

The Hindu Organ.

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Order Nisi.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 3888.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Sivakamippillai alias Sinnathangam wife of Kandiah Sinniah of Vannarponnai East

Deceased.
Kandiah Sinniah of Vannarponnai East
Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Sinniah Apputhurai
2. Sinniah Sinnathurai
3. Sinniah Kandiah all of Vannarponnai East; the 2nd and 3rd Respondents are minors by their Guardian *ad litem* the 1st Respondent.

This matter of the Petition of Kandiah Sinniah of Vannarponnai East, praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased, Sivakamippillai alias Sinnathangam wife of Sinniah, coming on for disposal before P. E. Pieris, Esqr., District Judge, on March 24, 1917, in the presence of Mr. R. Sivagurunathar, Proctor, on the part of the Petitioner; and the affidavit of the said Petitioner, dated February 22, 1917, having been read: It is ordered that the Petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as the widower of the said deceased, to administer the estate of the said deceased and that Letters of Administration do issue to him, accordingly, unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person shall, on or before April 26, 1917, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

P. E. Pieris,

District Judge.

March 29, 1917.

Order Nisi.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 3375.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Sinnathangam wife of Sinnappah Muttu of Vannarponnai East

Deceased.
Sinnappah Muttu of Vannarponnai East
Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Vallipuram Thampiah and
Minor 2. Mutu Navaratnam both of Vannarponnai East. The 2nd Respondent is a minor by his guardian *ad litem* the 1st Respondent.

This matter of the Petition of Sinnappah Muttu of Vannarponnai East, praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased, Sinnathangam wife of Sinnappah Muttu, coming on for disposal before P. E. Pieris, Esqr., District Judge, on March 19, 1917, in the presence of Mr. R. Sivagurunathar, Proctor, on the part of the Petitioner; and the affidavit of the said Petitioner dated February 7, 1917, having been read: It is ordered that the Petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as the widower of the said deceased, to administer the estate of the said deceased and that Letters of Administration do issue to him, accordingly, unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person shall, on or before April 26, 1917, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

P. E. Pieris,

District Judge.

March 23, 1917.

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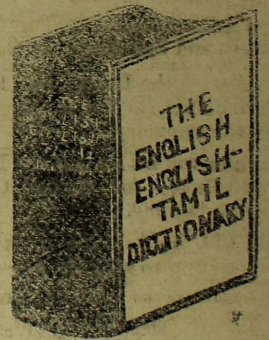
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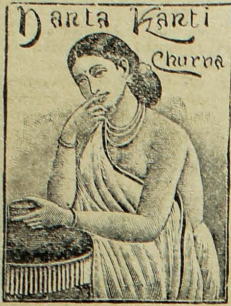
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Order Nisi.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JAFFNA.

Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 3269.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Kamachipillai wife of Velayuthar Thamboo alias Sinnakkuddy late of Klang F. M. S. Deceased.

Velayuthar Thamboo alias Sinnakkuddy of Vaddukkoddai West

Petitioner.

Vs.

1. Thamboo Kannalingapillai of Vaddukkoddai West
2. Thamboo Ambalawanapillai of do.
- Minor 3. Thamboo Rasendram of Kuala Selangor. The 3rd Respondent is a minor appearing by his guardian ad-litem Kandappillai Veluppillai, Overseer, P. W. D., Kuala Selangore

Respondents.

This matter of the Petition of Velayuthar Thamboo alias Sinnakkuddy of Vaddukkoddai West, praying for Letters of Administration to the estate of the abovenamed deceased, Kamachipillai wife of Velayuthar Thamboo alias Sinnakkuddy of Vaddukkoddai West, coming on for disposal before P. E. Parris, Esqr., District Judge, on March 27, 1917, in the presence of Messrs. Sivaprakasam & Kaitera, Executors, on the part of the Petitioner, and the Affidavit of the Petitioner, dated July 5, 1916, having been read: It is declared that the Petitioner is the husband of the said intestate and is entitled to have Letters of Administration to the estate of the said Intestate issued to him unless the Respondents or any other person shall, on or before May 3, 1917, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

J. Homer Vanniasingham,
District Judge.

April 12, 1917.

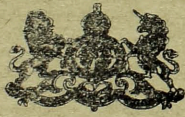
Chittankerni Sivan Temple.

As there is a case pending concerning this Temple, and that as I understand that my brother V. Suppiramaniam who is, along with me and two others, one of the defendants in the said case, has now been won over by the Plaintiffs to their side, and that, the said Suppiramaniam is now about to execute a deed transferring to the plaintiffs his right as well as my right also in the said Temple, without my consent, I do hereby give notice that no Notary should execute any deed affecting my right in the said Temple, and that no one should execute any manner of documents affecting the said Temple till the conclusion of the pending case.

22 4 17 (Sgd.) V. VYTINGAM.

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The Hindu Organ.

JAFFNA, MONDAY, APRIL 23, 1917.

THE IMPORTANCE OF SANSKRIT
IN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

In two of our previous issues we have discussed the importance of instituting a Sanskrit College in Jaffna for the proper education of the Saiva Priesthood in the Shastras and the Kriya practices of their religion. It was also pointed out that such a College of High Priests may be made to exercise a disciplinary influence over the Order, controlling them and organizing them into a body, and elevating them in their spiritual influence. We have no doubt that our Saivite readers take a keen interest in the improvement of our Priesthood and that they would have read our articles on the subject with a critical mind, and with an earnest desire to help any movement that is most likely to accomplish the object.

