

For Your Printing

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NO. 4

Letters to the Editor

## What Ye Sow, So Shall Ye Reap

I was interested in the news item in the press pertaining to illicit occupation of Crown Lands at Kalmunai and the mission of two Ministers to settle the disputes.

It appears to me the causes for the situation that has arisen can be traced to the Government itself or rather to the legacy left behind by past governments and not to what appears to be due to reasons communal, economic or pressure of land only.

Taking into consideration the illicit encroachments on crown lands in various parts of the Island including state sponsored irrigation schemes, during the last decade, one can state with confidence that disrespect for land laws received a fillip after 1956, the year which is supposed to have liberated the common man from his yoke and that encroachment in defiance of the law has been in operation with the knowledge of government and I should think with the blessings of interested legislators, for several years; the main consideration has been the repercussions on the ballot box. It is failure to recognise this, when a set of opportunists, including those who failed to secure government nominations, entered the political field in 1956, that was the main cause of the defeat of the political party holding the reins of government at that time.

When an administrative problem arises, the solution sought is entirely on political grounds. The over-riding consideration being the effect on the ballot box. I am afraid it paid dividends and will continue to do so for some length of time.

What is not appreciated by the ordinary man is that it is not necessary for a good law to be popular. In point of fact any restriction on what

is voluntarily acceptable does not require legislative enforcement.

An unpopular law is not necessarily undemocratic. The present problem is an excellent illustration of this view. Encroachment is legally banned for good reasons in the interests of the state. As against this some of our so-called leaders may consider firm action as undemocratic, dictatorial and a negation of the freedom extended to the common man in 1956. Even if encroachment is overlooked, it is the very act of encroachment by a member of the community that is undemocratic, as the provisions in the land laws, to hold land kachcheris, is to select the most deserving member of the community. Surely this is not undemocratic.

It will be noticed that I have made no reference to the bureaucracy. The reason is obvious. Political considerations often sway all decisions from the time of enactment of a law to its operation on the ground. The only point for consideration is why they should be paid top salaries for jobs which carry no responsibilities, at least not exercised by them. At best they are reduced to as the Manchester Guardian once said of an august body in this country, India-rubber stamps.

I am afraid, that, the fact that Tamils and Muslims live in Eastern Province, does not necessarily mean that for this reason it is difficult to enforce just laws, except of course that the Government is handicapped by the failure, by government during the last decade, to enforce the law uniformly in all parts of the Island, to whatever minorities or community the law breaker belonged.

Perhaps it will interest your readers to know that Tamil villages existed in

Anuradhapura and Giritale areas several centuries ago and were administered according to land laws enacted at that time which applied equally to all communities and apparently operated very smoothly. (Epigraphia Zelanica Volumes 1 and 3) Probably this view may be challenged by some of our freedom-mongers of today on the ground that those were the days when kings ruled on arbitrary and dictatorial lines and the common man had no freedom. This is far from the truth. Not only were problems solved on democratic lines but the machinery was eminently practical in that disputes were settled by members and officials of the community on the spot. Today the services of top government officials from remote areas and ministers from Colombo are required to settle the dispute.

The following extract of an inscription from Epigraphia Zelanica volume I, traced to King Mahinda IV, is quoted in support of what is stated in the foregoing paragraph. The inscription is mutilated but what has been salvaged will I am sure be found to be of considerable interest and sufficient to illustrate the salient and interesting features of this edict, which vies with some of our modern enactments in its clarity, conciseness and simplicity of diction, despite the mutilation.

"Village residents..... if there be, the village residents ..... without ejecting the tenants..... recipients of allotments shall divide among themselves ..... the recipients of allotments shall do no injustice..... whatever the melatis have received shall be appropriated. The fine recommended by five persons (from among village residents) shall be recovered."

"Should any dispute arise, he chief clerk..... the warden, the steward, the administrator of law ..... doer of ..... all these (officials)..... shall render assistance."

