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SAIVA  
PRAKASA  
PRESS

# THE Hindu Organ

[The Only Newspaper in Ceylon for the Hindus]  
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

PHONE No. 356

[PRICE 10 CENTS]

VOL. LXXI

JAFFNA, FRIDAY FEBRUARY 26, 1960

NO. 47

## POWER POLITICS

## Continued U. A. R.-Israel Hostilities

### Opportunity To Resolve Middle East Differences

BY COL. J. J. SUSTAR

As the East-West Summit Conference and the U.S. presidential elections draw closer, more tension will be felt in international relations, and even reports about international political or military incidents will appear more frequently in the news. All of them should be noted carefully but realistically.

The recently reported clashes in the Palestine area between Israel and his Arab neighbors belong to this category. The Israeli Government is aware that the Jewish population will be a very important voting element in the forthcoming elections in the U. S. A. It is ready to take the advantage now and try for a Palestinian settlement to its own advantage and with final validity. The U. S. A., on the other hand, knows well that not all American Jews support the political idea of Zionism, yet none of the prospective presidential candidates could afford to disregard the Jewish votes and neglect Israel's aspirations.

But even for the United Arab Republic approaching Summit Conference and the American elections are both good reasons for showing more belligerency and for requesting the return by Israel of certain areas. These territories, legally, do not belong to either side. The "free Arab state", which was supposed to be formed there, never came into existence. Parts were taken by the already established Arab countries, parts by Israel. And today, nobody can expect the Israeli government willingly to send its settlers elsewhere, and return the lands (now cultivated after such tedious effort) to the Arabs. Yet, this requirement is one of the

most insistent points in President Nasser's policy.

Although the situation is tense, nevertheless we need not expect a war in the Middle East. Israel knows she would suffer enormous damage, losses in lives and territory, also that she could not win an extended war without active help from outside. Such assistance, however, would mean a world-wide conflict and, at present, all the big powers would do their utmost to avoid that. It is true, Israel has an army well-trained and equipped, with high morale and discipline, that might be successful even without the outside help—but for a short time only.

The U. A. R. forces—compared to 1956—are much better now and also better equipped. They could expect substantial help by "volunteers" from either the other Afro-Asian nations, or from the Soviet Bloc or from both. The U. A. R. in 1956 was the victim, attacked by three foreign powers. Today, she might be the attacker and Israel would be on the defence. As a matter of fact, Col. Nasser could hit Israel from two directions: from Syria and from Egypt—and Israel would have two fronts to man. So President Nasser feels stronger in 1960 than he did in 1956. Nevertheless, it cannot be expected that any of the Arab countries would participate in an aggressive war against Israel. Why? If for nothing else for the simple reason that they would not be willing to help lift Nasser's personal and political prestige. And this necessarily would follow, should Israel be defeated by Nasser's leadership. Yet, despite the good chances, President Nasser neither

## Four Courses For Ceylon Students

Ceylon students are eligible to apply for four courses to be held in London this year.

The British Council is organising a technical course in "Methods of Concrete Usage" from September 18 to 30. This is intended for qualified engineers from over-seas, and the fee is £47.

A similar course will be held in the "Non-destructive testing of Materials" from October 16 to 29. It is open to industrial technologists and scientific research workers with a university degree or equivalent qualification. The fee is £47.

The City of London College is arranging two summer courses from July 25 to Aug 19 "English for Foreigners" is offered to those with at least an elementary knowledge of English, the fee being £7.

"English Law and Comparative Law" is open to students of universities, commercial colleges and law schools as well as holders of degrees or diplomas in Law or Commerce. The fee is £8. 10s.

Full details of the courses may be obtained from the British Council, 154, Galle Road, Colombo 3.

(U.K.A.S.)

can contemplate an open clash with Israel now. He cannot jeopardize the promised success of his economic program.

The current military displays on both sides are only calculated indications of their respective growing strength and self-confidence. But both nations need peace for their growth and development and both will seek the solution—not in the United Nations—but through diplomatic channels with the big powers.

The Summit Conference and the American elections seem to offer the best opportunity for settling some of the Middle Eastern problems.

## NUMBER TEN DOWNING STREET

### Heart Of British Political System

The most famous house in London's most famous street is to be reconstructed. Work is to begin in August on the re-building of the historic residence of Britain's Prime Ministers—No. 10, Downing Street, perhaps the only house in the world known simply by its number.

There is to be a major overhaul not only of 'No. 10', but also of No. 11, the official residence of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and of No. 12, used as Government offices.

The work in Downing Street, which is expected to take two years and to cost more than £400,000, will make more accommodation available as Government offices, while carefully preserving the historic features of these houses.

Downing Street is a remnant of a square of private houses built by Sir George Downing (whose uncle was the first Governor of Massachusetts), a Cromwellian and Stuart politician, about 1665.

No. 10 became the official residence of the Sovereign's First Minister in 1733, when King George II gave it to Sir Robert Walpole. Sir Robert was First Lord of the Treasury and the term "Prime Minister" was not then used.

The British are tenacious of tradition and visitors to No. 10 see under the famous lion-head knocker a small brass plate, inscribed only "First Lord of the Treasury".

For more than two and a quarter centuries No. 10 has been the heart of the British political system. In every crisis crowds gather in Downing Street to watch the comings and goings of Ministers to Cabinet meetings and consultations with the

Prime Minister at this sombre-faced, unpretentious home tucked away in a cul-de-sac among the towering Government offices of Whitehall. So heavy is the traffic over the famous doorstep that it has had to be renewed seven times.