A Saivite can help the improvement of the Priesthood in two ways. He can give his quota of pecuniary help to any institution that may be started for the education of the Priesthood. But there is also a method more important than this. By himself acquiring a knowledge of Sanskrit—every smattering knowledge will be enough—he can indirectly exercise a corrective and educative influence over the Priesthood. When the performer of a Kriya or ceremony possesses some knowledge of Sanskrit, the Priest will be induced to be careful in what he does or recites at the ceremony. The Yajaman

or the doer of the ceremony may question him or find fault with him and if the Priest finds himself unable to satisfy the Yajaman, he may lose his respect and his Dhakshina (fee) too. Such considerations are sure to act as a powerful incentive and compel the Priest to acquire a better education and perform the ceremonies with a better knowledge of their meaning and purport. As things are done at present, a Saivite who gets a ceremony performed at home knows nothing of what the Priest is uttering or doing. If he knows anything of Sanskrit, he can learn to follow the Priest intelligently and participate with him in the ceremony. But being utterly ignorant of the language, the whole thing becomes a bore to him. Soon he gets tired and urges the Priest to finish the thing quickly, though the ceremony had not half progressed. It will thus be seen that even the few Priests who have taken the trouble to master the Shastras and try to perform the ceremonies conscientiously and correctly get nothing but cold discouragement from the laity, while the ignorant charlatan of the Order who knows only a few slokas by rote, but knows well to coax the Yajaman and pander to his caprices, gets a better patronage. The result is most discouraging and tends to depress the desire for learning among the Priesthood. There is no other way to improve the situation but by imparting to every Saivite, at least an elementary education in Sanskrit. It will be enough for our purpose, if in every Hindu School in Jaffna, both English and Tamil, provision is made for a two years' course in Sanskrit for all students. A saving in time may be effected by cutting short the courses of study in foreign History or Geography or in foreign dead languages and allotting the time to Sanskrit. It may be noted that in India, Sanskrit is made compulsory in all Schools where instruction in Hindu Religion is imparted. It is essential for our religious welfare that a similar provision should be made in all Hindu schools in Ceylon. The Department of Education may also be asked to help the Hindu School Managers in this respect.

The importance of Sanskrit in the religious education of a Hindu cannot be over-estimated. Practical Hinduism is found in the practice of Hindu rites. From the first Religious initiation ceremony and the practice of Sandhya Vandanam, almost every Hindu ceremony has the object of enabling the practitioner to attain the fourfold aims of life, viz., to lead a religious life, to acquire wealth, to enjoy happiness in this world and finally to attain liberation and eternal bliss. The highest truths of Hindu Philosophy are rendered realisable through the practise of these rites. In the Sankhya which should be repeated by every Hindu at the commencement of a Kriya, the objects for which the particular Kriya is intended are recited, and among them mention is made of "Dharma Artha Kanya Moksha chaturvidya purushartha siddhyartham", which means, to attain success in the fourfold objects of life the ceremony is performed. That the Hindu Philosophy has a practical side which is embodied in the rituals is now well known. In his presidential address, the Rev. Dr. Mackinchan of Bombay, who presided over the Mathematics and Physics Section of the Indian Science Congress held at Bangalore in January last, said:—

"It would rather seem to be true that the bent of the Indian mind was towards the practical and not towards the merely speculative. He had sometimes wondered whether they might not discern even in the strictly philosophical efforts of thought of India something of the practical purpose which ran through its mathematical achievements. Indian philosophy was no mere speculative exercise. It was not pursued simply to satisfy intellectual craving. It was something pursued with a view to the practical ends of religious life."

The practical ends of religious life mentioned by the Rev. Dr. Mackinchan, are made attainable by the practise of the Ash-tanga Yoga which will be found embodied in the various Samaya Anushtanas of all sects among the Hindus, and more prominently in the fourfold path of Sarya, Kriya, Yoga and Gnana of the Saiva Shastras. It is to be deeply regretted that the practical portion of Hinduism set forth in the Samaya Kriyas and Anushtanas should remain a sealed book to many who could not take the trouble to devote a small portion of their time to gain at least an elementary knowledge of Sanskrit. To one equipped with such an elementary knowledge of Sanskrit, it will be possible for a Priest to explain the esoteric meaning and purport of the Mantras, Mudras, Bhavanas and the liturgic portion of the ceremonies which

are all recited in Sanskrit. Both the Priest and the lay performer of the Religious ceremonies may be equally benefited if a due recognition is made of the importance of Sanskrit in the curriculum of our educational institutions.

NOTES & COMMENTS.

We publish in another column the proceedings of the annual general meeting of the Young Men's Hindu Association, Jaffna, held on the 15th instant.

The report which is a lengthy and interesting document contained a record of very many useful work done by the Association during the past year. It embodied more or less what were from time to time recorded in the pages of the *Hindu Organ*, as reported vividly by the authorities of the Association. Owing to exigencies of space we are unable to publish the report in full. It will be seen from the "aspirations of the Association" which is published elsewhere that it aims at accomplishing very many laudable objects. But we fail to see among the aspirations of the Association the promotion of total abstinence among the Hindus. We have no doubt that this omission is quite unintentional, as we know that the members of the Executive Committee are gentlemen who are very much interested in the temperance cause. In our opinion this question is more important than any others mentioned in the Report and is vital to the spiritual and temporal welfare of the community, however essential the other reforms also are for the amelioration of the condition of the Hindus. Every member of the Y. M. H. A., should not only pledge himself not to touch any kind of spirituous liquor, but also work strenuously to put down the growing evil of drunkenness among the Hindus in particular and among his countrymen in general.

The following Reuter's telegram dated London April 19th appears in the columns of our daily contemporaries:—

EDUCATIONAL REFORMS. In the House of Commons, Mr. Fisher, in introducing the Education estimates which were £9,829,000 above last year, emphasised the necessity for removing the deficiencies in our educational system revealed by the war.

So the British Government is going to spend during the present financial year about six crores of rupees in the improvement of education in Britain over and above the amount spent last year. In Ceylon educational Institutions are starved on account of the war, grants being denied to so many ones which have been registered for examination but without any claim to grants, although the public revenue is in a very flourishing condition. Again higher education is denied to the Ceylonese by means of a Ceylon University, although it is long since our Government itself admitted the necessity of establishing a University College as the first step towards the establishment of a University. In the Motherland in the midst of the horrors of the war and the daily expenditure of ten crores on account of it, the education vote is increased by six crores, and His Majesty's Ministers have condescended to seriously consider the question of granting Home Rule to Ireland and of readjusting the political relations of the other parts of the Empire, including India, with Britain. But if any one in Ceylon will have the public spirit to call for larger expenditure on education, sanitation and other requirements, he will be called by a section of the Ceylon press a disloyal citizen who has no feeling for the troubles of the Government on account of the war. And any attempt to point out loyally and constitutionally deficiencies in the system of Government obtaining in Ceylon with the object to secure reforms, as is being done in other parts of the Empire, is said to be "mischievous agitation."

