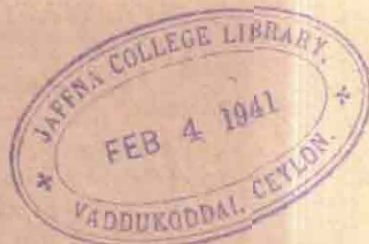


THE Hindu Organ.



The Only Newspaper in Ceylon for the Hindus
PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY

VOL. LII.

'Phone 56.

JAFFNA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1941.

Price 5 Cts.

NO. 82.

TEACHERS SHOULD BE ACCORDED STATUS OF PUBLIC SERVANTS

EXTENSION OF STATE CONTROL URGED

MEMORANDUM BY SECRETARY OF EDUCATION COMMITTEE

"THE responsibility for the training and certification of teachers and for the maintenance of security of their tenure and conditions of service should definitely be assumed by the State," says Mr. V. Alva-pillai, Secretary to the Special Committee on Education.

In the course of the memorandum it is stated;—

"The State has a double obligation to teachers (1) the ordinary obligation it has to ensure to them security of conditions of service as a class of workers in the body politic, (2) the special obligation to ensure a happy, contented and efficient teaching service which can be trusted with the task of moulding its future citizens.

"Education all over the world is becoming largely a concern of the State although private enterprise and initiative is not being ruled out altogether. There are many aspects of educational organization which are left to individual initiative and which it is in the interest of education should continue to be so without interference from a central State authority.

"But the responsibility for the training and certification of teachers and for the maintenance of security of their tenure and conditions of service should definitely be assumed by the State.

"In Ceylon for a long time very little attention was paid to this question by Government. Recently, however, the Department has been trying to assert itself but has been consistently met by opposition from vested interests. Although power to control appointments and dismissals to some extent was given to the Department it has been unable to exercise it owing to the absence of directions from the Executive Committee to give effect to certain

well-defined policy.

"The Assisted denominational school system of course presents some difficulty in the way of the State assuming entire responsibility for appointments and dismissals of teachers. The Managers have claimed the right to dismiss a teacher untrammelled by the interference of the Department. This position can never be conceded so long as the school received a grant from the public exchequer.

Dismissals

"There is no reason why a manager should not agree not to dismiss a teacher except on definite and tenable grounds. Managers may ask why the Department should assume that they are likely to discontinue the teachers for insufficient reasons. The answer is the experience of the Department during recent years. In the employment of teachers and in the matter of their tenure managers have been wont to take so many extraneous factors into account Government cannot therefore entrust the entire responsibility to them.

"The control of the Department over the appointment and discontinuance of teachers must be considerably enhanced and the necessary additional powers should be legislated for. I would urge that in regard to tenure teachers should be given the same status as civil servants. The manager may continue to be the employing authority with his powers considerably modified. We may adopt the allocation of powers adopted in England with some modification.

Appointments

"There are two considerations that weigh in making appointments whether it is the Public Service or any other

(Continued on page 5)

RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE ISLAND

PROGRESS OF CO-OPERATION IN JAFFNA

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

THE work of special village improvement undertaken by the societies mentioned in the last report was continued by them with success this year too. It is also being extended to other villages, and as an instance of this new enthusiasm mention may be made of a very successful campaign of latrine building conducted by the Thenmaradchy Union with the assistance of the local Field Medical Officer, states the Administration Report on the Working of Co-operative Societies from May 1, 1939 to April 30, 1940.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies adds:—

When the Food Production Drive was launched steps were immediately taken to make the societies interested and to supply them with all necessary information. Quite apart from the Food Production Drive too societies are, I believe, realising the necessity of helping their members to develop subsidiary sources of income. This necessity has been specially pointed out to the societies of the dry zone areas, and in Vavuniya and the Eastern Province members are being encouraged to pay serious attention to the rearing of poultry, goats and other live stock. The recent Agricultural Products (Regulation) Ordinance has been another fillip to the development of incomes by the more extensive cultivation of village products, and measures are under consideration for the organisation of the cultivator so as to enable him to take full advantage of the guaranteed prices.

The year also saw a greater co-ordination than before established between the Co-operative Department and other departments concerned with rural development. There was a Staff Conference with the Agricultural Department, and it has been agreed that the villages selected by that Department for intensive deve-

lopment should, as far as possible, be villages in which co-operative societies exist, and that the Co-operative Department should be consulted before selections are made. The resources of the Co-operative Department are at its disposal in its work, and an arrangement has been made whereby the surplus of stud cattle bred on its farms should be made available through co-operative societies for the improvement of village stock. The suggestion was also tendered to the Department of Medical and Sanitary Services that its Rural Health League might be converted into Co-operative Better Living Societies, and the suggestion has been accepted. The scheme under which the Co-operative Department is collaborating with the Department of Commerce and Industries in the organization of Industrial Co-operative Societies is going forward well, and similar collaboration has been offered to the Coconut Board in a scheme for assisting the coconut industry by the formation of curing and sale societies and special credit societies among coconut smallholders.

One of the two societies for the uplift of the Rodiya people mentioned as being under organization in the last report was registered in the course of the year. It is at Gondenikande, near Rambukkana, and has already had an interesting and satisfactory record. The individual loans given out range from 50 cents to Rs 5 and the total amount lent was Rs. 90. The members have collected a share capital of Rs. 28 and a tiny beginning has been made with thrift deposits. The assistance of the Marketing Department was obtained in selling the produce of members (drums, brooms, hide ropes, mats, &c.) and the society was also able to secure employment for two of its members in the

(Continued on page 6)

THREE WATCHES & 1975 FANCY PRESENTS ON RS. 1/6/- ONLY

Purchaser of our sweet scented 8 phials Otto Rose or 8 phials Ring worm ointment at a time on Rs. 1/4/- will get free one Railway time dummy pocket watch, one Gold-guilt dummy wrist watch with a band, one Gillet Safety Razor, One Shaving Soap, One Shaving Brush, One Comb, One Mirror, One Packet Powder, One set Rolled Gold Button, One Handkerchief, One Fountain Pen with a 14 Kt. Nib, One Rolled Gold Ring, One Torch Light of 555 Ft. focus Or One B. Time piece with strong machineries and guaranteed for 5 years. Postage & Packing As/12/- extra.

The National Watch Co.,

Post Box No. 12210,

CALCUTTA (H.C.)

