

# The Hindu Organ.

"Reisez Awake and stop not till the goal is reached."

THE ONLY NEWSPAPER IN CEYLON FOR THE HINDUS

HAS THE WIDEST CIRCULATION

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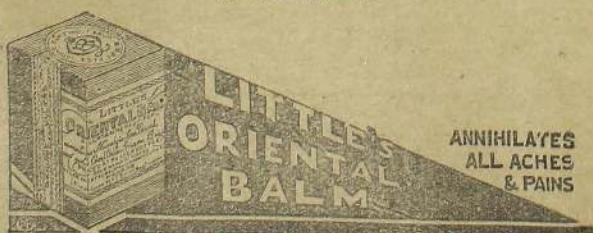
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# The Hindu Organ.

JAFFNA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1927

## INDIAN STATUTORY COMMISSION.

THE LONG EXPECTED ANNOUNCEMENT of the personnel of the Indian Statutory Commission and its terms of reference was simultaneously made both in India and in England on Tuesday the 8th instant. The summary of the statement issued by the Viceroy in connection with this announcement is published elsewhere. The Commission consists of seven members. The Chairman is the Rt. Hon. Sir John Simon. He belongs to the Liberal Party and held the office of the Attorney General of England under Asquith's Ministry from 1913-'15. Two members are selected from among the Conservatives, while two represent the Labour Party and two the House of Lords.

The appointment of the Commission is long over-due. The failure of the Government of India Act of 1919 to satisfy Indian opinion was made evident within a year of the working of the new Constitution. The Indian Assembly as well as Indian leaders who were outside it pointed out the grave defects of the new Constitution and demanded the Government to advance the time for the appointment of the Commission. But the Conservative Government being in power refused to accede to their request. The Indian opinion was insistent on this matter. The Indian leaders who had undertaken the responsibilities of working the Dyarchy exposed the defects and dead-locks discovered in actual practice. As a result of this agitation a mixed committee of officials and unofficials with limited terms of reference known as the Muddiman Committee was appointed to examine the defects discovered in the working of the Dyarchy and to recommend remedies for the same. The recommendations of the Committee suggesting important changes in the Constitution were shelved while only minor defects of a technical character were removed. The failure of the constitutional party to convince the Authorities of the unworkable character of Dyarchy has led to the formation of the Swarajist Party within the Indian National Congress to end Dyarchy. This party has now a considerable following in the various provinces, especially in Bengal and the Central Provinces, where for sometime they have made it impossible for the Government to administer the Transferred Departments. The refusal on the part of the Indian Government to meet the legitimate demands of the Indians and the flouting of Indian opinion have created an atmosphere of distrust and suspicion among the unofficial Indians. It is doubtful that even the present advance by two years of the appointment of the Commission will succeed in winning the confidence of the people in the good intention of the Government.

In the matter of the composition of the Commission Indian opinion has been entirely ignored. Among the seven members of the Commission not one is an Indian. It is reported that the efforts of the Viceroy to persuade the leaders of the various parties to accept the decision of the Cabinet to have an entirely Parliamentary Commission did not meet with success. Every leader who interviewed the Viceroy has made it plain to him that the good-will and co-operation of the Indians cannot be secured with at the inclusion of the Indians in the Commission. It is expected that the Indian point of view will be pressed in the Parliament during the forthcoming debate on the amendment of the Government of India Act in respect of the time of the appointment of the Statutory Commission. It is possible that the Government may accede to the request to include two or three Indians in the Commission.

## EDITORIAL NOTE.

"CATHOLIC GUARDIAN" AND THE P.R.C.—The "Catholic Guardian" has now discovered that the Inspector of Works of the P.R.C. has some knowledge of surveying and levelling. Even if he has it, it does not alter our position. We still hold that the P.R.C. has done the right thing in appointing a gentleman who holds a licence in surveying and levelling in preference to one who does not possess it. If our contemporary instead of penning long winding notes have the patience to ascertain the duties of the S.M.W. it could have seen that after the suppression of the post of Surveyor by the D.R.C., the possession of a licence in surveying and levelling by the S.M.W. is very necessary to carry out certain of its works.

## LOCAL & GENERAL.

SECOND INTERPENTER, JAFFNA KACHCHERI:—We understand that Mr N. Velupillai, Kaucheru Mudaliyar, Mullaitivu, has been appointed Second Interpenter of Jaffna Kachcheri with effect from 14th November, 1927.

