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NO. 4

State Monopoly Of Education Undemocratic

Minorities Deprived Of Their Rights

BY A STUDENT OF POLITICS.

The recent legislation on the schools take over can be criticised on two grounds.

First, education has been made a state monopoly. As far as primary education is concerned the monopoly is complete. In regard to higher education, the monopoly will be an actuality soon, because no private school can continue to function in Ceylon with levying fees.

Secondly, the various linguistic and religious minorities have been deprived of their right to have their own schools.

It will be evident that the two criticisms are distinct: the case against state monopoly will be there even if the population is homogeneous and there are no minorities.

We are not aware of any democratic country in the world where legislation as drastic as that of Ceylon has been passed.

In regard to the control of education, two practices are in vogue in the democratic world.

In Great Britain, Eire, Canada, India, the Netherlands and the Scandinavian countries there is collaboration between the State and the various denominations. In these countries denominational schools are maintained from public funds. In Great Britain most denominational schools (known as voluntary schools) while receiving assistance from central and local authorities remain under denominational control. In addition there are independent unaided denominational schools having the right to levy fees as well as publicly maintained non-denominational schools. In Canada, there exist in most provinces separate school systems each financed by taxation of its own denominational adherents.

In certain other countries including the U.S.A, France, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa the state secular system exists side by side with the independent denominational system. In these countries the various denominations are permitted to establish their own independent schools and to charge fees. But they do not receive any public assistance either central or local.

As far as we know, before the recent legislation was passed in Ceylon it was only in Communist countries that education was a monopoly of the State. There was state monopoly in the U.S.S.R., Bulgaria, Yugoslavia and Mexico. Now Ceylon has joined their distinguished company.

Freedom of choice among alternatives is the essence of democracy in education as in everything else. If this is accepted then state monopoly in education is undemocratic.

More than a hundred years ago John Stuart Mill has warned us against such monopoly: "That the whole or any large part of the education of the people should be in state hands, I go as far as any one in deprecating. All that has been said of the importance of individuality of character and diversity in opinion and modes of conduct involves as of the same unspeakable importance, diversity of education. A general state education is a mere contrivance for moulding people to be exactly like one another. And as the mould in which it casts them is that which pleases the predominant power in the Government. Whether this be a monarch, a priesthood, an aristocracy or the majority of the existing generation, in proportion as it is efficient and successful, it establish-

es a despotism over the mind leading by natural tendency to one over the body. An education established and controlled by the State should only exist if it exists at all as one among many competing experiments carried on for the purpose of example and stimulus, to keep the others up to a certain standard of excellence.

The second criticism of recent legislation, that it infringes the rights of minorities is of greater relevance to us. In all democratic countries where exist multi-linguistic or religious communities, the minorities have always insisted on their right to have their own schools. Because of the fact that education is intimately connected with language and religion they have opposed any arrangement which vested entire control of education in the hands of majorities. They have secured their rights either by working for the establishment of a federal constitution or by evolving federalism in practice and then making full use of the opportunities provided by such arrangements.

In regard to countries with a federal constitution we can do no better than quote K. C. Wheare. Says he, "Education is in all federations a matter substantially in the hands of the regional governments and it seems best that it should be more particularly so in federations where as in Canada and Switzerland there are religious differences which are territorially distributed and where minorities may therefore be protected to some extent by their own provincial government."

In Canada by Section 93 of the Constitution the rights and privileges which any class of persons had in respect of denominational schools by law at the time the federation was established were safeguarded. Thus for example the special privileges of the Roman Catholic Church in respect of education are safeguarded in the Province of Quebec by a strong Roman Catho-

(Continued on page 2)

RELIGION IN CO-OPERATION

A NEW ANGLE

(By V. VEERASINGAM B. A.)

