



C.S.R.
 DEPEND ON THE MARK
 FOR EXCELLENCE
OHMA WATER
 THE CEYLON CHEMICAL WORKS (Rgd.)

THE Hindu Organ.

(The Only Newspaper in Ceylon for the Hindus)
 PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY

The **C.S.R.** Mark of
 Quality
 ASK FOR THESE THEY ARE THE BEST
ROSE WATER
LAVANDAR
 THE CEYLON CHEMICAL WORKS (Rgd.)

VOL. LXI.
 NO. 43

JAFFNA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1949

PRICE
 10 CENTS

HOSPITAL HUNGER STRIKE CALLED OFF

Dr. Ranawake Holds Inquiry

Mr. S. W. R. D. Bandaranaike, Minister of Health and Local Administration, had instructed Dr. Ranawake, Superintendent, Tuberculosis Campaign to investigate into the grievances of the 130 T. B. patients, who were on hunger strike since last Saturday.

As their immediate demand was that their case should be considered by a representative from Colombo, the strike was called off on the arrival of Dr. Ranawake.

Dr. Ranawake agreed to receive a deputation of the patients. The deputation, which was elected at a general meeting of the patients, consisted of the patients, G. Gunawardene, Marshal Perera, Ranasinghe, Markandu (Secretary, Patients' Society) and Murugaratnam, and A. Vaidialingam of the Ceylon Trade Union Federation. Dr. Ranawake received the deputation on Tuesday afternoon and again on Wednesday morning.

The deputation pressed for a full inquiry into their charges against the chief clerk, the Matron, the Apothecary and the conduct during the two weeks preceding the hunger strike. It asked for immediate redress in the matter of providing better and varied diet, changing linen every week, ensuring adequate drugs and medical attention, putting up window protection against monsoon rains and improving the general hygiene of the T. B. Wards.

It was admitted that, whereas the Myliddy Sanatorium with fewer beds had a T. B. Specialist and a House Officer trained in T. B. Work, the K. K. S. Civil Hospital with a larger number of T. B. patients had only a visiting T. B. Specialist. It was also admitted that conditions of medical attention on T. B. patients in the Civil Hospital are far below those obtaining in T. B. hospitals. Such was the state of affairs which provoked the hunger strike.

Dr. Ranawake assured the deputation he would submit his report to the Minister and would also press for early redress regarding their grievances.

Mr. Vaidialingam will again meet Dr. Ranawake in Colombo in connection with this matter.

Barathy Day

The well-known Indian Poet "Barathy Day" will be celebrated by the Colombo Tamil Sangam on Sunday the 11th September 1949 at Saivamangayar Vidyalayam Hall, Wellawatte.

Thiruketheesvaram Temple Restoration Society

A meeting of the Working Committee of the Thiruketheesvaram Temple Restoration Society was held recently at the Old Kathiresan Temple, Bambalapitiya. Mr. K. Kanagaratnam M. P. presided.

The draft rules and constitution of the Society were discussed and adopted with certain amendments. It was decided to convene a meeting composed of (1) those who were present at the inaugural meeting, (2) the members of the Working Committee, (3) persons who had donated a sum of Rupees twenty five and above and (4) persons who had promised to donate Rupees five hundred and above to the Society and submit the rules and constitution for their approval.

It was announced that Mr. and Mrs. Gopalapillai had promised a donation of Rs. 1001/- towards the Temple Restoration Fund.

Co-operation With Govt Is Beneficial

'It Is True Of Trincomalee'

—Mr. S. Sivapalan

Speaking at a "social" given to Sir John Kotelawala Minister of Transport and Works, on the occasion of his visit to the town, Mr. S. Sivapalan, M. P., said that it was wrong to say that Trincomalee had been neglected by the present Government.

On the other hand, he said, that the work done to Trincomalee by the Government during the past two years was much more than what was done during the past 100 years.