"(The produce) of trees and shrubs which exist in

## Vacation Classes For Teachers Of Saivism

The Director of Education N. D. organised vacation classes for the teachers of Saivism in the Northern Region on the 29th and the 30th ultimo at the Jaffna Hindu College. More than one hundred teachers attended the classes. Male teachers were residing at the Jaffna Hindu College Hostel and the female teachers at the Jaffna Hindu Ladies' College Hostel. While opening the classes the Director of Education N. D. pointed out to the teachers the importance of religious education as it helps the youth of our country to become useful citizens, possessing good character. She said "Religion is not a easy subject to teach like the other subjects of a school curriculum. The children should be trained to lead a religious life and to inculcate noble religious ideals and in order to achieve these

aims it is very essential on the part of a teacher to lead a religious life. 'Religion is not taught, but caught' is a noble saying which stresses the practical side of religious instruction. The life of a teacher should instil in the minds of the pupils an urge to lead a religious life themselves. It was with the object of giving religious education a practical bias that these classes were organised."

Messrs T. Muttusami-pillai President Saiva Paripalana Sabha, S. U. Somasegaram Retired Assistant Director of Education, M. Mylvaganam Religious Secretary Saiva Paripalana Sabha, Vidwan Pon. Muttucumaran Lecturer University of Ceylon and others spoke on the Teaching of Religion and allied topics.

Messrs M. Gnanaprakasam, Saiva Siddhanta Scholar, M. Vythialingam Secretary North Ceylon Saiva Teachers' Association gave elucidations on the existing syllabuses on Religion prescribed for the G. C. E. (Advance) and the G. C. E. (Ordinary) Level classes. Model lessons on the teaching of religion for these classes were conducted by competent teachers and useful discussions on those lessons were held at end of each lesson. Another important feature of these classes was 'Silent Meditation'. The Director of Education exhorted the teachers to introduce silent meditation into their classes and requested them to train the pupils to perform silent meditation in their classes or in their prayer hall for at least five minutes each day. This practice she said would be helpful to the pupils to control their mind and foster self-control. This virtue she said would wipe out all evils among the youth of our country. We should commend this noble service of our Director of Education N. D. and request her to hold such classes more frequently.

the Tamil villages and lands (situated) in the four directions shall be appropriated in accordance with former custom. Furthermore, one fruit of ten fruits of trees and shrubs that may exist in the future (on these lands), as well as four mahavarak (high roads?) and two aka from (each) Lanka (well?) shall be appropriated."

The harvests of troubles being reaped by the present Government, are in fact the fruits of state sponsored lawlessness sown by the last government. This reminds me of the famous Hatry case, when his counsel visited him when serving his jail sentence. He was at the time of his visit engaged on his prison duties, such as stitching, weaving etc.

He greeted him with the remark.

"I see, spinning". Hatry's reply was "No, reaping".

Yours faithfully,  
J. R. Sinnatamby.  
286, Buller's Road,  
Colombo, 24-4-57.





தமிழ்நாட்டில் இன்றையதினம்  
தமிழ்நாட்டில் நான் நினைக்கிறேன்  
தமிழ்நாட்டில் நான் நினைக்கிறேன்  
தமிழ்நாட்டில் நான் நினைக்கிறேன்

## Hindu Organ

FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1967

### MAY DAY MISCHIEF

Mid-summer is yet to come, but the May Day of the Coalitionists seems to have acquired the viciousness of mid-summer heat. In mock contrast with the Marxist 'thoughts' that usually govern May Day Celebrations, the Coalitionists in their frustrated plight could not think of socialist slogans. Instead they drew their inspiration from the 'We Sinhala' movement and spiced their May Day mockery with plenty of communal pepper. Unabashedly the Marxist Leaders who of late have performed the largest number of political somersaults allow the 'We Sinhala' cry and themselves hoarsely shout the slogan that the Tamils constitute a terrible threat to the Sinhalese.

Of all 'days' the May Day is the one single occasion where in the name of labour no participant dare allow the communal devil possess him even as a diversion in the lighter vein. But Mrs. Srimavo Bandaranaike in the convulsive company of a mixed assortment of rabid revolutionaries, crazy communalists and other frenzied political freaks seem to have overlooked the significance of the May Day. Any platform is agreeably converted to preach poisonous propaganda merely because the Coalitionists must once again capture power.

The political upheaval in the Union of India is a clear indication of the pollution of parties that had hitherto been closely identified with the patriotic movements of the past. Governments of the States are unable to maintain any degree of stability. Crossing the floor has become a hobby so much even with veteran politicians, that communalism and sectionalism have reappeared in the political field with a vengeance.