There are many religions which are ways of life promulgated from time to time. Co-operation is not meant here merely as working together of men. It stands for the process of Co-operation that maintains the harmony in the solar system, in the atom, and especially, in living organisms, individually and collectively. This process in living organisms appears to be accompanied by the behaviour of the parts according to certain fundamental principles common to all though it is not possible to prove that the resulting harmony is directly due to them. It is also observable that when the harmony is disturbed there is a mysterious force in the organism which restores it. This Co-operation, the universal process, deserves to be distinguished with a capital 'C' along with that of the Co-operative Movement whose principles outlined by its pioneer prophets are based on the same fundamentals which the universal process manifests. Religion is a way of life based on the same fundamental principles. Democracy is also a way of life though based on all of them. But Co-operation is the way of Life.

The Fundamentals

There was a time in the process of civilization when the following fundamentals were not questioned. Unselfishness, equality, and liberty are instinctive in man and are useful ideals. Though many may not agree that the ideal of unselfishness is instinctive, contemplation on the nature of sympathy and its necessity for co-operation will convince them that the man's desire to live compels him to believe that even supreme selfishness cannot succeed unless it is prepared to sacrifice at least a bit of it. Self effort or self-help is the rule of life and mutual help is a necessity. Co-operation will perish un-

less unselfishness sacrifices mutual help. It is unselfishness that has to tone down the urge for selfish equality and make man realize that liberty under control is of primary importance for corporate life. Honesty as the uniform reaction to a given stimulus and conditioned by the fundamentals in the interest of harmony is the method of Co-operation. "Myness" in man is a potent factor for the progress of the world. It shall ever refuse to be suppressed. But, for harmonious existence on earth, it suffers to be watered down by unselfishness. The "via media" between selfishness and unselfishness is the path for Co-operation on earth.

All religions do not and all men cannot hesitate to accept the above fundamentals. Under the urge of selfishness the nations are developing a tendency to circumvent the fundamentals and rationalise their actions. It is no wonder that religions are losing their hold on men and men violate with impunity guiding principles of life based on the fundamentals. Even the ethico-economic co-operative movement is shedding its ethical aspect emphasising only some economic and democratic principles based on them so that business firms also can be called a kind of Co-operatives. One cannot be sanguine about the continuity of existence on earth of humanity if men refuse to conduct themselves according to principles based on the fundamentals, for the generally accepted ethical conduct as the "sine-qua-non" for the attainment of their goals. Existence of the rule of the fundamentals in individual organisms of the plant and animal world not to speak of groups — in the maintenance of their harmony is sufficient index to man that application of the fundamentals in his life is

(Continued on page 2)



தமிழ்நாட்டில்
தமச்சிவாயவே ஞானமுள் கல்விதும்
தமச்சிவாயவே நானறி விச்சைதும்
தமச்சிவாயவே நானென் நேத்துமே
தமச்சிவாயவே நன்னெறி காட்டுமே
பஞ்சமீதமுடையே.

Hindu Organ

FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1962

Treasure These Thoughts

It is the heart which makes one rich.

—SWAMI SIVANANDA

PREPARING LISTS FOR POLLS

It is understood that some innovations in the method of preparing lists of voters for parliamentary elections are being contemplated. The basic ideal of the 'full ballot' is that the names of all who are qualified to become voters shall be enumerated as such. Every one who is over the age of eighteen unless disqualified by exceptions according to the law governing franchise is entitled to a vote. Hence his or her name must appear in the list of voters. Unless some interested parties scheme to shut out certain voters or enumeration is done in an indifferent manner, the list of voters must be complete. However, there have been many instances of the names of eligible voters not appearing in the approved lists. Therefore, it is a welcome and indeed urgent requirement that every possible attempt must be made to have all eligible voters properly enumerated.

