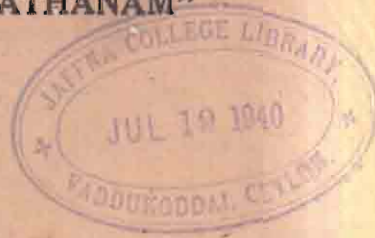


THE Hindu Organ.

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BRITAIN PREPARED FOR ANYTHING

Mr. Churchill's Exhortation To His Countrymen

"THE DARK CURSE OF HITLER WILL BE LIFTED"

London, Sunday.

MR. Churchill, in his broad-speech this evening referring to the position of Britain, said: "All we can say is that any plan for invading Britain, which Hitler made two months ago, must have had to be entirely re-cast in order to meet our new position. We must prepare not only for the summer but for the winter, not only for 1941 but for 1942, when the war will, I trust, take a different form from the defensive in which it has hitherto been bound.

"During the last fortnight, the British navy, in addition to blockading what is left of the German fleet and chasing the Italian fleet, has had imposed upon it the sad duty of putting effectually out of action for the duration capital ships of the French Navy. These, under the armistice terms signed in a railway coach at Compiègne, would have been placed within the power of Nazi Germany.

The transfer of these ships to Hitler would have endangered the security both of Great Britain and the United States. We, therefore, had no choice but to act as we did and to act forthwith. Our painful task is now completed.

Chapter Closed

"Although the unfinished battleship Jean Bart still rests in a Moroccan harbour, and there are a number of French warships at Toulon and in various French ports all over the world, these are not in a condition or character to disarrange our preponderance of naval power. As long, therefore, as they make no attempt to return to ports in Germany or Italy, we shall not molest them in any way. Let us turn, therefore, to the future.

That melancholy phase in our relations with France has, so far as we are concerned, come to an end.

Today, it is July 14th, the national festival of France. A year ago in Paris, I watched the stately parade down the Champs Elysee of the French army and the French Empire. Who could then foresee what the course of the year would bring? Who can foresee what the course of other years will bring? Faith is given to us as a help and a comfort when we stand in awe before the unfurling scroll of human destiny, and I proclaim my faith that some of us will live to see a July 14th, when a liberated France will once again rejoice in her greatness and in her glory, and once again stand forward as the champion of freedom and the rights of man. When that day dawns, as dawn it will, the soul of France will turn with comprehension and with kindness to those French men and French women, wherever they may be, who, in the darkest hour did not despair of the Republic.

Association Remains

"In the meantime, we shall not waste our breath or cumber our thoughts with reproaches. When you have a friend and a comrade at whose side you have faced tremendous struggles and your friend is smitten down by a stunning blow, it may be necessary to make sure that the weapon that is fallen from his hand shall not be added to the resources of your common enemy. But, you need not bear malice because of your friend's cries of delirium and gestures of agony. You must not add to his pain—you must work for his recovery. The association of in-

(Continued on page 4)

THE NEXT MOVE IN THE EUROPEAN WAR

Is Britain Hitler's Next Objective?

NAZI-FASCIST COMBINE MAY STRIKE AT THE SUEZ CANAL

(By Sir George Duff-Sutherland Dunbar, Bt.)

FRANCE is virtually wiped off the map of Europe and her Colonial Empire is no longer a formidable bar to Nazi-Fascist ambitions. A false complacency founded on a ferro-concrete mentality destroyed her; her High Command ignored the tactical lessons written on the face of Poland,

The small States of North-Western Europe stood on the quicksands of neutrality until they were engulfed. Neutral States from the Balkans to the East, with this lesson before them, stand in peril of a destructive force unparalleled since Ghengiz Khan, some of them hypnotised by the power of Hitler, or hoping for the support of the unpredictable Stalin, enervated, perhaps, by insidious propaganda.

Britain the Next Objective?

Hitler has the initiative and he is the master of surprise but it is reasonable to expect that he will make the British Isles his next objective rather than attempt an eastward drive in his bid for world domination.

Considering Hitler's undisguised eastern ambitions, Stalin's move in the Balkans was not altogether unexpected. By the Nazi-Soviet pact the U. S. S. R. set her frontier approximately on the Curzon Line in Poland and followed this up by obtaining a military hold on the Eastern Baltic States and by the conquest of the Karelian Peninsula. Stalin has now seized the opportunity provided by German pre-occupation to pounce on Bessarabia and Bukovina. Russia has thus consistently pursued a policy of building up the strongest possible strategic position on her western frontier, a course of action quickened by the French debacle.

Germany's Oil Supplies

It would, however, be wrong to assume that a conflict is

impending between the Soviet and Germany either on account of Russian aggression or because of future developments in the Balkans. But while Stalin now has his finger on one of the routes by which Rumanian oil can reach Germany in addition to holding the oil wells of Southern Poland, Germany may be expected to draw oil from Rumania as before. These supplies are limited by the transport available. The greatest amount she could thus obtain in twelve months is estimated at a million tons, including Diesel oil.

The German view of the Russian move may well be that whatever the Soviet may do now, she can be dealt with later. Italy's acquiescence in the Russian advance, which some months ago Mussolini would have thought intolerable, shows the extent of Italy's vassalage to Germany.

The Italian armistice terms were obviously framed to avoid pressure heavy enough to inspire the French colonial authorities to fight on with General de Gaulle. The likelihood of any important co-operation has faded.

