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NO. 43

POWER POLITICS

Killing The Human Mind?

BY COL. J. J. SUSTAR

"A fantastic weapon... its power is so great as to be incredible... more perfect... more formidable than anything developed before... whereby the Soviet Army wields such means of warfare and such firepower as no other army has ever had..." and so on, went Premier Khrushchev when he spoke before the Supreme Soviet in Moscow last Thursday, January 14th.

What about the peaceful cooperation among nations about which you boasted so much during your recent visit to the United States, Mr. Khrushchev?—This question of mine still remains unanswered, despite my repeated reading and study of the Soviet Premier's released speech.

I do not intend to analyze Mr. Khrushchev's statement about the cut in the U. S. S. R. forces, simply because that is an old trick of his, repeated with the same accuracy every year. Premier Khrushchev, announcing that the Soviet forces would be cut by one-third, (from 3,000,000 to 2,400,000) has probably forgotten that in the spring of 1957 he 'cut' the Red Army by 40,000 men and, a year later, again "from three and a half million to 2,800,000", in the spring of 1959 again by 300,000. If that were true, Khrushchev's forces should be around 2,500,000 and, if slashed now by one-third, the "balance" would, or should be about 1,600,000 men. Am I wrong in my calculations, Mr. Khrushchev? Or should I go to study mathematics in Moscow, where you have better education (?) than we have in the free world? But all this is beyond the point, since all the Soviet leaders have been convicted many times of deliberately twisting the

truth by their very own statements and actions.

Today I would like to say something about the "most fantastic weapon" the communist leaders announced now but which they have been using against the free world ever since the time of Lenin. Their most powerful, most dangerous and most formidable weapon is neither a moon rocket, an orbital H-bomb nor an 8500 mile ICBM... All these weapons are equally horrible and can kill the life anywhere; but then, there would be no world revolution, no communitization of mankind, because no mankind would be left. Nothing would be left even for Khrushchev.

Mr. Khrushchev's speech before the Supreme Soviet, announcing the "hatching horror" is itself one of his formidable weapons: it is the power of propaganda, the ability to kill man's mind, to break down his will to resist, to protect his freedom, and to defend his existence as a free human being.

It's true, the Western world may be six or seven years behind the developments in Soviet rocketry; nevertheless, something might happen in the laboratory today, and tomorrow we shall be in the lead. However, the free world is behind the Soviet Union in developing and using the "incredibly powerful and most perfect weapon" of propaganda. Yes, in this field we are behind the Kremlin not seven, but a hundred years. Shall we ever catch up? Shall we ever take over offensively with this "weapon" and use it instead of defending ourselves constantly and inefficiently only to be hit again?

In his latest speech Mr. Khrushchev did not lie he told us the full truth and we should believe him for a change. He

DIVINE LEELA

BY SOURI RAJAN

The Sun had receded to the South plunging the Arctic regions in darkness. The night of the Gods was on and on the day of the winter solstice 22nd December it was midnight in the Arctic home of the Gods. They prayed for light to Sri Vishnu their protector. Already Sri Vishnu out of his Loka Maya had taken human form as Rama Krishna whose parents had been warned by the Sri Vishnu deity of Gaya that he will be born as their son. Sri Vishnu's consort could not but herself take in human form and she was born as Sarada Devi in this darkest period of Winter solstice to bring light into this world and dispel the darkness that enveloped it. At the age of six she was married to the future Saint Sri Ramakrishna whom she regarded as her spiritual master. When she was grown up she was brought up to her husband who regarded her as the image of the Divine mother whom he worshipped as His Ista Devata. Thus out of the dark cold night of Mari was born the bright Sun Ramakrishna the prophet of modern India. It was left to Swami Vivekananda to show us who Sri Rama Krishna was and the purpose of his advent into the world at this time of its history. Sri Rama Krishna lived and showed the world the old Vedic life and restated its Dharma which was taught to the world by his disciple Vivekananda. The services of Sri Ramakrishna Saradadevi and Vivekananda to the world in general and to India in particular is immeasurable. Poets and Philosophers have gone into ecstasy singing their praises but for the ordinary man and woman and children they are the chosen leaders to guide us to Immortality the Life Eternal Sri Narayana-Nara and Lakshmi—the Eternal guides of Humanity Om Shanti Shanti Shanti

has his most incredible weapon in his portfolio, and he is using it in the warfare of ideologies for killing the human mind.

ELECTIONS - 1960

(BY MUHANDIRAM E. P. RASIAH)

The exciting Nomination Day for the Parliamentary Election has come and gone without any untoward incident. For the 11 constituencies in the Jaffna District 51 candidates, composed of, inter alia, a motley crew of opportunists, professional politicians and what-nots have handed in their nomination papers. The stage has been set for the fray; canvassing has commenced and would go on increasing daily in momentum till 18-3-60.

Voter's Predicament

The man on the street stands bewildered not only at the multiplicity of parties and independent individuals but also at their verbose manifestoes, proclaiming their confusing ideologies and policies. If we sterilise our minds of the germs of prejudice arising out of party alignments and personal ill-will, and then examine these aspirants to legislative honours, their past records of public service, their reliability, their claims and capabilities to represent their respective constituencies, one is confronted with the question, whither Jaffna? Is it the zeal to render public service that prompted all these to come forward or is it a cover for their brazen self-seeking. It cannot be gainsaid, that the Tamils are suffering terribly at the moment for lack of proper, united leadership. Critical times are ahead of us. Our language, our self-respect and the future of our children who move out of secondary schools, wake after wake, seeking employment, seem to be at stake.