LONDON MATRICULATION EXAMINATION:—Last Friday's Gazette published for general information certain amendments to the Regulations for the above examination published previously in July 15, 1927.

LAND SALES IN THE MANNAR DISTRICT:—The same Gazette conveys that the Assistant Government Agent, Mannar, will on Friday, January 13, 1928, at 3 p.m. put to auction for sale etc. at the Government Vernacular School at Palanipatti, thirty-five allotments of land situated in the Mantai division of the Mannar District.

TEACHERS' CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS:—The same Gazette publishes the detail results of the Vernacular Teacher's Examination of April 1927 and those of the English Teachers' Examination of August 1927.

ORIENTAL MEDICAL SCIENCE FUND:—The same Gazette publishes the Assets and Liabilities of the above Fund for the period ending July 31, 1927. There is a balance amount of Rs 2187.01 to its credit, being excess of income over expenditure.

VEENACULAM TRAINING SCHOOLS EXAMINATIONS, AUGUST, 1927:—In the supplementary list of passes published recently by the Director of Education the following are among the successful candidates:—First Year (Ramanathan College—Female) Sravasti, T., Thillaivasum, K., Aiyappillai, M., Sethupillai A., Chinnappillai V., Mankeyarkarai M., Lakshminamperumal and Parvathi V.

RAILWAY GUIDE BOOK.—The work in connection with the Guide Book for the Ceylon Railways which has been entrusted to Mr. St. Nihal Singh by the Ceylon Government, is said to be making good progress. The book will be copiously illustrated. Mr. Singh hopes that the book will be ready for the use of tourists early next year.

GERMAN PROFESSOR OF INDIAN PHILOLOGY.—Dr. Heinrich Lüders, Professor of Indian Philology in the University of Berlin, Member of the High Academy of Sciences in Berlin, and other of many works on Indian philology arrived in Colombo on Friday last accompanied by his wife. On Saturday he addressed a large gathering at the Colombo Y.M.C.A. on the subject of the "Age and Autenticity of Pali Scriptures."

DA SILVA'S RETURN TO CEYLON.—The Hon. Dr W. A. da Silva and Mrs. da Silva returned to the Island on Saturday morning after an extensive tour of Europe and America.

JAFFNA U.D.C. BY-ELECTION.—The Hon. Mr. A. Casuaratnam, Chairman, U.D.C., Jaffna having resigned owing to pressure of Legislative Council work, his membership of the Council, in which he represented Ward No. 4. Nomination papers of candidates for the vacant seat were received by the Government Agent, N. P. Jaffna on last Saturday. Mr. Q. Arulchalam, Advocate and Barrister, "Ceylon Patriot", being the only candidate for whom nomination papers were received, was declared duly elected by the Government Agent. Our congratulations to Mr. Arulchalam.

VELANAI-PUNGUDUTTU FERRY.—In our advertisement column appears a notice calling for tenders for the lease of the ferry between Velanai and Punguduttu. The date of the sale is the 23rd Inst and tenders should be in the office of the Chairman D.R.O. not later than 12 noon on that date.

SUPER-CID CASE OF PLague AT POINT PEIRO:—A Tamil trader at the Kandy market, who had been residing in Coombo Street, Kandy, where there is a prevalence of plague and who is now at Point Peiro, is suspected to be suffering from plague.

DAY FOR AYURVEDIC I.D.H.—At a meeting of the Kandy Ayurvedic Sabha held last Saturday, Mr. N. D. A. Simmangayak, Vaidya Arulselvi, proposed "that in view of the authority vested by Government on this Sabha for the treatment of plague patients according to ayurvedic methods, the Municipal Council of Kandy be requested to make arrangements without delay for such treatment of plague patients, and that the Kandy Municipal Council be further requested to build an ayurvedic infirmary diseases hospital." The resolution was carried unanimously.

## Indian Statutory Commission.

### NOT ONE INDIAN INCLUDED

The personnel and terms of reference of the Indian Statutory Commission has been announced by the Government of India. The Commission will consist of:—

Sir John Simon (Chairman), (Liberal). Two Conservatives: M.P.'s—The Hon. E.C.G. Cadogan and Col. the Rt. Hon. George Lane Fox.

