

THE MORNING STAR.

Vol. 62.

Jaffna, Thursday 8th of May. 1902.

No 10

Righteousness Exalteth a Nation but Sin is a Reproach to any People.

THE CEYLON STEAMSHIP COMPANY LIMITED.

The Lady Gordon and S. S. Amra are appointed to sail from Kangesanturai for Colombo on the undermentioned dates:—

	Via Panbuen.	
S. S. Amra	14th May	1902.
Lady Havelock	27th "	
	Via Point Pedro.	
Lady Gordon	10th May	"
W. MATHER & SON, Agents		

Alexander Bros & Co

THE LARGEST GENERAL STORES IN THE NORTH.
Departments:—Ornamentals of every Description.
Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Guns, Bicycle Accessories,
Lamps, Watches, Clocks, Plate-ware, Cutlery, Steel trunks.
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

We have some first class men under us.
Trial Solicited. Work finished in shortest time possible.
Eggs, Oatmeal Water. All houses should have a bottle of this.

ALEXANDER BROS. & Co.
Importers of British & Foreign goods.
THE JUNCTION, JAFFNA.

THE JAFFNA COMMERCIAL CORPORATION LIMITED.

Remittances can be made

Between,

Jaffna, Batticaloa, and Colombo.

Both by wire and Draft

To and From

Colombo and Jaffna.

Commission on wire transfer above Rs. 500.00 10
on wire transfer under " 500.00 20
on draft on sums above " 500.00 20
on draft on sums under " 500.00 10

From Jaffna to Batticaloa.

Commission on wire transfer 10
Commission on Draft 10

From Batticaloa to Jaffna.

Commission on wire transfer 10
Commission on Draft 10

To and from

Colombo & Batticaloa

Commission on wire transfer 10
Commission on Draft and cashing Colombo 10
cheques 2 1/2 on sums above Rs. 250.00

From Jaffna to Madras Calcutta Bangalore

Commission on Draft Madras & Calcutta 10
Bangalore 1 1/2

Colombo Bankers, The National Bank of India Ltd.

Madras, The National Bank of India Ltd.

Calcutta, The National Bank of India Ltd.

Bangalore, The National Bank of India Ltd.

Batticaloa, The Jaffna Commercial Corporation Ltd

Jaffna, The Jaffna Commercial Corporation Ltd

WILLIAM MATHER
Managing Director.

BRODIE & Co. Colombo.

Importers of *Olibanestores* Wines and Spirits,
Estate Tools and Requisites at lowest rates.
Price list on application.

"Red Star" Portland Cement

As supplied to the Madras Municipality
Guaranteed Best Quality. Rs 10 per barrel
BRODIE & Co. Colombo.

MESMERISM AND YOGAM

This book compares Mesmerism with *யோகம்*
யோகம். This explains the marvellous secret of
miracle-working, and the origin of many re-
ligions.

Price Rs. 1-50 will be sent by V. P. Post.
Obtain from C. T. Pillai, Batticaloa, Jaffna.

NELORE GIRLS BOARDING SCHOOL.

The first Term of the New Year will
commence D. V. on Monday June 2nd.

The Entrance Examination will be at 9
o'clock that day. Fees payable in advance.

J. I. PICKFORD,
Manager.

JAFFNA COLLEGE.

ADMISSION EXAMINATION.

An examination for admission to Jaffna College
will be held on Friday and Saturday, May 23rd
and 24th, beginning at 10 A.M. on Friday. Every

candidate must bring a certificate of good charac-
ter from the Manager or Principal of the school
where he has been studying. A fee of Re 1 will
be charged. Paper and ink will be provided; also
board for the two days.

The subjects of examination are as follows:—
1 Dictation and Transcription in both English and Tamil
from a sixth Reader or equivalent.
2 English, General and Text as for 7th Standard
3 English Grammar, through Syntax.
4 Tamil Grammar, *General, Vergasa*, or Latin Grammar,
through Regular Verbs.
5 Arithmetic, to Compound Interest.
6 Algebra: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and
Division.
7 Geometry: Euclid, first 5 propositions.
8 Geography, General and especially Europe and Asia.
9 English History, from 1066 to 1688.

Those who have passed in Reading, Writing,
Arithmetic, Geography and History in the 7th
Standard will be admitted without examination.

