



# **REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON DISAPPEARANCES IN THE JAFFNA REGION**



**Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka**



Swedish International Development (Corporation) Agency



United Nations Development Programme



**REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON  
DISAPPEARANCES IN THE JAFFNA REGION  
of the  
Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka**

**- October 2003 -**

## Report of the Committee on Disappearances of Persons in the Jaffna Region

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- Dr. Devanesan Nesiiah, Chairman
- Mr. K. H. Camillus Fernando
- Ms. Jezima Ismail
- M. C. M. Iqbal, National Co-ordinator of the Capacity Building Project & Secretary to the Committee on Disappearances

Date of handing over of the report - 28th October, 2003

ISBN 955-8929-06-9

Published by the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka.

Supported by United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) under the Capacity Building Project and the Swedish International Development Agency.

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## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Committee of Inquiry into Disappearances of the Human Rights Commission acknowledges with thanks the support and encouragement it received from the Human Rights Commission and its staff including the staff of the Regional Co-ordinator Ruwan Chandrasekara in Jaffna, in facilitating the work of this Committee.

The work of the Committee was greatly facilitated by the services of Mr. M. C. M. Iqbal, the National Co-ordinator of the Capacity Building Project of the Human Rights Commission who functioned as the Secretary to the Committee, as well as the staff of the Committee comprising of Mr. E. M. Subasinghe, the Administrative Officer, Ms. W. K. D. K. Jayanthi and Ms. M. P. M. Pushpa, Secretarial Assistants, Ms. Subaskary Subramaniam, Clerical Assistant and Ms. Subashini Ramasamy, Computer Programmer of this Committee who prepared the data base to store the relevant information in respect of each complaint, analysed the data and projected it in the form of graphs and charts for the Report.

Finally, the Committee acknowledges gratefully the assistance given by the UNDP in the form of funds required for the Committee to accomplish the given mandate.

**Chairman of the Committee**



### Abbreviations used in the Report and their connotations

AGA	- Assistant Government Agent
ASP	- Assistant Superintendent of Police
Capt.	- Captain
CHA	- Chavakachcheri
CMS	- Christian Mission School
Complt No.	- Complaint Number
Cpl	- Corporal
DIG	- Deputy Inspector General (of Police)
EPDP	- Eelam Peoples Democratic Party
EPRLF	- Eelam Peoples Revolution Liberation
G.A	- Government Agent
G.C.E.	- General Certificate of Education
GTZ	- A German Non-Governmental Organisation
HCA	- Habeas Corpus Application
HRC	- Human Rights Commission
ICRC	- International Committee of the Red Cross
IGP	- Inspector General of Police
IPKF	- Indian Peace-keeping Force
JAF	- Jaffna
KAY	- Kayts
KKS	- Kankasanturai
Lt. Col	- Lieutenant Colonel
LTTE	- Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam
M.V	- Maha Vidyalayam
MPCS	- Multi-purpose Co-operative Society
NAL	- Nallur
NGO	- Non Governmental Organisation
O.I.C.	- Officer-in-Charge
PLOTE	- Peoples Liberation Organisation of Tamil Eelam
PUT	- Puttalam
Rev. Fr.	- Reverend Father
S.P.	- Superintendent of Police
S.S.P.	- Senior Superintendent of Police
St.	- Saint
TELO	- Tamil Eelam Liberation Organisation
V.C. Office	- Village Council Office
YMCA	- Young Men Christians Association



## Chapter I

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# THE MANDATE AND THE COMPLAINTS FALLING WITHIN IT

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### The Mandate

The Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka appointed this Committee under section 11(b) of the Human Rights Commission Act No: 21 of 1996 to inquire into complaints it has received regarding disappearances and removal of persons from their residences in Jaffna, Kilinochchi and Vavuniya Districts during the period 1990 to 1998 and report on the following matters.

- Whether the persons in the list provided by the Guardians' Association of those Arrested and Disappeared from the North, The Displaced North Muslims Organization, and the complaints pertaining to this period received by the Regional Office of the Human Rights Commission in Jaffna as per letter dated 15<sup>th</sup> December, 2002 sent by the Regional Co-ordinator, Jaffna, have been involuntarily removed or had disappeared from their places of residence during the period mentioned by the complainants;
- All the circumstances pertaining to the alleged involuntary removals or disappearances;
- The present condition and whereabouts of the persons alleged to have been so removed or to have so disappeared;
- Reports made by complainants that the missing persons are being held in unidentified prisons & place of detention;
- The evidence available for identifying the person or persons responsible for these alleged disappearances and the findings based on such evidence;
- The relief, if any, that should be provided to parents spouses and dependents of the persons alleged to have been removed or disappeared;

In conducting its proceedings the Committee should maintain a high degree of transparency, to enable the complainants to participate as appropriate in the search for evidence and information pertaining to all the circumstances of the disappearances and should keep the complainants informed of the progress made as the inquiry proceeds.

If in the course of its inquiries the committee deals with cases of complainants, particularly women and children who are in severely distressed circumstances and who may be in need of special care and support, the Committee should report such cases to the Commission for special relief.

For the purpose of enabling the Committee to conduct its investigations and perform its functions the Commission delegates to the Committee the relevant powers of investigation the Commission exercises under part 2 of the Act and in particular sections 18, 19 and 21.

### Complaints falling within the Mandate

A total of 327 complaints were handed to the Committee for inquiry and report as follows:

<b>Particulars of Complaints dealt with by the Committee on Disappearances</b>		
Complaints in the list given by the Guardian's Association		232
Less : Duplicates	8	
Those not within the mandate*	4	
	TOTAL	220
First lot of complaints received from HRC, Jaffna	110	
Less : Duplicates (among the 232 given above)	69	
	TOTAL	41
Complaints of Muslims allegedly taken by the LTTE	35	
	TOTAL	35
Second lot of complaints received from HRC, Jaffna		29
Less : Duplicates	01	
	TOTAL	28
Complaints not relevant to the Committee returned by HRC (Head Office)		03
	TOTAL	03
	<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>327</b>

The Committee had nine sessions in Jaffna with sittings mainly in the Regional Office of the Human Rights Commission. Sittings were also conducted in Colombo, Chavakachcheri, Kodikamam, Chunnakam and Manipay with a view to sit as near as possible to places where a considerable number of complainants of disappearances live.

<i>No of Complaints Inquired</i>	-	281
<i>No of Complainants Absent</i>	-	30
<i>No of Complainants Not Traced</i>	-	12
<i>Add Multiple Complaints</i>	-	3
<i>Add 1 complaint heard at the last moment</i>	-	1
	<b>Total</b>	<b>327</b>

Of these 327 complaints, 35 complainants could not be traced<sup>1</sup>, and 9 were traced but did not respond although summons had reached them twice. Thus only 283 complaints could be inquired into. Of these 3 were duplicate complaints from different members of the family of the disappeared.

\* Three of them had disappeared in 2002 (outside the prescribed time frame) while the other disappearance had occurred in Colombo (outside the prescribed districts).

<sup>1</sup> An advertisement in the local Tamil Newspapers in Jaffna to trace 45 Tamil complainants who could not be found at the addresses given by them, resulted in the Committee tracing 20 of them. Another advertisement in a National Tamil Newspaper to trace the remaining 25 and 10 Muslim complainants who too could not be found at the addresses given by them, yielded no response. Thus 35 complainants could not be traced.

Thus the number of disappearances we had to inquire into was reduced to 280. Of these 10 were in respect of females who had disappeared.

The places where disappearances had taken place with the number that had disappeared in each place is given below<sup>1</sup>;

### The principal places where persons had disappeared in the Jaffna Region

Allarai	1	Jaffna (Suburbs)	20	Meesalai	16	Savakkadu	2
Allankerny	3	Jaffna Town	17	Mirusuvil	3	Sittarnkerny	1
Anaikottai	1	Kaithady	8	Moolai	1	Suthumalai	2
Arali	2	Kantharmadam	1	Muhamalai	1	Thanangkilappu	4
Ariyakulathadi	1	Kayts	1	Mullaitivu	1	Thatatheru	1
Ariyalai	17	Kerudavil	2	Nallur	8	Thatchanthoppu	5
Atchuvveli	2	Kilinochchi	3	Navatkadu	1	Thinnaveli	1
Chavakachcheri	19	Kilaly	3	Navalady	1	Tholpuram	2
Chmmani	6	Kodikamam	7	Navali	1	Urumpirai	1
Chulipuram	1	Koiyathottam	2	Navanthurai	2	Vaddukodai	2
Chundikuli	6	Kondavil	4	Navatkuli	19	Varani	2
Chunnakam	1	Kopay	4	Neervely	1	Vavuniya	6
Colombo*	1	Kovilkandy	1	Nunavil	4	Velanai	2
Colombuthurai	7	Madduvil	7	Palai	3	Vembadi	1
Elavalai	1	Manipay	3	Pungankulam	1	Vembrai	1
Ellanthakulam	1	Mankulam	2	Puttur	2	Vettilai kerny	1
Eruvan	1	Maruvanpilavu	6	Sandilipay	1	Vilan	1
Guruna	8	Mathagal	1	Sangathanai	2		
Inuvil	2	Mavady	3	Sarasalai	2	<b>Total</b>	<b>281*</b>

\* In this case a person arrested in Jaffna had vanished in Colombo.

Of these 281<sup>2</sup>, in three cases the persons alleged to have disappeared had later been found in the prisons, two of whom had been subsequently discharged by the Courts. A synopsis of the evidence in these cases is given below:

Complt No : CHA/067

Victim : N. Pradeepan

Complainant : T. Selvarani

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested in January 1998 and released in July 1998. He had been arrested by the army after an LTTE bomb went off near his house and had been assaulted and tortured while in custody. During the period of detention he had been kept for 2 days at Chavakachcheri, a month at KKS, 8 days at Anuradhapura and four months at Kalutara. He had been released on a Habeas Corpus Application being filed. During the period of detention the Police came on the scene only when he had to be taken to the Anuradhapura Courts for the Habeas Corpus case.

The victim had marks such as cigarette burns, beatings, eye trouble and pain in the chest caused through suffocation caused by his head being covered with a bag with a little petrol in it, indicating that he had been tortured in custody. The victim spoke of several others arrested by the army having been similarly treated.

• • •

<sup>1</sup> Please see annex 1 – a map of the Jaffna Peninsula where these particulars are graphically depicted

<sup>2</sup> This does not include one complaint heard at the last moment.

**Complt No : CHA/106**

**Victim : S. Kirubaharan**  
**Complainant : S. Theivanai**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army on 16.01.97 at the sentry point opposite Varany Maha Vidyalyaya and taken to the army camp in Varany. He had been released 3 days later. Only the complainant was present on the date of inquiry. When summoned for the next date the victim did not attend. The complainant informed the Committee that the victim was too scared to come and give evidence on what happened to him while in custody.

• • •

**Complt No : CHA/324**

**Victim : T. Rajkumar**  
**Complainant : T. Kirubakaran**

The victim is said to be an LTTEer who is still in custody at Kalutara. The complainant had received information to that effect and that he is there under a new name and is convinced that it is so. In view of this the Committee did not pursue this complaint.

• • •

Thus these three are no longer in the category of disappeared persons. In another case, the army who arrested the person concerned in the North had found him to be diabetic and very ill. They sent him to Colombo for treatment at the General hospital. The victim had vanished from the hospital in Colombo before he could be treated for his illness. Another had been released by Courts but had gone missing once more. In one case it was found that the evidence of the complainant was incoherent which made it difficult for the Committee to decide on the date or the circumstances of the disappearance. In these three cases, the investigations could not be pursued further.

Our mandate was to inquire into, report on and make recommendations in respect of the disappearances of persons named in the 327 complaints referred to us by the Human Rights Commission. Four Presidential Commissions of Inquiry into Involuntarily Removals and Disappearances of Persons have reported on a total of about 30,000 complaints. The complaints referred to us constitute only a minor fraction of the total number of disappearances that had occurred in Sri Lanka, although it may form a significant proportion of those who disappeared from Jaffna during the period 1990 to 1998. It transpired during our inquiries that many complaints of disappearances from Jaffna, and a very much higher number of complaints from elsewhere in the North and East are yet to be taken up for investigation.

We consider it imperative that every complaint of disappearance should be investigated as early and as exhaustively as possible, that the complainants of the disappearances should be informed of the findings in respect of their complaints, and that the reports of these investigations should be published and discussed in Parliament and many other public fora.

In writing this report we have had the benefit of access to the four Reports of the Presidential Commissions, in particular, to the very comprehensive Final Report of the All Island Commission of Inquiry into Involuntary Removals and Disappearances of Persons published in March 2001, which we have quoted extensively. None of these Reports have been presented to Parliament and there has been little or no public discussions on any of the observations and recommendations made in them. We trust that our Report will be published early and that there will be extensive and in-depth public discussion of all the Reports and the recommendations referred to therein. We also trust that effective action will be taken on the recommendations without undue delay.

Irrespective of the ethnic or political affiliation of the victims and the perpetrators of the crimes, each incident of political violence diminishes us collectively. The President of the Peruvian Truth and Reconciliation Commission has, in presenting his Final Report on 30th August, 2003 stated as follows: "The last two decades of the 20th century were marked by horror and dishonour for Peruvian society". Our record of politically motivated assassinations and disappearances covers even more than two decades of "horror and dishonour for Sri Lankan Society". We need to erase this terrible blot on the history of what has been known as the Dharma Dweepa and as the Island of Serendipity. But such blots do not fade away. To remove them and to prevent re-eruption we need to collectively diagnose their causes and work out effective remedial and preventive measures.

We had a belated Truth Commission with a restricted mandate, limited resources, and covering the period 1981 to 1984 only. Peace is yet elusive and it may be premature for the effective functioning of a comprehensive Truth and Reconciliation Commission. Hopefully in the near future, when conditions are more conducive, we need such a Commission with a broad mandate, adequate resources, and covering a period going back from the present, to at least the 1970s.

Of the other persons who gave evidence before us, we need to make special mention of Ms. Maheswari Velautham, Attorney-at-law, who had shown commendable courage and initiative and had done much valuable work in her capacity as the head of the Home for Human Dignity.

#### List of persons summoned to give evidence before the Disappearances Committee

Serial No	Name	Whether responded	
		Yes	No
1.	<b>Ms. Maheswary Velautham</b> Attorney-at-law	Yes	
2.	<b>Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwala</b> The Commander of the Navatkuli Camp	Yes	
3.	<b>Mr. Harold Anthony</b> Senior Superintendent of Police, Jaffna	Yes	
4.	<b>Mr. S. Pathmanathan</b> Government Agent, Jaffna	Yes	
5.	<b>Mr. S. Vythilingam</b> Rtd. Addl. Government Agent, Jaffna	Yes	
6.	<b>Ex. Cpl. Somaratne Rajapakse</b> Convicted prisoner in death row. (Interviewed in Prison)	Yes	
7.	<b>Mr. S. Ilamparuthi</b> LTTE Political Leader of Jaffna	Yes	
8.	<b>Rev. Fr. Nesanayagam</b> Parish Priest, St. Johns Church, Jaffna (Interviewed at the Church)	Yes	
9.	<b>Major General Lohan Gunawardena</b> Chief of Staff, Sri Lankan Army	Yes	
10.	<b>Mr. Tharmalingam Siddharthan</b> PLOTE MP	Yes	
11.	<b>Mr. A. Adaikalanathan</b> TELO MP		No
12.	<b>Mr. N. Manipallavarajan</b> EPDP MP	Yes	
13.	<b>Mr. Douglas Devananda</b> EPDP MP (Sent a Representative)		No
14.	<b>Mr. M. G. Basheer</b> Former MMC and Deputy Mayor of Jaffna	Yes	
15.	<b>Mr. M. L. Kaleel</b> A witness of LTTE arrests		No

Several persons responded to our invitation and gave evidence but some others declined to do so. We annex two tables listing the persons whom we sought to interview and indicating their responses; one of them is in respect of army personnel whose names transpired in our investigations and the other lists those whose evidence we considered necessary for our purposes, but did not respond to our requests.

One positive outcome of our interventions was the belated payment of a modest sum of money to one of the victims of an army atrocity. These cases<sup>1</sup> were exceptional in that we had documentary evidence from a contemporary news item in the Udayan paper of 10.12.98<sup>2</sup> where Senior Army Official, Major General Lohan Gunawardena, had publicly admitted the wrong doing by the army personnel with a promise to punish the culprit while apologising to the victim and the people of Jaffna for the unfortunate incident. He had promised that justice would be done. Since we had no evidence that the matter had been pursued any further, we contacted Major General Lohan Gunawardena. He gave evidence before us along with the Legal Advisor of the Army. Consequently a sum of Rs. 50,000/= is being paid to the mother whose 2 children (aged 3 months and 13 years) had been shot dead in cold blood while they were at home with the mother. She had been severely wounded in the neck and suffers a major permanent disability. In this case the perpetrator had been charged for murder in the courts and had been subsequently released on bail. He had failed to attend court on the subsequent date and is absconding since then. We wish to record our appreciation of the initiative of Major General Lohan Gunawardena in issuing the statement to the Udayan Newspaper of 10/12/98 and his intervention to make the payment of Rs. 50,000/= to A. Anandarane, the mother of the two children.

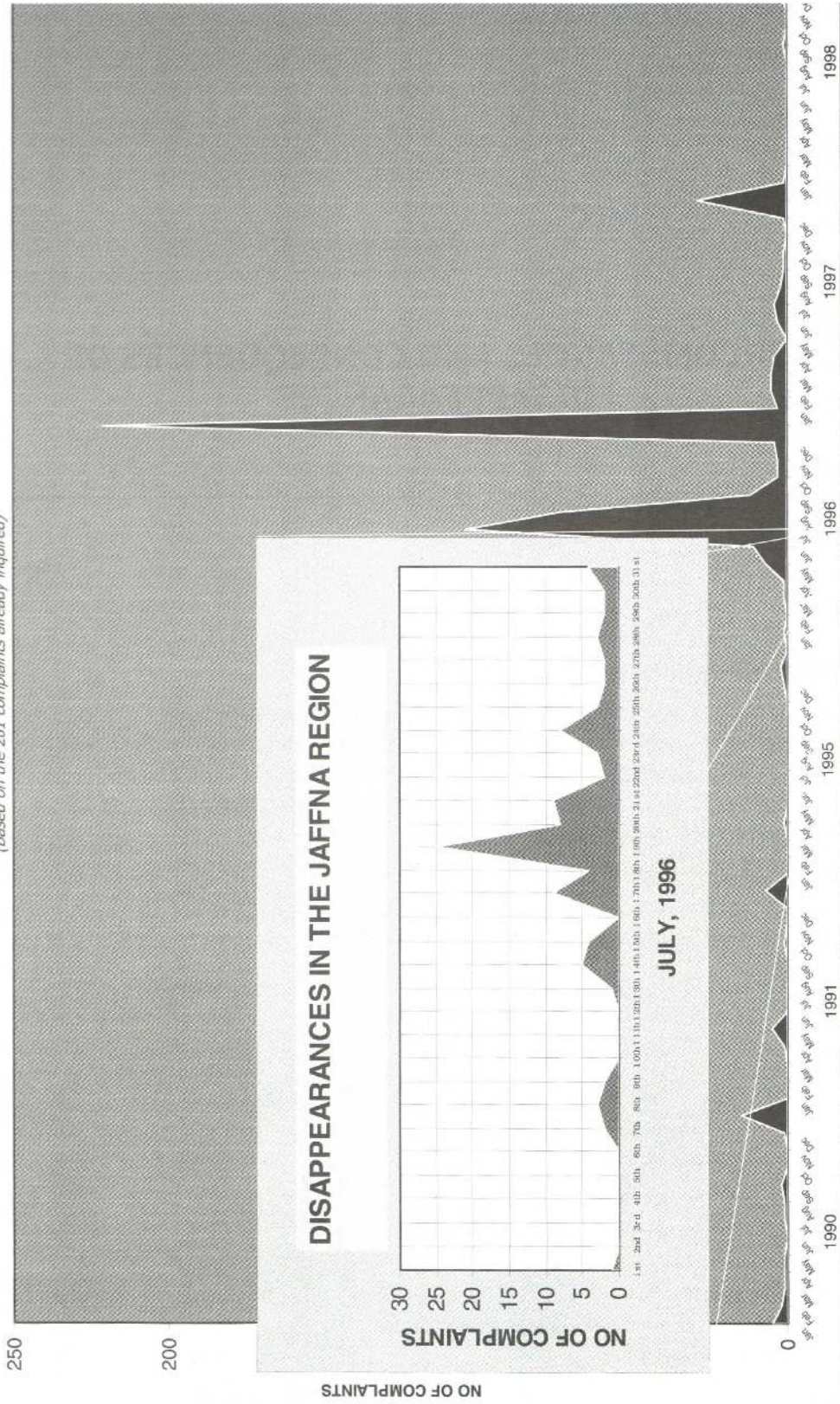
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<sup>1</sup> Complaints Numbers CHA/263 and CHA/264.

<sup>2</sup> Vide Annex XIV the relevant page from the Udayan Newspaper.



**DISAPPEARANCES IN THE JAFFNA**  
**Disappearances per Year.**  
*(Based on the 281 complaints already inquired)*



NB : 1. The peaks had been in July 96 and August 96 – when the Jaffna town Commander was killed and after the military debacle of the Government during the Mullaitivu Attack.

2. 1992 – 1994 no complaints received

## Chapter II

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# CIRCUMSTANCES AND CONSEQUENCES OF DISAPPEARANCES

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### Victims and their Families

The Inquiry into Disappearances has been a painful and depressing task - perhaps most so for the families of the victims who, in giving evidence, had to recall details of the most terrible tragedies and to re-live the trauma that they, their loved ones and their neighbours had endured. Perhaps it was also painful to the others who gave evidence, including even those associated with institutions who were accused of and responsible for the tragedies. This was certainly so, throughout the Inquiry, for those of us who were engaged in conducting it.

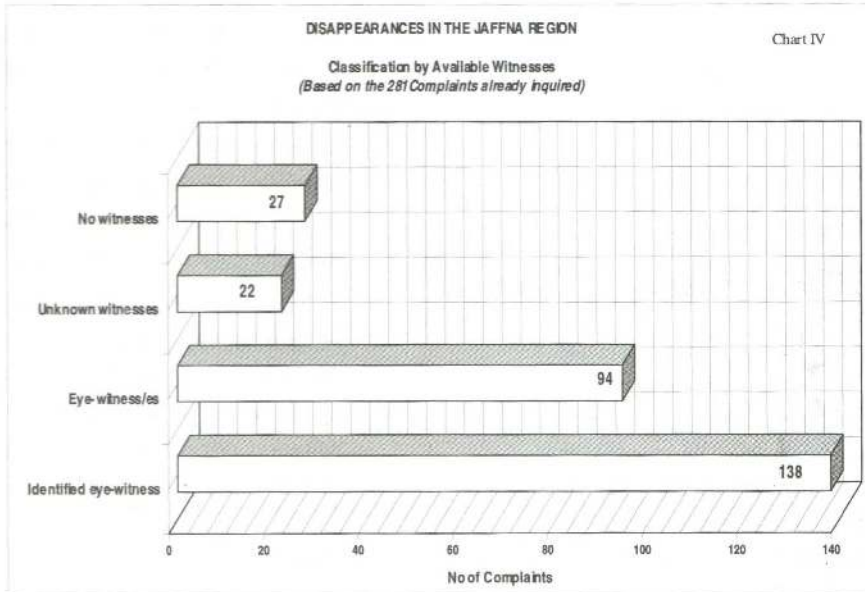
We talked with hundreds of witnesses, and heard and recorded their evidence, but nothing we had heard from earlier witnesses could immunize us from sharing in the trauma of each new witness.



An inquiry in progress before the Committee on Disappearances at the Regional Office of the Human Rights Commission in Jaffna.

A major redeeming feature of the exercise was the response of the witnesses. Clearly the families of the victims, almost without exception, desired that the investigations should be thorough and conclusive.

(One of these is 'Eye-witnesses who gave evidence'; the other is 'Eye-witnesses referred to by those who gave evidence')



97 percent of those who received our invitation (or others on behalf of those who were away or incapacitated) readily chose to give evidence, although we offered no inducements, not even reimbursement of their travel costs which many of them could ill afford to bear. Notwithstanding recurrent frustrations arising from numerous earlier complaints and inquiries that yielded no results, the complainants seemed to be

keen to unburden themselves in the faint hope that something may come out of this inquiry to put an end to their misery. That the witnesses could speak to all three Commissioners in Tamil - the only language that many of the concerned families could understand - clearly made a difference. Several witnesses returned to supply additional documentation or to offer supplementary evidence or with other witnesses to back up their own evidence. We assured them that we will complete our investigations as speedily as possible and that, while we could not guarantee the return nor provide proof of the fate of the victim, we would come to an early conclusion on each disappearance, include it in our report, and also communicate it to the relevant complainant. Sadly, in nearly every case, we have to confirm that the victim had disappeared but, hopefully, our report will help the complainants to accept the disappearances, to end their search for their missing loved ones, and to begin the process healing and of recovery.

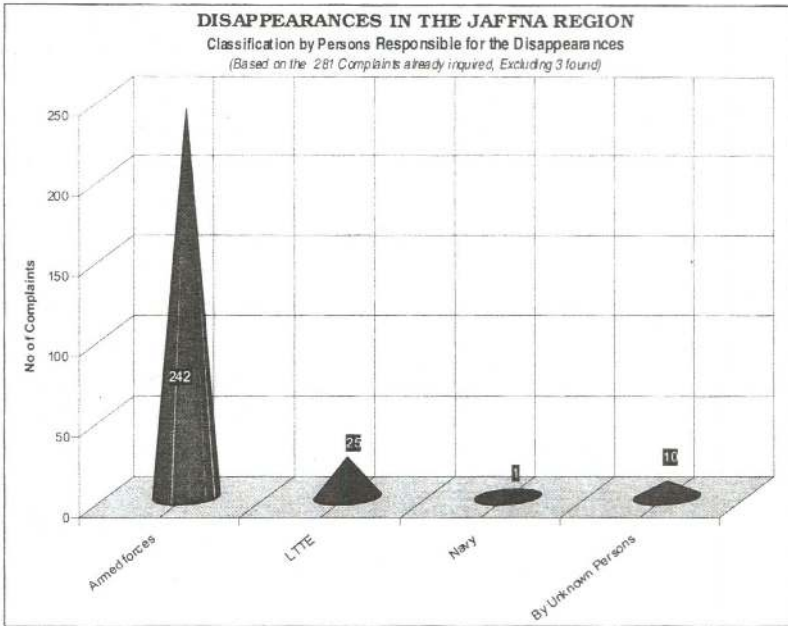
## The Accused

The question is often asked as to who wants the past investigated and who does not. Clearly, the victims do, whereas those directly and indirectly responsible for the crimes, and those who favour a cover up, do not. Though we had overwhelming co-operation from the families of the victims, the same cannot be said of several of the others whose evidence we needed. In the case of the army, we gave details such as dates, camp locations and short and/or long names by which army personnel were known locally, and requested that we be given their present locations to have the opportunity to interview them<sup>1</sup>.

We secured through informal inquiries the correct names and designations of two army personnel in service and one in (Figure 7) prison. We recorded their evidence, but were effectively denied access to many others whose evidence was of critical relevance. In those cases it was reported (vide correspondence<sup>2</sup> annexed), that the details we had given were insufficient to establish the identity of any of the service personnel concerned, in spite of the fact that, on their own admissions, the CID is investigating into the complaints against some of the persons alleged to be responsible for causing disappearances.

<sup>1</sup> Vide annex III - List of names of persons alleged to be responsible.

<sup>2</sup> Letter from Army Commander dated 15/10/03 - annex XVII.

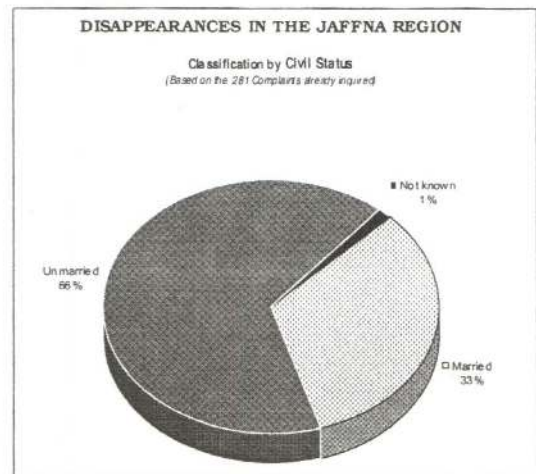


We do not find the reasons given for not being able to identify the army personnel concerned plausible. The failure of the Army to identify even one of the 37 persons in the list provided by us has driven us to suspect that this may be due to a mix of inefficiency, indifference and an unwillingness to co-operate for fear that incriminating evidence could be revealed.

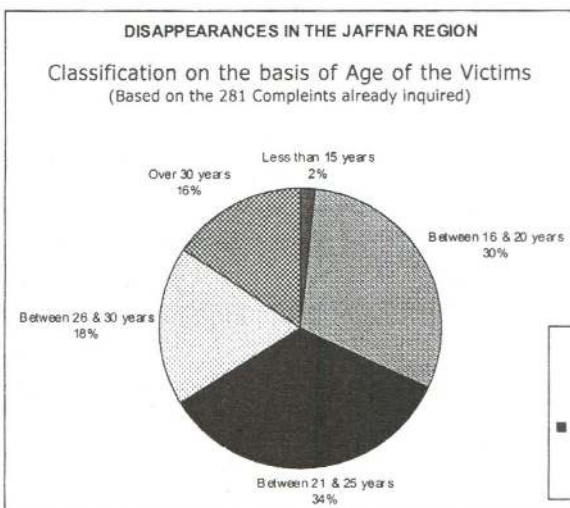
The two army personnel who in service did meet us reported that most of the documents in Jaffna of the relevant period had been lost

and provided very little useful information. One of them, Col. Duminda Keppetiwala, was directly implicated in many of the complaints relating to the disappeared. But he claimed that he remembered virtually nothing, in contrast to the complainants who had very clear memories of his involvement.

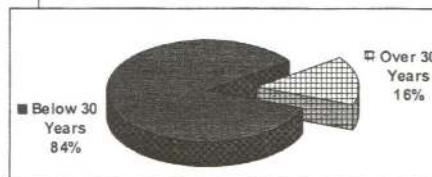
In the case of the LTTE there was only one person identified by the victims. He responded to our invitation to give evidence, but he too claimed that he could remember nothing. He agreed to consult the records and supply any available information from the list of Muslim victims in whose arrest he was implicated, on the basis of the evidence before us. But no such information was forthcoming, despite several reminders.



Our brief was limited to investigating the 281 disappearances in the list given to us by the Human Rights Commission, excluding 35 others who could not be reached and 09 others who repeatedly failed to respond to our summons. Of these 281, 256 were Tamils and 25 were Muslims. Of the 256



Tamils, it has been established that 02 were shot dead by the Army, 245 others were taken in by the Army and then disappeared, 01 was taken in by the Navy and then disappeared, 05 had disappeared with no trace as to the cause of their disappearance and, happily, the other three had returned to their homes after being in detention. 25 Muslims taken in by the LTTE had also disappeared.



In the cases assigned to us, 248 Tamils had either been killed by or disappeared after being taken in by the armed services, and 25 Muslims had either been killed by or disappeared after being taken in by LTTE. However this sample does not capture the full ethnic range of killings, disappearances and other political crimes in Sri Lanka. The protracted conflict has compromised several institutions and sections of our population, and there are victims and perpetrators among all ethnic groups, although the scale of such crimes may depend on the prevailing power structure at the relevant time in each locality. A consequence of the protracted civil war resulted in the brutalisation and corruption of state institutions responsible to protect the lives of citizens, instead went to the extent of being actively involved in the most terrible crimes against citizens, of liberation groups claiming to defend the population against oppression being involved in criminal oppression of sections of the population, and of very large numbers of otherwise decent human beings not only tolerating such activities but even justifying them as unavoidable and necessary in the circumstances.

### **Misappropriation of Personal Belongings and Criminal Motivations**

In almost every case, when a person was taken away by service personnel, personal possessions such as wristlets, cash, jewellery, vehicles etc, also disappeared. Even if there were lawful reasons to arrest a person, it is surely unlawful to take over personal possessions. But such seems to have been the practice, and the hierarchy of the services seem to have tolerated it. This practice at least in several cases, suggests that, misappropriation of personal belongings could have been a motivating factor in effecting the arrests and causing the disappearances. In some cases those who had returned recently after employment abroad and could therefore be presumed to possess some wealth were victims of disappearance. A few examples of such cases are given below:

#### **Wealth from employment overseas**

**Complt No : CHA/016**

**Victim : K. Pushparajah**  
**Complainant : V. Kamala**

There is evidence that the victim who returned after about 5 years in Saudi Arabia was arrested by the army at a round up on 19.07.1996 at Thatchanthoppu. The army officers were led by Duminda, the Officer in charge of the Navatkuli Camp. The search for him at the army camps in the area did not bear fruit. A Habeas Corpus case filed also did not help to trace him.

• • •

**Complt No : CHA/065**

**Victim : K. Ketheshwaran**  
**Complainant : K. Manoharan**

There is evidence that the victim had worked in Saudi Arabia for 14 years and returned. He was arrested by the army in round up with about 100 others on 19.07.96. Although 52 were taken to KKS, about 25 were released. Another 24, including a girl, were missing since then. The victim was among the 24 taken to Maheshwari Rice Mill and is still missing.

It was suggested that these persons were taken to avenge the death of a brother of Col. Duminda Keppetiwala during the attack on the Mullaitivu Army camp. Duminda was in charge of the Navatkuli Army camp which conducted the round up.

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## Misappropriation of Vehicles

Complt No : CHA/020

Victim : A. Kodeswaran

Complainant : K. Easwary

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army and taken with his **motor cycle** on 04.08.1996, during a round up. He had gone to buy fish when this happened. His bike too is now missing. When the complainant went looking for him, Kodeswaran was found blindfolded in a house. His motorbike was outside the house. When Colonel Duminda who was there, was asked to release him, he had told the complainant that he would be released the following day after an inquiry.

About 2 weeks prior to the incident the victim had been a witness to an arrest of another person named Sellathurai Sivarasa. It is believed that this was a contributory reason for his arrest. The victim's younger brother Adiparameswaran was arrested on the same day but was released three days later. Another person arrested on that day was released nine days later. But the said victim and his motorcycle are still missing.

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Complt No : CHA/225

Victim : P. Selvanesan

Complainant : P. Rasasothy

There is evidence that on 29.08.96 when the victim and his family were watching TV, six persons dressed in army uniform, one of whom masked, had entered the house around 9 p.m. and taken him away. When the complainant went behind the group asking that her son be released, they had said that he would be returned after inquiry. He had been taken to Navanthurai Camp and detained there. The complainant identified one Rodrigo as an Officer at the Navanthurai Army Camp. All requests to the army to release the victim yielded no results.

On 15.09.96 Rodrigo had asked the complainant for victim's **motorcycle** and the connected documents. Through fear she had given those documents. Then the army had painted the bike green and used it for their work. Selvanesan had disappeared but not his motorbike.

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## Bicycle, Jewellery etc.

Complt No : CHA/129

Victim : Asirwatham Paraniya

Complainant : A. Punithawathy

There is evidence that the victim was taken by the army at Thattatheru Check Point on 20.06.96 when he went to Mailankadhu with his mother on a **bicycle**. He was **wearing a wristlet, rings, a bracelet and a chain**. The complainant said that the victim was taken to be used as a masked man to work with the army personnel at the sentry point. Inquiries at the Ministry of Defence as well as at the Chunnakam Police were of no avail. There is no news of the victim since then. His belongings were never returned.

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**Complt No : CHA/143**

**Victim : T. Sivakumar**  
**Complainant : T. Maheshwary**

There is evidence that the victim who visited the Army Civil Affairs office to arrange to sail to Trincomalee to proceed abroad was arrested on 01.07.96, blindfolded and taken away by the army with the knowledge of the police. His **bicycle** and **gold jewellery** also disappeared. The parents suspect that he may have been taken away for the bicycle and jewellery. Nothing was heard of him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/221**

**Victim : S. Satheshkumar**  
**Complainant : S. Umadevi**

There is evidence that on 28.08.1996 the victim had gone to Chavakachcheri market on his bicycle to bring coconuts for the weekend. He was due to appear for the G.C.E. A/L examination on the same day. But he had not returned from Chavakachcheri and the parents had gone in search of him. Then the mother had seen the son's **bicycle** near the Nunavil Army Check Point. When she inquired from the army personnel about her son they had admitted arresting him and had indicated he would be released later. However nothing was heard of him thereafter.

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### **Gold, Cash and Motor Cycle**

**Complt No : CHA/223**

**Victim : S. Vasantha Mohan**  
**Complainant : S. Vasanthakumar**

There is evidence that the victim who was an undergraduate had gone on his motorbike on 28.08.96 to Jaffna to buy tyres for their lorry and flour for their bakery. He had taken along with him **Rs.25 000/=** for this purpose.

He had not returned that day. The parents went to Thinnaveli Army Camp the next day and inquired whether he was being detained there. The officers had denied any knowledge of the victim. But a girl from the University had informed the parents that she had seen the victim being taken at the army check point at the Kandarmadam Junction and being taken away with his motorbike in a van. His parents had checked at Irupalai and Punnalaikadduwan army camps. They could not find him.

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**Complt No : CHA/218**

**Victim : V. Kannathasan**  
**Complainant : V. Nagammah**

There is evidence that the victim who was a jeweller by profession, had on 26.08.1996 taken ten gold sovereigns of jewellery from Jaffna on his bicycle to Selva Jewellery shop in Chavakachcheri when he was arrested by the army. When he did not return, inquiries had been made around the place where he went missing. One Kanthar Selliah of Puttur, had seen the victim being arrested by the army. Inquiries from the army had not yielded any results. Kanthar Selliah is now dead.

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At least in a few cases there seem to have been other motivations such as eliminating men to gain **access to women** or directly taking away women with the same objective, as perhaps in the following cases:

**Complt No : CHA/321**

**Victim : C. Concey**  
**Complainant : M. Ritaamma**

The complainant M. Ritaamma the mother of the victim and the victim's sister, S. Jansi gave evidence. According to the evidence, the victim Concey was 23 years then and had returned to Gurunagar from Mullaitivu on 30.10.95. Some time afterwards she was arrested by the army and was required to sign at the army camp every day. The army would also summon her to the camp from time to time. On 25.07.96 Concey's house had been surrounded by army personnel in civil clothes who took her away in a white hiring car. Another girl had also been arrested along with her and taken to the Gurunagar camp and later released. This girl had seen Consey in custody in the Gurunagar camp. Captain Dedigama was in charge of the camp. Nothing is known of her whereabouts since then. The other girl who was released, is not traceable.

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**Complt No : CHA/233**

**Victim : P. Kumudini**  
**Complainant : P. Annaluxmy**

There is evidence that on 28/03/97 complainant's son Paraneetharan had left home at about 2.00p.m. to play at Sittarnkerny and had not returned even by about 6 p.m. Complainant had gone to look for him. Several people she met told her that her son was taken away by the army.

At about 10.30 p.m. on that day several people dressed in army uniform and carrying arms had gone home and called for her daughter, the victim. Then she had been taken away. It appears that both the victim and the brother had been arrested by the army earlier and released. Habeas Corpus application No HCA41/01 had been filed by the complainant. She had been summoned several times by the Chief Magistrate's of Colombo to give evidence in this connection. But nothing had come out of it. There had been no information about the son and the daughter thereafter.

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In a few other cases the arrests and disappearances seem to have been caused by army personnel being made use of by some local citizens to punish other local citizens on account of private disputes. Below are two examples of such cases:

**Complt No : CHA/072**

**Victim : V. Moorthy**  
**Complainant : M. Veeraluxmy**

There is evidence that the victim was a tea boutique owner and his newly married wife was an attendant at the Jaffna Hospital. He was on his way to his boutique when he was arrested in the presence of his wife on 01.07.96. Army personnel had informed the complainant that a shop owner had given some information regarding the victim to the army. Complainant suggests that the shop owner wanted to make the victim vacate from



his shop and therefore gave false information to the army to get rid of him. Several inquiries were made but all of them drew a blank.

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**Complt No : CHA/228**

**Victim : K. Ramanan**  
**Complainant : K. Parameshwary**

It appears that the victim and another boy whose name is not known, had jointly rented a video cassette player. When the boy failed to pay his share of the rental of Rs. 300/= the victim had assaulted him in retaliation. This boy is said to have informed the army that the victim is an LTTEer.

This was alleged to be the reason for the army taking the victim away on 08.02.97 from his home. The victim is missing since then.

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In some other cases, the motivation for arrests may not have been personal but casual, revealing a callous disregard for human life. For example, those with injuries seem to have been routinely picked up for disappearance on the suspicion that the victim could have been a battle scarred LTTE combatant:

**Complt No : CHA/027**

**Victim : Varatharajah Elango**  
**Complainant : N. Varatharajan**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army on 08.08.1996 and again on 09.08.1996 and finally on 11.08.1996. He had a **scar on his nose** due to an operation that was performed on him when he was young. The father stated that they were getting on well with the army personnel in the camp in the neighbourhood until General Hapangama was killed at Stanley Road, Jaffna. The victim had been arrested without any reason. Nothing is known as to what happened to the victim thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/030**

**Victim : K. Sivapunniamoorthy**  
**Complainant : S.P. Jayanthimalar**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army at Ariyalai on 05.09.1996 while he was out on business. One Kandasamy, a business colleague of his, had seen the incident but is scared to give evidence. He had been later transferred to Palaly by the army. It is believed that he had been taken because he did not carry his identity card which he had lost and also because **he had bandaged some wounds** on his legs. This may have led the Army to think that he was an injured LTTEer. The army had admitted he was in custody but he was never released thereafter.

In other cases, also indicative of a callous disregard for human life, the victims were not targeted for arrest but either stood in the way or were substitutes readily available for the person targeted for but who could not be found. These may include the following:

**Complt No** : **CHA/038,**  
**CHA/042,**  
**CHA/043,**  
**CHA/045,**  
**CHA/050**

**Victims** : **R. Sriskandarajah,**  
**R. Viknarajah,**  
**S. Jeyendran,**  
**K. Nagendran,**  
**A. Nagarasa**

**Complainants** : **S. Bhanumathy,**  
**V. Thayawathy,**  
**J. Thamilthevi,**  
**K.Sivapakiyan,**  
**N. Thilagawathy**

There is evidence that a well was being dug on 07.08.1996 in the premises of the complainant No. 1. S. Bhanumathy by five persons, viz. R. Sriskandarajah, R. Viknarajah, S. Jeyendran, K. Nagendran, A. Nagarasa. The army had come and arrested all of them. The complainant tried to intervene but could not stop the arrest. The complainant, together with the others connected, had visited these persons at the Kerudavil Army Camp. But on a subsequent visit they were told that those arrested persons had been transferred to Jaffna. They were also told that the Army was not really interested in these five persons, but had come looking for someone else whose name they did not divulge. There is no news of any of them since then.

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**Complt No** : **CHA/120**

**Victim** : **Vijayakumar Suthamalar**  
**Complainant** : **A. Yogeswaran**

There is evidence that the victim's husband had a flat tyre and was wheeling his cycle through the Nunavil Junction while on his way to his mother's house on 06.06.1996, when the army arrested him and put him into a truck. The victim in this case, had refused to go unless they released him so they took her also along. Sirikantha, a fellow employee of her husband at the cycle shop informed the victim's father about the arrest. Their inquiries at the army camp were of no avail. Both the husband and wife are missing since then.

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Another category of persons who disappeared were those whose services were required by the army. They had perhaps availed of their skills and later got rid of them as they could have acquired too much information about the set up in the camps. Here are a few examples:

**Complt No** : **CHA/153**

**Victim** : **D. Sureshkumar**  
**Complainant** : **D. Bridget**

There is evidence that masked soldiers who came in the night on 20.07.96 had asked them to turn off the light. Then they asked for information about the LTTE which had been operating in that area earlier. They took the victim away to the Sinnakaday camp. A month afterwards, the arrest was confirmed by the officer in charge at the Sinnakaday

Camp who had told that the victim would be released in 2 years. A few months later the victim was seen being **used as an informer** in a roundup conducted by the army officer called Marikkar. The father had spotted his son, though he was masked, and identified him by a long birth mark on his right arm. In 1998 the father had again spotted him in an army truck. The father believes that the victim may have been used many times as a masked informer. He was never seen thereafter. The complainant Bridget, who is the mother and Joseph, who is the father of the victim, gave evidence.

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Complt No : CHA/216

Victim : T. Ranesh  
Complainant : T. Saroja

Victim was a **motor mechanic** who had done small repairs for the army from time to time and was also known to Cpl Sampath Rajapakse. There is evidence that the victim went to Jaffna Town on 23/08/1996 in connection with his work, and was taken in by Cpl Sampath Rajapakse of the army. A girl, whose name is not known, had also informed the family that some persons dressed in uniforms similar to that of the army had taken away the victim. The victim had not been heard of since.

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Complt No : CHA/226

Victim : I. Niruban  
Complainant : I. Pooranam

There is evidence that on 28/01/97 at about 10.30 a.m. the complainant had seen some persons dressed in army type uniform trying to take away her son. They had removed his shorts, torn it into two and tied his hands using the torn pieces. He had then been taken to the Gajaba camp and kept for about 4 months. The arrest of the victim was also seen by one S. Rajathurai. She had learnt from some others later that the victim had been **made to do odd jobs** for the army. The complainant claims to have seen and identified the victim being taken around in a truck subsequently, dressed in army uniform and with his face covered by a mask. There is no further information about him since then.

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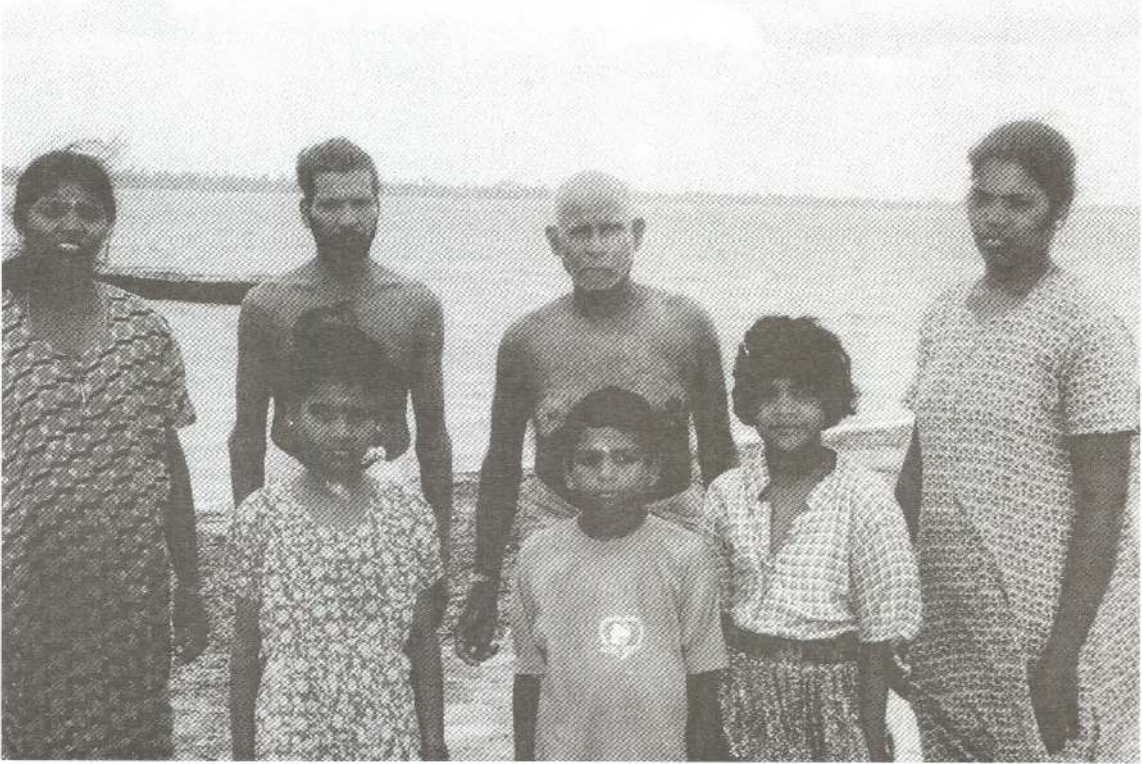
Complt No : CHA/227

Victim : R. Sasinthan  
Complainant : E. Selvarani

There is evidence that the victim who was running a cycle repair shop in Manipay Market had been taken by the army on 6/7/97 along with another person called Ramanan. The information about the arrest had been given to the family by those in the market at the time who had seen the arrest. Ramanan had been released shortly afterwards.

The complainant believes that the victim was arrested by the Uduvil Army Camp personnel. She claims that on the same day of arrest the victim was brought to the Kovil by the army, dressed in uniform and with his face covered, **to serve as a masked informer**. She said that she could recognize her son by many external signs in spite of his face being covered and being put into an army uniform. The victim had not been heard of since

A recurrent statement by witnesses was that it was the disappeared victim who was already the leader and economic mainstay of the family or, though yet too young, clearly possessed such potential. We considered the possibility that many witnesses may have exaggerated the role of the disappeared, but could not escape the conclusion that, even allowing for some exaggeration, in very many cases such statements contained a core of truth.



Some members of the fishing community in Kovilakandy, Chavakachcheri. These women lost their husbands. The old man had lost his son and the other lost a brother. The children are fatherless. What does the future hold for them?

Why were those with such characteristics disproportionately selected for 'disappearance'? One reason could be that their skills and leadership qualities had been used by the 'enemy' for their ends, and the captors might have felt justified in punishing them. Another could be that such skills and leadership qualities marked them out as threatening to those who sought to subdue the family and local community.

A third reason could be that these persons were useful to provide a range of services (including, but not confined to intelligence work) to their captors, or for extortion purposes, but in the process of working with their captors over a period of time, they got to know too many secrets to be permitted to get back to their families and community.

Whatever the reasons, the elimination of the leaders and potential leaders has not only had particularly disastrous social and economic impact on the family and the community, but also undermined the capacity and potential for reconciliation and recovery. It is those capable of mobilizing and leading the family and community under the most unfavourable circumstances who may also be best equipped to pioneer reconciliation and recovery.

### **The Role of the Services**

Most of the arrests of the disappeared Tamils were made by army personnel. In a few cases police personnel may have been present, but in most cases, we have no evidence of such presence. Col. Duminda Keppetiwalana said that those arrested were routinely and promptly passed on to the custody of the police, but we have no evidence in support of this claim. In fact, S.P., Jaffna, who

gave evidence before us, said that he has no records pertaining to any of those on our lists of missing persons being handed over to police custody. In the absence of such evidence, it is the army that we hold responsible for the disappearances of those taken in by army personnel.

The police record in respect of disappearances in Jaffna is heavily marred by overwhelming evidence that they had initially refused to take down the statements by the complainants in respect of the arrests and, when they did belatedly record statements, they were nearly all in Sinhala (which none of the complainants understood) and, moreover, were badly and systematically distorted to avoid revealing the institutional identity of those making the arrests. In consequence, whilst most of these statements are of no use to either the complainants or to us in identifying the person or institution responsible for the arrests, they reveal police complicity, if not in the disappearance, at least in attempts to cover up. Having heard the evidence of hundreds of complainants and read the statements recorded by the police in Sinhalese that they had signed, we have no doubt that the distortion was deliberate.

The police hierarchy is also guilty in that they failed to provide facilities for statements from the public to be recorded in the language in which they were made. Complainants signing such distorted statements destroy their own case, and this seems to be what they were led to do at the police stations. The police hierarchy must take the responsibility for permitting this to happen.

An obvious remedy would have been to proceed to recruit and train an adequate number of Tamil speaking policemen and, in the meanwhile, to make interim arrangements where necessary for responsible Tamil speaking civilians to be hired to record statements in Tamil in police stations. Why was this not done?



A dilapidated mosque in the Muslim area of Jaffna. Some of the 25 Muslims who had been abducted allegedly by the LTTE had been taken from mosques in the area.

### **The Role of LTTE**

In the cases of disappearances of the 35 Muslims arrested by the LTTE only 25 were inquired into; 10 complainants could not be traced. We have adequate evidence of the arrest of the 25 but very little information on the circumstances or causes. The Jaffna political leader of the LTTE, Mr. Ilamparuthy alias Anchaneyer, gave evidence before us and made a general statement that arrests

were made by the LTTE during the relevant period only for purposes of investigation and punishment of crimes. When asked about the 35 complaints regarding Muslims who had disappeared, he disclaimed any knowledge. The list of these 35 cases was given to him, and he undertook to check with their records and report.

But no reply has been received in spite of several reminders over the telephone and in writing. There was no response to our attempts to reach the LTTE hierarchy at the Political Headquarters in Kilinochchi to get information about these disappearances.

Having listened to the evidence of the Muslim complainants, we have no reason to suspect any personal motivation in the case of any of these arrests, but are left with no clue as to what the 'crime' referred to could have been in each case. Was it political (e.g. collaborating with army or providing independent leadership to the Muslim community), or financial (e.g. non-payment of taxes, or failing to submit to directives in respect of business transactions)? We have no evidence to come to any conclusion except to hold the LTTE responsible for the disappearance of each of these 25 Muslims, the complaints in respect of which evidence was heard by the Committee. Nothing could be said about the remaining 10 complaints regarding Muslims who disappeared as no evidence was available to the Committee.

We have faulted the police and the armed forces for institutional racism; we fault the LTTE too on this account for specially targeting Muslim leaders for arrest. The LTTE needs to urgently address its relationship with the Muslims.

What we have said about chain of command responsibility of those high up in the police and the armed services applies equally to the LTTE. Irrespective of who in the LTTE makes the arrests, those high up in the organization are responsible.

Some of the institutional reforms we have urged in respect of the services need to be adopted by the LTTE too. The families and the Human Rights Commission need to be kept informed of any person taken into custody, for whatever reason, and of the release of that person; the responsibility of the LTTE for the disappeared continues until the family and the Human Rights Commission gain access to that person.

## Chapter III

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### Proceedings Regarding Those Responsible

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**"There can be no healing without peace; there can be no peace without justice; there can be no justice without respect for human rights and the rule of law"**

Kofi Annan,  
Secretary General of United Nations

#### Arrests, Detentions and Transfers

The relevant rules have been modified under the Emergency Regulations and the Prevention of Terrorism Act, but it appears that the rules have been flouted with impunity with devastating consequences. It appears that thousands of innocent persons could be arrested, indefinitely detained, tortured, raped and killed, and their bodies disposed of with no information provided to anyone and without any records being kept. Those directly involved in the unlawful detention, torture, rape, killings and disposal of the bodies bear responsibility, but so too do those complicit in any stage of these operations. Special responsibility lies with those at the apex of the command structure, who permitted this state of affairs to exist, whether or not they were directly involved in the activities listed above. It is important that, as recommended in the Report, "Officials with Chain of Command responsibility who order or tolerate "disappearances" by those under their command should incur themselves criminal liability invariably."

We strongly endorse the recommendations contained in Chapter V of the Report of the All Island Commission on Disappearances (annex X) and, in particular, the following –

1. All arrests, detention and transfers, must be immediately recorded by the arresting authority.
2. The nearest police station should be informed of all arrests and this information should be maintained in a register.
3. The Human Rights Commission should be informed within 48 hours, by the Officer-in-Charge of the Police Station or army camp, of all arrests made. The IGP should be required to compile and make available to the Human Rights Commission statistics of compliance.

4. The Divisional Secretary concerned should be informed, weekly, by the Officer-in-Charge of the Police Station or army camp, of all arrests made.
5. The duty to produce detainees before the Magistrate within 24 hours of the arrest should be enforced even in respect of any detention under any Emergency Regulations, and the Magistrate must be kept informed of any change in the place of custody or release.
6. The prescribed receipt of arrest is an essential preventive measure and must be issued to a family member or friend in all cases, with a copy given to the detainee.
7. The places of detention should be given due publicity in places such as the District Secretariat, the Divisional Secretariat, the Grama Niladharis' Office and Magistrate's Courts.
8. The Regulations regarding prompt handing over to the Police or to the prison authorities should be enforced.
9. The Magistrate should be required to visit authorized places of detention monthly and, in addition, any other alleged place of detention brought to his notice.
10. The Prison Rules, including the right of the detainee to communicate with the family and with legal counsel should be enforced, even in respect of those held under the Emergency Regulations.
11. Release from detention should be through the courts or to the families, with records kept of the acknowledgement given by the family member concerned. The Magistrate's Court and the Divisional Secretary must be informed of the release.

### **Punishment for failure to observe the rules**

1. The failure to maintain records and observe the other rules in respect of detention should be a cognizable offence, and the police or security personnel concerned should be promptly prosecuted. There should also be provision for private complaints in such cases.
2. In addition to the prosecution referred to above, the police or security personnel concerned should be subject to disciplinary action. In the event of the superior officers failing to institute disciplinary action, they themselves should be subjected to disciplinary action.
3. The penalties for these offences should be severe and include entry in the service record, suspension, loss of promotion, termination of service etc. It is essential that the service record of an officer should include instances where the Supreme Court has found the officer to be guilty of breach of fundamental rights and responsibility in habeas corpus applications.

### **Those under investigation**

We agree with the recommendation in the Report<sup>1</sup> that, "Such persons should be transferred out of the area of alleged incidents under investigations. Interdiction, however, should not take place until a disciplinary inquiry or a criminal prosecution is instituted. However if any alleged attempt is reported –

- to interfere with witnesses;
- threats to lawyers<sup>2</sup>;
- threats to petitioners and witnesses; and
- obstruct investigations;

we recommend that they should not only be the subject of a further inquiry followed by further punishment, but such complaints should be grounds for interdiction as being evidence of unchanged attitude and conduct."

<sup>1</sup> Final Report of the Commission of Inquiry into Involuntary Removal and Disappearance of certain Persons (All Island) - Vide Sessional Paper No: 1 – 2001.

<sup>2</sup> Vide page 18 *ibid*.



## Punishments

We endorse the recommendations in the Report that, "Imprisonment of individual perpetrators convicted by a Court of Law and consequent dismissal from service are possible already and should be the invariable practice with regard to this category of offenders ..... Disciplinary action not only can, but must follow.

The absence of Disciplinary Inquiry at the Police Departmental level and Court Martial in respect of errant members of the security forces will have as its inevitable outcome, a sense of *de facto* impunity which, in turn, will give rise to a sense of resentment in the forces if and when discipline and accountability are re-asserted.

It is recommended that the allegations of unjust enrichment should be the subject of consideration at the trial so as to obviate the need for a multiplicity of actions. The liability to restore to the complainants any unjust enrichment and the award of compensation should be the part of a punishment, never a substitute."

The Report at page 20, contains several valuable recommendations, reproduced in annex 1, which we endorse.

We endorse the recommendation in the Report that it is imperative that police investigations be done in respect of all the findings collectively and not selectively on a case by case basis alone. This would also help to give families of victims re-assurance that investigations are being carried out as comprehensively as possible with a view to mete out justice impartially. A positive move is that some initiative has already been taken in response to the recommendations of the Presidential Commission of Inquiry into Disappearances. A Disappearances Investigation Unit (DIU) has been set up under the Deputy Inspector General of Police of the Criminal Investigation Department, it appears that a few cases have been taken up but that the progress is slow. It is necessary to empower the DIU to accomplish all its tasks thoroughly, comprehensively. We also endorse the recommendation to empower the Human Rights Commission to have a prosecuting arm in an independent Human Rights Prosecutor, and share the expectation that :

"It is hoped that the coming into existence of an office of an Independent Human Rights Prosecutor and the prosecutions initiated thereby will give rise to valuable jurisprudence on State liability for breach of human rights norms, in contradistinction to the outcome of proceedings in normal prosecutions as at present, which emphasizes the culpability of errant individual officials alone."

## Amnesty for whistle blowing

This is a device that has been used extensively in other countries to extract confessions that may not otherwise be forthcoming. Confessions are particularly valuable if they provide essential evidence against those accomplices who may be unwilling to confess, or which help to throw light on the fate of victims in respect of whom vital information is lacking. On the other hand amnesties should not be too freely available - the benefit to the person confessing should not be so disproportionate to the value of the confession in furthering prosecutions that the victims feel cheated of justice. To qualify for amnesty, the confession should be clean and full, and should not shield either the immediate accomplices or those higher up the chain of command. In this connection we wish to reproduce, with our endorsement, from the report the submission of the Asian Human Rights Commission that:

**"If disappearances had taken place in a particular area, the ASP in Charge, even if he had no direct hand in such disappearances, should be made liable for the action of his subordinates. The liability of the officers in charge of an area cannot be treated lightly."**

In this connection it is curious to note that whereas it has been the practice in respect of other crimes to give reduced sentences, or even a full pardon in appropriate cases, to those whose confessions help to establish guilt, this does not appear to be the practice in cases of "crimes against humanity". Thus Corporal Somaratne Rajapakse, along with four others, are in the death

row for rape and murder, but they (albeit belatedly) blew the whistle on many others, against whom no action appears to have been taken, although their crimes are just as terrible.

Perhaps their fate might have been different if they blew the whistle earlier, in the course of their trial, but this is not certain. It does not appear that any attempt was made to induce them to whistle blow. In fact it could be argued that Corporal Rajapakse and the 4 others in the death row are likely to be denied any reduction in their punishment precisely because their whistle blowing is embarrassing and threatening the welfare of many senior service personnel.

This is not surprising. Alexis Leo de Silva, Superintendent in Charge of Welikada Prisons at the time of the prison massacres of the 25<sup>th</sup> and 27<sup>th</sup> July 1983 attempted to blow the whistle but was prevented from doing so by the Magistrate who held the inquest, the Commissioner General of Prisons, and those further up the hierarchy. Moreover, he was denied his increments and promotions.



St. John's Church in Hospital Road, Jaffna where several persons had been lined up by the army before masked men, for identification of those suspected to be terrorists who were then taken away. The priest of this church had intervened to help many of the victims, but could not save all of them.

In contrast, no action was taken against any of the officials involved in organizing the massacre or the prisoners involved in executing them<sup>3</sup>. Fear of such retaliation may inhibit whistle blowing against unlawful and criminal activities of state and non-state actors.

Although we have no powers of enforcement or punishment, in Chapter III, we make recommendations regarding action to be taken against those responsible in one way or the other, for the disappearances. That indiscriminate killings, torture, rape and other abuses of civilians were taking place was public knowledge. That service personnel, camps and vehicles were engaged in those activities was also public knowledge. The scale of disappearances and other human rights abuses over the years has been such that the service institutions cannot disclaim responsibility. These were not stray instances resulting from the actions of a few errant service personnel but part of a definite pattern. These could not have taken place on such a scale without the complicity

<sup>3</sup> Vide Presidential Truth Commission on Ethnic Violence, 1981 to 1983 – pages 48-62

of many at the middle levels of the hierarchy. At the higher levels if there was no direct complicity there was indifference and inefficiency in enforcing discipline, as well as complicity in the cover up.

What were the measures initiated to stop such abuses, to inquire into them, and to arrest and punish the guilty? How many arrests were made, how many were convicted and were the punishments meted out in keeping with the seriousness of the crimes such as murder, rape and torture? What precautions were taken to ensure that those who make the arrest do not misappropriate the property of those arrested? What measures were taken to ensure that the family was kept informed of the arrests and subsequent transfer or deaths, if any? What inducements were offered to elicit whistle blowing and what protection was offered to whistle blowers? All these could have been done effectively within the institution.

