

For Your Printing

SAIVA  
PRAKASA  
PRESS

# THE Hindu Organ

[The Only Newspaper in Ceylon for the Hindus]  
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

PHONE No. 356

FOR YOUR  
BOOKSCONTACT  
Saiva Prakasa  
Book Depot

Estd. Sept. 11, 1889.]

[PRICE 10 CENTS]

VOL. LXXI

JAFFNA, FRIDAY MARCH 4, 1960

NO. 48

## UNIVERSITY EDUCATION POWER POLITICS

### Views Expressed By Commission In India

(These views expressed by the University Grants Commission of India are reproduced from the "Madras Hindu" with a view to enabling our readers analyse the University Question in this country in this context).

The University Grants Commission has expressed itself in favour of restricting university education by and large, to those who, by any acceptable test, have the necessary aptitude and from among whom the nation may draw for filling various professions and services requiring persons with higher education.

The Commission states that it still adheres to the view that the changeover from English to an Indian language should be carefully prepared for and should be made only gradually having regard primarily to the effectiveness of teaching and learning. The difficulty in the switch over is about careful preparation which left to its natural course seems to proceed very slowly. The Commission proposes to have the whole question examined thoroughly by a working group in the near future.

The Commission emphasises that the medium of instruction is an academic and not a political question and that any change that might be considered necessary should be introduced only after reaching full accord on the matter with the universities.

In its report for 1958-59, presented to the Rajya Sabha by the Education Minister, Dr. K. L. Shrinani, the Commission has dealt at length with the problem of the growing demand for university education in the country, and said that it could be met by means of the establishment of new colleges, each reasonably well-equipped and well-supported for looking after a restricted number of students.

The University should not be treated as though

it were some kind of a waiting room in which young men and women collect before entering upon a wage-earning career," the report said.

Estimating the university population in India in 1959-60 at 900,000 students, the report said the number had been increasing at the rate of over 50,000 per annum for the last few years, and if that rate of increase was maintained, very soon the million mark would be reached. It was, therefore, necessary, the report added, to determine the principles on which admissions were made into a university so that unnecessary wastage of national resources and of the time and energy of students and teachers might be avoided as far as practicable.

The progress that was made in giving university education of the best type to persons competent to benefit by the instruction imparted to them in the fields of higher scientific knowledge and in the humanities and social sciences, the report said, would ultimately determine the character of India's democracy and the standard of her national development.

According to the report, there were 39 universities in India in 1958-59, including the four that were established in that year. Following the framing of regulations to bring colleges within the Commission's purview as part of the universities, 718 colleges were eligible for grants from the Commission. Of them, 267 were covered by the scheme for upgrading the salaries of teachers towards which the Commission had

contributed about Rs. 17 lakhs.

The report pointed out that two of the four new universities established during the year, a Sanskrit University at Varanasi and the University of Music and Fine Arts at Khairagarh (M. P.) did not conform to the pattern of universities that the Commission had accepted. The Commission's experience had been that it was not consulted, or consulted in a perfunctory way so that it could not give its advice properly about the opening of new universities.

The Report points out that in the foreseeable future, we shall have to continue to depend upon the teaching and affiliating type of university for carrying on university education. While a unitary residential type of university may be the ideal, it is more expensive. Further, unitary universities cease to be academically satisfactory or administratively manageable when their student numbers increase appreciably beyond 5,000. Recent experience has shown, says the Report, that some of the most difficult instances of student indiscipline have occurred in the unitary universities in the country. The Commission urges that it should be seen to it that the numbers in the existing unitary universities are limited and high standards insisted on in admitting students.

The Report says that as the problems of administration and conduct of examinations increase with the increasing number of students in affiliated colleges, it might become necessary to break up an affiliated university into two or more manageable universities. This is the manner, says the Commission, in which it envisages the growth of universities in India in the immediate future.

The Commission feels that there should be the widest possible consultation and careful examina-

(Continued on page 5)

### AMERICAN AID TO OTHER COUNTRIES

BY COL. J. J. SUSTAR

Mr. Khrushchev, just before he left India, made another of his speeches. This time he strongly criticized the United States for sending the surplus wheat to India as part of the American "Foreign Aid Program." The Soviet Premier stated emphatically that the only real aid to the developing countries is that granted in the industrial spheres, the one Moscow has been offering...

Premier Khrushchev's statement not only deserves but needs some explanation. — What were his motivations for condemning the American "food-aid" going to the needy Indian people right now? — What were his reasons for stressing the benefits of the Soviet "industrial-assistance" promised for the future?

Here are some explanations: The U. S. S. R. cannot offer any help in the food category simply because Soviet agriculture does not produce presently enough even for domestic consumption. Definitely Moscow has not a substantial surplus that could be given or sold to other countries. So in this field the Kremlin cannot compete with the United States, and that's why American "surplus wheat" to India is "no good" or, at least, not considered as useful.

On the other hand, the Soviet Union has to keep her industry running. The Kremlin plans the production and the U. S. S. R. has to produce despite the fact that the Soviet people may have no direct need for the items in question. Consequently, Moscow must find markets, or rather she must have "outlets" for her industry. They were found in the needy, developing countries.

Both above reasons (or explanations) are purely of an economic nature, but they have strong political implications.

Many of the nations, whom the U. S. S. R. is helping, have a high percentage of illiteracy. And the very moment such little-educated, under nourished hungry people are placed into the new, Soviet-provided factories, they will start discussions on the existing working conditions; will think about wages and criticize the management; get involved in the labor movement (organized and led by some members of the Soviet "industrial and training missions"), and so on.... Simply, those nations will receive their first, but thorough and oppressive political indoctrination. They will be moulded into a mass that might become very fertile soil for the seed of communist ideology. This kind of "political education" of the people who lack the basic, general schooling, is nothing new. It was done before by some other powers, but without any intentions to communize or proletarianize the workers, especially during the last war with the introduction of the war industries in the respective areas.)

