CEYLON'S CATHOLIC WEEKLY essenge

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Ceylon's entire Hierarchy issues first public statement clarifying Catholic position

Catholic Schools cannot fall in line with Government Scheme

meet the Cardinal

(from a "Messenger" reporter)

A OUARTER to forenoon on Friday, workers of the Catholic Press, over one hundred strong, stormed Archbishop's House, Borella.

Cardinal Leaves Ceylon

(from a "Messenger" correspondent)

AT 2-30 LAST FRIDAY AFTERNOON, HIS EMINENCE CARDINAL AGAGIANIAN, ACCOMPANIED BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE APOSTOLIC DELEGATE, LEFT CEYLON BY AIR FOR MADRAS. HE RECEIVED A ROUSING SEND-OFF BY THE BISHOPS OF CEYLON, A LARGE GROUP OF PRIESTS, RELIGIOUS, LAITY AND SCHOOL-CHILDREN WHO HAD GATHERED AT THE AIRPORT. PROMINENT AMONG THEM WERE THE CHILDREN OF THE CONVENT OF OUR LADY OF VICTORIES, MORATUWA.

That morning, His Eminence the Cardinal had paid a courtesy call on the Hon'ble Mrs. Sirima Bandaranaike, Prime Minister, and shortly after was accorded a civic reception by the Colombo Municipal Council. At the airport, the Cardinal greeted the vast crowd that had gathered to see him off, and with a final gesture entered the plane. His Excellency the Apostolic Delegate, Mgr. Borgna and Mgr. Lally followed him.

On a strictly unscheduled visit, the entire editorial staffs of the Messenger and of the Gnanartha Pradipaya, together with Printer, clerical staff, compositors, machine-minders, book-binders all trooped in eagerly, one by one

Another conjectured: "But will His Eminence have the time to see us?"
Suddenly, the furrowed eve-brows, and the tremors of expectancy and doubt broke into intermittent whispers: "There he comes, His Eminence!"

Smiling broadly, the light of a warm affection shining in his eyes, His Eminence Cardinal Agagianian walked right into the midst of the Catholic Press workers. His Eminence was accompanied by His Grace the Archbishop of Colombo, the Most Rev. Dr. Thomas Cooray, O.M.I.
Addressing the workers, His Eminence Cardinal Agagianian stated that he was very happy to see them.

He stressed the importance of the

He stressed the importance of the Printed Word and declared that the work they were engaged in was a blessed apostolate because it was work devoted to God's cause.

His Eminence blessed the workers, and his ring was kissed by every worker present, individually.

Catholic Press workers Education Minister rejects the minimum asked for

A JOINT STATEMENT ISSUED BY THE ENTIRE CATHOLIC HIERARCHY THIS WEEK, AND NECESSITATED BY A WAVE OF CONTRADICTORY REPORTS CURRENTLY IN CIRCULATION, CLARIFIES THE CATHOLIC ATTITUDE TOWARDS THE GOVERNMENT-MOOTED TAKE-OVER OF ASSISTED DENOMINATIONAL SCHOOLS. SIGNED BY HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP OF COLOMBO, THE MOST REV, DR. THOMAS COORAY, O.M.I., FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE CATHOLIC BISHOPS OF CEYLON, THE STATEMENT IS THE FIRST TO LAY BARE COMPLETELY THE FACTS OF THE NEGOTIATIONS PURSUED SO FAR BY CEYLON'S HIERARCHY WITH THE GOVERNMENT.

Any possible confusion and disorder created in the public mind and among Catholics in particular has been adamantly scotched by the Ceylon Hierarchy's statement.

"We have not acted with undue haste. But under the circumstances we cannot see how we can fall in line with such a Government scheme,"

That the Minister of has ceded practically no minimum facilities aske Hierarchy in its efforts the vital religious backg schools, is exposed in the with such a Government scheme,"

That the Minister of Education has ceded practically nothing of the minimum facilities asked for by the Hierarchy in its efforts to maintain the vital religious background in their schools, is exposed in the statement.

The statement goes on to ask:

"Can we deny that here we have not merely an attack on the privileges of some religious groups but in attack on fundamental human rights of citizens of Ceylon very title in keeping with a truly democratic regime?"

We reproduce below the full text of the statement.

FULL STATEMENT OF THE HIERARCHY

To prevent misunderstandings among our Catholics (and also the general public) it has become necessary for us to make a statement regarding our attitude to the proposed take-over of the Assisted denominational schools. We say it has become necessary, because contradictory reports are being circulated about us. On the one hand we are accused of unduly opposing the Government; on the other hand, those who are most closely touched by the take-over, have blamed us for over-mildness. Our continued silence may lead to confusion and even disorder.

When the intentions of the Govern-ment for a very drastic take-over of all Assisted Denominational Schools became known, our first reaction was one of deep pain of mind, because we were being threatened in a matter that touched us most intimately— our children, their moral and reli-

gious education. We did make a public statement to express our concern and our grief, that to all unbiassed minds appeared a very mild statement. Some even thought it was too mild.

mild.

Since then we have taken time to think the matter over calmly and carefully. We have been battling, as it were, between conflicting currents of our sense of responsibility—our duty to safeguard the future of our dear children, and our great desire to work harmoniously with the public authorities. As a proof of our sincere desire to find a suitable solution we may mention that during the past month the full Conference of all the Bishops of Ceylon met on four occasions and, in addition to that, a sub-committee of the same Conference, several times.

At the very first Conference, a

telegram was sent to the Hon'ble the Prime Minister who was then at Nuwara Eliya, in these terms:

"Catholics much perturbed by news of drastic take-over of Assisted Schools without giving opportunity of explaining particular difficulties. Trusting in your justice towards minorities, Catholic Bishops earnestly request early Interview."

An interview was agreed upon. But at the last moment, the Bishops who had assembled for the purpose were referred to the Minister of Education. As no appointment had been made with the said Minister, the interview had to be deferred sine die.

Main Points

The Bishops' Conference thought it more appropriate to entrust the negotiations with the Minister of Education to the Catholic Board of Education. The Catholic Board of Education, accordingly, forwarded to the Minister a tentative plan for a satisfactory settlement of the present school problem. It was to be a basis for further discussions. The main points of the proposals were the following:

1. That all Grade I and II schools should be allowed to remain private without State aid, but with the liberty to charge fees. That the Government should assist the poorer children actually on the roll, to complete their studies.

2. That Grade III schools, in-

to complete their studies.

2. That Grade III schools, including also, Primary, Post-Primary, and Rural Schools where the poorer children usually study, should also be allowed to go private without Government aid. We even offered to make an effort to run them without fees, if nothing else was permitted to us.

3. We went still further. We were even prepared to make our school buildings, premises, etc., available for the use of the State provided we would have an effective voice in the School administration and discipline.

This was the least we would need.

This was the least we would need to maintain a religious background (Continued on page 6)





(left): Cardinal Agagianian signing the Visitors' Book at the Civic Reception held in his honour at the Town Hall. In the picture is Colombo's Mayor, Mr. M. H. Mohamed. (below): His Eminence laying the foundation stone for the new Seminary building at Ampitiya.

Mr. METTANANDA and the NIYOGI REPORT

READ with much surprise the gusto with which Mr. Mettananda quoted a choice selection from the above report which provides a classic example of the insane heights to which bigotry could soar. After all, the Buddhist Commission Report was a mere carbon copy of it.

was a mere carbon copy of it.

In the land of its birth the enlightened Government of India has banned the distribution of the Niyogi
Report because of its Catholic animus,
its repugnant intolerance and its
negation of democracy. When the
Niyogi Report was published, there
was a spontaneous and righteous
anger among the civilized and cul-

"We would appeal to our fellow-citizens to discount irresponsible and unfair criticism and to remember that above all we owe a loyalty to Truth and that as a country we need to develop further the traditions of tolerance and unity in diversity which form a cherished part of our Indian heritage.

heritage.

1. Dr. A. Krishnaswamy, Member of Parliament, India, U.N.O's Special 'Rapporteur.'

2. Dr. P. Subbarayan, M.P., formerly Chief Minister of Madras.

3. Jadunath Sarkar, Ex Vice-Chancellor, Calcutta University.

4. P. N. Sapru, Member, Council

FALLACIES

PARALOGISM is illogical reasoning of which the reasoner is unconscious; Sofhism is false argument intended to deceive. Both forms of fallacies are resorted to by men intent on gaining their point. Politicians are adepts in the art, and the masses unfortunately are deceived and they swallow, as true and conclusive, arguments which are mere deceptions and sham alternatives for truth. Here are a few samples.

"A national system of education is a must! Hence all schools should be State Schools!"

should be State Schools:

BUT does the introduction of a national system of education require the take-over of Denominational Schools? Need the Dual System which has worked well for so many years, be scrapped overnight? What is the National System of Education? Were the previous systems unnational or anti-national? Where is the proof? Is "State" management the hall-mark of efficiency and of culture?

'The people have voted us into power — a proof that they wanted the take-over of Schools, as intended in our Manifesto.''

the take-over of Schools, as intended in our Manifesto."

BUT did most of your supporters know the details of your manifesto? Did they cast their votes in approval of the Party Manifesto or rather in view of the persons appealing to them? These very supporters of the Party are now up in arms against the implementation of part of the programme!

"A unified system of education, with all Schools being State Schools, repudiating segregation according to race, caste and religion will result in a unified nation, in which there will be equality for all."

ality for all."

BUT will it, though? Did it not work so in the past? Did not rich and poor, Sinhalese and Tamils, Christians and non-Christians live and work and play happily and harmoniously together in our Denominational Schools? Will State Schools "only" succeed better than the Dual System we had so far. This is to be proved, and experience does not seem to favour the wishful thinking!

"Religion is going to benefit by the take-over. Religion shall be taught to every child according to his persuasion, whereas this is not done in Denominational Schools!"

BUT is not this a mere sop to Cerberus? Earlier attempts and past experience about the teaching of religion in State Schools do not warrant better success for the future. Some religious instructions may be given, but what about the atmosphere of the School? Will it be of the kind each religious graup requires? How can it? And what of the influence the Saff, at least some teachers, will exert, The State is notorious for being tolerant and broad-minded in the matter. Will the Freedom Party Government be an exception?

"No compensation should be paid for the Schools taken over by the State. It would be 'immoral' to ask for compensation (sic the Minister). These Schools were built with money from abroad and from the country for the purpose of educating the children of Lanka. We shall carry on the work, being extremely grateful for the generosity of the donors."

BUT the money to build those Schools was not donated to the State, but to the owners of the Institutions and it was so given for the specific purpose of providing schools for this or that particular denomi-

nation.

Truth is truth! It must not be handled carelessly.

tured people of that land and the following statement was issued from New Delhi on 26th November, 1956:

New Delhi on 26th November, 1956:

"We have had the opportunity of close contact with the work of different types of Christian institutions over a period of years. Some of as have been students in Christian schools and colleges, while others have reason to be grateful for the skill and care available in Christian hospitals and hostels. Some of us have seen at close range the work of Christian Missionary establishments of different kinds. Most of us have counted individual Christian Missionaries among our friends and counsellors.

"It has pained us to see lately a ten-

"It has pained us to see lately a tendency to indulge in indiscriminate and extravagant attacks on Missionaries and their activities. Sometimes these attacks have also taken in their sweep our countrymen who are Christians

"We wish to pay tribute to the high standards of integrity and public service generally maintained by Christian Missionaries in their work. We have learnt a great deal from the tradition of selfless service they have established. It is not our experience that they seek to undermine patriotic or national loyalties. While they make no secret of their own faith in their religious tenets, they have maintained, in general, standards of intellectual honesty and fairplay in their dealings with their wards and constituents. To their example some of us owe a great deal.

of States; Retd. Judge, Allahabad H. Court.
5. Surendranath Sen, Ex Vice-Chancellor, Calcutta University; Sheriff of Calcutta.
6. Satish Chandra Ghosh, Mayor of Calcutta.
7. Teja Singh, Retd. Chief Justice, P.E.P.S.U. High Court; Ex Vice-Chancellor, Punjab University.
8. P. Parija, Vice-Chancellor, Utkal University, Cuttack.
9. B. V. Narayana Reddy, General Manager, Bank of Mysore, Bengal,"

ral Manager, Bank of Mysore, Bengal."

True to the pattern of our local dailies this statement was not published in any of the daily newspapers of India, several of which even blacked out a news item purveyed to them by the Press Trust of India, a leading news agency, announcing the issue of the Statement and giving a gist of it. So much for the objective reporting of the Press.

Mr. Mettananda brings to my mind the picture of the unrepentant thief on the Cross who with the deathrattle in his throat still indulged in blasphemy!

O. A. Devaprema.

O. A. Devaprema.

God! Have Mercy!

ALL sin is ultimately sin against God. We fight for the control over our children in the name of God. In His name we are solicitous about where our sons and daughters go even after they return home from school.

We plead with our government "in the name of God, do not do this! Give us the right to entrust our boys and girls to teachers and guardians of our choice!"

girls to teachers and guardians of our choice!"

Our material strength is little. Our strength is in the shadow of God's mercy. What can we do against the power of the State any more than an unarmed traveller against an armed Highwayman? Our strivings are dependent on Divine help: our success is a gift of God alone.

I would ask my fellow Catholics to read G. K. Chesterton's The Ballad of the White Horse. In the short run bitter defeats may come our way. But we trust in God, remembering Our Lady's words in the Ballad of the White Horse:

"The men of the East may spell the stars, And times and triumphs mark, But the men signed with the cross of Christ Go gaily in the dark. The men of the East may speak.

Go gaily in the dark.
The men of the East may search the scrolls

For sure fates and fame
But the men that drink the blood
of God

Go singing to their shame.

pudiated, is to make the position worse. Before the elections, S.L.F.P. candidates were humble seekers and beggars for votes. Now they are the representatives of the whole nation. They are committed to govern and rule justly and fairly by all without discrimination of caste, race, or creed. This was the solemn, definite undertaking of the Speech from the Throne. The strict duty of the S.L.F.P. Government is to promote the welfare of all sections of the people, safeguarding the rights of each section without fear or favour. Theirs is to devise and carry out measures best adopted to the good and progress of the common weal. To deprive of their legitimate rights part of the Community would be a betrayal of their trust. Salome's dancing may have been graceful and pleasing, but the head of John the Baptist may not be its reward.

Disappointed-Dis-

THE newly elected S.L.F.P. Government seems to mean business, and this with a vengeance. It appears to believe in rush legislation and to imagine that the mandate it received to govern Sri Lanka is a blank cheque to ride rough-shod over the rights, feelings and aspirations of the people.

The reaction to the totalitarian attempt of the Government to take

E. Gaspard.

satisfied—Disgusted

LETTERS

I tell you naught for your comfort Yea, naught for your desire Save that the sky grows darker And the sea rises higher."

Wherefore was God in Gol-

gotha Slain as a serf is slain; And hate he had of prince and

peer, And love he had and made good

them that, like this woman

Go powerfully in pain . . . "
G. K.

