



Ceylon Government Gazette

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PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.

PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile.

PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part IV.—Marine and Mercantile.

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NOTICES TO MARINERS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct that the following Notices to Mariners be published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, November 22, 1896.

GOVERNMENT OF EGYPT.

Egypt—Suez Roads—Kal-el-Kebireh—Gas Beacon.

On and after October 1 the beacon on the Kal-el-Kebireh shoal will be replaced by an iron lighthouse, on which will be exhibited two red fixed all-round gas lights, one 12 ft above the other, the top light being 55 ft. above high water.

N.B.—These lights are for vessels manœuvring in Suez roads, and can be seen from the lightship on the Newport shoal.

MOUCE PACHA,
Controller General, Ports and Lighthouses.

Alexandria, Egypt, September 16, 1896.

GOVERNMENT OF JAPAN.

Japan—Kiushu West Coast—Matsushima Channel—Existence of Sunken Rocks.

Information has been received from Captain Uyemura of H.I.M.S. Takachiho that Lieutenant Asaba, I.N., reports the existence of two rocks in Matsushima channel. One with a depth of $3\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms of water on it lies $5\frac{1}{2}$ cables N.N.E. of Dowatashibana, in (approximately) lat. $32^{\circ} 56' 9''$ N., long. $129^{\circ} 37' 34''$ E. The other lies about half cable S.S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ W. of it, and has also a depth of $3\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms on it.

Korea—Korea East Coast—Position of a reported Rock off Tikmenef Point.

Information has been received from Lieutenant Hiro-watari, I. N., that the reported rocks near Tikmenef point were seen at S. 47° W., about $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile, from a position (lat. $35^{\circ} 34'$ N., long. $129^{\circ} 34'$ E.) marked on the charts, but time did not permit exact examination.

Variation, $4^{\circ} 40'$ westerly in 1893.

K. KIMOTSUKI, Capt., I. N.,
Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Tokyo, Japan,
September 17, 1896.

UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE CEYLON TEA AND COCOANUT ESTATES COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. THE name of the Company is "THE CEYLON TEA AND COCOANUT ESTATES COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo, Ceylon.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are—
 - (1) To purchase or otherwise acquire the Perth and Maputugala Estates in the Rayigam korale of the Kalutara District, or any part or parts thereof.
 - (2) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trademark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (3) To work, sell, lease, license, let on hire, or otherwise dispose of any mines or quarries on or under any property of the Company, and to find, win, get, work, turn to account, sell, and otherwise deal with any ores, minerals, oils, precious and other stones or other deposits, substances, products of such property of any kind.
 - (4) To engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such, or the widow or children of any such.
 - (5) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, and improve the said estates or any portions thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof as a tea estate or tea estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company.
To otherwise improve and develop the same.
 - (6) To prepare, manufacture, treat, and make marketable tea and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such tea crops and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places, and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
 - (7) To purchase tea leaf and (or) other raw products for manufacture, manipulation, and sale, and to manufacture, manipulate, and sell the same.
 - (8) To carry on the business of manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of tea and other products in all their branches on behalf of the Company or as agents for others, and on commission or otherwise.
 - (9) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, in Ceylon, or elsewhere, stores, shops, places for the sale of tea, coffee, cocoa, and other articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail.
 - (10) To establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof.
 - (11) To let, lease, exchange, or mortgage the Company's lands, buildings, or other property or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other Company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
 - (12) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash credit bonds or of hypothecations or mortgages of the Company's property, or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock or bonds to bearer, or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
 - (13) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of exchange, notes, and other negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
 - (14) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangements for sharing profits of union of interests, or any other arrangements with any person or persons, Company or Companies, already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise, and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such Company, and to promote the formation of any such Company.

- (15) To amalgamate with any other Company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (16) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or persons, Company or Companies, carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere, which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (17) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company or any part or parts thereof for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other Company.
- (18) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and if and when necessary elsewhere.
- (19) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees, divided into One thousand shares of Five hundred Rupees each (of which Two hundred and fifty thousand Rupees are now called up), with power to increase or reduce the capital.

In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Ceylon set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.			Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
W. HENRY FIGG, Colombo	...	...	One
Witness to the above signature :			
F. LIESCHING, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.			
Dated the 1st day of September, 1896.			
HERBERT TARRANT, Colombo	...	...	One
H. H. CAPPER, Colombo	...	...	One
FRANK CAPPER, by his attorney H. H. CAPPER	...	...	One
ADA CAPPER, by her attorney H. H. CAPPER	...	...	One
ETHEL M. FIGG, by her attorney H. H. CAPPER	...	...	One
Witness to the above signatures :			
F. LIESCHING, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.			
Dated the 4th day of November, 1896.			
KATHARINE FOX TARRANT, Colombo	...	...	One
Witness to the above signature :			
T. MOSCROP, Missionary.			
Dated the 4th day of November, 1896.			

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE CEYLON TEA AND COCOANUT ESTATES COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provision instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with or repugnant to the subject or context :—

The word "Company" means "The Ceylon Tea and Cocoanut Estates Company, Limited, incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached."

"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The original capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into one thousand (1,000) shares of Five hundred Rupees (Rs. 500) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, of such amounts per share and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holder of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

10. The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of, and^a by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct, and if no direction be given as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distributions of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

12. Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

13. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

15. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

16. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies, and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

17. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

18. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent future, partial, or equitable interest, in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 34 to become a shareholder in respect of any share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him, and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificates of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first-named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person, and at the time and place appointed by the Directors. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

23. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

24. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof, on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

25. The Directors may, at their discretion, receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in

respect of the shares in respect of which such advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding however six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

26. Subject to the restrictions of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

27. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

28. The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

29. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

30. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferrer, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 29 and 31, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

31. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

32. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferrer shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.

33. The register of transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared for the three next days ensuing the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

34. The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

35. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

36. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if, in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the net proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

37. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

38. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment, and such interest and expenses as aforesaid, are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

39. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit,

40. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

41. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

42. A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary, that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money, for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per cent. on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bonâ fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 40 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

43. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

44. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

45. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

46. A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary, that the power of sale given by clause 44 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

47. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

BORROWING POWERS.

48. The Directors shall and may forthwith borrow a sum of Rs. 85,000, whereof the sum of Rs. 60,000 is to pay off a mortgage now existing over the said Perth estate, and the further sum of Rs. 25,000 is required in connection with the erection and fitting up of a factory.

