

MORNING STAR.

Jaffna, 25th February, 1847.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

[Continued from page 11.]

The progress of Freedom is another sign of the times. We speak rather socially than politically; though there can be no doubt that liberal principles in politics are gaining ground either for weal or woe, in every part of the civilized world. The masses are almost everywhere in motion, and democracy, whether loved or hated, seems destined to be more and more a commanding element in all governments. It moves like the cog-wheels of a machine, gaining something at every turn, and losing nothing. It has no backward motion. What the people have once wrung from their rulers they never give up, unless forced to it by a revolution. This is we grant a portentous sign, but it will be none the less so by our refusing to note it. The dictate of wisdom is to infuse Christianity into the mass, to make it pervading and influential among all classes. This is the true conservative principle. But we enter not into politics.

Intellectual, commercial, social and religious freedom, are advancing. The Press almost every where comparatively free, is becoming more influential than armies in governing the world; and the spirit of inquiry is, in a measure, unrestrained by human authority. Trade has thrown off most of its shackles, and is rejoicing in newly found liberty. Slavery is hiding its head with shame, and however supported by the interested, must ere long be driven from the earth. As mind is gaining dominion over matter and brute force is no longer the controlling element in society, every form of physical oppression is losing its power.

This is well, alike for Christianity and the social system. Nothing can be more contrary to the genius of that pure, meek and spiritual religion which came from heaven, than the advocacy of its claims by force, or its propagation by the sword or fire and faggot, or the guarding of its creeds by pains and penalties. The progress of religious liberty in nearly all Christian lands is very obvious, especially in the principal Protestant countries; and though there may be much of false liberality—of laxness of religious principle or libertinism rather than true liberty, it is but the scum and froth rising on the surface of the agitated and fermenting elements of public opinion, working itself pure. It is less to be feared that an inert and a dead mass tending to corruption. (To be continued.)

THE YOUTH THAT WAS NOT READY.

During the closing service one sabbath, says a pastor, my eyes rested on a lively youth. I approached him, and exhorted him to repentance and faith in the Lord Jesus Christ. He replied, "I am not ready now, but in two weeks, I am resolved to seek the salvation of my soul." A few days after, his minister was summoned to visit him upon a bed of sickness. Ah! said he to the minister, "I was invited to the Saviour at the meeting last Sabbath, and replied that I was not ready then, and now I am not ready to die." On a subsequent visit the dying youth exclaimed: "I was not ready to seek God at the meeting, I was not ready to die when the message came, and now I am not ready to lie down in hell! My two weeks have not yet elapsed, when I hoped to have made my peace with God, and sickness, death and hell have overtaken me, and I am forever lost."

WORTHY OF IMITATION.—A missionary now in England, writing to one of his friends in this island, says: "I was last evening called to attend what certainly was a very novel but deeply interesting missionary meeting. A large linen draper's and silk mercer's house in the city (London) in which 100 and upwards young people are engaged, is conducted in a very nice spirit. The owner is a pious dissenter, and has a missionary connected with the London city Mission come every morning for the purpose of conducting family worship. The young men have a Missionary Society which embraces home and foreign operations. They raise nearly £70 a year amongst the giving part of the establishment, and one-third of the whole number are considered as decidedly pious. The annual missionary meeting was held last evening, and to see a very large room filled almost to excess by the young men engaged in business during the day, and to witness the interest felt by apparently all, was a novel and most delightful privilege. It is a practical exemplification of the "church in the house" and also of the real, not theoretical, Evangelical Alliance."

CONFESSION OF FAITH IN CHRISTIANITY BY A HINDU ON HIS DEATH-BED.—Baboo Gourang Churn Goungooly, breathed his last on the 17th inst. It appears that he had long been a convert to Christianity, but kept the fact concealed from his friends till the very moment of his death in order to avoid religious persecution from his countrymen. As soon as all hope of his recovery was resigned, his friends pressed on him the

necessity of being removed, according to custom to the river side. Being thus urged, he suddenly exclaimed in a tone of fervent and heart-felt piety, "O Lord Jesus Christ! forgive my transgressions," and immediately expired.—Bengal Hurkuru.