And Lanka too may be compelled by the mischievous machinations of the Coalitionists to climb down from the path of

## Saiva Sithantha Scholar Has Arrived

Sri K. Vajravelu Mudaliar eminent Saiva Sithantha Scholar, has arrived today at the invitation of the Jaffa Saiva Paripalana Sabhai to deliver a series of lectures on Saiva Sithantha and conduct a class on Saiva Sithantha for about a month. His first lecture will be delivered tomorrow at 6 p.m. at the Sabhai Navalar Hall, the subject being 'திருஞான சம்பந்தர்'.

## Monopoly In Educational Matters?

"Educational monopoly is a deadly and deadening thing and, save for a handful of independent schools, a monopoly is what we have in this country," said Mr C J Oorloff, principal of Trinity College, Kandy, who was the chief guest, at the prize giving of St. Thomas's Preparatory School, Bandarawela.

Mr. Oorloff added that at St. Thomas's they had the privilege of working and playing with children of all races and creeds, a privilege which only a very few schools in the island gave. They were taught there that character, not wealth or power, was what mattered; that sacrifice or self for the general good was the only effective way in which to meet evil; and kindness spread like a sun in geometrical proportion.

Continuing Mr Oorloff observed "You will see that I have sought to emphasize two points", 'the importance of the individual on the one hand, and on the other hand his relation to the society in which he lives.'

"These are, I believe, the keynotes of a liberal education — individuality and social responsibility. Failure to keep these considerations uppermost in our educational planning, allowing them to get buried under the weight of syllabus and curriculum adjustments and examinations and marks, would be fatal.

"If these two things are to be kept always in the forefront in our school then we need two other things, the first a dedicated staff, the second, an atmosphere of freedom for the child to grow up in.

progress and reach the road to rupture. The Leader of the Opposition has become the symbol of the feminine species of Fascists!

### Letter to the Editor

## Caste Discrimination by Religions

Sir,—With reference to the question of caste discriminations by religions against minority castes raised by political leaders and the publicity the matter has received I am giving below ... views expressed by outstanding historians, statesman, scholars, and experienced administrators, which will I think interest your readers and also enable them to form their own opinions on this vital subject. The views of Hewit have already been communicated to you on an earlier occasion but is included in this communication also so as to give a connected picture of the subject matter as a whole.

Masson, Oursel, Grabruska and Sterna have in their book 'Ancient India' expressed the view that the caste of Brahmins who organised caste gave itself chief position and that way for caste system was prepared by Aryan customs and institution work of Brahman Priesthood.

Basham, Reader in History of India of the University of London in 'The Wonder that was India' says "when Aryans entered India there was already a class division in their tribal structure... The four classes, the Priest (Brahmana), Warrior (Kshatriya), Peasant (Vasiya) and Serf (Sudra) were crystallising throughout the period of Rig-Veda. They have survived to the present day... Early Tamil literature gives no evidence of caste, but the growth of Aryan influence and the development of a more complex political and economic structure produced a system in some ways more rigid than that of the north.

Chatterji, Ex-Professor Comparative Philology, Calcutta, Ex-President, Bengal Legislative Assembly and erudite historian has in his work 'Dravidian' expressed the view that Buddhism was a revolt of the masses against the priestly classes.

Nehru has in his 'Glimpses of World History' observed 'Buddhism was a revolt against caste and priesthood and ritualism. Gautama did not approve of image worship. He did not claim to be a god to be worshipped. He was the Enlightened one, the Buddha. In accordance with this ideology, Buddha was not represented in images and the architecture of those days avoided all

images. But the Brahmins wanted to bridge the gap between Hinduism and Buddhism and were all trying to introduce Hindu ideas and symbolism into Buddhist thought; and the craftsmen from the Graeco-Roman world were also used to making images of the gods. Thus gradually images crept into the Buddhist shrines. To begin with they were not of the Buddha but of the Bodhi-Sattvas, who, in Buddhist tradition, are said to be previous incarnations of Buddha. The process continued till Buddha himself was depicted in images and worshipped."

Hewit who was Commissioner Chota, Nagpur has in a paper to the Royal Asiatic Society, London, 1888 observed "The priests who wrote for the most part after the caste system, resulting from the amalgamation of the different races, had become an article of the Brahmin faith, made it their object to secure general recognition and thereby make Brahmins as priests of Gods and guardians of national morality, supreme in church and state.

