

POLITICAL EFFERVESCENCE IN INDIA

Concerted Attack on the Congress

(Mr. E. P. Rasiah who had been on a visit to India recently gives a pen picture of the election excitement in the vast Sub Continent and draws his own conclusions)

IN some quarters in South India there existed a feeling that with the gaining of Independence, the main difficulties in the way of achieving a national and cultural unity could be removed; but things seem to shape themselves otherwise now. So long as the Indians were engaged in a struggle for political freedom, the struggle itself provided a rallying point, so much so that at some stages, they were able to achieve complete unity of effort and outlook. Even lapses arising out of communal differences did not materially affect the powerful drive of the political movement. Problems like untouchability and Hindu-Moslem tension, although they existed from time dating back to distant past were yet held in check, for, people had mostly realised that their energies must be primarily devoted to the over-all objective of national freedom. "Now that that freedom has been won, the unity forged on the anvil of a common opposition appears to have broken down and all kinds of regional, provincial, sectarian, communal, linguistic and cultural conflicts and prejudices have come to the fore-front." If the Indians desire to preserve the treasure of their newly won freedom, it is perhaps essential that they should reconcile and transcend these conflicts to resolve these prejudices and thus ensure that all elements and all strands of thought and culture are enabled to contribute to the material progress and spiritual enrichment of their country. How could this be attained?

Advent of Adult Suffrage

On the 26th of January 1950 was born a Sovereign Democratic Republic and during two years the Constituent Assembly of India although selected or elected for the purpose of drawing up a Constitution for India, has been functioning more or less as a provisional Parliament. The proper Democratic Republic will, therefore, come into existence only after the present elections are over, when India's affairs will be

administered through its popular representatives elected on the principle of adult franchise. While this adult franchise came to other countries in various evolutionary stages, to India, despite her illiteracy, it has come as a corollary to freedom. It is the Congress Party that was mainly responsible for conferring this great and precious right on the masses. In judging the merits of the Congress, this alone stands as a remarkable testimony to its political integrity. This is a daring experiment of endowing the people with a power which, if exercised without circumspection—as is being done now—may very well be used against the Party itself.

Fundamental Rights

During the interim period, the Constituent Assembly has framed a constitution embodying inter alia certain Fundamental Rights such as:

Part III 14 "The State shall not deny to any person equality before the Law or the equal protection of the laws within the territory of India.

15 (1) The State shall not discriminate against any citizen on grounds only of religion race, caste, sex, place of birth or any of them."

It is under this democratic set-up that the elections are now being held. It is interesting to note that the symbol of the Congress is a pair of yoked bullocks and its election slogan is "கண்ணா ஒழித்த காக்கிரகை ஆதரியுங்கள்". In Jaffna such a slogan may lead to disastrous consequences, but the Indian Congress is boldly planking its future inter alia on its having introduced Prohibition.

Jotted Opinions

The following expression of views of a cross-section of the Indian Public with whom I came in contact during my short stay there recently, indicate to some extent the political awakening there:—

(a) A cultured gentleman with whom I was sharing a Railway compartment felt that the Congress was going too fast and that the very foundation of their constitution was faulty. Asked to

Kokuvil Women's Association

At a meeting of the above Association held recently the following office-bearers were elected:—

President; Mrs. R.N. Tham-bithurai; Vice-Presidents; Mrs. C. Gnanasundaram and Mrs. A. Muttutambay; Secretary; Mrs. Saraswathy Packiarajah; Treasurer; Mrs. G. Perumalpillai.

Incomparable Indian Achievement

"It is thrilling to see how the Indian people have risen to the challenge of democracy. In just four years of freedom, they have launched a magnificent experiment in Parliamentary Government in which they have borrowed ideas and processes from the West and adapted them to their own traditions and culture. Nothing comparable to it has ever occurred before."

—CHESTER BOWLES

substantiate it, he quoted the instance of a school-girl from Mangalore who had filed an action against the Principal of a Boys' College, simply because he had refused her admission to the Boys' College and directed her to join the Girls' College. The High Court has held in her favour in view of 15 (1) of the Fundamental Rights embodied in the constitution.