There, on November 25, 1781, Lord North heard of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis to George Washington in the American War of Independence. There in 1805 Pitt went to hear the first news of the death of Nelson at Trafalgar.

Thence Disraeli went to the Congress of Berlin which settled the Russo-Turkish war in 1878; from the steps of No. 10 he proclaimed "peace with honour" to a cheering crowd. Four years later Mr. Gladstone and his wife knelt in the hall and prayed on hearing of the Dublin assassination of the Irish Chief Secretary, Lord Frederick Cavendish, and his assistant.

At No. 10 Lloyd George exercised power for six years of war and peace as one of the most forceful Prime Ministers Britain has ever known. There Mr. Neville Chamberlain reigned in the twilight before the opening of World War II, and Downing Street was filled with anxious throngs in the days of Munich.

There, in May, 1940 Sir Winston Churchill began his "walk with destiny", directing amidst bombardment the greatest struggle Britain has ever waged. In the basement a tablet records that:

"In this room during the Second World War His Majesty the King was graciously pleased to dine on fourteen occasions with the Prime Minister, Mr. Churchill, the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee, and some of their principal (Continued on page 2)





தமச்சிவாயவே ஞானமுந்  
கமச்சிவாயவே நானறி விச்சையும்  
தமச்சிவாயவே நானறிந்  
தமச்சிவாயவே நானறிந்  
தமச்சிவாயவே நானறிந்

# Hindu Organ

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1960

Treasure These Thoughts

A life devoted entirely to God and His service requires intense dispassion and aspiration. If you have not got such an intense urge, it is well that you lead a normal life and strive to attain God through devotion, selfless action and purity.

## LEAVE LEADERSHIP TO LORD ALMIGHTY

This is Maha-Sivarathiri Day. We are once again reminded of an instructive event recorded in Puranic Story. Bhrama and Vishnu enjoying powers delegated to them by Ishwara suddenly succumbed to the evil feeling of 'Ego' and began contending between themselves for Power. The former assumed the form of a swiftwinged Swan and soared high into outer space to reach the upper-limit of the Mount of Light in which aspect God Parameshwara confounded the two contenders. But all effort was in vain. The latter delved deep into the lower earth taking the form of a ferocious boar only to return disappointed. The realisation of the inevitable truth that Power rests with God alone is the lesson we learn from this event. The significance of this truism—that God alone is leader—has not been realised notwithstanding the preachings of religious leaders and the unremitting service of societies. The scramble for power, the fight for leadership, the quarrel for position of superiority have brought humanity to the lowest level of ignorance. Today we see the world in its worst plight. Mass massacres, plots, revolutions and riots have become the order of the day. The clamour for leadership be it at international level or even at party level always assumes such a frenzied turn that the contending

parties relegate religion to the limbo of unserviceable beliefs and have recourse to methods inimical to religious teachings. From nuclear warfare downwards to election campaign the atmosphere is charged with irreligious inclination. Thus the fight for power goes on in a vicious circle. In fact it is a self destructive process.

It cannot be denied that there was for once a relieving change in the approach to political struggles. Significantly it was Bharat that showed the potentiality of soul force under the Yoga-guidance of Mahatma Gandhi. The entire campaign for independence was based on purity of thought, word and act. Gandhiji never aspired to be leader of the campaign nor did he have any other political ambition. He was merely a servant of the teeming millions of Bharat.

On this significant Maha Sivarathiri Day it will be appropriate for the lesson of Bhrama Vishnu's vain bid for leadership to be understood by statesmen and political leaders. Leadership is only for God. All others are but his creatures. When the significance of this truth is realised there will be no scramble for power and the bond of fraternity between races and among men will become a force for good.

## AID TO FLOODED AREAS

Like a bolt from the blue floods at the most unexpected period of the year have wrought untold havoc in the Batticaloa District. The threat of other areas being subjected to similar inundation cannot be ruled out. The flooded areas require immediate aid from the Government. The Caretaker Premier cannot say that the Treasury Funds are not enough to meet adequate relief work. Here is a situation that demands urgent and sufficient attention. All items of unnecessary and unauthorised expenditure the Caretaker Government has taken on hand should give way to relief in flooded areas which includes rehabilitation of farmers, restoration of bridges and thoroughfares and financial assistance to those who have been rendered homeless and destitute. This must be number one duty for any Government much more for a Caretaker Government.

# THE MOON

BY SOURI RAYAN

The Moon is said to have been born out of the Earth and is going round the parent with same side facing it. As the earth rotates on its axis in 24 hours the moon lags behind and it takes a month for it to go round the earth. When the moon is between the sun and the earth we get the (moonless day) Amavasaya and when the earth comes between the sun and the moon we get the (Full-moon day) Poornima. So that a Solar eclipse may occur on an amavasaya day and a lunar eclipse on a poornima day. The daily movement of the moon in its relationship to the celestial Zodiacal constellations nakshatras is peculiar to Hindu astrology from which astrologers infer as to the future and past events in this universe. These constellations are 27 in number beginning with Aswini and ending in Revathi. The age of the moon from amavasaya to poornima gives us the thithi. Hence Thithi and Nakshatras are very important for the Hindu Calendar. Once upon a time Daksha an adept in performing Yagna is said to have cursed the moon to wane for being partial to Rohini Nakshatra. In utter despair the moon sought the protection of the great God Shiva who placed the waning crescent moon on His crown of matted hair and the night on which the last visible waning crescent can be seen has been called Sivarathri and the Sivarathri in the month of Kumba or Masi is known as Maha Sivarathri. It was on this night the Siva gave Darsan to Parvathi the daughter of Himavan. When She performed austere penance tapas on mount Kailas, Parvathi's marriage took place on Patkun Uthiram and the Resurrection of Kama took place on the Full Moon of Patkun msa. This is the first full moon after the vernal equinox when spring would have set in the northern hemisphere. Nakshatra and thithi in relation to the position of the sun is important for fixing Hindu feasts and festivals. The Christians too make use of the Moon for fixing their Easter. For Muslims the First crescent moon is the determining factor for fixing these months

