

For Your Printing

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JAFFNA, FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 18, 1959

NO 24

FOR YOUR
BOOKS

CONTACT

Saiva Prakasa
Book Depot

Jaffna Co-operative Stores Steady Business

Chairman's Statement

Mr. A. Arulambalam J. P. Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Jaffna Co-operative Stores Ltd. made the following comments on the Annual Report of the establishment.

During the year under review, conditions were not generally conducive to healthy trading. Political disturbances and the wave of the strikes that overtook both the government and mercantile sectors affected the all round trade of the country. Shortage of goods coupled with transport difficulties made the position worse in Jaffna than in Colombo. Worse than the strikes, was the chaotic situation which prevailed in the port of Colombo subsequent to the nationalisation. Theft and pilferage in the port was so much on the increase that the company had to restrict the import of goods. Apart from theft and pilferage, there was reluctance on the part of the shipping companies to bring goods to Ceylon which resulted in delay in the arrival of goods ordered.

Despite the above setbacks caused by external influences and the increase in expenditure in the working of the company, a net profit of Rs 91,372/27 had been made during the year under review. Though the level of our profits appear high enough to justify the declaration of a dividend, from the point of view of the existing liquid resources of the company, such an action is considered to be inadvisable. In this connection it has to be remembered that with the issue of bonus shares to the shareholders in the ratio of one to two, the number of shares has increased from 4,689 to 7,034 and dividends have to be provided on this new basis this year.

With the construction of our entire buildings including the Departmental Stores and show

rooms costing Rs. 5,80,846/ we have been left with a meagre working capital. Needless to be explained, this position reflects with the strengthening of our financial stability through the transformation of liquid resources into fixed assets. But for purpose of adequate turnover in trade we are left with insufficient funds.

One of the items of recurrent expenditure the company has to meet, is the payment of interest on overdraft. Unless we find means to liquidate early the loan raised from the bank, we shall have to continue to pay large interest charges.

In addition to the shortage of liquid resources, the payment of income tax has been causing a grave concern to your directors. The budget changes of 1958 brought forth a new tax structure which caused quite a lot of disturbance in trade circles. By the new crushing taxes the Government has crippled trade. It has squeezed out the penny from the private trade and enterprise and spent it on wasteful schemes of nationalisation. The nationalised Ceylon Transport Board and the Colombo Port (Cargo) Corporation have been a failure. There is much talk that the nationalisation project should be extended to other sectors. It will be folly on the part of the government to make further inroads into the private sector, especially in the field of trade, commerce and industry.

It is said that large profits are made by private trade and enterprise. But it must not be for-

Continued on page 5)

CHOOSING M. Ps IN U. K.

(By ERNEST ATKINSON)

One in ten of the Members of the present United Kingdom Parliament, of their own choice, will not come back to the next and some indeterminate number more, of the electors' choice, will be denied their return. How are those who will replace them chosen? What kind of men and women are they?

A very frank examination of these questions has been made by the British magazine, 'The Political Quarterly'. Writers acknowledging allegiance to each of the three political parties and who have all been candidates for Parliament were invited to discuss the selection of parliamentary candidates.

Some tabulated figures were produced to show the results of the processes in the different parties. And there was some editorial comment which, in its turn, has provoked comment elsewhere.

By May, 1959, there were 71 Conservative and 53 Labour candidates who had been selected to stand for constituencies where the sitting members are not putting up for re-election or where they face a hostile majority of 2,000 or less. The average age of these Conservatives is 42.1 years and of the Labour candidates 44.3 years.

Fifty-four Conservatives and 23 Labour candidates and 16 of the Conservatives have only had education of a high school type, nine Labour candidates and one Conservative have had only elementary schooling.

From an analysis of occupations it emerges that professional men (33, including 14 lawyers) and company directors and business men (27) form by far the largest groups among the 71 Conservative aspirants for Parliament. Among the 53 Labour Candidates there are 21 professional men (five

U. K. I. S. Library In Colombo

Further Addition Of Books

The following books have been added to The British Council—United Kingdom Information Services Library at 7 Prince Street Colombo.

Engineering—Brown, H B. and Bryant, A J, Engineering science, vol. II, Hockley, C H, Concrete practice; Pope, J A, editor), Metal fatigue; Newstead, G, General circuit theory; Swann, H W, Electrical safety; Amos, S W., Principles of transistor circuits; Bradley, E N, British transistor manual; Daly, J, and Greenfield, R A, Basic electronics; Eisler, P, The technology of printed circuits; Camm, F J A, beginner's guide to radio; Everitt, W L, Fundamentals of radio and electronics; Camm, F J, Practical wireless circuits; Clarke, A G, Voice across the sea; Morgan, T J, Practical television; Anyoner, S, Solution of problems in theory of machines; Gates, P, Jigs, tools and fixtures; Maxwell Cook, J C, Civil engineering contracts organisation; Morgan, W, and Williams, D T, Structural mechanical; Hammond, R, Introduction to dock and harbour engineering; Cooper, H R, Practical dredging; Escritt, L B, and Rich, S F, The work of the public health engineer; Wakefield G G, (editor) Aircraft electrical engineering.

Agriculture—Hayes, G, Farm organisation and lawyers); four company directors and businessmen; five clerical workers, nine trade union and party officials and seven manual workers. There is none of these among Conservatives.

Popular belief has long had it that in Britain the central party machine chooses candidates and the constituency party organisations have little say. It comes out quite clearly that that is not so.

The central offices have lists of likely candidates

(Continued on page 5)

management; Hine, H J, Machines on the farm; Akenhead, D, Horticulture in the British Commonwealth.