He also pointed out that the Congress was forced to appoint 4 Women Medical Officers in charge of Hospitals over the heads of many men Medical Officers, by reason of mere seniority in service.

(b) A Candidate contesting the elections, moaned that an astrologer and a petition drawer were contesting him, a Vakil, merely relying on thuggey and local influence. At Dindigul, an uneducated onion merchant was giving a fight to the Congress—nominee merely to register his protest against the manner of Congress nominations.

(c) An intelligent student from Belgachhia, Calcutta argued that "the Congressmen had forgotten their avowed ideal of service to the nation and were suspected of being busy feathering their own nests, while the conditions of

(Continued on page 4)

DISAPPEARANCE OF PARENTAL CONTROL

Of Grave Concern To The Thoughtful

DELIVERING the convocation address of the Travancore University, the Vice-Chancellor Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliyar urged the graduates and undergraduate students to be optimistic and to go through the world with the purpose of achieving something to their credit.

Continuing his speech, the Vice Chancellor said:

"We are at the beginning of the second half of the Twentieth Century. The first half of the century has seen changes remarkable, to say the least undreamt of by our forefathers of the Nineteenth Century. Not in their wildest dreams could they have foreseen the material changes that have occurred during the last half of the century. The disappearance of States and kingdoms, the extinction of Monarchies, the liquidation of Empires are the least of these changes. The scientific inventions that have chased each other in rapid succession, the submarine and the aeroplane, and the discovery of nuclear energy and its consequences, modern researches in the science of healing, are, no doubt, striking, but even they are not most significant of the changes that have been brought about during this period. More than all these, much more incalculable in its effect than any of these changes had been the change all over the world in the human mind and in its outlook on men and matters. This is the most significant change that has to be grasped in entirety, if institutions like Universities are to fulfil their task and to feel the pleasure and joy of having achieved their purpose."

"We who are in charge of their studies, we in whose company they spend many hours each day trying to learn, what do we know of these boys and girls? What is it that these young people are imagining for themselves, these who are in their twenties, what do they desire; what kind of life do

they propose to lead; what are their hopes, their aspirations, their thoughts of the life that is opening out before them when once they have crossed the portals of their institutions? Is this not the most concrete fact which we must try to understand if the education that we impart to them should have any real meaning and should ultimately lead not merely to their success in life in the only sense in which that success can be predicated, but also in the good to the community in which their lot will be cast. Have we grasped the essential fact that to us of an older generation, the thoughts of the young have become somewhat obscure; their hopes are not as clearly seen as they were before; their aspirations are but a dim vision compared to the knowledge that our own teachers had when we passed through the same stages."

"If we realise that the distance in thought and in habit of mind is greater today between us and our young pupils than they were ever before, if we realise that a great change has come over the young generation and if we further realize the need for understanding this change and for acting in such a way that we shall attune ourselves, we of an older generation, to the thoughts and aspirations of the younger and by doing so, guide them gently but firmly and yet not disclosing that we are leading the way we may perhaps fulfil our obligations and earn the future gratitude of our students."

In conclusion Sir Ramaswami Mudaliyar said "The

(Continued on page 3)



Hindu Organ

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, '52

Treasure These Thoughts

*'Who love all beings without distinction
He indeed is worshipping
best his God.'*

FIFTH YEAR OF FREEDOM

SRI LANKA is a free country. The practical-minded acknowledge this status but the purists and the theorists do not accept it. That Sri Lanka is on the waiting list of applicants for membership of the United Nations Organisation may be construed to mean that it is a country that has satisfied the known requisites for nationhood. And Independence is a pre-requisite for nationhood. The theorists may argue that the fact of this Island remaining in the Commonwealth establishes Great Britain's hidden suzerainty over Sri Lanka. But the Marxist Constitutionalists forget the fact that companionship of equals cannot mean control of one by another. But whatever may be the theoretical view, one has to recognise the material worth of the deliverance this country has enjoyed. It may be that the granting of independence to Sri Lanka has been by accident and not as the result of a persistent and pugnacious struggle with the ruling race. Even if it is that the withdrawal of Great Britain by consent means merely a phase in the march for freedom it cannot be gainsaid that this phase is that which counts and with the achievement of which the purpose may be said to have been practically obtained.

