


**STATISTICAL POCKET BOOK  
OF THE DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF  
SRI LANKA  
1981**



**DEPARTMENT OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS  
MINISTRY OF PLAN IMPLEMENTATION**





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**1981**

**DEPARTMENT OF  
CENSUS AND STATISTICS  
COLOMBO, SRI LANKA**

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INSTITUTIONAL BOOK

OF THE DIRECTOR

OF THE REPUBLIC OF

INDIA

1951



## PREFACE

The first issue of the *Statistical Pocket Book* appeared in the year 1967. This is the fourteenth issue.

The Statistical information has been revised and brought up to date to cover, as far as possible, the year 1980.

An abridged Table of metric conversion factors, as specified by the National Metric Conversion Authority, appears in the form of an Appendix at the end of this Publication.

It is felt that the summarised statistical information in this compact hand book will continue to be of interest to the general public, the administrator, the student and the tourist.

Any suggestions for the improvement of this pocket publication will be most welcome.

W. A. A. S. PEIRIS,  
Director of Census and Statistics.

Department of Census and Statistics,  
P. O. Box 563,  
Colombo 7, 24th July, 1981.

The first part of the document is a list of names and titles, including the names of the members of the committee and the names of the individuals who were interviewed. The names are listed in a columnar format, with the names of the committee members on the left and the names of the interviewees on the right. The names are written in a cursive hand, and some of the names are underlined.

The second part of the document is a list of dates and times, arranged in a columnar format. The dates are written in a cursive hand, and some of the dates are underlined. The times are written in a cursive hand, and some of the times are underlined.

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## INTRODUCTORY NOTES

1. *Symbols employed.*—The following symbols have been used throughout this book :—

.. Not available.

— Nil or negligible.

2. *Rounding of figures.*—Where necessary each figure has been rounded off to the nearest final digit. For this reason there may be in some tables an apparent discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total.

3. Wherever information has not been given in respect of any table, it is because the information was not available at the time of going to the press or because the subject matter of the particular table was under review.

4. Explanations, where necessary, have been given in footnotes as far as space permits. A further explanation of the terms and expressions may be found in the Statistical Abstract of Sri Lanka.

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# Chapter I

**GEOGRAPHY**

Chapter I

CHAPTER I



TABLE 1—AREA BY DISTRICTS

	<i>Total land area including inland waters (sq. kilometres)</i>	<i>Large inland waters (sq. kilometres)</i>
SRI LANKA	65,609.63	959.07
Colombo	694.64	42.22
Gampaha	1,398.85	—
Kalutara	1,615.51	9.07
Kandy	2,367.25	0.26
Matale	1,995.02	—
Nuwara Eliya	1,227.66	—
Galle	1,689.32	15.54
Matara	1,246.43	—
Hambantota	2,623.01	29.79
Jaffna	2,157.80	85.55
Mannar	2,013.46	11.40
Vavuniya	2,645.16	—
Mullaitivu	2,060.08	94.02
Batticaloa	2,633.11	169.64
Amparai	3,049.97	64.49
Trincomalee	2,714.31	96.19
Kurunegala	4,775.94	3.24
Puttalam	3,035.86	58.92
Anuradhapura	7,274.35	145.17
Polonnaruwa	3,448.93	45.20
Badulla	2,821.98	3.89
Moneragala	7,213.95	79.00
Ratnapura	3,238.78	—
Kegalle	1,662.77	—

Source : Survey Dept.

TABLE 2—PRINCIPAL RIVERS

<i>Name of River</i>	<i>Length in kilometres</i>
Mahaweli Ganga	334.74
Aruvi Aru	164.15
Kala Oya	148.06
Kelani Ganga	144.84
Yan Oya	141.62
Deduru Oya	141.62
Walawe Ganga	137.60
Maduru Oya	136.31
Maha Oya	133.58
Kalu Ganga	128.75
Kirindi Oya	117.48
Kumbukkan-Oya	115.87
Menik Ganga	114.26
Gin Ganga	112.65
Mi Oya	109.44
Gal Oya	107.83

*Source* : Survey Dept.

TABLE 3—PRINCIPAL PEAKS

<i>Name of Peak</i>	<i>Height (in metres)</i>	<i>District situated in</i>
Pidurutalagala	2,524.35	Nuwara Eliya
Kirigalpotta	2,388.72	do.
Totapalakanda	2,357.02	do.
Sri Pada (Adam's Peak)	2,237.54	Ratnapura
Kikilimana	2,237.84	Nuwara Eliya
Great Western	2,212.24	do.
Hakgala	2,169.57	do.
Conical Hill	2,165.91	do.
One Tree Hill	2,100.07	do.
Mahakudagala	2,096.72	do.
Waterfall Point	2,073.55	do.
Namunukula	2,035.76	Badulla
Gommolli Kanda	2,034.24	Ratnapura, Badulla
Knuckles	1,862.94	Kandy
Kotagala	1,752.60	Kandy, Nuwara Eliya

*Source* : Survey Dept.

TABLE 4—ANNUAL RAINFALL AT SELECTED STATIONS

Station	30-year average 1931-60	(Millimetres)		
		1978	1979	1980
Colombo	2395.5	1934.4	2450.6	1995.9
Jaffna	1329.4	1162.0	1391.7	914.0
Trincomalee	1726.7	1464.6	1473.0	765.3
Hambantota	1075.4	976.5	796.6	1125.5
Ratnapura	3887.7	3742.5	3490.4	3270.8
Anuradhapura	1447.3	1194.7	1371.3	1123.6
Kandy (Katugastota)	2021.8	1924.5	1995.4	1552.6
Diyatalawa	1730.8	1275.1	1658.3	1283.7
Nuwara Eliya	2162.7	2604.6	2195.8	1417.4

Source : Dept. of Meteorology.

TABLE 5—MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM TEMPERATURES AT SELECTED STATIONS

Station	30-year average		(Degrees Centigrade)			
	1931-60		1979		1980	
	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
Colombo	30.0	23.9	31.1	23.2	31.2	24.3
Jaffna	30.1	25.2	28.8	23.9	31.0	25.8
Trincomalee	31.0	24.9	28.6	24.7	32.3	26.0
Hambantota	30.2	24.0	29.6	23.4	30.6	24.1
Ratnapura	31.5	22.8	31.7	22.6	32.2	23.3
Anuradhapura	31.7	22.9	29.4	23.2	32.5	23.8
Kandy (Katugastota)	28.8	20.0	29.0	20.1	29.4	20.3
Diyatalawa	24.6	15.8	22.6	16.0	25.5	15.5
Nuwara Eliya	20.1	10.8	19.0	12.0	19.8	11.5

Source : Dept. of Meteorology.

# Chapter II

## POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS

Chapter II

POPULATION  
AND VITAL STATISTICS

TABLE 6—POPULATION BY SEX

Year	Population (Thousands)			Density per Sq. Kilometres (Number of Persons)
	Total	Males	Females	
Census				
1871	2,400	1,280	1,120	37
1881	2,760	1,470	1,290	43
1891	3,008	1,593	1,414	46
1901	3,566	1,896	1,670	55
1911	4,106	2,175	1,931	64
1921	4,498	2,381	2,117	69
1931	5,307	2,811	2,495	82
1946	6,657	3,532	3,125	103
1953	8,098	4,269	3,829	125
1963	10,582	5,499	5,083	164
1971	12,690	6,531	6,159	196
1972 <sup>(1)</sup>	12,861	6,619	6,242	199
1973 <sup>(1)</sup>	13,091	6,738	6,353	202
1974 <sup>(1)</sup>	13,284	6,837	6,447	205
1975 <sup>(1)</sup>	13,496	6,950	6,546	209
1976 <sup>(1)</sup>	13,717	7,060	6,657	212
1977 <sup>(1)</sup>	13,942	7,176	6,766	216
1978 <sup>(1)</sup>	14,190	7,296	6,894	219
1979 <sup>(2)</sup>	14,471	7,441	7,030	224
1980 <sup>(2)</sup>	14,738	7,578	7,160	228

Source : Registrar-General's Dept.

(<sup>1</sup>) Mid-year estimates.

(<sup>2</sup>) Provisional (Mid-year estimate).

