

THE MORNING STAR.

Vol. 59.

Jaffna, Thursday 16th of March. 1899.

No. 6

RIGHTEDNESS EXALTETH A NATION BUT SIN IS A REPROACH TO ANY PEOPLE.

THE CEYLON STEAMSHIP Co. Ltd.
The Company's Steamer "Lady Gordon" is appointed to sail from Jaffna to Colombo via Paumban on 21st March via Pt. Pedro 27th March.
The ss. Lady Havelock is appointed to sail from Jaffna for Colombo on the following dates:-
Via Paumban 28th March

W. MATHER & SON, Agents

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Applications for the post of Supervisor of Mail between A.) Mannar and Vavuniya and (B.) Mannar and Mullative will be received at the General Post Office up to the 30th March.

Security required Rs. 250. Salary Rs. 30 a month. Applications should be addressed to the Postmaster General. C. E. D. Pennycook.

NOTICE.

M. Sumsiden has much pleasure in informing the public that he has just received a large, varied and carefully selected supply of Goods intended to meet all local requirements, which, in quality are so unequalled and in price so moderate as to combine the recommendations of cheapness and excellence, to meet the approbation of his patrons and the public at large.

Special attention is invited to the varied and elegant display of the following lines of goods:-
Millinery, Fancy Goods, Haberdashery, Oilman Stores, Glass-ware, Stationery, Crockery, Cutlery, Toys, Patent Medicine, Toilet Requisites, &c. &c. &c.
Margaret Jaffna March 1899

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 965.
In the Matter of the Estate of the late William Moir Summerfield Twynam of Jaffna Deceased
William Crofton Twynam of Jaffna Petitioner

1. Mrs. Mary Mortimer residing at Jaffna and
2. Thomas Twynam Asst. Collector of Customs, Galle. Respondents

This Matter of the Petition of William Crofton Twynam praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the above-named deceased William Moir Summerfield Twynam coming on for disposal before C. Eardley Wilmot Esquire, District Judge, on the 9th day of March 1899 in the presence of Mr. T. M. Tampoe Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and affidavit of the Petitioner dated the 6th day of March 1899 having been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is one of the heirs of the said intestate and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said Intestate issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 10th day of April 1899 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 9th day of March 1899
C. Eardley Wilmot District Judge.

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 964.
In the Matter of the Estate of the late Suppar Iramu of Chankana, Deceased.
Iramu Tampipillai of Chandiruppay Petitioner

1. Iramu Kartikesu
2. Iramu Sathasivam
3. Iramu Tiliyampalam
4. Iramu Thamotharampillai
5. Maniyar Tiliyampalam and
6. wife Nakuppillai, all of Chankana Respondents.

This Matter coming on for disposal before C. Eardley Wilmot, Esquire, District Judge, on the 1st day of March, 1899, in the presence of Mr. S. T. Arnold, Proctor, on the part of the above-named Petitioner, and the affidavit of the Petitioner, dated the 28th day of February, 1899, having been read. It is ordered that Letters of Administration to the estate of the late Suppar Iramu of Chankana, deceased, be issued to the Petitioner as son and heir of the said deceased unless the respondents or any other persons shall on or before the 5th day of April, 1899, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 1st day of March, 1899.
C. Eardley Wilmot District Judge

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 929.
In the Matter of the Estate of the late Mary Alexander wife of Aiyakkutti Alexander of Kokkuvile Deceased.
Aiyakkutti Alexander of Kokkuvile Petitioner

1. Nannitampi of Navali
2. Charles J. Chittampalam, his wife
3. Achchimuttu of Jaffna Town and
4. Revd. Solomon of Puttur, a Wesleyan Minister. Respondents.

This Matter of the Petition of Aiyakkutti Alexander of Kokkuvile, praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Mary Alexander wife of Aiyakkutti Alexander of Kokkuvile, coming on for disposal before C. Eardley Wilmot Esquire, District Judge, on the 10th day of October 1898 in the presence of Mr. T. C. Changarappillai, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner, and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated the 10th day of October 1898, having been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is the widower of the said Intestate and as such is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said Intestate issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 18th day of April 1899 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

The 7th day of March 1899.
Signed C. Eardley Wilmot District Judge.

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 827.
In the Matter of the Estate of the late Alexander Means of Edinburgh in Scotland, Deceased
William Crofton Twynam of Jaffna, Petitioner

This Matter of the Petition of William Crofton Twynam of Jaffna, praying for fresh grant of Letters of Administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Alexander Means of Edinburgh, Scotland coming on for disposal before C. E. Wilmot Esquire, District Judge, on the 10th day of March 1899 in the presence of Mr. Tambiah S. Cooke, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated the 6th day of March 1899 having been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is the General Attorney of Flora Federio Louisa Twynam or Means, executrix dative in Scotland of the Estate of the said deceased, and as such he is entitled to have fresh grant of Letters of administration to the estate of the said deceased, in Ceylon, issued to him unless any person shall on or before the 7th day of April 1899 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 10th day of March 1899
C. E. Wilmot District Judge.

Local & General.

Weather. It has been very hot during the day the past fortnight, though the nights have been cool. Fever has broken out anew in some parts of the peninsula, and many have died. The people are anxiously looking forward to the south-west monsoon to bring healing breezes. This morning there was a heavy fog, an unusual thing for Jaffna.

