

'DEVELOPMENT OF ART IN SRI LANKA'**Author Felicitated**

Following the tradition of Tamil Sangam era, Mr. K. Navaratnam, author of 'the Development of Art in Sri Lanka' was honoured and heartily congratulated at a largely attended public meeting on Sunday last at the Vaidheswara Vidyalaya Hall in Vannarponnai.

Culture can be understood and appreciated only if the development of art in the different countries is made known to the people by means of well written historical accounts said Rev Dr. Xavier S. ThaniNayagam, Editor of 'Tamil Culture' and Lecturer of the University of Ceylon when he expressed the appreciation of the people of Tamilakam of the effort of Mr. Navaratnam and

suggested that such books should be rendered into the other spoken languages of the country.

Dr. K. Kanapathipillai, Professor of the University of Ceylon in felicitating the new author traced the development of art in Sri Lanka to pre historic ages and said that any work that served to make the people understand their true cultural background was worthy of being honoured.

Speaking from the chair Mr. S. Natesan paid a glowing tribute to Mr. Navaratnam for the valuable contribution he has made to the educational and cultural progress of the country and added that the new book was a meritorious achievement

as it was the first of its kind produced in Tamil.

Mr. Navaratnam in presenting his book before the gathering said that he was encouraged by the late Mr. N. Ponniah of the Eelakesari to write the book and explained the method of approach he followed in writing the book. The source of inspiration, he said, was the scholarly writings of that intellectual giant the late Dr. Ananda Cumarasamy.

Pulavar A. Periyathambipillai, Messrs. S. Sinnathambay and T. K. Shanmugam were among the other speakers.

Earlier Mr. Handy Perinpanayakam welcomed the President, Mr. Navaratnam and the speakers.

Vidwa Siromani S. Ganesh Iyer presented an address in verse composed by him and observed that it was fitting that the first of the Ponniah Memorial publications was a book written by Mr. Navaratnam.

FOOD CONTROL**WHY DOES GOVT. RETAIN IT?**

Almost every country in the world has lifted food control. Ceylon alone for some mysterious reason is retaining it. There is today enough rice to go round the world and there is more wheat than the world can consume. The prices in the world market have come down, even steeply in some countries, and the consumer will not suffer if all food is decontrolled and open license is given to trade to import and distribute food. Some time last year the Government proposed to leave the business in flour entirely in the hands of traders, but for political reasons the Government changed its mind. Those who wield power are generally reluctant to part with it. The result is there is a serious shortage of flour and the public is paying exorbitant prices ranging from 28 to 40 cts for a lb.

pated a general fall in prices. The result is that the consumer must pay dearly for his rice, or the State should unnecessarily spend large sums on subsidies.

The rice agreement with China has no other object in view except to obtain a higher price for rubber for the benefit of a few planters. Just for the benefit of the latter the Government is foisting on the public rice of inferior quality at prices higher than those obtaining elsewhere—rice which in the Far East is believed to be the cause of beriberi. It would be better for the consumer if the Government imports little or no rice from China and increases the import of flour. The only reason the Government has for retaining food control is a political reason. The Ministry can go into the country and pose as great benefactors who have sold subsidised rice at a huge loss to revenue and have encouraged food production by offering a guaranteed price of Rs 12 per bushel. The value of food control as a political stunt cannot be gainsaid. Another reason must have weighed with the Government. The lifting of control will mean the abolition of a whole Department with high officials, inspectors and numerous clerks and also a death-blow to a good many co-operative stores.

It is high time that the Cabinet decontrols all foodstuffs, rice, flour and sugar and issue open licenses to the trade to import and sell all foodstuffs. Agricultural prices must find their own level with world prices. The consumer should not be hit for the sake of providing an artificial prop to cultivation. As world prices are fairly good and as the increase in production cannot keep pace with the population increase, there is no reason to believe that decontrol will

N. SANGARAPILLAI,
B. A. (Lond.)

of flour in the black market. The situation which has continued for five weeks does not reflect any credit to the Director of Food Supplies or the Ministry.

There is a general fall in the price of rice in the world market. In India a bag of good quality rice weighing 246 lbs sells at Rs. 33. That works at £ 22 10s per ton. After much persuasion by a delegation from Ceylon the Burmese Government has agreed to accept a price of £ 42 per ton if the whole lot agreed upon is to be taken. This price is obviously much higher than the price ruling in India, Pakistan and Thailand. The Government should have had the foresight not to contract for the whole stock without a fair appraisal of the world supply position, and could have antici-

ANTARCTICA THE LAST CONTINENT

SHIPS are on their way to Antarctica to prepare for and inaugurate the International Geophysical Year there, a combined effort by 36 nations to explore the world's most inaccessible land. One special objective will be the setting up of an observation post at the South Pole.

Seen on a flat map, Antarctica does not give any impression of great size, but it is about six million square miles in extent, about as large as Australia and Europe put together: indeed, when completely surveyed, it may well prove to be the world's largest continent. It is roughly spherical in shape, its approximate centre being the South Pole.

Whether any of the ships will ever get there is another matter. The way

to Antarctica is barred by ice in far greater quantity than the Arctic knows. From every direction of

BY

MANSON CLARKE

approach ships encounter pack ice and glaciers from the interior of the land and break off, forming huge icebergs, some 30 or 40 miles long and 500 feet high. The volume of ice varies in different years. In a good year, given the luck to find an opening, ships can push through the pack ice and reach the Ross Sea, which is fairly open at the best time of the year. Then they have to make another 400 miles along the Great Ice Barrier.

Weather is another important factor. Vicious

gales spring up in these regions and wind velocities reach 200 miles an hour. Imagine a ship caught in an ice field in such a storm, trapped in grinding ice, or carried helplessly against huge bergs. One ship, going full speed ahead against the wind, was actually blown backwards, so that her wake was going forward past her bows.

And the wind is "like a whetted knife," so cold at times that spray freezes on spars, ropes, and superstructure so that a small ship may accumulate as 200 tons of ice and be in danger of foundering unless the ice can be chopped away.