TABLE 7—AGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION

Age Group	1971(1)				1978					
	Population (Thousands)		% Distribution		Population (Thousands)		% Distribution			
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female		
ALL	6,531	6,159	12,690	100.00	100.00	7,299	6,891	14,190	100.00	100.00
0-14	2,513	2,431	4,945	38.45	39.38	2,810	2,721	5,530	38.50	39.49
15-19	689	671	1,360	10.54	10.87	770	751	1,521	10.54	10.90
20-24	640	631	1,271	9.79	10.22	715	706	1,421	9.79	10.25
25-34	857	827	1,684	13.11	13.40	958	925	1,883	13.26	13.42
35-44	681	630	1,312	10.42	10.21	762	706	1,468	10.43	10.25
45-54	517	446	963	7.91	7.22	577	500	1,077	7.91	7.26
55-59	192	157	349	2.94	2.54	214	176	390	2.93	2.55
60-64	151	117	268	2.31	1.89	168	132	300	2.30	1.92
65-69	121	99	221	1.85	1.60	136	111	247	1.86	1.61
70+	171	147	318	2.62	2.38	189	163	352	2.59	2.37





TABLE 8—POPULATION BY DISTRICTS

District	Area (Sq. Kilometres)	Population		Density per Sq. Kilometre		% Increase
		1971 (1)	1980 (2)	1971 (1)	1980 (2)	
Colombo	652.44	1,498,393	1,724,000	2,297	2,642	15.1
Gampaha	1,398.73	1,173,872	1,346,000	839	962	14.7
Kalutara	1,606.54	729,514	836,000	454	520	14.6
Kandy	2,157.50	1,096,737	1,234,000	508	572	12.5
Matale	1,995.26	314,841	368,000	158	184	16.9
Nuwara-Eliya	1,437.22	541,466	562,000	377	391	3.8
Galle	1,673.78	735,173	841,000	439	502	14.4
Matara	1,246.43	586,443	688,000	470	552	17.3
Hambantota	2,072.20	340,254	408,000	131	157	19.9
Jaffna	2,593.23	696,664	834,000	336	402	19.7
Mannar	2,002.10	74,125	91,000	37	45	22.8
Vavuniya	2,645.20	60,212	80,000	23	30	32.9
Mullaitivu	1,966.03	43,625	49,000	22	25	12.3
Batticalog	2,464.59	256,721	318,000	104	129	23.9
Amparai	4,539.34	272,605	333,000	60	73	22.2
Trincomealee	2,618.16	188,245	239,000	72	91	27.0
Kurunegala	4,772.70	1,025,633	1,206,000	215	253	17.6
Puttalam	2,976.87	378,430	462,000	127	155	22.1
Anuradhapura	7,129.14	388,770	489,000	55	69	25.8
Polonnaruwa	3,403.70	163,653	201,000	48	59	22.8
Badulla	2,818.07	615,405	677,000	218	240	10.0
Monaragala	5,580.95	193,020	244,000	35	44	26.4
Ratnapura	3,238.78	673,283	770,000	208	238	14.4
Kegalle	1,662.77	642,813	738,000	387	443	14.8
Sri Lanka	64,651.78	12,689,897	14,738,000	196	228	16.1

Source : Registrar-General's Department.

(1) Census Year.—The population and area for Kandy and Nuwara-Eliya Districts have been revised according to the present boundaries.

(2) Provisional mid year estimates.

TABLE 9---POPULATION BY RELIGION (CENSUS YEARS)

Religion	Number '000		Percentage Distribution	
	1963	1971	1963	1971
Buddhists	7,003.3	8,536.9	66.18	67.27
Hindus	1,958.4	2,238.7	18.51	17.64
Muslims	724.0	901.8	6.84	7.11
Roman Catholics	884.9	1,004.3	8.36	7.91
Other Christians				
Others	11.4	8.3	0.11	0.07
All Religions	10,582.0	12,690.0	100.00	100.00

Source : Department of Census and Statistics

TABLE 10—POPULATION BY RACE

Numbers ('000)

Race	Numbers ('000)						
	1946 <sup>(1)</sup>	1953 <sup>(1)</sup>	1963 <sup>(2)</sup>	1971 <sup>(3)</sup>	1977 <sup>(4)</sup>	1978 <sup>(5)</sup>	1979
ALL RACES	6,657	8,098	10,582	12,690	13,942	14,190	..
Low Country Sinhalese	2,903	3,470	4,470	5,426			..
Kandyan Sinhalese	1,718	2,147	3,043	3,705	10,204	10,402	..
Ceylon Tamils	734	885	1,163	1,424	1,604	1,637	..
Indian Tamils	781	974	1,123	1,175	1,040	1,032	..
Ceylon Moors	374	464	627	828	954	978	..
Indian Moors	36	48	55	27	29	29	..
Europeans	5	7	—	—	—	—	..
Burghers and Eurasians	42	46	46	45	48	48	..
Malays	23	25	33	43	48	48	..
Veddhas	2	1	1	—	—	—	..
Others	41	32	20	16	15	15	..

TABLE 10—POPULATION BY RACE—(Contd.)

Race	Percentage Distribution						
	1946 <sup>(1)</sup>	1953 <sup>(1)</sup>	1963 <sup>(2)</sup>	1971 <sup>(2)</sup>	1977 <sup>(2)</sup>	1978 <sup>(2)</sup>	1979
ALL RACES	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Low Country Sinhalese	43.60	42.84	42.24	42.84	73.19	73.30	..
Kandyan Sinhalese	25.81	26.52	28.75	29.20	..	..	..
Ceylon Tamils	11.01	10.96	11.00	11.20	11.50	11.54	..
Indian Tamils	11.73	12.03	10.61	9.30	7.46	7.27	..
Ceylon Moors	6.52	5.73	5.92	6.50	6.84	6.89	..
Indian Moors	0.53	0.59	0.52	0.20	0.21	0.20	..
Europeans	0.08	0.08	—	—	—	—	..
Burghers and Eurasians	0.63	0.52	0.43	0.40	0.34	0.34	..
Malays	0.34	0.31	0.32	0.30	0.34	0.34	..
Veddhas	0.04	—	—	—	—	—	..
Others	0.62	0.40	0.18	0.10	0.11	0.11	..

Source : Registrar-General's Department.

(1) Census years.

(2) Mid-year Estimates.

TABLE 11—POPULATION OF SRI LANKA—10 YEARS OF AGE  
AND OVER BY LITERACY AND SEX (CENSUS YEARS)

	Total Number '000			No. Literate '000			Percentage		
	1953	1963	1971	1953	1963	1971	1953	1963	1971
Males	3,110	3,952	4,839	2,510	3,385	4,143	80.7	85.6	85.6
Females	2,693	3,571	4,515	1,496	2,404	3,201	55.6	67.3	70.9
Total	5,803	7,523	9,354	4,006	5,789	7,344	69.0	77.0	78.5

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 12—POPULATION OF PRINCIPAL TOWNS

(Thousands)

<i>Principal Town</i>	1976 <sup>(1)</sup>	1977 <sup>(1)</sup>	1978 <sup>(1)</sup>	1979
Colombo	607	616	624	..
Dchiwala-Mount Lavinia	166	169	171	..
Jaffna	117	118	120	..
Moratuwa	103	104	107	..
Kotte	100	102	104	..
Kandy	101	103	104	..
Galle	78	79	79	..
Negombo	62	63	64	..
Trincomalee	45	46	46	..
Matara	40	40	41	..
Anuradhapura	38	38	39	..
Badulla	37	38	39	..
Kalutara	32	32	32	..
Batticaloa	39	40	41	..
Matale	33	33	33	..
Ratnapura	31	32	34	..
Kurunegala	26	27	27	..
Nuwara-Eliya	18	18	19	..
Chilaw	19	19	20	..
Puttalam	19	19	21	..
Kegalle	13	14	15	..
Mannar	12	13	13	..
Vavuniya	17	17	18	..
Hambantota	07	08	08	..

Source : Registrar-General's Department.

<sup>(1)</sup> Mid-year Estimates

TABLE 13—POPULATION BY URBAN AND RURAL SECTOR (CENSUS YEARS)

	Number '000				Percentage			
	1946	1953	1963	1971	1946	1953	1963	1971
Urban	1,023.0	1,239.1	2,016.3	2,848.1	15.37	15.30	19.05	22.36
Rural	5,634.3	6,858.7	8,565.8	9,841.8	84.63	84.70	80.95	77.64
Total	6,657.3	8,097.8	10,582.1	12,689.9	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.00

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.



