenderer on.

The samples of paddy and rice must be given in white glass bottles sealed by the tenderer.

The conditions of the contract may be ascertained at the Jaffna Kachcheri, or from the officer in charge of the Giant's Tank Works at Mannar.

Successful tenderers for supply of rice and materials will be required to enter into contract and to sign the conditions of the contract and bond, copy of which can be seen at the offices of the Government Agent, Northern Province, and his Assistant at Mannar, where the amount of the bond and all other necessary information also can be ascertained.

Tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Government Agent, Northern Province, or his Assistant at Mannar, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any tenderer decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

Cash security to the amount of Rs. 500 will be required. Every alteration on a tender should bear the initials of the tenderer.

The Government Agent reserves to himself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

The person or persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bonds prepared for the due fulfilment of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General.

L. M. ACLAND,
Officer in Charge of Giant's Tank Works.

Mannar, September 30, 1896.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for Transport Service in the Northern Province," will be received in the Jaffna Kachcheri up to noon on Monday, November 2, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned service during 1897 :—

For transport of cement, rails, bricks, lime, coral stones, cadjans, &c., required for the Giant's Tank Works :—

Articles.	Rates.*
From Jaffna to Mannar	...
From Mannar to Murunkan	...
From Mannar to Parayanalan-kulam	...
From Mannar to any part of the Giant's Tank Works up to the 27th mile on the Mannar-Madawachchi road, per mile	...

* State quantity or weight per mile.

Tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Government Agent, Jaffna, or his Assistant at Mannar, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The amount of the bond, in which sufficient sureties will be required to join, and all necessary information in respect to the contract, can be ascertained upon application at the office of the Government Agent, Jaffna, or his Assistant at Mannar.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due fulfilment of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Hon. the Attorney-General.

Every alteration on a tender should bear the initials of the tenderer.

L. M. ACLAND,

Officer in Charge of Giant's Tank Works.

Mannar, September 30, 1896.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender to collect and remove Firewood," will be received by me at this office at 2 P.M. on Friday, the 6th proximo, from persons willing to contract for collecting firewood at Kilinochi and removing the same to Elephant Pass by cart and thence to Jaffna by boat.

2. Tenderers should state at what rate per cubic yard they will undertake to collect, remove, and supply the firewood at the Jaffna depot; they may tender for collecting and removing by cart and by boat each separately or for all three together.

3. The tenders are to be made in duplicate, the original being forwarded direct to me and the duplicate direct to the Auditor-General, both to be forwarded at the same time.

4. The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at this office, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

5. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract after he has tendered, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

6. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Jaffna Kachcheri,
October 8, 1896.

G. WOODHOUSE,
for Government Agent.

Tender for Coal and Firewood, 1897.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tenders for ——— to the Colombo Harbour Works during 1897," will be received by the Resident Engineer at his office up to 12 o'clock noon on November 16, 1896.

A deposit of Rs. 50, to be made at this office, is required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited. All other deposits will be returned on signature of contract.

No tender will be considered unless it is on a form to be obtained at this office, and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at this office.

The security bond must be furnished before December 31, 1896. All alterations or erasures should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Resident Engineer reserves to himself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders.

J. H. BOSTOCK,
Resident Engineer.

Harbour Works Office,
October 9, 1896.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1897, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, November 7, 1896 :—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Cattle Food, Colonial Store :"—

Cocoanut branches with green leaves, per 100 branches.
Best cocoanut poonac, per cwt.
Best gingelly poonac, do.
Collu, per bushel.
Country paddy, per bushel.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 25.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10.50 to the Attorney-General for approving such bond.

The security bond should be furnished immediately on acceptance of tender being notified.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

JNO. ROOT,
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colonial Store,
Colombo, October 15, 1896.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate) for the under-mentioned service on account of the Colonial Store Department will be received up to noon on Tuesday, November 10, 1896 :—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Landing, &c., Coal and Coke per Steamers and Sailing Ships."

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Colonial Storekeeper and the

duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

2. For landing with the utmost despatch all coal and coke arriving at the port of Colombo by steamers and sailing ships for the Railway, and delivering the same at the Railway Store or Railway Station at Maradana, at the vicinity of the Railway line near the Lotus pond, or at any other place within the gravets of Colombo.

3. The rate demanded should be at per ton, and should include the cost of stacking materials, when required, at such places as may be pointed out.

4. All small coal and coke should be bagged on boardship and conveyed and delivered so bagged. Not less than 350 tons coal should be landed and delivered per working day.