The Fourth of February cannot fail to have a significance to the people of this glorious isle, a land that for the last several centuries has gone through defeats and conquests deliverance and subjugation in a vicious circle finally to emerge master of its own destiny. We do not deny that there are yet other phases in the March for freedom but those are for the undivided attention of the people and their representatives. The struggle that is ahead of the nation is one against poverty, disease, intolerance and corruption. The mobilisation of the

RECOGNISING 'PARCELS WRAPPED WITH STRINGS'

MINISTER PONNAMBALAM'S
E. C. A. F. E. SPEECH

AT the E.C.A.F.E. session in Rangoon held on 31st January, the Ceylon delegate declared that E. C. A. F. E. region was in no position to look gift horses in the mouth, but that Ceylon had had a recent experience where a country he would not name, but which was 'In central or perhaps Eastern Europe' had denied normal inspection facilities which were the invariable practice and right of the purchasers of certain kinds of heavy capital goods

The delegate, Ceylon's Minister of Industries, the Hon. G. G. Ponnambalam, said this in the course of a wide review of the report of the Committee of Industry and Trade now before the Commission, in which he referred to the Soviet offer made in the Singapore Conference, and again here, to supply capital goods to south and south-east Asia. Would the U. S. S. R. and countries associated with them, he would not say satellites as he did not want to cast reflection, but perhaps "subsidiaries" would

do, therefore declare their willingness to allow the normal inspection facilities at the usual stages of manufacture? This custom was designed to ensure certain standards of production and was always accorded by Britain, France, U. S. A. and other suppliers.

The Ceylon delegate then referred to "unequivocal objections" raised by the Soviet delegation at an earlier stage to the introduction into the area of foreign capital. Ceylon had recently won its freedom, had no intention now of bartering it away, and was perfectly capable of recognising parcels "wrapped with strings." The Soviet delegation had declared this area's own surpluses were sufficient to create the necessary capital funds for development, but if they would recall the earlier days of their own industrialisation they would find that even with the first five year plan they had been quite unable to do without foreign capital, technicians and plant.

Aesthetic Values In Life

Nehru on New India

India's Prime Minister, in a special message to the International Film Festival, advised the film industry to "introduce artistic and aesthetic values in life and encourage the appreciation of beauty in all its aspects.

"This Film Festival is not only the first of its kind in India but also in Asia, and I am glad that more than 25 countries have sent in entries and a considerable number have sent their delegates.

"India, I am told, is the second biggest producing centre in the world, coming only after U. S. A. This quantity production is

people's army for this stupendous task has to be undertaken on the Day of Independence by firm and free resolution. To that extent the celebration of the Freedom Day is absolutely essential

impressive, but I hope the Indian film industry, which has made such great progress in the past, will make every effort to improve the quality of our films also.

A Great Influence

The film has become a powerful influence in people's lives. It can educate them rightly or wrongly. There are the educational and documentary films which are important and which should be encouraged. But even the other films can be made to influence our people in the right direction. I do not mean that they should be propaganda films in the rather crude sense of the word. I mean they should introduce artistic and aesthetic values in life and encourage the appreciation of beauty in all its aspects.

I hope that films which are just sensational or melodramatic or such as make capital out of crime will not be encouraged. If our film industry keeps this ideal before it, it will encourage good taste and help, in its own way, in the building up of the New India".

'Autonomous Tamil State'

The Only Way
Out

Federalist Leader's Pet Theory

At a propaganda meeting of the Ilankai Tamil Arasu Kadani held at the Jaffna Hindu College playground Mr. S. J. V. Chelvanayakam, K. C., M. P. reviewed the political situation after the last general elections and drew the inference that the program of his party afforded the only feasible step for the regeneration of the Tamils as a whole. Continuing Mr. Chelvanayakam said that a great race like the Tamils could not be expected to remain dormant and apathetic to encircling movements and expressed the hope that the youth of the land were turning the eyes towards correct leadership, and concluded that racial solidarity was a pre-requisite for self-determination.

Dr. E. M. V. Naganthan, Messers. C. Vanniasingam, A. Amirthalingam and several others spoke.