The Directors shall further have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained, from the Company's estates as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any further sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company beyond the mortgage above referred to, provided that the moneys so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not without the sanction of a General Meeting exceed half the called up capital of the Company.

49. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

50. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purpose, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue, any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock bonds, or obligations of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital, of unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse, on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills or exchange.

51. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

52. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

53. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

54. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

55. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

56. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

57. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

58. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

59. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

60. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

61. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

62. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

63. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person or by proxy at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

64. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

65. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be a Chairman.

66. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

67. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

68. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings, and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

69. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

70. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality

of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

71. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

72. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

73. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, and an additional vote for every five shares beyond the first ten up to one hundred, and an additional vote for every ten shares held by him beyond the first hundred.

74. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

75. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

76. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

77. No Shareholder, who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting, shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incorporation of the Company.

78. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company.

79. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a Company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such Company or corporation.

80. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Ceylon Tea and Coconut Estates Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____ one thousand eight hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this _____ day of _____, one thousand eight hundred and _____.

81. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, whether given personally or by proxy, except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

82. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

83. The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least ten shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding two thousand rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

84. The first Directors shall be Herbert Tarrant, William Henry Figg, and Herbert Henry Capper, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

85. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Managing Director or Managing Directors and (or) visiting agent or agents of the Company, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may, from time to time, revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Managing Director or Managing Directors and (or) visiting agent or agents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

86. At the first Ordinary Meeting of the Company, all the Directors shall retire from Office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 87.

87. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

88. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

89. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

90. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

91. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or Provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

92. The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

93. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of the retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

94. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

95. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

96. Every Director or officer of the Company and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharging of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of the title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damages arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

97. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

98. The office of the Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

99. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the purchase of the Perth and Maputugalla estates, and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

100. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents, and secretary or secretaries of the Company, to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

101. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants, for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

102. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company, as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinance and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulations had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

103. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

104. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

105. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries in the event of a firm being the Secretaries being signified by a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

106. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose, and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

107. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the award.
- (c) To make and give receipt, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

108. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum.

109. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

110. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

111. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

112. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

113. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

114. The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the Committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

115. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

116. The Directors shall cause Minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose:—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the Committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the Committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of Committees appointed by the Board.

117. All such Minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all Minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

118. The agent or secretary or the agents or secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no agent or secretary or agents or secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books, and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

119. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account, or book, or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

120. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

121. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such items shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

122. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

123. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

124. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

125. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

126. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

127. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

128. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

129. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

130. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of the Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Director shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

131. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially, as he may think fit.

132. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the day time have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

133. The Directors may with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend, to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of net profits.

134. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account, and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

135. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may, with the sanction of the Company, select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

136. The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing, or maintaining, or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal, or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

137. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

138. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

139. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

140. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and if the Directors think fit may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

141. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

142. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by any one of such persons.

NOTICES.

143. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the agent or secretary, agents or secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

144. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

145. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors or to the agent or secretary or agents or secretaries of the Company their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

146. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

147. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a Post Office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

148. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

149. Whenever any question or other matter whatever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

150. On the trial or hearing of any action of suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

151. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo this 1st day of September and 4th day of November, 1896.

W. HENRY FIGG.

Witness to the above signature:

F. LIESCHING, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

Dated the 1st day of September, 1896.

HERBERT TARRANT.

H. H. CAPPER.

FRANK CAPPER,

By his attorney H. H. CAPPER.

ADA CAPPER,

By her attorney H. H. CAPPER.

ETHEL M. FIGG,

By her attorney H. H. CAPPER.

Witness to the above signatures:

F. LIESCHING, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

Dated the 4th day of November, 1896.

KATHARINE FOX TARRANT.

Witness to the above signature:

T. MOSCROP, Missionary.

Dated the 4th day of November, 1896.

**MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE KURUNEGALA ESTATES COMPANY OF
CEYLON, LIMITED.**

1. THE name of the Company is "THE KURUNEGALA ESTATES COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo, Ceylon.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are—
 - (1) To purchase or otherwise acquire the Ambapitiya, Bridstowe, Pittiakande, Matilda Valley, and Moratenne Estates in the District of Kurunégala, or any part or parts thereof.
 - (2) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trademark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (3) To engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such, or the widow or children of any such.
 - (4) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, and improve the said estates or any portions thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof as a tea estate or tea estates, or with coconuts, rhea, or any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company. To otherwise improve and develop the same.
 - (5) To prepare, manufacture, treat, and make marketable tea, rhea, cocoanuts, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such tea crops and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places, and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
 - (6) To purchase tea leaf and (or) other raw products for manufacture, manipulation, and sale and to manufacture, manipulate, and sell the same.
 - (7) To carry on the business of manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of tea, rhea, cocoanuts, and other products in all their branches on behalf of the Company or as agents for others, and on commission or otherwise.
 - (8) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, in Ceylon, or elsewhere, stores, shops, places for the sale of tea, coffee, cocoa, and other articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail.
 - (9) To establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof.
 - (10) To let, lease, exchange, or mortgage the Company's lands, buildings, or other property or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other Company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
 - (11) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash credit bonds or of hypothecations or mortgages of the Company's property, or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock or bonds to bearer, or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
 - (12) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of exchange, notes, and other negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
 - (13) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangements for sharing profits of union of interests, or any other arrangement with any person or persons, Company or Companies, already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part, similar or analogous, or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise, and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such Company, and to promote the formation of any such Company.
 - (14) To amalgamate with any other Company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.

- (15) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or persons, Company for Companies, carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere, which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (16) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company or any part or parts thereof for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other Company.
- (17) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and if and when necessary elsewhere.
- (18) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Four hundred thousand Rupees, divided into Four thousand shares of One hundred Rupees each (of which Two hundred thousand Rupees are now called up), with power to increase or reduce the capital.

In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.	
JOHN MANLEY POWER, "Bon Accord," Bogawantalawa	...	One
ED. KYNASTON, "Eadella," Polgahawela	...	One
HERBERT E. REYNOLDS, "Ayr," Hanwella	...	One
GEORGE A. SCOTT, Kandy	...	One
MARY DULCIBELLA POWER, wife of J. MANLEY POWER	...	One
FRANK H. SHELLEY, Madawalatenne	...	One
EDMUND SCOTT, Kurunegala	...	One

Witness to the signature of MARY DULCIBELLA POWER :—

JOHN MANLEY POWER.