Politics Shunned

Somehow, men who are eminently suited to serve the country, men of robust common-sense, men with back bones, men with leisure, men who could tackle the present-day problems seem to shun entry into politics.

Why? The voters must answer this. To an increasing extent, our Parliament has become the hunting grounds for most candidates who enter the field, not so much to render service, as for the purpose of getting out of it, as much as they can for themselves. Of course there are exceptions; but who will deny that the better sort, the proper type needed at this juncture, is in a minority?

Formerly the conflict was between opinions, now it is between interests. In the past a voter asked "If we elect A, would he do good to our constituency or area". Now his mind has begun to work differently—B came to my house first, therefore I should vote for him. Another thinks "no, I should support C as he will help my son to find employment". Another stoutly resorted to under the guise of tact is to say "yes" to all the candidates. How mean, if not cowardly? It is obvious from these, that democracy is in a diseased, if not infant state here; while most candidates performed vote-catching stunts, Bachehas swayed most voters hither and thither like a pendulum. It is a pity we are forced to bicker after such a degenerate democracy. We should therefore pray:—

"God give us men! a time like this demands
Strong minds, great hearts,
true faith & ready hands
Men whom the lust of office
does not kill
Men whom the spoils of
office cannot buy
Men who have honour; men
who will not lie."

Vote and its worth

It must not be forgotten that the most important person in an election is admittedly the voter, empowered by law with the sacred right of choosing whom he liked. It is in his power to determine

(Continued on page 5)



திருச்சிதம்பரம்

தமச்சிவாயவே ஞானமும் கல்விமும்
தமச்சிவாயவே நானறி அறிச்சையும்
தமச்சிவாயவே நானறித் தேந்தும்மே
தமச்சிவாயவே நன்னெறி காட்டுமே
செந்தமிழ்தாயே

Hindu Organ

FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1960

Treasure These Thoughts

You can exercise free will in two ways, either by identifying yourself with God or by surrendering yourself to Him. As long as you keep yourself apart from God, you have no freedom of the will.

INTERNAL INTERFERENCE

In a country where the people are conscious of their rights and responsibilities no tactic of designing politicians can have any chance of success in creating chaotic conditions. Lanka is no longer the infant nation it was some years ago. Events in the past have made the people become aware of the existence of a small coterie of ambitious politicians that is trying to seize power by questionable methods. And within the last three years the scope of these subversive elements has been allowed to be widened by a Government that could not summon the courage to stem the tide of cross currents and impose law and order. However, the decision to hold a General Election has inspired confidence in the people as they have been given the opportunity to choose a Government capable of reestablishing stability and a sense of security. But the Caretaker Government regarding itself as constituted for all time has embarked on a *sluicing* scheme with the avowed object of denying the people the necessary composure that is required for a free and fair election to be held. The creation of the Ministry of Internal Security, a step in this direction, has brought on the Caretaker Government the entire country's condemnation both in the press and on the platform. Notwithstanding the righteous indignation of the people, the new Ministry has begun work in the most suspicious manner. Mr. V. S. Jayawickrema, a member of the Caretaker

Caretaker Government Confronted With Public Opinion

Seven Parties Sit Together To Study Situation

At a Conference of seven Political Parties presided over by Dr. N. M. Perera the decision was unanimously reached that any attempt to postpone the General Election should be vigorously opposed. Senators also are in consultation among themselves regarding the steps that should be taken by the Senate in the context of the present situation.

According to the statement issued by Dr. N. M. Perera.

"This Conference condemns any attempt on the part of the Caretaker Government to abandon or postpone the General Elections scheduled to be held on March 19, 1960. Any such attempt would be illegal and a violation of the constitution.

Parliament was dissolved one and a half years before its legal period expired solely for the purpose of holding the General Elections on March 19, 1960.

In the event of any attempt to abandon or postpone the General Elections this conference will call upon the Governor-General to summon the dissolved Parliament immediately so that the General Elections may be held.

In case Parliament is not summoned accordingly this conference will take steps to summon members of the dissolved Parliament in order that all steps necessary may be taken to hold the General Elections.

Illegal or unconstitutional acts of the Caretaker Government:—

This Conference is of

Cabinet, was the first to feel the all-enveloping danger in the audacious activities of the new Ministry. He hastened to tender his resignation from the post of Minister of Justice to the Governor-General. Before the people could prevail on the Minister of Justice to stay his hand in the interest of the country, the Governor-General himself had persuaded Mr. Jayawickrema to withdraw his resignation. As pointed by us, in our last issue, the people alone can save the situation. The preservation of peace and order can be maintained by the people if they remain disciplined even in trying circumstances and behave in the most exemplary manner in the face of provocation.

the opinion that the Caretaker Government has violated the spirit of the constitution and has acted contrary to accepted Parliamentary conventions and practices.

This Conference warns the Caretaker Government that the parties represented at this conference will in the next Parliament refuse to sanction any appointment expenditure or other acts which are illegal or obviously irregular.

This conference takes this opportunity to point out to the public services including the Police and Armed services that it is illegal to carry out orders which are unconstitutional or illegal.

The conference categorically states that all public servants including those in the Police and Armed services acting in terms of the constitution and the law will receive the fullest protection.

Madras Arogya Asramam

The Madras Arogya Asramam was inaugurated by Swami Sri Venkateswara-nanda as a spiritual study circle and healing centre at Adyar, patronized by H. H. Jagadguru Sri Sankarabharati, Sri Swami Sivarama of Rishikesh, Yoghiraj Swami Sri Nityananda, Swami Sri Sivaprasada Saraswathy, Dr. C. P. Ramaswami Iyer and Thapovanam Srinat Lakshmana Meyyadigal.

