

# THE MORNING STAR.

Vol. 59.

Jaffna, Thursday 5th of Oct. 1899.

No. 28

BRIGHTNESS EXALTETH A NATION BUT SIN IS A REPROACH TO ANY PEOPLE.

RECEIPTS FOR THE MORNING STAR.

Ratotta India.	Mr C. D. Kcnamally 2.00
	M. R. Ry D. M. Canaga ratnampilly Avl B. A. 2.00
Sandilippay Jaffna.	Mr C. Ratnasar (94-96) 3.00 The Govt. Agent, Messrs J. N. Sandasagar, A. S. Arulam palam (98) and T. A. Edwards B. A. 5.00
	1900
Madras	Mr. Sam. Matickan 2.00

OUR SUBSCRIBERS !!

Please remit all dues &c. at once.

THE CEYLON STEAMSHIP Co. Ltd.

The S. S. Lady Havelock is appointed to sail from Kankesanturai for Colombo Via Paumban on the evening of the following dates— Oct. 17th and 31st 1899.

The Company's Steamer "Lady Gordon" is appointed to sail from Kankesanturai for Colombo Via Pt. Pedro on noon of the following dates— Oct. 20th, 1899.

W. MATHER & SON, Agents

REQUEST.

It is humbly requested that those who promised to pay the Jaffna Native Evangelical Society for the house building at Valany at the Annual meeting held at Batticotta on the 1st day of June last, forward their subscriptions to Dr. P. M. Mann, Treasurer at their earliest convenience.

S. Eliatambu,  
J. N. E. S. Secretary.

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Mullaitivu.  
Testamentary | No. 14.

In the matter of the estate of the late Somanath Vyaramuthi of Ollumudi Melpatu East in Mullaitivu Deceased, Petitioner.

Vyaamuthi Somanathar of Neervely Vs.

1. Sithamparapillai Thiamo and wife

2. Chinnadai of Ollumudi Melpatu East Respondents This matter of the Petition of Vyaamuthi Somanathar of Neervely praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovesigned deceased Somanathar Vyaamuthi of Ollumudi in Mullaitivu coming on for disposal before G. S. Vaughan Esquire, District Judge, on the 15th day of September 1899 in the presence of the Petitioner and the affidavits of the Petitioner dated the 6th day of September 1899 having been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is the only son and heir of the said testator and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said testator issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 31st day of October 1899 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 15th day | G. S. Vaughan,

of September 1899 | District Judge.

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary | No. 1010

In the matter of the estate of the late Chellammal alias Meenatchey wife of Kanthar Chinnar of Vannarponne East Deceased.

Kanthar Chinnar of Vannarponne East Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Naganathar Chinnappoo and wife

2. Ponnapillai of Vannarponne East

3. Kathiresar Vallipuram and wife

4. Thankamuthu of Vannarponne East. Respondent

This matter of the Petition of Kanthar Chinnar of Vannarponne East praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovesigned deceased Chellammal alias Meenatchey wife of Kanthar Chinnar coming on for disposal before C. Eardley Wilmot Esquire, District Judge on the 7th day of September 1899 in the presence of Mr. Tambiah S. Cooke Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavits of the Petitioner dated the 4th day of September 1899 having been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is the lawful husband of the said testator and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said testator issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 12th day of October 1899 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 7th day | C. Eardley Wilmot,

of September 1899 | District Judge.

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.  
Testamentary | No. 1015.

In the matter of the estate and property of the late Muna Pena Munna Ravanna Mana Sithamparapillai of Alankudy in South India deceased Muna Pena Munna Ravanna Mana Raman Chetty of Vannarponne Vs. Petitioner.

1. Meenachdy widow of Sithamparapillai of Alankudy in South India

2. Muna Pena Munna Ravanna Mana Naranan Chetty of Koddiyoor in Sivakankai and

3. Muna Pena Munna Ravanna Mana Muttiah Chetty of do Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of Muna Pena Munna Ravanna Mana Raman Chetty of Vannarponne praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the above named deceased Muna Pena Munna Ravanna Mana Sithamparapillai of Alankudy in South India coming on for disposal before C. Eardley Wilmot Esquire District Judge on the 19th day of September 1899 in the presence of Mr. Tambiah S. Cooke Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavits of the petitioner dated the 14th day of September 1899 having been read it is declared that the petitioner is the brother-in-law of the said intestate and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 27th day of October 1899 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 19th day | C. EARDLEY WILMOT,  
District Judge.