Witness to the above signatures :—

H. CREASY, Notary Public.

This 13th day of November, 1896.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE KURUNEGALA ESTATES COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :—

The word "Company" means "The Kurunegala Estates Company of Ceylon, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The original capital of the Company is Four hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 400,000), divided into Four thousand (4,000) shares of One hundred Rupees (Rs. 100) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, of such amounts per share and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct, and if no direction be given as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies, and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent future, partial, or equitable interest, in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 34 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him, and the amount paid thereon.

19. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

20. The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first-named on the register.

CALLS.

21. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

22. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

23. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

24. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof, on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

25. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and

due in respect of the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding however six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

26. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

27. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

28. The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

29. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

30. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferrer, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 29 and 31, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

31. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

32. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferrer shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.

33. The register of transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared for the three next days ensuing the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

34. The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

35. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

36. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if, in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the net proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

37. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

38. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter before payment of calls or instalment with interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

39. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

40. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

41. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

42. A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary, that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money, for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per cent. on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bonâ fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 40 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

43. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

44. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

45. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

46. A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary, that the power of sale given by clause 44 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

47. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

BORROWING POWERS.

48. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained, from the Company's estates as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed one-half the capital of the Company.

49. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

50. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue, any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

51. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

52. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

53. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

54. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

55. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

56. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

57. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

58. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

59. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

60. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

61. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

62. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

63. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

64. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

65. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be a Chairman.

66. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

67. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

68. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings, and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

69. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

70. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes

to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided ; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

71. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

72. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

73. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, and an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first ten up to one hundred, and an additional vote for every twenty-five shares held by him beyond the first hundred.

74. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

75. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

76. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

77. No Shareholder, who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting, shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incorporation of the Company.

78. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company.

79. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a Company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such Company or corporation.

80. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :—

The Kurunegala Estates Company of Ceylon, Limited.

I, ———, of ———, appoint ———, of ——— (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the ——— day of ——— one thousand eight hundred and ———, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this ——— day of ———, one thousand eight hundred and ———.

81. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, whether given personally or by proxy, except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

82. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

83. The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least twenty-five shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding fifteen hundred rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

84. The first Directors shall be J. Manley Power, Edward Scott, and F. H. Shelly, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

85. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Managing Director or Managing Directors and (or) visiting agent or agents of the Company, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may, from time to time, revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Managing Director or Managing Directors and (or) visiting agent or agents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

86. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 87.

87. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

88. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

89. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

90. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

91. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

92. The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

93. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of the retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

94. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before his office shall become vacant.

95. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

96. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

97. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

98. The Office of the Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with or done any work for the company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the company; nevertheless he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

99. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the purchase of the Ambapitiya, Bridstowe, Pittiakande, Matilda Valley, and Moratenne estates, and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

100. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents, and secretary or secretaries of the Company, to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the

valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

101. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants, for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

102. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company, as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinance and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

103. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

104. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

105. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries in the event of a firm being the Secretaries being signified by a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

106. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose, and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

107. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say) :—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the award.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

108. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum.

109. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

110. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of the number to be Chairman of such meeting.

111. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

112. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committees, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

113. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

114. The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the Committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

115. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

116. The Directors shall cause Minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the Committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the Committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of Committees appointed by the Board.

117. All such Minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all Minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

118. The agent or secretary or the agents or secretaries for the time being, or if there be no agent or secretary or agents or secretaries, the Directors, shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

119. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

120. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

121. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such items shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

122. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

123. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

124. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

125. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

126. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

127. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

128. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

129. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

130. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

131. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

132. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the day time have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

133. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of net profits.

134. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account, and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

135. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may, with the sanction of the Company, select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

136. The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing, or maintaining, or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal, or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

137. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

138. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

139. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

140. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and if the Directors think fit may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

141. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

142. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by any one of such persons.

NOTICES.

143. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the agent or secretary, agents or secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

144. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

145. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors or to the agent or secretary or agents or secretaries of the Company their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

146. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

147. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a Post Office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

148. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

149. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

150. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

151. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo this Thirteenth day of November, 1896.

JOHN MANLEY POWER.

ED. KYNASTON.

HERBERT E. REYNOLDS.

GEORGE A. SCOTT.

MARY DULCIBELLA POWER,

Wife of J. MANLEY POWER.

FRANK H. SHELLEY.

EDMUND SCOTT.

Witness to the signature of MARY DULCIBELLA POWER :
JOHN MANLEY POWER.

Witness to the above signatures :
H. CREAST, Notary Public.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at 12 noon on Tuesday, 8th December, 1896, at the registered office of the Company, No. 1, Baillie street, Colombo.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and accounts to 30th September, 1896.
2. To declare a final dividend.
3. To appoint an Auditor.

And transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

The Share Register will be closed from the 28th instant to the 9th December next inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

LEE, HEDGES & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, November 24, 1896.

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of "The Ceylon Cinchona Association, Limited," will be held at our office, No. 1, Baillie street, Colombo, on Tuesday, the 8th day of December, 1896, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

Business.

To consider the following resolution :—

That the Ceylon Cinchona Association, Limited, be wound up voluntarily.

To appoint a Liquidator or Liquidators.

To decide on the remuneration to be paid to such Liquidator or Liquidators.

To appoint a person or persons to inspect the Liquidators' accounts.

By order of the Board of Directors,

LEE, HEDGES & Co.,
Agents.

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Blackstone Estate Company, Limited, will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 21, Baillie street, Colombo, on the 4th December, 1896, at 3 P.M. to pass the following special resolutions:—

That the Company be voluntarily wound up.

That Mr. F. Macindoe be appointed liquidator for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Company and distributing the property.

To pass a resolution fixing the remuneration of the liquidator.

By order of the Directors,

CARSON & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries.

SIX weeks hence I, Eugene Stewart Lucius Dassenaike shall apply to the Hon. the Judges of the Supreme Court to be enrolled and admitted a Proctor of their Court.

EUGENE DASSENAIKE.

Dassenaike Walawwa,
31, Wolfendahl street, Colombo,
November 25, 1896.