Arts and Recreation—Richards, J M, The functional tradition in early industrial buildings; Milne, J G, Sutherland, C H V, and Thompson, J D A, Coin collecting, Institute of Physics, The design of physics research laboratories; Sutherland, C H V, Art in coinage; Morton, P, The carver's companion; Seady, H A, British Imperial silver coinage; Museum of Decorative Arts, Century of elegance; Hulton, N, First steps in art appreciation; Carriek, E, Designing for films; Spottiswoode, R and N, Theory of stereoscopic transmission and its application; Cornwell-Clyne, A, Colour cinematography; Bombach, R H, (editor), Handbook of amateur cinematography; Manvell, R, and Huntley, J, Technique of film music; Gray F, Ballet beginners; Caple, S C, England v. India; Hawthorn, M, Champion year.

Literature—Forster, E M, Aspects of the novel; Woolf, V, The common reader, 1st. series and 2nd. series; Buckley, V, Poetry and morality; Sansom, C (compiler), The world of poetry; James, H, The sacred fount; Gustafson, R, (editor), Penguin book of Canadin verse; Dryden, J, Poems (4 vols.); Eliot, T S, Four quartets; Mac Neice, L, Eighty five poems; Rose, B W, and Jones, R S, (compilers), Modern lyrical verse; Bennett, J W, and others, Studies in the English Renaissance drama; Nicoll, A, History of English drama, 1660-1900, vols. 5, 6; Booth, B A, Anthony Trollope; Murry, J M, Katherine Mansfield; Guérard, A J, Conrad the novelist; Yohandan, J D, (editor), Treasury of Asian literature; Ramayana of Valmiki, 3 vols.



தமிழகம் தான் இந்தியாவின்
கொடி நாயகம். நான் நினைக்கிறேன்
தமிழகம் தான் இந்தியாவின்
கொடி நாயகம். நான் நினைக்கிறேன்
தமிழகம் தான் இந்தியாவின்
கொடி நாயகம்.

Hindu Organ

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1959

Treasure These Thoughts

*Surrender yourself to
God and take His Name
When you do thus, you
cannot but chant His Name
with all love and devotion.*

TAMILAKAM'S TELLING LOSS

Unmerciful Death in a sudden swoop has removed from Tamilakam's field of service an indefatigable worker and leader. The untimely and sad death of Mr. C. Vanniasingam, M. P. for Kopay, has brought a vigorous career to an abrupt end. At a time when Tamilakam is in need of sincere and earnest workers in her cause, an irreparable loss has been sustained.

The ardent love Mr. Vanniasingam had for his country and language was typical of Tamil culture. Long before he entered Parliament as a Representative of the people, Mr. Vanniasingam had unostentatiously contributed to the development of Tamil and the preservation of Tamil Culture. More than that he was a fervent Saiva devotee.

In Parliament Mr. Vanniasingam's contributions were impressive and weighty. He seldom missed an opportunity to press the claims of Tamilakam. Tamilakam owes to the departed leader a duty. It is not mere paying homage to his memory in words. The exemplary service he rendered to Tamilakam must be continued in the same ideal manner.

MOONSHINE!

Before a wondering world could finish expressing its astonishment at the hit of the year, Premier Khrushchev had almost suggested to runner-up America that when the Big Two gained exclusive possession of the Moon, talks for peace could begin. From the summit of the Earth to the surface

of the Moon, the change of venue for a conference on collaboration for ending the Cold War, seems certainly topical.

This spectacular contact of a Communist Country with a celestial body may mean that the war against religion, henceforward, will be fought in and around heavenly bodies. And therefore, it has become necessary for the U.S.A. to make an all-out attempt to outshadow the Hammer and Sickle by the Stars and Stripes.

The Moon, as aptly remarked by Premier Nehru, has survived the Russian onslaught and will remain unconcerned when the American attack is made. The surface of the Moon which is already covered with craters, seas, mountains, rills and rays will not mind accommodating some more life-less things such as emblems and pennants. Sensitiveness will be seen only when man is planted on earth's satellite—that arid, barren waste where life of any kind is impossible. The Hammer and Sickle may hang on to the Moon and welcome the Stars and Stripes but without any special significance to the human world.

The achievement of being the first in the race in the outer-space to reach the Moon certainly redounds to the credit of Russian scientists. But science, being common to all mankind, cannot be understood in the narrow vision of country or clime. Hence the triumph is for human effort and enterprise. And therefore all talk about the remedy for the ills of the world being discovered with the landing of Lunik II in the Moon is nothing but moonshine. The horrors of the power-hungry nations of the world are growing in volume and intensity. Accepted frontiers are being violated, sovereignty of smaller states is being threatened, political opposition is being put down by bloodbaths. Of what avail can the conquest of any celestial body be to a languishing world? America and Russia need not soar high in the outer space to find a formula for solving the problems of the world. Let them put their spectacular progress in scientific research to proper advantage by remaining in terra firma and resolving the problems that threaten humanity.

M. P. FOR KOPAY PASSES AWAY

SUDDEN END OF A PATRIOTIC CAREER

We deeply regret to record the sudden death of Mr. C. Vanniasingam M. F. He collapsed on his way to the Jaffna District Court. Feeling uncomfortable while he was driving his car to Courts, he called on Dr. S. A. Tharmalingam. Immediately he collapsed and became unconscious from which state he never recovered. Death occurred at 8-30 p. m. yesterday.



Mr. Vanniasingam was a founder member of the Federal Party and its second President. He entered Parliament as Member for Kopay in 1947 and ever since represented that constituency. A very ardent Party worker, he never missed any opportunity to propagate the views and program of the F. P. After obtaining the B. A. degree of the London University, he joined the Ceylon Law College and passed out as an Advocate. Before he entered Parliament, he had a very large practice as an Advocate. He was always in the forefront of the struggle for the fundamental rights of Tamilakam and untiringly worked for the cause of the Tamil speaking people.