Franco's policy is to keep Spain neutral for he sees clearly the necessity for a long peace. But German forces are now on the Spanish frontier to add external pressure to that exerted by the numerous Nazis in the country. The prognosis is unfavourable.

The position in the Eastern Mediterranean is firmly held by the British fleet and General Wavell's forces. It has been made clear by a statement of the British Government that no hostile power would be allowed to keep Syria or Lebanon and to use them as bases against those eastern countries which Bri-

(Continued on Page 4)



The Hindu Organ.

THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1940.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE OR NATIONAL GOVERNMENT?

MR. S. W. R. D. BANDARANAIKE'S proposal to have a National Committee formed for the purpose of united action in regard to essential problems, avoiding controversial issues during the war deserves the serious consideration of the public. As the accredited leader of the Sinhala Maha Sabha he has felt called upon to take the initiative in this matter, realizing fully how far petty squabbles and communal bickerings will distract the attention and dissipate the energies of the people, preventing them from concentrating on the problems arising out of the war. At this critical juncture when Britain is confronted with the Herculean task of warding off the onslaughts of Nazi Germany and of fighting the war to a successful issue, it is incumbent upon this country, as a unit of the Empire, to pool all its resources to help Britain in all possible ways to successfully carry out her grim resolve. This war is bound to be a long and arduous one, and the people of Britain and the peoples of the Empire must be fully prepared to go through trying and taxing times, if they are to secure the triumph of the forces of freedom as against those of Tyranny and Oppression. Ceylon like other parts of the Empire should eschew all communal and party divisions and devote her undivided time and energy to the successful prosecution of the war on the issue of which depends the happiness and prosperity of every unit of the Empire and of the world at large. That is why we commend Mr. Bandaranaike's initiative as a step in the right direction. We consider the formation of a national committee as but the first step; for the situation demands not merely a national committee but a national government. In Britain as well as in other self-governing units of the Empire, they have formed Governments of all talents and parties so as to be able to devise effective ways and means for defeating the enemy with the solid backing of the people. It is for Mr. Bandaranaike and other leaders to see if such a national Government cannot be formed in this Island to meet this unprecedented crisis. We are convinced that a national committee on the lines suggested by him cannot be an effective substitute for a national Government.

Palmyrah Bags for Gunny Bags

A Substitute Found by Director of Commerce

A "Good substitute" for gunny bags has been found in palmyrah bags. This fact emerges in a report to the Minister of Labour, Industry and Commerce by Mr. D. H. Balfour, Director of Commerce and Industries.

In the coconut charcoal industry the palmyrah bags, Mr. Balfour states, have been tried and found to be perfectly satisfactory. They will be as cheap if not cheaper than gunny bags.

He mentions also that a combination of palmyrah and coir is also being tried out to replace gunny bags.

Mr. Balfour has suggested, in view of the possibilities for developing the local substitute for gunny bags, that a policy should be adopted to promote the export of gunny bags "so that local material and labour may have a new outlet."

Motion to Ban Exports

The Executive Committee of Labour, Industry and Commerce has before it at present a motion by Mr. E. W. Abeygunasekara urging the banning of the export of gunny bags and jute in view of the fact that their prices are daily increasing.

Mr. Balfour has drawn attention to the fact that a similar proposal came from the Financial Secretary and a prohibition order was published on March 9, 1940. But the main reason for prohibition in that instance was an anticipated scarcity of empty bags for Government and industrial purposes in Ceylon.

There was a spate of protests, however, against the prohibition by certain trading interests and the order was rescinded on April 30 as there were more stocks in the Island than were actually needed by local industries.

"In the meantime", Mr. Balfour writes, "the situation is being carefully watched and as soon as exports become abnormal and a shortage is anticipated, steps will be taken to reintroduce total prohibition of further exports or partial prohibition by means of special permits."

The Jaffna Oriental Studies Society

Under the auspices of the above Society Pandit and Balapandit classes were started on Sunday the 14th inst, at the Jaffna Hindu College. About 60 students sought admission to the classes.

Mr. A. Kumaraswamy, Principal, Jaffna Hindu College, a member of the Society nominated by the Director of Education, declared the classes open and addressed the students.

The classes are conducted by a Sub-Committee of the Society with Mr. K. Aiyadurai, Hon. Treasurer, as Chairman.

North Ceylon Oriental Music Society

The postponed Annual General Meeting of the North Ceylon Oriental Music Society will be held on July 22, 1940 at 5-15 p. m. in the Central College Hall. There will be a free Concert immediately following the Annual General Meeting.

JAPAN CABINET RESIGNS

FAILURE OVER NEW POLITICAL STRUCTURE

PRINCE KONOYE FORM GOVERNMENT

Tokyo, July 16

THE Japanese Cabinet has decided to resign.

It is learned that when the War Minister, Gen. Hata, called on the Prime Minister before the Cabinet resigned, he told Admiral Yonai that the Army and Navy had decided to favour the movement for a 'new political structure'.

The chief Ministers in the Japanese Cabinet were Admiral Yonai (Prime Minister), Mr. H. Arita (Foreign Minister), Gen. Hata (War Minister) and Admiral Yoshida (Navy Minister).

Events leading to the resignation of the Yonai Government are described by the Domei Agency, which states: "Following a conference, between three important Army chiefs—the Chief of the General Staff, the Superintendent General of Military Education, and the War Minister—the War Minister visited the Prime Minister."