Candidates for the Entrance class will be exam-
ined in the subjects studied by the last Prepara-
tory class.

Those who have passed the Entrance examination
of any Indian University will be admitted to the
F. A. class, and those who have passed the F. A.
will be admitted to the Junior B. A. class on
Monday, the 26th May, the day for re-opening the
College.

R. C. HASTINGS.
Principal

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary No. 1263.
Jurisdiction In the Matter of the Estate of the late Philippupillai Francis of Jaffna Town. Deceased.
Mariyamuthu widow of Philippupillai Francis of Jaffna Town. Petitioner.

1. Francis Joseph of Registrar's office, Batticaloa
2. Francis Philippupillai of Jaffna Town
3. Francis Paul of Straits Settlements
4. Francis Savaniamuthu of Jaffna Town
5. Anna daughter of Francis of do
6. Elizabeth, daughter of Francis, do Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of Mariyamuthu widow of
Philippupillai Francis, praying for Letters of Adminis-
tration to the estate of the above-named deceased Philip-
pupillai Francis coming on for disposal before W. R. B.
Sanders Esquire District Judge, on the 18th day of
April 1902 in the presence of Mr. Tambiah S. Cooke
Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of
the Petitioner dated the 14th day of April 1902 having
been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is the widow
of the said intestate and is entitled to have Letters of
Administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to
her unless the Respondents or any other person shall
on or before the 30th day of May 1902 show sufficient
cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.
Signed this 18th day of April 1902. W. R. B. Sanders
District Judge.

ORDER NISI.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary No. 1264.
Jurisdiction In the Matter of the Estate of the late Sivakampillai
widow of Visuvanathar of Mantuvil Deceased.
Visuvanathar Kanthiah of Mantuvil Petitioner.

1. Arunasalam Thathapillai of Mantuvil
2. Arunasalam Sivarakasam of Varnay North
3. Arunasalam Supramaniam of Mantuvil Respondents.
This matter of the Petition of Visuvanathar Kanthiah
of Mantuvil praying for letters of administration to the
estate of the above-named deceased Sivakampillai widow
of Visuvanathar of Mantuvil coming on for disposal be-
fore W. R. B. Sanders Esquire, District Judge, on the 18th
day of April 1902 in the presence of Mr. Tambiah S.
Cooke, Proctor, on the part of the Petitioner and affidavit
of the Petitioner dated the 8th day of April 1902 having
been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is the son
and one of the heirs of the said intestate and is entitled
to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the
said intestate issued to him unless the Respondent or any
other person shall on or before the 30th day of May 1902
show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to
the contrary.

Signed this 18th day of April 1902. W. R. B. SANDERS.
District Judge.

ORDER NISI

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary No. 1265.
Jurisdiction In the Matter of the Estate of the late Kurunati Chiva-
kurn of Karativu Deceased.
Chivakuru Valuppillai of Karativu Petitioner.
1. Valliammai widow of Kurunati Chivakurn and
2. Chivakuru Tampillai of Karativu a minor under
the guardianship of Valliammai the 1st Respondent Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of Chivakuru Valuppillai of
Karativu praying for Letters of Administration to the
estate of the above-named deceased Kurunati Chivakuru
of Karativu coming on for disposal before W. R. B. San-
ders Esquire, District Judge, on the 21st day of April
1902 in the presence of G. N. H. Tampico Proctor on the
part of the Petitioner and affidavit of the Petitioner dated
the 21st day of April 1902 having been read, it is declared
that the Petitioner is the son of the said intestate and as
such is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the
estate of the said intestate issued to him unless the Re-
spondents or any other person shall on or before the 25th
day of May 1902 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction
of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 21st day of April 1902. W. R. B. Sanders
District Judge

Local and General.

Missionaries. Rev. and Mrs. G. G. Brown have
returned from Nawara Eliya to their station at Udappity.
Miss Howland and Miss Root arrived this week at Udappity
from the Pulney Hills.

Miss Case and Miss Beeching have also returned to
Copy.
Rev. and Mrs. R. C. Hastings are expected in a week
or two.