TABLE 14—EXPECTATION OF LIFE AT BIRTH

		(Years)				
	1920-22	1946	1953	1962	1967	1971
Males	32.7	43.9	58.8	61.9	64.8	64.2
Females	30.7	41.6	57.5	61.4	66.9	67.1

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 15—POPULATION PROJECTIONS FOR SRI LANKA

(Thousands)

	1971			1976			1981			1991			2001		
	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F
High	12,714	6,498	6,216	14,230	7,248	6,982	15,898	8,072	7,826	19,934	10,067	9,867	24,637	12,392	12,245
Medium	12,714	6,498	6,216	14,230	7,248	6,982	15,765	8,004	7,761	18,797	9,491	9,306	21,704	10,907	10,797
Low	12,714	6,498	6,216	14,154	7,210	6,945	15,282	7,759	7,523	17,180	8,671	8,509	19,244	9,661	9,582

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

*Note.*—Three different projections, viz., High, Medium and Low projections based on 3 different assumptions with regard to future fertility combined with a single assumption regarding mortality have been computed up to the year 2001 A.D.

## Fertility Assumption :

*High projection.*—Fertility will decline to 90 per cent of the 1971 levels by the year 1981 and will remain constant thereafter.

*Medium projection.*—Fertility will decline gradually to 60 per cent of the 1971 level by the year 2001.

*Low projection.*—Fertility will decline rapidly to 50 per cent of the 1971 levels by the year 1986 and remain constant thereafter.

*Mortality assumption.*—Mortality will decline gradually with the expectation of life increasing to 72.2 years for females and 68.5 years for males by the year 2001.

TABLE 16—VITAL STATISTICS

Year	Mid-year Population <sup>(1)</sup> (‘000)	Per 1,000 population			Per 1,000 live births	
		Birth rate	Death rate	Increase rate	Maternal death rate	Infant mortality rate
1945	6,650	36.6	21.9	14.7	16.5	140
1950	7,678	40.4	12.6	27.8	5.6	82
1955	8,723	37.3	10.8	26.5	4.1	71
1960	9,896	36.6	8.6	28.0	3.0	57
1965	11,164	33.1	8.2	24.9	2.4	53.2
1970	12,516	29.4	7.5	21.9	1.5	47.5
1971	12,608	30.4	7.7	22.7	1.4	44.8
1972	12,861	30.0	8.1	21.9	1.3	45.6
1973	13,091	28.0	7.7	20.3	1.2	46.3
1974	13,284	27.5	9.0	18.5	1.0	51.2
1975	13,496	27.7	8.5	19.2	1.0	45.1
1976	13,717	27.8	7.8	20.0	0.9	43.7
1977	13,942	27.9	7.4	20.5	1.0	42.4
1978	14,190	28.5	6.6	21.9	0.8	37.1
1979 <sup>(2)</sup>	14,471	28.7	6.5	22.2	..	..
1980 <sup>(2)</sup>	14,738	27.6	6.1	21.5	..	..

Source : Registrar-General's Department.

(<sup>1</sup>) Mid-year Estimates.

(<sup>2</sup>) Provisional.

TABLE 17—DISTRIBUTION OF URBAN POPULATION ACCORDING TO SIZE OF TOWNS

Census Year	Size of town in terms of population									
	Below 2,000	2,000 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 19,999	20,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to and over	All towns		
1946	Number of towns	3	9	7	13	5	4	1	42	
	Population	3,601	28,386	55,874	174,598	177,123	221,388	362,074	1,023,044	
	Percentage of total urban	0.4	2.8	5.5	17.1	17.3	21.6	35.4	100.0	
1953	Number of towns	3	8	4	15	6	6	1	43	
	Population	4,062	28,338	29,691	213,150	154,727	383,038	426,127	1,239,133	
	Percentage of total urban	0.3	2.3	2.4	17.2	12.5	30.9	34.4	100.0	
1963	Number of towns	9	21	23	21	18	5	2	99	
	Population	15,342	74,681	158,280	278,153	487,986	379,265	622,578	2,016,285	
	Percentage of total urban	0.8	3.7	7.9	13.8	24.2	18.8	30.9	100.0	
1971	Number of towns	6	32	30	34	25	5	3	135	
	Population	10,819	104,095	215,848	499,561	781,874	411,311	823,798	2,848,116	
	Percentage of total urban	0.4	3.7	7.6	17.5	27.5	14.4	28.9	100.0	

Source : ESCAP Country Monograph Series No. 4 Population of Sri Lanka, T 53, page 73.

**TABLE 18—LABOUR FORCE PROJECTION FOR SRI LANKA**

	('000)			
	1971	1981	1991	2001
Male	3,265	4,321	5,440	6,578
Female	1,169	1,633	2,104	2,567
<b>Total</b>	<u>4,434</u>	<u>5,954</u>	<u>7,544</u>	<u>9,145</u>

*Source : Department of Census and Statistics*

TABLE 19—MARITAL STATUS OF THE POPULATION OF  
SRI LANKA BY AGE AND SEX

(Thousands)

*Census of Population 1971*

Age Group		Total	Never Married	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Legally Separated
ALL AGES	M	6,531.3	4,268.8	2,152.3	92.8	8.8	8.6
	F	6,158.5	3,596.4	2,203.4	335.0	12.0	11.6
Under 15	M	2,513.2	2,513.2	—	—	—	—
	F	2,431.4	2,429.3	1.9	0.1	—	—
15-19	M	688.7	684.6	3.9	0.1	—	—
	F	671.2	599.9	69.8	0.7	0.4	0.4
20-24	M	639.5	553.6	84.9	0.4	0.3	0.3
	F	631.1	335.6	289.4	3.2	1.5	1.4
25-29	M	478.9	255.0	221.2	1.1	0.9	0.7
	F	475.1	116.9	348.8	5.8	1.8	1.9
30-34	M	377.7	96.6	277.3	1.8	1.0	1.1
	F	352.0	38.4	302.1	8.2	1.6	1.7
35-39	M	366.8	49.2	311.9	3.2	1.2	1.3
	F	358.6	20.9	318.9	15.3	1.7	1.8

40-44	M	314.3	9.0	278.7	4.2	1.2
	F	271.8	12.6	236.1	20.3	1.3
45-49	M	289.6	23.1	258.0	6.4	1.0
	F	255.1	10.5	213.0	29.3	1.1
50-54	M	227.0	17.0	200.2	8.1	0.8
	F	190.9	8.9	145.4	35.5	0.7
55-59	M	192.1	13.8	167.0	9.9	0.7
	F	157.3	6.8	109.6	39.7	0.6
60-64	M	150.6	11.3	126.2	12.0	0.5
	F	117.4	5.5	68.0	43.1	0.3
65-69	M	121.3	8.9	98.3	13.2	0.2
	F	99.2	4.5	50.0	44.2	0.2
70-74	M	89.7	6.9	68.8	13.5	0.1
	F	70.3	3.3	27.0	39.7	0.2
Over 75	M	81.2	6.1	55.8	18.9	0.2
	F	76.5	3.1	23.2	50.0	0.1

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.





# Chapter III

SOCIAL CONDITIONS

Chapter III

SOCIAL CONDITIONS

## EMPLOYMENT

**TABLE 20—EMPLOYED POPULATION CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRY  
(MAJOR DIVISION) AND SEX**

*Census 1971*

<i>Industry (Major Division)</i>	<i>Number (Thousands)</i>			<i>Percentages</i>		
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>
Total employed	3,648.8	2,838.4	810.4	100.00	77.8	22.2
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	1,828.9	1,327.7	501.2	50.1	36.4	13.7
Mining and quarrying	13.0	12.0	1.0	0.4	0.3	—
Manufacturing	339.4	240.1	99.2	9.3	6.6	2.7
Electricity, gas and water	9.5	9.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	—
Construction	103.5	102.3	1.2	2.8	2.8	—
Wholesale and retail trade and restaurants and hotels	343.7	320.4	23.3	9.4	8.8	0.6
Transport, storage and communication	178.8	175.5	3.3	1.7	1.6	0.1
Financing, insurance, real estate and business	24.9	23.2	1.7	0.7	0.7	—
Community, social and personal services	492.7	361.0	131.7	13.5	9.9	3.6
Activities not adequately defined	313.9	266.6	47.2	8.6	7.3	1.3

*Source* : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

3 TABLE 21—EMPLOYED POPULATION CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION  
(MAJOR GROUPS) AND SEX

Census 1971

Occupation (Major Group)	Number (Thousands)		Percentage			
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
Total employed	3,648.8	2,838.4	810.4	100.0	77.8	22.2
Professional, technical and related workers	178.4	105.2	73.2	4.9	2.9	2.0
Administrative and managerial workers	13.9	13.0	0.8	0.4	0.4	—
Clerical and related workers	186.1	166.5	19.6	5.1	4.6	0.5
Sales workers	272.3	255.1	17.2	7.5	7.0	0.5
Service workers	197.6	152.0	45.9	5.4	4.2	1.3
Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters	1,782.1	1,287.1	494.9	48.8	35.3	13.6
Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers	926.3	790.7	135.6	25.4	21.7	3.7
Workers not classified by occupation	91.4	68.5	22.9	2.5	1.9	0.6

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

**TABLE 22—MINIMUM AVERAGE DAILY RATES OF WAGES**  
(Base : 1952=100)

<i>Class of Workers</i>		1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Workers in agri- culture	R	5.14	6.03	6.30	8.84	11.8	14.28
	I	262.45	370.51	321.43	451.02	606.6	728.57
Workers in trade other than agri- culture	R	8.04	5.17	8.96	11.03	14.31	15.73
	I	275.20	282.30	306.90	377.74	490.07	538.70
Combined rate and index number	R	5.36	6.25	6.51	9.02	12.08	14.38
	I	263.20	306.25	319.12	442.16	592.16	704.90

*Source* : Dept. of Labour.