The funeral takes place this evening the, cortege leaving Jaffna Town Hall at 5 p. m.

He leaves behind his widow Mrs. Komathy Vanniasingam, four daughters, Mr. C. Balasingam C. C. S. (brother) Mrs. Rajarajeswari M. A., Kokkuvil Hindu College, Mr. V Subramaniam, Assistant Labour Commissioner, Jaffna (brother-in-law) and Mrs. Puvaneshwari Subramaniam (sister) and a large number of relations and friends.

NOTICE

Wanted for the Co-operative Hospital, Moolai, unmarried male and female Pupil Nurses, minimum qualification—a pass in S. S. C. with a good knowledge of English. Age—not below 16 years and not over 25 years.

Good candidates will be selected for advanced training.

Applications with copies (not originals) of SCHOOL AND BIRTH CERTIFICATES and of two recent testimonials of character should reach the undersigned on or before 12 noon on Wednesday, 30th September, 1959.

Applications not made strictly in accordance with this notice will be rejected. Canvassing of any sort

The Engineering & Industrial Co. Limited

SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY JAFFNA

School opened on August 24.

Admission to First Year Courses will continue during First Term ending October 15.

Hostel accommodation available for outstation students.

V. J. RASIAH
Principal.

"The Citadel",
Jaffna.
(M. 112 18)

will be a disqualification.
R. K. ARULAMPALAM
Secretary.
Co-operative Hospital
Society Office,
Moolai, Chulipuram
14 September, 1959.
(S. 110. 18).

Letters to The Editor

(Continued from page 5)

them into their political organisations under youth groups as adjuncts to their major organisations. The recent decision of the Parliament to extend voting rights to those between the ages of 18 and 21 will take active politics into the University Class rooms and induce the students to organise themselves prematurely into partisan groups and imperil national unity.

In the present state of things, it is the supreme duty of Government to emulate the worthy lead given by the Government of India and organise the youth of the country on a non-partisan, non-sectarian and national level. The Government publications referred to earlier in this letter provide ample material and basis for an immediate set up in Ceylon. The present system of education has become overwhelmingly literary and academic and it is lacking in a moral and ethical tone except in some of the well organised denominational schools and colleges. It education trains the future citizen, it also determines the shape and character of future society. The pillars of the future society are the youth of the present day. They should be trained and guided on the proper lines. This task falls on the Government and it should do its duty to posterity.

Mahatma Gandhi wrote a book "India of my Dreams" a few days before his death. In a chapter entitled "A Call to Youth" he says

"My hope lies in the youth of the country. They should visualise God and seek His aid in keeping them away from temptations, for young men claiming to be the fathers of tomorrow should be the salt of the nation but if the salt loses its flavour wherewith shall it be salted"

The leader of the Indian delegation and the Chairman of the Seminar, Mr. K. G. Saiyidain, present Educational Adviser to the Government of India concluded his presidential address to the Seminar with the following words:

"The Youth has the urge and the enthusiasm to build the world anew; let us wisely try to recapture his loyalty for a fuller, richer and worthier ideal of which the Society is in urgent need today".

Yours etc,
K. Kanagaratnam,
Vaddukoddai,
15-9-59

Letters to the Editor

A National Council For Religious Education

Sir,

The need for a National Council for religious education is badly felt today. There is much confusion and contention regarding the place of religion in our system of education and its content. The role that religion can assume in the reconstruction of our society, that seems to have reached its lowest moral ebb, is not being understood by our educationists. During the past twenty years, all-enveloping and uncontrolled social forces have risen and threatened the very foundations of our civilization. Traditional values are abandoned and new ones are accepted without question. The entire philosophy of life have changed. Naturally this has

its reflection on the education of the country.

The catastrophic changes have been noticed and voices were raised demanding the inclusion of religion in the school curriculum. The Department of Education was persuaded to include religious knowledge as a subject for the S. S. C. examination. The subject became popular with the students as they found it easy to obtain a pass in it. The Government instructed the schools to pay more attention to the teaching of religion in the lower classes as well. But the schools find it difficult to grant even a nook for the subject in the already over-crowded time table.

(Continued on page 5)

ORDER NISI

In the District Court of Point Pedro

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 646

In the matter of intestate estate of the late Mangaiyagam wife of K. Ramalingam of Karanavai North

Deceased

Kandiah Ramalingam of Karanavai North

Vs

Minor 1. Senthimalar daughter of K. Ramalingam

2. Saravanamuttu Cumarasooriar Mailvagan Cumarasooriar both of Imayanam

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before S. N. Rajadurai Esquire Addl. District Judge Point Pedro on the 31st day of July 1959 in the presence of Mr. P. Kanapadhipillai Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the petition and affidavit of the petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the 2nd respondent be appointed guardian ad litem over the minor the 1st respondent and that the petitioner as husband of the deceased be declared entitled to take out letters of administration, and that letters of administration be issued to him accordingly unless the respondents shall appear before this court on or before the 2nd day of October 1959 and shew sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the 2nd respondent do produce the minor on the said date

This 31st day of July 1959

Sgd. S. ThambyDurai District Judge

(O 118 11 & 18)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 679

In the matter of the estate and effects of Saraswathipillai widow of Ponniah of Ariyalai, Jaffna.

Deceased.

Ponniah Casippillai of Jaffna

Vs

1. Ilayathamby Somasundaram of Ariyalai, Jaffna presently of Labriwatte, Hangomuwa, Ratnapura and wife
2. Annapillai of Ariyalai, Jaffna.

Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esquire, Addl. District Judge, Jaffna on the 17th day of August 1959 in the presence of Mr. S. C. Mahadeva Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the abovenamed Petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased as the son and sole heir to the estate of the abovenamed deceased unless the Respondents or any other person or persons shall on or before the 28th day of September 1959 show sufficient cause to this satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 17th day August 1959
Sgd. P. Sri SkandaRajah District Judge.

Drawn by,
Sgd: S. C. Mahadeva Proctor for Petitioner, (120 11 & 18)

Astrological

WEEKLY FORECASTS

'SRI PATHY'

FROM 20-9-59 TO 26-9-59

ARIES Aswini, Barani, Kartikai 1st part [Medha Rasi]

You will be able to steer clear of all obstacles this week. Ruin to enemies and triumph over competitors promised. But you will have no mental peace. Beware of your fathers relatives.

TAURUS Kartikai 2, 3, 4, Rohini, Mirugasirisha 1, 2 [Idapa Rasi]

Professionally a good week. Financial gains and social success promised. But there will be no peace of mind. Health too is likely to suffer. Abdominal complaints likely.

GEMINI Mirugasirisha 3, 4, Thiruvathirai, Punarvasu 1, 2, 3 [Mithuna Rasi]

Your brothers and sisters will be very helpful this week. But some clashes with distant relatives likely. Work will be heavier than usual but you will be sufficiently compensated.

CANCER Punarvasu 4, Poosa, Ayilya [Kataka Rasi]

A very favourable week. You will be able to have your own way in things. Gains through lands and landed properties also promised. Ruin to enemies shown.

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 677

In the matter of the estate of the late Rasammah wife of Murugesu Subramaniam of Karainagar East.

Deceased.

Murugesu Subramaniam of Karainagar East

Petitioner

Vs

Minor 1. Subramaniam Shanmugaratnam and
2. Murugesu Sinnakuddy both of Karainagar East

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esqr Acting District Judge Jaffna on the 10th day of August 1959 in the presence of Mr. A. Kanagasabai Proctor for Petitioner and the Petition and affidavit of the Petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the abovenamed 2nd Respondent be appointed Guardian ad litem over the minor 1st Respondent for the purpose of watching his interests in these administration proceedings, and that the Petitioner abovenamed be

LEO Maha, Pooru, Uttira 1, [Singha Rasi]

You will be quick to pick up quarrels this week. Things will be postponed unnecessarily. Health upsets also shown. Avoid arguments with friends.

VIRGO Uttira 2, 3, 4, Attha Chittirai 1, 2 [Kanni Rasi]

Health a problem You will find it difficult to come to any decision on important matters. Sunday and Monday the worst day of the lot.

LIBRA Chittirai 3, 4, Swati, Visaka 1, 2, 3, [Thula Rasi]

The first two days will be favourable for new deals. But Tuesday Wednesday and Thursday morning must be spent with care. Rest of the week will turn favourable again.

SCORPION Visaka 4, Anusha, Kettai [Vrischika Rasi]

The first half of the week will be favourable for new deals. Financial gains also promised. But Thursday evening Friday and Saturday will be troublesome.

SAGITTARIUS Moolam, Pooradam, Uttiradam 1. [Thannu Rasi]

Health a problem. You will have to be careful in all your deals. Work will be heavier than usual but you will not be sufficiently compensated.

CAPRICORNUS Uttiradam 2, 3, 4. Thiruvonam, Avittam 1, 2. [Makara Rasi]

Father's relatives will be on the war path this week. Expenses will soar. Friends will get you out of difficulties. Minor health upsets likely weekend.

AQUARIUS Avittam 3, 4, Satayam, Pooraddati 1, 2, 3 [Kumbha Rasi]

Misunderstandings in the domestic circle likely this week. Minor health upsets also possible. You will have no mental peace. But there is no indication of any trouble of a serious nature.

PISCES Pooraddati 4, Uttiraddati, Revati. [Meena Rasi]

Domestic affairs will be in a muddle this week. You will have to face some unwanted criticism. But professionally a good week.

and he is hereby declared entitled to have Letters of administration as husband of the deceased and that letters of administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be issued to him accordingly, unless the said Respondents or any other person or persons interested shall appear before this court on or before the 21st day of September 1959 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the said 2nd Respondent do produce the said minor in court on the said date.

This 10day of August 1959

Sgd P. Sri SkandaRajah District Judge

Drawn by
Sgd A. Kanagasabai Proctor for Petitioner. (O. 114 11 & 18)

NOTICE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF POINT PEDRO

Case No. 6336

K. Sangarapillai Rajendram of Puloly West

Plaintiff

Vs

1 Thilakavathyammah widow of Sivapathasun-(O 125, 18.)

daram of Point Pedro
2 Thamotheram Govindapillai of Do
3 wife Kanakampikai of Do
4 Ponnammah widow of Singaravelu of Puloly West

Defendants

To
The abovenamed defendants It is hereby notified that action No 6336 has been instituted in the District Court of Point Pedro under the partition act No 16 of 1951 for the partition/sale of the land called Nedungkulavelithenykadukadapaya in extent 26.1/2 Lms V. C. Of this the divided western half in extent 13.1/4 Lms V. C. and situated at Point Pedro Singapakubhevankuruchy and described in the copy/translation of the plaint annexed thereto The defendants in the aforesaid action are summoned to appear in court on the 19th day of August 1959 at 10 O'clock of the forenoon and to state whether you dispute the accuracy of the share or shares allotted in the plaint to you or to any other party and whether you are aware of any other person having a right share or interest to of or in the said land

This 1st day of July 1959

By order of court
Sgd N. Rajendran Chief clerk

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
CHAVAKACHCHERI

No. 81/Testy

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of the Late Kanthar Kathirgamar of Varany Edaikuruchchy.