LOCAL & GENERAL.

THE WEATHER.—The heat is intense both day and night.

SUBSCRIBERS—from whom there are dues to this paper are requested to remit them early.

THE GOVERNMENT AGENT—Mr. B Horsburgh, the Government Agent, N. P., accompanied by the Chief Mudaliyar, returned from circuit on Friday night last, three days before the time appointed for his return to Jaffna. We understand that Mr. Horsburgh shot a huge elephant in the jungle in the Mannar District when he went in search of a rogue elephant which, however, he was unable to encounter.

OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION, JAFFNA HINDU COLLEGE—As announced in our issue of the 9th instant the "Old Boys" staged "Harischandra Mayanakandam" admirably well, on Saturday night, before a large and respectable audience. At the commencement of the play, Mr. N. Selvadurai, B.A., the respected Principal of the College, thanked the members of the Old Boys' Association for their keen interest in their alma mater and their indefatigable efforts in making this undertaking a financial success, contributing for the equipment of the Laboratory of the College. He also thanked C. Rasanayaka Mudaliyar, Secretary D. C., Jaffna, and Mr. M. Canagasabay, Sub Collector, Customs, Jaffna and the other Hindu gentlemen who helped the Association in staging the play and collecting funds. The Principal also informed the audience that the Association had so far collected Rs. 2600/- and hoped to collect much more during the next two plays. The next play is "Harischandra Meedchikandam" and will be staged at the College Hall on Wednesday the 25th instant, beginning from 9 P.M. We earnestly hope that all the "Old Boys" and the friends of the College will patronize the undertaking and render all that lies in their power to make it a success.

PERSONAL—Our Hon. Mr. K. Balasingham, M. L. C., is in Jaffna. He is expected to return to Colombo tomorrow.

—Mr. N. Mylvaganam, Head Signaller, F. M. S. R., Kuala Lumpur, has come to Jaffna on long leave and is staying at his residence at Manipay.

—Mr. C. Subramaniam, Booking Clerk, F. M. S. R., Kuala Lumpur is at Kaddudai, Manipay, having come on leave.

—Mr. V. Ramaswamy, Proctor, Anuradhapura, who underwent an operation for appendicitis at the General Hospital, Colombo is progressing favourably.

—Mr. P. Kandasamy, Chief Clerk and Book-keeper of Bowlsana Group, Deltote, has come to Jaffna on a fortnight's leave and is staying at his residence at Polikandy, Valvettiturai. He will return to his station by the 30th instant.

—Mr. N. Vyramuttu, Station Master, F. M. S. Railways, has obtained 8 months' leave from the 4th instant. He will spend his holidays in the midst of his relatives at Pannalai, Jaffna.

—Mr. K. Kumarasamy of the F. M. S. Railways who was lately stationed at Sirgapore has come to Jaffna on leave and is staying at his residence at Valvettiturai.

OFF TO THE FRONT—Mr. Nicholas M Vannia Singhe, the only son of the late John Nicholas Mudr., Secretary District Court, Jaffna, whose offer for active service has been accepted by the Government, leaves for England early next month.

THE NEW TWO RUPEE NOTES—On Saturday the 14th instant, 100,000 two rupee notes were received by the Government and were put into circulation at once, the Banks being provided with the bulk of the notes. Applications from the Banks for further supplies had to be deferred till the next consignment arrives.

COMMISSION ON "TESAWALAMAI"—The following *communiqué* was laid on the Press Table at the Secretariat on April 16th:—H. E. the Governor has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen as a Commission to inquire into and report upon the desirability of introducing legislation for defining the persons or class of persons to whom Tesawalamai applies:—(The Hon. Mr. Justice De Sanyo, K. C., (Chairman), the Hon. Mr. K. Balasingam, Sir Ponnambalam Arunachalam, Kt., and the Hon. Sir Ambalavanar Kanagasabay, Kt.

MATRIMONIAL—A pretty wedding was solemnized according to the Hindu rites at Punnalikkadduvan, Jaffna, on the 28th ult. the contracting parties being Mr. N. Casipillai, son of Mr. S. Nagamuttu, landed proprietor, Punnalikkadduvan, and a brother of Mr. N. Thampipillai of the Government Analyst's Department, Colombo, and Miss Nagamuttu Ammal, youngest daughter of Mr. K. Supramaniam of Punnalikkadduvan. The event was looked forward with the greatest interest by the many friends and relatives of the parties, evidence of whose popularity was evinced by the large number of people present at the residence of both the bride and bridegroom, at the former of which the ceremony took place and to which the bridegroom was conducted shortly before the ceremony in a torch light procession accompanied by Hindu music. It was at a very late hour in the night that the guests dispersed, after the expression of the usual good wishes to the newly wedded couple.

Y. M. H. A., KOKUVIL—The fortnightly meeting of this Association was held at 6.30 P.M. on Saturday the 14th instant at the English School Hall, Mr. E. Chollai occupying the chair. The proceedings commenced with the singing of Devaram followed by the reading of minutes, and recitation by Master K. Thanikaasalam. An able lecture was delivered by Mr. S. Murugaiyer on *Viputhy* (අභය), describing how it is to be prepared, its meaning and its efficacy. Remarks were offered by Messrs. K. Porampalam and A. Mailvaganam and the chairman. The subject to be taken up for the next meeting is Vegetarianism by Master C. Vijaya Ratnam. The meeting came to a close after the singing of Devaram.

GNANASAKARAM X RAYS INSTITUTE—A massive brass wall-plate was received at the General Hospital to be placed in the Gnanasakaram X Ray Institute which has been recently re-equipped by Mr. G. Sanmugam, J. P.

Y. M. H. A., PETTAH (JAFFNA)—In response to the notices circulated in the Pettah of Jaffna a large number of Hindu young men assembled in the Central Hall of the Jaffna Hostel on Saturday the 14th instant at 6.30 P.M. In the absence of Mr. A. Canagasabay who was to have presided, Mr. E. K. Sivasubramania Iyer, B.A., was voted to the chair. In a short and lucid speech the chairman introduced the lecturer for the evening, Mr. C. Arulambalam, Advocate, and called upon him to address the meeting on the "necessity of a Y. M. H. A. for the Pettah". The learned lecturer spoke for about an hour and dwelt on the advantages of organising a branch Association and thus identifying with the great Hindu religious revival in Jaffna. Remarks were offered by Mr. M. S. E. Iyathamby Advocate and Master T. R. Janayakam of Central College, Jaffna. A committee consisting of Messrs. A. Canagasabay, C. Arulambalam, M. S. E. Iyathamby, T. R. Janayakam, S. Rajathungam was appointed to draft the rules of the Association. With the singing of Thevaram and a vote of thanks proposed to the chair and the lecturer by Master V. Sivagnanam, the meeting came to a close. —Cor.