It must be remembered in this connection that not only are names of certain voters not included in the lists but those of others who are ineligible by reason of death or legal restrictions are allowed to remain in those lists. In the case of the death of a voter, the new rules should require the intimation by the Registrar of Deaths to the Returning Officer of the area of the fact. There is the other common error of a voter's name appearing in more than one register. This is occasioned by the change of residence of voters or the owning by one voter of residential properties in more than one electorate. The House holder's list according to which computers for rice and flour

Letters to the Editor

Teachers and The New Educational Set - Up

Sir, —
Now that the state has assumed full responsibility for Education, certain unpleasant features of the old set-up no longer exist. However one cannot help fearing that 'Political Influences' may take the place of 'Whims and Fancies' of the former private school 'Proprietors' (It should be noted that at times this influence is very useful in that it gets things done). Again the old set-up provided for a greater degree of 'Personal Touch' in school affairs and gave better scope for expression of individuality to teachers. Parents had the satisfaction that their children were being educated in a religious atmosphere and the community felt that it had a stake in the welfare of the neighbourhood school. It is true that names of schools have not been changed and Religious Education receives special emphasis from the Department of Education; but this is not the same thing as Hindus managing a school with a Hindu student majority on roll.

The granting of vote to Teenagers places a special responsibility on Teachers (whether Teachers continue to be candidates at elections or not) Canvassing within the school must not be done and outside the school the teacher must not exploit the advantage of his position. It is not possible to avoid conversation about an all pervading influence like Politics and further the young voter may seek information and it is the duty of the teacher to give the information sought. One may say that schools already provide some training in citizenship and this should suffice to enable the student voter to cast his vote intelligently. Though recent develop-

are issued may be useful in eliminating the double enumeration of voters. We feel that a very useful attempt has been made by the Government to ensure the correctness of the lists of voters. In this affair, not merely political parties, but welfare groups, Community Centres and Rural Development Societies as well must render voluntary service in the cause of democratic ideals.

ments in this fair isle of ours tend to make teacher-student groups of certain communities to draw closer as fellow sufferers, the teacher must take care not to infect the student's vision with his prejudices and pessimism.

It is not merely teachers of English who have to worry about declining standards of English. Teachers of other subjects may have to recommend original or supplementary reading in English in their respective subjects; while doing so care must be taken to recommend the simplest text available on a particular topic. Again lesser-qualified Teachers must look upon themselves as 'Students of English' at a higher level. What is gained through a training college course must be supplemented by one's own efforts. I consider the reading of reports of Parliamentary proceedings in the English National Dailies, a must for both teachers and higher class students (in the Hapsard speeches will be recorded in the language in which they were delivered). I also feel that in many school and public libraries many books must be withdrawn and replaced by more up-to-date editions and in making new additions it must be borne in mind that students of today do their thinking in Swabasha.

Now that the gap between English schools and Swabasha schools is narrowing down teachers in both should endeavour to make the whole school system a fine co-operative educational network. As for salary differences 'Injustices' are being remedied but one has to admit that a person better equipped for the job is entitled to a higher salary. Swabasha teachers would do well to give up side-line jobs like marriage brokerage and cash crop gardening (often time for this is partly found by going to school late and getting out well before closing time) while all teachers must learn not to let 'grouses' against the Department affect work in the classroom.

A single union for Teachers is still an ideal. If a single union is not feasible at least on specific issues the various

Saiva Maha Sabhai Conference At Keerimalai

Commencing on the Gurupoojah day of Saint Thirunavukarasar, the two day Conference of the All Ceylon Saiva Maha Sabhai discussed the syllabus for Saiva Students and passed a resolution proposed by Pulavar T. Kumarasampillai and seconded by Pandit V. Sangarapillai recommending the adoption of the syllabus suggested by the Saiva Teachers Conference and the Jaffna Saiva Paripalana Sabhai.

Pandithamani S. Kanapathipillai's book on 'Kanda Purana Teachings' was released for distribution by Vidwan K. V. Jeganathan M. A., Editor, Kalaimagal at the evening session on the 2nd day over which Sir K. Vaitthianathan presided.