Mr. S. M. Manikkarajah said that Sir John had stated on the previous evening they were also of the belief that Ceylon was for all the four major communities living in the Island, and that everyone had equal rights in the administration of the Government.

Sir John said that all the communities in Ceylon were welded together as in England and any man with talent must come to the top, irrespective of the community he belonged.

INDIAN NEWS

Tamil Nad District Board Elections

Communists Suffer Debacle—Congress Sweeps Polls

The Congress has won 372 of a total of 548 seats in the Tamil Nad District Board elections and has an absolute majority in nine of the eleven districts including the Nilgiris, according to latest reports received at the party's headquarters on Madras. So far not one of the few Communists contesting has been elected.

Independents came next with 130 seats and have a majority only in Trichinopoly, where they won 27 seats to the Congress' 22.

The Socialist Party, which set up candidates in certain districts, secured only eleven seats. Fourteen Socialists forfeited their deposits in the three districts of Rannad, Madura and Tinnevely.

The Dravidian Federation, former Justice Party, and the Muslim League did not participate in the elections but permitted individual members to contest as independents.

Coimbatore, Salem, Tanjore, Nilgiris are the six districts where the Congress has secured absolute majority.

Only in Trichinopoly, the

Health Hints

Worry & Weariness Cause Stomach Ulcers

Worry and weariness are the prime causes of stomach ulcers according to three doctors who spoke at the British Medical Association meeting at Harrogate, Britain.

Worry about job or home, things going wrong at office, at home or with wife are the chief causes. Spicy foods too can cause ulcers. And one doctor blamed chemical processes of preserving food such as canning for some of the ulcers.

Ulcer types, one doctor said, were prone to anxiety, easily resentful, and over-conscientious.

People with heavy responsibilities tended to get ulcers—managers, foremen, doctors—more than farm workers

But it was probably not the job that caused the ulcer, but the type of man who was good at the job.

"The kind of constitution which tends to ulcers is the same constitution which enables a man to reach the higher positions."

Congress suffered an unexpected reverse and this, according to a prominent Congress leader, was due to "dissentions" among the Congressmen there.

EDUCATION'S SIGNIFICANT SOCIAL ROLE

Democracy Must Mean—Equal Opportunity

"EDUCATION in a democracy has the significant social role of ensuring equal liberty and equal opportunity to all, as well as enabling the citizens to understand, appraise and direct the forces which shape social and individual life. To make liberty actual, real democracy must make educational opportunity general" thus observed Dr. Zahir Hussain.

Dr. Hussain, who was broadcasting from All India Radio on the subject: "education for democracy: basic education", added when the first indications of the possibility of establishing a true democratic state in India became obvious Mahatma Gandhi with his characteristic insight into the essentials of Indian regeneration, enunciated his proposals of general basic education. This basic education was to be provided free by the State on a nation-wide scale; it was to be compulsory for all Indian boys and girls between the ages of 7 and 14; it was to be conducted through the medium of the mother tongue, the educational process in it was to centre round

some productive craft work, chosen with due regard to its educational possibilities and to the environment of the child, and in which all knowledge to be imparted, all skill to be attained and all attitudes to be developed were, as far as possible, to be correlated with the child's chief productive craft activity, and with his physical and social environment.

Continuing Dr. Zakir Hussain said that Gandhiji had left behind some fundamental ideas, and philosophy of education of such universal value and such fundamental significance that it might well prove to be the most effective instrument of bringing to being the new India.

Concluding Dr. Zakir Hussain said the basic education in the hands of men of faith and vision, would create in the younger generations of India the deep loyalties of free men, and cultivate talent, character and excellence in all fields of socially useful endeavour. Such basic schools would make democracy safe in India.