A Promise

THE story of the beheading of John the Baptist by lascivious Herod is well known. In a mad fit of irresponsible emotion, King Herod, delighted with the clever dancing of Salome, his illegitimate wife's daughter, swore, in the presence of numerous guests assembled to celebrate his birthday, that he would give the girl anything she would ask for, even if it were the half of his kingdom. Herod did not reflect that the head of John the Baptist was not part of his Kingdom; but that was just what Salome, instructed by her vindictive mother, requested as the promised reward. Herod's countenance fell at the request, but because of the solemn oath he had taken he ordered the head of The Baptist to be brought on a platter and handed over to the damsel, to the consternation and disgust of all present.

The tragedy of old is in danger of being repeated. The newly elected S.L.F.P. Government is committed, they say, to take over Denominational Schools and convert them into State Schools. They have made the promise; they must now implement it. The oath has been taken; the head of the Baptist must roll in gore into the dust.

But what about that promise? It was made by eager candidates who went scouring the country in search of supporters, dangling before the likely fish their favourite bait. Vote us into power, they bargained, and you will have your heart's desire: the take-over of Denominational Schools. Like Herod, they failed to reflect that they were promising something which would not find favour with a considerable part of the population; in fact, something which would be the repudiation of an inalienable right. But they promised. One thing alone counted at the moment: to catch votes and be returned! Such an irresponsible promise, involving, as it does, a rank injustice to a section of the community, was morally wrong and could not bind in conscience. If I promise to shoot your enemy, that promise to shoot your enemy, that promise is null and void.

But they promised and, now that they have been returned, they have deci

over Denominational Schools is making it clear that the people of Free Lanka are aware of their democratic rights and will not sheepishly submit to the flagrant violation of their rights. Sophisms are not valid reasons and the people know it.

Disappointed: The S.L.F.P. Manifesto and the Speech from the Throne announced the appointment of a Commission to examine the whole question of schools. Once in power, before the appointment of Parliament, the Government decrees the take-over as their unalterable decision. The people feel hurt and disappointed.

Dissatisfied: The Speech from the Throne promised justice and fair-play to all. The people make representations and point out the injustice of the take-over. They are told that the policy will be carried out in spite of and against all opposition. The people feel wronged and dissatisfied.

Disgusted: Schools that are allowed to go private, expected, as a matter of course, the levy of fees to be implied; they took it for granted that the State would pay compensation for the buildings put up by private enterprise with their own money. They are arrogantly informed that no compensation whatever will be paid; nay, it would be immoral to ask for compensation. The Denominational bodies should graciously consent to the rape of their schools. The Sons of Free Lanka did not expect, nor do they now expect to be disappointed, dissatisfied or disgusted under the benevolent rule of the S.L.F.P.

Well-Wisher,

Thou shalt not steal!

N proposing the forcible take-over of all assisted denomina-tional schools, lock, stock and barrel, without compensation, our new Min-ister of Education has violated the tenth commandment of God: "Thou halt not covet thy neighbour's goods." Will be proceed to break the seventh commandment too?

C. A. Senanayake.

Ratnapura.

Human law

Human law

Human laws are not always in harmony with divine law; at times, human laws even contradict God's will. Here then appears the first evidence of disagreement and confusion in the whole realm of law. Civil law has been snatched by dictators as a means of imposing their will upon other men. That dictator may be an individual or a majority of a legislative body, but whenever any human law-makers turn against any dictate of God's law and set up the opposite in their own name, then does the echo contradict the original voice, the ambassador belies the power that sent him, and confusion reigns supreme as in the world today. In the ideal world, legislators see to it that the laws of the State do not conflict with the laws of God and

of the Church.

In a country such as ours, where theoretically the laws spring from the will of the governed, the temptation is strong to express in the form of law, ideas appealing to the legislator's constituents, quite regardless of other more important considerations which should guide the science of government; such considerations as these: that the rights of minorities should suffer no injustice, and that inmatters upon which God has spoken, even the will of the majority is not the ultimate source of right, any more than is the balance of might in guns and bombs.

All these tendencies are a dangerous leaven in our political life to start with. But when they become a part of our public legislation and thus a directive for vast numbers who know no other law, then they are doubly dangerous. One thing should always be clear; the personal will of any human law-maker is not the true source of law, least of all when his law-making starts with sweeping away the true foundations of whatever authority he may rightfully exercise, namely, that duty to express and corroborate the laws of God in terms of human, temporal sanctions.

Do our Ceylonese legislators take this high view of their borrowed power? Is it not to be feared that they think more often merely in terms of their constituents' wishes and their own re-election?

Let all civil legislators take to heart this fundamental lesson: that to enact laws that do violence to their subjects' consciences is the surest and quickest way to determine their own legitimate powers.

Mrs. I. Dep.

Prayer Power

THAT'S what Our Lady was trying to put across at Fatima.

Prayer on the large scale that Mary wants has never been tried.

Individual lives of prayer and sacrifice will be the most poweful weapon in the present issue.

Our Lady's watchword—Rosary and Penance.

S. Thommanupillai.

To a benefactor

SOME good soul has been sending me copies of the Messenger. Since they were wrongly addressed, they reached me only late. May I thank my good benefactor. He must be a very ascetic minded person since he does not want to disclose his identity.

tity.
May I kindly ask him to address
the copies of the Messenger he sends

copies of to:—
to:—
r. George Chundevalal,
Marygiri,
Tiruvalla,
Kerala State, me Fr

India.

It is really a good thing to get some reading material now and then. I am very grateful to the one who is so kind as to send me the Messenger. Moreover it helps me to keep in touch with good old dear Ceylon.

Fr. George Chundevalal.

What's in a name?

In response to many readers who have written to me requesting further contributions on 'What's in a name,' I duly oblige with the following:—

"Fishing out for what's in a name, Vocational ones I hook, Like Butcher, Taylor, Carter, Butler, Baker, Cook.

In the rush there's Contractors,
Masons too I find,
I'm sure they build Halls and
Walls,
In Homes of every kind,

'Money Talks,' there's Pounds and Shillings Senns and Pennys found, Here in Lanka, what is more, We have some Quyns around.

Potamic? there's the Jordans, Also the Jaffina Niles, They, never run thro' Hills and Dales,

Dales, Nor teem with crocodiles. I've heard the names of Mustard,

Pepper,
To make a palate tickle.
I've come across one 'Venega,'
Here's a dished out pickle.

Do you know of a pugilist, By the name of *Bocks*, He never liked to meet another, Well known as K. O. Knox.

Well known as A. O. Knox.

There are names with a Sinhala sound,
Muller, flower so sweet
And Deckker, that is number two,
Not the double ones we meet.

Geo. P. Solomoon

The new educational policy-3

PRACTICE in OTHER COUNTRIES

of the racial, religious and caste feuds prevalent within her territory, not only admits such partnerships as described above, but guarantees it, together with the rights of minorities, in her Constitution as among the fundamental rights of her citizens.

amental rights of her citizens.

30 (1): "All minorities, whether based on religion or language, shall have the right to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice.

(2) The State shall not, in granting aid to educational institutions, discriminate against any educational institution on the ground that it is under the management of a minority, whether based on religion and language."

ther based on religion and language."

During the year 1948-1949, the Indian Government spent Rs. 71,589,568 on schools managed by Government, Rs. 95,795,074 on schools managed by Municipal Boards, and Rs. 93,716,955 on schools under private management. In Pakistan, grants are given to private schools, as maintenance grants, building grants and even extraordinary equipment grants. In school year 1952-1953, there were 5,985 government primary schools, with a total enrolment of 451,648, and 697 secondary schools with an attendance of 178,143 pupils; during the same year there were 8,668 private elementary schools with 768,359 pupils, and 1,541 secondary schools with 540,595 pupils.

If India and Pakistan do not think

with 168,399 pupils, and 1,341 secondary schools with 540,595 pupils,

If India and Pakistan do not think that it is harmful to the nation or an infringement of the rights of the State to allow all minorities, based on religion or language, to conduct and administer their own schools with State aid, is it reasonable to refuse the same rights to the minorities of Ceylon. The legislators and administrators of those countries, after having sacrificed much for their national independence, planned for national solidarity by safeguarding the rights of minorities. All citizens, therefore, feel secure and encouraged to bend their energies for the intellectual, moral and economic upliftment of their homeland.

Five years ago the International

and economic upliftment of their homeland.

Five years ago the International Office of Education published the results of its survey on public funds for private schools in 58 countries. According to this survery, in 5 countries the help given to private schools covers almost the entire expenditure; in 17 countries help is given to such schools as comply with certain requisites specified in the laws and regulations relating to education; in 9 countries assistance is given for specific educational projects; in 18 countries only those private institutions whose educational work has special importance are helped with grants, but all schools participate in travelling facilities, health services and free distribution of food extended to school children. Those states which are under Communist domination, have no private schools at all It is, therefore, evident that State

common practice in democratic countries, but only in dictator-

ships.
Since America has often been Since America has often been mentioned as a pattern for us in educational policy, it is useful to add a few words here on the American system. The U.S.A. allows private schools, even Universities by denominational bodies, but does not give grants for their maintenance. It does, however, assist private schools, specially at Catholic leaders continued their fight, until, in 1951, Government agreed to place at the disposal of Parents' Associations (P.T.A's) trimestrial allocations per child from 6 to 14 years of age regularly attending non-government schools. Other concessions followed. In Italy, although Government schools alone are maintained from public funds, the Catholics are not much worried, because almost all the pupils are Catholics and the Church has the freedom to attend

Rt. Rev. Dr. Edmund Peiris, O.M.I.

the elementary level and high school levels in many other ways. For instance, school buildings, and, in some States, even school lands are exempted from taxation; attendance or truancy officers serve both public and private schools; medical and dental services, free text-books, school lunch and free transportation are made available to private schools as well. In some places, where the local community is overwhelmingly Catholic, the local Boards of Education have accepted the local Catholic school as the school of the community. The attitude of the U.S.A. government towards private schools is due to the fact that the Church and State do not merge. It has no State religion; it does not support any religion in a privileged position, but leaves every citizen free to practise the religion he chooses. The Catholics are not satisfied with this situation; they claim State-aid for their schools, because it is unjust to ask them to maintain with their taxes a national system of education, which in conscience they cannot make use of. Rather than send their children to the State schools, they prefer to build and maintain their own schools at their cost.

In France, after the occupation at their cost.

at their cost.

In France, after the occupation by the German Armies in 1940, the Vichy Government, to prevent the closing of many elementary schools, began distributing subsidies to them, even though they were conducted by religious bodies. After the Allied victory, the Leftists opposed all legislation favouring Catholics, and the subsidies were withdrawn. But, the

to all their spiritual needs, and discipline.

Religious Instruction in State Schools

In the new education scheme, Government has made provision to give each child instruction in his religion; it has even gone further than that by making relifurther than that by making religion a compulsory subject. Religion a compulsory subject. Religion, therefore, will be taught in State schools, let us say, two or three times a week. It will be taught as other subjects, say mathematics, history or geography, and, probably, with less attention. In a geography class, children of different races and religions will come together. But, in a religion class, the division will be according to their creeds. This distinction will not escape the notice of the children, who, through sheer curiosity, will inquire from their friends what they held and what they practised. Armed with this information, through sheer currosity, will inquire from their friends what they held and what they practised. Armed with this information, they will go home and discuss things with their parents and others. Back at school, further investigations and, perhaps, discussions will start, ending in more emphasis on their divergent views. Groups will be formed, with a leader in each. The division thus begun will not end there, and, a harsh word dropped inadvertently in the canteen may be challenged at the campus. The trouble then begins; the teachers will intervene, with each teacher standing up for his own religion. The school then becomes a bear garden. What will happen to school harmony and national unity, which State schools are supposed to foster? Children will grow up in an atmosphere of religious contention and disunity, before they can understand tolerance they can understa and brotherly love.

and brotherly love.

Another question is: Can the ordinary lay teacher also teach religion? Religion, like any other subject, needs training and practice. It is, therefore, not enough to possess a text-book of Buddhism, or Hinduism, or Christianity, or Islam to teach any of these religions. The training courses of teachers should provide for this subject no less than for geography, history or mathematics. Religion is more difficult to teach than any other subject, because there is more in it to be done than to be known; therefore, it requires careful preparation subject, because there is more in it to be done than to be known; therefore, it requires careful preparation and practice. In State schools it is not possible to give such a training, even if the Clergy are invited to conduct the classes in religion. For one thing, the time alotted to religion is inadequate; for another, the influence of the Clergy will be limited to the class room. How can teachers trained under such conditions, without the set up to take a deep draught of their religion and imbibe it in practice, ever undertake to teach it to their pupils? One might say that the Clergy would be allowed to teach religion in the State schools, but again it would be a matter of a few doses of religion without the religious atmosphere, a lesson in religion, an intellectual exercise without the training of the will to practise it, without the practical aids to mould the child's character.

It is often said that religion is caught not taught which is a

tise it, without the practical aids to mould the child's character.

It is often said that religion is caught, not taught, which is a telling way of saying that example is better than precept. This does not, however, mean that teaching may be dispensed with. All men, at any age, are drawn to virtue by example more than by theory, and children are more impressed by what they see than by what they hear. But as they grow older they are less carried away by what others do; they want to reason their beliefs and practices out for themselves. At this stage religion cannot be caught; it must be patiently and systematically taught. And this has to be confirmed and strengthened by a steady practice in the school as well as the home; by repeated acts virtuous habits have to be formed, and the inducement has to be provided by good example and environment. Hence, the denominational school, where everything is maintained in harmony and religion permeates the very life of the teachers and pupils alike, is the only logical kind of school. In them there is a definite religious atmosphere, which no State school can offer, since

definite or indefinite. In such an atmosphere religion will flourish, and religion brings humility; and Continued on page 4

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First Communion for Children Prepared by Parents Only

ON the fourth day of the International Eucharistic Congress at Munich, about 100 children between the ages of three and eight received their first Holy Communion in the Cathedral from His Eminence Joseph Cardinal Wendel, Archbishop of Munich.

ALL THE CHILDREN HAD BEEN PREPARED FOR RECEPTION OF THE SACRAMENT BY THEIR PARENTS ONLY.

Parents accompanied their children to the Communion rail and received Communion with them.

One father and mother brought three children of pre-school age to the communion rail. Another couple went to the rail with six

Cardinal Wendel told the children: "This is your big day at the International Eucharistic Con-

the International Eucharistic Congress.

"It is the privilege and the honourable right of parents to prepare their children for first Holy Communion," he told the parents. He also recommended early Communion for children.

The Cathedral of Our Lady was filled to overflowing before Cardinal Wendel began celebrating Pontifical High Mass. The children, dressed in their best Sunday clothes instead of the customary white, followed the Mass with special picture prayer books. Each picture was accompanied by a few simple words.

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Sunday, 2 October: XVII Sunday after Pentecost. Green. Creed. Preface of Trinity.