Discourses of the supreme message of the Nayanmars and Alvars are the weekly features of the Asramam in which eminent scholars from the various parts of India take part. Sages from Himalayas and Rishikesh visit the Ashram very often and impart series of lectures on Santana Dharma Sastras. Demonstrations of Yoga Asanas, Bhagwan Sankirtha are some of the daily programmes.

Indian National Congress President On Anti-Indian Activities

(Portions of the Presidential Speech of Mr. Sanjiva Reddi)

"It has been a sorry spectacle to see that when our Prime Minister has been tackling a difficult situation with great firmness and when troop movements consistent with our resources have taken place to defend our frontiers, still there should be some unpatriotic elements in our country who shut their eyes and continue asserting that there has been no aggression at all in India. The Congress is not opposed to any ideology, if any nation voluntarily adopts that ideology as its article of faith. Any country, whether it be America or Russia is welcome to us, and we are prepared to willingly learn from their experience and to accept whatever they are prepared to offer and which we consider necessary for our good. But our Communist friends have lost their moorings in this country, and they have developed a pattern of mental outlook under which they owe allegiance to something that is foreign to us.

principles, captured the reins of administration. It is a great tribute to the Indian National Congress, and a tribute to the independent and democratic institutions which the Congress Government has built up in this country, that under the Congress Government we could still allow a Communist Government to be elected into office. This one fact itself shows how hollow is the criticism that is sometimes levelled that Congress rule is turning out to be a dictatorship. Ultimately, in Kerala, the problem assumed such serious proportions that Central intervention became inevitable, if the President were to discharge his constitutional responsibilities.

"In the context of what has happened to the people of that State, and in the context of what we see of the Communists in relation to the Chinese incursions and occupation of our sacred soil, we have to be very vigilant, not merely on our frontiers but also in every district and every village of our country. We have to be vigilant to see that fifth columnists and saboteurs are not given any quarter at all, and that no one whose patriotism and loyalty is not beyond all doubt is allowed to tinker with the affairs of our country. Kerala has the largest amount of literacy in the country, and has the largest number of educated persons. It has produced great men noted in the fields of music, literature and art. Most of our public services are manned by people from that State, and I have no doubt whatever that such an independent, forward and educated State will teach our Communist friends a telling lesson at the next ensuing elections, which it will take them decades to forget.

"India is a great country with a long and hoary tradition, and it has always accommodated within it many diverse schools of thought, and I hope it will continue to live in that tradition of catholicity and absorption of all divergent ideas. But if, taking advantage of our broad mindedness, there are any elements who act as an impediment to the defence of our country, or lead to the growth and existence of fifth columnists behind our lines, then we have to take very strong steps to root out such elements, root and branch. I want to make this clear to my Communist friends in this country, because loyalty to the State and loyalty to the country of one's origin is not a matter of argument or opinion but should grow instinctively in the breast of every citizen. Should there be the slightest doubt about it, the benefit of that doubt should go not to him, but against him.

"We witnessed with great sorrow the sufferings of our brothers and sisters in Kerala, where the government, run by a party that avowedly does not believe in democratic

"I now propose to refer to a rather unpleasant internal matter of our own organisation. We cannot delude ourselves that the Congress, great as it is, is completely free from all evils. We are fully aware that there are many communal elements within this organisation, and also some elements that do not believe in the policies

(Continued on page 5)

Growing Lack of Discipline Among Students

Combined Efforts of Parents and Teachers Needed for Proper Training

BY DR. M. HAFIX SYED

(Continued from last issue)

It may be remembered that the habit of untruthfulness in children in some cases grows out of undue strictness and harshness on the part of their parents in their treatment of them. They come to the conclusion that their parents do not care to enter their feelings—they seem to them (the children) to be unreasonable in what they require of the children and thus they get into the habit of trying to deceive the parents in order to hide some delinquencies on their parts. If parents have secured the confidence of their children, the temptation to attempt concealment and deception is immensely reduced, and it should be borne in mind that children are quick to detect inconsistency between the parents' teaching and action. If for instance, the parent be himself untruthful, the child very soon finds it out, and thenceforward all exhortation to be truthful and all punishments for lying will count for little or nothing.

Another habit to be acquired in childhood is obedience. No one is fitted for the duties of life who has not learned to obey. Obedience implies self-control and the submission of the will to that of another who has the right to direct, there is no really sterling character where the habit of obedience is wanting.

But in order that this training may be effective and may accomplish its object, wisdom and common sense on the part of parent and the teacher are much needed. Arbitrary, unreasonable commands should not be given. Threat of well-deserved punishment which there is no intention to carry out should never be used. The child should be made to understand that once a command has been given it must be obeyed. He should be rightly convinced that what he is expected to do is really helpful to him in the long run or in the immediate future. When a child understands that a father's or a mother's or a teacher's command has ena-

nated with the best of motives and is based on love, there will not be much difficulty in securing willing obedience.

The second important factor in creating discipline among the youths of to-day is lack of mutual understanding and good-will between the teacher and the taught and even between the youths and their parents. In spite of the fact that there are a number of residential Universities in U. P. and elsewhere in the country, the teachers and their pupils are, for all practical purposes, too near and too far from each other. The teacher, as a rule, is so preoccupied with his own affairs and the routine work of the institution to which he belongs that he has not the time, nor the inclination to spend some time with his pupils as well as he should. Without fairly close contact outside class hours, at home, in the dining hall, and on the playground, no teacher worth the name can claim to understand the tastes, talents and tendencies of the students in his college.