Deceased.

Vs.

Parupathy widow of Kanthar Kathirgamar of Varany Edaikuruchchy.

Petitioner

Vs

1. Murugar Veeragathipillai and wife

2. Umaiyattaipillai

3. Kanthar Sithambarapillai and wife

4. Parupathipillai

5. Neelayinar Velupillai and

6. Neelayinar Sithambarapillai all of do

Respondents.

This matter coming on for determination before S. Thamby Durai Esqr, District Judge, Chavakachcheri on the 29th day of June 1959 in the presence of Mr. V. Canagasabai Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the Petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that Letters of Administration to the Estate of the Deceased abovenamed be and the same be issued to the Petitioner as widow of the Deceased abovenamed unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested in the said Estate shall appear before this Court on or before the 4th day of August 1959 and show cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 29th day of June 1959

Sgd. S. Thamby Durai
District Judge

Drawn by
Sgd. V. Canagasabai
Proctor for Petitioner

4-8-59

Time to show cause extended to 1st September 1959

Intd S. T.
D. J.

1-9-1959

Time to show cause extended to 22-9-59

Intd. S. T.
D. J.

(O 121 18 & 25)

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 672

In the matter of the Intestate estate and effects of the Late Sinniah Sellathurai of Urumpiray.

Deceased.

Sinnammah widow of Sellathurai of Urumpiray

Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Santhiny daughter of Sellathurai

2. Pathminy daughter of Sellathurai

3. Sellathurai Ratnasabapathy and

4. Alagannuthu widow of Sinniah all of Urumpiray

Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire District Judge Jaffna on the 1st day of August 1959 in the presence of Mr. A. Subramaniam, Proctor, on the part of the Petitioner and the Petition and Affidavit of the petitioner having been read:-

It is ordered that the 4th respondent be appointed as the Guardian-ad-Litem over the minors, the 1st to 3rd respondents abovenamed, to look after their interest and represent them in this action and that the Petitioner, as the lawful widow of the deceased, be declared entitled to take out Letters of Administration to the estate of the deceased and that letters of administration be issued to her accordingly unless the respondents or any other person shall on or before the 14th day of September 1959 appear and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 1st day of August 1959
Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah
District Judge.

(O 115 11 & 18)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 675

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the Late Chellamuthu widow of Arunasalam Kandiah of Urumpiray in Jaffna

Deceased.

Arumugam Kumarasamy of Urumpiray.

Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Karunagarar Arumugam

2. Karunagarar Chelliah

3. Karunagarar Rasalingam

4. Ambalavanar Palasingam and

5. Ambalavanar Vigneswaran all of Urumpiray.

Respondents.

This matter coming for disposal before P. Sri Skanda

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 673

In the matter of the Intestate Estate and effects of the Late Sinnathamby Thambimuthu of Urumpiray

Deceased.

Arumugam Selvaratnam of Urumpiray

Petitioner.

1. Thankammah widow of Thambimuthu and,
2. Thavaledchumyammal wife of Selvaratnam both of Urumpiray

Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire District Judge Jaffna on the 1st day of August 1959 in the presence of A. Subramaniam, Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the petition and affidavit of the petitioner having been read:-

It is ordered that the petitioner as the husband of the said 2nd respondents, the sole heir of the deceased, be declared entitled to take out Letters of Administration to the estate of the deceased and that letters of Administration be issued to him accordingly unless the respondents or any other person shall on or before 14th day of September 1959 appear and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 1st day of August 1959.

Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah
District Judge.
(O. 116 11 & 18)

Rajah Esquire District Judge Jaffna on the 6th day of August 1959 in the presence of Mr. A. Subramaniam, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit and the petition of the petitioner and the affidavit of the attesting notary and witnesses of the said last Will having been read:-

It is ordered that the Last Will No. 5512 dated 28th April 1958 and attested by A. Subramaniam Notary Public be declared proved and that the petitioner is entitled to probate thereof and same be issued to the petitioner accordingly unless the respondents or any other person shall appear before this court on the 21st day of September 1959 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 6th day of August 1959.
Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah
District Judge
(O 117. 11 & 18)

NOTICE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF JAFFNA

No. P/328

1. Sornammah widow of Visuvanathar Namasi-vayam of Vadaliadappu and

2. Sellammah widow of Subramaniam Arulampalam of Anaicottai

Plaintiffs

Vs.

1. Muttucumaru Mahesan and wife

2. Kanakambikai

3. Rajasingham Subramaniam all of Thirunelvely

4. Senkarappillai Sockalingam and wife Nageswari of Kokuvil East.

Defendants.

To:

It is hereby notified that action No. P 328 has been instituted in the District Court of Jaffna under Partition Act No. 16 of 1951 for the partition/sale of the land/lands called Alvarakkadduvan in extent 24 lms. V. C. and situated at Kokuvil East.

The defendants in the aforesaid action are summoned to appear in Court on the 27th day of August 1959 at 100' Clock in the forenoon.

This 14th day of July 1959

By order of Court

Sgd.

G. A. V. Pillainayagam
Secretary

27-8-59

Reissue for 1-10-59

Sgd.