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.  
Testamentary | No. 1008.

In the matter of the estate of the Late Veerattar Velluppillai of Kandalvalai in Karachchi Deceased.

Chuppar Kantar of Kandalvalai Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Chithamparapillai Ramu his

2. wife Chinnappillai of Vedatalpalai

3. Arunangan Velluppillai his

4. wife Nakamuthu of Kitpalai and

5. Karuval Arumugam of Vedatalpalai.

Respondents.

This matter of the petition of Chuppar Kantar of Kandalvalai praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the above named deceased Somanathar Vyaamuthi of Ollumudi in Mullaitivu coming on for disposal before C. Eardley Wilmot Esquire, District Judge, on the 25th day of August 1899 in the presence of Mr. T. C. Changarapillai Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the Affidavit of the petitioner dated the 21st day of August 1899 having been read it is declared that the petitioner is a next of kin of the said intestate and as such is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him unless the Respondent or any other person shall on or before the 23rd day of October 1899 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 25th day | C. EARDLEY WILMOT,  
District Judge.

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary | No. 1017.

In the matter of the estate of the late Sithamparapillai of Vannarponne East Deceased.

Kathirkamer Arunasalam of Karampaikurichy Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Kunchinachchan wife of Arunasalam of Karampaikurichy

2. Venaygar Kathirkamer and wife

3. Amuthathai of do

4. Manikkam widow of Paramanathan of do

Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of Kathirkamer Arunasalam of Karampaikurichy praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the above named deceased Chitamparapillai Paramanathan of Karampaikurichy coming on for disposal before C. Eardley Wilmot Esquire District Judge on the 29th day of September 1899 in the presence of Mr. Tambiah S. Cooke Proctor on the part of the

part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the 26th day of September 1899 having been read it is declared that the petitioner is the next of kin of the said intestate and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 31st day of October 1899 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 29th day | C. EARDLEY WILMOT,  
District Judge.

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary | No. 1018.

In the matter of the estate of the late Venasambathy Kanthaibay of Thanmakerny deceased. Punniar Kumaraaveloo of Thanmakerny Vs. Petitioner. Chinnachy widow of Sithamparapillai of Periyapalai Respondent.

This matter of the petition of Punniar Kumaraaveloo of Thanmakerny praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the above named deceased Venasambathy Kanthaibay of Thanmakerny coming on for disposal before C. Eardley Wilmot Esquire District Judge on the 30th day of September 1899 in the presence of Mr. Tambiah S. Cooke proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the first day of September 1899 having been read it is declared that the petitioner is one of the heirs of the said intestate and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him unless the respondent or any other person shall on or before the 31st day of October 1899 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 30th day | C. EARDLEY WILMOT,  
District Judge.

Local & General.

**Weather.** The wind, what there has been of it, has blown from the South west. There have been slight dews in the early morning with very hot sun during the day, typical September weather. On the whole however we have had a remarkably cool and pleasant month. Colds and diarrhoea have been prevalent in some parts of the peninsula. Sowing has been done in many quarters, and the grain is already up.

**O. F. B. & Anniversary.** An esteemed correspondent sends us a report of the seventy fifth anniversary of Godoville school, but as a full report was given in our last issue, we must decline this with thanks. In the closing sentence he says, "To the many older pupils covered with grey hairs, this would probably be the last visit to the old home, and the last renewal of early friend ship at such quarter semi-centennial celebrations. But to all who are in Christ there is the bright hope of reunion on the other side of Jordan where Jesus Christ their loving Saviour is all in all to them."

**Pt Pedro and Valvettiturai.** From January next these towns will be brought under the control of the Small towns Sanitary ordinance.