and feasts etc. The Buddhists mostly follow the Indian calendar. Now that the Soviet Scientists have landed a rocket on the moon what will be its effect on the moon is the question. Will it upset the equilibrium in the universe? What have astrologers to say in the matter? The devotee of Siva with the certain faith in his saving Grace will naturally hope that the moon will be saved again if He so desires. It all depends on His will and pleasure. There is a Western prophecy that the moon 'shall be split in twain'. Could this be done by a powerful rocket with sufficient explosives on it? It is life that needs the special care of Siva and of living beings man is the most important on earth. Will man and other living beings need the moon for their existence? Birth, growth, and death are believed by some to be influenced by the moon, which is said to have some effect on reproductive cycle of women and animals. The tissue fluids are said to be influenced by the waxing and waning moon. If the earth and its inhabitants need the service of the moon then it will have to be preserved. Whatever may happen if man only has the capacity and proper understanding not to disturb the natural equilibrium of the universe he may be able to live in this earth as long as he likes but if he is foolish enough to disturb it then he will perish along with all other living beings.

## JAFFNA COLLEGE

Jaffna College cordially invites all Alumni, parents and friends to the Annual Prize Giving on Friday the 4th of March, 1960, at 6 p.m. The Rev. Dr. Telfer H. Mook, the Secretary for India and Ceylon of the A. B. C. F. M., and Mrs. Mook will be the Chief Guests. No individual invitations will be sent.

K. A. SELLIAH  
Principal

(M.211 26 2)

# Number Ten Downing Street

(Continued from page 1)

colleagues in the National Government and various high commanders of the British U. S. Forces.

"On two of these occasions the company was forced to withdraw into a neighbouring shelter by the air bombardment of the enemy."

Thence, from 1945 to 1951 Mr. Clement Attlee directed a social revolution and the creation of the Welfare State. There Sir Winston Churchill returned in 1951, a vigorous but already venerable figure.

Behind the modest front door—said to be the only one in London without a keyhole—No. 10 seems unexpectedly large. The 68 rooms comprise offices, State rooms and the Prime Minister's private apartments.

No. 10 is a scene of constant activity—especially when Parliament is sitting. Ministers and secretaries are constantly coming and going; important civil servants, diplomats and heads of great concerns are daily visitors; and Heads of Government and distinguished statesmen from all over the world call for consultations with the Prime Minister.

No. 10 has a branch telephone exchange....a team of door keepers who "man" the famous front door 24 hours a day.... secretaries on call at all hours..... and, of course the blue helmeted London policemen stationed discreetly on the pavement to deter unauthorised callers. No. 10 has no need for any kind of armed guard.

Inside is a famous "museumpiece"—a door-keeper's hooded chair. Another traditional touch is the coal fire in the hall. A red carpeted corridor leads to the handsome Cabinet Room over whose threshold every newly appointed Minister steps for the first time with a feeling of awe.

Cabinets meet usually twice weekly in this long, cream-painted, room with its gilded columns, its orange carpet, its long windows overlooking the garden and Horse Guards Parade beyond. Ministers sit in horsehair-stuffed chairs at a cloth-covered table with the Prime Minister in the middle, his

(Continued on page 5)



# DR. PARIJA ON EDUCATION

(Continued from last issue)

At this stage of human civilisation, we do not have to begin with a clean slate. Man has devised means to record his achievements in various ways for the benefit of posterity. We have literature, sculpture and painting all recording the achievements of past generations. Hence a student to day has to have an idea of what has been achieved by others. It is beyond the capacity of any single individual to know all these by his unaided effort. Hence in the University the aid of teachers is necessary for the student. Their guidance is necessary by virtue of their superior knowledge and maturer experience. Therefore, education to-day is a co-operative organisation. Unless there is co-operation, both physical and spiritual, between the teacher and the student, acquisition of knowledge is bound to suffer. Transmission of knowledge can be likened to an electric current. If there is resistance, the flow of the current is obstructed and may even be stopped with disastrous effects. If there is lack of co-operation between the teacher and the student, a psychological resistance is created and the flow of knowledge is obstructed. In this matter both the teacher and the student are concerned. There must be knowledge of higher level and sympathy on the part of the teacher, and respect, not subservience, coupled with receptive attitude, on the part of the student for the free flow of knowledge.

Now let us turn to the question of the utilisation of the knowledge gained in the University. The flow of knowledge one is talking about, is not the mass of inert ideas a student gathers by memorising from 'text-books and lecture notes. The knowledge gathered must be assimilable and co-ordinated with social experience. Then only it will lead to fruitful advancement. If this objective is to be achieved, the student having acquired a general acquaintance with the vast store of knowledge has to specialise in some branch he chooses.

It may not be possible for every one to go deep even into specialised discipline. Modern conception of education is, to my mind, like a flooded river. There is a deep stream and the overflowing water which is shallow but fertilising. Our object is to

maintain the deep stream and at the same time fertilise the country. There must be some men and women who will go deep into their chosen disciplines, while others will spread knowledge serving as new sources of enlightenment.