It was the Brahmins... who displayed great industry and unwearying tenacity of the race... it was the Brahmins who... waited for their chance during many centuries of Buddhist rule who again led the revival of eclectic Hinduism and final development of caste system which culminated in the 8th and 9th centuries in the absorption of Buddhism on Vishnuism into the Hindu religion and destruction of Hindu national life, the interest of the caste being substituted for that of the nation".

B C Law, Fellow Calcutta University, in his 'Indological Studies' points out that Brahminism as Muslim conquest dealt final blow to Buddhism and monks fled with manuscripts into Nepal, Tibet, Burma, Kambuja, Orissa and South India.

Baghavan who was Emeritus Ethnologist, National Museum of Ceylon, in his work pertaining to Society and Culture states "That caste and its evils were much in evidence in the India of the Buddha's time, is clear from the several discourses of the Buddha and his methods in dealing with it. There is no indication of any segmentation of society in Ceylon into castes before the coming of Buddhism. It is one of the niceties of Ceylon's social history that the first positive indication of a multilateral social scene synchronises

with the spread of Buddhism." The earliest reference he points out is contained in the works of the Mahawamsa in setting out the retinue of peoples that accompanied the Bo-tree from India to Ceylon.

Geiger, a recognised authority, who has spent a life time, 50 years, in researches on Sinhalese language culture etc., says in his book "Mediaeval Culture Ceylon" in reference to Sinhalese culture — "The fundamental basis of this culture was the Caste-System which in the course of time gradually had become very complicated with innumerable subdivisions and with a vast number of prescriptions and regulations."

Rice, who was Director Public Instruction 1878 — pointed out "Greeks were favourable to Buddhism which owed its success in India most likely to the support of the non-Aryan population."

Yours Faithfully  
J. K. Sinnathamby

## Exclusive Wijeyan Descent

Sir,—With reference to the subject of exclusive descent from Wijeya referred to in a letter in the press of 28.4.67, I think your readers will be interested in the conclusions reached by recognised authorities on this subject.

Geiger who has spent a life time, 50 years, on the study of Sinhalese Literature Culture etc., has expressed the following view in his book "Mediaeval Culture, Ceylon". "From the beginning of the colonisation a racial mixture surely took place in Ceylon on the one hand with the aboriginal inhabitants of this island and on the other hand with Dravidians of South India.

Owing to the continual influx of Damilas both soldiers and non soldiers the Sinhalese must have been considerably influenced by the Dravidian race not only culturally but also physically and mentally."

Dr. G. C. Mendis, who was professor of Ceylon, History in the University states the following in his book on 'Early History of Ceylon'.

"At the time Aryans entered India, the Dravidians occupied not only South India but also greater part of North India... There is evidence to prove that in the early centuries of Christian era Dravidians helped to form the Sinhalese race... It is difficult to gauge the extent of Tamil blood among the Sinhalese, but there is no doubt that it is considerable."

(Continued on page 3)



## Astrological

## WEEKLY FORECASTS

SRIPATHY

FROM 7 - 5 - 67 to 13 - 5 - 67

ARIES Aswini, Barsani, Kartikai 1st part [Meda Rasi]

Your mind will not be at peace. New ventures will be delayed. Domestic conditions will still be unsatisfactory. Mind your health. But ruin to enemies promised. Younger brothers and sisters will be helpful.

TAURUS Kartika 2, 3, 4 Rohini, Mirugasirisha, 1, 2, [Idapa Rasi]

Health will be unsatisfactory. Abdominal complaints and eye troubles likely. New ventures will be delayed. Gains through agriculture indicated. There will be no mental peace.

GEMINI Mirugasirisha 3, 4 Thiruvathirai, Punarpusam 1, 2, 3 [Mithuna Rasi]

Financially a good week. Old investments will bring in good results. Friends will help you out of difficulties. Friends of the opposite sex will be helpful. But some clashes with relatives shown.

CANCER Purnarvasa 4, Poorasa, Ayilya [Kataka Rasi]

Gains through landed properties indicated. Work will be heavy but you will be sufficiently compensated. Fathers relatives may cause you some annoyance.

LEO Maha Poorva, Uttirai 1, [Singha Rasi]

You will be quick to pick up quarrels. Spend Sunday with care. Expenses will soar. There will be some troubles in the office. Ill health to father shown. Friends of the opposite sex will prove to be helpful.

VIRGO Uttirai 2, 3, 4, Attai Chittirai 1, 2 [Kanni Rasi]

Health a problem. Spend Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday morning with care. Rest of the week will be fairly favourable. But you will have no mental peace. Some bereavements in the family not ruled out.