There are colder places—Siberia, for instance, with minimum temperatures lower than anything recorded so far in Antarctica, but the last continent holds the record for continuous cold. Even in the summer, the temperature never rises above freezing point and in the winter there may be

(Continued on page 6)

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திருச்சிபுரம்.

மெச்சிவாயவே ஞானமுக்கல்வியும்
மெச்சிவாயவே நானறிவிச்சையும்
மெச்சிவாயவே நானறிந்தேத்துமே
மெச்சிவாயவே நன்னைநிவாட்டுமே
திருச்சிபுரம்.

Hindu Organ

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1955

Treasure These Thoughts

If a bad time comes, what of that? The pendulum must swing back to the other side. But that is no better. The thing to do is to stop it.

SAVE ASIA! FROM WHOM?

America and Russia, both are ready for any catastrophe. And both deny that they are making any preparations for war. All this is being done in the interest of Asia! We think that the time has arrived for the H. Bomb. nations to be told unequivocally that Asia is as strong as any other continent to hold its own and that neither the Big Two nor any other combination of Powers need make arrangements to save Asia.

Asian nations require to be saved but not by Russia and America. They have to be saved from these two war-mongering powers. Sri C. Rajagopalachariar, the veteran statesman, has emphatically deprecated the atomic activities of these countries and has earnestly suggested that all destructive weapons of the A. and H. Bomb varieties should be buried underground for any attempt to be made to restore peace in this unsettled world. Bury or blast the Atom weapons, let Russia and America do the experimenting in their own mainland. Even it be that these countries stand a definite danger in stocking these deadly weapons either above ground or under, the rest of the world would feel relieved of a perpetual fear of dastardly destruction, if the non-atom nations get together and demand that the use of Atom and Hydrogen weapons should be banned forthwith.

It is ridiculous for the Big Powers to speak of

Medical Facilities In The Peninsula

AT JAFFNA

It is understood that representations have been made to the Medical Authorities that the recently appointed Lady Doctor of the Jaffna Hospital should be transferred. The reason appears to be that the Doctor has not been successful in taking into her confidence the 'outsiders' who try to gain entrance into the Civil Hospital to pay visits to patients.

AT MANIPAY

It is also understood that Green Hospital, Manipay, has received fresh accession of strength in the persons of two new doctors. Major W. A. Naidu, F. R. C. S., besides obtaining his Surgical degree in Dublin also did a year's surgery in Berlin and about six months in Vienna. He was in the employ of the Indian Government and was laterly lecturer in Operative Surgery in the Stanley Medical College, Madras. He had the distinction of serving as Surgeon to His Excellency the Governor of Madras Sri Prakasa. He arrived at Manipay on Monday the 7th Mrs. Mercy Sathya the other doctor was engaged in Gynaecology and Obstetrical work in the Katyani Mission Hospital, Madras, from which she has been specially released for work at Manipay.

CO OPERATIVE HOSPITALS

Permanent buildings for the Tellippallai Co-operative Hospital are being put up. At Moolai extensions to the existing buildings are being constructed.

the welfare of mankind being protected by means of nefarious and inhuman activities. America and Russia know that Asia alone can save the world for mankind. If only these two nations should sincerely seek and obtain the assistance of that able statesman Premier Nehru as a 'highly useful friend', the terrifying international tension can be eased and the world can be made a place worth living in. But Shri Nehru will insist that the A and H Bombs shall be banned altogether. Bury the bombs if the warring nations should be made bury their hatchets!

THE FORMOSA FRONT

AMERICAN INTERFERENCE AND ACTIVITIES

ARE IN THE INTEREST OF PEACE

(An explanation in the U. S. I. S.)

The United States is firmly committed to the defence of Formosa and the Pescadores. These islands became part of the Japanese Empire in 1895. They continued as such until they were relinquished by Japan as a result of her defeat in war—a defeat principally wrought by the efforts and sacrifices of the United States.

These islands form an important part of the Western Pacific defence system which I have described. The people of the islands eagerly seek our help.

Thus Formosa and the Pescadores have been properly a matter of concern to the United States.

In 1945 our long-time ally, the Republic of China, was entrusted with authority over these islands. In 1950, when the aggression against Korea occurred, President Truman ordered our Pacific fleet to defend Formosa against possible Chinese Communist attack. Now, that determination has been converted into our mutual defense treaty with the Republic of China.

It is important to note that the treaty, except as it relates to United States territories, covers only the islands of Formosa and the Pescadores, and an armed attack directed against those islands. The Congressional authority is to secure and protect Formosa and the Pescadores against armed attack, and to make secure and to protect "related positions and territories" as the President judges "this would be required or appropriate in assuring the defense of Formosa and the Pescadores."

The President did not use our armed forces to help the Chinese Nationalists to hold the Tachen Islands and Yushan and Pishan, lying some 200 miles north of

Formosa. These islands were virtually unrelated to the defence of Formosa and the Pescadores. We helped the Chinese Nationalists to evacuate these islands and regroup their forces, so as to avoid a bloody and wasteful battle which would have inflamed public emotions. Thus, Nationalist China and the United States have made an important contribution to the cause of peace.

It has been suggested that Nationalist China should go further and surrender to the Chinese Communists the coastal positions which the Communists need to stage their announced attack on Formosa.

It is doubtful that this would serve either the cause of peace or the cause of freedom.

The Chinese Communists have been the initiators of violence in this area. They have already formally declared their intention to take Formosa. If the Chinese Nationalists now oblige by making it easier for the Chinese Communists to conquer Formosa, will they be less apt to do so? I doubt it.

The United States has no commitment and no purpose to defend the coastal positions as such. The basic purpose is to assure that Formosa and the Pescadores will not be forcibly taken over by the Chinese Communists. However, Foreign Minister Chou says they will use all their force to take Formosa and they treat the coastal islands as means to that end. When the Nationalists voluntarily evacuated the Tachen Islands, the Chinese Communists' comment was: "The liberation of these islands, has created favorable conditions for our people's liberation army in the liberation of Formosa."