Nevertheless the naked fact is that people any people—must eat first. Then they should be educated, and only after this is done can they successfully develop industry which, in their eyes, is a mighty symbol of national well being and a high standard of living. But, the Soviet Union's care may testify to the contrary: The U. S. S. R. seems to be over-industrialized, with agriculture lagging behind; the Soviet people do not starve but cannot have all they need and could use.

Mr. Khrushchev admitted the deficiency of his food production on many occasions. Yet, he would not admit that American food for India is a real aid....





சென்னை நகரம்.

தமிழ்நாட்டில் இராமன் உலகமும்  
கய்ச்சியவையே நான் நினைக்கிறேன்  
தமிழ்நாட்டில் நான் நினைக்கிறேன்  
தமிழ்நாட்டில் நான் நினைக்கிறேன்

சென்னை நகரம்.

## Hindu Organ

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1960

Treasure These Thoughts:

Let every hit and knock  
that you receive in life be a  
direct incentive for turning  
your thoughts to God.

### PROTECTION OR PROVOCATION!

THE Nineteenth of March, the day fixed for the national liberation of this country from the after-effects of the intriguing events of the recent past, is within sight of the voters. But strangely enough, the electors also see the dark clouds that are being artificially projected to overspread the election-sky.

Apart from the state of tension that has been brought into existence by professional rumour-mongers, the activities of the Caretaker Government and the explanation for such steps have created serious misgivings in the mind of the common man. The direct reference to alleged subversive attempts to bring about pre-election clashes and the implied warning about racial and religious rifts clearly indicate the manner in which emotion and sentiment are being worked up to a degree of illwill that will be just enough to ignite the dynamite stick of disruption. We refer to the alleged circulation of inflammatory leaflets among priests and also to the reported news that three suspects have been detained in custody in this connection.

It looks as if circumstances are vying with one another in a desperate bid to combine in conspiracy against nature. Vengeful floods, out of season, have added to the confusion. More frightful is the Internal Security Scheme which from the very inception has been daily

increasing and extending its scope and significance on an *Emergency Level*. Propagation of such measures cannot be consistent with any properly constituted Government. No Caretaker Government can dare to initiate any scheme that is clearly inconsistent with the principles of dignified and orderly government. The General Election of 1960 has a vital significance in the re-shaping of the country's affairs. It is not a series of local contests for political power. In reality it is the country's challenge to forces of disruption and deception. This has become inevitable in view of the calamity that had been inflicted on the nation by scheming and self-serving leaders.

### J. P. FETED

A reception was held on 20.2.60, in the Jaffna College Quadrangle in honour of Mr. M. Kathiravelu, Proctor, Vaddukoddai, who was recently appointed Justice of the Peace, by the residents of the area. There was a Garden Party and a Public Meeting Mr. & Mrs. Kathiravelu were taken to the venue of the public meeting in procession with the accompaniment of music. Quite a large number of friends and residents of the area attended the function. The public meeting was presided over by Mr. P. Sriskandharajah District Judge of Jaffna and glowing tributes were made to Mr. Kathiravelu by Messrs S. R. Kanagayagam, Advocate, K. A. Selliah, Principal, Jaffna College, N. Ehamparam, Proctor and S. Sivagurunatha, Pillai, Principal, Hindu College, Vaddukoddai. Mr. Kathiravelu thanked all concerned for the honour done to him by getting up such a splendid function.

### NEW J. P.

Mr. P. R. Rajendra, Proctor S. C. and Notary Public of Uduvil has been appointed a Justice of the Peace for the Judicial District of Jaffna.

## SWAMI VIVEKANANDA

BY A CEYLON TAMIL

The sun has reached its southernmost point plunging the northern hemisphere into the cold wintry night of the gods and it was midnight in the arctic regions, when the great Sarada Devi the blessed spouse of Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa was born. This sun was now turning back in its northward track or Uttarayana and had entered the sign of capricorn when in the first month of Uttarayana was born Narendra Nath the future Vivekananda the chief disciple of Sri Ramakrishna. When one watched the heavens at dawn on 21st and 2nd January 1960, one was struck by the magnificence of two of the brightest objects (planets) adorning the Eastern horizon by being close to each other. The more bright one was Venus showering his silvery white rays and the other was Jupiter giving out his golden yellow rays. Venus stands for beauty, aesthetics, progress and intellectual pursuits and Jupiter stands for self control, tapas (penance). Conservative and orthodox and religious and spiritual wealth. By a strange coincidence, the Birthday of Swamy Vivekananda falls due when these strange phenomena occur in the heavens as the Swamy's ideals were rooted in the Vedic way of life and yet adopted to modern progressive ideas. If Jupiter stood for Eastern orthodoxy Venus stood for Western scientific progress and he combined both with rare discrimination (Viveka). In the history of Vedic Faith three names stand out preeminently, Vyasa, Sankara and Vivekananda each having sat at the feet of spiritual giants who by precept and practice showed the world what Veda and Vedanta are and adwaita too. The Swamy was not only concerned with souls of the people but also with their life and well

(Continued on page 5)

### Astrological

## WEEKLY FORECASTS

'SRI PATHY'

FROM 6-3-60 TO 12-3-60

**ARIES** Aswini, Barani, Kartikai 1st part [Medha Rasi]

A favourable week. You will be able to gain much from your old investments. Friends will be very helpful. Go ahead with your plans. But beware of fathers' relatives.

**TAURUS** Kartikai 2, 3, 4, Rohini, Mirugasirisha 1, 2 [Idapa Rasi]

There will no peace of mind. You will have to work for your success. New ventures will be delayed. Quarrels with relatives and misunderstandings with friends likely.

**GEMINI** Mirugasirisha 3, 4, Thiruvathirai, Punarpusam 1, 2, 3 [Mithuna Rasi]

A favourable week again. Your financial position should improve. New ventures will be successful. Fame and ruin to enemies also shown. But minor domestic upsets likely.

**CANCER** Punarpoosa 4, Poosa, Ayilya [Kataka Rasi]

Domestic affairs will be in a muddle this week. Conditions in your working place also does not appear favourable. There will be some obstacles thrown in your way. But you will be able to steer clear of them.