The J. H. C. Parliament's

Tribute to the Mahatma

"All great men are duly honoured only after their death, but Gandhiji received homage whilst alive also and that from the rich and the poor, the valiant and the humble, the strong and the weak alike", said Mr. S. Thananjayarajasingam speaking at the fourth anniversary of Mahatma's death, at the Jaffna Hindu College Parliament "in these days of utilitarian views of black-milers, to-uts, atomic scientists, literary dotards, people have little regard for the spiritual sphere of human activity," said Mr.

The Late Mr. M. S. Thiruvilangam

REMEMBRANCE

My association with "Thiru" as he was popularly known among his friends dates back to about the year 1922 soon after he joined the Government Clerical Service, exactly what I did 11 years previously. He had a most striking personality, towering much high above the young men of his age and one was naturally drawn to him for his physical prowess, although nothing was known then of his equally virile mental calibre. Like myself, he spent his leisure hours in some activity or other but of a different kind to mine. It indicated the restlessness of an active youth yearning for avenues for the use of his abundant latent energies. Thiru found for them a useful outlet on the histrionic side. The Lanka Subodha Vilasa Sabha attracted him and his fame grew as an actor of great accomplishments. When the Wellawatte Recreation and Dramatic Club was formed, Thiru took a leading part in its dramatic activities. These did not in any way hinder his equally rapid rise in the Government Service. As a Junior Clerk, he caught the eye of Mr.

(Continued on page 3)

Singham and added that in the long frustrated search for civilization, the spiritual elevation of mankind can only be obtained through a rigorous retrospection of the life of the Mahatma. Mr. K. Paramanathan, the speaker, who presided winding up the proceedings of the day said:—"Our tribute to Gandhiji should not be confined to platform speeches and the erection of Gandhiji memorials, but to follow his ideals. We should not take refuge in vague and emotional speeches but adopt ourselves to practice so that we shall be the subjects of History and not its helpless objects." The House responded to the appeal of the speaker in observing a five minutes silence.

MARRIAGE

YOGARATNAM — JEGATHEESHWARY

The marriage of Mr. C. Yogaratnam, Govt. Surveyor, eldest son of Mr. K. Chellappah, retired Chena Mubandiram of Kaladdy with Miss. Jegatheeshwary daughter of Mr. P. Thambu, Asst. Master Jaffna Hindu College will be solemnized according to Hindu rites on Saturday 9th February 1952 at 12 noon in the bride's residence at Neeraviady, Jaffna.

Friends and relations are cordially invited.

No individual invitations please.

(M. 199. 5.)

The Late Mr. M. S. Thiruvilangam

(Continued from page 2)

Turner who was the Director of the Census Department and his subsequent meteoric career was the envy of many of his colleagues in the Public Service.

Nothing but merit and devotion to work took him to almost the pinnacle of the Public Service accessible to one who started so low in life. During all these years, he developed the rare qualities of humility in life and service to all irrespective of positions. Many came to him for advice and assistance in their official matters and these he freely gave. Thiru thus became a monument of information in official matters and his last appointment as Assistant Controller of Establishments—Office system reveals his rare powers and ability in organisation and methods in an entirely new field of Government work. This brought him in close touch with every Government Department and every part of the country.

A new turn in his life came almost like an avalanche during the past five years. He had seen and enjoyed life in every aspect of power and privileges and found its emptiness and instability. He was destined for a higher and purposeful life. Perhaps, he had a prophetic vision of the end of his human span of life shortly to come and plunged himself into a new life which normally one who was placed so high in the material plane rarely achieved. It is difficult to assess properly so soon after his passing away what he had done to stir up the religious life of his people. Every minute outside his office time was devoted to the service of his religion. This was almost a passion with him. He created a new feature in our religious life. The irreligious among us saw his fervour and sincerity and succumbed to him. To men & women placed in what is popularly termed as "Society" he taught the un-forgettable lesson of combining religion with high living. His selfless work among the unfortunate victims to crime and life in prisons will always live to his glorious memory. The inauguration of the Thiruvembavai Broadcast relays during the last 4 years is a tribute to his initiative and personal participation, even rising every day from bed at so early an hour as 4 a. m. to make sure that

A Centenarian Passes Away

The death of a centenarian Mr. V. Veeravagu of Sangarathai occurred last week. He was 104 years old at the time of his death. He leaves behind his wife, who is a non-agenarian, a son, a daughter a grandson and a great grandson.