The late Rev. John Kilner D.D. A marble
tablet was erected by Mr. T. M. Tampin in St. Peter's Church,
Pettah, in memory of the Rev. John Kilner. It is a most
piece of workmanship prepared in England. The tablet
is fitted in the wall of the church near the right hand side
of the Sacrament table. The following words are inscribed
in the tablet. "In grateful memory of the Rev. John
Kilner, D.D., for 28 years a wise, devoted and successful
missionary to the Tamil people who loved them, and after-
wards a General Secretary of the Wesleyan Missionary So-
ciety. Born 1824. Died 1889."

Eungudutivu. Mr. N. J. Lawrence the first Medi-
cal officer in charge of the Govt. Dispensary at Eungudutivu
is transferred to Marichukaddy. Before his departure
the people of the island congregated at the school to bid
farewell to their beloved physician. After the farewell
meeting Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence in company with the other
Christians went into the American Mission Chapel
for a thanksgiving service. A sum of money was paid
to the pastor for conducting the service. We wish them
a prosperous life.

Obituary. The death of Mr. C. Howland Chellappah
cousin of the Rev. W. P. S. Nathanael occurred at Mani-
pattinam on Wednesday morning 23rd April. The deceased
gentleman belonged to a respectable Hindu family in
Jaffna and in his younger days was a student of the
well-known Arumuga Navalar Avaral. Though he was
a staunch Sivite in his earlier days by coming under the
influence of the American Missionaries at Batticaloa he
became a convert to Christianity and was employed as
Tamil Pundit in the C. M. S. Girls' Boarding School in
Colombo in the year 1873 which position he held till his
death. He was much respected by the leading Tamils in
Colombo on account of his high social position and Tamil
scholarship. He was ailing for some months past with
heart disease and his case being pronounced hopeless he
replied to Jaffna and was under Dr. Scott's treatment. In
spite of careful nursing he could not be relieved. The
disease a few days after arrival. The funeral accord-
ing to the Christian rites was conducted by the Rev. S.
Elyathamby assisted by Dr. Scott. He leaves behind a
large family to be mourn his loss.

Com.
With much regret we record the death of Mr. T. Chel-
lappapillai a late retired Chief Justice of Travancore,
which took place at his residence in Vannarapponni on the
2nd inst. He retired several years ago and he was in the
receipt of a good pension remaining all his time in Jaffna.
The deceased was one of the noble sons of Jaffna and his
death will be much regretted.

Customs. We are informed that Mr. Thomas, second
chief Jaffna Customs goes to Colombo and Mr. P. E.
Francis succeeds him as second chief. Mr. Katheravulu
from Mannar will take up Mr. Francis' place at Jaffna and
Mr. Livers is likely to go to Mannar once more.

Police Court. Mr. S. Sampathiy Interpretor Moar,
has gone to Colombo on two months leave and Mr. M. Vy-
talingam of Chindinudi has been appointed to act for
him. It is creditable that Mr. Vytalingam has by his per-
severance made himself fit to act as a Magistrate with
acceptance, from the position of Proctors' clerk with which
he began life.

Inspector of Schools. Mr. R. H. Leembruggen
proceeded to Colombo on the 30th inst. to attend the educa-
tional conference and he was expected to return on the
7th inst.

Supreme Court. The Chief Justice having gone to
England on leave, Mr. Justice Moncrieff will again be
Acting Chief Justice and Mr. Joseph Grenier will be a
Puisne Justice.

Case of Murder. A native of India who was
living for several years in the town was found on the 6th
inst. dead apparently by violence, and his body thrown
hands tied up behind him, in the ditch that surrounds the
Fort on the North. Prior to the 6th inst. he was boarding
in the eating house of one Valan that adjoins the arack
tavern. The inmates of the eating house of whom a large
party are females were at once taken up before the Ma-
gistrate and initial proceedings have been taken. It is
surprising that such acts of terrible violence and unrighteous
sens should occur at a call distance from the Police
station.

[சங்கியை, ௧௦]

இலங்கைப் புதைக்கப்பற்
கொம்பனியாரின



புனைக்கப்படுபவர்கள் பின்வரும் தேதிகளில்கொ
ழும்புக்குப்போகவிருக்கின்றன.

தொடக்காதசேனாநாயகர்	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308
--------------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

W^m MATHER & SON. Agents

விளம்பரம்.

[illegible]

NOTICE.

[illegible]

இப்படிக்கு, சீ. ம. மு. தம்பிசாய்பு.

சுவிசேஷ சங்கம்.