He is reported to have told the Premier that the Cabinet's co-operation in the formation of a new political structure was "rather insufficient" and tendered his resignation. The Agency continues, Admiral Yonai invited the War Minister to name his successor, but the Minister said that the three Army Chiefs had decided not to recommend a successor. Consequently the Premier decided to resign.

The Yonai Government struck a snag in the form of the new national political structure which as advocated by Prince Konoye and others had been envisaged as the means of pulling Japan successfully through her period of emergency.

GERMANY SHORT OF LUBRICATING OILS

London, July 15.

Germany is facing a serious shortage of the lubricating oils necessary for her war machines, especially aircraft, according to a highly placed British oil expert who arrived in Istanbul from Rumania.

The expert said that Germany might have enough petrol for the time being, but lubricating oil was almost certainly the weakest point in her war supplies.

Before the war she imported ninety per cent. of her requirements from Texas, Mexico and elsewhere across the Atlantic and the British Navy had now entirely cut off these supplies. Russia was sending her only small quantities. Rumania has not enough lubricating oil for her own requirements, therefore she was unable to send Germany any. The expert added that an examination of planes captured from the Germans showed that she was already experiencing lubricating oil difficulties as the oil in the engines had been found to be in such a poor state that the British Air Force would never dream of using it.

SECOND GIFT OF £ 5,000 FOR WAR

By Mr. and Mrs. Leslie de Saram

The following communique was issued from the Governor's office:—

The Governor feels sure that the people of Ceylon will wish to join with him in congratulating Mr. and Mrs. Leslie de Saram on their gift of a second £ 5,000 to the Imperial Exchequer for War purposes. The announcement of this second donation is made without the consent of the donors, who wished it to remain unpublished; feeling however that publication would be in the public interests, His Excellency requested permission to exercise his own discretion in the matter.

Serious Disturbances in The Hague

London, July 16.

Reports reaching Dutch circles in London indicate that there have been serious disturbances at The Hague. A warning has been issued threatening severe measures if the disturbances do not cease forthwith.

The reports add that the disturbances reached such proportions that the City Council has been compelled to propose the addition of 350 men to the local police force.

Ramanathan College Ani Utharam Festival

On Thursday last (11.7.40) a special abishekam and service for the Ani Tirumanjanam as in Chidambaram was conducted for Sri Naderaja Swami and Sri Sivakamasanthari Anman in the College Temple upstairs at the request of Mrs. S. vakolunthu Kumaravelupillai, an Old Girl of Ramanathan College and at present on the staff of the Hindu English School, Urumpirai. She herself defrayed the expenses incidental to the special services, and her piety and devotion are indeed praiseworthy. Inspired by her good example, the old and present girls of the College came forward to contribute towards the remainder of the festival and make it a success.

Manavalakolam

Saturday (13.7.40) being the Anniversary day of the installation ceremony of Sri Ramanatheswaram Temple, special abishekam and services were performed from early morning till noon and the dietics were carried in procession round the Temple with music. In the evening, the completion of the daily reading of Peria Puranam by Mr. Tiru Somasundaram which had taken over 2 years was celebrated by a special festival by the students. On this occasion, Mr. S. Natesa, B. A., B. L., M. S. C., addressed the gathering on the importance of Sri Arumuga Navalar's work, pointing out that his insistence on readings from the Puranas had been of incalculable benefit to the people of Jaffna. He said that the future of Hindu civilization depended upon our women-folk, it was incumbent upon them to study and appreciate the lives of Saiva Saints. In order to arouse interest in such study, Mr. Natesan related briefly some of the lives of the great Saints from Peria Puranam, after which the celebrations were concluded.

CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE

MOVEMENTS EXTENDING TO BACKWARD AREAS

A REVIEW OF THE WORK

A conference of Co-operative Societies of the Northern and Eastern Provinces was held at the Regal Theatre, Jaffna. Nearly three hundred delegates were present. Mr. M. Prasad, Government Agent, Jaffna, presided.

Mr. V. Veerasingham, president of the Northern Division Co-operative Federation, Ltd, welcoming Mr Prasad, said that only the co-operative movement was capable of ushering in an era of real peace and prosperity to the whole of humanity.

Mr. Prasad, referring to the Jaffna war plane fund, said that even before the subscription lists had been sent out he had received donations amounting to Rs. 4,000. He hoped that co-operative societies would help to make that fund a success.

Referring to the resolutions on the agenda, Mr. Prasad said that to his mind the most important was the one in which the establishment of an All-Ceylon Co-operative Federation was suggested.

Reviewing the work of the various societies, he said that the Jaffna Malayalam Tobacco Sales Society, which had been established when the tobacco industry was in difficulty, had greatly helped the industry and he trusted that it would continue its efforts in the direction of securing the withdrawal of the additional duty imposed by the Travancore Government.

Honour for All

The Jaffna-Islands Motor Boat Service had solved the transport problem between Jaffna and the islands and now there were two boats plying between Jaffna and Pungudutivu.

Another new venture was the Union Hospital which he believed the first of its kind in the field of co-operation.

Mr. G. de Soya, Registrar of Co-operative Societies, said that the honour conferred on Mr. C. Arulampalam, Secretary of the Federation, by the Governor, was really an honour conferred on the co-operative movement. Mr. Arulampalam had been an inspiring example of the quiet service which every co-operator should give his country.

Congratulating the Central Bank on its good work, Mr. de Soya said that the turnover of the bank had exceeded one and a half million rupees and there had been very happy co-operation between the members of the societies and the bank. In that connexion he had in view the opening of a Savings Bank Department also where savings account could be opened by members of the societies as well as by outsiders.

