



THE Hindu Organ.

The Only Newspaper in Ceylon for the Hindus

Editor:
A. V. Kulasingham

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY

VOL. LVIII.

'Phone 56.

JAFFNA, FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1946.

NO. 20.

KATHIRGAMAM—THE DEITY OF THE FOREST

By T. M. KRISHNASWAMI AIYAR,
(Chief Justice, Travancore)

THE forest has always had an inexpressible attraction to the human mind of whatever degree of culture. To the sage it envisaged the retirement from the conflicts of world desires, the recriminations of social relationships and the establishment of peace and love. The joy of fullness and the freedom of expanding life find their fullest expression in the forest and human cruelty has not there canalised the beauty of nature into its predestined forms of purported art. The multitudinous variety of quality and individuality of life expression in the forest still contributes to the consciousness of a living entity which impinges itself on the understanding of man. Some forests are more happily situated than the rest. There are forests that do not inspire in man a presiding life entity nor even the consciousness of an integrated existence. There are collocations of wild trees and shrubs which in no sense induce the impression of a forest. The forest life is dead in many a place where the living trees shoot up as disintegrated atoms. The life of the forest is the attraction of the forest. The varied plant life, each in its own dedicated sphere serving a purpose divine beyond the ken of man expressing itself in the harmony and unison of mutual embrace the running brook, the soaring hills and the thickets that conceal the happy homes of forest creatures from the reptile to the elephant and the cheetah, impart a unity which the earnest mind of devotion or art or philosophy attributes to a divine power. The forest is one expression and an attractive expression of the divine life. It is the product of a Great Mind behind it. The forests of Kathirgamam are forests undoubtedly where one can feel the divine life creeping into your nerves the moment you advance a few miles off Tissamaharama. One may instance such expressions of divine life in other places, to wit, the forests of Sabarimala in the Travancore State, the forests of Tirupati Hills, Srisailem Solamalai and so on.

Away from the scent of modern civilisation, in the south eastern part of Ceylon, on the left bank of the Manikka Ganga, a beautiful stream of perennial flow, lies a small square building with a Ka'asam or stupi, unimposingly tiled, and this is the temple—the abode of the Lord of Kathirgamam. To people who have feasted their eyes on the rich treasures of art amidst the magnificent pagodas of South India with their towers projecting into the sky, the sight at Kathir-

gamam would first produce a sense of frustration. They would seek in vain for the pomp and glory of ornamented idols and their paraphernalia of worship as is the common feature of temple worship in South India. The Lord of Kathirgamam is God in the hiding. It is the play of hide and seek. The Lord has gone into hiding. The devotee's part in the play of creation is to seek. The joy of creation is the zest of the search and the Great find if you are lucky to get at it.

The Holy of Holies is hidden by curtains. The pilgrim sees but the last curtain on which is drawn up the portrait of Sri Subramanya with Sri Valli and Sri Devayani. The worship is conducted by the children of the forest—Sinhalese priests. It looks as if the Holy of Holies is no more than a Vel (Lord Kuma's spear) or an Yentra (i.e. a plate laid over with mystic symbols). There is no chanting of mantras. The worshipper's mouth is tied up. Mounam would appear to be the mantra authorised. The Lord seems to instruct the devotee to look behind the curtain of Nature. We have heard of the Rahasya or secret at Chidambaram. At Kathirgamam, methinks one sees the Rahasya of Guha. Muruga is known as Guha because he inhabits the caves of the human heart i.e. its recesses. The whole atmosphere seems surcharged with Jnana. There are said to be many curtains concealing the Holy of Holies. Unless one gets behind into the five Kosas of the human body (Annamaya, Pranamaya, Manomaya, Vignanamaya and Anandamaya) he cannot get to the Holy of Holies within one self. All outside is Nature. The Lord is said to own seven hills at Kathirgamam. The Ezhumalai Andavan of the Tirupati Hills, finds a curious parallel here at Kathirgamam. The sanctity of the place must undoubtedly be very high as it has been sung by sages, as Kathirgamam seems to appropriate the divine attributes of Chidambaram and Tirupati. The attraction of Kathirgamam for man from ancient times must be obviously due to the fact of the complete concordance of the symbolism to the facts of spiritual realisation. The Lord dances in joy over the wide forest, above and below. You see the magnificence of the Lord in creation. You are told to rip open the curtains of the Kosas with which you have hidden the Lord within yourself. The forest enchants you from without and the message of the forest without comes from the voice within. The voice

(Continued on page 3)

MUST BE POLICE SERVICE AND NOT POLICE FORCE, SAYS C. A.