GO SLOW WARNING TO REFORMERS

Value of Varnashrama Dharma

(By H. Srinivas)

IT is an irony of fate that new-found power and novel situations create naturally some degree of confusion and perhaps even intoxication. A nation that is practically reviving its long lost corporate life of independence is apt to be pushed in this direction and that smothered by numerous conflicting counsels. It takes much time for a nation that has just found its feet to determine what institutions or usages it must throw out or retain, with or without modification. There are several traits and features of present day life amongst the people of India that are absent from the life of advanced nations (so-called) and this difference people are apt to assume hastily to be the cause of our insufficient advancement. Ascertainment of causes is by no means easy, as our social problems are highly complex and closely interwoven with political and religious problems.

Social Reforms Require Thought

Numbers of people have concluded or assumed that caste system is the bane of India at the present day, and that its total abolition will be highly beneficial and even essential for all further progress. As most people are either unable or indisposed to spend a considerable amount of time and trouble in thinking out such problems for themselves, the hasty and emphatic assertion by a few about the necessity of eradicating cast distinction catches on with the multitude, which includes usually vast numbers turned by universities with some degrees of learning and some titles or diplomas without sufficient ability to think and judge of complicated socio-religious problems. There is a great deal of justification for the cry of reform in caste matters. But that does not justify one in overlooking the good purposes which have been served in the past and which are still being served at present by the much denounced caste system.

Change-In What Form?

Jati Dharma and Kula Dharma, though greatly battered by the march of time are still in existence and still needed to save Indian society from deeper regression into confusion and destruction. The proper pride that even now animates people of some castes and makes them feel and say, e.g., that they should never touch a drop of spirituous drink or taste animal food or do anything degrading is still a valuable feature of Indian society. An over hasty abolition of caste that fails to provide some other basis to support the above virtuous attitudes would be doing a great harm to society. Change is no doubt required, but how much of it, and in what form, and in what way it should be effected require the deepest consideration. Steps

should not be taken which might irretrievably land us in hopeless difficulties. The spirit of reform and advance must be duly tempered by cautious of counsels moderation.

Right of Excommunication

These thoughts have been provoked by the announcement in some Bombay papers that the legislature was being moved to abolish the right of excommunication which inheres in all castes and communities. The right to expel any member of a group is provided for either by usage or by express agreement in the form of rules and regulations. No one will go to the length of suggesting that no group should have the right to expel a member from the group when the interest of the group should require the same. If all other groups like trade unions, clubs, firms, etc., should be allowed to retain that power and only castes (Hindu Castes) should be deprived of that power, some cogent reasons must be adduced to support such discrimination.

Has Legislature the Sanction of the People?

A patent inference from the discrimination is that the legislative measure is really intended as the first stroke of the axe that is to cut down the tree of the caste system. If such should be the express declaration of the supporters of such a measure, all persons concerned in the welfare of the Hindu society should strenuously think out the problems: (1) whether the caste system should be eradicated; (2) and that, by means of a legislature which is not elected by the franchise of all concerned, (3) and that, without any adequate provision for securing the continuance of the beneficial results of the caste system, such as an elevating and proper pride in the higher standards now maintained in various castes by virtue of the caste status.

Do Not Force Pace

Reform may be good, if it issues gradually and naturally out of the existing elements, without the pace being forced. The same may be bad, if it is hurried through, so as to leave it no chance of rooting in the nature and circumstances of the people concerned. Society is an organic growth and its institutions are best suited to it, if they are gradually and naturally evolved by its peculiar life. Of course, it is not inanimate, and must receive and absorb the best thought that marks out the lines of its further development. Yet the fate of France and other Western coun-

(Continued on page 4)



Hindu Organ

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1949

Treasure These Thoughts

Whenever Righteousness suffers, O Bharata, and Unrighteousness is in the ascendant, then do I project myself (in Incarnations).

—BAGAVAT GITA.