(Mis. 189, 3-2-41)

DENTAL SURGERY S. CHAS. PATHIRANA

Licensed Dentist & Ophthalmic
Optician

3rd Cross Street, Jaffna.
[Near Customs House]

Consultation Hours:

8 a.m. to 12 a.m., 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

When you break your spectacle frames, spectacle arms or lense of any pattern, please send them to the above address. They will be repaired accurately and promptly.

We have a large stock of different varieties of the most desirable kinds and styles of Crooke's Sphere-Cylinder & Plano-Cylinder Lenses, Scientifically & Optically ground lenses, Rolled Gold and Nickled Silver Frames of every description and other mountings which were recently imported from Europe.

Doctors' Prescriptions will be dispensed carefully and accurately.

Our charges are moderate and reasonable.

(Y. 19. 2-5-40 to 1-5-41.)

DENTAL NOTICE

S. Inai, (Japanese Dentist)
Colombo,

will be at Jaffna, at Tiruchelvam Buildings, Main Street, Jaffna, from 7th to 16th February, 1941.

(Mis. 190. 3-2-41).



Hindu Organ.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1941.

"SCANDALOUS"

THE INDIFFERENCE OF THE Medical Department to the needs of the North is becoming proverbial. It was not long ago that we drew the attention of the authorities to the pathetic condition of the inhabitants of the unfortunate island of Pangudutivu who are still in the grip of the fever epidemic, the absence at such a critical time from that station of the Medical Officer and to the inordinate delay in opening the new hospital. Nothing seems to have been done so far by the authorities and the situation in this island has not in any way improved but has grown worse. The apothecary still functions as the sole physician, and the depleted

stock of drugs at the dispensary as the only available means wherewith the apothecary is expected to perform miraculous cures of even severe types of fever and other ailments which are on the increase. The inhabitants of this island can now take consolation in the knowledge that they are not the only human beings placed in such an unenviable position.

A cry is heard from Chavakacheheri which is a highly malarial division that though there is a hospital with one Medical Officer and staff, the people there are not able to get efficient service, because this Medical Officer in addition to the very heavy work on his hands, is also saddled with very many other responsibilities that take him away from his normal duties. It is reported that he has to attend to as many as 250 out-door patients daily in addition to attending to the in-door patients who seek admission to the hospital. He is further expected to hold post mortem examinations and give evidence in the Courts. The fact that one Medical Officer should be saddled with all these responsibilities, and that at the height of the malaria season, betrays a lack of appreciation on the part of the authorities of the needs and difficulties of a section of the community. No wonder that several members at the recent meeting of the Jaffna Association Executive described as scandalous the state of affairs prevailing in the hospitals of the North, and the Committee resolved to request the Minister for Health to give this matter his immediate attention.

We shall not be justified in laying all the blame for this sorry state of affairs in the North at the door of those in charge of the Department. The Medical Officers who are placed in such areas should see that a true and correct report of the situation in their areas is made to the Department with suggestions for improvement. The representatives in the State Council of these areas should consider it their sacred duty to find out the needs of their respective areas and bring them to the knowledge of the Ministers in charge of the particular portfolios and have them attended to. Red-tapism should not be allowed to stand in the way of giving immediate relief where it is most needed. We are led to suspect from the complaints that are being made, that there is a paucity of doctors which accounts for the neglect of certain areas where their services are urgently needed. We trust that the Minister for Health will immediately go into the matter and check the growing indifference of the Department under him to the needs of this province, which is becoming scandalous if not cruel. The health of a people should be the prime consideration of a Government.

SIDE LIGHTS AND LIGHT SIDES

(By Squint Eye)

OUR veteran leader Mr. Balasingam wonders why the Jaffna man would not take to mango-planting or draining up the lagoons or doing a dozen other useful things for his own benefit.

The Jaffna man wonders why people of Mr. Balasingam's type who always write suggesting new ideas do not do the things themselves. That's the rub!

Mr. Churchill states that Britain has four million armed and uniformed men available for the defence of the country, according to a newspaper.

Uniformed men intended as cannon-fodder ought perhaps to be uniformed.

Mr. Wendel Willkie visiting England from across the pond had a borrowed trench helmet in his luggage.

That does not show that he wants to keep America out of the war!

A business-offer advertisement in a paper had this:

"One or two doctors or otherwise to buy an up-to-date medical practice mostly mail order, and only cash transaction. Over eight hundred Rs. net profit per month, in the last decade. Bid health the only reason for sale."

The Reason given must frighten prospects away, though it is candid.

The discovery of an unusually thick skull in the Kururwita stone caves leads a savant to the conclusion that it must have belonged to a more primitive race than any found hitherto in Ceylon.

Evidently he has not studied the skulls of some present day politicians in this Island.

The Japanese Cabinet has decided that a population of a hundred millions should be Japan's aim in 1960. The present population is thirty million short of this aim.

It is expected that Nippon which was foremost in the introduction of cheap contraceptives very early will now throw them into the sea, or perhaps supply them to America, Russia and other White races.

Some Indian leaders expect the British government to state openly in "unmistakable language" that they do not countenance the Pakistan scheme.

Britishers often make mistakes that are unspeakable in language.

Col. Donovan the American visitor who had his language stolen in Bulgaria told the press that he was satisfied with his reception in that country.

Not so, however, with the subsequent deception.

"Japan must build the largest fleet in the world and organise the largest army in the world ready for two or three front war" declares the new-paper Rokumin Shimbun.

And Americans having also said that they must have the largest fleet and the largest army, we can

THE BIRTH OF A CEYLON UNIVERSITY

SIR STANLEY'S PROMISE
TO SIR RAMANATHAN

KEEP THE POLITICIANS
OUT OF THE UNIVERSITY

Saturday.

Mr. C. Suntheralingam, until recently Professor of Mathematics of the Ceylon University College condemns the Peradeniya site for the proposed Ceylon University and characterises the planned buildings as utterly unsuitable.

In a lecture delivered by him yesterday evening on "The Birth of a Ceylon University", at the Colombo Y. M. B. A. (Mr. Rajah Hewavitarne presiding), he went over briefly the whole of the University Site Controversy of 20 years ago and detailed the part he played while yet being a Public Officer in fighting for the Buller's Road site, first behind the scenes, then with the written permission of the Government, until one fine day the permission given to him to take part in the controversy was withdrawn.

All was ready for the acquisition of the Buller's Road site, he said, and for the work to be proceeded with when, with the advent of Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher as Colonial Secretary (with his experience of a Labour strike in Hongkong which he had through had been incited by the university students), everything was upset and suddenly a site was found near Kandy. The Peradeniya estate site was found utterly unsuitable and then a malaria-ridden site was chosen in Dumbura.