R— Wage Rate in Rs.

I— Index Number.

**TABLE 23—COLOMBO CONSUMERS' PRICE INDEX NUMBERS**  
(BASE : AVERAGE PRICE 1952=100)

Group	(Annual Averages)					
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
All items	198.3	200.7	203.2	227.8	252.3	318.2
Food	204.3	202.1	203.3	237.5	263.3	339.7
Clothing	208.2	211.7	223.8	226.2	231.2	239.9
Fuel and light	237.0	265.2	257.5	262.1	328.5	563.9
Rent	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8
Miscellaneous	191.9	203.8	208.4	224.8	252.4	293.8

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

**TABLE 24—TRADE UNIONS**

Item	(Number)					
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Registered <sup>(1)</sup>	147	195	175	102	105	95
Cancelled <sup>(2)</sup>	171	185	117	288	223	191
Functioning <sup>(3)</sup>	1,565	1,578	1,636	1,450	1,309	1,213
Total membership	1,266,271	1,066,429	1,399,902	967,795	1,440,720	1,337,664

Source : Dept. of Labour.

(<sup>1</sup>) During the year.

(<sup>3</sup>) End of year.

TABLE 25—STRIKES, WORKERS INVOLVED AND MAN-DAYS LOST (NUMBER)

Year	TOTAL			PLANTATIONS			OTHER		
	Strikes	Workers Involved	Man-days lost	Strikes	Workers involved	Man-days lost	Strikes	Workers involved	Man-days lost
1968	197	77,217	988,417	171	65,909	722,690	26	11,308	265,727
1969	189	573,178	464,165	146	566,861	406,150	43	6,317	58,015
1970	340	149,018	1,314,562	254	125,530	1,033,310	86	23,488	281,252
1971	157	90,802	513,294	125	50,847	273,531	32	39,955	239,763
1972	187	55,037	301,897	165	52,832	273,717	22	2,205	28,180
1973	238	93,656	390,739	215	89,393	360,217	23	4,263	30,522
1974	91	27,073	96,924	75	25,381	70,108	16	1,692	26,816
1975	69	21,897	79,224	66	19,981	66,474	3	1,916	12,750
1976	157	55,995	161,182	125	49,490	140,597	32	6,505	20,585
1977	119	38,667	210,470	88	33,586	188,271	31	5,081	22,199
1978	134	62,667	265,069	118	56,707	248,573	16	5,960	16,496
1979	173	55,994	293,852	163	50,969	238,247	10	5,025	55,605
1980	221	63,139	284,893	202	60,834	260,079	19	2,305	24,814

Source : Dept. of Labour.

TABLE 26—NUMBER OF INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS AND COMPENSATION PAID

	1975 <sup>(1)</sup>	1976 <sup>(1)</sup>	1977	1978	1979
Fatal accidents					
{ Number	135 <sup>(2)</sup>	160 <sup>(2)</sup>	252	96	105
{ Compensation paid—Rs.	730,955	893,821	1,011,792	..	..
Permanent disablements					
{ Number	82	90	56	..	..
{ Compensation paid—Rs.	144,330	161,160	103,972	..	..
Temporary disablements					
{ Number	972	936	1,513	..	..
{ Compensation paid—Rs.	153,785	92,822	206,474	..	..

Source : Dept. of Social Services.

<sup>(1)</sup> Figures relate to year ended 31st December.

<sup>(2)</sup> The increase in the number of fatal accidents shown for 1975 and 1976 was due mainly to the expeditious settlement of cases, which had arisen in previous years as well.



## HOUSING

TABLE 27—OCCUPIED PRIVATE HOUSING UNITS (1)

	Number	Average floor space in sq. metres per housing unit	Average No. of rooms per housing unit	Average size of housing unit (No. of persons)	Average No. of persons per room	Percentage supplied with electricity	Percentage supplied with pipe-borne water
<b>CENSUS 1963</b>							
Urban	318,140	48	2.0	6.6	2.8	32.4	45.6
Rural	1,653,600	39	1.9	5.4	2.6	2.2	13.3
TOTAL	1,971,740	40	1.9	5.5	2.6	7.0	18.7
<b>CENSUS 1971</b>							
Urban	421,155	48	2.4	6.2	2.8	34.5	45.3
Rural	1,558,765	43	2.3	5.6	2.5	2.8	4.8
Estate	237,558	28	1.4	4.8	3.4	4.1	74.8
TOTAL	2,217,478	41	2.2	5.6	2.4	9.0	20.1

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(1) A housing unit was taken to be any structure used as a place of residence (a) which was separate from other places of residence ; (b) which had independent access from a street, a public or common passage or staircase.

## HEALTH

TABLE 28—HOSPITALS, BEDS, PERSONNEL, PATIENTS TREATED AND EXPENDITURE ON HEALTH SERVICES

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
No. of hospitals <sup>(1)</sup>	347	356	359	374	380
No. of beds <sup>(1)</sup>	39,838	39,879	40,335	41,015	42,275
No. of doctors <sup>(2)</sup>	2,248	2,168	2,229	1,936	2,055
No. of assistant medical practitioners	1,059	1,018	1,051	931	1,018
No. of nurses <sup>(2)</sup>	5,782	5,640	5,938	6,638	6,834
No. of in-patients treated <sup>(2)</sup>	2,281,895	2,188,052	2,173,564	2,425,002	2,334,694
No. of central dispensaries	351	357	351	341	347
No. of out-patients visits <sup>(2)</sup>	26,589,717	25,764,406	28,419,101	29,400,124	27,980,713
Expenditure on health services (Rs. million)	416.6	471.0	589.0	736.1	861.4

Source : Dept. of Health Services.

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes maternity homes.<sup>(2)</sup> Includes only those in the Department of Health Services.<sup>(3)</sup> These figures do not indicate the number of patients. Repeated visits of the same patient after short intervals have been regarded as new cases.

**TABLE 29—HOSPITALS, BEDS, DOCTORS AND EXPENDITURE  
PER 100,000 OF THE POPULATION (1)**

<i>Year</i>	<i>Hospitals</i> (2)	<i>Beds</i> (2)	<i>Doctors</i> (3)	<i>Expenditure</i> (Rs. '000)
1945	2.30	109.4	5.7	324.8
1950	3.42	260.0	8.8	310.1
1955	3.14	278.7	10.9	1,058.1
1960	2.92	301.3	11.9	1,405.6
1971	2.63	304.8	16.8	2,112.7
1972	2.65	294.7	15.7	2,402.3(5)
1973(4)	2.60	290.0	16.4	1,945.2
1974	2.55	286.6	16.2	2,482.1
1975	2.50	286.1	15.3	2,461.5
1976	2.52	290.1	16.4	3,034.2
1977	2.55	286.1	15.6	3,378.8
1978	2.53	284.4	15.7	4,153.6
1979	2.58	291.6	13.4	5,086.7
1980	2.59	288.56	14.0	5,844.5

*Source* : Dept. of Health Services.

(1) Based on estimates prepared by the Department of Health Services.

(2) Excludes maternity homes.

(3) Includes only those in the Department of Health Services.

(4) From 1973 onwards figures relate to the calendar year as ended 31st December.

(5) Expenditure in respect of the 15-month period (October 1971 to December 1972).