"The term Police Force should be done away with and should be termed the Police Service to impress on the public that they are servants of the public and not masters," said Mr. C. Coomaraswamy, Government Agent Jaffna, giving evidence before the Police Commission on Saturday last.

Continuing he said: "It should be divided into two branches, Crime and Traffic and miscellaneous branches. The recruitment to the crime branch should be direct and the minimum educational qualifications should be the S.S.C. and the recruitment should be from respectable families and great care must be taken to select candidates of good character and they should be given a training for one year including law and detective work."

"The inquiry into crimes, collection of evidence etc. should be done by officers above the rank of the Constable. No inquiry should be done by the constable who should be employed for arresting accused and collecting witness etc. There should be no promotion to the higher ranks from the Constables. Promotions should be confined to very exceptional cases."

"Members of the traffic branch need not possess such high educational qualifications. In their case the minimum qualification may be the J. S. C. Ordinarily no transfer from the Traffic branch to Crime branch should be made but exception may be made in a case of a member who shows exceptional merit to be promoted. Recruitment to the rank of gazetted officers should be direct. There should be no hard and fast rule reserving any percentage of the post to promotion from the rank of inspectors, but inspectors who show special merit may be eligible for promotion."

"There should be no separate designation known as Inspectors and sub Inspectors. There should only be one class with two or three different grades."

"I see no objection to the term Superintendent and A. S. P. being retained. The designation of Inspector General of Police should be changed into Commissioner of Police. Each of the two branches of service mentioned will be under the immediate supervision of a deputy Commissioner. The Commissioner will have a member of the Civil Service as his personal Secretary and the Deputy Commissioner will have each an administrative secretary from the Civil Service."

"The Commissioner's headquarters may have a legal adviser to give informal advice on any legal matter. Then the provincial Superintendents may be relieved of a portion

of their routine by the appointment of a chief clerk to function as Office Assistant and to deal with merely routine matters."

"Crown Counsel who advise the magistrates should have at least six years practice at the bar. It would appear to be ridiculous when a member of the legal profession should be required to have not less than six years' practice to be eligible for appointment as magistrates, a Crown Counsel who is appointed to act sometimes only a few months after he takes his oaths should be required to advise magistrates."

Referring to the practice of magistrates visiting the scene of offence, Mr. Coomaraswamy said:

"The magistrates should be required to visit the scene of offence."

"When I was Magistrate at Batticaloa, there was a case of murder in which the police reported that no evidence was available but when I visited the scene of offence, I noticed that the ground was covered with very pointed broken bones and stones and any one who carried the body away from the spot would probably have had cut marks on the soles of his feet. Later when further investigations were made and an arrest was made, the man had cut marks on his feet which the medical officer was able to say could have been made when carrying some heavy object from the scene of offence. This was a very useful piece of evidence against the accused, which, but for my visit to the spot might not have been brought to light."

India, "The Museum Of Diseases"

Referring to the Ceylon Quarantine Regulations an A. P. I. message states:

The Island claims to be an oasis of health in the tropics; and all epidemics that visit the Island are traced to India, "The Museum of Diseases" as that country is called in Ceylon. A number of quarantine regulations have therefore been enforced on passengers from India. Though these appear innocuous on paper they are administered in such a manner as to cause suspicion among the Indians in Ceylon that the quarantine is nothing but a political move of the Ceylon Government deliberately aimed at humiliating Indians. The contention of the Ceylon Government is that small-pox and other such epidemics are traceable only to passengers from India; hence the necessity of very stringent regulations.