Two Labour M.P.'s—Mr. Stephen Walsh and Major C.R. Attlee.

Two Members of the Lords.—Lord Barnham and Lord Strathcona.

The Commission is charged with enquiring into the working of the system of Government, the growth of education and the development of representative institutions in British India and matters connected therewith; and the Commission shall report as to whether and to what extent it is desirable to establish the principle of Responsible Government or to extend, modify or restrict the degree of Responsible Government then existing thereto, including the question whether the establishment of Second Chambers of Local Legislatures is or is not desirable.

### VICEROY'S PROLOGUE

The Viceroy recalls the attempts made by Indians during recent years to have the enquiry earlier than the Statutory time and points out that so long as unwise courses of political non-co-operation prevailed the conditions requisite for the appraisement of complicated constitutional problems were lacking. There was fortunately now in many quarters, among those foremost in advancing the claim of India to full self-government, greater disposition to deal with the actual facts of the situation and appreciate that the differences are of method or pace and differences of principle or disagreements as to the goal.

### WAY DATA WAS ADVANCED

It might be argued that the enquiry might be delayed because of the present communal antagonism and tension; but it seemed not impossible that the uncertainty of constitutional changes might serve to sharpen communal antagonism. The Viceroy says: "I suspect that the communal issue is so closely interwoven in the political, that suspense and uncertainty in regard to the political issue will react rapidly and unfavourably upon the communal situation. Therefore, His Majesty's Government has decided to invite the Parliament to advance the date of enquiry and to assist forthwith to the establishment of the Commission."

The Commission will proceed to India early in the new year for a short visit, returning to India in October for the performance of their main task.

### COMPOSITION OF COMMISSION.

The composition of the Commission is such because it would be unbiased and competent to present an accurate picture of facts and one on whose recommendation the Parliament should be willing to take appropriate action. The Commission should approach the task with sympathy and a real desire to assist India but with minds free from preconceived conclusion on either side. Hence the composition as announced, in which there are no Indians or British official members. At the same time Indian opinion has a clear title to ask that in the elaboration of the new instrument of Government their solution on their judgment should be an integral factor in the examination of the question.

### SELECT COMMITTEES OF LEGISLATURES

Balancing these considerations the Government have while appointing the Commission, decided upon following the procedure that the Central Legislature would be invited to appoint a Joint Select Committee from its elected and nominated non-official members to draw up proposals for examination by the Commission. The Committee to be available for consultation at subsequent stages of the enquiry. Similar procedure is recommended in the Provinces by Provincial Legislatures.

### WHEN REPORT IS READY

When the Commission's Report has been examined by the Government of India and His Majesty's Government, the latter will present the proposals to Parliament; but the Parliament will not be asked to adopt these without first giving full opportunity for Indian opinion of the different schools to contribute its views. The proposals will be referred to a Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament and the Indian Central Legislature will be invited to send Delegations to confer with it in English. Similarly other bodies could give their views with the permission of the Joint Committee.

### TO THOSE WHO CONDEMN

The Viceroy emphasises that the greatest and surest path of those who desire Indian progress is by persuasion of Parliament and if those who speak for India have confidence in the cause they advance on India's behalf they should welcome such an opportunity of the case being heard by those who can command the unquestioned confidence of Parliament.

His Excellency is anxious that the methods chosen will assure to Indians a better opportunity than they could have enjoyed in any other way of influencing the passage of these great events for even at this stage of the Joint Parliamentary Committee the whole field will still be open to Parliament. The scheme outlined is a single comprehensive whole and should be regarded as such.

### APPEAL FOR CO-OPERATION

The Viceroy asks those who would condemn the scheme of procedure whether disagreement on the particular machinery to effect the end is sufficient ground for any man to stand aside and decline to lend his weight. He concludes the historic statement with a powerful appeal so that if friends they may strive to correct differences by appeal to many things they are agreed upon, rather than highly imperial friendship by insistence on conflicting views.—"Associated Press."

## Letters To The Editor

### TAMIL MUSIC.

Sir,

The importance of the Tamil Music as a subject for study in the Elementary schools in the Island has been recognised by the Education Department, thanks to the wisdom and sympathetic attitude of the present Director of Education. It is remarkable that any good suggestion coming from an official public in respect of improving the educational ideal should be accepted by the Director with such a grace as would satisfy thoroughly the conventional impression about the official red tapism; and on this score the Director has earned the good will and gratitude of the Tamil Community in general and music lovers in particular.