## EDUCATION

TABLE 30—NUMBER OF SCHOOLS BY CATEGORY

	1978	1979	1980
Primary <sup>(1)</sup>	4,010	3,834	3,488
Junior Secondary <sup>(2)</sup>	3,974	3,994	3,911
Senior Secondary <sup>(3)</sup>	1,479	1,509	1,718
Other	256	289	677 <sup>(4)</sup>
Total	9,719	9,626	9,794

*Source : Ministry of Education.*

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(1) Inclusive of Estate Sector Schools.

(2) From Lower Kindergarten to Grade 10.

(3) From Lower Kindergarten to Grade 12. (Include private schools).

(4) Pirivenas, Private and Estate schools.

**TABLE 31—CLASSIFICATION OF GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS  
BY GRADE**

<i>Grades</i>	<i>Schools</i>		
	1978	1979	1980
1A	97	94	103
1B	311	323	372
1C	1,032	1,053	1,243
2	3,974	3,994	3,911
3	3,658	3,588	3,488
<b>Total No. of Schools</b>	<b>9,072</b>	<b>9,052</b>	<b>9,117</b>

*Source* : Ministry of Education

- 1A Schools having G.C.E. (A/L) science classes and hostel facilities.  
 1B Schools having G.C.E. (A/L) science classes and no hostel facilities.  
 1C Schools having G.C.E. (A/L) arts or commerce classes.  
 2 Schools having grade 6 and above up to grade 10.  
 3 Primary schools—schools having classes from grade 1 to 5.

**TABLE 32—TEACHERS CLASSIFIED BY QUALIFICATIONS**

	1978	1979	1980
Graduates—Science/Maths.	1,936	2,321	2,239
Graduates—Arts/Commerce	17,710	18,218	18,467
University Diploma Holders Maths./ Science/Others	299	327	187
Other Diplomas	4,186 <sup>(1)</sup>	3,548	2,539
Special Trained	18,624	21,208	22,814
Other Trained	50,982	51,499	50,939
All Other Teachers	25,853	36,128 <sup>(1)</sup>	39,723
Teachers in Training Colleges	5,170	4,149	6,909
<b>Total</b>	<b>124,760</b>	<b>137,398</b>	<b>143,817</b>

Source : Ministry of Education

<sup>(1)</sup> Inclusive of Certified Teachers.

TABLE 33—NUMBER OF SCHOOLS, TEACHERS, PUPILS AND GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Schools (Government)	9,649	9,689	9,719	9,626	9,117
Teachers <sup>(1)</sup> (Government)	111,097	122,744	124,760	139,297	136,908
Pupils (Government)	2,461,503	2,462,147	3,064,873	3,135,716	3,280,787
No. of Pupils per teacher	22	20	25	23	24
Actual expenditure in Rs. '000—					
(a) Education <sup>(2)</sup>	692,684	837,000	933,642	1,089,814	1,323,756
(b) Universities	45,000	47,450	59,250 <sup>(3)</sup>	91,785	123,757 <sup>(3)</sup>

(1) Excludes teachers in estate schools and Government authorised private schools but includes teacher trainees.

Note.—The fluctuation in the figure of the No. of schools due to—

(a) Large schools which had a junior department and a senior department were treated as two separate entities in certain years and as one entity in other years.

(b) Amalgamation of schools.

(2) Excludes expenditure in the Examinations Department and the Educational Publications Department.

(3) Estimated expenditure.

Source : Ministry of Education and  
Ministry of Higher Education.

## HIGHER EDUCATION

TABLE 34—INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEAVING BY DEPARTMENTS, STUDENTS AND TEACHERS (ACADEMIC YEAR) 1978 AND 1979/80

University	1978		1979/80	
	Number of Departments	Number of Teachers	Number of Departments	Number of Teachers
Colombo	30	1,842	34	1,915
Peradeniya	46	3,075	46	3,376
Moratuwa	18	669	13	717
Sri Jayawardenapura	13	1,462	14	1,765
Kelaniya	23	1,537	23	1,584
Jaffna	31	640	25	701
Ruhunu	..	..	12	226
		174		195
				421
				46

Source: Division of Planning and Research, University Grants Commission.



TABLE 35—STUDENTS AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING  
BY MAJOR COURSES OF STUDY<sup>(1)</sup>

University:	1977	1978	1979 <sup>(2)</sup>	1980
<b>Peradeniya—</b>				
Arts	1,995	2,093	2,298	2,459
Science	621	649	569	636
Engineering	626	677	795	789
Medicine	435	500	746	753
Dental Surgery	237	196	—	—
Veterinary Science	141	108	116	108
Agriculture	416	427	436	553
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,472</b>	<b>4,650</b>	<b>4,960</b>	<b>5,298</b>
<b>Colombo—</b>				
B.A. (General)	—	—	—	483
B.A. (Special)	—	—	—	621
Development Studies	1,131	1,281	—	110
Education	738	494	382	380
Law	152	151	166	166
Public Finance and Taxation	—	—	—	159
Estate Management and Valuation	—	—	—	—
Science	515	543	731	554
Medicine	814	815	861	862
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,350</b>	<b>3,284</b>	<b>2,140</b>	<b>3,335</b>
<b>Sri Jayawardenapura—</b>				
Arts	1,116	1,154	1,359	1,548
Estate Management and Valuation	—	—	—	—
Business and Public Administration	—	—	—	—
Commerce	—	—	—	—
Science	246	282	386	329
Development Studies	—	—	—	—
Applied Science	—	—	—	—
Management Studies and Commerce	899	981	1,089	1,090*
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,261</b>	<b>2,417</b>	<b>2,834</b>	<b>2,967</b>
<b>Ruhunu University College—</b>				
Arts	—	—	—	273
Science	—	—	—	109
Medicine (3)	—	—	—	—
Agriculture	—	—	—	39
<b>Total</b>				<b>421</b>

TABLE 35—STUDENTS AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING  
BY MAJOR COURSES OF STUDY<sup>(1)</sup>—(Contd.)

	1977	1978	1979 <sup>(2)</sup>	1980
<b>Kelaniya—</b>				
Arts	2,101	2,378	2,473	2,515
Education	—	—	—	—
Science	251	273	276	280
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,352</b>	<b>2,651</b>	<b>2,749</b>	<b>2,795</b>
<b>Moratuwa—</b>				
Built Environment	—	—	—	108
Engineering	616	610	676	657
Architecture	79	73	100	—
Applied Science	76	80	83	62
<b>Total</b>	<b>771</b>	<b>763</b>	<b>859</b>	<b>827</b>
<b>Jaffna—</b>				
Fine Arts	—	—	228	—
Arts	623	848	694	694
Science	518	353	460	444
Medicine	—	70	141	141
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,141</b>	<b>1,271</b>	<b>1,523</b>	<b>1,279</b>

Source : Division of Planning and Research,  
University Grants Commission.

(<sup>1</sup>) Academic Year January-December.

(<sup>2</sup>) Post Graduate Students not included.

(<sup>3</sup>) Medicine was started in 1978/79 and during the 1st and the 2nd year the students were admitted to University of Colombo.

\* Only management Studies.

TABLE 36—UNIVERSITIES: DEGREES AND DIPLOMAS OBTAINED BY STUDENTS (MALES AND FEMALES)

NUMBER OF STUDENTS

	Colombo University		Peradeniya University		Moratuwa University		Kelaniya University		Sri Jayawardenapura University		Jaffna University	
	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80
M.B.B.S.	178	139	11	71	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
B.D.S.	—	—	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
BSc. (Engineering)	—	—	105	113	121	114 <sup>(1)</sup>	—	—	—	—	—	—
BSc. (Agriculture)	—	—	112	101	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
BVScs.	—	—	30	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
BSc. (Science)	220	158	190	163	—	—	69	88	56	102	93	70
BSc. (Public Finance)	25	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
BSc. (Business Management and Public Administration)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	123	186	—	—
BSc. (Estate Management and Valuation)	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	—	—	—
BCom.	—	—	27	..	—	—	—	139	—	—	—	—
B Dev.	207	128	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	189	—	—
L.L.B.	125	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
BSc. (Built Environment)	—	—	—	—	12	31	..	—	..	—	—	—

TABLE 36—UNIVERSITIES : DEGREES AND DIPLOMAS OBTAINED BY STUDENTS (MALES AND FEMALES) (Contd.)