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No: 1404

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Ambalavanar Kanagasabai of Manipay.

Deceased
Thangammah widow of A. Kanagasabai of Manipay
petitioner

Vs.

- Minors
1. Neelambikadevi
 2. Padmarajah
 3. Varatharajah
 4. Theivendrarajah and
 5. Vimaladevi, children of A. Kanagasabai and
 6. Sunteram Muttiah Asaipillai, all of Manipay

Respondents.
This matter coming on for disposal before K. D. de Silva Esquire District Judge, Jaffna on the 16th day of January 1952 in the presence of Mr. S. Rajendran proctor for the petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be granted to the petitioner as his lawful widow and that the abovenamed 6th Respondent be appointed Guardian ad-litem over the minor 1st to 5th Respondents for the purpose of protecting their interests and of representing them in these Testamentary proceedings, unless the respondents or any other persons appear before this Court on the 10th day of March 1952 and state objections to the contrary.

The 16th day of January 1952
Sgd. K. D. de Silva
District Judge

Drawn by
S. Rajendran
Proctor for Petitioner
(O. 132 5 & 8).

all arrangements for the relays were complete. It is impossible to think of another so highly placed in life who had plunged himself so deep into religion and not only himself drank enough of its elixir but also helped others to taste it to their full satisfaction and spiritual elevation. Thiru has left behind a name to be adored and emulated. He has not lived in vain. He was really a messenger of God to the present generation of youth. To me he was a dear friend and colleague in the higher plane of life. I mourn his loss dearly. I have lost a dear comrade in my programme of public work. His place is void today. May he rest in peace and stimulate us to continue the work which he has nobly begun and left un-completed. May we find another Thiru in our Society or create one is my devout wish. —K. K.

Disappearance of Parental Control

(Continued from page 1)

fact is that many of the walls that surrounded us in the days when we were young have broken down, walls which did not necessarily imprison, but walls which were really protective rather than preventive, safe guarding us from the forces of evil which may have destroyed us easily. I do not suggest that these walls should continue to exist. Time has its revenge and many of the inhibitions which were good in the past, which were conducive to healthy growth have perhaps outlived their period of utility. The old system so characteristic of the Hindu society that it was even imitated by those of other faiths, have almost disappeared. While there may be no regrets over the disappearance of this system, while one may congratulate oneself that its disappearance has led to the disappearance also of those idlers who in some cases fattened on the joint family system one should also realise that with its disappearance has gone the many protective limitations which surrounded the young boy or girl. What is far more important and what must have grave concern to the thoughtful man was the disappearance of that parental control which had a healthy effect on the growth of the individual. I do not use the word control in the sense of that harsh discipline which translates itself through the cane or the lash; rather use it in the sense of that desire on the part of the young boy or girl.

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 1369

In the matter of the estate of the late Vaithiampillai Aru. Iappa of Navalur Road-Chiviatheru in Jaffna.

Deceased.

Piragasi widow of Vaithiampillai of Navalur Road-Chiviatheru, Jaffna.

Petitioner.

Vs.

Muthupillai widow of Thamiampillai of do.

Respondent

This matter coming on for disposal before V. S. Jayawickirama Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 27th day of September 1951 in the presence of Mr. J. Patrick proctor on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner.

It is ordered that Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be issued to the petitioner as the mother of the abovenamed deceased, unless the respondent or any other person appear before this court on or before the 26th day of November 1951 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 27th September 1951.

Sgd V. S. Jayawickirama
District Judge

J. Patrick
Proctor for Petitioner.

26-11-51

Time to show cause is extended to 21-1-52

Sgd. V. S. Jayawickirama
D. J.

Time to show Cause is extended to 18-2-52

Sgd. K. D de Silva
Dist Judge
O. 131, 5 & 8.