IN terms of the provisions of the 8th clause of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, I, Casinather Velopillai, residing at Puttoor in the District of Jaffna, hereby give notice that it is my intention, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the Tamil language in the District of Galle.

K. VALU PILLAI.

September 12, 1896.

ව 1877 වූ අවුරුද්දේ දෙවෙනි ආඥාපනතේ අට වෙනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාරයට ස්වයං උපදින්නන් සුන්දරවේ පදිත්ති සාමන්තයාදර් වේලපුල්ලේ වන මම විසින් මෙවන් පටන් තුන්මාසයක් පසුරන තැන ගාම්භීරී උපදින්නකට දෙමල බාසාවෙන් ප්‍රසිද්ධ නොසාරියබදපු ලියාදීමට ගරුකටයුතු ලංකාවේ උතුමානන්වගන්සේ ගෙන් බලන ඉල්ලීමකරන්ට අදාසකරන් සිටින බව මෙයින් දන්වමි.

ତେ ଭବତ,
କେ. ପିପ୍ପଳିକେ.

யாழ்ப்பாணப் பகுதியைச் சேர்ந்த புத்தூரில் வசிக்கு
மகாசிராதர் வேலு ப்பிள்ளையாகிய நான் 1877 ம் ஆண்
டின் 2 ம் இலக்கக் கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் 8 ம் பிரிவின
பிரகாரம் இதனடுத்த மூன்றுமாதங்களின்பின்...கரில்
முஸுதிறிக்குப் பகுதியில் தமிழ்ப்பாஷையில் நொத்தாரிச
உத்தியோகம் நடத்துவதற்காக ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளும்படி
உத்தம் தேசாதிபதியவர்களுக்கு விண்ணப்பஞ்செய்ய எ
ண்ணியிருப்பதை இத்தால் விளம்பரஞ் செய்கின்றேன்.

கா. வேலுப்பிள்ளை.

1896 ம் ஆண்டு புரட்டாசிமீ 12' ந் உ.

IN terms of section 8 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, I, Louis Napoleon Prins, of No. 43, Bonjean road, Kotahena in Colombo, intend to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the English language in the District of Colombo.

LOUIS N. PRINS.

Colombo, November 17, 1896.

කොළඹ කොට්ඨාසයේ බොන්ජිස් පාරේ නොම් මර 43 ගෙදර පැවති දුම්රිය නැපොලියන් ප්‍රින්ස් වන මාවතීන් කොළඹ දිස්ත්‍රික්කට ඉංග්‍රීසි භාෂාවෙන් ඔප්පු ලිවීමට නොහැරියකෙනෙක් මෙන් පත් කරණු ලබන්නට වූ 1877 ක්වූ නොම්මර දෙකේ වැඩ සාර්වේ අවමෙති වගන්තියේ සදහන්වූ ප්‍රකාර ලකිකා බවුසිකාර රුතුමානන්වසාන්සේගෙන් ඉල්ලන බව මෙයින් දන්වමි.

ප්‍රවේශ් ඇත. මිත්ත.

වර්ෂ 1896 ක්වූ නොවැම්බර් මස
17 වෙනි දින කොළඹදීය.

1877 ம ஆண்டின் 26 ம் நொம்பர் சட்டத்தின் பிரகாரம் கொழும்பு கொட்டாஞ்சேனையைச்சேர்ந்த பொன்சன் ரோட்டு 43 ம் நொம்பர் வீட்டிலிருக்கும் ஹலிஸ் என், பிரின்சாகிய நான் கொழும்பு மூஸ்திரிக்கில் இங்கிலீஸ் பாஷையில் நொத்தாரிஸு வேலை நடத்தும்படி மாட்சிமெதத்தின் தேசாதிபதியிடம் உத்தரவு கேட்பெனென்பதை இந்தாலறிவிக்கிறேன்.

உவிள என். பிரின்ஸ்.

கொழும்பு,

1896 ஐஸ் கார்த்திகைமீ 17 ந் உ.

AS provided by the 8th clause of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, J. Koomaravalu N. C. Kasy Pillai, residing at Naval in the District of Jaffna, do hereby give notice that it is my intention, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled as a Notary Public to practise in the District of Badulla in the Tamil language.

Navaly Jaffna,
November 18, 1896.

K. KASY PILLAI.

ප්‍රධාන දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ අයිති නව්‍යායීගාර පරිච්ඡිකුමාර
 වේළු ඇත්. සී. කාසිපුල්ලේ වන මම විසින්
 මෙතැන් සිට නුතන්සකස් ඉකුත්ලනාම දෙල්ලේ දිස්
 ත්‍රිත්තයේ දෙමල මාසාවෙන් ප්‍රසිද්ධ නොතාරින් මෙපු
 ලියාදමම වසි 1877කේ අවරිද්දේ දෙවොරින් අපු

පනතේ අවවේනි වගන්තියේ යි. යන ප්‍රකාරයට ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වනන්සේගෙන් බලය ඉල්ලා සිටින බව මෙයින් දන්වනේ.

ඇන්. සී. කාසිපුල්ලේ.

யாழ்ப்பாணம் நவாஸியில் வசக்கும் குமாரவேலு என். சீ. காசிப்பிள்ளையாகிய நான் வதுளைப்பகுதியில் தயிழ்ப்பாணத்தில் நொத்தாரிஸ் உத்தியோகம் நடத்துவதற்காக ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படும்படி இதனடுத்த மூன்று மாதங்களின்பின் அதியுத்தம் தேசாதிபதியவர்களுக்கு விண்ணப்பம்செய்ய எண்ணியிருக்கிறேன் என்பதை யித னூலறிவிக்கிறேன்.

கு. காசிப்பிள்ளை.

நவாஸி, யாழ்ப்பாணம்,
1896 ம் ஆ. கார்த்திகைமீ 18 ந் உ.

IN terms of the provisions of section 8 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, I, Ramalankar Ganapati Pillai, of Alway South, in the District of Jaffna, do hereby give notice that it is my intention, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the District of Jaffna in the English and Tamil languages.

R. GANAPATI PILLAI.

Alway South, November 18, 1896.