LABOUR LEADERSHIP

THAT A DIVISION ON COMMUNAL and religious lines could be by-passed by a super-grouping of mankind into those who live by the sweat of their brows and the rest who enjoy themselves on the perspiration of others is poor consolation given by political theorists to a dissatisfied world. For a time it looked as if the appealing cry of the proletariat for justice and fairplay had come as the dawn of a new era in political warfare and that once the battle for 'food for all' was fought out everything else would be peace. But as though the Universe was created for eternal strife and endless struggle, even the faint hope that socialistic movements gave the war-weary people has died not because that Socialism is no cure for political and economic ills but that there is something fundamentally wrong in the very conduct of people.

We see more evidence of the Labour movement disrupting, as every other similar agitation is. The Anglo-American Labour has something basically different from the conception of Labour in Eastern Europe. A new World Labour organisation is being set up with the avowed object of fighting Communism which the existing World Federation of Trade Unions is propagating. These developments tend to prove to the world that it is no longer Imperialism and Capitalism that have to be fought but that labour itself has to be challenged by its component but divergent units in a bloody-strife to establish who should lead it. Put in plain words, it is a clamour for leadership. Unlike in the days of old when leaders appeared after a movement had been organised, today it is the leader who pushes himself up first and later finds for himself a following. And who can deny that such a novel political expedient as where the personal element drives away all regard for principles is bound to bring about utter dismay to an already disillusioned world?

Here in our Island the Labour Movement has been rent asunder in hopeless confusion and the worker is at a loss to understand which group of labour he should

join. Moreover the workers have been all along taught the misleading lesson that constitutional methods should be dispensed with in the demand for redress of grievances and that the hand of threat and co-ercion should be levelled against the employer. It is this unhelpful attitude on the part of labour that has helped to disorganise the Labour Front. We hope those leaders who are interested in the welfare of the peasants and the workers will organise them in accepted manner and teach them respect law and order and find remedy for their grievances in well-known constitutional ways and thus help in the economic recovery of the Island.

Trade Union Affairs

New World Organisation

Countering Communism

"The Communists deliberately sought to create chaos and confusion. We started in the W. F. T. U. with honest intentions, but we were not dealing with honest men" said Mr. Arthur Deakin the international expert, speaking at the eight-million-strong, Trade Union Congress at Bridlington on Tuesday when a mandate was given by the Congress to the Trade Union Leaders to build up a new World organisation to fight the Communist-led World Federation of Trade Unions.

Mr. Deakin went on to say that the Communists who had captured the World Federation of Trade Unions were determined to use the Federation to further their international aims.

Ceylon also Invited

A Delegation from the All-Ceylon Trade Union Congress will proceed to London in November to take part in the Free World Labour Conference which is to set up the new world organisation called the International Trade Union Organisation embracing all free and democratic Trade Union Organisations throughout the world as against the Communist dominated World Federation of Trade Unions.

Mr. A. E. Goonesinha, Minister without Portfolio, who has received the invitation in his capacity as President of the All-Ceylon Trade Union Congress, from Mr. Vincent Tewson, Secretary of the Free World Labour Conference and General Secretary of the British Trade Union Congress, has summoned a meeting of the Executive Committee of the All-Ceylon Trade Union Congress to consider the matter and to select the delegates to be sent to the conference.

The All-Ceylon Trade Union Congress has also been invited to submit to the Preparatory Committee of the conference any proposals which it considers should be placed before the conference.

The program of social and economic demands of the new organisation, including the part to be played by the organisation in inter-governmental agencies, will form an important item of consideration by the conference.

NATIONAL NUTRITION CAMPAIGN

Indian Health Minister's Lead

ADDRESSING the inaugural meeting of the National Nutrition Association of India at the Calcutta University Hall, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, Government of India called upon the male adults and elderly members of every family to forego their share of protective food in favour of mothers and children and thus gave a lead to the nation in its struggle against malnutrition.