**LEO** Maha, Poora, Uttira 1, [Singha Rasi]

Financially a good week. You will be able to succeed in new undertakings without much efforts. But all is not well on the domestic side. Mental worries and minor health upsets shown.

**VIRGO** Uttira 2, 3, 4, Attai Chittirai 1, 2 [Kanni Rasi]

Some improvements in your personal affairs promised this week. You will be able to triumph over your enemies. Financially a fairly favourable week.

**LIBRA** Chittirai 3, 4, Swati, Visaka 1, 2, 3, [Thula Rasi]

A good week for finances. Professional success also promised. But there will be no peace of mind. Work will be heavier. Minor health upsets also shown. Sunday morning must be spent with care.

**SCORPION** Visaka 4, Anusha, Kettai [Vrischika Rasi]

A good week for finances. Old investments will bring in good results. But some clashes with relatives likely. You may have to part with someone dear and near to you. Spend Sunday, Monday and Tuesday morning with care.

**SAGITTARIUS** Moolam, Pooradam, Uttiradam 1, [Thamara Rasi]

Things will be in a muddle this week. Your personal problems will remain unsolved. But friends will be very helpful. Gains through lands and landed properties promised. Tuesday afternoon Wednesday and Thursday must be spent with care.

**CAPRICORNUS** Uttiradam 2, 3, 4, Thiruvonam, Avittam 1, 2, [Makara Rasi]

Some improvements in your personal as well as financial conditions promised this week. But there is no peace of mind. Work will be heavy and the reward will not be sufficient. Spend the last two days with care.

**AQUARIUS** Avittam 3, 4, Satayam, Pooraddati 1, 2, 3 [Kumbha Rasi]

Except for minor health upsets this week promises to be favourable. Financial gain and social success promised. Ruin to enemies shown.

**PISCES** Pooraddati 4, Uttiraddati, Revati, [Meena Rasi]

You will have to work hard for your success this week. Health will not be very satisfactory. Eye troubles shown. Domestic affairs also will be in a mess.



# THE SAIVA MARRIAGE

BY SOURI RAYAN

In Sanskrit Literature we come across eight main forms of marriage from Brama to Paisasa. But in Tamil literature we find two types of marriage: one in which the parents' relations and friends arrange a marriage to an eligible young man and a maiden of their choice in conformity with the customs, manners and usages of the community. In the other type a young girl and boy fall in love with each other and on the people coming to know their secret, they arrange to have them married. Often the girl's female friend acts as the messenger to the boy. In rare cases the parties succumb to the temptation to elope together. The aim of all forms of marriage is to found a home beget, children and bring them up as good citizens of the land. Religion prescribes the way of life and guides us in the fourfold path of Dharma, Artha, Kama and Moksha. Marriage concerns physical, mental, moral and spiritual life of the contracting parties and is an important sacrament for the Saivas. The ideal marriage prescribed by Saivism is that of a pure virgin girl who has never tasted sex in thought, word or deed of a young true Bramachari of unquestionable celibacy. In this type of marriage innocent celibacy is replaced by enlightened chastity in the young couple whose fidelity to each other is the foundation on which they build a home of their own where their children shed their divine love. Love, pure and holy is the driving force behind this home so sacred and worthy of reverence. The Home to which every Saivaites aspires to go is Sri Kailas the abode of Parvathi-Parameshwara our divine parents. There is no place for lust in Sri Kailas as Kama found to his cost when he attempted to instill into Siva the same feelings that he does into all living beings of flesh and Kama was burnt to ashes by the mere look of Siva. Yet in response to the austere penances of Parvathi Siva conferred the great boon of sacred marriage on Her and celebrated this sacrament on the Uthiram of பஞ்சுனி month in the presence of the Gods, Rishis Siddhas etc. The anniversary of this sacred marriage is celebrated in all Temples dedicated to Siva on பஞ்சுனி உத்திரம். When the Sun would have entered the Northern hemisphere where the spring

season will be just beginning in Kama who was burnt was resurrected on the full moon day of the same moon. In Saiva marriage man and woman though each has a separate body yet becomes one in mind and spirit. So that when one thinks the other acts spontaneously. When one departs from the world the other accompanies as if only one person has lived. This is real "Su'tee" in which when the husband's heart ceases to beat, the wife's too does the same. Other forms of forced 'Sattee' are mere suicides which receive no religious sanction. The vow of monogamy and the fidelity of our spouse to another promotes mutual love. Pathiviradam gives rise to Pathignanam the highest form of devotion to God. This may be called the path of Heaven through love and gives one an insight into the inseparable union of Siva and Sakthi and ultimate Reality. Saiva marriage inculcates chastity fidelity, devoted love and Peace. The gods were blessed by the Uma-maheswara. Dharsana granted to them at Amaranath in Kashi 400 miles from Sri Nagar when the full moon occurred in Pisces. The shrine in an ice-bound cave houses a Lingam which being on underground level on new moon day grows to roof level in full moon day and come down to ground level in the following new moon. This reminds us of the progress of Chandra Kala on our bodies from the foot on new moon day to the head on full moon day and its descent to the foot again on new moon day. Every year a festival is held and the Amara Katha purana is read there for the benefit of the pilgrims who come there in their thousands and a pair of white doves, a male and a female, always come there to listen to the purana being read. These doves are said to represent Siva and Uma, love for each other. Doves are good examples of devoted love and are strictly monogamous one refusing to live when the other dies and are the symbols of love. Thus in Saiva marriage the ideal placed before us is chastity, monogamy, devotion, love and neutral affection and indication being leading to perfect holy love that will confer heaven. Lust adultery and debauchery have no place in a Saiva Home.

## SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY

JAFFNA

Established by

The Engineering & Industrial Company Limited.