Tillipally Training School. The graduation exercises of this school took place Wednesday the 8th inst. commencing at 7 p. m. The Practising school was crowded with teachers (graduates of the school) and others who seemed interested in the exercises. Four lads having finished their course and having received 2nd class certificates from the Department of Public Instruction, graduated from the Institution. Two of these delivered orations, and two read essays—all the subjects being practical and timely. The Principal Rev E. P. Holton read his report from which it appeared that the institution had had a very successful year, the Government examination results in the Practising, Training, and Industrial departments being exceptionally good. Prizes were given to three who had maintained a good standing and to others who had passed a good examination in Bible lessons. Remarks were made by Rev. S. Eliastamy, Mr. Allen Abraham, B. A. and Mr. J. P. Cooke after which the exercises were brought to a close by the singing of one stanza of "God save the Queen" in Tamil, and the pronouncing of the benediction by the Chairman.

These Training schools in our peninsula are very important institutions. They turn out annually young men and women who are to become the instructors of the children. How necessary therefore that these young men and young women as well, should be properly trained and

fitted for the responsible positions which they are to occupy. They should not only have a good knowledge of the subjects taught, but also be able to use good and pure Tamil. More important still is the development of character, and those in charge have a grave responsibility resting upon them.

Missionaries. Rev. G. J. Timmer left last Wednesday evening from Kails for Ramur, India, to attend the Wesleyan Missionary Conference of India and Ceylon. Several members of the American Mission are at Urukadu the sea-side bungalow, for a few days of rest and sea-bathing.

Calcutta Entrance examinations. Eighty-five boys and ten girls presented themselves for the Calcutta entrance examination held at St. John's College, Chundichee, last week. The presentation of so many girls is a new thing for Jaffna. Last year there was one, and the year before one, but neither passed. We hope that this year they will be more successful. Some half a dozen lads who expected to go in were prevented by sickness. The F. A. and B. A. examinations come on next week.

Death of Dr. Thornhill. Dr. Hayman Thornhill, Senior Medical Officer N. C., died in the General Hospital, Colombo on Tuesday morning the 7th inst. He was removed from Jaffna on the 27th Feb. suffering from an abscess of the liver, and was successfully operated upon by the acting Surgeon of the Hospital. A second abscess having been operated for, the patient did not recover but succumbed on Tuesday morning at 5 o'clock. The funeral took place in the evening.

Dr. Thornhill was an efficient officer and a strict disciplinarian, and his death is a loss to the Medical Department.

Mr. Rudyard Kipling. Very few private individuals have attracted so much attention as this writer and novelist. He had a severe attack of pneumonia in New York U. S. A. and his condition was telegraphed the world over, every day. He has recovered, but his daughter fell a victim to the same disease.

Manupay Post Office. Mr. Hannibalz has been appointed Post Master at Manupay to take charge of the Telegraphic department also. Mr. Backus has been transferred to Jaffna. The telegraph office was opened on the 10th inst. Manupay people regret exceedingly the loss of Mr. Backus who by his faithfulness and accommodating spirit had won their confidence and esteem.

Personal. Mr. David Ankelell, Asst. Supt. Comptroller's Office, Nagpore, Central India, has passed his final Departmental examination held in Nov. 1898, and has come out 1st in order of merit. He is the third son of the late Rev. A. Ankelell. We congratulate him on his success.

Rev. E. P. Holton. Mr. and Mrs. Holton and children leave next week for a few weeks of rest and change at Kodakana in South India. They expect to be absent about two months.

S. Union Examinations. There will be four divisions—(1) Teachers for those of all ages; (2) Senior for those 18 years of age and over; (3) Middle for those from 13 to 18 years; (4) Junior for those under 13 years. Examination have been appointed in both English and Vernacular, and the subjects as reported in our last issue, is the International Lessons for the first 6 months of this year.

Mr. T. M. Tampoe. We learn that Mr. Tampoe has been requested by the Government, to act as Magistrate at Jaffna and Malakam from the 20th inst. We who know well Mr. Tampoe's ability and character, thought it was injustice done to him in the past, when his services were dispensed with in a somewhat awkward manner. After the sad experience with the Government, Mr. Tampoe resumed his profession and is now settled down in good practice. If Mr. Tampoe will accept the appointment, which we trust he will hesitate to do, we hope that the Colonial office will weigh carefully his claims, and appoint him permanently in the Judicial Department.

Y. M. C. A. Adaptation consisting of the Hon.ables H. L. Wendt and W. Mitchell and Messrs. J. Ferguson and L. Heib waited on His Excellency the Governor, on the 2nd inst. and applied for the grant of 3 acres of land in the Fort of Colombo, for the use of the Association. A large house has been proposed to be erected on the site. After some discussion on the subject, the deputation proposed the lease of the ground by the Government at a nominal rent for a period of 99 years. The Governor expressed his entire sympathy with the object of the association, promised to carefully weigh the proposal at an early date. The association at Jaffna has its rooms at the 1st cross street in the Town, fully engaged. With of indoor games and a reading room, there is a variety of the Secretary is endeavoring to make the Association rooms attractive to young men, which is daily growing to be a very useful institution.

Madras Bank. Sheriff Ramalingam who was the sheriff at the Bank for several years was arrested on or about the 24th inst at his house, on charges of forgery and misappropriation of bank money amounting to over Rs. 400,000. The forgery consisted in altering the figure 1 in the account book to "4". When the defalcations were discovered Mr. Ramalingam entered into a bond with the Manager of the Bank, mortgaging his valuable properties to cover the amount that will be found missing, with a view to compromise the matter. On instructions received from the head office in Madras criminal proceedings were taken against him. The proceedings of the Police Court have forwarded to the Attorney General for instruction.