இந்தச் சந்தர்ப்பம் வரலாற்றுக்கூடம் இந்தமாதம் 29 நிகழி வியாழக்கிழமை காலை 10.30 மணிப்போல உட்பிரிவுத் தேர்தலையொட்டி வைக்கப்படும். சாதக விரிதர்ப்புக் காணக் கூடியதாயினும் இந்தமாதம் 11 நிகழி ஏழுவாள் தினம் துவக்கி 18 நிகழி ஏழுவாள்நாள் முடியும் விரிதர்ப்புக் குறிப்பாகும் மக்களிடங்கூறும் தனியார் நுழியாண விரிதர்ப்பாகும் விரிதர்ப்பு விரி இரங்கிய விருத்தியைக் கிணைத் துறந்தும் பேர்த்துறும் சொற்பொருத்தானும் இவ்வகருக்கு சங்கத்துக்கிருக்கும் கடன் கீர்க்குமென முடிபுகேறும்.

[illegible]

S Eliatamby, Secy. N. E. S.

உதயதாசை.

ககூ02 ம் (வ்ஸ் வைகாசி ம் அந் வ

புதியதேசாதிபதி.

The Lieut—Governor.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

மதுராபிஷேகம்.

Coronation.

பிரதானியாங்கீயம் பிடித்தபடியையே ஏழாம் ஏட்
கேட் அரசாங்குனிமகம் 26 சந்திரி முகலாட்டபடு
ம்மோத குமாமலிருக்கும்படி தாங்களேயே ஆளுகை
கூட்டபட்ட காணீயம் மந்திரிமலாது பிரதானியாங்கீ
யவியிருந்து பிரதானியைச் செல்லிவந்தார். கையெழுத்
சு எவணியினதும் பரிசீலனாதுபிரதானியாங்கீயமும்
பரிசீலனம்மே கோ. பரிசீலனை மலென்ற பிட்சேயை அவ
ருக்கும், அங்குள்ளபேரவையிலிருந்து பதமதாரணியி
ம்ஸ், பாட்டன், கியூலெய்விருந்து பிரதமரணியிற் செல்
கேட்டன் ஆதிரதாரிருந்து செல்லிவந்தார். இந்தியா
யிலிருந்து ஐந்திசைகோதாரணியைச் செல்லிவந்தார். ஜேம்
மன்சுங்கியவியிற் மாமலுக்கின் முகலாட்டகேட்டத்துக்கு
தலாது பிரதிரதாரம் ஒன்றி இராசகாமாஜாபுரமும்
பரிமாஜிகோட்டாபுரம், யாபுல்சைச்சுமையிற் கோமட
கூட்டுமகமலாது அனுப்பபெற்றன. மறுமறு இராசக
மன்சுங்கியிலுக்கும் பரிசீலனத்துச் போயிருக்கும். அம
ரிக்காவிலிருந்து பிரதானியிற் றாசுமலாங்கீயம் படிநி
யிம், றாசுமலாங்கீயம் புத்தச்சுப்பலச்சுமலாங்கீய செல்லியு
கின்றனமே கேட்டேன்.

மதுராபிஷேகத்தினத்தில் ராயர்க்குக் கண்ணியகுமாரி
புத்தம்மம் ப. 114 அங்குலம் கப்பலில் செம்மையாகிய
நீர் சேர்த்திருக்கும். அவற்றுள் 20 பெரிய யத்தம்மாக்க
ல்களும், 27 தீயிர் கற்றோட்ட யத்தங்களும் சே
ர்த்திருக்கும். அங்கிலை அரக்கப்பட்ட நாடகங்
கிலிருந்து சேருவதற்கு செலவின்றார். திலகவரீய
லிருந்து 100 பேர்சேர்த்த பட்டாளமும், இத்தியாய்
லிருந்து 150 காலங்களும், 250 குலையாராருஞ்சே
ர்த்த பட்டாளமும் செலவின்றன.

[illegible][illegible]

வரிகளைப்பற்றிய விசாரணை.

Taxation Commission.

[illegible][illegible]

தேன் ஆபிரிக்க யுத்தம்
South African War.

செந்தேபன், 18-4-02.