Coming to new registrations, Mr. de Soya said that fifty of the new societies belonged to areas outside the peninsula. That was a very heartening sign, since it showed that the movement was extending to backward areas.

A resume of the action taken on the resolution of the last conference was read by Mr. Arulampalam.

The Walk-out At Jaffna U. C.

Chairman's Statement

A statement with regard to the walk-out by members at the meeting of June 14th, was made by Mr. C. Ponnambalam, Chairman of the Jaffna Urban Council at a general meeting held on Friday.

Mr. S. Patanjali moved that applications for the post of Electrical Superintendent be taken up. Mr. R. A. M. Thuraiappah, Superintending Engineer, requested the Chairman to make a statement on the events leading to the calling up of applications for the post of Superintendent. It was in connexion with this matter that the walk-out had taken place.

Mr. Ponnambalam in his statement said that on May 8th, he had received an application to Walker Sons and Co. Ltd. from Mr. Moraes, Electrical Superintendent for appointment as a Ceylonese Engineer" of the firm. He forwarded the application to Walker Sons and Co. Ltd., on the same date and received a reply dated May 9th, stating that they had offered the post to Mr. Moraes and asking that Mr. Moraes should be relieved by the end of May of the post of Electrical Superintendent so that he could take up the other appointment.

"On May 23rd certain members of the Council sent me a letter requesting me to convene a special meeting of the Council for the purpose of considering the resignation of Mr. Moraes. On May 25th I replied that I was prepared to convene a meeting but I would not allow the question of the resignation of the Electrical Superintendent to be considered at the meeting.

"I wrote further that the resignation had been approved by the members and action had been taken on the basis of the approval and I could not carry on the administration if I allowed the matter to be reconsidered. In spite of this I received another letter requesting me to convene a meeting."

Changed his Mind

On May 28th, the Chairman said, he received a letter from Mr. Moraes stating that on the advice of some of his friends he had reconsidered the matter and had decided to withdraw his letter of resignation. "I replied that his resignation had been accepted and action taken accordingly and therefore his withdrawal could not be considered.

"The members elected me as Chairman and have placed me in charge of the administration of the affairs of the Council and it will not be possible to carry on the administration efficiently and satisfactorily if a matter that is approved by the members and as regards which action has been taken is to be reconsidered."

After the statement a discussion ensued and it was unanimously resolved to defer the consideration of applications for a later meeting.

Mr. K. V. Sinnadurai moved and Mr. R. R. Nalliah seconded that Rs. 1,000 should be voted for the Jaffna War Plane Fund and

Japan to Attack Coastal Ports

British Ships Ordered to Leave

Shanghai, Monday.

The Japanese authorities have requested British shipping to leave China's four remaining unoccupied coastal ports—Foochow, Santuao, Wenchow and Ningpo. The reason given is that the Japanese intend to start action against these ports on July 16th, after which they will not assume responsibility for any damage.

The British authorities have informed the Japanese authorities that Japan's notice of impending operations against China's remaining unoccupied ports was inadequate and that the Japanese must accept full responsibility for any loss or damage suffered by British ships as the result of such operations.

A statement issued by the British Embassy says that the British authorities have also protested against the inclusion of a number of important typhoon anchorages in the area mentioned, pointing out that the typhoon season is now in progress and that it is essential for ships to take refuge in these recognised anchorages. It was added that the Japanese authorities would be held responsible for any loss or damage to British ships resulting from typhoons which may occur while the ships are unable to take shelter.

Dramatic Chase After Smugglers

Seizure of 40 bags Beedy Tobacco on the High Seas

Pt Pedro, Tuesday.

Mr. F. C. A. Speldewinde, Asst Preventive Officer, Northern Province Point Pedro on noticing a Vallam on the high seas off Pt Pedro moving towards Mullaitivu, set out by sea along with the Customs staff to the sea coast of Champianpattu fifteen miles from Pt Pedro. Here he noticed the Vallam about six miles away put marking for the shores. Having obtained the use of a fishing kulls, as the Government steam launch being under repair, he and the staff left in pursuit. The vallam was now about two miles from the shore and not suspecting the Kulla, lay at anchor, but no sooner the kulla turned to meet her than she put up her sails and made a bold bid to get away. But luck was against her, for the kulla was soon alongside her, and with the Officers making a threat to shoot down the sails, the vallam surrendered.

Forty bags of uncustomed beedy tobacco were seized, the duty involved being over Rs. 120,000.

The Tindal, one Arumugam Nadarasa of Valvettithurai, and seven of the crew were arrested and will be dealt with under the Customs Ordinance. This Vallam and the 40 bags are confiscated under the Customs Ordinance. (Cor)

Rs. 500 should be voted for the Duke of Gloucester Fund. This was unanimously passed.

The Chairman at the end of the meeting thanked the members for co-operating with him and carrying on the business of the meeting harmoniously.

Inter - School Sports Meet at Pt. Pedro

Divisional Inspector Emphasises on Loyalties

Pt. Pedro, Tuesday.

The Annual Inter School Sports Meet of the Vadamardchy Teachers Association took place on the 12th and 13th July at the Hartley College grounds, Pt. Pedro. Mr. A. J. R. Vethavanan, Divisional Inspector of Schools, N. D., was the patron of the Meet, and Mrs. Vethavanan gave away the prizes.