Monday, 3 October: St. Therese of the Child Jesus, Patron of the Missions. White. Omit prayer prescribed. Creed.

Tuesday, 4 October: St. Francis. White.

Wednesday, 5 October: Feria. Mass of previous Sunday. Green. 2nd prayer of Sts. Placid and Com-panions.

Thursday, 6 October: St. Bruno. White.

Friday, 7 October. Most Holy Rosary. White. Creed. Preface of B. V. M. or Mass of First Friday.

Saturday, 8 October. St. Bridget. White,

Sunday, 9 October. XVIII Sun-day after Pentecost. Green. Creed. Preface of the Trinity.

(Unless otherwise stated, the prayer prescribed—in the Archdiocese, "against persecutors of the Church"—is always said).

MORNING OFFERING

DIVINE Heart of Jesus, I offer Thee, through the Immaculate Heart of the Immaculate Heart of Mary, all my prayers, works and sufferings of this day, in reparation for our sins and for all the intentions for which Thou dost offer Thyself continually in the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass. I offer them in particular for the intentions of the Apostleship of Prayer and for those proposed by the Holy Father for this month.

INTENTIONS FOR OCTOBER

GENERAL: That in the hour of persecution the faithful may be strengthened to an unconquerable spirit through the intercession of the Blessed Virgin Mary.

MISSIONARY: That there may be more catechists, and better qualified, in the Missions.

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EMINENCE VAZIAN HIS to our own present case. And now in classic Vazian cheekiness before those same qualified Representatives of Holy Father and the Church that in Eliachim, "high-priest of the Lord who went about ... saying: know ye that the Lord will hear your prayers, if you continue with perseverance in fastings and prayers in the sight of God," we are prepared to see a dim and distant figure of both of them today, but the only Judith from whose hand we want the salvation of our land is Mary, Queen of Lanka, Our protestation of it was the "Ave Maris Stella" that 20th evening that never before did our Cathedral congregation sing with such zest and in such unison. His Eminence, we are sure, will reply

JUST how far will the fulfilment of our dreams be affected by the recent visit of His Eminence the Cardinal Prefect of Propa-ganda Fide (20-23rd September 1960) it is hard to forecast except in as far as the fulfilment calls for something on our part.

In the fatherly, earnest words from the depth of his heart that Cardinal the depth of his heart that Cardinal Agagianian poured out in various addresses (at the Cathedral on 20th, to the Religious and then to the priests on 21st) the main and constant idea was the hope and prayer that his "humble passage would be the occasion for each to rededicate himself to the work of Love to which Caritas Christi, the loving choice and call of Our Blessed Lord spurs and urges each one according to his place in the Church of God.

Church of God.

Though not addressed under this particular title we Vazists wish to take that to heart in our special commitment as workers for Father Vaz's Cause of Beatification as well as in the assignment we share with all the Apostles of Ceylon in this decisive Hour of Faith.

"Apostles of Ceylon", that we

this decisive Hour of Faith.

Apostles of Ceylon"—that was the only designation His Eminence agreed to give the assembled priests in Bonjean Hall on Wednesday, 21st—whatever their country of origin, their diocese or Religious Institute. The priesthood knows "no foreigners," His Eminence affirmed and even the priests chosen from among "the lovely children of the soil" could not consider themselves adequately as anything other than Apostles of the land.

ORDER NISI IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF COLOMBO Testamentary Jurisdiction No. 3991

In the matter of the Intestate Estate of W. P. M. Fonseka of No. 27, Anderson Road, Negom-

bo. — Deceased.

Mary Josephine Fonseka nee
Cooray of No. 27, Anderson Road Negombo. - Petitioner.

1. Mrs. W. P. Winifred Fernando nee Fonseka.
2. Mrs. Harriet Serasinghe nee

Fonseka.
3. W. F. Cyril Aloysius Fon-

3. W. F. Cyril Aloysius Fonseka.
4. Miss W. P. Florine Fonseka.
5. W. P. Austin Fonseka.
6. W. P. Newton Fonseka.
7. Miss W. P. Vincy Fonseka all of No. 27, Anderson Road, Negombo. — Respondents.
This matter coming on for disposal before C. Thanabalasingham Esquire, District Judge of Negombo, on this 24th November, 1959 in the presence of Mr. M. E. J. Tissera, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner and the Petition and Affidavit having been read.
It is ordered that the Petitioner abovenamed be and she is hereby declared entitled as Widow of the deceased to have Letters of Administration issued to her accordingly unless the Respondents, abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 22nd January 1960, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

Sgd. N. Edirisinghe.

Sgd. N. Edirisinghe,

District Judge.
Negombo, 24th November 1959.
22-1-60. Time for showing cause gainst this Order Nisi is extended till 18-3-60.

Sgd. N. Edirisinghe, D. J.

18-3-60. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended till 3-6-60.

Sgd. N. Edirisinghe,
D. J.

3-6-60. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended till 5-8-60.

Sgd. N. Edirisinghe, D. J.

5-8-60. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended till 7-10-60.

Sgd. N. Edirisinghe, D. J.

In that simple, single, sincere vision of things by which he is *Eminently Vazian*, the dear holy Cardinal would have every Catholic see himself in the same understanding of grace an apostle of Ceylon.

This, then, is the first and definite result of His Eminence's "humble passage" and heartfelt exhortations that, whereas hitherto "Ap-

Father Vaz Feature

ostle of Ceylon" designated Father Vaz, it must henceforward be the title of every Catholic in Ceylon— Bishop, priest or baby; a title taken seriously as a vocation from God.

Told to us in so many words by His Eminence the Cardinal Prefect of Mission-lands, it can now be called an express mandate of Holy Church.

Would it be impertinent or ould it be impertment of merely charming for us to return the compliment and in appreciation of his heart-warming visit declare His Eminence — vazistically — "Apostle of Ceylon."

heart-warming visit declare His Eminence — vazistically — "Apostle of Ceylon."

Our Lord is good to allow us such luxuries of Catholic joy and splendour when by the clock one would say "it is zero hour for the Cadjan Curtain." But that is precisely the big thing achieved by His Eminence's visit. "Don't be surprised as if this were anything strange" he told us with St. Peter. Someone had mentioned "anxiety." Are we departing from the strict historical treatment of things we have bound ourselves to in these papers, in saying anxiety has melted, brows have relaxed? At the Cardinal's visit grave heads have grown gay again with the incorrigible cheerfulness of the Faith that made St. Thomas More say to his executioner as they reached the steps of the scaffold: "Lend me a hand up, my good man. As to coming down I can manage that alone."

We have not come to the "steps" yet; but the humour, the carefree calm courage and jolly cheekiness of the Ceylon version of "the Christians to the lions!" is already consigned in the phrase (consecrated as it was coined, and coined when things are dark enough for the catacombs): our "Cadian Curtain" — the authentically Ceylonese fence of coconut palm thatch to make a triptych with the Iron and Bamboo stockade.

And now with the dear good Cardinal we press joined hands to our heart and wish and pray; it shall not be so. For our children's sake — for the sake of their mothers — for the sa

For the visit, the presence of His Eminence and the Apostolic Delegate, has conferred a sanction, a sanctity and an efficacy of Chapter 4 of the Book of Judith as applying

Educational Policy

Continued from page 3

humility brings brotherly love and

humility brings brotherly love and tolerance.

"Development of intelligence" wrote Layman Abbot, the American journalist, "without a concurrent development of the moral native does not suffice. As has often been pointed out, intelligent wickedness is more dangerous than wickedness that is unintelligent; the devil knows enough; sending him to school will not make a better devil of him; knowing how to make dynamite without also knowing what are the rights of property and the rights of life do not make the pupil a safer member of society; skill in speech, unaccompanied with conscience gives only the product of modern civilization—an educated demagague."

Nicolo Tommasseo (1802-1874) wrote: "When literary, social, domestic and religious education do not go hand in hand, man is unhappy and helpless. The school if not a temple, is a den."

(To be continued)

RADIO

OCT. 2: 10-00 to 10-05 a.m.
Talk (English) — Rev. Fr.
Claude Lawrence, O.M.I.
OCT. 3 to 9: 6-55 to 7-00 a.m.
THOUGHTS FOR THE DAY
(Sinhalese) — Rev. Fr. Edmund
Fernando.

OCT 9: 7-00 to 7-30 p.m., CATHOLIC HALF HOUR

OCT. 16: 10-00 to 10-05 a.m TALK (English) — Rev. Fr. Claude Lawrence, O.M.I.

OCT, 17 to 23: 6-55 to 7-00 a.m. THOUGHTS FOR THE DAY (Sinhalese) — Rev. Bro. Nic-(Sinhalese) holas,

OCT. 23: 7-00 to 7-30 p.m. CATHOLIC HALF HOUR (English).

lovingly. Differences of Religious costumes, of Dioceses, of homeland sink in the sea of the Apostolate that is only Love in every holy form and gesture. Grow in love and knowledge of Our Lord and teach, bring it to others. If any man love not Our Lord Jesus Christ, let him be anathema."

BISHOP SHEEN SPEAKS

Inner Fortress

THE modern soul fears nothing as much as pain. This is only a negative way of pointing out how much the primacy of comfort dominates our thinking. Ease, release from work, cutting corners, escape from responsibility, laying down on the job, and "making the fast buck" have become an almost unconscious part of the psychology of the modern person. That is why there has been such an unwillingness to consider the next generation: "Why should we be mindful of posterity? What has posterity ever done for us?" The fear of over-populating the world is a comfortable stick with which to protect the individual from considering anything else except his individual existence.

His Eminence, we are sure, will reply with the sacred text: "So shall it be, if you persevere in this work which you have begun."

Continue to be Apostles of Ceylon"; this is the watchword he has left us while we hear the seconds of a time bomb tick. Continue. Carry on — undeterred by threats, unconcerned about tomorrow's possible trials. Carry on — in love,

• Modern man

And yet, on the other hand, nothing is more certain than pain. It is paradoxical that our generation which seeks the most ease is the one which has the most mental tensions. It is not only true that psychoanalysts did not exist in previous generations; it is also true that they would have starved in those days. As the entrance door of comfortable living became enlarged, our door-step became erowded with the mental misfits of our civilization. Like the glass buildings of modern architecture, we built them in order that we might have more light in our offices, and then immediately rush to cover up the glass with heavy curtains to keep out the bright light. We wanted luxury and ease, and now are so ashamed of it that we have to hide it.

Without faith

Every now and then, there is an Age of Troubles, whether it be that of war or famine or calamity. Our tragedy is not so much that we have tensions, anxieties, unhappiness and dreads of missiles; it is rather that we have no inner fortress into which we can go to find refuge.

The man without faith have no

find refuge.

The man without faith has nowhere to retreat; he has no inner
defences once the outer walls are
besieged. In fact, it is because
there is so much filth and mud
accumulated in the blocked rivers
of his mind that he despairs from
retreating into the hell within. He
may build up a temporary wall,
but at the blast of a siren, or a
sleepless night, or a dread of cancer, even that — like the walls of
Jericho — come tumbling down.
How different is the soul that

How different is the soul that has built for itself a sanctuary with-in, where his strength is God, reand the state of t



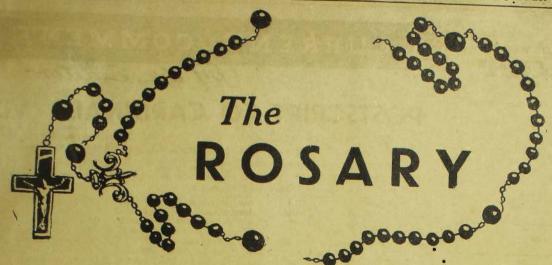
gardless of what may happen on the outside. When Our Blessed Lord went into the Garden of Gethsaniene, His prayer was not that His Will, but "the Father's Will be done." The measure of the faith we have in the Inner Presence of Divinity in the soul, is the measure of light in darkness and strength in moments of trial. Those who have been to the top of the Alps witness that they have seen rain fall under them, but not one drop ever falls on them. Those who have God as their protection have an inner tower that is never depressed by adversity nor inflated by pride in moments of success and prosperity.

Fellow creatures, the psychology of self-help, and a friendly drink serve in a moment of sunshine, but in the midst of conflict and anguish, we cannot lean on creatures; we find that like sharp sticks, they pierce our hands. The bow that is drawn beyond its compass, breaks asunder. In the Garden of Gethsamene of the individual soul, it will also be found true that those on whom we dedepend, fall asleep during our agony. They cannot "watch one hour" or struggle.

But when our faith is in Christ

hour or struggle.

But when our faith is in Christ Who took the worst that this world had to offer and conquered it by rising from the dead, then we have the assurance that evil can never be truly victorious again. Other religions do well for the bright days when we go to the bank with our deposits. But when the sky is dark at high noon, it takes a religion which began with defeat to give us strength and courage. This is the inner fortress of the happy soul, wherein even pain can become consecrated, and where one can take the tangled skeins of a seemingly wrecked and ruined the ness. (Copyright... Reproducti in whole or in part forbidden).



THE ROSARY IS COMPOSED OF THREE CHAPLETS OF FIVE DECADES EACH AND FORM THE MAJOR SORROWS OF SATAN. AND IF WE ARE TO GIVE THE DEVIL ANYTHING LIKE HIS DUE, THE CHAPLET OUGHT TO BE REPEATED THREE FIMES FOR GOOD MEASURE.

The Church is indisputably built on rock but the Keys of the Kingdom are today in Mary's hands. The celestial combination lock is worked out on the rosary.

The rosary is a most wonderful prayer. It opens your heart to Mary, hers to yours, and the gates of heaven simultaneously and automatically.

You have all heard of the pearl of great price. There are other pearls well beyond price. I am sure Mr. Louis Kornitzer, the authority on oyster treasures, will not question my word. They are to be discovered on the rosary coated from the core with a nacreous patina of Aves, warm and love-lustred.

The God of delicacy and delight, the Artist of the orchid and the snow-flake, the tropical bird and the coral fish, is not lyricised but on the rosary. There is more rapture in one Hail Mary well said than goes into the slow wonder of a sonnet. And, come to think of it, the finest sonnet sequence to one really worthy of it, is the rosary.

God made Mary

God did not make Heaven: He ade man. God did not make the sary: He made Mary. One and e other make heaven with God on made man. God the not make the rosary: He made Mary. One and the other make heaven with God on the rosary.

If time is ever at your mercy to kill or spare — show mercy, tell it off in part of a rosary at least.

Milton says: They also serve who only stand and wait. Quite. But I would put a rosary in their hands. The guy who said nothing succeeds like success had obviously not heard of the rosary, or of Fr. Peyton either. The rosary can be your success story with healthy repercussions hereafter.

story with healthy repercussions hereafter.

How to Win Friends and Influence People, if it does not actually refer to the Block Rosary, by the very sound of it, suggests a promising new enterprise on the rosary.