Sir Kandiah stressed on the need for more publications in the Navalar tradition and paid a glow-

ing tribute to Pandithamani.

The concluding session was presided over by Mr. C. Thanabalasingam Additional District Judge, Jaffna. He dwelt at length on cleanliness both inward and outward.

The presidential address of the Conference was delivered by Mr. R. N. Sivapirakasam, after the Conference was declared open by Mr. K. P. Haran, Editor, *Kelamadu*. Mr. Haran commended the good work of the Sabhai.

Pandit Balambikai Thanabalasingam spoke on the significance of Saiva Culture. Pandit V. Kandiah B. A. delivered a lecture on 'Saint Appar'.

The Conference ended with a *Kathaprasangam* by Pandit V. Sangarapillai and vote of thanks by Mr. R. Sanmugaratnam B. A., Secretary. Throughout the entire proceedings 'Thirumurai parayanam' was conducted.

unions must present a joint front (as they are doing on the issue of Political Rights) Teachers' unions must not be merely concerned with improving conditions of service but must also take greater interest in improving the quality of Education. Conditions of Society and outlook of men in New York and England are different from those in Ceylon and our teachers should never resort to strike action.

Re Status of teachers, if teachers respect the qualities and professional merits of their colleagues, do their school work sincerely and make efforts to express their personalities in a cultured and dignified manner both within the school and outside, they can establish themselves as men of worth and community leadership will be their due. Let me quote from a message of the present Director of Education, Mr. S. F. de Silva to the Teacher Trainees of Palaly Training College found in the 1960 issue of the College Magazine: "....A good teacher is one who being himself a person of worth is, therefore, in a position to help others." A few words from 'Madame Curie' (current G. G. E. English Text would not be without significance to married lady teachers) 'marie always succeeded in her undertakings. It was thus with her marriage. She had hesitated for more

State Monopoly.....

(Continued from Page 1)

lic majority in the population. In addition the Constitution ensures to the Roman Catholic minority in Ontario and to the Protestant minority in Quebec the perpetual preservation of any right or privilege with respect to any denominational schools which they had at the time of the passing of the Act, which means in effect the right to a separate school system maintained by taxes levied on the minority who are thus exempt from taxation for the schools of the majority. And in the case of the last two Provinces to be created, Alberta and Saskatchewan similar separate school systems were established by the Dominion Parliament in the legislation which created them. It is to be noted that as Catholics in Canada are both English speaking and French speaking there are consequently separate schools for each linguistic subdivision.

(To be continued)

than a year before marrying PIERRE CURIE. Now that she was his wife, she organised their conjugal life with such far-sighted tenderness that she was to make a wonderful thing of it." This tenderness is a must for all teachers.

S. KUMARAKULASINGHAM
Vannarponnai,
16-4-62.

Astrological

WEEKLY FORECASTS

SRIPATHY

FROM 6-5-62 TO 12-5-62

ARIES *Aswini, Barani, Kartikai 1st part [Medha Rasi]*

Health will be unsatisfactory till the end of this week. Domestic upsets also likely. But professionally a good week. Financial gains also indicated.

TAURUS *Kartika 2, 3, 4, Rohini, Mithuna 1, 2 [Idapa Ra]*

In spite of opposition you will be able to get things done. Friends and relatives will be very helpful. But minor health upsets likely.

GEMINI *Mirugasirisha 3, 4, Thiruvathirai, Punarvasam 1, 2, 3 [Mithuna Rasi]*

You will be able to steer clear of opposition this week. Professional success also indicated. But domestic troubles and health upsets shown.

CANCER *Punarpoosa 4, Poosa, Ayilya [Kataka Rasi]*

Domestic affairs will still be in a mess this week. Be careful in your dealings with father's relatives. New ventures will be delayed. Friends will help you out of difficulties.

LEO *Maha, Poora 1, Uttira, [Singha Rasi]*

Except for minor health upsets this week promises to be a favourable one. New ventures will be successful. Health will not be satisfactory. Eye troubles shown.