Courses covering 4 terms of 52 weeks commencing on January 18, 1960

in

- Electrical Engineering (City & Guilds Examination). Action is being taken to have the School recognised as suitable for preparation of students for the Part I Examination of the Institute of Electrical Engineers (Eng)
- Radio Service Work (City & Guilds Examination)
- Surveying and Levelling (Surveyor General's Licence Examination)
- Course for Draughtsmen for the School Certificate and the Surveyor General's Examination for Authorised Draughtsmen.
- B. Sc. (Econ) — First Year — G. C. E. Advance Level Economics — 3 terms. (University of London Examination).

Applications from students who have followed the S. S. C. or equivalent course may be considered.

Hostel accommodation available.

For Forms, Handbooks and other particulars, apply to:

Victor J. Rasaiah  
Principal.

"The Citadel",  
Chundikuli, JAFFNA.

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
OF JAFFNA

No Testy 749

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Lily Sugirtharatnam Selvadurai of Manipay, Jaffna.

Deceased.

R. R. Selvadurai of No. 47 Barnes Place, Colombo.

Petitioner.

vs

Godwin Ethirweerasingham Selvadurai of Wardroom, Royal Ceylon Navy, Trincomalee.

1 Keerthisingham Chitaranjan  
2 Selvadurai of No. 47 Barnes Place, Colombo.

3 Indaranjan Lankatileka Selvadurai of 47 Barnes Place, Colombo.

Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah, Esquire, District Judge of Jaffna, on the First day of February 1960 in the presence of Mr. V. Navaratna Rajah, Proctor, on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 28th January 1960 having been read.

It is Ordered and declared that the petitioner as the husband of the deceased is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the deceased, unless the respondents shall on or before the Seventh day of March 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 1st day of February 1960  
Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah  
District Judge, Jaffna.

Drawn by  
Sgd V. Navaratna Rajah  
Proctor for Petitioner.  
(O. 221 26 & 4)

of No. 1 Market, Nuwara Eliya

8. Vethavanam wife of Sinnappu Kandiah and her husband

9. Sinnappu Kandiah of Chulipuram

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire District Judge of Jaffna on the 22nd day of January 1960 in the presence of Mr. V. Navaratna Rajah, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 22nd day of January 1960 having been read.

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled as the eldest brother of the deceased above-named to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased issued to her accordingly unless the respondents above-named or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 7th day of March 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 22nd day of January 1960  
Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah  
District Judge, Jaffna

Drawn by  
Sgd. V. Navaratna Rajah  
Proctor for Petitioner  
(O 224 4 & 11)

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT  
OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 760 T

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of the Late Puvaneswari wife of Ramasamy Chetty Gopalasamy.

Deceased.

Ramasamy Chetty Gopalasamy of No. 36, Yarl Road, Jaffna.

Petitioner.

Vs

1 Gopalasamy Yoganathan of No. 36, Yarl Road, Jaffna, a minor appearing by his Guardian-ad litem.

2 Ponniah Salliah of No. 36, Yarl Road, Jaffna.

Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah, Esq. District Judge of Jaffna on the 16th day of February 1960 in the presence of Mr. N. Rasanayagam, Proctor on the part of the petitioner above-named and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the 16th day of February 1960 having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled as widower of the above-named deceased to have Letters of Administration to the above estate issued to him accordingly unless the Respondents above-named or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 21st day of March 1960 show sufficient cause to

the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the 2nd Respondent be and he is hereby appointed Guardian-ad-litem of the minor the 1st Respondent to represent him for all the purposes of this action unless the Respondents above-named or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 21st day of March 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 16th day of February 1960

Sgd P. Sri Skandarajah.  
District Judge.

(O 223 4 & 11)

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNA

No. Testy 743

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Valliammai widow of Saravananmattu of Chulipuram

Deceased

Murugesu Nagalingam of Chulipuram

vs Petitioner

- Kathirasipillai widow of Murugesu of Chulipuram
- Pathhini wife of Nalliah and her husband
- Sinnappu Nalliah both of Chulipuram
- Parupatham wife of Nalliah Subramaniam and
- her husband Nalliah Subramaniam
- Pooranam widow of Nadarajah all of do
- Kathiravelu Nadarajah of do presently of do presently



## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT  
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 750In the matter of the es-  
tate of the late Ampala-  
vanar Nagaratnam of  
Vaddukodai East  
DeceasedChellammah widow of  
Ampalavanar Nagarat-  
nam of Vaddukodai  
East  
Petitioner  
VsMinor 1. Nagaratnam  
Ratnavel of do  
2. Sinnathurai  
Thangarajah of  
do  
Respondents

This matter of the peti-  
tion of the above-named  
petitioner coming on for  
disposal before P. Sri  
Skanda Rajah, Esqr. Dis-  
trict Judge, Jaffna on the  
5th day of February 1960  
in the presence of Mr. V.  
Nagalingam, Proctor for  
petitioner and the affida-  
vit and petition of the  
petitioner having been read;  
it is ordered that the  
2nd respondent be appoint-  
ed guardian-ad-litem over  
the minor the 1st respon-  
dent and the petitioner be  
declared entitled to have  
letters of administration  
of the estate of the de-  
ceased issued to her un-  
less the said respondents  
or anyone else shall appear  
before this court on the 7th  
day of March 1960 and  
show cause to the satisfac-  
tion of the court to the  
contrary.

This 5th day of Febru-  
ary 1960Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah  
District Judge  
(O 219 28 & 4)

## NOTICE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT  
OF JAFFNA

No. P/320

Sinnammah widow of  
Solomon Thambimuttu  
of No. 7, Colombogam  
Road, Jaffna.Plaintiff.  
Vs1. Dr. S. Kanapathipillai  
of Ipoh, Malaya  
2. Pavalaratnam wife of  
K. S. Ponnudurai and  
3. K. S. Ponnudurai both  
of Batticaloa  
4. Vythilingam Rama-  
samy of Valvettiturai  
5. The Agent, Mercantile  
Bank, Jaffna.  
Defendants.It is hereby notified  
that action No. P/320

## NOTICE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNA

No. P/382

Suppiah Kathirgama-  
thamby of Vannar-  
ponnai West  
Plaintiff

Vs.