Apart from its sweetness, the rosary is an excellent emollient for the fretted spirit. Jangled nerves are soothed by it. Peptic ulcers of high octane living heal under its magical influence. It slows the tempo and relieves the tensions of life. It collects the fragments of us that have adhered to unpaid bills, the office desk, teen-age problems at home, and the competitive neighbour, into a whole man at the end of the day. The complete man is one collected and recollected on the rosary.

At the end of the day

At the end of the day

Tranquillity at the end of the day and strength to meet the onus of a new one are both to be found in the fine art of relaxing on a rosary. The only recognizable danger to the remedy of the rosary is the psychiatrist. He may run out of patients. But the guy is cute. He has quietly appropriated the rosary as part of his stock in trade and now sedulously prescribes it.

The therapeutic value of the rosary is too well recognized to need undue expansion. There are increases where the rosary has been startlingly successful when the tetracyclines, the sulphas and the entire range of medical and surgical skills have failed. This is a result of following the Peytonic prescribed faithfully to the letter. The q.s. at the end of the prescription which usually refers to water, in this instance pertains to a mustard seed. You may have and add more but the required minimum of Faith is a mustard seed.

Some say the rosary begins with a cross. I always thought it nice to begin where Christ ended. It makes the Resurrection inevitable. If you think the rosary begins at home, I may say, I always thought the ideal home founded on the rosary. Le Corbusier said: A house is a machine to live in. If so the motive force, central heating and lighting are provided by the rosary. It is the rosary that converts an impersonal thing like a house into a warm living thing like home.

Beyond the grave

There is nothing like the rosary to hold the family together. Its adhe-sive powers hold good beyond the

grave.

I have heard it remarked that children are sweet. So is the home where children abound and are linked one with another in the unity of the family braced about by a rosary.

Bymmun VERNON LAWRENTSZ

mmmmm

In the communion of saints, we forestall the last trump, and our dear departed are contacted again at the roll of a bead.

All things worth keeping like friendships or the wonderful people who chance into our lives splendour it a moment and fly to incandesce another are best preserved and lavendered on the rosary. No one need be forgot-

ten. No experience is too trivial nor disaster too great that will not stand recounting on the rosary either for thanksgiving or sympathetic assist-ance from above.

That loved one you are so worried about — the devil may have set a price on his head — but God needs him more and the ransom is entirely in your hands, payable in terms of the rosary.

The lost and strayed are those who have no one to grapple them to their souls, not with hoops of steel, but with loops of the rosary. Charity begins when you round them up on

begins when you round them up on the rosary.

When lovely woman stoops to folly the art that can soothe her melancholy, reclaim, or salvage her, is to be found on the rosary.

The rosary is the prayer specifically requested by the Blessed Virgin Mary. It is her own prayer, the prayer of her choice. If you know anything

about women, you will never attempt a substitute for the desire of their hearts. The ersatz never replaces, Rather it is an irritant like foreign matter in a wound. It can only cre-ate pain. If Mary has asked for the rosary, and she is a woman, nothing but the rosary can satisfy her.

On the principle of returning the things that are Caesar's to Caesar, I would return the things that are the Queen's to the Queen. And as it is a matter of love, and not taxation. I would throw in that penance she required as a complement to the rosary.

Maryland close to Fairyland

The restriction FOR ADULTS ONLY does not apply to the rosary. Children who have been taught it correctly relish it as such as mature men and women. Maryland has always been next door to Fairyland, easily bridged on the span of a rosary.

Phantasy and fact mix gloriously in childhood. The facts globulate and bead together on the rosary, Every decade has its story, and a good story for children is one that is capable of infinite repetition.

If you really know anything about Mary, you can refuse her nothing, Giving has its pleasures as much as, or sometimes even more than, receiving. If you would sample the luxuries of giving, try a gift on Mary in the form of a rosary; and if you would be choice in your offering, tag on a small penance or a mortification.

Roget's thesaurus may not list it, but if you can take a thing or two from me, I assure you there is no better synonym for a display of love than the rosary.

If you persist in the habit of the rosary, Mary may grant you the pri-vilgege of your signature across her

From a whisper to a tidal

wave!

MAKE no mistake about it: all Ceylon is talking of it! From a whisper in the past, it grew into a fair-sized murmuring wave, and the murmuring wave has this year grown into an all-time record-breaking tidal wave hitting a new peak!

peak!
From Kandy, Galle, Matara, Ratnapura, Negombo, Chilaw, Seeduwa, Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Kurunegalle, Nuwara Eliya, Hatton, Anuradhapura, Bandarawela, Moratuwa, Angoda, Kotte, Panadure, Avissawella, and Balapitiya they came to Colombo.
Who were they, asked Robin Hood, this charming army dressed in immaculate white whose destination was Borella's famed Novena Shrine?

shrine?
MARIAN held the clue:
MAID MARIAN held the prayer
the answer to the prayer

MAID MARIAN held the clue: they were the answer to the prayer of veteran apostle of the working girls in Ceylon. Mrs. LUCIAN (CECILY PIETERSZ), B. DE SILVA of Kotahena.

According to MAID MARIAN'S report received at headquarters this week, 1960's working Girls' Day of Recollection was an unqualified success.

The vibrantly resonant voices of lady doctors, matrons, nurses, telephone operators, salesgirls, seamstresses, stenographers and typists were led by the Lady Superintendent of the Postal Department: Miss M. J. E. PERERA.

A rousing call to the womenworkers to live straight lives ,was delivered by Rev. Fr. CONNOLLY C.SS.R.

And there in a quiet corner stood the organizer, Mrs. LUCIAN B. DE SILVA, better and more familiarly known as "our Cecily Pietersz," dreaming dreams of taking more and more working girls of this country closer to God.

October Ordination

ON 4 October, at the Papal Semi-nary of Poona, a Ceylonese will be ordained.

He is Rev. ANTHONY PAUL FERNANDO, (see picture) the only son of Mr. and Mrs. S. JOSEPH FERNANDO of Palangature..

HIS EMINENCE CARDINAL AGAGIANIAN, Prefect of the Congregation of the Propagation of the Faith, Ceylon's distinguished



visitor of last week, will ordain him, Rev. Fr. ANTHONY PAUL FERNANDO will be attached to the diocese of Chilaw.

Marriage Refresher?

MANT to refresh your marriage?
More and more Catholic husbands and wives in Ceylon are reaping handsome benefits from the series of Cana Conferences now set in motion and earning wide acclaim throughout every strata of society.

Attendances and statistics, en-quiries and responses all indicate that those husbands and wives who attend Cana Conferences re-ceive a deeper insight into God's plan for their marriage.

Don't miss the lectures, discussions and prayers at the next Cana Conference scheduled for Sunday 9 October from 5 to 6-30 p.m., at Holy Family Convent, Bambala-

Stimulating talks to husbands and wives have been arranged for the evening. The speakers are Rev. Frs. ALEX RANASINGHE, MANIK MUTTUKUMARU and V. PERNIOLA, S.J.

A Cardinal in Lewella

ROBIN Hood's Kandyan spies report that the Hill Capital's welcome to CARDINAL AGA-GIANIAN wasn't second to Co-

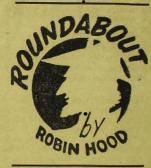
GIANIAN wasir t second lombo's!
One of the numerous visits paid by His Eminence whilst in Kandy was to the Fatima Retreat House in Lewella, which figures very often in "Roundabout."
His Eminence Cardinal Agagianian was visibly impressed by the progress made and commented: "this is a wonderful work, this is the solid kind of work we need for our priests and lay Catholics."



The two pioneer recent Jubilarians, Rev. Frs. DUPONT and BERREWAERTS featured earlier in the Messenger, together with Rev. Fr. R. VAN AUSTEN were seen in a brisk chat with the Cardinal.

Patron Saint of gardeners

READER ROSE FERNANDO from Lunawa who says she was delighted with the Floral Show (see Roundabout, 20 August) comes up with a question: who is the Patron Saint of Gardeners? Generally, the Patron Saint of Gardeners is ST. FIACRE who is



depicted in Art with a shovel. St. Fiacre's shrine in Seine-et-Marne (France) is still a place of pilgrim-

age.

According to that erudite scholar and historian in our midst — Mr. JOHN M. SENEVERATNE, M.B.E. — people also invoke (other than St. Fiacre) Saints AGNES, DOROTHY, PHOCAS, GERTRUDE OF NIVELLES and URBAN I as "Patron Saint of gardeners."

Reader ROSE FERNANDO is referred to Mr. JOHN M. SENAVERATNE'S monumental book "Patron Saints and Other Heavenly helpers in human troubles" for all information on the subject.

Still going strong!

SHORTLY entering upon its fourth year of existence, the Patrician Movement in Wattala shows vigorous signs of going stronger in the years ahead.

Its 36th Meeting was held on Sunday, 18 September, at St. Anne's Church Mission House. Subject for discussion was "Our Catholic Heritage."

The group has grown from its initial 13 members to 60 plus! .

Guild Bulletin

THE Catholic Guild Bulletin is sued by the GOVERNMENT STORES DEPT., Colombo makes its regular welcome appearance.

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SATURDAY, 1st October, 1960

The badge of our faith

As the storm-clouds seem to be gathering thick around us, we commence the month of October—the month dedicated to Mary's Rosary. How often has the Rosary not proved to be the badge of our faith, and the strength that kept the faithful together, strong in the faith, in times of travail! One thinks of the spread of Islam in Europe, and the part the rosary played; one thinks of the Albigensian heresy working its havoc, and the role of the rosary as the rallying point of Catholics; and one thinks of our own dear land as well, when for almost 150 years during a bloody persecution of the Faith, and 32 years without a priest to minister to the spiritual needs of the faithful, they still kept strong in the faith that never died. Then too, it was Mary and her Rosary.

Being heirs to such a tradition, children of such a heroic Faith, we cannot do better than think of our own devotion to this badge of our Faith, as we commence the month of October. For, who knows whether once again it will be the Rosary that will keep us linked together, faithful to God of Love in the Eucharist?

Paul Claudel insists that the Rosary, as no other prayer, assists man to realize the Presence of God in this world. In fact, every Marian manifestation in the world revolves round the rosary. Lourdes can be looked upon as a touching Rosary pageant, "a symbolic visualisation of its nature and spirit, a divine pantomine which is admirably suited for simple people." As for Fatima, we know it is essentially a Rosary apparition.

At Fatima, Our Lady indicated the Rosary as an effective means to bring modern men back to Christ, for she knew that the root-cause of the waywardness of the world is its forgetfulness of Christ. Men no longer made Christ the centre of their lives; men no longer made Him their inspiration and their life. To awaken man to his Christo-centric mission in life, to help him in a conscious imitation of Christ, Our Lady offers the world the Rosary. For the Rosary is the epitome of Christ's life; it is the daily reawakening within us of the message of Christ; it is, as Pope Pius IX so succinctly said, "an abbreviated Gospel."

No wonder then that in their encyclical letters, recent Popes have the same message as that of Our Lady at Fatima. They insist that the world is in its present horrible condition because men have turned away from Christ, and they offer the Rosary as an effective remedy. Thus Pius X, in his first encyclical written on the feast of the Rosary in 1903, spoke of "a falling away from and forsaking God," and gave one answer to it all: "to restore all things in Christ." In this work of restoration, he placed special confidence in Our Lady of the Rosary. Pius XI was even more explicit, when he recommended the Rosary as "a powerful weapon to put the demons to flight, to preserve the integrity of life, to acquire virtue more easily, and in a word to attain real peace among men." And as for Pope Pius XII, his memory is still so fragrant with us, that we recall only too well the unique place he always gave Mary and her Rosary.

One thing then is obvious — the Popes are insistent that the world is running away from Christ; they are just as insistent in the cure: live the Rosary. Pope Leo XIII, in particular, was most outspoken, and repeatedly he came back to the theme of the Rosary. He saw clearly the need for a rebirth of Christian life, and so, year after year, he pleaded with men to be devoted to the Rosary, for "the spirit of prayer and the practice of Christian life are best attained through the devotion of the Rosary of Mary." Since the Rosary "is admirably suited to our times, easy to practise, and fruitful in results," the great Pope knew that it would aid the spiritually sick "to return by penance to grace and the fruitful fulfilment of all their duties." spiritually sick "to of all their duties

Pope Leo was one of those Popes with a gigantic vision—and the chief part of that vision was the tragic undermining of society; and in that vision which he was determined to make Christian, Mary's rosary played a very large part, for, as he himself wrote, "the Posary, if devoutly used, is bound to benefit not only the individual but society at large."

It is with thoughts such as these that we should enter the month of October. Here in Ceylon, we are having our own share of troubles. On the one hand, the sacred institution of marriage is being progressively dragged down; on the other, much that we have cherished and built up on the blood, toil, tears, sweat and sacrifice of generations of Catholics is being threatened with extinction. The entire missionary effort of years is being brought into jeopardy, while our Catholic children, our most precious possessions, are to be snatched from our care. Why, then, in our own perturbed and difficult times of Marxism and other forces opposed to the Church, should not the Rosary be able to achieve results no less wonderful than in the days gone by? Why should not the Rosary, that rallying-point of our own forbears in the faith here in Ceylon, strengthen us as it strengthened them? rallying-point of our own for us as it strengthened them?

If every Catholic home in Ceylon were to become a rosary-home with this month of October, we would have gone far towards providing the answer to the crisis of today. If every Catholic in Ceylon were to become a fervent pray-er of the Rosary with this month of October, there is nothing that we need fear.

CURRENT / COMMENT

POSTSCRIPT TO CARDINAL'S VISIT

THE strident voice of Communism in Ceylon is annoyed. Twisting and turning the truth in true Marxist style, this weekly paper keeping in toe with the Marxist line everywhere else, is infuriated that the Cardinal should have said that the Church has been fighting evil for the past 2,000 years; it seems even more outraged at the words of His Eminence the Cardinal: " Nations will pass, only the Church is eternal."

"Nations will pass, only the
For their benefit and for that of
others who may still be doubtful,
we repeat what the Cardinal said
—"The Church is eterna!!" For,
we have the assurance of God on
our side, and just as the Church
has stood the test of time these
2,000 years, she will still be alive
when Marxism is dead.
There were others before today's
prophets of doom who spoke gleefully of a Church that was petering out; but in the end, it was they
who fizzled out! There were
others who rubbed their hands
with joy when by slander,
calumny and sheer force, they
imagined that they had hounded
the Church out of esistence; but
when they least expected it, new
life throbbed within the Church,
and she emerged as vigorous as life throbbed within the Church, and she emerged as vigorous as ever. Surely, it is time that even our Communist friends realised that there is no death to the undying; that the Church may be pushed here and there, but never off the face of the earth; and that there is only one institution on earth than can never perish.

Of course all this will still more infuriate our Communist friends

or course at this with still more infuriate our Communist friends—for in their heyday of today's anti-Catholic campaign, they would hate to realise that they will ultimately go the way of others; but we just had to say it, whether it provides them to a fresh outprovokes them to a fresh out-

but we just had to say it, whether it provokes them to a fresh outburst or not.