Governor's Word

He severely criticised the part played in the site controversy by Dr. S. C. Paul, Mr. D. R. Wijewardene and Dr. Andreas Nell, and said how he and the late Sir Ponnambalam Ramanathan had sat up for a month of nights, drawing memoranda against the Kandy site, until at last Sir Herbert Stanley, he alleged, told Sir Ponnambalam that the University would never be built at Dumbura.

Mr. Suntheralingam also declared that he was able to prove to Sir Ponnambalam the real reason for the attempt at that time to abandon the Buller's Road site. Mr. Fletcher, he said, had been anxious to preserve the white colony of Colombo.

With the passing away of the Legislative Council, the University idea was forgotten for all intents and purposes, although even the scheme of studies had been drawn up by professors and lecturers, he alone refusing to take part until six months before the opening of the University.

Coming to the present phase of

(Continued on page 5)

look forward to the next world-engagement. Seats booked in advance.

Mrs. Florence Amery, wife of the Secretary for India, has presented to the Indian Comforts Fund a cheque for £105.

That is a counter to the repeated contributions of her husband to the Fund of Indian Discomforts.

"U. C. GOING FROM BAD TO WORSE"

—:—
AN EX-CHAIRMAN'S
OBSERVATIONS

SHARP EXCHANGE OF WORDS AT ADJOURNED MEETING

There was sharp exchange of words between the former Chairman, Mr. C. Ponnambalam, and the present Vice-Chairman, Mr. S. Arulanantham, at the adjourned meeting of the Jaffna Urban Council held on Thursday. Mr. Ponnambalam took Mr. Arulanantham to task for stating that he saw disaster and ruin ahead for the Council. Mr. R. R. Nalliah, in the midst of a discussion on the Electrical Engineer's report, said that he was afraid that they were going from bad to worse.

Electricity Dues

The Council considered the letter from the Commissioner of Local Government, suggesting that it was irregular to collect the arrears of electric fees due from an outgoing tenant and to charge full service connection on the incoming tenant, according to a resolution of the Council.

On the Chairman inviting discussion, Mr. Nalliah said that as the deposit of Rs. 20 was being recovered, it would not be necessary to adhere to the resolution already passed by the Council, and the suggestions contained in the letter could be adopted.

The Chairman said that two months' dues might be collected.

Mr. Nalliah inquired how they would be able to fix the two months' dues.

Mr. V. S. Ramanathan suggested collecting Rs. 10.

Mr. Ponnambalam said that the consumers were not poor ratepayers but rich land owners and business men. He was speaking on behalf of the poor ratepayers. They should collect as much money from the comparatively rich ratepayers, who were anxious to have electric lights, and spend on the comparatively poor ratepayers.

After further discussion, on the motion of Mr. V. S. Ramanathan, seconded by Mr. C. Ponnambalam, the suggestions contained in the letter from the Manager of the Electrical Undertakings were accepted.

Electrical Department

The Council next considered the report from the Electrical Engineer, Lighting Schemes, on his recent inspection.

Mr. Arulanantham, commenting on the report, said that the Electrical Department had not been looked after properly for the last few years and that the report of the Engineer had been completely ignored. There had been very large sums as net profit, but in the year 1941 only 17 per cent. of the net profit had been provided in the Budget for electric extensions. If they carried on at this rate, the Government might cancel the licence and take over the scheme.

Mr. Ramanathan suggested that the report of the Electrical Engineer be referred to the Light Committee.

Mr. Ponnambalam said that Mr. Arulanantham might be a very good school master. But he had no experience of the world or public affairs. He was blissfully ignorant of public meetings and the art of debate, and was unacquainted with

public discussions and passages at arms. Mr. Arulanantham was aghast at last Saturday's stormy meeting, but there had been fist-cuffs in the State Council as well as in the House of Commons, which was supposed to be the most democratic body in the world, and in the American Congress. They in that Council were comparatively mild.

Former Chairman's Comment

Commenting on the working of the Electricity Department, Mr. Ponnambalam said that he had as Chairman collected nearly Rs. 146,000, although the estimated revenue was Rs. 141,000, and that was the highest revenue ever collected by that Council. This year's estimated revenue of Rs. 149,000 Mr. Arulanantham considered as inflated. "but if you, Chairman, and the group you belong to strictly enforce, without playing to the gallery, the rules as regards disconnection, you can easily collect the estimated amount," said Mr. Ponnambalam.

Continuing, Mr. Ponnambalam said, "I am sorry to say that Mr. Arulanantham has not been acting in a gentlemanly manner in criticising the Budget already adopted."

The Chairman (to Mr. Ponnambalam): There is no necessity for you to go into the inclination of members.

Mr. Ponnambalam: I have not been discourteous or unparliamentary in my language. Six of you who belong to the so-called Ratepayers' Group and a handful of outsiders met at Stanley Road last Friday, considered the agenda item by item, and decided to come here and vote en bloc according to the decision you arrived at on that day.

Are we fools to come here and express our views which would fall on deaf ears? Is this co-operation? Is this the spirit of co-operation that prompted you to decide on excluding Mr. R. R. Nalliah, a gentleman of 27 years' experience of local administration, from the Reorganisation and Retrenchment Committee which you have set up?

At this stage the Chairman said that he took exception to Mr. Ponnambalam's remarks.

Mr. Ponnambalam assured the Chairman that he was not saying anything improper.

The Chairman said that he would check the member if he went beyond bounds.

Mr. Ponnambalam: Your rulings were arbitrary on the last occasion. I hope that they won't be so today.

Mr. Aboobucker moved that the report of the Electrical Engineer be referred to the Committee on Reorganisation and Retrenchment for its report. Mr. M. Sinnadurai seconded.

Mr. Ramanathan moved that that report be referred to the Light Committee. Mr. R. R. Nalliah seconded. Mr. Ramanathan's proposal was adopted by a majority.

Standing Committees

Two elected members declined to allow their names to be proposed to any one of the committees which were elected at the adjourned special meeting of the Jaffna Urban Council.