The evidence we have direct from many hundreds of eye-witnesses and immediate family members, constantly directs accusation not only against individual service personnel but also against the service institutions. Access to senior officers was severely restricted. Even the few who succeeded in reaching them seem to have had little or no success even in getting information about the disappeared. There was a Board of Investigation of Defence Ministry officials which would have had privileged access to service personnel at all levels.

But the entire exercise seems to have been aborted; the Report, if any, was not published nor is there recommendations of any significance that came out of the investigation. Having weighed the evidence, we have no option but to hold the service institutions responsible for the disappearances of 256\* *Tamil persons*. This does not mean that special responsibility is not cast on particular individuals. Disciplinary action should be taken against them without any further delay.



The Jaffna Bus Stand from where several arrests had been made of persons who had come to take a bus to get home from work or after tuition classes.

In the case of those arrested by the LTTE we are equally ignorant of their fate. Since most of the Muslim complaints have been displaced to Puttalam we held a sitting in Puttalam and another in

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\* 3 of them were subsequently released.

Colombo to record their evidence. But information of the fate of the Muslim disappeared has been just as difficult to come by, as in the case of the Tamil disappearances. It is only in respect of the manner of arrests that there was a difference. The Muslim arrests were done openly and in public, whereas several of the army arrests were not. But thereafter the transparency ended.

In the circumstances we have no option but to hold the LTTE responsible for the disappearances of 25 Muslim persons we inquired into. The transparency ended as the families had no communication from the LTTE, neither was any relevant information provided to us, in spite of reminders.

We endorse the recommendation contained in the Report<sup>4</sup>, "to set up machinery by way of a Special Committee of Eminent Persons to entertain and record evidence and to recommend an amnesty to such witnesses from within the structures who, within a stated period, confessed to their own participation in the violations of the human right at issue and give full evidence in respect of the whole incident including orders received, planning for, etc. The provisions of the South African Truth Commission may be considered a model." But it may be necessary to go beyond offering amnesty to providing protection from extra-legal retaliation or punishment for whistle blowing and, even further, to giving adequate incentives for effective whistle blowing.

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<sup>4</sup> Vide Final Report of the Presidential Commission on Disappearances (All Island).

## Chapter IV

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### **Disclaiming of Responsibility and other Irregularities**

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An almost invariable pattern emerging from our inquiries is of denial of responsibility for the victim on the part of those who made the arrest, those to whom the victim was transferred, and all other service personnel involved, all the way up to the chain of command.

#### **Blindfolding the victim**

In most cases the victims appear to have been blindfolded before being taken away. Blindfolding prevents the victim from identifying the others being taken away, the route followed, the destination and the identity of the others detained there. Perhaps this was a precaution against information leaking out in the event of a victim securing release from custody. But if the arrests and detentions were lawful, what was the need for such precautions? The suspicion is inescapable that the entire exercise was planned and executed as an unlawful operation with an unlawful objective.

#### **Night arrests by unidentified masked men**

There is much evidence to suggest that a very large number of the arrests were made by service personnel who knew the victim, or by service personnel accompanied by masked informers who knew the victim. In several cases the arrests were made at night, often after ensuring that the lights were turned off; frequently even the service personnel were masked. In many of these cases the identity of those who made the arrest could not be established at the time of the arrest, and it was easy for those responsible to deny any hand in it. But even in such cases the responsibility of the local service unit for the arrest cannot be disclaimed.

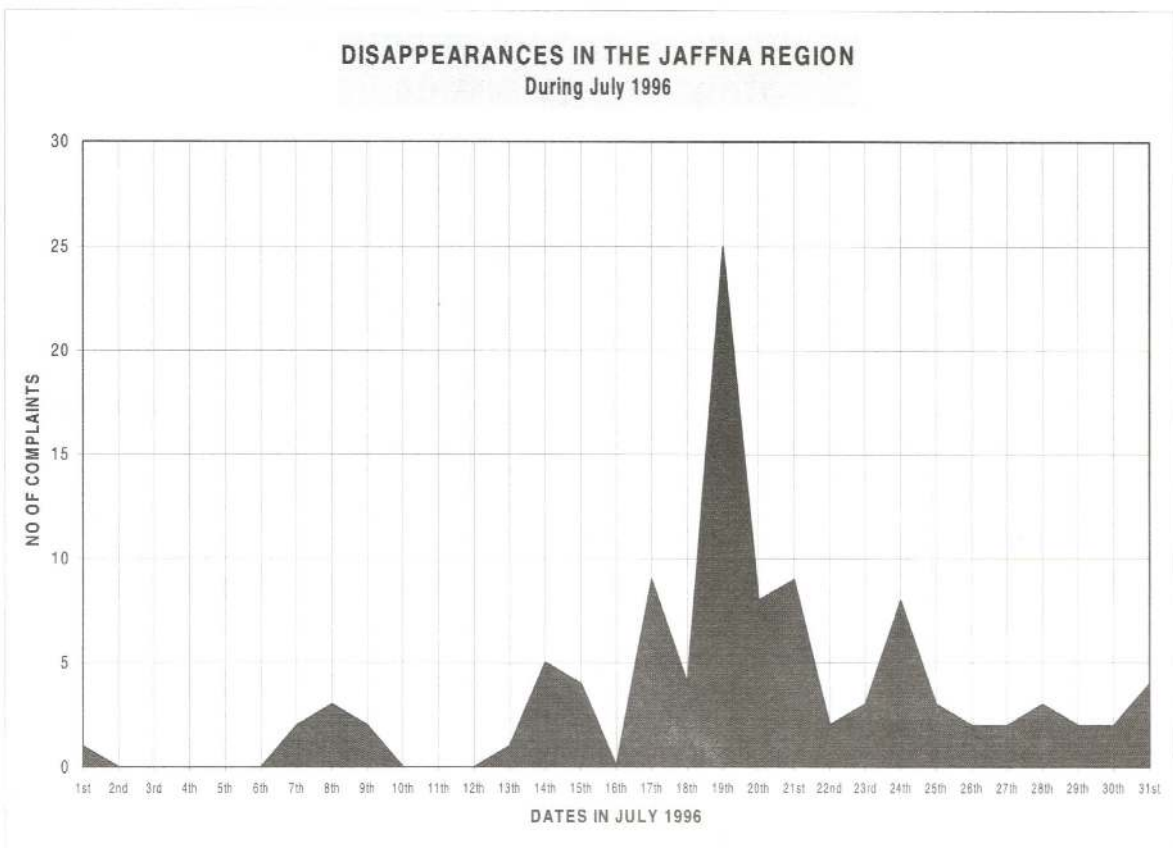
There were no militant groups that could move freely in that period, particularly during night curfew hours without the knowledge and backing of the armed services. In the environment and circumstances prevailing at that time, it is not plausible to suggest that any unauthorized group could have made the arrests without the collusion of the armed services, and any denial of responsibility by them is untenable.

But what was the need for those making the arrests to wear masks? This might have been either because the army personnel did not want to be identified or some of them were not regular army

personnel but members of other militant groups or other informants working with the army who did not want to be recognized. Particularly if there were service personnel who did not wish to be identified, it would raise suspicions that the operation was not intended to make lawful arrests but, rather, to effect disappearances. The fact that large numbers of those taken away have, in fact, disappeared suggests that this was so in many cases.

### Arrests by identified service personnel

In very many cases the arrests were made in the presence of witnesses who could identify those who made the arrests. The witnesses may be family members, friends, colleagues or others who happened to be present at the time of the arrest. In these cases we have recorded the available evidence and, in many cases, more evidence could be recorded if necessary. In many other cases the arrests were made in public round-ups in the presence of virtually every adult in the neighborhood. In all these cases, the fact of the arrest and the fact that they were by service personnel, are unchallenged.



Even in cases where the identity of those who made the arrest was known, responsibility had been disclaimed. Either the fact of the arrest was denied altogether (notwithstanding the absurdity of such denials), or it was reported to those who sought information that the victim had been transferred to another camp and would soon be released, or that with such transfer those who made the arrest had lost track of the victim and had no further information to offer. It is possible that in some cases the individuals who made the arrest did not have the full information on the fate of the victim. But they remain responsible to provide information on who took over the custody and what they did with the victim.

But for the officer in charge of the camp, the degree of responsibility is much higher. The head of the unit arresting the victim cannot disclaim responsibility for their fate. Was the arrest lawful? Was it done in the prescribed manner with openness and transparency? Were family members informed? Was the prescribed "receipt" issued in respect of the arrest?

Was the victim retained in custody lawfully and not in excess of the prescribed time limit? If the victim was transferred to another unit, are there records of the transfer available? Were family members informed of the transfer? Were precautions taken to prevent detainees from being maltreated? The senior officers may or may not have known the answers to any or all of these questions in any or every case. But it was their responsibility to ensure that such irregularities did not flourish in institutions under their charge.

### **Disclaiming Responsibility**

The evidence of Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwala, (whose name transpired in very many complaints) was interrogated by the Committee and his evidence was a total denial of any persons being arrested by him, in particular, or by the army, in general. The army "never arrests" he said. It is only the Police who make arrests, while the army provides the cordon for the search and roundups. "The military intelligence also arrests" he added, qualifying the earlier denial. The Committee summoned the Superintendent of Police, Jaffna who stated that they have records of all persons arrested by the Police. Such records were perused and the names of none of those who are alleged to have disappeared were found in the books of the police. In the absence of any supportive evidence the Committee is unable to accept the claim that all the arrests were either made by the police or that those arrested were promptly transferred to police custody.



A view of Chemmani from Navatkuli end where several roundups, arrests and disappearances have taken place. It is believed that several bodies of disappeared persons are buried in this area.

When General Lohan Gunawardena, Chief of Staff of the Army who gave evidence before the Committee, was questioned about those arrested, he stated that only the records mentioned after 1997 are available, those prior to it having been lost or destroyed during the various attacks on army camps.

The records of the Kalutara Prison, where Tamil suspects are detained were also checked. None of the names of these disappeared persons were found in the lists provided. In the circumstances the Committee had no choice but to hold that though there is clear evidence in most of the complaints of disappearances inquired into that the person concerned was arrested or abducted by the security

forces personnel, there is none to indicate that they were released or detained somewhere or, indeed, that such persons are living.

### **Acknowledgement of Arrests**

We did not find the suggestion that those who took away the victims were not responsible for their disappearances to be convincing. No evidence was forthcoming that the victims were lawfully handed over to the police or any other institution for custody or released. In the absence of any such evidence, the responsibility for the victims remains with those who took them.

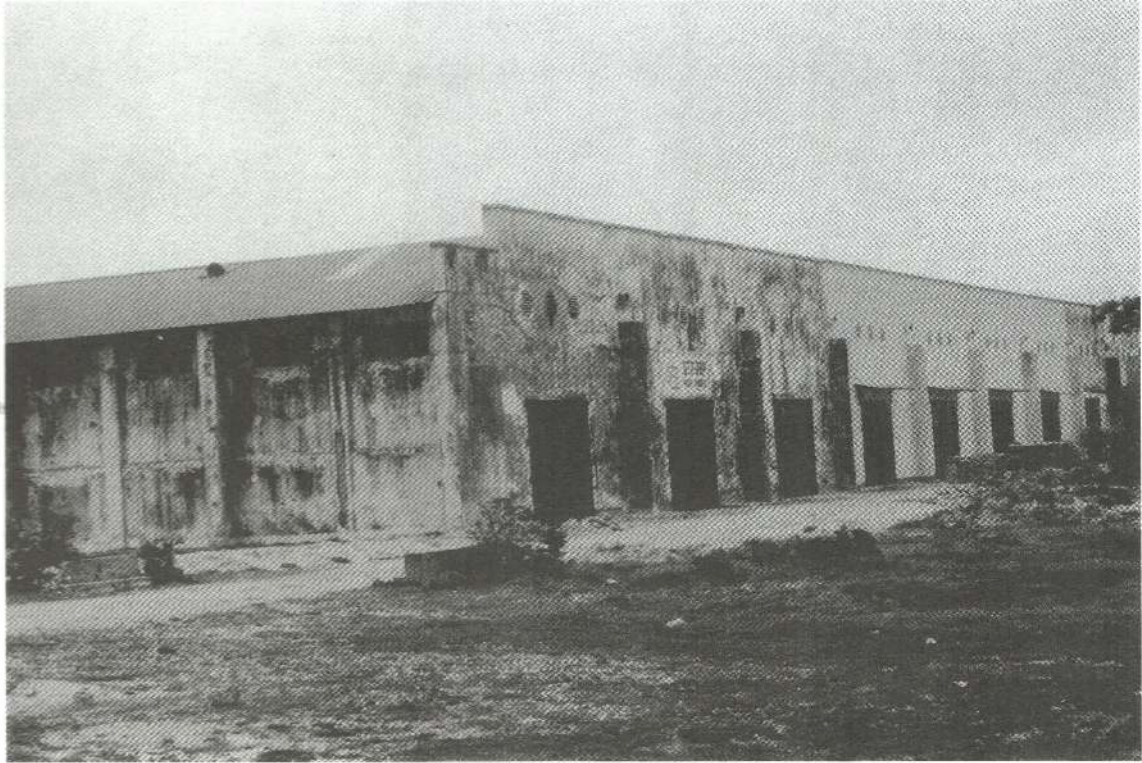
It is conceivable that one or two of the Tamils alleged to have disappeared after being taken in by the armed services could have got out and either voluntarily or involuntarily joined the LTTE. But none of the evidence we have been able to gather suggests that this was so in any case before us; on the contrary, the fact that the families were yet searching for them and had reported them as missing suggests otherwise. If they had joined the LTTE, the families would have been motivated to keep silent rather than initiate an inquiry. Likewise, we have no reasons to believe that any of the Muslims taken in by LTTE were released. The inescapable conclusion is that, in most cases, they are yet in the custody of the respective institutions that made the arrests or, more likely, they are no longer living.



A kovil in Meesalai from where a priest cum teacher was removed while performing religious rites. His wife poses at the spot from where her husband was taken away by the army. He has since disappeared.



Besides in almost every case there is clear evidence of the arrests or abductions of Tamils having been made by the security forces personnel, be it at a check point, during round ups or cordon and search operations or other circumstances. There is also evidence of some of those who were arrested or abducted being seen in temporary detention centres such as a rice mill or a food store, blindfolded and with their hands and feet tied. In almost all such cases there had been no trace of the person after being taken away. In the case of the Muslims, the available evidence is of their arrest by LTTE; none of them have been seen since.



A rice store which the people of the area called a rice mill in Navatkuli, in which over hundreds who had been rounded up from Thanan kilappu, Thatchanthoppu and Navatkuli had been detained, blindfolded, hand cuffed and tortured before being taken away. Many persons have seen arrested persons being kept in this mill.

### **A Recurrent Pattern is of Denial of Arrests**

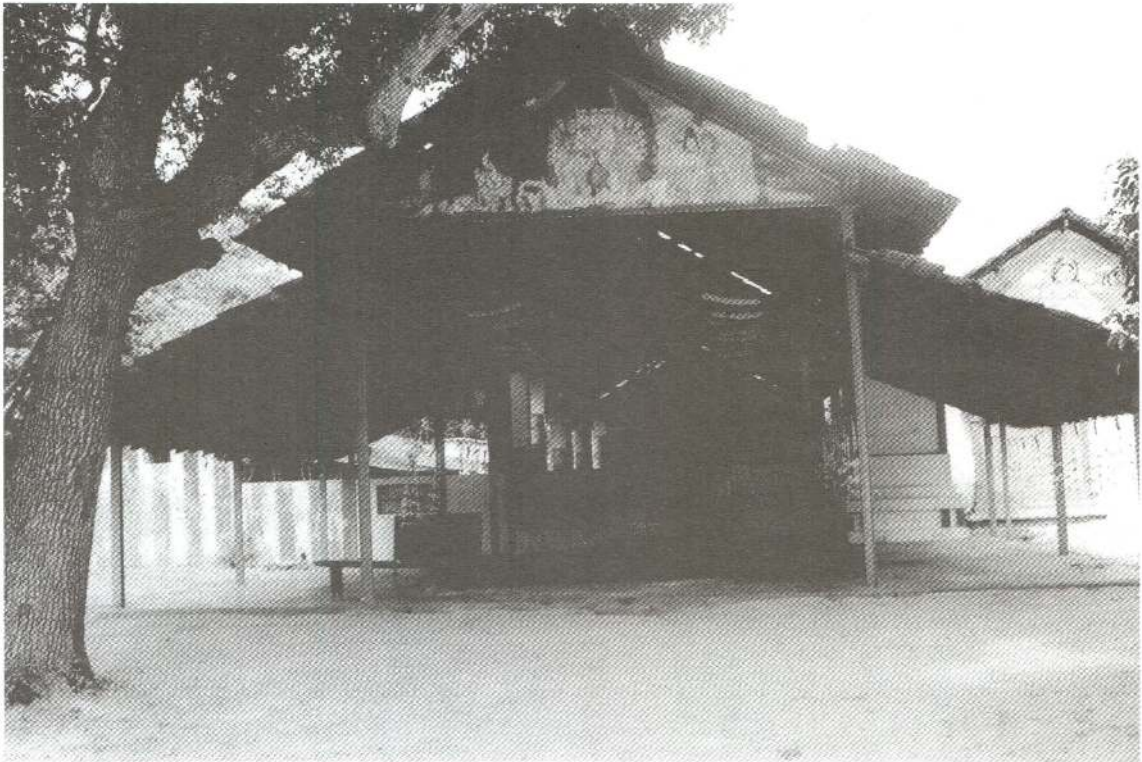
A In Case No: CHA/126, in contrast to most others, the family got to know of the arrest very quickly, went to the sentry point and saw the victim in custody. Those who saw him included the parents, the two brothers and the owner of the jewellery shop in which the victim worked. Of these five, the parents are dead, but the jewellery shop owner and the brothers are yet living and can give evidence. Thus any attempt to deny making the arrest can be effectively refuted.

According to the witnesses in that case, they were asked to come again later to fetch the brother but when they went back at 2 p.m., they were told that the victim had been released. When they insisted that the victim had not returned home, they were asked to return at 5 p.m. This may suggest that the fate of the victim was yet in the balance at that time.

When they went back at 5 p.m. the sentries had changed and the new sentries said that there was no record of any such arrest. The family continued to make inquiries, over subsequent weeks but got no information from the Army. A possible explanation for the denial of the arrest may be that it had been decided to effect the 'disappearance' of the victim.

The evidence of Ratnam Ganeshamorthy in Case No:CHA/036 also seems to confirm a familiar pattern of systematic deception. The army personnel had first told him that Sriharan, who was

arrested near a bridge, had been released and had gone home by bus. But when Ratnam Ganeshamoorthy had spotted him, bound and blind folded, under the bridge, he was released, but arrested again almost immediately afterwards, a 100 yards, away.



A Hindu temple in Chavakachcheri North where persons arrested from their homes in the area were detained before being taken away. Almost all have now disappeared.

When Ratnam Ganeshamoorthy returned a while later to inquire, a similar story was told of the victim Sriharan having been released and gone either to his home or to his uncle's house. There was no uncle's house close by and he had not gone home but on this occasion Sriharan could not be spotted in the vicinity. When they inquired again the next day it was suggested that he may have runaway to join the Tigers. It is relevant to note that the victim was well built, dark complexioned, and had a scar on his back, perhaps fitting a profile of an LTTE cadre in the minds of the soldiers. It is possible that the fate of the victim was decided immediately after the 1st arrest. This appears to have been the case in many other instances too. If the victim was only going to be questioned, there would have been no need to deny the arrest or to mislead the family in anyway.

In passing it needs to be noted that the witness Ganeshamoorthy showed commendable concern for his employee, who was also his relative, to the extent of confronting the soldiers on three occasions and, in between the first and second confrontations, leaving his tractor with coconuts unattended and coming back. He had actually secured a temporary release but it had been clearly determined that Sriharan would not get away. Perhaps with the first arrest, as in many other cases, his fate was sealed. But there is also evidence of a pattern of a few among the immediate community showing their concern and attempting to protect those arrested even at some risk to themselves.

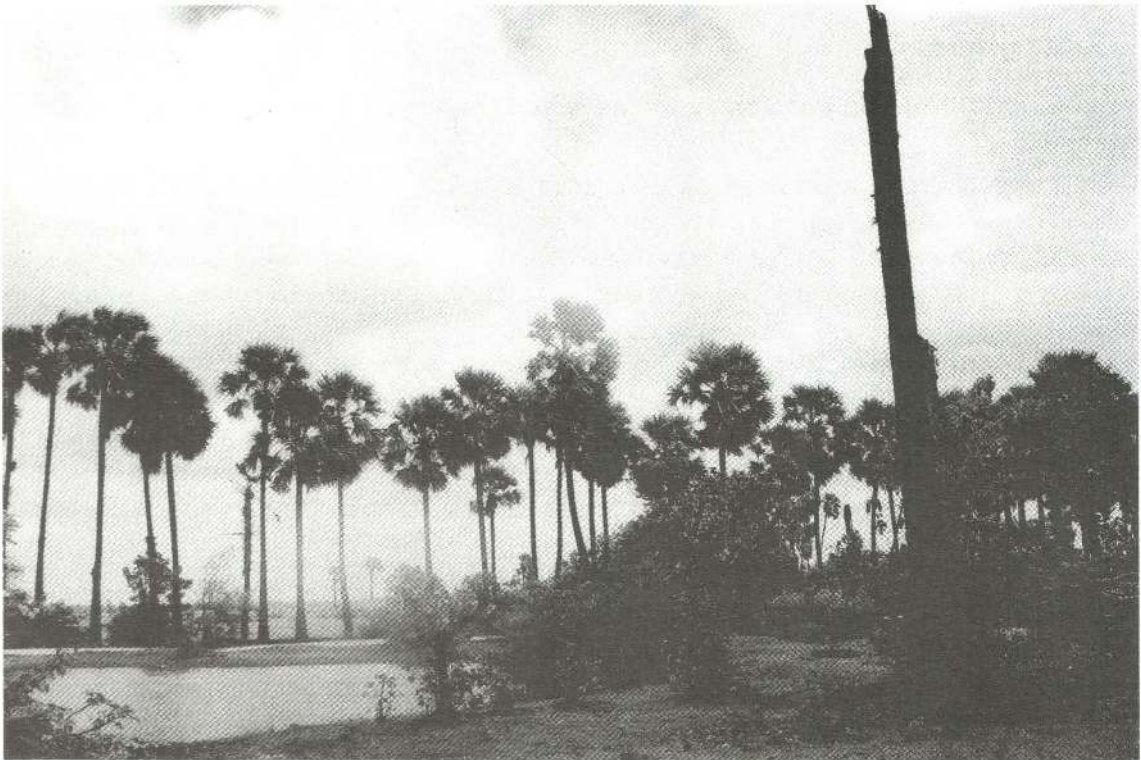
We note a persistent tendency to deny arrests. While in many cases arrest details are not known, in many several instances there are witnesses to the arrest, contradicting subsequent denials of the arrest on the part of the Army. In many cases the evidence of the arrest is amply supported, and the army would need to give an account of what they did with the arrested person. To say that records are not available is unacceptable.

### Statements Recorded by the Police

In Case No:129 as in many others, we note that the statement to the Police was recorded in Sinhala and did not give all the essential details needed. In many cases even the details needed to link with the Police records were not there. In this case the Police had first refused to take down her statement and then taken it down in Sinhala but the details were significantly changed. According to the complainant the victim was taken away at the check point. But according to the copy of the statement recorded by the Police, the victim was arrested before the victim reached the check point by unidentified men wearing uniforms similar to that worn by the Army.

In contrast, in the evidence of the witness, the arrest was made at the check point. It appears that there had been a systematic and deliberate attempt by the Police, in this and in other cases, to avoid recording information that could incriminate the police or the army, or to distort the recording so as to facilitate disclaiming of responsibility.

Further, in their oral evidence given to us, many witnesses showed no doubt as to the institutional affiliation of those who took the victims away and, in several cases, of the identity of the individuals who made the arrests. In nearly all cases they identified the institution as the army and, in a few cases, as the police. In contrast, in the statements recorded in Sinhalese at the Police station it had been frequently recorded that those who took the victims away "were dressed in uniforms similar to those of the army". In some cases the Sinhala statements explicitly said that the witness could not say if those who took the victims away were army personnel. This is in contradiction to the oral evidence consistently given to us. Since nearly all the witnesses could neither read nor understand Sinhalese it seems likely that the statements as recorded may contain a systematically distorted version of what was said by the complainants and/or witnesses.



A Typical scene of a village in Kaithady not far from Jaffna, from where several persons who had been arrested had later disappeared.

## Chapter V

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### Preventive Measures

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#### Vigilante groups

##### **The elimination of the possibility of the maintenance of a 'Private Army' at State expense**

"The maintenance of a considerable number of armed personnel as security guards etc. of politicians at state expense, was a feature of the period under consideration, which requires to be dismantled immediately." Non-service persons selected by politicians were given the rank and emoluments of army personnel. They were paid and armed but not directly controlled by the Army, and were used to back up Army operations. These "soldiers" saw their role not as protecting the population but rather in moving against personal enemies, acting for personal benefit or moving against the opponents of the politicians concerned. We endorse the recommendation that, "the security of public figures should be provided by a special security coordination division of the Police. Officers attached to this division who should be subjected to the command and supervision of superior officers in the service and be subject to periodical transfer."

##### **A Police Lay-Visitors' Panel for each Police area**

"It is necessary to re-establish community-based forces and procedures to which the citizens can turn when faced with the possible misuse of police powers, i.e. State power. Such community-based structures have an invaluable part to play in the areas of both monitoring and of preventing the misuse of power.

To serve this function we recommend a Panel of Lay-Visitors from each Police Station area, with powers to speak to detainees, to check conditions of detention to check records of police station in respect of detention, to liaise in the presentation of complaints to the police station, to liaise with the SSP/DIG of the area, to accompany to the police station when requested to do so, to make complaints themselves in a representative capacity, inclusive of impending problems. The coordination at local level with the Human Rights Commission could be an aspect of their work with importance for the restoration of Law and Order nationally."

### A Citizen's Advisory Bureau

"A System of Citizens Advisory Bureau located in the vicinity of every Divisional Secretariat would be a valuable aid to the whole community for advice on various matters. In the context of disappearances specifically such a system is required for the assistance of bereaved persons as to where to go and what to do to obtain the requisite assistance.<sup>1</sup>"



A well in Chavakachcheri which cost the lives of five sturdy young men who were arrested by the army while constructing it. The army had come looking for someone in the neighbourhood but could not find him. So they took those five men away.

The lack of Tamil speaking personnel in the Police and the armed services is a major impediment to Tamil speaking persons interacting with the services. But an even more fundamental problem is alienation arising from the overwhelming Sinhalese bias in the ethnic composition of the services and, in particular, from the absence of Tamil service personnel. This bias and the resulting sense of mutual alienation has been building up for nearly half a century, and is a major component of the political problem underlying the ethnic conflict.

Other institutional reforms designed to prevent disappearances are urgently needed. It is suggested that when arrests are made, even under the PTA, the next of kin, the Human Rights

<sup>1</sup> Once the Commission had won the petitioners trust they sought our assistance, intervention and advice on a variety of problems involving dealings with the Bureaucracy (the administration).

Commission and the local Magistrate should be routinely informed. The institution making the arrest assumes responsibility after informing the next of kin, the Human Rights Commission and the Magistrate and is responsible for the security of the person arrested unless and until any other institution to which the arrested person may be transferred.



Chemmani - the vast stretch of shrubland, where hundreds of disappeared are believed to have been buried. In the foreground is the spot from where two bodies were unearthed on being pointed out by an army corporal who is now in the death row for rape and murder of a school girl.

If the arrested person is to be released, that should be done after notifying the next of kin, the Human Rights Commission and the Magistrate of the time and place of the release; if this is not done and the persons disappears, the institution that detained that person is responsible. Failure to keep the next of kin, the Human Rights Commission and the Magistrate informed should carry a very heavy penalty over and above any penalty imposed on account of any disappearance. These rules, including a directive by the President that an acknowledgement of arrest should be given to the next of kin, had often been observed in the breach. It is therefore necessary that violation of these requirements be recognized as a very serious breach of discipline warranting major punishment.

### **International Human Rights Obligations**

These bind all actors including the police, the armed services and the LTTE. The ICRC has a special role in the implementation of human rights laws and regulations, which, all the parties referred to have flouted with impunity. We note that as far back as 28<sup>th</sup> November 1980, long before they overthrew the apartheid regime ANC president, Oliver Tambo, deposited the following declaration with the President of the ICRC.

"It is the conviction of the African National Congress of South Africa that international rules protecting the dignity of human beings must be upheld at all times. Therefore, and for humanitarian reasons, the African National Congress of South Africa hereby declares that, in the conduct of the struggle against apartheid and racism and for self-determination in South Africa, it intends to respect and be guided by the general principles of international humanitarian law applicable in armed conflicts."

The declaration goes on to refer to the four Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, and also to the 1977 additional Protocol 1, to which South Africa was then not a Party. We urge that the police, the armed services and the LTTE be required to submit to these Conventions and Protocols, to promptly notify the ICRC of all detentions, transfers and release, and also permit the ICRC to enter the camps, inspect detention centers and meet those detained.



The Thiruvananthapuram Maha Vidyalaya in Kodikamam which is alleged to have been used to detain and torture persons arrested from the area who have subsequently disappeared. People of the area had been hearing the screams of victims being tortured in the night. A mother spoke of hearing her son's voice calling for help from this school. He is no more.

## Chapter VI

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### Relief to the Victims

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One of the terms of the mandate of the Committee is to recommend any appropriate relief to the victims of disappearances. "Victims" of disappearances include the members of the family of, and others dependant on, the person who has disappeared. Many of them appeared before the Committee and lamented that they were in dire straits due to the disappearance of their dear one. In the circumstances the Committee endorses the comprehensive recommendations made by the four Presidential Commissions on Disappearances<sup>1</sup> with regard to relief to victims as encapsulated in the Final Report of the All Island Commission<sup>2</sup>.

Many of the complainants who came before the Committee are eligible to receive monetary compensation under the government circulars on relief<sup>3</sup>. This will be dealt with in detail elsewhere in this chapter.

However unlike those complainants who went before the Presidential Commissions of Inquiry into Disappearances, those who complained to the Human Rights Commission and were referred to this Committee for inquiry, suffer a disability in getting such monetary relief. Whereas there is legal provision for the Registrar General as well as the authorities that deal with the payment of monetary compensation to recognise a certificate issued by a Presidential Commission on Disappearances confirming the disappearance of a person as empowering the Registrar General to issue a death certificate for the purpose of claiming compensation, certificates issued by this Committee on Disappearances may not be recognized as a legal document until the necessary changes are made in the law.

It is therefore recommended that the Human Rights Commission brings this anomaly to the notice of the authorities concerned and recommend that legislation be enacted to recognise the certificate issued by the Human Rights Commission's Committee of Inquiry into Disappearances as

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<sup>1</sup> The three Zonal Commissions and the All Island Commission on Disappearances.

<sup>2</sup> The All Island Commission Final Report - Vide Chapter VI at page 33.

<sup>3</sup> Vide a copy of the list of the relevant circulars at annex XII



a valid document to dispense with cumbersome procedures to be followed by a person to get a death certificate in respect of a disappeared person.

This brings us to the other question of the relevant law that facilitated the issue of a death certificate in such cases until the end of year 2000. The relevant page of the Report of the All Island Commission on Disappearances, on the issue of death certificates<sup>4</sup> is quoted below:

**"The administrative procedures** for the issue of death certificates on the basis of disappearances were set up originally by the Registration of Deaths Act No: 2 of 1995. Certain shortcomings of such procedures were corrected by Act No:58 of 1998. Consequently

- Applicants who are now not living in their earlier places of residence, such as displaced persons, could apply direct to the Registrar General or the District Registrar of the last place of residence.
- The ground for issue of a death certificate is the expiration of one year after disappearance and the belief of the next of kin that he is no longer alive.

Section 2 reads as follows:-

'Where any person is reported missing and presumed to be dead as he has not been heard of for a period exceeding one year by those who would naturally have heard of him had he been alive, a next of kin of such person believed to be dead may apply in the manner hereinafter provided to register the death of such person'

It should be noted that the applicant has to be a next of kin. The burden thereafter is on the Registrar General to get the others to move to issue the death certificate.

- The Registrar General or the District Registrar has the responsibility of *taking a decision with regard to the under mentioned.*

"The application together with the evidence in support of the application and the objections, if any, and the evidence in support of such objections, and after such inquiry as he may deem necessary, if satisfied as to the truth of the matters stated in the application, allow such application."<sup>5</sup>

- Where a Presidential Commission of Inquiry has issued a certificate of a finding of disappearance it empowers the District Registrar to forward the application for a death certificate to the Registrar General and the Registrar General to issue a certificate of death without further inquiry.

Independent of the above procedure and as a part of the Civil Law, procedures are available to get the death certificate by an order of Court. However, this is a lengthy procedure."

This Act which was valid only for one year had lapsed in year 2000 and has not been renewed as was done in the previous years. Consequently the complainants who came before this Committee will not be able to get the benefit of that particular Act unless it is re-enacted with the suggested amendment.

As has already been stated, this Committee inquired into 25 of the 35 complaints in respect of Muslims who had disappeared from Jaffna during the relevant period. All those complainants are now living outside the Jaffna Region in a state of displacement. They will have to face a special problem when they apply for the monetary compensation to which they are entitled under the existing circulars. This is so because all the procedures that have to be followed in obtaining the compensation revolves round the Divisional Secretary's office of the area in which they originally lived. Having been displaced from their homes and living in various parts of the country outside the Jaffna peninsula, such persons should not be required to make the several trips that they may have to make to comply with the procedures in existence.

Even in the case of Tamil complainants, a few may be now resident outside Jaffna.

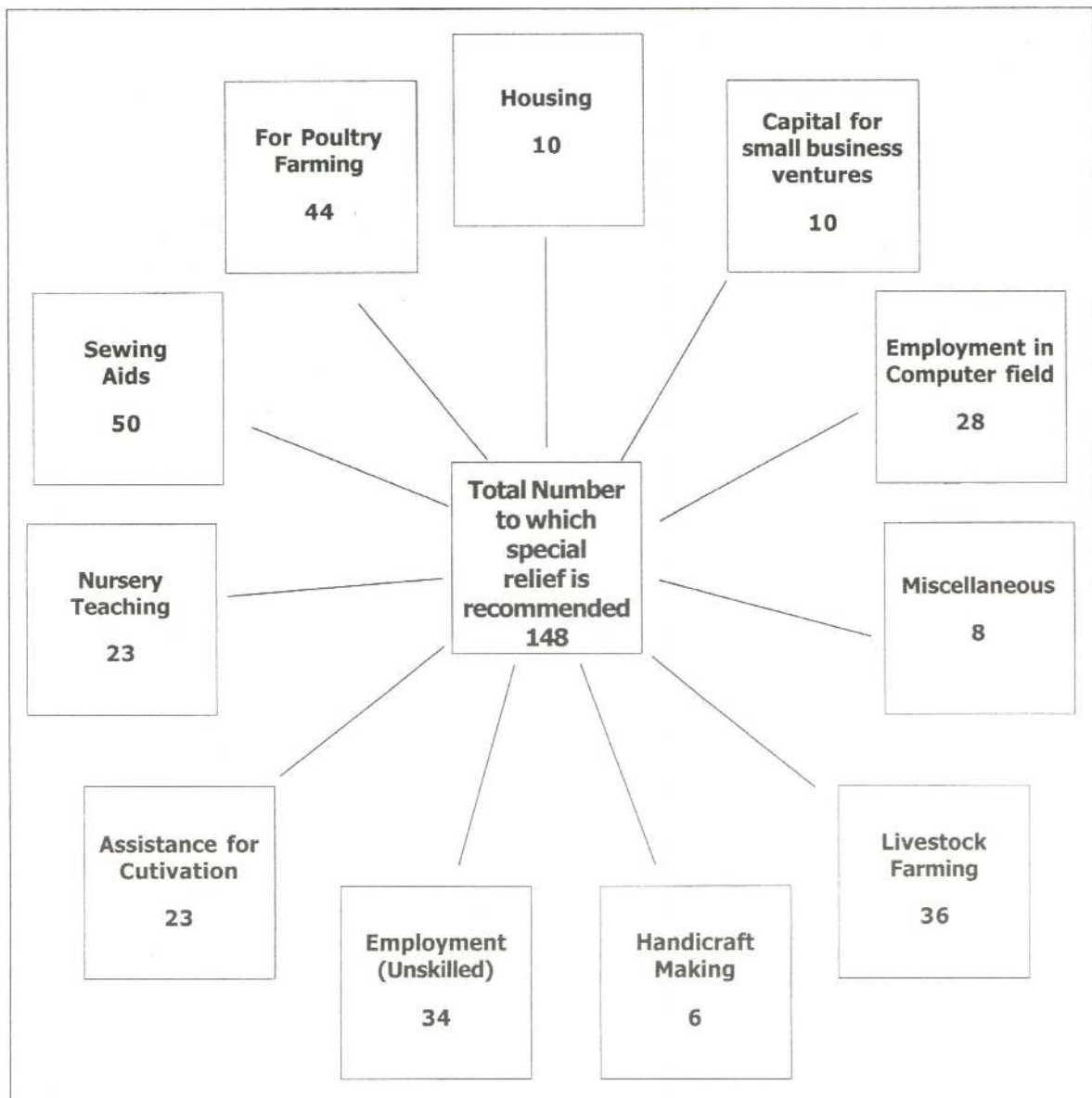
<sup>4</sup> See page 39 of the Report.

<sup>5</sup> Vide section 7(1) of Act No: 58 of 1998.

It is therefore recommended that the government should issue the necessary instructions to the Divisional Secretaries of the areas where the applicants now live, to accept and process applications for compensation in respect of disappeared persons, irrespective of their original places of residence.<sup>6</sup> This would facilitate these applicants in obtaining the necessary documents and seeking the monetary compensation they are entitled to. The Committee had to be very discreet in identifying, on the basis of the evidence given, those to whom a special recommendation for relief is appropriate. A questionnaire was sent to such persons and, using the data so collected, the Committee identified 148 complainants who appeared before it to be in dire socio-economic circumstances.

The Committee made an effort to provide assistance in some way or other to these families by making the data collected available to NGOs that could do so. Some wanted assistance to educate the children in the families of the victim, others to secure implements of trade to indulge in some self-employment activity, etc. Their requirements are graphically depicted below:

### Type of Relief Sought<sup>7</sup>



<sup>6</sup> The procedure for obtaining a death certificate for such persons was made possible through initiation by the Divisional Secretary of the area where they now live, but compensation has to be only from the Divisional Secretary of the area where they originally lived.

<sup>7</sup> This chart is rendered in the form of a list with the names and addresses of the beneficiaries, and the kind of relief they seek – vide annex IV.



This is a picture of a bereft grandmother, mother, daughter and grand daughter. With the disappearance of the breadwinner who was the eldest son of the family and the consequent death of the father, the family is in dire straits. They now live in irreducible poverty and despair.

To make the assistance sought meaningful and to make the beneficiary gets a sustainable income from whatever is provided – be it equipment or skills, it is very necessary that they be provided with training in the relevant field. With this end in view, this Committee has already contacted the UNHCR, the Women’s Research and Action Front, and the Consortium of Human Rights Agencies, and has had discussions with the relevant officers in these institutions.

They were also provided with the list of persons to whom relief had been recommended. It is hoped that other organisations too would take note of these recommendations and see if they too could help – especially in providing training in the respective vocations. A request was also made to the Internally Displaced Persons Project of the Human Rights Commission to see if some funds from that project could be allocated to help these persons as nearly all of them have been internally displaced too.

There are several government circulars that deal with relief to victims of disappeared persons. As stated earlier, complainants who went before the Disappearances Commission are entitled to monetary compensation on the basis of circular No: M/R of R/UAS/MAP/I issued by the Ministry of Rehabilitation and Reconstruction on 26/09/1988 (vide copy of circular in annexed)<sup>8</sup>.

By Public Administration Circular No: 59/89 of 30/11/1989 heirs of all disappeared public officers including casual employees, daily paid employees, corporation employees, employees of co-operative societies and other semi-government institutions are entitled to receive the last drawn salary of the disappeared person till the time that the disappeared person would have reached 55 years (which is the optional date of retirement) and, in addition to that, a sum of Rupees one hundred and fifty thousand as compensation (vide copy of circular annexed)<sup>9</sup>.

<sup>8</sup> Vide annex XII

<sup>9</sup> Vide annex XIII



A man who was well and able now reduced to despair and apathy he has lost all desire to work. The woman is confused and bewildered but has to carry on. This visual is illustrative of the many victims who have no coping mechanism to deal with the situation. Many were depressed, some committed suicide while others just faded away. Though the wife is the stronger partner both husband and wife need medical and psychological intervention and community support.



A mother with three children whose father has disappeared. There were many courageous women but they needed a reprieve from suffering. She is determined to get on with life but who will help her? The state or society or both? She needs hard cash as well as marketable skills. The family needs to be brought back into life with food, clothing and housing; these would not be mere 'handouts' but vital requirements for survival.

However, the Committee came across several cases where the disappeared persons had been employees of either state or semi-state institutions but the heirs are not aware of the circular which entitled them to receive the salary and compensation in that manner.

In every case where the victim was not aware of this facility to get the salary of the disappeared person, if he was a state or semi-state employee, the Committee drew the attention of the respective head of the institution and initiated the process for the payment of the salary and the compensation. Here again the stumbling block is the absence of a death certificate, which in any case could only be obtained if the Registration of Death (Temporary Provisions) Act<sup>10</sup> which has since lapsed, is re-enacted (as already suggested) with the necessary amendment to include a certificate confirming disappearance of the victim is issued by the Human Rights Commission's Committee of Inquiry into on Disappearances.

It will be a valid document to register a disappeared person as 'presumed dead'.

However the Committee came across a few cases where the Local Head of the Education Department had authorised the payment of the salaries of the deceased state employees (teachers) to the spouses on a certificate from the Grama Sevaka countersigned by the Divisional Secretary of the area confirming the disappearance of the victims. Examples of a few such cases are given below.

**Complt. No : CHA/006**

**Victim : G. Ganeshalingam**  
**Complainant : G. Sivamathi**

There is evidence that the victim was a Brahmin who had been taken away from his temple adjoining his house on 25/05/1996 while performing religious duties. He had just



Fisher folk whose breadwinners have disappeared. The boats no longer go to sea. Those who manned them are no more. Their family is in despair. What is needed here? NGO initiatives or active state intervention or both?

<sup>10</sup> Act No: 58 of 1998.

returned from school where he was a teacher. Those who took him were army personnel in civil attire who later got down from their vehicles and took him away after getting into their uniforms. The entire neighbourhood witnessed the arrest. Nothing is known of his whereabouts thereafter.

The complainant is getting the salary of her husband from the Education Department on certificate issued by the AGA confirming the victim's disappearance.

• • •

**Complt. No : CHA/055**

**Victim : A. Sriskaran**  
**Complainant : S. Pathmini**

The victim had been a teacher. There is evidence that he had been arrested by the army while he was at home on 10.08.96.

The army had come looking for the complainants' sister's husband, who was away in the Vanni. All the attempts to trace him in the army camps of the area had been of no use. However, the complainant produced a page of a newspaper called Namnadu dated 26.10.2000 where a picture of several persons in custody said to be taken at the Bindunuwewa Rehabilitation Camp appears. Investigations were made by the Committee to check on the authenticity of his photograph, without success.

The complainant is in receipt of the salary of her husband on a certificate issued by the AGA confirming the disappearance of the victim.

• • •

**Complt. No : CHA/059**

**Victim : S. Vivekanandan**  
**Complainant : V. Premalatha**

The victim was a teacher. There is evidence that he had been taken from his home on 10.08.96 on being identified by a masked man who came with the army and called for "Vive Master". Though attempts were made to find him, he could not be found. Complainant produced a copy of a photograph that is said to have been published in a Tamil newspaper called "Namnadu" of 26.10.2000 where she believes her husband's picture is among those shown in the picture as persons in custody at the Bindunuwewa Rehabilitation Camp. The Committee made attempts to check on the authenticity of this photograph, without success.

The complainant is in receipt of the salary of the husband from the date he disappeared, on a certificate issued by the AGA.

• • •

It is suggested that a recommendation be made to those concerned that a certificate issued by the Committee of Inquiry into Disappearances of the Human Rights Commission too be accepted as a valid document on which at least the salary of the state or semi-state employee could be paid, while the payment of the lump sum compensation could perhaps await the issue of the death certificate following the procedures laid down.

Whatever the circumstances may be, compensating the victims of disappearances is the responsibility of the State. Every effort must be made to lighten the burden on the victims as quickly as possible.



The mother of a Brahmin Priest who has disappeared flanked by her widowed daughter-in-law and a younger son poses in front of a picture of her missing son. She wears her sorrow on her face and lives in the hope that her disappeared elder son who was the breadwinner of the family would return home one day.

### **Socio-Economic Conditions of the Families of the Disappeared**

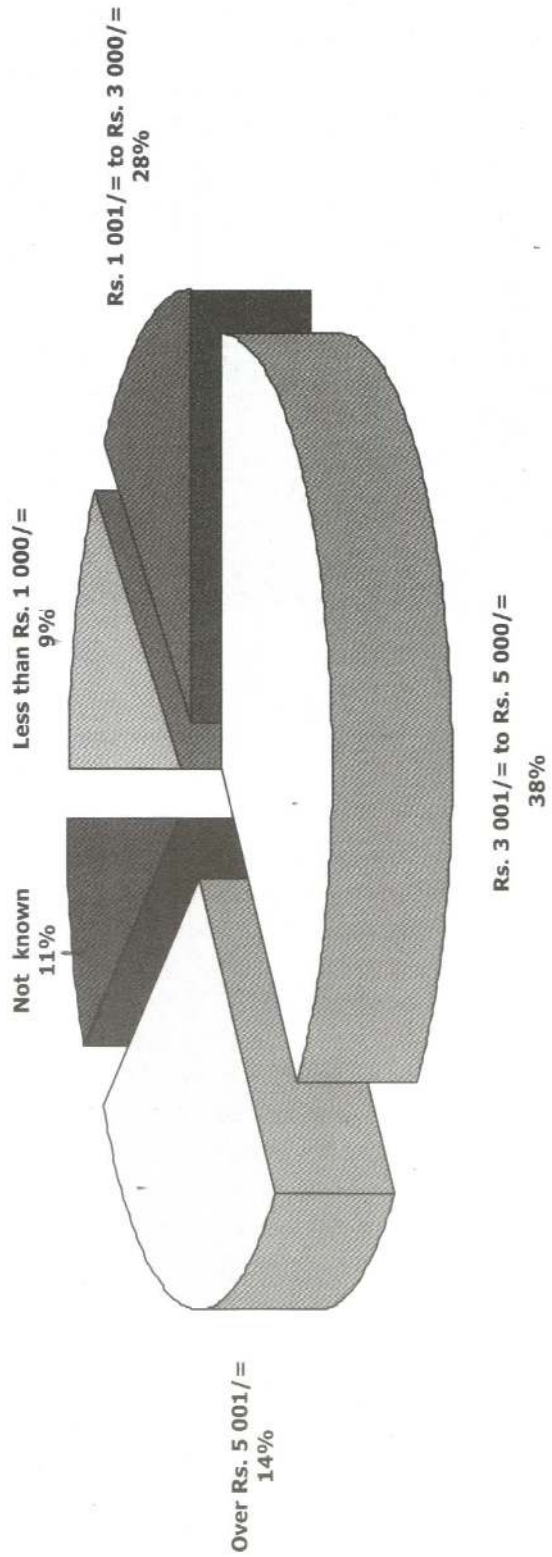
A large majority of those who gave evidence before us regarding their disappeared family members seemed to be not only depressed but also in need of social and economic rehabilitation. Many appeared to be in dire poverty, i.e. well below minimum economic standards. The war caused extensive loss of property and income, aggravated by the practice of appropriating the personal possessions with the victims at the time of arrest, such as wristlet, gold jewellery (often of considerable value) and also the vehicle used by the victim (mostly a bicycle, but in some cases a motor bicycle, a car, or tractor). Frequently it was the disappeared who had been the mainstay of the family economy. With the loss of the breadwinner, those remaining were often compelled to sell any property they may have had to make ends meet. Thus what little capital the families had, ranging from jewellery, vehicle, livestock, farming equipment, houses, shops, trees and even land may have been lost. In many cases the sad consequences include the gradual demoralization of the individual and the social disintegration of the family and the community.

**CHART VII**

**DISAPPEARANCES IN THE JAFFNA REGION**

**Classification by Income**

(Based on the 281 complaints inquired)



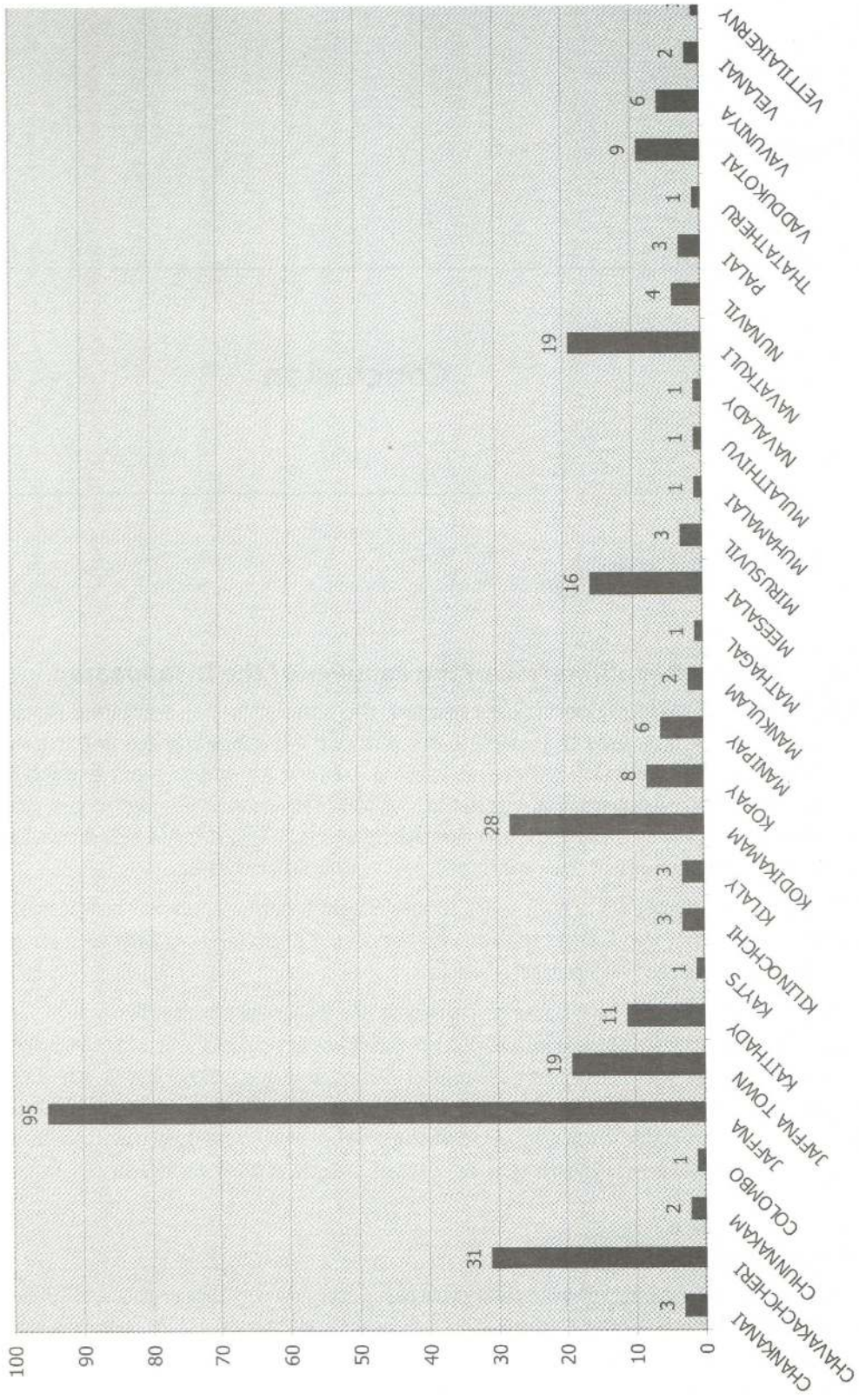


**CHART VIII**

**DISAPPEARANCES IN THE JAFFNA REGION**

**Classification by Locations of Incidents**

(Based on the 281 complaints inquired)



## Chapter VII

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### Conclusion

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#### **Psychological Rehabilitation of the Families of the Disappeared**

In addition to socio-economic degradation, the population has sustained physical, mental and psychological damage over the years on account of the disappearances and the experiences since then. Many in the population require counseling, training for employment and job opportunities. In most cases these are not alternatives but are closely inter-connected. Even those who are potentially productive in terms of skills and experiences appeared to be depressed, dispirited and unable to earn a living on account of their extended and continuing trauma.

In the circumstances it is necessary to implement a comprehensive programme of counseling, training for employment and creation of economic opportunities, with civil society support and monitoring sustained for a period of years.

Our findings and recommendations regarding the disappearances will, hopefully, have therapeutic value (in that concerned families could take culturally relevant steps to bring their trauma to a close), as well as socio-economic benefits (in that, in appropriate cases, any compensation and death benefits could be claimed and steps taken for socio-economic rehabilitation). Such a comprehensive project for the families of the disappeared based on the individual circumstances and their special requirements are an essential and urgent follow-up to the inquiry into the disappearance.

#### **National Reconciliation**

Although our mandate was focused on investigating the disappearances of those in the list given to us by the Human Rights Commission, we have gone beyond it to recommend preventive and remedial measures, and even further to suggest measures to promote National Unity and Reconciliation. There can be no enduring and comprehensive reconstruction, physical or social, economic or political, local or national, without reconciliation; and there can be no true reconciliation without all sections of the population collectively examining, diagnosing and working out remedies to eliminate the cancer that has eaten into our society.



An extended family says 'Namaskaram'. They do have a message. Perhaps this is what they want to convey "To enable us to get on with our lives, tell us whether they are dead or alive, so that we may perform the rites and rituals for their souls to rest in peace. Support us not merely to survive but to live.

This exercise could be led by a post-conflict Truth and Reconciliation Commission established with an appropriate mandate. Such a process would be time bound, but its prescription could include the institution of commemorative processes and memorials to help us to address the causes and consequences, and to prevent the recurrence of those ills. These could cover an annual programme of Remembrance and Reconciliation of the pogrom of the last week of July 1983, as well as memorials of collective mourning and reconciliation at the sites of the Jaffna Public Library (set fire to on 31 May 1981), and the ethnic violence / massacres at Anuradhapura (August 1977), Jaffna (23 & 24 July 1983), Kent and Dollar Farms (November 1984), Murunkan (04 December 1984), Valvettithurai Public Library (09 March 1985), Akkaraipattu (May 1985), Anuradhapura (14 May 1985), Pullumalai, (November 1986), Kokkatticholai (January, 1987), Aranthalawa, (February, 1987), Aranthalawa, (June, 1987) Kitulothuwa (14 April 1987), Pettah (April 1987), Jaffna Hospital (21 October 1987), Valvettithurai (02 August 1989), Rufuskulam, Thirukkivil (11 June 1990), Veeramunai Pillaiyar Temple Refugee Camp (12 July 1990), Kurukkal Madam (12 July 1990), Kaththankudy Mosque (03 August 1990), Eravur Mosque (12 August 1990), Eastern University (05 September 1990), Sathurukondan (09 September 1990), Mailanthanai (09 August 1992), St. James Church Refugee Camp, Jaffna (November 1993), Navali RC Church (09 July 1995), Nagarkovil (21 September 1995), Ampara (October 1995), Central Bank (January 1996), Kilivetti (11 February 1996), Jaffna (July & August 1996), Jaffna (January 1997), Gonagala (September 1999) and Katunayake International Airport (July 2001).

The above are some of the major incidents of attacks on civilian targets and killings of non-combatants. There are also several battle sites, which mark the death of large numbers of combatants, from the Sri Lankan armed services and the LTTE. But it is premature to decide on the manner in which these deaths and disasters should be commemorated. This can be done only after peace is established and the proposed Truth and Reconciliation Commission sets out its proposals. All that can be said at this stage is that these and many other tragedies need to be addressed on an

all island basis with a view to healing and reconciliation, without prejudice to any steps that may be taken to secure justice. There should be no blanket amnesty. Rather, a balance needs to be struck between what Bishop Tutu, in his foreword to the report of the South African Truth Commission, referred to as 'retributive and punitive justice' and 'restorative justice which is concerned not so much with punishment as with correcting imbalances, restoring broken relationships, healing, harmony and with reconciliation'.

Signed on this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2003 at Colombo.

Sgd.

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**K.H. Camillus Fernando**

Member

Committee on Disappearances

Sgd.

.....  
**Jezima Ismail**

Member

Committee on Disappearances

Sgd.

.....  
**Devanesan Nesiah**

Chairman

Committee on Disappearances

## **ANNEXURES**



## **ANNEXURES**

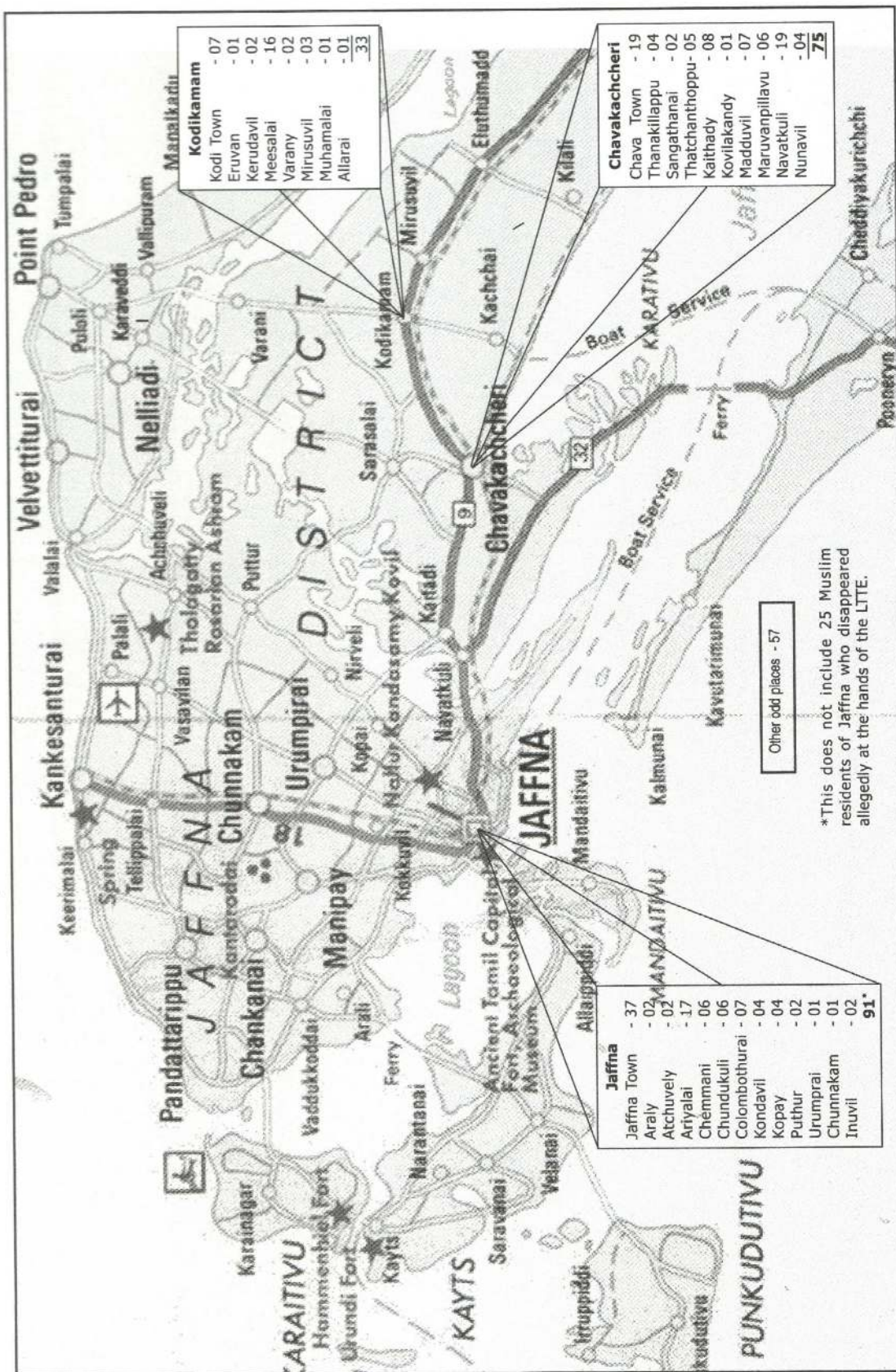
- I. Map of Jaffna with the locations and number of disappearances
- II. Persons in respect of whom Certificates confirming disappearances have been issued by the Committee
- III. Names of Persons alleged to have arrested/abducted or caused the disappearance of the victims
- IV. Persons to whom relief is recommended
- V. Samples of the Certificate issued containing the findings of the Committee
- VI. Interim Report of the Committee
- VII. Extract from the Final Report of Disappearance Commission (All Island)
- VIII. Extract from Final Report of Disappearance Commission on Preventive Measures
- IX. Ministry of Rehabilitation and Reconstruction Circular re: Compensation
- X. Public Administration Circular re: Compensation
- XI. The relevant page from the Udayan Newspaper of 10.12.1998
- XII. Complete list of complaints handed to the Committee for inquiry
- XIII. Newspaper Notice
- XIV. Places where inquiries were conducted by the Committee
- XV. Correspondence with the Army Commander and others re persons responsible for disappearance
- XVI. Summaries of the evidence in respect of each complaint inquired into





Annex I

**Region Wise Locations of Disappearances in Jaffna**  
(BASED ON THE 281 COMPLAINTS INQUIRED)



\*This does not include 25 Muslim residents of Jaffna who disappeared allegedly at the hands of the LTTE.