நீதி இராச்சியத்தாரை உயர்த்தும், பாவமோ எந்தச் சனங்களுக்கும் இகழ்ச்சி.

நூல் புத்தகம்.]

யாழ்ப்பாணம், தூதிக

ம் ஓடு பங்குனி மீ தருக் கெ

வியாபக்திமனம்.

சங்கியை அ

இலங்கைப் புகைக்கப்பற்
கொம்புனி (லிமிற்றேட்)

“லேழுகோடன்” புகைக்கப்பல் பின்வரும் தேதிகளில் யாழ்ப்பாணத்தில் இருந்த கொழும்புக்குப் போகவிருந்திருந்தது.
பாம்பின்வழியாக 1899 ஐப் பங்குனி மீ 21 உபயோகித்ததாவதழியாய் “ 27 “
“லேழுகவலக்” புகைக்கப்பல் பின்வருத்தேதிகளில் யாழ்ப்பாணத்தில் இருந்த கொழும்புக்குப் போகவிருந்தது. பாம்பின்வழியாய் பங்குனி மீ 28 உபயோகித்தது.

W^m MATHER, & SON. Agents.

யாழ்ப்பாண வியாபா
சமுதாயம்.

நிச்சமுதாயத்திற்கு பின்னாடொல்லப்படுகாமான்
புத்தியம் அழைக்கப்பட்டு இப்போ வற்புணவுக்கி
ருக்கின்றன.
பட்டுக்கேலைகள்.
தரிகைக்கேலைகள்.
பலதிறமானபட்டிக்கேலைகள்.
சீற்றுகைகள்.

விவகார உயிப்புக்கேற்ற ரோசாப்பு, வெள்ளைநிறக்கரு
ள்ள பட்டுகள்,
நேர்த்தியான பலவீத வெல்வெந்,
பலதினுசான கோடிமல், சவனவமல், காரீக்கன்,
மிகவும் நேர்த்தியான பலவகைச் 'சீதை'ப்பிடவை
கள்.

வெள்ளை 'ஓங்கல்' சீலை.
தடைகள், சப்பாத்து, கால்மேசு, துதிநாட்டுப்பு,
அசெய்யத்திறந்துக்கொடுத்த கடதாசி. மை.
எழுத்துமை. பேனை. பென்சில் Fountainபேனை.
'காற்சுட்டை, கோந்து'களுக்கெற்ற கன்னாடிக் சீலை
கள்.

புத்தக விளம்பரம்

இப்பத்திரிகைக்கு ஏறக்குறைய நூற்பது வருஷம் களாகத் தமிழ்ப்பத்திராதிபாயிருந்து காலஞ்சென்ற ஸ்ரீ மத். அ. சதாசிவம்பிள்ளை அவர்களால் (J. R. Arnold) இயற்றப்பட்டு நவமாய்ப் பிரசுரிக்கப்பட்ட பின்வரும் புத்தகங்கள் விநியோகக்கு ஆயத்தமாயிருக்கின்றன.

பஞ்சாத்தினம்	விசை சதம், 2௫
ஞானவெண்பா	" 62
சுக்மரஞாபீஷ்டம்	" ௧௮
தபாற்செலவு	" 2

அறிவித்தல்

[illegible]

உதயதாரைக

கலிகாதி ம் (வா) பங்குனி ம் கக வ.

போதனாசாலை அரங்கேற்றம்.

[illegible][illegible]

களின்பின், அரங்கேறும் மாணவர் நால்வருங் கீழ்வ
ரும்முறையே நற்கருத்துகளடங்கிய பிரசாரங்கள்
உதினர்.

க. யாழ்ப்பாணவாலிபருங் கைத்தொழில் முயற்சியும். அ. வேக்கப்.

சு. தமிழ்க்கல்வி; வந்தனோபசாரம். க. க. யோன்.
பிரசாரணங்களின் முடிவில் முன்னிருந்த நிலையில்

குருதி விதிப்பாசாதி தாழ்வுண்டபாலவண்ணு சென்
றவருந் திணைத்துந் திணைத்துவாரியப கணம். கேசல்
றன்ற ஐயபாசன் சென்று வருந் திப்பாசுடகட
ளிக்க, பாலாசாங்க அய்யப்பகட்களின் விசேஷம்பு
றந் மானவர்க்குப் பித்தாளன்தீர்த், அந்நெய் மான
வர்க்குமே நற்பத்திசூதி நிதசுருபத்திராப்தீர்த்தன்,
அங்கதேயம் மானவன் பிசேரணைக்குந் செத்த
மிந்நெய்தலும் நிக்நெய்தலும் விசேஷம்புறந்தெ
திவெத்த நீர்க்குமாத டையிக்குமட வலிதாமைய
டக்குமையுண்டம் மெல்ல, சின்னப்பப்பின்னயாழி
புலமுற னாங்கதேயம் ப்ருபியாதேரே அதற்குபுற
வெத்தநீர்த், அவர்க்குந் தழிதோர்தி உபகாரமாய்
கவெரிக்கப்படுதல். அப்பியாசங்களின் குறுகிற்
கணம், இறியாசத்தாங்க, மெல்ல, தேய, ப்ரு
துசியாழி, மெல்ல, கல்வின் விரிதாள் எண்பாசாங்
குந் பிப்பாசு காத, தோவாயிராத்ததேரே ஒன்பதுமன்வ
டையிற் கட்டகு சமாபித்தாழி

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யாழ்ப்பாணம்

காலநிலை, — Weather.—பதலில் வெநில் மிகக் கடுமையாய் இரவிற்பனிபுகுமாயிருக்க, ஜாரிலே தயங்கல், சின்னமுத்த, மயிற்ருளாவாதிபுரோய்கள் நரையருத்துகின்றன. மாதம்பஞ்சுரியாகிவு பதலில் உட்டணமுந்தாங்கொண்டுகொமாயிருக்கின்றது.