Malaria is perhaps the only epidemic in the Island whose origin is not attributed to people from India.

WANTED

An Assistant Editor for the "Hindu Organ" Jaffna. Salary, according to qualifications. Applicants with previous experience preferred. Apply stating age, educational and other qualifications to the Manager Hindu Organ Jaffna on or before 25th June, 1946.
(Mis. 81, 11-26)



Hindu Organ

FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1946.

THE PATH OF COMPROMISE

WRITING ON THE SUBJECT OF the so-called new party under the leadership of Mr. D. S. Senanayake we had to admit in these columns that the Tamils would find themselves in an exceedingly difficult position in choosing between the new party and another. This does not, however, mean that the path of compromise, referred to by Mr. S. Sivasubramaniam in the course of an article published in the last issue of the "Hindu Organ," is the only path the Tamils can tread under present circumstances. It is time that the Tamils understood fully the implications of such a compromise. In the first place, the United National Party is not a party at all. It is a group of cliques and individuals drawn together with the common object of sharing in the advantages that necessarily accrue from the exercise of political power. If newspaper reports are to be believed, almost everybody in the South seems to be a member of the new party. This is a phenomenon which is only possible in a country like Ceylon where the tradition of political rectitude and decency is yet to be built up. If our surmise is correct—and there is no reason to doubt it—the new party will fall to pieces as soon as Mr. D. S. Senanayake forms his Cabinet under the new Constitution. All the hangers-on and toadies who made an ostentatious display of their allegiance to the new party will detach themselves from it to conspire afresh. Then indeed Mr. D. S. Senanayake's position will cease to be as strong as it appears to be at the moment. Besides, is there any precedent, we ask, except in Continental countries in the West like Germany and Italy, for this idea of a one-party system, bestriding the country like a Colossus? Such an idea is, as we have said repeatedly in these columns, the very negation of democracy. No democratic government can function properly unless there is a healthy and strong Oppo-

sition. In gathering the mongrel crowd called the United National Party under his protecting wings, Mr. Senanayake has at last unmasked himself. He does not understand democracy though he was shrewd enough to realise that, under the new Constitution, there was no other choice for him than to say that he believed in democracy. If he is anything, he is a Fascist, and like Mussolini of old he has come to regard the one-party system as the corner-stone of his own particular brand of democracy. Let us say at once that no Government, least of all Mr. Senanayake's, can be so perfect that it can dispense with criticism, but this is exactly what the future Government under Mr. Senanayake's leadership proposes to do by presenting the people of Ceylon with a new party which leaves little room for an Opposition. One can hardly regard this as an auspicious start for the new Constitution.

There is another matter which the Tamils will do well to consider. It is true that the programme of the Tamil Congress is no longer practical politics, but the one thing that reconciled the Tamils, at least for the time being, to the failure of that programme was the insistence of the Soulbury Commission and the British Cabinet on the principles of responsible Parliamentary government. If the Tamils failed, they failed on the threshold of a new era for Ceylon. To the advent of this era they themselves had in the past contributed in no small measure. To many of them it seemed that the apparent sacrifice of their interests as a race was the price they were called upon to pay for the progress of this island towards the ideal of greater liberty and decency. It is very much to the credit of the Tamil race that that price has been paid, but this barter proposed by Mr. Sivasubramaniam is utterly foreign to the spirit and object of that sacrifice, and we feel it our duty to protest with all the earnestness at our command against any compromise which will reduce the Tamils to the position of hewers of wood and drawers of water for any leader however high-placed whose outlook is as far from a true conception of democratic government as the North Pole is from the South. The Tamil leaders will note that their allegiance to the new party can only be an allegiance to Mr. Senanayake in person, and it is an allegiance that can only be justified by an inordinate desire to share out the great offices of State. We agree with Mr. Sivasubramaniam that it would be to the advantage of the Tamils for some of their representatives to hold Ministerial posts in the Cabinet under the new Constitution, but the price? Mr. D. S. Senanayake and his Tamil