Thus the Chinese Communists have linked

the coastal positions to the defense of Formosa. That is the fact which, as President Eisenhower said in his message to Congress about Formosa, "compels us to take into account closely related localities." Accordingly, we shall be alert to subsequent Chinese Communist actions, rejecting for ourselves any initiative of warlike deeds.

It is hardly to be expected that the Chinese Communists will renounce their ambitions. However, might they not renounce their efforts to realize their goals by force?

Such renunciation of force is one of the basic principles of the United Nations, and the United States had hoped, and still hopes, that the United Nations may be able to effect a cessation of the present hostilities. President Eisenhower, in his message to Congress dealing with this matter, made clear that the United States would welcome action by the United Nations which might bring an end to the active hostilities in the area. The government of New Zealand has brought this situation before the Security Council, and the United States, in the interest of peace, went to the length of voting to invite the Chinese Communists to come to the Security Council to discuss the matter.

In 1950, the Chinese Communists had accepted a Security Council invitation in relation to Korea. However, this time the Chinese Communists contemptuously rejected the invitation.

We sincerely hope that this decision of the Chinese Communists is not irrevocable and that they will abide by the principles of the United Nations rather than challenge by force the defensive obligations of this country. In any event, we believe that their attitude toward the United Nations Security Council has not ended the responsibility of that body which, by the charter, has the "primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security."

It should not, moreover, be carelessly assumed that peace and security

(Continued on page 5)

C. N. A. P. T. & ITS WORK IN 1954

(By MUHANDIRAM E. P. RASIAH,
Hony. Secretary, C. N. A. P. T.)

The Jaffna Branch of "The Ceylon National Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis", which is now four years old, has a proud record of useful work done during 1954:—

I. Propaganda

(a) Considerable amount of propaganda was done in disseminating information on the causes of T. B. and the measures needed to prevent its spreading.

(b) During the T. B. week (T. B. day having been converted into a T. B. Week) a large number of school children and others had the benefit of listening to lectures on T. B. from competent Doctors.

As a result of these, a good deal of that mistaken idea that this disease attacks only the sinners and poor people, is fast disappearing.

The knowledge that nutritious food, cleanliness, ventilation etc will help to build up one's powers of resistance against this disease is fast spreading.

(c) During fairs and festivals, special vessels with disinfectants for spitting, and posters were placed at prominent places through the co-operation of the Sanitary authorities.

This undoubtedly brought home to the masses, the danger that lurks in careless and indiscriminate spitting, and how it could be prevented.

II. Work Done

(a) This Association had interviews with the Hon'ble the Minister of Health, His Parliamentary and Permanent Secretaries and the Deputy Director of Health Services.

The memorandum submitted by it, urging the necessity of establishing a Model Chest Clinic in Jaffna with all modern facilities and latest equipments for examining and treating T. B. cases, and for X Ray and laboratory facilities with a resident Staff of Specialists, have had good results.

(b) The construction of such a Clinic has already been started on the Beach Road near the Pannai Bus Junction. It is hoped that it would be completed, equipped and staffed before June this year.

(c) As a result of our agitation, 100 beds have been added on to the Civil Hospital at Kankasanturai and they are all occupied now.

(d) The construction of an additional new ward for T. B.

patients at the K. K. S. Sanatorium has been already sanctioned by Government.

(e) The construction of light wards for T. B. patients, in the District Hospitals at Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri has been approved.

(f) A mass X ray Examination with a T. B. Survey of Jaffna is under consideration.

III. Assistance in Cash and Kind:

(a) Although the granting of financial assistance to T. B. patients has been taken over by the Department of Social Services, yet this Association gives temporary relief, in cash payments, to very deserving and urgently needy cases, till they are taken over by the Social Services Department.

In 1954 we had disbursed Rs. 410/- in such payments.

(b) Assistance in kind, such as milk, Cod Liver Oil etc, is given to some type of contacts. A school boy from Kopay—a contact—is being regularly supplied 3 tins of Nestomalt per month.

The patients who attend the T. B. Clinic at the Jaffna Hospital are given a cup of milk each, prepared by a group of voluntary women helpers, who take turns.

(c) A baby born to T. B. parents at the K. K. S. hospital and transferred at the instance of this Association to the care of Pustur Arokyia Vasam Health Centre, is keeping well. This Association contributes Rs. 30/- monthly towards the nursing and maintenance of this child.

Another baby of this type has been sent there and we have to perhaps double our contribution.

(d) During Christmas time, presents were given to T. B. patients at the K. K. S. T. B. Hospital in the form of a vesty and shawl to each male and a saree to each female, out of amounts collected from the sales of T. B. Seals through the assistance of Rev. Fr. Long.

(e) During Deepavali too, clothes to the value of Rs. 185/- were given these patients—The Jaffna Saivaparipalana Sabai contributing a fair amount towards this item.

IV. General

For the last two years, we have had no donations from our Parent Body or Members of the Public, and our Treasurer is left with a depleted Bank account.

We need immediate financial aid, if we are to continue the

Mannar Saiva Maha Sabai

"One of the dreams of the Mannar Saiva Maha Sabai has come true today" said Mr. K. Jayakody in his Presidential address at the special general meeting held on Sivatathiri day while requesting Sir Kandiah Vaithianathan to open the Sunday religious School. Sir Kandiah Vaithianathan in opening the school lighted a brass lamp and wished it all success. Sri La Sri Esana Sivacharia Swamikai recited Koddupirathanai and addressed the audience on Saivism.

A Society for the Hindu ladies of Mannar was also inaugurated under the name of "Saiva Mangayar Sabai" with Lady Kandiah Vaithianathan as Patron, Mrs. Manohari Sivanathan President, Mrs. A. Thirunavukarasu, Mrs. Puvaneswary Jeyakody and Mrs. A. Nagendra Vice-Presidents, Mrs. Maheswari Rajanayagam Secretary and Mrs. P. Veluchamy Asst. Secretary and Mrs. A. Canagaratnam and Miss Sinnathamby Joint Treasurers.