INFLUENCE OF RAIL WAYS.—On the prospect of the speedy introduction of rail ways into India the *Friend of India* has the following remarks:

It is impossible to calculate the benefit which this improvement will unquestionably confer upon the various interests of the country. In a political point of view, the Rail will establish British supremacy on the firmest basis and convince princes and people, how vain is the hope of subverting a government to whose resources there seems no limit. In a military view, these roads, by the rapid transport of men and ammunition, will give a ten-fold efficiency to our armies, and enable our government to maintain the public peace with a less extensive establishment. The commerce of the country will receive an impulse beneficial alike to itself and England; its capabilities will be drawn forth; and the comfort of the people indefinitely increased; the associations of centuries will be shaken, and the inveteracy of prejudices weakened and fresh energy imparted to our efforts for the intellectual and spiritual elevation of the people. A greater change will be produced in half a century, in the habits, feelings and views of the native community, than has ever been effected by any of the violent revolutions to which it has been subjected.

WHEN TO ASK FOR FAVOURS.

In 1747, when France and Spain were at war with England, cannon were wanted for the protection of Philadelphia, and Franklin, with three other gentlemen were sent to New York to borrow some. "Governor Clinton," says Franklin, "at first refused us peremptorily; but at a dinner with his council, where there was great drinking of Madeira wine, as the custom of that place then was, he softened by degrees and said he would lend us six. After a few more bumpers he advanced to ten; and at length, he very good naturedly conceded eighteen. They were fine cannon, eighteen pounders, with their carriages, which were soon transported and mounted on our batteries."

RESPECT FOR THE SABBATH.—The Governor General of India has just issued an Order that all work shall be suspended on Sundays in the Government Establishments.

ASIATIC SOCIETY OF CEYLON.—At the February Quarterly meeting of this Society, a Committee were elected to prosecute inquiries into the Statistics of the island. Papers were read—by the Rev. Mr. Palm, on "The Ecclesiastical Establishments in Ceylon during the Dutch Government;" by Mr. Capper, on "Some Experiments in electric Agriculture in Ceylon;" by the Rev. Mr. Gogerly, "A Sermon of Budhu on virtue and vice;" by Dr. Gyax, "on new colouring principles discovered in the husk of the cocconut."—The colouring principle is said to be of "a beautiful carmine and orange red, and may be precipitated and employed for dyeing cotton or silk, and also fixed in those fabrics by proper mordants." The Dr. has also discovered in the coir fibre an entirely new alkaloid, and a new fatty matter which he calls *Cocotine*.

The Rev. Mr. Hoisington of Batticotta, was elected an honorary member of the Society.

CEYLON RAILWAY.—The citizens of Colombo have adopted a memorial to the Home Government praying for a guarantee of four per cent for 15 years on the capital employed in the construction of the Rail to Kandy, as has been granted by the E. I. Company for the East India Rail way.

NEW LIGHT HOUSE.—An Iron Light House for Ceylon has been made in England, and is to be shipped on the Tigris. The Light House is to be erected at Point de Galle.

FOR PEARLS.—Government have advertised for tenders for the hire of a vessel to be employed in the inspection of the Pearl Banks.

The Rev. J. Kats and family arrived on Sunday last and expect to leave this for Colombo again about the 15th of March next.

Our new Controller, Mr. VANE, has arrived and entered upon his official duties. Mr. FLANDERKA, late acting Controller returns to his office of Sub-collector of Customs at Jaffna. Mr. BROOKS has entered upon his duties as Sub-Collector at Pt. Pedro, and Mr. DICKSON, late of Pt. Pedro, goes to Mannar as Sub-Collector of that place.

We understand that by some new arrangement Lieut. Dawson receives the appointment of Commandant of Jaffna instead of Lieut. Brereton.

GIVING DOETH NOT IMPOVERISH.—According to late Reports, of the 330 ordained missionaries, and male assistant missionaries sent out by the "American Board of Commissioners," upwards of one-fifth have gone from Massachusetts; and of the \$4,042,466 contributed to the Board upwards of one-quarter of the whole, or about \$1,000,000 have been given in the same state. Of the 257 Foreign missionaries and assistants appoint-

ed by the American Baptist Board, 66, or upwards of one-quarter of the whole, have also gone from Massachusetts; and of the contributions to this Board, amounting to about \$900,000 the same state has given about one-fifth. Yet perhaps there is no country on the globe in a higher state of home prosperity than Massachusetts.—Am. Paper.

SALE OF THE AUGUSTA.—At the sale held at Valvertytorray on the 11th inst. the Augusta was knocked down to Thomas Hardy, Esq.—the ship for £630; cables, anchors, &c. for about £300.

SESSIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

By the kindness of a friend we are furnished with the following summary of the Proceedings of the Supreme Court in its present sessions. It reflects credit on the courts below, as well as on the prosecuting Advocate that the cases referred for trial, without one exception, resulted in the conviction of the prisoners. Though lovers of mercy ourselves, we are no less lovers of justice, and feel that Society is greatly benefited by the strict execution of just laws upon every one who violates them. The "glorious uncertainty" of law, as it has been satirically termed, has often given impunity to crime, and deterred the well-doing from those efforts to bring criminals to justice, which in every well-regulated community are almost sure to ferret out the guilty. A man with plenty of money,—it has been said, need scarcely fear conviction; and it is notorious that in past years many atrocious criminals have escaped, of whose guilt the community entertained no doubt, either before or since their trial.

Presuming that the guilt of the parties in the late trials is fully established, it is with no small satisfaction, that we learn, that no quirks of the law, and no blunders of the officers, have intervened to intercept the course of justice. We hope these results will have a salutary influence on the evil and the good; deterring the former from those acts of wickedness which will sooner or latter entail their ruin, and inspiring the latter with confidence in the protection the law is designed to afford them.

We hope the poor fellows under sentence of death, will receive that kind attention from the ministers of religion in the town that the nature of their cases requires.

SUPREME COURT.—Northern circuit. The first Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court for the present year was opened at Jaffna, on Thursday the 12th inst. before the Honorable CHRISTOPHER TEMPLE, Esq. acting second Puisne Justice.—His Lordship previously attended prayers at the Fort Church—the Rev. Mr. Pargiter in the absence of the colonial Chaplain officiating on the occasion.

C. H. Stewart, Esq. Deputy Queen's Advocate for the Northern Circuit appeared in behalf of the prosecution, and C. G. KOCH, Esq. as Proctor for Prisoners. The other officers of the Supreme Court were P. A. Loos, Esq. Deputy Registrar, and Mr. J. VANDERSTRATAAN, Clerk.

The following Police Magistrates were in attendance and answered to their respective names, viz: E. J. WOOD, Esq.; L. JUMBAUX, Esq.; C. A. VANDERSTRATAAN, Esq.; H. POLW, Esq.; S. AMBALAVANAN, Esq.

After the usual preliminaries were gone through, such as receiving the returns to the Mandate and Precept from the Fiscal and the swearing in of the Proctors for prisoners and Interpreters—the Court was adjourned till the next day.

The Calendar exhibited but 13 cases for trial,—and of these 3 were allowed to lie over till the next sessions on account of the absence of material witnesses for the crown—and two were withdrawn.

The Deputy Advocate conducted the prosecutions in a very able manner and the principal prisoners were convicted in every case.

Case No. 2.—From Jaffna. Nicolan Antho and 7 others—convicted of Burglary and Robbery and assault and wounding.

In this case 15 persons were arraigned, but only 3 were convicted.—The robbery was committed at the house of a washerman living at Maniacolum near Ponereen. Property to a considerable amount was stolen, but only a small portion was found and identified by the Prosecutor. It appeared that the same formidable gang attacked two other houses the same night.

Two of the prisoners named Canagaray Mood, Pettan or Caudan and Perumal Vyramootoo (who were old convicts, and had on a former occasion been sentenced to corporal punishment and hard labour in chains) were now sentenced to be transported to Malacca for five years at hard labor in chains, and the other 6 to 4 years at hard labor in chains in this island.

Case No. 5, from Chavagachery.—Sidambaran Viragattay and Sitter Candan convicted of wilful murder.

An account of this murder was given in a late issue of the Morning Star. The trial of the case occupied the Court till nearly 12 o'clock at night. The defence was conducted by Mr. Advocate Grace. The Jury was composed of European, Burghers and Natives. The first Prisoner confessed his guilt, and the 2d was convicted on the clearest evidence. After a short consultation, the Jury returned a Verdict of guilty. The Judge, after a solemn and impressive address to the prisoners, pronounced upon them the sentence of the law, and they were remanded for execution on Friday the 23d day of April next.