Now that the concession has been granted, it is also impressive that the requisite facilities for the efficient working of the syllabus with the active co-operation of a supervising Board of Experts should be provided in as much as the subject being new here and for lack of sufficient bands equipped for the work, which is apt to present formidable practical difficulties in actual execution. For this purpose, it is highly essential that the Director should utilise the services and suggestions of the Ceylon Sangam's Samaj a long established Society of Professionals in Tamil Music, which certainly would bring about the desired results. It will be remembered that Pandit Ramaiah Aiyer, the President of the Samaj, who was chiefly instrumental in agitating successfully for the inclusion of Tamil Music, has not only an impeccable résumé as a vocalist and expert on the instruments of the Oriental Music, but also, an equally unique equipment in theory as well. For the Director and working, there are no others in Ceylon quite fitted for the task; and the Director will enhance his reputation if he finds his way to utilising the services of the Pandit during the experimental stages of the reform.

For one thing, the preparation of a curriculum in Tamil Music is a very complicated task, and any junta attempt to regrasp indiscriminately what has been practically failures even in South India, should be disengaged here in the best interests of Music studies. With the discriminating Director of Education, it is however, possible to produce the best results, since evidences of red tapism are conspicuous by its absence at any rate in the Education Department here.

Yours etc.  
Music-lover.

### A DEFENCE.

By MR N SELVADURAI B. A. J. P.

Sir,

In the "Star" of the 28th October Mr. Selvadurai touches upon 1. The Chavakkadri Toddy meeting, 2. The interpretations of the Protest Meeting notice, 3. His association with the Ridgeway Hall meeting.

The public would be glad to know why the anti-Prohibitionists took him to Chavakkadri? Did he go there to support the toddy campaign or oppose it? If he was prepared to support the reintroduction of toddy in Jaffna, his advice to those that drink toddy water was a minor matter.

The notice clearly stated that those only were to attend the meeting who were interested in the protest against separate Christian representation. He says that he and his friends of the League were there because they were "adversely" interested in the meeting. Is it not a huge joke? If there be a meeting in the cause of "purity", can any one tolerate the attendance and interference of those that were "adversely" interested in purity, i.e. in "imurity". This seems to be a shocking interpretation.

With regard to the Ridgeway Hall meeting, was he not aware that the sellers of the cheap, the drawers of toddy and the rollers of the chariot were brought in multitude to disturb the meeting? Did he not notice "that at a given signal by a trousered gentleman in the mob from the back of the hall boozed and yelled", whenever a gentleman of the Protest Meeting attempted to speak? Did he really believe that he could please the pros and cons dispassionately before such a promiscuous crowd? Was he not noticed to leave the hall only after a protestant announced that legal action would be taken against those that disturbed the meeting.

Yours etc.  
J. P.

### Matrimonial.

#### KANAGASOORIAM—PONNAMMA.

A pretty wedding according to Hindoo rites took place a few days back at "Sundara Villa," Trichonvil, the contracting parties being Mr C. Kunigasooriam of the F. M. S. Pillaiwars, Kasi's Lacquer and Miss. Ponniah Ponnamma, daughter of the late Mr. V. Ponniyappa, Town Ulayar and Registrar of Marriage, Trichonvil, and sister of Mr. P. U. Damodaram, Expenses Store Accountant, R. A. S. O. Baker Mat, Singapore. The bride is a sister in law of Mr. D. Subramanian, Proprietor, "Grand Sea View Hotel," Trichonvil. —Cor.



**The Public Trustee Committee.**

The following are extracts from the First Report of Committee appointed by His Excellency the Governor to consider the advisability of bringing the Public Trustee Ordinance into operation and of entrusting to the Public Trustee in addition to his Duties under the Public Trustee Ordinance the Duty of Administering the Bankruptcy Law and also of Administering Intestate Estates instead of Secretaries of District Courts under Section 520 of the Civil Procedure Code, and to advise whether any Amendments of the law and the Draft Bankruptcy Ordinance should be made for that purpose—

## MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.

The Hon. Mr. K. Balasingam, Mr. H. E. Veer, Mr. H. H. Bartholomew, Mr. Sydsey Jollum, and Mr. C. T. Kandiah.