சுப்பிரீம் கோட் - Supreme Court - ஆமீர் கு
 ரன் அவர்களையெதிர்த்து உதிரிபின் குதிரையசைந்து
 சமீபத்தில் தயவு கவனித்து அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட
 திருத்தமுக்கடிக்ருந்த கோல்கர் சபாபதிய
 ஸபகா அங்கத்தான் வியாபாரமுதலிய கீதாய் இர
 ன்மெருந்திருத்த குமீரமுதலிய கணனியப்பினிய
 க்ருத்தமுதலிய அத்தராய்க்கட்ப்பட்டவியாப
 ரக அ சரியானவையாய் குற்றகோடில்விளக்க
 பட்டிருக்கின்றவையெதன்விடமின். அப்ப
 டியர்க்குமாவ ன்னமேர்மறுபி இவ்வித களவா
 டுதலையப்போன் மொக்சுமீதபதிதலையுட்கு
 டுதலையுட்கு

பெரியபுத்தூர் எய்தித் தருநாடுகளைக் குரத்தா
கட்டிமுன் விளங்கப்பட்டுக் கிறபுறாதினென் லிறுந்
தப்பந்தனன், அந்நதமையும்கித் எதிரியென முநுந்
தந்தான், தந்தை யுமாபுரிமேயென்கும் விழையு
தருந் குறையாதினென வொத்தகொளன் கீழ்ப்புற
தென்னகத்திற் கீழ்ப்புற அந்நத கூறப்படுவென
கூறத்தான், அந்நதக்கனையென்கென சாதினையுப்
பட்டபகலிற் குற்றிகொளன் படுகிற குருமதாதினெ
தானென யுமாபுரிமே கென்குறத்தொளியென
கூற கீழ்ப்புறஅப்பற்றி மறநான் மமமபுரிதென
கூறப்படுவென்கூறினான், அந்நதநான் யெளன்கி
தென படுகிறென்குறையென்கும் முருகன்வந்திருக்
குறநூல் மறிப்பித்தித் தமர்கையுனின் கோவியெ
யுமாபுரிமேயென்குறநாடு விளங்கப்படுத்தினான், என
தமருதலில் யூமாபுர் என்கிற யுமாபுரிமே கொங்கு
குறையாதினெனத்தீர்க்க கீழ்ப்புற பணியென்குற
கட்குறி யுமாபுரியென்கிறத்தான், பற்றின முந்
தொளிறித்தவகலம் விளங்கப்படுத வலுந்குறநூல்
யுமாபுரிமேயுப் ஒன்பது யூமாபுரிமேயுத்தான் விண்
வெண்கெடுப்படுதல் பிறிதகட்ப்புற ஏழுயூமாபுரி
யெய்தித் திருக்கோன் கடத்தப்பட்டு, வெள்கி
திருமலர் பின்னோரையுமாபுரியென்கிற கடப்பீரோ
டாபுர் என்குறத்தமுமுதற் "விழைமுதல்" எனக்
கூறப்படுவார்க்கமாய் திருநெல்வேலியுக்குப் பிறா
யாயினார்.

சர்வகலாசாலைப் பரீட்சை.- University Ex-
 -ஞ்ஞாவாரம் அருகிலுள்ளதென்கம் கற்குத்தன் சர்வ
 கலாசாலையிலுள்ள பிரெஞ்சுப்பரீட்சைக் கண்காட்சியி
 லுட்பெற்றது. ஏற்குஞ்சார் துறையிற் பரீட்சி
 யுட்பட்டார். இவர்களுள், ஏழென்புப்பேர்பெண்கள்.
 வ, ஏ, ஐ, ஏ, பரீட்சைக்கு இரூபநாசுதிகித் திங்கு
 லுறையுட்பட்டம் லுட்பெற்றம்.

மாணிப்பாயத் தபாற்சாலை.—Manepay Post
Office.—மாணிப்பாயத் தபாற்க்கஞ்சாலை செய்கையாயி

ருத் மெஸ். பாக்தன் யாழ்ப்பாணம் தபாந்தோ
க்குமாற்றப்பட அருடைய இடத்துக்குத் தபாந்தோ
தோர்வேலை தத்திவேலையின்மேற்றித் தவரான மெஸ்
தொமஸ் அன்னிபல்ஸ் என்பவர் நியமிக்கப்பட்டுக் கட
மைபார்க்கின்றனர்.