Case No. 6, from Jaffna.—Sinnatamby Coovindan. Case No. 7.—Sinnatamby Sidamparapully.—These prisoners were severally convicted of uttering counterfeit coin; viz: one-fourth penny copper pieces washed over with quicksilver or some other substance so as to resemble 4 penny silver pieces.—The former was sentenced to 9 months' imprisonment at hard labor, and the latter to 12 months' imprisonment at hard labor.

Case No. 10 and 12, from Trincomalee.—Candar Caderipulle and Santiago convicted of assault and Highway Robbery.

The Prisoners with some others attacked during the night a caravan of 49 bullocks carrying salt and salt fish on traffic, from Trincomalee to Kandy. considerable property was said to have been stolen from the Caravan, but only a Cattle bell, some cloths, and a few other trifles were recovered. The prisoners were sentenced to two years imprisonment at hard labour in chains.

Case No. 11, from Trincomalee.—Oessen, for Burglary and Robbery.—He was a notorious character, formerly a Malay soldier, but was lately drummed out of his Regiment for bad conduct. It appeared in evidence that before his capture there were robberies taking place almost every night in Trincomalee, but since his apprehension, not one had occurred. He robbed a poor woman of some cloths, and a few shilling—and when some neighbors pursued him, he took out a knife, and threatened to stab them.—He was sentenced to 3 years' imprisonment at hard labor in chains and to receive 50 lashes.

Case No. 13, from Batticaloa. Cadiraman Canapaddy and two others convicted of an aggravated assault.—This was a clear case. The prisoners were sentenced each to 3 years' imprisonment at hard labor in chains and the 2d prisoner Coomaran Candan (who used a knife on the occasion) to receive in addition 50 lashes.

F. Price Esq. District Judge of Manaar was on the 12th inst. sworn in as acting District Judge of Jaffna, and Justice of the Peace for the Northern Province.

The Civil Sessions will, it is expected, be closed on Saturday next the 27th inst.

MR. POOR'S LETTERS TO HIS LATE PUPILS.

SECOND SERIES, No. 1.

DEAR FRIENDS,

In a Postscript to a letter published in the Morning Star of Dec. 24, 1846, addressed to the Tamil population, among whom I have exercised my ministry for many years past, I informed you that I am adopting measures for carrying out the plan recommended in that letter, for the erection of Village Churches, and for the maintenance of a Native Ministry, in immediate connexion with the Mission School Establishment, already existing.

I know not to whom it is more appropriate for me to report progress in this undertaking, than to you, who, from the beginning, have been the objects of my solicitude, and in whose welfare I cannot fail to be deeply interested;—and moreover, from whom I am confidently expecting efficient aid.

For my views at length on this subject, I beg leave to refer you to the letter, in full, as published in four successive Nos. of the Morning Star, for the months of November and December of last year.

My present plan for accomplishing the object in view, is,

1. To raise a fund, by voluntary subscriptions, for the erection of small but substantial Churches, which will cost from three to four hundred Rix dollars each.

2d. From this fund to make tenders of assistance to the inhabitants of any Village, who will furnish in land, building materials, or cash, an amount equal to one half of the sum requisite for the erection of the building.

On the 15th of Oct. 1846, this subject was formally presented at a public meeting held in the Church at Tillipally, on the thirtieth anniversary of taking up my abode at this station.

On this occasion, the audience was addressed to some good purpose, by four Native speakers, three of whom are connected with the Station. The principal speakers were Messrs. Nathaniel Niles and Jordan Lodge,—the first two individuals, who, from among the heathens at this Station, made a public profession of their faith in Christ, and who were admitted to Church fellowship by baptism on the 22d of April 1821. The spirit and developments of this meeting were regarded as highly auspicious to the object presented.

Upwards of three hundred Rix dollars were pledged to the "Village Church Building Fund," by Native Christians on the spot. To this sum liberal additions have since been made. The following is a list of donations up to the present time.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Rds., Name, Rds. fs. Includes Mr. N. Niles, Mr. J. Lodge, Mr. W. Welch, Mr. T. Snell, Mr. N. W. Taylor, Mr. J. Adams, Mr. C. Kingsbury, Mr. J. Page, Mr. J. Champlain, Nyamantoo, Mr. S. Austin, Matthew.

[The foregoing sums with the exception of Mr. Niles' donation, were contributed by Natives in connexion with the Station at Tillipally.—The following sums have since been contributed from other quarters.]