වෑ 1877 තේ අවුරුද්දේ දෙවෙනි ආඥාපනතේ අවවේනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාරයට ජපතේ දිස්ත්‍රික් කේ දකුණු අල්වාසියේ පදිනි රාමලින්කර් ගනපති පුල්ලේ වන මම විසින් මෙවන් පටන් තුන්මාසක පසුදනතුරු ජපතේ දිස්ත්‍රික්කයට ඉංග්‍රීසි සහ දෙමල බාසාවලින් ප්‍රසිඩ් නොකාරිස් චප්පු ලියාදීමට ගරුකට සුදු ලංකාවේ උතුමානන්වනන්සේගෙන් බලය ඉල්ලීම කරනට අදහස්කර සිටින බව මෙයින් දන්වමි.

මෙවබට,

රාමලින්කර් ගනපතිපුල්ලේ.

වෑ 1896 න්වු නොවැම්බර් මස 18 වෙනි දින දකුණු අල්වාසියේදී.

யாழ்ப்பாணம் முஸ்திரிக்கைச்சேர்ந்த அல்வாய் தெற்கு இராமலிங்கர் கணபதிப்பிள்ளையாகிய நான் யாழ்ப்பாணம் முஸ்திரிக்கில் இங்கிலீஸ் தமிழ் என்னும் இரு பாஷைகளிலும் நொத்தாரிசு உத்தியோகம் நடத்துவதற்கு ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளும்படி 1877 ம் ஆண்டின் 2 ம் இலக்க கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் 8 ம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் இதனடுத்த மூன்று மாதங்களின்பின் உத்தம் தேசாதிபதியவர்களுக்கு விண்ணப்பம்பண்ண எண்ணியிருக்கிறேன் என்பதை யித்தால் விஞ்ஞாபனஞ் செய்கின்றேன்.

இ. கணபதிப்பிள்ளை.

அல்வாய் தெற்கு,
1896 ம் ஆ. கார்த்திகைமீ 18 ந் உ.

I, SOLOMON GERARD DE ZOYSA WIJAYE-GUNARATNE SIRIWARDANA, of Welitara, in Bentota-Walallawiti korale, in the District of Galle (presently of Galle), do hereby give notice, in terms of section 8 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, of my intention, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public in the District of Tangalla.

S. G. D'ZOYSA.

Galle, November 19, 1896.

මා විසින් කේ කේතර වලල්ලාවි කේරලේ වලිකර පදිනිවසිට දනට ගල්ලේ පදිනිවසිට මොන් ජැරුර් ද සොයිසා විජයගුනරත්න සිරිවඩින

වන මම මෙවන් පටන් තුන්මාසක කේ ඉකුත්ව පසු කන් ගල්ල ප්‍රකාරයේ ප්‍රසිඩ් නොකාරිස්කෙතෙන් මෙන් පන් වනු ලබනට ගරුකර ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වනන්සේ ගෙන් ඉල්ලීමකරනට අදහස්කර සිටින බව වෑ 1877 නොවැම්බර් 2 අනුපනතේ අවවේනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාර මෙයින් දනුමදෙමි.

ඇස්. ජී. ඩී. සොයිසා.

වෑ 1896 න්වු නොවැම්බර් මස 19 වෙනි දින ගල්ලේදී.

காலி முஸ்திரிக்குக்குடைய வெந்துறை வள்ளலிடம் மு கோமளையச்சேர்ந்த வலித்துறையிலிருந்து இப்போது காலியிலிருக்கும் சலோமன் செருட் த சாய்சா விசய குணரத்தன் சிறிவர்தன் ஆகிய நான் இதுமுதல் மூன்று மாதம் முடிந்ததின்பின் தங்கல் திஸ்திரிக்கில் பிரசித்த நொத்தாரிசாக யேர்ப்படும்படி சங்கைபொருந்திய தேசாதிபதி அவர்களுக்கு கேள்விப்பட்டிரங்கொடுக்க யெண்ணியிருப்பதை 1877 ம் ஆண்டின் இரண்டாம் மிலக்க கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் எட்டாம் மிலக்கப் பிரிவன்படி இத்தாலியத்தருகிறேன்.

எஸ். ஜி. டி. சாய்சா.

காலியில், 1896 ம் ஆ. கார்த்திகைமீ 19 உ.

IN terms of the provisions of the 8th clause of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, I, Ganapathipillay Kandavanam, residing at Alway, in the District of Jaffna, hereby give notice that it is my intention, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the Tamil language in the District of Trincomalee.

G. KANDAVANAM.

November 21, 1896.

මා ජපතේ දිස්ත්‍රික්කයට අයිති අල්වාසිය යන ගම පදිනි කනවදිපුල්ලේ කන්දවනම් වන මම විසින් මෙතැන් සිට තුන්මාසක කේ ඉකුත්වන ම කුකුණ මලේ දිස්ත්‍රික්කයට දෙමල බාසාවෙන් ප්‍රසිඩ් නොකාරිස් චප්පු ලියාදීමට වෑ 1877 අවුරුද්දේ දෙවෙනි ආඥාපනතේ 8 වෙනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාරයට ලන්කාවේ ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වනන්සේගෙන් බලය ඉල්ලා සිටින බව මෙයින් දන්වමි.

අත්සන්කලේ,

ජී. කන්දවනම්.

වෑ 1896 න්වු නොවැම්බර් මස 21 වෙනි දිනදී.

யாழ்ப்பாணம் முஸ்திரிக்கைச்சேர்ந்த அல்வாயில் வசிக்கும் கணபதிப்பிள்ளை கந்தவனமாகிய நான் 1877 ம் ஆண்டின் 2 ம் இலக்க கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் 8 ம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் இதனடுத்த மூன்று மாதங்களின்பின் திரிகோணமலை முஸ்திரிக்கில் தமிழ்ப் பாஷையில் நொத்தாரிஸ் உத்தியோகம் நடத்துவதற்காய் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளும்படி உத்தம் தேசாதிபதி யவர்களுக்கு விண்ணப்பம் பண்ண எண்ணியிருக்கிறேன் என்பதை இத்தால் விஞ்ஞாபனஞ் செய்கின்றேன்.

ஜி. கந்தவனம்.

1896 ம் ஆ. கார்த்திகைமீ 21 ந் உ.

IN terms of the provisions of the 8th clause of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, I, Sinnattamby Subramaniam, residing at Oodupitty, in the District of Jaffna, hereby give notice that it is my intention, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the English and Tamil languages in the District of Jaffna.

S. SUBRAMANIAM.

November 19, 1896.