A Very Vital Subject

In the course of her address Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur said:—

"In this land of ours where the vast majority of the population suffers from both mal and under-nutrition it is but right that active attention should be paid to what is a very vital subject. When, therefore, I was requested to become a patron of your Association I readily consented to do so as I thought that it would be one of the ways whereby I could express my fullest sympathy with your activities and assure you of the support of my Ministry also in your endeavours.

"I have a feeling that the implications of nutrition in our national life are but imperfectly understood even by people who are well educated. I have often heard it said that it is futile to talk of nutrition in a country where adequate nourishment is beyond the reach of most people. It is an admitted fact that food of the proper type and in adequate quantities play a large part in the growth and development of the human body and mind. It is all too true that to-day that food is very scarce. But this physiological fact must not be allowed to militate against any efforts that may, indeed should, be made to study the problems of nutrition and apply the same in order to improve the nutritional status of the people within the limits imposed by the financial resources of the country.

"The success, however, of all efforts made by the State, scientists, health officials and social workers is dependent on the active and willing co-operation of the people themselves. And hence I myself lay the greatest possible emphasis on popular education. It is admitted that enough food is not available in the country to provide for balanced diets in adequate quantities to every body.

Protective Foods

"But to a judicious application of the newer methods, knowledge of nutrition will certainly help to improve the diet to a certain extent even in the homes of the lower economic groups. Every one of us is aware that in the majority of middle class homes protective foods like milk, eggs, fish, meat and vegetables are in short supply. The science of nutrition has taught us that it is the growing children and expectant and nursing mothers who are in greater need of such types of food. Consequently, even if these articles of foods are in short supply and cannot be obtained by a lower middle class family in sufficient quantity owing to their prohibitive cost, the allocation of the different items of foods can be so adjusted among the different family members that milk, for example, is made available to those who are in urgent need of it. Adult male and elderly members in the families may eat as much of cereals, oils and fat as will supply them with adequate

energy to carry out the normal vocations of life without losing health, foregoing as far as possible their share of protective foods in the interests of the mothers and growing children.

"Our women, born and bred as they have been in the noble traditions of self-sacrifice, often deprive themselves of protective foods for the sake of other members of the family. Such sacrifice is wrong and misplaced in the case of the married woman who is of child-bearing age. By depriving herself of these precious foods during the periods of pregnancy and lactation she may be perpetrating an injustice and unwittingly imposing a handicap on the unborn generation.

"It is a well-known fact that our diet is poor in good quality proteins, minerals and vitamins. The removal of protein deficiency needs the production of milk and flesh foods in adequate quantities for which efforts are being made by the Ministry of Agriculture and by the Departments of Agriculture and Animal-Husbandry in the various Provincial Governments and Local Administrations. But the other deficiencies namely those of minerals and vitamins in the national diet can be removed to a very great extent by the people themselves if they have the knowledge and will to do so. Lack of food is a national emergency measure. Every householder should grow a kitchen garden in his compound, however small that may be. Co-operative endeavour in this regard will yield ever more valuable results.

"Ours is a conservative country where people are reluctant to change their habits. Social workers of the right type are required who will teach the people how to adjust themselves to new circumstances by resorting to new methods of cooking and eating. I hope this Association will suggest ways and means of training such workers and that our Governments will employ them.

Substitute Foods

"There is another point which I would like to touch upon before I close and that is our Prime Minister's recent appeal for the greater use of substitute foods. If sweet potato flour and defatted groundnut cake and the potato itself can relieve the pressure on cereals, as I am sure they can, we will be conserving an appreciable amount of our precious foreign currency which we are now forced to spend in the purchase of food grains from abroad and which can be much more fruitfully utilised for the expansion of our economic resources. I am fully alive to the fact that the duty of nutrition workers in India, as much as elsewhere, is to emphasise the need to improve the quality of national diets and to suggest ways and means for increasing the food resources of the country. I should however point out that it is as much their duty also to devise diets with substitute foods, even if they be of slightly inferior nutritive quality, which may help

X-Ray Relieves High Blood Pressure

Temporary relief from the effects of high blood pressure, or hypertension can be obtained by X-ray treatment of the pituitary, the growth gland attached to the brain, and the adrenal glands attached to the kidneys, seven U. S. physicians report.