	NUMBER OF STUDENTS												
	Colombo University		Peradeniya University		Moratuwa University		Kelaniya University		Sri Jayawardenapura University		Jaffna University		
	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80	1978	1979/80	
B.A. (Gen. & Spe.)	—	118	515	526	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diploma in Education	04	282	—	—	—	—	—	474	532	—	—	—	—
Diploma in Buddhist Studies	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diploma in Statistics	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diploma in Applied Social Science	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diploma in Maths	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
M.A.	11	01	04	—	—	—	—	01	—	—	—	—	—
M.Sc. (Chemistry)	—	05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
M.Sc.	07	06	01	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
M.Sc. (Architecture)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
M.D.	05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
M.OG.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



## SOCIAL SERVICE

### TABLE 37—SOCIAL SERVICE INSTITUTIONS (1)

<i>Institutions</i>		1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Homes for the Elders	A	3	3	3	3	3	3
	B	49	52	48	46	46	46
Cottage Homes for the Elders (2)	A	15	15	15	15	15	15
	B	—(2)	—	—	—	—	—
Institutions for the mentally and physically handicapped	A	3	3	3	3	4	4
	B	29	28	28	35	35	35
Creches(3)	A	—	—	—	—	—	—
	B	134	183	183	194	197	218
Boys and Girls Homes(3)	A	5	5	5	7	7	7
	B	150	134	134	142	142	142
Voluntary Agencies engaged in outdoor relief work	A	—	—	—	—	—	—
	B	20	25	25	28	24	27
Homes for the socially handicapped	A	—	2	3	3	3	3
	B	—	—	4	4	4	4
National Co-ordinating Councils in Social Work	A	—	—	—	—	—	—
	B	5	5	5	5	5	5
House of Detention(3)	A	—	—	3	5	5	5
	B	—	—	—	—	—	—

*Source* : Dept. of Social Services.

A= State managed.

B= Privately managed.

(1) Figures relate to the year ending December 31.

(2) These institutions are run by *ad-hoc* Committees and managed by Asst. Govt. Agents.

(3) Department of Probation and Child Care.

TABLE 38—PERSONS IN RECEIPT OF ASSISTANCE

		1978	1979	1980
Public assistance monthly	No. of persons	153,294	189,040	..
allowances	Amount paid (1)	25,082	36,624	..
Casual relief	No. of persons	4,045	..	..
	Amount paid (1)	496	262	..
Flood relief	No. of families	59,410	..	..
	Amount paid (1)	3,707	11,606	..
Drought relief	No. of families	18,538	—	..
	Amount paid (1)	1,197(2)	—	..
Fishermen's relief	No. of persons	128	—	..
	Amount paid (1)	28	41	..
Supply of drinking water	No. of persons	9,658	—	..
	Amount paid (1)	350	349	..
Assistance to T. B. Patients	No. of persons	6,972	6,976	..
	Amount paid (1)	3,565	3,865	..
Cyclone relief	No. of Houses	—	..	..
	(a) Totally damaged	96,415	..	..
	(b) Partly damaged	145,302	..	..
	Amount Paid (1)	54,438	68,338	..
Communal disturbances	No. of Persons	—	..	..
	Amount paid (1)	4,945	291	..
prosy	No. of persons	373	674	..
	Amount paid (1)	265	497	..
Assistance to physically	No. of persons	24	205	..
handicapped	Amount paid (1)	17	885	..
Fire relief	No. of persons	113	—	..
	Amount paid (1)	41	—	..

Source : Dept. of Social Services.

(1) Rs. millions

(2) Value of provisions donated by World Food Programme.

## RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND CO-OPERATIVES

TABLE 39—RURAL DEVELOPMENT SOCIETIES AND THE VALUE OF SELF-HELP

Item	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Number of Rural Development Societies	1,973	2,983	4,495	..	9,334	9,762	11,789
Total expenditure on utility works (Rs. '000)	—	2,983	—	..	..	2,183 <sup>(1)</sup>	..
Government contribution (Rs. '000)	—	1,625	—	..	..	3,100	8,470
Value of self-help (Rs. '000)	—	1,200	—	..	..	..	1,796

Source : Dept. of Rural Development.

(1) Includes grants for cyclone victims.



# Chapter IV



AGRICULTURE

Chapter IV



APPENDIX

TABLE 40—DISTRIBUTION OF LAND USE

<i>Land Use</i>	<i>Hectares equivalent</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Total	6,569,331	100.0
1. Settlements and associated non-agricultural lands	19,534	0.3
2. Horticulture	586,309	9.0
3. Tree and other perennial crops :		
(a) Tea	259,473	3.9
(b) Rubber <sup>(1)</sup>	227,373	3.5
(c) Coconut <sup>(1)</sup>	250,464	3.8
(d) Other	54,029	0.7
4. Cropland :		
(a) Paddy	510,677	7.8
(b) Land under development	43,418	0.7
(c) Other	1,009,704	15.3
5. Improved permanent pasture	2,492	—
6. Grassland and scrubland	425,733	6.4
7. Woodland	2,899,457	44.2
8. Swamp and marsh	32,787	0.5
9. Unused land	43,147	0.7
10. Inland waters including salterns	204,734	3.2

Source : Aerial Survey based on a Canada-Colombo Plan Project—1961.

(1) It is possible that small holdings and mixed plantations have been included under items 2, 3 (d) and 4 (c). The aerial survey figures may, therefore, differ from the figures obtained at the Census of Agriculture—1962.

TABLE 41—AREA OF LAND UNDER PRINCIPAL CROPS (EXCLUDING PADDY) <sup>(1)</sup>

	(Hectares)							
	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	
Tea	242,191	241,877	240,578	242,012	242,899	244,099	244,710	
Rubber	228,002	227,633	226,977	226,563	226,323	226,599	222,312 <sup>(2)</sup>	
Coconut <sup>(3)</sup>	451,472	451,472	451,472	451,472	451,472	451,472	451,472	
Kurakkan	38,200	43,800	39,500	34,600	32,500	23,200	21,400	
Maize	33,800	39,700	38,300	27,500	24,800	19,500	19,400	
Chillies	53,300	49,500	54,600	51,700	50,200	36,000	38,300	
Red Onions	9,000	9,100	9,700	8,400	8,300	9,000	8,700	
Potatoes	3,200	3,100	3,100	3,100	2,900	4,100	4,500	
Manioc	182,400	164,800	151,200	95,800	74,300	53,600	51,000	
Sweet Potatoes	40,800	48,500	45,500	27,700	20,700	16,300	14,300	

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

<sup>(1)</sup> The annual extent under other crops except tea, rubber and coconut was arrived at by adding together area under cultivation during Maha and Yala Seasons. These figures are rounded off to the nearest hundred hectares.

<sup>(2)</sup> Estimated from the 1973 Agricultural Census.

<sup>(3)</sup> Area Estimated.

TABLE 42—AREA AND YIELD OF PADDY

Year	Season	Asweddumised Area Hectares	Sown Area Hectares	Harvested Area Hectares	Production Average in yield	
					'000 Metric Tonnes	Kilogrammes per Net Hectare
1970-71	Maha Yala	574,328	464,360	440,689	867	2,315
			261,489	253,082	529	2,457
1971-72	Maha Yala	586,148	479,973	419,049	883	2,480
			246,265	219,922	429	2,296
1972-73	Maha Yala	582,697	477,112	439,134	876	2,348
			248,126	232,555	436	2,206
1973-74	Maha Yala	606,417	533,303	521,382	1,098	2,460
			291,471	275,639	504	2,152
1974-75	Maha Yala	620,613	443,475	354,222	719	2,384
			252,329	243,007	435	2,106
1975-76	Maha Yala	620,972	464,159	425,707	882	2,432
			259,780	209,764	370	2,078
1976-77	Maha Yala	642,861	537,726	505,863	1,144	2,658
			290,340	276,422	533	2,268
1977-78	Maha Yala	657,806	574,946	552,731	1,286	2,734
			300,428	286,694	605	2,403
1978-79	Maha Yala	653,168	584,214	556,948	1,393	2,820
			261,660	232,614	524	2,575
1979-80	Maha Yala	658,964	578,117	559,092	1,453	2,951
			272,481	262,499	680	2,887

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

Note:

*Maha Season.*—Crop sown from July to November (in Badulla and Moneragala, July to December).

*Yala Season.*—Crop sown from February to June (in Badulla and Moneragala, January to June).