In the so-called residential Universities it is not often that a student meets his teacher in a free and friendly atmosphere. The Warden and Superintendent along with the other teachers of the University do not visit the students residing in a hostel frequently. Once a while on the occasion of certain functions or meetings they merely see each other. This is not enough. Unless a teacher finds some time to talk things over with them if they are holding erroneous or disruptive views about this, that, or other matter, it is nothing short of folly to expect good behaviour from the students.

The mutual contact and free friendly discussion has another value; it promotes right thinking and correct mental attitude to life's problems and helps to awaken intelligence and develop intellectual vigour. This contact also makes them think for themselves, form their own opinion and come to a

solution of the problem which may have been troubling their mind.

The method of teaching in the Universities needs a certain modification. Mere lecturing will not do. A teacher must know how to put his ideas in a logical, convincing form before his students and make them think on the problem in hand; this can be achieved if occasionally, instead of continuing the stream of lectures, the teacher should ask the students as to what they have been thinking on the subject and how they have been following his arguments.

It will be very profitable indeed in the way of their mental development if the students are assigned certain subjects out of the prescribed course and called upon to express themselves on that particular theme before the class.

At present in most of the Universities young and old teachers are quite content to deliver their lectures monotonously and mechanically by pouring information before the class without any regard to the fact whether the students are following and profiting by their lectures or not. The seminar classes are also not carried on in a proper spirit. A tutor, if he is to be effective in his guidance, must not have more than a dozen students to guide and help. This is what is actually done in the residential Universities in England.

The teacher's duty in a University is not only to awaken his pupil's intelligence and develop his mind but also to see whether his emotions and will are properly refined and disciplined, his behaviour is proper and his gait and manners are correct and gentlemanly. If the teacher finds any defect in them, he should talk to them individually, —and privately and not before other students—having full regard for his sensibility and susceptibility.

Some of these educative factors are not, usually, present before a teacher's mind when he deals with his pupils. If the teacher acts up to these suggestions, the lack of which has contributed not a little to the growing indiscipline amongst the students of to-day, one feels sure that the general tone and tem-

per of the students and their general behaviour are bound to improve in course of time.

Some young men of impressionable age, and of a sensitive nature, having no self-control, are usually led away by party slogans. They easily get excited and lose their balance when they are in the company of a crowd. As some of the students have not learnt to form their own opinion and to think out a problem clearly they are easily influenced by new political ideologies. Some unhealthy cinema-films and obscene pictures vitiate their tastes and induce vicious habits.

It is admitted on all hands that lack of some kind of moral education is also greatly responsible for lack of discipline among the students of the present day. It is a matter of common knowledge that defective early education at home and at school and later on in a University has really been contributing to the deplorable existence of unruliness and rowdiness among the boys of our generation.

It may sound strange but none the less it is a fact that parents and teachers do not make friends with their wards. It is the bounden duty of every parent to find out carefully and tactfully what types of friends their sons make and under which atmosphere they move and how their mental and social habits are formed. When the young men are put in a College or University the responsibility of looking after them is transferred from the parents to the teachers whose duty obviously is to cultivate the friendship of their wards, know them as well as possible and win their confidence by service, sympathy and friendliness. It is also one of the duties of the teachers to inculcate in the minds of their pupils respect for law and order.

—(From the Madras Hindu)

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 740

In the matter of the intestate of the late Vyttilingam Subramaniam of Vaddukoddai East Deceased
Sivapakkiam widow of Vyttilingam Subramaniam of Vaddukoddai East
Petitioner

Vs
1. Vaithilingam Somasundaram of Vaddukoddai East
2. Manicam widow of Nallathambi
3. Sellachetty widow of Sinnathurai
4. Sellamuttu widow of Naga-

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 729

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Naranachetty Thiruvengadam of Vannarponnai East.

Deceased.

Thiruvengadam Narayanasamy of Jaffna presently of 89, Sembok Road, Malacca.

Petitioner

N. Gopal Chetty Krishna-swamy of Vannarponnai East

Respondent.

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 10th day of December 1959 in the presence of Mr. M. R. Karalasingam, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the Petitioner abovenamed be and he is hereby declared entitled as the son of the deceased abovenamed to have letters of administration to the estate of the Deceased issued to him accordingly, unless the Respondent or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 29th day of January 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 10th day of December 1959.

Sgd.
T. Muttusamypillai
District Judge

Drawn by
M. R. Karalasingam
Proctor for Petitioner
(O. 196 22 & 29)

lingam all of Kankasanturai and
5. Ponnampalam Sangarapillai of Vannarponnai
Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before T. Muttusamypillai Esqr. Acting District Judge Jaffna on the 5th day of January 1960 in the presence of Mr. S. Kandasamy proctor on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 23rd December 1959 having been read;

It is ordered that the petitioner abovenamed be and she is hereby declared entitled as widow of the deceased to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased issued to her accordingly, unless the respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before 8th February 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 5th day of January 1960
Sgd. P. Sri Skandarajah
District Judge
(O 193 22 & 29)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 735In the matter of the Last Will
and Testament of the late
Thangammah wife of
Ampalavanar Kanagasabai
of Karative East
DeceasedAmpalavanar Kanagasabai of
Karative East