## Letter To the Editor

(Continued from page 1)

Dr. G. P. Malaksekera, Chairman N. C. H. E. who has a profound knowledge of Sinhalese Literature and Culture, states the following in his book "Pali Literature".

"Intimate relations existed between Tamils of the Dekkan and the Sinhalese settlers from quite an

LIBRA Chittirai 3, 4, Swat-Visaka 1, 2, 3, [Thula Rasi]

Domestic affairs will be in a mess. You will have to work hard. Expenses will soar. Spend Wednesday, Thursday and Friday with care. Week end will be favourable.

SCORPION Visaka 4, Anusha, Kettai [Vrischika Rasi]

You will be able to triumph over your enemies. New ventures will be successful. Some of your domestic problems will be solved. Gains through landed properties indicated. Spend Friday afternoon and Saturday with care.

SAGITTARIUS Moolam, Pooradam, Uttiradam 1 [Thanu Rasi]

Misunderstandings in the domestic circle likely. Clashes with relatives also shown. Health will be a problem. Abdominal complaints likely.

CAPRICORNUS Uttiradam 2, 3, 4, Thiruvonam, Avittam 1, 2 [Makara Rasi]

Financially a good week. Gains through agriculture indicated. New ventures will be successful. But troubles through vehicles shown. Beware of secret enemies.

AQUARIUS Avittam 3, 4, Satayam, Pooraddati, 1, 2, 3 [Kumbha Rasi]

Professionally a fairly good week. Friends of the opposite sex will be helpful. But minor health upsets and troubles through relatives shown.

PISCES Pooraddati 4, Uttiraddati, Revathi [Meena Rasi]

Financially a good week. New ventures will be delayed but successful. Domestic affairs will continue to be unsatisfactory. Health upsets also shown

early period...Sinhalese annalists allude on more than one occasion to the Damila (Tamil consorts) of their sovereigns..Intimate intercourse and consanguinity were thus established from the remotest times, high employments were given to the Tamils, their services made use of and privileges given to them."

Yours faithfully,  
J. R. Sinnatamby

## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

No. Testy 2007

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Subramaniam Thuraiarajah of Inuvil Deceased

Sellammah widow of Thuraiarajah of Inuvil Vs. Petitioner

Minor 1 Thuraiarajah Sivapatham of Inuvil  
" 2 Thuraiarajah Jeyaranees of Inuvil both minors appearing by their guardian-ad-litem  
3 Thuraiarajah Subramaniasivam of Inuvil Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before N. M. J. Rajendram Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 20th day of January 1967 in the presence of Mr. V. Navaratna Rajah Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 19th day of January 1967 having been read.

It is ordered that the Petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled as the lawful widow of the deceased abovenamed to have Letters of Administration to the abovenamed estate issued to her accordingly unless the respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 12th day of April 1967 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the 3rd respondent abovenamed be and he is hereby appointed guardian-ad-litem over the 1st and 2nd minor respondents for the purpose of protecting their interest in these proceedings.

It is further ordered that the Petitioner do produce the said minors in Court on the said date.

This 20th day of January 1967

Sgd N. M. J. Rajendram  
District Judge Jaffna

Drawn by  
Sgd. V. Navaratna Rajah  
Proctor for Petitioner

12-4-1967

Time to show cause is extended to 17-5-1967

Sgd. N. A. de S. Wijeyasekera  
District Judge

14 5 &amp; 12

## ORDER NISI

## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction  
No. T/2033

In the matter of the intestate estate and effects of the late Kathirgamar Sinnathambi Mailvaganam of Urumpiray in Jaffna Deceased

Ponnammah widow of Mailvaganam of Urumpiray in Jaffna Vs. Petitioner

1 Mailvaganam Kumariah of Urumpiray presently of Colombo  
2 Mailvaganam Nadesan of Urumpiray presently of Colombo  
3 Mailvaganam Mahendran of Urumpiray presently of Colombo and  
Rasaledumy daughter of

## ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

No. Testy 2008

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Ambalavanar Nadarajah of Thirunelvely Jaffna Deceased

Nadarajah Ambalavanar of Thirunelvely North Jaffna Vs. Petitioner

1 Ranganayagi daughter of Nadarajah  
Minor 2 Ranganathan son of N. daraja—minor appearing by his guardian-ad-litem  
3 Selvanayagi widow of Nadarajah all of Thirunelvely North Jaffna Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before N. M. J. Rajendram Esquire District Judge, Jaffna on the 20th day of January 1967 in the presence of Mr. V. Navaratna Rajah Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 20th January 1967 having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled as a son and an heir of the abovenamed deceased to have Letters of Administration to the above estate issued to him accordingly unless the respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 12th day of April, 1967 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the Petitioner do produce the said minor the 2nd Respondent in Court on the said date.