Writing in 'Radiology', official publication of the Radiological Society of North America, the doctors assert that in tests on 413 patients, X-rays of both glands promptly relieved most symptoms of high blood pressure: headache, nervous tension, irritability, vertigo, and sleeplessness. Relief from these unpleasant symptoms persisted in some patients even when the patient's blood pressure later rose to a high level.

They emphasize that the X-rays do not provide a cure for high blood pressure, or permanent relief from the hypertension symptoms. After several years of treatment the patient tends to become resistant to radiation effects. Length of time that each treatment is effective varies from patient to patient, and even in the same patient at different times.

The X-rays are more effective in small dosages than in large amounts, the doctors report.

Thrifty Body

Radioisotopes are helping to reveal more secrets of how the body re-uses part of its products over and over again to build new tissues and produce new energy.

Recently two scientists of the



(By Squint Eye)

Counsel for a young man charged in the Colombo Police Court for bigamy pleaded that as he had the punishment of putting up with two mothers-in-law he might be spared further punishment by the Court.

Mothers-in-law have now a good case to go before Court to clear their character, unless they choose to continue to exercise their privilege of punishment of sons and daughters-in-law.

If this plea is taken as a precedent by other delinquents in the matrimonial field law may give recognition to the potentialities of mother-in-law as punishment dealers.

General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief of India has spoken that all the harmoniums

the people to tide over the crisis of existing world food shortage with the least possible damage to human health. In a poor country like ours, nutrition scientists will have to face difficulties which may at times appear insurmountable but difficulties are there to be overcome. We are face to face with a crisis. We have to unite with a crisis. 'Dig for Victory' campaign just as they did in the United Kingdom during the war. I do not believe that we cannot grow enough food for our requirements or produce enough, indeed, for all our other needs too if the will to do so is there. In a national crisis no one thinks of doing anything but his bit to serve the larger good. This spirit and this enthusiasm have, to be stimulated.

Pt. Pedro Bus Strike

Employees of the Point Pedro Jaffna Bus Company are continuing their strike.

It is stated that the cause of the strike of the employees of the Point Pedro Jaffna Bus Company is due to the failure of the employers to implement a certain agreement arrived at in February last with the workers.

Though the employers had agreed to start a provident fund, it is alleged that they had so far not done so.

University of California, Dr. David M. Greengard and Dr. Theodore Winnick, used radioactive carbon in ordinary sodium bicarbonate (baking soda). Then they fed this soda to laboratory animals, tracing the progress of the radioactive carbon through the animals' bodies by means of the Geiger counter.

They found that the body takes the baking soda, mixes it with air drawn in from the lungs, and turns some of the elements in the baking soda into energy—producing proteins and amino acids. Some of the radioactive carbon in the baking soda is exhaled as carbon dioxide—the normal waste product of breathing. But some of the carbon dioxide is used over and over again to synthesize important molecular compounds of tissue.

The body re-uses another waste product, urea, to provide the nitrogen required to make amino acids—organic compounds essential to life.

in the country should be collected and made a bonfire of, in the interests of good music.

Mis-harmoniums have had their day with our Misses!

Air craft are flying heavily underloaded Air Companies should wake up to the situation and move with the times, grouse a correspondent in an Indian paper.

The "heavy" under loading perhaps gives Air Companies the idea they are carrying full weight!

As for moving with the times, planes certainly move quite fast enough don't they?

In the Municipality of Kanpur in the district of Bhalwalpur in India, where the Municipal Commissioner had issued notices to prostitutes to quit the Municipal area and go beyond its limits, the prostitutes besieged his office in a mass and demanded withdrawal of the notices or an allowance for their maintenance, or he should marry them.