Mr. C. P. Thamotheram B. A., the President of the Association in his introductory remarks spoke of the various activities of the Association and referring to the part played by teachers in the efforts to raise a fund for the Jaffna Plane said that Teachers in the District did not confine themselves to intra rural activities.

Mr. Vethavanam speaking next, said that he was pleased to see the healthy competition that prevailed through-out the Meet.

Competitions would prove to be useless if they did not make the competitors better. Competition was useful so far as it raised the standard. He was glad to see competition among the schools, for competition and Co operation were not seen to always go together unless the spirit which animated the competitors was clear of suspicion. He was glad to see the Teachers of Vadamardchy were talking a prominent part in organizing the War effort of Jaffna. He was pained to see some-times English educated youngmen talk glibly of independence and equating it with impertinence. There were others who thought cringing was courtesy. He declared that be as all of them present were owners of independence but not impertinence, courtesy and not cringing. He (the speaker) emphasised on the need for greater loyalty, for life consisted of loyalties—Loyalty to the home, loyalty to the Village, Loyalty to one's religion, Loyalty to the Country, Loyalty to the King.

Mr. K. T. John, the Organising Secretary of the meet, then proposed a hearty vote of thanks to the officials who had helped to make the meet a success.

Champion Athletes

Open Group: E. Veluppillai, Hartley College.

Senior Group: S Panchalingam and A. S. Nadarasa, Hartley College.

Intermediates: E. Thamotheram, Hartley College.

Junior Group: A. S. Kanagarasa, Hartley College.

Infants: M. Sabaratnam, Uduppiddy English School

Ranking of Schools

	points
1. Hartley College, Pt. Pedro	183½
2. Chidampara Vidyalayam, Valvettithurai	42½
3. A. M. Mixed School, Uduppiddy	25
4. Boys' English School, A'chuve'i	21
5. Sacred Heart School, Karaveddy	16
6. Puloly Boys' English School Pt. Pedro	7½
7. Vadamardchy Central Eng. School, Vathiry	4
8. Boys, English School, Tondaimannar	3½

Cor.

LETTER TO THE EDITOR.

Hindu College For Girls

Sir,—The demand for the speedy establishment for a first grade Hindu College for girls in the town of Jaffna, is growing insistent, your earnest appeal to the Hindu leaders should meet with their hearty approval and should receive the spontaneous support it deserves. Those Hindu who have in them a desire to see their children educated in orthodox Hindu principles and in a Hindu atmosphere and those who wish to see the growth of their religion, would, it is sincerely trusted, take this opportunity of helping any organization, movement or committee, formed for the above purpose either in cash or in kind to see the realization of this long felt want. Of all the religionists it is deplorable that the Hindu community has badly failed in its duty by neglecting to propagate its religion while all other religious bodies are very active in that sphere. It is, therefore, incumbent on the leading Hindus of today to revive Hinduism by launching on a campaign of propaganda. Though to achieve this at present much spade work should be undertaken. I venture to submit that one sure way of teaching Hinduism in all its excellence is by educating the shapers of manhood and the moulders of nations—women's hood—here our promising Hindu girls in a Hindu College. This appeal it is hoped will reach the ears of every lover of Hinduism whether he be in Jaffna or any other place. Either through lack of initiative on their part, or through fear of being assailed by conservatives many progressive people who have always held views identical to yours have failed to give expression openly to this crying need of our community.

That our Hindu girls have, in the field of education, shown much talent and aptitude is an irrefutable fact. I feel, like many others, that all parents should provide for their children all possible facilities. I therefore hope that all Hindus, rich or poor, will rise up response to your clarion call for a great and worthy cause.

Yours etc.,
C. MAHESWARAN

Perampattu,
Udappiddy,
14-7-40.

DENTAL SURGERY
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Licensed Dentist & Ophthalmic
Optician

3rd Cross Street, Jaffna,
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Consultation Hours:

8 a.m. to 12 a.m., 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

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Doctors' Prescriptions will be dispensed carefully and accurately.

Our charges are moderate and reasonable.

(Y. 19. 2-5-40 to 1-5-41.)

Britain Prepared For Anything

(Continued from page 1)

terests between Britain and France remains.

"So long as our pathway to victory is not impeded, we are ready to discharge such offices of goodwill towards the French Government as may be possible and to foster trade and help the administration of those parts of the great French empire which are cut off from captive France but which maintain that freedom. Subject to the iron demands of the war which we are waging against Hitler and all his works, we shall try so to conduct ourselves that every true French heart will beat and glow at the way we are carrying on the struggle and that not only France, but all oppressed countries in Europe, may feel that every British victory is a step towards the liberation of the continent from the worst thralldom into which it has ever been cast.

"All goes to show that the war will be long and hard. No one can tell where it will spread. One thing is certain—the peoples of Europe will not be ruled for long by the Nazi Gestapo, nor will the world yield itself to Hitler's gospel of hatred and domination.

Alone at the Breach

"And now it has come to us to stand alone at the breach and to face the worst that the tyrant's might and enmity can do. Bearing ourselves humbly before God, but conscious that we serve an unflinching purpose, we are ready to defend our native land against the invasion by which it is threatened. We are fighting by ourselves alone, but we are not fighting for ourselves alone.

"Here, in this strong city of refuge, which enshrines the title deeds of human progress and is of deep consequence to the Christian civilisation; here girt about by seas and oceans where the navy reigns, shielded from above by the staunchness and the devotion of our airmen, we await undismayed the impending assault.