This 20th day of January 1967

Sgd N. M. J. Rajendram  
District Judge, Jaffna

Drawn by  
Sgd. V. Navaratna Rajah  
Proctors for Petitioner.

12 4 67

Time to show cause is extended to 17-5-1967

Sgd. N. A. de S. Wijeyasekera  
Clerk of Court

13 5 &amp; 12

Mailvaganam of Urumpiray Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before G. C. Niles Esquire, District Judge Jaffna on the 6th day of March 1967 in the presence of Mr. A. Subramaniam, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the Petitioner be and she is declared entitled to take out Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased and that Letters of Administration be issued to her accordingly unless the Respondents or any other person shall on or before 19th day of May 1967 appear and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 6th day of March 1967

Sgd G. C. Niles  
District Judge.

17 5 &amp; 12

## Order Nisi

## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

No. Testy 1681

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Thiraviam wife of V. Ariacuddy of Kokuvil West Deceased  
Rasaratnam widow of Kandapillai of Kokuvil West Vs. Petitioner

1 Pyramuttu Ariya-cuddy of Kulapiddy Kokuvil  
2 Vallipuram Senathirajah of Kokuvil West  
3 Vallipuram Sivapatham of Kondavil West  
4 Vallipuram Navaratnam of P. W. D. Muthur  
5 Sabaratnam Nadesaratnam of Kokuvil West  
6 Vimaladevi wife of Veeragathy Selvarajah  
7 and her husband Veeragathy Selvarajah of Kokuvil West  
8 Naguladevi wife of A. T. Somasundaram and her  
9 husband A. T. Somasundaram P. W. D. Overseer, Talaimannar  
10 Kamaladevi wife of Nagalingam Kulasegaram and  
11 her husband Nagalingam Kulasegaram of 74 Chetty Street, Colombo

Minor 12 Sabaratnam Pancharatnam

" 13 Sabaratnam Shanmugaratnam

" 14 Sakuntala Devi daughter of Sabaratnam

" 15 Sabaratnam Krishnaratnam all of Kokuvil West

12th to 15th Respondents are minors appearing by their guardian-ad-litem

16 Rasammah widow of Sabaratnam of Kokuvil West

This matter coming on for disposal before N. M. J. Rajendram Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on this 18th day of June 1965 in the presence of Mr. V. Navaratna Rajah, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the 16th Respondent be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the 12th to 15th minor Respondents to watch their interests in these proceedings and the Petitioner as an heir of the deceased be declared entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased and that such Letters of Administration be issued to her accordingly unless the respondents abovenamed or any others interested shall appear before this court on the 3rd day of September 1965 and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the 16th Respondent do produce the said minors in Court on the said date.

This 8th day of June 1965.

Sgd N. M. J. Rajendram  
District Judge, Jaffna

Drawn by

Sgd. V. Navaratna Rajah  
Proctor for Petitioner

26-4-67

Time to show cause is extended to 7-7-67

Sgd. N. A. de S. Wijeyasekera  
District Judge

12 5 &amp; 12



**ORDER NISI**IN THE DISTRICT COURT  
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 2031In the matter of the Intestate  
Estate of the late Velupillai  
Nadarajah of Araly  
West, VadduocoddaiDeceased  
Nadarajah Sanmuganathan of  
Araly West Vadduocoddai

Vs. Petitioner

- 1 Ponnachchi widow of Velupillai Nadarajah
  - 2 Nadarajah Parameswary
  - 3 Nadarajah Sabapathipillai
  - 4 Nadarajah Sivanathan
  - Minor 5 Nadarajah Nageswary
  - 6 Nadarajah Easwary
- The 5th and 6th respondents are minors appearing by their Guardian-ad-litem the 1st respondent

Respondents  
This matter coming on for disposal before N. M. J. Rajendram Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 1st day of March 1967 in the presence of Mr. S. V. Somasundaram Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the petitioner having been read

- It is ordered that:-
- (a) the 1st respondent be and she is hereby appointed Guardian-ad-litem over the minors the 5th and 6th respondents abovenamed for the purpose of these proceedings,
  - (b) the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased and that Letters of Administration be issued to him accordingly,

unless the respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons shall on or before the 17th day of May 1967 appear before this Court and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the petitioner do produce the minors in Court on the 17th day of May 1967.