colleagues have placed themselves simply outside the pale of political decency by purporting to form a party which is no party at all and they have added insult to injury by asking the Tamils to join this faction in the name of progress. The price demanded for giving the Tamil representatives their proper place in the Cabinet is an impossible one. It will turn the Tamils into a race of unprincipled and brainless sycophants willing to follow any rowdy provided they get enough out of it in the shape of posts and emoluments. This would be a degradation which the Tamils have not deserved. One wonders whether this was the fate contemplated for the Tamil people by those who voted for the new Constitution. We supported their *volte face* at the time, not because they had conducted themselves in the best way possible, but because anything was excusable in the very difficult circumstances in which they were placed. We never imagined, however, that the sole object of that move was to prepare the way for the ruin of whatever remained of the prestige and integrity of the Tamil people.

To Mr. Sivasubramaniam and others of his way of thinking we say that compromise is good but it can also become utterly contemptible as it has undoubtedly done under present circumstances. Besides, what is proposed is not a compromise but something infinitely worse; it is a betrayal of all that the Tamils have stood for in the past.

Sinhalese Opinion Hardened Against Indians

If lakhs of Indians in Ceylon were to be settled on estates on the same basis as Sinhalese peasants, India would have to conquer Ceylon, for the island would never willingly accept that position, declared Mr. D. S. Senanayake, Leader of the State Council and Minister of Agriculture, in an interview to the A. P. I.

Referring to the recent incidents on the Knavesmere Estate, Mr. Senanayake said he was quite firm. He emphasised that he was anxious to maintain close and friendly relations with India.

Mr. Senanayake said: "The policy of land settlement has been in force for the last ten years and if Indian leaders in Ceylon thought they could effect any alteration by threats or hartal, and not by negotiation, we well not be intimidated."

Mr. Senanayake said that he personally doubted whether the Ceylon Indians would be able, in future, to get on good terms again, since the present Indian agitation against the new Constitution which gave Ceylon full freedom, had hardened the Sinhalese opinion against Indians. A. P. I.

Notice to Correspondents

"MAHAJANAN": We have decided not to publish any letter or article dealing with the merits or demerits of Candidates for election.—EDITOR H. O.

Food Production Drive in Jaffna

"On the whole satisfactory progress has been made with the Food production drive. The response from the cultivators has been very encouraging and with their continued co-operation it is hoped to make the Food Production drive a success," stated Mr. M. Srikhanta, A. G. A. (E) in his report to the Food Production Committee which met last Monday at the Jaffna Kachcheri.

Mr. C. Coomaraswamy, G. A., presided. The Additional Land Commissioner was also present.

The report further stated: "Considerable difficulty was experienced in getting planting materials especially manioc sticks. Officers were sent out to other districts to purchase them."

"Government has sanctioned a scheme under which minor irrigation works approved by the Irrigation Department could be undertaken. The cost will be limited to Rs. 90/- per acre of the acreage to be benefitted by the scheme. For example if 10 acres will be benefitted by the scheme funds could be provided up to Rs. 900/- (10 x 90). D. R. Os have been asked to suggest schemes in consultation with Food Production Committees for investigation."

A total allocation of Rs. 40,000/- is available for subsidising the sinking of new wells and the deepening of old ones. The D. R. Os are inspecting and reporting on applications. No reply has been received from the Land Commissioner to my recommendations that farmers owning one acre should also be entitled for the subsidy.

A portable "Homelite" pump 2" in diameter has been purchased. A 3" pump has also been indented for. It is also proposed to buy a 'Meston Marlow' portable pump. Experiments will be carried out with these pumps in various parts of the districts. One full time Food Production Officer is in charge of this work assisted by a mechanic. The result of the investigations will be made available in due course. Whenever experiments are carried out sufficient notice will be given to the cultivators of the area so that they may be able to watch the experiments.

Eight Food Production Officers and 18 Food Production Overseers have been appointed and have been posted up in different divisions.