"Perhaps it will come tonight. Perhaps it will come next week. Perhaps it will never come. We must show ourselves equally capable of meeting a sudden violent shock, or what is perhaps a harder test, a prolonged vigil.

"But be the ordeal sharp or long, or both, we shall seek no terms—we shall tolerate no parley. We may show mercy—we shall ask none. I can easily understand how sympathetic on-lookers across the Atlantic, or anxious friends in the yet unravaged countries of Europe, who cannot measure our resources or our resolve may have feared for our survival when they saw so many states and kingdoms, turn to pieces in a few weeks or even days by the monstrous forces of the Nazi war-machine.

First Rotted Within

"But Hitler has not yet been withstood by a great nation with a will-power equal to that of his

own. Many of these countries have been poisoned by intrigue before they were struck down by violence. They have been rotted within before they were smitten without. How else can you explain what has happened to France, to the French army, to the French people and to the leaders of the French people?

"But here in our island, we are in good health and in good heart. We have seen how Hitler has prepared in scientific detail plans for destroying the neighbour countries of Germany. He had his plans for Poland and his plans for Norway; he had his plans for Denmark; he had his plans all worked out for the doom of the peaceful and trustful Dutch and, of course, of the Belgians.

"We have seen how the French were undermined and overthrown. We may, therefore, be sure that there is a plan, perhaps built up over years, for destroying Great Britain which, after all, has the honour to be his main and foremost enemy.

"All I can say is that any plan for invading Britain which Hitler made two months ago must have had to be entirely recast in order to meet our new position.

"Two months ago, nay months ago, our first and main effort was to keep our best army in France; all our regular troops, all our output of munitions and a very large part of our air force had to be sent to France and maintained in action there. Now we have it all at home.

"Never before, in the last war or in this, have we had in this island an army comparable in quantity, equipment or numbers to that which stands on guard here tonight. We have 1,500,000 men now under arms tonight and every week of June and July has seen their organisation, their defences and their striking power advanced by leaps and bounds. No praise is too high for the officers and men who have made this immense transformation in so short a time.

Quislings Warned

"Behind the soldiers of the Regular Army are means for the destruction of parachutists, airborne invaders and any traitors who may be found in our midst—and I will not believe, that there are many; woe betide them, they will get short shrift. Behind the Regular Army we have more than 1,000,000 of local defence volunteers, or as they are much better called the Home Guard. These officers, a large proportion of whom have been through the last war, have the strongest desire to attack and to come to close quarters with the enemy wherever he may appear.

Should the invader come to Britain, there will be no passive lying down of the people, no submission before him as we have seen, alas, in other countries. We shall defend every village, every town, every city. The vast mass of London itself, fought street by street, could easily devour an entire hostile army, and we would rather see London laid in ashes and ruins than that it should be tamely and abjectly enslaved. I am bound to state these facts because it is necessary to inform

(Continued on Page 6.)

HITLER'S HOPES!

To Celebrate
"Occupation of London"

London, Monday.

A message received by Reuter from the German frontier says that visitors arriving there from Berlin declare that Hitler has chosen Saturday, July 27th, for his triumphal entry into Berlin after the occupation of London. It is declared that many windows along the processional route have already been let.

The next move in the
European War

(Continued from page 1)

tain is pledged to defend.

This follows the lines of the declaration made by Turkey and will, no doubt, meet with that country's approval.

Operations in the Mediterranean are bound to intensify. And sooner or later the Nazi-Fascist combine may be expected to strike at the Suez Canal in an attempt to secure Haifa and the Syrian and Tripoli terminals of the Iraq pipeline. The oil blockade is the strongest weapon in British economic warfare and, when German and Italian stocks begin to run dry, they must break the blockade or become paralysed.

But while Britain has command of the sea-power which keeps the oil routes open to her, she denies them to her enemies.

(Roy's Weekly.)

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNA
Testamentary Jurisdiction
No. 864.

In the matter of the estate of the late Ratnammal wife of Arunasalam Kandiah of Mallakam.

Deceased.
Arunasalam Kandiah of Mallakam.

Vs. Petitioner.

1. Kanagaledobumyammal daughter of Kandiah.
2. Kanagambikalammal daughter of Kandiah.
3. Kandiah Manikkavasagar.
4. Sinnathamby Thambippillai Vijayaretnam all of Mallakam.

Respondents.
This matter coming on for disposal before S. Rodrigo, Esqr., District Judge, Jaffna, on the 25th day of April, 1940, in the presence of Mr. S. T. Rajaratnam, Proctor on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner.

It is ordered that the abovenamed 4th respondent be appointed Guardian-ad-litem over the minors the abovenamed 2nd and 3rd respondents for the purpose of representing them in this action and that the petitioner be declared entitled to Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased and that the same be issued to him accordingly unless the abovenamed respondents shall on or before the 5th day of June, 1940, appear before this court and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 31st day of May, 1940.

Sgd. C. COOMARASWAMY,
District Judge.

Extended for 12-7-40.

It'd. C. C.

D. J.

Extended for 2-8-40.

It'd. C. C.

D. J.

(O. 26. 18 & 22-7-40.)

INDIANS FOR POLICE FORCE

Not Necessary, Says Committee

It is understood that the Executive Committee of Home Affairs has expressed the opinion that for the present it is not necessary to recruit Indians to the Police Force.

The question of the recruitment of Indians to the Police Force was considered recently by the Executive Committee in connection with a recommendation forwarded to it by the Chief Secretary that a certain non-Ceylonese should be enlisted in the Force.