VIRGO *Uttira 2, 3, 4, Attha Chittirai 1, 2 [Kanni Rasi]*

Strangers and foreigners will be helpful this week. But there will be no mental peace. Health upsets also shown. Beware of secret enemies.

LIBRA *Chittirai 3, 4, Swathi, Visaka 1, 2, 3, [Thula Rasi]*

Ill health to mother likely this week. But professionally a good week. Ruin to enemies and improvements in domestic conditions promised. Spend the first day with care.

SCORPION *Visaka 4, Anusha, Kettai [Vrischika Rasi]*

Your new friends will be very helpful. Monday and Tuesday morning will prove to be troublesome. Rest of the week will turn favourable again.

SAGITTARIUS *Moolam, Pooradam, Uttiradam 1. [Thanu Rasi]*

The first half of the week will be fairly favourable for business deal. But there will be no mental peace. Domestic upsets also shown. Spend Wednesday afternoon Thursday and Friday with care.

CAPRICORNUS *Uttiradam 2, 3, 4, Thiruvonam, Avittam 1, 2. [Makara Rasi]*

Except for the last day this week promises to be favourable. You will be able to get things done by persuasion. Gains through lands promised. Spend the last day with care.

AQUARIUS *Avittam 3, 4, Satayam, Pooraddati 1, 2, 3 [Kumbha Rasi]*

Friends will be very helpful this week. Vehicular gains also promised. Ruin to enemies indicated. But minor health upsets shown.

PISCUS *Pooraddati 4, Uttiraddati, Revathi. [Meena Rasi]*

Health still a problem. You will be quick to lose your temper. New ventures will have to be handled with care. But success promised.

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF MANNAR

Testy. Judn. No. 859

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Mohamado Kappudayar Kithurumohamado of Tharakundu Deceased Habeebmohamed Mohamed Gowth of Tharakundu Petitioner

Vs.

- 1 Savuda Umma wife of Soinulabdeen
- 2 Lathesfa wife of Mahamed Gowth
- 3 Samsan Nahar daughter of Kithurmohamado and
- 4 Saboora Beevee widow of Kithurmohamado all of Tharakundu Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before T. J. Rajaratnam, Esquire, Addl. District Judge, Mannar on the 29th day of May 1961 in the presence of Mr. M. M. Aboothahir on the part of the petitioner and the affidavits of the petitioner, attesting witness and the Notary Public having been read:

It is ordered that the Last Will and Testament dated 16th January, 1959 and attested by M. M. Aboothahir, Notary Public and bearing No. 3828 be declared proved and that the petitioner be appointed Executor of the said Last Will and Testament and that Probate thereof be issued to him and that the 4th respondent be appointed guardian - ad - litem over the minor 3rd respondent to represent her in these proceedings unless the respondents abovenamed or any other persons shall on or before the 25th day of July, 1961 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

29th May, 1961
Sgd. S. N. Rajadurai
District Judge
2.3-62

25-7-61

Date extended to 19-9-61
Sgd. S. N. Rajadurai
District Judge, 7.3-62

19-9-61
Date extended to 14-11-61
Sgd. S. N. Rajadurai
District Judge, 7.3.62

14.11.61
Date extended to 26.12.61
Sgd. S. N. Rajadurai
District Judge, 7-3-62

26-12-61
Date extended to 6-2-62
SSgd. S. N. Rajadurai
District Judge, 7-3-62

6.2.62
Date extended to 6-3-62
Sgd. S. N. Rajadurai
District Judge

6-3-62
Date extended to 17-4-62
Sgd. K. Sinnatamby
Addl. District Judge

2-5-62
Date extended to 17-5-62
Sgd. S. N. Rajadurai
D. J.
(O 15 4 & 11)

in this case and that the petitioner be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate as his brother in-law and that such letters of administration be issued to him accordingly unless the respondents or any other person or persons interested shall appear before this Court on or before the 11th May 1962 and state objection or show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