වෂී 1877නේ නොම්බර 2 රෙගුලාසියේ 8 වෙනි වග නතියේ ප්‍රකාරයට ජපනේදිස්ත්‍රික්ක ජපනේ සහ චුසුරියේ සිත්තනම්බි සුප්පරමනියම් වන මම මෙවක් ඊටත් තුන්මාසයක් පසුවන තැන ජපනේ දිස්ත්‍රික්ක ඉංග්‍රිසි සහ දෙමලනේ ප්‍රසිධි නොකාරිස්කෙනෙක් සේ වැඩකිරීමට බලපේ ලබානැහීමට ගරුකැරැසුතු ලංකාමේ උතුමානන්වමනේසේගෙන් ඉල්ලීමකරනට අදහස්කර ගෙනුන් සිටින බව මෙයින් දනුම්දෙමි.

අයි. පුත්‍රමනිසම්.

වසර 1896 ජනවාරි 19 දින.

யாழ்ப்பாணப்பகுதியைச் சேர்ந்த உடுப்பிட்டியில் வசிக்கும் சின்னத்தம்பி சுப்பிரமணியமாகிய நான் 1877 ஆண்டின் 2 ம் இலக்கக் கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் 8 ம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் இதனைத் தூண்டு மாசங்களின் பின் யாழ்ப்பாணப் பகுதியில் இங்கிலீஸ் தமிழ்ப் பாஷைகளில் கொத்தாரில் உத்தியோகம் நடத்துவதற்காக ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளும்படி உத்தம தேசாதிபதி யவர்களுக்கு விண்ணப்பம் பண்ண எண்ணியிருக்கிறேனென்பதை இதனால் விஞ்ஞாபனஞ் செய்கின்றேன்.

சு. சுப்பிரமணியம்.

1896 ம் ஓஸு கார்த்திகைமீ 19 ந் உ.

Quantities of the Principal Articles remaining in the Bonded Warehouses on September 30, 1896;
also Bonded, entered for Home Consumption, and Exported from Bond; and the Total
Quantities entered for Home Consumption in October, 1896.

[illegible]

Customs, Colombo, November 25, 1896.

LIONEL F. LEE,
Principal Collector.

Comparative Statement of the Quantities of the Principal Articles Bonded in, entered for Home Consumption, and Exported from the Bonded Warehouses in the Ten Months ended October, 1895 and 1896.

ARTICLES.	Ten Months ended October 31, 1895.			Ten Months ended October 31, 1896.		
	Bonded.	Entered for Home Consumption.	Exported.	Bonded.	Entered for Home Consumption.	Exported.
Gray Cottons, bales and cases ...	2,752	2,042	45	1,603	1,647	56
White do. do. ...	938	648	...	339	515	...
Printed do. do. ...	695	469	...	315	350	...
Dyed do. do. ...	26	34	...	26	26	...
Coloured Woven Cottons, b. & c. ...	307	287	...	225	254	3
Sundry do. do. ...	363	390	...	141	187	...
Yarns, plain, bales and cases ...	15	10	...	35	35	...
— dyed, do. ...	146	128	...	2	67	...
— Indian-made, sundry, b. & c. ...	...	12	...	...	...	...
Grain, Rice, bags ...	6,528	6,528	...	...	...	...
Malt Liquor, in wood, hhds. ...	637	617	...	1,790	1,480	25
— in glass, cases and casks ...	480	511	22	876	671	...
Spirits, Brandy, puncheons & pipes	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. hhds. and casks ...	...	7	...	...	5	...
Do. cases ...	1,531	1,149	...	2,052	1,420	19
— Gin, puncheons and pipes ...	11	16	...	26	29	...
Do. hhds. and casks ...	8	38	...	9	14	...
Do. cases ...	2,595	3,989	...	3,447	4,114	...
— Whisky, hhds. and casks ...	57	59	...	45	53	...
Do. cases ...	5,599	4,522	225	5,778	5,386	247
Tea, lb. ...	9,110	...	7,635	...	...	1,109
Tobacco, manufactured, lb. ...	9,024	8,392 $\frac{5}{6}$	...	5,895	10,317 $\frac{3}{8}$	550 $\frac{1}{2}$
— Cigars, lb. ...	85 $\frac{11}{16}$	62 $\frac{5}{16}$	56	281 $\frac{3}{16}$	119	151 $\frac{1}{2}$
Wines, French, hhds. and casks ...	16	12	...	2	9	...
Do. cases ...	300	280	...	317	264	...
— Madeira, puncheons & pipes	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. cases ...	...	39	...	...	3	...
— Portugal, puncheons & pipes	...	8	...	...	...	...
Do. hhds. and casks ...	37	47	...	65	71	...
Do. cases ...	8	...	...	...	...	...
— Spanish, butts and pipes	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. hhds. and casks ...	4	5	...	13	7	...
Do. octaves ...	...	...	...	16	...	...
Do. cases ...	14	8	...	24	24	...
— Italian, hhds. and casks	...	...	...	...	...	...
— Austrian, in glass, cases	...	...	...	...	...	...

Customs, Colombo, November 25, 1896.

LIONEL F. LEE,
Principal Collector.

Comparative Statement showing the various Countries from which Cotton Goods have been Received, and Quantities Imported from each, during the Month ended October 31, 1896.

Articles.	United Kingdom	British India.	Straits.	French India.	China.	Hong-kong.	Austria.	Germany.	Belgium.	Holland.	Egypt.	Japan.	Spain.	America.	Italy.	Switzerland.	Total for the Month of Oct., 1896.	Total for the Ten Months ended October 31, 1896.	Total for the Ten Months ended October 31, 1895.
Gray Cottons, bales and cases ...	470	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	470	3,926	5,717
White do. do. ...	107	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	107	1,217	2,119
Printed do. do. ...	88	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	88	912	1,621
Dyed do. do. ...	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	5	12	102	156
Coloured, Woven, do. ...	151	753	1	1	—	—	6	31	—	86	—	20	—	—	—	—	1,049	6,330	2,565
Sundry, do. do. ...	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	147	2,368
Yarns, plain ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	17
Yarns, dyed ...	6	9	—	—	—	—	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	46	199	251
Total for the Month of Oct., 1896	840	762	1	1	—	—	37	31	—	86	—	20	—	—	5	5	1,788	12,837	14,814
Total for the ten Months ended October 31, 1896 ...	7,313	4,181	40	156	—	—	157	192	—	536	1	45	—	117	16	83	—	12,837	—
Total for the ten Months ended October 31, 1895 ...	10,898	3,478	36	104	5	8	129	63	11	69	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	14,814

Customs; Colombo, November 24, 1896.