Mrs. Paramaguru, Mrs. S. Muttusamy, Mrs. Rasiyah, Mrs. Somasundaram, Mrs. Thirugnanam, Mrs. P. Sinnathamby, Mrs. Thiraraja, Mrs. S. Sinnathamby, Mrs. Theiventra Coomarasamy, Mrs. Manicaraja, Mrs. M. Ragnathan, Mrs. Saravanamuttu and Mrs. Anantha Nadaraja Committee Members.

Colombo Saiva Mangayar Kalakam, Vivekanantha Society, Jaffna Saiva Paripalana Sabai and various other Hindu Societies were represented at this meeting.

good work that we have started. We also need a further number of sincere, voluntary workers to bring home to all, the usefulness of an Organisation like that of ours.

Much of the past good work would not have been possible, had not our Official and Unofficial workers, Doctors, Heads of Institutions, Ladies and Well-wishers wholeheartedly co-operated and given of their best to this Association.

Our thanks are due to them all.

GLORIES OF SHAIIVISM

THE LAST BOOK WRITTEN BY

S SIVAPADASUNDRAM B. A.

Can be obtained from:

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 5

In the matter of the intestate estate of the late Sangarapillai Kandiah of Kanderamadam, Jaffna

Theivanaipillai widow of Subramaniam of Kanderamadam Jaffna Petitioner.

Vs.

- 1 Kandiah Amarasingam
- 2 Kandiah Satkunarani both of do
- 3 Velupillai Murugesu of Oddumadam, Jaffna Respondents.

This matter of the petition of the petitioner praying that the 3rd respondent be appointed guardian ad litem over the 1st and 2nd respondents and that the petitioner be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased above named and that letters of administration issued to her accordingly coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esqr, District Judge, Jaffna, on the 31st day of January 1955 in the presence of Mr. S. C. Kathiravelu Proctor for petitioner and the affidavit and petition of the petitioner having been read:

It is ordered that the 3rd respondent be appointed guardian ad litem over the 1st and 2nd respondents, that the petitioner declared entitled to have letters of administration for the estate of the above named deceased and the same issued to her accordingly, unless the respondents or any others shall show sufficient cause to the contrary on or before the 7th day of March 1955 at 10 a.m. The 3rd respondent shall produce the said minors the 1st and 2nd respondents in court on the said date.

The 31st day of Jan 1955

P SRI SKANDA RAJAH District Judge.

Drawn by

S. C. Kathiravelu Proctor for Patr. (O. 193. 25 & 4)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF POINT PEDRO

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 532

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Sivagamypillai widow of Subramaniam Velcander of Puloly West

Deceased.

Krishnapillai Velayutham of Puloly West.

Petitioner.

Vs

1. Sattanather Kumaraswamy of Rubber Services Laboratory Kalutara
2. Kandapper Ambalavaner of Puloly West
3. Wife Seljammah of Do
4. Suppar Thambiah of Do
5. Kovindar Maner of Kandalalai Karachy
6. Wife Sivapakiam of Do
7. Parupathy widow of Kathiritamby Ponniah of Do
8. Kanagasabai Sutbarisanan Underguard C. G. R. Colombo
9. Kanagasabai Sivaganesan alias Paskaran of Parcels Office G. P. O. Colombo
10. Sivagamypillai widow of Sandrasegaram of Puloly West
11. Parupathipillai widow of Subramaniam of Alway South
12. Kandiah Muttucumaraswamy of Puloly West
13. Thamotheram Rasiyah of Puloly West
14. Wife Ponnammah of Alway South
15. Kandiah Arambamoorthy of Puloly West
16. Kandiah Thiagarajah of Puloly West
17. Wife Wallipillai of Puloly West

Respondent.

This matter of the petition of the above named petitioner praying that the Last Will bearing No. 17801 dated 26 November 1952 and attested by K. Subramaniam Notary Public and executed by the above named deceased be declared proved and that Probate thereof be issued to the Petitioner as the Executor of the said Last Will coming on for disposal before S. Thamby Durai Esquire District Judge Point Pedro on the 10th day of January 1955 in the presence of K. Subramaniam Proctor for Petitioner and on reading the petition and affidavit of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Notary and witnesses both dated the 10th day of January 1955.

It is ordered that the said Last Will be and the same is hereby declared proved and that Probate thereof be and the same is hereby issued to the Petitioner as the Executor of the said Last Will unless the respondents or any other person interested shall on or before the 10th day of February 1955 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the Court to the contrary.

The 10th day of January 1955
Sgd. S. THAMBY DURAI, District Judge.

Drawn by

K. Subramaniam Proctor for Petitioner Time to shew cause extended to 17-3 55 Sgd S. Thamby Durai D. J.

(O 194 25 & 4)

Price Re. 1/- per Copy

MANAGER, Saiva Prakasa Press, VANNARPONNAI.

Astrological

WEEKLY FORECASTS

'SEI PATHY'

FROM 27-2-55 TO 5-3-55

ARIES Aswini, Barani, Kartikai 1st part [Medha Rasi]

You will find it difficult to advance according to your plans, this week. You may have to do some travelling. Or some changes in routine likely. Quarrels with friends shown week end.

TAURUS Kartikai 2, 3, 4, Rohini, Mirugasirisha 1, 2 [Idapa Rasi]

You may have to fall out with some of your relatives this week. Financially a good time. You will succeed in all your undertakings. Health must be given particular care.

GEMINI Mirugasirisha 3, 4, Thiruvathirai, Punarpusam 1, 2, 3 [Mithuna Rasi]

The first two days likely to upset you very much. Domestic conditions will be far from satisfactory. Illness in the family circle shown. Do not begin anything new.

CANCER Punarpoosa 4, Poosa, Ayilya [Kataka Rasi]

Friends will tax your purse this week. You will lack in your comforts. Tuesday and Wednesday the worst out of the lot. Do not be quick to pick up quarrels.