Dead. 1. Suppiah Naga-  
lingam of K. K. S.  
Road, Vannarponnai  
west, Jaffna.2. Vythilingam Chelliah  
of do.3. M. K. M. Veluppillai &  
Co. alias Muna Kavana  
Navanna of Kurune-  
gala.4. Arumugam Sivasampu  
of Vannarponnai west.5. Thangamuttu widow of  
C. Sanmugam of Vila-  
nai, Karainagar6. C. S. Kanagaratnam  
of do.7. Nageswary Nagalingam  
widow of Suppiah  
Nagalingam of do as  
Legal representative of  
the estate of the late  
1st defendant  
Defendants.

It is hereby notified  
that action No. P/382 has  
been instituted in the  
District Court of Jaffna  
under the partition act  
No. 16 of 1951 for the  
partition/sale of the  
land/lands called Mu-  
laikkaddaiyady and Para-  
yady in extent 9 Lms.  
V. C and 6, 1/4th kullies  
situated at Vannarponnai  
South West in the Dis-  
trict of Jaffna

The defendants in the  
aforesaid action are  
summoned to appear in  
Court on the 22nd day of  
March 1960 at 10 O'clock  
of the forenoon.

This 25th day of February  
1960By order of Court,  
Sgd. P. Balasubramaniam  
Chief Clerk  
(M. 214. 4)

has been instituted in  
the District Court of  
Jaffna under the Parti-  
tion Act No. 16 of 1951  
for the partition of the  
land called 'Kailaya-  
palam-Thoppavalavu' and  
situated at Chundikuli in  
the parish of Chundikuli  
in the Division and  
District of Jaffna, Nor-  
thern Province.

The defendants in the  
aforesaid action were  
summoned to appear in  
Court on the 12th day of  
May 1959 at 10 O'clock  
of the forenoon

This 24th day of March,  
1959.  
28By Order of Court  
Sgd. P. Balasubramaniam  
Clerk of Court

(M 215 4)

## BASEL MISSION FORT BRAND

## DOUBLE GROOVED ROOFING TILES

BETTER THAN THE BEST

Unrivalled for strength and reliability.  
Absorbs the least quantity of water during  
heavy rains.

The design is such that any possibility of  
leakage during heavy rains has been ex-  
cluded.

Ask the numerous users of these Tiles for  
their opinion.

Best is the cheapest in the long run.

**WILLIAM MATHER & SONS,**  
Sole Agents,  
Jaffna.

(F.190 15-1 — 15-4)

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT  
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 753 TIn the matter of the intes-  
tate estate of the late  
Kathiresu Karthigesu  
of Kopay North, Kop-  
pay  
DeceasedKarthigesu Ponnampalam  
of Kopay North, Kopay  
Vs. Petitioner

1. Karthigesu Thiruna-  
vakkarasu, Department  
of Agriculture, Kuala  
Lumpur, Malaya  
2. Karthigesu Nadarajah  
of Kopay North, Kopay  
3. Karthigesu Kanapathi  
pillai, Bacteriological  
Department, College of  
Medicine, Singapore  
4. Karthigesu Sinnathu-  
rai, Registrar General's  
Office, Colombo.  
Respondents

This matter coming on  
for disposal before P. Sri  
Skanda Rajah, Esquire,  
District Judge, Jaffna on  
the 8th day of February,  
1960 in the presence of Mr.  
S. Visuvalingam, Proctor  
on the part of the Peti-  
tioner and the affidavit of  
the abovenamed Petitioner  
having been read.

It is ordered that the  
Petitioner abovenamed be  
declared entitled to ad-  
minister the estate of the  
deceased abovenamed and  
that Letters of Ad-  
ministration to the estate  
of the abovenamed de-  
ceased be issued to him as  
his legal heir—unless the  
Respondents or other  
person or persons interest-  
ed shall on or before the  
16th day of May, 1960  
show sufficient cause to  
the satisfaction of this  
Court to the contrary.

This 8th day of Febru-  
ary, 1960.Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah  
District Judge, Jaffna.Drawn by  
Sgd. S. Visuvalingam  
Proctor for Petitioner.  
(O 220 4 & 11)

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT  
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 754In the matter of the Last Will  
and Testament of the Late  
George Selladurai Tissa-  
nayagam of Chundikully, Jaff-  
na.  
Deceased.Lily Rebecca Rasamalar widow  
of George Selladurai Tissa-  
nayagam of Chundikully.

Vs. Petitioner

1. Charles Rajaratnam  
Tissainayagam, Sup-  
erintending Engineer,  
Batticaloa.2. Martyn Jayaratnam  
Tissainayagam of In-  
formation Depart-  
ment, Colombo.3. Samuel Mahendra Vai-  
thianathan Tissaina-  
yagam of Colombo.4. Melvyn Balendra Je-  
ganathan Tissainaya-  
gam of do.Minor 5. George Chelvanathan  
Tissainayagam of  
Chundikully6. Victor Navaratnara-  
jah Selvaratnam of  
do  
Respondents.

This matter coming on  
for disposal before P. Sri  
Skanda Rajah, Esquire  
District Judge, Jaffna on  
the 9th day of February  
1960 in the presence of Mr. A.  
Anantha Kumaraswamy Pro-  
ctor on the part of the peti-  
tioner and on reading the affida-  
vit and petition of the peti-  
tioner and of the notary pub-  
lic and the witnesses to the  
Last Will.

It is ordered that the above-  
named 6th respondent be ap-  
pointed guardian-ad-litem  
over the minor the above-  
named 5th respondent and  
that the Last Will and Testa-  
ment of the abovenamed de-  
ceased dated the 8th day of  
August 1956 and attested by  
R. Ananthakumaraswamy No-  
tary Public under No. 369, be  
declared proved and pro-  
bate thereof issued to the  
petitioner as the ex-  
ecutrix named in the said Last  
Will, unless the abovenamed  
respondents or any other in-  
terested shall appear before  
this court on or before the

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 758In the matter of the Last Will  
and Testament of the late  
Kandiah Thiruchittampalam  
of Karainagar West  
DeceasedNagammah widow of Kandiah  
Thiruchittampalam of Karai-  
nagar West  
Petitioner

Vs

1. Thiruchittampalam  
Wigneswaran  
GAL 2. Thiruchittampalam  
Maheswaran and  
Minor 3. Kamaladevi daughter  
of Thiruchittampalam  
all of Karainagar  
West  
Respondents

This matter coming on for  
disposal before P. Sri Skanda  
Rajah Esqr. District Judge  
Jaffna on the 15th day of  
February 1960 in the presence  
of Mr. A. Kanagasabai Proctor  
on the part of the Petitioner  
and the affidavits of the Peti-  
tioner notary and witnesses  
having been read.