**Friend in need Hospital.** It is generally known that the friends of this hospital have been slow in coming to its support, and that in consequence the Govt. Agent has reported to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor that the time has come for taking over this institution and making it a civil hospital under Government control. Is this another illustration of the inability of the Tamil people to keep up institutions of their own? New enterprises are constantly being started, but the gift of stick to it iiveness seems to be sadly lacking.

**Annual Convocation.** As we go to press the annual convocation of the American mission churches is being held at Manipay. A large number are in attendance and the exercises bid fair to be of more than ordinary interest. Rev E. P. Holton presides. Rev T. P. Hunt will give a review of the work of the American Board for the past year. Rev. Wm. Joseph will take up one part of the field of this Society, Africa, and speak of the wonderful changes that have taken place politically, physically and morally in this "dark continent" during the past few decades. The Native Evangelical Society is to be represented by Rev S. Eliyatambu. The subject "the missionary spirit life of the church" will be handled by Mr. A. Modis Curries and Rev R. Bryant will speak of the higher life. These annual convocations are always full of interest and indicate to the outsider something of the numerical strength and intelligence of the Christian Church. The Lord's Supper at the close tends to bind all together in the bands of Christian fellowship and love and affirms the disciples of Christ to greater activity in his service.

The parent society, the American Board, will be confronted with some important questions this week, and we pray that Divine wisdom and guidance may be given it in all its deliberations and conclusions.





## JUSTICE IN JAFFNA.

The *Star* has been criticised for not saying anything editorially concerning the results of the recent sessions of the Supreme Court, and especially of the perjury-forgery case. We were not present during any part of the sessions, and heard no part of the evidence; and the reports of this trial, in particular were so conflicting that it seemed the part of wisdom to refrain from comment. Moreover the case is now finally settled by the highest Court of the land, and whether in accordance with one's own convictions or not the decision must be accepted. There has been a great deal of foolish talk about the whole matter and it is more because of the existence of what we consider wrong ideas concerning certain questions than for any other reason that we take up the subject at this late day.

First of all there seems to be a wide spread feeling among our Christians that ministers of the Gospel have no business to go to law, or be connected with any case in Court. Some have gone so far as to say that if a minister saw a wrong committed he should shut his eyes to the fact and keep still. This is not only cowardly but contrary to the whole spirit of the gospel. It is the minister's part to promote righteousness in the land; and to be utterly oblivious to wrong when it occurs is to deny the very principles which as a minister of the gospel he is bound to uphold. In England and America the clergy have a great influence in moulding public opinion. Ministers sit as members in the halls of legislature, and play an important part in political agitations. If it is wrong in a common man to connive at crime by keeping silent, it is doubly wrong in a minister for he is supposed to be a leader of the people and must set a good example. It is not meant that for every little personal affront, the minister should rush into court—it would be more Christ-like to forgive. But when a crime against the state occurs, or lawlessness (which is the same thing after all) prevails, he is bound by his very position to do all in his power to expose the wrong.

Again, it has been said that Jaffna with all its enlightenment is not ready for the jury system. That is to say with all our highly educated and prominent men there are none who can be trusted to give an impartial verdict. If this is so, there is something wrong in the higher education imparted. But we believe that this is too sweeping a statement. There are scores of good men in our peninsula who are not afraid to stand by their convictions. The Government is largely to blame for the present unsatisfactory working of the jury system. In America and England too, we presume, the jurors are not allowed to hold any communication with outsiders until the case on trial is finished and a verdict has been given. In a case prolonged for several days the jurors are supplied with accommodations and every effort made to keep their minds unbiased by any outside influence. Here in Jaffna the jurors were allowed to go to their homes and it is rumored held communication with friends of the parties in the case. It is claimed that their sympathies were worked upon. It would be a strong man indeed who could withstand such influences, and be true to his honest convictions. Let the jury system be retained by all means, but let greater precautions be taken by those in power to keep the jurors from being unduly influenced from outside.

Once more, it has been argued that a man should not be too hard on his own relatives, but should overlook in them what he would not in strangers. Within certain limits this may be true, but it is the highest kind of justice which ignores ties of kinship for the sake of righting a wrong. Bowdysism becoming very prevalent in Jaffna and should be put down with a strong hand, even where it occurs in highly respectable quarters for Jaffna is not anxious for a reign of terror and the way to avoid lawlessness is to honour the law and to see that it is obeyed.