How best we can achieve this objective is the problem to-day. You in this University are fortunate that you have a Vice-Chancellor who led a team of Indian educationists to foreign countries to study the method of imparting general knowledge in those countries. We do believe that their findings will be helpful to us in remodelling our courses.

If we are to ensure fruitful assimilation of the knowledge acquired at the University we must have imagination and vision and picture ourselves as active participants in the progress of the society to which we belong. In other words we must visualise our ideal. In this picture the central figure is naturally your individual self. Life is the basis of Dharma, desire and salvation. All is destroyed if life is destroyed and all is saved if life is saved. One has to take care of one's self but must not stop there. If you limit your activities only to your self-aggrandisement, you are anti-social whether you put on saffron coloured robes and think of your own soul or you are a merciless millionaire. Bhartruhari says, those are noble men who promote the welfare of others at the sacrifice of their own interest. Those are ordinary men who promote other's welfare without sacrificing their own interest. Those are demons in human form who destroy the welfare of others for their own interest. We do not know what to call those who destroy other people's welfare for no purpose.

With self at the centre the circle widens to the family, local community, State, the country and mankind as a whole. With the new knowledge acquired, one has to decide how best this knowledge can be utilised in the service of these sectors. All of us cannot be equal. Through age long influence of factors beyond our control, inherent potentialities of men differ. Even equal nurture cannot make all men equal. One must therefore pitch one's

ideal within one's capabilities because otherwise it will result in frustration and consequent unhappiness and loss to society. In this matter young people require the help of the teacher. Just as it is necessary for the student to have imagination and vision, it is necessary that the teacher also must have these mental equipments and in addition he must have the capacity and opportunity to assess the capability of the student. If he (the teacher) is satisfied with the transmission of knowledge from the store-house at his disposal, he is no better than a gramophone which transmits the recorded music and does not deserve the name of a teacher. At the same time the University must provide opportunities for the teacher and student to come in close association in various fields. It follows that the teacher-student ratio must be raised if we are to achieve in its fullness the aim of modern education. Although we have given up the principle of cloistered education, we should not lose sight of the spiritual side of the ancient system of education, namely, the close association of the teacher and the student for mutual benefit. In our mass instruction we are forgetting this salubrious principle. Unless the teacher-student ratio is increased, it is not possible to expect that the necessary improvement can be ensured. When people talk of moral and spiritual instruction in the University, they forget that mass preaching can hardly produce permanent results. It is only the example and precept of the teacher that can bring about the desired improvement. One realises the difficulties. The first and foremost is the lack of necessary funds to meet the financial needs of the universities if the teacher student ratio is to be increased. Secondly, there is the dearth of teaching personnel. The financial advantages in other avocations are comparatively so alluring that our bright young men and women do not like to come to the teaching profession. For this state of affairs society is to blame. The respect that the teacher commanded in our old civilisation is no longer there. Unless society restores the respect due to the teacher and assures the modicum of the financial needs of the teacher, there is no chance

of improvement in the present state of affairs. This is a very vital question for the life of the nation. No adequate attention has been paid to it so far. Occasionally one hears reference to the problem by some of the leaders but no systematic attempt to solve the problem has been made so far. On the other hand, the mental discipline of those young men who choose the teaching profession should be such that their minds should not be swayed by the monetary and other advantages of other professions.

Having outlined what one considers the basic aim of modern education and the difficulties in attaining that aim, let us now visualise the conflict that exists in the minds of our youth. If we analyse the causes of this conflict they are threefold. Firstly, as a consequence of our contact with countries beyond our borders, we have departed from our traditional values and introduced or willynilly adopted new concepts and values, while traditional culture persists in most of our homes. The student coming out of his home surroundings and facing the new set up of things does not know how much of the old is to be retained and how much to be discarded. Secondly, there is a certain amount of uncertainty in his mind as to how harmonisation can be effected between self, social sub-groups, the nation i.e. the Indian nation and humanity as a whole. Although he is familiar with the groups and the sub-groups in the society, linguistic groups and the nationhood

(Continued on page 5)

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 750

In the matter of the estate of the late Ampalavanar Nagaratnam of Vaddukoddai East

Deceased  
Chellammah widow of Ampalavanar Nagaratnam of Vaddukoddai East  
Petitioner

Vs  
Minor 1. Nagaratnam Ratnavel of do  
2. Sinnathurai Thangarajah of do

Respondents  
This matter of the petition of the above-named petitioner coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah, Esqr. District Judge, Jaffna on the

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 751

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of Arunasalam Velupillai of Karainagar North

Deceased

Thangapillai widow of Arunasalam Velupillai of Karainagar North  
Petitioner

Vs

1. Velupillai Balasubramaniam of Karainagar North presently of Gal Oya  
2. Arunasalam Kanagasabai and wife  
3. Sivagnanasuntharammah both of Mutur

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 3rd day of February 1960 in the presence of Mr. S. Kandiah, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavits of the Petitioner and the Notary and witnesses having been read.