5. All coal and coke should be removed from the Wharf to the Railway premises by railway, the Government supplying a sufficiency of trucks at the Battenberg Battery siding, and receiving them from contractor on Wharf weighing machine, the contractor paying the Traffic Manager for transport at the rate of 50c. per ton for all materials, the loading and unloading of trucks being done at the expense and risk of the contractor. If wagons be detained beyond the time allowed (24 hours), the contractor to pay demurrage.

6. The contractor will be required to shunt all trucks from the Main line on to the siding at the Breakwater, and thence back on to Main line.

7. The weight ascertained at the Railway weigh-bridge at the Wharf Station, minus weight of bags, shall be that for which the contractor will be paid.

8. Parties tendering are requested to state rates for contract to run for one, two, or three years.

9. An allowance of 2 per cent. on the bill of lading quantity will be made to the contractor for wastage.

10. The contractor will be bound to accept in all cases the conditions of the charter-party as regards discharge of the ship; and all demurrage and other charges which may result from a failure to comply with such conditions shall be borne by the contractor.

11. Tenders should be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper.

12. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed form, and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

13. Each party will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 150, which will be returned in the event of his tender not being accepted; but which will be forfeited in the event of his declining to carry out his tender or any portion of it which may be accepted.

14. The amount of security—which must be real, not personal—to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

15. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document. But if a contractor submits a security bond which does not bear the name or stamp of the lawyer who drafted it, he will be required to pay a fee of Rs. 10-50 to the Attorney-General for approving each bond.

16. The Government reserves to itself the coal that may be salvaged from the Harbour.

17. The security bond should be furnished forthwith on acceptance of tender.

18. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

19. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, to reject any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Store, JNO. ROOT,
Colombo, October 20, 1896. Colonial Storekeeper.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for Shipping and Landing Stores for the Public

Works Department," will be received up to noon on Monday, November 16, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned service:—

For shipping and landing stores of the Public Works Department to and from steamers and sailing vessels in the Colombo Harbour during the year 1897.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Director of Public Works and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Director of Public Works, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained at the office of the Director of Public Works.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

The security bond should be perfected before December 31, 1896.

NOTE.—The stores to be received in Colombo at the Colombo export jetties.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.
Colombo, October 20, 1896.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for Conveyance of Materials by Boat between ——" will be received up to noon on Monday, November 23, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned service. The stations between which the goods are to be carried are to be specified outside the envelope containing the tender:—

For conveyance of materials by boat to and between the under-mentioned places during the year 1897:—

To and from Colombo and Puttalam and intermediate stations and branch canals and backwaters, at Rs. — per mile per cwt.

To and from Colombo and Ruanwella and intermediate stations and branch canals and backwaters, at Rs. — per mile per cwt.

To and from Colombo and Bolgoda and intermediate stations and branch canals and backwaters, at Rs. — per mile per cwt.

To and from Colombo and Digarolla and intermediate stations and branch canals and backwaters, at Rs. — per mile per cwt.

To and from Colombo and Ratnapura (via Kalutara) and intermediate stations and branch canals and backwaters, at Rs. — per mile per cwt.

Two tons to be taken as a boat load.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Director of Public Works and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Director of Public Works, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered,

or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained at the office of the Director of Public Works.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

The security bond should be perfected before December 31, 1896.

H. WARD,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, October 22, 1896.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for Dieting Agricultural and Training School Masters and Students," will be received at the office of the Director of Public Instruction up to noon on Saturday, November 14, 1896, from persons willing to contract for dieting the masters and students of the Colombo School of Agriculture and Colombo Training School from January 1 to December 31, 1897 :—

Tenders should be made in duplicate, the original being forwarded by the tenderer to the Director of Public Instruction, while the duplicate should be forwarded on the same day direct to the Auditor-General.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Director of Public Instruction, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. The amount of such bond, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the office of the Director of Public Instruction.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Samples of rice must be deposited at the office of the Director of Public Instruction in sealed packets or bottles, labelled with the tenderer's name, before the date on which the tenders are to be opened.

Persons whose tenders have been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contracts, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, whose fees should be paid by the contractor, but such bonds may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers.

On bonds which have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name and stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed, in order to facilitate the work of the Crown Counsel.

Every alteration in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderer. All alterations in tenders not bearing

the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

J. B. CULL,
Director of Public Instruction.
Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, October 20, 1896.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for services in connection with the Central Timber Depôt," will be received up to noon on Monday, November 30, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services from January 1, 1897, to December 31, 1897 :—

(1) To unload timber from vessels at anchor in the harbour and to land, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(2) To lay out ebony for trimming in the depôt, per on of 20 cwt.

(3) To weigh ebony in the depôt, per ton of 20 cwt.