Special Food Production Schemes

"The Land Commissioner has ordered the cultivation of tracts 9 C and 10 (Crown Lands) in the Karachchi area as a Food Production measure. Tract 10 is being taken up immediately for cultivation. It is hoped to cultivate about 780 acres for the 1946-47 Maha. A detailed account will be given at the next meeting."

"Experiments for pumping operations have started at Puttur. Action has already been taken to make use of the water that would otherwise go waste for the cultivation of short time crops. It is expected that about 700 acres that would otherwise remain fallow would be benefitted by this scheme. The main channels are being cut under the supervision of the Irrigation Department. A sum of Rs. 20,000/- has been applied for from L. C."

"5000 Trowel mamotties have arrived and will be distributed within the next few days. The rings will also arrive within the next few days. Other tools have been ordered and are expected shortly."

"The G. A. and A. G. A. attended many Food Production meetings during the month under review. A Food Production Stall was organised at the Parameshwara College Carnival. The steps taken by Mr. Srikhanta were discussed at length and were approved."

Kathirgamam—The Deity of the Forest

(Continued from page 1)

of silence is more eloquent than the spoken word. Kathirgamam is bound to be an attraction for all time.

Friends and devotees are anxious to improve the conditions at Kathirgamam so as to make it more easily accessible and by providing greater amenities to pilgrims. In any such undertaking a small re-shaping may perhaps be permitted and the essentials may not be destroyed. The sylvan simplicity of approach to the Divine ought not to be disturbed. The forest God lives all over and his manifestations must be consistent with the surrounding atmosphere. Sylvan habitations must be distributed all over at decent distances from each other. Large number of huts again decently removed from each other with trees and shrubs between may be erected. The great Tirumoolar said that when devotees are served, the Great Lord is served and fully; but when the idols alone are served, the Lord in the hearts of devotees is not served.

பட்டாடுக் கோயில் அன்பர்களுக்கும்

சுவின்

பட்டாடுக் கோயில் அன்பர்களுக்கும்

பட்டாடுக் கோயில் அன்பர்களுக்கும்

The large incomes of temples have to be diverted to providing easy approaches to devotees, erecting convenient habitations for them putting up proper bridges over rivers and rivulets and what is more, keeping them up in good condition, making provision for the supply of good food, precautions taken against malaria and spread of other diseases and so on and so forth. Anything done in the above-mentioned directions must be spread over a large and extensive area so that the atmosphere of the town may not be introduced and the forest spirit may not be destroyed. Homes to be built and rented out to devotees will be a nice idea. The construction should be such that they should look like the Kishi Asramams of the Dandakranya in the Ramayana. Already mutts have been erected almost as street formations. However no more may be permitted of the kind. Except for purposes of durability, the construction must be of sylvan materials. The roads and approaches may be made easy but except for the roads, the forests have to be preserved. The forests of Kathirgamam must be, if it had not been a ready, made a game sanctuary. No life shall be sacrificed for the weird pleasure of man. By such means great improvements could be made which can make Kathirgamam not merely the attraction of Australian birds for a season but the cynosure of the eyes of the world and the spiritual resort of the savant and the seeker. The name of Kathirgamam is a magic wand. Having been up the country in Jaffna Trincomalee, Anuradhapura etc., the hospitality and kindness received was simply remarkable. I may take this opportunity of thanking the great devotees—there are hosts of them in Colombo, Jaffna, Anuradhapura and Trincomalee. I close these observations with the hope that the Lord may take me to Kathirgamam again and again.

FOR SALE

A house with 12 lachams of land, bearing assessment No. 99/2, near the Railway Station, Jaffna. Apply to:

MRS. C. A. BARTLETT,
No. 48, 41st Lane,
Wellawatta.

(Mis. 80, 11 & 14)

Post of Food Production Officer

APPLICATIONS will be received by the undersigned up to June 20, 1946 for a post of Food Production Officer in Mannar District, on the salary scale of Rs. 100/-Rs. 8/-Rs. 132/- per month and a travelling allowance of Rs. 50/- per month if the selected candidate maintains a car or Rs. 31.50 otherwise.