LIONEL F. LEE,
Principal Collector.

Total Quantities of the following Articles Exported from the Port of Colombo during the under-mentioned periods.

Vessels.	Date of Clearing.	For what Port.	Plantation Coffee.	Native Coffee.	Tea.	Cacao.	Trunk Cinchona.	Branch Cinchona.	Cinchona Chips.	Cocoanuts.	Copperah.	Cocconut Oil.	Cocconut Poona.	Cinnamon.	Cinnamon Oil.	Citronella Oil.	Cardamoms.	Ebony.	Plumbago.	Coir Rope.	Coir Junk.	Coir Yarn.	Coir Fibre.	Sapan-wood.	Orchilla.	Kitool Fibre.	Deer Horns.
COLOMBO.			1896.																								
ss. Eridan	18/11	Calcutta	cwt.	cwt.	lb.	cwt.	lb.	lb.	lb.	No.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	lb.	oz.	oz.	lb.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	lb.	lb.	cwt.	
ss. Shropshire	18/11	Rangoon	—	—	450	—	—	—	—	—	916	5463	—	—	—	—	1895	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Yorkshire	18/11	London	—	—	1044291	—	10	—	—	187670	—	1184	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	212	—	—	—	
ss. Nizam	18/11	Calcutta	2	—	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	2476	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Landaura	19/11	do.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1721	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Australia	19/11	Australia	—	—	209721	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Kiev	19/11	Odessa	—	—	13612	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Marie Valerie	19/11	Trieste, &c.	—	—	699	—	1066	—	—	—	—	2630	—	4400*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100	—	—	—	
ss. Daphne	21/11	Calcutta, &c.	—	—	17454	—	—	—	—	—	—	1673	—	—	—	—	597	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Hispania	21/11	London	101	—	430896	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2203	—	101	—	—	75	—	—	—	—	
ss. Idzunu Maru	21/11	Bombay	—	—	6994	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1445	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Sommerfeld	21/11	Sydney	55	—	41405	—	—	—	—	—	—	611	—	3920†	—	39960	—	—	—	—	335	417	—	—	—	—	
ss. Goorkha	21/11	London	—	—	1015	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Kangra	23/11	Bombay, &c.	—	—	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1895	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Polynesian	23/11	Marseilles	—	100	1700	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Gisela	23/11	Kobe, &c.	—	—	36122	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	336	—	—	—	—	1057	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	
ss. Khandalla	24/11	Bombay	2	—	11847	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Austral	24/11	Australia	114	—	194859	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ss. Rajpootana	24/11	Calcutta	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	—	—	—	—	—	—	375	—	—	—	—	78	—	—	—	—	
ss. Cheshire	24/11	London	76	—	817156	148	—	—	—	190200	1000	1772	—	13720‡	—	—	1035	—	2147	—	—	329	—	—	—	—	
ss. Sachsen	24/11	Singapore, &c.	—	—	12903	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10000	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
GALLE.																											
ss. Glencarn	18/11	London	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1201	—	—	—	560704	—	—	—	—	—	3321	—	—	—	14	
ss. Rajpootana	18/11	Calcutta	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	355	—	—	—	—	
ss. Clan Macalister	20/11	London	—	—	5120	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7668§	175936	—	—	—	—	—	1586	—	140	—	—	

* And Chips 6,720 lb.

† And Chips 972 lb.

‡ Chips.

§ Leaf oil.

Importation of Rice from Indian Ports during the Week.

TO COLOMBO:—

From Bombay ...	Bags	10
From Rangoon ...	"	8,042
From Penang ...	"	2,400
From China ...	"	379
From Southern India ...	"	21,039

Total ... Bags 31,870

TO GALLE:—

From Southern India ... Bags 2,889

Customs, Colombo, November 26, 1896,

LIONEL F. LEE,
Principal Collector.

Ceylon Government Railways.—Comparative Statement of Traffic for the Week ended November 8, 1896.