Before the election of members to the several Standing Committees was proceeded with, Mr. C. Ponnambalam said the six members who belonged to the ratepayers' group would like to co-opt members from the public as well to the several committees. Such a step would be desirable as the "dictator" of the ratepayers' group, who watched the proceedings of the meetings of the Council from the gallery,

North-Ceylon Traders Union

—
Revival Meeting
Held

A meeting of the North Ceylon Traders Union, which did not function for some time, was held on the 29th January at 4 p. m. in the Raja Buildings. Mr. T. Muttusamy Pillai Advocate was the protom Chairman, and Mr. M. Canagaratnam acted as Secretary. There was a large gathering of members. After the Chairman's speech on the need and importance of an association of this type the following Office-bearers were elected for the year 1941.

President:—Mr. Veeragathipillai Rajasegaram.

Vice-Presidents:—Messrs. N. P. M. Ponnampalam, M. O. S. Abdul Cader, A. Paramasivampillai, C. S. Nadaraja Chettiar and K. K. Sangarapillai.

Hony. Secretary:—Mr. M. Canagaratnam.

Asst Secretary:—Mr. A. S. Sabaratnam.

Treasurer:—Mr. S. M. Mohamed Mohideen.

The following Committee was also elected:—Messrs. T. Chellappah, K. Sunderampillai, P. M. T. Thambaiy, S. P. M. Palanisamy Nadar, Hadji Sulaiman Tayoob, K. K. A. Kandiahpillai, M. M. L. Abdul Cader Hadjar, S. N. S. Mohamad Sultan, P. Muttiahpillai, S. Arunasalampillai, A. Kanagasabai and A. R. Mohamadally.

The President Mr. V. Rajasegaram addressed the gathering and appealed to every trader to join the Union and make it a success. A vote of thanks was proposed to the Chairman Mr. T. Muttusamy Pillai and to the Organising Secretary Mr. M. Canagaratnam to whose untiring energy and enthusiasm the President paid a high tribute. (con.)

would be able to be present at the committee meeting and see that his orders were carried out.

The following were elected to the several standing committees:—

Finance Committee: Chairman, Vice Chairman, Messrs V. Suppiah, K. Aiyadurai and M. Sinnadurai.

Law Committee: Chairman, Messrs. K. Aiyadurai and S. M. Aboobucker.

Works and Light Committee: Chairman, Messrs. Chas. Pathirana, K. Aiyadurai, M. Sinnadurai and S. M. Aboobucker.

Sanitation and Market Committee: Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Messrs. V. S. Ramanathan, V. Suppiah and Chas. Pathirana.

Tender Committee: Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Messrs. Chas. Pathirana, V. S. Ramanathan, and V. Suppiah.

Karayoor Re-Housing Committee: Chairman, Mr. S. Arulanantham, M. O. H., Superintendent Engineer the Very Rev Father P. M. Francis, Mr. A. M. Jesudasan, Messrs. V. Suppiah, J. Manuel and Chas. Pathirana.

The following members were nominated to the Board of Management of the Jaffna Central Library: The Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Messrs. Ramanathan, Aboobucker, Suppiah, Aiyadurai, Sam A. Sabapathy, A. Sambandan, S. R. Kanaganayagam, T. Muttusamy Pillai, K. Nesiiah, K. Navaratnam and the Secretary.

THE EVIL OF MINIATURE TAVERNS

—
GOVT'S SINS OF
OMISSION

JAFFNA ASSOCIATION'S RESOLUTIONS

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Jaffna Association was held at the office of Mr. S. Kanagasabai, Crown Advocate, who presided.

Mr. V. S. Karthigesu, proposed that a sub-Committee of the Association be elected to investigate and report on how best to combat the growing evil of miniature toddy taverns near churches, temples, markets, schools, Courthouses, etc.

"Ideal Place" for Experiment

In moving the resolution Mr. Karthigesu said that Jaffna was the ideal place in which the Minister for Home Affairs could experiment with total prohibition before launching an Islandwide Scheme. It might be argued that Jaffna had failed to respond to the cry of prohibition by the temperance advocates some years ago. Those advocates, no doubt, succeeded in closing the toddy and arrack taverns by local option. But Government did not lend a helping hand by adopting stringent measures to prevent the transport of liquor from outside the Peninsula, especially from the Mankulam arrack tavern. The time had now come for the Central Government to rectify the sins of omission of the past with regard to its Excise policy and assist the peace-loving people of Jaffna to drive away from their midst the demon of drink.

Mr. Cosmos W. D. Alwines in seconding the motion stated that before they took up that question, they should examine themselves. Reform of that type should come from the top to the bottom and not from the bottom upwards. The speaker illustrated this statement by referring to the recent Jaffna Urban Council elections. He could testify to the fact, he said, that two candidates had spent as much as Rs. 14,000 in the supply of gallons of arrack and toddy to the voters. It would therefore be clear to anyone that in approaching this important question of prohibition they should bear in mind the need for a reformation of heart of many of their leaders who resorted to the purchase of votes by such unfair means.

After some discussion, the house accepted the motion of Mr. Karthigesu and appointed a sub-Committee composed of the Rev. J. S. Mather (Chairman, North-Ceylon Methodist Mission), Mr. C. K. Swaminathan and Mr. V. S. Karthigesu, (President, Teemadachy Mahajana Sabha).

University College Entrance Exam

The Committee next considered the question of holding the Entrance Examination of the Ceylon University College in Jaffna, Kandy and Galle in addition to Colombo. Mr. D. S. Sanders (Jaffna College), in moving a resolution requesting the Minister for Education to make such

(Continued on Page 5)

Rural Development in the Island

(Continued from page 1)

Sanitary Board of Rambukana. Another society formed for Kuragala Kuppayama has not reached registration standard yet owing to the complete illiteracy of its members and the consequent difficulty of finding a suitable someone to keep the books. An application has in the meanwhile been made to Government to secure for it a piece of land, and there are good prospects of the Rodiya being at last settled on the soil as a cultivator and farmer.

State Colonies

Turning to the State Colonies, two credit societies have been registered in Minneriya and there is a co-operative marketing scheme too approaching registration. These societies require more than ordinary care in their supervision, and various extra safeguards for their better security have been devised in consultation with the Government Agent. The Department has also been invited to organize co-operative stores in connection with the colonization of Minipe, propaganda for the project is already afoot among the prospective colonists.