And just by way of a postscript, we hope our Communist readers will pardon us the freedom to quote a fragment of a long tribute from the Protestant Macaulay who was himself rather a hard critic of the Church:

"... The Church saw the commencement of all the governments and of all the ecclesiastical establishments that now exist in the world; and we feel no assurance that she is not destined to see the end of them all. She was great and respected before the Saxon had set foot on Britain, before the Frank had passed the Rhine, when Grecian eloquence still flourished at Antioch, when idols were still worshipped in the temple of Mecca. And she may still exist in undiminished vigour

when some traveller from New Zealand shall, in the midst of a vast solitude, take his stand on a broken arch of London Bridge to sketch the ruins of St. Paul's." Nero, Caligula, Hitler, Mussolini and Stalin are all gone; but the Church they tried to destroy remains. And it will continue to remain whatever our Communist friends may say. friends may say

Tragi-comedy

HOW low can people stoop, and how ridiculous can they then become? If not for the tragic element underlying it all, we would be provoked to hold our sides with laughter.

The local Communist paper has reproduced faithfully and

The local Communist paper has reproduced faithfully and with loyalty what another Communist paper said elsewhere almost a month ago — and echoing the Master's Voice our local "Comrades" report that priests, monks and nuns in civilian garb mixed with Soviet Olympic Athletes in Rome for the purpose of persuading them to defect! According to them, there was even a centre for receiving defectors — and what is more, even the Pope kept a watchful eye on the Soviet athletes with the hope of finding some suitable captive!

Our answer: this is the kind of

Our answer: this is the kind of piffle that makes the world laugh! Do the Communists of the world imagine that we really indulge in such tactics—the kind of thing in which they, quite obviously, are past-masters?

As a recent eye-witness I have

are past-masters?

As a recent eye-witness I have personally seen and can vouch for a skirmish on the border of the Iron Curtain, when refugees from Red tyranny into Western Germany were ambushed and beaten up by Communist police in disguise; I am personally aware of the existence of spies in a certain European country who, under tain European country who, under pretext of being highly religious, make it their one concern to inunsuspecting individuals, ne Red snare. It is not that men who resort to into the Red snare. It is not strange that men who resort to such tactics and believe in such a

code of conduct and such a standard of morals, should attempt to stain the minds of others with the plots, conspiracies, schemes and subversion that fill up their own.

plots, conspiracies, schemes and subversion that fill up their own. We have, however, a question to ask: Is it only a coincidence that what Moscow Press and Radio said four weeks ago, what Moscow paper Trud said shortly after, and what a Communist daily in a European country faithfully repeated soon after, should now be equally faithfully and loyally relayed by our local Comrades? Who are the agents of a foreign power? Who really are the blind puppets that are made to jerk at the beck and call of Moscow?

and A call for honesty

EVEN from those who lay no claims to honesty and are prepared to make use of any tactics to secure their objective, we have a right to demand that certain norms be observed in controversy. And that is just what we are asking of our Communist friends. friends.

friends.

For some months now, they have kept repeating the wholly false myth of a Catholic priest being "Citizen Punchisingho" in a Sunday paper. Even if it were so, there would be no crime; but the point is that it certainly is NOT so. But they keep repeating their lie as often as they wish.

ing their lie as often as they wish.

Some weeks ago, they put out the canard about Mgr. Rottolli, a transit passenger through Ceylon. We have given the facts, denied every single one of their allegations, and asked them to desist from their base campaign. Is it too much to expect from them proof of their earlier false and imaginary allegations—or else, an apology for their false campaign which they carried out on every imaginable platform ranging from the floor of Parliament down to their Party paper? down to their Party paper?

Surely our Communist critics are not strangers to the code of decent conduct that most men try to observe?

STATEMENT - from page 1 HIERARCHY

for the religious training of our pupils.

4. At the same time we were also prepared to hand over to the government without any conditions all those schools where neither a sufficient number of Catholic pupils nor some other serious reasons justified their continuation in terms of section 3 above.

continuation in terms of section 3 above.

Subsequently, a delegation consisting of two Catholic Lawyers, one being the Secretary of the Catholic Union of Ceylon, waited on the Minister. A full discussion ensued. The Minister was not prepared to concede any of these proposals. He had, however, previously announced that Grade I and II schools would be permitted to become private, but only if no fees were charged beyond what the parents were desirous of paying, and if 75 per cent. of the parents and the teachers voted in favour of such a proposal. We do not see therefore how we can accept the Minister's policy.

Reasonable adjustments

We maintain that we are completely in favour of a national system of education where national culture, national needs, national aspirations are given their rightful place. We are also prepared to co-operate with any reasonable readjustment of the existing school arrangements, that the

State may consider necessary. But we are not prepared to accept as a sound system of national education, a system that places in jeopardy the sound moral education of the pupils.

A sound moral education of the pupils.

A sound moral education has always been closely linked up with religion; but if religion is to have an effective influence on moral education, that education must be carried out not according to the whims and fancies of anyone you like (be it even the State) but according to the tenets of the particular religion.

Now according to our religious tenets, religious education is not merely instruction or tuition, it is training in a way of life that cannot be realised without a religious atmosphere. In a State school open to all religions our Catholic children cannot have that religious atmosphere.

For, to any unbiassed mind it is

For, to any unbiassed mind it is evident that there cannot be several religious atmospheres in the same institution. Such is especially the case in Ceylon where there are various religions differing among themselves even in very fundamental points. There can only be confusion. Accordingly in the case of those who hold that a religious atmosphere is necessary for religious training, there is no choice but to stand for distinct institutions, with their particular homogenous religious atmosphere. It is mainly for this reason that we are opposed

to a State monopoly of education,
The Catholic Board of Education
has asked the minimum necessary
to maintain such a religious background. They could not have asked
for less. The Minister has ceded
practically nothing.

practically nothing.

WE HAVE NOT ACTED WITH

UNDUE HASTE, BUT UNDER

THE CIRCUMSTANCES WE
CANNOT SEE HOW WE CAN

FALL IN LINE WITH SUCH A

GOVERNMENT SCHBME. THE

GOVERNMENT MAY FORCE US,
BUT IT HAS NOT PERSUADED

US.

AND IF IT DOES FORCE US, WE CANNOT SEE HOW IT WILL NOT BE VIOLATING SEVERAL FUNDAMENTAL HUMAN RIGHTS:

1. Fundamental religious rights:
(a) The right of liberty of conscience.
What liberty is there if we cannot what liberty is there if we cannot ducate our children in their Faith according to our religious convictions; if we are denied the right of having

(b) The right of the free exercise of ne's religion. If even Church, Content or Temple premises meant for (Continued on page 7)



PRAYER FOR SCHOOLS

Archbishop's House, Colombo 8, 28th September, 1960.

To the Clergy and Faithful of The Archdiocese of Colombo

The Archdiocese of Colombo

Dear Reverend Fathers and
Dearly Beloved Brethren,
The devotion of the Holy Rosary is so dear to you and its efficacy is so well known to you that we do not think it necessary to elaborate on the subject. It was the Rosary that saved Europe from the Albigensian heresy. It was when the members of the Sodality of the Holy Rosary were holding solemn processions in Rome and reciting the Rosary that great victories were won and Christendom saved during the Pontificates of Pius V and Clement XI. At Lourdes the Divine Mother of God appeared in person with the Rosary in her hands and at Fatima she proclaimed herself as the Lody of the Rosary.
Accordingly it is with much confidence that we come to you at the beginning of this month of the Holy Rosary and enjoin you to have recourse to the Holy Rosary as a very efficacious means of Divine aid and Divine protection during these distressing times. We place you, your dear children and their education, the future of the Church in Ceylon under the protection of Mary. Our Lady of Lanka. In order the better to plead for Divine Mercy through Mary's intercession we also have thought it proper to have recourse to other acts of prayer and piety during these days, the main intention being the educational future of our dear children.

Accordingly we ordain as follows:

1. During the month of October:

(a) Every family will make it a point to recite daily the Family Rosary;

(b) The devotion of the Block Rosary shall be observed at least once a week, wherever possible, as indicated in our previous Circulars.

These two devotions are to remain as permanent features in parish life and not merely a passing phase;

(c) Processions with the recitation or the singing of the Rosary shall be organised by the Pasiors in the various Parishes and institutions.

2. October 12-13 will be observed as a special day of prayer and supplication at our National Sanctuary of Tewatta, as you were informed earlier. The 13th will also be observed at Tewatta as Parents' Day and th

We remain,
Dear Reverend Fathers and
Dearly Beloved Brethren,
Yours devotedly in Jesus and Mary,

H THOMAS COORAY, O.M.I.,
Archbishop of Colombo.

Hierarchy's Statement (Continued from

religious purposes and considered by people as holy places, are taken over by the Government for purposes not completely in keeping with the religion concerned and against the wishes of the adherents of that religion, is there no interference with the free exercise of one's religion?

2. Fundamental parental rights:
The parents should have a choice according to their conscience in the type of education that is to be given to their children. But in the system proposed, the State forces its choice on the parents.

3. Fundamental Social and Individual rights:

3. Fundamental Social and Individual rights:
Neither social groups nor individuals can enjoy any real liberty if they are completely dependent on others (be it even the State) for their material needs. In other words, to safeguard liberty both social groups and individuals need at least a reasonable measure of material

goods, and the right to own them is called the right of private property. It is a fundamental right necessary to safeguard human dignity and human liberty.

In the present instance it is question of a very reasonable measure of material goods, i.e., school buildings and premises acquired for the special needs of a religious group. Their purpose was certainly not the creation of State schools but the establishment of Catholic schools for Catholic education. We fail to, understand how the State can take these properties over by force without violating another fundamental human right.

Not that our primary concern is with buildings and lands. Our primary concern is with our children But for the Catholic education of our children, these buildings and premises are necessary. If the children are the soul of the system, the buildings and the premises, etc., may be called

The late Fr. J. H. Mazoyer O.M.I.

NOBODY receiving the warm handshake and cheery greeting of Kotahena's Grand Old Man, Fr. Henry Mazoyer, on the feast of the Assumption would have thought that at the very next Pontifical occasion (Cardinal Agagianian's Benediction on 20th September) the familiar figure would be missing from the prie-dieu near the Sacristy which was the discreet corner from which the former "Bishop" of Laos regularly attended every ceremony at which His Grace the Archbishop officiated.

There is a whole biography tucked away in that "marginal attendance" and since Father Mazoyer's death (on 16th September) has placed us under the sad necessity of making a life sketch that, within the narrow compass of a newspaper column, will give at least a glimpse of the inner man, we willingly seize that detail as a pilot point.

If our interpretation is correct,

at least a glimpse of the inner man, we willingly seize that detail as a pilot point.

If our interpretation is correct, Fr. Mazoyer's choice of the prie-dieu near the Sacristy was governed by two considerations. With his fine sense of ecclesiastical propriety—sharpened no doubt by reminiscences of the days (not so long ago) when far away in some mountain fastness of exotic Laos he himself was the officiating Prelate — Fr. Mazoyer had a strong conviction that when the Chief Pastor of the Diocese takes the Throne for a solemn ritual, all his men (the Clergy) should be around him — the "Canons" of the Cathedral most of all. To support it, the soldier sense so strong in him, the ways of Court that came so naturally to his princely character (and that he had so many occasions to practise in his dealings with the Royalty of Laos or the high Government officials of French Indo-China), he simply had to be present.

On the other hand, a place in the Sanctuary itself would have been too much for him. Assisting officially in the role his seniority suggested would tax his old age and the infirmities so easily hidden behind his bright smile, portly figure and marshal-like bearing. For one thing it would have meant dressing "in black" (Father Mazoyer was too fine a soldier and too nice a gentleman to flout the Archbishop's known desires and slip into the Sanctuary in white cassock). Now, much as he liked to pass for Ceylonese to the core, the dear old Prefect Apostolic of Laos on returning to the land of his first love, found he had to some degree lost that youthfulness so well toned to the warmth of her embracing atmosphere.

If he must be in white, he would stay outside the stalls of the Canons

atmosphere.

If he must be in white, he would stay outside the stalls of the Canons and clergy. Besides, would not that corner near the last window give him (quite apart from the breeze) just that atmosphere of retirement from office

and nearness to the people that was the soul's need of this veteran returned from a hundred battles.

If this detail of the prie-dieu by the door is typical of our departed hero, its full significance (we have shown) can be grasped only when we realise that the capital episode in his life was his 18 years' campaigning in Laos as the pioneer head of a mission where nothing existed, in a country of extremely difficult terrain both as regards topography and the psychology, customs and languages of its peoples. Wedged in between Thailand and French Indo-China the tiny Kingdom of Laos was, till the coming of Fr. Mazoyer and his band of Oblate missionaries, almost as closed and as forbidden as Lhasa in Tibet. (Both of course are lands where Buddhism is the official Religion).

How true it is to speak of Father Mazoyer's Gospel ministry here as a campaigning is set still more in vivid cellef when we recall that, during those 18 years, Laos was rocked and the Catholic Mission utterly ruined by at least three wars — the hardest and most destructive of all being that of the Japanese invasion (1945-46).

In the course of this last mentioned hostility, "Bishop" Mazoyer was parsonally singled out for harsh treatment — insults and man-handling — by the army of occupation. Bishop he was indeed for all practical purposes as head of the Mission. He won the purple pastoral cross and ring and was called "Monsigneur," but only for his difficult campaign, Mgr. Mazoyer.

called "Monsigneur," but only for his period of office, as he had no episcopal consecration.

As Field-Marshal of the Lord in this difficult campaign, Mgr. Mazoyer was served by two great sources of power; his inborn qualities of leadership and his immense capacity for friendship. One helped the other. Leadership drew much of its clearsightedness from the intimate knowledge of his men that companionability yielded. Conveyed in the terms and accents of comradeship his decisions and directions lost the incisiveness they would otherwise have had from a man with strong personal convictions and incontestable superiority of experiences over the very young men who formed his mission band.

This is precisely what makes Ceylon the background of Mgr. Mazoyer's field-marshalling. Leadership and companionability were both qualities he had developed in his missionary career as parish priest of Bolawalana (1921-1925), Moratuwa (1925-1932) and Wennappuwa (1933 and 1934).

A full-length biography will make capital of this idea and enter into all the details of the Ceylon experience that was to be the asset and reserve of the Prefect Apostolic of Laos, Keeping within limits of time and

space, we force ourselves to the chronological conclusion that Ceylon that was the decisive feature of his missionary career was also to be its mellow sunset.

missionary career was also to be its mellow sunset.