அனுகூலமெய்துருந்த பரமம்பெற்றத் காலஞ் சென்றகாலமே மூப்புரிசைக்கொயர்ந் தேவதெய்யப் பட்டசாணையு நாட்டப்பலாறிய கணம், நெடுநெல் னெய்திய யாப்பான, சேறு னன்னும் சேசக்கணச் சாத்தி துக்கொணத் இப்போது அவுத்திரேலியா சென்றோன் . அவனாகக்காணக்கூற்றிய யாழ்ப்பாணம் வந்த பின் இந்நியமவுக்குப்பலாவாராம்.

காலி மூத்தியிற் சீவலையுருந்த மென், மேன் இனப்பாதுகட்டெழுப்பதால் அவ்விடத்துக்கு, நிறிசு குர் நெண்தல் மென் அருகணம் துக்கண சியம்

THE BIBLE DOCTRINE OF SIN.

(Continued.)

ii. *The character of sin regarded as an attitude of spirit or a course of life.*

Many words are used to describe it. The words "Sin" and "Iniquity" both signify in the original "deflection from the true aim": *hamartia* means the missing of the mark. Almost every definition of sin in Scripture marks it as a transgression of law. In 1st John iii, sin is described as lawlessness. This definition draws a distinction between the act of transgression and the state of transgression. The act is the result of the state—a revolt from the law of God. A careful study of these terms shows us that sin is an inward principle. The life is contrary to law because the spirit is contrary to the law giver. The true aim of life is deviated from, the mark is missed because the desires of man's heart are out of harmony with the plans of the Creator. This is the inmost essence of sin—separation from, opposition to, God.

It may perhaps be asked whether original sin does not modify this character of sin in the individual by robbing him, at any rate to some extent, of his freedom of choice. Our answer to this must be an appeal to experience. We are conscious that we are free. When God imputes evil to us as its authors we are conscious that the imputation is just. In spite of the evil bias of our nature we know that we are free to resist that bias. We must also remember that although in Adam there was no inward depravity for temptation to appeal to, there was an absolute lack of experience of evil. Before us however there stand the revealed results of sin: Our conscience has been instructed by the accumulated experience of generations. And we possess a grace to fortify our weakened wills which Adam in his unfallen condition did not enjoy. Who then shall say that the conditions of our probation under a covenant of grace are less favourable to goodness than those of the first sinning pair? At any rate throughout Scripture the essence of sin in Adam's descendants is represented as the same in nature as the sin of Adam himself. It is a voluntary separation of the human will from God.

iii. *The effect of sin on Character.*

One of the names often used to designate sin means disharmony or disorder. The different powers of human nature were intended by the Creator to exist in friendly cooperation; but sin transmits them into forces ranged on opposing sides and fighting among themselves "The flesh lusteth against the spirit and the spirit against the flesh." A recent writer has pointed out that even the heathen have felt this disharmony, describing human nature as a chariot drawn by two steeds the one of which is white and good-tempered, and would pull straight forward in the upward path, while the other is black in colour and evil in temper, and is continually breaking over the traces. The result of this discord is that the soul is robbed of peace: "The wicked are like the troubled sea when it cannot rest, whose waves cast up mire and dirt; there is no peace, saith my God, to the wicked." Further the life is filled with misery by the inward struggle "For I delight in the law of the Lord after the inward man; but I see another law in my members, warring against the law of my mind, and bringing me into captivity to the law of sin which is in my members. Oh wretched man that I am! who shall deliver me from the body of this death?" Where this discord continues it is the tendency of the law of sin to gain ascendancy until passion and lust govern the life. "Whoso committeth sin is the servant of sin." And a life thus given up to the law of sin may sink to any depth of impurity. The first chapter of Romans is an impressive illustration of the awful degradation of character possible to those who refuse to retain God in their thoughts.

iv. *Viewed in relation to God's law and as interpreted in human consciousness, sin is guilt.* This may be viewed in two ways. From God's side sin is a fault and a fault which must be punished. "The soul that sinneth it shall die." Here we have the soul of man held accountable for its wrong doing, and an inevitable penalty attached to it. And this is the consistent teaching of the Bible. Looked at from man's side the same holds true. The human soul is conscious of personal responsibility for sin, as committed by itself: it is also conscious of a just liability to punishment on account of sin. "Against thee, thee only have I sinned and done that which is evil in thy sight. That thou mayest be justified when thou speakest, and be clear when thou judgest." This is a moral instinct—often enfeebled by ignorance and false

teaching—but always speaking true when the character of God and his laws are understood. And this eternal alliance of sin and guilt in the human conscience is a fact which cannot be too deeply pondered. It is a vindication of the moral nature of God and of his wrath against sin that has been revealed from heaven.