(4) To stack ebony after weighing in the depôt, per ton of 20 cwt.

(5) To shift and re-stack timber in the depôt, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(6) To unload timber from railway wagons in Colombo, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(7) To transport timber from landing jetty to Slave Island depôt and to stack, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(8) To transport timber from Mutwal ferry to Slave Island depôt and to stack, per cubic foot.

(9) To transport timber from Main station to Slave Island depôt and to stack, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(10) To transport timber to the Reclamation grounds from the Slave Island depôt, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(11) To transport timber from the Slave Island depôt to the Government Factory.

(12) To unload timber from pada boats, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(13) To load timber into carts, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(14) To transport timber from the Kelaniya depôt to the Slave Island depôt and to stack (toll fare included) per cubic ft.

(15) To cut ebony in the depôt, for a piece.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Conservator of Forests and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General; both to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of Conservator of Forests, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished in the recognized form.

4. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

5. Cash security for Rs. 250 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

7. Any alterations made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the initials of the tenderers will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. The name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the documents.

A. F. BROWN,
Conservator of Forests.

[Notices received after the closing of Parts II. to V.]

THE following telegrams received from the Government of Bombay are published for general information :—

Political Resident, Persian Gulf, telegraphs : "Persian authorities have imposed quarantine on arrivals from Bombay."

British Consul at Goa telegraphs : "From yesterday, October 16, 1896, five days' quarantine against arrivals from Bombay by rail or sea. Same applies to passengers from south travelling by Shepherd's steamers."

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

W. F. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 22, 1896.

or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained at the office of the Director of Public Works.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

The security bond should be perfected before December 31, 1896.

H. WARD,

for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, October 22, 1896.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for Dieting Agricultural and Training School Masters and Students," will be received at the office of the Director of Public Instruction up to noon on Saturday, November 14, 1896, from persons willing to contract for dieting the masters and students of the Colombo School of Agriculture and Colombo Training School from January 1 to December 31, 1897 :—

Tenders should be made in duplicate, the original being forwarded by the tenderer to the Director of Public Instruction, while the duplicate should be forwarded on the same day direct to the Auditor-General.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Director of Public Instruction, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. The amount of such bond, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the office of the Director of Public Instruction.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Samples of rice must be deposited at the office of the Director of Public Instruction in sealed packets or bottles, labelled with the tenderer's name, before the date on which the tenders are to be opened.

Persons whose tenders have been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contracts, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, whose fees should be paid by the contractor, but such bonds may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers.

On bonds which have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name and stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed, in order to facilitate the work of the Crown Counsel.

Every alteration in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderer. All alterations in tenders not bearing

the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

J. B. CULL,

Director of Public Instruction.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, October 20, 1896.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for services in connection with the Central Timber Depot," will be received up to noon on Monday, November 30, 1896, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services from January 1, 1897, to December 31, 1897 :—

(1) To unload timber from vessels at anchor in the harbour and to land, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(2) To lay out ebony for trimming in the depot, per ton of 20 cwt.

(3) To weigh ebony in the depot, per ton of 20 cwt.

(4) To stack ebony after weighing in the depot, per ton of 20 cwt.

(5) To shift and re-stack timber in the depot, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(6) To unload timber from railway wagons in Colombo, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(7) To transport timber from landing jetty to Slave Island depot and to stack, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(8) To transport timber from Mutwal ferry to Slave Island depot and to stack, per cubic foot.

(9) To transport timber from Main station to Slave Island depot and to stack, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(10) To transport timber to the Reclamation grounds from the Slave Island depot, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(11) To transport timber from the Slave Island depot to the Government Factory.

(12) To unload timber from pada boats, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(13) To load timber into carts, per ton of 35 cubic ft. or 20 cwt.

(14) To transport timber from the Kelaniya depot to the Slave Island depot and to stack (toll fare included) per cubic ft.

(15) To cut ebony in the depot, for a piece.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Conservator of Forests and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General; both to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of Conservator of Forests, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished in the recognized form.

4. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

5. Cash security for Rs. 250 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

7. Any alterations made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the initials of the tenderers will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. The name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the documents.

A. F. BROWN,

Conservator of Forests.

[Notices received after the closing of Parts II. to V.]

THE following telegrams received from the Government of Bombay are published for general information :—

Political Resident, Persian Gulf, telegraphs : "Persian authorities have imposed quarantine on arrivals from Bombay."

British Consul at Goa telegraphs : "From yesterday, October 16, 1896, five days' quarantine against arrivals from Bombay by rail or sea. Same applies to passengers from south travelling by Shepherd's steamers."

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

W. F. TAYLOR,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 22, 1896.