QUALIFICATIONS:—Diploma of School of Agriculture (Peradeniya), Retired Agricultural Instructors of the Department of Agriculture may also apply.

The post is non-pensionable, temporary and terminable at short notice.

N. A. DIAS,
Asst. Govt. Agent, Mannar,
The Kachcheri,
Mannar, 31st May 1946.
(G. 30, 11, 14 & 18)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA
(Held at Point Pedro)

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 311PT

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Mary Thangam daughter of Arulanandam of Imayanar Deceased.

Thamotherampillai Appakudiy of Imayanar Petitioner.
Vs.

1. Samuel Selventhiran son of W. H. D. Nallamanicam; 2. Isabella Givendlene alias Selvathey daughter of W. H. D. Nallamanicam appearing by their guardian-ad-litem; 3. W. H. D. Nallamanicam of Imayanar presently of Colombo; 4. Christian Pishporeni daughter of Arulanandam Nesamanicam of Imayanar; 5. Stanley Pusharatnam son of Arulanandam Nesamanicam of Imayanar minors by their guardian-ad-litem; 6. Arulanandam Nesamanicam of Imayanar; 7. A. D. Rajananicam of Do. 8. Emily Parutham widow of Arulanandam of do Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before Eardley Wijeyawardene Esquire Esquire, Additional District Judge, Jaffna on the 1st day of May 1946 in the presence of Mr. K. Sinnathamby Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the petition and affidavit of the petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the Last Will No 821 dated 8th March 1944 and attested by K. Sinnathamby Notary Public and now deposited in Court be declared proved, that the petitioner as Executor appointed under the said Last Will be declared entitled to take out Probate and that Probate be issued to him accordingly unless the respondents abovenamed or any other person shall on or before the 31st day of May 1946 appear and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

The 1st day of May 1946.

Sgd. E. Wijeyawardene,
31-5-46 Addl. District Judge.

Time to show cause extended till 4th July 1946.

Initd. E. W.
A. D. J.

(O. 23, 11 & 14)

THE ORIENTAL BANK OF MALAYA LTD, JAFFNA

CHANGE OF PREMISES

We, the Oriental Bank of Malaya Ltd., Jaffna, and Joseph & Co., have the pleasure to announce to our clients and the general public that owing to exigencies of accommodation, our offices will be removed from our present premises to No. 9, Chapel Street (1st Cross Street Junction) Jaffna as from the 1st June 1946.

Jaffna, S. P. Joseph,
15th May 1946. Manager.
(Mis. 53, 21-5-46 to 21-6-46)

The best Way to Save

is to insure Your life with the JUPITER. Provides today for the future when your earnings may be less or uncertain. Write for particulars.

Jupiter
GENERAL INSURANCE
CO., LTD.

Managers:

F. X. Pereira & Sons Ltd.,
P. O. Box 187, COLOMBO.

Chief Agents: The Panadura Motor Transit Co., Ltd.,
PANADURA.

(Mis. 248, 15-5-46 to 14-6-47.)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 526

In the matter of the estate of the late Sellakanou wif. of Kandiah Nagarajah of Vannarponnai East Deceased.

Kandiah Nagarajah of Vannarponnai East and presently of Kumburpitiya Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Kanagambikai daughter of K Nagarajah
2. Thanaledchumi daughter of K. Nagarajah
3. Nagarajah Paramanathan
4. Theivansipillai widow of Kanagasabai all of do Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before R. R. Selvadurai Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 22nd day of February 1946 in the presence of Mr. C. C. Somasegaram Proctor on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner.

It is ordered that the abovenamed 4th respondent be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the minors the abovenamed 1st to 3rd respondents and that Letters of administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be issued to the petitioner as the lawful husband of the abovenamed deceased, unless the respondents abovenamed or any other person appear before this court on the 29th day of March 1946 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 22nd day of February 1946

Sgd. R. R. Selvadurai,
District Judge.

30-5-46.

Order Nisi Extended for 20.6.46.
Initd. R. R. Selvadurai
D. J.