Petitioner

Vs

- 1 Sinnappu Kandiah
and wife
- 2 Ponnammah of Do
- 3 Arunasalam Velup-
pillai and wife
- 4 Sellammah of Do
- 5 Ramanather Ampala-
vanar and wife
- 6 Rasammah of Karai-
nagar East
- GAL 7 Kumaraswamy Sun-
tharampillai
- Minor 8 Annapooranam
daughter of Kumara-
swamy
- 9 Sanmgam Parama-
nather
- 10 Ponnampalam Kana-
gasabai
- 11 Veluppillai Kanaga-
sabai and wife
- 12 Seethevippillai
- 13 Arumugam Siva-
subramaniam and wife
- 14 Nallammah
- 15 Iledchumippillai
daughter of Ponnamp-
palam
- 16 Ramanather Velup-
pillai
- 17 Ramanather Kan-
diah all of Karai-
nagar East
- 18 Sabapathippillai
Ampalavanar
- 19 Rasammah daughter
of Sabapathippillai
and
- 20 Kanagammah daugh-
ter of Sabapathip-
pillai all of Karative
North

Respondents

This matter coming on for
disposal before N. Sivagnana-
sundram Esquire District
Judge Jaffna on the 2nd day
of December 1959 in the
presence of Mr A. Kanagasabai
Proctor on the part of the
petitioner and the affidavit of
the Petitioner and the affidavit
of the notary and the
Witnesses having been read,

It is ordered that the Last
Will and Testament made by
the deceased on the 22nd day
of June 1967 and attested by
A. Kanagasabai Notary Public
under No. 12935 the original
of which has been produced
and is now deposited in this
court be and the same is
hereby declared proved and
that the Petitioner is the
Executor named therein and
he is hereby entitled to have
Probate thereof issued to him
accordingly unless any person
or persons interested shall on
or before the 1st day of
February 1960 show sufficient
cause to the satisfaction of
this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that
the 7th Respondent be
appointed Guardian ad litem
over the minor 8th Respondent
unless the said Respondents
abovenamed or any other
person or persons inter-
ested shall on or before
the 1st day of February 1960
show sufficient cause to the

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 737In the matter of the Last
Will and Testament of
the late Valliammai wi-
dow of Kathirgamar
Kanapathypillai of
Karainagar North

Deceased

Kanapathypillai Ponnamp-
palam of Karainagar
North

Vs

1. Arumugam Ponnampa-
lam and his wife
2. Parupathy of Arukam-
pulum of Karainagar
West
3. Ampalavanar Aruna-
salam and wife
4. Sethuppillai of Sakkala-
vodai, Karainagar

Respondents

This matter coming on
for disposal before N.
Sivagnanasuntharam Esqr,
Acting District Judge,
Jaffna on the 24th day of
December 1959 in the pre-
sence of Mr. S. Candiah
Proctor on the part of the
Petitioner and the affida-
vits of the Petitioner and
the notary and attesting
witnesses to the Will hav-
ing been read:

It is ordered that the
Last Will of Valliammai
the deceased abovenamed
dated 15th January 1958
be and the same is hereby
declared proved and the
Petitioner is hereby de-
clared entitled to have
Probate of the same and
Probate is issued to him
accordingly unless the
Respondents or others, in-
terested shall, on or be-
fore the 1st day of Febru-
ary 1960, show sufficient
cause to the satisfaction
of the Court to the con-
trary.

This 24th day of January
1960Sgd.
C. Thanabalasingham
District Judge

(O 192 22 & 29)

satisfaction of this court to
the contrary.

The Petitioner do produce
the said minor in court on
the said returnable day of
this order Nisi.

This 22nd day of December
1959Sgd N. Sivagnansundram
District JudgeDrawn by
Sgd A. Kanagasabai
Proctor for Petitioner.

(O. 191 22 & 29)

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F. 187 23-10—23-10-60)

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 739In the matter of the intestate
estate of the late Ponnamp-
palam Chelliah of Karai-
nagar North

Deceased.

Thangamattu widow of Pon-
nampalam Chelliah of
Karainagar North

Vs.

- 1 Chelliah Nagaretnam of
Parcels Office, G. P. O.
Colombo
- 2 Chelliah Arasaratnam of
Karainagar North
- 3 Chelliah Rajalohini of
Karainagar North

Respondents.

This matter coming on for
disposal before T. Muttusamy-
pillai Esquire, Addl District
Judge, Jaffna on the 4th day
of January 1960 in the
presence of Mr. S. Candiah,
Proctor on the part of the
Petitioner and the affidavit
and petition of the Petitioner
having been read.

It is ordered that the
abovenamed Petitioner be and
she is declared entitled to
have Letters of Administration
to the estate of the above-
named deceased as the lawful
widow unless the Respondents
or any other persons interested
shall on or before the 8th day
of February 1960 show
sufficient cause to the satisfac-
tion of this Court to the
contrary.

This 4th day of January 1960

C. Thanabalasingam (Sgd)
District JudgeDrawn by
S. Candiah (Sgd)
Proctor for Petitioner.

(O 192 22 & 29)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 730In the matter of the Last Will
and Testament of the late
Appapillai Shivagurunathan
of Kopay South DeceasedShanmugasunderam widow of
A. Shivagurunathan of Ko-
pay South

Vs Petitioner

1. Shivagurunathan Nambiya-
rooran
2. Umadevi daughter of Shiva-
gurunathan, minor repre-
sented by her Guardian-ad-
litem.
3. Arumuga Chettiar Aruna-
salam of Kopay South.

Respondents.