THE SINHALESE "NATIONAL" DAY—It is gratifying to note that the National Day celebration of the indigenous people of this Colony is year by year taking a more practical turn, the speakers being generally animated by a whole-hearted and earnest desire that a genuine uplifting should take place in the present social and economic condition of the masses. Repeated emphasis was laid at the Nuwara Eliya gathering recorded elsewhere on the vital need for improving the character of the people. It was also pointed out by more than one speaker that one of the principal objects of the institution of the National Day was to bridge the gulf that seemed to exist between the so-called educated section and the masses, and to bring everybody into a unity and fellowship which rose above creed and caste and other distinctions. The promoters of the movement were happy to feel that this object had been attained in an eminent degree already. —Observer.

THE GOLD OUTPUT—The fact that over sixty per cent of the world's production of gold is derived from mines within the British Empire has been of enormous importance to us and to our Allies during the present War. The full returns of the world's output for 1916 do not appear to have been published as yet, but the figures relating to the Transvaal, which contributes forty per cent of the total, show that the mines there produced gold last year to the value of £39,484,000. This is the highest figure ever attained and is £773,000 in excess of the total of 1912, which was previously the record year. There was, however, a decline in the profits of the Transvaal industry, owing to the increase in the cost of stores resulting from the War, and the aggregate dividends paid by the mining companies, amounting to £7,271,000, were less by £553,000 than the total for 1915. In consequence of the approaching exhaustion of some of the best-known mines a diminution rather than expansion of the Transvaal output is looked for the near future, though in all probability the upward movement will be resumed when the exploitation of the Government area known as the Far East Rand is vigorously taken in hand and the mines in that region commence actual production.

THE QUEEN'S SYMPATHY WITH INDIAN WOMEN—At an Indian ladies' purdah party held at Lahore on the 13th April, Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford, speaking in Urdu, made an interesting announcement that Her Majesty the Queen Empress, in order to show her sympathy with the women of India who have given their husbands and sons to the service of the Empire on the battlefield, intends to send to each widow or bereaved mother a card with Her Majesty's own picture and a message of sympathy and of appreciation of the brave deeds of the departed soldiers. It is understood that the cards which have been most artistically reproduced by Messrs. J. Miles and Company of Wardour Street, London, have reached India, and that arrangements are being made for their distribution. —"M. Times."

INDIAN CONGRESS DEPUTATION TO ENGLAND—As at present settled the following gentlemen will constitute the Congress Deputation to England:—Bengal—Sir K. G. Gupta, Sir Rash Behary Ghose, Mr. Surendranath Banerjee and Mr. Bhupendranath Basu; Bombay—Mr. M. A. Jinnah; Madras—Mr. Srinivasa Sastry and Mr. C. P. Ram'samy Iyer; The United Provinces—The Rajah of Mahmudabad, Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya and Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru. The deputation will proceed to England by the end of May to do preliminary spadework regarding the self-government propaganda. Ten representatives of the All India Muslim League will also join the deputation, the personnel of which is not yet known. This deputation will be followed by a larger deputation in the autumn to carry on active propaganda work. A Congress Trust Board to raise funds and carry on self-government work both in India and England has been

constituted, with the Hon. Mr. Srinivasa Sastry as Secretary. About Rs. 2 lakhs have already been promised. —"M. Mail," April 16

INDIAN REPRESENTATION IN THE FIJI LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL—Information has been received that His Majesty's Government have sanctioned the appointment of a representative of the British Indian Community to the Legislative Council of Fiji. Badri Maharaj, the gentleman selected, is an indentured Indian who went to the Colony in 1890 and has acquired considerable property. We hope a similar concession will be made to the prayers of the British Indians and Ceylonese in the F. M. S., and in the Straits Settlements.

THE BENGAL AYURVEDIC CONFERENCE—The Bengal Ayurvedic Conference was held at Dacca on the 6th and 7th instant last under the presidency of Vaidyaratna Kaviraj Jogindranath Sen Bidyabhusan M. A. the premier physician of Calcutta and the President of the All-India Ayurvedic Conference held at Cawnpur. Almost all the districts of the Bengal Presidency were represented by their leading Physicians and the number of delegates was nearly 400. The attendance at the Conference was more than 1,500 each day. Simultaneously with the Conference an Ayurvedic Exhibition was also held and it was opened by the District Magistrate, Mr. F. W. Robertson, B.A., I.C.S. Liquid Extracts from indigenous plants and herbs, Ayurvedic Chemicals, Surgical appliances of the ancient times, Ayurvedic retorts and other akin instruments for preparing chemical distillation and extracts, old and rare manuscripts and other objects connected with Ayurveda were abundantly exhibited. It was decided to found a permanent garden of Ayurvedic plants and herbs in the district. Twenty one resolutions were adopted at the Conference.

ESPERANTO INVENTOR DEAD—Router has announced the death of Dr. Ludwig Zamenhof, the inventor of the auxiliary language, Esperanto. The inventor who was a Russian born at Grodno was an oculist of Warsaw. It cannot be said that his auxiliary language achieved any great success, for though before the War there were several Esperanto Congresses, and a certain amount of literature published in the language, it was never popular save among a select few.

OBITUARY—We deeply regret to have to record the untimely death of Mr. C. G. Gurairenam which took place at his residence at Manipay on Saturday last. In his death a very intelligent young man of exemplary character has passed away at Manipay. He was a teacher in the Manipay Hindu College and an active worker in the local Y. M. H. A. He belonged to a respectable family, and much sympathy is felt with his parents, his brother Mr. C. Sivakolunthu of the Ceylon Railway Department, Mr. C. Thiagarajah of Messrs. Ford Rhodes Thornton & Co., Colombo, and his uncle Mr. V. Canagasabay, Station Master, Jaffna. Having been brought up in a devotional life his last moments were happy, singing Devarams and asking others to do the same till the end. Our heartfelt condolences to the bereaved.