## Annex II

**Persons in respect of whom Certificates Confirming Disappearances have been issued by the Committee on Disappearances**  
(In Alphabetical Order)

Serial No	File No	Name of disappeared person	Date of Disappearance Day Month Year	Name and Address of Complainant
1	CHA/007	AHILARASAN	18 5 1996	SARASALAI SOUTH
2	PUT/296	AINUDEEN	25 10 1991	PALAVI, COLOMBO ROAD
3	PUT/293	AJMEEN	28 5 1991	DIVISION 04, RATMALIYAYA, BLACK ROAD
4	CHA/239	ALAGARATNAM	17 7 1996	ANNAMMAH
5	CHA/077	AMALAN	22 7 1996	SEDEVIPILLAI
6	CHA/061	AMALANATHAN	19 7 1996	MARY CALESTIA
7	CHA/041	AMBIHAIPALAN	7 7 1996	MUHUNTHINI
8	CHA/008	AMBIKAIBALAN	6 8 1996	JEEVASOTHI
9	CHA/263	AMILTON	7 12 1998	AMIRTHARANI
10	CHA/173	AMIRTHALINGAM	20 7 1996	ANANDARANI
11	CHA/264	AMIRTHARAJ	7 12 1998	AMITHARANI
12	CHA/243	ANANDA KIRISHNAN	15 7 1996	SIVAGURUNATHAN
13	CHA/262	ANANDARAJAH	21 7 1996	NAVARTNAM
14	CHA/125	ANJOTOS	17 6 1996	MARYROSE
15	CHA/005	ANALINGAM	19 7 1996	JEYAKALA
16	CHA/172	ANTHONY JASLINE	26 7 1997	DEVATHAS
17	CHA/040	ANTHONY THEIVENDRAN	7 8 1996	MEGHESHWARY
18	CHA/167	ARAVINTHAN	23 7 1996	JEGATHESHWARI
19	CHA/144	ARICHUNAN	17 7 1996	JACQULINE
20	CHA/199	ARIYADAS	15 8 1996	POOLOGADEVI
21	CHA/171	ARULHARAN	26 7 1996	AMBIKA
22	CHA/048	ARULNESHAN	24 7 1996	JEYAMMA
23	CHA/115	ARUNAN	21 5 1996	UDAYANATHAN
24	CHA/129	ASIRWATHAM PARANIYA	20 6 1996	PUNITHAVATHY
25	PUT/279	ASIWATH	3 8 1990	RAMEEZ
26	CHA/127	ATPUTHARAJAH	18 7 1996	THAVAMANY
27	JAF/301	BALACHANDRAN	1995	BALACHANDRAN
28	CHA/299	BALAKIRISHNAN	14 7 1996	NAGAMMAH
29	CHA/137	BALAKRISHNAN	14 7 1996	JAYA
30	CHA/150	BALASUBRAMANIAM	19 7 1996	ULAGESHWARY
31	CHA/252	BALASUBRAMANIAM	12 8 1996	DEVANAYAGI
32	CHA/245	BALAVADIVELAN	17 8 1996	VIJITHA
33	PUT/292	BASHEER	28 5 1991	SHAREEFDEEN
34	CHA/047	BASKARAN	10 12 1996	SAKUNTHALA DEVI
35	CHA/075	BAVANANTHAN	21 7 1996	BAVANI
36	CHA/060	BENEDICT	19 7 1997	MARIYARANJITHAM
37	CHA/204	CHANDRAKUMAR	17 9 1996	LATHANI
38	CHA/159	CHANDRAMOHAN	19 7 1996	CHANDRAWATHINI
39	CHA/308	CHANDRASEGARM	17 7 1996	SELVANAYAKAM
40	CHA/212	CHANDRASEKARAN	20 8 1996	SOBIKA MALLIKA

41	JAF/321	CONCY	C	24	4	1996	RITAMMAH	S	18, NEW HOUSING SCHEME, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA
42	CHA/195	CONSTANTINE ROY		16	8	1996	MARY ROSE ROGASIAN	R	15/3, DAVID ROAD, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA
43	CHA/191	DONALD	D	7	10	1996	METHALINE	D	70/5, COLOMBOTHURAI ROAD, PANDIANTHALYU	JAFFNA
44	JAF/319	DONALIS	A	4	3	1997	MARY ANNE	D	136, BANKSHALL STREET, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA
45	CHA/029	ELANGAINAYAGAM	S	3	10	1996	PUVENESHWARY	S	3/2, SIRANTHIYADY LANE	JAFFNA
46	CHA/027	ELANGO	V	11	8	1996	VARATHARAJAN	N	CHUNNAKAM EAST, STATION ROAD	CHUNNAKAM
47	JAF/312	EMILIAS	V	27	8	1996	MARY ARULSILI	V	28/17, KONDADY VEETHY, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA
48	PUT/272	FAIROSE	S H	7	2	1990	ABDUL JABBAR	S H	D CAMP THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM
49	PUT/282	FIRDOUSE	J A	24	1	1990	FIRDOUSE (MRS)	F	MATTAKULIYA	COLOMBO
50	CHA/006	GANESHALINGAM	B	21	5	1996	SIVAMATHY	G	VELLAIMAVADIPULLAIR KOVIL VIEW, MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI
51	CHA/240	GANESHAMOORTHY	V	9	6	1997	SRI SHANMUGARANJANI	G	CHULIPURAM	
52	CHA/079	GANGATHARAN	M	24	7	1996	THIRUMAGAL	G	CHULLIPURAM CENTRE	CHAVAKACHCHERI
53	CHA/177	GNANAHARAN	K	29	7	1996	SINNAPELLAI	K	KAMALASIN LANE, SARASALI SOUTH	MIRUSUVIL
54	CHA/309	GNANARAJAN	M	28	7	1996	LOORTHAMAH	M	VATTAPALAI	ANNAIKOTTAI
55	CHA/058	GNANASEKARAM	P	25	7	1996	SINNAPELLAI	P	PIDARI KOVILADY	CHUNNAKAM
56	CHA/053	GNANENDRAN	S	11	8	1996	LAUXMY	P	POWER HOUSE ROAD, CHUNNAKAM SOUTH	VARANY
57	CHA/070	GOPALAKRISHNAN	S	22	6	1996	SINNADY	G	KUDAMIYAN	KAITHADY
58	CHA/237	GOVINDASAMY	T	11	4	1997	THANALUXMY	K	KAITHADY SOUTH	CHANKANAI
59	CHA/093	INDRALINGAM	K	1	6	1996	CHANDRALINGAM	K	ARALY ROAD,	VARANI
60	PUT/291	JABARULLAH	T M	28	5	1991	SAMSUN NIZA	J	VARANI EAST	PUTTALAM
61	PUT/273	JABEER	A R	15	12	1990	JAMEELA	A R	54/39, 2ND CROSS, 3RD LANE, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM
62	PUT/287	JALEEL	B	0	9	1989	REHENA	N	D CAMP THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM
63	PUT/281	JALEES	A M	17	9	1990	PARVEEN SAKEELA	A	98, COLOMBO ROAD, PALAVI	NEGOMBO
64	CHA/300	JALINI	M	24	7	1996	THEEPAN	M	22/1 UMMA MOSQUE ROAD, PERIYAMULLA	CHULIPURAM
65	CHA/015	JEEVA	J I	19	7	1996	FRANCESCA	J	THOLPURAM EAST	KAITHADY
66	CHA/022	JEEVARAJAH	K	21	7	1996	MANONMANY	K	NAVATKULI	MANIPAY
67	CHA/250	JEEVARATNAM	N	5	8	1996	VIJAYARATNAM	N	MUHAMMALAI LANE, SUTHUMALAI SOUTH	PALAI
68	CHA/188	JEGAN	J	5	9	1996	LEELAWATHY	J	VEMBADYKERNI	COLOMBUTHURAI
69	CHA/176	JEGARAJAH	M	29	7	1996	MARY LOUSI	J	AV ROAD 3RD LANE	JAFFNA
70	CHA/206	JEGATHESHWARAN	E	19	9	1996	NAGARATNAM	R	19, PARK ROAD	NALLUR
71	CHA/083	JEGATHESWARAN	M	27	7	1997	MEENATCHI	M	KONDALADY LANE	KAITHADY
72	CHA/098	JEYABALU	S	19	8	1996	BAVA	J	KAITHADY CENTRE	PUTTUR
73	CHA/141	JEYAKANTHAN	F	14	7	1996	FERNANDO	A	MEESALAI WEST, PUTTR JUNCTION	JAFFNA
74	CHA/062	JEYALALITHA	P	19	7	1996	SARASWATHY	P	43/2, NEW ROAD, KOIYATHOTTAM	TELLIPALAI
75	CHA/011	JEYARAJAH	P	19	7	1996	PONNAIAH	E	THARMAPURA VAIRAVAR KOVILADY, DURGAPURAM	KAITHADY
76	NAL/322	JEYARAJAH	N	28	7	1996	NADARAJAH	S	NAVATKULI SOUTH	COLOMBUTHURAI
77	CHA/009	JEYARATNAM	M	19	7	1996	MURUGAN	S	18, VIPULANANDA RD, PONKANKULAM	CHAVAKACHCHERI
78	CHA/126	JEYARATNAM	A	17	8	1996	SELVARATNAM	A	MARUVANPILAVU	THINNAVELY
79	CHA/147	JEYASELAN	G	18	7	1996	SAROJINIDEVI	G	NEW SANKANTHANA VEETHY	JAFFNA
80	CHA/043	JEYENDRAN	S	7	8	1996	TAMILCHEVI	J	2/1, MUTHUVINAYAGAR VEETHY, NALLUR	MEESALAI

81	CHA/161	JOHNSON	M B	21	7	1996	BARATHI	J	MEESALAI NORTH	KOYATHOTTAM
82	CHA/123	KAJENDIRAN	I	13	7	1996	EMALDA	I	7/1, NEW ROAD	JAFFNA
83	CHA/157	KAJENTHIRAN	P	20	7	1996	KAMALADEVI	P	75, MAIN STREET	NALLUR
84	CHA/259	KAMALESHWARAN	S	18	6	1997	PARAMESHWARY	S	21/5, VYMAN ROAD	CHULLIPURAM
85	CHA/219	KANALESHWARAN	J	27	8	1996	ASURASA	Y	CHULIPURAM CENTRE, KAMPANAI CAMP	JAFFNA
86	CHA/184	KANNAN	A	3	8	1996	RASAMMAH	A	93/3, DEVID ROAD, GURUNAGAR	MEESALAI
87	CHA/013	KANNATHASAN	P	19	7	1996	ARUMUGASAMY	P	KALI KOVIL VEETHY, MEESALAI WEST	NALLUR
88	CHA/100	KANNATHASAN	K	21	8	1996	KANDASAMY	S	34, CHETTY STREET	KODIKAMAM
89	CHA/218	KANNATHASAN	V	26	8	1996	NAGAMMA	V	MEESALAI NORTH, PUTHUR JUNCTION PUTUR EAST	PUTHUR
90	CHA/311	KANTHASAMY	K	7	8	1996	KAVITHA	K	83, 3RD CROSS STREET	JAFFNA
91	CHA/231	KARUNAKARAN	K	26	3	1997	REVATHY	K	VERAM	MOOLAI
92	CHA/065	KETHESWARAN	K	19	7	1996	MANOHARAN	K	KAITHADY	NAVATKULI
93	CHA/192	KIRISHNAN	K	7	9	1996	KAMALESHWARY	K	C/O MS. SRISKANTHARAJAHA, CEB QUARTERS	CHUNNAKAM
94	CHA/003	KIRUBAKARAN	K	19	7	1996	GAMESHALINGAM	S	NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
95	CHA/020	KODESHWARAN	A	4	8	1996	EASWARY	K	NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
96	CHA/028	KOKULARAJAH	S	25	7	1996	ATPUTHAMALAR	S	NUNAVIL WEST	CHAVAKACHCHERI
97	CHA/023	KRISHANAKUMAR	N	27	7	1996	MAHESWARY	N	PALAVI NORTH	KODIKAMAM
98	CHA/234	KRISHNAKUMAR	R	4	4	1997	RATNAM	S	THOLPURAM WEST	CHULLIPURAM
99	CHA/180	KUGANESAN	S	31	7	1996	SIVAPAKIYAM	S	20, SIVAPRAGASAM VEETHY	JAFFNA
100	CHA/152	KUMAR	N	20	7	1996	RAJESHWARY	N	PLAY GROUND ROAD, KOPAY SOUTH	KOPAY
101	CHA/168	KUMAR	S	24	7	1996	KAROLINA	K	31, PARK ROAD, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA
102	CHA/189	KUMARESHWARAN	T	6	8	1996	SHANTHAMALAR	K	103, KANAGARATNAM ROAD	JAFFNA
103	CHA/233	KUMUDINI	D	28	3	1997	ANNALUXMY	R P	SELLATHURAI VEETHY, SANGARATHAI	VADDUKOTTAI
104	CHA/021	KUNATHASAN	K	21	8	1996	SELLAMAH	K	KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY
105	CHA/046	KUNATHASAN	K	21	8	1996	JEYAGOWRI	K	KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY
106	CHA/044	LOGESHWARAN	S	19	8	1996	CHANDRASEKARAM	C	KAITHADY EAST	KAITHADY
107	CHA/163	MAHENTHIRARAJAH	N	21	7	1996	RAJEVI	P	17/1, EACHCHAMODAI ROAD	JAFFNA
108	CHA/261	MAHINDAN	V	17	11	1996	ILAYAPILLAI	V	VANNIYAPURAM, VELLAVAICAL	CHUNNAKAM
109	CHA/057	MANIVANNA	N	2	8	1996	RAJARATNAM	R	VAHAIYADY ROAD, MADDUVIL SOUTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
110	CHA/306	MANOHARAN	V	17	7	1996	ANNAPILLAI	V	KOOLAVADY	ANAIKOTTAI
111	CHA/014	MARIYA JEYASEELAN	E	19	7	1996	POOMANY	E M	SCHOOL LANE NAVATKULI ROAD	KAITHADY
112	CHA/183	MARY JAMES	A	2	8	1996	ALLALLUYA	M	58/16 NICHOLAS LANE	NAVANTHURAI
113	CHA/193	MARY ROY SUGANTHINI	C	8	8	1996	MARY ROSE ROGASIAN	R	15/3, DAVID ROAD, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA
114	THR/325	MATHIRSON	N	26	9	1997	NAGAMANY	N	MADDUVIL EAST	CHAVAKACHCHERI
115	PUT/277	MILAN	A G	17	7	1990	HASSAN	G	SINNAWATTA	PUTTALAM
116	PUT/269	MOHAMED RAMEEZ	A	26	1	1990	SUBAITHA	A L	SALTERN CAMP - 01	PUTTALAM
117	JAF/072	MOORTHY	V	1	7	1996	VEERALUXMY	M	132, KASTHURIYAR ROAD	JAFFNA
118	CHA/056	MURALIDARAN	N	3	8	1996	MANISEKARAN	N	PATHAMANI PILLAIYAR KOVLADY	ACHCHUVELI
119	CHA/202	MURUGADAS	S	16	8	1996	NITHIYALUXMY	S	215/19, RASAVINTHODDAM	JAFFNA
120	CHA/068	NADARAJAH	S	7	1	1996	MOHANAMBikai		NUNAVIL, KANTHAPAR VEETHY	CHAVAKACHCHERI

121	CHA/050	NAGARASA	A	7	8	1996	THILAGAWATHY	N	MEESALAI NORTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
122	CHA/045	NAGENDRAN	K	7	8	1996	SIVABAKIYAM	K	MEESALAI NORTH	MEESALAI
123	CHA/205	NAGULESWARAN	N	18	12	1996	GUNESWARY	N	SUTHUMALAI SOUTH, SAVAKADU	MANIPAY
124	PUT/285	NAJEEB	M M	30	12	1989	FAREENA	N	PARITHA PATH, COLOMBO ROAD, PALAVI	PUTTALAM
125	PUT/295	NAJEEB	A M	28	5	1991	ROJEENA	N	55/2, MULLIPURAM, 11 CROSS STREET	PUTTALAM
126	PUT/294	NAKEEB	A G	28	5	1991	GAFOOR	A K	15/7, KURUNEGALA ROAD	PUTTALAM
127	CHA/209	NANTHAKUMAR	K	19	8	1996	RASIKALA	S	PUTHUR EAST	PUTTUR
128	CHA/155	NAVACHELVAM	M	20	7	1996	MANIKAM	M	70/12, MATHEWS ROAD	JAFFNA
129	CHA/307	NAVANEETHAN	T	17	7	1996	ACHCHIMUTHU	T	KACHCHAI SOUTH	KODIKAMAM
130	CHA/085	NAVARATNAM	N	2	8	1996	NANNI	N	KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY
131	PUT/278	NAWAZ	H	20	5	1990	JAMEELA	H	F CAMP, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM
132	CHA/166	NEETHIRAJAH	T	23	7	1996	POOPATHY	T	OLD POLICE STATION, OLD ROAD	ANNAIKOTTAI
133	JAF/310	NEPOLLIAN	A	5	8	1996	RAJESWARI	A	SARAVANABAVAN SCHOOL RD, KOPAY NORTH	KOPAY
134	CHA/134	NIRMALAN	S	9	7	1996	THAVAMANY	S	83, RACCA ROAD	CHUNDUKULI
135	CHA/226	NIRUPAN	I	28	1	1997	POORANAM	I	KARAIGAI VEETHY, INUVIL EAST	INUVIL
136	CHA/118	NIXON GERAD	W	27	5	1996	WILFRED	C	NEDUNKULAM TEMPLE	COLOMBUTHURAI
137	PUT/271	NIYAZ	S	7	2	1990	MEERA MOHIDEEN	M S	4TH CROSS STREET, RATMALYAYA	PUTTALAM
138	PUT/274	NUHUMAN	M A C	17	3	1990	ROOFINA	N	SCHOOL ROAD, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM
139	CHA/039	PAHEERATHAN	N	7	8	1996	MAHESHWARY	T	AMMANKOVILLADY, CHAVA NORTH	MEESALAI
140	CHA/090	PARAMANATHAN	S	2	8	1996	PASUPATHY	K	KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY
141	CHA/135	PARAMANATHAN	S	10	7	1996	PUSHPAWATHY	P	97/12, AV ROAD	ARIYALAI
142	CHA/122	PARANEETHARAN	P	28	3	1997	ANNALUXMY	P	SELLATHURAI VEETHY, SANGARATHAI	VATTUKOTTAI
143	CHA/207	PARTHEEPAN	S	9	8	1996	INPARANI	S	57, A.V. 3RD LANE	COLOMBUTHURAI
144	CHA/156	PATRICK MARY RAVI	S	20	7	1996	LINDA ORPHELIA	P	B/3, MATHEWS ROAD	JAFFNA
145	CHA/019	PERINPANATHAN	S	19	7	1996	SITHAMPARAPILLAI S	P	NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
146	CHA/084	PIRABAHARAN	S	31	7	1996	SELVARAJAH	P	270, CHETTY STREET	NALLUR
147	CHA/086	PRABAHARAN	P	2	8	1996	MAHESHWARY	P	KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY
148	CHA/217	PRABAHARAN	T	23	9	1996	MANONMANY	T	KOPAY CENTRE	KOPAY
149	CHA/241	PRADEEPAN	S	28	6	1996	SELVARATNAM	K	56, ALKATI LANE, ARIYALAI	JAFFNA
150	CHA/145	PULENTHIRAN	S	17	7	1996	RANJANIMALAR	P	BLACK ROAD	CHANKANAI
151	CHA/104	PUSHPALATHA	K	19	8	1996	SRI PRIYA	K	MANTHUVIL WEST	KODIKAMAM
152	CHA/210	PUSHPALATHA	K	19	8	1996	SRI PRIYA	K	MANTHUVIL WEST	KODIKAMAM
153	CHA/016	PUSHPARAJAH	K	19	7	1996	KAMALA	V	THATCHANTHOPPU	KAITHADY
154	CHA/154	PUTHIYARAJAH	N	27	9	1996	NADARASA	L	KOPAY JUNCTION	KOPAY
155	CHA/080	PUVENTHIRAN	S	24	7	1996	SINNAPILLAI	C	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI
156	PUT/266	RAFEES KHAN	S A	27	1	1990	NOOR JAHAN	S A	PALAVI COLOMBO ROAD	PUTTALAM
157	CHA/032	RAHUKUMAR	V	17	11	1996	THILAGAMALAR	V	C/O POST MASTER	CHAVAKACHCHERI
158	PUT/280	RAJAB	A	2	9	1990	SUBAITHA	A	SALTERN CAMP, MANNAR ROAD, MADAVADY LANE	PUTTALAM
159	CHA/089	RAJENDRAKUMAR	S	8	8	1996	RASAMMAH	S	NEAR SIVAGURU VIDYALAYAM	VALVETTITHURAI
160	CHA/260	RAJENDRAKUMAR	T	18	9	1996	VIJYAKUMAR	T	KOMMANTHURAI	VALVETTITHURAI

161	CHA/069	RAJENDRAN	R	22	5	1996	SIVAJINI	R	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI
162	CHA/169	RAJENTHRAN	V	22	7	1996	VELUSAMY	S	519 KKS ROAD	JAFFNA
163	CHA/140	RAJITHAN	K	14	7	1996	SATKUNESHWARY	S	24/2, RACCA ROAD,	JAFFNA
164	CHA/037	RAMANAN	S	21	7	1996	YOGAMBIKAH	S	MEESALAI WEST	MEESALAI
165	CHA/228	RAMANAN	K	8	2	1997	PARAMESHWARY	K	LYNKARAN STREET	SUTHUMALAI
166	CHA/082	RAMASAMY	S	26	7	1996	MALLIKADEVI	S	MADUVIL SOUTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
167	PUT/267	RAMEEZ	S	1	1	1990	SULTAN BEEBI	I	14, MALIKA PURAM, PALAVI	PUTTALAM
168	CHA/035	RAMESH	G	19	7	1996	MALINI	R	KAITHADY NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
169	CHA/185	RAMESHKARAN	T	3	8	1996	SHAKEELA	M	3B, KANAGARATNAM ROAD	ARIYALAI
170	CHA/049	RAMESHLOGANATHAN	T	6	8	1996	MAHESHWARY	T	AMMANKOVILLADY, CHAVA NORTH,	MEESALAI
171	PUT/265	RAMSEEN	B	0	4	1990	SAMAN	B	16, VETTUKULAM ROAD	PUTTALAM
172	CHA/216	RANESH	T	23	8	1996	SAROJA	T	11/1, PONNAMPALAM ROAD	ARIYALAI
173	CHA/203	RASA	R	17	9	1996	KAMALA	R	KALAIMATHY LANE,PUTTUR WEST,	PUTTUR
174	CHA/314	RASAMATHY	S	28	9	1996	RAJENDRAM	S	VALVETTY PATHINI AMMAN KOVILADY	VALVETTYTHURAI
175	CHA/116	RASARATNAM	R	22	5	1996	SELVAMALAR	K	SERANPATHTHU	PALAI
176	CHA/004	RAVENDRAN	P	19	7	1996	JEYARANI	R	TYPIST, BISHOP'S HOUSE	JAFFNA
177	CHA/094	RAVICHANDRAN	K	12	8	1996	DEVA BAVANI	I	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI
178	CHA/031	RAVINDRAN	S	18	7	1996	VARATHALUXMY	M	KANDY ROAD	KAITHADY
179	CHA/131	RAVINDRAN	S	27	6	1996	SRI RANJANI	R	ARTHISUDI VEETHY, KANTHARMADAM,	JAFFNA
180	CHA/196	RAVINDRAN	T	10	8	1996	MUTHULUXMI	T	87/1, MAIN ROAD	JAFFNA
181	CHA/211	SANTHARUBAN	N	21	11	1996	NADARASA	E	SUTHUMALAI ROAD	ANAIKOTTAI
182	CHA/220	SASIKANTHAN	N	28	8	1996	MAHESHWARY	N	NEERVELY JUNCTION	NEERVELY
183	CHA/096	SASIKAR	K	14	8	1996	KANAGASOORIYAR	K	KAITHADY NUNAVIL	CHAVAKACHCHERI
184	CHA/024	SASIKARAN	K	21	7	1996	PUSHPAMALAR	K	ALLARAI NORTH	KODIKAMAM
185	CHA/160	SASIKARAN	M	20	7	1996	MARKANDU	E	NAVATKADU	ATCHUVELI
186	CHA/227	SASINTHAN	R	6	2	1997	SELVARANI	E	NAVALI NORTH	MANIPAY
187	CHA/002	SATGUNARAJAH	S	4	1	1997	RANJANI DEVI	S	KAITHADY WEST	KAITHADY
188	CHA/213	SATHESHKUMAR	T	20	12	1996	THAVARAJAH	K	SUTHUMALAI SOUTH, SAVAKADU	MANIPAY
189	CHA/221	SATHESHKUMAR	S	28	8	1996	UMADEVI	S	KOPAY GENERAL	KOPAY
190	CHA/097	SATHISHKUMAR	R	19	8	1996	THANGARATNAM	R	KURUNAKAL, ALAVI WEST,	ALVAI
191	CHA/099	SATHISHKUMAR	R	19	8	1996	SHANTHI	S	KURUNAKAL, ALAVI WEST,	ALVAI
192	CHA/064	SELVAKUMAR	R	19	7	1996	RASAMALAR	R	THATCHANTHOPPU	KAITHADY
193	CHA/142	SELVAKUMAR	A	18	7	1996	THILAGAWATHIE	A	34, NEW SCHEME, 3RD ARALY ROAD,	JAFFNA
194	CHA/190	SELVAKUMAR	S	6	9	1996	SELVARANI	S	KOPAY SOUTH	KOPAY
195	CHA/208	SELVAKUMAR	S	19	8	1996	PARAMANAYAGI	S	12A, 5TH CROSS LANE	JAFFNA
196	CHA/010	SELVANATHAN	S	30	7	1996	KAMALADEVI	S	SARASALAI NORTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
197	CHA/225	SELVANESAN	P	29	8	1996	RASASOTHY	P	6, KANNAPURAM, VELLANDI PILLAIYAR KOVIL,	JAFFNA
198	CHA/071	SELVARAJAH	K	8	7	1996	JANAKI	K	STATION ROAD	KODIKAMAM
199	CHA/178	SELVARAJAH	S	31	7	1996	MARY ANITHARANEE	S	OLD POLICE STATION LANE, KOPAY SOUTH,	KOPAY
200	CHA/251	SELVARAJAH	V	11	8	1996	RAMANI	S	ANNAIKOTTAI VEETHY	KOKUVIL

201	CHA/133	SELVARAJAN	K	8	7	1996	JANAKI	K	STATION ROAD	KODIKAMAM
202	CHA/124	SELVARATNAM	N	14	6	1996	RAMASAMY	S	43 PONNAMBALAM ROAD	ARIYALAI
203	CHA/112	SELVARUBAN	K	27	4	1995	KUNARATNAM	T	MARISAM/COODAL	ILAVALAI
204	CHA/078	SENTHEPAN	K	24	7	1996	ANNALETCHUMY	K	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI
205	CHA/200	SENTHILNATHAN	T	15	8	1996	KAMALANAYAGI	T	16, KACHERI EAST LANE	JAFFNA
206	CHA/138	SERAN	L	15	7	1996	LOGESHWARAN	K	15/1, ARASADI ROAD	ARIYALAI
207	CHA/165	SHANTHAKUMAR	S	23	7	1996	MALLIKADEVI	S	50/15, CHETTI THERU	NALLUR
208	PUT/288	SHIRAJ	B	0	9	1989	REHANA	N	98, COLOMBO ROAD, PALAVI	PUTTALAM
209	CHA/247	SIVAJINI	A	24	7	1996	ARUMUGAM	S	DUTCH ROAD	CHULLIPURAM
210	CHA/066	SIVAKUMAR	S	19	7	1996	SINNATHAMBY	K	541/5, PT PEDRO RD, NALLUR	JAFFNA
211	CHA/113	SIVAKUMAR	M	8	3	1996	LAXMIDEVI	M	SELVA VEETHY, THOPURAM	CHULIPURAM
212	CHA/143	SIVAKUMAR	T	17	7	1996	MAHESHWARY	T	KONDAVIL NORTH	KONDAVIL
213	CHA/146	SIVALINGAM	S	17	7	1996	ARASAKUMARY	S	SABAPATHIPILLAI ROAD, CHUNNAKAM SOUTH	CHUNNAKAM
214	CHA/149	SIVAMOCHAN	S	15	7	1996	NALLAMMAH	S	198 BENADICT ROAD	ARIYALAI
215	CHA/030	SIVAPUNYAMOORTHY	K	5	9	1996	JAYANTHIMALAR	S	MEESALAI NORTH	KODIKAMAM
216	CHA/001	SIVARAJAH	S	15	7	1996	PARUWATHAM	B	NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
217	CHA/107	SIVARAJAH	K	27	2	1997	RASANAYAGI	S	MADATHTHADY, CHAVAKACHCHERI NORTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
218	CHA/052	SIVARASA	M	19	7	1996	MURUGAN	S	MARAVANPULOVI	CHAVAKACHCHERI
219	CHA/222	SIVARUBAN	N	28	8	1996	NAGARATNAM	K	NEERVELY NORTH	NEERVELY
220	CHA/244	SIVARUBAN	T.	9	7	1996	THAVARAJAH	KS	VADDU NORTH, VADDUKOTTAI	PALAI
221	CHA/036	SRIHARAN	K	30	7	1996	PONNAMMA	k	IYANAR KOVILLADY	KODIKAMAM
222	CHA/158	SRIJEKAN	K	20	7	1996	KANDAJAH	M	56, SEBASTIAN LANE, KONDAVIL EAST	KONDAVIL
223	CHA/091	SRIRAM	G	9	8	1996	IYATHURAI	M	KAITHADY NORTH	KAITHADY
224	CHA/038	SRIKANDARAJAH	R	8	7	1996	BHANUMATHY	S	AMMAN KOVILLADY, CHAVA NORTH	MEESALAI
225	CHA/055	SRIKARAN	A	1	8	1996	PATHMINI	S	MADDUVIL NORTH	MADDUVIL
226	CHA/232	SUBASHKARAN	G	26	3	1997	SELLAMMAH	K	VADDU SOUTH	VADDUKOTTAI
227	CHA/230	SUBASKARAN	G	26	2	1997	MAHESHWARY	K	NAVALI EAST	MANIPAY
228	CHA/224	SUBOHARAN	K	28	9	1998	MAHESHWARY	N	NEERVELY NORTH	NEERVELY
229	CHA/255	SUGUNARAJAH	K	20	8	1996	NAGESHWARY	P	17/18, NALLUR WEST	JAFFNA
230	PUT/268	SUNTHUS	A J	25	1	1990	SEMAMBO	A I	ARABA NAGAR THILLIADY	PUTTALAM
231	CHA/139	SURESH	K	10	6	1996	NAGAMMAH	K	125/1, BEACH ROAD	JAFFNA
232	CHA/153	SURESHKUMAR	D	20	7	1996	BRIDGET	D	16/6, MATHEWS ROAD	JAFFNA
233	CHA/063	SUTHAHARAN	T	19	7	1996	SELVARANI	T	C/O SHANNUGANATHAN, KODDOLAI	TELLIPALAI
234	CHA/132	SUTHAHARAN	T	28	7	1996	KAMALADEVI	T	203/8, SARASWATHY LANE	ARIYALAI
235	CHA/120	SUTHAMALAR	V	6	6	1996	YOGESHWARAN	A	KONDAVIL NORTH	KONDAVIL
236	CHA/215	SUTHARMAN	R	22	8	1996	SAROJADEVI	R	110, UPPUKULAM VEETHY	COLOMBUTHURAI
237	JAF/317	SUTHARSHAN	A	0	0	1996	PUSHPARANI	A	37/2, VIDANE'S LANE, CHUNDUKULI	JAFFNA
238	CHA/128	SUVENTHIRARAJAN	T	19	7	1996	THAVARAJINI	S	NAVATKULI WEST	KAITHADY
239	CHA/051	THAMOTHARAMPILLAI	S	24	7	1996	SIVASAMY	T	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALI
240	CHA/026	THANGARAJAH	A	19	8	1996	THAVAMANI	A	MEESALAI WEST	MEESALAI



241	CHA/121	THANGATHURAI	T	9	6	1996	MAHESHWARY	T	A.V. ROAD, PALAI VALAVU	ARIYALAI
242	CHA/186	THANGATHURAI	S	4	8	1996	SIVAGURU	E	AIYANAR KOVILADY, KAITHADY	NAVATKULI
243	PUT/289	THANZIL	S H	20	4	1991	NAJEEB	M M	SEMBA ROAD, COLOMBO VEETHY	PUTTALAM
244	CHA/151	THARMALINGAM	S	19	7	1996	SANTHANAYAKI	T	KANTHARODAI	CHUNNAKAM
245	CHA/088	THARMATHASAN	K	6	8	1996	KASITHAMBY	K	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI
246	CHA/170	THARMAVASEEKARAN	T	25	7	1996	MARIYA PUSHPADEVI	T	ALAVEDDI WEST	ALAVEDDI
247	CHA/316	THASTJEEVAN	T	25	12	1996	PONNUTURAI	T	SUTHUMALAI WEST	SUTHUMALAI
248	CHA/108	THAVABALAN	M	14	8	1997	MANORANJITHAM	T	3, FOREST OFFICE LANE	CHUNDUKULI
249	CHA/201	THAVANATHAN	N	16	8	1996	PARAMESHWARY	S	44/15, SANGILIYAN VEETHY	NALLUR
250	CHA/198	THAVARAJAH	N	14	8	1996	NALLIYAN	C	SIRIPIDDI SOUTH	NEERVELY
251	CHA/054	THAVESHWARAN	P	19	7	1996	POORNAM	P	KOVILAKANDY	KAITHADY
252	CHA/101	THAYABARAN	M	24	8	1996	MAHESHWARAN	P	ARUKUVILY THANAKILAPPU	CHAVAKACHCHERI
253	CHA/187	THAYASEELAN	K	5	8	1996	PARAMESHWARY	K	697, KACHERI ROAD	NALLUR
254	CHA/235	THEVENTHIRAN	S	4	4	1997	PARAMESHWARY	M	THOLPURAM EAST	CHULPURAM
255	CHA/174	THEVABALAN	N	27	7	1996	NAVARATHNARAJAH	N	674, KANDY RD	ARIYALAI
256	KAY/302	THEVENDRAN	A	16	9	1996	KANTHASAMY	N	C/O NALLATHAMBY KANTHASAMY, URI EAST	KARAINAGAR
257	CHA/017	THLAKARATNAM	A	19	7	1996	THANGALUXMY	T	NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
258	CHA/095	THIRUCHELVAM	T	14	8	1996	SELVARANI	T	THAVASI KULAM	MIRUSUVIL
259	CHA/018	THIRUVARUDCHELVAN	S	19	7	1996	SINNAPELLAI	S	KOVILAKANDY	KAITHADY
260	CHA/130	THIVAHARAN	K	25	6	1996	THAVACHELVI	T	THOLPURAM EAST	CHULPURAM
261	CHA/136	UDAYAKUMAR	B	14	7	1996	PARAMESHWARI	B	DRO LANE	CHUNNAKAM
262	CHA/253	UDAYAKUMAR	S	18	8	1996	VADIVALAKI	S	9/5, MALAR MAHAL VEETHY	MEESALAI
263	CHA/012	UDAYAKUMARAN	V	17	6	1997	VELLUPILLAI	K	VEVUKADU	KODIKAMAM
264	CHA/076	UTHAYAKUMAR	A	21	7	1996	THEIVANAPILLAI	I	MEESALAI WEST	MEESALAI
265	CHA/223	VASANTHA MOHAN	S	28	8	1996	VASANTHAKUMAR	S	URUMPIRAI SOUTH	URUMPIRAI
266	JAF/323	VASANTHAKUMAR	P	9	8	1997	PUNITHAWATHY	P	OORATHY, ARALY CENTRE	VADDUKOTTAI
267	CHA/197	VASANTHAN	R	12	8	1996	PONMALAR	R	URUMPIRAI SOUTH	URUMPIRAI
268	CHA/042	VICKNARAJAH	R	7	8	1996	THAYAWATHI	V	AMMANKOVILADY	CHAVAKACHCHERI
269	CHA/117	VIJAYAKANTHAN	S	24	5	1996	SIVASAMBU	K	14TH 1ST CROSS STREET	COLOMBUTHURAI
270	CHA/105	VIJAYAKUMAR	V	18	10	1996	THAVAMANI	V	KANDY ROAD	KODIKAMAM
271	CHA/119	VIJAYAKUMAR	A	6	6	1996	YOGESHWARAN	A	KONDAVIL NORTH	KONDAVIL
272	CHA/236	VIJAYAKUMAR	M	4	4	1997	SAROJADEVI	P	SITTARNKERNY SIVAMKOVIL ROAD	CHANKANAI
273	CHA/073	VIJETHARAN	K	17	7	1996	ARUNTHAVANAYAGI	K	SARASALAI SOUTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
274	CHA/033	VIMALENTHIRAN	K	7	7	1996	LAXMI	K	IYATRALAI	VARANY
275	CHA/179	VINAYAGAMOORTHY	N	31	7	1996	SUSILA	V	MULLAIADY	PALAI
276	CHA/059	VIVEKANANTHAN	S	10	8	1996	PREMALATHA	V	MADDUVIL EAST	CHAVAKACHCHERI
277	CHA/238	WASANTHAN	S	27	7	1997	VASANTHA	S	AVARANGAL EAST	PUTHUR
278	CHA/258	WILDON	S A	27	8	1996	LOURTHAMMA	S	54/1, VITHANYER	CHUNDIKULI
279	CHA/114	YADESHKUMAR	P	19	8	1996	RAJESHWARY	P	PUTHUR EAST	PUTHUR
280	CHA/162	YOGESHWARAN	S	21	7	1996	SIVASBRAMANTAM	C	ATCHCHUVELY	NAVATKADU
281	CHA/164	YOGESHWARAN	N	28	2	1997	THAVAMALAR	N	AMMAN KOVILADY, NAVALI SOUTH	MANIPAY

Certified correct

M.C.M. Iqbal

Secretary, Committee on Disappearances of the Human Rights Commission

28.10.2003

## Annex III

**Committee on Disappearances of the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka**  
**List of Persons who had Disappeared in Specified Places**

Serial No	File No	Name of disappeared person	Place of Disappearance	Date of Disappearance Day Month Year	Name of Army Camp	Name of Persons Alleged to be Responsible
1	CHA/213	SATHESHKUMAR T	SAVAKADDU	20 12 1996	KULAVADI	AJITHKUMARA ARMY CAPTAIN
2	CHA/012	UDAYAKUMARAN V	ERUVAN	17 6 1997	ERUVAN	ALEXANDER ARMY OFFICER
3	CHA/069	RAJENDRAN R	CHAVAKACHCHERI	22 5 1996	CHAVAKACHCHERI	ALWIS ARMY COMMANDER
4	CHA/260	RAJENDRAKUMAR T	NUNAVIL	18 9 1996	KOLLANKIRAI	ALWIS ARMY COMMANDER
5	CHA/178	SELVARAJAH S	KOPAY	31 7 1996	KOPAY	AMARASINGE LANCE CORPORAL
6	CHA/237	GOVINDASAMY T	SANDALIPAY	11 4 1997	SANDALIPAY	ARIYATHASAVARIYADASA ARMY CAPTAIN
7	CHA/161	JOHNSAN M B	KOYATHOTTAM	21 7 1996	PASSAYOOR CAMP	BANDARA ARMY CAPTAIN
8	CHA/191	DONALD D	CHUNDUKULI	7 10 1996	PASSAYOOR CAMP	BANDARA LIEUTENANT
9	CHA/262	ANANDARAJAH N	ATCHUVELI	21 7 1996	NAVATKADU	BANDARA OIC
10	CHA/141	JAYAKANTHAN F	KOIYATHOTTAM	14 7 1996	PASSAYOOR CAMP	BANDARA DISSANAYAKE CAPTAIN
11	CHA/033	VIMALENTHIRAN K	CHAVAKACHCHERI	7 7 1996	NUNAVIL	BANDARA H K IU OFFICER
12	CHA/176	JEGARAJAH M	GURUNAGAR	29 7 1996	SINNAKADAY	DADYGAMA 1ST ARMY COMMANDER
13	JAF/321	CONCY C	JAFFNA	24 4 1996	GURUNAGAR CAMP	DADYGAMA CAPTAIN
14	CHA/161	JOHNSAN M B	KOYATHOTTAM	21 7 1996	PASSAYOOR CAMP	DASSANAYAKA 2ND CAPTAIN
15	CHA/168	KUMAR S	KURUNAGAR	24 7 1996	KURUNAGAR	DEDIGAMA COMMANDER
16	CHA/017	THILAKARATNAM A	NAVATKULI	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DHUMINDA KEPETTIWALAN CAPTAIN
17	CHA/192	KIRISHNAN K	CHUNNAKAM	7 9 1996	CHUNNAKAM	DISANAYAKE CAPTAIN
18	CHA/004	RAVENDRAN P	MARUVANPULAVU	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA AREA COMMANDER/LT
19	CHA/009	JEYARATNAM M	MARUVANPILAVU	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA OIC/LT
20	CHA/011	JEYARAJAH P	NAVATKULI	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA OIC
21	CHA/019	PERINPANTHAN S	KAITHADY	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA OIC
22	CHA/020	KODESHWARAN A	NAVATKULI	4 8 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA OIC
23	CHA/052	SIVARASA M	MARAVANPULOVU	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA OIC
24	CHA/060	BENEDICT A A	NAVATKULI	19 7 1997	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA CAPTAIN
25	CHA/061	AMALANATHAN J A	NAVATKULI	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA CAPTAIN/LT
26	CHA/065	KETHESWARAN K	NAVATKULI	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA CAPTAIN
27	CHA/151	THARMALINGAM S	MARUVANPILAVU	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA CAPTAIN
28	CHA/003	KIRUBAKARAN K	MARUVAN PULAVU	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA OIC/LT
29	CHA/015	JEEVA J I	NAVATKULI	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA CAPTAIN
30	CHA/016	PUSHPARAJAH K	THATCHANTHOPPU	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA OIC
31	CHA/018	THIRUVARUTCHELVAN S	THATCHANTHOPPU	19 7 1996	THATCHANTHOPPU	DUMINDA CAPTAIN/LT
32	CHA/128	SUVENTHIRARAJAN T	NAVATKULI	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI	DUMINDA ARMY COMMANDER
33	CHA/064	SELVAKUMAR R	NAVATKULI	19 7 1996	NAVATKULI CAMP	DUMINDA/KEPETTIWALANA CAPTAIN
34	CHA/124	SELVARATNAM N	ARIYALAI	14 6 1996	COLOMBOOTHURAI	JAYAWARDENA CAPTAIN
35	CHA/138	SERAN L	ARIYALAI	15 7 1996	COLOMBOOTHURAI	JAYAWARDENA CAPTAIN
36	CHA/247	SIVAJINI A	COLOMBOOTHURAI	24 7 1996	COLOMBOOTHURAI	JAYAWARDENA CAPTAIN
37	CHA/004	RAVENDRAN P	MARUVANPULAVU	19 7 1996	NAVAKULI	JEYASOORIYA 2ND COMMANDER
38	CHA/117	VIJAYAKANTHAN S	COLOMBOOTHURAI	24 5 1996	COLOMBOOTHURAI	JEYAWARDANA OIC
39	CHA/244	SIVARUBAN T	COLOMBOOTHURAI	9 7 1996	THUNDI CAMP - 7C	JEYAWARDENA CAPTAIN
40	CHA/118	NIXON GERAD W	COLOMBOOTHURAI	27 5 1996	COLOMBOOTHURAI AMMAN KOVIL	KALUBANDA CORPORAL

41	NAL/322	JEYARAJAH	N	MEESALAI	28	7	1996	COLOMBUTHURAI ARMY CAMP	KULATHILAKE	OIC
42	PUT/271	NIYAZ	S	JAFFNA TOWN	7	2	1990		KUMAR	ARMY INCHAGER
43	CHA/124	SELVARATNAM	N	ARIYALAI	14	6	1996		LALITH HEWA	ARMY CAPTAIN
44	CHA/134	NIRMALAN	S	ARIYALAI	9	7	1996		LALITH HEWA	ARMY CAPTAIN
45	CHA/138	SERAN	L	ARIYALAI	15	7	1996		LALITH HEWA	ARMY CAPTAIN
46	CHA/185	RAMESHKARAN	T	JAFFNA	3	8	1996	KACHCHERI	LALITH HEWA	ARMY CAPTAIN
47	CHA/216	RANESH	T	NAVALADY ROAD	23	8	1996	PANNAKULAM	LALITH HEWA	A/COMMANDER
48	CHA/207	PARTHEEPAN	S	ELLANTHUKULAM	9	8	1996	CHUNUKULI	LALITH HEWA	OIC
49	CHA/189	KUMARESHWARAN	T	JAFFNA	6	8	1996	PUNKANKULAM	MARIKKAR	COMMANDING OFFICER
50	CHA/193	MARY ROY SUGANTHINI	C	JAFFNA	8	8	1996	JAFFNA	MARIKKAR	COMMANDING OFFICER
51	CHA/195	CONSTANTINE ROY		JAFFNA	16	8	1996	KOTTADY JAFFNA	MARIKKAYAR	ARMY COMMANDER
52	CHA/026	THANGARAJAH	A	MEESALAI	19	8	1996	MEESALAI	NIMAL	ARMY PERSONNEL
53	CHA/124	SELVARATNAM	N	ARIYALAI	14	6	1996		RAJAPAKSHE	CORPORAL
54	CHA/138	SERAN	L	ARIYALAI	15	7	1996		RAJAPAKSHE	CORPORAL
55	CHA/202	MURUGADAS	S	JAFFNA	16	8	1996	ARIYALAI	RAJAPAKSHE	CORPORAL
56	CHA/216	RANESH	T	NAVALADY ROAD	23	8	1996	PANNAKULAM	RAJAPAKSHE	ARMY COMMANDER
57	CHA/231	KARUNAKARAN	K	MAVADI JUNCTION	26	3	1997	513 DIVISION	SAMARASINGHE	ARMY INCHAGER
58	CHA/232	SUASHKARAN	G	MAVADI JUNCTION	26	3	1997	MAVADY JUN JAFFNA	SAMARASINGHE	ARMY COMMANDER
59	CHA/071	SELVARAJAH	K	CHAVAKACHCHERI	8	7	1996	KODIKAMAM CAMP	SILVA	COMMANDER
60	CHA/008	THARMATHASAN	K	NAVATKULI	6	8	1996	MEESALAI	SUNIL	CAPTAIN
61	CHA/011	JEYARAJAH	P	NAVATKULI	19	7	1996	NAVATKULI	SUNIL	CAPTAIN
62	CHA/011	JEYARAJAH	P	NAVATKULI	19	7	1996	NAVATKULI	SUNIL	CAPTAIN
63	CHA/013	KANNATHASAN	P	THATCHANTHOPPU	19	7	1996	NAVATKULI	SUNIL	CAPTAIN
64	CHA/015	JEEVA	J.I.	NAVATKUYLI	19	7	1996	NAVATKULI	SUNIL	CAPTAIN
65	CHA/017	THILAKARATNAM	A	NAVATKULI	19	7	1996	NAVATKULI	SUNIL	CAPTAIN
66	CHA/061	AMALANATHAN	J.A.	NAVATKULI	19	7	1996	NAVATKULI	SUNIL	CAPTAIN
67	CHA/064	SELVAKUMAR	R	NAVATKULI	19	7	1996	NAVATKULI CAMP	SUNIL	CAPTAIN
68	CHA/098	JEYABALU	S	MEESALAI	19	8	1996	522 ARMY CAMP	VIMAL	ARMY OFFICER
69	CHA/201	THAVANATHAN	S	NALLUR	16	8	1996	ACHCHELU	WEERAKON	CAPTAIN

**Other Security Forces Personnel\* needed for Inquiry by the Committee**

Name	Designation
1 LOHAN GUNAWARDENA	GENERAL
2 LALITH HEWAGE	CAPTAIN
3 WIJAYASIRIWARDENA	CAPTAIN
4 DALUGALLA	LIEUTENANT
5 UDAYAKUMARA	LIEUTENANT
6 BOGAPITTIYA	CORPORAL
7 KEERTHIRATNA	CORPORAL

\* These personnel had been on duty in the Jaffna Peninsula during the period 1996 to 1998.



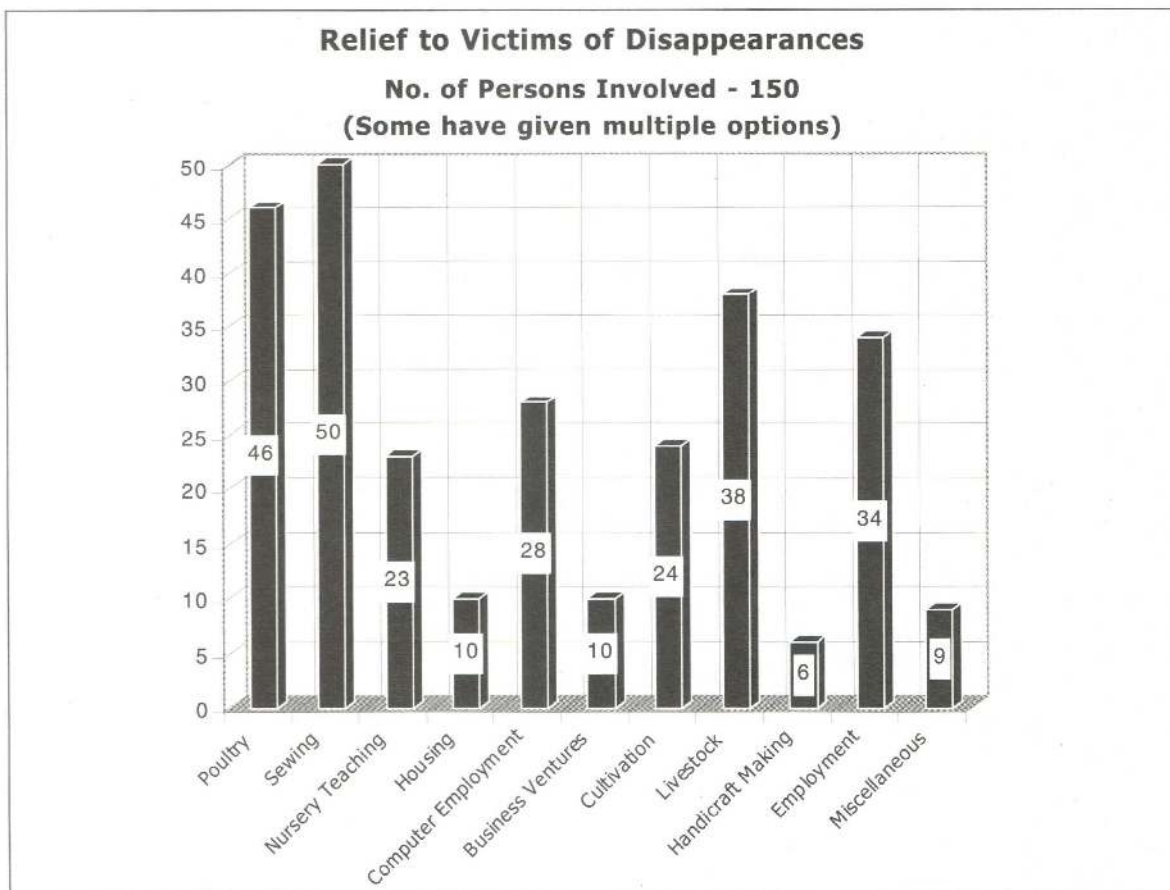
**PART I**

**List of 150 Victims of Disappearances in the Jaffna Region  
to whom relief is recommended by the Committee on Disappearances  
of the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka  
(Updated on 22/10/2003)**

**PART II**

**List in Part I Classified on the Basis of the Type of Relief Sought**

- List 1 - List of those who need assistance for **poultry farming**
- List 2 - List of those who need a **sewing machine**
- List 3 - List of those who want to be **nursery teacher**
- List 4 - List of those who want assistance for **housing**
- List 5 - List of those who seek Training & Employment in the **computer field**
- List 6 - List of those who need capital for small scale **business ventures**
- List 7 - List of those who require assistance for **cultivation**
- List 8 - List of those who require **livestock** for self employment
- List 9 - List of those who need assistance for **handicraft making**
- List 10 - List of those who seek unskilled **employment**
- List 11 - List of those who seek **miscellaneous** assistance such as assistance for education, assistance for disabled child, a cycle for transport etc





## PART I

## Full List of Victims of Disappearances to whom Relief is Recommended (Classified Lists are in Part II)

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant	Address of Complainant	Relief Sought
1	CHA/003	GANESHALINGAM	S NAVATKULI SOUTH	Computer, Nursery Teacher
2	CHA/004	JEYARANI	R TYPIST, BISHOP'S HOUSE	Computer, Typist
3	CHA/005	JEYAKALA*	A MARUVANPULAVU WEST	Poultry
4	CHA/006	SIVAMATHY*	G VELLAIMAVADIPULLAIR KOVIL VIEW	Cultivation, Nursery Teacher
5	CHA/007	NADARAJAH*	K SARASALI SOUTH	Computer
6	CHA/009	MURUGAN	S MARUVANPULAVU	Sewing
7	CHA/010	KAMALADEVI*	S SARASALA NORTH	Computer
8	CHA/012	VELLUPILLAI*	K VEVUKADU	Income generation
9	CHA/132	KAMALADEVI	T 203/8, SARASWATHY LANE	Capital
10	CHA/014	POOMANY*	E SCHOOL LANE NAVATKULI ROAD,	Nursery Teacher, poultry
11	CHA/016	KAMALA	V THATCHANTHOPPU	Cattle, Poultry, Capital
12	CHA/017	THANGALUXMY*	T NAVATKULI SOUTH	Education, Poultry
13	CHA/018	SINNAPELLAI*	S KOVILKANDY	Employment, Computer, Capital
14	CHA/019	SITHAMPARAPILLAI*	S NAVATKULI SOUTH	Clerk, Fishing, House work, Sewing
15	CHA/020	EASHWARY*	K NAVATKULI SOUTH	Employment, Sewing
16	CHA/022	MANONMANY	K MUGAMALAI LANE, SUTHUMALAI SOUT	Computer
17	CHA/023	MAHESWARY*	N PALAVI NORTH	Poultry, Sewing, Capital
18	CHA/024	PUSHPAMALAR*	K ALLARAI NORTH	Cattle, Gardening
19	CHA/026	THAVAMANI*	A MEESALAI WEST	Business, Nursery Teacher, poultry, Capital
20	CHA/030	JAYANTHIMALAR	S MEESALAI NORTH	Poultry
21	CHA/031	Varaluxmy	M Kandy Road	Nursery Teacher, Poultry, Sewing
22	CHA/032	THILAGAMALAR	V THANAKILAPPU ROAD	Sewing Machine, labour
23	CHA/035	MALINI*	R KALTHADY NAVATKULI SOUTH	Sewing
24	CHA/036	PONNAMMA*	K IYANAR KOVILLADY	Housing, Poultry, Sewing
25	CHA/043	TAMILCHEVI*	J MEESALAI NORTH	Computer, Handicraft, Sewing
26	CHA/044	CHANDRASEKRAM*	C KALTHADY EAST	Employment, Housing, Poultry
27	CHA/045	RAVINTHIRAN*	K MEESALAI NORTH	Handicraft, Nursery Teacher
28	CHA/046	JEYAGOWRI*	K KALTHADY SOUTH	Cultivation, Nursery Teacher, Sewing
29	CHA/050	THILAGAWATHY*	N MEESALAI NORTH	Cultivation, Cattle, Housing, Nursery Teacher, Poultry
30	CHA/052	MURUGAN	S MARUVANPULAVU	Nursery Teacher
31	CHA/053	LAUXMY	P KUDAMIYAN	Cultivation, Cattle, Poultry
32	CHA/054	POORNAM*	P KOVILKANDY	Cattle, Poultry, Sewing
33	CHA/055	PATHMINI*	S MADDUVIL NORTH	Computer, Sewing
34	CHA/056	MANISEKARAN*	N PATHAMANI PILLAIYAR KOVILADY	Cultivation
35	CHA/057	RAJARATNAM*	R VAHAIYADY ROAD	Sewing, Nursery Teacher
36	CHA/058	SINNAPELLAI	P POWER HOUSE ROAD	Cultivation, Cattle, Computer, Gardening
37	CHA/060	MARIYARANJITHAM*	A PIDURI KOVILADY	Computer
38	CHA/061	MARY CALESTA	A SCHOOL LANE, NAVATKULI	Cattle
39	CHA/064	RASAMALAR*	R THATCHANTHOPPU	Computer
40	CHA/068	MOHANAMBBIKAIB	N NUNAVIL, KANTHAPAR VEETHY	Cultivation

\* Needs Training

41	CHA/070	SINNADY	G	KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY	Cultivation
42	CHA/073	ARUNTHAVANAYAGI*	K	SARASALAI SOUTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI	Computer, Employment, Nursery Teacher, Poultry
43	CHA/077	SEEDVIPILLAI	A	ATHTHIYADY LANE	KODIKAMAM	Poultry
44	CHA/079	THIRUMAGAL*	G	KAMALASIN LANE,	SARASALI SOUTH, CHAVAKATCHCHERI	Cultivation, Computer, Employment
45	CHA/083	MEENATCHI*	M	KAITHADY CENTRE	KAITHADY	Housing, Poultry
46	CHA/084	SELVARAJAH*	P	KOVILAKANDY CENTRE,	KAITHADY	Computer, Nursery Teacher
47	CHA/085	NANNI	N	KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY	Cattle, Poultry
48	CHA/086	MAKESHWARY*	P	KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY	Employment
49	CHA/088	KASITHAMBY	K	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI	Cultivation, Cook, Sewing
50	CHA/089	RASAMMAH*	S	SARASALAI SOUTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI	Labour
51	CHA/096	KANAGASOORIYAR*	K	KAITHADY NUNAVIL	CHAVAKATCHCHERI	Computer
52	CHA/098	BAVA*	J	MEESALAI WEST	PUTHUR JUNCTION	Sewing
53	CHA/100	KANDASAMY	S	MEESALAI NORTH,PUTHUR JUNCTION	KODIKAMAM	Gardening, Poultry
54	CHA/101	Maheswaran*	P	ARUKUVILY THANAKILAPPU	CHAVAKACHCHERI	Cultivation, Gardening, Poultry
55	CHA/105	THAVAMANI	V	KANDY ROAD	KODIKAMAM	Poultry
56	CHA/107	RASANAYAGI	S	MADATHTHADY	CHAVAKATCHCHERI NORTH, CHAVAKACHCHERI	Poultry
57	CHA/112	KUNARATNAM*	T	MARISAM/COODAL	ILAVALAI	Computer, Sewing
58	CHA/114	RAJESHWARY*	P	PUTHUR EAST	PUTHUR	Cultivation, computer, Sewing
59	CHA/118	WILFRED	C	NEDUNKULAM TEMPLE	COLOMBOTHURAI	Poultry
60	CHA/121	MAHESWARY	T	A.V ROAD, PALAI VALAVU	ARIYALAI	Cattle, Poultry
61	CHA/123	EMALDA	I	75, MAIN STREET	JAFFNA	Computer, Nursery Teacher, Sewing
62	CHA/125	MARYROSE	A	15, CENTRAL WEST ROAD	KURUNAGAR	Poultry
63	CHA/126	SELVARATNAM*	A	NEW SANKANTHANA VEETHY	THINNAVELY	Cattle
64	CHA/127	THAVAMANY*	Y	INUVIL SOUTH	INUVIL, CHUNNAKAM	Cattle, Carpenter, Labour
65	CHA/128	THAVARAJINI	S	NAVATKULI WEST	KAITHADY	Hospital Aids
66	CHA/131	SIRIRAJANI	R	ARTHISUDI VEETHY	KANTHARMADAM	Housing
67	CHA/132	KAMALADEVI*	T	203/8, SARASWATHY LANE	ARIYALAI	Business, Cattle
68	CHA/133	JANAKI*	K	STATION ROAD	KODIKAMAM	Cattle, Housing, Poultry, Sewing
69	CHA/136	PARAMESHWARI*	B	DRO LANE	CHUYNNAKAM	Cattle, Computer, Nursery Teacher, Poultry
70	CHA/137	JAYA*	B	DRO LANE,	CHUNNAKAM	Cattle, Sewing
71	CHA/139	NAGAMMAH	K	125/1, BEACH ROAD	JAFFNA	Sewing
72	CHA/141	FERNANDO	A	43/2, NEW ROAD,	KOIYATHOTTAM	Cattle, Poultry, Sewing
73	CHA/142	THILAGAWATHIE	A	34, NEW SCHEME	ARALY ROAD, JAFFNA	Poultry
74	CHA/145	RANJANIMALAR	P	BLACK ROAD	CHANKANAI	Cattle, Poultry, Sewing
75	CHA/146	ARASAKUMARY	S	SABAPATHIPILLAI ROAD	CHUNNAKAM SOUTH	Cattle,
76	CHA/147	SAROJINIDEVI*	G	2/1, MUTHUVINAYAGAR VEETHY	NALLUR, JAFFNA	Tamil Typing
77	CHA/151	SANTHANAYAKI*	T	KANTHARODAI	CHUNNAKAM	Cattle, Housing, Poultry
78	CHA/152	RAJESHWARY	N	PLAY GROUND ROAD	KOPAY SOUTH, KOPAY	Poultry
79	CHA/155	MANIKAM*	M	70/12, MATHEWS ROAD,	JAFFNA	Handicraft, Mechanics, Painting, poultry, Sewing
80	CHA/157	KAMALAEVI	P	21/5, VYMAN ROAD,	NALLUR	Sewing, Sewing Machine



81	CHA/158	KANDAIAH	M	56, SEBASTIAN LANE	KONDAVIL EAST	Computer
82	CHA/162	SIVASUBRAMANIAM	C	ATCHCHUVELY	NAVATKADU	Labour, Sewing
83	CHA/164	THAVAMALAR*	N	AMMAN KOVILADY	NAVALI SOUTH, MANIPAY	Cattle, Employment, Poultry, Sewing
84	CHA/168	KAROLINA*	K	31, PARK ROAD	GURUNAGAR, JAFFNA	Cook, Computer
85	CHA/169	VELLUSAMY	S	519 KKS ROAD	JAFFNA	Poultry, Cattle, Business
86	CHA/170	MARIYA PUSHPADEVI	T	ALAVETTY WEST	ALAVETTY	Needs a Cycle
87	CHA/173	ANANDARANI	K	C/O RAMACHANDRAN	KERNIYADY LANE, KOKUVIL	Cultivation, Computer, Gold Smith, Poultry
88	CHA/176	MARY LOUSI*	J	19, PARK ROAD,	GURUNAGAR, JAFFNA	Sewing, Assistance to Disabled Child
89	CHA/177	SINNAPILLAI	K	VATTAPALAI	MIRUSUVIL	Computer, Nursery Teacher
90	CHA/178	MARY ANITHARANI	S	OLD POLICE STATION LANE	KOPAY SOUTH	Handicraft, Housing, Sewing
91	CHA/183	ALLALLUYA*	M	58/16 NICHOLAS LANE,	NAVATHURAI	Computer, Electronic Typing
92	CHA/184	RASAMMAH	A	KALAI KOVIL VEETHY	MEESALAI WEST	Small Business
93	CHA/185	SHAKEELA	M	3B, KANAGARATNAM ROAD	ARIYALAI	Employment
94	CHA/186	SIVAGURU*	E	AIYANAR KOVILADY	NAVATKULI KAITHADY	Cultivation, Sewing
95	CHA/188	LEELAWATHY	J	AV ROAD 3RD LANE	COLOMBOOTHURAI	Cattle, Sewing
96	CHA/189	SHANTHIMALAR*	K	103, KANAGARATNAM ROAD,	JAFFNA	sewing, Tamil Typing
97	CHA/192	KAMALESHWARY*	K	SRISKANTHARAJAHA	CEB CHUNAKAM	Sewing
98	CHA/193	MARY ROSE ROGASIAN	R	15/3, DAVID ROAD,	KURUNAGAR, JAFFNA	Sewing
99	CHA/195	MARY ROSE RASAKIN	R	15/3, DAVID ROAD	JAFFNA	Fishing, Sewing
100	CHA/196	MUTHULUXMI*	T	87/1, MAIN ROAD	JAFFNA	Computer, Nursery Teacher
101	CHA/198	NALLAIYAN*	C	SIRIPITTY SOUTH	NEERVELY	Cattle, Employment, Poultry
102	CHA/201	PARAMESHWARY*	S	44/15, SANGILIYAN VEETHY	NALLUR	Computer, Nursery Teacher
103	CHA/202	NITHTHIALUXMY	S	215/19, RASAVINTHODDAM	JAFFNA	Cattle
104	CHA/203	KAMALA*	R	KALAIMATHY LANE,	PUTHTHUR WEST, PUTHTHUR	Labour
105	CHA/204	LATHANI*	C	KALAIMATHY LANE,	PUTHTHUR SOUTH, PUTHTHUR	Cultivation, Cattle, Poultry
106	CHA/206	NAGARATNAM	R	KONDALADY LANE	NALLUR	Cattle, Sewing
107	CHA/209	RASIKALA*	K	PUTHUR EAST	PUTHUR	Nursery Teacher, Sewing
108	CHA/210	SIRI PIRIYA*	K	MANTHUVIL WEST	KODIKAMAM	Computer
109	CHA/211	NADARASA*	R	SUTHUMALAI ROAD	ANAIKOTTAI	Nursery Teacher
110	CHA/214	KANAGAMBIGAI*	S	54/2, 1ST LANE, POINTPEDURO RD,	JAFFNA	Book binding, Photo copier, Sewing
111	CHA/216	SAROJA*	T	11/1, PONNAMPALAM ROAD	ARIYALAI	Computer, Sewing
112	CHA/218	NAGAMMA*	V	PUTUR EAST	PUTHUR	Cattle, Cattle
113	CHA/222	NAGARATNAM	K	NEERVELY NORTH	NEERVELY	Cultivation
114	CHA/225	RASASOTHY*	P	6, KANNAPURAM	VELLANDI PILLAIYAR KOVIL, JAFFNA	Housing, Sewing Machine
115	CHA/226	POORANAM	I	KARAIGAI VEETHY	INUVIL EAST, INUVIL	Poultry, Sewing
116	CHA/232	SELLAMMAH	K	VADDU SOUTH	VATTUKOTTAI	Employment
117	CHA/234	RATNAM	S	THOLPURAM WEST	CHULLIPURAM	Cattle, Employment, Poultry
118	CHA/235	PARAMESHWARY	M	THOLPURAM EAST	CHULLIPURAM	Employment
119	CHA/236	SARAJADEVI*	P	SITTARNKERNY SIVANKOVI ROAD	CHANKANAI	Cultivation, Gardening
120	CHA/237	THANALUXMY	K	ARALY ROAD,	CHANKANAI	Cattle, Poultry