Whether justice was done in this particular case or not, is quite another question and one that we are not discussing. Men who do wrong may escape the punishment due them from the state, but they cannot escape the wrath of an angry God. Retribution will surely follow every wrong doer, if not in this life, at least in the life to come.

But radical changes must be made in the administration of justice. Perjury is so common that it defeats the ends of justice, and as we have said above jurors should be kept from all contact with the outside world during a trial,

We question, too, how far it is right to allow those advocating a cause to bring in extraneous questions to cover up with a show of legal superiority the issue at point. Justice and justice alone should be the aim of the executors of the law, and in the name of justice we plead for reforms.

## A WOMAN'S WONDERFUL WORK.

In the country there are some 25,000,000 child-widows and deserted wives, who know little happiness; who are often half-starved; who are doomed to widowhood; and who look upon their departed husbands practically as gods to be worshipped.

A Hindu woman, herself a widow and daughter of a cultured Brahman priest, looking upon this sorrowful sight, part of the horrors of which she had experienced, was moved with pity, and determined to do all in her power to alleviate this poverty and misery.

Pundita Ramabai, having lost father, mother, sister, brother, and husband before the age of twenty-four, and being left with a babe, yet determined to see what she could do. She was converted to Christ, and baptized in 1883. About twelve years ago she found a few friends inclined to help her start a school for high caste widows in Bombay.

Amidst opposition and ridicule she began with two pupils. Now there are more than 400 pupils, and a property of about Rs. 190,000. About 225 girls have been brought to Christ, many have been trained for useful work, been happily married, or profitably employed.

In nine years Pundita Ramabai received more than Rs. 2,80,000 for the work, and through help obtained she built at Poona a building, and opened a school called Sharada Sadan (Abode of wisdom).

While the famine of 1896 was raging, she saved 300 girls from death, and within two years nearly one third of these had accepted Christ. These were placed on the farm at Kedgaum, about thirty-four miles from Poona, which is now a regular hive of industry.

During the late famine, when Poona was abandoned, Ramabai was supporting 372 girls.

When she first bought her 100 acre farm at Kedgaum Pundita Ramabai wanted to build dormitories, but Government objected; however, the opposition was overcome, and a large building put up, which sheltered 200 famine widows.

This building has been used as school-house, chapel, dormitory, etc. Temporary shelters were also erected, and the new settlement called Mukti (Salvation).

The work at Mukti is constantly growing, there being insufficient accommodation already, so that new buildings will be put up as fast as the Lord will send the means.

Miss Abrams, who superintended the work in Ramabai's absence, had only to suggest a pledge like that of the student volunteers, and 35 at once offered to follow any leading of God into mission work. A score of villages are already within reach of the Gospel, and crowds gather around Miss Abrams and her Gospel women.

Some five or six years ago 12 or 13 widows were won to Christ by Ramabai's unselfish love, renounced heathenism, and were baptized into Christ. This naturally caused very great opposition at Poona, and it seemed for a time as though the home itself would be reduced to a ruin. Ramabai called a public meeting, and without a sign of anxiety told the excited crowd why these widows had accepted Christ.

The storm passed away. More than Rs. 250,000 have been received for the work.

About 350 high-caste widows have already enjoyed the benefits of her school, and are now filling various places of self-support and service. She has proved the promise true "My God shall supply all your need." If for Ramabai why not for us? What a wonderful work the Lord has done through one woman! What a splendid example for other women, who themselves have the light of the Gospel shining in their souls. Let us pray that the Lord will send many more women to carry the glorious news of the Gospel to the poor, degraded, unhappy women of India—or go ourselves.

(Contributed)

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

**Health**—The rains of a fortnight ago were just enough to start colds and fever among the people. It is surprising how readily fever seems

to attack children especially. Several have died from diarrhoea and dysentery.

**Personal**—Mr. W. S. Varamuttu, Secretary of the Ceylon Union Y. M. C. A., has been at Batticaloa, visiting the association and taking a change and rest. He returned Tuesday in time to be with Mr. Louis Hieb who comes tomorrow to spend a fortnight in Jaffna with the Town association.