In concluding this section it would not be inappropriate for me to draw attention to the insufficient co-ordination that prevails at present between the activities of the various agencies engaged in development work. This is not quite the fault of the agencies, but has just happened, so to say. There is much concern for rural reconstruction nowadays and every one is anxious to do his bit for the cause, but in doing it without plan or consultation considerably overlapping of functions is naturally caused, with a consequent uneconomical expenditure of energy. Serious rural reconstruction requires thoughtful planning, and the plan should be a central one, in which all Development Departments should participate, each being assigned its due share of work. The direction of the plan should be in the hands of a Central Board, placed under appropriate Ministerial chairmanship and consisting, among others, of the Heads of the Departments concerned. The executive agency of the Board would be the Department best constituted to undertake rural work, while local operations would be conducted by District Boards connected with the Central Board. An extensive scheme of rural reconstruction on the lines indicated here was adopted in Bombay two years ago and has very recently been copied in the Punjab.

In our own work too much more planning is necessary than has hitherto been possible. Co-operation means the organization of industry, and where, as in Ceylon, the duty of effecting this organization has been assumed by the State, development should, as far as possible, be made to proceed on systematic lines of survey and plan and not permitted to be haphazard and sporadic. For the Department to be able to follow this policy, however, a full complement of staff is a first requisite, and there should be the facilities too, which are now absent, of ad-

ministering that specialized training to the staff without which it can hardly be expected to achieve the best results in its work.

Work in the Northern Division

The year was an uneventful one for the Jaffna Malayalam Tobacco Co-operative Sale Society. The terrific storm that occurred in the Peninsula in April, 1939, almost swept away the tobacco fields, and owing to the general scramble among traders for the small crop, the quantity that came into the society's hands was quite inconsiderable. The society was able, however, to pay its members a rebate of 41 per cent. on the 1937 crop (the sale proceeds of which came in during the year), and it has excellent prospects of securing the lion's share of the 1940 crop, which is reported to have been a bumper one. The 1938 stocks were sent to Quilon during the year, and on the proceeds thereof too the society expects to pay some rebate to members.

The action taken by the Ceylon Government to counter the possible effects on the Malayalam tobacco industry of the increased duty imposed on Jaffna tobacco by the Travancore Government last year has been described in the last Report. A visit to Travancore in May this year revealed, however, that the new duty, far from depressing trade, had enabled the merchants in Quilon to introduce a great increase in prices, the benefit of which had not been passed back to the producers in Jaffna. There had been a public outcry in consequence of this profiteering, and the Travancore Government had had to step in and prescribe maximum retail prices beyond which Jaffna tobacco could not be sold to the consumer. Even upon these restricted maxima it was clear that the producer should be able to receive a much better return than he had so far received, and a further observation made was that the demand for Jaffna tobacco in Travancore was yet very favourable and would continue to be so for a good time more to come. It is the manoeuvring practised by the trade interests in Travancore that has been the main cause of the low returns the producer receives, and the remedy for the situation lies in the complete organisation of all producers in a single export agency, like the Jaffna Malayalam Tobacco Co-operative Sale Society, Ltd., which can attend to their welfare and fight trade interests abroad. Soon after the year ended news was also received that the Travancore Government had granted the trade a temporary reduction of duty on the old level of Rs. 135 per candy. The reduction took the shape of a rebate which was to be conditional upon the fulfilment of certain terms, viz. that the existing stocks should be cleared before the end of August, 1940, that the quantity removed from bond in a month should not be less than 500 candies, and that a certain prescribed minimum quantity of Jaffna tobacco (3,750 candies) should be imported into the State in the ensuing year. It will be seen that these conditions are all in favour of the industry at home, for they both are steady and assured

the market for Jaffna tobacco in Travancore.

The Weavers' Society at Perumalkovilady did good work and showed its form, but the Visvakarma Industrial Society of carpenters has not come up to scratch yet. A new Weavers' society was also under organization during the year at Valvettiturai.

JAFFNA HINDU COLLEGE

The Intermediate class in Arts & Science, preparing for the July 1942 Examination has been already formed. Provision is made to teach Botany & Zoology.
(Mis. 182. 23.1.41—3.2.41)

BLEACHED MULLS EXCELLENT QUALITY

50 Inches wide Cts. 32 per yard or Rs. 5/75 per piece of 20 yds.

51 Inches wide Cts. 35 per yard or Rs. 6/- per piece of 20 yds.

51 Inches wide Cts. 50 per yard or Rs. 9/- per piece of 20 yds.

RETAIL DEPOT

GRAND BAZAAR, JAFFNA.

Wellawatte Spinning and Weaving Mills

PROPRIETORS:—THE PROVIDENT INVESTMENT CO. LTD.

(Incorporated in India)

The liability of members is limited.

Mis. 127. 14-11-40—

THE THIRUNELVELY OTTUMAI NITHI LTD.

BANKERS

INCORPORATED IN 1933.

Authorised Capital Rs. 500,000-00

25 Cts a Share Monthly for 80 Months will entitle for Rs. 25 and Dividend

STORES AND BANKING ARE PROFITABLE

OBJECTS:— (1) To make Capital for Rich & Poor alike
(2) To provide Employment
(3) To revive possible industries

Encourage Everything National For there rests Our Salvation

Loans granted on easy terms.

Deposits received on high rates of interest

FIXED AND ENDOWMENT DEPOSITS
SAVING AND CURRENT DEPOSITS

Apply for Shares etc to:

V. SOMASUNDRAM,
Manager.

Y. 89 C. 1-11-39—31-10-40 (M)

SPECIAL-TEAK

REDUCED PRICES

TEAK!

TEAK!!

NEW SHIPMENT

JUST ARRIVED of excellent RANGOON TEAK LOGS, SCANTLINGS AND PLANKS in various sizes. A visit will convince you. Special reduced prices.

"POUND MARK" Tiles. The King of Tiles. Kindly inquire from users of Pound Mark tiles before purchasing elsewhere. "QUALITY SPEAKS". The Tiles that have no rival in the Market.

Passages to Penang and Singapore. Deck and other passages can be had from us at Colombo COST. For dates of sailings and other particulars please apply to.

S. Veeragathipillai & Sons,
Jaffna.

Telephone No. 93.
(Y. 89 B. 12-8-39—11-8-40.)

(M)

Teachers should be Accorded Status of Public Servants

(Continued from page 1)

service—character and efficiency. As the denominationalists urge that religious atmosphere and teaching is an important ingredient of their school system, I suggest that a concession should be made to this extent, i. e., the manager of a denominational school may be allowed to appoint to 50 per cent. of the posts in a school including the headmaster's post, persons who besides possessing such educational qualifications as are acceptable to the Department are considered by the manager as suitable on grounds connected with the teaching of religion.