v. *We now come to the nature of sin as illustrated in its punishment;* and here we touch the most solemn part of our subject. Throughout Scripture the penalty of sin is said to be death. "The wages of sin is death." "Sin when it is full grown bringeth forth death." Very frequently the word is used without any close definition of its meaning. Physical death certainly is often represented as sin's penalty. "For sin man was subjected to the vanity that was the lot of the lower creatures, denied access to the tree of life and surrendered to the dissolution that had already been the natural termination of the existence of inferior creatures." From the moment of the entrance of sin, physical death (mortality) reigned both in Adam and in his descendants.

But this is not the primary punishment of sin nor does it exhaust the meaning of this awful word. Death in its fuller meaning is the departure of the Holy Spirit as the bond of union between God and the soul. Or, to put it in another form, it is the departure of the life of the soul as the soul was created to exist in God. When the Divine Spirit has departed self becomes the ruling principle of the life. Selfishness therefore is the death of the soul. True and essential death is "the living to self." Again in man's original constitution, the flesh was subject to his spirit governed by the Divine Spirit. The penalty of sin is the forfeiture of that dominion. Hence death means the victory of the flesh, or to put it in the Apostle's words "To be carnally minded is death." And death, as the doom of sin looked at apart from redemption, is of itself necessarily eternal. The withdrawal of the Holy Spirit leaves the sinner without the possibility of restoration; and in that is everlasting death. Sin is enmity against God, and that itself implies an eternal severance, i.e. an eternal death. It is bondage to evil, i.e. "the free spirit never losing its power of self determination is determined by the presence of the sinful principle to only evil continually." In these facts we have all the elements of an eternal death. And when we remember that the wrath of God abideth on the unbeliever we see that there is no hope of recovery from the death of sin unless some redeeming provision is made by the grace of God Himself.

IV. We have only space left for a word as to the possibility of man's recovery from sin. There is as we have seen no principle of redemption in sin itself, but there is much both in the nature of God and the nature and development of sin itself which suggests the possibility of one from without. The character of God gives man hope, for an instinct tells him that if possible a way to destroy sin will be found. God has revealed himself to man preeminently as the divine Father and while imperfect human fatherhood is no complete analogy to this unique relationship it at any rate assures us that God will do his utmost to deliver His unhappy children. Deep down in man's heart there are yearnings after recovery, a conviction that depravity is not total, a refusal to give up his case as hopeless. Now what has the Bible to say to these instincts and hopes? The answer is that the Bible, from beginning to end, is the book of Redemption. It does not set out to prove men sinners. It finds sin—the misery and shame of it—amongst men, and sets out to reveal a way of escape and salvation. There is nothing impossible, says the Bible, in the deliverance of man from the guilt and power of sin. Does he inherit the consequences of the fall? He also enjoys the more abounding consequences of the second Adam's righteousness. Is the law violated? It may be vindicated by a sinless sacrifice and fulfilled by the offering of a perfect obedience! Does God's wrath burn against sin? It is the wrath of a Father whose heart is grieved by his children's ingratitude and may be propitiated by a repentance offered in the faith of His well beloved son! Is the sinner conscious of guilt and shame? Peace is possible through forgiveness and restoration to the Father's favour! Is the inmost principle of sin a revolt from God, a separation from His divine life? Then sin ceases, the evil principle is reversed, when I submit myself wholly to the Father through the son! Is the penalty of sin death? Yes, but in the gospel, immortality is brought to light through Christ the spirit is

restored to the believing soul and the dead lives! God's answer to the enquiry can sin be remitted and removed is the Cross of Christ and the Baptism of Pentecost.

There is one thing only that prevents recovery from sin. It is the refusal of man to be reconciled to God. The Father has sent the Son to reconcile the world to Him. Hence the Scripture says: He that believeth not on the Son of God shall be condemned. The wrath of God abideth on such a sinner. Why? To reject Christ is to refuse to be reconciled with God. To refuse reconciliation is to refuse life. This is the sin unto death, the sin against the Holy Ghost. If persevered in to the limit of human probation it is incapable of forgiveness, it will be eternally punished, for it is an eternal sin.

MULLAITIYDE NEWS.