121	CHA/238	VASANTHA	S	AVARANGAL EAST	PUTHUR	Business, Cattle, Nursery Teacher
122	CHA/240	SRI SHANMUGARANJANI	G	CHULLIPURAM	CENTRE	Cattle
123	CHA/243	NAGALOGA DEVI	C	AMMAN ROAD, THIRUNELVELY EAST	JAFFNA	Employment
124	CHA/244	THAVARAJAH*	K S	VADDU NORTH	VATTUKOTTAI, PALAI	Cattle, Poultry, Nursery Teacher
125	CHA/250	VIJAYARATNAM*	N	KUDAMIYAN VARANI	VEMBADYKERNI PALAI	Cattle, Cultivation
126	CHA/252	DEVANANAYAGI	M	SANGARATHAI	VATTUKOTTAI	Cattle
127	CHA/253	VADIVALAGI	S	9/5, MALAR MAHAL VEETHY	ARIYALAI	Employment
128	CHA/259	PARAMESHWARY	S	CHULIPURAM CENTRE	KAMPANAI CAMP, CHULLIPURAM	Computer, Teaching
129	CHA/260	VIJAYAKUMAR*	T	KOMMANTHURAI	VALVETTYTHURAI	Employment, Nursery Teacher, Sewing
130	CHA/261	ILAYAPILLAI	V	VANNIYAPURAM, VELLAI VAIKKAAL	CHUNNAKAM	Needs School Equipments
131	PUT/265	MARJUKKA*	B	C/O M.P. BADURUSAMAN	7TH CROSS REET, VETTUKULAM, PUTTALAM	Nursery Teacher
132	PUT/266	NOOR JAHAN*	S A	PALAVI COLOMBO ROAD	PUTTALAM	Sewing
133	PUT/278	JAMEELA*	H	F CAMP, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM	Handicraft, Poultry
134	PUT/279	RAMEEZ*	A M M	A CAMP, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM	Poultry
135	PUT/282	FIRDOUSE (MRS)	J A	MATTAKULIYA	COLOMBO	Handicraft, Sewing
136	PUT/285	FARENA*	N	PARITHA PATH, COLOMBO ROAD	PALAVI, PUTTALAM	Sewing
137	PUT/291	SAMSUN NIZA*	J	54/39, 2ND CROSS, 3RD LANE	THILLAIADY, PUTTALAM	Employment, Nursery Teacher, Sewing
138	PUT/296	NOOR JAHAN*	S A	PALAVI, COLOMBO ROAD	PUTTALAM	Sewing
139	CHA/299	NAGAMMAH	K	125/1, BEACH ROAD	JAFFNA	Sewing
140	CHA/300	THEEPAN	M	THOLPURAM EAST	CHULIPURAM	Computer, Nursery
141	JAF/301	BALACHANDRAM	J	ELAVALAI NORTH	ELAVALAI	Cattle, Poultry
142	CHA/306	ANNAPILLAI	V	PILLAYAR KOVILADY, KOOLAVADY	ANAIKOTTAI	Fishing
143	CHA/307	ACHCHIMUTHU	T	KACHCHAI SOUTH	KODIKAMAM	Needs a Cycle
144	CHA/308	SELVANAYAKAM	S	KAITHADY, NAVATKULI EAST	KAITHAY	Cattle, Poultry, Housing
145	CHA/311	KAVITHA	K	83, 3RD CROSS STREET,	JAFFNA	Computer, Clerk
146	JAF/312	MARY ARULSILI	V	28/17, KONDADY VEETHY,	GURUNAGAR, JAFFNA	Fishing, Sewing
147	CHA/314	RAJENDRAM	S	VALVETTY PATHINI AMMAN KOVILADY	VALVETTYTHURAI	Cultivation, Cattle
148	Jaf/316	PONUTHURAI	E	SUTHUMALAI NORTH	SUTHUMALAI	Cultivation, Cattle, Sewing
149	JAF/317	PUSHPARANI	A	37/2, VIDANE'S LANE	CHUNDUKULI, JAFFNA	Computer, Teaching
150	JAF/324	KIRUBAKARAN	T	23/1, KANATHIYADY ROAD	JAFFNA	Cattle, Poultry

**PART II****List 1****Relief to Victims of Disappearances****Victims of Disappearances who need Assistance for Poultry Farming**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant		Address of Complainant
1	CHA/005	JEYAKALA*	A	MARUVANPULAVU WEST CHAVAKACHCHERI
2	CHA/014	POOMANY*	E	SCHOOL LANE NAVATKULI ROAD, KAITHADY
3	CHA/016	KAMALA	V	THATCHANTHOPPU KAITHADY
4	CHA/017	THANGALUXMY*	T	NAVATKUULI SOUTH KAITHADY
5	CHA/023	MAHESWARY*	N	PALAVI NORTH KODIKAMAM
6	CHA/026	THAVAMANI*	A	MEESALAI WEST MEESALAI
7	CHA/030	JAYANTHIMALAR	S	MEESALAI NORTH KODIKAMAM
8	CHA/031	VARALUXMY	M	KANDY ROAD KAITHADY
9	CHA/036	PONNAMMA*	K	IYANAR KOVILLADY KODIKAMAM
10	CHA/044	CHANDRASEKRAM*	C	KAITHADY EAST KAITHADY
11	CHA/050	THILAGAWATHY*	N	MEESALAI NORTH CHAVAKACHCHERI
12	CHA/053	LAUXMY	P	KUDAMIYAN VARANY
13	CHA/054	POORNAM*	P	KOVILKANDY KAITHADY
14	CHA/073	ARUNTHAVANAYAGI*	K	SARASALAI SOUTH CHAVAKACHCHERI
15	CHA/077	SEEDVIPILLAI	A	ATHTHIYADY LANE KODIKAMAM
16	CHA/083	MEENATCHI*	M	KAITHADY CENTRE KAITHADY
17	CHA/085	NANNI	N	KAITHADY SOUTH KAITHADY
18	CHA/100	KANDASAMY	S	MEESALAI NORTH, PUTHUR KODIKAMAM
19	CHA/101	MAHESWARAN*	P	ARUKUVILY THANAKILAPPU CHAVAKACHCHERI
20	CHA/105	THAVAMANI	V	KANDY ROAD KODIKAMAM
21	CHA/107	RASANAYAGI	S	MADATHTHADY CHAVAKACHCHERI, CHAVA
22	CHA/118	WILFRED	C	NEDUNKULAM TEMPLE COLOMBOTHURAI
23	CHA/121	MAHESWARY	T	A.V. ROAD, PALAI VALAVU ARIYALAI
24	CHA/125	MARYROSE	A	15, CENTRAL WEST ROAD KURUNAGAR
25	CHA/133	JANAKI*	K	STATION ROAD KODIKAMAM
26	CHA/136	PARAMESHWARI*	B	DRO LANE CHUYNNAKAM
27	CHA/141	FERNANDO	A	43/2, NEW ROAD, KOIYATHOTTAM
28	CHA/142	THILAGAWATHIE	A	34, NEW SCHEME ARALY ROAD, JAFFNA
29	CHA/145	RANJANIMALAR	P	BLACK ROAD CHANKANAI
30	CHA/151	SANTHANAYAKI*	T	KANTHARODAI CHUNNAKAM
31	CHA/152	RAJESHWARY	N	PLAY GROUD ROAD KOPAY SOUTH, KOPAY
32	CHA/155	MANIKAM*	M	70/12, MATHEWS ROAD, JAFFNA
33	CHA/164	THAVAMALAR*	N	AMMAN KOVILADY NAVALI SOUTH, MANIPAY
34	CHA/169	VELLUSAMY	S	519 KKS ROAD JAFFNA
35	CHA/173	ANANDARANI	K	C/O RAMACHANDRAN KERNIYADY LANE, KOKUVIL
36	CHA/198	NALLAIYAN*	C	SIRIPITTY SOUTH NEERVELY
37	CHA/204	LATHANI*	C	KALAIMATHY LANE, PUTHTHUR SOUTH, PUTHTHUR
38	CHA/226	POORANAM	I	KARAIGAI VEETHY INUVIL EAST, INUVIL
39	CHA/234	RATNAM	S	THOLPURAM WEST CHULLIPURAM
40	CHA/237	THANALUXMY	K	ARALY ROAD, CHANKANAI
41	CHA/244	THAVARAJAH	K S	VADDU NORTH VATTUKOTTAI, PALAI
42	PUT/278	JAMEELA*	H	F CAMP, THILLAIADY PUTTALAM
43	PUT/279	RAMEEZ*	A M M	A CAMP, THILLAIADY PUTTALAM
44	JAF/301	BALACHANDRAN	J	ELAVALAI NORTH ELAVALAI
45	CHA/308	SELVANAYAKAM	S	KAITHADY, NAVATKULI EAST KAITHADY
46	JAF/324	KIRUBAKARAN	T	23/1, KANATHIYADY ROAD JAFFNA

## PART II

## List 2

## Relief to Victims of Disappearances

## Victims of Disappearances who are keen to earn by sewing and needs assistance

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant		Address of Complainant	
1	CHA/009	MURUGAN	S	MARUVANPULAVU	CHAVAKACHCHRI
2	CHA/019	SITHAMPARAPILLAI*	S	NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
3	CHA/020	EASHWARY*	K	NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
4	CHA/023	MAHESWARY*	N	PALAVI NORTH	KODIKAMAM
5	CHA/031	VARALUXMY	M	KANDY ROAD	KAITHADY
6	CHA/032	THILAGAMALAR	V	THANAKILAPPU ROAD	CHAVAKATCHCHERI
7	CHA/035	MALINI*	R	KAITHADY NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
8	CHA/036	PONNAMMA*	K	IYANAR KOVILLADY	KODIKAMAM
9	CHA/043	TAMILCHEVI*	J	MEESALAI NORTH	MEESALAI
10	CHA/046	JEYAGOWRI*	K	KAITHDY SOUTH	KAITHDY
11	CHA/054	POORNAM*	P	KOVILKANDY	KAITHDY
12	CHA/055	PATHMINI*	S	MADDUVIL NORTH	MADDUVIL
13	CHA/057	RAJARATNAM*	R	VAHAIYADY ROAD	MADDUVIL SOUTH, CHAVA
14	CHA/088	KASITHAMBY	K	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI
15	CHA/098	BAVA*	J	MEESALAI WEST	PUTHUR JUNCTION
16	CHA/112	KUNARATNAM*	T	MARISAM/COODAL	ILAVALAI
17	CHA/114	RAJESHWARY*	P	PUTHUR EAST	PUTHUR
18	CHA/123	EMALDA	I	75, MAIN STREET	JAFFNA
19	CHA/133	JANA*KI*	K	STATION ROAD	KODIKAMAM
20	CHA/137	JAYA*	B	DRO LANE,	CHUNNAKAM
21	CHA/139	NAGAMMAH	K	125/1, BEACH ROAD	JAFFNA
22	CHA/141	FERNANDO	A	43/2, NEW ROAD,	KOYATHOTTAM
23	CHA/145	RANJANIMALAR	P	BLACK ROAD	CHANKANAI
24	CHA/155	MANIKAM*	M	70/12, MATHEWS ROAD,	JAFFNA
25	CHA/157	KAMALAEVI	P	21/5, VYMAN ROAD,	NALLUR
26	CHA/162	SIVASUBRAMANIAM	C	ATCHCHUVELY	NAVATKADU
27	CHA/164	THAVAMALAR*	N	AMMAN KOVILADY	NAVALI SOUTH, MANIPAY
28	CHA/176	MARY LOUSI*	J	19, PARK ROAD,	GURUNAGAR, JAFFNA
29	CHA/178	MARY ANITHARANI	S	OLD POLICE STATION LANE	KOPAY SOUTH
30	CHA/186	SIVAGURU*	E	AIYANAR KOVILADY	NAVATKULI KAITHADY
31	CHA/188	LEELAWATHY	J	AV ROAD 3RD LANE	COLOMBOTHURAI
32	CHA/189	SHANTHMALAR*	K	103, KANAGARATNAM ROAD,	JAFFNA
33	CHA/192	KAMALESHWARY*	K	SRISKANTHARAJAHA	CEB CHUNAKAM
34	CHA/193	MARY ROSE ROGASIAN	R	15/3, DAVID ROAD,	KURUNAGAR, JAFFNA
35	CHA/195	MARY ROSE RASAKIN	R	15/3, DAVID ROAD	JAFFNA
36	CHA/206	NAGARATNAM	R	KONDALADY LANE	NALLUR
37	CHA/209	RASIKALA*	K	PUTHUR EAST	PUTHUR
38	CHA/214	KANAGAMBIGAI*	S	54/2, 1ST LANE, POINTPEDURO RD,	JAFFNA
39	CHA/216	SAROJA*	T	11/1, PONNAMPALAM ROAD	ARIYALAI
40	CHA/225	RASASOTHY*	P	6, KANNAPURAM	VELLANDI PILLAIYARIL, JAF
41	CHA/226	POORANAM	I	KARAIGAI VEETHY	INUVIL EAST, INUVIL
42	CHA/260	VIJAYAKUMAR	T	KOMMANTHURAI	VALVETTYTHURAI
43	PUT/266	NOOR JAHAN*	S A	PALAVI COLOMBO ROAD	PUTTALAM
44	PUT/282	FIRDOUSE (MRS)	J A	MATTAKULIYA	COLOMBO
45	PUT/285	FAREENA*	N	PARITHA PATH, COLOMBO ROAD	PALAVI, PUTTALAM
46	PUT/291	SAMSUN NIZA*	J	54/39, 2ND CROSS, 3RD LANE	THILLAIADY, PUTTALAM
47	PUT/296	NOOR JAHAN*	S A	PALAVI, COLOMBO ROAD	PUTTALAM
48	CHA/299	NAGAMMAH	K	125/1, BEACH ROAD	JAFFNA
49	JAF/312	MARY ARULSILI	V	28/17, KONDADY VEETHY,	GURUNAGAR, JAFFNA
50	JAF/316	PONUTHURAI	E	SUTHUMALAI NORTH	SUTHUMALAI

**PART II****List 3****Relief to Victims of Disappearances****Victims of Disappearances\* who want to be Nursery Teachers**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant		Address of Complainant	
1	CHA/003	GANESHALINGAM	S	NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY
2	CHA/006	SIVAMATHY*	G	VELLAIMAVADIPULLAIR KOVIL	MEESALAI
3	CHA/014	POOMANY*	E	SCHOOL LANE NAVATKULI ROAD	KAITHADY
4	CHA/026	THAVAMANI*	A	MEESALAI WEST	MEESALAI
5	CHA/031	VARALUXMY	M	KANDY ROAD	KAITHADY
6	CHA/045	RAVINTHIRAN*	K	MEESALAI NORTH	MEESALAI
7	CHA/046	JEYAGOWRI*	K	KAITHDY SOUTH	KAITHDY
8	CHA/050	THILAGAWATHY*	N	MEESALAI NORTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
9	CHA/052	MURUGAN	S	MARUVANPILAVU	CHAVAKACHCHERI
10	CHA/057	RAJARATNAM*	R	VAHAIYADY ROAD, MADDUVIL SOUTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
11	CHA/073	ARUNTHAVANAYAGI*	K	SARASALAI SOUTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
12	CHA/084	SELVARAJAH*	P	KOVILAKANDY CENTRE,	KAITHADY
13	CHA/123	EMALDA	I	75, MAIN STREET	JAFFNA
14	CHA/136	PARAMESHWARI*	B	DRO LANE	CHUYNNAKAM
15	CHA/177	SINNAPILLAI	K	VATTAPALAI	MIRUSUVIL
16	CHA/196	MUTHULUXMI*	T	87/1, MAIN ROAD	JAFFNA
17	CHA/201	PARAMESHWARY*	S	44/15, SANGILIYAN VEETHY	NALLUR
18	CHA/209	RASIKALA*	K	PUTHUR EAST	PUTHUR
19	CHA/211	NADARASA*	R	SUTHUMALAI ROAD	ANAIKOTTAI
20	CHA/238	VASANTHA	S	AVARANGAL EAST	PUTHUR
21	CHA/244	THAVARAJAH	KS	VADDU NORTH	VATTUKOTTAI, PALAI
22	CHA/260	VIJAYAKUMAR	T	KOMMANATHURAI	VALVETTYTHURAI
23	PUT/291	SAMSUN NIZA*	J	54/39, 2ND CROSS, 3RD LANE, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM

\* The assistance is needed by the dependent/s of the disappeared persons most of whom have the basic qualification for such employment.

**PART II****List 4****Relief to Victims of Disappearances****Victims of Disappearances who want Assistance for Housing**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant		Address of Complainant	
1	CHA/036	PONNAMMA*	K	IYANAR KOVILLADY	KODIKAMAM
2	CHA/044	CHANDRASEKRAM*	C	KAITHADY EAST	KAITHADY
3	CHA/050	THILAGAWATHY*	N	MEESALAI NORTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI
4	CHA/083	MEENATCHI*	M	KAITHADY CENTRE	KAITHADY
5	CHA/131	SIRIRAJANI	R	ARTHISUDI VEETHY	KANTHARMADAM
6	CHA/133	JANAKI*	K	STATION ROAD	KODIKAMAM
7	CHA/151	SANTHANAYAKI*	T	KANTHARODAI	CHUNNAKAM
8	CHA/178	MARY ANITHARANI	S	OLD POLICE STATION LANE	KOPAY SOUTH
9	CHA/225	RASASOTHY*	P	6, KANNAPURAM, VELLANDI PILLAIYAR	JAFFNA
10	CHA/308	SELVANAYAKAM	S	KAITHADY, NAVATKULI EAST	KAITHAY

**PART II****List 5****Relief to Victims of Disappearances****Victims of Disappearances who Seek Training and Employment in the Computer Field**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant	Address of Complainant
<b>The Following Persons have at least the A/L Qualifications</b>			
1	CHA/003	GANESHALINGAM	NAVATKULI SOUTH KAITHADY
2	CHA/010	KAMALADEVI S	SARASALA NORTH CHAVAKACHCHERI
3	CHA/018	SINNAPELLAI S	KOVILKANDY KAITHADY
4	CHA/060	MARIYARANJITHAM A	PIDURI KOVILADY, UYARAPPULAM ANNAIKOTTAI
5	CHA/079	THIRUMAGAL G	KAMALASIN LANE, SARASALI SOUTH, CHAVAKACHCHERI
6	CHA/084	SELVARAJAH P	KOVILAKANDY CENTRE, KAITHADY
7	CHA/096	KANAGASOORIYAR K	KAITHADY NUNAVIL CHAVAKACHCHERI
8	CHA/112	KUNARATNAM T	MARISAM/COODAL ILAVALAI
9	CHA/259	PARAMESHWARY S	CHULIPURAM CENTRE, KAMPANAI CAMP CHULLIPUR
10	CHA/300	THEEPAN M	THOLPURAM EAST CHULIPURAM
11	CHA/311	KAVITHA K	83, 3RD CROSS STREET, JAFFNA
<b>The Following Persons' Qualifications are not known</b>			
12	CHA/004	JEYARANI R	TYPIST, BISHOP'S HOUSE JAFFNA
13	CHA/007	NADARAJAH K	SARASALI SOUTH SARASALAI
14	CHA/043	TAMILCHEVI J	MEESALAI NORTH MEESALAI
15	CHA/055	PATHMINI S	MADDUVIL NORTH MADDUVIL
16	CHA/064	RASAMALAR R	THATCHANTHOPPU KAITHADY
17	CHA/073	ARUNTHAVANAYAGI K	SARASALAI SOUTH CHAVAKACHCHERI
18	CHA/123	EMALDA I	75, MAIN STREET JAFFNA
19	CHA/177	SINNAPELLAI K	VATTAPALAI MIRUSUVIL
20	CHA/183	ALLALLUYA M	58/16 NICHOLAS LANE, NAVATHURAI
21	CHA/196	MUTHULUXMI T	87/1, MAIN ROAD JAFFNA
22	CHA/201	PARAMESHWARY S	44/15, SANGILIYAN VEETHY NALLUR
23	CHA/210	SIRI PIRIYA K	MANTHUVIL WEST KODIKAMAM
24	CHA/216	SAROJA T	11/1, PONNAMPALAM ROAD ARIYALAI
25	CHA/173	ANANDARANI K	C/O RAMACHANDRAN, KERNIYADY LANE KOKUVIL
26	CHA/114	RAJESHWARY P	PUTHUR EAST PUTHUR
27	CHA/168	KAROLINA K	31, PARK ROAD, GURUNAGAR JAFFNA
28	JAF/317	PUSHPARANI A	37/2, VIDANE'S LANE, CHUNDUKULI, JAFFNA

**PART II****List 6****Relief to Victims of Disappearances****Victims of Disappearances who want Assistance Capital for small scale business ventures**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant	Address of Complainant
1	CHA/016	KAMALA V	THATCHANTHOPPU KAITHADY
2	CHA/018	SINNAPELLAI* S	KOVILKANDY KAITHADY
3	CHA/023	MAHESWARY* N	PALAVI NORTH KODIKAMAM
4	CHA/026	THAVAMANI A	MEESALAI WEST MEESALAI
5	CHA/026	THAVAMANI* A	MEESALAI WEST MEESALAI
6	CHA/132	KAMALADEVI T	203/8, SARASWATHY LANE ARIYALAI
7	CHA/132	KAMALADEVI* T	203/8, SARASWATHY LANE ARIYALAI
8	CHA/169	VELLUSAMY S	519 KKS ROAD JAFFNA
9	CHA/184	RASAMMAH A	KALAI KOVIL VEETHY MEESALAI WEST
10	CHA/238	VASANTHA S	AVARANGAL EAST PUTHUR

**PART II****List 7****Relief to Victims of Disappearances****Victims of Disappearances Who require Assistance for Cultivation**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant		Address of Complainant
1	CHA/006	SIVAMATHY*	G	VELLAIMAVADIPULLAIR KOVIL, MESALAI EAST MEESALAI
2	CHA/024	PUSHPAMALAR	K	ALLARAI NORTH KODIKAMAM
3	CHA/046	JEYAGOWRI*	K	KAITHDY SOUTH KAITHDY
4	CHA/050	THILAGAWATHY*	N	MEESALAI NORTH CHAVAKACHCHERI
	CHA/053	MAHESWARY	T	A.V. ROAD, PALAI VALAVU ARIYALAI
5	CHA/056	MANISEKARAN*C46	N	PATHAMANI PILLAIYAR KOVILA ATCHCHUVELI
6	CHA/058	SINNAPILLAI	P	POWER HOUSE ROAD, CHUNNAKAM SOUTH CHUNNAKAM
7	CHA/068	MOHANAMBIKAI	N	NUNAVIL, KANTHAPAR VEETHY CHAVAKACHCHRI
8	CHA/070	SINNADDY	G	KAITHADY SOUTH KAITHADY
9	CHA/079	THIRUMAGAL*	G	KAMALASIN LANE, SARASALI SOUTH CHAVAKACHCHERI
10	CHA/088	KASITHAMBY	K	MEESALAI EAST MEESALAI
11	CHA/100	KANDASAMY	S	MEESALAI NORTH, PUTHUR JUN KODIKAMAM
12	CHA/101	MAHESWARAN*	P	ARUKUVILY THANAKILAPPU CHAVAKACHCHERI
13	CHA/101	MAHESWARAN	P	ARUKUVILY THANAKILAPPU CHAVAKACHCHERI
14	CHA/114	RAJESHWARY*	P	PUTHUR EAST PUTHUR
15	CHA/173	ANANDARANI	K	C/O RAMACHANDRAN, KERNIYADY LANE KOKUVIL
16	CHA/186	SIVAGURU*	E	AIYANAR KOVILADY, NAVATKULI KAITHADY
17	CHA/204	LATHANI*	C	KALAIMATHY LANE, PUTHTHUR SOUTH PUTHTHUR
18	CHA/222	NAGARATNAM	K	NEERVELY NORTH NEERVELY
19	CHA/236	SAROJADEVI*	P	SITTARNKERNY SIVANKOVIL RO CHANKANAI
20	CHA/236	SAROJADEVI	P	SITTARNKERNY SIVANKOVIL RO CHANKANAI
21	CHA/250	VIJAYARATNAM*	N	KUDAMIYAN VARANI, VEMBADYKERNI PALAI
22	CHA/314	RAJENDRAM	S	VALVETTY PATHINI AMMAN KOV VALVETTYTHURAI
23	JAF/316	PONUTHURAI	E	SUTHUMALAI NORTH SUTHUMALAI

**PART II****List 8****Relief to Victims of Disappearances****Victims of Disappearances who require Livestock for Self Employment**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant	Address of Complainant
1	CHA/016	KAMALA V	THATCHANTHOPPU KAITHADY
2	CHA/024	PUSHPAMALAR* K	ALLARAI NORTH KODIKAMAM
3	CHA/050	THILAGAWATHY* N	MEESALAI NORTH CHAVAKACHCHERI
4	CHA/053	LAUXMY P	KUDAMIYAN VARANY
5	CHA/054	POORNAM* P	KOVILKANDY KAITHDY
6	CHA/058	SINNAPELLAI P	POWER HOUSE ROAD, CHUNNAKAM SOUTH CHUNNAKAM
7	CHA/061	MARY CALESTA A	SCHOOL LANE, NAVATKULI KAITHADY
8	CHA/085	NANNI N	KAITHADY SOUTH KAITHADY
9	CHA/121	MAHESWARY T	A.V. ROAD, PALAI VALAVU ARIYALAI
10	CHA/126	SELVARATNAM* A	NEW SANKANTHANA VEETHY THINNAVELY
11	CHA/127	THAVAMANY* Y	INUVIL SOUTH, INUVIL CHUNNAKAM
12	CHA/132	KAMALADEVI* T	203/8, SARASWATHY LANE ARIYALAI
13	CHA/133	JANA* K	STATION ROAD KODIKAMAM
14	CHA/136	PARAMESHWARI* B	DRO LANE CHUYNNAKAM
15	CHA/137	JAYA* B	DRO LANE, CHUNNAKAM
16	CHA/141	FERNANDO A	43/2, NEW ROAD, KOIYATHOTTAM
17	CHA/145	RANJANIMALAR P	BLACK ROAD CHANKANAI
18	CHA/146	ARASAKUMARY S	SABAPATHIPILLAI ROAD, CHUNNAKAM SOUTH CHUNNAKAM
19	CHA/151	SANTHANAYAKI* T	KANTHARODAI CHUNNAKAM
20	CHA/164	THAVAMALAR* N	AMMAN KOVILADY, NAVALI SOUTH MANIPAY
21	CHA/169	VELLUSAMY S	519 KKS ROAD JAFFNA
22	CHA/188	LEELAWATHY J	AV ROAD 3RD LANE COLOMBOTHURAI
23	CHA/198	NALLAIYAN* C	SIRIPITTY SOUTH NEERVELY
24	CHA/202	NITHTHIYALUXMY S	215/19, RASAVINTHODDAM JAFFNA
25	CHA/204	LATHANI* C	KALAIMATHY LANE, PUTHTHUR SOUTH PUTHTHUR
26	CHA/206	NAGARATNAM R	KONDALADY LANE NALLUR
27	CHA/218	NAGAMMA* V	PUTUR EAST PUTHUR
28	CHA/234	RATNAM S	THOLPURAM WEST CHULLIPURAM
29	CHA/237	THANALUXMY K	ARALY ROAD, CHANKANAI
30	CHA/238	VASANTHA S	AVARANGAL EAST PUTHUR
31	CHA/240	SRI SHANMUGARANJANI G	CHULLIPURAM CENTRE CHULLIPURAM
32	CHA/244	THAVARAJAH KS	VADDU NORTH, VATTUKOTTAI PALAI
33	CHA/252	DEVANANAYAGI M	SANGARATHAI VATTUKOTTAI
34	JAF/301	BALACHANDRAN J	ELAVALAI NORTH ELAVALAI
35	CHA/308	SELVANAYAKAM S	KAITHADY, NAVATKULI EAST KAITHAY
36	CHA/314	RAJENDRAM S	VALVETTY PATHINI AMMAN KOV VALVETTYTHURAI
37	JAF/316	PONUTHURAI E	SUTHUMALAI NORTH SUTHUMALAI
38	JAF/324	KIRUBAKARAN T	23/1, KANATHIYADY ROAD JAFFNA

**PART II****List 9****Relief to Victims of Disappearances****Victims of Disappearances who need Assistance for Handicraft Making**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant	Address of Complainant
1	CHA/043	TAMILCHEVI* J	MEESALAI NORTH MEESALAI
2	CHA/045	RAVINTHIRAN* K	MEESALAI NORTH MEESALAI
3	CHA/155	MANIKAM* M	70/12, MATHEWS ROAD JAFFNA
4	CHA/178	MARY ANITHARANI S	OLD POLICE STATION LANE KOPAY SOUTH
5	PUT/278	JAMEELA* H	F CAMP, THILLAIADY PUTTALAM
6	PUT/282	FIRDOUSE (MRS) J A	MATTAKULIYA COLOMBO



**PART II****List 10****Relief to Victims of Disappearances****Victims of Disappearances who seek Employment**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant	Address of Complainant
1	CHA/004	JEYARANI R	TYPST, BISHOP'S HOUSE JAFFNA
2	CHA/012	VELLUPILLAI* K	VEVUKADU KODIKAMAM
3	CHA/018	SINNAPELLAI* S	KOVILKANDY KAITHADY
4	CHA/019	SITHAMPARAPILLAI S	NAVATKULI SOUTH KAITHADY
5	CHA/020	EASHWARY* K	NAVATKULI SOUTH KAITHADY
6	CHA/032	THILAGAMALAR V	THANAKILAPPU ROAD CHAVAKATCHCHERI
7	CHA/044	CHANDRASEKRAM* C	KAITHADY EAST KAITHADY
8	CHA/073	ARUNTHAVANAYAGI* K	SARASALAI SOUTH CHAVAKACHCHERI
9	CHA/079	THIRUMAGAL* G	KAMALASIN LANE, SARASALI SOUTH, CHAVAKACHCHERI
10	CHA/086	MAKESHWARY* P	KAITHADY SOUTH KAITHADY
11	CHA/088	KASITHAMBY K	MEESALAI EAST MEESALAI
12	CHA/089	RASAMMAH* S	SARASALAI SOUTH CHAVAKACHCHERI
13	CHA/127	THAVAMANY* Y	INUVIL SOUTH INUVIL, CHUNNAKAM
14	CHA/128	THAVARAJINI S	NAVATKULI WEST KAITHADY
15	CHA/147	SAROJINIDEVI G	2/1, MUTHUVINAYAGAR VEETHY NALLUR, JAFFNA
16	CHA/162	SIVASUBRAMANIAM C	ATCHCHUVELY NAVATKADU
17	CHA/164	THAVAMALAR* N	AMMAN KOVILADY, NAVALI SOUTH MANIPAY
18	CHA/168	KAROLINA* K	31, PARK ROAD, GURUNAGAR JAFFNA
19	CHA/183	ALLALLUYA* M	58/16 NICHOLAS LANE, NAVATHURAI
20	CHA/185	SHAKEELA M	3B, KANAGARATNAM ROAD ARIYALAI
21	CHA/189	SHANTHMALAR K	103, KANAGARATNAM ROAD, JAFFNA
22	CHA/195	MARY ROSE RASAKIN R	15/3, DAVID ROAD JAFFNA
23	CHA/198	NALLAIYAN* C	SIRIPITTY SOUTH NEERVELY
24	CHA/203	KAMALA* R	KALAIMATHY LANE, PUTHTHUR WEST PUTHTHUR
25	CHA/232	SELLAMMAH K	VADDU SOUTH VATTUKOTTAI
26	CHA/234	RATNAM S	THOLPURAM WEST CHULLIPURAM
27	CHA/235	PARAMESHWARY M	THOLPURAM EAST CHULLIPURAM
28	CHA/243	NAGALOGA DEVI C	AMMAN ROAD, THIRUNELVELY EAST JAFFNA
29	CHA/253	VADIVALAGI S	9/5, MALAR MAHAL VEETHY ARIYALAI
30	CHA/260	VIJAYAKUMAR T	KOMMANATHURAI VALVETTYTHURAI
31	CHA/306	ANNAPILLAI V	PILLAYAR KOVILADY, KOOLAVADY ANAIKOTTAI
32	CHA/311	KAVITHA K	83, 3RD CROSS STREET, JAFFNA
33	JAF/312	MARY ARULSILI V	28/17, KONDADY VEETHY, GURUNAGAR, JAFFNA
34	PUT/291	SAMSUN NIZA* J	54/39, 2ND CROSS, 3RD LANE, THILLAIADY PUTTALAM

\* These persons have A/L Qualifications

\* The rest do not have even the O/L Qualifications (suitable for unskilled work)

## List 11

**Relief to Victims of Disappearances**  
**Victims of Disappearances who seek Miscellaneous Assistance**

Serial No	File No	Name of Complainant	Address of Complainant	Type of Relief Sought
1	CHA/017	THANGALUXMY	NAVATKUULI SOUTH	Assistance for Education
2	CHA/127	THAVAMANY	INUVIL SOUTH	Carpenter
3	CHA/170	MARIYA PUSHPADEVI	ALAVETTY WEST	Needs a Cycle
4	CHA/173	ANANDARANI	C/O RAMACHANDRAN, KERNIYADY LANE	Gold Smith
5	CHA/176	MARY LOUSI	19, PARK ROAD,	Assistance to Disabled Child
6	CHA/214	KANAGAMBIGAI	54/2, 1ST LANE, POINTPEDURO RD,	Book binding, Photo copier
7	CHA/261	ILAYAPILLAI	VANNIYAPURAM, VELLAI VAIKKAAL	Assistance for Education
8	PUT/281	PARVEEN SAKELA	22/IJUMMA MOSQUE ROAD, PERIYAMULLA	Unspecified
9	CHA/307	ACHCHIMUTHU	KACHCHAI SOUTH	Needs a Cycle

## HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

### COMMITTEE OF INQUIRY INTO DISAPPEARANCES OF PERSONS IN THE JAFFNA REGION

Complaint No. ....

#### Findings of the Committee of Inquiry into the Disappearance of a Person

On a complaint made to the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka by ..... of ..... in respect of the disappearance of ....., the Committee of Inquiry appointed under Section 11(b) of the Human Rights Commission Act No. 21 of 1996, made attempts to find out what had happened to the said person.

The Committee has reported to the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka that it has found clear evidence of the said person having been taken into custody by the army on or about ..... but none on whether he was released thereafter or detained elsewhere or that he is alive.

In the circumstances the disappearance of the said person is hereby confirmed.

Dr. Radhika Coomaraswamy  
Chair  
Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka

Dr. Devanesan Nesiiah  
Chair  
Committee on Disappearances

Date :

*(Overleaf is this document in Tamil)*

## இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழு

யாழ் மாவட்டத்தில் காணாமற் போனோர் சம்பந்தமான விசாரணைக்குழு

முறைப்பாடு இல : .....

ஒருவர் காணாமற் போனமை பற்றி விசாரணைக்குழுவின் தீர்வு

.....காணாமற் போனமை பற்றி

.....சேர்ந்த.....

.....அவர்களால் இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள்

ஆணைக்குழுவிற்கு முறைப்பாடு ஒன்று செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது. இவ் வகையில் காணாமற் போனோரிடமிருந்து என்ன நடந்தது என கண்டறிய 1996<sup>ம்</sup> ஆண்டின் 21<sup>ம்</sup> இலக்க மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழுச் சட்டத்தின் 11(b) பிரிவிற்கமைய நியமிக்கப்பட்ட விசாரணைக்குழு விசாரணைகளை நடாத்தி முயற்சிகளை எடுத்தது. அதன் பயனாக குறித்த நபர் இரானுவத்தினரால் .....ம் திகதியோ அல்லது அதற்கன்மித்த திகதியிலோ கைது செய்யப்பட்டமைக்கு தெளிவான ஆதாரம் உண்டு எனவும் அவர் பின்னர் விடுவிக்கப்பட்டமைக்கோ அல்லது வேறு எங்கேயாவது தடுத்து வைக்கப்பட்டிருள்ளமைக்கோ அல்லது அவர் உயிருடன் இருக்கின்றார் என்றமைக்கோ எந்த வித ஆதாரமும் தமக்கு கிடைக்கவில்லை என குறித்த விசாரணைக்குழு இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழுவிற்கு தெரிவித்துள்ளது.

எனவே குறித்த நபர் காணாமலே போயுள்ளார் என்பது இத்தால் உறுதிப்படுத்தப்படுகின்றது.

கலாநிதி ராதிகா குமாரசுவாமி  
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இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழு.  
திகதி :

கலாநிதி தேவநேசன் நேசையா  
தலைவர்  
காணாமல் போனோர் பற்றிய  
விசாரணைக்குழு

( இதன் ஆங்கில பிரதி மறுபக்கத்தில் உள்ளது. )

## HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

### COMMITTEE OF INQUIRY INTO DISAPPEARANCES OF PERSONS IN THE JAFFNA REGION

Complaint No. ....

#### Findings of the Committee of Inquiry into the Disappearance of a Person

On a complaint made to the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka by ..... of ..... in respect of the disappearance of ....., the Committee of Inquiry appointed under Section 11(b) of the Human Rights Commission Act No. 21 of 1996, made attempts to find out what had happened to the said person.

The Committee has reported to the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka that it has found clear evidence of the said person having been taken into custody by the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) on or about ..... but none on whether he was released thereafter or detained elsewhere or that he is alive.

In the circumstances the disappearance of the said person is hereby confirmed.

Dr. Radhika Coomaraswamy  
Chair  
Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka

Dr. Devanesan Nesiiah  
Chair  
Committee on Disappearances

Date :

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யாழ் மாவட்டத்தில் காணாமற் போனோர் சம்பந்தமான விசாரணைக்குழு

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.....காணாமற் போனமை பற்றி  
.....சேர்ந்த.....

.....அவர்களால் இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழுவிற்கு முறைப்பாடு ஒன்று செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது. இவ் வகையில் காணாமற் போனோரிற்கு என்ன நடந்தது என கண்டறிய 1996<sup>ம்</sup> ஆண்டின் 21<sup>ம்</sup> இலக்க மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழுச் சட்டத்தின் 11(b) பிரிவிற்கமைய நியமிக்கப்பட்ட விசாரணைக்குழு விசாரணைகளை நடாத்தி முயற்சிகளை எடுத்தது. அதன் பயனாக .....ம் திகதியோ அல்லது அதற்கண்மித்த திகதியிலோ குறித்த நபர் தமிழீழ விடுதலைப் புலிகளினால் கொண்டு செல்லப்பட்டமைக்கு தெளிவான ஆதாரம் உண்டு எனவும் அவர் பின்னர் விடுவிக்கப்பட்டமைக்கோ அல்லது வேறு எங்கேயாவது தடுத்து வைக்கப்பட்டுள்ளமைக்கோ அல்லது அவர் உயிருடன் இருக்கின்றார் என்றமைக்கோ எந்த வித ஆதாரமும் தமக்கு கிடைக்கவில்லை என குறித்த விசாரணைக்குழு இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழுவிற்கு தெரிவித்துள்ளது.

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கலாநிதி ராதிகா குமாரசுவாமி  
தலைவர்  
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கலாநிதி தேவநேசன் நேசையா  
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காணாமல் போனோர் பற்றிய  
விசாரணைக்குழு

திகதி :

( இதன் ஆங்கில பிரதி மறுபக்கத்தில் உள்ளது. )

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**Committee on Disappearances and Missing Persons of the  
Human Rights Commission**  
**- Interim Report -**

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The Committee on Disappearances and Missing Persons in the Jaffna Region was appointed in December 2002 by the Human Rights Commission in terms of the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Human Rights Commission Act No: 21 of 1996. It consists of Dr. Devanesan Nesiiah (Chairman), Mr. K.H. Camillus Fernando and Mrs. Jezima Ismail. The Terms of Reference (TOR) of the Committee were set out in the letter of appointment, a copy of which is at annex I.

The Committee had meetings in December, 2002 with the Chairman and some of the Members of the Human Rights Commission and had a briefing of the task it had been assigned. It was indicated that the Committee had been set up as a component of the Capacity Building Project for the promotion and protection of Human Rights in the Jaffna Region and that the National Co-ordinator of that Project would attend to the duties of the Secretary of the Committee, until the Committee finds one.

The Complaints of Disappearances and Missing Persons were analysed and processed prior to the commencement of the sessions of the Committee to inquire into them. (vide a statement of the analysis of the cases, at annex II).

A preliminary inquiry into the complaints to be looked into at the 1st Session of the Committee was conducted from the 8th to the 11th of January, 2003 at Jaffna and Chavakacheri. This was done by a team of investigating officers under the supervision of the officer attending to the duties of the Secretary to the Committee. Subsequently 66 complaints were listed for inquiry during the 1st Sessions of the Committee held from the 24th to the 26th of January, 2003 at Jaffna and Chavakacheri. There were 13 absentees at these sessions.

The Secretary of the Association of Guardians & Parents of those Arrested and Disappeared in the North appeared before the Committee during its first sessions and requested that complainants produced by him be inquired into instead of the Committee summoning such persons from the list provided. This request was not acceded to but the Committee gave an assurance that all those in the list of 232 already given to the Human Rights Commission by the Association would be summoned by the Committee for inquiry and their complaints would be heard and inquired.

The Secretary then wanted a further list be included for inquiry along with those in the list already before the Committee. The Committee pointed out that the Committee is authorized to inquire only into the complaints already given to the Human Rights Commission and that any additions to it could only be made by the HRC. He was asked forward new lists or complaints, if any, to the HRC and was told that if such complaints were also given to this Committee by the HRC with an extension of the Terms of Reference, those too would be dealt with by this Committee. The number of complaints currently before the Committee is 299 (an increase of 67 on the initial 232)

In the course of the inquiries during these sessions, many witnesses repeatedly referred to certain localities, buildings and institutions. Some of these were mentioned as sites of losses of lives and properties and others as places of arrests and detentions. There were also other localities, buildings and institutions closely associated with the disappearances of those in respect of which evidence was to be recorded subsequently. The Committee visited several of these localities and buildings to gain a clearer understanding of the background and events described in the evidence recorded. These visits proved to be very useful. A list of the localities and buildings visited is at annex III

The 2nd Session of the Committee was held in Jaffna and Kodigamam from the 28th of February to 2nd March, 2003. During these sessions 38 complaints were listed for inquiry of which 11 were absent

At the 3rd Session on 17th March 2003 at Puttalam the complaints of Muslims who are said to have disappeared at the hands of the LTTE were inquired into. 25 of the 35 summoned for inquiry were present during this session.

The 4th Session scheduled for the 29th to 31st March had to be cancelled in the last minute on account of the Lionair flights during this period being suddenly cancelled and the plane was grounded due to engine trouble. However, the investigating officers who had already travelled to Jaffna with the relevant files were instructed to go ahead with the preliminary inquiries and inform the complainants of the circumstances under which the Committee could not attend these sessions. Further inquiries into these complaints by the Committee is now scheduled for the 4 days commencing 15th April, 2003 when the 5th Session of the Committee is to be held.

During these sessions, the absentees at previous sessions were summoned once more to enable them to appear before the Committee. The complaints of those who absented themselves even on the second occasion have been laid by.

About 75 complaints are to be listed for inquiries during the 5th Session in April. By then a total of 180 of the 299 complaints would have been inquired into leaving a balance of 119 complaints which the Committee is hoping to dispose of during May, 2003.

The Committee has already heard the evidence of one Army Officer whose name had repeatedly transpired in the course of the investigations and is making an effort to meet other such personnel. The Senior Superintendent of Police in charge of Jaffna and a lawyer who had filed a large number of Habeas Corpus applications in respect of many of those who disappeared during this period, were also summoned and their evidence recorded. More such persons are to be examined before the final report of the Committee is prepared. It is also proposed to seek the assistance of the authorities concerned to access the LTTE in connection with the disappearances of the Muslims, evidence in respect of which was recorded at Puttalam.

In accordance with the mandate given by the Human Rights Commission, the focus of the Commission has been on uncovering, to the extent possible, the circumstances of the disappearances, the present condition and whereabouts of the disappeared and the identification of those responsible and, further, on recommending appropriate relief to the concerned families.

Sgd.

**Devanesan Nesiah**

Sgd.

**K.H.C. Fernando**

Sgd.

**Jezima Ismail**

Dated 7th day of April, 2003 at Colombo.



## **COMMITTEE TO INQUIRE INTO DISAPPEARANCES & MISSING PERSONS IN THE JAFFNA REGION (AMENDED LETTER OF APPOINTMENT)**

The Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka is currently engaged in a special effort directed towards the protection and promotion of human rights in the Jaffna region for the strengthening of the ongoing peace process. As part of this programme the Commission has decided to appoint a Committee under section 11 b of the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka to inquire into the complaints it has received regarding disappearances and removal of persons from their residences in the Jaffna, Kilinochchi and Vavuniya, Districts during the period 1990-1998.

The Commission is pleased to appoint you, as a member of the Committee. The other members of the Committee are Ms. Jezima Ismail, and Mr. K.H.C. Fernando.

You are appointed as the Chairman of the Committee. The Committee is required to inquire into and report on the following matters:

- Whether the persons in the annexed list provided by the Guardians' Association of those Arrested and Disappeared from the North, The Displaced North1 Muslims Organisation, and the complaints pertaining to this period received by the Regional Office of the Human Rights Commission in Jaffna as per letter dated 5th December, 2002 sent by the Regional Coordinator, Jaffna, have been involuntarily removed or have disappeared from their places of residence during the period mentioned by the complainants;
- All the circumstances pertaining to the alleged involuntary removals or disappearances;
- The present condition and whereabouts of the persons alleged to have been so removed or to have so disappeared;
- Reports made by complainants that the missing persons are being held in unidentified prisons & places of detention
- The evidence available for identifying the person or persons responsible for these alleged disappearances and the findings based on such evidence.
- The relief if any that should be provided to parents spouses and dependents of the persons alleged to have been removed or to have disappeared.

In conducting its proceedings the Committee should maintain a high degree of transparency, enable the complainants to participate as appropriate in the search for evidence and information pertaining to all the circumstances of the disappearances and should keep the complainants informed of the progress made as the inquiry proceeds.

If in the course of its inquiries the Committee deals with cases of complainants, particularly women and children who are in severely distressed circumstances and who may be in need of special care and support, the Committee should report such cases to the Commission for special relief.

For the purpose of enabling the Committee to conduct its investigations and perform its functions the Commission delegates to the Committee the relevant powers of investigation the Commission exercises under part 2 of the Act and in particular sections 18,19 and 21.

**Godfrey Gunatilleke**

Chairman

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

**Analysis of the Complaints of Disappearance  
(to be inquired into by the Committee)**

Number in the List given by the Guardians Association of Those Arrested and Disappeared in the North	<b>232</b>	
Less 6 duplicates and 4 not within the TOR	10	222
Number of complaints received directly by the Regional Co-ordinator in Jaffna	<b>110</b>	
Less those that are already in the list given by the Association	68	42
Number of Muslims allegedly disappeared at the hands of the LTTE		35
<b>Total to be inquired into</b>		<b><u>299</u></b>

### Field Visits, 24-26 January 2003

- Ariyalai - saw the damaged buildings on either side of the Kandy Road.
- **Chemmani** - the controversial check point and the cemetery nearby.
- **Navatrali** - saw the Rice Store formerly the Grain **Store** of the **Food** Department where persons taken into custody by the army had been allegedly detained and tortured.
- **Navatkuli Junction** - road leading to Sangupitty where a round up had taken place.
- at Thanankilappu.
- **Kaithady** - **saw** Thatchanthoppu from a distance - where a round up had taken place.
- **Nunavil** - saw the damaged bridge which forms the. Boundary between Kaithady and Chavakachcheri.
- **Nunavil** - saw the army camp on the road side.
- **Chavakachcheri** - the damaged houses on either side of the road; the place where the Police Station existed ones upon a time; the damaged Courts Complex, Drieberg's College, Market building.
- **Sangathanai** - the renovated building of Chavakachcheri Hindu College.
- **Meesalai**-the damages on either side of the A9 road up to Kodikamam.
- **Nallur** - the vandalized site of the park near Sankili's statute.
- **Vasavilan** - the flattened buildings on either side of the road leading to the Palaly airport, the High Security Zone.
- **Vannarpannai** - the Muslim Ward where we saw almost all the houses damaged, including mosques in the area.
- **Bommaiveli** - the damaged houses almost invisible due to the over growth of shrubs.
- The **old Kachcheri** and Residency buildings in ruins.

## Annex VII

### Extract from the Final Report of Presidential Commission on Disappearances – Page 20

#### The Right to Civil Proceedings where there is a Court finding

Where a person has been found responsible in a Court of Law for abduction or wrongful confinement and where it transpired that the disappearance of the victim has ensued, **we recommend that a right be recognised in the dependants of the disappeared person to institute civil proceedings for the recovery of losses suffered by reason of such disappearance.** The right of the dependent should arise with no distinction whether the Courts finding was in a Fundamental Rights case or a Habeas Corpus application.

#### Institution of Applications for Fundamental Rights Violation

As the Constitution presently stands, a dependant of an “involuntarily removed and disappeared” corpus would not be able to invoke the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court under the Fundamental Rights Chapter in respect of the violation of the fundamental rights of that disappeared person. We accordingly **recommend** amendments to *Article 17 and 126* of the Constitution<sup>9</sup> **enlarging the scope of locus standi** in Fundamental Rights applications.

**Specially in the case of the returned detainees, we recommend that, they be permitted to make applications, despite the lapse of time, in terms of Article 11 and/or Article 13 of the Constitution through the Legal Advisory Services Bureau proposed in chapter IV.**

Although the time limits contemplated in Article 126(2) of the Constitution have been interpreted liberally by the Supreme Court **a special response to cater for the problem of the returned detainees** by way of a Constitutional amendment is merited.

#### Habeas Corpus Applications

This Commission was struck by the volume of Habeas Corpus applications filed in respect of disappeared persons in the period under review. This fact goes to **underline the necessity that this remedy be made procedurally speedy and uncomplicated as well as being inexpensive.** We have dealt with this subject at length in the chapter on Preventive Measures.<sup>10</sup>

#### Implementation of Recommendations

**A non-implementation or a lack of speed of implementation of the recommendations on Legal Proceedings by the three Disappearances Commissions<sup>11</sup> would understandably be a cause of anxiety to the human rights activist as well as to complainants themselves.<sup>12</sup> We adopt the recommendations of the earlier Commissions and stress the need for swift action in respect of those recommendations, and the need to create an office of an Independent Prosecutor<sup>13</sup> whether as a structurally distinct unit or as part of the Human Rights Commission.**

<sup>9</sup> This is a part of the amendments in the proposed Constitutional Proposals in the chapter on Fundamental Rights.

<sup>10</sup> Vide Chapter V section on Habeas Corpus Application.

<sup>11</sup> Which handed over their Reports in September, 1997.

<sup>12</sup> This affects the credibility of appointing Commissions and such institutions by the Government.

<sup>13</sup> The A/G reported to this Commission that a unit headed by a Senior State Counsel called the Missing Persons Unit has been established.

## Annex VIII

## Preventive Measures

The objectives of the recommendations set out below are:

- **The restoration of mutual confidence amongst citizens inter-se, and between citizens and the State.**
- **The strengthening of the underpinnings of a just and democratic society**

**We are mindful that our recommendations should have relevance and be meaningful to citizens living in all parts of Sri Lanka. Priority must be given at all times to avoidance of situations of disappearances arising. The security forces and the police are necessary adjuncts of a State. They are required for the protection of the state and the protection of the citizens of the State. The average citizen looks to them for protection. The tragedy of Sri Lanka lies in the distortion of relationships between the citizens and the security forces including police, which has resulted from the acts of both politicians and subversives.**

The paragraphs following will consider the changes required, whether by way of changes to existing institutions and procedures or by way of the establishment of new institutions and procedures, for the realisation of the objectives as rightly identified in the Southern Commission Report quoted above.

### **I. Provisions relating to Arrest, Detention and Transfer**

The following recommendations shall be applicable to ALL arrests, detention and transfers, irrespective of whether they take place under the usual provisions of law or the extraordinary provisions under the Emergency Regulations and the Prevention of Terrorism Act.

- 1. The Duty to Record Arrests, Detentions and Transfers :-** All arrests, detention and transfers must be recorded, in the books of the arresting authority immediately with the event.
- 2. The Duty to Inform :-** The security forces including the police must inform the nearest **police station** forthwith of all arrests made by them. There shall be a concomitant duty on each police station to maintain a register of such notifications. **The information to be recorded at the Police station must contain the following particulars:**
  - i. Name of informant and other particulars of Rank, Regiment, and Army camp/Police station.
  - ii. Time and date when the information was received.
  - iii. Full particulars of the transaction informed i.e. place, time, purpose, etc.
  - iv. Name and address of relatives as supplied by detainees.

**Information to Divisional Secretary :-** **Additionally** there should be a duty cast on Officers-in-Charge of the Police Station or the Army Camp which was the arresting authority to submit to the Divisional Secretary weekly a list of persons arrested, detained or being transferred with particulars including such person's permanent address. There shall be concomitant duty on the Divisional Secretary to maintain a register of such information received which will be available to relations, lawyers or other persons/organisations with a legitimate interest in such information.

#### **Duty to inform the Human Rights Commission**

Her Excellency the President has already issued a directive to Heads of Armed Forces and the Police Force.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Vide Annex XVI Her Excellency Directive dated July 11, 1997.

"to enable the **Human Rights Commission** of Sri Lanka (herein after referred to as 'the HRC') to exercise and perform its powers, functions and duties and for the purpose of ensuring that fundamental rights of persons arrested or detained are respected and such persons are treated humanely"

Section 6 (ii) of the Presidential Directive is as follows –

**“Every officer who makes an arrest or order of detention as the case may be, shall forthwith, and in any case not later than forty-eight hours from the time of such arrest or detention, inform the HRC or any person specially authorized by the HRC, of such arrest or detention as the case may be, and the place at which the person so arrested or detained is being held in custody or detention.”**

However, the penalty for non-compliance with this directive is unclear and statistics of compliance are unavailable. **This Commission accordingly recommends that the penalty for non-compliance should be clearly specified and that it should cover Chain-of-Command Responsibility, in respect of non-compliance and that the IGP be required to compile and make available to the Human Rights Commission statistics of compliance.**

- 3. The Duty to produce before the Magistrate within 24 hours :-** The requirement that all persons taken into custody be produced before the Magistrate within 24 hours, which was a long-standing salutary feature of law, was rendered inoperative during this period concerned in respect of the many persons in detention under Emergency Regulations and the Prevention of Terrorism Act, with many adverse consequences, some of which have been examined by the Supreme Court in the exercise of its fundamental rights jurisdiction. **The 24 hour rule should be re-introduced without delay. Additionally,** the Magistrate must continue to be kept informed of any change in the place of custody, transfer out of the Magistrate’s jurisdiction, and release.

The Magistrates Court shall maintain a written record of such information, which will be available for perusal at the Magistrate’s Courts.

- 4. The duty to issue a Receipt of Arrest :-** The arresting officer must give at the time of arrest to a family member or friend of the person arrested, a Receipt of Arrest. This receipt must contain the name of the person arrested, date, place, officer arresting with rank and place of intended detention. A copy of this Receipt of Arrest is to be given in writing to the detainee himself.

## **5. Detention**

**Place of Detention :-** “ I looked for him all over the country” was a familiar statement in the evidence of the many petitioners before the Commission. **We welcome the fact that detention is required to be only at a place which is designated by the relevant authority to be “an authorised place<sup>1</sup>” of detention.**

**It is recommended:**

- i. **That adequate publicity be given of the authorised places of detention<sup>2</sup>:**

- (a) At a central regional office eg. The Government Agent’s office or the Kachcheri.
- (b) Through public display at the Magistrate’s Courts, the Divisional Secretary’s offices and the Grama Niladharis offices concerned.

- ii. **That the regulation should include the requirement of prompt handing-over to the custodial authorities:**

- (a) That members of armed forces hand over persons arrested by them to the officer in charge of the nearest Police Station and
- (b) Custody of the persons under arrest be handed over to the prison authorities as soon as possible and this be on a valid detention order. The task of the prison authorities is detention, independent of any investigation process that may be involved.

<sup>1</sup> From time to time such authorised places are published in the Government Gazette.

<sup>2</sup> Vide Annex III for list of Authorised places of detention.

(a) and (b) above **shall apply equally to a change of place of detention.**

iii. **The Magistrate be required to visit alleged places of detention brought to his notice.**<sup>3</sup>

**6. Visits by Magistrate of places of detention :- This Commission recommended the Magistrate be required to visit all places of detention once a month.** A record of the Magistrate's monthly visit and comments, if any, and of any special visit made by the Magistrate pursuant to his Habeas Corpus Jurisdiction as proposed in this report, must be maintained at the places of detention as a record available for perusal by lawyers, Court, and persons or organisations with legitimate interest in the information.<sup>4</sup>

**7. Conditions of Detention :- The Prison Rules should apply, including the right to communicate with the detainee's family and with legal counsel as stipulated in U.N. Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners.**

**It is recommended that :**

(a) The **Prison Rules** are made applicable to the detention of persons under the Emergency Regulations, **including the right of the detainee to communicate with the family with legal counsel as stipulated in UN Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners.**<sup>5</sup>

(b) That the detainee **be produced before the Magistrate within 24 hours** of the arrest, even if it is necessary to be returned to police custody for investigations.<sup>6</sup> This system is prevalent in Japan today.<sup>7</sup>

**8. Release :-** Release from detention must be

- i. Through Courts or
- ii. To the families.

When release is to the family, a family member must sign the record of release. The Magistrate's Court and the Divisional Secretary must be informed, including particulars of the person to whom the detainee was released.

## **II. The effect of a failure to abide by Rules regarding Arrest /Detention / Transfer**

"We checked everywhere, the Police, the Army, the ICRC, the Presidential mobile Secretariat" was another familiar statement before the Commission. While Presidential Directives specify clearly that every member of the armed forces and of the police force shall ensure that fundamental rights of the persons arrested or detained are respected and the present Emergency Regulations provide a procedure for dealing with a non-adherence of the Regulations, **it is vital that the State itself is seen to be alert to the preservation of these rights by way of an institution of action in respect of alleged violators.**

**1. A Criminal Prosecution :-** The **failure** or refusal on the part of the Police to record arrests, detentions and transfers by the police and security forces, and to record complaints of abductions **if followed by an involuntary disappearance**, should be declared **a cognizable offense** by Act of Parliament. A criminal prosecution shall take place without delay.<sup>8</sup>

<sup>3</sup> Vide Chapter VII on Habeas Corpus Application

<sup>4</sup> This is in addition to the Record that the Magistrate is required by law to maintain.

<sup>5</sup> Vide Annex V- Prison Visitors Functions and Duties.

<sup>6</sup> The present Emergency Regulations permit seven days detention.

<sup>7</sup> Vide Annex VI - Extract from United Nations Asia and Far East Institute for the Prevention of Crime and Treatment of Offenders.

<sup>8</sup> No prosecutions have taken place to date.

2. **A Right of Private Plaint :-** The failure to record arrests, detentions and transfers coupled with the refusal to record complaints of involuntary removals or disappearances as it happened in the period under review lie at the root of the phenomenon under consideration. It is a frontal attack at this root that requires attention. **We accordingly recommend that the failure or refusal per se to perform the rules envisaged above be declared to be acts entailing penal consequences, with, a right to file a private plaint in a virtual complainant, whether an individual or a representative institution, in the event of the police failing to institute proceedings.** The recognition of an institution as having *locus standi* to institute proceedings may serve to translate into practical terms the concept of the community concern in respect of the failure on the part of state agencies on whom public trust has been reposed.
3. **A Disciplinary Inquiry :-** A failure to abide by the Regulations without more should make the officer concerned subject to a disciplinary inquiry which shall be conducted by an inquiring officer from outside the service to which the alleged defaulter belongs. An absence of Disciplinary Inquiry for breaches of these Regulations was a feature of the era under consideration which, regrettably, continues and must be addressed. **It is the duty of superior officers to control subordinates and ultimately create a culture of accountability in the security forces. It follows that superiors should themselves be subject to disciplinary action for a non-performance of this Duty.**
4. **In – Service consequences of non- adherence to Regulations :-** That penalties of suspension, termination of the service, loss of promotional rights and other **disciplinary measures should invariably ensue from a finding of the disciplinary inquiry that the officer has violated the Regulations, is the best corrective factor for the prevention of abuses.**<sup>9</sup>
5. **Entry in Service Record –** This is **required for the success of any assertion of the principle of accountability whether at the level of the individual or at the level of the Chain-of-Command.** As at present, neither a finding of the Supreme Court that an Officer is in breach of the fundamental rights of a citizen, nor a finding of responsibility against an Officer in a Habeas Corpus Application, is entered in his Service Record. This, coupled with the absence of Disciplinary Inquires into alleged breaches of Regulation in this field, have resulted in several instances of promotions taking place without due attention being given to these incidents of proven abuse and breach of regulations.

The resultant twin consequences are a disenchantment on the part of the general public in the institutions of the police and security forces (as opposed to the individual officer), alongside the growth of a tendency on the part of the members of the police and security forces to view the attempted re-assertion of the principle of accountability as a political ploy of playing-to-the-masses.

In instances of judicial review of administrative action by the Supreme Court in complaints of transfer and non-promotion by Officers, the absence from Service Records of such crucially relevant particulars can well result in undue weightage accruing to the petitioner-officer's allegation of political discrimination. Moreover, more than one instance has been brought to our attention of the Print Media, misled by alleged particulars given in a petitioner-officer's Petition to Court, in its turn misleading the General Public.