Earnings from	Seven Days ended November 11, 1894.			Seven Days ended November 10, 1895.			Seven Days ended November 8, 1896.			Increase— 1896 over 1895.			Decrease— 1896 below 1895.		
	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.
Passengers, Ordinary	83,260	33,994	64	89,211	35,441	98	109,471	41,250	65	20,260	5,808	67	—	—	—
Coolies	782	607	9	1,319	894	22	1,352	865	58	33	—	—	—	28	64
Season Tickets	18	48	45	62	191	95	390	1,166	85	328	974	90	—	—	—
Total Passengers	84,060	34,650	18	90,592	36,528	15	111,213	43,283	8	20,621	6,754	93	—	—	—
Parcels	9,041	2,100	41	8,501	2,005	93	10,199	2,701	87	1,698	695	94	—	—	—
Horses	35	229	9	43	245	66	85	402	75	42	157	9	—	—	—
Carriages	7	115	53	13	173	49	18	196	66	5	23	17	—	—	—
Bicycles, &c.	—	—	—	17	29	13	138	106	98	121	77	85	—	—	—
Dogs	86	54	25	147	85	20	98	63	25	—	—	—	49	21	95
Other small Animals	14	17	58	9	21	13	10	9	65	1	—	—	—	11	48
Neat Cattle	1	11	73	—	—	—	4	53	92	4	53	92	—	—	—
Mails	—	940	32	—	942	0	—	996	48	—	54	48	—	—	—
Miscellaneous Coaching	—	49	36	—	70	74	—	66	17	—	—	—	—	4	57
Goods (Tons)...	6,588	75,445	40	8,059	84,711	53	8,085	84,672	72	26	—	—	—	38	81
Miscellaneous Goods	—	81	10	—	147	38	—	95	6	—	—	—	—	52	32
Live Stock	391	144	50	332	199	50	876	320	0	544	120	50	—	—	—
General Miscellaneous	—	730	58	—	58	43	—	1,225	62	—	1,167	19	—	—	—
Total for the Week	—	114,570	3	—	125,218	27	—	134,194	21	—	8,975	94	—	—	—
Forward from previous Return	—	4608132	15	—	5190539	53	—	5670075	67	—	479,536	14	—	—	—
Total from Jan. 1 to Nov. 8	—	4722702	18	—	5315757	80	—	5804269	88	—	488,512	8	—	—	—
Total same period last Year	—	4280570	64	—	4722702	18	—	5315757	80	—	—	—	—	—	—
Increase compared with previous Year	—	442,131	54	—	593,055	62	—	488,512	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Traffic Train Mileage this Week	21,726	—	—	22,444	—	—	22,241	—	—	—	—	—	203	—	—
Forward from last Return	867,456	—	—	960,299	—	—	960,657	—	—	358	—	—	—	—	—
Total from Jan. 1 to Nov. 8	889,182	—	—	982,743	—	—	982,898	—	—	155	—	—	—	—	—
Total same period last Year	771,602	—	—	889,182	—	—	982,743	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Increase compared with previous Year	117,580	—	—	93,561	—	—	155	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease do. do.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Particulars of Goods Conveyed.	Seven Days ended November 8, 1896.				January 1 to November 8, 1896.				January 1 to November 10, 1895.				Increase in 1896.				Decrease in 1895.			
	Tons	cwt.	qr.	lb.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	lb.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	lb.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	lb.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	lb.
First class Goods	3	3	0	24	296	15	1	12	331	7	0	23	—	—	—	—	34	11	3	11
Kerosine Oil	35	1	2	9	1,120	4	2	8	1,280	1	3	23	—	—	—	—	159	17	1	15
Other 2nd class	162	15	2	4	7,701	7	0	0	5,999	17	2	16	1,701	9	1	12	—	—	—	—
Rice	2,216	3	1	8	76,424	8	1	6	78,783	1	3	11	—	—	—	—	2,358	13	2	5
Arrack	46	18	2	1	2,625	15	1	1	1,817	2	1	6	808	12	3	23	—	—	—	—
Tea leaf	21	7	3	20	1,064	17	2	20	1,171	17	1	6	—	—	—	—	106	19	2	14
Cinnamon	1	10	0	2	117	5	1	15	153	13	0	15	—	—	—	—	36	7	3	0
Cacao	17	8	3	26	1,202	4	1	20	1,120	3	3	12	82	0	2	8	—	—	—	—
Cardamoms	11	16	3	24	222	1	0	1	146	16	1	25	75	4	2	4	—	—	—	—
Salt	24	0	2	5	2,850	0	2	16	2,852	11	3	5	—	—	—	—	2	11	0	17
Tobacco	32	17	2	6	946	11	2	23	671	15	2	20	274	16	0	3	—	—	—	—
Beer, 3rd class	6	0	1	0	116	9	1	15	107	4	3	2	9	4	2	13	—	—	—	—
Tea Packing, 3rd class	0	11	0	0	229	10	0	1	501	16	1	11	—	—	—	—	272	6	1	10
Manure, 3rd class	—	—	—	—	20	2	1	2	47	18	0	0	—	—	—	—	27	15	2	26
Plumbago, 3rd class	—	—	—	—	92	15	0	27	56	0	2	2	36	14	2	25	—	—	—	—
Other 3rd class Goods	648	9	3	13	35,549	19	0	11	29,660	11	1	9	5,889	7	3	2	—	—	—	—
Cinchona	2	0	0	0	263	8	1	6	180	19	3	11	82	8	1	23	—	—	—	—
Coffee	20	9	1	25	1,192	12	2	11	3,771	14	2	26	—	—	—	—	2,579	2	0	15
Cocoanuts	100	14	3	20	4,691	2	3	16	3,902	10	1	9	788	12	2	7	—	—	—	—
Cocoanut Oil	27	17	1	6	1,700	0	1	4	1,420	2	0	27	279	18	0	5	—	—	—	—
Copperah	120	16	1	21	2,850	2	0	17	2,232	18	2	16	617	3	2	1	—	—	—	—
Cotton	—	—	—	—	180	6	0	15	172	17	1	5	7	8	3	10	—	—	—	—
Poonac	135	5	3	4	4,657	14	0	13	4,562	18	2	19	94	15	1	22	—	—	—	—
Staves	12	4	1	6	164	13	3	12	331	4	3	13	—	—	—	—	166	11	0	1
Tea	808	8	1	7	44,684	4	3	1	39,704	11	3	25	4,979	12	3	4	—	—	—	—
Timber, wrought	19	5	1	0	693	15	1	24	1,074	1	3	15	—	—	—	—	380	6	1	19
Other 4th class Goods	335	14	1	23	14,916	13	0	1	12,347	10	1	3	2,569	2	2	26	—	—	—	—
Timber at 5th class rate	40	16	0	0	1,858	2	1	3	1,382	12	3	18	475	9	1	13	—	—	—	—
Other 5th class Goods	241	6	1	23	8,393	7	0	22	6,591	2	2	14	1,082	4	2	8	—	—	—	—
Timber at 6th class rate	—	—	—	—	92	5	2	23	33	3	0	7	59	2	2	16	—	—	—	—
Tea Packing, 6th class	312	9	1	6	9,583	18	2	27	8,174	6	1	20	1,409	12	1	7	—	—	—	—
Manure, 6th class	107	6	2	9	7,508	2	2	13	6,864	7	2	5	643	15	0	8	—	—	—	—
Plumbago, 6th class	110	0	1	14	9,777	10	3	7	9,182	14	3	25	595	5	3	10	—	—	—	—
Beer, 6th class	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Staves, 6th class	—	—	—	—	7	4	2	7	5	9	0	21	1	15	1	14	—	—	—	—
Other 6th class Goods	135	5	3	9	6,447	8	0	26	4,921	8	3	24	1,525	19	1	2	—	—	—	—
Bulky Articles and Road Metal	—	—	—	—	0	16	0	12	268	6	1	24	—	—	—	—	267	10	1	12
Railway Material	423	11	2	19	25,349	0	1	10	27,014	0	2	8	—	—	—	—	16,615	0	0	26
Public Works Material	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Prison Department Material	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Breakwater Material	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Petroleum	1,861	14	0	0	85,082	11	0	0	91,194	18	0	0	—	—	—	—	6,112	7	0	0
Chief Resd't. Eng., Railway Ex.	41	14	0	0	946	19	3	5	—	—	—	—	946	19	3	5	—	—	—	—
Total	8,085	5	2	26	361,622	8	1	5	350,035	11	2	17	25,756	17	0	19	14,170	0	2	3

Colombo, November 20, 1896.

W. T. PEARCE, General Manager.