—We deeply regret to have to record the death which took place at "Donnington", Ward Place, Colombo, on the 18th instant of Miss Kirupairenam Allegacoan, elder daughter of Mr. W. C. R. Allegacoan, President Village Tribunals, Batticaloa North, and grand daughter of the late Mr. R. W. Allegacoan C.C.S., Police Magistrate, Pt. Pedro. Her mother is the eldest daughter of E. Somanader Mudaliyar and grand daughter of the late Ezekiel Somanader, Mudaliyar Governor's Gate and Chief Mudaliyar of the Eastern Province. The deceased who was only fourteen years of age was an accomplished and amiable young lady. She went with her father, to Colombo from Batticaloa, during the Easter vacation, on a visit to her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. T. Rajaretnam. She contracted fever as soon as she arrived in Colombo and despite the best medical attendance and careful nursing succumbed to the disease, to the unspeakable grief of a large circle of relations and friends in Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Colombo, Jaffna, and other parts of the Island. What makes the grief more poignant and distressing is the circumstance of the absence of the mother and other near and dear relatives in Batticaloa at the time of illness and death, although the father, two uncles, three aunts and her only brother were in Colombo with her all the time. Our deepest sympathy with the bereaved relatives.

—We deeply regret to have to record the death of Mrs. Kathirgamer, mother of Mr. Sinnathamby Pillai, B.A., L.T., Messrs. K. Kanagasabay and Arulambalam, Proctors, and of Mr. Ganapathipillai, Surveyor, which sad event took place at her residence at Pulohy this morning. The funeral takes place today. Our condolences to the bereaved.

OBSERVATIONS MADE BY THE COMMISSIONER OF REQUESTS OF POINT PEDRO IN JUDGMENT IN CASE NO 17084 C O R POINT PEDRO

"This method of asserting claims by the creation of bogus bonds and deeds is very common in this part of the country and is unfortunately sometimes apt to make foreign judges presiding at the Courts of this district and whose knowledge of the people is confined chiefly to the litigants appearing before them

to draw hasty conclusions about the whole people and cast undeserved aspersions on their general veracity"

THE JAFFNA ASSOCIATION.

A Meeting of the Committee will be held in Mr. Proctor S. Kairenu's Office on Thursday, the 26th instant at 4-30 P.M.

BUSINESS:

1. To consider the reply of the General Manager, C. G. R. to the reduced train service on the Northern Line.
2. Mr. W. D. Niles, Advocate, to propose "That it is not desirable in the public interest to discontinue the system of Crown Land Sales".
3. Mr. S. Rajaratnam, Advocate, to propose "That this Association considers it undesirable that the Evidence Ordinance should be amended in any way so as to make confessions made by accused persons to Police officers admissible in evidence against them".

Jaffna, 19-3-17.
G. C. Thambayam,
C. Arulambalam,
Secretaries.

MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY, KARAVEDDY, HELD ON APRIL 2, 1917, AT 4.30 P. M.

1. The Registrar of Co-operative Credit Society Mr. F. A. Stockdale presided.
2. The minutes of the previous general meeting were read and confirmed.
3. The Secretary read a report on the work of the Society during the year ending 31st March 1917 and it was unanimously adopted.
4. The office bearers for the ensuing year were then elected as follows.

Proposed by Mr. S. Sapapathy Pillai and seconded by Mr. K. Mailvaganam, Mr. K. Chinna-thamby was re-elected president and Mr. V. Mudaliyar Chittampalam, Vice-President.

Proposed by Mr. K. Mailvaganam and seconded by Mr. A. Silambu, Mr. S. Sapapathy Pillai was elected Secretary and Treasurer and Mr. V. Sithamparappillai Assistant Secretary and Treasurer.

Proposed by Mr. S. Sapapathy Pillai and seconded by Mr. K. Mailvaganam, Mr. A. K. Sittampalam was elected Auditor.

Proposed by Mr. S. Sapapathy Pillai and seconded by Mr. V. Sethunathapillai the following members were elected to form a committee in addition to the office bearers.

Messrs. A. Nagalingam, K. Veeragathipillai A. Sinnathamby, S. Thamotheeran Pillai, V. Valliparam, A. Velupillai, S. Sittampalam.

5. On the motion of Mr. Sapapathy Pillai seconded by Mr. K. Mailvaganam it was unanimously resolved that the capital of the Society be increased to Rs. 2,500/-.

6. On the motion of Mr. S. Sapapathy Pillai seconded by Mr. A. Silambu it was unanimously resolved to charge an entrance fee of 25 cents from new members.

7. Mr. S. Sapapathy Pillai proposed and Mr. A. Silambu seconded that a bonus of Rs. 7/50 be paid to the Assistant Secretary and Treasurer.

8. The Registrar then addressed the meeting expressing his great satisfaction with the work of the society and urging further developments.

9. Proposed by Mr. C. Arumugam a vote of thanks to the Registrar for his kind interest was carried with loud applause.

S. SAPAPATHYPILLAI,
Secretary.

THE YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION, (CENTRAL).

The members of this Association held their first annual general meeting in the Head Quarter's Hall on Sunday the 15th instant. A large number of Hindu gentlemen and students attended the function. In the absence on public duty of the President, the Hon'ble Sir A. Kanagasabay, the Hon'ble Mr. A. Sapapathy M. L. C., was voted to the chair and proceedings commenced with Veda Adhyayana and Devara Lakshyanam. The formal business being over, the Secretary read a very interesting report of the working of the Association during last year. The house then proceeded to elect the office-bearers for the ensuing year as follows:

President: The Hon'ble Sir A. Kanagasabay Knight; Vice-Presidents: Messrs. V. Casipillai, W. Duraiswamy, S. Kaudayya, R. N. Arulambalam, C. Sabarathna Mudaliyar, S. Shivapathasundaram, B. A.; General Secretary: Mr. M. S. Eliathamby, Advocate; Assistant Secretaries: Messrs. S. T. Onitampalam and V. Ramanathan; Treasurer: Mr. A. Ambalawanar, Proctor; and a Committee of 16 members and an Advisory Board of 45 representative Hindu gentlemen. Certain amendments to the bye-laws were proposed and accepted. The gathering dispersed after a vote of thanks to the chairman and the singing of Thevaram.