After discuss on a majority of the Committee decided that the authority to enlist the non-Ceylonese in question should not be granted.

Departments Asked to Economise

All Government departments have been requested by the Treasury from this month to restrict their demands for all class s of articles to the barest minimum necessary for carrying on essential services.

There have already been certain restrictions on the ordering of articles for use by Government departments since the outbreak of the war but more drastic restrictions are now considered necessary in view of the international situation and the consequent difficulty of replenishing stocks.

Government departments in the provinces are now given authority by the Treasury to purchase locally articles of small value required by them to a greater extent than before. A new revised list of articles, which they could purchase locally, has been prepared by the Treasury.

Notice

Jaffna Urban Council Elections, 1940

Notice is hereby given under section 9 (1) of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, that lists of persons qualified to vote and lists of persons qualified to be elected as members at the election of members of the Jaffna Urban Council are open for inspection during office hours at the Kachcheri, Jaffna, and that on 23rd August, 1940, at 10 a. m. the Government Agent Northern Province, will attend at the said Office for the purpose of hearing all claims for insertion of any name in the said lists and all objections to any name inserted therein.

2. Attention is specially drawn to section 9 (3) of the Ordinance whereunder no claim for the insertion of any name in any of the lists shall be entertained unless the claimant shall have submitted the claim in writing to the undersigned not less than *fourteen days* before the above date.

3. Attention is also specially drawn to section 9 (4) of the Ordinance whereunder no objection to any name inserted in any of the lists shall be entertained unless the objector shall have given seven days notice in writing of the objection, through the undersigned, to the person whose name is objected to. Such notice should therefore reach the undersigned on or before 9th August, 1940, to allow adequate time for service as required by the said section.

M. PRASAD,
Government Agent,
Northern Province.

The Kachcheri,
Jaffna, 15th July, 1940.

CENTRAL CABINET FOR INDIA ?

Early Announcement By Viceroy

Lucknow, July 9.

The Viceroy is expected to make an early announcement to the effect that the British Government will accept any constitution for India on the basis of Dominion Status if it is framed in agreement with Indian leaders after the war, wires the Simla correspondent of the "Pioneer."

He adds that for the duration of war, it is believed the Viceroy will announce the formation of a Central Cabinet which will include four new members representing the various political groups of India. There will be no change in the provinces.

The new four members in the Viceroy's Cabinet are likely to be— Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Dewan of Baroda Nawabzada Liaqatali Khan (League), Mr. M. S. Aney (Nationalist Party) and Sir Cowasji Jehangir (Liberal).

Now it is believed that there will be no further discussion or negotiations with the Congress or any other representative of the Congress. But for the sake of formality the Viceroy will perhaps communicate the proposals to the Congress President before issuing his statement to the public.

Sama Samajists Fined

Mr. Aelian Pereira, the Acting Magistrate of Colombo, made order today, convicting seven of the accused in the case arising from certain incidents which occurred on June 23, last in the Pettah following an attempt by the Police to disperse an unruly crowd which had assembled for a meeting of the Sama Samaj Party.

Three of the accused were fined Rs. 205 each, and the other four Rs. 105 each.

Order Nisi IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 848.

In the matter of the estate of the late M. M. Kanagasingham, Proctor, Chavakachcheri. Deceased.

Kamalambikai widow of Kanagasingham of Tinnavelly. Petitioner.

1. Kamaladevi
2. Gengadevi
3. Seethadevi, all daughters of Kanagasingham and
4. Subramaniam Sabapathippillai all of do. Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before S. Rodrigo, Esqr., District Judge on the day of March, 1940, in the presence of Mr. N. Chelvadurai, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, and her affidavit having been read; It is ordered that the 4th respondent be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the 1st, 2nd and 3rd respondents and that Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate be issued to the petitioner, unless the respondents shall appear before this Court on the 22nd day of May, 1940, and show cause to the contrary.

Sgd. S. RODRIGO,
District Judge.

17-4-40.
Time to shew cause
extended to 29-7-40.

(O. 28. 18 & 22-7-40.)

Sgd. C. C.
D. J.

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 817.

In the matter of the estate of the late Parupathapillai wife of Sabapathippillai Vaithilingam of Chulipuram. Deceased.

Sabapathippillai Vaithilingam of Chulipuram presently of Singapore by his attorney S. Ramanathar Sinnappoo of Chulipuram.

Vs. Petitioner.

- Minors:
1. Vaithilingam Aruchchunan.
 2. Vaithilingam Gnana-kuru both of Chulipuram presently of Singapore.

3. Arunasalam Kanapathippillai of Chulipuram. Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before S. Rodrigo, Esqr., District Judge, Jaffna, on the 29th day of February, 1940, in the presence of Mr. R. Candiah, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner,

It is ordered that the abovenamed 3rd Respondent be appointed Guardian-ad-litem over the minors 1st and 2nd Respondents for the purpose of protecting their interest and representing them in this case and Letters of Administration be granted to the petitioner unless the respondents or any other person shall on or before the 15th day of May 1940, appear before this court and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 5th day of April, 1940.

Sgd. S. RODRIGO,
District Judge.

Extended for 24-7-40.

Itd. C. C.

D. J.

(O. 25. 18 & 22-7-40.)

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(Mis. 76. 15 & 18-7-40.)

Week-end Course for Teachers

The N. P. T. A. is organising a Course of Week-end lectures for the English Teachers Certificate Examinations on Saturdays, at St. John's College, Jaffna, from July 27, 1940 to March 29, 1941.