By 1952 Laos mission had risen sufficiently from its war ruins to come into the Holy Father's considerations as worthy of a Bishop. Thoughts would naturally turn to the man who had made it and remade it; but by now the pioneer Prefect was nearing 70. We are convinced that Mgr. Mazoyer was the first to insist on the desirability of consecrating a younger man. Objectively, a stage had been reached where a big push forward was indicated and that required a Bishop who could take the physical hardships of mountain and jungle travel in his stride or at least in the saddle. Porsonally, though still unbroken in spirits ("old soldiers never die"), now that the battle seemed over and peaceful development ahead, Mgr. Mazoyer seens to have let himself be won by lassitude and the dream of a veteran's story-telling at eventide.

That dream naturally took the shape of Ceylon and as the dream become

of a veteran's story-telling at eventide. That dream naturally took the shape of Ceylon and as the dream became more defined it triumphed.

That is how Father Mazover came back to us in March 1952, forty-four years after his first arrival.

Is it not true to the Providential pattern of this life of positive achievement and apparent frustration that brave and smiling to the end, but still so sensitive to moral pain, he closed his mortal eyes as revolutions once again rocked his Laos, and Ceylon seemed on the verge of disavowing its oldest and sincerest friends, the Grandpas of the genuine countryside missions.

Ad Multos Annos!

FRIDAY, 30 September, was the anniversary of the consecration of His Lordship the Bishop of Galle, the RT. REV. DR. N. M. LAUDADIO S.J. and Monday, 3 October, is the anniversary of the consecration of His Lordship the Bishop of Kandy, the RT. REV. DR. D. LEO NANAYAKKARA O.S.B. We offer their Lordships our We offer their Lordships our prayerful good wishes on these happy occasions.

Grand Street welcomes new priest (from Gerard Perera)

PRIESTS and parishioners of Grand Street, Negombo, welcomed the new priest, Rev. Fr. Marcus Fernando, when he paid his first visit after his ordination, on Sunday, 25th September.

The two have to go toits body.

gether.

In the light of all that has been said, can we deny that here we have not merely an attack on the privileges of some religious groups but an attack on fundamental human rights of citizens of Ceylon, very little in keeping with a truly democratic regime?

A THOMAS COORAY, O.M.I.,
Archbishop of Colomb
For and on behalf of the Catholic
Bishops of Ceylon.

Colombo, 30th September, 1960.

Jubilee Celebrations at Lewella

(from our correspondent)

ON the 26th September at the Retreat House at Lewella, Kandy, more than on the 20th September at the Retreat House at Lewella, Kanay, more than sixty priests and religious brothers and representatives of practically every male religious order in the Island together with the Bishop of Kandy and the Bishop of Bagai as well as the Abbot-General of the Sylvestro-Benedictine Monks gathered to congratulate Rev. Fr. Augustine Berrewaerts, S.J., on his seventieth anniversary of being a religious and Fr. Charles Dupont, S.J., on his Sacerdotal Diamond Jubilee.

Charles Dupont, S.J., on his Sacerd On Sunday, the 25th, the laymen had gathered to offer their congratulations and be refreshed at the largely attended garden party. But the 26th was exclusively a "priests' day." At eleven o'clock Fr. Dupont offered his Jubilee Mass and Fr. Berrewaerts imparted the Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament during which the Te Deum was sung.

On arrival Fr. Marcus Fernando was received by the Parish Priest, Rev. Fr. Fernandopulle, several other priests and hundreds of earlichings.

other priests and hundreds of parishioners.

Fr. Marcus said his first Mass, assisted by Fr. Edwin Fernando. Rev. Frs. Severinus Fernando and Mathias Fernando assisted as Deacon and Sub-Deacon respectively. During Mass Rev. Fr. Sebastian Fernando preached an impressive sermon on the dignity of the Priesthood.

Proceedings wound up with the singing of the Te Deum followed by the Benediction of the Most Blessed Sacrament.

Blessed Sacrament.

After Mass the Parishioners of Grand Street made a presentation and an address to the new priest.

Fr. Marcus imparted his blessing on the assembly.

At lunch representatives of the different dioceses of the island spoke. The highlight of the day was the little talk by Fr. Berrewaerts himself, when taking, as he said, a serious tone, with a vehemence that evinced his convictions, explained the motives and ideals, the causes and reasons that made his seventy long years of religious life a very happy experience and a glorious memory. The old students and well-wishers presented the jubilarians with a substantial purse with the request that a lasting and useful memorial be built in honour of the Jubilarians.

Tabbowa feast

LARGE crowds converged on Our Lady of Fatima's shrine at Tabowwa—Ceylon 'ifirst Church dedicated to Our Lady of Fatima—when, the feast was celebrated recently.

The preceding retreat was preached by Rev. Fr. Mark Antony Fernando, s.J. A large statue of Our Lady was later installed in the garden, overlooking the village and preaching her message of prayer and penance to all who pass by.



A cross-section of the gathering at the public reception at Sr. Joseph's College, Colombo. In the foreground are seen members of the Diplomatic Corps present.



His Eminence is surrounded by students of Aquinas University College. Also seen in the picture are the Bishop of Chilaw and the Very Rev. Fr. Peter Pillai.



His Eminence addressing the clergy.



Messenger **Picture**

Feature

Pictures by Fr. E. Muttupulle O.M.I.

• His Eminence speaking at the Conference for the Religious





Sir Edward Jayetilleke reading the Address of welcome at the public reception in Colombo.



Picture shows His Eminence Cardinal Agagianian at the service conducted in the Kandy Cathedral.



A Thought

FOR THE WEEK

Let me not

defer...

world but once. good thing, therefore, that I can do, or any kindness I can show to any human being, let me do it now. Let me not

I shall pass through this

defer nor neglect it, for I shall not pass this way

Birthdays

1st - 7th OCTOBER A happy birthday to the following members who celebrate their birthdays this week.

1st Oct: Loretta Jayasuriya,

18t Oct: Lorena Jayasariya,
1, Fernando Place (Moratuwa).
2nd Oct: Chandani Perera,
"The Nook," Madampitiya
Road (Mutwal), Louise Merine
Brown, Flat No. 3 C, Govt.
Flats (Colombo 4), Cynthia Marie
Yvonne Peiris, 30, Beach Road
(Mt. Lavinia).

3rd Oct: Randolph Michael Simons, 136/27, Skinner's Road, (Kotahena), Mohan Clinton Mi-chael Fernandopulle, 183, Wasala Road, (Kotahena), Sharmalene Perera, "The Nook," 129/27, Madampitiya Road (Mutwal).

4th Oct: Melanie Gomez, Ken-sington Gardens (Colombo 4), warnamali Dalpadado, "St. The-ses." Uswatte Lane 2 (Moratu-va), Wilhelmina Andrews, 67, Bailley Road (Kurunegala), Hugh Benildus Perera, 18, 9th Lane, Wasala Road (Kotahena).

5th Oct: Joseph E. Christo-pher, St. Martin's Seminary, (Jaffna), Fatima G. Chelliah, 87, Averiawatte Road (Wattala), Do-nald Adman, 23, Wasala Road (Colombo 13).

6th Oct: B. Navamalar Jo-seph, 25, Martyn Road (Jaffna). Dawn Alexander (Uswetakeiyawa).

Oct: Sheila Fernando,

MARCH OF

SCIENCE

THE NEW HOVERCRAFT

LESSONS FROM ST. ANNE'S LIFE

A MODEL FOR MOTHERS

IN Catholic Quebec, Good Saint Anne reigns in the hearts of the people as their Heavenly Patroness and the renowned Shrine of Beaupre has been for centuries an inexhaustible source of spiritual and temporal blessings to them.

From the day when storm—
tossed Breton sailors landed on the sheltered shore behind the talse of Orleans and built a little chapel in thanksgiving to "Good Saint Anne" to whose powerful intercession they had appealed as they battled with what seemed like certain death on a stormy sea, Beaupre has the Shrine of St. Anne keep pace with the faith of a grateful people.

Where once their tiny chapel

Where once their tiny chapel stood, church and basilica succeeded each other until today the grandest temple in the whole series is being raised to God in honour of St. Anne. The entire continent is contributing to its rapid completion.

A MOTHER'S INFLU-ENCE

Why this devotion to Mary's mother? Why do we ask her to pray for us at God's throne? Because she is the mother who gave us Mary, our tainted Nature's solitary beast.

She is the one who cared for Mary, who prayed for her daughter as mothers pray, and the answer to her prayers was the one on, whom God conferred the motherhood of His holy begotten Son.

She is the one who cared for Mary, who prayed for her daughter as mothers pray, and the answer to her prayers was the one on, whom God conferred the motherhood of His holy begotten Son.

James J. Hill, a non-Catholic rail road magnate of the west, gave over half a million dollars for the education of the Catholic clergy and when someone asked him his reason for the princely gift he replied: Ordinarily I consider that my reasons are my own but now that you have asked me, I will tell you. I have given it to

— my wife. Thanks to her influence he died a Catholic.

How much more wonderful must have been the faith and the fervour of St. Anne under whose guidance Mary was a saint and always a martyr, a soldier of soldiers—the first soldier of the Cross, who followed it up to the very height of Calvary, while strong men fled in terror!

A MODEL MOTHER

St. Anne, is a model for mo-dern mothers who often try to dissuade their daughters from dedicating themselves to God's holy service.

ALTAR BOYS GO ON PICNIC TO TALAWILA

* Rohan Jayawardena reporting from Dehiwela

THE Altar Servers of Dehiwela had their picnic on the 9th and 10th of September. This year the Parish Priest very generously decided to make it a two-day one instead of the customary one—day picnic. The destination was Talawila.

We started off on the 9th afternoon in a very cheery mood.
Singing lustily we arrived at Negombo in about 2 hours' time
where we were given a magnificent tea at the home of our
sacristan, Mr. Polycarp Gomez.

After congratulating Mr. and
Mr. Gomez for their good work

Mr. Gomez for their good work

We had to make on the way we
had to make on the way we
had to make on the way we
tend to relative and very hungry.

We went to St. Anne's
where we were given permission
to use the houses which are allotied to pilgrims during the feast
when the started off on the 9th afterand very hungry.

We went to St. Anne's
where we were given permission
to use the houses which are allotied to pilgrims during the feast

After congratulating Mr. and Mrs. Gomez for their good work we took to the road again still singing happily and startling the people on the way as we went by. "M OCT: Snella Fernando,
"St. Rita's," Uswatta Road,
(Moratuwa), Merle Fatima Casie
Chitty, 102, Wall Street, (Kotahena), Margret Rose Navaratnam,
Katugastota (Kandy).

Signature.....

IN KALPITIYA

Next morning after hearing a Mass said by our Assistant Parish Priest, Fr. Hugo Fernando, we went to Kalpitiya where we visited the ferry and the ancient fort. Returning to Talawila, we had

our linch and a few hours later turned homewards, again yelling at the top of our voices (very unlike the pious servers inside church)!
Naturally we were very thirsty when we reached Colombo and in spite of the late hour Fr. Hugo decided to give the boys one last treat by buying ice-creams for all, at the Picadilly at Wellawatte.

• VIEWPOINT

THE SCHOOLS TAKE-OVER

THERE is so much talk these days about the schools takeover that we children are very puzzled over it all.
Why, may I ask has the new Government interfered in the
field of education first, when there was no immediate need
to do so? There are so many other problems that needed
attention, for example Unemployment, Housing, Agriculculture, etc. Our parents did not ask for any changes as
they and we are quite satisfied with the education imparted
to us. We love our schools and the good nuns who are sacrificing themselves for our schools. We can see, and do appreciate all that is done for us in our Catholic schools. I am
beginning to think that the Government should have asked us
children too, whether we would like to go under another
management before they make any changes. It is we children
who will have to suffer and adapt ourselves to all types of
new situations which I am sure will affect our education.

If the Government is heedless of the appeals of our Pastors,
and parents, will they please listen to us children over whom
they are quarrelling so much?

Rosetta Oorloff.

St. Anthony's Convent, Kandy.

Our Catholic Schools

STATE education has become the cry of the day. Schools are to be taken over by government under the pretext of stepping up their efficiency. They want to establish what are called neutral schools which will be impartial to every race and creed. In practice it amounts to making education entirely irreligious and atheistic, I think.

Parents have the primary right of maintain old standards. Catholics have to maintain their own schools at heavy additional expenditure. We must pray that, in our country, Catholic schools may be granted full liberty and these might fulfil their mission of training the young who will be an honour to the Church Colombo 13.

Good Shepherd Convent, Colombo 13.

or aids which are necessary under modern conditions. But parents must be free to send their children to schools where they are brought up in the true Christian spirit. Hence the so called neutral schools strike at the very basis of Chris-tian education.

strike at the very basis of Chris-tian education.

Want of means is another dan-ger now threatening our schools, If our schools are to become private, grants from the govern-ment will be withdrawn, as a re-sult of which it will be difficult

our lunch and a few hours

We reached home tired but happy after a grand time.
Three cheers for the two Fathers and our President, Mr. Christie Perera, to whom goes all the credit!
Dehiwela.

Members

3601. Dennis de Rosayro (Colombo 15), 3602. Rohini Perera (Katana), 3603. Marlene Elsie Padmini Santiago (Negombo), 3604. H. L. Nimal Perera (Hendala), 3605. Marie Antoinette Fernando (Wennappuwa), 3606. Chrisantha De Silva (Colombo 13), 3607. Perepetua Anne Hiranthi Fernando (Kochchikade), 3608. Madonna Pereira (Kotahena), 3609. Joan Antoinette Jayamanne (Hendala), 3610. Thelma Antoinette Weerasekara (Wattala).

3611. Selvarani Mather v

sekara (Wattala).

3611. Selvarani Mather (Colombo 4), 3612. Godfrey Nimal Gunatilleke (Rajagiriya), 3613., Miriam Nelia Gunatilleke (Rajagiriya), 3614. Jayantha Mathew Dias Jayasinghe (Matale), 3615. D. Modestus Perera (Putalam) 3616. Francis Stanley Fernando (Colombo 13), 3617. Chamaine Marie De Silva (Rajagiriya), 3618. Adrianne Morrison (Pettah), 3619. I. C. Theela Costa (Kandana) 3620. Mangallika W. Costa (Kandana). 3621. Fernando Alexis dana) 3620. Mangallika W. Costa (Kandana), 3621. Fernando Alexis Shiraj(Alutmawatte), 3622. Alexia Ratnasekara Kandana), 3623. Rosemary Deckker (Wedamulla), 3624. Eleanor Senn (Colombo 9), 3625. Derek Michael De Silva (Kandy), 3626. Dushyanthi Samarasinhe (Colombo 124, 3627. Wendalin Hector (Colombo 9), 3628. (See next page) An artist's impression of the Saunders-Roe N2 Hovercraft. This 25-ton advanced hovercraft, now under construction at Cowes, Isle of Wight, England, will be capable of transporting 68 passengers or up to 10 tons of freight at a cruising speed of 70 knots. The central cabin, or freight compartment, will measure 20 feet by 16 feet and will be completely enclosed. Large access doors will ensure ease of loading. Power will be supplied by 4 Blackburn A129 gas turbines, developing some 3,000 horse power, located in an aftengine room. These engines will drive two lifting fans and two propulsion propellers, the latter being located on the pylons adjacent to the large ear type fan intakes.