N. Sivagnanasundaram
Additional D. J.
Jaffna.

(O123 18-9)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
POINT PEDROTestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 647

In the matter of the Intestate estate and effects of the late Vallipuram Sinniah of Thunnalai South

Deceased

Vallipuram Ulagappan of Karaveddy East

Petitioner

Vs

1. Sooriar Sinnathamby

2. and wife Theivanai

3. Kannattai widow of Chin-niah

4. Nagappan Vallipuram

5. and wife Eledchumy

6. Velupillai Vallipuram of Thunnalai South

7. Kandiah Muttiah

8. and wife Sinnammah of do presently Kankasanturai

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before S. Thamby Durai Esquire District Judge Point Pedro on the 26th day

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction
No. 668

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Anne Grace Joseph wife of C. R. Joseph of Sillalai

Deceased

Christopher Raymond Joseph of Sillalai

Petitioner

Minor 1. Shanti Joseph

2. Justin Joseph

3. Floria Joseph

G.A.L 4. Swampillai Vincent de Paul all of Sillalai
Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah, Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 21st day of July 1959 in the presence of Mr. M. Sithambaranathan, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the abovenamed 4th respondent be appointed Guardian-ad-litem over the minors the abovenamed 1st 2nd and 3rd respondents to represent them in this action and that the petitioner as the widower of the abovenamed deceased be declared entitled to Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased and that the same be issued to the petitioner unless the respondents or any other person interested shall appear before this court on or before the 4th day of September 1959 and show cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the abovenamed minors be produced in open court on that day.

This 21st day of July 1959

P. Sri Skanda Rajah (Sgd)
District Judge

Drawn by
M. Sithambaranathan (Sgd)
Proctor for petitioner
4-9-59

Time to show cause extended till 25 - 9 - 59

P S. (Intd)
D. J.

(O 119 11 & 18)

of August 1959 in the presence of Mr S. Sabapatipillai Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the Petition and affidavit of the Petitioner having been read:-

It is ordered that the Petitioner be and he is hereby entitled to obtain Letters of Administration and that Letters of Administration be issued to the Petitioner as brother of the deceased accordingly, unless the Respondents shall appear appear this Court on or before the 23rd day of October 1959 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 26th day of August 1959
Sgd. S. Thamby Durai
District Judge

Drawn by
Sgd. S. Sabapatipillai
Proctor for Petitioner
(O 122 18 & 25)

Letters To The Editor

(Continued from page 3)

Religion as a subject in the school curriculum has fallen to a low estate. Intelligent students show more and more interest in the sciences and in those subjects among the humanities that have assumed a scientific garb.

In spite of the seeming external progress of religious studies, the standard of religious knowledge and religious practice has deteriorated to serious proportions. The progress is only quantitative, not qualitative. This is true of all faiths without exception. Even the standard of teaching in Christian schools and more particularly Catholic schools has gone down and learning has become lifeless. As a result the students have lost their social and moral values. The effect is being felt in the society, too.

A National Council for Religious Education is an urgent need of the day. Existing institutions that

promote religious education waste much time and energy for lack of co-ordination of work. They should meet on a common spring-board of action. All forces will have to be summoned and united effort made to fight the forces of ir-religion and immortality.

The pioneer American thinker in this field in the first quarter of this century, Dr. Kent of Yale University, founded the National Council on Religion in Higher Education in which are represented Jewish, Roman Catholic, Protestant, Episcopalian and other faiths. A similar association is a long felt need in our country. The Hindu institutions may make a start by forming a national council and start co-ordinating their efforts. We want a leader of vision and will to work hard.

Yours faithfully,
Sa

Kayts.

10-9-59

University Students And Discipline

Sir,

The recent reports in the press of hooliganism by some University students in a night mail train proceeding from Colombo to Jaffna make most alarming reading at least to those who live in the hope of seeing a future society built up on a firm foundation of unity, character and justice, by the younger generation who has lived to see the disaster caused to the country by the disunity and communal hatred which have been the unfortunate and unhappy developments of recent years. Their act is deplorable specially after the condign punishment meted out to those who indulged in similar acts sometime ago in the University Campus both in Peradeniya and in Colombo. The latest incident reveals further that the students have removed themselves from normal society subject to the fear of punishment and entered the plane of free horse play like hardened criminals. Year after year these immoral acts are repeated and yet both Government and Society treat them as sporadic outbursts to be dealt with as isolated cases as and when they occur. It is forgotten that student discipline at all levels including schools and colleagues is making head lines for some years and yet no attempt has

been made seriously to make an analysis of the real causes of such persistent indiscipline which threatens to undermine Society and endanger law and order in the country.

Those who are in immediate charge of education in this country are fully aware of the situation as will be seen from the press reports of the severe condemnation by the Minister for Education of the alarming increase of indiscipline in all parts of the Country and the severe punishment given in all proved cases. But the Minister has not tackled the problem in the rational way. The problem of student indiscipline should be treated as a canker in the modern set up in life which the student is only an unfortunate victim to a condition created by the State and Society. The public life of some of the elders in recent years has been far below the standard and the model expected by the younger generation. Some of our Representatives in the Parliament have indulged in acts of violence both inside and outside the House and some have even openly defied law and order. The existence of bribery and corruption in the higher rungs of administration has been admitted and Commissions have been appointed to probe

them. Parliamentary utterances of even some of the Ministers have exceeded the bounds of good taste and disciplined mind. The younger generation are bewildered by the gulf that divides the precepts and the practices of their elders. They are told to be truthful honest and upright, yet barring a few outstanding examples, how many of the sermonisers themselves practice what they preach. Independence was expected to usher in a new era of honesty and work honest but no conscience will say that the reverse is the actual position today. In brief, the seeds of indiscipline are being plentifully sown by the elders, not being conscious of their impact on the young and plastic minds. The indiscipline of youth, however much it may be due to the ebullience of youthful spirits, is the result almost wholly of factors not of their making. The State and Society must bear their full share of blame for their acts of commission and omission.