This matter coming on for
disposal before P. Sri Skanda
Rajah Esquire District Judge,
Jaffna on the 10th day of
December 1959 in the
presence of Mr. M. R. Karala-
singham, Proctor on the part
of the Petitioner and on
reading of the Last will of the
above named deceased dated
14th December 1958 and
attested by Mr. M. R. Karala-
singham Notary Public,
under No. 4378 and now
deposited in this Court and
the affidavit of the petitioner
and of the attesting Notary
and of the witnesses thereto.

It is ordered that the above-
named third respondent be
appointed Guardian-ad-Litem
of the Minor the above-named
2nd Respondent.

It is further ordered that
the said last will be and the
same is hereby declared
proved.

It is further ordered that
the petitioner be and is here-
by declared the executrix for
the said last will and that as
such she is entitled to obtain
probate thereof and the same
be accordingly issued to the
Petitioner unless the above-
named Respondents or any
other person or persons
interested shall appear before
this Court on the 25th day of
January 1960, and show
sufficient cause to the satisfac-
tion of this Court to the
contrary.

It is further ordered that
the petitioner do produce the
Minor the 2nd respondent in
Court on the same date.

This 10th day of December
1959Sgd. T. Muttusamipillai
District Judge.Drawn by
M. R. Karalasingham
Proctor for Petitioner.
(O. 195 22 & 29)

respondents unless the res-
pondents or others show
sufficient cause to the contrary
to the satisfaction of this
Court on or before 29-1-60.

This 23rd day of Decem-
ber 1960.Sgd. P. Sri SkandaRajah
District Judge.Drawn by
R. Sivasupramaniam
Proctor for Petitioner
(O 192 22 & 29)IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
JAFFNA

AMENDED ORDER NISI

No. 706 /T.

In the matter of an applica-
tion for Letters of Adminis-
tration over the Intestate
estate and effects of
Thambiah Ratnarajah of
Manipay in Jaffna

Deceased.

Rasamany widow of Ratna-
raja of College Lane,
Manipay.

Vs

- 1 Jayarani daughter of Ratna-
raja,
- 2 Ratnarajah Jegatheesan,
- 3 Ratnarajah Pathmajothi,
- 4 Muthuthamby Sundaram of
5th Mile Post, Manipay.
- 5 V. K. Kanagaratnam of
Manipay Guardian ad litem
over the 1st, 2nd and 3rd
respondent minors.

Respondents.

This matter coming on for
disposal before P. Sri Skanda
raja Esquire, District Judge,
Jaffna, on the 23rd day of
December 1959 in the presence
of Mr. R. Sivasupramaniam,
proctor on the part of the
petitioner and the affidavit of
the petitioner dated 14th day
of December 1959 having been
read:

It is ordered that the
petitioner be and she is hereby
declared entitled as widow of
of the deceased abovenamed to
have letters of Administration
to the estate of the deceased
issued to her accordingly
unless the respondents above-
named or others show sufficient
cause to the contrary on or
before the 29th day of
January 1960.

It is further declared that
the said 5th respondent be
appointed guardian ad litem
over the 1st, 2nd and 3rd

ELECTIONS—1960

(Continued from page 1)

whether the next Parliament should consist of the best persons available or whether it should be as bad or even worse than the last. At this critical period of our history, when the political world is in a ferment, all should be directly interested in the triumph of order over chaos, of liberty over enslavement.

The forthcoming elections, therefore, afford a fine opportunity for the voter to exercise the sovereign power that is his. By virtue of the secret balloting, he can give expression to his point of view, fearlessly. The task, however, of selecting the best candidate out of the present "sambir" is not made any the easier by the flood of confusing manifestoes that assail one's eyes and ears; but the task is not insuperable, if the voter's sole consideration is the candidates' or party's suitability and ability to honestly and fearlessly espouse the cause of the people of Jaffna. We have had experience of parties which seemed to be all things to all men, as well as those that are exclusive in their appeal. The voter, should examine the past record of these parties and their leaders and sift the political grain from the chaff.

Test for Voting

Without going into the merits or demerits of individual candidates or the ideologies professed by parties, let the voters support the candidates or party who would inter alia, undertake to work:—

- (1) for the removal of the Tree Tax system—Public Enemy No. 1 of Jaffna.
- (2) for the removal of the bane of caste-distinction
- (3) for the establishment of more schools, so that all our children could obtain admission to various classes, with ease.
- (4) for the parity of our language and the equality of opportunity for all our youngsters.
- (5) and who would promise truly and sincerely not to accept office in any Government till the above objectives are achieved.

Any candidate who would honestly pledge to do his best for these, would, I feel, be capable of doing nothing but good to his constituency.

Wounded Jaffna expects every voter to do his duty conscientiously by his God and country.

BASEL MISSION FORT BRAND
DOUBLE GROOVED ROOFING TILES

BETTER THAN THE BEST

Unrivalled for strength and reliability. Absorbs the least quantity of water during heavy rains.

The design is such that any possibility of leakage during heavy rains has been excluded.

Ask the numerous users of these Tiles for their opinion.

Best is the cheapest in the long run.

WILLIAM MATHER & SONS,
Sole Agents,
Jaffna.

(F.190 15-1 — 15-4)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 733

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Nagamuttu Thambirajah of Navalar Road, Vannarponnai East Jaffna. Deceased

Thambirajah Samnagathas of Navalar Road, Vannarponnai East, Jaffna. Petitioner. Vs

- 1 Thambirajah Garesha-Nogam of do.
 - 2 Kanmaniamah widow of Thambirajah of do.
- Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri SkanthaRajah Esquire District Judge, Jaffna on the 19th day of December 1959 in the presence of Messrs. C. C. & S. Somasegaram Proctors on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner.