22nd March 1962.
Sgd. N. Sivagnanasundaram
District Judge, Jaffna.
(O. 13, 27 & 4)

AMENDED ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

No. 841/T

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Elizabeth Chellammah Canapathippillai widow of Sessie Ramalingam Canapathippillai of Tellippalai East Deceased

Vs

Maithreyi daughter of Trincomalee Kanagasunderampillai Rajasekaram of Tellippalai East Petitioner

1 Samuel James Velupillai Chelvanayagam of 16, Alfred House, Gardens, Colombo

2 Ernest Velupillai Ponnudurai of Tellippalai East

3 Mudalier Samuel Kanapathippillai Appadurai of Tellippalai East

4 Samuel James Anandanayakam Ratnakara Place, Dehiwella

5 Samuel James Jeyanayakam, Engineer, Electrical Department, Colombo

6 Samuel George Thevaratnam Ponniah

7 T. S. Bongee and wife

8 Georgiana Pushpavally both of Police Station, Wellawatte

9 T. R. Navaratnam, and wife

10 Jelly Rasamalar of 351/3, Wawela Road, Rajajiria

11 Edward Rajasunderam Ponniah

12 Dr. James Selvadurai Kumarasinghe and wife Daisy Sugirtharatnam of 274, Galle Road, Wellawatte

14 Trincomalee Kanagasunderampillai Rajasekaram and wife

15 Poomany of Tellippalai East,

16 Nadarajah Chinniah and wife

17 Ratnavally of Batticaloa

18 Suppiah Arasaratnam of Vellor

19 Jeyamany widow of Jeyaratnam, 48, Pussells lane, Wellawatta

20 Arthur Suppiah Ariyaratnam, Minerva College Olatra

21 Chittampalam Victoria Jeyanathan and wife

22 Pushparane 84, Pussells lane, Wellawatte

23 Ernest Thiruchelvan Savundranayakam of Colombo

24 Arasakulasingham Savundranayakam of Peredeniya

25 Samuel C. Jesendesam and wife

26 Somaderani of Ramakrishna Terrace, Wellawatte Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esqr. Additional District Judge, Jaffna on the 13th day of March 1962 in the presence of Mr. S. Nadarajah, Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the petitioner and Notary and witnesses having been read.

It is ordered that the Last Will and Testament of the deceased dated 26th July 1959 attested by S. Nadarajah N P be declared proved and that

TENNIS IN JAFFNA

A feature of this year's tennis tournament of the Jaffna Fort Tennis Club is that the open Doubles and Handicap Doubles will be open for women also.

The Tournament starts on May 19th. The club events will be from May 8th to 14th and the open events from May 15th to 19th. The Tournament Committee consists of: Dr. A. V. A. Vethanayagam, Mr. K. A. Rasaratnam, Dr. C. J. Hunt, Dr. F. J. Ratnesar and Mr. I. T. B. Janze.

FOR SALE

Do not miss a Grand opportunity to possess a building block at Kankesanthurai

25 blocks of land in extent 107 Lms. V. C. with one block containing a bungalow for sale on Saturday 19th May 1962 commencing at 10 A. M. at 445 and 447 Point Pedro - Kankesanthurai Road in Ward No. 5 Town Council Kankesanthurai. The property belongs to the late Mr. Donald Obeyesekere of Colombo.

Full particulars and plan can be had from me or from Mr. C. C. Somasegaram, Crown Proctor Jaffna.

S. SANGARAPPILLA
Auctioneer.

Tellippalai,
12th April 1962.
(8 4, 11, 18)

Religion In Co-operation

(Continued from page 1)

conducive to his happiness Indifference to fundamentals is the path of decay and death to humanity.