LEO Maha, Poora, Uttira 1, [Singha Rasi]

All will not be well on the domestic side this week. Keep your temper under control if you want to avoid serious troubles. Thursday, Friday and Saturday morning the worst out of the lot.

VIRGO Uttira 2, 3, 4, Attai, Chittirai 1, 2 [Kanni Rasi]

Financial difficulties will drop up this week. Pay extra attention to your business or profession or else there is likely to be some loss or trouble. Health upsets also possible. Saturday afternoon must be spent with care.

LIBRA Chittirai 3, 4, Swati, Visaka 1, 2, 3, [Thula Rasi]

Domestic trouble will upset you much this week. But all is well on the professional side. There will be some changes for the better.

SCORPION Visaka 4, Anusha, Kettai [Vrischika Rasi]

Be careful in all your social activities this week. Scandals likely to crop up. Mental restlessness and financial troubles also shown. But there will be no calamity of any serious venture.

SAGITTARIUS Moolam, Pooradam, Uttiradam 1, [Thanu Rasi]

Financial gains from unexpected quarters promised this week. Much of your personal problems will also be solved. But health upsets likely.

CAPRICORNUS Uttiradam 2, 3, 4, Thiruvonam, Avittam 1, 2, [Makara Rasi]

You will have to be very careful in all your dealings this week. But where you need stern actions. You will find your hands tied. Emotional ties likely to clash with personal advancement.

AQUARIUS Avittam 3, 4, Satayam, Pooraddati 1, 2, 3 [Kumbha Rasi]

You will be able to triumph over your enemies this week. Financially this will be a remunerative month. Competition in your business also will melt away.

PISCES Pooraddati 4, Utraddati, Revati. [Meena Rasi]

Do not hit your head against stone walls this week. Better to keep your temper under control and adopt a five and take policy if you want to succeed. Expenditure will be on the rise.

ORDER ABSOLUTE IN THE FIRST INSTANCE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

No. 1

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Chelliah Joseph Sabapathy of Mallakam.

Deceased
Prexida Sabapathy widow of Sabapathy of Mallakam
Petitioner

This matter coming on for disposal before A. E. R. Corea Esqr District Judge Jaffna on the 6th day of January 1955 in the presence of Mr. S. Nadarajah Proctor for Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner and that of the Notary and witnesses to the said will having been read.

It is ordered that the Last Will of the late Chelliah Joseph Sabapathy the deceased dated 30th May 1953 and now deposited in this court be and the same is hereby declared proved and that the Petitioner is entitled to Probate of the said Last Will and the same issued to her accordingly as Executrix named in the said Last Will.

This 6th day of January 1955
Sgd. P. SriSkanda Rajah
District Judge

Drawn by
S Nadarajah
Proctor for Petitioner
(O. 192 18 & 25)

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 3/T

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Sothinathar Sornavadivelu of Manipay

Deceased
Sothinathar Nagalingam of Manipay
Petitioner

Vs
1. Thangamma widow of S. Sornavadivelu

Minor 2. Logeswary daughter of Sornavadivelu (adopted)

3. Thillaiampalam Kandasamy and

4. Nagalingam Maheswaran all of Manipay

5. Somasegarampillai Sothinathan, Government General Hospital, Jaffna and

6. Somasegarampillai Kanagasabai of Kaddudai

Respondents
This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire District Judge, Jaffna on the 23rd day of January 1955 in the presence of Mr. S. Rajendran Proctor for the Petitioner and the affidavits of the Petitioner and of the Witnesses having been read:-

It is ordered that the 1st Respondent be appointed Guardian ad litem over the

PERSONAL

Mr. P. Thambipillai, Station Master Vavuniya has retired from service after serving for 41 years in the Ceylon Government Railway. He worked at several important stations such as Colombo Fort, Kelaniya, Kaduganawa, Anuradhapura, Talaimannar, Vavuniya, Jaffna and Chunnakam.

minor 2nd Respondent for the purpose of protecting her interests and of representing her in these Testamentary Proceedings, that the Last Will and Testament of the said deceased be declared proved and that the Petitioner be declared entitled to probate thereof and the same be issued to him as executor named therein, unless the Respondents or any other persons appear before this Court on the 7th day of March 1955 and state objections to the contrary.

And it is further ordered that the minor be produced in Court on the said date. The 28th day of January 1955
Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah
District Judge

Drawn by
S Rajendran
Proctor for Petitioner
(O 191 18 & 25)

A STUDY OF THE SVETASVATARA UPANISHAD

(By A Science Graduate)

(Continued from our issue of '8-2-55)

Fifth Adhyayam

1. In the imperishable and infinite Supreme State of Brahman wherein the two, the knowing (world) and the non-knowing (world), lie hidden, the non-knowing (world) verily is perishable (of a transient nature) and the knowing (world) is immortal; but He who rules over both the knowing and the non-knowing (worlds) is another (Anyatha, other than these or different from them).

We have translated the words *Brahma Para* appearing in the original text (*ब्रह्म परं*) as the Supreme state of Brahman. This is the Param Brahman (*परम ब्रह्म*) of the Siva Gnana Siddhi (XII, 7), the *Odunki* (*ஒடுங்கி*) of the Siva Gnana Bodham (Sutram I), the *Siva eva kevala* of an earlier Sruti of this Upanishad (IV. 18), the Brahman in which the elements of the world are merged at the time of *Pra'ayam* not absolutely but 'in such a way as to continue to exist in a seminal condition' in the words of the apostle of absolute Monism. It is hardly necessary to explain that the words *Vidya* and *Avidya* of the Sruti denote the knowing and the non-knowing (worlds), what we call the *Chetana* and *Achetana* *Prapanchas*, respectively, (or *Passu* and *Passam* in Siddhantic parlance). The concluding words of the Sruti that He who rules over these two entities is another (*anyatha*, other than these or different from them) should be carefully noted. This Ruler is what we call *Pati* in Siddhantic parlance. It will thus be seen that this Sruti clearly emphasises the threefold concept of God, soul and bondage, which indeed is the fundamental teaching of this, nay of all the Upanishads, as we have repeatedly pointed out.