We accordingly **recommend**

- i The **Service Record of an Officer should include** instances where the Supreme Court has found the Officer to be in **breach of Fundamental Rights**, and a finding of **responsibility in Habeas Corpus Applications.**
- ii That the **failure to abide by these regulations** when proved shall be entered in the officer's service record.

<sup>9</sup> There are very few instances of any of these consequences following, with the effect that these Regulations are not taken seriously.



### III. Speedy Action based on the findings of the Disappearances Commissions

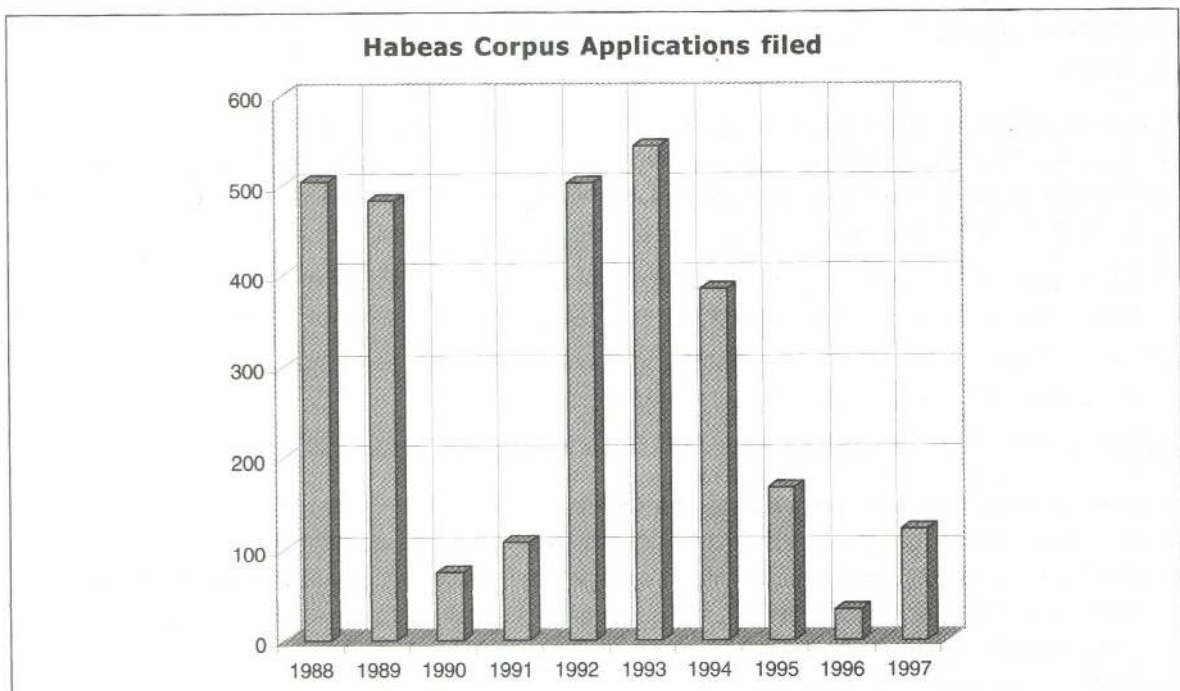
There is an urgent need for speedy investigations based on the findings of the four Disappearances Commissions. **The dangers that lurk from a delay in the conduct of investigations** is well illustrated by a recent decision of the Supreme Court where a Police officer's transfer was stopped on an application by him that his transfer was a violation of a Fundamental Right. He had submitted to Court that he had a good service record and that the transfer was *mala fide*. In fact two Commissions of Inquiry into Disappearances have made recommendations in the light of the evidence before them that this officer was responsible for several disappearances and had recommended legal action and disciplinary proceedings be initiated against him. But this fact was not before the Supreme Court when it considered the Fundamental Rights application of the officer. This would not have happened but for the delay in taking steps to prosecute this officer and take disciplinary action against him as recommended by the Disappearance Commissions. If such action had been taken this Police officer could not have pleaded that he had a clear record of service.

### IV. The Enlargement of the Efficacy of Writ of the Habeas Corpus

**The need for speed of response :-** The writ of Habeas Corpus is a main plank in the prevention of disappearances from custody. First and foremost is the requirement of speed of response. The opportunity to invoke this jurisdiction no sooner a situation of unacknowledged custody arises, is the first requisite.

**Enlargement of the Magistrate Court Jurisdiction in HCA matters :-** Your Commissioners **recommend** the enlargement of the jurisdiction of the Magistrate Court to empower the Magistrate to receive the affidavits of the petitioner and his witness; to register the complaint; to entertain the petitioner's application that the Magistrate visits the place of alleged unacknowledged detention; to forward to the High Court the affidavit and the notes of visit etc. The existing jurisdiction to record evidence once a matter is referred to the Magistrate Court by the High Court, will continue, and the High Court shall continue to exercise jurisdiction in respect of the declaration of responsibility and compensation as at present.

**A Special Division of the Magistrate's Court, Colombo :-** It was the increase of arrests and detentions under the Emergency Regulations during the period relevant to this Commission that saw the use of the writ of Habeas Corpus as a challenge to the use of powers under the Emergency Regulations. A total of 2925 Habeas Corpus applications had been filed during the years 1988 to 1997.



The effectiveness of the remedy of Habeas Corpus became questionable however in view of the delay attendant on obtaining the relief. A perusal of the break-up of the Habeas Corpus applications filed and pending, (vide chart) shows that out of 2925 cases have been filed between 1988 and 1997. Of those 272 have not been concluded as yet, while most of the applications were disposed of after a lapse of over 5 years. In most of the areas outside the Eastern Province the facility for Habeas Corpus Applications to be filed in the High Court was not availed of. This facility made it easier for petitioners to have access to the Courts to locate abducted persons. However, the Habeas Corpus applications received by the High Court of Batticaloa appears to have been dealt with more expeditiously, out of 49 filed between 1994 & 1997, 44 have already disposed of.

**Particulars of Habeas Corpus Applications filed between 1988 & 1997**

Year	No. HCA Registered
1988	505
1989	483
1990	74
1991	108
1992	503
1993	543
1994	376+09*
1995	130+38*
1996	33+01*
1997	121+01*
<b>Total</b>	<b>2876+49*</b>

\* These are complaints filed in the High Court of Batticaloa.

It is recommended that a **Special Division of the Magistrate's Court Colombo should be established in order to deal with the Habeas Corpus Applications pending in the Court of Appeal since 1988.**<sup>10</sup> Petitioners must feel they have had the attention of the Courts. It is important that **notices should go out anew** to the petitioners from the Court of Appeal in respect of their applications.

**The Consequences of an adverse finding on a Habeas Corpus Application :-** should not be confined to the payment of damages by the State alone, but **should include disciplinary action against the individual officers responsible.** Where individual officers are found responsible for such violations the following consequences should follow :

- (a) The human rights record of the person responsible, be it a member of the armed forces or the police, should be taken into account in the consideration of promotions of such personnel.
- (b) Such person who is under investigation for involvement in disappearances should be interdicted and suspended from active duty until inquiries are completed.
- (c) In any case those found guilty should not benefit from indemnity legislation.

**Problems of recovery of sums awarded by Court** had arisen even after successfully completion of an application. In many cases the respondents had appealed against the order and had either died while the case was pending or left the Island before the conclusion of the appeal. Consequently the applicants had not got the benefit of the awards. **It is therefore recommended that,**

<sup>10</sup> See particulars in chart above.

- (a) The respondent be required to **deposit the sum awarded in Court pending appeal;**
- (b) The **obligation to pay** the award **be available against the respondents assets** and if he died, against his estate.

**Legal Aid :-** The remedy of Habeas Corpus should be made affordable to any citizen irrespective of his financial resources. We therefore **recommend that Legal Aid organisations providing their services to applicants for a writ of Habeas Corpus be made recipients of State grants.**<sup>11</sup>

## **v. Emergency Regulations**

The expansion of the powers given under the Regulations to the Police and the Armed Forces accompanied by the reduction of the occasions and degree of scrutiny by the judicial system, assisted in creating an environment within which the incidents reported to the Commission took place. **This Commission accordingly recommends the utilisation of the powers under the state of emergency be minimised.**

The Commission further **recommends** that the **underlying principles** to the Regulations made under emergency powers should be as follows:

**Scrutiny of Emergency Regulations:-** This Commission **recommends a mechanism be set up within Parliament** entrusted with the specific task of the scrutiny of each Regulation before its monthly promulgation by Parliament, and that **Human Rights Groups be given opportunity to make submissions** in the course of the month to this structure. Currently, whilst the extension of the Emergency itself is subjected to discussion by Parliament on a monthly basis and the Public Security Ordinance provides that Parliament may revoke, amend or modify a regulation, a scrutiny of the Regulation rarely takes place.

**Publicity to the content of Regulations:-** The Regulations which should be worded in clear and unambiguous language and be drafted under the supervision of the Legal Draughtsman, should be given wide publicity **through the media each month** at the time of their renewal.<sup>12</sup>

**Enlargement of the Magistrate's Power in respect of Detention Orders :-** The Commission **recommends** that the Magistrate be empowered when inquiring into the extension of the Detention Order **to require the Secretary to provide supplementary information** regarding the Detention Order, for example information on the continuing necessity of detention.

**Strict observation of the pre-requisites for the Regulations to become operative:-** The pre-requisites for the regulations to become operative are the pre-requisites, also, for the prevention or the limitation of disappearances and related abuses. While the Supreme Court has repeatedly emphasised that the requirements laid down in the Regulations for their provisions to come into operations "were not intended for merely cosmetic purposes, but for the sake of fulfilling the basic obligation of the State to ensure the personal security and liberty of all persons"<sup>13</sup>, **a concerted and continuous effort of compliance is required on the part of all branches of the Security Forces and the Police, for the prevention of Disappearances and a resurgence of the conditions that predisposed Disappearances.**

<sup>11</sup> At present state grants are only to the Legal Aid Commission which does not handle Habeas Corpus Application. The Bulk of the Habeas Corpus and the Fundamental Rights cases are handled by the BASL, MDDR and such other organisations which do not receive any State grants.

<sup>12</sup> This would **enable the media to be a partner in the provision of publicity** and openness. Government Gazettes are very difficult to obtain and are not readily available to the public.

<sup>13</sup> Vinyayagamoorthy vs. the Army Commander et al. SCAP No 36/94 SCM 20.12.96

## **VI. The Re-assertion of the principle of Chain-of-Command Responsibility**

The efficacy of the preventive measures considered here, whether of criminal liability, disciplinary inquiries, entry in service records etc, would be set at nought without the re-assertion of the fundamental principle of the accountability of superiors, or "Chain-of-Command Responsibility". It is very important that very clear directions are made available for the future, defining the accountability of Chain-of-Command structures. **Officials with Chain-of-Command responsibility who order or tolerate "disappearance" by those under their command should incur themselves criminal liability invariably.**<sup>14</sup>

## **VII. The need to dismantle "Alternative Structures of Command" and the Prevention of their coming into existence**

This Commission finds that an alternative structure came into being in the Police during the relevant period, with Officers being promoted through political patronage. The elimination of alternative structure of command is a prerequisite for prevention. In this context **we recommend that steps be taken without delay against miscreants identified by the Commissions or on complaints made in the ordinary course of investigation.** It follows that legal action will ensue where warranted.

## **VIII. The Elimination of the Possibility of the Maintenance of a "Private Army" at State expense**

The maintenance of a considerable number of armed personnel as security guards etc of politicians at state expense, was a feature of the period under consideration, which requires to be dismantled immediately. Persons selected by the politicians were given the rank and emoluments of Army Personnel. They were paid by the Army, armed by the Army, but not controlled by the Army though nominally employed in the Army's function of the protection of society from its enemies. These "soldiers" saw their role rather in the sphere of moving against personal enemies, acting for personal benefit or moving against the opponent of the politicians concerned. The security of public figures should be provided by a special security coordination Division of the Police. Officers attached to this division should be subjected to the command and supervision of superior officers in the service and be subject to periodical transfer.

## **IX. A Police Lay-Visitors' Panel for each Police Area**

It is necessary to re-establish community-based forces and procedures to which the citizens can turn when faced with the possible misuse of police powers i.e. State power. **Such community-based structures have an invaluable part to play in the areas both of monitoring and of preventing the misuse of powers.**

To serve this function we recommend a Panel of Lay-Visitors from each Police Station area, with powers to speak to detainees, to check conditions of detention, to check records of police station in respect of detention, to liaise in the presentation of complaints to the police station, to liaise with the SSP/DIG of the area, to accompany to the police station when requested to do so, to make **complaints themselves** in a representative capacity, inclusive of impending problems, **the coordination at local level with the Human Rights Commission could be an aspect of their work with importance for the restoration of Law and Order nationally.**

## **X. A Citizens' Advisory Bureau**

A System of Citizens Advisory Bureaus located in the vicinity of every Divisional Secretariat would be a valuable aid to the whole community for advice on various matters. In the context of disappearances specifically such a system is required for the assistance of bereaved persons on where to go and what to do to obtain the requisite assistance.<sup>15</sup>

<sup>14</sup> See further under chain-of-command responsibility in chapter on XI.

<sup>15</sup> Once the Commission had won the petitioners' trust they sought our assistance, intervention and advice on a variety of problems involving dealings with the Bureaucracy ( the administration)

## **XI. Dissemination of the Reports of the Disappearances Commissions**

**Wide publicity should be given to all the Reports of the Commissions of Inquiry into Disappearances, with their contents translated into Sinhala and Tamil. There has already been a delay in publishing the earlier Reports in Sinhala and Tamil. The absence of an adequate number of copies of these Reports and the absence of translations in Sinhala and Tamil defeat the purpose of appointing fact finding Commissions. The people of the Country must have access to the findings of these Commissions.** These Reports form the nucleus of a Historical Memory of this era in Sri Lanka. **The translations should be made available to all school libraries and reading rooms in Community Centres, islandwide, at State Cost. The need to create a culture of respect for Human Rights requires that text books on both History and Social Studies should include the findings of these Commissions.**

## **XII. The Manifestation of the requisite Political will.**

The **three Commissions on Disappearances** appointed in November 1994 and the appointment of this Commission in June 1998 with islandwide jurisdiction, was an important manifestation of the Political Will to come to grips with the problems which the Commissions have found to exist and the **provision of the necessary infrastructure to enable the four Commissions between them to give attention to every single petitioner** to them, evidenced the continuity of this intention.

This Country's immediate past history of non-prosecution of abuses of human rights despite the criminal nature of such acts under the law of that time, makes clear that the **several prosecutions that have now commenced** would not have been possible without the political will that the principle of accountability should prevail in respect of human rights abuses. That these prosecutions are taking place irrespective of the date of abuse, and in a period of a confrontation with an armed group, is a uniquely encouraging manifestation of the requisite political will, which must continue to be re-enforced.

The establishment, concurrently, of a **Human Rights Commission** by legislative enactment addresses the need for a structure with power to monitor situations of possible abuse in the present and in the future -

"For the purpose of discharging its functions the Commission may exercise any or all of the following powers:

- a. investigate, any infringement or imminent infringement of fundamental rights in accordance with the succeeding provisions of this Act;
- b. appoint such number of sub-committees at Provincial level, as it considers necessary to exercise such powers of the Commission as may be delegated to them, by the Commission, under this Act;
- c. intervene in any proceedings relating to the infringement or imminent infringement of fundamental rights, pending before any court, with the permission of such court;
- d. monitor the welfare of persons detained either by a judicial order or otherwise, by regular inspection of their places of detention, and to make such recommendations as may be necessary for improving their conditions of detention;"

The fact that this enactment was passed by Parliament without division is a good augury for the future, as is the appointment of Commissioners who between them, represent all ethnic, religious and cultural diversities of Sri Lanka.

The **vigorous enlistment of civil society** which is envisaged by the provisions in the enabling Act for the use of Mediators by the Human Rights Commission for the resolution of disputes, is an indicator of the political will, that civil society should be a co-partner with the State in the restoration of normalcy to our beleaguered land.

**Annex IX****MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION AND RECONSTRUCTION**

No. 1, Alfred House Gardens, Colombo 03.

Tel No. : 2502968 My No. : REP/GEN/4 Date : 26.09.1988

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Circular No. M/R & R/ UAS/MAP/I

To : All Government Agents

**ASSISTANCE FOR MOST AFFECTED PERSONS**

01. Applications for payment of assistance in respect of deaths that may have occurred and injuries sustained as a result of ethnic violence, terrorist activity, related security operations and consequent civil unrest, since 24th July 1983 can be considered under this scheme.
02. Hitherto, these applications had been received, processed and payments affected, directly by this Ministry. It is now proposed to implement the scheme as amended by the Cabinet decision of 31.08.88, with the help of Government Agents. Accordingly, from 15.10.88 the issue of application forms, receiving completed application forms, processing of applications, approvals and payments to eligible applicants will be handled by the Government Agents with assistance from their appropriate staff. Payment on applications for assistance in respect of deaths or injuries should be personally approved by the Government Agent in accordance with the instructions given in this Circular.
03. Funds available for this programme are limited. Hence, extreme care should be taken to avoid duplication of payments specially in view of the fact that claims can be made by more than one person, or more than in one district, in respect of a particular death or injury and besides claims are likely to be made for missing persons in respect of whom proof of death cannot be conclusively established. Lists of cases already paid by this Ministry are sent herewith for your information. In processing applications you should get an officer to check them against the lists and obtain an endorsement to the effect that no payment has been made previously on each application form before approving a payment.
04. According to the new scheme, assistance can be given on the following basis:-

**(a) Deaths**

- (i) Death of a married person : Rupees Fifty Thousand (Rs.50,000/-)  
This can be paid to the surviving spouse. If the spouse of the deceased is dead, the amount can be paid to the dependant children on an equitable basis or the next-of-kin, as the

case may be. Recipients of assistance may be encouraged and suitable arrangements be made as far as possible to ensure the well being of dependant children.

- (ii) Death of an unmarried adult- 21 years of age and above:  
Rupees Twenty Five thousand (Rs. 25,000/-)

This can be paid to the next-of-kin.

- (iii) Death of a minor (below 21 years of age) : Rupees Fifteen Thousand.(Rs. 15,000/-)

This can be paid to the next-of-kin. (In interpreting the term "next-of-kin", you may use your discretion to choose a member of the family who will, in your opinion, be the best person to ensure the welfare of the dependants).

Please note that the Cabinet decision of 31.08.88 has increased the assistance payable in respect of the death of a married person from Rs. 25,000/- to Rs. 50,000/-. However, the difference will not be paid to those cases for which payment has already been made.

**(b) Injuries:**

Assistance in respect of an injured person can be paid on the recommendation of a Government Medical Officer who will be required to certify the percentage of loss of earning capacity arising from partial or permanent disablement. In this connection, please see General Circular 1579, (Reference No.MA/4/88) of 18.07.88 issued by the Director General of Health Services, a copy of which is attached. The specimen format sent herewith (M/R & UAS/MAP/3) may be used to obtain the report from a Government Medical Officer.

- (i) **Injury to an adult** (21 years of age and above at the time of the incident):

Up to a maximum of a Rupees Twenty Five Thousand (Rs.25,000/-) depending on the percentage of loss of earning capacity or disability recommended by the Medical Officer.

- (ii) **Injury to a minor** (below 21 years of age at the time of the incident):

Up to a maximum of Rupees Fifteen Thousand (Rs.15,000/-) depending on the percentage of loss of earning capacity or disability as recommended by the Medical Officer.

In determining the quantum of payment, percentage of loss of earning capacity of disability recommended by the Medical Officer should be directly correlated to the extent of assistance payable,

Eg : Injury to an adult-

If percentage of loss of earning capacity or disability recommended by the Medical Officer is 50%, amount payable will be:

Rs. 25,000 x 50 = Rs.12,500/-

100

Injury to a minor-

If percentage of loss of earning capacity or disability recommended by the Medical Officer is 50%, amount payable will be:

Rs. 15,000 x 50 = Rs.7,500/-

100

However, if percentage recommended is 70% or above, 100% assistance could be paid. If the Medical Officer does not specifically mentioned a percentage but certifies disability, minimum percentage on the scale, i.e. 5% may be considered.

05. Applications on form M/R & R/UAS/MAP/2 should be issued in duplicate by the A.G.A after ascertaining facts. In districts where "Family Registration Cards" have been issued to the affected families, the A.G.A. should use the cards in determining the eligibility for this assistance. In such instances, A.G.A. will indicate the Family Registration Card Number in the box provided on the right hand top corner of the application form.
06. One copy of the application form should be signed by the applicant on a Rs.1/- stamp and duly attested by a J.P., while the applicant's signature on the duplicate form need not be on a Rs.1/- stamp but it should be attested by the same J.P. In the case of eligible applicants, the G.A.'s endorsement of acceptance should be placed on both copies of applications. The second copy should be sent to this Ministry along with the monthly return referred to in para 19 of this Circular.
07. Applications should be supported by relevant documents. For instance, the Death Certificate and the Postmortem Report would be important to prove death and cause of death. Birth Certificate would be relevant in determining whether the deceased or the injured was and adult or a minor. Marriage Certificate will be vital to decide on the civil status of the deceased. Further, when the spouse is not the applicant, documents to prove next-of-kin or relationship may be very important. Where injuries are concerned, the Medical Certificate should distinctly state the percentage of loss of earning capacity. In the case of minors, this may reflect disability only.
08. Death Certificates in the case of assistance in respect of deaths and Medical Certificates from a Government Medical Officer in respect of



injuries must necessarily be obtained. Where other documentary evidence mentioned in para 7 is either inadequate or unobtainable, genuineness and eligibility of an applicant will be determined personally by the Government Agent based on his inquiries.

09. Perfected applications will be received by Grama Seva Niladhari who will acknowledge the receipt of applications in the detachable section at part VII of the application form and forward the applications promptly with his report to the A.G.A. concerned. A.G.A. in turn will submit the applications without delay with his recommendations and comments to the Government Agent.
10. A specimen check list, used in this office, with suitable modifications is sent herewith for your guidance in approving the assistance.
11. For the purpose of effecting payments, a voucher on Form Gen. 35 signed on a Rs.1/- stamp should be obtained from the applicant once the payment is approved. However, the Government Agent must ensure that payments are effected without inordinate delay.
12. Payment should be made by cheque in favour of the Manager of the Bank concerned to be credited to the applicant's Bank Account (Current or Savings). Cheque should be crossed "Account Payee Only" and sent direct to the applicant. A covering letter should be annexed along with the cheque explaining the procedure to be followed.
13. Payments should be charged to Head 192, Programme 1, Project 1, Object Code 05, Object Detail 9 [(192-1-1-05 (9))] under which allocations could be obtained from this Ministry.
14. Original certificates and documents will be suitably franked and returned to the applicant along with the cheque after perusal and verification by your office. Arrangements should be made to have certified copies or Photostat copies of such certificates filed with relevant documents for usual audit purposes.
15. You may issue appropriate instructions separately to A.G.A.s and G.S.N. s for the effective implementation of this scheme and take other suitable action to prevent the possibility of irregular or incorrect payments.
16. This scheme does not cover victims who were at the time of incidents employees of Government, State Corporations including STATE Banks, Local Bodies or any other state owned institutions. These cases will be handled by their respective employers in terms of circular instructions issued by the Ministry of Public Administration or under their own schemes. This scheme is however applicable to those who were pensioners at the time of incidents.
17. Claims which are strictly not covered by this scheme should not be entertained.

18. Any further information or clarification on this Circular may be obtained from this Ministry, if necessary.
19. Monthly returns of payments effected in respect of Deaths and Injuries should be rendered separately in respect of each A.G.A.'s Division on the formats attached hereto (M/R & R/UAS/MAP/5 for Deaths and M/R & R/UAS/MAP/6 for Injured) along with copies of relevant applications to reach this Ministry not later than 15<sup>th</sup> of the following month. These returns should be forwarded with a covering letter listing the returns sent and certifying that they represent the complete list for the month. If any particulars of any A.G.A.'s Division are not included it should be so indicated.
20. A specimen copy of form No. M/R & R/UAS/MAP/2 is sent herewith. Your requirements of this form will be supplied subsequently.

Sgd.

**D.J. Bandaragoda**

Secretary

Ministry of Rehabilitation  
and Reconstruction.

CC:

1. Additional Secretaries, M/R & R
2. Senior Assistant Secretaries, M/R & R
3. Secretary/ Home Affairs
4. Registrar General
5. NRSC, M/R & R

## Annex X

**Public Administration Circular No:59/89**

Ministry of Public Administration,  
 Provincial Councils & Home Affairs,  
 Independence Square,  
 Colombo 7.

November 1989

To :

All Secretaries to Ministries,  
 Chief Secretaries to Provincial Councils,  
 Heads of Departments  
 and Chairmen of Corporations.

Payment of Compensation etc. on injury/death caused by subversive/ terrorist activity to a public officer, Corporation employee, Co-operative employee and the staff of a Member of Parliament registered with Ministry of Justice and Parliamentary Affairs

Your reference is requested to Public Administration Circulars Nos. 343 dated 25.09.86, 369 dated 11.09.87, 14/88 dated 25.04.88, 21/88 dated 13.07.88 and 31/88 dated 09.09.86.

2. The following decisions have been taken by the Government in regard to the above scheme:
  - (a) This scheme should be extended to cover "subversive related activity" in addition to categories of incidents mentioned in the above circulars.
  - (b) This scheme should be applicable to incidents occurred whether on duty or not.
  - (c) The package of payments outlined in this scheme should cover all cases of death/injury occurred due to terrorist/subversive activities prior to the date of this circular provided such cases satisfy the requirements of this scheme.
  - (d) The daily paid workers, casual workers in the Public, Corporation and Co-operative Sectors should be entitled to the benefits in terms of this scheme.
  - (e) In order to expedite payment of compensation to dependants of deceased officers/employees the A.G.A. ("Divisional Secretaries" - Please note that Chief Secretaries of Provincial Councils have been informed to change the designation of the Division -Assistant Government Agents to that of "Division Secretary" of the Provincial Council with effect from 01.10.89 by my letter No.ABK/N/Gen/GA dated 21<sup>st</sup> September 89) should initially process the applications for compensation under the supervision of the Government Agent of the area and forward such applications to the respective Ministry/ Department/ Corporation for payment.

3. The existing scheme for Public Officers will be operative as amended by para (2) of this circular. However the officer or dependants of such deceased officer will be eligible for relief mentioned in Public Administration Circular No. 346 dated 08.10.96, if such relief is more beneficial, but not both. Accordingly (only for the purposes of such payment) you may treat that Public Administration Circular No. 346 dated 08.10.86 is suitably amended in terms of para (2) of this Circular.
4. The existing scheme for corporation employees will be co-operative as amended by para (2) of this circular. However, if there is a State assisted insurance of a compensation scheme which is more beneficial, relief could be sought under such schemes but employees are not eligible to claim relief from both schemes.
5. The existing scheme for Public Officers will be applicable to the staff of a Member of Parliament subject to the conditions of such employment. However, to be eligible for benefits of this scheme, names of such persons should have been registered at the Ministry of Justice and Parliamentary Affairs.
6. Members of Boards of Directors of Public Corporations, Boards of Directors of Co-operatives and Co-operative Employees will be eligible for the medical aid allowance and compensation for loss of earning capacity as in the case of a Public Officer. In case of death due to terrorist/subversive activity, the dependants will be eligible for an ex-gratia payment of Rs. 100,000/-.... If funds are not available the Treasury will provide funds to such institutions. In any case salaries etc would not be paid to such persons.
7. A Committee comprising the Secretary, Ministry of Defence, the Secretary to the Minister of State for Trade and the Secretary to the Minister of State for Public Administration, has been appointed to resolve difficulties in interpreting the provisions of this circular and Public Administration Circulars mentioned above. Therefore, such cases should be referred to the Secretary to the Ministry of Defence.
8. The dependants of Public Officers and Teachers who resigned to contest the Provincial Councils Elections and the Parliamentary Elections and who were killed while they were Candidates for such Election, should be paid their normal salaries till such time as those killed would have reached the normal age of retirement and their pensions thereafter.
9. The following clarifications are also made to facilitate respective authorities in expediting matters connected with the above.
  - I. Sub Post Masters and substitute labourers in Govt. Depts. are entitled to benefits of this scheme.
  - II. When the salary of an officer is to be paid in terms of P.A. Circular 343 dated 25.09.86, the amount should be calculated on the basis laid down in para 2C (i) of P.A. Circular No. 21/99 dated 13.07.88 (to be read with para,03,04,05)

- III. Your attention is drawn to the interpretation of the word "Gender" in para 1 of Chapter I of the Establishments code. This interpretation should be applied when interpreting the words "officer", "employee", "wife" or "husband".
- IV. The ex-gratia payment as compensation to be paid in relation to the loss of earning capacity is given in para IB ii OF Public Administration Circular No.21/88 dated 13.07.88. When the loss of earning capacity given in the medical report falls in between the given percentages the compensation payable should be decided on a proportional basis.

**Sgd: P.N.M. Fernando**

Secretary,

Ministry of Public Administration,  
Provincial Councils & Home Affairs.

Annex XI

The relevant page from the Udayan Newspaper of 10.12.1998

Annex XI



# உதயன்

Registered as a Newspaper

விலை  
 ரூபா  
 6-00

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14வது ஆவணம் 2029 கார்த்திகை 24 விபரம் 1998 (10-12-1998) UTHAYAN-ALively National Tamil Daily
நாள்: 12

## கொழும்பு மாநகரசபை உறுப்பினர் மருதானையில் சுட்டுக் கொலை!

**கொழும்பு மாநகரசபையில் வந்தோர் கைவரிசை**

கொழும்பு, 10.12.98 - கொழும்பு மாநகரசபையில் பொதுமக்கள் அடைய முடியாத உறுப்பினர்களின் கொலை நேரத்தில் மருதானையில் சைத் தாண்டவன் என்ற ஒருவரின் மரணம் காரணமாக மாநகரசபையில் வந்தோர் கைவரிசை நடைபெற்று வருகிறது. இது தொடர்பாக மாநகரசபைத் தலைவர் சைத் தாண்டவன் மருதானையில் சுட்டுக் கொலை செய்யப்பட்டார். இது தொடர்பாக மாநகரசபைத் தலைவர் சைத் தாண்டவன் மருதானையில் சுட்டுக் கொலை செய்யப்பட்டார். (10-12-98)

## சுமார் ஒருபிரம் பேர் தங்கில் இடம் பெயர்வு மறையால் பெரும் வெள்ளம்

சுமார் ஒருபிரம் பேர் தங்கில் இடம் பெயர்வு மறையால் பெரும் வெள்ளம். இடம் பெயர்வு மறையால் பெரும் வெள்ளம். இடம் பெயர்வு மறையால் பெரும் வெள்ளம். (10-12-98)

# மனித உரிமைகள் தினமான இன்று

## வடக்கு - கிழக்கில் எதிர்ப்பு இயக்கம்!

### தமிழ்க் கட்சிகள் அமைப்புகள் ஏற்பாடு

சுமார் 10 கட்சிகள் இணைந்து தமிழ்க் கட்சிகள் அமைப்புகள் ஏற்பாடு செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது. (10-12-98)



செய்திகள்

### கிளாலிச் சம்பவம் குறித்து கட்டளை தளபதி வருத்தம்

கிளாலிச் சம்பவம் குறித்து கட்டளை தளபதி வருத்தம். (10-12-98)

(P. 70)



## Annex XII

**Committee on Disappearances**  
**Complete List of Complaints handed to the Committee for Inquiry**  
**(In File No Order)**

Serial No	File No	Name of disappeared person	Date of Disappearance Day Month Year	Name and Address of Complainant	Remarks
1	CHA/001	SIVARAJAH	15 7 1996	PARUWATHAM B NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY INQUIRED
2	CHA/002	SATGUNARAJAH	4 1 1997	RANJANI DEVI S KAITHADY WEST	KAITHADY INQUIRED
3	CHA/003	KIRUBAKARAN	19 7 1996	GANESHALINGAM S NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY INQUIRED
4	CHA/004	RAVENDRAN	19 7 1996	JEYARANI R TYPIST, BISHOP'S HOUSE	JAFFNA INQUIRED
5	CHA/005	ANNALINGAM	19 7 1996	JEYAKALA A NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY INQUIRED
6	CHA/006	GANESHALINGAM	21 5 1996	SIVAMATHY G VELLAIMAVADIPULLAIR KOVIL VIEW, MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI INQUIRED
7	CHA/007	AHILARASAN	18 5 1996	NADARAJAH K SARASALAI SOUTH	SARASALAI INQUIRED
8	CHA/008	AMBIKAIBALAN	6 8 1996	JEEVASOITHI G NAVATKULI	KAITHADY INQUIRED
9	CHA/009	JEYARATNAM	19 7 1996	MURUGAN S MARUVANPILAVU	CHAVAKATCHCHERI INQUIRED
10	CHA/010	SELVANATHAN	30 7 1996	KAMALADEVI S SARASALAI NORTH	CHAVAKATCHCHERI INQUIRED
11	CHA/011	JEYARAJAH	19 7 1996	PONNAIAH E NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY INQUIRED
12	CHA/012	UDAYAKUMARAN	17 6 1997	VELLUPILLAI K VEVUKADU	KODIKAMAM INQUIRED
13	CHA/013	KANNATHASAN	19 7 1996	ARUMUGASAMY P 34, CHETTY STREET,	NALLUR INQUIRED
14	CHA/014	MARIYA JEYASEELAN	19 7 1996	POOMANY E M SCHOOL LANE NAVATKULI ROAD	KAITHADY INQUIRED
15	CHA/015	JEEVA	19 7 1996	FRANCESCA J NAVATKULI	KAITHADY INQUIRED
16	CHA/016	PUSHPARAJAH	19 7 1996	KAMALA V THATCHANTHOPPU	KAITHADY INQUIRED
17	CHA/017	THILAKARATNAM	19 7 1996	THANGALUXMY T NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY INQUIRED
18	CHA/018	THIRUVARUDCHELVAN	19 7 1996	SINNAPILLAI S NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY INQUIRED
19	CHA/019	PERINPANATHAN	19 7 1996	SITHAMPARAPILLAI S NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY INQUIRED
20	CHA/020	KODESHWARAN	4 8 1996	EASWARY K NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY INQUIRED
21	CHA/021	KUNATHASAN	21 8 1996	SELLAMAH K KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY DOUBLE 46
22	CHA/022	JEEVARAJAH	21 7 1996	MANONMANY K MUHAMALAI LANE, SUTHUMALAI SOUTH	MANIPAY INQUIRED
23	CHA/023	KRISHANAKUMAR	27 7 1996	MAHESWARY N PALAVI NORTH	KODIKAMAM INQUIRED
24	CHA/024	SASIKARAN	21 7 1996	PUSHPAMALAR K ALLARAI NORTH	KODIKAMAM INQUIRED
25	CHA/025	SATHIKKUMAR	21 7 1996	DEVI M PERIYAMAVADY	CHAVAKATCHCHERI NOT TRACEABLE
26	CHA/026	THANGARAJAH	19 8 1996	THAVAMANI A MEESALAI WEST	MEESALAI INQUIRED
27	CHA/027	ELANGO	11 8 1996	VARATHARAJAN N CHUNNAKAM EAST, STATION ROAD	CHUNNAKAM INQUIRED
28	CHA/028	KOKULARAJAH	25 7 1996	ATPUTHAMALAR S NUNAVIL WEST	CHAVAKATCHCHERI INQUIRED
29	CHA/029	ELANGAINAYAGAM	3 10 1996	PUVENESHWARY S 3/2, SIRANTHIYADY LANE	JAFFNA INQUIRED
30	CHA/030	SIVAPUNYAMOORTHY	5 9 1996	JAYANTHIMALAR S MEESALAI NORTH	KODIKAMAM INQUIRED
31	CHA/031	RAVINDRAN	18 7 1996	VARATHALUXMY M KANDY ROAD	KAITHADY INQUIRED
32	CHA/032	RAHUKUMAR	17 11 1996	THILAGAMALAR V C/O POST MASTER	CHAVAKATCHCHERI INQUIRED
33	CHA/033	VIMALENTHIRAN	7 7 1996	LAXMI K IYATRALAI	VARANY INQUIRED
34	CHA/034	GOPIRAJ	15 8 1996	RAMASAMY N MADUVIL SOUTH	CHAVAKATCHCHERI NOT TRACEABLE
35	CHA/035	RAMESH	19 7 1996	MALINI R KAITHADY NAVATKULI SOUTH	KAITHADY INQUIRED
36	CHA/036	SRIHARAN	30 7 1996	PONNAMMA K IYANAR KOVILLADY	KODIKAMAM INQUIRED
37	CHA/037	RAMANAN	21 7 1996	YOGAMBIKAH S MEESALAI WEST	MEESALAI INQUIRED
38	CHA/038	SRISKANDARAJAH	8 7 1996	BHANUMATHY S AMMAN KOVILLADY, CHAVAKATCHCHERI NORTH	MEESALAI INQUIRED
39	CHA/039	PAHEERATHAN	7 8 1996	MAHESHWARY T AMMAN KOVILLADY, CHAVAKATCHCHERI NORTH	MEESALAI INQUIRED
40	CHA/040	ANTHONY THEIVENDRAN	7 8 1996	MAHESHWARY T AMMAN KOVILLADY, CHAVAKATCHCHERI NORTH	MEESALAI INQUIRED



41	CHA/041	AMBITHAIPALAN	S	7	7	1996	MUHUNTHINI	S	VARANY IYATRALAI	VARANY	INQUIRED
42	CHA/042	VICKNARAJAH	R	7	8	1996	THAYAWATHI	V	AMMANKOVILADY	CHAVA, MEESALAI	INQUIRED
43	CHA/043	JEYENDRAN	S	7	8	1996	TAMILCHEVI	J	MEESALAI NORTH	MEESALAI	INQUIRED
44	CHA/044	LOGESHWARAN	S	19	8	1996	CHANDRASEKARAM	C	KAITHADY EAST	KAITHADY	INQUIRED
45	CHA/045	NAGENDRAN	K	7	8	1996	SIVABAKIYAM	K	MEESALAI NORTH	MEESALAI	INQUIRED
46	CHA/046	KUNATHASAN	K	21	8	1996	JEYAGOWRI	K	KAITHDY SOUTH	KAITHDY	INQUIRED
47	CHA/047	BASKARAN	T	10	12	1996	SAKUNTHALA DEVI	B	KAITHADY NORTH	KAITHADY	INQUIRED
48	CHA/048	ARULNESHAN	S	24	7	1996	JEYAMMA	S	NEAR ST. MARY'S CHURCH, THAVASIKULAM	MIRUSUVIL	INQUIRED
49	CHA/049	RAMESHLOGANATHAN	T	6	8	1996	MAHESHWARY	T	AMMANKOVILLADY, CHAVAKATCHCHERI NORTH	MEESALAI	INQUIRED
50	CHA/050	NAGARASA	A	7	8	1996	THILAGAWATHY	N	MEESALAI NORTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI	INQUIRED
51	CHA/051	THAMOTHARAMPILLAI	S	24	7	1996	SIVASAMY	T	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALI	INQUIRED
52	CHA/052	SIVARASA	M	19	7	1996	MURUGAN	S	MARAVANPULOVU	CHAVAKACHCHERI	INQUIRED
53	CHA/053	GNANENDRAN	S	11	8	1996	LAUXMY	P	KUDAMIYAN	VARANY	INQUIRED
54	CHA/054	THAVESHWARAN	P	19	7	1996	POORNAM	P	KOVILAKANDY	KAITHADY	INQUIRED
55	CHA/055	SRIISKARAN	A	10	8	1996	PATHMINI	S	MADDUVIL NORTH	MADDUVIL	INQUIRED
56	CHA/056	MURALIDARAN	N	3	8	1996	MANISEKARAN	N	PATHAMANI PILLAIYAR KOVILADY	ACHCHUVELI	INQUIRED
57	CHA/057	MANIVANNA	N	2	8	1996	RAJARATNAM	R	VAHAIYADY ROAD, MADDUVIL SOUTH	CHAVAKATCHCHERI	INQUIRED
58	CHA/058	GNANASEKARAM	P	25	7	1996	SINNAPELLAI	P	POWER HOUSE ROAD, CHUNNAKAM SOUTH	CHUNNAKAM	INQUIRED
59	CHA/059	VIVEKANANTHAN	S	10	8	1996	PREMALATHA	V	MADDUVIL EAST	CHAVAKACHCHERI	INQUIRED
60	CHA/060	BENEDICT	A A	19	7	1997	MARIYARANJITHAM	A	PIDURI KOVILADY, UYAPPUKULAM	ANNAIKOTTAI	INQUIRED
61	CHA/061	AMALANATHAN	J A	19	7	1996	MARY CALESTA	A	SCHOOL LANE, NAVATKULI	KAITHADY	INQUIRED
62	CHA/062	JEYALALITHA	P	19	7	1996	SARASWATHY	P	THARMAPURA VAIRAVAR KOVILADY, DURGAPURAM	TELLIPALAI	INQUIRED
63	CHA/063	SUTHAHARAN	T	19	7	1996	SELVARANI	T	C/O SHANMUGANATHAN, KODDOLAI, TELLIPALAI	INQUIRED	INQUIRED
64	CHA/064	SELVAKUMAR	R	19	7	1996	RASAMALAR	R	THATCHANTHOPPU	KAITHADY	INQUIRED
65	CHA/065	KETHESWARAN	K	19	7	1996	MANOHARAN	K	KAITHADY	NAVATKULI	INQUIRED
66	CHA/066	SIVAKUMAR	S	19	7	1996	SINNATHAMBAY	K	541/5, PT PEDRO RD	NALLUR, JAFFNA	INQUIRED
67	CHA/067	PRADEEPAN	N	30	1	1998	SELVARANI	N	MARUTHANKULAM, MUDDUVIL SOUTH	MADDUVIL	FOUND
68	CHA/068	NADARAJAH	S	7	1	1996	MOHANAMBIKAI	N	NUNAVIL, KANTHAPAR VEETHY	CHAVAKACHCHERI	INQUIRED
69	CHA/069	RAJENDRAN	R	22	5	1996	SIVAJINI	R	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI	INQUIRED
70	CHA/070	GOPALAKRISHNAN	S	22	6	1996	SINNADY	G	KAITHADY SOUTH	KAITHADY	INQUIRED
71	CHA/071	SELVARAJAH	K	8	7	1996	JANAKI	K	STATION ROAD	KODIKAMAM	INQUIRED
72	JAF/072	MOORTHY	V	1	7	1996	VEERALUXMY	M	132, KASTHURIYAR ROAD	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
73	CHA/073	VIJETHARAN	K	17	7	1996	ARUNTHAVANAYAGI	K	SARASALAI SOUTH	CHAVAKACHCHERI	INQUIRED
74	CHA/074	RANJAN	S	20	7	1996	YOGESHWARY	R	NUNAVIL EAST	CHAVAKATCHCHERI	NOT TRACEABLE
75	CHA/075	BAVANANTHAN	V	21	7	1996	BAVANI	V	KATCHA ROAD	KODIKAMAM	INQUIRED
76	CHA/076	UTHAYAKUMAR	A	21	7	1996	THEIVANAPILLAI	I	MEESALAI WEST	MEESALAI	INQUIRED
77	CHA/077	AMALAN	A	22	7	1996	SEDEVIPILLAI	A	ATHTHIYADY LANE	KODIKAMAM	INQUIRED
78	CHA/078	SENTHEEPAN	K	24	7	1996	ANNALETCHUMY	K	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI	INQUIRED
79	CHA/079	GANGATHARAN	M	24	7	1996	THIRUMAGAL	G	KAMALASIN LANE, SARASALI SOUTH,	CHAVAKATCHCHERI	INQUIRED
80	CHA/080	PUVENTHIRAN	S	24	7	1996	SINNAPELLAI	C	MEESALAI EAST	MEESALAI	INQUIRED



121	CHA/121	THANGATHURAI	T	9	6	1996	MAHESHWARY	T	A.V. ROAD, PALAI VALAVU	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
122	CHA/122	PARAMEETHARAN	P	28	3	1997	ANNALUXMY	P	SELLATHURAI VEETHY, SANGARATHAI	VATTUKOTTAI	INQUIRED
123	CHA/123	KAJENDIRAN	I	13	7	1996	EMALDA	I	75, MAIN STREET	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
124	CHA/124	SELVARATNAM	N	14	6	1996	MARASAMY	S	43 PONNAMBALAM ROAD	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
125	CHA/125	ANJOTOS	A	17	6	1996	MARYROSE	A	15, CENTRAL WEST ROAD	GURUNAGAR	INQUIRED
126	CHA/126	JEYARATNAM	A	17	8	1996	SELVARATNAM	A	NEW SANKANTHANA VEETHY	THINNAVELY	INQUIRED
127	CHA/127	ATPUTHARAJAH	Y	18	7	1996	THAVAMANY	Y	INUVIL SOUTH, INUVIL	CHUNNAKAM	INQUIRED
128	CHA/128	SUVENTHIRARAJAN	T	19	7	1996	THAVARAJINI	S	NAVATKULI WEST	KAITHADY	INQUIRED
129	CHA/129	ASIRWATHAM PARANIYA	A	20	6	1996	PUNITHAVATHY	A	AMBAL VEETHY	MALVAM UDUVIL	INQUIRED
130	CHA/130	THIVAHARAN	K	25	6	1996	THAVACHELVI	T	THOLPURAM EAST	CHULIPURAM	INQUIRED
131	CHA/131	RAVINDRAN	S	27	6	1996	SRI RANJANI	R	ARTHISUDI VEETHY, KANTHARMADAM	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
132	CHA/132	SUTHAHARAN	T	28	7	1996	KAMALADEVI	T	203/8, SARASWATHY LANE	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
133	CHA/133	SELVARAJAN	K	8	7	1996	JANAKI	K	STATION ROAD	KODIKAMAM	INQUIRED
134	CHA/134	NIRMALAN	S	9	7	1996	THAVAMANY	S	83, RACCA ROAD	CHUNDUKULI	INQUIRED
135	CHA/135	PARAMANATHAN	S	10	7	1996	PUSHPAWATHY	P	97/12, AV ROAD	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
136	CHA/136	UDAYAKUMAR	B	14	7	1996	PARAMESHWARI	B	DRO LANE	CHUNNAKAM	INQUIRED
137	CHA/137	BALAKRSHNAN	N	14	7	1996	JAYA	B	DRO LANE,	CHUNNAKAM	INQUIRED
138	CHA/138	SERAN	L	15	7	1996	LOGESHWARAN	K	15/1, ARASADI ROAD	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
139	CHA/139	SURESH	K	10	6	1996	NAGAMMAH	K	125/1, BEACH ROAD	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
140	CHA/140	RAJITHAN	K	14	7	1996	SATKUNESHWARY	S	24/2, RACCA ROAD,	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
141	CHA/141	JEYAKANTHAN	F	14	7	1996	FERNANDO	A	43/2, NEW ROAD,	KOIYATHOTTAM	INQUIRED
142	CHA/142	SELVAKUMAR	A	18	7	1996	THILAGAWATHIE	A	34, NEW SCHEME, 3RD ARALY ROAD	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
143	CHA/143	SIVAKUMAR	T	17	7	1996	MAHESHWARY	T	KONDAVIL NORTH	KONDAVIL	INQUIRED
144	CHA/144	ARICHUNAN	G R	17	7	1996	JACQUILINE	A	46 MARTIN ROAD	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
145	CHA/145	PULENTHIRAN	S	17	7	1996	RANJANIMALAR	P	BLACK ROAD	CHANKANAI	INQUIRED
146	CHA/146	SIVALINGAM	S	17	7	1996	ARASAKUMARY	S	SABAPATHIPILLAI ROAD, CHUNNAKAM SOUTH	CHUNNAKAM	INQUIRED
147	CHA/147	JEYASELAN	G	18	7	1996	SAROJINIDEVI	G	2/1, MUTHUVINAYAGAR VEETHY, NALLUR	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
148	PUT/148	ABDEEN BUSLUCK		0	0	0					ABSENT
149	CHA/149	SIVAMOHAN	S	15	7	1996	NALLAMMAH	S	198 BENADICT ROAD	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
150	CHA/150	BALASUBRAMANIAM	K	19	7	1996	ULAGESHWARY	B	47 JAMUNA VEETHY	NALLUR	INQUIRED
151	CHA/151	THARMALINGAM	S	19	7	1996	SANTHANAYAKI	T	KANTHARODAI	CHUNNAKAM	INQUIRED
152	CHA/152	KUMAR	N	20	7	1996	RAJESHWARY	N	PLAY GROUND ROAD, KOPAY SOUTH	KOPAY	INQUIRED
153	CHA/153	SURESHKUMAR	D	20	7	1996	BRIDGET	D	16/6, MATHEWS ROAD	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
154	CHA/154	PUTHIYARAJAH	N	27	9	1996	NADARASA	L	KOPAY JUNCTION	KOPAY	INQUIRED
155	CHA/155	NAVACHELVAM	M	20	7	1996	MANIKAM	M	70/12, MATHEWS ROAD,	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
156	CHA/156	PATRICK MARY RAVI	P	20	7	1996	LINDA ORPHELIA	P	8/3, MATHEWS ROAD,	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
157	CHA/157	KAJENTHIRAN	P	20	7	1996	KAMALADEVI	P	21/5, VYMAN ROAD,	NALLUR	INQUIRED
158	CHA/158	SRIJEKAN	K	20	7	1996	KANDATAH	M	56, SEBASTIAN LANE, KONDAVIL EAST	KONDAVIL	INQUIRED
159	CHA/159	CHANDRAMOHAN	T	19	7	1996	CHANDRAWATHINI	T	BLACK ROAD	CHANKANAI	INQUIRED
160	CHA/160	SASIKARAN	M	20	7	1996	MARKANDU	E	NAVATKADU	ATCHUVELI	INQUIRED

161	CHA/161	JOHNSON	M B	21 7 1996	BARATHI	J	7/1, NEW ROAD	KOYATHOTTAM	INQUIRED
162	CHA/162	YOGESHWARAN	S	21 7 1996	SIVASUBRAMANIAM	C	ATCHUVELY	NAVATKADU	INQUIRED
163	CHA/163	MAHENTHIRARAJAH	N	21 7 1996	RAJEVI	P	17/1, EACHCHAMODAI ROAD,	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
164	CHA/164	YOGESHWARAN	N	28 2 1997	THAVAMALAR	N	AMMAN KOVILADY, NAVALI SOUTH	MANIPAY	INQUIRED
165	CHA/165	SHANTHAKUMAR	S	23 7 1996	MALLIKADEVI	S	50/15, CHETTI THERU	NALLUR	INQUIRED
166	CHA/166	NEETHIRAJAH	T	23 7 1996	POOPATHY	T	OLD POLICE STATION, OLD ROAD	ANNALKOTTAI	INQUIRED
167	CHA/167	ARAVINTHAN	P	23 7 1996	JEGATHESHWARI	P	3RD MILE POST, CHANGARAYAR LANE	KATTAPIRAI	INQUIRED
168	CHA/168	KUMAR	S	24 7 1996	KAROLINA	K	31, PARK ROAD	GURUNAGAR, JAFFNA	INQUIRED
169	CHA/169	RAJENTHIRAN	V	22 7 1996	VELUSAMY	S	519 KKS ROAD	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
170	CHA/170	THARMAVASEEKARAN	T	25 7 1996	MARIYA PUSHPADEVI	T	ALAVEDDI WEST	ALAVEDDI	INQUIRED
171	CHA/171	ARULHARAN	K	26 7 1996	AMBIKA	R	27/5, VAIRAYAR KOVIL STREET, ARIYALAI WEST	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
172	CHA/172	ANTHONY JASLINE	D	26 7 1997	DEVATHAS	S	5/3, EACHCHAMODAI	CHUNDUKULI	INQUIRED
173	CHA/173	AMIRTHALINGAM	K	20 7 1996	ANANDARANI	K	C/O RAMACHANDRAN, KERNIYADY LANE	KOKUVIL	INQUIRED
174	CHA/174	THEVABALAN	N	27 7 1996	NAVARATHNARAJAH	N	674, KANDY RD,	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
175	CHA/175	GOWRY BALAN	V	27 7 1996	VELAUTHAM	V	INUUVIL EAST	UDAVIL	ABSENT
176	CHA/176	JEGARAJAH	M	29 7 1996	MARY LOUSI	J	19, PARK ROAD, GURUNAGAR,	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
177	CHA/177	GNANAHARAN	K	29 7 1996	SINNAPILLAI	K	VATTAPALAI	MIRUSUVIL	INQUIRED
178	CHA/178	SELVARAJAH	S	31 7 1996	MARY ANITHARANEE	V	OLD POLICE STATION LANE	KOPAY SOUTH, KOPAY	INQUIRED
179	CHA/179	VINAYAGAMOORTHY	N	31 7 1996	SUSILA	V	MULLAIADY	PALAI	INQUIRED
180	CHA/180	KUGANESAN	S	31 7 1996	SIVAPAKIYAM	S	20, SIVAPRAGASAM VEETHY	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
181	CHA/181	JEYAKUMAR	S A	27 6 1997					ABSENT
182	CHA/182	JEGANATHAN	P	21 5 1996					ABSENT
183	CHA/183	MARY JAMES	A	2 8 1996	ALLALLUYA	M	58/16 NICHOLAS LANE,	NAVANTHURAI	INQUIRED
184	CHA/184	KANNAN	A	3 8 1996	RASAMMAH	A	KALI KOVIL VEETHY, MEESALAI WEST	MEESALAI	INQUIRED
185	CHA/185	RAMESHKARAN	T	3 8 1996	SHAKEELA	M	3B, KANAGARATNAM ROAD	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
186	CHA/186	THANGATHURAI	S	4 8 1996	SIVAGURU	E	AIYANAR KOVILADY, NAVATKULI	KAITHADY	INQUIRED
187	CHA/187	THAYASEELAN	K	5 8 1996	PARAMESHWARY	K	697, KACHCHERI ROAD,	NALLUR	INQUIRED
188	CHA/188	JEGAN	J	5 9 1996	LEELAWATHY	J	AV ROAD 3RD LANE	COLOMBOTHURAI	INQUIRED
189	CHA/189	KUMARESHWARAN	T	6 8 1996	SHANTHAMALAR	K	103, KANAGARATNAM ROAD,	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
190	CHA/190	SELVAKUMAR	S	6 9 1996	SELVARANI	S	KOPAY SOUTH	KOPAY	INQUIRED
191	CHA/191	DONALD	D	7 10 1996	METHALINE	D	70/5, COLOMBOTHURAI ROAD, PANDIANTHALVU	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
192	CHA/192	KIRISHNAN	K	7 9 1996	KAMALESHWARY	K	C/O MS. SRISKANTHARAJAHA, CEB QUARTERS	CHUNAKAM	INQUIRED
193	CHA/193	MARY ROY SUGANTHINI	C	8 8 1996	MARY ROSE ROGASIAN R	R	15/3, DAVID ROAD, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
194	CHA/194	ANISTON	A	8 8 1996	ANISTON	A	15, EACHCHAMODAI RD	JAFFNA	NOT TRACEABLE
195	CHA/195	CONSTANTINE ROY	T	16 8 1996	MARY ROSE ROGASIAN R	R	15/3, DAVID ROAD, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
196	CHA/196	RAVINDRAN	T	10 8 1996	MUTHULUXMI	T	87/1, MAIN ROAD	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
197	CHA/197	VASANTHAN	R	12 8 1996	PONMALAR	R	URUMPURAI SOUTH	URUMPURAI	INQUIRED
198	CHA/198	THAVARAJAH	N	14 8 1996	NALLIYAN	C	SIRIPIDDI SOUTH	NEERVELY	INQUIRED
199	CHA/199	ARIYADAS	S	15 8 1996	POOLGADEVI	S	CHULLIPURAM EAST	CHULLIPURAM	INQUIRED
200	CHA/200	SENTHILNATHAN	T	15 8 1996	KAMALANAYAGI	T	16, KACHCHERI EAST LANE	JAFFNA	INQUIRED

201	CHA/201	THAVANATHAN	S	16	8	1996	PARAMESHWARY	S	44/15, SANGILIYAN VEETHY	NALLUR	INQUIRED
202	CHA/202	MURUGADAS	S	16	8	1996	NITHIALUXMY	S	215/19, RASAVINTHODDAM	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
203	CHA/203	RASA	R	17	9	1996	KAMALA	R	KALAIMATHY LANE, PUTHTHUR WEST	PUTHTHUR	INQUIRED
204	CHA/204	CHANDRAKUMAR	V	17	9	1996	LATHANI	C	KALAIMATHY LANE, PUTHTHUR SOUTH	PUTHTHUR	INQUIRED
205	CHA/205	NAGULESWARAN	N	18	12	1996	GUNESWARY	N	SUTHUMALAI SOUTH, SAVATKADU	MANIPAY	INQUIRED
206	CHA/206	JEGATHESWARAN	E	19	9	1996	NAGARATNAM	R	KONDALADY LANE	NALLUR	INQUIRED
207	CHA/207	PARTHEEPAN	S	19	8	1996	INPARANI	S	57, A.V. 3RD LANE	COLOMBOOTHURAI	INQUIRED
208	CHA/208	SELVAKUMAR	S	19	8	1996	PARAMANAYAGI	S	12A, 5TH CROSS LANE	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
209	CHA/209	NANTHAKUMAR	K	19	8	1996	RASIKALA	S	PUTHUR EAST	PUTHUR	INQUIRED
210	CHA/210	PUSHPALATHA	K	19	8	1996	SRI PRIYA	K	MANTHUVIL WEST	KODIKAMAM	INQUIRED
211	CHA/211	SANTHARUBAN	N	21	11	1996	NADARASA	E	SUTHUMALAI ROAD	ANAIKOTTAI	INQUIRED
212	CHA/212	CHANDRASEKARAN	P	20	8	1996	SOBIKA MALLIKA	C	49, NEW ROAD, KOYATHOTTAM	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
213	CHA/213	SATHESHKUMAR	T	20	12	1996	THAVARAJAH	K	SUTHUMALAI SOUTH, SAVAKADU	MANIPAY	INQUIRED
214	CHA/214	GOPIRAJ	S	21	8	1996	KANAGAMBIGAI	S	54/2, 1ST LANE, POINTPEDURO RD,	JAFFNA	ABSENT
215	CHA/215	SUTHARMAN	R	22	8	1996	SAROJADEVI	R	110, UPPUKULAM VEETHY,	COLOMBOOTHURAI	INQUIRED
216	CHA/216	RANESH	T	23	8	1996	SAROJA	T	11/1, PONNAMPALAM ROAD	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
217	CHA/217	PRABAHARAN	T	23	9	1996	MANONMANY	T	KOPAY CENTRE	KOPAY	INQUIRED
218	CHA/218	KANNATHASAN	V	26	8	1996	NAGAMMA	V	PUTUR EAST	PUTHUR	INQUIRED
219	CHA/219	KANESHWARAN	J	27	8	1996	ASURASA	Y	93/3, DEVID ROAD,GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
220	CHA/220	SASIKANTHAN	N	28	8	1996	MAHESHWARY	N	NEERVELY JUNCTION	NEERVELY	INQUIRED
221	CHA/221	SATHESHKUMAR	S	28	8	1996	UMADEVI	S	KOPAY GENERAL	KOPAY	INQUIRED
222	CHA/222	SIVARUBAN	N	28	8	1996	NAGARATNAM	K	NEERVELY NORTH	NEERVELY	INQUIRED
223	CHA/223	VASANTHA MOHAN	S	28	8	1998	VASANTHAKUMAR	S	URUMPIRAI SOUTH	URUMPIRAI	INQUIRED
224	CHA/224	SUBOHARAN	K	28	8	1998	MAHESHWARY	N	NEERVELY NORTH	NEERVELY	INQUIRED
225	CHA/225	SELVANESAN	P	29	8	1996	RASASOTHY	P	6, KANNAPURAM, VELLANDI PILLAIYAR KOVIL	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
226	CHA/226	NIRUPAN	I	28	1	1997	POORANAM	I	KARAIGAI VEETHY, INUVIL EAST	INUVIL	INQUIRED
227	CHA/227	SASINTHAN	R	6	2	1997	SELVARANI	E	NAVALI NORTH	MANIPAY	INQUIRED
228	CHA/228	RAMANAN	K	8	2	1997	PARAMESHWARY	K	TYNKARAN STREET	SUTHUMALAI	INQUIRED
229	CHA/229	KARTHIGESU	K								NOT TRACEABLE
230	CHA/230	SUBASKARAN	G	26	2	1997	MAHESHWARY	K	NAVALI EAST	MANIPAY	INQUIRED
231	CHA/231	KARUNAKARAN	K	26	3	1997	REVATHY	K	VERAM	MOOLAI	INQUIRED
232	CHA/232	SUBASHKARAN	G	26	3	1997	SELLAMMAH	K	VADDU SOUTH	VADDUKOTTAI	INQUIRED
233	CHA/233	KUMUDINI	D	28	3	1997	ANNALUXMY	R P	SELLATHURAI VEETHY, SANGARATHTHAI	VADDUKOTTAI	INQUIRED
234	CHA/234	KRISHNAKUMAR	R	4	4	1997	RATNAM	S	THOLPURAM WEST	CHULLIPURAM	INQUIRED
235	CHA/235	THEIVENTHIRAN	S	4	4	1997	PARAMESHWARY	M	THOLPURAM EAST	CHULIPURAM	INQUIRED
236	CHA/236	VIJAYAKUMAR	M	4	4	1997	SAROJADEVI	P	SITTARKERNY SIVAMKOVIL ROAD	CHANKANAI	INQUIRED
237	CHA/237	GOVINDASAMY	T	11	4	1997	THANALUXMY	K	ARALY ROAD,	CHANKANAI	INQUIRED
238	CHA/238	WASANTHAN	S	27	7	1996	VASANTHA	S	AVARANGAL EAST	PUTHUR	INQUIRED
239	CHA/239	ALAGARATNAM	K	17	7	1996	ANNAMMAH	M	BLACK ROAD	CHANKANAI	INQUIRED
240	CHA/240	GANESHAMOORTHY	V	9	6	1997	SRI SHANMUGARANJANI	G	CHULLIPURAM CENTRE	CHULLIPURAM	INQUIRED