It is ordered that the Last Will and Testament executed by the deceased Arunasalam Velupillai of Karainagar North dated 8th January 1956 and filed of record in this case be and the same is hereby declared proved unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before the 7th day of March 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said Petitioner as widow of the deceased is entitled to have Letters of Administration of the said estate of the deceased with the Will annexed unless the Respondents or others shall on or before the aforesaid date show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 3rd day of February 1960

P. Sri Skanda Rajah sgd.  
District Judge

Drawn by,  
Sgd. S. Candiah  
Proctor for Petitioner  
(O 215 19 & 26)

5th day of February 1960 in the presence of Mr. V. Nagalingam, Proctor for petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the petitioner having been read; it is ordered that the 2nd respondent be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the minor the 1st respondent and the petitioner be declared entitled to have letters of administration of the estate of the deceased issued to her unless the said respondents or anyone else shall appear before this court on the 7th day of March 1960 and show cause to the satisfaction of the court to the contrary.

This 5th day of February 1960

Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah  
District Judge  
(O 219 28 & 4)



# School Of Technology JAFFNA

(Established by  
The Engineering & Industrial Company Limited)

## Following classes (1960/61 Courses) are in session :

- ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE (City & Guilds Examination).
- PRELIMINARY COURSE FOR DRAUGHTSMEN (Surveyor General's Examination for Authorised Draughtsmen).
- SURVEYING & LEVELLING (Surveyor General's Licence Examination).
- B. Sc. (ECON.) University of London—First Year (G.C.E. Advanced Level - Economics).

Applications from students who have followed the S. S. C. or equivalent course will be entertained up to 15th March, 1960. For forms, handbooks and other particulars apply immediately to :

"The Citadel",  
Chundikul, JAFFNA.

Victor J. Rasaiah,  
Principal.

(F 187 19 & 26)

### ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNA  
Testamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 752

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Kandiah Thiagarajah of Kurumpaisiddy.

Deceased

Sellamattu widow of Thiagarajah of Kurumpaisiddy.

Petitioner

Vs.

- Aalachimuttu widow of Veluppillai Kandiah of do.
- Kandiah Navaratnam of Magistrate's Court Kurungala
- Kandiah Selvanayagam of Supply Station, Ratnapura.
- Chelliah Thiruningham and wife
- Sathiyapama of Kurumpaisiddy
- Sathidevi daughter of Thirunavukkarasu of Kurumpaisiddy and presently of Holy Trinity College, Nawara Eliya.
- Thirunavukkarasu Sivarajah of Midlands Estates, Rattota

Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skantha Rajah Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 5th day of February 1960 in the presence of Messrs. C. C. & S. Somasegaram Proctors, on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner.

It is ordered that Letters of administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be issued to the petitioner as the lawful widow of the abovenamed deceased, unless the abovenamed respondents or any other persons interested shall appear before this court on or before the 7th day of March 1960 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 5th day of February 1960.  
Sgd P. Sri Skantha Rajah  
District Judge.

Drawn by  
C. C. & S. Somasegaram  
Proctors for Petitioner  
(O 217 19 & 26)

### ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
CHAVAKACHCHERI

Testy. Juris. No. 90

In the matter of the intestate estate of Sandaram Kanagarasa of No. 478/8 Kankesanturai Road, Jaffna.

Deceased.

Sandaram Rajaratnam of 478/8 Kankesanturai Road, Jaffna.

Petitioner.

Vs

- Kanagammah widow of Arumugam Sandaram
- Kandappu Ratnasamy
- Paremeswari wife of K. Ratnasamy
- Murugesu Sandaram
- Rajaluxmy wife of M. Semasundaram

Minor 6 Selvaranee daughter of Arumugam Sandaram

do 7 Sandaram Ratnasingham.

do 8 Sandaram Veerasingham all of No. 478/8 Kankesanturai Road, Jaffna. (The 6th to 8th respondents appearing by their Guardian-ad-litem the 2nd respondent.)

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esquire District Judge of Chavakachcheri on the Twenty-Eighth day of January 1960 in the presence of Mr. A. Sammuganathan, Proctor on the part of the petitioner abovenamed; and the petition and affidavit of

### ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 743

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Sinnappu Sithamparappillai of Karainagar North.

Deceased

Parimalam widow of Sinnappu Sithamparappillai of Karainagar North

Petitioner

Vs

- Minor 1 Gnaeswary daughter of Sithamparappillai
- 2 Sithamparappillai Poopalasingam and GAL 3 A. Sinnappu Saravanamuttu all of Karainagar North

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire District Judge Jaffna on the 28th day of January 1960 in the presence of Mr. A. Kanagasabai Proctor for Petitioner and the affidavit and Petition of the Petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the abovenamed 3rd Respondent be appointed Guardian ad litem over the minors 1 & 2 Respondents for the purpose of watching their interests and representing them in these administration proceedings, and that the Petitioner as widow of the abovenamed be and she is hereby declared entitled to have Letters of administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased to her accordingly unless the said Respondents or any other person or persons interested shall appear before this court on the 7th day of March 1960 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the said 3rd Respondent do produce the said minors in court on the said date.

This 28th day of January 1960  
Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah  
District Judge

Drawn by  
Sgd A. Kanagasabai  
Proctor for Petitioner.  
(O 213 19 & 25)

the petitioner dated 28th day of January 1960, having been read.

It is ordered that the said petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as brother of the deceased abovenamed, to have letters of administration to the estate of the said deceased and that the 2nd respondent abovenamed be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the 6th to 8th respondents above named unless the respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall show sufficient cause, on or before the 7th day of March 1960, to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

And it is further ordered that the said 2nd respondent do produce the said 6th to 8th respondents before this court on the said date.