(O. 21, 11 & 14.)

INDIA POST WILL BE FILLED

The Board of Ministers decided that the vacant post of Ceylon Representative in India should be filled without delay and it has been offered to a Judge of the Supreme Court. The post has been vacant since resignation of Sir Panabokke early last year.

The India Representative in Ceylon, M. S. Ancy, will leave for India in August at the end of his three-year term.

ARUNAKIRINATHAR DAY

Arunakirinathar Day will be celebrated today under the auspices of the Jaffna Saiva PariPalana Sabhai at the Jaffna Hindu College Tamil School at 6.30 p. m.

PUBLIC RECEPTION

A Public Reception will be accorded to Dr. E. P. Canagasaby, J. P. at the Hindu Ladies' College, Vannarponnai at 5.30 p. m. on Saturday 15th June in appreciation of the Honour conferred on him.

R. SIVAGURUNATHAR
COSMAS W. D. ALWINE
Hon. Secretaries
Reception Committee.
(Mis. 91, 14)

HOUSE FOR SALE

Commodious sea-side bungalow in Point Pedro—residence of the late Mr. C. P. Thamotheram.

For full particulars, please write to:

C. J. T. Thamotheram,
Gunasekera Lane,
MARADANA.

(Mis. 90, 14-6-46.)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA
(Held at Point Pedro)

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 308PT

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of Narappan Vairamuttu of Thumpalai Deceased.
Sinnappu Canthaswamy of Thumpalai Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Vinasithan by S'varamalingam
2. Vinasithan by Sivaprakasam
3. Sinnappu Nagalingam
4. Candappa Chinnarasu and
5. wife Annammah of Thumpalai Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before E. Wijeyawardene Esquire, Additional District Judge on the 2nd day of April 1946 in the presence of Mr. M. Esurapadham, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the Last Will dated 28th February 1945 and attested by Notary V. Senathirajasingam and the Petition and affidavit of the Petitioner dated 29th March 1946 and the affidavit of the Notary who attested the Last Will and the witnesses the 5th dated 29th day of March 1946 having been read;

It is ordered that the Last Will be declared proved that the Petitioner be declared entitled to obtain probate thereof as Executor appointed thereunder and that Probate thereof be accordingly issued to the Petitioner unless the Respondents or any other persons appear before this Court on or before the 17th day of May 1946 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 2nd day of April 1946.

Sgd. E. Wijeyawardene,
Addl. District Judge.

Time to show cause

Extended to 20th June 1946.

Initd. E. W.

A. D. J.

Drawn by 11-5-46.

Sgd. M. Esurapadham,

Proctor for Petitioner

(O. 21, 14 & 18)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No 582

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Gnanammah wife of Sinnathamby Kathiravelu of Vannarpannai East Deceased.

Packiam widow of Sinnathamby Sabapathy of Vannarpannai East Vs. Petitioner.

1. Pathmavathy daughter of Sinnathamby Kathiravelu.
2. Maheswary daughter of Kathiravelu and
3. S. Kathiravelu Ravendrakumar all of Vannarpannai East
4. Sinnathamby Kathiravelu of do and present'y of Colombo

Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before R. R. Selvadurai Esquire District Judge, Jaffna, on the 7th day of March 1946 in the presence of Mr.

C. C. Somasegaram Proctor on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner.

It is ordered that the abovenamed 4th respondent be appointed guardian ad-litem over the minors the abovenamed 1 to 3 respondents and that the Last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased dated the 25th November 1945 and attested by C. C. Somasegaram Notary Public under No. 2761 and filed of record in this case be declared proved and that Probate be issued to the petitioner as the executrix named in the said will unless the abovenamed respondents appear before this court on the 7th May 1946 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 7th March 1946.

Sgd. R. R. Selvadurai

7-5-46 District Judge.

Order Nisi e tended for 25-6-46.

Initd. R. R. Selvadurai

D.J.