241	CHA/241	PRADEEPAN	S	28	6	1996	SELVARATNAM	K	56, ALKATI LANE	ARIYALAI JAFFNA	INQUIRED
242	CHA/242	ARUMAIRAJAN	G	14	7	1994			34, NEW SCHEME, 3RD ARALY RD,	JAFFNA	NOT TRACEABLE
243	CHA/243	ANANDA KIRISHNAN	S	15	7	1996	SIVAGURUNATHAN	S	AMMAN ROAD, THIRUNELVELY EAST	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
244	CHA/244	SIVARUBAN	T	9	7	1996	THAVARAJAH	K S	VADDU NORTH, VADDUKOTTAI	PALAI	INQUIRED
245	CHA/245	BALAVADIVELAN	S	17	8	1996	VIJITHA	B	MASAR	PALAI	INQUIRED
246	CHA/246	KUNENTHIRARAJAH		21	7	1996					NOT TRACEABLE
247	CHA/247	SIVAJINI	A	24	7	1996	ARUMUGAM	S	DUTCH ROAD	CHULLIPURAM	INQUIRED
248	CHA/248	JEYAKUMAR	S	24	7	1996			TAVAIKULAM	MIRUSUVIL	NOT TRACEABLE
249	CHA/249	GNANARAJAN	M	28	7	1996			PIDARI KOVLADY,	ANNAIKOTTAI	ABSENT
250	CHA/250	JEEVARATNAM	N	5	8	1996	VIJAYARATNAM	N	VEMBADYKERNI	PALAI	INQUIRED
251	CHA/251	SELVARAJAH	V	8	8	1996	RAMANI	S	ANNAIKOTTAI VEETHY	KOKUVIL	INQUIRED
252	CHA/252	BALASUBRAMANIAM	R	12	8	1996	DEVANAYAGI	P	SANGARATHAI	VADDUKOTTAI	INQUIRED
253	CHA/253	UDAYAKUMAR	S	18	8	1996	VADIVALAKI	S	9/5, MALAR MAHAL VEETHY	ARIYALAI	INQUIRED
254	CHA/254	JEYABALAN	S	20	8	1996			AVARANGAL PUTHUR,	JAFFNA	ABSENT
255	CHA/255	SUGUNARAJAH	K	20	8	1996	NAGESHWARY	P	17/18, NALLUR WEST	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
256	CHA/256	THAYAPARAN	M	24	8	1996	MAHESHWARAN	P	THANANKILLAU	CHAVAKATCHCHERI	DOUBLE 101
257	CHA/257	UDAYAKUMAR	S	27	8	1996			5TH JUNCTION, NAVALI ROAAD	MANIPAY	ABSENT
258	CHA/258	WILDON	S A	27	8	1996	LOURTHAMMA	S	54/1, VITHANYER	CHUNDIKULI	INQUIRED
259	CHA/259	KAMALESHWARAN	S	18	6	1997	PARAMESHWARY	S	CHULLIPURAM CENTRE, KAMPANAI CAMP	CHULLIPURAM	INQUIRED
260	CHA/260	RAJENDRAKUMAR	T	18	9	1996	VIJYAKUMAR	T	KOMMANTHURAI	VALVETTTTHURAI	INQUIRED
261	CHA/261	MAHINDAN	V	17	11	1996	ILAYAPILLAI	V	VANNIYAPURAM, VELLAVAIKAL	CHUNAKAM	INQUIRED
262	CHA/262	ANANDARAJAH	N	21	7	1996	NAVARATNAM	V	ATCHUVELI SOUTH	NAVATKADU	INQUIRED
263	CHA/263	AMILTON	A	7	12	1998	AMIRTHARANI	A	KILALY	ELUTHUMADDUVAL	INQUIRED
264	CHA/264	AMIRTHARAJ	A	7	12	1998	AMITHARANI	A	KILALY	ELUTHUMADDUVAL	INQUIRED
265	PUT/265	RAMSEEN	B	0	4	1990	SAMAN	B	16, VETTUKULAM ROAD	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
266	PUT/266	RAFEES KHAN	S A	27	1	1990	NOOR JAHAN	S A	PALAVI COLOMBO ROAD	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
267	PUT/267	RAMEEZ	S	1	1	1990	SULTAN BEEBI	I	14, MALIKA PURAM, PALAVI	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
268	PUT/268	SUNTHIUS	A J	25	1	1990	SEMAMBO	A I	ARABA NAGAR THILLIADY	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
269	PUT/269	MOHAMED RAMEEZ	A	26	1	1990	SUBAITHA	A L	SALTEN CAMP - 01	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
270	PUT/270	NAINA MOHAMAD RUZAN		0	0	0					ABSENT
271	PUT/271	NIYAZ	S	7	2	1990	MEERA MOHIDEEN	MS	4TH CROSS STREET, RATMALYAYA	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
272	PUT/272	FAIROSE	S H	7	2	1990	ABDUL JABBAR	S H	D CAMP THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
273	PUT/273	JABEER	A R	15	12	1990	JAMEELA	A R	D CAMP THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
274	PUT/274	NUHUMAN	M A C	17	3	1990	ROOFINA	N	SCHOOL ROAD, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
275	PUT/275	SUBAIR AZAD	C M	0	0	0					ABSENT
276	PUT/276	SANJEER	S	0	0	0					ABSENT
277	PUT/277	MILAN	A G	17	7	1990	HASSAN	G	SINNAWATTA	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
278	PUT/278	NAWAZ	H	20	5	1990	JAMEELA	H	F CAMP, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
279	PUT/279	ASIWATH	A W	3	8	1990	RAMEEZ	A M M	A CAMP, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
280	PUT/280	RAJAB	A	2	9	1990	SUBAITHA	A	SALTEN CAMP, MANNAR ROAD,	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED

281	PUT/281	JALEES	A M	17	9	1990	PARVEEN SAKEELA FIRDOUSE (MRS)	A	F	22/2 JUMMA MOSQUE ROAD, PERIYAMULLA MATTAKULIYA	NEGOMBO COLOMBO	INQUIRED INQUIRED <b>ABSENT</b> <b>ABSENT</b> INQUIRED <b>ABSENT</b>
282	PUT/282	FIRDOUSE	J A	24	1	1990						INQUIRED
283	PUT/283	MAJEED	V	0	0	0						<b>ABSENT</b>
284	PUT/284	RIZWAN	N	0	0	0						<b>ABSENT</b>
285	PUT/285	NAJEEB	M M	30	12	1989	FAREENA	N		PARITHA PATH, COLOMBO ROAD, PALAVI	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
286	PUT/286	JAMAL MOHAMAD RAFAEK		0	0	0						<b>ABSENT</b>
287	PUT/287	JALEEL	B	0	9	1989	REHENA	N		98, COLOMBO ROAD, PALAVI	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
288	PUT/288	SHIRAJ	B	0	9	1989	REHANA	N		98, COLOMBO ROAD, PALAVI	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
289	PUT/289	THANZIL	S H	20	4	1991	NAJEEB	M M		SEMBA ROAD, COLOMBO VEETHY	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
290	PUT/290	ABDUL JABBAR SUBAIR		0	0	0						<b>ABSENT</b>
291	PUT/291	JABARULLAH	T M	28	5	1991	SAMSUN NIZA	J		54/39, 2ND CROSS, 3RD LANE, THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
292	PUT/292	BASHEER	S	28	5	1991	SHAREEFDEEN	B		THILLAIADY	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
293	PUT/293	AJMEEN	A M K	28	5	1991	RAJEENA			DIVISION 04, RATMALIYA	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
294	PUT/294	NAKEEB	A G	28	5	1991	GAFOOR	A K		15/7, KURUNEGALA ROAD	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
295	PUT/295	NAJEEB	A M	28	5	1991	ROJEENA	N		55/2, MULLIPURAM, 11 CROSS STREET	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
296	PUT/296	AINUDEEN	S A	25	10	1991	NOORJAHAN	S A		PALAVI, COLOMBO ROAD	PUTTALAM	INQUIRED
297	CHA/297	ABUBACKER RANOOK		0	0	0						<b>ABSENT</b>
298	PUT/298	BADURDEEN BAROOK		0	0	0						<b>ABSENT</b>
299	CHA/299	BALAKIRISHNAN	K	14	7	1996	NAGAMMAH	K		125/1, BEACH ROAD	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
300	CHA/300	JALINI	M	24	7	1996	THEEPAN	M		THOLPURAM EAST	CHULIPURAM	INQUIRED
301	JAF/301	BALACHANDRAN	S	3	1996	BALACHANDRAN	J			ELAVALAI NORTH	ELAVALAI	INQUIRED
302	KAY/302	THEVENDRAN	A	16	9	1996	KANTHASAMY	N		C/O NALLATHAMBY KANTHASAMY, URI EAST	KARAINAGAR	INQUIRED
303	JAF/303	IMMANUEL	N P	24	6	1996	VIJAYARAJAH	A G		SILALAI EAST	PANDATHARIPPU	<b>ABSENT</b>
304	CHA/304	YASOTHARAN	V	25	6	1996	JEYAMATHY	J		NUNAVIL WEST	CHAVAKACHCHERI	<b>ABSENT</b>
305	KAR/305	SELVARAJAH	S	2	7	1996	SARASWATHY	S		KARAVETTY NORTH	KARAVETTY	<b>ABSENT</b>
306	CHA/306	MANOHARAN	V	17	7	1996	ANNAPILLAI	V		KOOLAVADY	ANAIKOTTAI	INQUIRED
307	CHA/307	NAVANEETHAN	T	17	7	1996	ACHCHIMUTHU	T		KACHCHAI SOUTH	KODIKAMAM	INQUIRED
308	CHA/308	CHANDRASEGARM	N	17	7	1996	SELVANAYAKAM	S		KAITHADY, NAVATKULI EAST	KAITHAY	INQUIRED
309	CHA/309	GNANARAJAN	M	28	7	1996	LOORTHAMAH	M		PIDARI KOVILADY	ANNAIKOTTAI	INQUIRED
310	JAF/310	NEPPOLIAN	A	5	8	1996	RAJESWARI	A		SARAVANABAVAN SCHOOL RD, KOPAY NORTH	KOPAY	INQUIRED
311	CHA/311	KANTHASAMY	K	7	8	1996	KAVITHA	K		83, 3RD CROSS STREET	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
312	JAF/312	EMILIAS	V	27	8	1996	MARY ARULSILI	V		28/17, KONDADY VEETHY, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
313	JAF/313	MURALITHAS	T	25	9	1996	PAVALAMMAH	T		MULLAIKATTAI, KAMBAIMALAI	UDUPPIDY	<b>ABSENT</b>
314	CHA/314	RASAMATHY	S	28	9	1996	RAJENDRAM	S		VALVETTY PATHINI AMMAN KOVILADY	VALVETTYTHURAI	INQUIRED
315	JAF/315	THEVENDRAN	A	0	9	1996	ARUMUGAM	K		OORI KALAPOOMY	KARAINAGAR	<b>ABSENT</b>
316	CHA/316	THASJEEVAN	T	25	12	1996	PONNUTURAI	T		SUTHUMALAI WEST	SUTHUMALAI	INQUIRED
317	JAF/317	SUTHARSHAN	A	0	1	1996	PUSHPARANI	A		37/2, VIDANE'S LANE, CHUNDUKULI	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
318	JAF/318	RANIL	P	1	1	1997	THEVAVANI	P		DEVALAYA VEETHY, KOKUVIL SOUTH	KOKUVIL	<b>ABSENT</b>
319	JAF/319	DONALIS	A	4	3	1997	MARY ANNE	D		136, BANKSHALL STREET, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
320	CHA/320	SIVARASA	P	18	5	1997	SARASWATHY	P		MANTIVIL EAST,	KODIKKAMAM	<b>ABSENT</b>
321	JAF/321	CONCY	C	24	4	1996	RITAMMAH	S		18, NEW HOUSING SCHEME, GURUNAGAR	JAFFNA	INQUIRED
322	NAL/322	JEYARAJAH	N	28	7	1996	NADARAJAH	S		18, VIPULANANDA RD, PONKANKULAM	COLOMBUTHURAI	INQUIRED
323	JAF/323	VASANTHAKUMAR	P	9	8	1997	PUNITHAWATHY	P		OORATHY, ARALY CENTRE	VADDUKOTTAI	INQUIRED
324	JAF/324	RAJAKUMAR	T				KIRUBAKARAN	T		23/1, KANNATHIDDIY ROAD	JAFFNA	<b>FOUND</b>
325	THR/325	MATHIRSON	N				NAGAMANY	N		MADDUVIL EAST	CHAVAKACHCHERI	INQUIRED
326	KOP/326	RAJENTHIRAM	R	5	10	1997	JEYANNINTHADEVI	R		URMPIRAI SOUTH	URMPIRAI	<b>ABSENT</b>
327	CHA/327	MUHUNITHAN	N	15	12	1997	YOGAMALAR	S		KELAM, MANTHUVIL NORTH	KODIKAMAM	<b>ABSENT</b>

## Annex XIII

## Newspaper Notice

## அறிவித்தல்

யாழ்ப்பாணத்தில் காணாமல் போனோர் சம்பந்தமாக விசாரணை செய்வதற்கென மனித உரிமை ஆணைக்குழுவின்மூலம் நியமிக்கப்பட்ட கலாநிதி தேவநேசன் நேசையா அவர்களின் தலைமையிலான விசாரணைக்குழு பின்வரும் இரு பட்டியல்களில் உள்ளவர்கள் தொடர்பான விசாரணைகளை நடத்த சம்பவம் பற்றி விபரம் தெரிந்தவர்களுடன் தொடர்பு கொள்ள எடுக்கப்பட்ட நடவடிக்கைகள் பயனளிக்கவில்லை.

குறித்த பட்டியலிலுள்ள காணாமல் போன நபர்கள் பற்றி ஒரு கிறித்தி முடிவை இவ் விசாரணைக்குழு தெரிவிக்க உத்தேசித்திருப்பதால் கீழ் தரப்பட்டுள்ள இரு பட்டியல்களில் குறிப்பிட்டுள்ள காணாமல் போன நபர்கள் பற்றிய விபரம் அறிந்தவர்கள் அவர்கள் தற்போது வசிக்கும் விலாசத்தை இவ் விளம்பரம் பிரசுரமாகி 10 நாட்களுக்குள் மைக்கு தெரிவித்து விசாரணைக்கு அமைக்க உதவுவது வேண்டப்படுகின்றார்கள்.

தொடர்பு கொள்ள வேண்டிய முகவரி:

மனித உரிமை ஆணைக்குழு,  
தேசிய ஒருங்கிணைப்பாளர்,  
11/6, ஆர்கேயுபா காமன்,  
றொஸ்மீட் பிளேஸ், கொழும்பு - 07.

2003 August 12

Thinakaran

பட்டியல் - 1

தொடர்பு ஏற்படுத்த முடியாத போன முறைப்பாட்டுக்காரர் பற்றிய விபரம்

காணாமல் போனமை பற்றி முறைப்பாடு செய்தவரின் பெயர்	முன்னைய விலாசம்	காணாமல் போனதாக கருதப்படும் நபரின் பெயர்
1. T. மகேஸ்வரி	ஏ.வி. நோட், துரியாலை.	துரை தங்கத்தரை
2. ர. போகேஸ்வரி	நாளைவில் கிழக்கு, நாளைவில், சாவகச்சேரி.	சின்னராசா ரஞ்சன்
3. மா. தேவி	பெரிய மாடடி, பேரம்பலம் வீதி, சாவகச்சேரி.	மார்க்கண்டு சதீஸ்தாயர்
4. S. சுப்பிரமணியம்	மட்டுவில் மேற்கு, சாவகச்சேரி.	சுப்பிரமணியம் சுபநேசன்
5. A. சரணமுத்து	சில்லாலை வீதி, பண்டித்தர்ப்பு, யாழ்ப்பாணம்	சரணமுத்து முனிஸ்வரநாதன்
6. M. சுப்பிரமணியம்	கைதடி தெற்கு, கைதடி.	சுப்பிரமணியம் தவச்சேல்வம்
7. ந. இராசமணி	மட்டுவில் மேற்கு, சாவகச்சேரி.	நலராஜன் கோபிராஜ்
8. Y. சுலாத்தேவி	சாவக்காடு, அக்கவேலி.	கணபதிப்பிள்ளை போகராஜா
9. A. ஹத்தம்மா	விரபத்திர கோயிலடி, கச்சாய நோட், சாவகச்சேரி.	தெய்வயலன் தம்பலான்
10. P. மல்பதி	12, செம்பணி ஒழுங்கை, துரியாலை.	செல்வையா பரமநாதன்
11. V. வெளாபுதம்	கீழ்வில் கிழக்கு, உடுவில்.	V. கௌரவன்
12. து. மொய்க்கா	15, சச்சமேட்டை, யாழ்ப்பாணம்.	துயர்வி துணிசாரன்
13. செ. கனகம்பிகை	54/2, 1வது ஒழுங்கை, பருத்தித்தரை நோட், யாழ்ப்பாணம்.	செல்லராஜா கோபிராஜ்

பட்டியல் - 2

முறைப்பாட்டுக்காரரின் பெயர் கோலையில் குறிப்பிடப்படாதவர்கள்

கு.க.	காணாமல் போனவருடைய பெயர்	முன்னைய விலாசம்
1.	செல்லத்தரை ஜேசுப்	கரம்பன் கிழக்கு, ஊர்காவறுதரை
2.	கனகராஜன் அருணராஜா	திருநெல்வேலி கிழக்கு, யாழ்ப்பாணம்.
3.	சீவக்குமார் பனோகரன்	114/1, கோயில் வீதி, நல்லூர்.
4.	K. கனோத்திராஜன்	பெரிய மாடடி, பேரம்பலம் வீதி, சாவகச்சேரி.
5.	சின்னத்தம்பி ஜெயபாஸன்	ஆலாங்கால், புத்தூர், யாழ்ப்பாணம்.
6.	காந்திதேவ கனகசூரியர்	கைதடி, சாவகச்சேரி.
7.	சொல்முனி ஜெயம்முல்	தவசிக்குளம், கிருசனில்.
8.	M. சக்திதாசன்	பன்னாக்கம், சுழிபுரம்.
9.	சின்னராசா உதயசூரன்	5வது சந்தி, நாலை நோட், யாழ்ப்பாணம்.
10.	M. லாராஜா	மீட்டிகோயிலடி, ஆணைக்கோட்டை.
11.	P. ஜேகநாதன்	678/11, முல்லை நோட், துரியாலை.
12.	சுவாமிநாத அனாள் ஜெயக்குமார்	136, ஆத்திசூடி வீதி, கத்தம்மம்.
13.	ஆய்ந்து ஐயர் கனகர்	முஸ்லீம் பீகிவு, யாழ்ப்பாணம்.
14.	ஐமல் மொஹமட் ரபீக்	"
15.	ஏஸ். சனீஜீர்	"
16.	கி. எம். கனகர் அஷாட்	"
17.	வீ. மஜீட்	"
18.	என். ரிஸ்வான்	"
19.	பதார்தின பாரதி	THINAKARAN
20.	ஆய்ந்து வஸீலக்	"
21.	பய்னா மொஹமட் கபான்	06.19.9. 2003

Copy of the advertisement in the Thinakaran to trace certain complaints



**Annex XIV****Places where Inquiries were conducted by the Committee**

Place	No of Complaints Inquired
Chavakachcheri Hindu College	32
Government Tamil School Kodikamam	36
Kachcheri Puttalam	25
Chunnakam Divisional Secretariat	24
Jaffna Regional Office of Human Rights Commission	143
Pradeshiya Sabha Auditorium, Manipay	21
<b>Total</b>	<b>281</b>

## Annex XV

**Correspondence with the Army Commander and others  
re persons responsible for disappearances**

**GISTS OF THE  
CORRESPONDENCE\* WITH THE POLICE & THE ARMY  
IN AN EFFORT TO TRACE THE DISAPPEARED PERSONS AND THE PERSONS RESPONSIBLE**

S/No.	Date	To whom / From whom	Summary of contents of correspondence
1	12.03.2003	To: DIG Jaffna	Letter seeking confirmation re 232 persons set to have been handed to police custody by the army during 1996 / 1997.
2	01.04.2003	From: DIG Jaffna Reply to above	Informs that only 30 names could be checked and asks for time for the rest; those 30 not handed to police by army.
3	19.04.2003	From: DIG Jaffna	Informs that of the 202 in respect of whom confirmation of police custody is required, other than 3, none of the remaining 199 had been in police custody during the relevant period. The 3 persons referred to had been produced in courts at different occasions and released.
4	13.01.2003	To: Army Commander	Seeking information of the present stations of the Officers-in-Charge of specified army camps in the Jaffna region during the relevant period.
5	26.01.2003	From: Army Commander	Seeking time to check and provide the information needed.
6	03.02.2003	To: Secretary / Defence Ministry	Seeking his assistance to expedite a reply to above.
7	26.03.2003	To: Army Commander	Inviting attention to letter of 13/01/2003 and asking for early reply.
8	28.04.2003	From: Army Commander	Informs that he is unable to find out who was in charge of the specified camps during the relevant period.
9	07.07.2003	To: Dr. Deepika Udagama Member, HRC	Seeking her personal intervention to obtain the information needed by the Committee in respect of specified army personnel.
10	25.07.2003	To: Legal Officer / Army Headquarters	Seeking assistance to trace the whereabouts of the army officers in the list annexed.
11	25.09.2003	From: Army Commander	Informs that of those in the list provided, the files relating to 20 had been sent to the CID; that the others are under investigation and that once the investigations are over a reply would be sent.
12	08.10.2003	To: Army Commander	Pointing out the evasive nature of the above letter and requesting urgent intervention to let the Committee know the whereabouts of the army personnel concerned.
13	15.10.2003	From: Army Commander	Informing that – 1. He is unable to provide the information required in the absence of the initials, regimental numbers and the regiments to which they were attached; 2. That many of the documents needed to trace those taken into custody have been destroyed due to the war; 3. That the CID is taking action on the basis of reports of two investigating bodies; 4. That the military police has been investigating wherever possible to trace those responsible for the disappearances to take action against them.

\* The relevant documents are attached

Acting Chairman

Mr. Godfrey Gunatilleke

Members

Mrs. Manouri K Muttetuwegama

Mr. N. Selvakkumaran

Mr. Sarath Cooray



මගේ ලංකා  
எனது என  
My No.

ඔබේ ලංකා  
உமது என  
Your No.

දිනය  
திகதி  
Date.

ශ්‍රී ලංකා මානව හිමිකම් කොමිෂන් සභාව  
இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழு  
HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

මානව හිමිකම් ආරක්ෂා කිරීමේ හැකියාව වර්ධනය කිරීම හා ව්‍යාප්ත  
කිරීමේ ව්‍යාපෘතිය - අතුරුදහන් වීම පිළිබඳ කමිටුව

மனித உரிமைகளை பாதுகாப்பதற்குமான ஆற்றலை வலுப்படுத்துவதற்கான செயற்திட்டம்  
காணமால் போனோர் சம்பந்தமான விசாரணைக்குழு

Capacity Building Project for the Protection and Promotion of Human Rights  
- Committee on Disappearances

12<sup>th</sup> March 2003

Deputy Inspector General of Police  
Jaffna Range,  
Kankesanthurai.

Examination of Books Re detainees during 1996/1997

The Committee on Disappearances of Persons appointed by the Human Rights Commission, held a discussion on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2003 with the SSP Jaffna, Mr. Harold Anthony on certain issues pertaining to disappearances of persons during 1996/1997. It was learnt that all persons taken into custody by the security forces during this period had been handed to the police for further action under the law. The SSP informed the Committee that all the names of such person handed to the police by the security forces are available in the registers of the police maintained during this period.

Mr. Prasanna Arampath, Senior Investigation Officer of the Human Rights Commission will meet you with a list of the persons alleged to have been taken into custody by the security forces during 1996/1997 to enable you to peruse with his assistance, the relevant registers to see if any of these names appear in them. The Committee will be grateful if you could issue a letter under your hand confirming the results of the search.

This Committee seeks you co-operation in its efforts to find out what happened to those persons who are alleged to have disappeared during that period.

In this connection your attention is drawn to section 21 of the Human Rights Commission Act No 21 of 1996.

By order of the Commission.

2 14/3/2003

M. C. M. Iqbal  
National Co-ordinator  
Human Rights Capacity Building Project,  
No. 11/6, Arcadia Gardens,  
Off Rosemead Place,  
Colombo 7.

My No:- C/232/2003,  
Office of the SSP/Jaffna Division,  
Kankesanthurai.  
01st April 2003.

M.C.Iqbal Esq,  
National Co-ordinator,  
Human Rights Capacity Building Project,  
Colombo.

EXAMINATION OF REGISTERS OF DETAINEES DURING 1996/1997.

I make reference to your letter dated 12th March 2003 on the above subject.

I checked the first 30 names out of 232 of the list of disappeared persons in 1996/1997, received from you and found that they had not been arrested or detained by Police for any subversive activities.

List of 30 detainees checked by me is attached herewith please.

The rest will be checked in due course .



Harold Anthony,  
Senior Supdt: of Police,  
Jaffna Division.

HAROLD ANTHONY  
Senior Superintendent of Police  
Division in Charge  
Copy to: - Jaffna File.

Received in  
7/4/2003  
gll  
/

(02)

LIST OF NAMES CHECKED WITH POLICE DETAINEES IN 1996/1997.

01. Gobalasingham Ambihaibalan
02. Sivasambu Wijayakanthan
03. Wilfred Nixone Singal Peral
04. Arasamud Kodiswaran
05. Muttaiiah Shivakumar
06. Anthony Thilakaratnem
07. Ganesh Ramesh
08. Sinnathambi Shivakumar
09. Kandaiah Thivaharan
10. Sinnathurai Selvanadan
11. Sanmugam Sathgunarajah
12. Thananadan Ravindran
13. Selveratnam Sathiskumar
14. Selveratnam Selvarajah
15. V.Chandra Kumar
16. S.Nirmalan
17. Welayudan Gowry Balan
18. Nadarajah Puthiyarajah
19. Theyvendran Prabhakaran
20. Kandasamy Selvarajan
21. Kandaiah Aruldarani
22. Innasimuttu Kajendran
23. Theva Suresh Kumar
24. Sathasivam Vivekanathan
25. Balasingham Udayakumar
26. Alponso Wildon
27. N.Balakrishnan
28. Boobalasingham Prabhakaran
29. Kandasamy Thayaseelan
30. Kanapathy Sasheekaran

Received on  
30/04/03

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මගේ අංකය :- සී232/2003,  
ඔබේ අංකය :- සීසී/14,  
පොලීස් අධිකාරී කාර්යාලය,  
තනිතසන්නිකරය.  
2003.04.19 වෙනි දින.

එම්.සී.එම්.ඉන්බාල් මහතා,  
සම්බන්ධිතයන් නිලධාරී,  
ශ්‍රී ලංකා මානව හිමිකම් කොමිෂන් සභාව,  
අතුරුදහන් වූවන්ගේ කොමිෂන් සභාව,  
අංක 11/6,  
ආරක්ෂක උද්‍යානය,  
රොස්ලිව් පෙදෙස,  
කොළඹ 07.

1996 / 1997 වර්ෂයන්හි රුද්‍රවහනු ලැබුවන්ගේ තොරතුරු  
ඇතුළත් පෙත් පර්යේෂණ පිටිම.

උසස් කරණව අදාලව ඔබ විසින් මාගේ වචන ලද ඔබේ සමාන හා  
2003.03.12 හා 2003.04.09 දිනැති ලිපි හා සම්බන්ධවයි.

2003.04.01 දින මා විසින් පර්යේෂණ කරන ලද 30 දෙනෙකුගේ නම්  
ඇතුළත් ලැයිස්තුවක් ඔබ වෙත එවන ලද අතර ඉතිරි පුද්ගලයින් 202 ප්‍රතික්ෂේප වාර්තාව  
මේ සමඟ ඉදිරිපත් කරමි.

ඒ අනුව එම ලැයිස්තුවේ අංක 31 සිට 232 දක්වා වූ නම් සඳහන් වූ  
පුද්ගලයින්ගෙන් 03 කුරු ඉතිරි 199 දෙනා ක්‍රියාවලියේ ප්‍රධාන සම්බන්ධයෙන් අත්අඩංගුවට  
ගැනීමත් සේ රුද්‍රවා ගැනීමත් පොලීසිය මගින් සිදුකොට නොලැබී බව ලේඛන පර්යේෂණ පිටිමේදී  
සෙලවීය.

එම ලැයිස්තුවේ අනු අංක 80හි සඳහන් එම්.සනිස්කුමාර්, අනු අංක 145හි  
සඳහන් දේවදාසන් ඇත්තනි දේවේන්ද්‍රන්, අනු අංක 147හි සඳහන් නානරාජා ඩිසිදරන් සහ  
බිදෙනා සම්බන්ධයෙන් වූ වාර්තා පහ දැන්වේ.


- 01. ලේඛන පර්යේෂණ පිටිමේදී අනු අංක 80 සඳහන් එම්.සනිස්කුමාර්, පුල්පාඩු-  
වෙණි, ඩෙව් පා, වාචනලිවෙරි සහ අස " මාර්කන්ඩ් සනිස්කුමාර් " මවුලිලි-  
කුලකේසර, වාචනලිවෙරි සහ අස 1996.09.08 දින අල්ලාගැනීමේ දී වාචනලිවෙරි  
01 වැනි ශ්‍රී ලංකා පාඩල සමුදා ප්‍රධානවූදා නදවුරේ මේජර් ජෝ.ඒ.එන්.ඊ.ද -  
අල්ලිය මහතා විසින් අත්අඩංගුවට ගෙන 1996.09.29 දින තනිතසන්නිකරය ක්‍රියාවලියේ

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මර්ධන ඒකකය වෙත ගෙනවිත් භාරදී ඇත. පොහුටු උතුරු පළාත් භාර නිදෝර්ණ-  
 පොලීස්මන් කුමාරගේ අංක එන්.ඒ.එම්/සී.ඒ.එම්/972/96 යටතේ රැඳවුම් නිදෝර්ණ ලබාගෙන  
 රඳවනවා පරීක්ෂණ පවත්වා පසුව 1996.12.10 දින අංක ඒ.ඒ.එම්/29/1996 දරණ  
 ඒ.ටී.එම්.එම් යටතේ මල්ලානපි මහේස්ත්‍රාත් අධිකරණය වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමෙන් පසුව  
 එම අධිකරණය මගින් එදිනම සැකකරු නිදහස් කර ඇත. පොහුටු ප්‍රදේශයේ ලියා-  
 පදිංචි කිරීමේ සැලසුම්පත් අංකය ලේඛන වල සඳහන්ව නොමැති අතර, තැපැල් සැලසුම්-  
 පත් අංකය ලෙස එස්.එම්.002739 සඳහන්ව ඇත.

ගොනුවේ අනු අංක 145හි සඳහන් දේවදාසන් ඇත්තනි දේවෙන්ද්‍රන්, වාචනලීචේට්ට  
 උතුර, මහලෙයි යන අය සම්බන්ධව ලේඛන පරීක්ෂා කිරීමේදී " දේවදාසන් ඇත්තනි  
 දේවෙන්ද්‍රන් " අම්මාන් නෙවිල අසල, මහලෙයි, වාචනලීචේට්ට යන අයෙකු අත්-  
 අඩංගුවට ගෙන ඇති බවට සඳහන්ව ඇත. මෙම සැකකරු 1996.05.22 දින  
 වාචනලීචේට්ට 02 වන ශ්‍රී ලංකා පාඨල හමුදාවේ සැරයන් 11921 එල්.ඒ.කුලරත්න  
 විසින් අත්අඩංගුවට ගෙන එදිනම නීත්‍යානුකූලව පර්ධන ඒකකය වෙත භාරදී  
 ඇත. මෙම සැකකරු සම්බන්ධයෙන් උතුරු දිසාව භාර නිදෝර්ණ පොලීස්මන් කුමාරගේ  
 අංක එන්.ඒ.එම්/540/96 යටතේ රැඳවුම් නිදෝර්ණ ලබාගෙන පරීක්ෂණ පවත්වා අංක -  
 ඒ.ඒ.එම්/27/96 දරණ ඒ.ටී.එම්.එම් යටතේ 1996.07.01 දින යාපනය මහේස්ත්‍රාත්  
 අධිකරණය වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමෙන් පසුව එම අධිකරණය මගින් එදිනම සැකකරු නිදහස්  
 කර ඇත.

ගොනුවේ අනු අංක 147හි සඳහන් නාගරායා බසිදරන්, වාචනලීචේට්ට උතුර, මහලෙයි  
 යන අය සම්බන්ධයෙන් ලේඛන පරීක්ෂා කිරීමේදී " නාගරායා බසිදරන් " වෙලෙයි,  
 අම්මාන් නෙවිල අඩ, මහලෙයි යන අයෙකු නෝර්සා හි පිහිටි ප්‍රධිහමුදා කඳවුරේ  
 ප්‍රධිහමුදා පොලීස්මන් නි/61699 ලුණින් ටී.ටී.පුංචිසේනා විසින් අත්අඩංගුවට ගෙන  
 1996.04.28 දින නීත්‍යානුකූලව පර්ධන ඒකකයට ගෙනවිත් භාරදී ඇත.  
 පොහුටු උතුරු දිසාව භාර නිදෝර්ණ පොලීස්මන් කුමාරගේ අංක එන්.ඒ.එම්/224/  
 96 යටතේ රැඳවුම් නිදෝර්ණ ලබාගෙන පරීක්ෂණ පවත්වා 1996.05.30 දින යාපනය  
 මහේස්ත්‍රාත් අධිකරණය වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කර ඇති අතර එදිනම අධිකරණය මගින් ඉහත  
 සැකකරු අත්හිටි භාරදී ඇත.

  
 ජ්‍යෙෂ්ඨ පොලීස් ආධිකාරී,  
 යාපනය පොලීස් කොන්ස්ටබල්,  
 සේනාධිපති පොලීස් කොන්ස්ටබල්,  
 යාපනය පොලීස් කොන්ස්ටබල්,  
 යාපනය.

Acting Chairman

Mr. Godfrey Gunatilleke

Members

Mrs. Manouri K Muttetuwegama

Mr. N. Selvakumaran

Mr. Sarath Cooray

මගේ අංකය  
எனது எண்  
My No. CBP/09ඔබේ අංකය  
உமது எண்  
Your No.දිනය  
திகதி  
Date.

13-1-2003

ශ්‍රී ලංකා මානව හිමිකම් කොමිෂන් සභාව

இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழு

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

මානව හිමිකම් ආරක්ෂා කිරීමේ හැකියාව වර්ධනය කිරීම හා ව්‍යාප්ත කිරීමේ

ව්‍යාපෘතිය - අතුරුදහන් වීම පිළිබඳ කමිටුව

மனித உரிமைகளை பாதுகாப்பதற்குமான ஆற்றலை வலுப்படுத்துவதற்க்கான செயற்கிட்டம்

காணாமல் போனோர் சம்பந்தமான விசாரணைக்குழு

Capacity Building Project for the Protection and Promotion of Human Rights  
- Committee on DisappearancesArmy Commander,  
Army Headquarters,  
Colombo 2.

## Investigations into complaints of disappearances

A Committee appointed under Section 11(b) of the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka Act No. 21 of 1996 is investigating into complaints of disappearances of persons received by the Human Rights Commission. These had occurred during the period 1990, 1996 to 1998.

By virtue of the powers delegated to this Commission under Section 18 of the said Act, you are hereby required to furnish the following information as early as possible. These pertain to stations in the Jaffna Peninsula.

1. Whether during July 1996, army officers/soldiers by the names of Duminda, Ekanayake, Captain Sunil and Jayasuriya were attached to the Navatkuli Army Camp and if so, their full names and present whereabouts.
2. The names of the Area Commanders of the following Army Camps during the dates given against each one of them.

<u>Name of Army Camp</u>	<u>Date</u>
(a) Muhamalai Army Camp	11.8.1996
(b) Eruvan Army Camp	17.6.1997
(c) Kerudavil Army Camp	July to August 1996
(d) Kodikamam Army Camp	July 1996

Contd..../2



(e) Thanankilappu Army Camp	October 1996
(f) Meesalai Army Camp	July 1996
(g) Madduvil Army Camp	August 1996
(h) Manipay Army Camp	January 1997
(i) Ariyalai Army Camp	August 1996
(j) Chavakachcheri Army Camp	August 1996
(k) Navatkuli Army Camp	May 1996
(l) Thattatheru Army Camp (Jaffna)	July 1996

3. Please give the names of the Army personnel who manned the following check points during the dates given against each of them.

Puttur Junction Check Point	24.7.1996
Chemmani Check Point	2.8.1996

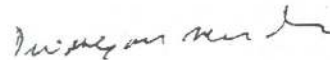
Please let us know the present stations of each one of these officers to enable us to summon them to record their evidence.

It is hoped you would co-operate with this Committee to enable it to fulfil the task assigned to it.

The information required should be handed over to bearer Mr. Prasanna Arampath, Investigating Officer of the Human Rights Commission, who is assisting this Committee in its investigations.

In this connection your attention is drawn to section 21 of the Human Rights Commission Act No. 21 of 1996.

Prompt action in respect of this request would be greatly appreciated.



Devanesan Nesiah  
Chairman  
Committee on Disappearances  
of the Human Rights Commission  
of Sri Lanka



ශ්‍රී ලංකා සුද්ධ හමුදා මූලස්ථානය, තැ. පෙ. 553, කොළඹ  
 இலங்கைத் தரைப்படைத் தலைமையகம், த. பெ. 553, கொழும்பு  
 SRI LANKA ARMY HEADQUARTERS, P. O. BOX 553, COLOMBO

My No : CA/LEG/350/HRC/136

Your No : CBP/09

The Chairman,  
 Committee on Disappearances,  
 Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka,  
 Colombo 07.

28 January 2003.

INVESTIGATIONS INTO COMPLAINTS OF DISAPPEARANCES

Ref : Your letter No. CBP/09 dated 13.01.2003 addressed to the Commander of the Army.

1. It is kindly informed that the above reference letter has been referred to the Adjutant General of Sri Lanka Army for action to furnish the necessary details called for by the said letter, having sought the required details from the relevant Formation Head Quarters of the Army.

2. As the said issues relate to the period as far back as 1996, it is humbly requested that further time be granted to furnish the said details please.

  
 M M Poiris

Brigadier  
 for Commander of the Army

Acting Chairman

Mr. Godfrey Gunatilleke

Members

Mrs. Manouri K Muttetuwegama

Mr. N. Seivakkumaran

Mr. Sarath Cooray

මගේ අංකය  
எனது எண்  
My No.

CBP/09

ඔබේ අංකය  
உமது எண்  
Your No.දිනය  
திகதி  
Date.

3.02.2003

ශ්‍රී ලංකා මානව හිමිකම් කොමිෂන් සභාව

இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழு

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

මානව හිමිකම් ආරක්ෂා කිරීමේ හැකියාව වර්ධනය කිරීම හා ව්‍යාප්ත

கிரீමේ ව්‍යාපාරිකය - අතුරුදහන් වීම පිළිබඳ කමිටුව

மனித உரிமைகளை பாதுகாப்பதற்குமான ஆற்றலை வலுப்படுத்துவதற்க்கான செயற்திட்டம்  
காணமால் போனோர் சம்பந்தமான விசாரணைக்குழுCapacity Building Project for the Protection and Promotion of Human Rights  
Committee on DisappearancesMr. Austin Fernando,  
Secretary,  
Ministry of Defence,  
Colombo 2 .Investigations into Disappearances in Jaffna

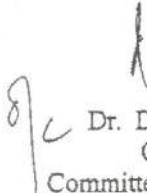
A Committee composed of Dr. Devanesan Nesiiah (Chairman), Mr. K.H. Camillus Fernando and Ms. Jezima Ismail, appointed with powers delegated by the Human Rights Commission, is investigating into several complaints of disappearances of persons in the North.

You will appreciate that both in the interest of ascertaining the facts and also ensuring that all viewpoints are taken into account before the Committee formulated its Report, it is important to record not only the evidence of the relatives of the disappeared but also that of the armed personnel involved in those events. Accordingly, following its first sessions of hearings in Jaffna, the Committee has found it necessary to get the assistance of a few army personnel who were deployed in the North during the relevant period to clarify certain information that has emerged. A request to trace some such personnel has already been sent to the Army Commander on 13 January 2003. The Army Commander responded with his letter No. CA/LEC/350/HRC/136 of 28<sup>th</sup> January 2003 seeking further time to provide the necessary information.

In the meantime, it has become necessary to check on certain events that took place in the Chavakachcheri area when Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwala of 8 Sinha Regiment was in charge of the Navatkuli army camp during June/July, 1996.

We shall therefore be grateful if you would kindly direct the Army Commander to instruct Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwala of the 8 Sinha Regiment to meet the members of the Committee on Disappearances at 3 p.m. on Monday 10<sup>th</sup> February 2003 on the Fourth Floor of the Office of the Human Rights Commission, No. 36, Kynsey Road, Colombo 8, together with any books or documents which he can access, that could help this Committee in the investigations.

Thanking you for your kind cooperation.

  
Dr. Devanesan Nesiya,  
Chairman,  
Committee on Disappearances,  
Human Rights Commission.

Copy to: Army Commander - for information, his No: CA/LEC/350/HRC/136 of  
28.1.2003 refers



මගේ අංකය  
எனது எண்  
My No. CBP/14

ඔබේ අංකය  
உமது எண்  
Your No.

දිනය  
திகதி  
Date. 26/3/2003

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இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழு  
HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

මානව හිමිකම් ආරක්ෂා කිරීමේ හැකියාව වර්ධනය කිරීම හා ව්‍යාප්ත කිරීමේ  
ව්‍යාපෘතිය - අතුරුදහන් වීම පිළිබඳ කමිටුව  
மனித உரிமைகளை பாதுகாப்பதற்கான ஆற்றலை வலப்படுத்துவதற்கான செயற்குறிப்பு  
காணாமல் போனோர் சம்பந்தமான விசாரணைக்குழு  
Capacity Building Project for the Protection and Promotion of Human Rights  
Committee on Disappearances

26<sup>th</sup> March 2003

Commander of the Army  
Army Head Quarters  
Colombo 2.

INVESTIGATION INTO COMPLAINTS OF DISAPPEARANCES

I am directed to invite your kind attention to letter No. CBP/09 of 13/01/2003 sent by the Chairman of the Committee on Disappearances of the Human Rights Commission seeking information about the whereabouts of certain security personnel and the names of officers who manned certain army camps during the relevant period (see copy of letter annexed). Of those in the list Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwalana was traced and he has already given evidence before the Committee. The others are yet to be traced.

I shall be grateful if the whereabouts of the others in the list are traced and informed to us as soon as possible to enable the Committee to record their statements and complete its task without delay.

By Order of the Committee

M. C. M. Iqbal

National Co-ordinator

Human Rights Capacity Building Project,  
No. 11/6, Arcadia Gardens,

Off Rosemead Place,  
Colombo 7.

Copy to :

1. Secretary /Defence - For your kind assistance to expedite a reply
2. Director/Legal, Army Headquarters- Brigadier Mphanthi Peiris- For information

RESTRICTED

DIRECTORATE OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND HUMANITARIAN LAW  
T:P: NO: 430480, 55380, 355381 FAX: 355383

DHR&amp;HL/G/16/5 ( 10 )

Mr. Devanesan Nesiah  
Chairman,  
Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka  
Committee on Disappearances  
No: 11/6, Arcadia Garden,  
Rosemead Place,  
COLOMBO 07.

28<sup>th</sup> April 2003INVESTIGATIONS INTO COMPLAINTS OF DISAPPEARANCES

## Reference:


A. Your letter No. CBP/09 dated 13th January 2003.

1. In response to above, steps were taken to trace the military personnel mentioned therein through the Security Force Headquarters Jaffna. However, they inform of their inability to obtain further information as the details furnished is insufficient, and also because the names of individuals provided are incomplete/nicknames.

2. With regard to the referred military camps, too, they are unable to provide required details due to its temporary nature in having to shift camps periodically in response to existing situations. Furthermore, most of the camps in question were also subject to LTTE attacks in the year 2000/2001, resulting in the destruction of many documents and records.

3. However, please be assured of our continued assistance, should there be a possibility of furnishing us with further details. I would also like to brief and discuss with the investigating officer and to make my own suggestions to find ways and means of proceeding further with regard the said disappearances.

4. Assuring you of our highest consideration.

  
L P Balagalle RWP RSP VSV USP ndc IG  
Lieutenant General  
Commander of the Army

RESTRICTED

Chairperson

Dr. Radhika Coomaraswamy

Members

Dr. N. Deepika Udagama

Mrs. C. C. Senarathne

Mr. N. Selvakumaran

Dr. M.A. Zainudeen



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இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழு  
HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

මානව හිමිකම් සුරැකීමේ හා ව්‍යාප්තකිරීමේ කැපීයාට වර්ධනය කිරීමේ ව්‍යාපෘතිය - අඟුරුකොත්විලි පිළිබඳ කමිටුව  
கனித உரிமைகளை மேம்படுத்துவதற்கும் பரதர்ப்படுத்தமான ஆற்றலை வழங்குத்குதற்கான செயற்கிட்டம் - கானகமல் மேரகை சம்பந்தமான விசாரணைக்குழு  
Capacity Building Project for the Protection and Promotion of Human Rights - Committee on Disappearances

මගේ අංකය  
எனது எண்  
My No. CBP/1:4  
ඔබේ අංකය  
உமது எண்  
Your No.  
දිනය  
திகதி  
Date

7<sup>th</sup> July 2003

Dr. Deepika Udagama,  
Actg. Chairperson,  
Human Rights Commission,  
36, Kynsey Road,  
Colombo 8.

Investigations into Complaints of Disappearances

The committee appointed under Section 11 (b) of the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka Act No. 21 of 1996 is investigating into complaints of disappearances of persons in the Jaffna District received by the Human Rights Commission. In the course of the investigations into these complaints the names of the security personnel in the annexed list transpired.

The assistance of the Commander of the Army was sought to trace the present whereabouts of the respective security personnel to enable the Committee to find out what had happened to the disappeared persons concerned. After much effort a reply was received stating his inability to trace them because, *inter alia*, the details furnished are "in sufficient and also because the names of individuals provided are incomplete/ nicknames".

However due to the efforts of the Investigation Officers of the Committee, we were able to trace two of them - No. (11) Duminda Keppetiwalana and No. (27) Sampath Rajapakse and their statements were recorded. It has therefore become necessary to urge the Commander of the Army to make a determined effort to trace these persons with the available information so that this Committee could come to a reasonable finding on what had actually happened to the persons alleged to have disappeared from the Jaffna District during 1996 and 1997.

I am therefore directed by Dr. Devanesan Nesiiah, Chairman of the Committee on Disappearances, to submit the annexed list to you seeking your assistance to make the Commander of the Army to provide the necessary information.

M.C.M. Iqbal  
National Coordinator  
Capacity Building Project,  
for Secretary/Disapps.Committee

**Names of Security Personnel whose names transpired during the investigations into  
Disappearances in the Jaffna District during 1996 and 1997  
(The Stations & Titles given are those relevant to that period)**

Name of Security Personnel	Title & Station
1) Ajith Kumara	- Army Capt. - Koolavadi Army Camp, Jaffna
2) Alwis	- Commander- Chavakachcheri Army Camp
3) Amarasinghe	- Corporal - Kopay Army Camp
4) Ariyadasa	- Lt. Sandilpay Army Camp
5) Bandara Dissanayaka	- Lt. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Officer - Passaiyoor Army Camp
6) Bandara	- OIC - Navatkuli Army Camp
7) Bogapitiya	- Corporal - Ariyalai Army Camp
8) Dalugalla	- Lt - 2 <sup>nd</sup> Sentry Point- Ariyalai Army Camp
9) Dedigama	- Commander, Sinnakodai Army Camp, Jaffna
10) Dissanayaka	- Capt. - Chunnakam Army Camp
11) <u>Duminda Keppetiwala</u>	- Lt. - Navatkuli Army Camp- PRO - <i>since traced</i>
12) Jayasooriya	- 2 <sup>nd</sup> Commander- Navatkuli Army Camp
13) Jayawardene	- Capt. - Colombothurai Army Camp
14) Keerthiratne	- Corporal- Ariyalai Army Camp
15) Kalubandara	- Corporal, Colombothurai, Amman Kovil Army Camp
16) Lalith Hewage	- Capt. - Punakulam Army Camp/Checkpoint
17) Lalith Hewa	- Capt. - Officer incharge, Pungakulam Army Camp
18) Manjula Kariyawasam	- Sinnakady Army Camp, Jaffna
19) Marikkar	- Commander, Jaffna Army Camp
20) Nimal	- Officer Meesalai Koddady Checkpoint
21) Priyanka	- Atchuveeli Army Camp
22) Rajapaksha	- Corporal, Ariyalai Army Camp
23) Raja	- Kathappu Army Camp, Palai
24) Ruban	- Officer - Gurunagar Army Camp
25) Samarasinghe	- Commander, Mavady Junction Army Camp
26) Samaraweera	- Army Capt. Navatkuli Army Camp
27) <u>Sampath Rajapakse</u>	- Corporal - Punkankulam Army Camp - <i>since traced</i>
28) Sarath Jayawardena	- Colombothurai Army Camp
29) Subash Bandara	- OIC/Lt. - Kerudavil Army Camp
30) Sunil	- Capt. - Navatkuli Army Camp
31) Suresh Bandara	- Capt. Manipay Army Camp
32) Udayakumara	- Lt. - 512 Madduvil Army Camp
33) Vimal	- Capt. 522 Army Camp, Meesalai
34) Weerakoon	- Capt. - Achchelu Army Camp
35) Wijeyasiriwardene	- Capt. - Ariyalai Army Camp





Chairperson  
Dr. Pachika Coomaraswamy  
Members  
Dr. N. Desika Udagama  
Mrs. C. C. Senarathne  
Mr. N. Selvakumaran  
Dr. M.A. Zainudeen

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HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

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කිසිදු රටකම මානව හිමිකම් සුරැකීමේ කොමිෂන් සභාවක් පිහිටුවීමට ප්‍රථමයෙන්  
Capacity Building Project for the Protection and Promotion of Human Rights - Committee on Disappearances

Ref. No. CBP/09

25<sup>th</sup> July 2003

Legal Officer,  
Army Headquarters,  
Colombo 2.

Security Forces Personnel Required By  
The Committee on Disappearances

I am directed by the Committee on Disappearances appointed under Section 11 (b) of the Human Rights Commission Act No. 21 of 1996 to request you to assist the Committee to trace the Security Forces Personnel mentioned in the annexed list to enable them to be summoned for inquiries in connection with persons reported to have disappeared in the Jaffna District during the latter part of the 1990s.

An early reply in this connection would be appreciated.

By Order of the Committee

M.C.M. Iqbal  
Actg. Secretary to the Committee on  
Disappearances of the Human Rights Commission

- Copy to : 1. Secretary, Defence Ministry - for information
- 2. Army Commander - - do -

*Committee on Disappearances*  
*of the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka*

List of Persons who had Disappeared in Specified Places

Sno	File No	Name of Disapp Person	Place of Disappearance	Date of Disapp		Name of Army Camp	Names of Persons Alleged to be Responsible	
				Date	Year			
1	CHA/213	SATHESHKURAR	SAVAKADDU	20	12	KULAVADI	AJITHKURARA	ARMY CAPTAIN
2	CHA/069	RAJENDRAN	CHAVAKACHCHERI	22	5	CHAVAKACHCHERI	ALAFIS	ARMY COMMANDER
3	CHA/178	SELVARAJAN	KOPAY	31	7	KOPAY	MANASTINGE	MAJCE CORPORAL
4	CHA/012	UDAYAKUMARAN	ERUVAN	17	6	ERUVAN	ALEXANDER	ARMY OFFICER
5	CHA/237	GOVINDASAMY	SANDALIPAY	11	4	SANDALIPAY	ARIYANTHANS/ARIYADASA	ARMY CAPTAIN
6	CHA/191	POHNDU	CHUNDUKULI	7	10	PASSAYOOR CAMP	BANDARA	LIEUTENANT
7	CHA/161	JOHNSON	KOYATHOTTAM	21	7	PASSAYOOR CAMP	BANDARA	ARMY CAPTAIN
8	CHA/141	JAYAKANTHAN	KOYATHOTTAM	14	7	PASSAYOOR CAMP	BAIDARA USSINAYAKE	CAPTAIN
9	CHA/033	VINCENTHIDRAN	CHAVAKACHCHERI	7	7	MUNAVIL	BANDARA H.K.	HQ OFFICER
10	CHA/262	ANANDARAJAN	ATCHUVELI	21	7	NAVATRUDI	BANDARA	OIC
11	CHA/176	JEGARAJAN	GURUNAGAR	29	7	SUNARADAY	DADYGNIA	1ST ARMY COMMANDER
12	CHA/161	JOHNSON	KOYATHOTTAM	21	7	PASSAYOOR CAMP	DASSINAYAKE	2ND CAPTAIN
13	CHA/168	KURAR	KURUNAGAR	24	7	KURUNAGAR	DEDIGNA	COMMANDER
14	CHA/192	KIRISHIRAN	CHURRIKANI	7	9	CHURRIKANI	UISINAYAKE	CAPTAIN
15	CHA/003	KIRURAKARAN	HARUVAN PULAVU	19	7	NAVATKULI	DUMHIDA	OIC/LT
16	CHA/060	BEHEDICT	NAVATKULI	19	7	NAVATKULI	DUMHIDA	CAPTAIN
17	CHA/061	MALWATHRAN	NAVATKULI	19	7	NAVATKULI	DUMHIDA	CAPTAIN/LT
18	CHA/004	RAVEHORAN	MARUVANPULAVU	19	7	NAVATKULI	DUMHIDA	AREA COMMANDER/LT
19	CHA/020	KODESHWARAN	NAVATKULI	4	8	NAVATKULI	DUMHIDA	OIC
20	CHA/052	SIVAPASA	MARUVANPULAVU	19	7	NAVATKULI	DUMHIDA	OIC
21	CHA/009	JAYAPATHAN	MARUVANPULAVU	19	7	NAVATKULI	DUMHIDA	OIC/LT
22	CHA/018	THIRUVARUTCHELVAN	THATCHANTHOFFU	19	7	THATCHANTHOFFU	DUMHIDA	CAPTAIN/LT
23	CHA/128	SUVERTHIRAJAN	NAVATKULI	19	7	NAVATKULI	DUMHIDA	ARMY COMMANDER
24	CHA/064	SELVAKUPAR	NAVATKULI	19	7	NAVATKULI CAMP	DUMHIDA/KEPPEIYALANA	CAPTAIN
25	CHA/004	RAVEHORAN	MARUVANPULAVU	19	7	NAVAKULI	JEYASOORIYA	2ND COMMANDER
26	CHA/117	VIJAYAKANTHAN	COLOMBUTHURAI	24	5	COLOMBUTHURAI	JEYAWARDANA	OIC
27	CHA/244	SIVARUBAN	COLOMBUTHURAI	9	7	THIRUDI CAMP - 7C	JEYAWARDANA	CAPTAIN
28	CHA/118	HEXOH GERAD	COLOMBUTHURAI	27	5	COLOMBUTHURAI ARMY CAMP	KALUBARANA	CORPORAL
29	CHA/322	JAYARAJAN	HEESALAI	20	7	COLOMBUTHURAI ARMY CAMP	KULATHILIANE	OIC
30	CHA/185	PAHESHKURAN	JAFENA	3	8	KACHCHERI	LALITH BEWA	ARMY CAPTAIN

Sl. No.	Name	Designation	23	8	1996	Location	Rank	Remarks
31	CHA/216	RANESH	T	NAVALADY ROAD	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	PARHAKULAH
32	CHA/207	PARTHEEDAN	S	ELANTHUKULAH	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	CHURUKULI
33	CHA/189	KUMARSHARAH	T	JAFENA	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	PARHAKULAH
34	CHA/193	HARY ROY SUGATHITHI	C	JAFENA	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	JAFENA
35	CHA/202	MURUGANAS	S	JAFENA	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	ARLYALAI
36	CHA/216	RANESH	T	NAVALADY ROAD	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	PARHAKULAH
37	CHA/232	SUNSHKARAN	G	NAVADI JURKTILOH	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1997	NAVADY JON JAFENA
38	CHA/071	SELVARAJAH	K	CHAVAKACHICHERI	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	KODIKAMM CAMP
39	CHA/061	ANNIARATHAN	J. A.	NAVATKULI	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	NAVATKULI
40	CHA/064	SELVAKUMAR	R	NAVATKULI	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	NAVATKULI CAMP
41	CHA/011	JAYARAJAH	P	NAVATKULI	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	NAVATKULI
42	CHA/008	THARATHIASAN	K	NAVATKULI	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	NAVATKULI
43	CHA/098	JEYABALU	S	HEESALAI	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	HEESALAI
44	CRA/201	THAVATHATHAN	S	NAJLUR	JAFENA	NAVATKULI	1996	NAVADY 522 ARMY CAMP

Other Security Forces Personnel\* needed for Inquiry by the Committee

Name	Designation
1 LOHAN GURWARDENA	GENERAL
2 LALITH HEWAGE	CAPTAIN
3 WIJAYASIRIWARDENA	CAPTAIN
4 DALUGALLA	LIEUTENANT
5 UDAYAKUMARA	LIEUTENANT
6 BOGAPITTIYA	CORPORAL
7 KEERTHIRATNA	CORPORAL

\* These personnel had been on duty in the Jaffna Peninsula during the period 1996 to 1998.



ಶ್ರී ලංකා ಸೇನಾ මುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರ මූಲಕವಾಗ, කැ. ප. 553, කොළඹ  
இலங்கைத் தளரப்படைத் தலைமையகம், த. பெ. 553, கொழும்பு  
SRI LANKA ARMY HEADQUARTERS, P. O. BOX 553, COLOMBO

මගේ අංකය :- යා/නිසී/350/මකිකේ/177 (07)  
මමේ අංකය :- සීබීසී/09



එම් ඩී එම් ඉන්බ්ලෝ පාසා  
වැඩබලන ලේකම්  
අතුරුදහන්වුවන් පිළිබඳ පනව හිතවේ කමිටුව  
අංක : 11/06  
ආනන්දයා ගාඩ්නස්  
රොස්මිට් පෙදෙස  
කොළඹ .07

2003 සැප්තැම්බර් මස 13 දින.


අතුරුදහන් වුවන් පිළිබඳ තොරතුරු ලබාදීම

යොමුව :-

අ. 2003 .07 .25 දිනැති අංක සීබීසී/09 දරන මම ලිපිය.

1. යොමුකළ ලිපිය ආවරුණේ එවා ඇති නම ලේඛනයේ සඳහන් අයවැන්න අතුරින් පුද්ගලයින් 20 දෙනෙකුගෙන් ලිපිගෙනු ආරාධිතයන් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව වෙත භාරදී ඇති බැව් වාර්තාවී ඇති අතර එම ලේඛනයේ පිටපත් ඇසුරුම් 'අ' වශයෙන් මේ සමඟ අලුතා ඇත.

2. සවිඳ සෙසු පුද්ගලයින් පිළිබඳ දැනටමත් අදාළ විමර්ශන නවතුව සිටු තරමින් පවසන අතර එම අයවැන්න මේ විස්තර ලද විෂය සබ වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමට නවතුව තරන බැව් තරණිතව දැනට සිටී.

  
එම් ඒ එම් පීරිස්  
මුහුණ්දර්  
සුද්ධ හමුදාධිපති වෙනුවට.

අනු අංකය	අනු අංකය	අනුරූපතා ශීලා පුද්ගලයන්ගේ නම	අනුරූපතා දිනය	සිටුවාගැනීමේ ස්ථානය	සිටුවාගැනීමේ දිනය	සිටුවාගැනීමේ ස්ථානය
01	සා 01/01/1990	සා 01/01/1990	1990.05.22	සා 01/01/1990	1990.05.22	සා 01/01/1990
02	සා 02/01/1990	සා 02/01/1990	1990.06.17	සා 02/01/1990	1990.06.17	සා 02/01/1990
03	සා 03/01/1990	සා 03/01/1990	1990.04.11	සා 03/01/1990	1990.04.11	සා 03/01/1990
04	සා 04/01/1990	සා 04/01/1990	1990.07.15	සා 04/01/1990	1990.07.15	සා 04/01/1990
05	සා 05/01/1990	සා 05/01/1990	1990.07.07	සා 05/01/1990	1990.07.07	සා 05/01/1990
06	සා 06/01/1990	සා 06/01/1990	1990.07.21	සා 06/01/1990	1990.07.21	සා 06/01/1990
07	සා 07/01/1990	සා 07/01/1990	1990.07.24	සා 07/01/1990	1990.07.24	සා 07/01/1990
08	සා 08/01/1990	සා 08/01/1990	1990.07.19	සා 08/01/1990	1990.07.19	සා 08/01/1990
09	සා 09/01/1990	සා 09/01/1990	1990.07.10	සා 09/01/1990	1990.07.10	සා 09/01/1990
10	සා 10/01/1990	සා 10/01/1990	1990.08.04	සා 10/01/1990	1990.08.04	සා 10/01/1990



*Chairperson*

Dr. Radhika Goonaraswamy

*Members*

Dr. N. Deepika Udagama

Mrs. C. C. Senanayake

Mr. N. Selvaikumarani

Dr. M.A. Zainudeen



ශ්‍රී ලංකා මානව හිමිකම් කොමිෂන් සභාව

இலங்கை மனித உரிமைகள் ஆணைக்குழு

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

මානව හිමිකම් පුරුද්දේ හා ව්‍යාජකරණයේ හැසිරීමේ වරදකට පත්වූ විට මානව හිමිකම් - ආරක්ෂණය සහ ප්‍රවර්ධනය කිරීමේ පිළිබඳ කමිටුව  
 සමස්ත ව්‍යාජකරණය වැළැක්වීම සඳහා පුහුණුවීමේ ක්‍රමලේඛයක් මගින් මානව හිමිකම් - ආරක්ෂණය සහ ප්‍රවර්ධනය කිරීමේ කමිටුව  
 Capacity Building Project for the Protection and Promotion of Human Rights - Committee on Disappearances

Your No: 350/ මානව හිමිකම් 177(07)

My No : CBP/09

8<sup>th</sup> October, 2003.

The Commander,  
 Sri Lanka Army,  
 Army Headquarters,  
 Colombo 02.

**TRACING SECURITY PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN  
 CAUSING DISAPPEARANCES**

This refers to a letter dated 25/09/2003 sent by the Legal officer of the Army Headquarters in reply to a letter dated 25/07/2003 from us seeking the whereabouts of security personnel whose names transpired in the course of the inquiries as being responsible for causing the disappearances of certain persons in the Jaffna Region.

As you could see the reply is evasive and unrelated to our inquiries. All that we require is to trace the security personnel concerned. It merely says that the files in respect of certain persons who had disappeared have been sent to the CID when all that this Committee requires is the present whereabouts of the personnel named.

Your urgent intervention to provide the information required would be appreciated as this Committee is to complete its task shortly.

Devanesan Nesiiah,  
 Chair,  
 Committee on Disappearances of the  
 Human Rights Commission.

Encl : Copies of the relevant letters and the list of names.

Received  
at 11/45 am today  
2:30 p.m.  
16/10/2003



ශ්‍රී ලංකා යුද බ හමුදා මූලස්ථානය, කැ. පෙ. 553, කොළඹ  
இலங்கைத் தரைப்படத் தலைமையகம், த. பெ. 553, கொழும்பு  
SRI LANKA ARMY HEADQUARTERS, P. O. BOX 553, COLOMBO

CA/LEG/350/HRC/177( )

Mr Devanesan Nesiiah  
The Chairperson  
Committee on Disappearances of  
the Human Rights Commission  
Colombo 07

15 October 2003

**TRAINING SECURITY PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN CAUSING DISAPPEARANCES**

Ref:

- A. Your letter dated 25.07.2003.
- B. This HQ letter dated 25.09.2003.
- C. Your letter dated 08.10.2003.

1. The Army through the Directorate of Human Rights and Humanitarian Law made inquiries from the several Army Establishments/ Headquarters that possibly could have had any information regarding the particular 44 cases of disappearances referred to by the letter at reference "A" by your Committee, which are alleged to have occurred in 1996.
2. The presence of Lieutenant Colonel D C Keppetiwala referred to as Duminda, allegedly responsible in the disappearances in ten cases of your list of 44 cases was made available before the committee as required.
3. The year 1996 is when the Army was heavily involved in operational duties in Jaffna and the movement of troops depended on the urgency and the immediate need in the particular area and due to the security situation that prevailed during the said period most of the troop changes had been unrecorded and undocumented. Further even documents that had been maintained in relation to various administrative and operational matters in the Army had been destroyed due to various terrorist attacks on the camps.
4. Further adding to the above facts the inadequate information regarding the alleged person responsible for the disappearance where no initials, Regimental Numbers, Regiment, and even in some cases correct rank had not been given in the list provided by the Committee to trace the said individuals, has resulted in the Army having made every effort possible, failing to identify the persons required due to paucity of information.