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF CHAVAKACHCHERI

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 25

In The matter of the Estate of the late Velupillai Rajaratnam of Manthuvil deceased

Vallippillai widow of Velupillai Rajaratnam of

Independence Day In Jaffna Bullock Cart Race Attraction

A novel feature of the Town Independence day celebration was a bullock cart race in the Jaffna Esplanade. Cash prizes of Rs 75, 50, 25 & 10 were distributed to the prize winners by Mr. T. Murugesampillai D. R. O.

Mr. M. Balasundaram speaking after the parade traced the origin of the independence day celebrations in western countries & appealed to the people to persevere to preserve the freedom that has been won.

Mr. Sam Sabapathy Mayor of Jaffna said that one man's freedom ended where the other man's freedom commenced & that tolerance was the key-note of freedom. He hoped that the leaders and the people would never lose sight of this great truism.

Manthuvil

petitioner

Vs.

Velupillai Suberamaniam of Manthuvil presently of Store Superintendent's Office, Sentul Kuala Lumpur Federation of Malaya.

Respondent

This matter coming on for determination before A. W. Nadarajah Esquire District Judge Chavakachcheri on the 21st day of January 1952 in the presence of Mr. S. SivaRajah proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the 21st day of January 1952 and her petition having been read.

It is ordered that letters of administration to the estate of the deceased abovenamed be issued to the petitioner as widow of the said deceased unless the Respondent shall appear before this Court on or before the 18th day of February 1952 and show cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

The 28th day of January 1952.

Sgd. A. W. Nadarajah
District Judge

Drawn by Sgd. S. SivaRajah
Proctor for Petitioner.

(O 130 1 & 5)

GRAND MUSICAL RECITAL

BY

ISAI ARASU

M. M. DANDAPANI DESIGAR

ON

SATURDAY MARCH 8, 1952 AT 6. P. M.

IN AID OF
THE SAIVA PARIPALANA SABAI
NAVALAR ASHRAM

Political Effervescence In India

(Continued from page 1)

the masses were deteriorating."

(d) A Taxi-driver, obviously a Communist, stated that "the Congress has been making empty promises that it could, without any revolutionary change, give a better standard of living to the workers. The Communist leaders offer the same thing—may be perhaps through revolution and blood-shed—almost immediately"

(e) Men are asking "Is this the India of which we were dreaming and for which we have prayed long. It may be easy to get power, but have we enough honest and capable men to exercise this power and administer it to the lasting benefit of the country." There seems to exist a growing feeling of frustration in the country in the economic and social fields with which administration is primarily concerned. Thus it would be seen, deep down these resolve themselves into problems of efficient, honest and speedy administration.

Lowering Standard of Values

While we must agree that the war has wrought havoc with our ethical standard, and public life and administration are not as clean as in those good old days, it must be said, that the fault does not lie with any particular party "but in the lowering standard of values which is to be seen everywhere in the world."

The alleged failure of the Congress party in the economic field is not the self evident proposition that the Congress-critics would have others believe. Taking a rational and impartial view, it would appear that when

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(M. 195. 1 to 29).

the Congress took charge of the Government, everything seemed to be falling to pieces. Any inept handling of the situation might have led the country to complete disaster. Instead of mortgaging the future of India for immediate benefits, Congress appears to be spending large sums on long-term investments, which will bring their returns late. That is perhaps the proper step to correct economic rehabilitation.

No one seems to question or doubt the wisdom or importance of the objectives and programmes of the Congress; but none at the same time, seem disposed to defend the Congress against the corruption said to be prevalent within its fold. What is the remedy then?

In the words of the late Gokhale "a sufficient number of Indians must (therefore now) come forward to devote themselves to the cause in the spirit in which religious work is undertaken. Public life must be spiritualised. Young men should give up everything in life for the sake of serving their country at this critical juncture.....If a reasonable number of honest men come forward to dedicate their lives wholly to the service of their country... then shall all doubts and misunderstandings vanish, all pettiness disappear and India shall march forward to the realisation of that destiny of which all her patriotic sons had dreamt....."

Perhaps the same advice holds good for Jaffna!

MANOHARA THEATRE

(MODEL OF MODERN MAGNIFICENCE)

(Newly Built Theatre at K. K. S.—Navalar Roads Junction)

NOW SHOWING

Pucca Rowdy

STARRING

* R. B. LAXMIDEVI SHRINIVAS RAO S. S. COCCO *

DAILY AT 6-15 & 9-30 p. m.