(O 22. 11 & 14)

AT KANKESANTURAI

THE CHEAPEST HOUSE

FOR

BEST ENGLISH CEMENT (Paper Bags)

MALABAR ROOFING TILES. BRICKS. GROCERIES.
OILMANSTORES Etc. Etc.

CARGO TRANSPORT Co.

KANKESANTURAI.

Tel: "Newco"

Phone No. 5.

Mis. 71. 4-6-46 to 4-11-46.

NOW AND FOR EVER

MEANS FOR A COMFORTABLE LIVING

THE
GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY Ltd.
OF AJMER

With its Most attractive and Modern Schemes
OFFERS UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO
FULL TIME OR PART TIME AGENTS

Renewal commission comes like pension
to your doors.

APPLY: **BRANCH SECRETARY,**
DON CAROLIS BUILDING,
First Cross Street, Pettah,
COLOMBO.

(Mis. 154. 3-12-45—30-11-46. F)

A NEW SHOP in a NEW WAY!

*Have you been to see this as surely
You have been to see other novel things?*

What are your needs? Aluminium & enamelware?
Books & Stationary? Crockery & Classware?
Provisions & Groceries? Hardware & Oilmanstores?
Household Appliances & Haberdashery?

Ours is a **DEPARTMENTAL STORE**
and we stock a wide range of goods.

WHEN YOU ARE NEXT IN GRAND BAZAAR
PLEASE DO VISIT US.

PENINSULAR AGENCIES Ltd.,
71, Kankesanturai Road,
JAFFNA.

(Mis. 89. 14-6-46.)

BEST CALICUT TILES*Feroke* **KERALA Brand**

*Considerable amount of Research work by Kerala Tilery has
resulted in the production of this Tile*

Why not benefit by the labour of others
IMPROVED MODEL TO SUIT THE
POST WAR WORLD

AGENTS:

TRADE & TRANSPORT COMPANY

236 HOSPITAL ROAD,
GRAND BAZZAR, JAFFNA.

SUB-AGENT:

K. A. CHELLIAHPILLAI,

"Thanga Vasa"

KARAINAGAR WEST.

(Mis. 43. 17-5 to 17-7-46.)

IMPORTED DIRECT

MODERN SMART CHIC
FIFTH AVENUE
FACE POWDER

FRAGRANT LAVENDER

TOILET EAU-DE-COLOGNE
AND OTHER TOILET GOODS

[The Jaffna Apothecaries Co.,
Where Smart People Shop.

(Mis 15. 12-4 to 11-10-46.)

**THE JAFFNA MUTUAL
BENEFIT FUND LTD.**

(Established 1918)

BANKERS.

Authorized Capital Rs. 800,000.00

Amount of Calls made Rs. 134,367.00

SHARES: 8000 shares of Rs. 100/- each. 75 monthly
instalments of Re. 1/- per share will earn
Rs. 100/- for each at the end of the period.
Shares issued all times.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed
at 1% per annum on the average monthly
balance when it does not fall below Rs. 500/-.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for periods of 3, 6, 9 and
12 months and interest allowed at 1, 2, 4 and
6 % respectively.

DRAFTS issued on the National and Imperial Banks to
Colombo and the Principal cities of India.
Remittances to and from F. M. S. by special
arrangements.

INDIAN MONEY bought and sold

LOANS on the security of Jewels a speciality. Interest
charged at 9% per annum (Part payments
accepted.)

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO:

S. KANAGASABAI,

(Y. 164. A. 21-11-41—20-11-46.) (F's)

Shroff.

EAGLE STAR**INSURANCE COMPANY LTD., LONDON.**

ONE OF THE STRONGEST INSURANCE COMPANIES IN THE WORLD

BUSINESS TRANSACTED

MOTOR VEHICLE (all classes) MARINE, FIRE,
FIDELITY GUARANTEE, BURGLARY, THEFT
AND/OR LOSS OF CASH IN TRANSIT ETC.

Policies are issued on lowest terms. Apply to

THE CHIEF AGENTS:—

J. CHERUBIM & BROTHER, JAFFNA.

(Mis. 243. a, 12/1—12/9) F