டக்டர் தோனி!—Dr. Thornhill!—என்றபடியி
 ளையதோரார் பிடிக்கப்பட்டார் சத்திரசபையில் சில
 மையசபையுமுடைய கொழுப்புசெல்லாங்கிய வடம
 காக்கச்சிறேடவையெல்லாம் டக்டர் தோனின் சென்
 துள்ளித் தவிர்த்துவிட்டார். அவர்ப்புறத்தில் சில
 குஞ்செல்லோருண்டு சங்கதி யாழ்ப்பாணமென்ற
 பதும் பிரபிப்பைக் கொடுத்தது. யாழ்ப்பாண வை
 த்நியசங்கதியை டக்டர் சந்திரா, டக்டர் சந்திராகு
 ணையவர்கள் மார்தெய்வம் கொழுப்பு வைத்தயா
 ளுஞ் சத்திரசபையினம்பட்டதலேபுத்தமெனக்கூற
 டக்டர் தோனும் மிகியக்கப்பட்டதற்குணையவாருக்
 சத்திரசபையினங்கூறியது. டக்டர் தோனின் கம
 வையுடையோசுகொடுவ வெல்லோருக்கத்திருக்க
 தத்தம் மயக்கமொத்திருப்பி ஏழாந் தித்திகையு
 மினாக்கவாற்த், னையதியசங்கதியித் தித் தி மித்த
 ியிலிளையாருத்தித்திராமின்த் தமக்கடைய
 மையம் மிக விந்நாயக் கதமகற்புணுள்ளவாயிருத்
 தவையின் டக்டர் தோனின் வடமகாத்தையவாருக்
 அத்தம் புகழ்தம்பெசப்பட்டார், தென்னாற்கோ
 மையோடுக்கடையின் யாழ்ப்பாணத்தினுடைய
 கோத்திரசேனையப்பாவையிட அயர் அத்திரயவக
 வையம் ஏதும் ன்ண்பிட்ட வளராதற்கு முந்திய
 தத்தமகாத்தையம் சனக்கத்திரசேகரிப்பாய் நட்கு
 மையம் பத்திரிகள் னுமையொழுதியுடைய புகழ்
 மிக்கியம் வயத்தொண்டொடராய் யாசார், கடை
 யாய்க் கொன்னோய்விலையுத்திலுத் தமது கச்சந
 க்கவையின படி இவ்வுக்குக்குடைய வச்சந
 க்கப்பண்ணினே. இயத னையியத்திர பிரக்டொ
 ன்வரான கோதிரத்தியங்கனம் மானபடுக்க
 விலையாகச் சத்திரனார், மானம் யாருக்குகூர்.

அயலுரிமைமறுப்புக்கு. — Plan on Pre-emption. —
 யாழ்ப்பாணப்படைகளைத் தடுக்க சிலவர்களுையதுகளைத்
 தாண்டியும், கிட்டத்தட்ட எல்லாம் செல்கின்றவர்களைத்
 பணிவாய்ப்பளிப்பதென விற்க, சமூகமொன்றாகவே
 செல்வ. சங்கராஜன் ரூ. 2000 ரூபாயை வாங்கின.
 திட்டமிக்கப்பட்டபடியே யும்கூட பக்கத்திலே வேறு
 திட்டமொன்றான சூரு (கேரீ)யிறுமுதலியும் மெல்
 கும், நிலங்களைப் படிப்பெடுத்தவர்களைப் போட்டும்
 கூட முற்பயிர்ச்சுவையற்றது. அக்கிட்டமிடக் கூடிய
 சிறிதளமும், தமக்கே விரும்புவதென்றென வழங்க
 சூரு (கேரீ)யிறுகின்றன. யாழ்ப்பாணத்திலுள்ளவர்தான்
 வேலை. சிறியதாக்கத்தினால் இவ் வழக்கம் ஏற்பாடு
 செய்யப்பட்டிருக்கின்றது. யாழ்ப்பாணத்திற்கு சிறிய
 யாது, தமதுகளைக்கையாழ்ந்திருப்பவையெல்லாம்
 இப்போத்கிடைக்கின்றன.

ஆட்கள். — Personal. — உடனிலங்கை வெள்ளிய
யிலுன் சபாநாயகராகிய கனல், தி.தி.மஃ ஜூன் செ
னையப்பன் எத்திலவைக்கப்பட்டபிபாதி யோர் மீது
கூட்டத்தின் சமூகமாயிருக்கும்படி அனுமதிக்கப்படு
கி செல்லினார்.

யாழ்ப்பாணக் கச்சேரி வேலைகாரரி லொருவரான மெஸ், லெப்டி சுக்னீன்மாரிருக்கின்றமையாற் கச்சேரிச் சட்டமாதல் சிலவற்றிலுதலியெய்யும்படி, கேஸியிருக்கிறோப்பாதினவரான மெஸ், லெப்டிமன் வர்க்கு அமக்கப்படுதல்.

பார்க்கவந்ததைப் பொலீஸ்கீதவான் மென், உவவுப்
பெண் உம் மந்துழுத்தியோகஸ்தரும் நெடுகதேவில் ய
மக்குவிசாரணை நடத்தார்படி சென்ற காலாந்திக்குப்
யாண்டாயினர். கூலிடத்தில் விளங்கப்பட்டபொ
தென வேர்வழங்கித் தோற்றுப்படி பிந்தர் சங்குப்
பெருமையுள்ளவென்றெனினும்

பூததர்சனம் கடைப்பிடிப்பதற்குத் தி. வி. மாதவன் தனது குதரத்தை நுகர்வதற்கு மூலமாகும். நோக்கம் மீது, அவ்வீட்டுகளில் மனப்பதாரணமாக வலுவேற்றப்பெறும்படி ஏதாவது சேதிப்படுத்துகின்றார். ஏதாவது இப்போது அவ்விடத்தில் வேலையே துன்பமேயுள்ளது என்பதைத் தெரிவிக்கின்றார்.