2. It is He the Peerless (Ruler), who rules over every germ of every form, over all germs (causes). It is He who at the beginning of creation bore in His thoughts His offspring the tawny-coloured Seer (Brahma), whose birth He witnessed.

3. This God, the Ruler, the Mahatma,—He transforms and re-transforms (distrroys) every kind (of germ) in that field (of the knowing and non-knowing worlds) in diverse ways, He creates the lordly seers in the same manner (as before destruction) and rules supreme over all.

These Sruties speak of God, who is one only and peerless, and the functions of the creation, preservation and destruction or dissolution of the world, both animate and inanimate. The previous Sruti spoke of the *Brahma Paran* (or *Siva eva kevala*) in whom the world becomes absorbed at the time of the great *Pralayam* (deluge) or *Maha Sanharam* (universal destruction) and disappears including even the functionary associated with its creation. When the time for a fresh creation (or reproduction or evolution) of the world arrives after it has had a period of complete rest, one of the first thoughts of the Great Dissolver naturally turns to Brahman otherwise known as *Hiranyagarbhan* (the Golden-coloured) who has to be re-invested with his office of creator. This functionary immediately appears on the scene springing out of his hiding place, the Great Dissolver (God). This is why he is called the offspring (*Prasutan*, *பிரசுதன்*, the son that springs forth) of God, who is said to witness his birth. This last statement is in accordance with the universally accepted concept that God's actions involve no exertion on His part and that He is a mere witness or spectator and all His so-called actions are activated by His mere presence. சந்திரிகோ ஐந்து நொழிலும் the fivefold actions take place in His presence. இறைமன் தன் சந்திரிகை உலகிந்தை சேட்கை என்னும் மறைமன், thus we read in *Siddhiyar*. In the presence of the Lord the world bristles with activity, say the Vedas. The third Sruti refers to the creation (and destruction) of varied forms of the world in a general way and particularizes the creation of other lordly seers (other than the tawny-coloured seer mentioned in the second Sruti as springing forth at the beginning of creation) and then proceeds to speak of God's overlordship, His ruling over all creation, in other words, the function of the protection of the world.

(To be continued)

President Prasad On The Horrors Of H. Bombs

During his address to a joint session of the Indian Parliament President Prasad said:—

"Unfortunately, other conflicts still continue, endangering the peace of the world. Among these, the most serious at the present moment is that relating to the Far East and more particularly, to Formosa and the off-shore islands of China. My Government recognises only one Government of China that is, the People's Republic and considers that the claims of this Republic are justified. I earnestly hope, however, that these difficult problems will be solved peacefully and by negotiation.

"There is, indeed, no other way left for the solution of international disputes, if sanity is to prevail. Nuclear and thermo-nuclear weapons have been developed to such an extent that a war in which these are used would bring ruin to the world. No problem can be solved, no objective achieved, by this self-destruction of humanity. A Hydrogen bomb not only destroys every living thing utterly within a large radius, but also produce intense radio-activity which will carry destruction to a much larger area. There is no defence against such weapons. Some eminent soldiers of different countries have stated categorically that a major war to-day, in which these weapons are used has become unthinkable. I earnestly hope that the fearful nature of these weapons will lead not only to the total banning of their production

but also to the realisation that war itself should be abolished as a means of settling any problem.

"While atomic energy brings this threat of utter destruction to the world, it also gives a message of hope, provided it is used for peaceful purposes. Atomic energy provides the vast power necessary to raise the standard of living of the population of the entire world. It is of special importance for the development of the under-developed countries. We must welcome therefore, that the United Nations has decided to call a scientific conference on the peaceful uses of atomic energy at Geneva. This conference will not only explore the possibilities of atomic power, but will also consider the biological, medical and agricultural aspects.

"Another example of a peaceful negotiated settlement of a difficult problem is the *de facto* transfer to the Indian Union of the french possessions in India. We welcome the citizens of these territories. I would like to express my appreciation of the statesmanship of the French Government in dealing with this problem. I hope that the problem of the Portuguese possessions in India will also be settled before long in a peaceful way.

American Interference And Activities

(Continued from page 2)

will be promoted merely by the non-Communist nations indefinitely granting one-sided concessions to the Communist nations

A great danger in Asia is the fear of many non-Communist peoples that the United States has no real intention of standing firmly behind them. Al ready that fear has mounted to the danger point. We accepted in Korea an armistice which the Chinese Communists boisterously misrepresented as a "victory" for them. We acquiesced in an Indo China armistice which reflected the defeat of the French Union forces at Dien Bien Phu. We aided the Tachen evacuation. The reasons were compelling, nevertheless the result added a few square miles to the Communist domain.

If the non-Communist Asians ever come to feel that their Western allies are disposed to retreat whenever Communism threatens the peace then the entire area could quickly become indefensible.

As the situation now exists, neither the cause of freedom, nor United States security, nor world peace and security, would be promoted by undermining the faith of the free Asian peoples in our strength and in our willingness to use that strength to restrain those who violently menace liberty. The American people have, through the Congress, made their own resolution clear. That is a verdict which the government accepts as sound and which it will soberly execute.

Let me turn now to Southeast Asia. In a few hours I shall be going to Bangkok to attend the first meeting of the Council created under the Manila pact for the security of Southeast Asia.

We shall at Bangkok deal with the problem of organizing the treaty council. Also we shall begin to deal with the three substantive problems assigned to the council, namely military security, security against subversion directed from without, and economic welfare. I can not anticipate what the decisions will be, but I

am confident that our gathering will show the advantages of co-operation between the East and the West.

Some Asians retain a fear, derived from past colonial relationships, that close ties with the Western powers will lead to their being dominated by the Western power. It is essential that that fear should be dispelled.

An important step in that direction was taken at Manila at the inspiration of President Magsaysay, the eight powers there signed the Pacific charter. Thereby we dedicated ourselves to promoting self-government and to securing independence for all countries whose peoples desire it and are able to undertake its responsibilities. Also, we agreed to cooperate in the economic, social and cultural fields in order to promote higher living standards, economic progress and social well-being.