"The principle must be accepted that the remaining 50 per cent. of the posts should be filled through open competition the only considerations that should weigh in the selection being character, qualification experience and efficiency in secular instruction. Apart from appointments to the 'reserved posts' referred to above it should be laid down that appointments should not be made on the ground of religious belief or political creed or other irrelevant consideration. As

Educational

"Experienced—tutor—efficient coaching in Latin—J. S. C. Matric, Inter Students - Success guaranteed. Ponnuthurai, 78 Kandy Road, Chundikuli."

(Mis. 188. 3 & 6-2-41)

to the character, qualifications and experience of a person applying for appointment the Manager's power should be limited to making a recommendation to the Department. The Department should have the power to approve the appointment finally.

"That all teachers in an Assisted School should be persons belonging to the denomination conducting the school is a thesis that the Government can ill-afford to accept but on considerations affecting the efficiency of the service and on considerations of public policy.

If the appointment of teacher to schools is to be made on the ground of religious belief a very uneven distribution of employment in the most extensive white-collared profession, i.e. teaching—among sections of the population belonging to the different persuasions—will result in course of time. In the long run a division of society will emerge in which one class, by reason of its higher economic and social status, will be in a much better position to capture the learned professions while the other class will have to be content with being hewers of wood and drawers of water, and this division will be based on the religion one happens to belong to or has embraced and not necessarily on character, talent, ability and industry.

"It should be laid down that no

The Evil of Miniature Taverns

(Continued from page 3)

arrangements, stressed the enormous expenditure and inconvenience caused to students by their having to travel all the way to Colombo.

Mr. C. K. Swaminathan seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously.

Several members brought to the notice of the house what they described as the scandalous state of affairs prevailing in the hospitals of the north, particularly at Chavakachcheri, where one Medical officer had to go through the ordeal of attending to as many as 250 outdoor patients daily. This doctor was expected not only to attend to the outdoor patients, but to those who sought admission as in-door patients. The Medical Department, not content with saddling on this officer's shoulders such heavy responsibilities, expected him, it was stated, to hold post-mortem examinations and give evidence in the Courts.

This state of affairs was particularly unfortunate during the malaria season.

Mr. V. S. Karthigesu moved that the Minister of Health be requested to give this matter his immediate attention. Dr. C. Sivasingham, retired provincial Surgeon, in seconding the proposal, said that speaking from his own experience, he endorsed every word that fell from the lips of the several members of the house who spoke on the subject.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

Village Tribunals

Mr. S. Soorasankaram, Advocate, moved that the Legal Secretary be communicated with regarding the need for a separate President for the Village Tribunals at Vadamaraachi.

Mr. C. Balakrishnan seconded. Mr. N. Sivagnanasundaram, Advocate, speaking in support, pointed out that the President was now functioning in four Maniagrs' divisions. He held court at Vadamaraachi, an extensive area, on only two days in a week with the result that in spite of his attempting to speed up the work, there were many cases held up for want of time. The poor people should not be inconvenienced by frequent delays in the administration of justice.

Mr. A. R. Subramaniam, retired District Judge, observed that it was time that the Ordinance was so amended as to permit Proctors to assist the President in arriving at a speedy disposal of cases.

The resolution on being put to the house was unanimously passed.

Before the conclusion of the meeting, Mr. A. R. Subramaniam gave notice that he would at the next meeting move a resolution requesting the Government to take early steps to abolish the office of Kachcheri Mudaliyar in the several provinces, as holders of that office invariably gave room for complaints of bribery and corruption

dismissal should be effected except on the ground of teaching incompetence or grave misconduct and that the Department should be the final arbiter in these matters. But if discontinuance is proposed on grounds connected with the giving of religious instruction, and this can apply only to teachers part of whose duty is the giving of religious instruction, the Manager should be immune from departmental interference."

The Birth of a Ceylon University

(Continued from page 2)

the Ceylon University, he mentioned that the country was taken aback when two years ago the people learnt that an abandoned European estate of 300 acres at Peradeniya had been purchased for Rs. 750,000.

"If you want a university outside Colombo, have it," he said, "but for mercy's sake do not dump it on an unwanted European estate for which you have paid a fabulous sum. Heaven alone knows whose pockets have been lined by this transaction."

Mr. Suntheralingam also stressed that in any scheme of studies in the Ceylon University the subjects that must be specialised in were Buddhist literature, Buddhist philosophy and the Buddhist religion. Students from all the world over would come to Ceylon as it was difficult to find elsewhere any cultural system as good as the Buddhist system.

He ended by expressing surprise that he had been found unsuitable by his own countrymen of presiding over the Ceylon University College—he who had as contemporaries in England Anthony Eden, Hore Belisha and Subhas Chandra Bose. That, he was inclined to think, was the legacy of the Donoughmore Constitution, which Sir Ponnampalam Ramanathan had rightly prophesied would usher in the day of the vulgar mob.

"If you allow this University to be controlled by politicians of a questionable character, heaven help you, heaven help posterity, heaven help the great civilisation of which this country has hitherto been proud."

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary No. 967.

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of Sethupathy Ponniah late of Valanai West Deceased. Sethupathy Kandiah of Valanai West and Petitioner.

1. Chellamma widow of Sethupathy Ponniah of Valanai West
 2. Ponniah Shanmuganathan
 3. Ponniah Parameswari
 4. Ponniah Ketharanthan
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th Respondents are minors and of Valanai West, appearing by their Guardian-ad-litem the 1st Respondent

Respondents. This matter coming up for disposal before C. Coomaraswamy, Esquire, District Judge of Jaffna on the 18th day of December 1940 in the presence of Mr. S. Kandiah Proctor for the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated 4th December 1940 having been read:

It is ordered and declared that the deceased abovenamed died intestate leaving property in Ceylon; that the 1st Respondent abovenamed be and she is hereby declared Guardian-ad-litem over the 2nd, 3rd and 4th Respondents for the purpose of these Administration proceedings and that the letters of administration of the estate of the deceased abovenamed be and it is hereby granted to the Petitioner abovenamed unless any of the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 24th day of January 1941 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 18th day of December 1940
Sgd. C. Coomaraswamy
District Judge.

Time to show cause extended to 29th February 1941

Initialled C. C.
District Judge

This 24th day of January 1941.
(O. 84. 3 & 6-2-41)

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 550

In the matter of the intestate estate and effects of the late Rasammah wife of Sinnathamby Ponnambalam of Punnalaikkadduvan

Deceased. Vaithyalingam Thambyrajah of Punnalaikkadduvan Petitioner.