It is ordered that the Last  
Will and Testament made by  
the deceased on the 29th day  
of June 1959 and attested by  
K. S. Mahesa Sarma Notary  
Public under No. 13233 the  
original of which has been  
produced and is now depo-  
sited in this court be and the  
same is hereby declared proved  
and that the Petitioner is  
the Executrix named therein  
and she is hereby entitled to  
have Probate thereof as his  
legal widow and sole Legatee  
named in the said Will issued  
to her accordingly unless any  
other person or persons inter-  
ested shall appear on or before  
the 21st day of March 1960  
and show sufficient cause to  
the satisfaction of this court  
to the contrary.

It is further ordered that  
the 2nd Respondent be ap-  
pointed Guardian ad litem  
over the minor 3rd Respon-  
dent for the purpose of this  
case unless the said Respon-  
dents or any other person or  
persons interested shall appear  
before this court on or before  
the 21st day of March 1960  
show sufficient cause to the  
satisfaction of this court to  
the contrary.

The Petitioner do produce  
the said minor in court on the  
returnable day of this Order  
Nisi.

This 15th day of February 1960

Sgd. G. Tharabalingham  
District JudgeDrawn by  
Sgd. A. Kanagasabai  
Proctor for Petitioner  
(O 226 4 & 11)

14th day of March 1960 and  
show sufficient cause to the  
satisfaction of this Court to  
the contrary. It is further or-  
dered that the said minor 5th  
respondent should be pro-  
duced in court on the said  
date.

This 9th February 1960.

Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah  
District JudgeDrawn by  
Sgd. A. Anantha Kumaraswamy  
Proctor for Petitioner  
(O 227 4 & 11)



# University.....

(Continued from page 1)

tion of all aspects of the problems involved in the establishment of new colleges. The Commission states that several instances have been noticed of unplanned and hasty establishment of universities, largely as a result of improper or irrational pressures.

The Commission notes with satisfaction that some improvement has been brought about in a large majority of universities in the matter of giving higher scales of pay to teachers. Twenty State Universities had participated in a scheme for upgrading on a sharing basis, the salaries of their teachers.

Another national aspect of teachers' salaries says the Commission, is that the pay scales of teachers compare unfavourably with pay scales in other walks of life in which similar academic and intellectual qualifications are required. The point at which most men and women enter the university 'teachers' profession is that of the lecturer. The Commission states that the basic time scale of pay for Class I posts in the administrative services of the States and the Central Government.

The Commission observes in the Report that although adequate finance is important for the improvement of education there are qualitative improvements that can be brought about by university people themselves by a readjustment of attitudes and relationships. The profession of the teacher, states the Commission, still attracts some learned and conscientious men and women who find happiness in the vocation chosen by them and it is to be hoped that, in spite of any discouragement they may meet with, they would maintain the high ideals of scholarship and service.

Among the measures taken to benefit teachers were travel grants to science teachers and technicians to visit other institutions; travel grants to senior science teachers to attend international academic conferences; selection of university teachers for foreign studies; refresher courses for teachers and seminars for research workers.

The Commission points out that the problem of general behaviour of students continues to be a serious one. The Report states that the Commission has appointed a Committee to study the whole pro-

(Continued on page 6)

## Swami Vivekananda

(Continued from page 2)

being. His synthetic outlook was the result of his concern for his fellow humans. For him service to man was service to God as his master Ramakrishna had shown him the way and demonstrated that Jeeva was Shiva. He was a great Bramavadin who stood for Truth and God. He regarded all rituals and ceremonies as mere means and not the end of religion. For him moksha was a certainty and not mere speculations of hazy philosophy. His was a living reality that is sat-chit and ananda to which every human being was entitled as heir of spiritual heritage without discrimination. Hence in his system no one is lost for ever. He was not content with pure religious activities but was also a great nation builder. Indeed he may be regarded as one if not the chief architect of modern India and precursor of Mahatma Gandhi. He gave us an insight into our religion when we were bewildered by the impact of western education and culture. He showed us the value of Vedas, Agamas, Ithi-kasas and Puranas in their correct perspective and the attainment of Dharma, Arthra, Kama and Moksa by going through the stages of Bramacharya, Grahasta, Vanaprastha and Sannyasa in which life is one of dedicated service to the community. He emphasised one's obligations and responsibilities to one's society for its welfare. He is the great prophet of modern India and is worthy of veneration as a World Teacher.

## THE HINDU ORGAN & INTHUSATHANAM

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES

	(Post) Rs. cts.	(Delivery) Rs. cts.
English	9 00	6 00
Tamil	9 00	6 00
English & Tamil	13 00	10 00

### Outside Ceylon.

	Rs. cts.
English	10 50
Tamil	10 50
English & Tamil	15 00

Manager.

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

No. Testy 742

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Sinniah Nagalingam of Uduvil Deceased  
Amutham widow of Sinniah Nagalingam of Uduvil

Vs Petitioner

1. Nagalingam Seeva-

ratnam

2. Nagalingam Selva-

ratnam

Minor 3. Nagalingam Thambi-

thurai]

4. Rajeswary daughter of Thambithurai all of Uduvil—the 3rd and 4th named are minors appearing by their guardian-ad-litem 1st Respondent

5 Nagalingam Kandiah of Uduvil

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah, Esquire, District Judge of Jaffna on the 22nd day of January 1960 in the presence of Mr. V. Navaratna Rajah Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 19th day of January 1960 having been read.