**TABLE 43—PRODUCTION AND THE COST OF PRODUCTION OF PRINCIPAL CROPS (EXCLUDING PADDY)**

Year	TEA		RUBBER		COCONUT	
	Production (Kilograms Thousands)	Cost of Production per Kilogram cts.	Production (Kilograms Thousands)	Cost of Production per Kilogram cts.	Production (Thousand nuts)	Cost of Production per 1,000 nuts Rs. Cts.
1968	225,045	328	148,820	159	2,601,000	69-29
1969	219,701	333	150,877	156	2,528,419	73-03
1970	212,271	335	159,203	152	2,536,263	76-70
1971	213,297	339	140,541	163	2,681,856	76-50
1972	213,535	353	143,273	165	2,875,604	77-13
1973	211,346	447	154,719	258	1,956,780	98-32
1974	204,096	555	132,045	304	2,044,000	103-34
1975	213,775	626	148,793	344	2,585,000	114-63
1976	196,613	692	152,133	417	2,330,000	162-00
1977	208,571	863	146,243	545	1,821,000	173-55
1978	198,980	1,143	155,662	575	2,207,000	261-72
1979	206,417	1,292	152,703	786	2,393,000	387-80
1980	191,375	..	133,151	..	2,026,150	..

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

**Note:**

Marketing costs, depreciation of fixed asset and directors' fees are now being included in the computation from 1973.

TABLE 44—IRRIGATION OF PADDY LAND

(Hectares)

Year	MAJOR SCHEMES		MINOR SCHEMES	
	Irrigable Area <sup>(1)</sup>	Irrigated Area <sup>(2)</sup>	Irrigable Area <sup>(1)</sup>	Irrigated Area <sup>(2)</sup>
1972	184,053	245,857	166,664	184,320
1973	188,406	245,839	164,955	181,170
1974	196,416	273,603	168,675	203,413
1975	202,967	213,063	173,236	156,913
1976	206,355	236,676	177,526	165,407
1977	208,371	283,433	180,974	203,115
1978	216,953	319,648	185,435	216,167
1979	228,378	328,294	171,265	194,618
1980	238,531	330,335	167,352	194,587

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(<sup>1</sup>) Irrigable area denotes asweddumized extent under major and minor schemes during the year.

(<sup>2</sup>) Irrigated area denotes the extent in respect of which irrigation facilities were available for purpose of cultivation for both seasons together in the cultivation year

**TABLE 45—INDEX OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION  
(VOLUME)**

(Base 1962=100)

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Tea	92.78	98.42	93.92	98.38	90.34
Rubber	146.22	140.52	149.57	146.77	127.97
Coconut	90.66	70.86	85.88	93.11	78.84
Paddy	125.07	167.47	188.76	191.43	212.99
Highland crops	286.99	244.50	239.19	264.32	277.90
Livestock and livestock produces	135.06	156.35	144.36	156.90	170.80
Minor export crops	98.14	115.81	131.28	129.67	140.09
Overall index	120.26	125.76	130.08	136.16	136.68

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.



TABLE 46—LIVESTOCK (INCLUDING POULTRY)

	Number				
	1973 <sup>(1)</sup>	1977 <sup>(2)</sup>	1978 <sup>(2)</sup>	1979 <sup>(2)</sup>	1980 <sup>(2)</sup>
Neat cattle	1,016,173	1,691,600	1,541,300	1,622,500	1,644,300
Buffaloes	384,337	796,600	814,200	843,700	843,100
Goats	209,610	545,200	449,900	461,000	492,600
Sheep	17,895	27,400	22,600	24,400	28,000
Pigs	47,254	36,400	40,800	48,700	71,300
Poultry	3,828,546	5,844,000	4,925,200	5,897,700	6,340,600

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(<sup>1</sup>) Census

(<sup>2</sup>) Figures are rounded off to the nearest hundred.

TABLE 47—MILK AND EGG PRODUCTION

Unit	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Milk '000 Litres	214,178 <sup>(1)</sup>	250,313 <sup>(1)</sup>	265,915 <sup>(1)</sup>	267,357 <sup>(1)</sup>	260 397	283,416
Eggs '000 Dozens	31,059	30,444 <sup>(1)</sup>	31,651 <sup>(1)</sup>	30,020	30,020	45,399

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(<sup>1</sup>) Revised figures.

TABLE 48—FISH PRODUCTION

Item	(Metric Tonnes)					
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979 <sup>(3)</sup>	1980 <sup>(4)</sup>
Fresh fish (Marine) <sup>(1)</sup>	115,819	123,316	125,683	139,833	151,027	162,918
Fresh water fish	13,305	12,539	13,040	16,736	17,379	20,327
Cured fish <sup>(2)</sup>	6,233	7,487	7,561	6,464	6,285	8,170

Source : Ministry of Fisheries.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes Government and private trawler landings.

<sup>(2)</sup> Already included in wet form in the items above.

<sup>(3)</sup> Revised Figures.

<sup>(4)</sup> Provisional.

TABLE 49—FISHING CRAFT

Craft used	(Number)					
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Trawlers	4	9	5	14	6	6
Tuna boats	1	2	2	2	..	—
3½-ton mechanical craft	2,294	2,445	2,443	2,545	2,868	2,861
Other mechanized craft	4,939	5,281	5,290	7,193	6,278	9,128
Other non-mechanized craft	14,456	13,816	14,456	13,581	14,190	15,149
10 and 11-ton boats	12	15	12	32	31	30

Source : Ministry of Fisheries.

TABLE 50—FOREST AREA AND WILD LIFE RESERVES

	(Hectares)			
	1977	1978	1979	1980
1. Proclaimed Reserves	470,347	471,336	469,035	469,031·5
2. Proposed Reserves	482,993	487,176	485,304	484,892·5
3. Other State Forests	810,000	809,388	809,400	809,400·0
4. Forest Plantations	110,007	117,865	122,614	106,996·0
(a) Teak	62,834	65,618	67,404	69,527·8
(b) Mahogany	23,193	23,417	18,708	19,113·5
(c) Eucalyptus	11,062	12,315	15,525	18,402·5
(d) Pines/Bamboo	10,054	12,402	13,841	17,107·4
(e) Other Species	2,862	4,111	7,136	3,493·7
5. National Parks	304,676	304,440	304,440	305,452 <sup>(1)</sup>
6. Intermediate Zones	36,103	36,075	36,075	..
7. Nature Reserves	63,936	63,887	63,887	63,777
8. Jungle Corridor	10,368	11,395	10,359	10,342
9. Sanctuaries	205,294	205,135	207,067	205,213 <sup>(1)</sup>

Source : Forest Dept.

Wild Life Conservation Dept.

<sup>(1)</sup> including Intermediate zones

**TABLE 51—TIMBER PRODUCTION**

<i>Items</i>	<i>Unit</i>	<i>1977</i>	<i>1978</i>	<i>1979</i>	<i>1980</i>
Soft Timber	Cu. Metres	10,324	3,188	2,022	11,475
Other logs	Cu. Metres	57,925	56,210	88,326	171,963
Ebony logs	Cu. Metres	500	89	93	814
Sawn Timber	Cu. Metres	17,253	11,511	12,737	22,079
Railway Sleepers	Number	42,708	1,993	14,425	95,911
Electrical Trans- mission Posts	Number	14,100	7,979	23,007	44,574
Telegraph Posts	Number	—	—	—	
Firewood	Cu. Metres	73,654	121,777	99,851	314,93

*Source : State Timber Corporation.*

TABLE 52—SUMMARY OF FOOD BALANCE SHEET—1978

Items	Unit '000 Metric Tonnes				Per Capita Supplies			
	Production	Gross Imports	Available Supply	Food Net	Food Grams Per Day	Calories Per Day	Protein Grams Per Day	Fat Grams Per Day
Cereals	1,932.09	971.45	2,892.09	2,246.52	397.11	1,383.65	31.55	2.34
Roots and Other Starchy								
Foods	748.16	1.29	749.45	523.87	101.18	149.81	0.83	0.21
Sugar	26.21	163.25	191.02	190.85	36.88	146.78	—	—
Pulses	31.12	17.19	48.26	45.06	8.68	28.73	2.13	0.07
Coconut (shelled)	750.81	—	750.81	434.77	83.97	372.83	3.78	34.93
Vegetables (onions)	512.14	—	512.14	479.03	92.49	50.78	2.40	0.21
Fruits	141.97	—	141.97	141.97	27.42	21.18	0.24	0.03
Meat	16.88	0.55	17.43	17.43	3.38	4.21	0.76	0.12
Eggs	20.43	—	20.43	20.06	3.86	6.68	0.51	0.51
Fish :								
(i) Fresh	159.59	—	154.16	87.98	16.99	22.13	3.30	0.87
(ii) Dried and Salted	9.51	2.88	12.06	12.06	2.33	5.71	1.80	0.09
(iii) Tinned	0.00	42.95	37.02	37.02	7.15	12.29	1.90	0.70

TABLE 52—SUMMARY OF FOOD BALANCE SHEET—1978 (Contd.)