5. The list submitted by the letter at Ref "B" above by this HQ is where the CID had made inquiries and the Provost Marshal of the Army had submitted documents to the CID.

6. It is also brought to your kind notice that prior to the appointment of the present Commission there were two other investigating bodies that had been appointed to inquire into the disappearances in the North and based on their reports the CID had taken action to institute criminal proceedings against persons held responsible. The Army too had held their own inquiries in 1997 and managed to reduce the list of reported disappearances of 1100 to nearly 378 in the Northern Province due to the following reasons.

a. Names of person alleged to have disappeared being duplicated and sometimes Triplicated.

b. Those reported to be missing had returned to their kith and kin, but had not reported the fact of their return to the authorities.

7. Further the Military Police continued their investigations wherever possible to trace the persons directly or indirectly responsible for disappearances and such cases had been handed over to the CID to facilitate prosecution. Related trivial offences had been disciplinarily dealt with by the Army authorities. Further the Army had published standing orders to prevent the occurrence of similar incidents in the future.

8. In view of the above whilst ensuring the Commission of the utmost corporation by the Army at all times, it is regretted that the Army has not been able to trace the identity of the alleged personal involved, on the limited personal/official information provided in connection with their identify by the Commission please.



L P BALAGALLE RWP RSP VSV USP  
Lieutenant General  
Commander of the Army



**Summaries of Evidence in respect of  
each Complaint Inquired into**



### The relevant particulars in brief in respect of each complaint inquired into by the Committee

Complt No : **CHA/001**

**Victim** : **Sellathurai Sivarajah**  
**Complainant** : **Paruwatham widow of Balasingham**

There is evidence that the victim had been riding a bicycle on the road at Chemmani on 15/07/96 when he was arrested by soldiers from the Ariyalai Army Camp. This was seen by Rasathi who conveyed the information to the complainant Balasingham, who is now dead. The victim's sister Parupatham who gave evidence at the inquiry stated that all attempts to find him in the Ariyalai Army Camp were fruitless.

• • •

Complt No : **CHA/002**

**Victim** : **S. Satgunarajah**  
**Complainant** : **S. Ranjanidevi**

The victim had been arrested at the Manipay market on 04.01.1997 when he was on his way to Chulipuram from Kaithady. He had been taken by soldiers who came in a van to the theatre at Manipay. A search was made at the Army Camp in Manipay but he could not be found.

• • •

Complt No : **CHA/003**

**Victim** : **Kaneshalingam Kirupakaran**  
**Complainant** : **S. Kaneshalingam**

There is evidence that the victim who was a very bright student, had been arrested during a round up on 19.07.1996 by the Army at Maruvanpulavu. Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwala of the Navatkuli Army Camp had conducted the round up. All attempts by the father to trace him had been fruitless.

• • •

Complt No : **CHA/004**

**Victim** : **Ponnan Raveenthiran**  
**Complainant** : **R. Jeyarane**

There is evidence that the victim was taken into custody on 19/06/1996 in the presence of his wife by Colonel Duminda Keppetiwala during a round up at the Navatkuli School, on being identified by a masked man. Thereafter he had been taken blindfolded in a truck along with about 100 others. Complainant had complained to the Kopay Police a week later and thereafter to the Chavakachcheri Police. She had also met Colonel Duminda of the Navatkuli Camp who had told her not to worry as he would be released soon. But the victim never returned.

• • •

Complt. No : **CHA/005**

**Victim** : **Ramanathan Annalingam**  
**Complainant** : **Annalingam Jeyakala**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested on 19.07.1996 from his home at Aladi Junction at Maruwanpulovu during a round up on being identified by masked informers. The entire household was lined up before the informers and the victim was detained while the others were released. He was later seen

- 
- The missing complaint numbers are of those who were either absent or could not be traced by the Committee.
  - Those in italics are summaries that also appear in the relevant chapters of the Report.

handcuffed and blindfolded at the Navatkuli Rice Mill, along with about 100 others in similar conditions. Nothing was heard of him thereafter.

• • •

**Complt. No : CHA/006**

**Victim : G. Ganeshalingam**  
**Complainant : G. Sivamathi**

*There is evidence that the victim was a Brahmin who had been taken away from his temple adjoining his house on 25/05/1996 while performing religious duties. He had just returned from school where he was a teacher. Those who took him were army personnel in civil who later got down their vehicles and took him away after getting into their uniforms. The entire neighbourhood witnessed the arrest. Nothing is known of his whereabouts thereafter.*

*The complainant is getting the salary of her husband from the Education Department on certificate issued by the AGA confirming the victim's disappearance.*

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**Complt. No : CHA/007**

**Victim : N. Ahilarasan**  
**Complainant : K. Nadarajah**

There is evidence that the victim was a hiring car driver. He had been taken by the army with his Morris Oxford car No. 5 Sri 6669, on 18.05.1996 between the District Hospital and the Assistant Government Agents Office at Chavakachcheri. In spite of all attempts to find him, including a Habeas Corpus application, he could not be found. Even his car has disappeared.

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**Complt. No : CHA/008**

**Victim : G. Ambihaibalan**  
**Complainant : G. Jeevasothy**

There is evidence that Ambihaibalan who was a student in the advanced level class, was arrested at a round up on 19.07.1996 by the army. The complainant had thereafter met Duminda, the Officer in charge of the Navatkuli army camp, and Captain Sunil of the same camp but could not get any information about him. He is missing since then.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/009**

**Victim : M. Jeyaratnam**  
**Complainant : S. Murugan**

There is evidence that this victim and M. Sivarasa (CHA/052) were brothers who had been arrested at a round up on 19.07.1996 by the army at Maruvanpuloivu along with about a 100 others, of whom 24 are yet missing. Duminda who was in charge of the army camp at Navatkuli had been approached by the complainant and others but could not get any of them released.

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**Complt No : CHA/010**

**Victim : S. Selvanathan**  
**Complainant : S. Kamaladevi**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested at the Thanankilappu Sentry Point on 30.07.1996 while returning after visiting a relative. Five days later the complainant had gone to the Chavakachcheri army camp which was under one Alwis. The army officer who was at the sentry point concerned had noticed the resemblance of the complainant, who was the mother of the victim, whom he had arrested, had told her that her son Selvanathan had been taken to Palaly for interrogation. The victim had never returned thereafter.

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Complt No : **CHA/011**

**Victim** : **Ponniah Jeyarajah**  
**Complainant** : **E. Ponniah**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at a round up on 19.07.1996 on being identified by a masked informer. The OIC of the Navatkuli Camp Duminda and Capt. Sunil were among the army officers who took the victim away. There is no information on what happened to the victim thereafter.

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Complt No : **CHA/012**

**Victim** : **V. Udayakumar**  
**Complainant** : **K. Velupillai**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army on 17.06.1997 at the Eruvan Sentry Point to which the father, the complainant had been ordered by the Area Commander of the army to bring the victim. An acknowledgement had been given to the complainant who was asked to leave the victim behind. When the complainant went in the afternoon to see his son, the acknowledgement was forcibly taken away from him. Now he has no record of the son being handed to the army. However one Thirunavukkarasu, the Principal of the Kodikamam Mixed School and the Grama Sevaka Thangamyln had been witnesses to the handing over of the victim to the Eruvan Sentry Point.

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Complt. No : **CHA/013**

**Victim** : **P. Kannathasan**  
**Complainant** : **P. Arumugasamy**

There is evidence that the victim who was a carpenter, was arrested at a round up at Thatchanthoppu on 19.07.1996 by a group of army officers headed by Col. Duminda, Area Commander of the Navatkuli Army Camp. There is no trace of him thereafter. The virtual complainant P. Thangamany is dead. The victim's elder brother Arumugasamy gave evidence.

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Complt No : **CHA/014**

**Victim** : **I. Mariya Jayaseelan**  
**Complainant** : **E.M. Poomany**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested from his home during a round up on 19.07.1996 by the army. He had been seen blindfolded and handcuffed at the Thatchanthoppu V.C. Office before being taken away by the army along with others. In spite of complaints to the ICRC and the Police, the victim could not be found.

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Complt No : **CHA/015**

**Victim** : **J. Stalin Jeeva**  
**Complainant** : **J. Francisca**

There is evidence that the victim who was a bicycle mechanic had been arrested at a round up by the army on the 19.07.1996 at Kaithady. There is no trace of him thereafter.

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Complt No : **CHA/016**

**Victim** : **K. Pushparajah**  
**Complainant** : **V. Kamala**

*There is evidence that the victim who returned after about 5 years in Saudi Arabia was arrested by the army at a roundup on 19.07.1996 at Thatchanthoppu. The army officers were led by Duminda, the Officer in charge of the Navatkuli Camp. The search for him at the army camps in the area did not bear fruit. A Habeas Corpus case filed also did not help to trace him.*

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Complt No : **CHA/017**

**Victim** : **A. Thilakaratnam**  
**Complainant** : **T. Thangaluxmy**

There is evidence that the victim who was a fisherman had been arrested at a round up by the army on 19.07.1996 at Alady, Maruvanpulavu. The other members of his family too had been taken and lined up with several others before a masked informer. 20 of them had been detained while the others were released. The victim was one of those detained. He was never seen thereafter. Complaints made to the ICRC, the KKS Police, and the President of Sri Lanka had all been of no avail.

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Complt No : **CHA/018**

**Victim** : **Sinnathamby Thirunavakkarasu**  
**Complainant** : **S. Sinnapillai**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at a round up by the army on 19.07.1996 at Navatkuli. Col. Duminda was one of the army officers who conducted the roundup. There is no information about the victim thereafter.

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Complt No : **CHA/019**

**Victim** : **S. Perinpanathan**  
**Complainant** : **S. Sithamparapillai**

There is evidence that the victim, a fisherman who had a physical disability, was arrested at a round up by the army at Maruvanpulovu on 19.07.1996. He had been arrested once before and had been released. But on this occasion nothing was heard of him thereafter. The round up had been conducted by the army officers from the Navatkuli Camp.

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Complt No : **CHA/020**

**Victim** : **A. Kodeswaran**  
**Complainant** : **K. Easwary**

*There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army and taken with his **motor cycle** on 04.08.1996, during a round up. He had gone to buy fish when this happened. His bike too is now missing. When the complainant went looking for him, Kodeswaran was found blindfolded in a house. His motorbike was outside the house. When Colonel Duminda who was there, was asked to release him, he had told the complainant that he would be released the following day after an inquiry.*

*About 2 weeks earlier the victim had been a witness to an arrest of another person named Sellathurai Sivarasa. It is believed that this was a contributory the reason for his arrest. The victim's younger brother Adiparameswaran was arrested on the same day but was released three days later. Another person arrested on that day was released nine days later. But the victim and his motorcycle are still missing.*

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Complt No : **CHA/021**

**Victim** : **K. Kunathan**  
**Complainant** : **S Sellammah**

There is evidence that the victim was working at the Kaithady MPCS was arrested on 21.08.1996 and taken to Navatkuli in hiring Car by the army. Sellammah who is the mother of the victim had seen this. Jeyagowry the wife of the victim had joined Sellammah a little later. From Navatkuli the victim had been taken to Jaffna on bicycle. The complainant and Victim's wife Jeyagowry had followed them for a short distance. They do not know what happened to him thereafter even though a complaint had made to the ICRC on the same day.

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Complt No : CHA/022

**Victim** : **K. Jeevarajah**  
**Complainant** : **K. Manonmani**

There is evidence that the victim was taken into custody by the army on 21.07.1996 at the Puliady Junction, Dutch Road, Chavakachcheri, while going on a bicycle. Pastor E. Abraham of Hensman Lane, Chavakachcheri had seen the victim being arrested and taken away by the army in a tractor with his bicycle. The next day the complainant checked with Alwis who was the Officer in Charge of the Chavakachcheri Army Camp who promised to release him the following day. But the next day he had said he could not trace him. The victim was never seen thereafter. His cycle was never returned.

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Complt No : CHA/023

**Victim** : **N. Krishnakumar**  
**Complainant** : **N. Maheswari**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at the Puttur Army Camp check point on 27.07.1996, just one month after his marriage. One Saraswathie and Balasingham had seen the arrest. Nothing was heard of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/024

**Victim** : **K. Sasikaran**  
**Complainant** : **K. Pushpamalar**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army from his home along with his elder brother on 21.07.1996 during a cordon and search operation and taken to Thirunavakkarasu Maha Vidyalayam. The complainant was able to hear the screams of those arrested, being beaten up there. She was able to recognize the voice of the victim. Later they were taken to the Allarai Army Camp nearby. The elder brother was released but not the victim. The father had followed on a motor bike the army vehicle that took the victim away but had to give up as the army threatened to shoot him. There is no trace of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/026

**Victim** : **A. Thangarajah**  
**Complainant** : **A. Thavamani**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 19.08.1996 by the army in the presence of several others including his sister who is the complainant. Another person called Sinnathamby Jeyadasan was also taken on 19.08.1996 by officers from the army camp adjoining the farm. A receipt was given to him by the army which was later found to contain wrong information such as that of the victim's brother's name instead of the victim's name and the date of arrest as 05.06.1999, when it actually was on 19.08.1996. The victim was never found thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/027

**Victim** : **Varatharajah Elango**  
**Complainant** : **N. Varatharajan**

*There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army on 08.08.1996 and again on 09.08.1996 and finally on 11.08.1996. He had a scar on his nose due to an operation that was performed on him when he was young. The father stated that they were getting on well with the army personnel in the camp in the neighbourhood until General Hapangama was killed at Stanley Road, Jaffna. The victim had been arrested without any reason. Nothing is known as to what happened to the victim thereafter.*

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Complt No : **CHA/028**

**Victim** : **S. Kokilaraj**  
**Complainant** : **S. Atputhamalar**

There is evidence that the victim who was an O' level student had been arrested at the Thattatheru Check Point in Jaffna on 25.07.1996 while he was on his way to Inuvil on a bicycle to get a pass for the complainant and another, to travel out from Jaffna. He had been carrying their identity cards too, for this purpose. Thereafter nothing is known of him. His bicycle and the identity cards were also lost. The victim could not be found in spite of a Habeas Corpus Application being filed.

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Complt No : **CHA/029**

**Victim** : **S. Elangainayagam**  
**Complainant** : **Puvaneswari Sivarasa**

There is evidence that the victim who was a tinker, was arrested by the army on 03.10.1996 at a road block at Thanankilappu while he was proceeding on a bicycle to Chavakachcheri. A woman who had seen the arrest had informed about it to the complainant. Her present whereabouts are not known. Complaints to the Jaffna Town Commander, the ICRC and the Police had been of no avail.

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Complt No : **CHA/030**

**Victim** : **K. Sivapunniamoorthy**  
**Complainant** : **S.P. Jayanthimalar**

*There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army at Ariyalai on 05.09.1996 while he was out on business. One Kandasamy, a business colleague of his, had seen the incident but is scared to give evidence. He had been later transferred to Palaly by the army. It is believed that he had been taken because he did not carry his identity card which he had lost and also because **he had bandaged some wounds** on his legs. This may have led the Army to think that he was an injured LTTEer. The army had admitted he was in custody but he was never released thereafter.*

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In other cases, also indicative of a callous disregard for human life, the victims were not targeted for arrest but either stood in the way or were readily available substitutes for the person targeted but who could not be found. These may include the following:

Complt No : **CHA/031**

**Victim** : **S. Ravindran**  
**Complainant** : **M. Varadaletchumy**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army on 18.07.1996 at the Allayapiddy Check Point while he was on his way to work with two others on bicycles. His sister had shown a photo of the victim and inquired about him from Colonel Duminda of the Navatkuli Camp who had asked her to check at the Palaly army camp. Nothing has been heard of him ever since.

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Complt No : **CHA/032**

**Victim** : **V. Ravikumar**  
**Complainant** : **V. Thilagamalar**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at the Sangaththanai Arasady Sentry Point on 17.11.1996 along with his neighbour V. Mahenthiran. Complainant went looking for him and found the bicycle at the Sentry Point. The army officer who was there, abused him in filth when he asked about the victim. There is no news of the victim since then.

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Complt No : **CHA/033**

**Victim** : **K. Vimalenthiran**  
**Complainant** : **K. Letchumi**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army at the Thanankillappu junction on 07.07.1996 together with S. Ambigaipalan and five others on their way back to the sea from the Vanni. S.K. Bandara of

the Nunavil army camp had said that the victim will be released after questioning. But when she went to the army camp the next day, she was told that no such person was arrested by them.

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**Complt No : CHA/035**

**Victim : G. Ramesh**  
**Complainant : R. Malini**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at a round up at Navatkuli on 19.07.1996 by the army at which 24 others were arrested. He was taken to the Navatkuli army camp and nothing is known of him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/036**

**Victim : K. Siriharan**  
**Complainant : K. Ponnammah**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army at a round up near the Navatkuli Bridge on 30.07.1996 when transporting a load of coconut in a tractor in which he was working as a cleaner. The driver Ganeshamoorthy was beaten up and asked to go away while the victim was detained. He went away and returned with a person who could speak Sinhala but was told that the victim had gone away by bus. Ganeshamorthy had noticed the victim blindfolded and hidden under the bridge. When this was pointed out they abused him and released the victim. But a hundred yards away he was arrested once more by other army officers and was told that he would be released after questioning. The next day when they went looking for him, the army had said that he had gone away to the LTTE. Nothing was heard of him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/037**

**Victim : S. Ramanan**  
**Complainant : S. Yogambikai**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army at a round up on 21/07/1996 at Allarai and taken to the Thirunavukkarasu School at Kodikamam. All those who were arrested were released except three boys which includes the victim. They were taken to the 525 camp nearby. When inquiries were made there, the complainant had been told that he had been transferred to Palaly Army Camp. There is no news of him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/038**  
**CHA/042**  
**CHA/043**  
**CHA/045**  
**CHA/050**

**Victims : 1. R. Sriskandarajah (CHA/038)**  
**2. R. Viknarajah (CHA/042)**  
**3. S. Jeyendran (CHA/043)**  
**4. K. Nagendran (CHA/045)**  
**5. A. Nagarasa (CHA/050)**

**(Grouped together and also inquired together as the circumstances were identical)**

**Complainant : 1. S. Bhanumathy - wife of Sriskandarajah**  
**2. V.Thayawathy - wife of Viknarajah**  
**3. J. Thamilthevi - wife of Jeyendran**  
**4. K. Sivapakiyan - mother of Nagendran**  
**5. N. Thilagawathy - wife of Nagarasa**

There is evidence that a well was being dug on 07.08.1996 in the premises of the complainant No. 1. S. Bhanumathy by five persons, viz. R. Sriskandarajah, R. Viknarajah, S. Jeyendran, K. Nagendran, A. Nagarasa. The army had come and arrested all of them. The complainant tried to intervene but could

not stop the arrest. The complainant, together with the others connected, had visited these persons at the Kerudavil Army Camp. But on a subsequent visit they were told that those arrested had been transferred to Jaffna. They were also told that the Army was not really interested in these five persons, but had come looking for someone else whose name they did not divulge. There is no news of any of them since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/039**

**Victim : N. Paheerathan**  
**Complainant : T. Maheswari**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at a roundup on 07.08.1996 along with Antony Theivendran, Ramesh Loganathan and others and taken to the Kerudavil Army camp on a tractor with their hands tied. The others were released on the intervention of an apothecary called Thamothevampillai and Kirupanatha Iyer who knew Sinhalese. But Paheerathan, Antony Theivendran and T. Ramesh Loganathan were not released. So far there is no information about them.

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**Complt No. : CHA/040**

**Victim : Antony Theivendran**  
**Complainant : T. Maheswari**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at a roundup on 07.08.1996 along with Ramesh Loganathan, Paheerathan and others and taken to the Kerudavil Army camp on a tractor with their hands tied. The others were released on the intervention of an apothecary called Thamothevampillai and Kirupanatha Iyer who knew Sinhalese. But Paheerathan, Antony Theivendran and T. Ramesh Loganathan were not released. So far there is no information about them.

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**Complt No : CHA/041**

**Victim : S. Ambikaipalan**  
**Complainant : S. Muhanthiny**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army at the Thanankilappu junction on 07.07.96 together with K. Vimalenthiran (CHA/033) and five others on their way back to the sea from the Vanni. S.K. Bandara of the Nunavil army camp had said that the victim will be released after questioning. But when she went to the camp the next day, she was told that no such person was arrested by them.

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**Complt No : CHA/042**  
**CHA/038**  
**CHA/043**  
**CHA/045**  
**CHA/050**

**Victims :**

1. R. Sriskandarajah (CHA/038)
2. R. Viknarajah (CHA/042)
3. S. Jeyendran (CHA/043)
4. K. Nagendran (CHA/045)
5. A. Nagarasa (CHA/050)

(Grouped together and also inquired together as the circumstances were identical)

**Complainant :**

1. S. Bhanumathy - wife of Sriskandarajah
2. V.Thayawathy - wife of Viknarajah
3. J. Thamilthevi - wife of Jeyendran
4. K. Sivapakiyan - mother of Nagendran
5. N. Thilagawathy - wife of Nagarasa

There is evidence that a well was being dug on 07.08.1996 in the premises of the complainant No. 1. S. Bhanumathy by five persons, viz. R. Sriskandarajah, R. Viknarajah, S. Jeyendran, K. Nagendran, A. Nagarasa. The army had come and arrested all of them. The complainant tried to intervene but could not stop the

arrest. The complainant, together with the others connected, had visited these persons at the Kerudavil Army Camp. But on a subsequent visit they were told that those arrested had been transferred to Jaffna. They were also told that the Army was not really interested in these five persons, but had come looking for someone else whose name they did not divulge. There is no news of any of them since then.

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**Complt No** : **CHA/043**  
**CHA/038**  
**CHA/042**  
**CHA/045**  
**CHA/050**

**Victims** : **1. R. Sriskandarajah (CHA/038)**  
**2. R. Viknarajah (CHA/042)**  
**3. S. Jeyendran (CHA/043)**  
**4. K. Nagendran (CHA/045)**  
**5. A. Nagarasa (CHA/050)**

**(Grouped together and also inquired together as the circumstances were identical)**

**Complainants** : **1. S. Bhanumathy - wife of Sriskandarajah**  
**2. V.Thayawathy - wife of Viknarajah**  
**3. J. Thamilthevi - wife of Jeyendran**  
**4. K. Sivapakiyan - mother of Nagendran**  
**5. N. Thilagawathy - wife of Nagarasa**

There is evidence that a well was being dug on 07.08.1996 in the premises of the complainant No. 1. S. Bhanumathy by five persons, viz. R. Sriskandarajah, R. Viknarajah, S. Jeyendran, K. Nagendran, A. Nagarasa. The army had come and arrested all of them. The complainant tried to intervene but could not stop the arrest. The complainant, together with the others connected, had visited these persons at the Kerudavil Army Camp. But on a subsequent visit they were told that those arrested had been transferred to Jaffna. They were also told that the Army was not really interested in these five persons, but had come looking for someone else whose name they did not divulge. There is no news of any of them since then.

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**Complt No.** : **CHA/044**

**Victim** : **S. Logeswaran**  
**Complt** : **N. Sandirasegaram**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 19.08.1996 by the army while he was working as a watcher in the Department of Trade at Ariyalai. There were two other watchers present. Some other watchers were arrested a day earlier. This was a follow up arrest. They are all missing since then.

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**Complt No** : **CHA/045**  
**CHA/038**  
**CHA/042**  
**CHA/043**  
**CHA/050**

**Victims** : **1. R. Sriskandarajah (CHA/038)**  
**2. R. Viknarajah (CHA/042)**  
**3. S. Jeyendran (CHA/043)**  
**4. K. Nagendran (CHA/045)**  
**5. A. Nagarasa (CHA/050)**

**(Grouped together and also inquired together as the circumstances were identical)**

**Complainants** : **1. S. Bhanumathy - wife of Sriskandarajah**  
**2. V.Thayawathy - wife of Viknarajah**  
**3. J. Thamilthevi - wife of Jeyendran**  
**4. K. Sivapakiyan - mother of Nagendran**  
**5. N. Thilagawathy - wife of Nagarasa**

There is evidence that a well was being dug on 07.08.1996 in the premises of the complainant No. 1. S. Bhanumathy by five persons, viz. R. Sriskandarajah, R. Viknarajah, S. Jeyendran, K. Nagendran, A. Nagarasa. The army had come and arrested all of them. The complainant tried to intervene but could not stop the arrest. The complainant, together with the others connected, had visited these persons at the Kerudavil Army Camp. But on a subsequent visit they were told that those arrested had been transferred to Jaffna. They were also told that the Army was not really interested in these five persons, but had come looking for someone else whose name they did not divulge. There is no news of any of them since then.

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**Complt No. : CHA/046**

**Victim : K. Kunadasan alias Kunchan**  
**Complainant : K. Jeyagowry**

The victim was a coolie working at the MPCS at Kaithady junction. Sellammah, the mother of the victim had seen the victim being arrested by the army at the Kaithady Junction on 21.08.1996 and informed the complainant who is the wife of the victim. They had seen him being taken from Navatkuli to Jaffna on the bar of a bicycle. They followed on another cycle for a short distance. There is no news of him thereafter.

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**Complt No. : CHA/047**

**Victim : T. Baskaran**  
**Complainant : S. Sakunthaladevi**

V. Sivasarananthan, Grama Niladhari No. J/288 had been asked by the army to produce the victim, T. Baskaran. He was then arrested by the army. The following day the Grama Sevaka went and obtained a letter of acknowledgement from the army for the arrest of the victim. This acknowledgement was given to the complainant who has now misplaced it. There is no news of the victim so far.

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**Complt. No : CHA/048**

**Victim : S. Arulnesan**  
**Complainant : Solomon Jeya amma**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army on 24/07/1996 when he went for treatment at the hospital. It is believed he was arrested because he had scars on his neck and ear. S. Sivaguru who was with the victim at that time was not arrested. There is no news of the victim since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/049**

**Victim : Ramesh Loganathan**  
**Complt : T. Maheswary**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at a roundup on 07.08.1996 along with Antony Theivendran, N. Paheerathan and others and taken to the Kerudavil Army camp on a tractor with their hands tied. The others were released on the intervention of an apothecary called Thamothersampillai and Kirupanatha Iyer who knew Sinhalese. But Paheerathan, Anthony Theivendran and Ramesh Loganathan were not released. There is no news of them since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/050**  
**CHA/038**  
**CHA/042**  
**CHA/043**  
**CHA/045**

**Victims : R. Sriskandarajah (CHA/038)**  
**R. Viknarajah (CHA/042)**  
**S. Jeyendran (CHA/043)**  
**K. Nagendran (CHA/045)**  
**A. Nagarasa (CHA/050)**

**Complainant** : **S. Bhanumathy** - wife of Sriskandarajah  
**V. Thayawathy** - wife of viknarajah  
**J. Thamilthevi** - wife of jeyendran  
**K. Sivapakiyan** - mother of Nagendran  
**N. Thilagawathy** - wife of Nagarasa

There was a well being dug in the premises of the complainant No. 1. S. Bhanumathy by five persons, viz. R. Sriskandarajah, R. Viknarajah, S. Jeyendran, K. Nagendran, A. Nagarasa. The army had come on 07.08.1996 and arrested the five of them. The complainant tried to intervene but could not stop the arrest. The complainant, together with others interested, had visited these persons at the Kerudavil Army Camp. But on a subsequent visit they were told that those arrested had been transferred to Jaffna. They were also told that the Army was not really interested in these five persons, but had come looking for someone else whose name they did not divulge. There is no news of army of them since then.

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**Complt No** : **CHA/051**

**Victim** : **S. Thamotharampillai**  
**Complainant** : **T. Sivasamy**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at the round up and taken to the Puttur Junction on 24.07.96 where the victim was identified by a masked man along with many others. Fifteen were detained and four were released, but not Thamotharampillai. There is no further information about him since then.

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**Complt. No.** : **CHA/052**

**Victims** : **M. Sivarasa**  
**Complainant** : **S. Murugan**

There is evidence that this victim and M. Jayaratnam (CHA/009) were brothers who had been arrested at a round up on 19.07.1996 by the army at Maruvanpulovu along with about a 100 others, of whom 24 are yet missing. Col. Duminda who was in charge of the army camp at Navatkuli had been approached by the complainant and others but could not get any of them released.

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**Complt. No.** : **CHA/053**

**Victim** : **S. Gnanendran**  
**Complainant** : **Parame Luckshmy**

There is evidence that the victim was taken to the Eluthumadduval army camp on 11.08.1996 by his mother on the orders of the OIC of the camp. He had been detained there and Kasi Thangavelu had seen him in the camp that evening at 6.00 p.m. But when the mother had gone to the camp at 5.00 p.m. and asked to see her son, those at the camp had said that there was no such person in the camp, even though she had handed him there that morning. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt No** : **CHA/054**

**Victim** : **P. Thaveshwaran**  
**Complainant** : **P. Pooranam**

The virtual complainant Paramanathan is dead so his wife Pooranam gave evidence. According to her the victim was arrested at a round up at Kovilakandy and taken to the Navatkuli army camp on 19.07.96. There is no news of the victim since then.

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**Complt. No** : **CHA/055**

**Victim** : **A. Sriskaran**  
**Complainant** : **S. Pathmini**

*The victim had been a teacher. There is evidence that he had been arrested by the army while he was at home on 10.08.96. The army had come looking for the complainants' sister's husband, who was away in*

*the Vanni. All the attempts to trace him in the army camps of the area had been of no use. However, the complainant produced a page of a newspaper called Namnadu dated 26.10.2000 where a picture of several persons in custody said to be taken at the Bindunuwewa Rehabilitation Camp appears. Investigations were made by the Committee to check on the authenticity of his photograph, without success.*

*The complainant is in receipt of the salary of her husband on a certificate issued by the AGA confirming the disappearance of the victim.*

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**Complt No : CHA/056**

**Victim : N. Muralidaran**  
**Complainant : N. Manisekaran**

The complainant is the brother of the victim. He stated that the victim was arrested earlier, released after 3 months at KKS and re-arrested on 03.08.96 from home. He had been in charge of the bicycle park of the LTTE during the time the LTTE was in control of the area. He had perhaps been arrested for this reason. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/057**

**Victim : N. Manivannan**  
**Complainant : R. Rajaratnam**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at Chemmani check point on the way to his work place on 02.08.96. This arrest was seen by Salt Corporation employee, one P. Rajaratnam. All attempts by the complainant to trace him thereafter had been fruitless.

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**Complt No : CHA/058**

**Victim : P. Gnanasekaram**  
**Complainant : P. Sinnapillai**

There is evidence that the victim was a student in the advanced level class when he was arrested on 25.07.96, while he was on the road and taken to Kondavil camp. He was due to sit the examination a few days after the arrest. All attempts by the complainant to trace him had been fruitless.

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**Complt. No : CHA/059**

**Victim : S. Vivekanandan**  
**Complainant : V. Premalatha**

*The victim was a teacher. There is evidence that he had been taken from his home on 10.08.96 on being identified by a masked man who came with the army and called for "Vive Master". Though attempts were made to find him, he could not be found. Complainant produced a copy of a photograph that is said to have been published in a Tamil newspaper called "Namnadu" of 26.10.2000 where she believes her husband's picture is among those shown in the picture as persons in custody at the Bindunuwewa Rehabilitation Camp. The Committee made attempts to check on the authenticity of this photograph, without success.*

*The complainant is in receipt of the salary of the husband from the date he disappeared, on a certificate issued by the AGA.*

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**Complt No : CHA/060**

**Victim : A.A. Benedict**  
**Complainant : A. Mariyaranjitham**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested during a round up in the presence of the police at St. Anthony's Church, Jaffna on 19.07.1997. Several inquiries were made but he could not be traced.

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Complt No : CHA/061

**Victim** : **J.A. Amalanathan**  
**Complainant** : **A. Mary Calesta**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army during a round up on being identified by masked men on 19.07.96. The army officers in charge of the roundup were Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwala and Sunil of the Navatkuli army camp. Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwala gave evidence before the Committee on Disappearances on 10.02.03 regarding the round ups which he conducted at Navatkuli during that period. But he could remember nothing of specific cases of arrest by him. Several inquiries were made but the victim could not be found.

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Complt No : CHA/062

**Victim** : **P. Jeyalalitha**  
**Complainant** : **P. Saraswathy**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested during a round up on 19.07.96. The victim was abnormal and wore much gold jewellery. The victim was not identified by the masked men during the round up but later she was arrested by the Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwala perhaps on account of the jewellery she was wearing. In spite of all attempts to find her, including through a Habeas Corpus application, she could not be found.

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Complt No : CHA/063

**Victim** : **T. Suthakaran**  
**Complainant** : **T. Selvarani**

The victim was a farm labourer. There is evidence that he was arrested at home during a round up on 19.07.96. Sarventhiran and Nesan were arrested along with the victim and they were blindfolded and taken to Palaly. But these two were released later. They had told that they did not see Suthakaran at Palaly and that they do not know what happened to him after the arrest at Thanankillappu. There is no news of him since then.

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Complt No : CHA/064

**Victim** : **R. Selvakumar**  
**Complainant** : **R. Rasamalar**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army during a round up on 19.07.96. Lt. Col. Duminda Keppetiwala and Sunil of the Navatkuli army camp were the officers who conducted the round up. There is no information about the victim since then.

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Complt No : CHA/065

**Victim** : **K. Ketheshwaran**  
**Complainant** : **K. Manoharan**

*There is evidence that the victim was worked in Saudi Arabia for 14 years and returned. He was arrested by the army in round up with about 100 others on 19.07.96. Although 52 were taken to KKS, about 25 were released. Another 24, including a girl, were missing since then. The victim was among the 24 taken to Maheshwari Rice Mill and still missing.*

*It was suggested that these persons were taken to avenge the death of a brother of Col. Duminda Keppetiwala during the attack on the Mullaitivu Army camp. Duminda was in charge of the Navatkuli Army camp which conducted the round up.*

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Complt No : CHA/066

**Victim** : **S. Sivakumar**  
**Complainant** : **K. Sinnathamby**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army during a round up on 19.07.96. The Ministry of Defence through its letter dated 4<sup>th</sup> August 1997 informed that the victim had been bailed out on 07.03.1997

at the Magistrate's Court of Anuradhapura. It is signed by H. Banagoda, Secretary to the Board of Investigation into Disappearances in the North and East. There is no information as to what happened to him thereafter as he never returned home after being so released. The case record could not be traced at the Magistrate's Court Anuradhapura.

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**Complt No : CHA/067**

**Victim : N. Pradeepan**  
**Complainant : T. Selvarani**

*There is evidence that the victim had been arrested in January 1998 and released in July 1998. He had been arrested by the army after an LTTE bomb went off near his house and had been assaulted and tortured while in custody. During the period of detention he had been kept for 2 days at Chavakachcheri, a month at KKS, 8 days at Anuradhapura and four months at Kalutara. He had been released on a Habeas Corpus Application being filed. During the period of detention the Police came on the scene only when he had to be taken to the Anuradhapura Courts for the Habeas Corpus case.*

*The victim had marks such as cigarette burns, beatings, eye trouble and pain in the chest caused through suffocation caused his head being covered with a bag with a little petrol in it, indicating that he had been tortured in custody. The victim spoke of several others arrested by the army having been similarly treated.*

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**Complt No : CHA/068**

**Victim : S. Nadarajah**  
**Complainant : N. Mohanambikai**

There is evidence that the victim had gone with others to look at his mother's abandoned house at Puttur from Chavakachcheri on 07.01.96 and did not return. They were shot at by the army and some including one uncle returned with injuries. He was treated at the army hospital at Palaly for gun shot injuries. It might be the victim died in the shooting or was arrested following the shooting and detained. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/069**

**Victim : R. Rajendran**  
**Complainant : R. Sivajini**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested during a round up and had been taken away in a tractor on 22.05.96 when he was at the Chavakachcheri Market helping his father in his coconut stall. The army officer who conducted the round up had told that the victim would be released after questioning. The victim was in Kuwait and returned, two years before this arrest. Complaints made to the ICRC, Police, and the President of Sri Lanka had all been of no avail.

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**Complt No : CHA/070**

**Victim : S. Gopalakrishnan**  
**Complainant : G. Sinnaddy**

The army had had a meeting and asked all those who had any contact or were involved in any service to the LTTE to surrender and assured them that they would be released after questioning. Consequently, the victim surrendered to the army on 22.06.96. He had worked in a shop run by the LTTE. He was then taken from Kaithady Junction to the Navatkuli army camp. The complainant saw him again a fortnight later in army custody at the Kaithady CMS School. He had spoken to him and the victim had told him that he was being tortured and pleaded to get him released. A note of acknowledgement was given to the complainant but it was taken away a fortnight later when he went to the Navatkuli Camp. There is no news of the victim since then.

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Complt No : CHA/071

**Victim** : **K. Selvarajah**  
**Complainant** : **K. Janaki**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on the road on 08.07.96 when he was going with his 10 year old younger brother on a bicycle. The brother saw the victim being taken on to a tractor. An elderly man who saw this incident had handed over the boy and the bicycle to the family. One Silva who was the Commander of the Kodikamam Army Camp told the complainant that the victim would be released after an inquiry. A complaint was made to the Police, ICRC, etc. but these all had been of no avail.

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Complt No : JAF/072

**Victim** : **V. Moorthy**  
**Complainant** : **M. Veeraluxmy**

There is evidence that the victim was a tea boutique owner and his newly married wife was an attendant at the Jaffna Hospital. He was on his way to his boutique when he was arrested in the presence of his wife on 01.07.96. Army personnel had informed the complainant that shop owner had given some information regarding the victim to the army. Complainant suggests that a shop owner wanted to make the victim vacate from his shop and therefore gave false information to the army to get rid of him. Several inquiries were made but all of them drew a blank.

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Complt No : CHA/073

**Victim** : **K. Vijetharan**  
**Complainant** : **K. Arunthavanayagi**

The victim had a garage in Chavakachcheri and usually returns with his father who worked as a cooli. There is evidence that on 17.07.96 the victim did not return home. The family went to search and found out that the victim was arrested by the army, blindfolded and taken from Kerudavil to Chavakachcheri with another who also blindfolded. When they went to the Kerudavil army camp at first they had denied the arrest and later had said that he would be released after questioning. Following the defeat of the army at the Mullativu attack, the mood of the army changed and they avoided contact with the army. The victim's father was arrested an year later and released after being expensively tortured. But still there is no news of the victim.

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Complt No : CHA/075

**Victim** : **V. Bavananthan**  
**Complainant** : **V. Bavani**

There is evidence that the victim who was a school master who had been taken into custody by the army at a round up Thirunavaukarasu M.V at Kodikamam on 21.07.96 at about 5.00 p.m. together with his cycle. The complainant was told that the victim would be released after inquiry but had not been released so far. Complaints made to the ICRC, the Jaffna Police, the EPDP and the President of Sri Lanka had all been of no avail.

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Complt No : CHA/076

**Victim** : **A. Uthayakumar**  
**Complainant** : **I. Theivanapillai**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested on the road along with his cycle on 21.07.96 and taken to Kodikamam Sentry Point, where there was a temporary detention centre. Complaints made to ICRC and police had all been of no avail. The victim's father is mentally affected now.

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Complt No. : CHA/077

**Victim** : **A. Amalan**  
**Complainant** : **A. Seedevipillai**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested near the Chavakachcheri hospital by the army when he went to hospital for treatment for a wound on his foot on 22.07.96. K. Thavamani was a witness to the arrest

and informed the family. He had complained to ICRC and Police but there is no news of the victim since then.

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**Complt No. : CHA/078**

**Victim : K. Sentheepan**  
**Complainant : K. Annaletchumy**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested during the round up on 24.07.96. He had wounds on his knees (accident) and head (forceps wounds). This may have led the army to think that he was an injured LTTER. All arrested at the round up were released except one girl and 3 boys. They were told that they had been sent to Palaly. There is no news of the victim since then, even though complaints had been made to the ICRC and the Police.

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**Complt No. : CHA/079**

**Victim : M. Kangatharan**  
**Complainant : K. Thirumagal**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army on 24.07.1996 when he went to the co-operative shop at Sarasalai. The family saw him being taken blind folded with his bicycle in a tractor to Kerudavil camp. When inquiries were made from Lt. Parakrama of the Mudakkadi Camp which was under the authority of General Janaka Perera, it was said that he saw him in the compound and that he would be detained only for a few days. They then contacted Lt. Hettiaratchi of Suddipuram Camp to which he had been transferred and asked for the victim. It Hettiaratchi took away acknowledgement for the arrest. There is no further news of him to date.

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**Complt No : CHA/080**

**Victim : S. Puventhiran**  
**Complainant : C. Sinnapillai**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested during the roundup on 24.07.96. Arrest was seen by one Wijeratnam Pathmawathie. Many others were also taken in but released, including the husband of Pathmawathie. Victim's mother has been mentally upset since then.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/082**

**Victim : S. Ramasamy**  
**Complainant : S. Mallikadevi**

There is evidence that on 26.07.1996 the victim who was a carpenter was caught at the roundup at Navatkuli, when he was returning from Nallur on a bicycle. There is no news of him thereafter.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/083**

**Victim : M. Jegatheeswaran**  
**Complainant : M. Meenatchi**

There is evidence that the victim was a labourer at KKS. He had been arrested when he went to the Kachcheri on 27.07.1996 to draw his salary. He went on his cycle while his sister had followed in a car taking his mother to the hospital in Jaffna. When they asked the army to release him they had said he would be released after questioning. The next day they denied having arrested him. In spite of extensive inquiries they could not find him.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/084**

**Victim : S. Pirabaharan**  
**Complainant : P. Selvarajah**

The victim was a Sales and Accounts Officer of a textile shop. He had got caught in a roundup on 31.07.1996 but was confident that nothing would happen to him, yet he was arrested. Complainant believes

that he was taken because of his motor bike and the valuable gold chain and ring he was wearing. The father saw his motor bike at the check point and asked about him from the army personnel present. They denied having arrested him. In spite of complaints being made to the ICRC, the GA and Major General Janaka Perera the victim could not be found.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/085**

**Victim : N. Navaratnam**  
**Complainant : Murugan Nanni**

Victim was a labourer at KKS. He was arrested at the Chemmani check point on 02.08.1996 on his way to the Jaffna Kachcheri. His wife who was traveling in a bus saw this and asked the army to release him. The army said he would be released after questioning. But he was never released.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/086**

**Victim : P. Prabakaran**  
**Complainant : P. Rasammah**

The victim was arrested by the army on 02.08.1996 at Chemmani Check Point on his way to see his mother at Neervely. The soldier's at this check point denied the arrest even though M. Sarojinidevi had seen the arrest. He is missing since then.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/088**

**Victim : K. Tharmathasan**  
**Complainant : K. Kasithamby**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 06.08.1996 at the Meesalai Sentry Point while he returned on his bicycle after leaving his younger brother in school. The following morning the complainant went to the Meesalai Camp with a Sinhala speaking person to get the victim released but was chased away by the soldiers. The victim is still missing.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/089**

**Victim : S.Rajendrakumar**  
**Complainant : Sabaratnam Rasammah**

There is evidence that the victim went to the Grama Sevaka of Sarasalai to get his Identity Card on 08.08.1996 when he was arrested by the army from the Kerudavil Camp. He was a postal peon. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/090**

**Victim : K. Panchalingam**  
**Complainant : K. Pasupathy**

There is evidence that the victim went for tuition to Jaffna and was arrested by the army at the Mampalam Junction on 02.08.1996. There is no news of him since then. Complaints to the police and the MOD brought no results.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/091**

**Victim : G. Sriram**  
**Complainant : Iyathurai Iyer**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at the Chemmani Check Point when he was cycling on 09.08.1996. A witness had seen him functioning as a priest at the Temple in the Kalutara Prison. But there is no trace of him anywhere.

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Complt. No. : CHA/093

**Victim** : **K. Indralingam**  
**Complainant** : **I. Udaya Chandrika**

There is evidence that on 10.06.1996 the victim was on his way from Vethilaikerni to Kilinochchi by boat when the navy arrested him. There is no news of him since then.

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Complt. No. : CHA/094

**Victim** : **K.Ravichandran**  
**Complainant** : **Lalitharani Ravichandran**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested on 12.08.1996 from home during a roundup and taken to the Kerudavil Camp. Complainant went to the camp with a Sinhala speaking person to inquire and was told that no such person was arrested. No news of him since then.

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Complt. No. : CHA/095

**Victim** : **T. Thiruchelvam**  
**Complainant** : **T. Selvarani**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 14.08.1996 by the army when he was at home with his mother. They checked his identity card and took him to the Kachchai Camp. He is missing since then.

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Complt. No. : CHA/096

**Victim** : **K. Sasikar**  
**Complainant** : **K. Kanagasuriyar**

There is evidence that the victim who was an Accountant in a shop at Chavakachcheri was arrested on his way to Jaffna with cash to make purchases on 14.08.1996. He was checked at a point in Nunavil and allowed to pass even though they found he was carrying a lot of cash. But he was once again arrested at short distance away. He is missing since then.

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Complt. No. : CHA/097

**Victim** : **R. Satheeskumar**  
**Complainant** : **R. Thangaratnam**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 19.08.1996 at Jaffna by the army. His body was recovered when some of the graves in Chemmani were dug up. His body was identified from the greasy trouser he was wearing which had not perished. His family had left for India after the horrible incident.

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Complt. No. : CHA/098

**Victim** : **S. Jeyabahu**  
**Complainant** : **G. Jeyabahu**

There is evidence the victim was arrested at Vembrai junction at Meesalai on 19.08.1996. There is no news of him thereafter.

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Complt. No. : CHA/099

**Victim** : **R. Satheeskumar**  
**Complainant** : **S. Shanthi**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 19.08.1996 at Jaffna by the army. His body was recovered when some of the graves in Chemmani were dug up. His body was identified from the greasy trouser he was wearing which had not perished. His family had left for India after the horrible incident.

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Complt. No. : CHA/100

**Victim** : **K. Kannathasan**  
**Complainant** : **S. Kanthasamy**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 21.08.1993 on his way from Vavuniya to Jaffna by bicycle with goods he has purchased for business. There is no trace of him since then.

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Complt. No. : CHA/101

**Victim** : **M. Thayaparan**  
**Complainant** : **P. Maheswaran**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 24.08.1996 at the Bastianpillai Check Point by the army while he was in a bus. They had said that he would be released after questioning. The next morning when the complainant asked the same officer who arrested him he denied having arrested him. The police were also present at the time of arrest. There is no information about the victim since then.

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Complt. No. : CHA/104

**Victim** : **K. Pushpalatha**  
**Complainant** : **K. Sripriya**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested on 19.09.1996 by the army opposite the Kodikamam Cooperative store. There is no information about her since then. The complainant is the daughter of the victim who had three children. The father is now in London.

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Complt. No. : CHA/105

**Victim** : **V. Vijayakumar**  
**Complainant** : **V. Thavamany**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army on 18.10.1996 on his way to the Jaffna Municipal Council Office with his cousin. His bicycle too was taken. In spite of complaints to the Police and the ICRC, he could not be traced.

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Complt No : CHA/106

**Victim** : **S. Kirubaharan**  
**Complainant** : **S. Theivanai**

*There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army on 16.01.97 at the sentry point opposite Varany Maha Vidyalaya and taken to the army camp in Varany. He had been released 3 days later. Only the complainant was present on the date of inquiry. When summoned for the next date the victim did not attend. The complainant informed the Committee that the victim was too scared to come and give evidence on what happened to him while in custody.*

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Complt. No. : CHA/107

**Victim** : **K. Sivarasa**  
**Complainant** : **S. Rasanayagi**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 27.02.1997 by the army from his home in the presence of many witnesses. He had been taken to the Arasadi Army Camp with the family following them. They have not seen him, thereafter in spite of searching in many other camps and complaints to the ICRC and the Police.

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**Complt. No : CHA/108**

**Victim : M. Thavapalan**  
**Complainant : Manoranjitham Thavapalan**

The victim who was earlier employed at Mascons Factory was a farmer at the time of arrest by the army on 14.08.1997 a little while later two gun shots were heard and they saw two bodies being taken away. The victim and another had been missing after that incident. A week later the EPDP office informed the complainant that her husband has been killed and the body could not be released. This incident was also reported in the Thinamurasu and Sanjeevi newspapers. This matter was checked with a Member of Parliament of the EPDP who gave evidence before the Commission but he could not remember an incident of this nature.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/112**

**Victim : K. Selvarooaban**  
**Complainant : T. Kularatnam**

ere is evidence that the victim had been arrested on 27.11.1995 when he took meals to those working in their family farm. A toddy tapper who saw the arrest informed his father about it. The victim is missing since then.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/113**

**Victim : M. Sivakumar**  
**Complainant : M. Letchumidevi**

There is evidence that on 08.03.1996 the victim went to temple and did not return. The complainant saw a news item in the local newspaper that a person had been arrested near the temple by the army. When the complainant went and inquired from the army she was told that the victim had tried to run away on seeing them and that they had to shoot to stop him. They had said he was injured on the shoulder and had been taken away for treatment. There is no information on what happened to him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/114**

**Victim : P. Yateshkumar**  
**Complainant : P. Rajeshwaran**

There is evidence that Nanthakumar and the victim had left home as usual on 19.08.1996 for work at the Department of Trade at Ariyalai, but had not returned home at the end of the day. When the parents of the 2 men became concerned and made inquiries, one Selvarajan who had been working in the same office had informed them that he had seen the 2 colleagues being taken away by army personnel when they were returning from work at about 4 p.m. The parents had made inquiries from the army as well as the Ministry of Defence but had been of no avail. There is no information about them since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/115**

**Victim : S. Arunan**  
**Complainant : T. Udayanathan**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at Puttur Junction, Meesalai by the army on 21.05.1996 in the presence of his father and taken towards Chavakachcheri. The father was told to wait at the place of arrest till the victim was brought back. He was there from 10.00 a.m. to 3.00 p.m. but the son never came back. When he inquired at the army camp, they denied having taken the victim into custody. There is no information about him so far.

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Complt No : CHA/116

**Victim** : **R. Rasaratnam**  
**Complainant** : **K. Selvamalar**

There is evidence that the victim who lived with his sister and her family went to sell bread on 22.05.1996 and was arrested on the way at the Kapputhu Check Point by the army. When the complainant inquired from the army later the army had said that they received letters saying Rasaratnam was in the LTTE, denied having arrested him and said that he may have gone to the LTTE. There is no news of the victim since then.

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Complt No : CHA/117

**Victim** : **S. Vijayakanthan**  
**Complainant** : **V. Sarojidevi**

There is evidence that on 24.05.1996 the victim who was a Hospital employee had been arrested by the army while he was returning home after duty. His father and cousin had seen the arrest. In spite of a note given by the Director of the Jaffna Hospital to the Civil Affairs Office of the army where Brigadier Sarath Perera was in charge, the complainant could not get any information about him. There is no news of him to date.

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Complt No : CHA/118

**Victim** : **W. Nixon Gerad**  
**Complainant** : **C. Wilfred**

There is evidence that the victim was employed in a printing press at Nallur and lived with his family at Nedumkulam, Colombuthurai. Since he did not return from work on 27.05.96, the complainant went in search of him. She contacted the army camp close to their house at Colombuthurai and inquired about the victim. The next day Corporal Kalubanda visited their house and accepted that he was in custody and said that he would be released after questioning. Subsequently the camp was shifted and there was no further news of the victim.

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Complt No : CHA/119

**Victim** : **A. Vijayakumar**  
**Complainant** : **A. Yogeswaran**

There is evidence that the victim had a flat tyre in his cycle and was wheeling his cycle through Nunavil Junction on his way to his mother's house on 06.06.1996 when the army arrested and put him into a truck. His wife who was with him, refused to go unless they released him so they took her also. Srikantha a fellow employee of her husband at the cycle shop informed the father of the arrest. Their inquiries at the army camps were of no avail. They are both missing since then.

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Complt No : CHA/120

**Victim** : **Vijayakumar Suthamalar**  
**Complainant** : **A. Yogeswaran**

*There is evidence that the victim's husband had a flat tyre and was wheeling his cycle through the Nunavil Junction while on his way to his mother's house on 06.06.1996, when the army arrested him and put him into a truck. The victim in this case, had refused to go unless they released him so they took her also along. Srikantha, a fellow employee of her husband at the cycle shop informed the father about the arrest. Their inquiries at the army camp were of no avail. Both the husband and wife are missing since then.*

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Complt. No : CHA/121

**Victim** : Thurai Thangathurai  
**Complainant** : T. Maheswari

There is evidence that the victim who was helping in the transport of goods from Trincomalee to Jaffna by lorry was arrested on 19.06.1996 at about 12 midnight by the army who came with a masked informer. The complainant identified the informer as one T. Balachandran who was his sister's son. The victim had been brought to Jaffna hospital 3 months later for treatment for piles. The complainant saw him but was not allowed to speak to him. Perhaps he was also used as a masked informer. There is no further information of him.

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Complt No : CHA/122

**Victim** : P. Paraneetharan  
**Complainant** : Parameswaran Analuxmy

There is evidence that on 28/03/97 complainant's son, Paraneetharan who had left home at about 2.00 p.m. to play at Sitternkerny had not returned even by about 6 p.m. Complainant had gone to look for him. Several people she met told her that the victim was taken away by the army.

At about 10.30 p.m. on that day several people dressed in army uniform and carrying arms had gone home and called for her daughter, Kumudini(CHA/233) the victim. Then she had been taken away. It appears the both the victim and his sister had been arrested by the army earlier and released. Habeas Corpus application no HCA41/01 had been filed by complainant. She had been summoned several times by the Chief Magistrate's of Colombo to give evidence in this connection. But nothing had come out of it. There had been no information about the son and the daughter thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/123

**Victim** : I. Kajendran  
**Complainant** : I. Imelda

There is evidence that the victim, a youth of 18 years was at home after his O/L examination. He was taken away on 13.06.1996 by the army. On inquiry they denied having arrested him. After that there is no other news of him.

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Complt No : CHA/124

**Victim** : N. Selvaratnam  
**Complainant** : S. Rasamany

There is evidence that the victim who was an employee of the Education Department, had been held by his arm on 14.06.96 by Corporal Sampath Rajapakse of the Pungamkulam Army Camp. Witness Sarojini Devi had seen this on her way to school with her children. The victim was on a cycle. There was a camp next to their house. Lalithhewa was in charge of this camp. Sampath Rajapakse was well known to them and he confirmed that the victim was killed by Lalithhewa and buried by him at Chemmani.

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Complt No : CHA/125

**Victim** : A. Anjtos  
**Complainant** : A. Maryrose

There is evidence that the victim Anjtos was taken by the army on 16.06.1996 at Colombuthurai on his way to Gurunagar looking for a house for his family. There is no information as to what happened to him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/126

**Victim** : A. Jeyaratnam  
**Complainant** : A. Selvaratnam

There is evidence that the victim Jeyaratnam who was employed in a jewellery shop, was taken by the army when he was riding a motor bike on 17.08.1996. When the complainant inquired about him at the

Kaithady army camp she saw him. The army said that he would be released after questioning. When he went to the camp again they said he was not there. Thereafter there is no trace of him.

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**Complt No : CHA/127**

**Victim : Y. Atputharajah**  
**Complainant : Y. Thavamany**

There is evidence that the victim's family was displaced from Allarai and he was living at Inuvil. On 18.07.1996 when the victim was going back to Allarai he was arrested at Thanankillapu along with many others. A person who had seen the arrest had informed the family. There is no trace of him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/128**

**Victim : T. Suventhirarajan**  
**Complainant : Thavarajini Suventhirarajan**

There is evidence that there was a round up on 19.07.1996 at Navatkuli during which the Army had taken the victim from his home. He had been taken to the Subramaniam Mill at Navatkuli where a masked informant had identified him. He had then been blindfolded with his shirt and put into a van. The wife was asked to come to the school nearby where she waited till 3.00 p.m. About 300 youth had been taken but only 24 were detained. The victim was one of them. Colonel Duminda of the Army camp at Navatkuli had conducted the roundup. There is no news of the victim since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/129**

**Victim : Asirwatham Paraniya**  
**Complainant : A. Punithawathy**

*There is evidence that the victim was taken by the army at Thattatheru Check Point on 20.06.96 when he went to Mailankadhu with his mother on a **bicycle**. He was **wearing a wristlet, rings, a bracelet and a chain**. The complainant said that the victim was taken to be used as a masked man to work with the army personnel at the sentry point. Inquiries at the Ministry of Defence as well as at the Chunnakam Police were of no avail. There is no news of the victim since then. His belongings were never returned.*

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**Complt No : CHA/130**

**Victim : K. Thivaharan**  
**Complainant : T. Thavachelvi**

There is evidence that on 25.06.1996 evening the victim was riding his bicycle when he was taken away by the army at the Madduvil Camp. Later someone had seen him with his hands tied and blindfolded. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/131**

**Victim: : S. Ravinthiran**  
**Complainant : R. Sri Ranjini**

The victim was a hospital labourer. He was arrested at Ariyalai army check point on 27.6.96. Anton Jayakumar, a neighbour of the complainant was also arrested on the same day. The complainant was told that they both would be released by 2 p.m. on that day. When the complainant went at 2 p.m. she was told that no such person had been arrested. They have had no more information about them to date.

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**Complt No : CHA/132**

**Victim : T. Suthaharan**  
**Complainant : Tharmalingam Kamaladevi**

There is evidence that the victim had been taken away by the army on 28.07.1996 when he was on his motorbike. He has had a gold chain and some cash at that time of his arrest. When the complainant

inquired about him at the Thundi Camp, the Commander of the Camp, Jayawardena had given her a note to look for him at the Vembarai Army camp in Meesalai. He was not found there and there is no news of him up to now.

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**Complt No : CHA/133**

**Victim : K. Selvarajah**  
**Complainant : Janaki Kanthasamy**

There is evidence that the victim was taken by the army on 8.7.1996 at the Chavakachcheri bus stand. He was not released by the army thereafter. The complainant informed the ICRC and the GA Jaffna but could not find him. There is no news of him to date.

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**Complt No : CHA/134**

**Victim : S. Nirmalan**  
**Complainant : S. Thavamany**

There is evidence that in the evening of 09.07.1996 five army personnel 2 in uniform and 3 in civil had gone to the home of the victim who was an A/L student and inquired about his father. The father was not there at that time. They had then taken the son Nirmalan away on his bicycle. Some witnesses had reported that he was taken to Pungankulam army camp headed by Captain Lalithhewa. Lalithhewa was known to the complainant as he had visited them several times earlier. On such occasion he had spoken to his sister Kamalarajani who was an audit clerk at the Kachcheri. About a month later, an uncle Kathiravelu of the victim had seen him in a police van at the Jaffna Hospital. Thereafter there is no news of him.

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**Complt No : CHA/135**

**Victim : C. Paramanathan**  
**Complainant : P. Pushpawathy**

There is evidence that the victim went to buy provisions he was arrested by the army on 10.07.96. His son-in-law Aruchunan Maruthalingam saw him after the arrest on the roadside. The victim did not have an identity card as he had lost it. Later when inquiries were made the army denied that they arrested him. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/136**

**Victim : B. Udayakumar**  
**Complainant : B. Parameshwary**

There is evidence that the victim Udayakumar and his brother-in-law Balakirushnan (CHA/137) had been taken into custody on 14/07/96 when they went to Madduvil. The next morning, while searching for them the complainant met the army personnel at Madduvil Camp. They confirmed that they had arrested the victims and they were told to come 3 days later. When they went 3 days later, they were told that the victims had been sent to Palaly. The complainant made inquiries at Palaly with the help of ICRC but there was no trace of the victims.

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**Complt No : CHA/137**

**Victim : N. Balakrishnan**  
**Complainant : B. Jaya**

There is evidence that the victim Balakirishnan and his cousin Udayakumar(CHA/136) had been taken into custody on 14/07/96 when they went to Madduvil. The next morning, while searching for them the complainant met the army personnel at Madduvil Camp. They confirmed that they had arrested the victims and they were told to come 3 days later. When they went 3 days later, they were told that the victims had been sent to Palaly. The complainant made inquiries at Palaly with the help of ICRC but there was no trace of the victims.

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Complt No : **CHA/138**

**Victim** : **L. Seran**  
**Complainant** : **K. Logeshwaran**

There is evidence that on 15/07/96 the victim who was a temporary clerk at the Kachcheri returned home during the lunch interval and took his dog for anti rabies vaccination. The dog returned home without the victim. Meanwhile an officer from the Kachcheri also came home looking for the victim as he had not returned to office after lunch.

The complainant went to Corporal Sampath Rajapakse and asked about the victim. He promised to inquire and find out. Next morning the family went to Pungunkulam and saw the victim with another young man in the Pungunkulam army camp. But they could not enter the camp. Captain Lalithhewa was at the camp, he is aware of the arrest. On year later, in 1997 Asoka Silva of the police, had reported that there were 87 persons in custody at Palaly and that the victim was among them. There is no trace of him thereafter.

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Complt No : **CHA/139**

**Victim** : **K. Suresh**  
**Complainant** : **K. Nagammah**

There is evidence that the victim Suresh was arrested by the army on 10.06.96 and his elder brother Balakrshnan (CHA/299) arrested on 14.07.96. Suresh was a fisherman and was arrested at Columbuturai Junction, Balakrshnan was a Municipal Labourer and was arrested at Columbuturai Junction. Both these incidents were seen by one Markandu. Both arrests were denied by the army. They are both missing since then.

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Complt No : **CHA/140**

**Victim** : **K. Rajithan**  
**Complainant** : **S. Satkuneshwary**

There is evidence that on 14.07.96 at about 9.00 p.m. the victim was watching a video film in a house nearby when a large number of army personnel with a masked man among them arrived, called out for the victim and took him away to the Kopay army camp. The next day the complainant had gone to Kopay camp but could not find him. Nothing is known as to what happened to the victim thereafter. The complainant believes that the arrest of the victim could have been because the elder brother of the victim had joined the LTTE.

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Complt No : **CHA/141**

**Victim** : **F. Jeyakanthan**  
**Complainant** : **A. Fernando**

There is evidence that on 14/07/96 three army officers came with 3 boys who had already been arrested and took away the victim after telling the family to come Kopay where he would be released. The other two were released but not Jeyakanthan.

The family sought the assistance of Lawyer Maheshwari Velautham, yet they could not find him to date.

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Complt No : **CHA/142**

**Victim** : **A. Selvakumar**  
**Complainant** : **A. Thilagawathie**

There is evidence that the victim went to Chavakachcheri on 18.07.96 and had not returned. An unknown witness had told the complainant that the victim had been detained at Chavakachcheri army camp and there after at Navatkuli army camp. There is no news of Selvakumar since then.