It is ordered that the above named 1st respondent be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the minors the 3rd and 4th respondents and that the Last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased dated the 17th day of June 1958 and attested by V. Navaratna Rajah, Notary Public, under No. 6528 and now deposited in this Court be declared proved and that Probate be issued to the petitioner as the executor named in the said Will, unless the respondents abovenamed or others interested shall on or before 7th day of March 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the 1st respondent do produce the said minors in Court on the said date.

This 22nd day of January 1960

Sgd. P. Sri Skandarajah

District Judge.

Drawn by

Sgd. V. Navaratna Rajah

Proctor for Petitioner

(O 223 4 & 11)

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 759

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Mankayatkarasi wife of Arumugam Peram palam of Karainagar North.

Deceased

Arumugam Perampalam of

Karainagar North

Petitioner

Vs

Minor 1 Maheswari daughter of Arumugam Perampalam of Karainagar North

2 Sanmugam Kandiah and wife

G A L 3 Parimalam both of Do

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esqr District Judge Jaffna on the 16 day of February 1960 in the presence of Mr. A. Kanagasabai Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit and Petition of the Petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the abovenamed 3rd Respondent be appointed Guardian ad litem over the minor 1st Respondent for the purpose of watching her interests in this case and that the said Petitioner be declared entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased as her lawful husband and that Letters of Administration be issued to him accordingly, unless the said Respondents or any other person or persons interested shall appear before this court on the 21st day of March 1960 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the said Petitioner do produce the said minor in court on the said date.

This 16th day of February 1960

Sgd. C. Thanabalasingham

District Judge

Drawn by

Sgd. A. Kanagasabai

Proctor for Petitioner.

(O. 227 4 & 11)

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 763 T

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Kathiravelu Appaccuddy of Thavady Deceased.

Paruvathippillai widow of Appaccuddy of Thavady

Petitioner

Vs.

Minor 1. Appaccuddy Ilankai-

nesan of Thavady and

2. Nagalingam Thiagarajah of Manipay

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before C. Thanabalasingham Esquire, Addl. District Judge, Jaffna on the 19th day of February 1960 in the presence of Mr. S. Rajendran, Proctor for the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner having been read:-

It is ordered that the abovenamed 2nd Respondent be appointed Guardian-ad-litem over the minor 1st Respondent for the purpose of protecting his interest and of representing him in these Testamentary proceedings and that Letters of Administration be issued to that Petitioner as the law-

## Waste Product For Building Material

A British firm which produces building material from the waste product of solid-fuel power stations is to set up two new factories.

Messrs. Thermalite Ytong Limited which makes aerated concrete building blocks, estimate that when these developments take place more than 75,000 tons of pulverised fuel ash which power stations at present have difficulty in disposing of will be consumed each year.

One of the new factories will be at Manchester and the other in the Greater London area. When they come into operation next year it will be possible for the firm to double and redouble the output of blocs within a short period.

At present the two factories, belonging to the firm, one between Birmingham and Coventry and the other at Reading, are using a British formula developed in the laboratories of Messrs. John Laing and Sons, Limited, and adapted to mass production techniques evolved in the early 1950s at the pilot plant at Reading.

Since then, production of Thermalite lightweight-load-bearing building blocks, has been steadily expanded to meet the ever-increasing demand for efficient and economical means of thermal insulation. Prices have remained stable as rising costs of raw materials, labour and capital equipment have been more than absorbed by technical progress and increased productivity.

The material produced is less than half the weight of brickwork, thickness, or only 60 per cent of the weight of clinker concrete blocks. It is also stable during the early part of erection and when used as partitioning has adequate sound resistance. Although supply costs are higher than for bricks or clinker concrete blocks, savings are achieved in laying costs and jointing mortar.

The company is also developing reinforced aerated concrete units such as roofing and wall slabs

ful widow of the deceased unless the Respondents or any other persons appear before this Court on the 28th day of March 1960 and show sufficient cause to the contrary.

The 19th day of February 1960

Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah

District Judge

Drawn by

S. Rajendran

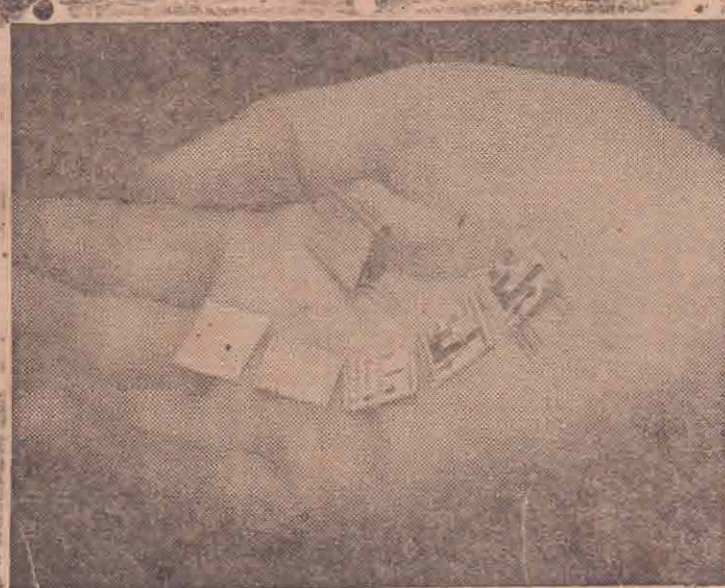
Proctor for Petitioner

(O. 228 4 & 11)



# MINIATURIZATION

Five scientists at the Diamond Ordnance Fuze Laboratory in Maryland were awarded \$25,000 recently for developing these photo circuitry electronic wafers which make it possible to pack five times more gear into satellites and missile nose cones. The wafers are produced by a photographic process which creates a pattern of circuitry and components on a plastic base. The image is then developed by exposure to a special light to complete the process. A series of these wafers can be stacked together to form a desired unit, or module. Illustrated are a number of separate wafers and a completed module.



## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
CHAVAKACHCHERI

Testamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 88

In the matter of the Last  
Will and Testament of  
the late Kathiri widow  
of Sinnayan of Maddu-  
vil North Deceased

Murugan Kanthiah of  
Madduvil North

Vs Petitioner

1. Sinnapodi Kandiah  
and wife

2. Theivanai

3. Vairavan Nadesan all  
of Madduvil North

Respondents

This matter coming on  
for determination before  
S. Thambydurai Esqr.  
District Judge, Chava-  
kachcheri on the 16th  
day of December 1959 in  
the presence of Mr. S. K.  
Thiravaniyagam Proctor  
on the part of the Peti-  
tioner and the affidavit  
and petition of the Peti-  
tioner and the Affidavit  
of the Notary who attest-  
ed the Last Will and the  
subscribing witnesses  
there to having been read.

It is ordered that the  
Last Will and Testament  
bearing No. 9514 dated  
9th day of December 1957  
attested by K. Thirai-  
singham Notary Public  
the original of which is  
now deposited in Court  
be and the same is hereby  
declared proved and that  
the Petitioner as the  
Executor and sole heir  
named in the said Last  
Will be and he is hereby  
declared entitled to pro-  
bate to the said Last  
Will unless the Respon-  
dents shall appear before  
this Court on or before  
the 8th day of February

## University Education

(Continued from page 5)

blem of indiscipline among  
the students and the steps  
to be taken for meeting  
student welfare. While  
it would not obviously be  
right to anticipate the  
recommendations of the  
Committee, say the Com-  
mission Members, they  
would appeal to politicians  
and to parents to assist  
the university authorities  
in maintaining the right  
atmosphere in the uni-  
versities.

The Commission recom-  
mends the establishment  
of a convention, as in  
U. K., by which the  
Government entrust to  
the Commission the whole  
responsibility of determin-  
ing the financial needs of  
universities without in-  
terference in matters of  
policy or in the detailed  
administration of univer-  
sity affairs. In order that  
the Commission may be  
truly responsible for co-  
ordination of standards of  
teaching and research in  
the universities, the Re-  
port says it is desirable  
that grants-in-aid should  
not be given by any of  
the Ministries of Govern-  
ment to any university  
directly and without  
consultation with the  
Commission.

1960 and show sufficient  
cause to the contrary.

The 16th day of Decem-  
ber 1959

Sgd

N. Sivagnanasundaram  
District Judge  
26-1-60

Drawn by

Sgd

S. K. Thiravaniyagam  
Proctor for Petitioner  
Extended and reissued  
for 8-3-60

Sgd N. S.

(O 229 4 & 11)

Giving the reasons for  
the need of such a conven-  
tion, the Commission says  
that it has been faced  
with two kinds of diffi-  
culties in carrying out  
its responsibility under  
the University Grants  
Commission Act. Firstly,  
either because of the uncer-  
tainty of some of the pro-  
visions or because of the  
restrictive nature of rules,  
there are technical and  
legal hindrances in the  
technical work. Secondly,  
there is uncertainty about  
the areas and extent of  
jurisdiction as between the  
Commission and the Mi-  
nistries of the Govern-  
ment of India. The first  
difficulty could be solved,  
says the Commission, by  
an amendment of the Act  
if necessary, while a solu-  
tion could be found to the  
second by some sort of an  
understanding.

The Report states that  
a Committee consisting of  
seven educationists, who  
have experience of the  
examination system in In-  
dia and abroad has been  
appointed to study the  
problem and to make re-  
commendations for the  
improvement of the sys-  
tem of evaluation in the  
universities. The final re-  
port of the Committee is to  
undertake a random sam-  
ple survey of the post-gra-  
duate examinations of cer-  
tain universities in order  
to ascertain universities in  
and compare their stan-  
dards.

The Commission points  
out that at present the  
system of grants in aid  
to affiliated colleges varies  
very widely. It is neces-  
sary, therefore for the  
State Governments to re-  
examine their grant-in-aid  
system and assist colleges  
more generously and on a  
uniform basis.

NOW AVAILABLE FOR SALE

## AN ELUCIDATION OF THE TIRUPPASURAM

WITH AN APPENDIX  
INDICATING THE SALIENT FEATURES OF  
THE SAIVA RELIGION

(BY A SCIENCE GRADUATE)

Useful for Students Appearing for  
G. C. E. EXAMINATION



Available at the

SAIVA PRAKASA PRESS, VANNARPONNAI.

Price Re 1/-

## THE JAFFNA MUTUAL BENEFIT FUND Ltd.

(Established 1918)

BANKERS

Authorised Capital Rs. 800,000.00  
Amount of Calls made Rs. 616,313.00

Shares 8000 shares of Rs. 100/- each 80 monthly  
instalments of Re. 1/- per share will earn  
Rs. 100/- for each at the end of the period.  
Shares issued all time

Current Accounts opened and interest allowed  
at 1% per annum on the average monthly  
balance when it does not fall below Rs. 500/-.

Fixed Deposits received for periods of 12 months  
and 36 months and interest allowed at 6%  
and 8% respectively.

Drafts issued on the National and Imperial Banks  
to Colombo and the Principal cities of India.  
Remittances to and from F. M. S. by special  
arrangements.

Loans on the security of Jewels a speciality.  
Part payments accepted.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS

APPLY TO:

S. KANAGASABAI,  
Shroff.

சான்றிதழ் வழங்கு பெயர் மலிகைக் கச்சமன்  
சோழநாதர் யாக சிவம் குறைவிட துயரம் வந்து  
சான்றிதழ் யாக சிவம் குறைவிட துயரம் வந்து  
மேன்மைகொள் வாக சிவம் குறைவிட துயரம் வந்து

Printed and Published by Ayampillai Sinnathurai, residing  
at 209 Navalar Road, Jaffna, for and on behalf of the Pro-  
prietors, the Saiva Paripalana Sabha, Jaffna, at their  
Press, the Saiva Prakasa Press, 459, K. K. S. Road Vannar-  
ponnai, Jaffna, on Friday, March 4, 1960.

Editor: R. N. SIVAPRAKASAM.