**Manipipay English school.** A new building is in course of construction which will when completed meet a long felt want, and be a credit to the place.

**The Jaffna Railway.** Judging from the speedy steps taken by the Government in this matter we are confident that the actual work will be taken up by the next year. Materials are being brought from England and the other day 631 pieces of iron and 400 coils of corrugated wire were landed in Colombo for the construction of the railway. On Tuesday the 3rd inst., six Engineers are expected to arrive here by the steamer for land acquisition purposes. Mr. F. D. Mitchel has come out from England to inspect the place with a view to make his tender for the construction of the Northern Railway. Mr. Mitchel will come to Jaffna by coach and he will return leisurely in private conveyance along the Central road, to be able to examine the route carefully. He will return to England in December and make his tender on or before the 5th of January next. All the Railway materials will be supplied by the Crown Agents and the earth work and general construction will be left to the contractor. The work will be carried on rapidly as much as two miles per day of earth work being completed at both ends namely at the Kurnegale and Ranagansuram termini.

**Com. Personal Items**—The Vanigar of Velligamgam West is laid up with serious illness at the residence of his son Mr. Tillumatherat Vannarpannai. Dr. Wm. Paul is attending on him. Mr. Phillips of the Kachchur Post office is also laid up with dropsy.

**Mr. Justice Withers** arrives on the 31st March 1900. On 1st Jan. next he will go to England on three months full pay leave. Sir John Bauer the Chief Justice will return to Colombo at the end of this month.

**Messrs. A. Kannangaraiyan, V. Coomaraswamy, A. M. Valupillai, and S. J. Bujanji** passed the Final examination for the Proctors and six months hence they are entitled to practice the profession. The first is a nephew of Proctor V. Vasupillai and brother of Proctor A. Caleravalee, the second is a nephew of Proctor Ponnampatam of Colombo, the third is a son of Shrof Ampalavama Mozi, and the fourth is a son of Rev. Mr. Benjamin (seminior) of the Wesleyan mission.

**Mr. N. G. Gould** has sued at Matale charging the editor and proprietor of the "Ceylon Independent" with publishing and circulating in Matale a series of libels against him in their paper of Saturday July 4th & 9th.

The Govt. Agent Mr. Levers with his Madellian Mr. S. Bastampillai returned from Delft last week. Mr. Levers is much interested in horse breeding and he has found hopeful results in the experiments made by him in that direction. Irrigation and Delft are selected by him for breeding horses.

**Heavy fines**—A fine of Rs. 520 was imposed on a set of rowdies numbering about 16 at the Maligam Court for disturbing a Catholic funeral at Vasavani. The accused themselves are Catholics and created the disturbance at the burial ground itself. A set of thirteen rowdies were fined the other day Rs. 435 for attempting to take forcible possession of a land belonging to the Nellor Kandaswamy Temple. This sort of rowdyism should be strictly put a stop to by severe punishment for it tends to breed bloodshed and even murder.

**Indian S. S. Union.** Sunday and Monday, Oct. 15th and 16th have been set aside as days of universal prayer for Sunday schools. The following arrangements are suggested:

"That on Lord's day morning Oct. 15th, at sunrise, private intercessory prayer be offered on behalf of Sunday schools. That special sermons be preached on the claims of the Sunday school and the necessity for thorough preparation and consecration on the part of teachers. That the ordinary engagements of each school be suspended, and the scholars unite in a devotional service. To this service, the parents of the scholars may be invited."

That on Monday morning October 16th, teachers again bring their scholars, one by one, in private prayer before God.

That in the course of the week the teachers of each school hold a meeting for united prayer and thanksgiving, and that the Sunday school form the theme of the prayers and addresses at all the ordinary meetings of the church and congregation. That where practicable a collection be taken for the Indian Sunday school Union, which needs help at this time."

Send such sums to Rev. E. P. Holton, Secretary of the Jaffna Auxiliary who will forward to Calcutta. We hope that these suggestions will be carried out as far as practicable. No work is more important than this work of Sunday schools, and no work can be carried on more successfully if done in the right way.

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