As several members of the Committee have an intimate knowledge of the conditions governing the administration of trusts and the estates of deceased persons in Ceylon, we did not consider it necessary to examine witness.

The Public Trustee Ordinance, No. 1, of 1922, has not yet been brought into force, the latest order of the Government on the subject (dated July 1, 1924) being that "the Ordinance should not be proclaimed until there is a clearly pronounced public demand for it."

## CLASS OF TRUSTS.

The class of trusts which may be undertaken by the Public Trustee are limited to acting as:—  
(a) An ordinary trustee or executor or administrator; (b) A collector of estates under an order to collect; and (c) A custodian trustee.

## ADVANTAGES TO THE BENEFICIARIES.

The advantages to the beneficiaries of the Common Fund are:—(a) Security against depreciation of capital, (b) Security of interest, both as to amount and punctual payment, (c) Interest accrues from the moment when the capital money is lodged with the Public Trustee and continues until the capital is paid over to the persons entitled and (d) Delay in distribution of the capital is avoided, no realisation or division of investments being necessary.

## SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS.

A Public Trustee should be appointed. He should be a Civil Servant of Class I., Grade II, and before his appointment should visit and study the work of the Department of the Indian Administrator-General.

2. The Public Trustee should be appointed official receiver in bankruptcy.

3. The activities of the Public Trustee should be enlarged in manner indicated below, but decision on these points should be deferred until the Public Trustee has studied the working of other Public Trustees offices:—(a) He should be able to accept charitable and public trusts. (b) Courts should have power to appoint the Public Trustee in the place of a trustee, executor or administrator who is guilty of misconduct or mismanagement of the estate. (c) Courts should have power to appoint the Public Trustee to be curator of the property of minors and lunatics. (d) The Public Trustee should be empowered to accept the transfer of the administration of an estate under Rs. 5,000 at the request of the executor or administrator if he is satisfied that the transfer will be in the interests of the beneficiaries. An order of court should not be necessary. (e) The Public Trustee should be empowered to undertake the administration of an intestate estate of any value if all the heirs agree. The provision to apply to wills when the executor and beneficiaries all agree. (f) Courts should be empowered to issue letters of administration to the Public Trustee in preference to all other persons where it is made to appear to the court that the estate can be more satisfactorily administered by the Public Trustee. (g) The Public Trustee should be empowered on the application of the executor or the person entitled to a grant of administration to undertake the administration of an estate under Rs. 5,000 without probate or letters of administration and to settle all disputes between the heir, and to partition land and movables comprised in the estate. (h) The courts should appoint the Public Trustee instead of their Secretaries under section 533 of the Civil Procedure Code. (i) The Public Trustee should be empowered to accept the custody of the wills of living persons. (j) An intending intestate should be able to nominate the Public Trustee as his administrator, who should then be entitled to administration in priority to all others. (k) The courts should have power to entrust the administration of the property of persons sentenced to more than three years' imprisonment to the Public Trustee. (l) A court should be able to appoint the Public Trustee to be a guardian ad litem, the costs of the Public Trustee being a charge on all the minor's or lunatic's property. (m) The Public Trustee should be able to undertake the audit and investigation of the accounts of private trustees, executors, and administrators. (n) A court should be able to order the accounts in a judicial settlement (Civil Procedure Code, Chapters LV and LVI) to be taken by the Public Trustee (paragraph 24). (o) The Public Trustee should be able to act as attorney for the receipt or payment of money for a person absent from the Island. (p) A "Common Fund" should be created into which, unless forbidden by the trust, all capital money received by the Public Trustee should be paid, the return of the capital and the payment of interest at a rate to be fixed by the Governor in Executive Council being guaranteed by Government (paragraphs 26 to 29). Investments of the Common Fund should be effected by the Loan Board. (q) If a State Mortgage Bank is created, investment of the Common Fund should be entrusted to the Bank, the principal and interest being guaranteed by the Government.

Estimate of Staff required for the Public Trustee Office at the Inception and of Cost thereof per annum to Rs. 71,484.00.

In addition to the above it may be necessary to appoint Local Agents of the Public Trustee for work in their area. The remuneration to Local Agents may be by way of allowances or on a percentage basis.

Advertisement and propaganda will be necessary to make the work of the Public Trustee known. For this purpose a special grant to Rs. 6,000 per annum should be made for the first two years.