It is ordered that the Last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased dated the 24th day of June 1953 and attested by C. C. Somasegaram Notary Public under No. 4216 be declared proved and Probate thereof issued to the petitioner as the Executor named in the said Last Will, unless the abovenamed respondents or any others interested appear before this court on or before the 1st day of February 1960 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 19th day of December 1959

Sgd. P. Sri SkanthaRajah,
District Judge.

(C 194 22 & 29)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
CHAVAKACHCHERITestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 87

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Murugesu Vairamuttu of Madduvil South late of Point Pedro Deceased

Visalaachchipillai widow of Murugesu Vairamuttu of Madduvil South presently of Point Pedro Vs Petitioner

- 1 V M Vairamuttu Arambanathar Odakarai Point Pedro presently at No. 57 Valaiaakaratheru, Trinchnapoly

- 2 Ponnupillai daughter of Vairamuttu of Odakarai, Point Pedro
- 3 Saraswathipillai daughter of Vairamuttu of do

- Minor 4 Sivanesay daughter of of Vairamuttu of do
 - 5 Elayappu Balasingham of do
- Respondents

This matter coming on for determination before S. Thambiy Dursi Esqr, District Judge, Chavakachcheri on the 15th day of December 1959 in the presence of Mr. S. Siva Rajah Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the Petitioner having been read:

It is ordered that the 5th Respondent be and he is hereby appointed Guardian ad-Item over the 4th minor Respondents for the purpose of watching her interests in these proceedings and that Letters of Administration to the Estate of the deceased abovenamed be granted to the Petitioner as widow of the said deceased unless the Respondents or any other person or persons interested in this Estate, shall appear before this Court on or before the 8th day of February 1960 and show cause, if any, to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

The 15th day of December 1959
Sgd N. Sivagnanasundaram
District Judge

Drawn by
Sgd S. Siva Rajah
Proctor for Petitioner
(C 202 29 & 3).

Indian National Congress.....

(Continued from page 2)

which we are trying to effectively and dynamically implement. It is a great pity that as a race we seem to have lost our spiritual values and forgotten the prestige that men of talent and learning used to enjoy in this country.

"It has been a unique feature of the culture of India that in this country the greatest men who are honoured even today are not great warriors or great builders, but great thinkers, who lived very simple lives. Asoka was a warrior of a hundred battles, but he is remembered and is still honoured from Ceylon to the Volga to day, not because of his battles but because of his mental revolution in Kalinga, when he gave up war as a means of settling disputes. Similarly we honour, the Buddha, not because he was a great prince but because he had the courage of his convictions, to give up all that life could give in search of Truth. In our own time, the greatest Indian, Mahatma Gandhi always equated himself with "Daridranarayana" and with the most downtrodden of the people. We honour such poor and frail men, who in terms of wealth and money certainly could not hold a candle to the great managers and managing directors of chain corporations with millions of dollars in their bank account. It is a great pity that this outlook is not very much in evidence nowadays, and it should be our constant endeavour to keep before us these traditional values and see that we live up to them.

"I was referring to" the rampant evil in our own ranks and to the growing indiscipline in the Congress. The old ideal of self-help and the spirit of sacrifice has given place to a hankering after power and prestige. A great admiral once said that he would like to serve as an ordinary rating for some time once in two years or so, in order to correct his perspective. I would personally like to think on some such lines for us, so that we may not lose our live contacts with the masses whose representatives we are, and whose interest we would look after. This is a matter of internal administration within the Congress organisation, and it is my earnest desire that any indiscipline in the organisation can function

"Even more important than this is the question of personal integrity and honesty among Congressmen, mainly among those in charge of the administration. Each Congressman should search his heart thoroughly and so order all his actions that they will bring credit to the organisation to which he belongs. Differences there may be, and it is good that they exist, about viewpoints, opinions, policies, etc. People may be exceptionally competent and may give a positive drive to the administration or may prefer to sail with the wind, choosing the line of least resistance.

(Madras Hindu)

ORDER ABSOLUTE IN
THE FIRST INSTANCEIN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
CHAVAKACHCHERITestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 89

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Murugesu Ponnambalam Rajakone of Usan

Deceased.

Annaledchumy - widow of Rajakone of Usan.

Petitioner.

This matter coming on for determination before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esquire, District Judge, Chavakachcheri on the 18th day of December 1959 in the presence of Mr. S. SivaRajah Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the Petitioner and the Affidavit of the Notary who attested Last Will and Testament and the subscribing witnesses thereto having been read.

It is ordered that the Last Will and Testament bearing dated the 28th day of January 1959 attested by S. SivaRajah of Chavakachcheri Notary Public the original of which is now deposited in Court, be and the same is hereby declared proved and the Petitioner abovenamed be and she is hereby declared entitled to Probate as Executrix named therein and Probate be issued to her on her taking the Oath of Office and paying the Estate Duty, if any.

This Order Absolute in the first instance is made returnable on the 8th day of February 1960

Sgd N. Sivagnanasundaram
District Judge

Drawn by
Sgd. S. SivaRajah
Proctor for Petitioner

(C 200 29 & 5)

Astrological

WEEKLY FORECASTS

'SRI PATHY'

FROM 31-1-60 TO 6-2-60

ARIES Aswini, Barani, Kartikai 1st part [Medha Rasi]

Some improvements in your professional affairs promised this week. But there will be no mental peace. Fathers relatives will still be giving trouble. Financially a good week.

TAURUS Kartikai 2, 3, 4, Rohini, Mirugasirisha 1, 2 [Idapa Rasi]

An unsettled week. You will find it difficult to make both ends meet. Troubles through secret enemies shown. Be careful in your dealings in your working place. Health a major problem.