This 28th day of January 1960

Sgd. N. Sivagnanasundaram  
District Judge

Drawn by  
A. Sammuganathan.  
Proctor for petitioner.  
(O 214 19 & 26)

### ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 744

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Subramaniam Kandiah of Mallakam

Deceased

Punithavathy widow of Subramaniam Kandiah of Mallakam

Petitioner

Vs

- Minor 1. Vimalathevy daughter of Kandiah
2. Thangamany daughter of Kandiah
3. Ambikavathy daughter of Kandiah
4. Kalavani daughter of Kandiah and
5. Kamalaverny daughter of Kandiah all of Mallakam. They all being minors by their proposed guardian-ad-litem

6. Subramaniam Arumugam of Tellippalai West

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire District Judge, Jaffna, on the 25th day of January 1960 in the presence of Mr. C. Ramalingam Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the petition and affidavit of the petitioner having been read:

It is ordered that the 6th respondent abovenamed be and he is hereby appointed guardian-ad-litem of the 1st to the 5th respondents who are minors and that the petitioner abovenamed be and she is hereby declared entitled as the widow of the deceased abovenamed to have letters of administration of the estate of said deceased issued to her accordingly unless the respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 7th day of March 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 25th day of January 1960

Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah  
District Judge

(O 217 19 & 26)

### ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 738

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Vythialingam Carthigesu of Suthumalai North.

Deceased

Nagaratnam widow of Carthigesu of Malayantottam Suthumalai North

Petitioner

Vs

- Minors 1 Carthigesu Arumugarajah
- 2 Carthigesu Thilagaratnam both of Suthumalai North minors by their Guardian ad litem the 3rd Respondent
- 3 Vythialingam Kandiah of Yama Junction Suthumalai North

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before C. Thanabalasingam Esquire District Judge Jaffna on the 1st day of January 1960 in the presence of Mr. S. Thirunavukkarasu Proctor for petitioner and the affidavit and Petition of the Petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the abovenamed 3rd Respondent be appointed Guardian ad litem over the minors 1 & 2 Respondents for the purpose of protecting their interests and of representing them in these proceedings, and that the Petitioner, abovenamed as widow of the abovenamed deceased be and she is hereby declared entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased and that such Letters be issued to her accordingly, unless the said Respondents or any other person or persons interested shall appear before this court on the 8th day of February 1960 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered the 3rd Respondent do produce the said minors in court on the returnable day of this Order Nisi.

This 1st day of January 1960  
Sgd T. Muttusamipillai  
District Judge.

Drawn by  
Sgd S. Thirunavukkarasu  
Proctor for Petitioner  
8.2.60. Time to show cause is extended till 25th March 1960  
Sgd. P. Sri Skandarejah  
D. J.

(O 216 19 & 26)

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Astrological

## WEEKLY FORECASTS

'SRI PATHY'

FROM 28-2-60 TO 5-3-60

**ARIES** Aswini, Barani, Kartikai 1st part [Medha Rasi]

You will be able to gain much in your undertakings this week. Work will be easier. Gains through lands and agriculture also promised. Friends will be very helpful.

**TAURUS** Kartikai 2, 3, 4, Rohini, Mirugasirisha 1, 2 [Idapa Rasi]

There will be no mental peace. Father's relatives, specially women may land you into some difficulties. Professionally a fairly good week. But work will be heavier.

**GEMINI** Mirugasirisha 3, 4, Thiruvathirai, Punarpusam 1, 2, 3 [Mithuna Rasi]

You will be able to have your way in things this week. Friends will be very helpful in your affairs. Success in romance and ruin to enemies also shown.

**CANCER** Punarpoosa 4, Poosa, Ayilya [Kataka Rasi]

You will find your freedom curtailed this week. Health also will not be very satisfactory. But financially a good week. Ruin to enemies shown.

**LEO** Maha, Pooru, Uttira 1, [Singha Rasi]

Sunday, Monday and Tuesday morning must be spent with care. Rest of the week will be favourable for your professional affairs. But mind your health.

**VIRGO** Uttira 2, 3, 4, Attai Chittirai 1, 2 [Kanni Rasi]

A fairly good week. The first two days will bring in good results in your new ventures. But Tuesday afternoon Wednesday and Thursday must be spent with care. Rest of the week will turn favourable again.

**LIBRA** Chittirai 3, 4, Suati, Visaka 1, 2, 3, [Thula Rasi]

Strangers will be more helpful than friends or relatives. Success in agricultural pursuits indicated. Minor health upsets shown. Spend Thursday night Friday and Saturday with care.

**SCORPION** Visaka 4, Anusha, Kettai [Vrischika Rasi]

Financially a good week. Friends will be very helpful. Your new ventures will be delayed but successful. Mind your health week end. Abdominal complaints likely.

**SAGITTARIUS** Moolam, Pooradam, Uttiradam 1, [Thamir Rasi]

An unsettled week. You will have to work hard for your success. Friends and relatives will tax your purse. You may have to do some travelling.

**CAPRICORNUS** Uttiradam 2, 3, 4, Thiruvonam, Avittam 1, 2, [Makara Rasi]

Expenses will be heavy. You will have to continue your struggles in both your personal and professional affairs. Troubles through father's relatives also shown.

**AQUARIUS** Avittam 3, 4, Salayam, Pooraddati 1, 2, 3 [Kumbha Rasi]

You will have to spend some money on luxuries this week. Friends of the opposite sex will prove to be very helpful. Fame and social success promised.

**PISCES** Pooraddati 4, Uttiraddati, Revati, [Meena Rasi]

Expenses will be very heavy this week. You will have to work hard for your success. Domestic affairs will be in a muddle. Don't jump to hasty conclusion in any affair.