The report is too lengthy for publication in the "Hindu Organ". But we give the concluding paragraph in regard to the aspirations of the Association. They are as follows:—

"Your Executive Committee aspired to accomplish many things and they beg you will be pleased to charge their successors with the duty of:—

1. Uplifting the Panobama classes by providing for their secular and religious education.
2. Discouraging Mendicancy under the garb of Religions.
3. Putting down the evil practice of animal slaughter in some Hindu Temples.
4. Preaching against the evils of flesh-eating.
5. Discouraging the employment of tom-toms in Hindu funeral processions.
6. Publishing a Hindu Funeral Sermon to be read at funerals.
7. Concocting measures to reform the priest.
8. Publishing a Book expounding the Esoteric Meaning of some of our ceremonies.
9. Providing for the education of every Hindu Student.
10. Publishing Educational tracts on Saiva Religion."

The War.

BRITISH ENTER LENS.

London, April 15. Correspondents at Headquarters state that the British have entered Lens.

THE BRITISH FRONT.

London, April 15. Renter's Headquarters correspondent says the latest British captures include the great pyramids of slag near the mouths of the coal pits in the neighbourhood of Lens, which the Germans converted into fortresses.

1,500 GERMAN DEAD: 3,000 PRISONERS.

F. M. Sir D. Haig says:—As a result of fighting North-Westward of St. Quentin we gained ground Eastward and Northward of Gricourt, and also progressed in the neighbourhood of Haincourt Wood and Eastward of Lievin, approaching the outskirts of Lens.

RETREAT EXTENDING.

London, April 14. Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters, wiring this afternoon, says there are indications that the retreat is extending in the region immediately South of Lens, where fires and explosions are frequent beyond the enemy lines.

PROGRESS ON A WIDE FRONT.

London, April 15. F. M. Sir J. D. Haig says:—This morning we captured Lievin, South-Westward of and adjoining Lens, taking considerable quantities of War material. This afternoon we seized Cite St. Pierre, North-Westward of Lens.

"MERRY LITTLE HELL" IN LENS.

London, April 16. The report of the actual occupation of Lens may be explained from the fact that Lens itself is merely the centre of a circle of mining towns and villages forming a vast agglomeration of houses, the boundaries of which are not more clearly marked than in London boroughs.

MUCH BOOTY AT LIEVIN.

F. M. Sir D. Haig says:—We have captured Videres, a village South-Eastward of Hargicourt. We progressed North-Westward of Lens. Our booty captured at Lievin on the Souchez River was very great, including a six-inch Naval gun, many trench mortars and ammunition and truck-loads of tools.

The Times Military correspondent says an entirely well-planned well-fought battle resulted in the most satisfactory victories of the War. The Germans are thick as peas in France. There are sixty divisions on the British front alone, but the gun and howitzer superiority has beaten the trench. So long as our Artillery superiority is maintained entrenched Germans must be regarded as lost souls.

14,000 PRISONERS: 194 GUNS.

F. M. Sir D. Haig says:—There were upwards of 14,000 prisoners and 194 guns since the morning of the 9th. There was heavy rain all afternoon. There is nothing of special interest.

SPANISH NOTE TO GERMANY.

London, April 14. Madrid.—Government is sending a strong Note to Germany on the subject of the torpedoing of the "Fulgencia."

SOUTH AMERICA AND THE WAR.

London, April 14. Buenos Aires.—Excited crowd parading through the streets. The German newspaper offices were closed during attack. Rio de Janeiro.—Brazilian bluejackets occupied the interned German ships amid the cheers of the crowds.

London, April 14. Lapaz.—Bolivia has severed relations with Germany.

AN ARMY FOR EUROPE?

Rio de Janeiro.—It is suggested by the newspapers of Brazil that it shall send 200,000 Infantry to Europe.

THE NEW RUSSIA.

Petrograd.—A meeting of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Committee has adopted a resolution, declaring that the official renunciation by all the Governments of ideas of territorial expansion will powerfully contribute to the end of the War, but while the War continues the Russian Democracy recognises that any disorganisation of the Army, weakening its fighting capacity, will be disastrous to the country and to liberty.

GERMANY ANXIOUS TO MAKE SEPARATE PEACE. There is intense anxiety in Germany to obtain a separate Peace with Russia. It is evinced in comments in the Government controlled Vorwarts on the Russian Government's proclamation of April 10th. The paper suggests that it might form the basis of a settlement between the Central Powers and Russia and assures that the Central Powers do not desire to humiliate Russia or retain occupied Russian territory.

CONTINUANCE OF WAR FAVOURED.

Petrograd.—The proceedings of the Congress of District Councils and Workmen's and Soldiers' delegates shows an overwhelming majority in support of the Executive's resolution in favour of prosecuting the War.

GERMANS TORPEDO HOSPITAL SHIP.

London, April 13. The Admiralty announce that the hospital ship "Gloucester Castle" was torpedoed without warning in midchannel on the night of March 30th. All the wounded were saved. A Berlin official message of Wednesday proclaims that the vessel was submarined, thus removing any doubt in the matter. The Admiralty announce that the hospital ship "Salta" was mined and sunk in bad weather in the Channel on Tuesday. There were no wounded on board, but five medical and nine nursing sisters and thirty-eight of the R. A. M. C. personnel are missing.

BRAZILIAN SHIP SUNK.

London, April 14. Buenos Aires (Official).—The Argentine sailing-ship, "Monte Protegido," has been sunk in European waters. A minute enquiry has been ordered. A great impression has been created.

AMERICAN AID FOR RUSSIA.

Washington.—It is officially announced that Government is considering sending a commission to Russia to ascertain how to aid the new Government and consider all phases of Russo American cooperation in the War. A large Russian credit will probably be granted as soon as Congress passes the War Loan Bill, possibly before the Commission goes to Russia.

CHINA AND GERMANY.

London, April 14. Peking.—Government has prohibited navigation on inland waters in China by vessels under the German flag and has withdrawn their licenses from German pilots.

MORE FEEDING RESTRICTIONS.