(To be continued)

the petitioner as the executor named in the said will is entitled to have probate and that probate be issued to the petitioner accordingly, unless the said Respondent or any other person or persons interested shall appear on 4th day of May 1962 before this Court and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Jaffna, this 13th day of March 1962

Sgd. N. Sivagnanasundaram
District Judge

Drawn by
Sgd. S. Nadarajah
Proctor for Petitioner
(11 27 & 4)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 1126

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Sarafally Mulla Fakrudeen of Jaffna Deceased.

Abbasbhoy Mohamed Ally of Grand Bazaar, Jaffna

Vs. Petitioner.
1 Sugrabai widow of Sarafally Mulla Fakrudeen

Minor 2 Jainabai daughter of Fakrudeen

3 Fakrudeen Subeer Hussain

4 Fakrudeen Yoosuf

5 Fakrudeen Askar

6 Sukeerabai daughter of Fakrudeen

7 Fakrudeen Saifudeen

and 8 Kadar Ally Mulla Fakrudeen all of Jaffna Respondents.

The 2nd to 7th respondents are minors appearing by their Guardian-ad-litem the 8th respondent.

This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esquire District Judge, Jaffna on the 22nd day of March 1962 in the presence of Mr. M. M. Sultan Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 18th day of March 1962 having been read: It is ordered that the abovenamed 8th respondent be appointed guardian ad litem over the minors the 2nd to 7th respondents for the purpose of protecting their interest and of representing them

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF POINT PEDRO

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 722.

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Vethar Kandappu of Karanavai South Deceased. Kandappu Ratnasamy of Karanavai South

Vs. Petitioner

Theivanai widow of Vethar Kandappu of do Respondent

This matter coming on for disposal before V. M. Coomarasamy Esquire, District Judge, Point Pedro, on the 14th day of March 1962 in the presence of Mr. P. Kanapathippillai Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the petition and affidavit of the Petitioner having been read:

It is ordered that the Petitioner be and he is hereby declared as son and sole heir of the abovenamed deceased to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the deceased abovenamed issued to him accordingly; unless the Respondent abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 25th day of May 1962 at 10 O'clock in the forenoon, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court.

This 14th day of March 1962

Sgd. V. M. Coomarasamy District Judge (7 27 & 4)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF VAVUNIYA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 445.

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Bastiampillai Saverimuttu of Cheddikulam in Vavuniya District Deceased.

Santhapillai Saverimuttu and wife of John Rayappu of Cheddikulam

Vs. Petitioner.

- 1 Theressamma wife of Santhampillai
2 Savarimuttu Xavier Savundaranayagam
3 Agnes Amma wife of Bastiampillai all of Kudiyruppu, Cheddikulam
4 Savarimuttu Sabaratnam of Neriyakulam in Mankulam Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before E. M. Mathiapparanam Esquire, Additional District Judge of Vavuniya on the 8th day of December, 1961 in the presence of S. Ramachandran Proctor on the part of the petitioner abovenamed and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the 8th day of December 1961 having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled as the daughter of the deceased abovenamed to have letters of administration to the above estate issued to her accordingly unless the respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 1st day of February 1962 show sufficient cause, to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 8th day of

December 1961 Sgd. E. M. Mathiapparanam Additional District Judge.

1-3-62 Objections and publications for 1-3-62.

Sgd. E. M. Mathiapparanam Additional District Judge.

1-3-62 Objections and publications for 29.3-62.

Sgd. E. M. Mathiapparanam Additional District Judge.

29-3-62 Order Nisi is extended for 10-5-62.

Sgd. S. N. Rajadurai District Judge. (O. 10, 27 & 4)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 1130 T.