Collette Gomez says she likes the following prayer very much and wants her fellow Schools-Mag members to enjoy reading it:

A girl's prayer

ORD! choose for me and if it be, a lonely track across life's sea No comrade's hand to steer my

barque o friendly voice or storm as

Cark.
Lord! make me strong and trave and free
To sail alone and steer to Thee
Lord! choose for me and if this

be
A crown of love awaiting me, if one shall awake my soul from sleep.
And yield his heart for me to keep. Lord! make me pure and true and sweet
A lantern for his pilgrim feet. Lord! choose for me and if it be A little child upon my knee Brave baby eyes that look to me In simple trust as I to thee Lord! make me tender, gentle, and wise
To mirror thee to baby eyes.—Amen.

mmmmmmm For anything in plastic like BOOK COVERS, WALLETS, KEY TAGS,

etc., etc., and also

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BIRTHDAY REQUESTS COUPON

For publication of Birthdays falling between 15th and 21st October (inclusive) in the issue of the 21st October.

Schools-Mag Enrolment Form DATE AND YEAR OF BIRTH..... Cut this out and post the completed form to the Editor, SCHOOLS-MAG, Catholic Press, Borella, to get your Membership card and number.



Murugesu Basil Boniface

Murugesu George Richard

(Minor). 3. Murugesu Francis Paul

(Minor). 5. Murugesu Denzil Raymond (Minor). 6. Murugesu Jenet Clarine.

6. Murugesa Sent.
(Minor).
7. Murugesu Praxida (Minor), all of No. 135/5, Periyamulla, Negombo the 2nd to 7th Respondents by their Guardian-ad-Litem the 1st Respondent. — Respond-

25th July, 1960 having been read.

Sgd. N. Edirisinghe, District Judge.

This 28th day of July, 1960.

Sgd. Camillus Rodrigo, Proctor for Petitioner.

Depend on us for your

Amplifier Repairs

Motor Rewinding

to the contrary.

Drawn by me:

Schools Mag

TO LIVE! 24 HOURS

WORLD War II was over. Jim Owens who had served in the army ever since the inception of the war, was freed from service. He walked out once more, a free man trying to forget the horrors of that dreadful war. On the right of his chest there was a scar where a piece of shrapnel had pierced through. Now and again as he recalled that dreadful scene he felt cold shivers running down his spine.

That fateful night on the front, pain pain, and later the blaze of the sound of gunfire, the stab of lights in the operating theatre,

were all one dreadful nightmare.
His period of convalescence rended with the conclusion of the war. Later he was discharged, and leaving the barracks in his civilian garb, he pondered on the life he was to enjoy.
Little did he realize what tate held in store for him.
He had no parents, nor any known relative where he could go to. Hence he found lodging in a somewhat poor quarter of the city in close proximity to his place of employment.
His earnings were more than what he required for his food, clothing and shelter, and he re-

He explained to Jim that the piece of shrapnel in his chest was gradually making its way to the heart and once the heart was reached, death would be instan-

mm by mmmmmmmmmm

CLIFF JONES

solved to get a lot of entertainment, expecially at night clubs.

Religion was something foreign to him, for he never considered himself belonging to any religion whatsoever, although he was a Catholic. "God's in his heaven all's right with the world," was what he retorted with when his friends beckoned him for Mass on a Sunday.

A year passed by, a year which was steeped in sin. One morning he felt a sharp pain in his chest, and as it continued each day he consulted a doctor.

An examination was made and the X-ray revealed a piece of shrapnel embedded in his chest.

Immediate

Operation

It was quite evident that the last operation had failted to remove this piece which was embedded deep in his body. The doctor advised an immediate operation and warned him that although it may prove fatal yet he may stand a chance of survival. Otherwise the doctor would give him only a month to live.

CONSECRATION



ROSARY

ents.
This matter coming on for disposal before N. Edirisinghe, Esquire, District Judge of Negombo, on the 28th day of July, 1960 in the presence of Mr. Camillus Rodrigo, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner abovenamed and the affidavit of the Petitioner dated 25th July. 1960 having been read.

It is ordered that the Petitioner be &she is hereby declared entitled as widow of the abovenamed deceased to have Letters of administration to the above estate issued to her accordingly unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 30th day of September, 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the Court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the 1st Respondent be and he is hereby appointed Guardian-ad-Litem of the minors 2nd to 7th Respondents to represent, them for all the purposes of this action unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 30th day of September, 1960 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Court to the contrary.

an excellent practice. It has brought consolation to many sinners.

The Rosary could be said at any time, and at any place. The family Rosary is the best bouquet we could give to our Dear Mother.

She comes with her beloved Son Jesus, and stands by the family with smiles, joining the Rosary herself, and Jesus though we cannot see her.

By saying the Rosary there will be peace in our homes, and we can carry our crosses bravely to the end. We are also rich in the sight of God, though we may be poor in this world.

We Catholics must try our best to please Our Lady and her Divine Son Jesus, by practising this great and simple devotion daily till the end of our lives.

If we do so, we choose Our Lady as our protector in life,

THE word "Rosary" means a garland of Roscs. It is a garland of prayers, blooming like roses from the hearts of Catholics. It is described as the ladder to Heaven. The chief way of honouring our Divine Mother is by daily reciting the Holy Rosary. It is an excellent practice. It has brought consolation to many sinners.



For prose-writers

You all would have gathered much information about His Eminence Cardinal Agagianian from last week's issue of the Messenger. Now write an essay exceed two hundred and fifty words.

For verse-writers

Por verse-writers—and there are quite a number in the Schools-Mag, there is a special competition. Write a poetic tribute to HIS EMINENCE CARDINAL AGAGIANIAN.

Your poem should not exceed 16 lines.

A Quiz

Rewinding Here is a special Quiz on His Eminence Cardinal Aga-gianian. Can you get the answers correct? Here they are:
(a) Where was Cardinal Agagianian born and in which year?

year?
(b) During which pontificate was he appointed Prefect of the Sacred Congregation for the Propagation of the Faith?
(c) What is the Congregation for the Propagation of the Faith? What has it to do with Ceylon?
(d) Which Pope instituted the Congregation for the Propagation of the Faith?
(e) In which year was Cardinal Agagianian ordained a priest?
(f) Where does Cardinal Agagianian reside?
(g) Which Pope said of 11-year-old Lazarus Agagianian: This small Armenian boy will render great service to the Church?"
(h) Who was Cardinal Agagianian's predecessor?

Prize Competition

(Continued from page 9
Dilrkushi Samarasinha (Colombo
12) 3629, Deepa Samarasinha (Colombo
12) 3629, Deepa Samarasinha (Colombo
12) 3630, Rukmal Jacinta
Dias Jayasinha (Matale),
3631, Fatima G. Chelliah (Wattala), 3632, Aneurine Orville Dias

ULES

RULES

All entries addressed to the Editor, Schools-Mag, Catholic Press, Borella should reach him on or before 12 noon on Wednesday, 5 October 1960.

Each entry should be accompanied by a Competition Coupon (see below) properly filled in.

Intending competitors may take part in more than one of the three sections provided each such entry is accompanied by a competition coupon.

Competitors are also requested to specify clearly on the envelopes the section entered for, viz. (1) Essay. (2) Poem or (3) Quiz.

Only Schools-Mag members can take part in these competi-

	COMPETITION	COUPON
SCHOOLS-MAG NO	0	

NEXT WEEK

What Really **Matters**

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IN MEMORIAM



Elizabeth (Mrs. J. M. J. Paiva) Died 4-10-55

A Requiem High Mass will be sung at St. Mary's Church, Bam-balapitiya, on the 4-10-60 at 6.30

Bambalapitiya



Don Carolis Javasuriya Called to rest 28-9-55

Eternal rest grant unto him, O

Lord,
And let perpetual light shine upon him.
May he rest in peace.

Inserted by his sorrowing wife and children.

" Mill House," Kandana.

1303

1309

FIRST ANNIVERSARY



Arthur P. Gunawardene

who departed on 1st October 1959 Eternal rest grant unto him, O

let perpetual light shine

upon him.

May he rest in peace. Amen.

Fondly remembered by his dearly beloved ones.

50, Mayfield Road, Colombo 13.

THANKSGIVINGS

MY humble thanks to St. Gerard Majella for a very great Majella for a very great favour received.

A grateful client.

TYPEWRITER REPAIRS

ALL kinds of Sinhalese and English typewriter repairs are undertaken. Can guarantee the repairs because of experience.
M. A. Wijayaratne, 291, Chilaw Road, Periyamulla, Negombo.

1307

FEAST OF O. L. OF FATIMA

MARADANA — 1960

October 7th to 14th: Novenas, daily.
October 15th: Novena at 5 p.m.
Vespers at 5.30 p.m.
October 16th: Masses: 6, 7.30, 10 a.m.
and 5 p.m.
Procession at 5.30 p.m.

1316

Parish Priest.

Central Council of Catholic Guilds

MADHU PILGRIMAGE

Dep. 12th Oct. by Night Mail Ret. 16th Oct. by Day Train. Final date for application 7th Oct. Pilgrimage open to all. Apply: Emil Elias, Treasurer's Dept. Town Hall, Colombo, or undersigned.

Oscar D. C. Perera Hon. Gen. Secretary.

Designs Branch W. D., Colombo.

ORDER NISI
IN THE DISTRICT COURT
OF NEGOMBO
No. 3929 Testamentary Jurisdiction
In the matter of the Last Will and
Testament of Wanasinghe Aratchige
Don Siyonis of Gallegedera, in the
District of Negombo. — Deceased.
Don Nirolois Wanasinghe of Gallegedera, Dewalapola. — Petitioner.
Vs.

1. Malnaidelage Lusanona of Gallegedera.

Malnaidelage Lusanona of Gal-

gedera, Dewalapola. — Petitioner.

1. Malnaidelage Lusanona of Gallegedera.
2. Dona Emee Nona of Doranagoda, Udugampola. — Respondents.
This action coming on for disposal before C. Thanabalasingham, Esquire, District Judge of Negombo on this the 7th day of November, 1958 in the presence of Mr. P. J. Marshal Fernando, Proctor on the part of the Petitioner abovenamed and the affidavit of the said Petitioner dated the 7th day of November 1958, the affidavit of the said Petitioner dated the 7th day of November 1958, the affidavit of the attesting witnesses dated the 27th and 28th day of October 1958 and the Petition dated the 7th day of November, 1958 having been considered.

It is ordered that the Last Will and Testament of the deceased abovenamed dated 24th September, 1956, the original of which has been produced and is now filed for record be appointed the Executor of the Last Will and Testament and the said Petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled to have Probate of the said Last Will and Testament issued to him accordingly unless the Respondents abovenamed or any other person or persons interested shall on or before the 16th day of January, 1959 show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

Given under my hand on this 7th day of November. 1958.

Sgd. C. Thanabalasingham,

District Judge.

13-3-59. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for 17th July 1959.

Sgd. C. Thanabalasingham,

District Judge.

29-5-59. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for 17th July 1959.

Sgd. C. Thanabalasingham,

District Judge.

17-7-59. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for 17th July 1959.

Sgd. C. Thanabalasingham,

District Judge.

17-7-59. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for 17th July 1959.

Sgd. C. Thanabalasingham,

District Judge.

Sgd. C. Thanabalasingham,

District Judge.

17-7-59. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for 11th September 1959.

Sgd. T. P. C. Carron,

Acting District Judge.

11-9-59. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for 20th November 1959.

Sgd. C. Thanabalasingham,

District Judge.

20-11-59. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for 12th February 1960.

Sgd. C. Thanabalasingham.

12-2-60. Time for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for 29th April 1960.

Sgd. N. Edirisinghe,

District Indee

Sgd. N. Edirisinghe,
District Judge.
29-4-60. Time for showing cause
against this Order Nisi is extended
for 1st July 1960.
Sgd. N. Edirisinghe,
District Judge.
1-7-60. Time for showing cause
against this Order Nisi is extended
for 9th September 1960.
Sgd. N. Edirisinghe,
District Judge.
9-9-60. Time for showing cause
against this Order Nisi is extended
for 28th October 1960.
Sgd. N. Edirisinghe.
District Judge.
313
District Judge.

Imprisoned by the Communists

HE IS A WITNESS TO

IN 1948, BISHOP FULTON SHEEN FLEW INTO CHINA WITH BISHOP WALSH. JUST BEFORE LANDING, AS IF FORES. EING EVIL DAYS AHEAD, BISHOP WALSH SAID: "I WILL NEVER LEAVE CHINA; THEY MAY EXPEL ME, BUT THEY WILL NEVER FORCE ME TO ABANDON THE CHINESE PEOPLE REGARDLESS OF HOW MUCH THEY MAKE ME SUFFER. I SHALL DIE THERE."

MAKE ME SUFFER. I SHA
A few years ago, in the midst of
the Communist persecution,
Bishop Fulton Sheen was told
that plans were under way to bring
Bishop Walsh out. He pleaded
against any such move, not only
because Bishop Walsh wanted to
die there as a martyr, if need be,
but also because so long as he was
in China, he would be a "witness"
to Christ. He argued that while
Bishop Walsh would be permitted to read Mass, the Cross of

Calvary would be dug again in China's soil; when he no longer could read Mass, Christ would once more be in prison and who could ever tell what eventual good would come to China because an alter-Christus was behind its bars.

its bars.

We know not what happened, except that he stayed. Some time ago it was announced that he was sentenced to twenty years in

Bishop Walsh will do more for China through his "witnessing to Christ" in prison than he ever did during his rich and abundant did during his rich and abundant apostleship. Paul said his imprisonment was the "furtherance of the Gospel" when the worldlyminded thought it meant a halt to his preaching. Paul and Silas were recorded to have sung a duet only once and that when they were in jail for their faith. As Paul's incarceration was the means by which "praetorian guards" were converted and even some of "Caesar's household" so shall it be with the Paul whose name is Walsh.

The Reds who bind his wrists

it be with the Paul whose name is Walsh.

The Reds who bind his wrists will touch hands that touched the Eucharistic Christ; their eyes will see one "who when led to slaughter opened not ais mouth" and who "blessed when reviled." On the Day of Judgment, the Communists may hear the Judge say to them: "I was hungry and you gave Me to eat." When they ask, "When?" the Christ will answer: "When you did it to Bishop Walsh, you did it unto Me."

The great difference between Bishop Walsh and many of us weak mortals is, there are no 'ifs' in his life. Our Lord said: "If any man would come after Me, let him deny himself, take up his cross." We excuse our-Continued o page 12

SCHOOLS TAKE-OVER

PROTEST MEETINGS

Gampola

(from our Gampola correspondent)

THE Parent-Teacher Association of St. Joseph's School,

MEDICAL

TONSILITIS! No Operation!
Asthma! Catarrh! No injections! No after effects! No pain!
Swiss Treatment! Free consultation! Medical Clinic, 42nd Lane, Wellawatta.