GEMINI Mirugasirisha 3, 4, Thiruvathirai, Punarpusam 1, 2, 3 [Mithuna Rasi]

Domestic affairs will still be in a muddle. You will have no mental peace. But financially a favourable week. Mind your health week end.

CANCER Punarpusam 4, Poosa, Ayilya [Kataka Rasi]

Ruin to enemies shown. You will be confronted with many obstacles but you will be able to steer clear of them. Minor health upsets likely. Professionally a good week.

LEO Maha, Poora, Uttira 1, [Singha Rasi]

Health yet remains unsatisfactory. You will have no mental peace either. Ruin to enemies shown. Professionally a good week. But Sunday evening, Monday and Tuesday must be spent with care.

VIRGO Uttira 2, 3, 4, Attai Chittirai 1, 2 [Kanni Rasi]

The first three days will be favourable for new deals. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday morning must be spent with care. Rest of the week will turn favourable for professional deals. But there will be no mental peace.

LIBRA Chittirai 3, 4, Swati, Visaka 1, 2, 3, [Thula Rasi]

Strangers and foreigners will be more helpful than relatives or friends this week. Work will be heavier than usual. Financially a favourable week. Spend the last day of the week with care.

SCORPION Visaka 4, Anusha, Kettai [Vrischika Rasi]

A good week for finances. But you will not save much. Old investments will bring in good results. Brothers and sisters will be very helpful. Don't be in a hurry to pick up quarrels week-end.

SAGITTARIUS Moolam, Pooradam, Uttiradam 1, [Thanu Rasi]

Both your business and professional affairs will be in a muddle this week. You will find it difficult to solve your problems. Expenses will soar. Quarrels with friends also likely. Mind your health.

CAPRICORNUS Uttiradam 2, 3, 4, Thiruvonam, Avittam 1, 2, [Makara Rasi]

You will find it difficult to make both ends meet. Expenses will soar. Health will not be satisfactory. Clashes with relatives also shown.

AQUARIUS Avittam 3, 4, Satayam, Pooraddati 1, 2, 3 [Kumbha Rasi]

A good week again. You will be able to gain much from your old investments. Friends will be very helpful. Fame and social success promised. But minor health upsets likely.

PISCES Pooraddati 4, Uttiraddati, Revathi [Meena Rasi]

Professionally a good week. Work will be heavier. But you will be sufficiently compensated. Relatives will be very helpful. You will have to do some travelling soon.

NOTICE

THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

No. P/353

1. Elayathamby Murugesu and wife
2. Chellammah both of Vannarponnai east, Jaffna

Vs. Plaintiffs

1. Muttukumarcasamy Aiyar Subramania Aiyar and wife
2. Visaladechiammah of Upukulam Pillai Kottai Colombuturai
3. Suppaiah Visuvanatha Aiyar and wife
4. Irathinammah of 171/3 Temple West Vethay, Nallur, Jaffna.
5. Ponniah Arampalam of Karainagar North
6. Sabaratnam Thammaraiah of Nallur
7. Sannammah widow of Akillessay of E. K. M. School Road Kokuvi East
8. Annammah widow of Chelhyar of do

Defendants

It is hereby notified that action No. P/353 of this Court has been instituted under the

Partition Act, No. 16 of 1951 for the partition of the land called "Madathitpalam" in extent 7 Lms V C and 2 1/2 Kls situated at Kokuvi.

The defendants in the said action are summoned to appear in Court on the 13th October 1959 at 10 a. m.

This 17th September 1959
By Order

Sgd P. Balasubramaniam
Chief Clerk
(M. 194, 29)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA
Testamentary Jurisdiction
No. 728

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Chellammah widow of Gopalu Chetty of Vannarponnai

Deceased
Gopal Chetty Krishnaswamy of Vannarponnai East
Petitioner

1. Ramalingam Loganathan
2. Valinayaky wife of
3. Gopalu Chetty Nadarajah all of Vannarponnai East

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri

Skandarajah Esquire District Judge, Jaffna on the 10th day of December 1959 in the presence of Mr. M. R. Karalasingam Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the Petitioner abovenamed be and he is hereby declared entitled as the son of the deceased abovenamed to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased issued to him accordingly, unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 29th day of January 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 10th day of December 1959

Sgd. T. Mattusamipillai
District Judge

Drawn by
M. R. Karalasingham
Proctor for Petitioner
(O 197 22 & 29)

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WITH AN APPENDIX

INDICATING THE SALIENT FEATURES OF THE SAIVA RELIGION

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BANKERS

Authorised Capital Rs. 800,000.00
Amount of Calls made Rs. 616,313.00

Shares 8000 shares of Rs. 100/- each 80 monthly instalments of Re. 1/- per share will earn Rs. 100/- for each at the end of the period. Shares issued all time

Current Accounts opened and interest allowed at 1% per annum on the average monthly balance when it does not fall below Rs. 500/-.

Fixed Deposits received for periods of 12 months and 36 months and interest allowed at 6% and 8% respectively.

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FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS

APPLY TO:

S. KANAGASABAI,
Shroff.

வாங்குகிற வந்தாது பெய்க மலிகைஞ் சாக்கம்மன்
சொன்னுரை யாக் செய்க குறைவினா துயிதன் வாழ்
வன்மறை யந்தக் சொக்க சற்றவம் வேண்டி மக்க
மென்மையெனச் சொல் தீதி வினக்குக கலக வெல்லம்.

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Editor: R. N. SIVAPRAKASAM.