If he was driven to the third alternative he would be charged for bigamy if he obliged them and he could not plead having the punishment of more than one mother-in-law.

Marrying them as Municipal Commissioner he would a sort of statutory body with no body to be kicked and no soul to be cursed!

TRINCOMALEE TRAGEDY

ENQUIRY INTO FIRE AT NAVY QUARTERS

Security Measures and Secret Conferences

HEAVY explosions rocked the buildings of the Naval Headquarters at Trincomalee so severely that people in that locality were rudely reminded of war-time bombing.

This explosion was due, it is stated either to the bursting of an air-conditioning equipment or the effect of the fire on the chemicals which are used in reel films when the flames reached the record room of the naval film library.

The fatality roll up to yesterday was only one, Mrs. P. R. Maurice, a woman assistant at the Naval Headquarters.

The general impression is that a short circuit in the telephone exchange was instrumental in bringing about the conflagration, but the possibility of incendiaryism has not been overlooked.

The conflagration was brought under control in a little over two hours as a result of the combined efforts of the Trincomalee Urban Council, Fire service led by Chief Fire Officer, K. C. Nadasarajah, a fire fighting party from H. M. I. S. New Delhi, the Naval Fire Service and the civilian police.

Timely Action

This timely action prevented the spread of the fire—the only gutted building being the third

In The District Court Of Jaffna

In the matter of Travancore National and Quilon Bank Ltd., Jaffna Branch (In Liquidation).

Abstract of the Liquidator's Summary of Accounts for the period 1st May 1941 to 31st May 1949.

Table with columns: RECEIPTS, To, Rs., Cts.

Table with columns: PAYMENTS, By, Rs., Cts.

District Court 810 46 29,089 65

Extract from the Auditor's Report. I have audited the accounts of the Travancore National and Quilon Bank—Jaffna Branch (In Liquidation) for the period 1st May 1941 to 31st May 1949.

ORDER NISI
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA
Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 13
In the matter of the Last Will and testament of the late Maruthai-nar Kandiah of Varany north.

NEWS
We want NEWS of popular interest from every quarter. Something happens, everyday, everywhere; if you can jot it down clearly, briefly in readable, interesting language, readers of the Hindu Organ will appreciate it.

This 10th day of April 1949
Sgd S. R. Wijatilleke District Judge
Sgd C. R. Tambiah Proctor for Petr, 22nd August 1949.

Jaffna Saiva Paripalana Sabhai
61st Annual General Meeting
The 61st Annual General Meeting of the Jaffna Saiva Paripalana Sabhai will be held on Sunday, September 18, 1949 at 3 p. m. in the Jaffna Hindu College Tamil School Hall.

ORDER NISI
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA
Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 1079
Suntharam widow of Arumugam Karainagar East Petitioner Vs Arumugam Sabaratnam; Arumugam Kanagaratnam; Arumugam Mahadeva; Aiumugam Sanmuganathan; Arumugam Kumaramawamy; Vaithilingham Ramalingham and wife Poornam of Karainagar East Respondents

Bank of Ceylon
(Incorporated by Ordinance No. 53 of 1938)
Bankers to the Government of Ceylon
Subscribed Capital Rs. 4,500,000-00
Paid up Capital Rs. 3,000,000-00
Reserve Fund Rs. 2,600,000-00

Alliance Assurance Company Limited
ESTABLISHED 1824.
Fire, Accident & Marine Insurance
AGENTS
Trade & Transport Co., Ltd.
27, CLOCK TOWER ROAD, JAFFNA.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
"HINDU ORGAN" & "INTHUSTHANAM"
Town Delivery Rs. Cts.
Ceylon Rs. Cts.
Malaya & India Rs. Cts.
Hindu Organ 6-50 9-50 10-50
Inthusthanam 6-50 9-50 10-50
Both Editions 10-50 13-50 15-00