## Number Ten.....

(Continued from page 2)

back to an ornate fireplace,

An elegant dining room not far away seats as many as 60 people.

State Rooms occupy the floor above. They are filled with sombre oil paintings of bygone Ministers and are furnished with fine antiques, Chippendale, Chinese lacquer, Louise Quinze. The rooms however, are not used for really large gatherings. The wives of successive Prime Ministers have been warned that it would be dangerous to invite more than 80 people — or 20 dancing couples — in view of the state of the old floors.

The wives have altered No. 10 over the years since Lady Oxford and Asquith called the house "aqualid.....with little of general atmosphere, colour or beauty". Mrs. Atlee transformed a set of attic rooms into a cosy family flat. Lady Churchill brightened some of the living rooms with light paint and chinizes.

To-day the living rooms are characterised by an easy elegance, furnished in off-tones with pastel colours and discreet brocades.

But No. 10 cannot continue just as it is. Even before its war time shaking it was threatened by decay. New experts have found that the foundations are unstable and that the walls need support. Beetle and dry rot have been found in floors and roofs, stair-cases need strengthening and fire risk must be reduced.

But however extensive the reconstruction, as

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF OF JAFFNA

No Testy 749

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Lily Sugirtharatnam Selvadurai of Manipay, Jaffna.

Deceased.

R. R. Selvadurai of No. 47 Barnes Place, Colombo.

Petitioner.

vs

1 Godwin Ethirweerasingham Selvadurai of Wardroom, Royal Ceylon Navy, Trincomalee.

2 Keerthisingham Chitaranjan Selvadurai of No. 47 Barnes Place, Colombo.

3 Indrarajan Lankatileka Selvadurai of 47 Barnes Place, Colombo.

Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah, Esquire, District Judge of Jaffna, on the First day of February 1960 in the presence of Mr. V. Navaratna Rajah, Proctor, on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 28th January 1960 having been read.

It is Ordered and declared that the petitioner as the husband of the deceased is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the deceased, unless the respondents shall on or before the Seventh day of March 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 1st day of February 1960  
Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah  
District Judge, Jaffna.

Drawn by  
Sgd V. Navaratna Rajah  
Proctor for Petitioner.  
(O 221 26 & 4)

little change as possible will be made in the outward appearance of No. 10 — so dear to the British people.

—(British Bulletin)

## DR. PARIJA ON EDUCATION

(Continued from page 3)

of India are comparatively new concepts. No doubt there is a fundamental cultural unity in India as a whole, but the political concept of the nationhood of India is not very old. Against this, linguism is raising its head of late causing confusion. Naturally our young men and women are finding themselves at a bewildering crossroad. Lastly, we have in the universities a section of students who are suffering from inaptitude or ineptitude for the lives they are pursuing on account of social or domestic pressure. Consequently, these students suffer from a sense of frustration. One may suggest remedies for these maladies for whatever they are worth. As to what to retain from our old cul-

ture and what to discard one may follow Bhartruhari's advice in some other connection. He says: Everything old in Kavya is not good nor everything new is faultless. Wise men examine and accept what is good and discard what is worthless. Only the minds of fools are gullible and accept what others say. It is for this reason we have noted above that our youth must develop their imagination and vision and examine everything rationally and take the help of their teachers if and when necessary.

As to the second cause for confusion regarding the conflict between nationalism and regionalism or linguism, our history has taught again and again that no region is safe if

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Karainagar Hindu College,  
Karainagar,  
23-2-60.  
(M 212 26)

India is not safe. Our domestic strife has been the cause of our downfall. To-day when the North is facing danger, we in the South cannot look with equanimity. We have to learn the lesson from history and clear our minds from confusing ideas in this regard.

(Madras Hindu)

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(F.190 15-1 — 15-4)



## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT  
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 747In the matter of the Last  
Will and Testament of  
late Abdul Cader Nach-  
chia wife of Sultan  
Mohideen of Vannarpon-  
nai West,

Deceased

Mohideen Kandu Abdul Jab-  
bar of Vannarponnai West  
Vs. Petitioner

1. Sultan Mohideen Meera  
Mohideen of Kdroos  
Makam Lane, Vannarpon-  
nai West
2. Mohamed Meera Mohi-  
deen Mohamed Meera  
Lebbe of No. 8 Idroos  
Makam Lane, Vannarpon-  
nai West

Respondents

This matter coming on for  
disposal before P. Sri Skantha  
Rajah Esquire, District Judge,  
Jaffna on the 29th day of  
January 1960 in the presence  
of Messrs C. C. & S. Somasega-  
ram Proctors on the part of  
the petitioner and on reading  
the affidavit and petition of  
the petitioner and of witness  
and notary to the Last Will

It is ordered that the Last  
Will and Testament of the  
abovenamed deceased dated  
the 29th August 1950 and  
attested by M. Somasundaram  
Notary Public under No. 597  
be declared proved and probate  
thereof issued to the peti-  
tioner as the executor named  
in the said Last Will, and as  
the sole heir nominated by  
the said Last Will, unless the  
abovenamed respondents or  
any others interested appear  
before this court on or before  
the 7th day of March 1960  
and show sufficient cause to  
the satisfaction of this court  
to the contrary.

This 29th January 1960

Sgd. P. SriSkanthaRajah  
District Judge,

Drawn by  
C. C. & S. Somasegaram  
Proctors for Petitioner,  
(O. 212 19 & 26.)