Table with 4 columns: Name, Rds. fs., Name, Rds. fs. Includes The Rev. C. David, Mr. John White, Parippanayaga, Mr. N. Perkins, P. A. Dyke Esq., J. N. Mooyaart, Esq.

Total amount—Rds. 1225. 10 fs.; of which Rds. 529. 2 fs. was contributed by native inhabitants.

* These two donations were made in aid of the erection of a Church in the village in which the donors live; the money to be paid within the term of two years.—50 Rds. of the 150, is the estimated value of an eligible site of land for a village church, granted by Mrs. M. P. Welch.

The funds obtained, for the purpose specified, will be expended under the supervision of the American Mission in Jaffna. It is intended that no part of them shall be appropriated, but in strict accordance with the specified conditions; viz: that the Native inhabitants furnish one moiety of the expence incurred for building. It must not however be expected, that they will meet the conditions proposed, as soon as they are announced. The Tamulians are slow in entering upon new projects, especially where expenditure is concerned.

Feb. 15, 1847. } Yours very faithfully, D. POOR.

JAFFNA AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY.

The Anniversary of the above Society was held at St. Paul's Chapel, Jaffna, on Tuesday evening, February 16, 1847, at half past 6 o'clock.

Major GEO. COCHRANE, President, in the Chair. The Report stated that the aspect of the Society was never more encouraging than at the present time. Extracts from communications from several ministers of the Province were read, exhibiting the value set upon the Bible, and the advantages resulting from its distribution among this people. A grant made by the Parent Society in Sept. 1845, had been received and distributed; and another grant of 924 volumes had also been made at the close of the last year.

In referring to the Revision and Translation of the Tamil Scriptures it was stated that the Committee of Revision had anew entered upon their work on the 1st of July last, in conformity with the arrangement of the Parent Society and that they had proceeded in their work as far as to the middle of the 1st Book of Samuel. Two extracts from the letters of correspondents were read, showing the necessity of a revised edition of the Tamil Old and New Testaments, and congratulating the Committee on the work undertaken.

In the course of the year 2,000 copies of the Book of Proverbs, and 2,000 of the Epistles to the Romans had been printed.—5,372 volumes of either the whole or a part of the English or Tamil Scriptures had been distributed.

The income of the Society for the past year was greater than for any previous year. The balance at present in the hands of the Treasurer being £64. 7s. 2 and three-fourths pence, of which £32. 8s. 6d. had been obtained in loco in addition to £10 hereafter to be accounted for.

During the year, N. WARD Esq. M. D. had been compelled to relinquish his connection with this Society, and to return to America, with his wife and family, on account of the bad state of Mrs. W's health.—The Rev. Messrs. O'NEIL, FLETCHER, HOWLAND and WILLIAMS, had however arrived in the course of the year, and had strengthened the ranks of the Bible Society.

Several resolutions were unanimously adopted by the meeting.

Eleven Ministers of the Province were present, many of whom together with E. S. MINOR, Esq. took a part in the proceedings of the evening.

The following persons were appointed the Committee of this Auxiliary for the ensuing year.

- The Rev. D. POOR, President. P. PERCIVAL, Treasurer and Secretary. Rev. B. C. MEIGS, W. W. HOWLAND, J. O'NEILL, R. FARGITER, A. H. FLETCHER, and E. S. MINOR, Esq.

of whom the Rev. Messrs. Poor, and Percival, together with Rev. Messrs. Hoisington, Whittelsey, Spaulding, and Johnston were appointed the Committee of Revision.

The meeting was very numerously attended and the interest of the audience in the business of the evening maintained to the last.

தருணமறிந்து தயவுகேட்கவேண்டியது.