This 1st day of March 1967.  
Sgd. N. M. J. Rajendram  
District Judge.

Drawn by  
S. V. Somasundaram  
Proctor for Petitioner  
(11 28 & 4)

**ORDER NISI**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 2034In the matter of the Intestate  
Estate of the late Velupillai  
Thambu of KaithadyDeceased  
Velupillai Chelliah of Kaithady

Vs. Petitioner

- 1 Sinnammah widow of Velupillai Thambu
- 2 Ledchumpillai widow of Sinniah
- 3 Velupillai Subramaniam
- 4 Velupillai Sinnathamby
- 5 Velupillai Venuvannathan
- 6 Velupillai Sathesivam
- 7 Arumugam Solvaraman
- 8 Arumugam Velupillai

- Minor 9 Thavamany daughter of Arumugam
- 10 Rasammah daughter of Arumugam
- 11 Pathmavathy daughter of Arumugam
- 12 Vigneswary daughter of Arumugam, all of Kaithady

Respondents

The 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th Respondents are minors, appearing by their guardian ad-litem, their eldest brother, Arumugam Velupillai, the 8th Respondent abovenamed. This matter of the Order Nisi coming on for disposal before G. C. Niles, Esquire, Acting District Judge, Jaffna, on the 7th day of March 1967 in the presence of Mr. W. Muttukumaraswamy, Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the petition and affidavit of the petitioner having been read and filed of record:-

It is ordered that (a) the 8th Respondent Arumugam Velupillai be appointed guardian-ad-litem over the 9th to 12th minor Respondents abovenamed to represent them in these proceedings b) the Petitioner being one of the heirs of the deceased be appointed administrator of the estate of the deceased abovenamed, and c) Letters of Administration be issued to him accordingly, unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person interested in the above estate shall show sufficient cause on the 19th day of May 1967 to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

And it is further ordered that the 8th Respondent abovenamed shall attend Court and do produce the abovenamed 9th to 12th minor Respondents before this Court on the aforesaid date.

Jaffna, this 7th day of March 1966

Sgd. G. C. Niles  
Acting District Judge  
6 28 & 4

**ORDER NISI**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNA

No. Testy 1984

In the matter of the Last  
Will and Testament of the  
late Leelawathy widow of  
Chellipah Sivasubramaniam of Uduvil

Sivasubramaniam Selvachandran of No. 64 Kanagaratnam Road, Nallur, Jaffna

Vs. Petitioner

Sivasubramaniam Joy Chandrabal of Love Lane, Uduvil

Respondent.  
This matter coming on for disposal before N. M. J. Rajendram Esquire District Judge, Jaffna, on the 15th day of November 1966, in the presence of Mr. V. Navaratnam Rajah, Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the 21st day of October 1966 and the affidavit of the Notary and witnesses dated 10th October 1966 and 14-9-1966 having been read.

It is ordered that the Last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased dated 12th March 1966 and attested by W. B. Canagaratnam, Notary Public under No. 1674 and filed of record in this case be

**ORDER NISI**IN THE DISTRICT COURT  
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. T/2004In the matter of the Intestate  
Estate of the late Sinnavan  
Ponnampalam of Karampan, KaytsDeceased  
Sinnavan Sivasambu of Karampan West, Kayts

Vs. Petitioner

- 1 Sabapathy Kanapathy
- 2 Sabapathy Pasupathy
- 3 Sabapathy Manikkam
- Minor 4 Koyilan Kandasamy
- 5 Koyilan Sarathamani, and
- 6 Koyilan Tirumahal; all of Camp Road, Kayts, the 4th to 6th Respondents being minors are represented by their Guardian-ad-litem the 1st Respondent

This matter coming on for disposal before N. M. J. Rajendram Esquire District Judge of Jaffna on the 11th day of January 1967 in the presence of Mr. V. Navaratnam Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit of the petitioner dated 18th April 1966 having been read