London, April 14. A memorandum issued by the Board of Agriculture says that owing to diminished importations and Military requirements it has decided to reduce the feeding stuffs of the country in the coming year by 14 million ton. Simultaneously the numbers of livestock are unprecedentedly large, and therefore rationing of feeding-stuffs and a substantial reduction of livestock is essential.

KING ENTERTAINS DOMINION MINISTERS.

London, April 15. Sir R. Borden, General Smuts and Messrs. Morris and Massey are spending the week-end with Their Majesties at Windsor. The Archbishop of Cork has been invited to meet them. It is understood that other Dominion statesmen will be similarly entertained later.

REPRISAL FOR SINKING HOSPITAL SHIP.

London, April 16. The Admiralty state that owing to German submarine attacks on hospital ships in direct and flagrant contravention of the Hague Convention, Article No. X, a large squadron of Anglo-French aeroplanes carried out as a reprisal the bombardment of the town of Freiberg on Saturday. Many bombs were dropped with good results. Despite many air fights all the machines returned safely, except three.

NEW RUSSIA C.T.C.

London, April 16. Petrograd.—General Alexieff has been definitely appointed Commander in Chief.

U. S. A. AND THE WAR.

Washington.—In a personal appeal to his fellow citizens President Wilson calls on "every American citizen, man, woman and child, to join in the preservation of the nation's ideals and the triumph of democracy in the world. The supreme test of the nation is to come. We must all act together."

A COMMITTEE OF PUBLIC INFORMATION. Washington.—President Wilson has created a Committee of Public Information, composed of Messrs. Lansing, Baker and Daniels, with the magazine writer Creel as Chairman, to propose the arranging of the supply of news to the public consistent with Military considerations.

ALL BRITISH BARLEY TAKEN OVER.

London, April 16. The Press Bureau states that Lord Dunsford takes over on the 30th all barley, except home-grown, which is not kiln-dried. He fixes the maximum price of home-grown wheat at 78 shillings a quarter of 480 pounds, barley except kiln-dried 65 shillings a quarter of 400 pounds and of oats at 55 shillings a quarter of 312 pounds.

KRUPP'S WORKPEOPLE WANT MORE FOOD.

London, April 16. The workmen and officials at Krupp's works at Kiel have demanded an immediate increase of the food allowance and wages by 33 per cent apart from the War bonus. The Directors addressed the men, declaring they were only drawing the allowances of the meanest labourers. The men were incredulous and demanded to inspect their larders which was refused.

THE JAVA REBELLION.

London, April 16. Amsterdam.—A Handelsblad telegram says the Dutch authorities in Java discovered pictures of the Kaiser, Archduke Charles and the Sultan of Turkey distributed wholesale amongst the natives. The Government ordered the seizure of them, but it is very difficult as the source of distribution is unknown.

SPAIN AND MORAL SUICIDE.

London, April 16. Madrid.—The journal, El Liberal, in a strong article, says Spain finds herself at the gravest moment in its history. If Neutrality is broken, it will be against Germany, which is humiliating us and treating our flag like a rag, which Spain cannot tolerate without moral suicide.

AN INDIAN LABOUR FORCE FOR FRANCE.

Calcutta, April 17. Shillong, April 16.—Amid picturesque surroundings and in the presence of a large concourse of residents of the station and hillmen, the Chief Commissioner of Assam addressed and saw off this morning the first batch 1,000 of the Khasi and Jainti Hill Labour Corps for France.

AUSTRIA OFFERS RUSSIA PEACE.

London, April 16. Amsterdam.—The Austrian Government has authorised a statement, practically amounting to a Peace offer to Russia. The statement says that the Monarchy learns from the Russian Government Manifesto of April 10th that Russia, like Austria-Hungary, desires an honourable Peace. The statement reciprocates the sentiments of the Manifesto regarding Russia not desiring to dominate over the other peoples. "It may, therefore, be stated that Austria-Hungary and Russia are similarly striving for Peace, guaranteeing the existence and honour and the possibility of the development of the belligerent States. The Austro-Hungarian Monarchy is convinced that its claims do not conflict with those of Russia. That latter has stated that she is only fighting in defence of the freedom of her people. Russia is no longer compelled to fight for that object. Therefore it should not be difficult to establish an understanding between the Central Powers and Russia, especially as the Austrian Emperor, in agreement with his Allied Monarchs, desires to live in future in peace and friendship with the Russian people."

SOCIALISTS AND PEACE.

London, April 16. The Austro-Hungarian Peace declaration reminds Russia that the social democracy of Germany rejects the policy of conquest. The Frankfurter Zeitung states that the executive of the German Social democracy in Austria has sent a manifesto to the Russian Socialists in favour of Peace.

—The Ceylon Observer.

Notice.

[Under "The Waste Lands Ordinances of 1897, 1899, 1900, and 1903."]

Take notice that unless within three months from April 5, 1917, the persons, if any, who claim any interest in the lands hereinafter mentioned or in any one or more of such lands or to some interest therein make claim in person or in writing to the said lands or any of them or to some interest therein to J. M. Davies, Esq., Special Officer appointed under section 28 of "The Waste Lands Ordinances of 1897, 1899, 1900, and 1903," at his office at Fort, Colombo:

Such Special Officer, in pursuance of the powers vested in him by the said Ordinances, will declare by writing under his hand that the said lands, or such of them as to which no claim has been made, are the property of the Crown.

J. M. DAVIES, Special Officer.

Description of the Lands referred to. The following lots situated in the village of Thotakadi, in the Eastern division of Mannar Island of Mannar District, of the Northern Province:—

Table with 3 columns: Lot, Name of Land, Extent, A. R. P. I.—Preliminary plan 3,710.

and bounded as follows: on the north by Parangithotam claimed by Proctor S. Anantham, Virapparangithotam claimed by Comaravelu Vettivel, Mudalalpai (open land) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances; on the east by Maruthodivaikala (old Dutch canal) declared to be the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances; on the south by Naduppurivu (open land) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances, Virapparangithotam claimed by Vallipuram Kathiravelupillai Adigar of Mantai, Camsarathnamthotam alias Virapparangithotam claimed by Mudali Thambi Canagaratnam; on the west by road from Thotakadi.