**Ferry Rent.**

Lease of Velanai ferry between Velanai and Pungintivu will be sold by tender on 23rd November 1927. Tenders should reach the office of the Chairman, D. R. C. Jeffra not later than 12 noon on the 23rd instant. For further particulars vide notice posted up at the Jaffna Kachche or apply to the Chairman, D. R. C. Jeffra, District Road Committee's Office, Jaffna, 7th November 1927.

L. A. Northcroft,  
for Chairman.  
G. S. I.

**Order N. si.**

## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 6598

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Vaiyammal widow of Selappan Samugampillai of Vadukkoddai East Deceased.

Sivathambu Nagesu of Vadukkoddai East Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Nagoro Karangapathiy and wife  
2. Nagarammal both of Vadukkoddai East

Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioner praying for grant of Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna, on October 20, 1927, in the presence of Mr. A. K. Navaratnam, Proctor for Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated October 20, 1927 having been read: It is declared that the Petitioner is a brother in law of the deceased and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased issued to him unless the Respondents or any others shall on or before November 22, 1927 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

G. W. Woodhouse,  
District Judge,  
October 26, 1927.  
O. 1849.

**Order Nisi.**

## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 6598

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Veeragatty Nagesu of Changana East Deceased.

Visuvar Kandiah of Changana Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Marimitta wife of Visuvar Kandiah of Changana and  
2. Paupathy widow of Veeragatty Na-  
geesu of Karavite East

Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioner praying for the grant of Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna, on October 12, 1927, in the presence of Mr. P. Canapathipillai, Proctor, on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated October 8, 1927, having been read:

It is ordered that the Petitioner is the brother in law of the deceased abovenamed and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased issued to him accordingly unless the Respondents shall on or before November 17, 1927 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

G. W. Woodhouse,  
District Judge,  
October 18, 1927.  
O. 1849.

**Order Nisi.**

## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 6840

In the Matter of the estate of the late Murugesu Kailasapillai of Vadukkoddai East Deceased.

Alamelumah widow of Murugesu Kailasapillai of Vadukkoddai East Petitioner.

Vs.

1. C. Perumalpillai Proctor S. C. and wife  
2. Pagavathammal of Jaffna  
3. Dr. C. Sivasambaram D. M. O. of Korangala and wife  
4. Thirupurasundarammal of do  
5. Thirusappah Thirubalampalam  
6. Rambalanti daughter of Thirusappah  
7. Thirusappah Thamotharampalai  
8. Rambalanti daughter of Thirusappah and  
9. S. Thirusappah all of do

Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioner praying that the 9th Respondent be appointed Guardian ad litem over the minor, the 6th, 6th, 7th and 8th Respondents and that Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate be issued to the Petitioner coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esquire, District Judge, Jaffna, on December 21, 1926, in the presence of Mr. N. Salvadoral Proctor, on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner having been read:

It is ordered that the abovenamed 9th Respondent be appointed Guardian ad litem over the minor, the 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th Respondents and the Petitioner be declared entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to her unless the Respondents or any other persons interested shall appear before this Court on November 10, 1927, and show cause to the contrary.

G. W. Woodhouse,  
District Judge,  
October 18, 1927.  
O. 1849.

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Q. 92.

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G. W. Woodhouse,  
District Judge,  
October 26, 1927.  
O. 1849.

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M. 57.

**Order Nisi.**

## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF MANNAR.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 886

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Neinamohamed Salado Ibrahim of Tharakundu Deceased.

Salado Ibrahim Ahamedoseira of Tharakundu Vs.

1. Kapparachchi widow of Salado Ibrahim of Tharakundu  
2. Pattumina wife of Kapparachchi of do

Respondent.

This matter of the Petition of Salado Ibrahim Ahamedoseira praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased Neinamohamed Salado Ibrahim coming on for disposal before P. O. Fernando Esquire, Addl. District Judge, on October 31, 1927, in the presence of Mr. S. Murali-Anantham Proctor, on the part of the Petitioner and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated October 31, 1927, having been read, it is declared that the Petitioner is one of the heirs of the said intestate and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him unless the Respondent or any other person shall on or before November 22, 1927 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

P. O. Fernando,  
Addl. District Judge.  
O. 1047.

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Q. 90.

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H. 59.

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Q. 87.

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