In the matter of the intestate estate and effects of the late Kanapathippillai Kathirgamu of Karainagar East Deceased

Kanapathippillai Murugar of Karainagar East

Vs. Petitioner

- 1 Kanapathippillai Velupillai
2 Arumugam Subramaniam
3 Sithamparam daughter of Arumugam
4 Kanthepu alias Kanthar Sangarapillai all of Karainagar East Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna, on the 26th day of March 1962 in the presence of Messrs. Selvarajah & Mahesan, Proctors on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the petitioner having been read,

It is ordered that the abovenamed petitioner be declared entitled to take out Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased and Letters of Administration be issued to the petitioner accordingly unless the respondents or any other person or persons interested in the subject matter of this application shall appear before this court on or before the 11th day of May 1962 and show sufficient cause to the contrary to the satisfaction of this court.

This 26th day of March 1962

Sgd. N. Sivagnanasundaram District Judge, Jaffna

Drawn by Sgd. Selvarajah & Mahesan Proctors for Petitioner (6 27 & 4)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

No. 1129/T

In the matter of the Intestate estate and effects of Kathiravelu Kandiah of Achchelu, Neerveli Deceased.

Kandiah Arumugam of Achchelu, Neerveli

Vs. Petitioner.

- 1 Ponnammah widow of Kandiah and
2 Kandiah Selvaratnam both of Achchelu, Neerveli Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esquire, Acting District Judge, Jaffna on this 26th day of March 1962 in the presence of Mr. R. Sivasupramaniam Proctor, on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the 18th day of March 1962 having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased and that the same be issued to him as an heir of the deceased unless the respondents or others interest in the above estate shall on or before the 11th day of May 1962 show sufficient cause to the contrary to the satisfaction of this Court.

This 26th day of March 1962 N. Sivagnanasundaram Actg. District Judge,

Drawn by Jaffna. R. Sivasupramaniam Proctor for Petitioner. (O 12, 27 & 4)

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF POINT PEDRO

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 720

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Kulanthavelu Thamothoram of Puloly West Deceased

Rasammah widow of Thamothoram of Puloly West

Vs. Petitioner

- Minor 1 Thamoderam Sivanesan of Puloly West
2 Subramaniam Kadirgamathamby of do Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esquire, District Judge, Point Pedro, on the 27th day of February 1962 in the presence of Mr. N. A. Rajaratnam Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the petition and affidavit having been read:

It is ordered that the Petitioner be and she is hereby declared as widow of the abovenamed deceased, to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the deceased abovenamed issued to her accordingly; and also that the 2nd Respondent abovenamed be and he is hereby appointed Guardian ad-litem of the 1st respondent to represent him for all purposes of this action, unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 11th day of May 1962 at 10 O'clock in the forenoon show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court.

It is further ordered that the abovenamed 1st Respondent to be produced on the said date.

This 27th day of February 1962

Sgd. V. M. Coomaraswamy District Judge

Drawn by Sgd. N. A. Rajaratnam Proctor for Petitioner 8 27 & 4

Order Nisi

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 1121.

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Sinnappu Selladurai of Kockuvil West Deceased

Pavalaratnam widow of Sinnappu Selladurai of Kockuvil West

Petitioner, Vs.

- Minor 1 Selladurai Balachandiran of Kockuvil West
2 Selvamany daughter of S. Selladurai of do
3 Selladurai Mahadeva of do
4 Selladurai Ramachandran of do
5 Chelladurai Maheswaran of do
6 Sinnappu Kandiah of Maskumpan East Respondents.

This matter coming on for disposal before N. Sivagnanasundaram Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 7th day March 1962 in the presence of Messrs C. C. & S. Somasegaram Proctors on the part of the petitioner and on reading the affidavit and petition of the petitioner,

It is ordered that the abovenamed 6th respondent be appointed guardian - ad - litem over the minors the abovenamed 1st to 5th respondents and that Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased be issued to the petitioner as the lawful widow of the abovenamed deceased, unless the abovenamed 6th respondent appear before this court on or before the 4th day of May 1962 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary. The said minors also should be produced on the said date.

This 7th March 1962.

Sgd. N. Sivagnanasundaram District Judge. (O. 9 27 & 4)

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Editor: R. N. SIVAPIKASAM.