ORDER NISI

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 4

In the matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Veerasingham Ariyanayagam of Tellippalai East Deceased

Veerasingham Thambimuttu of Tellippalai Petitioner Vs.

- 1 Valliammal widow of V. Ariyanayagam of Tellippalai
- 2 Thairanayagi wife of Vairamuthapillai of do
- 3 Tharmalingam Vairamutha of do
- 4 Veerasingham Sioniah of do
- 5 Thambipillai Nadarajah and wife
- 6 Ratanmalar of do presently of Colombo

Respondents

This matter coming on for disposal before P. Sri Skanda Rajah Esquire, District Judge Jaffna on the 31st day of January 1955 in the presence of Mr. M. Sithambaranathan Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavits of the abovesaid petitioner dated 15th July 1954 and also the affidavit of the witnesses and the Notary who attested the Last will dated 26th October 1954 having been read. It is ordered that the Last will of the said V. Ariyanayagam, deceased, dated 21st February 1954 add attested by M. Sithambaranathan N.P. under No. 3698 be and the same is hereby declared proved and that the petitioner as the Executor named in the said Last will is entitled to have Probate of the same issued to him accordingly unless the abovesaid respondents or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 7th day of March 1955 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

NOTICE

Green Memorial Hospital, Manipal

"Applications are invited for training as Nurses and Midwives in the Green Hospital Manipal from candidates who have passed the S. S. C. Tamil or English or its equivalent recognised by the Department of Education. Selected candidates will be interviewed by appointment in this office by the Principal, Willis Pearce School of Nursing and the Nursing Supt. commencing 28th Feb.

Copies of Certificates of Educational qualification age and two references should be submitted with the application. Those who have already applied need not apply again."

G. COOKE M. D.

Medical Supt.

M. 235. 25, 4 & 11.

NOTICE

The members of the public are hereby informed that we Subramaniam Sandrasegarampillai and wife Nagarathnam both of Kondavil East, and Mahaladchumy wife of K. S. Narayamoorthy of Achuvy South are entitled to an undivided twenty-nine upon thirty-six (29/36) shares of the land called "Manthimmalai and Kurkaddu" in extent 35 mos. V. C. situated at Pottur South and advertised for sale as the third land in the notice dated 26th January 1955 and published by Mr. Sionahamby Sargarapillai, Commissioner and Licensed Auctioneer, Tellippalai, under and by virtue of a commission issued to him in Testamentary Case No 1244 of the District Court of Jaffna and that any persons purchasing any share in the said land in excess of seven upon thirty-six (7/36) shares will do so at their risk.

S. Sandrasegarampillai
S. Nagarathnam
S. Mahaladchumy

(M 235. 25)

gam, deceased, dated 21st February 1954 add attested by M. Sithambaranathan N.P. under No. 3698 be and the same is hereby declared proved and that the petitioner as the Executor named in the said Last will is entitled to have Probate of the same issued to him accordingly unless the abovesaid respondents or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 7th day of March 1955 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 31st day of January 1955

Sgd. P. Sri Skanda Rajah
District Judge

Drawn by
M. Sithambaranathan
Proctor for Petitioner

(O. 196 25 & 4).

THE JAFFNA MUTUAL BENEFIT FUND Ltd.

(Established 1913)
BANKERS.

Authorised Capital Rs. 800,000.00
Amount of Calls made Rs. 134,367.00

SHARES: 8000 shares of Rs. 100/- each. 75 monthly instalments of Re. 1/- per share will earn Rs. 100/- for each at the end of the period. Shares issued all times.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 1% per annum on the average monthly balance when it does not fall below Rs. 500/-.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for periods of 3, 6, 9 and 12 months and interest allowed at 1, 2, 4 and 6 % respectively.

DRAFTS issued on the National and Imperial Banks to Colombo and the Principal cities of India. Remittances to and from F. M. S. by special arrangements.

INDIAN MONEY bought and sold
LOANS on the security of Jewels a speciality. Part payments accepted.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO:

S. KANAGASABAI,
Shroff,

SPORTS ROUND UP

CRICKET

On February 12th & 13th there took place at the Jaffna Police grounds what may be termed the match of the season as far as the Northern Peninsula is concerned. I am referring to the Tamil Union—United Club match, which ended in a tame draw.

Batting first on a matting wicket which took in plenty of spin Tamil Union rattled up 160 for loss of 9 wickets and M. Sathasivam who needs no introduction to the cricket fans of the East gave a glimpse of his true form with a merry knock of 21.

To this, the United Club replied with only 111. Bradman Weerakone 22, Arulgnanam 13 Ganesan Raju 13 were the chief scorers. The last named is capable of a much better performance. In time to come participation in more big matches will give him that valuable asset to a cricketer—big match temperament.

In their second essay the Tamils piled up about 125 for the loss of 6 wickets (?) and declared. Sathasivam disappointed hundreds of admirers. He faced only 3 balls, all from Sivapatham. The third ball rose suddenly, completely deceiving him

By

SPORTING SAM

and be edged it to gully. Quit Sathasivam. Congratulations Mr. Sivapatham. Schaffter top scored with 44 while Viravasinghe contributed a useful 37. Other batsmen to impress were Kabindra Nath and Rajendra. The latter captained Jaffna Central in 1952 and has improved very much in batting.

Set with the formidable task of scoring about 175 in a little more than 90 minutes the United Club made no effort to go for the runs and managed to knock off 78 runs for the loss of 7 wickets at close of play. Weerakone again came to the rescue with a useful 20. Other batsmen to impress were Dr. Kalpage 'Bobby' Sellathurai, and John Pillai. Dr. Kalpage's published batting reminds one of Neil Harvey while John Pillai may be compared to Walcott. Unfortunately John Pillai's innings proved to be a flash in the pan. Had he and Kalpage stuck on together longer than they did, a more thrilling finish would have been the outcome.