Fees to cover the allowances to the lectures will be charged as follows:—

Composite fees for both parts: Rs. 25-00
Fees for Part I. Rs. 15-00
Fees for Part II. Rs. 15-00

An admission fee of Rs. 2-00 is payable by non-members of the N. P. T. A.

The lectures will be held only if there is a sufficient number to form a class.

Applications close on the 23rd of July, and should be sent to:

MR. J. C. ARULANANTHAM,
St. John's College,
Jaffna.

(Mis. 84. 18-7-40.)

ADMISSIONS TO UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

214 This Year

Colombo, July 16.

The new Academic Year of the Ceylon University College begins today. There have been 214 new admissions, bringing the total number of students in the College to 625.

At the entrance examination held in May there were 256 candidates. On the results 124 were selected for admission. Ninety more were admitted on post matriculation certificates bringing the total to 214.

WINDSORS LEAVING LISBON

Lisbon, July 16.

The Duke and Duchess of Windsor have booked passages by the Clipper to New York. They are expected to fly from New York to the Bahamas by special plane immediately on arrival.

Their passports have been visaed by the American Consulate, but no definite date has been fixed for their departure, but it is reported that they will leave this week.

Senior Medical Officers to Retire

Four of the most senior officers in the Ceylon Medical Service will be among those retiring by the end of this year.

They are Dr. S. T. Gunasekera, Director of Medical and Sanitary Services; Dr. A. M. de Silva, Senior Surgeon of the General Hospital; Dr. W. E. de Silva, Assistant Director of Medical Services; and Dr. H. Amarasinghe, Senior Medical Officer attached to Headquarters.

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA.

(Held at Point Pedro)

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 46 / PT.

In the matter of the estate of the late Velupillai Thuraisingam of Puloly East. Deceased.

Parupathy widow of Thuraisingam of Puloly East. Petitioner.

1. Nagarathnam daughter of Thuraisingam.
2. Sinnappillai widow of Chinniah both of Puloly East.

Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before Simon Rodrigo, Esqr., additional District Judge, Jaffna, on the 15th day of June, 1940, in the presence of Mr. S. Mailvaganam, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the Petition and affidavit of the Petition having been read.

It is hereby ordered that the 2nd Respondent be and she is hereby appointed guardian-ad-litem over the minor the 1st Respondent to represent her in the Testamentary Proceedings to be instituted by the Petitioner and that the Petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled to take out Letters of Administration to the above estate as widow of the deceased and that Letters of Administration be issued to the Petitioner accordingly unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other persons appear and shew cause to the contrary on or before the 4th day of July, 1940.

Sgd. S. RODRIGO,
Addl. District Judge.

The 25th day of June, 1940.
Extended and re-issued r'ble
25-7-40.

Sgd. S. R.
A. D. J.

(O. 27. 18 & 22-7-40.)

Britain Prepared For Anything

(Continued from page 4)

our people of our intention and thus assure them.

"This has been a great week for the R. A. F. and for the Fighter Command. They have shot down more than five to one of the German aircraft which have tried to molest our convoys in the Channel. These are, of course, only the preliminary encounters of the greater battles which lie ahead, but I know of no reason why we should be discontented with the results so far achieved although, of course, we hope to improve upon them as the fighting becomes more widespread and becomes more inland.

White Ensign Supreme

"Around all lies the power of the Royal Navy with over 1,000 armed ships under the White Ensign patrolling the seas, a navy which is capable of transferring its forces very readily to the protection of any part of the Empire which may be threatened and which is capable also of keeping open our communications with the whole world from whom, as the struggle deepens, increasing aid will come.

"Is it not remarkable that, after ten months of unlimited U-boat and air attacks upon our commerce, our food reserves are higher than they have ever been, and that we have substantially a larger tonnage under our own flag, apart from the hundreds of foreign ships that we had at the beginning of the war? Why do I dwell upon this? Not surely to induce any slackening of effort or vigilance. On the contrary, this must be re-doubled and we must prepare not only for the summer but for the winter, not only for 1941 but for 1942, when the war will, I trust, take a different form from the defensive in which it has hitherto been bound.

"I dwell upon these elements of

our strength, upon these resources which we have mobilised and control. I dwell on it and them because it is right to show that a good cause can command the means of survival and that, while we toil through the dark valley, we can see the sunlight on the uplands beyond.

War of Causes

"I stand at the head of a Government representing all parties in the State, all creeds, all classes and every recognisable section of opinion. We are ranged beneath the crown of our ancient monarchy. We are supported by a free Parliament and by a free Press, but there is one point which unites us all and it sustains us in the public regard—namely, as is increasingly becoming known, we are prepared to proceed to all extremities, to endure them and to enforce them. That is our point of union in His Majesty's Government. It is only in times like these that nations can preserve their freedom and thus only can they uphold the cause entrusted to their care.

"But all depends now upon the whole life and the strength of the British race in every part of the world and all of our associated people, and all our well-wishers in every land doing their utmost night and day, giving all, daring all, enduring all to the utmost, to the end.

"This is no war of chieftains, of princes or dynasties, of national ambitions; it is a war of the people and of causes. There are vast numbers not only in this land, but in every land, who will render faithful service in this war, but whose names will never be known and whose deeds will never be recorded.

"This is a war of unknown warriors. Let all strive without fail and the dark curse of Hitler will be lifted from our time."

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