- Vs.
1. Vaithyalingam Kandiah of do
 2. Vaithyalingam Ponnambalam of Kokkuvil and
 3. Sinnathamby Ponnambalam of Punnalaikkadduvan

Respondents. This matter of the petition of the abovenamed petitioner coming on for disposal before C. Coomaraswamy Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 5th day of February 1938 in the presence of Mr. K. V. Rasiah, Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the petition and affidavit of the petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that Letters of Administration to the Estate of the abovenamed deceased be granted to the petitioner abovenamed unless the abovenamed Respondents or any other person shall appear before this court on the 23rd day of March 1938 and show cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

Jaffna, 5th day of February 1938.
Sgd. C. Coomaraswamy.
District Judge.

Time to show cause extended to 11th May 1938.

Time to show cause extended to 22-6-38

Time to show cause extended to 25-7-38

Time to show cause extended to 2-9-38

Time to show cause extended to 31-10-38

Time to show cause extended to 31-1-40

Time to show cause extended to 13-3-40

Time to show cause extended to 1-5-40

Time to show cause extended to 3-7-40

Time to show cause extended to 3-9-40

Time to show cause extended to 23-12-40

Time to show cause extended to the 10th day of February 1941.

Initialled C. C.
D. J.

(O. 87. 3 & 6-2-41)

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 969.

In the matter of the intestate estate of Theivanaipillai widow of Murugasu Thuraiappah of Vaddukoddai West Deceased.

1. Vallipuram Nagarathnam
2. and wife Sivapakkaiam of Vaddukoddai West

Vs. Petitioners. 1. Muthiah Sangarapillai

2. and wife Nagarathnamah of Vaddukoddai West

Respondents. This matter coming on for disposal before C. Coomaraswamy Esq. District Judge of Jaffna on the 23rd day of December 1940 in the presence of Mr. S. Kandasamy proctor on the part of the petitioners abovenamed, and the affidavit of the 1st petitioner dated the 16th day of December 1940 having been read:

It is ordered that the Petitioners be and they are hereby declared entitled as the Son-in-law and daughter of the abovenamed deceased to have Letters of Administration to her estate issued to them unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person interested shall on or before 12th February 1941 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the court to the contrary.

This 13th day of January 1941.
Sgd. C. Coomaraswamy,
District Judge.

(O. 85. 3 & 6-2-41)

Order Nisi**IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNA**

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 974.
In the Matter of the Estate of the
late Sinnappoo Kanagarajah of
Chulipuram Deceased.
Sittampalam Sinnappoo of Chulipuram
Petitioner.
Thangam wife of Sittampalam
Sinnappoo of Chulipuram
Respondent.

This matter of the petition of the abovenamed Petitioner praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased the said Sinnappoo Kanagarajah coming on for disposal before C. Coomaraswamy Esquire, District Judge, on the 8th day of January 1941 in the presence of Mr. C. Subramaniam Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated the 18th day of December 1940 having been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is the father of the said intestate and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall, on or before the 19th day of February 1941 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Signed this 18th day of January 1941.

Sgd. C. Coomaraswamy,
District Judge.

(O. 80. 30-1-41 & 3-2-41)

Order Nisi**IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF TRINCOMALEE**

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 264
In the matter of the intestate Estate
of the late Velupillai Kathirgamupillai of Div. No. 9, Trincomalee
Deceased.
Rasiah Subramaniam of Division
No. 9, Trincomalee Petitioner.
Vs.

1. Thangamuttu widow of Kathirgamupillai
2. Kathirgamupillai Kaugathan
3. Kathirgamupillai Kumaranathan
4. Kathirgamupillai Kandadasan, all of No. 9 Division Trincomalee Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before J. H. V. S. Jayawickrama, Esquire, District Judge of Trincomalee on the 11th day of Trincomalee on the 11th day of September, 1940 in the presence of Mr. M. Somanathapillai, Proctor on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit of the petitioner dated 11th September, 1940, it is ordered and declared that the 1st respondent be appointed Guardian-ad-litem of the minors 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Respondents, the petitioner as nephew of the deceased aforesaid is entitled to have letters of administration to the Estate of the said deceased issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person or persons interested in the said Estate appear on the 10th day of October, 1940 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the court to the contrary.

Trincomalee 11th day of September, 1940.

Sgd. D. Rajaretnam,
Addl. District Judge.

+11.40. 25-9.40.
Order Nisi extended for 28th November 1940,

Sgd. V. S. Jayawickrama,
District Judge,

23th November, 1940.

Order Nisi extended for 19th December 1940.

Sgd. V. S. Jayawickrama,
District Judge.

19th December 1940.

Order Nisi extended for 13th January 1941.

Sgd. V. S. Jayawickrama,
District Judge.

27-1-41.
Order Nisi extended for 17th February 1941.

Sgd. V. S. Jayawickrama,
District Judge.

(C 86, 3 & 6-2-41)

Order Nisi**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
JAFFNA**

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 925.
In the matter of the estate of the
late Valliammal wife of Kanther Thambiah of Karaitivu
Deceased.
Kanther Thambiah of Karaitivu
Vs. Petitioner.
1. Thambiah Kumarasamy of do
2. Arumugam Chelliah of Grand Bazaar, Jaffna Respondents.

This matter of the petition of the abovenamed petitioner praying that the abovenamed 2nd respondent be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the minor the abovenamed 1st respondent and that Letters of administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be granted to the petitioner coming on for disposal before C. Coomaraswamy Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 10th day of September 1940 in the presence of Mr. C. C. Somasegaram Proctor on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner.

It is ordered that the abovenamed 2nd respondent be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the minor the abovenamed 1st respondent and that Letters of administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be granted to the petitioner as the lawful husband of the deceased, unless the respondents abovenamed appear before this court on the 30th day of October 1940 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 25th day of September 1940

Sgd. C. Coomaraswamy
District Judge.

Order Nisi extended for 26th February 1941

Intld. C. Coomaraswamy
District Judge.
(O 79. 30-1-41 & 3-2-41)

Order Nisi**IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNA**

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 605
In the matter of the intestate estate
of the late Kanapathy Kanthar of Jaffna Town Deceased
Elaiyavan Arumugam of Karaiyoor
Vs. Petitioner.