Table with 3 columns: Lot, Name of Land, Extent, A. R. P. II.—Preliminary plan 3,710.

and bounded as follows: on the north by road from Talvapadu to Mannar; on the east by road from Talvapadu to Mannar; on the south by Tharavai (open land) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances, a bund, an ela, Palaminodai (old Dutch canal) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances, on the west by Tharavai (open land) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances, Coolyvadikani to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances.

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and bounded as follows: on the north by road from Talvapadu to Mannar; on the east by road from Talvapadu to Mannar; on the south by Tharavai (open land) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances, a bund, an ela, Palaminodai (old Dutch canal) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances, on the west by Tharavai (open land) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances, Coolyvadikani to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances.

Table with 3 columns: Lot, Name of Land, Extent, A. R. P. III.—Preliminary plan 3,710.

and bounded as follows: on the north by road, railway trace acquired by the Crown, Ammathotam (private), Kathalampudditharavai (open land) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances, Tharavai (open land) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances; on the east by the road from Talvapadu to Mannar, the boundary of the town of Mannar; on the south by the sea; on the west by the old embankment, San Juan Kovilpudditharavai (salt marsh) to be declared the property of the Crown under the Waste Lands Ordinances, Mannar railway station premises acquired by the Crown.

Notice No. 6,290. Mannar S. O. I.—1917.

Notice.

[Under "The Waste Lands Ordinances of 1897, 1899, 1900, and 1903."]

Take notice that unless within three months from April 5, 1917, the persons, if any, who claim any interest in the land hereinafter mentioned make claim in person or in writing to the said land or to some interest therein to J. M. Davies, Esq., Special Officer appointed under section 28 of "The Waste Lands Ordinances of 1897, 1899, 1900, and 1903," at his office at Fort, Colombo:

Such Special Officer, in pursuance of the powers vested in him by the said Ordinances, will declare by writing under his hand that the land, to which no claim has been made, is the property of the Crown.

J. M. DAVIES, Special Officer.

Description of the Land referred to.

The land commonly called or known as Irrasanthirankulam forest reserve, situated in the villages of Pavetukulam, Maradikottiyakulam, Nelukulam, Tampanaipuliyankulam, Resentirankulam, Pulitharathipuliyankulam, in the Naduthchedikulam division of Vavuniya South of the Mullaitivu District, in the Northern Province, containing in extent 3,614 acres, shown as lot 1 in preliminary plan 4,602 and bounded as follows: on the north by the reservation of the road from Mannar to Vavuniya; on the east by the Crown forest, the reservation for pinpara to Mankulam, a tank bund, reservation for pinpara to Mankulam, a stream, reservation for pinpara to Mankulam, the Crown forest; on the south by reservation for pinpara from Vavuniya to Mankulam, the Crown forest; on the west by the Crown forest.

Notice No. 6,291. Mullaitivu S. O. I.—1917.

Notice.

[Under "The Waste Lands Ordinances of 1897, 1899, 1900, and 1903."]

Take notice that unless within three months from April 5, 1917, the persons, if any, who claim any interest in the land hereinafter mentioned make claim in person or in writing to the said land or to some interest therein to J. M. Davies, Esq., Special Officer appointed under section 28 of "The Waste Lands Ordinances of 1897, 1899, 1900, and 1903," at his office at Fort, Colombo:

Such Special Officer, in pursuance of the powers vested in him by the said Ordinances, will declare by writing under his hand that the land, to which no claim has been made, is the property of the Crown.

J. M. DAVIES, Special Officer.

Description of the Land referred to.

The land commonly called or known as Puvarasankulam forest reserve, situated in the villages of Vilankulam, Veppankulam Puliyankulam, Tuvarankulam, Palamakalka, Pattiniyarskikulankulam, Makilankulam, Tampanaikulam, in the Maduochedekulam division of Vavuniya South of the Mullaitivu District, in the Northern Province, containing in extent 13,004 acres 2 rods and 22 perches, shown as lot 1 in preliminary plan 4,735; and bounded as follows: on the north by Periyakadu aru, a cart road, the Crown forest; on the east by the Crown forest, a footpath, the Crown forest; on the south by the reservation for the road from Vavuniya, the Crown forest, reservation for the road to Mannar, the Crown forest, a stream, the Crown forest, a stream, the Crown forest; on the west by the reservation for main road from Puvarasankulam to Tunukkai, the Crown forest, reservation for minor road from Puvarasankulam to Tunukkai, the Crown forest.

Note.—The following lot lying within the above boundaries is excluded from this notice, and its acreage of 2 acres 3 rods and 86 perches is not included in the acreage of 13,004 acres 2 rods and 22 perches given above:—

Table with 3 columns: Lot, Name of Land, Extent, A. R. P. Preliminary plan 4,735.

Notice No. 6,292. Mullaitivu S. O. 2.—1917.

Notice.

[Under "The Waste Lands Ordinances of 1897, 1899, 1900, and 1903."]

Take notice that unless within three months from April 5, 1917, the persons, if any, who claim any interest in the land hereinafter mentioned make claim in person or in writing to the said land or to some interest therein to J. M. Davies, Esq., Special Officer appointed under section 28 of "The Waste Lands Ordinances of 1897, 1899, 1900, and 1903," at his office at Fort, Colombo:

Such Special Officer, in pursuance of the powers vested in him, by the said Ordinances, will declare by writing under his hand that the land, to which no claim has been made, is the property of the Crown.

J. M. DAVIES, Special Officer.

Description of the Land referred to.

The land commonly called or known as Taichankulam forest reserve situated in the villages of Irampakkulam, Galkulam, Velikkulam, Puliyankulam, Piranasankulam, Putarkulam, Mahamailankulam, Sinappuliyankulam, and Thethilperukulam, in the Kilakkumalai South division of Vavuniya South of the Mullaitivu District, in the Northern Province, containing in extent 1,379 acres 3 rods and 9 perches, shown as lot 1 in preliminary plan 4,789; and bounded as follows: on the north by the Crown forest, the reservation for the road from Vavuniya to Trincomalee, the Crown forest; on the east by the footpath from Vavuniya to Iraperiyakulam; on the south by the Crown forest, T. P. 245 3/4, the Crown forest; on the west by the reservation for the road from Kandy to Jaffna.

Notice No. 6,293. Mullaitivu S. O. 3.—1917.