மெஸ். ஸீம்பிற்சுதென், மெஸ். மஜூவல் என்னும்
நித்தியாதிபிதர் டெய்லினைத் தாசித்து அங்கு
பாடசாலைகளைச் சேர்த்துபண்ணப் புறப்படுகின்

தென்னிப்பமதுப்பகுதியில் பாருக்கோ ஊவுருசிகள்
ருக்கிறதெனக் கேளிப்பட்டமைபால் அழைப் ப
சேரதுபண்ணித் திரிவனஞ்செய்யும்படி பிரத்யா
சாயச் சிறுட்டவைத திரிவனெய்யவர்க்கும் டக்தர் ச
தியாக வுய்விட்டு தெருவார்

மண்ணில் விளக்கப்படவிருக்கும் வீசேஷ வறுகொன்றிற் தோற்றும்படி அப்புக்காத்துக்களஞ்சைபவெட்டுசெல்லையுயர்த்தப்படுகின்றனர்.

கடந்தும்பிலேயே இதை வெளியிடவில்லை என்பது சரியான காரணப்படைவோனெனலாம். அதன்மீதுப் பரிசீலனை செய்து, இராமநாதம் மறியலாசன்கப்பட்டுள்ளதற்குப்பின்னர்தான், சென்னைக்கு வந்திருந்த இராமநாதம், பாத்தாஜி ஸ்தலமாக டி. ஏ. வி. எஸ். என்பருக்கு வேறு காரணமும் வந்தது நிறுப்பவேண்டிய ஒருபகுதியாகப் பட்டத்தின்மீது, பாத்தாஜித்தலிக்குச் சிறப்புத்தலைப்பேரெழுதியாகக்கூடும் வலியுறுத்தியிருக்கிறார். மேலும், இராமநாதம் ஒருகாலச் சூரபாண்டியவீடில்பட்டாரென்ப பின்வராதற்கு உதிரினார்.

ய், தபாலுருளும் முதையிய ஸ்திரீயின் பக்கத்திலிருந்து காணப்படுகின்றன. கோயோரக் கோவிலையுள்ளிரு முகமலர்ச்சியைக்கண்டபாலும் கோயிலிலும், பின்னேயே நின்றவையேண்டிவென்றதன், இவரின்மீது கவையத்தங்கதும் சேசேச தயிர்மலர்க்கையதும் அம்மாளின் கைபாடுகளு செய்யக்கன்கின் திண்டிபெரத் கத்து கோயாளாக அன்னைபுறப் பரிசுக்கிண்டின. இதுவழி பண்ணைக்குறப்படுகு சோலையினை, இம்மட்டார் சர்க்கரைப்பத்தரி நேன்மாரிபெய்நூற்றாறும் கூடப்பிலும் திரிதல் கய்க்கேப்பி பச்சாணைகன் கவைய தியசாண்கு வறுதொழுகு முத்திரிபொ காமினென்கன், இவையென்குமேலொருவன்விருந்துகொயிற் தித்தமுதப்புகின் கெதமையிலும், தூதாரும், நண்பராரும் மறுபுறமேபுறப்பாருந்துகேய்தமையேக்கயிலார அய்வியா பெரிய ஸ்திரீகவையத்திறமையு என்னை பெருட்டணமுகவையத்த அந் நாய்முன்ன வய்தமையு திருக்குகக் காணென வகையது செய்தமையு, அந் திலிந்தையகூட்டிடுகின்றதும் பிரிதெய்யுக்கனையியை பாலம் தெதிராந் திரிபெய்நெனவையதாய் நாண்காந் திவுடைய மக்களாரப் பிரிந்து தவறாவதனை போல வாழ்ந்து புத்தியா, அவராகு குறப்பென்கன்காறுப்புகன்களே பணம்வென்றியி, வாய்பாடுகடுசெய்ததும் பணம்வென்றியும் இதுதவறவாய் காட்டுத்தமும், என்ன்க் கனையயெழுமுதும் வெட்டியாறுகின்றனதே, சாமிமையே மேரோட்டிவெருந்துகோக்தன்யியானதே கோலையுத்தியவையத்தெய்தியிலிற் முயற்சிக்குப் பகலாருகாபுரியாகக.

FEVER IN JAFFNA.

We doubt whether there has ever been a year when fever has been more prevalent in our peninsula—at least not in the last twenty years. Fever commenced earlier than usual this season (in November) and after raging for a month or two, almost ceased for a time, only to break out again in February when the dews began to be heavy. It would be interesting to know just how much Quinine has been used in the peninsula the past four months. It must have been a very large amount for the people have been really anxious to secure the drug having learned of its virtue. How much has the Government done for the people in the way of a free distribution of quinine? Some time ago it was said that powders were furnished to the headmen to be distributed among the people, but it must have been a rumour only for we have failed to hear of any wide distribution of this important medicine. The Government Dispensaries have dealt out a fever mixture which must have quinine in it to a certain extent but it is said to be ineffectual.