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Complt No : CHA/143

Victim : T. Sivakumar  
Complainant : T. Maheshwary

There is evidence that the victim who visited the Army Civil Affairs office to arrange to sail to Trincomalee to proceed abroad was arrested on 01.07.96, blindfolded and taken away by the army with the knowledge of the police. His **bicycle** and **gold jewellery** also disappeared. The parents suspect that he may have been taken away for the bicycle and jewellery. Nothing was heard of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/144

Victim : G.R. Archunan  
Complainant : A. Jacqueline

There is evidence that the victim, who was a postal peon, went for a work on 17.07.1996 at 7.30 a.m., and had taken his mail bag for delivery. Though he should have returned to the post office at 10.00 a.m. to sign off, he had not done so. Inquiries revealed that he had gone to two sub-post offices, one on Hospital Road and the other at Hindu Ladies College, and had gone to Navanthurai where he disappeared. No one knows what happened to him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/145

Victim : S. Pulenthiran  
Complt : P. Ranjanimalar

There is evidence that on 17.07.1996 when the lorry in which the victim was working as a cleaner stopped at the Dutch Road checkpoint at Chavakachcheri and about 50 persons in army uniform with their faces covered arrested all the persons in the lorry. This included the driver of the lorry, S. Sivalingam and K. Alagaratnam (CHA/239) another cleaner and three others who were later released.

The President of the Bakers Association had gone with the complainant to the army camp and inquired about them. They had denied any knowledge of the arrest of the victims and since then there has been no news about any of them.

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Complt No : CHA/146

Victim : S. Sivalingam  
Complainant : S. Arasakumary

The victim was employed by the Cooperative Society. He went to deliver flour to Vembrai area. There is evidence that he was arrested at Meesalai on 17.07.96 at 2.00 p.m. when he was on his way to deliver flour along with 5 others. The complainant made inquiries at the Vembrai Army Camp. Three of them are released later but not the victim Sivalingam. In spite of complaints to the ICRC and the Police, the victim could not be found.

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Complt No : CHA/147

Victim : G. Jeyaselan  
Complainant : G. Sarojinidevi

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at Navatkuli near the army camp on 18/07/96. This was seen by a relative who is not easily traceable now. Nothing is known of the victim's whereabouts since then.

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Complt No : CHA/149

Victim : S. Sivamohan  
Complainant : S. Nallammah

There is evidence that the victim has arrested by the army on 15/07/96 at Pungankulam army camp while he was cycling to work. When inquiries were made Weerakody of the army camp asked the complainant to

come after 15 days. She did so. But the army officer said that he was too busy and asked the complainant to come later. The officer never could be contacted by the complainant and the victim never came back.

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**Complt No : CHA/150**

**Victim : K. Balasubramaniam**  
**Complainant : K. Ulageshwary**

There is evidence that the victim who was a carpenter had been taken away by two masked men who visited his house at about 2.15 a.m. on 19.07.96. They were dressed in black T shirts and dark green trousers. They turned down the light, flashed a touch light on to his face and took away the victim after checking his identity card. That day night another person called Jeganathan Jegathesan was also taken away in the same operation from that area. The next morning the family went to the army camp close by, but found no trace of the victim.

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**Complt No : CHA/151**

**Victim : S. Tharmalingam**  
**Complainant : K. Shanthanayagi**

The victim was a VC employee at KKS. There is evidence that on his way to work from Maruvanpilavu to KKS when he was arrested by the half a mile from their home on 19/07/96. This incident was seen by the wife of the victim. The victim was identified by masked man and taken away to Navatkuli army camp along with many others. Col. Duminda was in charge of this roundup. There is no news of the victim since then. The victim's bicycle, wristlet and rings also disappeared.

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**Complt No : CHA/152**

**Victim : N. Kumar**  
**Complainant : N. Rajeshwary**

There is evidence that the victim was a tractor driver and was arrested at Kondavil Junction by the army and taken away in a truck to Kondavil army camp on 20/07/96. There is no information about him since then. He was on a borrowed bicycle that also lost with victim.

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**Complt No : CHA/153**

**Victim : D. Sureshkumar**  
**Complainant : D. Bridget**

There is evidence that masked soldiers who came in the night on 20/07/96 and asked them to turn off the light. Then they asked for information about the LTTE which had been operating in that area earlier. They took the victim away at the Sinnakaday Camp. A month afterwards, the arrest was confirmed by the officer in charge at the Sinnakaday Camp and told that the victim would be released in 2 years. A few months later the victim was used as an informer in a roundup conducted by the army officer called Marikkar. The father had spotted his son, though he was masked, and identified him by long birth mark on his right arm. In 1998 the father had again spotted him in an army truck. The father believes that the victim may have been used for many times as a masked informer. He was never seen thereafter. The complainant D. Bridget who is the mother and Joseph, who is the father of the victim, gave evidence.

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**Complt No : CHA/154**

**Victim : M. Puthiyarajah**  
**Complainant : Letchumy Nadarasa**

There is evidence that the victim was taken away from home on 23/09/96 by the army who came with a Tamil speaking masked informer. Two other from the neighbourhood were also taken. Complainant says she could identify the victim in a group photograph of persons in custody that appeared in the Uthayan newspaper of 25th July 2002. But the Uthyan newspaper could not confirm authenticity of the picture concerned. The victim is missing since then.

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Complt No : **CHA/155**

**Victim** : **M. Navachelvam**  
**Complainant** : **M. Manikam**

There is evidence that on 20.07.96 at about 1.30 a.m. the army came with a masked and another in black and asked for Mani (sister's husband, next door) and had taken away both Navachelvam and Mani. Mani was came back next day morning but not Navachelvam. The virtual complainant father of the victim died subsequently. There is no news of the victim since then. The mother the complainant: and elder sister (Sasikala) of the victim gave evidence.

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Complt No : **CHA/156**

**Victim** : **Patrick Mary Ravi**  
**Complainant** : **Linda Orphelia**

There is evidence that the victim was a Postman who went to the work after the lunch on 20.07.96. He did not return home. Rev. Nesanayagam, then of St. John's Church, Chundukuli met the Chief of army personnel at Gurunagar, and had been informed that victim was under arrest and being interrogated and may be released. Rev. Nesanayagam has given a letter to this effect. There is no information about him so far.

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Complt No : **CHA/157**

**Victim** : **P. Kajenthiran**  
**Complainant** : **P. Kamaladevi**

The victim Kajenthiran and mother of the victim Kamaladevi went on bike to the Kovil at Nallur on 20.07.96. There is evidence that on the way back to home the victim Kajenthiran was taken in at round up. The victim was a watcher at the Municipality. At the same time 3 other employees of Municipality were taken. Selvaranee working in the Health Office of the Municipal Council was released. She is not willing to give evidence.

No one knows what happened to him thereafter.

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Complt No : **CHA/158**

**Victim** : **K. Srijekan**  
**Complainant** : **M. Kandaiah**

There is evidence that the victim Srijekan was a Municipal Employee and was arrested by the army on 20.07.96 in a round up at Nallur while he was going on a cycle to work. There is no further information of the victim since then.

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Complt No : **CHA/159**

**Victim** : **T. Chandramohan**  
**Complainant** : **T. Chandrawathani**

The victim was worked in a jewellery shop. There is evidence that he had gone to the opening ceremony of a tea shop and arrested by the army with a few others. The owner of the tea shop was told this incident to his Chandrawathani. There is no news of him thereafter.

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Complt No : **CHA/160**

**Victim** : **M. Sasikaran**  
**Complainant** : **E. Markandu**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 20.07.96 at night by the army and one in masked and others who spoke in a broken Tamil. There is no information as to what happened to them thereafter.

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Complt No : **CHA/161**

**Victim** : **M.B. Johnson**  
**Complainant** : **Barathi**

The victim was first arrested on 14/07/96, beaten up and released on 16/07/96. There is evidence that he was rearrested on 21/07/96. On this occasion arrest was by armed masked man. The complainant believes that, this arrest was subsequently to a bomb blast in Jaffna on the 20<sup>th</sup> July, 96 where the Commander died. All efforts to trace him had been fruitless.

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Complt No : **CHA/162**

**Victim** : **S. Yogeshwaran**  
**Complainant** : **C. Sivasubramaniam**

The victim was employed of Palmyra Development Board as a Toddy Trapper. There is evidence he was arrested at home in the midnight on 21.07.96. The complainant thereafter went to the army camp but they denied having taken him. A neighbour too was arrested along with him and he too suffered the same fate. There is no news of either of them.

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Complt No : **CHA/163**

**Victim** : **N. Mahenthirarajah**  
**Complainant** : **P. Rajevi**

There is evidence that the victim was taken in the night by the army and released three days later after a severe beaten. A week later on 21/07/96 the victim was rearrested and not seen again.

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Complt No : **CHA/164**

**Victim** : **N. Yogeshwaran**  
**Complainant** : **N. Thavamalar**

There is evidence that victim was arrested at a round up where the victim was identified by a masked man on 28.02.97. Seven were arrested and four were released. The victim was not among those released. Thereafter nothing was heard of him.

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Complt No : **CHA/165**

**Victim** : **S. Shanthakumar**  
**Complainant** : **S. Mallikadevi**

There is evidence that the victim was taken by the army on 23.07.96 from home. The victim's gold chain, gold ring and wristlet also disappeared. He was never seen or heard of thereafter.

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Complt No : **CHA/166**

**Victim** : **T. Neethirajah**  
**Complainant** : **T. Poopathy**

The victim was the son of the complainant. He was doing business. There is evidence that he was caught up in a roundup at Thanankilappu, on 23.07.1996 when he went to Mirusuvil. Kannan, a relative who saw the victim being arrested informed the complainant about it. They had checked at the Mirusuvil camp on the next day but they had denied having arrested him. No news of him since then.

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Complt No : CHA/167

**Victim** : P. Aravinthan  
**Complainant** : P. Jegatheshwari

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 23.07.1996 by the army near Ariyakulam, when he was going home for lunch from his radio shop in Jaffna Town. He had left his bicycle in a shop but the army had told him that it is to be confiscated and taken it with him in a truck. There is no news of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/168

**Victim** : S. Kumar  
**Complainant** : K. Karolina

There is evidence that the victim Kumar, who was a labourer, was arrested around 8.30 p.m. on 24.07.96 at Gurunagar. Those involved in the arrest included Ruban (army), Suresh (Police), the senior army officers in the Gurunagar camp were Manjulakariyawasam and Dedigama. A week before the arrest the victim was arrested, beaten and released. All attempts by the wife to trace him had been fruitless.

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Complt No : CHA/169

**Victim** : V. Rajenthiran  
**Complainant** : S. Velusamy

The complainant Mrs. Velusamy, the mother of the victim had left Sri Lanka and father Selllar Velusamy gave evidence. There is evidence that on 22/07/96 the victim Rajenthiran was taken by the army on the way to his mothers place. The victim's father and mother are separated. Daughter joined the LTTE and died in the combat. There is no information about the victim thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/170

**Victim** : T. Tharmavaseekaran  
**Complainant** : T. Mariya Pushpadevi

There is evidence that the victim Tharmavaseekaran was arrested at the Ariyakulam Junction on 25/07/96 by the army while he was on his tricycle. The tricycle was temporarily abandoned when the army arrested the victim. It was later found without its wheels. The victim had been detained at the 512 Brigade camp. There is no news of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/171

**Victim** : K. Arulkaran  
**Complainant** : K. Ambika

There is evidence that the victim Arulkaran who was a Municipal Supervisor, was arrested on 26/07/96 at 5.30 p.m. while he was returning from the Koneswari Amman Kovil. There is no news of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/172

**Victim** : D. Anthony Jasline  
**Complainant** : S. Devathas

There is evidence that the victim was taken by the army who came with masked men on 26/07/96 at 1.30 p.m. to his house. He had been taken to the Pasaiyoor camp. Complainant made inquiries at the Pasaiyoor camp and was told nothing except denying having taken the victim. He could not be found to date.

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**Complt No : CHA/173**

**Victim : K. Amirthalingam**  
**Complainant : K. Anandarani**

There is evidence that the victim was a jeweller in Colombo who had returned for a few days for attending the opening of a tea boutique when he was arrested on 20.07.96. The father had seen the arrested of the victim along with 4 others. They were taken in a truck towards Jaffna. Nothing was heard of them since.

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**Complt No : CHA/174**

**Victim : N. Thevabalan**  
**Complainant : N. Navaratnarajah**

The victim was working in a shop at Ariyalai. However he was seen talking to some persons and the army on 27.07.96. Since he did not return home and his father went to look for him. There was no sign of him anywhere. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/176**

**Victim : M. Jegarajah**  
**Complainant : J. Mary Lousi**

There is evidence that the victim Jegarajah was a lorry driver and was arrested by the army in the night on 29.07.96 while he was at home. They took the victim away in a van and the family went to look for the victim at the Sinnakaday Camp. The arrest was made by army officers Dedigama and Manjula Kariyawasam. The officers in charge of this camp denied his arrest. Nothing was heard of him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/177**

**Victim : K. Gnanaharan**  
**Complainant : K. Sinnapillai**

The victim was a cultivator and was taken away by the army at Chemmani Check Point on his way to Jaffna by bus with his mother on 29.07.96. Inquiries were made but there was no news of him.

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**Complt No : CHA/178**

**Victim : S. Selvarajah**  
**Complainant : Mary Anitharane**

The victim Selvarajah had a mini-bus. There is evidence that on 31.07.96 Lance Corporal Amarasinghe of Kopay Army camp went to the home of the victim and asked for him. He was not in the home and he came again at 1.00 p.m. The daughter had seen her father being taken away on a jeep heading in the direction of Jaffna. The victim had never returned thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/179**

**Victim : N. Vinayagamoorthy**  
**Complainant : V. Susila**

There is evidence that the victim who was working as a clerk in Palai Multi-purpose Cooperative Society and was arrested by the army on his way to the work on 31/07/96. Nothing was heard of him thereafter. Though the victim's wife – the complainant is entitled to get the salary of her husband under the relief package of the government she had not taken any action to get it as she is not aware of her entitlement.

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**Complt No : CHA/180**

**Victim : S. Kuganesan**  
**Complainant : S. Sivapakiyam**

The victim was an undergraduate. There is evidence that he was arrested by the army on 31.07.96 and on his way to Chundukuli. There is no news of him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/183**

**Victim : A. Mary James**  
**Complainant : A. Allalluya**

There is evidence that the victim who was a tailor was arrested by the army on 02.08.96 on his way by bus to his shop. His arrest was subsequently to being identified by a masked man. A person who was travelling in the same bus had seen the arrest and informed the complainant. She had made inquiries at several army camps but could not find him.

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**Complt No : CHA/184**

**Victim : A. Kannan**  
**Complainant : A. Rasammah**

The victim was the owner of a grocery shop at Chavakachcheri Market. There is evidence that he was arrested by the army at home during a round up on 03.08.96. Her son-in-law too was taken but he was released later. There is no news of the victim's whereabouts up to date.

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**Complt No : CHA/185**

**Victim : T. Rameshkaran**  
**Complainant : M. Shakeela**

There is evidence that the victim who was a tailor, had been arrested on 03.08.96 by the army while he was on his way to work on a cycle. He had been taken to the YMCA building opposite the Jaffna Kachcheri. Inquiries were made at Palaly with the help of ICRC but no news of him was available.

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**Complt No : CHA/186**

**Victim : S. Thangathurai**  
**Complainant : E. Sivaguru**

The victim was a fisherman. There is evidence that he was arrested by the army during a round up at Vellaian Kovilady while he was going to the sea at about 7.00p.m on 04.08.96. On that day he had left his identity card at home. The sister-in-law of the victim had told the army personnel that she could bring his Identity Card but she was not allowed to do so. Thereafter his father had taken the Identity Card to the army camp, but by that time the victim had been take away somewhere. There is no news of him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/187**

**Victim : K. Thayaseelan**  
**Complainant : K. Parameshwary**

The victim was working at the Palmyrah Development Corporation. He was going to see a film at 5.30 p.m. on 05.08.96 when was arrested by the army. The mother was told that the victim was taken to Pungunkulam army camp but when she went there they denied the arrest. There is no news of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/188

**Victim** : **J. Jegan**  
**Complainant** : **J. Leelawathy**

The victim was a trainee electrician. There was a sentry point almost close to the victim's house. On 05.09.96 two soldiers asked the victim to help them to get a TV deck. The victim went with two soldiers to search for a deck. His sister's son also went with the victim but he was sent back. The family had identified the soldiers as one Sarath, the other as Jayawardena. As he did not return, the mother of the victim made inquiries at the main camp and was told that the victim was being questioned. But Jayawardena and Sarath were transferred elsewhere later and have not been seen since then. There is no news of him since then.

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Complt No : CHA/189

**Victim** : **T. Kumareshwaran**  
**Complainant** : **K. Shanthamalar**

The victim was a municipal employee involved in electrical work. There is evidence that on 06.08.96 in the evening he had gone to buy prawns and did not return. Those in the prawn shop had seen the victim being taken away by the army. The family thought that he was being taken to the army camp for some electrical work. When the complainant went to inquire at the army camp the next day, they denied that he was arrested by them. The victim never returned thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/190

**Victim** : **S. Selvakumar**  
**Complainant** : **S. Selvarani**

The victim had a shop in Talawakelle where his father also worked. There is evidence that he was arrested from his sister's home on 06.09.96 by the army personnel who came with masked men. They called for him by name and took him away. Nothing was heard of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/191

**Victim** : **D. Donald**  
**Complainant** : **D. Methaline**

The victim was a metal worker operating from home. There is evidence that he was taken away at night by masked men who came with the large group of army personnel on 06.09.96. They wanted all the lights turned down and called the victim by name and took him. The family members were asked to come the next day to the Kopay camp which was far away. But they knew very well the army who came were from Pasaiyoor army camp. A senior army officer, Bandara of the Pasiyoor army camp told them that he will be released after questioning. But the victim was never released.

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Complt No : CHA/192

**Victim** : **K. Krishnan**  
**Complainant** : **K. Kamaleswary**

The victim was working at the Electricity Board. There is evidence that on 07.09.96 the army took him away in a jeep at 5.30 p.m. The family believes that someone had informed them, that he worked for the LTTE. He knows Sinhala and worked for the army too. Captain Dassanayake of Chunnakam Camp made the arrest. The victim is missing since then.

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Complt No : CHA/193

**Victim** : **C. Mary Roy Suganthini**  
**Complainant** : **R. Mary Rose Rosgasian**

The Complainant is the mother of the victim who was an auto taxi driver. The complainant's husband was also an auto taxi driver. He died as a result of an accident with an LTTE vehicle and the auto was also badly

damaged. The LTTE had replaced the damaged auto and given it to Ravindran the victim by way of compensation. Ravindran was plying this auto for hire at the time he disappeared. He was arrested at a round up in Jaffna near the bus stand on 10.08.96 and taken for questioning to the Church of our Lady of Refuge at the 4<sup>th</sup> Cross Street. Several drivers had seen the arrest. Nothing is known of him since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/195**

**Victim : Constantine Roy**  
**Complainant : R. Mary Rose Rogasian**

The victim was asked to report to the army 8 days after the arrest of his wife Mary Suganthini (CHA/193) when he went as instructed he too disappeared on 16.08.96. When the complainant inquired at the camp they denied the arrest. The officer in charge of the camp was one Marikkar who was in charge of the Koddady Camp.

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**Complt No. : CHA/196**

**Victim : T. Ravindran**  
**Complt : T. Muttuleetchumi**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested during a roundup by the army near the main bus stand in Jaffna on 10.08.1996. He had thereafter been taken to the 4<sup>th</sup> Cross Street near the church of Our Lady of Refuge. There is no news of him since then. He is believed to have been arrested because he was plying for hire a three wheeler, which had been given to him by the LTTE to compensate for loss of the life of his father and the destruction of the father's three wheeler in an accident with a vehicle of the LTTE.

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**Complt No : CHA/197**

**Victim : R. Vasanthan**  
**Complainant : R. Ponmalar**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested while at home on 12.08.96 by the army on being identified by a masked man. The victim had just left the school and was working as a labourer. He had been with the LTTE for sometime and had left them subsequently and had gone back to school. When the complainant went to make a complaint at the Kopay Police Station at first they refused to accept it but later on 15.10.1996 they accepted the complaint. The victim is still missing.

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**Complt No : CHA/198**

**Victim : N. Thavarajah**  
**Complainant : C. Nallaiyan**

There is evidence that the victim had been taken away in a vehicle by the army on 14.08.96 at night from his house. The victim could not be found in spite many inquiries.

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**Complt No : CHA/199**

**Victim : Sivasubramaniam Ariyadas**  
**Complainant : A. Poologadevi**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at a farm where he was working on 15.08.96. The next morning Naguleswara Kurukkal, whose temple was inside the Madagal Army Camp premises, saw the victim at the camp but he was not in a position to inquire about him. There is no information about him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/200

**Victim** : **T. Senthilnathan**  
**Complainant** : **T. Kamalanayagi**

There is evidence that the victim was a brilliant student and was taken in by the army from close to his home on 15.08.96. No news of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/201

**Victim** : **S. Thavanathan**  
**Complainant** : **S. Parameshwary**

There is evidence that around 7.30 p.m. the army, some of whom were masked, had come on 16.08.1996 and taken away the victim from his home. His mother was alone with him at the time. All efforts by the mother to trace the victim had been fruitless.

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Complt No : CHA/202

**Victim** : **S. Murugadas**  
**Complainant** : **S. Nithyaluxmy**

There is evidence that the victim, who worked in a textile shop, was taken by the army on 16.08.1996 at a round up at the Baby Jesus Catholic Church, Temple Road, Jaffna. The complainant is the widowed mother of the victim. Her husband had been shot dead by the IPKF. There is no trace of the victim after he was taken away.

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Complt No : CHA/203

**Victim** : **Rathnam Rasa**  
**Complainant** : **Kamala Ratnam**

There is evidence that the victim who was a secondary school leaver and worked as a coolie. He had left home on 17.09.1996 and gone to Mirsuvil along with Velupillai Chandrakumar (Complt No: CHA/203) who was the husband of his sister, to bring a sewing machine that had been left behind when they were displaced. They did not return. On inquiry it was learnt that they were detained at Asapillai Hill Sentry Point. Complainant has no further information of the victim.

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Complt No : CHA/204

**Victim** : **V. Chandrakumar**  
**Complainant** : **S. Lathani**

The wife of the victim who gave evidence said that her husband went on 17.09.1996 with Ratnam Rasa (Complaint No. 203) to bring a sewing machine from their old house from where they had been displaced. They did not return, she stated that she learnt that her husband and Rasa were taken by the Army at a round up at Mirusuvil Thurkai Amman Kovil. There is no information as to what happened to them thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/205

**Victim** : **N. Naguleswaran**  
**Complainant** : **N. Guneswary**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested on 18.12.1996 by the army who came with some masked men in the night and had taken him to the Koolavady Camp. There is no news of him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/206**

**Victim : E. Jegatheswaran**  
**Complainant : R. Nagaratnam**

There is evidence that on 19.09.1996 the army went to the house of the victim with one Balasubramaniam and some masked men, and took him away at 2.30 a.m. They had called him by name. There is no information about him thereafter.

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**Complt No : CHA/207**

**Victim : S. Partheepan**  
**Complainant : Inparani Selvarajah**

There is evidence that on 19.08.1996 the victim was playing at Elanthaikulam Checkpoint when he was arrested. V. Sivathasan who saw the arrest is now dead. Another witness Suresh saw the victim at Palaly. He is now working at the GTZ. Those involved in the arrest are Lalith Jayawardena, Lalithhewa and Weerakody. Janaka Perera was in charge of Jaffna at the time. All efforts to trace him had been fruitless.

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**Complt No : CHA/208**

**Victim : S. Selvakumar**  
**Complainant : S. Paramanayagi**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army at a round up on 19.08.1996 in Jaffna along with one Kannan. Kannan was later released. The victim is missing since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/209**

**Victim : K. Nanthakumar**  
**Complainant : K. Rasikala**

There is evidence that Nanthakumar and Yatteshkumar (CHA/114) had left home as usual on 19.08.1996 for work at the Department of Trade at Ariyalai, but had not returned home at the end of the day. When the parents of the 2 men became concerned and made inquiries, one Selvarajan who had been working in the same office had informed them that he had seen the two colleagues being taken away by army personnel when they were returning from work at about 4 p.m. The parents had made inquiries from the army as well as the Ministry of Defence but could not get any information of him.

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**Complt No : CHA/210**

**Victim : K. Pushpalatha**  
**Complt : K. Sellachchi**

Sripriya, the victim's daughter gave evidence in complaint number CHA/104 where she was the complainant. Here the mother of the victim is the complainant. The story is the same as CHA/104.

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**Complt No : CHA/211**

**Victim : N. Santharuban**  
**Complainant : E. Nadarasa**

There is evidence that the victim were arrested by the army when they were working in their cultivation on 21.11.1996 along with his brother Sivakumar. They took them into the house, blindfolded them, put them in a truck and took them away. An year later Sivakumar was released from the Kalutara Prison on a Habeas Corpus Application by the complainant. The whereabouts of the other victim is not known.

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Complt No : CHA/212

**Victim** : **P. Chandrasekeran**  
**Complainant** : **C. Sobika Mallika**

There is evidence that the victim, who was a driver at the Marketing Department, went to work at 6.30 a.m. on 20.08.1996 and was arrested by the army at Ariyalai. The victim's wife's father Thambirasa, was a witness to the arrest. She could not trace the victim thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/213

**Victim** : **T. Satheshkumar**  
**Complainant** : **K. Thevarajah**

There is evidence that on 20/12/1996 nine persons who appeared to be army personnel had come home at about 10 p.m. and taken away the victim. The parents had found out that group was led by Capt. Ajith Kumara and the victim had been taken to the Koolavady camp. The complainant had followed the party up to Koolavady Camp. When the complainant checked at the Koolavadi Camp the next day, he had been told that the victim was taken to some other camp. Complainant had then checked at Manipay Camp. There he had been told that the victim was taken to KKS Camp. He had found that the victim was not at the KKS Camp either. Thereafter there had been no information as to the whereabouts of the victim.

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Complt No : CHA/215

**Victim** : **R. Sutharman**  
**Complainant** : **R. Sarojadevi**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested on 22.08.1996 by the army at Ariyalai at the Post Box Junction Sentry Point. However, the army denied the arrest. Chandran Chitra whose brother was arrested a week later has witnessed the arrest. She is no longer in the neighborhood. There is no information about the victim since then.

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Complt No : CHA/216

**Victim** : **T. Ranesh**  
**Complainant** : **T. Saroja**

*Victim was a **motor mechanic** who had done small repairs for the army from time to time and was also known to Cpl Sampath Rajapakse. There is evidence that the victim went to Jaffna Town on 23/08/1996 in connection with his work, and was taken in by Cpl Sampath Rajapakse of the army. A girl, whose name is not known, had also informed the family that some persons dressed in uniforms similar to that of the army had taken away the victim. The victim had not been heard of since.*

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Complt No : CHA/217

**Victim** : **T. Prbakaran**  
**Complainant** : **T. Mnonmany**

There is evidence that on 22/09/1996 when the victim and his family members were sleeping about 4 persons dressed in uniforms similar to that of the army had come to the house around 12.00 midnight and taken him away. Those persons had not identified themselves or indicated why the victim was taken away. There is no news of him thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/218

**Victim** : **V. Kannathasan**  
**Complainant** : **V. Nagammah**

*There is evidence that the victim who was a jeweller by profession, had on 26.08.1996 taken ten gold sovereigns of jewellery from Jaffna on his bicycle to Selva Jewellery shop in Chavakachcheri when he was*

*arrested by the army. When he did not return, inquiries had been made around the place where he went missing. One Kanthar Selliah of Puttur, had seen the victim being arrested by the army. Inquiries from the army had not yielded any results. Kanthar Selliah is now dead.*

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**Complt No : CHA/219**

**Victim : J. Kaneshwaran**  
**Complainant : Y. Asurasa**

The victim was a tailor working at Gurunagar. There is evidence that he had responded to a call by the army for a round up on 27/08/96 at the St. Jacob's Church at Gurunagar. He had been at the church around 8 p.m. A masked informer present with the army had made signs with his head when all those present were all brought before him in turn and after such identification 25 boys inclusive of the victim had been taken away by the army. Shortly afterwards 15 boys had been released and another 5 released the next day. But victim was not among the 20 boys released.

This information given by the father to the Police is different from that furnished by brother Asurasa at this inquiry. When this was pointed out to Asurasa, he said that it was general practice of the police to write whatever they thought fit when they went to make a statement. The complainant had no way of knowing what was written as it was in Sinhalese.

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**Complt No : CHA/220**

**Victim : N. Sasikanthan**  
**Complainant : N. Maheshwary**

There is evidence that on 28/08/96 the victim had left home in the morning and gone to see his friends Suboharan(case CHA/224) and Sivarooban (case CHA/222). The victim and his friends did not return in the evening. The parents could not search for them as then there was a curfew from 4 p.m. On the next day they had gone to the place where these boys get tuition and made inquiries, the boys present there had informed them that the 3 boys concerned had gone out on two bicycles for tea and that they have been arrested by the army at that stage. The parents had thereafter checked at the Neervely camp but could not find them. They are missing since then.

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**Complt No : CHA/221**

**Victim : S. Satheshkumar**  
**Complainant : S. Umadevi**

*There is evidence that on 28.08.1996 the victim had gone to Chavakachcheri market on his bicycle to bring coconuts for the weekend. He was due to appear for the G.C.E. A/L examination on the same day. But he had not returned from Chavakachcheri and the parents had gone in search of him. Then the mother had seen the son's **bicycle** near the Nunavil Army Check Point. When she inquired from the army personnel about her son they had admitted arresting him and had indicated he would be released later. However nothing was heard of him thereafter.*

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**Complt No : CHA/222**

**Victim : N. Sivarooban**  
**Complainant : K. Nagaratnam**

There is evidence that on 28/08/96 the victim had left home in the morning and gone to see his friends Suboharan(case CHA/224) and Sasikaran (case CHA/220). The victim and his friends did not return in the evening. The parents could not search for him as there was a curfew from 4 p.m. On the next day they had gone to the place where these boys get tuition and made inquiries, The boys present there had informed them that the 3 boys concerned had gone out on two bicycles for tea and that they have been arrested by the army at that stage. The parents had thereafter checked at the Neervely camp but could not find them. They are missing since then.

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Complt No : CHA/223

**Victim** : **S. Vasantha Mohan**  
**Complainant** : **S. Vasanthakumar**

*There is evidence that the victim who was an undergraduate had gone on his motorbike on 28.08.96 to Jaffna to buy tyres for their lorry and flour for their bakery. He had taken along with him Rs.25000/= for this purpose.*

*He had not returned that day. The parents went to Thinneveli Army Camp the next day and inquired whether he was being detained there. The officers had denied any knowledge of the victim. But a girl from the University had informed the parents that she had seen the victim being taken at the army check point at the Kandarmadam Junction and being taken away with his motorbike in a van. His parents had checked at Irupalai and Punnalaikadduwan army camps. They could not find him.*

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Complt No : CHA/224

**Victim** : **K. Suboharan**  
**Complainant** : **N. Mageshwary**

*There is evidence that on 28/08/96 the victim had left home in the morning and gone to see his friends Sasikanthan(case CHA/220) and Sivarooban (case CHA/222). The victim and his friends did not return in the evening. The parents could not search for him as there was a curfew from 4 p.m. On the next day they had gone to the place where these boys get tuition and made inquiries, The boys present there had informed them that the 3 boys concerned had gone out on two bicycles for tea and that they have been arrested by the army at that stage. The parents had thereafter checked at the Neervely camp but could not find them. They are missing since then.*

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Complt No : CHA/225

**Victim** : **P. Selvanesan**  
**Complainant** : **P. Rasasothy**

*There is evidence that on 29.08.96 when the victim and family were watching TV, six persons dressed in army uniform, one of whom was masked, had entered the house around 9 p.m. and taken him away. When the complainant went behind the group asking that her son be released, they had said that he would be returned after inquiry. He had been taken to Navanthurai Camp and detained there. The complainant identified one Rodrigo as an Officer at the Navanthurai Army Camp. All requests to the army to release the victim yielded no results.*

*On 15.09.96 Rodrigo had asked the complainant for victim's **motorcycle** and the connected documents. Through fear she had given those documents. Then the army had painted the bike green and used it for their work. Selvanesan had disappeared but not his motorbike.*

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Complt No : CHA/226

**Victim** : **I. Niruban**  
**Complainant** : **I. Pooranam**

*There is evidence that on 28/01/97 at about 10.30 a.m. the complainant had seen some persons dressed in army type uniform trying to take away her son. They had removed his shorts, torn it into two and tied his hands using the torn pieces. He had then been taken to the Gajaba camp and kept for about 4 months. The arrest of the victim was also seen by one S. Rajathurai. She had learnt from some others later that the victim had been **made to do odd jobs** for the army. The complainant claims to have seen and identified the victim being taken around in a truck subsequently, dressed in army uniform and with his face covered by a mask. There is no further information about him since then.*

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Complt No : CHA/227

**Victim** : **R. Sasinthan**  
**Complainant** : **E. Selvarani**

There is evidence that the victim who was running a cycle repair shop in Manipay Market had been taken by the army on 6/7/97 along with another person called Ramanan. The information about the arrest had been given to the family by those in the market at the time who had seen the arrest. Ramanan had been released shortly afterwards.

The complainant believes that the victim was arrested by the Uduvil Army Camp personnel. She claims that on the same day of arrest the victim was brought to the Kovil by the army, dressed in uniform and with his face covered, **to serve as a masked informer**. She said that she could recognize her son by many external signs in spite of his face being covered and being put into an army uniform. The victim had not been heard of since.

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Complt No : CHA/228

**Victim** : **K. Ramanan**  
**Complainant** : **K. Parameshwary**

It appears that the victim and another boy whose name is not known, had jointly rented a video cassette player. When the boy failed to pay his share of the rental of Rs. 300/= the victim had assaulted him in retaliation. This boy is said to have informed the army that the victim is an LTTEer.

This was alleged to be the reason for the army taking the victim away on 08.02.97 from his home. The victim is missing since then.

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Complt No : CHA/230

**Victim** : **Ganesh Subaskaran**  
**Complt** : **K. Maheswary**

There is evidence that on 28.02.1997 the victim who was a tailor was arrested at his shop by the army. The army officer who did the arrest was Suresh of the Manipay Camp. There is no news of the victim up to date.

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Complt No : CHA/231

**Victim** : **K. Karunakaran**  
**Complainant** : **K. Revathy**

There is evidence that the victim had been taken by the army on 26.03.1997 at Mavadi Junction Vaddukottai while he was going with Subashkaran (CHA/232) on his bicycle. The arrest had been witnessed by M. Poomany while she was waiting for a bus near the junction.

When the complainant went to check for the victim at the camp, she had met an officer called Samarasinghe. He had said that he will look up the files and see whether the victim had been brought there. But nothing had come out of it and the victim had not been heard of since.

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Complt No : CHA/232

**Victim** : **G. Subashkaran**  
**Complainant** : **K. Selliah**

There is evidence that he had been arrested on 26/03/97 by the army at Mavadi Junction.

About 2 weeks after the arrest at about 4 a.m. some army officers had gone to his house and searched the premises. They had remained till about 9.00 a.m. apparently waiting for someone. Complainant does not know what they were looking for or for whom they were waiting.

One of the army officers who had come, appears to have been called Samarasinghe who had a Tamil father called Pakianathan. There had been no news of the victim thereafter.

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Complt No : CHA/233

**Victim** : **P. Kumudini**  
**Complainant** : **P. Annaluxmy**

*There is evidence that on 28/03/97 complainant's son Paraneetharan had left home at about 2.00p.m. to play at Sittarkerny and had not returned even by about 6 p.m. Complainant had gone to look for him. Several people she met told her that her son was taken away by the army.*

*At about 10.30 p.m. on that day several people dressed in army uniform and carrying arms had gone home and called for her daughter, the victim. Then she had been taken away. It appears that both the victim and the brother had been arrested by the army earlier and released. Habeas Corpus application No HCA41/01 had been filed by the complainant. She had been summoned several times by the Chief Magistrate's of Colombo to give evidence in this connection. But nothing had come out of it. There had been no information about the son and the daughter thereafter.*

• • •

Complt No : CHA/234

**Victim** : **R. Krishnakumar**  
**Complainant** : **S. Ratnam**

There is evidence that the victim and several others were arrested and taken in a tractor on 04.04.1997 during a round up near Madathadi Pillayar Kovil and taken to the Vaddukottai army camp. The complainant had been informed that the victim will be released after inquiry on the next day.

In spite of several inquiries from the army the victim had not been heard of since.

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Complt No : CHA/235

**Victim** : **S. Theiventhiran**  
**Complainant** : **M. Parameswary**

There is evidence that the victim was taken by the army at a round up near Moolai Kali Kovil with about 30 others on 04.04.1997. The complainant had witnessed the arrest. Three days after the arrest the victim had been brought home by the army with the face covered. Later the complainant and another had gone to Mavadi and Manipay camps and inquired about the victim. The army personnel at the camp had denied any knowledge of the victim.

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Complt No : CHA/236

**Victim** : **M. Vijayakumar**  
**Complainant** : **P. Sarojadevi**

Victim had been working at KKS Cement Factory of 1988-1990. There is evidence that he had been taken by the army in a round up conducted at Chulipuram Madathadi Pillayar Kovil on 04.04.1997 at about 6.30 a.m. Several inquiries had been made from all the camps near by but the victim could not be found.

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Complt No : CHA/237

**Victim** : **T. Govindasamy**  
**Complainant** : **K. Thanaluxmy**

There is evidence that on 11.04.1997 the victim had left from his bakery at 8.00 a.m. as usual with his nephew Sivasubramaniam Surendran in a van. On the way the army had arrested the victim in the presence of Surendran, who informed the complainant about it.

Later when inquiries were made for him at the camp, the officials of the camp had denied any knowledge of the arrest. But Surendran had identified Lt. Ariyadasa of Sandilpay Camp as the person who took away his uncle. Nothing has been heard of the victim since then.

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Complt No : CHA/238

**Victim** : **S. Vasanthan**  
**Complainant** : **Vasantha Shanmugam**

There is evidence that the victim who was a school boy had been arrested at the Jaffna bus stand on 21.05.1996 while he went there for tuition from Puttur. Kalaichelvi Vignarajah had seen the victim talking to the army on sentry duty at the bus stand. She thought it was a casual conversation and proceeded. Later she learnt that he had neither gone for the tuition nor returned home.

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Complt No : CHA/239

**Victim** : **K. Alagaratnam**  
**Complainant** : **M. Annammah**

There is evidence that on 17.07.1996 when the lorry in which the victim was working as a cleaner stopped at the Dutch Road checkpoint at Chavakachcheri and about 50 persons in army uniform with their faces covered arrested all the persons in the lorry. This included the driver of the lorry, S. Sivalingam and C. Pulenthiran (CHA/145) another cleaner and three others who were later released.

The President of the Bakers Association had gone with the complainant to the army camp and inquired about them. They had denied any knowledge of the arrest of the victims and since then there has been no news about any of them.

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Complt No : CHA/240

**Victim** : **V. Kaneshamoorthy**  
**Complainant** : **G. Shanmuga Ranjini**

There is evidence that on 09.06.1997 some people had gone to the home of the victim wearing T shirts. They had said that they received a petition that the victim was supplying meals to the LTTE. They had gone that night too and repeated the allegation and beaten up an uncle of the victim who was in the house. This uncle was able to identify the soldiers as those from the Ponnalai army camp. They had then arrested the victim and taken him away. There is no news of him to date.

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Complt. No : CHA/241

**Victim** : **S. Partheepan**  
**Complainant** : **K. Selvaratnam**

There is evidence that on 28.06.1996 the victim was arrested by the army from his home. On the previous day they had come and collected his identity card saying that they required it to issue an army pass. The pass was sought to go to the army controlled area to recover some property from their abandoned land and house. The army personnel who arrested him was Capt. Sampath Rajapakse. There is no information about the victim since then.

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Complt No : CHA/243

**Victim** : **S. Anandakrishnan**  
**Complainant** : **S. Sivagurunathan**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army on 15.07.1996 along with one S. Dharshanan alias Satish when they were on a motorbike at Navatkuli. The latter was released after over one and half years. After that he had extorted Rs.19,500/- from the parents of the victim Anandakrishnan on promise of using this amount to bribe someone to get the victim released. After the arrest the parents had seen him at the Kalviyankadu sentry point on 08.08.1996. Attempts to get the evidence of Satish was a failure but his father Satchithanathan gave evidence and stated that they had lost contact with his son who is involved in fraud cases and is now in remand. He had no other information about Satish. There is no news of the victim since 08.08.1996.

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Complt. No : CHA/244

**Victim** : **T. Sivaruban**  
**Complainant** : **K. S. Thavarajan**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested by the army on 19.07.1996 during the night when he was working at the father's bakery. The father and his other children were present when the army from Camp 7 C which is headed by one Jayawardena came. On the following day when the complainant met Jayawardena at the Thundi Junction Camp 7 C, he had said that Sivaruban had been transferred to the Wellington Theatre Camp; when he went there, they had said he had been sent to Palaly. There is no further information about him since then.

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Complt. No : CHA/245

**Victim** : **S. Balavadivelan**  
**Complainant** : **B. Vijitha**

There is evidence that the victim who was a farmer had been arrested by the army on 17.08.1996 when he was on his way back home on his bicycle. He and his bicycle had been taken to the camp near the arrack tavern in the village. When the complainant went to this camp the following day to inquire about the victim, those there had denied arresting him. He is missing since then.

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Complt. No : CHA/247

**Victim** : **A. Sivajinie**  
**Complainant** : **Sinnathurai Arumugam**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the army on 24.07.1996 when she went to school to apply for an exam. Since she did not return the complainant had gone to the army camp at Navalady, Colombuthurai and inquired from Jayawardena who was in charge of it. He had said she would be released if she was there. Yosaiappu Maheswari had told the complainant that it was she who identified the victim and pointed her out to Jayawardena. There is no further news of the victim.

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Complt No. : CHA/250

**Victim** : **N. Jeevaratnam**  
**Complt** : **N. Wijayaratnam**

There is evidence that the victim who was a labourer was arrested at Kodikamam on 05.08.1996 by the army. At the time he was with one T. Logeswaran, a cousin of his who had informed the victim's family about the arrest. The following day the parents checked at the nearest army camp and had been told that he had been transferred to an unknown camp. There is no information about him since then.

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Complt No. : CHA/251

**Victim** : **V. Selvarajah**  
**Complt** : **S. Ramani**

There is evidence that on 08.08.1996 the victim who was the postmaster of Ilavalai had been arrested by the army from a bus in which he was returning to Kokuvil where he lived. Those in the bus, including the driver, had seen the arrest. Complainant could not get any information on what happened to him thereafter.

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Complt No. : CHA/252

**Victim** : **R. Balasubramaniam**  
**Complt** : **P. Devanayaki**

There is evidence that the victim who was a labourer was arrested by the army on 12.08.1996 while returning from the Nallur Kandasamy Kovil. There is no information of him since then. Murugaiah Kunayagi who saw the arrest is now dead.

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Complt No. : CHA/253

**Victim** : **S. Udayakumar**  
**Complt** : **S. Vadivalaki**

There is evidence that the victim who was a cooperative employee was arrested on 18.08.1996 during a roundup by the army. The parents were displaced then and living in the Vanni. They could not get any further information about him.

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Complt No. : CHA/255

**Victim** : **K. Sugunarahaj**  
**Complt** : **K. Nageswari**

The victim was a watcher of the Marketing Department at Ariyalai. There is evidence that he had been arrested on 20.08.1996 while on duty. Subsequently five others from the same office had been also arrested. The soldiers who arrested them were from the Pungankulam army camp. Two staff officers from the Jaffna Kachcheri contacted the army to check on the whereabouts of those arrested, but could not find them. They are still missing.

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Complt No. : CHA/256

**Victim** : **M. Thayabaran**  
**Complt** : **Paramanathan Maheswaran**

This is the same complaint as CHA/101

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Complt No. : CHA/258

**Victim** : **A. Wilson alias Wildon**  
**Complt** : **A. Lourthamma**

There is evidence that on 27/08/1996 there was a roundup by the army during which eleven young men were arrested. Four of them were released but not the victim. The complainant believes he must have been killed and buried at Chemmani.

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Complt No. : CHA/259

**Victim** : **S. Kamaleswaran**  
**Complt** : **S. Parameswari**

There had been a roundup by the army of the Uduvil army camp on 08.09.1998. The victim and some others who were inside the Victoria School at that time came out to watch the roundup. The victim was caught in it. Mahalingam a watcher at the Rural Hospital in Chulipuram saw the arrest.

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Complt. No : CHA/260

**Victim** : **T. Rajendrakumar**  
**Complainant** : **T. Vijayakumar**

There is evidence that the victim was working at the Sarvodaya Office at Nunavil when he was arrested on 17.09.1996 by the army, blindfolded and taken away. The watcher Amirthalingam Arulananthan and several others saw the arrest. There is no information about him since then in spite of attempts to get the assistance of Mr. Sivasubramaniam, the then Co-ordinator of the Jaffna Branch of Sarvodaya and Dr. A.T. Ariyaratne, the President of Sarvodaya to get the victim released.

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Complt No. : CHA/261

**Victim** : **V. Mahindan**  
**Complainant** : **V. Elayapillai**

There is evidence that on 17.11.1996 the victim who was a mason, was arrested by the army opposite his



house and taken away with his bicycle in a lorry. Others arrested too were taken in that lorry. His wife was in Colombo at that time and had made inquiries for him on her return, but could not find him.

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**Complt No. : CHA/262**

**Victim : N. Anandarajah**  
**Complainant : V. Navaratnam**

On 27.11.1995 the victim was taken away by armed masked men with the army and called for him by name. The inmates of the house were locked up in a room before the victim was taken away. When they come out of the room there was a curfew. So they checked with the Navatkadu army camp on the following day with one Bandara who was in charge. He denied any knowledge of the arrest. The victim is missing since then.

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**Complt No. : CHA/263**

**Victim : A. Amilton**  
**Complainant : Amirtharane Amirthanathan**

The complainant's two children aged 3 months and 14 years were killed by a soldier who barged into her house on 07.12.1998. She was also shot and injured. The killings were publicly acknowledged by General Lohan Gunawardena who was in charge of the army in Jaffna during that period. This had been reported in the Udayan Newspaper of 10.12.1998 with an apology by the General to the public of Jaffna. Due to the intervention of the Committee, a sum of money is to be paid to the complainant as compensation. There had been a court case against the soldier concerned for murder. The accused soldier was given bail and had failed to attend court thereafter and is absconding.

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**Complt No : CHA/264**

**Victim : A. Amirtharaj**  
**Complainant : Amirtharane Amirthanathan**

The particulars regarding the incident are the same as in CHA/263 above.

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**Complt No : PUT/265**

**Victim : B. Ramseen**  
**Complainant : M.B. Saman**

The victim had been taken for work by the Tamil National Army. The complainant managed to retrieve him from the TNA and sent him for safety to Mullaitivu to live with an elder sister of the complainant Mrs. J. Saman. But he had been subsequently abducted by the LTTE in Mullaitivu. The complainant had checked at the LTTE camp at Neervely and Thimnevely and had been told that he would be released in due course. But there had been no news of him so far.

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**Complt No : PUT/266**

**Victim : Seeni Aliyar Rafees Khan**  
**Complainant : S.A. Noor Jahan**

There had been a request by the LTTE to surrender those who had been trained by the IPKF or the TNA. So the complainant had taken the victim to the LTTE and surrendered him. Thereafter there had been no news of him in spite of complaints to the Police, ICRC and a local political leader called Iqbal.

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**Complt No : PUT/267**

**Victim : Smail Rameez**  
**Complainant : I. Sultan Beebi**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by persons suspected to be the LTTE during a roundup on 01.01.1990. The complainant went to the LTTE Camp at Anaicottai and saw the son in custody and had

asked for his release. They had said that they needed him to tailor their uniforms and had said that the mother and sister could see him on any day. After the second visit to see him in 1991 they could not see him again as they were displaced and had to leave Jaffna. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt No : PUT/268**

**Victim : A.J. Santhoos**  
**Complainant : A.J. Sinambo**

There is evidence that the IPKF had arrested him when he was a salesman in a shop and later released him. Thereafter the LTTE had taken him from Kilinochchi on 25.01.1990, Where he was displaced along with his family. The complainant was a witness to the arrest. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt No : PUT/269**

**Victim : A. Mohamed Rameez**  
**Complainant : Mrs. A.L. Subaitha**

Victim was taken by the EPRLF and later released by the IPKF sometime earlier. There is evidence he was thereafter arrested by the LTTE on 26.01.1990 from the mosque along with one Rajab (PUT/280). Those present at the mosque at that time saw the arrest. Nothing was heard of since then.

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**Complt No : PUT/271**

**Victim : Mohamed Sameem Niyas**  
**Complainant : Mrs. M.S Meera Mohideen**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested by the LTTE on 07.02.1990 when he was at a wedding. One Naina Mohamed is said to have pointed him out to the LTTE as being a member of a Jihad Group. LTTE had sent a letter acknowledging his arrest and that he would be released due course. But this letter had been lost during the displacement. He has not been heard of since.

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**Complt No : PUT/272**

**Victim : S.H. Fairose**  
**Complainant : S.H. Abdul Jabbar**

There is evidence that the victim was a pavement hawker and that he was arrested on the road near his house on 07.02.1990 by the LTTE at Araly Road. Many other were arrested on this day. He has not been heard of since.

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**Complt No : CHA/273**

**Victim : A. R. Jabeer**  
**Complainant : M.K. Abdul Raheem**

Jameela, wife of Abdul Raheem who was the virtual complainant is dead. The victim, a tailor had earlier been arrested by the EPRLF and then released by the IPKF. There is evidence that he had been re-arrested by the LTTE on 15.12.1990. Some including one Niyas, who were in LTTE custody and later released confirmed that the victim was in the custody of the LTTE at the time of his release. Nothing has been heard of him since then.

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**Complt No : PUT/274**

**Victim : M.A.C. Nuhuman**  
**Complainant : Rafeena Nuhuman**

There is evidence that the victim who was a businessman was arrested from his home by the LTTE on 17.03.1990. His sister had gone to the LTTE camp to see him but she was not allowed to do so but was told that he would be released in due course. That never happened.

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Complt No : PUT/277

**Victim** : **A.G. Milan**  
**Complainant** : **S.H. Assangani**

There is evidence that the victim who was 13 years old was arrested with several others by the LTTE on 17.07.1990 while playing. The head of the LTTE Camp in Jaffna - Anchanayar had agreed to inquire and give information but it was not done and the victim has not been heard of since.

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Complt No : PUT/278

**Victim** : **H. Nawaz**  
**Complainant** : **H. Jameela**

Victim was a tailor who had been arrested at his shop by the LTTE on 20.05.1990. The arrest was acknowledged by the LTTE, but parents were not allowed to see him. He had been kept to do tailoring in the camp. Nothing is known of him since then.

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Complt No : PUT/279

**Victim** : **A. Aiwath**  
**Complainant** : **A.M.M. Rameez**

The victim was a tailor who was arrested by the LTTE on 03.08.1990 on his way back home. Subsequently one Naina Mohamed of the LTTE informed the complainant that the victim was working for the LTTE in making bunkers. They did not allow the family to see the victim. There is no news of him since then.

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Complt No : PUT/280

**Victim** : **A. Rajab**  
**Complainant** : **A. Subaitha**

There is evidence that the victim was taken by the LTTE on 02.09.1990 from the mosque along with A.L.M. Rameez (PUT/269). He too had earlier been taken by the IPKF and later released. He had been kept at the Velanai Camp but complainant was not allowed to see him. Nothing was heard of him since then.

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Complt No : PUT/281

**Victim** : **A. M. Jalees**  
**Complainant** : **A. Parveen Sakeela**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at a neighbour's house by the LTTE on 17.09.1990. Khaleel had summoned the victim to his house and arrest was made there. Mr. Khaleel is now in Negombo. This happened in Jaffna when Jalees had gone there from Puttalam for business. There is no news of the victim since then.

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Complt No : PUT/282

**Victim** : **J.A. Firdouse**  
**Complainant** : **F. Firdouse**

There is evidence that the victim who was a tailor was taken on 30.10.1990 by the LTTE who had threatened him earlier. He was alleged to have worked for the IPKF. They did not release him for one and half months. They brought him in chains to his house, searched and took him away promising to release him within a week. At the Nallur Camp of the LTTE they had said the victim had been shot later. They had said he is still under detention. The complainant had believed the earlier story and had observed the obligatory of period of seclusion.

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**Complt No : PUT/285**

**Victim : M. M. Najeeb**  
**Complainant : N. Fareena**

There is evidence that the victim who was a labourer was arrested by the LTTE on 30.12.1989 at Mankulam along with one Jabrean of Jaffna. Nothing had been heard of him since.

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**Complt No : PUT/287**

**Victim : Badurdeen Jalees**  
**Complainant : N. Rehena**

There is evidence that the victim was a tailor and was abducted with B. Shiraj (PUT/288) in September 1989 by the LTTE. At the time of arrest he was 15 years old and playing with his friends. He has not been heard of since.

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**Complt No : PUT/288**

**Victim : Badurdeen Shiraj**  
**Complainant : N. Rehena**

Victim was brother of Badurdeen Jalees (PUT/287) arrested by the LTTE while he was playing with his friends in September 1989. He has not been heard of since.

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**Complt No : PUT/289**

**Victim : Shahul Hameed Thanzil**  
**Complainant : M.M. Najeeba**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested in Vavuniya by the LTTE while engaged in labour work on, 20.04.1991. Wife had checked with the Police too whether he had been arrested by the Police, but the police had disclaimed any knowledge of him. He has not been heard of since.

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**Complts No : PUT/291 to 295**

**Victims :** T.M. Jabarulla (PUT/291)  
 S. Basheer (PUT/292)  
 A.M.H. Ajmeen (PUT/293)  
 A.G. Nakeeb (PUT/294)  
 A.M. Najeeb (PUT/295)

**Complainants :** J. Samsun Niza (PUT/291)  
 B. Shareef Deen (PUT/292)  
 M. Rajeena (PUT/293)  
 A.K. Gafoor (PUT/294)  
 N. Rojeena (PUT/295)

Some of the victims had been doing labour work at Vavuniya when they were arrested by suspected LTTE personnel. Witness had said that they were taken away blind folded by the LTTE. Some others had been arrested while transporting goods of traveler's, on bicycles on the road at Thandikkulam. Such person's bicycles were also taken away. It is possible that these persons had been taken away for manual work, since that was their field of activity. They are all missing since then.

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Complt No : PUT/296

**Victim** : **S.A. Rafeez Khan**  
**Complainant** : **S.A. Noor Jahan**

The particulars are the same as in Case No. PUT/266.

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Complt No : CHA/299

**Victim** : **K. Balakrishnan**  
**Complainant** : **K. Nagammah**

There is evidence that the victim Balakrishnan was arrested by the army on 14.07.96 and his brother Suresh (CHA/139) was arrested on 10.06.96. Balakrishnan was a municipal labourer and was arrested at Columbuturai Junction. Both these arrests had been seen by one Markandu. Yet the army had denied these arrests. Both are missing since then.

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Complt No. : CHA/300

**Victim** : **M. Jalinee**  
**Complainant** : **Maheswaran Theepan**

The victim went for tuition at about 1.00 p.m. with a friend on 04.07.1996 and did not return as expected at 5.00 p.m. There was a curfew from 6.00 p.m. onwards on that day. When they went to the Columbuturai army camp and inquired, the complainant was told to go home and that the girls would return. But they never returned thereafter. They were both students of the Columbuturai Hindu Girls School.

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Complt No. : JAF/301

**Victim** : **Subramaniam Balachandran**  
**Complainant** : **B. Jeyadevi**

The victim had an injury on his foot caused by a cut and could not vacate their house which was in the high security zone. The army came and took him to the Palaly Hospital in February 1996 from where he had been transferred to the Colombo General Hospital. His mother had visited him at the hospital in Colombo and learnt that his foot was to be amputated. So he had left the hospital before the amputation and no one knows where he went. He is missing since then.

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Complt No. : KAY/302

**Victim** : **A. Thevendran**  
**Complainant** : **N. Kanthasamy**

There is evidence that the victim left for his bakery on 16/09/1996 from Vaddukottai to Chavakachcheri and never reached it. He is still missing.

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Complt. No. : CHA/306

**Victim** : **V. Manoharan**  
**Complainant** : **V. Annapillai**

The victim was a fisherman. The family left for the Vanni in April 1996. The victim and his uncle Sandirasegaram (CHA/308) and a cousin T.Navaneethan (CHA/307) went back on 03/07/1996 to collect more household goods, but none of them reached home. They all disappeared after they got caught to a round up in Jaffna. T. Navaneethan's mother T. Achchimuttu corroborated this evidence.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/307**

**Victim : T. Navaneethan**  
**Complainant : T. Achchimuttu**

The victim was a fisherman. The family left for the Vanni in April 1996. The victim and his uncle Sandirasegaram (CHA/308) and a cousin V. Manoharan (CHA/306) went back on 03/07/1996 to collect more household goods, but none of them reached home. They all disappeared after they got caught to a round up in Jaffna. V. Manoharan's mother V. Annapillai gave evidence corroborating this story.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/308**

**Victim : N. Sandirasegaram**  
**Complainant : S. Annapillai**

The victim was a fisherman. The family left for the Vanni in April 1996. The victim and his nephew T. Navaneethan (CHA/307) and a cousin V. Manoharan (CHA/306) went back on 03/07/1996 to collect more household goods, but none of them reached home. They all disappeared after they got caught to a roundup in Jaffna. T. Navaneethan's mother T. Achchimuttu gave evidence corroborating this story.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/309**

**Victim : M. Gnanarajan**  
**Complainant : M. Loorthamma**

There is evidence that on 28.07.1996 when the victim went with his mother to check about a ship to Colombo, he was arrested by the army on the way at the Thattatheru Check Point. Later his passport and National Identification Card were found near Rasa Veedi on the road to KKS. The complainant believes that he must have thrown it from an army truck when he was been taken away. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt. No. : JAF/310**

**Victim : A. Napoleon**  
**Complainant : A. Rajeswari**

In this case the victim has been released from the Kalutara Prison after his arrest by the army on 05.08.1996. Documentary medical evidence was submitted confirming the fact that the victim had been severely tortured while in custody. He is suffering from medical and psychological problems due to the torture.

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**Complt. No. : CHA/311**

**Victim : K. Kanthasamy**  
**Complainant : K. Kavitha**

There is evidence that the victim was taken away by army personnel who came on bicycles on 07.08.1996 at about 5.30 a.m. They had locked the complainant and her baby in a room and searched the house before taking the victim away. The occupant of the house opposite the victim's house saw the arrest but is reluctant to give evidence. There is no news of the victim since then.

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**Complt. No. : JAF/312**

**Victim : V. Emilias**  
**Complainant : V. Mary Arulsili**

There is evidence that on 27.08.1996 there was a roundup at the St. James Church premises at Gurunagar from where the victim, who was a fisherman, was arrested along with others and taken in a truck by an army officer known as Marikkar of Sinnakady Camp. There is no news of him thereafter. Rev. Father Nesanayagam of the church was a witness to this arrest.

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Complt No. : CHA/314

**Victim** : **S. Rasamathy**  
**Complt** : **S. Rajendran**

There is evidence that the victim had been arrested on 28.09.1996 at Varany from home at night. When his wife went to the army camp at Varany to see him, she had been given a slip of paper written in Sinhala which she thought was an acknowledgement of arrest. There is no news of him since then.

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Complt No. : CHA/316

**Victim** : **T. Thasijeevan**  
**Complt** : **E. Ponnuthurai**

The complainant is the grandfather. He stated that the parents of the victims are too broken hearted to give evidence. There is evidence that the victim who was an Advanced Level class student at the Mahajana College, was suffering from Malaria and was on his way to the hospital on 25.12.1996 when he was arrested by the army. His house had been searched thrice thereafter. On each such occasion the victim had been brought in army uniform and taken away. It is believed that he had been used as a "thalayatti" (a masked identifier). There is no news of him since.

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Complt.No. : JAF/317

**Victim** : **A. Sutharshan**  
**Complainant** : **A. Pushparanee**

It was stated by the complainant that when the army captured Kilinochchi the victim, who is her son was also arrested in 1996 while another son of hers escaped arrest and is now in Germany. There is no news of the victim since then.

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Complt. No : JAF/319

**Victim** : **Amirthanathan Donatius**  
**Complainant** : **Concy Donatius**

There is evidence that the victim went for business to Kayts as usual on 01.03.1997 and did not return. There is no news of him up to date.

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Complt No : JAF/321

**Victim** : **C. Concey**  
**Complainant** : **M. Ritaamma**

*The complainant M. Ritaamma the mother of the victim and the victim's sister, S. Jansi gave evidence. According to the evidence, the victim Concey was 23 years then and had returned to Gurunagar from Mullaitivu on 30.10.95. Some time afterwards she was arrested by the army and was required to sign at the army camp every day. The army would also summon her to the camp from time to time. On 25.07.96 Concey's house had been surrounded by army personnel in civil clothes also took her away in a white hiring car. Another girl had also been arrested along with her and taken to the Gurunagar camp and later released. This girl had seen Consey in custody in the Gurunagar camp. Captain Dedigama was in charge of the camp. Nothing is known of her whereabouts since then. The other girl who was released, is not traceable.*

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Complt No. : CHA/322

**Victim** : **N. Jeyarajah**  
**Complainant** : **N. Sivakolunthu**

There is evidence that the victim was arrested at his cousin's residence by the army on 28.07.96 when he went to visit them with a friend called Sudharshan. Both have now disappeared with their motor bikes. The

arrest was by a army personnel called Kulatilleke of the army camp nearby. Victim's brother's wife Kanmani Nadaraja was present and confirms the arrest. She had known the army personnel who made the arrest. There is no news of him since then.

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**Complt No. : JAF/323**

**Victim : P. Vasanthakumar**  
**Complt : S.P. Punithavathy**

There is evidence that the victim went on 09.08.1997 to Kilinochchi to pick coconuts and was arrested by the army along with five others. His shirt and his bicycle were found but not he or any of the five who were with him. All are missing since then.

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**Complt No : JAF/324**

**Victim : T. Rajkumar**  
**Complainant : T. Kirubakaran**

The victim is said to be an LTTEer who is still in custody at Kalutara. The complainant had received information to that effect and that he is there under a new name and is convinced that it is so. In view of this the Committee did not pursue this complaint.

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**Complt No. : CHA/325**

**Victim : N. Nagamany**  
**Complainant : N. Mathirson**

The complainant stated that the victim went to school and did not return but he is not sure whether it was during the time of the IPKF or the Sri Lanka army occupation of Jaffna or during the time of the LTTE. He has no documents to give a clue of the period during which the disappearance had taken place even though in his complainant he had stated that it took place on 26.09.97.

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## **About the Authors of this Report**

### **Dr. Devanesan Nesiah**

Joined the Ceylon Civil Service in 1959 and served as Government Agent, Jaffna, Mannar and Batticaloa. He retired from State service from the position of Secretary, Ministry of Transport, Environment and Women's Affairs. His doctoral thesis at the Harvard University was published by the Oxford University Press under the title "*Discrimination with Reason – The Policy of Preferences in the United States, India and Malaysia*".

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Retired from the Sri Lanka Administrative Service after having held positions such as Government Agent Mannar & Trincomalee and later as Commissioner of Co-operative Development and Registrar of Co-operative Societies. He was also at one time the Scout Commissioner of Sri Lanka.

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Chancellor of the South Eastern University in Sri Lanka and a member of the Public Service Commission. She was earlier Principal of the Muslim Ladies College in Colombo.

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Functioned as the Secretary to the Committee on Disappearances in the Jaffna Region and a retired Sri Lanka Administrative Service officer. He was earlier Secretary to four Presidential Commissions of Inquiry (Truth Commissions) including two on Involuntary Removals and/or Disappearances of Persons. He is at present a Consultant at the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka.



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