Now for bowling and fielding among the visitors, Schaffter, Murugesar, Myl vaganam and Rajendra were impressive bowlers. Their fielding was class and perhaps the most valuable lesson our

boys learnt from the match was the pick-up and throw. However the United Club's fielding was good, with Brodie senior excelling behind the sticks. Sivapatham, Kandiah and John Pillai were the bowlers who impressed from the home side.

Now for a marginal comment. Mr. John Pillai, as Secretary of the United Club you would not be going out of the way in nursing latent school-boy talent. Why not take in Genaratnam of Jaffna Hindu and bring him up? In my opinion he is one of the best school boy cricketers in the island at the moment. Further I would like to see a mixed side in action here. The team should include F. C. de Seram, Vernon Prins, H. I. K. Fernando, Stanley Jayasinghe, B. R. Heyn, C. I. Goonesekera, Ben Navaratne, Clive Iman, A. M. Lafir, Bertie Wijeyasinghe and of course Sathasivam—sorry I have named a full side.

VOLLEY BALL AND SOCCER

The former is easily the most popular game in the rural areas but unfortunately Ceylonese take it to be a game of mere brawn. I take this opportunity to remind all that in any game brains count a lot. Unless Ceylonese take up to the international technique more readily, Ceylon cannot come up to American and Indian standards. A few yrs. back a Madras University team lost to the Ceylon University at soccer but beat all Ceylon at volley-ball. Ceylon must be careful to save her reputation in the forthcoming matches against the women volley-ballers from Uttar Pradesh, should the latter's proposed visit come through. In my opinion it is the superiority of the male species which is at stake.

Soccer in Ceylon is in the Dolrums. It received a rude shock at the hands of the Swiss Grasshoppers. There are various ways in which it can be improved: (1) By engaging the services of one or more professional coaches from abroad (2) By encouraging visits by leading teams from abroad (3) By setting up a central soccer training school in Colombo and devising means to tap the best of outstation talent

BASKET BALL AND NET BALL

The former's popularity is on the increase, this is especially due to matches between local sides and teams drawn from crews of visiting ships. In this branch of sport, as in many others, the American Negro's supremacy has yet to be seriously challenged.

The latter is a female game and has contributed much to the weakening of the 'Taboo' which prevented more of our girls participating in sports activities. I do not

ANTARCTICA THE LAST CONTINENT

periods of months together with an average temperature of sixty below zero. It is this continuous cold that makes Antarctica uninhabitable by anything except the Emperor penguins, birds so hardy that they can hatch out their eggs in a temperature of 70 below. Apart from the penguins there is no living thing in Antarctica.

The whole continent is capped with ice of unknown depth—probably thousands of feet thick in places. Yet once it was a warm continent. We know this because coal has been found within 300 miles of the South Pole, and coal requires heat, moisture, and vegetation over a long period before it can be produced.

Strangely enough, active volcanoes poke their craters through the ice and snow. Best known of these is Mount Erebus, even more perfectly shaped than Fujiyama. It lights up the polar night with a fitful glow, interspersed with bursts of flame. Steam shoots up to a height of a mile. Clouds of steam fill the bowl of the crater and there is a strong smell of sulphur. The air is so cold, however, that huge cones of ice form around the fissures from which the steam issues, and the slopes of the mountain are perpetually covered with

propose to enter into the 'Divided Skirts' controversy here. I am still a stranger to this game but I have had the pleasure of watching University girls playing this game. Net ball is played in almost all girls' schools in the island while Basket-ball is found in all leading Colombo Schools and a few outstation schools like Jaffna College, St. John's Jaffna. Jaffna College, I am told has the best school boy team in the island.

GENERAL

On Monday 21st I watched some youngsters engaged in serious cricket. On this day the Skanitha Varodya Boarders met the Grass-hoppers and beat them by 8 wickets and 18 runs.

வாங்குமில் வழுது பெய்க மலினாஞ் சாக்க மன்னன்
கேசனாரை யாசு செய்க குறைவினா துயர்கன் வாழ்க
சான்மறை யறங்க சொங்க கற்றவம் வேல்வி மல்க
மேன்மைசெய்க சைவ சீதி வினக்குக லலக மெல்லாம்.

Printed and Published by S. P. KANDIAH, F. I. S. A. (Lond.) residing at 245, Navalar Road, Jaffna, for and on behalf of the Proprietors the Saiva Paripalana Sabha, Jaffna at their Press, the Saiva Prakasa Press, Vannarponnai, Jaffna, on Friday, February 25, 1955.

in these waters.

It is now generally accepted that Commandar Ross R. N. was the first man to discover Antarctica. He had a lot of luck in that 1839 (the year of his first voyage) was singularly icefree and in that his ships found a point of entry where the pack ice was exceptionally loose. Thus he was able to penetrate the Ross Sea without too much difficulty. In 1841 Ross made another voyage, but that year the ice was too much for him and it was so cold that a small fish, dashed by a wave against the bow of his ship, froze to its side in a solid block of ice. The fish was chopped out for scientific investigation but while it was being thawed out the ship's cat got hold of it and that was the end of an interesting specimen.

Various tall tales have been told about the potential mineral wealth of Antarctica. They can all be discounted, because no one will ever be able to carry out mining operations there unless the climate changes considerably. Before the minerals can be reached these problem has to be solved. In any case, men cannot live and work there for any length of time. Except as a possible guide to weather conditions, Antarctica is a dead loss, of no value to any existing nation. The Antarctic waters are good hunting-grounds for sealers and whalers, but the land may as well be left to the Emperor penguins.

FOOD CONTROL

(Continued from page 6)

mean a serious fall in agricultural production.

India did not export any food for the past ten years as there was a serious shortage of food. Millions died in the Bengal famine and the Government had to get a loan of one million tons of wheat from the U. S. A. But today thanks to an intensive food drive the Indian Government is in a position to export 126000 tons of rice. The Ceylon Government started its food drive as far back as 1931 and still we have to depend on foreign supply for more than half of our rice requirements. If a few thousand Indian coolies had been put on food production work from 1931 or even later, Ceylon would now be self-contained in the matter of rice and would have saved millions.