It was all well enough to reply to the Tamil representative in Council to the effect that every thing was being done that could be done, but that the supply of quinine was exhausted. Why did not the Government order a fresh supply at once? How is it that private Hospitals and Dispensaries can keep a stock in hand renews when exhausted? The red tape of every Government Department is very exasperating. Surely some thing could have been done to avoid much of this unnecessary delay.

It might be well to appoint a Commission to inquire into the causes of fever epidemics in the North. It is claimed that stagnant water is one cause. Wells not properly cleaned, it is said, is another cause: decaying vegetation in the compound a third &c. &c. Let us know what experts think, and then let Government insist on certain sanitary measures being carried out if this is all that is needed. It is said that fever epidemics were unknown in Jaffna until within the last 15 or 20 years. If this is true, it surely calls for the services of a Commission.

Our Government Agent with commendable zeal has ordered compounds and wells cleaned and houses whitewashed. And Jaffna will be a different place when his orders have been carried out. A few fines judiciously imposed would work wonders in districts where the people are careless and indifferent. But the headmen will have to be made to toe the mark if any thing is to be accomplished.

ONE HUNDRED YEARS.

No. 2. 1809-1819.

(contributed.)

"Directly we step" (says Mr. Stock) "from 1809 to 1819 we feel that we are altogether in a different atmosphere. At ten years old, the Society was but a child, and a feeble one; at twenty years old it was already in vigorous manhood. It had now sent out fifty-five missionaries, ordained and lay, forty of whom were still labouring in 1819, with others locally engaged, at Sierra Leone, at Malta, at Constantinople, at Calcutta and several other cities in North India, at Madras, in Travancore, in Ceylon, and in New Zealand. The income, which in 1809 was £2,300 had risen to £25,000, and there were Auxiliary Associations in all parts of the country. And there were fruits of the work. Heads were not yet counted: no statistics were published except that over 6,000 native children were under instruction but in West Africa and in India there were already tokens of the blessing of the Lord in converted souls and Christian congregations. 'The cluster of grapes already brought from Eschcol,' said the preacher at St. Bride's (a church now used for the third time) the Hon. and Rev. Gerard Noel 'is a grateful earnest of that vintage of souls which the Lord of the Harvest will in His own way and at His own season gather in for Himself.'"

The first convert was a Mohammedan who had been an official of some rank at the Court of Oudh and who received his first impressions from Henry Martyn. He was baptized by David Brown on Whit Sunday 1811 at the old Church Calcutta by the name of Abdul Masah (servant of Christ). In after years he was ordained by Bishop Heber and was the first native clergyman of the Church of England in India.

The year 1812 is a marked one in the history of the C. M. S. for in that year (1) it adopted

the name by which it is familiarly known, "The Church Missionary Society" (2) it appointed its first President (3) it hired a room as an office at 169 Fleet street, London (4) it held its first important public meeting. Four hundred men were present. No ladies!

The following year 1813, the first annual meeting was held—600 present.

In the same year the first C.M.S. monthly Periodical was published. The Missionary "Register" in which the proceedings of all societies were systematically reported for forty years. The first important C. M. S. Association was formed at Bristol in 1813. The inaugural meeting was held on March 25th. There were twenty-two speeches besides that of the Mayor, as chairman and that of Josiah Pratt who went down from London on purpose and who spoke for an hour!

"Pratt's visit to Bristol" (writes Mr. Stock) "was the first instance of what is now called a 'deputation.'" The word, in this sense, was not known then. But soon after, an eminent surgeon at Leeds, Mr. W. Hey F. R. S., a friend of Wilberforce wrote, suggesting that a tour might with advantage be made in Yorkshire. Pratt asked Basil Woodd the respected minister of the most important Church in London supporting the society (Bentuck chapel Paddington) to go; and his reply shows what such a proposal looked like at the time, "I do not see the expediency of sending ministers from London to Yorkshire.....it has an aspect of publicity which I do not like." Nevertheless he gave way and within three weeks on July 21st in that same year 1813 he and his wife were in a post chaise travelling northward taking the tour in lieu of a holiday and undertaking if required to preach twice every day. "To preach"—because this would be the regular way of setting forth the new cause; meetings in halls were still scarcely known outside London. He did, in two months and a half, preach fifty sermons; he started twenty-eight local associations and he collected £1,060 out of which £150 was spent in travelling and hotels.

In Jan. 1814 the society had the joy of commissioning its first four missionaries to India. Two were German Lutherans and two Englishmen, the names of the latter were Norton and Greenwood, the one a learned shoe maker who taught himself great and the other a Yorkshire blanket manufacturer. The next five years saw eleven more men sent to India and four to Ceylon. Among the missionaries to India was Joseph Fenn, father of Christopher Fenn who is known to many in Ceylon.

On Easter day April 14 1816 Rev. E. Bickerseth admitted the first six African converts to the Lord's Supper; and he brought one of them to England with him, a Negro boy named Simon Wilhelm. That boy's health suddenly failed and he died in the Church Missionary House and was buried in St. Bride's church, Pratt preaching a funeral sermon from the words, "Is not this a brand plucked out of the fire?"

The first Bishop to smile on the C. M. S. was good Bishop Ryder of Gloucester, who was brave enough to take the chair at the Mission meeting held at Bath on Nov 30th 1817 on which occasion an Archdeacon solemnly entered a protest against the C. M. S. as an unauthorized society.