(M. 276)

NOTICE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
JAFFNA

No. 8473

1. A. K. Cumarasamy of Vadukkodai

2. A. S. Rasiah of Vannarponnai and

3. G. Kandiah of Wyman Road, Nallur

Plaintiffs

N. Velayuthapillai of Tinnaveli

Defendant

To

The Members of the All Ceylon Sidha Ayurveda Medical Association

Take notice that this action has been instituted by the abovenamed Plaintiffs on behalf of themselves as members of the All Ceylon Sidha Ayurveda Medical Association and on behalf of the other members of the said All Ceylon Sidha Ayurveda Medical Association against the abovenamed Defendant for the recovery of the sum of Rs 365/- being money belonging to the said Association and lying in his hands as Ex-Treasurer and which he has not handed over to the New Treasurer and a sum of Rs. 500/- as damages and for the delivery of all the account books, receipt books and other documents belonging to the said Association to the 3rd plaintiff.

This Court has on the 15th day of January 1952 given permission to the abovenamed plaintiffs to sue the Defendant on behalf of the members of the said Association.

The 24th day of January 1952

By Order of Court

Sgd. T. Sivasubramaniam
Secretary.

Drawn by
S. Rajendran
Proctor for Plaintiffs

(M 1931)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction
No. 1398

In the matter of the estate and effects of the late Thillaiyampalam Murugesu of Karainagar West Jaffna

Deceased

Valliyammai widow of T. Murugesu of Karainagar West

Vs.

1 Parupathy widow of Kanthar Thillaiyampalam
2 Thillaiyampalam Kandiah of do presently at 122070 Central Workshop, Sentul, Kuala Lumpur

3 Inthirani daughter of T. Karthigesu

4 Nallammah daughter of T. Karthigeru

5 Karthigesu Thevarajah

6 Muththachchy daughter of T. Karthigeru

7 Thangamuthu widow of T. Karthigesu

8 Valliyammai widow of S. Innathambi Arumugam all of Karainagar West

Respondents.

This matter coming on for

disposal before K. D de Silva Esquire District Judge Jaffna on the 20th day of December 1951/8th day of January 1952 in the presence of Mr. A. Kanagasabai Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 19th December 1951 having been read:

It is ordered that the abovenamed 7th respondent be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the minors the 3rd to 6th respondents and that the petitioner be declared entitled to have letters of administration over the estate of the abovenamed deceased and issued to him accordingly unless the respondents or any others interested shall on or before the 10th day of March 1952 appear before this court and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

And it is further ordered that the 7th respondent do produce the minors the 3rd to 6th respondents in Court on the said date

This 20th day of December 1951
8th day of January 1952
Sgd. K. D. de Silva,
District Judge.
16-1-52.

(O. 127. 1 & 5)

THE JAFFNA MUTUAL BENEFIT FUND Ltd.

(Established 1918)

BANKERS.

Authorised Capital Rs. 800,000.00
Amount of Calls made Rs. 134,367.00

SHARES: 8000 shares of Rs. 100/- each. 75 monthly instalments of Re. 1/- per share will earn Rs. 100/- for each at the end of the period. Shares issued all times.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS: opened and interest allowed at 1% per annum on the average monthly balance when it does not fall below Rs. 500/-.

FIXED DEPOSITS: received for periods of 3, 6, 9 and 12 months and interest allowed at 1, 2, 4 and 6 % respectively.

DRAFTS issued on the National and Imperial Banks to Colombo and the Principal cities of India. Remittances to and from F. M. S. by special arrangements.

INDIAN MONEY bought and sold

LOANS on the security of Jewels a speciality. Interest charged at 12% per annum (Part payments accepted.)

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO:

S. KANAGASABAI
Shroff.

OPTICAL NOTICE

It's safe to get your Prescription for Spectacle dispensed by a

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A large stock of Frames and Lenses have arrived from England and America. Glasses can be supplied in a day or two (or even within a few hours)

Contact :-

V. T. FERNANDO

QUALIFIED OPTICIAN,

11, Main Street—Jaffna

M. 142 22-2-52.