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 745In the matter of the estate  
of the late Annammah  
widow of Sithambara-  
pillai Ellichamy Kumaras-  
wamy of Vannarpon-  
nai east

Deceased

1. Ramalingam Ramana-  
than and wife2. Navamany of Vannar-  
ponnai east

Vs. Petitioner

1. Kumarasamy Jegina-  
than of Vannarponnai  
east2. Balasaraswathy daught-  
er of Kumaraswamy of  
Vannarponnai east

Respondents

This matter coming on

for disposal before P. Sri  
Skandarajah Esquire Dis-  
trict Judge Jaffna on the  
26th day of January 1960  
in the presence of Messrs.  
Nadarajah, Sanmugana-  
than and Wijeyanathan  
Proctors on the part of  
the petitioners and the  
affidavit and petition of  
the petitioners having  
been read.

It is ordered that the  
2nd petitioner be declared  
entitled to have letters of  
Administration of the  
estate of the abovenamed  
deceased as her daughter  
and an heir and the same  
be issued to her accord-  
ing unless the said respon-  
dents or any other person  
or persons interested shall  
appear before this Court  
on or before the 7th day  
of March 1960 to show  
cause to the satisfaction of  
this Court to the contrary.

This 26th January 1960.

Sgd. P. SriSkandaRajah  
District Judge Jaffna

(O. 209. 19 &amp; 26).

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
POINT PEDROTestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 658In the matter of the Last will  
and Testament of the late  
Suppar Kasinathar Kana-  
pathipillai of Gampola.

Deceased.

Kanakathipillai Ratnasingham  
of 186, Ambagamawa Road,  
Gampola.

Petitioner

Vs.

Minor 1 Kamala Sarojini Dev  
daughter of Ratna-  
singham a minor,  
appearing by her  
Guardian Ad LitemG.A.L. 2 Velupillai Vatti-  
lingam of Theroam  
Thoddam Alway  
South, Alway3 Marimatta Anna-  
w dew of Kanapathi-  
pillai of Alway South.4 Kanapathipillai  
Rajaratnam of Alway  
South,5 Kanapathipillai Siva  
pragasam of Alway  
South, presently of  
49/5, Mirihale,  
Kegalle.

Respondents.

This matter coming on for  
disposal before N. Sivagnana-  
sundaram Esquire, District  
Judge Point Pedro on the  
26th day of January 1960 in  
the presence of Messrs. Salva-  
nathan, Rudrasingham &  
Makesan, proctors on the part  
of the petitioner and the  
affidavits of the petitioner,  
Notary and the attending  
witnesses to the Last Will and  
Testament having been read.

It is ordered that the  
abovenamed 2nd respondent  
be appointed Guardian Ad-  
Litem over the minor the 1st  
respondent and that the Last  
will and Testament of the

IN THE DISTRICT  
COURT OF VAVUNIYA  
HELD AT MULLAITIVUTestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 423In the matter of the intes-  
tate estate of the late  
Annamma wife of  
Gnanam Francis of  
Mullaithivu

Deceased

1. Gnanamuthu Philip  
piah and
2. wife Annamany both  
of Mullaithivu

Vs. Petitioners

1. Gnanam Francis
2. Francis Rasenthiram
3. Philomena wife of Sel-  
varatnam
4. Selvaratnam all of  
Manalkudieruppu Mul-  
lathivu

Respondents

This matter coming on  
for disposal before T. J.  
Rajaratnam, Esquire, Addi-  
tional District Judge, Mul-  
lathivu, on the 5th day  
of February, 1960, in the  
presence of Mr. P. N.  
Reginald, Proctor on the  
part of the petitioner  
abovenamed and the affida-  
vit of the petitioner above  
named dated the 2nd day  
of February, 1960, having  
been read.

It is ordered that the  
petitioner abovenamed be  
and she is hereby declared  
entitled as heir of the  
deceased abovenamed to  
have Letters of Adminis-  
tration to the estate of the  
abovenamed deceased is  
sued to her unless the  
Respondents abovenamed  
or any other person or  
persons interested shall on  
or before the 15th day of  
March 1960, show suffi-  
cient cause to the contrary.

This 5th day of February,  
1960.Sgd. T. Rajaratnam  
District Judge  
(O. 218 19 & 26)

abovenamed deceased dated  
the 8th day of December 1957  
and attested by S. Kanaga-  
sabi, Notary Public under  
No. 1544 and now deposited  
in this court be declared  
proved and that probate be  
issued to the petitioner as the  
executor named therein unless  
the respondents or others  
interested shall appear before  
this court on or before  
the 4th day of March 1960 and  
show sufficient cause to the  
contrary.

It is further ordered that the  
2nd respondent do produce the  
minor the 1st respondent in  
court on the said date.

This 29th day of January 1960.

Sgd. N. Sivagnanasundaram  
District Judge Point Pedro

Drawn by  
Sgd. Selvarajah Rudrasingham  
& Makesan  
Proctors for petitioner  
(O. 210 19 & 26)

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செவகமன்சன் மலிகா சேவகர் மலிகா செவகமன்சன்.

Printed and Published by Ayampillai Sinnasrami, residing  
at 209 Navalar Road, Jaffna, for and on behalf of the Pro-  
prietors, the Saiva Peripalantha Sabha, Jaffna, at their  
Press, the Saiva Prakasa Press, 450/11, H. S. Road Vannar-  
ponnai, Jaffna, on Friday, February 26, 1960.

Editor: R. N. SIVAPRANESAM.