It is ordered that the 1st Respondent abovenamed be and he is hereby appointed Guardian-ad-litem of the 4th to 6th Respondents minors abovenamed, and that the Petitioner abovenamed as brother of the deceased is entitled to have Letters of Administration issued to him in respect of the deceased's estate and that Letters be issued to him accordingly unless the respondents shall on or before the 12th day of April 1967 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

The 11th day of January 1967

Sgd. G. C. Niles  
Addl. District Judge, Jaffna

The time for showing cause is extended to 17th May 1967

Sgd. G. C. Niles  
Addl. District Judge, Jaffna  
The 12th April, 1967  
18 5 & 12

and the same is hereby declared proved and that the petitioner abovenamed as the Executor named in the said Last Will be granted Probate of the said Last Will and Testament and the same is issued to him accordingly, unless the respondent or others interested shall on or before the 30th day of January 1967 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 15th day of November 1966.

Sgd. N. M. J. Rajendram  
District Judge, Jaffna

Drawn by  
Sgd. V. Navaratnam Rajah  
Proctor for Petitioner  
30.1.67

Time to show cause is extended to 7-4-1967

Sgd. N. M. J. Rajendram  
District Judge

Time to show cause is extended to 19-5-1967

Sgd. N. A. de Wijesekera  
District Judge, Jaffna

(15 5 & 12)

**ORDER NISI**IN THE DISTRICT COURT  
OF JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 2036In the matter of the Intestate  
estate of the late Kuddipillai  
widow of Gunaratnam  
of Vaddukkoddai WestDeceased  
Gunaratnam Jayasingham of Vaddukkoddai West

Vs. Petitioner

- 1 Gunaratnam Balasingam of Y. M. C. A. Coventry, England
- 2 Gunaratnam Tharmarajah of Vaddukkoddai West
- 3 Gunaratnam Shanmuganathan of 157, Gloucester Terrace, London W2
- 4 Gunaratnam Rajamohan of Vaddukkoddai West

Respondents.  
This matter coming on for disposal before G. C. Niles Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 13th day of March 1967 in the presence of Mr. S. V. Somasundaram Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the petitioner having been read.

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased and that Letters be issued to him accordingly unless the Respondents or any other person or persons shall on or before the 2nd day of June 1967 appear before this Court and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

The 13th day of March 19 7

Sgd. G. C. Niles  
District Judge

Drawn by  
S. V. Somasundaram  
Proctors for Petitioner  
10 5 & 12

**ORDER NISI**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
JAFFNATestamentary Jurisdiction  
No. 2017In the matter of the Intestate  
estate of the late Sangarapillai  
Akilandanayagi of  
Tallippalai South WestDeceased  
Sangarapillai Selladurai of Myliddy North

Vs. Petitioner

- 1 Sangarapillai Subramaniaswamy of Keerimalai
- 2 Savanathanayagi wife of Velupillai Thambu of Tallippalai South West.

Respondents  
This matter coming on for disposal before N. M. J. Rajendram, Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna on the 8th day of May 1967 in the presence of Mr. A. V. Sathasivam, Proctor on the part of the petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the petitioner having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said deceased and that Letters of Administration be issued to him accordingly unless the respondents or any other person or persons shall on or before the 19th day of April 1967 appear before this Court and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

This 8th day of March 1967.  
Sgd. N. M. J. Rajendram  
District Judge.

17-4-67  
This Order Nisi is extended till 12th June 1967.

Sgd. N. M. J. Rajendram  
District Judge.

Drawn by  
Sgd. A. V. Sathasivam  
Proctor for Petitioner  
(6 5 & 12)

**THE JAFFNA MUTUAL  
BENEFIT FUND Ltd.**

(Established 1918)

**Shares** 5000 shares of Rs. 100/- each 80 monthly instalments of Re. 1/- per share will earn Rs. 100/- for each at the end of the period, Shares issued all time

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**Loans** on the security of Jewels a speciality  
Part payments accepted.

**FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS****APPLY TO:**

**S. KANAGASABAI, J. P.  
Shroff.**

செயலகம் கட்டிடம் பெயர் மலிவாகு கட்டிடம் மலிவாகு  
கட்டிடம் பெயர் பெயர் குறைவாக துரிதம் வர  
கட்டிடம் பெயர் பெயர் குறைவாக துரிதம் வர  
கட்டிடம் பெயர் பெயர் குறைவாக துரிதம் வர

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