D. C. Criminal Sessions. The case in which one Parani Sinnatambi was charged for having caused grievous hurt to certain Sinnam widow of Kantapann was heard by Mr. E. B. Denham Additional District Judge on the 25th ultimo. Mr. Annam of Mannar prosecuted and Mr. A. Maniel appeared for the defence. The learned Judge convicted the accused and sentenced him to 9 months rigorous imprisonment.

The epidemic of measles has appeared in the town and other parts of the District.

Fishermen from Mannar and Negombo have come down as usual to fish in the Mullaitivu lagoon. A large sum of money has been voted this year for the improvement of the Mankulam-Mullaitivu road and for opening a new road from Parantap to Mullaitivu. The latter is a much shorter route to Mullaitivu.

A few street lamps to light the town will be soon introduced; this will be a great improvement to the town.

Murgaspillai, the Supdt. of the District Roads made a hurried visit to this place a few days ago.

Mr. M. Sivaparakasam of the Mullaitivu Kacheheri who is the eldest son of Mr. P. Murgueson chief clerk Minor Courts Jaffna, has gone on leave to Jaffna, where his marriage is expected to take place shortly.

We are glad to learn that the Revd. C. T. Williams who was here in the Lord's Supper, the last week in May, has been transferred to Koyai, Jaffna. Mr. Williams is a hard and conscientious worker and well deserves the promotion.

He is much liked not only by the members of his congregation but also by every one who came in contact with him.

It will be a pity if any worker is allowed to remain in this malarial district for more than three or four days. For any officer other than the civil is a punishment need not enough. And some people think that this is a punishment station.

Mullaitivu
1st May 1902.

Cor.

FOREIGN NEWS.

ROLAND. Queen Wilhelmina's health has so much improved that only one bulletin is issued daily.

FRANCE. The French elections have taken place and appear to leave the balance of parties practically unchanged.

RUSSIA. Disturbances in Russia seem to increase. Ministers and high officials are constantly receiving threats of assassination. In the Pultava district sixty estates have been devastated by the peasant. A reign of terror exists at Kharkoff.

ARABIA. An Arab rising is occurring in Yemen. Pirates are ravaging the coast. 600 pilgrims have been killed.

INDO-CHINA. An outbreak has occurred at Laos. Serious difficulties also exist at Battambang. The governor of Indo-China has sent troops to the front.

AFGHANISTAN. A mutiny broke out at Maymoy which resulted in a brutal assault by British soldiers on a police officer. Mr. Biggwith, the Assistant Superintendent, had his left arm broken, also his jaw. It is reported that the whole company of Sappers have been dismissed.

INDIA. A tornado has caused the loss of 416 lives in Dacca and adjoining towns, and serious damage to the crops.

AMERICA. Plague has broken out at Calcutta in which will be created Archbishop and Primate of the East.

A fire at the Poria College of Science destroyed the Herbarium and Laboratory with valuable botanical and geological collections, instruments, books, etc. One person was burnt to death. The fire was caused by the explosion of a carboy of methylated spirits.

AMERICA. Plague has broken out at Sydney and up to the end of April 27 deaths had been reported.

SOUTH AFRICA. It is announced that May 15th has been fixed for the meeting of the delegates to discuss the terms of surrender.

ATLANTIC STEAMERS. A grand combination has been made by many of the Atlantic steamship lines, including American, British, German and Dutch. The French line also it is said have come to a tacit understanding with the Trust. This is looked upon with alarm by many in England, as threatening the maritime supremacy of Great Britain.

INTERESTING BITS.

THE STUDENT VOLUNTEERS. Up to the present time 1953 Student Volunteers have actually sailed to the foreign field. They have gone out under the care of fifty different Missionary Societies.

AMERICAN PHILANTHROPY. Mr. Ralph Voorhees, a wealthy American Philanthropist, has made a gift of 25,000 dollars to the Arcot American Mission College, Vellore in response to an appeal for help.

TELEPHONE FOR DIVERS. Several up to date divers suits are being experimented with in different places round the British coasts. They have a telephone attachment so that the submerged person can converse with his aids at the surface. The telephone is stated to have so far proved itself to be trustworthy, and a great improvement on the rope system of signalling.

Printed at the Press of Strong and Asbury, Manapay, Published by A. C. Mission and Tambiah Strong Cucke.