The Government of India was fully aware of the serious problem of youth after it attained independence and a Seminar on Youth Welfare including youth movements and organisations for countries of South and South East Asia was held at Simla in 1951 by the United Nations Technical Assistance Administration at the instance of the Prime Minister of India. Many countries participated in the Seminar including Ceylon. As Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Education I led a delegation of 5 members at the request of the Prime Minister and the Minister for Education. Many useful reports were presented at the Seminar by experts on various aspects of youth and youth development. On the return of the delegation to Ceylon, I submitted a comprehensive report to the Government suggesting ways and means of handling the youth problem in Ceylon on the lines of the discussions and recommendations of the Seminar. I regret to say that my report had been put into cold storage by the Ministry of Education to which it was sent by the Ministry of External Affairs for implementation. I had then ceased to be a Member of Parliament. It should be mentioned here that Government incurred considerable expense in sending the delegation to Simla and all this became fruitless expenditure.

On the other hand, the Government of India set

up a department under the Ministry of Education to implement the recommendations of the Seminar and placed one of the Directors of the Seminar in charge. In July 1954, Mr. Humayun Kabir, Educational Adviser to the Government of India (now Minister for Culture) issued a brochure on "Student Indiscipline" followed by another brochure on "Letters on Discipline" containing a letter issued by the Prime Minister of India to the Chief Ministers of all the State Governments and a series of letters addressed by Mr. Humayun Kabir to the Ministers for Education of all the States. The Ministry of Education also issued in 1956 a 'Plan for Youth Welfare' prepared by the Director of the Seminar. In his letter to the Chief Ministers the Prime Minister of India referred to the unrest and turbulence which has characterised students' activities in different parts of the country in recent years and the careful consideration given by the Cabinet to the problem of youth,

for improving the standards of education and discipline of students. He was of the view that indiscipline among students, the fall in standard and the general deterioration in Universities was largely due to the loss of leadership of teachers and the party factions and political intrigues which distillate academic life. Similarly, intrigues and party factions in Managing Committees are a major factor in the deterioration of School discipline.

It will be admitted that the same applied to Ceylon. There are political groups in the professional staff of the University and students align themselves to the various groups with the result that there is always trouble in the various Students' Organisations in the University. The Guru-Sishya system that existed in the ancient system of education has vanished and the students of the present day are exploited for purposes other than educational. Even outside the University, politicians decoy

(Continued on page 2)

Choosing.....

(Continued from page 1)

and will certainly send names for consideration to the local organisations. But the spokesmen from both of the major parties in this interesting symposium

Jaffna Co-operative Stores.....

(Continued from page 1)

gotten that a great part of the economy of the country has been built up by Joint Stock Companies. To capture the imagination of the working classes most political parties are carrying slogans which have no real meaning. Slogans alone will not improve the economy of the country. Any country should work hard and produce more if it should prosper. Short cut methods of taking away what little people have saved through industry and careful economy will not lead to the path of progress. The protest made by the several commercial bodies had some effect and consequently the Hon. The Minister of Finance introduced an Amendment to the Act which gave the some relief to the smaller companies as ours. From the appropriation of profits for 1958/59 you would observe that we had to pay Rs. 19,842/- as additional taxes for the last financial year 1957/58.

Your Board of Directors have provided for the payment of a 6% dividend, if you deem it desirable to declare a dividend. If the bulk of the profits are to be utilised for payment of income tax, and distribution of dividends, the company will be left with little liquid resources for purposes of trade. Furthermore, the chances of reducing the overdraft in the near future, will be remote.

In view of the above facts the directors consider that it will not be in the best interests of the company to declare dividends for the year under review.

It is again my pleasure, on behalf of the Board, to express our appreciation of the efforts of our Managing Director and our employees in achieving the results now presented to you.

sium testify that any appearance by the central offices of trying to push a particular candidate may well be fatal to his chances.

(To be continued)

POWER POLITICS

BY COL. J. J. SUSTAR

The birth of the "free and independent" Kingdom of Laos was a direct consequence of the ill-famed Geneva conference in 1954. On that occasion the Red Chinese Premier Chou En-lai scored a tremendous victory not only against France, but against the whole concept of Western foreign policy in the Far East.

France, at that time the ruling power in Indo-China, was unable to cope with the communist pressure and, instead of being helped by her allies, she was coerced into giving up. Consequently, Indo-China was partitioned into three smaller units; namely Viet-Nam, Cambodia and Laos. None of these newly independent states, naturally, was able either to withstand the increasing pressure by Communist China.

Laos, immediately after gaining her independence, had to fight the communist forces penetrating her northern territories. The fight went on for three years, and in 1957 both the Communists and the Laotian Government "agreed on a so-called 'unification'". The Communist Party was also granted "equality" for its representatives (what familiar terms they are!)..... These soon after, penetrated the most important national organizations and various governmental agencies in Laos.

Last August, however, Premier Phoui Sananikone realised the impending danger, jailed many of the communist leaders, and trimmed the activities of the communist-run political party Neo Lao Hax Sat. It took the communists almost a year to get on their feet again and start, as in recent weeks, jungle warfare.

All this is a perfect execution of Lenin's theory of "overthrowing by violence the standing order of things". First the colonial powers must be driven out, and new governments (even if of another bourgeois type) established. These new governments will not be strong enough to resist a repeated revolt and, finally, the power will fall into the Communist Party's hands. But in connection with the Laotian situation there are also guesses that the fighting was recognized in order

to develop pressure on President Eisenhower during Mr. Khrushchev's visit to Washington.