தாசன ஆண்டில், பிறகுச்சீக்காரரும் இன்பானியரும் இங்கிலாந்தாருடன் யுத்தம்பண்ணுகவேண்டியல், அமெரிக்காக்கண்டத்தைச் சேர்ந்து "பில்லெ டெல்பியா" என்ற நகரியைக் காக்கிறதற்காகப் பிரங்கியில்லாதுபோனதால் பிறுநங்கிலினும் வேறுசில துறையாரும் பிரங்கிக்கவா இரவலாக வாங்கும்படி நியோர்க்குநகர்க்குப்போய் அவ்விடத்திலுள்ள மகாராசாவீடங் கேட்டபோது, பிரங்கி இரவலாகக் கொடுக்கிறதில்லையென்று முற்றுநகைத்தடிப்போட்டார். ஆனாலும் மகாராசாவும் மந்திரீமாரும் சாப்பிட்டக்கொண்டு மஸ்துப்பொருந்திய இரசங்கவா அவ்லுரில் அந்நேரவாழ்க்கப்படி குடித்துக்கொண்டிருக்கையில், மகாராசாசற்றே வெற்கொண்டதிலுலாக்கும் ஆறு பிரங்கிக்கவா எடுத்துக்கொள்ளுகளென்றார். கொஞ்சநேரஞ்சென்றதின்பின்னால், பத்துப்பிரங்கிக்கவா இரவலாக எடுத்துக்கொள்ளுகளென்றார். திரும்பப் பதினெட்டெடுத்துக்கொள்ளுகளென்றார். அப்பொழுது அவர்கள் அப்பிரங்கிக்கவா எடுத்துக்கொண்டுபோய்த் தங்கவந்திரியில் ஏற்றிவைத்தார்கள்.

ADDITIONAL SUBSCRIBERS.

The Publisher of the Morning Star acknowledges with thanks the following additional Subscribers.—Names marked with an asterisk were included in the Nos. set down in our last to the names of Rev. D. Poor, Rev. J. C. Smith, and Rev. A. H. Fletcher.

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes MANEPLY, Mr. J. Homer, Mr. S. Catheravaleo, M. HALLOCK Esq., Mr. T. DWIGHT, Mr. G. D. PURVEYANCE, Mr. R. HOYT, Mr. BELA KELLOGG, Mr. JOSEPH EMERSON, Mr. JOHN PORTER, TILLIAMPALAM, COVINTON, PETER, KARDIAN, TARRUMAR, SELLAR, VISSUVANADAN, VARANY, Mr. JOHN LAWRENCE, VERAGATTY, RAMOO, *Neelayinan, *Nelayinan, VALVERRY, *Mr. C. Mather, *Mr. F. Key, *Mr. W. Hamilton, *Mr. S. McNutt, *A. Sanmoogam, *Sidamparapullay, *Nargapan, *Mootooswamy, *Valoopilly, TRINCOMALIE, Rev. J. Gillings, Mr. N. Cadrigamer, C. P. Layard, Esq., J. Higgs, Esq., Candaper Aratchy, COLOMBO, Mr. John Woodhull, Mr. P. W. Siebel, DINDIGAL, Mr. J. H. Thompson, Mr. E. Seymour, MULLATIVOE, H. Pole, Esq.

N. B. Under Point Pedro, in our last No. the name of Asa McFarland was by mistake inserted for Sempar Wira-mootoo.

NOTICE.

The Probate of the Last Will and Testament of Rosina, Vansanden, of Jaffna, deceased having been granted by the District Court of Jaffna to Messrs. George Henry Siekera and Burton George Bartholomeusz, Executors named in the said Will: all persons having claims, being indebted to, or holding property of the said Estate are hereby requested to send in their claims, pay their debts and deliver over such property to the said executors on or before the first of April next; after the expiration of which term, no claims will be attended to.

Jaffna, 30th January, 1847.

விளம்பரம்.

பறச் சமயம் ஆறும் இன்ன குலத்த வர்களுக்குரித்தென்ற மசாத்திரத் திட்டாந்தமாதச் சொல்பவர்களுக்கு ஒரு சிலிங்கு உபகாரம் கொடுக்கலாம்.

தேவாசனம் (ஸ்ரீ) மாசி } பெற்றார் சுதன் மாதம் எந். தேதி } ஆராமன்.

விளம்பரம்.

கோயிற் புராணவுரையம் செளந்திரியலகரியுரையம் தனித்தனியே, மீ. ச. க்கு நடபக்கமுள்ள பிரிவு ஒவ்வொன்றாக அச்சிற் பதப்பித்தக கையெழுத்துவைத்து முன்பணங்கொடுப்பவர்களுக்கு பிரிவு, ச. க்கு அனா, ச. ஆகக் கொடுக்கப்படும். இரண்டும் வாங்கில், சழிவுகிடக்கும். வாங்கப் பிரியமுள்ளவர்கள் தங்கக் கையெழுத்தை இதல்கீழ்க் கையெழுத்து வைத்தவரிடத்தில அனுப்பலாம்.

இப்படிக்கு, நல்லூர் கந்தர் குமாரர் ஆறுமுகவர்.