FOOD NEWS

"Del Monte" Tomato Juice,				
No. 1 tin	1 50			
	4 00			
" Cooked Ham per lb.	7 50			
" " " 1 lb. tin	9 00			
Australian Vienna Sausages,	2 25			
8 oz. tin 4 oz. tin	1 25			
Australian Corned Mutton,	1.45			
12 oz. tin	2 00			
Del Monte Sardines in Tomato,				
large oval tin	1 75			
Del Monte Sardines in Mustard	-			
Sauce, tin	1 75			
Portugal Sardines, tin	0 90			
Kippered Herrings, C. and B's,	1 75			
large tin	1 /3			
and B's	1 35			
Del Monte Prunes 1 lb. tin	4 25			
" " " 5 lb. tin	17 50			
loose per lb.	3 75			
"Del Monte" Fruit Cocktail,	SEATING S			
	2 75			
No. 2 1/2 tin	4 25			
"Del Monte" Purple Plums,	3 65			
No. 2 1/2 tin	3 03			
No. 2 1/2 tin	3 50			
"Del Monte" Pears, No. 2 1/2	The second			
tin	4 00			
The	120 - 14			

Ine **Central Medical** Stores Ltd.

COLOMBO.

Kuliyapitiya

Gampola and St. Joseph's Boys' School, Gampola, unanimously protested against the take-over of schools and requested the Hon. Prime Minister to conduct a plebi-

cite of their Association in the most democratic way. Over 300 men and women mem-

bers were present at the meeting on 11 September.

(from a "Messenger" correspondent)

A MEETING of Catholics pre-sided over by Dr. M. M. Pinto protested against the pro-posed take-over of Catholic Catholic

Dr. Pinto said that no Government had been entrusted with the duty of teaching religion to the people. Religious education, he said, could not be changed to suit political groups or political aspirations.

Messrs. B. M. F. Silva, D. S. Wijayasooriya and Aloysius Appuhamy were also among those who spoke.

Ingiriya

(from our Ingiriya correspondent)

AT a protest meeting against the schools take-over held on the 21st September at the School Hall of Ingiriya Group, Ingiriya, two telegrams were despatched, addressed to the Prime Minister. The text of the first was as follows:

CATHOLIC SCHOOL ES-SENTIAL FREEDOM OF CON-SCIENCE AND WORSHIP. Secretary, Catholic Association,

A similar protest was also sent by the Secretary, Catholic Asso-ciation, Tamil Branch of Ingiriya,

THE ROSARY

Continued from page 5

heart. Mary is a great autograph

hunter.

The rosary is a daily refresher course in religion, and on the principle that you cannot have too much of a good thing, application to it many times a day is most profitable and rewarding.

Peace hath her terrors no less renowned than war, with co-wrecksistence possible at any moment. In war or in peace the rosary is an oasis of calm.

of calm.

The A-bomb, I assure you, is devitiated by the A-Maria. Just roll out
the beads and reel in the peace of
heaven. Make the rosary your peace

heaven. Make the rosary.

Mary is not everywhere, like God.
To those who love her, she is visible from any and everywhere so long as they are in touch with the rosary.

All of us take a very natural pride in saying a thing well. The better said the more pleasing the impact. If you have anything to convey to Mary with the most felicitous effect there is no better choice than the rosary.

rosary.

That long distance or, if you like, distress call to heaven is booked shortest on the rosary. Calls on the rosary receive top priority with the ang-hellocitle.

girls.

Mary on a memorable occasion spoke an inspired anthem of praise to God; our inspired magnificat to Mary today is the rosary.

Where Mary and the rosary are concerned, the heart of the matter is a matter of the heart — just plain love.

FREEDOM FLIGHT TO

Integration of Catholic Refugees in Viet Nam

REPORTING at the Fourth International Catholic Congress on Migrations, which was held in Ottawa from 21 to 25, August, Dr. Ly Trung Dung, Secretary-General of the Vietnamese Catholic Physicians' Association, said that the religious integration of Catholic refugees from Communist North Viet Nam to which the Holy See had given particular attention, was being carried out gradually, following the economic integration of the refugees concerned.

The Council of Bishops, said he, had assigned a Catholic prelate, Mgr. Pham Ngoc Chi, to

head the Central Relief Commit-tee for Refugees' Rehabilitation, Before the Geneva Agreement in 1954, when the partition of Vietnam was effected, there were 1,593,434 Vietnamese Catholics out of a total population of 22,313,000. Of these 1,133,068 lived beyond the 17th parallel and 460,366 below the demarcation line.

line.

According to Dr. Dung the 676,384 Catholics who fled the Communist North were fully one and a half times the Catholic population of the South or 60 per cent. of the country's entire body of Catholics.

• ROUND-UP OF SCHOOLS' TAKE-OVER PROTEST MEETINGS

Why this secrecy about the "national system"?

WHY is the Government so slow to place before the public the actual content of this "national system of education," asked Mr. Santha Sunil Deva speaking with much feeling at a largely-attended protest meeting held at Irabadagama recently. After all, he asked, was not the present system a "national system?" What was actually happening, he said, was that under cover of a "national system," certain persons were preparing in a spirit of revenge to lay a heavy axe at the root of all assisted schools.

Waikkal

THE Catholics of the mission of Waikkal held a prayer-meeting to protest against the unjust take-over of their schools by the Government. The parishioners of five churches first gathered at their respective churches and formed themselves into five processions carrying. and formed themselves into five penitential processions carrying statues and crosses. They recited the Rosary as they wended their way to the Church of St. St. Benedict. Here a crowd of about seven hundred people were addressed by five speakers who spoke on Catholic education and the rights of the Catholics and the Church. A resolution asking for justice and equity was proposed and adopted and the meeting ended with a Holy Hour and Benediction of the Most Blessed Sacrament.

Kotahena

A JOINT meeting of the teachers of St. Benedict's Collegiate and Primary Schools and Good Shepherd Convent Collegiate and Primary Schools was held at St. Benedict's College Hall, on Thursday, 21st September. The following Resolution was unanimously passed:

ly passed:
"We the teachers of St. Benedict's College and Good Shepherd Convent, Kotahena, in meetherd Convent, Kotahena, in meet-assembled express our great con-cern over the proposal to take over our schools, which so far rendered very valuable service within the present system of education. While promising our full co-operation to work our schools as an integral part of any National System of Educa-tion that may be formulated, we request that such system be de-vised in consonance with the aspirations of all sections in this country. We therefore earnestly request that a commission be aspirations of an accountry. We therefore earnestly request that a commission be set up to make a thorough survey of the educational needs of this country before the take-over proposals are carried out."

Kalutara

THREE public meetings were held at Diyalagoda, Kalamulla and Katukurunda, to protest against the schools take-over and adopted resolutions unanimously to be sent to the Hon. the Prime Minister and the Hon. Minister of Education.

Diyalagoda

THE government's request to us to keep silent while they "robbed!" overnight the assisted school buildings is against the principles of democracy, and their attempt to "gag" the mouths of those who utter the truth in preserving their rights and claims is nothing short of Fascism, said Mr. Austin Kumarage, the Head Master of Holy Emmanuel Senior School, Moratuwa, while speaking at the protest meeting of the Diyalagoda Catholics held last Sunday.

Mr. D. J. Wettasinghe, a veteran Ayurvedic Physician of Munasingoda, presided.

Two resolutions were proposed, and passed unanimously.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. W. Thomas Fernando who said that the schools take-over was an effort to penalise the Catholic Church, He said that no one was opopsed to the National System of Education bushe wanted to know why such a

system could not prevail in the existing assisted schools.

Mr. G. A. A. Goonetilleke, a retired Buddhist teacher, said that the Catholic schools in particular had done magnificent work in this field of education.

INDOCTRINATION OR EDUCATION?

Kegalle's protest

SPEAKING at a meeting of the Catholic Parish Union of Kegalle, Mr. Jayakody Arachchi, Head Teacher of Madeiyawa School, pointed out that the Government whilst purporting to implement a policy apparently democratic, was steadily paving the way to indoctrinating the youth of this country with totalitarian ideals.

The President, Mr. R. Francis

Perera, expressed the vehement protest of the Catholics of Kegalle against the take-over, and asked whether Catholic schools, the product of years of patient toil and sacrifice, could be used for purposes contradictory to that for which they were built.

Catholics are as much sons of Lanka as any other, said another speaker; they had been exemplary citizens and would co-operate with Government in a truly national system of education that did not violate their conscience.

Speeches were made in Sinha-se, Tamil and English, and resolutions were passed protesting and claiming for Catholics a rightful share of financial assistance for the "fulfilment of our fundamen-tal human rights."

Will Government ignore our protests, ask Jaffna parents

IF, despite the thousands of protests all over the Island, Government persisted in its policy of taking over the Schools, it would certainly have far-reaching results, declared Chevalier Arulanandan in speaking from the chair at a meeting of the Jaffna Cathedral Parents' Council.

Trinco

SODALITIES from the various parishes of the Trincomalee District, assembled at a 'Regional Get-together meeting,' condemned the proposed take-over of schools.

The meeting unanimously passed a resolution calling upon Government to settle the schools problem with justice.

THE Catholics of Mattakkuliya

THE Catholics of Mattakkuliya held a largely attended public meeting at the premises of St. Mary's Church, Mattakkuliya, on 17th September. Sir Philip Rodrigo was Chairman.

Mr. W. Moses Perera, a retired teacher, stated that the purpose of the meeting was to register their strong disapproval of the State take-over of Assisted Schools, and not to over-throw the Government.

"We are not opposed to any National System of Education," he emphasised. We have reached a juncture where our Faith is in

he emphasised. We have reached a juncture where our Faith is in dire peril, he said.

Sir Philip observed that the Minister of Education had not stated in definite terms the Government's concept of the proposed National System of Education

National System of Education and he earnestly requested the Minister to do so at a very early

He also said he feared that much conflict and disharmony would crupt where school buildings hap-pened to be in the same premises as their places of worship.

He spoke at length on the God-He spoke at length on the God-given right of parents to choose the kind of education they wished for their children, and it would be unjust to deny this right to Catho-lic parents who have the dictates of their religion. Marxism, he said, was making inroads on the freedom Ceylon had enjoyed, and Catholics should be prepared for the worst. the worst.

Speaking as a Teacher, Mr. S. I. Antony hoped that better

counsel would prevail, and that Government would heed the pro-tests of the people. Mr. Gnana-pragasam pointed out that Catho-lics had always been loyal citizens.

On behalf of the mothers, Mrs. On behalf of the mothers, Mrs. Saminathar expressed the fear that before long the religious freedom promised by Government would become an empty and meaningless thing. The meeting finally passed a resolution condemning the proposed takeover as a "violation of our Godgiven rights as parents over the choice of the education of our children."

Witness to Christ

Continued from page 11

elves because He made it conditional, so we emphasize the "if." There is no tragedy in his life because he accepts the Cross; there tragedy in ours because

cause he accepts the Cross, inclusive tragedy in ours because we demur.

Suffering in our life is an accident; to Bishop Walsh it is a necessity. Most of us are like Peter who at Caeserea-Philippi admitted a Divine Christ, but denied a suffering Christ. That is why we think of the Bishop as "imprisoned" and "in the hands of Communists." But this is not his vision; He is Christ in China, a prisoner not of the Reds, but in Paul's words: "prisoner of Christ." As Our Lord said, promising His Spirit, "I will not leave you orphans." so Bishop Walsh in resolving: "I will not leave China" guaranteed that he would not leave China an orphan. And when he dies there, a saint, he will leave his spirit. Missionaries of future generations will reap the fruit of his witnessing. And even now, may all missionaries and mission societies and Directors of The Society for the Propagation of the Faith learn too that love of the world, and its ways and its increase, profits us nothing compared to one hour in the shadow of Calvary.

Ceylon University Mattaklecturer explains kuliya

Why Catholics protest against Government's

"THE Catholic Church is only protecting the rights of the parents and that is why the Catholics protest against this move of the take-over of schools," declared Mr. Basil Mendis, lecturer at the University of Ceylon, Peradeniya, speaking at a largely attended meeting organised by the Kandy regional unit of the Ceylon Catholic Students' Federation held at the Good Shepherd Convent, on 25 September.

Continuing, Mr. Basil Mendis stated that the U.N.O. had given stated that the U.N.O. had given the parents the right to choose the kind of education for their children. He said that the right to choose the kind of education by the parents can be given in two forms by a democratic Government, as was done in Australia and America:

1. As you have the right

1. As you have the right, you can run schools but the government is not going to give

The Government will give

any grants.

2. The Government will give assistance, but only to the children of that particular denomination. In a Catholic school, grants will only be paid to the Catholic children.

What the Church wants now is to have the right to continue its schools as private schools.

Among the other speakers were Mr. Dya Pelpola from St. Sylvester's College, Mr. Mark Fernando from the University of Ceylon and Miss Christine Taylor from Good Shepherd Convent.

Mr. Tony Vandercone proposed the following resolution:

"We, the Senior Catholic Students of St. Mary's College, Ampitiya, Carmel Hill Convent, Ampitiya, St. Scholastica's Girls' School, Kandy, St. Anthony's

Convent, Katugastofa, Good Shepherd Convent, Kandy, St. Anthony's College, Katugastofa and St. Sylvester's College, Kandy, strongly protest at the threat of the Government to take over our assisted schools. Since it is a fundamental right to be educated in the atmosphere of our religion, which we value more than our lives, we shall use whatever means

Convent, Katugastota, Good She-

in our hands to defend this right."
The resolution was duly se-

Master Bryen Offen, President, Kandy Regional Unit, presided.

Paiyagala

THE Catholics of Maha Paiyagala held a protest meeting to express their dissatisfaction over the proposed taking over of the Assisted Schools. Mr. W. Don Francis presided.

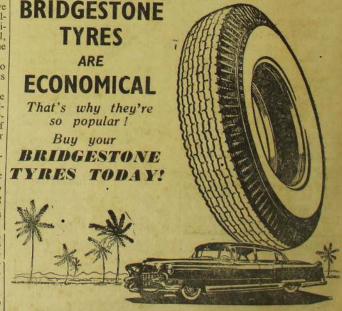
Mr. Nomis Silva, a Buddhist, said that the blow was not aimed only at Catholics, but it was aimed at all other denominations. The first step would be to snatch the children from the custody of their parents and the next would be to march them behind the "iron curtain" as in Russia.

He was glad to learn from a newspaper report that a committee meeting of the B.T.S. schools had decided to protest against the taking over of about 400 schools run by that body.

Mr. Handy Fernando, another Buddhist, said that the present government was not acting on ans, 326, Old Road, Dalugama, for the p.

the policies of the late Premier, although the S.L.F.P. members begged for the people's vote, promising them to form a government according to Premier Bandaranaike's policies.

Messrs, A. P. Fernando, W. Vincent Perera, D. P. Fernando and P. Gerard Cooray also spoke.



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