During the decade under review three University men were sent to the east of whom William Jowett, Fellow of St. John's college Cambridge, was the most famous. We cannot conclude the narrative of the second decade more fittingly than by recording the fact that on Easter day 1819 William Johnston had the privilege of baptizing 253 adults and of administering the Holy Communion to 258 souls at Regent in West Africa!

A TOWN HALL.

The preliminary meeting held in Jaffna for considering the erection of a Town Hall was not as successful as it was hoped it would be. There are several prominent men who favor it, but on the other hand a much larger number are not at all enthusiastic about it. A Town Hall would certainly be a good thing, and will be erected sooner or later; but with the *Catholic Guardian* we are inclined to think that there are more important things demanding our attention just now. Wait until we get our railway connecting Jaffna with the metropolis and then it will be time enough to talk about a Town Hall. The meeting resolved to appeal to the Governor for a site on the Esplanade, and appointed a committee to raise funds for the erection of the

building. We doubt whether the Government will grant a site on the Esplanade. It is all too small already, and to cut it off still more does not seem a wise thing to do. Besides it would cost several thousand rupees to put up a building and where is the money to come from? And when finished for what will the Town Hall be used? Undoubtedly a few meetings will be held in the building each year, but so few that it is a question whether it would be right to expend so much money for the purpose of having a hall. Let us have a system of drainage for Jaffna, if this is necessary, and also a good water supply for the town, before we talk of a Town Hall! The necessary things should receive the first attention; other projects can wait until a later date.

In the meantime [if a few prominent men of Jaffna wish to leave behind a fitting memorial of their enterprise and loyalty to their own country, let them build a hall at their own expense on some suitable locality. Such an act would be appreciated by the public and would be an easy method of securing what was desired. But we object to having the Esplanade used; it is none too large as it is.

THE NEO-HINDUISM OF MRS. BESANT

There are various forms of neo-Hinduism at present before the Indian public. There is the neo-Hinduism of Swami Vivekananda which is more or less a vedantism, there is the neo-Hinduism of the Arya Prasthan Samaj, which is pure theism, and then there is the neo-Hinduism of Mrs. Besant in which an attempt is made to support every form of present-day popular and idolatrous Hinduism. It is speaking of Mrs. Besant's neo-Hinduism that one of the organs of the Brahmo Samaj, *The Unity and the Minister*, writes as follows:—

"The Statesman deserves the sincerest thanks of all thoughtful men for boldly exposing the unsoundness and unreality of neo-Hinduism under the leadership of Mrs. Besant and giving a timely warning to the Christian people and other thoughtful persons to withhold, on conscientious grounds, their sympathies, much more their active support, from the Hindu College to be started at Benares. We shall be most glad to see a healthy revival of Hinduism, but we are the last persons to wish resurrection of idol-worship, superstition, and the darker side of Hinduism in the name of our ancestral religion at the end of the nineteenth century. Mr. Besant's idea of amalgamating Hinduism with modern thought is injurious morally, religiously as well as politically. It is inconsistent with itself. It will foster disloyalty as well as a distinction and many other evils from which the country is struggling to be free. It is a wonder how our countrymen professing orthodoxy hear with bated breath expositions of their religion from a *Mt. Sathya*, who is ignorant of the sacred Sanskrit language. The heart of a true Hindu really weeps for the sad degeneracy of the Hindu race and secretly invokes the spirits of their devout forefathers, to rescue their progeny from a mischievous delusion. The *Statesman* has truly observed that the very fact that Mrs. Besant, *she who* herself, affects to be a leader of Hindus, surely ought to convince her of the inconsistency of her pretensions. Affairs have come to such a miserable pass that a prophet's voice is needed to denounce them and warn the present generation of Hindus of their danger. We are told, and we think our information is correct, that a regular scene was about to be enacted the other day at the Albert Hall. One, Miss Noble, a disciple of our old friend Narendro Nath Dutt, who has taken the name of Vivekananda, delivered an address at the Albert Hall, advocating the worship of Kali and other gods and goddesses. Dr. Mahendra Lal Sircar, the apostle of science in India, with his usual repugnance to idolatry and superstition, as contrary to the spirit of science, protested against the lecturer's advocacy of Kali Pooja; he was supported by Mr. S. N. Tagore, who happened to be there. These protests would have resulted in violence from certain persons who were among the audience, had not the fair lecturer intervened and deprecated the spirit of violence by a declaration of the principle of toleration, which she said entitled every person to give out his honest opinion." *Christian Patriot*.

FOREIGN NEWS.

France. A terrible explosion took place of the magazine at Toulon, when 60 persons were killed, and one hundred injured.

China. Affairs in the Celestial Empire do not move over very smoothly. Troubles have broken out with Russia, Germany and Italy. The last mentioned nation has sent 6 warships to look after her interests, and China is likely to make Samoumou an open port.

Maula. Sharp fighting has occurred between the Americans and Filipinos when the latter were repulsed.

Arabia. The plague has spread to Mecca. Riots have occurred at Jeddah. A number of Indian pilgrims have been robbed to the extent of twelve hundred pounds.

India. The two Chapkar brothers and Ranade have been sentenced to death for the murder of Rand and Dyerat on Jubilee night at Poona. The latter was also convicted of the murder of the Dravid brothers last month.

Plague returns from Bombay and Calcutta are alarming. In the former city the number of cases has steadily increased. In Calcutta the number of persons attacked is not large, but all efforts to stamp out the plague have proved ineffectual, and it is feared that there will be a serious outbreak the next cold season.

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