1. Chinnan widow of Murugan of Chinkanai
2. Nannian Sinnavan of do
3. Nannian Vyravan of Chandilipay
4. Velan Marimuthan of do.
5. Velan Vythian of do
6. Murugar Ponnar and
7. wife Ledchumy of Chankanai
8. Pathan Kanapathy and wife
9. Ponny of Sandilippay
10. Visuvan Kathiravelan and
11. Thangamuthy of Sandilippay
12. Poothar Vairavi and
13. wife Muthi of Koddadi
14. Marucelin Anthonipillai of Kayts
15. Sinnakkuddy Thambiah alias Saverimuttu of Jaffna town Respondents.

This matter of the petition of the abovenamed petitioner praying that Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be granted to the petitioner coming on for disposal before Simon Rodrigo Esquire, Additional District Judge, Jaffna on the 20th day of January 1941 in the presence of Mr. C. C. Somasegaram, proctor on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner dated the 28th day of July 1938.

It is ordered of consent of all the respondents abovenamed that Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be granted to the petitioner as an heir of the deceased, unless any others having any interest appear before this court on the 21st day of February 1941 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 20th day of January 1941

Sd. C. Coomaraswamy
District Judge.

(O. 78 30-1-41 & 3-2-41)

Order Nisi**IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNA**

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 7632
In the matter of the estate of the late
Kayilayar Velupillai of Chulipuram Deceased.
Peththupillai widow of Kayilayar Velupillai of Chulipuram
Original-Petitioner.
J. N. Culandaivelu, Secretary, District Court, Jaffna
Vs. Official-Petitioner.

1. Sinnathangam daughter of Velupillai
2. Ledchumy daughter of Velupillai both of Chulipuram
3. Annamuttu alias Annapooranam daughter of Velupillai
4. Arumugam Velupillai, and wife
5. Theivanai all of Chulipuram presently of F. M. S.
6. Velupillai Kandiah of Chulipuram presently of F. M. S.

This matter of the petition of the abovenamed Official-petitioner coming on for disposal before C. Coomaraswamy, Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 4th day of March 1938, in the presence of Mr. C. Subramaniam, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and on reading the affidavit and Petition of the abovenamed Petitioner.

It is ordered that Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be granted to the Petitioner in his capacity as Secretary, District Court, Jaffna, unless the abovenamed Respondents appear before this court on the 30th day of March 1938 and shew sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 8th March 1938

Sgd. C. Coomaraswamy
District Judge.

Order Nisi extended for 19-2-41.

Intd. C. Coomaraswamy,
District Judge.
(O. 81. 30-1-41 & 3-2-41.)

Order Nisi**IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNA**

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 677
In the matter of the estate of the late
Rasammah widow of T. Mahadevan of Vannarponnai late of Colombo Deceased.
Selvadurai Sabaratnam of Jaffna presently of 3 Bawa Place, Colombo
Vs. Petitioner.

1. Thangam widow of Kandiah of Rangoon,
2. Spencer Chelliah of Colombo,
3. Spencer Rajaratnam of Kurunegala,
4. Sinnammah daughter of Selvadurai,
5. Selvadurai Sabanayagam
6. Selvadurai Sabalingam,
7. Saraswathy daughter of Selvadurai
8. Thailaynayagy daughter of Selvadurai all of Nallur,
9. Annappillai widow of Spencer Selvadurai of Nallur,
10. Ponniah Selvaratnam,
11. Selvanayagy wife of Kanagasooryam,
12. M. Subramaniam Kanagasooryam,
13. Ponniah Selvarajah of F.M.S.
14. Rasiah Balasingham.
15. Rasiah Rasasingham,
16. Ratnam wife of Sinnadurai
17. W. E. Sinnadurai,
18. Annapooranam daughter of Rasiah of Vaddukoddai presently of Colombo,
19. R. Krishnapillai, and
20. Maheswary of do,
- Minor 21. Meeneswary daughter of Kandiah of Jaffna,
22. K. Kandiah of do,

This matter of the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioner praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased coming on for disposal before C. Coomaraswamy Esquire, District Judge

Jaffna on the 2nd day of September 1940, in the presence of Mr. C. Subramaniam, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner the petition of 30-8-40 and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated the 21st day of August 1938 having been read:

It is declared that the Petitioner is one of the heirs of the said intestate and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 15th day of January 1941 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 18th day of December 1940.

Sgd. C. Coomaraswamy,
District Judge.

Extended and Reissued

for 19-2-41.

Intd. C. C.

D. J.

Drawn by

C. Subramaniam, Proctor.
O. 82. 30-1-41 & 3-2-41)

Order Nisi**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
JAFFNA**

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 815
In the matter of the estate of the
late Muttammah alias Muttupillai wife of Elaiyathamby Velupillai of Kopay South

Deceased.

Elaiyathamby Velupillai by his attorney Mana Mudaliyar Vaitilingam Chelliah of Sandilipay

Vs. Petitioner.

1. Velupillai Neelakander,
2. Velupillai Ramanathan both of Kopay South,
3. Velupillai Vyravanathan of Teluk Anson, Perak,
4. Annapooranam daughter of Velupillai,
5. Velupillai Muttukumaraswamy,
6. Saraswathy daughter of Velupillai all of Teluk Anson, Perak, F.M.S.,

Minors. The 2nd to 6th Respondents are minors appearing by their Guardian-ad-litem the 1st Respondent.

This matter of the Petition of the abovenamed petitioner praying that the abovenamed 1st Respondent be appointed Guardian-ad-litem over the 2nd to 6th minor Respondents as their brother, and that Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be granted to the Petitioner, coming on for disposal before C. Coomaraswamy Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 18th day of December 1939 in the presence of Mr. C. Subramaniam, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and on reading the affidavit and Petition of the Petitioner:

It is ordered that the abovenamed 1st Respondent be and he is hereby appointed Guardian-ad-litem over the 2nd to the 6th minor Respondents in this case, as their brother for the purpose of representing them and acting on their behalf in this action and that Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be and is hereby granted to the Petitioner, unless the abovenamed Respondents appear before this court on the 22nd day of May 1940 and shew sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 7th day of May 1940

Sgd. C. Coomaraswamy
District Judge.

Extended and Reissued for 19-2-41

Sgd. C. Coomaraswamy

D. J.

(O 83. 30-1-41 & 3-2-41)

Printed and published by S. ADCHALINGAM, residing at Vannarponnai East, Jaffna, for and on behalf of the Proprietors, the saiva Paripalana Sabai, Jaffna, at their Press, the Saiva Prakasa Press, Vannarponnai, Jaffna, on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1941.