There is no doubt, in my mind, that the trouble in Laos is staged, directed from behind, according to a big strategical scheme. However, I doubt that this time Mr. Khrushchev promoted it, although he would do anything in order to achieve his final goal, and if politically expedient. But currently, in Laos, we should turn our attention rather in another direction - towards Communist China.

During the last war I interviewed Mr. Chou En-lai in Chung-king. To my question what would happen, should Stalin die, Mr. Chou said very emphatically that "Mao Tse-tung will become the leader of the international communist movement.....". The current developments prove well enough that Chou En-lai was frank then, and that now, Mao Tse-tung is a serious competitor to Khrushchev. In many instances Mao forced Khrushchev to do things the Moscow leader would not do otherwise, because (as the Soviet Premier also realised) there are some 600 million Chinese against only 220 million Soviets of all nationalities. And not all the nations in the U. S. S. R. love the ruling Russians; neither do the Chinese (Communists or non-communists). As a matter of fact, Peiping does not like to be dominated by any nation. They, the Chinese, would like to be the leaders of Asia themselves.

Both Khrushchev and Mao know well that any struggle, that may start even as an internal feud between a communist cell and a domestic government in any country, will necessarily develop into a fight between the forces of communism on one side and those of democracy and freedom, on the other. Mao Tse-tung, many times in the past, used the method of coercion when he wanted Moscow to do something specific. So far he was using the repeated threats to Quemoy and Matsu. But these islands gradually became too famous for their stubborn defence, and too dangerous to tackle; they are too close to the American Seventh

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 678

In the matter of the intestate estate of Kandappar Shanmugam of Vaddukoddai west, Jaffna; who died in Malaya.

Deceased. Shanmugam Kumarason of Vaddukoddai west presently of 27/2 Vihare Lane, Wellawatte.

Petitioner. Vs.

1. Packiaratnam widow of Shanmugam of Vaddukoddai
2. Shanmugam Sivanesan of Kuala Lumpur, Malaya.
3. Shanmugam Parameswaran of do,
- Minor 4. Shanmugam Kangesu of Vaddukoddai west.

Respondent. This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esquire, Additional District Judge, Jaffna on the 17th August 1959 in the presence of Mr. N. Eshamparam, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner having been read:

It is ordered that the Petitioner abovenamed be and he is hereby declared entitled as son and heir of the deceased to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the deceased issued to him accordingly.

It is further ordered that the 1st Respondent be and she is appointed Guardian-ad-Litem over the 4th Respondent minor unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other persons interested shall on or before the 28th day of September 1959 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

The 17th day of August 1959.
Sgd P. Sri Skanda Rajah
District Judge.
(O. 124 18 & 25)

Fleet.—Laos is an inland country, full of woods and jungles. For anybody, even for the helping American Marine, it would be difficult to fight there. It would be worse and longer than the Korean war has been.

Laos is another proving-ground, not so much against the West, but especially between Peiping and Moscow; and also for the purpose of feeling out the solidarity, strength and desire for freedom of the Asian nations.

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 666

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Ponnuswamy Canapathaypillai of Vaddukoddai East Deceased

Ratnam widow of Ponnuswamy Canapathaypillai of Vaddukoddai East, Sithankerny

Vs. Petitioner

1. Ampalavarnar Maheswaran, wife
2. Valambihai,
3. Sellathurai Theivendiram, wife
4. Puvaneswari,
5. Parameswari daughter of Kanapathaypillai

Minor 6 Sornakanthi daughter of Kanapathaypillai and

7. Canapathaypillai Kulendran all of Vaddukoddai East, Sithankerny

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire District Judge

Jaffna on the 17th day of July 1959 in the presence of Messrs Subramaniam & Somesundram Proctors on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 1st day of July 1959 and the affidavit of the attesting Notary and the Witnesses dated 1st July 1959 having been read:

It is ordered that the 1st respondent be appointed guardian ad-litem over the 6th and 7th respondents minors and that the Last Will and Testament of the said Ponnuswamy Canapathaypillai deceased bearing No. 4527 dated 20th December 1958 and attested by M. K. Subramaniam Notary Public the original of which has been produced and deposited in this Court be and the same be declared proved and that probate of the said last will and testament be issued to the petitioner as the executrix named in the said Last Will and Testament unless the respondents or persons interested in the above estate shall appear before this Court on or before the 31st day of August 1959 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 17th day of July 1959
Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah
District Judge

Time for showing cause is extended to 5th October 1959
Intd T M.
Acting District Judge
(O 126 18 & 25)

THE JAFFNA MUTUAL BENEFIT FUND Ltd.

(Established 1918)

BANKERS

Authorised Capital Rs. 800,000.00
Amount of Calls made Rs. 616,313.00

Shares 8000 shares of Rs. 100/- each 80 monthly instalments of Re. 1/- per share will earn Rs. 100/- for each at the end of the period. Shares issued all time

Current Accounts opened and interest allowed at 1% per annum on the average monthly balance when it does not fall below Rs. 500/-.

Fixed Deposits received for periods of 12 months and 36 months and interest allowed at 6% and 8% respectively.

Drafts issued on the National and Imperial Banks to Colombo and the Principal cities of India. Remittances to and from F. M. S. by special arrangements.

Loans on the security of Jewels a speciality. Part payments accepted.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS

APPLY TO:

S. KANAGASABAI,
Shroff.

சாங்காய் ஸ்தாபனம் மலியனார் சர்க்கார்
சர்க்கார் அரசு சேவை குறைவிலா தயிர் வாய்
சர்க்கார் பணம் சேமிக்க சந்தர்ப்பம் வேண்டி மக்கள்
மேன்மையாகக் காண்க நீதி விளக்குக வலிமையாக.

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Editor: R. N. SIVAPRAKASAM.