Items	Production	Gross Imports	Available Supply	Food Net	Per Capita Supplies			
					Food Grams Per Day	Calories Per Day	Protein Grams Per Day	Fat Grams Per Day
Milk :								
(i) Fresh	224.08	—	224.08	178.60	34.52	25.87	1.17	1.69
(ii) Whole Dried	1.38	17.18	18.61	18.61	3.59	17.81	0.93	0.96
(iii) Condensed	5.08	4.58	9.71	9.71	1.86	5.90	0.13	0.15
(iv) Milk Foods	0.20	—	0.20	0.20	0.03	0.15	0.08	0.01
Oils and Fats	259.12	1.08	190.35	40.96	7.92	70.90	—	7.68

Estimated mid-year population ('000).

TABLE 52—SUMMARY OF FOOD BALANCE SHEET—1979 (Contd.)

Items	Unit '000 Metric Tonnes		Per Capita Supplies					
	Produc- tion	Gross Imports	Availa- ble Supply	Food net	Cal's per day	Proteins grams per day	Fats grams per day	
Cereals	1,955.01	842.41	2,712.83	1,912.46	361.91	1,261.14	28.39	2.12
Roots and Other Starchy food	721.09	7.61	728.70	509.42	96.41	140.54	0.83	0.21
Sugar	19.65	245.31	246.41	229.96	43.51	173.17	—	—
Pulses	38.97	28.28	67.88	63.60	12.02	39.60	2.96	0.09
Coconut (shelled)	814.08	—	814.08	496.93	94.03	417.49	41.23	39.12
Vegetables (onions)	531.52	915.2	541.04	500.79	94.79	52.11	2.45	0.21
Fruits	144.91	—	144.91	144.91	27.42	21.18	0.24	0.03
Meat	16.40	0.61	17.01	17.01	3.25	4.09	0.73	0.12
Eggs	24.51	—	24.51	24.07	4.55	7.87	0.60	0.60
Fish :								
(i) Fresh	168.37	—	165.49	95.97	18.16	23.41	3.52	0.91
(ii) Dried and Salted	9.42	6.90	16.32	16.32	3.09	7.57	1.56	0.12
(iii) Tinned	0.00	11.87	17.26	17.26	3.26	5.61	0.68	0.32
Milk :								
(i) Fresh	218.24	—	218.24	179.35	33.95	25.77	1.15	1.68
(ii) Whole Dried	4.29	20.21	20.39	20.39	3.86	19.14	0.99	1.03
(iii) Condensed	5.53	8.27	13.96	13.96	2.63	8.34	0.19	0.22
(iv) Milk Foods	0.11	—	0.11	0.11	0.03	0.15	0.08	0.01
Oils and Fats	313.29	1.42	237.63	64.49	12.21	109.42	—	12.16

Estimated mid-year population ('000) = 14,477

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.





# Chapter V

INDUSTRY

Chapter V

1874

TABLE 53—ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

Item	Unit	1977	1978	1979	1980
1. Electricity—					
Installed capacity	1000 K.W.	402	401	401	421
Energy production	1000 K.W.H.	1,219,000	1,376,700	1,525,500	1,479,000
Domestic users :	Number	96,009	109,500	137,000	167,991
(a) No. of consumers	1000 K.W.H.	103,596	115,500	149,000	191,000
(b) Energy consumed					
Commercial users :	Number	24,311	26,600	31,000	34,869
(a) No. of consumers	1000 K.W.H.	154,378	157,900	203,000	223,000
(b) Energy consumed					
Industrial users :	Number	3,296	3,700	3,800	4,472
(a) No. of Consumers	1000 K.W.H.	515,325	593,100	638,000	626,000
(b) Energy consumed					
2. Gas—					
Production	1000 Cu. Metres	4,305	5,596	6,283	5,914

Source : Ceylon Electricity Board.

Colombo Gas and Water Company Ltd.  
(Govt. Owned)

TABLE 54—ANNUAL OUTPUT OF STATE INDUSTRIES

Corporation	Product	Unit	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 <sup>(5)</sup>
1. National Milk Board	Milk processed	'000 Litres	11,848	16,862	17,274	18,988	20,155
2. Condensed Milk Factory	Condensed milk	'000 Cans	16,767	14,834	11,847	13,933	10,000
	Powdered milk	'000 lb Tins and pkts	21,384	20,684	25,950	29,227	31,777
3. Eastern Paper Mills— Manufacturing Trading	Paper	Metric tonnes	17,257	19,740	16,498	14,728	15,066
	Exercise books	'000	—	7,727	7,167	10,052	3,037 <sup>(6)</sup>
4. Ceylon Ceramics— Negombo Factory Piliyandala	Ceramicware	Metric tonnes	682	2,947	3,541	3,572	3,282
	Ceramicware	Metric tonnes	1,740				
	Sanitaryware	Metric tonnes	550	647	790	781	1,074
	Wall tiles	Metric tonnes	1,767	1,910	1,912	1,757	1,879
Kaolin Refinery	Kaolin	Metric tonnes	4,353	5,182	5,541	5,798	6,614
	Bricks and Tiles	Valve Rs. '000	25,728	26,598	33,307	25,317	32,447
	Electrical apparatus	Metric tonnes	326	314	348	427	444
5. Ceylon Oils and Fats— Oil Mill	Coconut oil <sup>(1)</sup>	Metric tonnes	264	217	225	31	—
Provender Plant	Animals foods	Metric tonnes	46,741	42,017	41,729	62,863	81,183
Fatty Acid Plant	Fatty acid	Metric tonnes	958	443	508	558	419
	Glycerine	Metric tonnes	111	54	49	72	60
	Other oils	Metric tonnes	..	..	..	..	..

6. Ceylon Plywood Corporation—

3 plywood (17)				4,282	3,572	3,094	3,157	3,475
Tea Chests (Full)	'000 Sets			2,266	1,461	1,111	1,049	875
Tea Chests (Half)	'000 Sets			—	575	435	509	516
3 plywood Board	'000 Sq. metre			—	109	212	161	434
Doors	'000			44	33	—	43	121
Black-Boards	'000			—	20	—	29	—
Office Tables	Number			—	—	—	—	—
Ping-pong Tables	Number			—	—	—	—	—
Office Trays	Number			—	—	—	—	—
Chip-board veneered	Sq. metre			—	—	—	—	1,069
Chip-board unveneered	Cu. metre			—	2,472	2,786	2,817	5,291
Sawn Timber	Cu. metre			—	4,154	2,553	2,775	3,197

*Carpentry Division*  
Furniture

	Value Rs. '000			—	—	9,701	16,256	14,728
7. Ceylon Leather Products	'000 Sq. metre			114	—	107	119	103
Chrome	'000 Pairs			167	177	278	293	297
Shoes	'000 kgs			—	—	121	101	91
Other products				—	—	—	—	—

8. Paranthan Chemicals	Metric tonnes			1,571	1,515	1,865	1,723	1,827
Caustic Soda	Metric tonnes			703	644	1,156	1,274	1,456
Chlorine	Metric tonnes			502	530	486	519	521
Table salt	Metric tonnes			600	540	668	1,041	982
Hydrochloric Acid	Metric tonnes			—	—	—	—	—

TABLE 54—ANNUAL OUTPUT OF STATE INDUSTRIES—(Contd.)

Corporation	Product	Unit	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 <sup>(4)</sup>
9. Sri Lanka Sugar—							
Kantalai Factory	Sugar	Metric tonnes	9,394	8,868	10,046	9,791	13,754
	Spirits	Kilo litres	2,594 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,274 <sup>(3)</sup>	2,645 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,466 <sup>(3)</sup>	2,754 <sup>(3)</sup>
Gal Oya Factory	Sugar	Metric tonnes	13,881	14,185	15,922	9,855	12,535
	Spirits	Kilo litres	3,998 <sup>(3)</sup>	2,490 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,270 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,211 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,163 <sup>(3)</sup>
	Dry Gin	Litres	17,484	17,281	32,026	38,575	81,153
	Lemon Gin	Litres	1,005	3,214	4,981	10,492	4,489
	Orange Gin	Litres	—	1,282	940	1,298	155
	Beehive Brandy	Litres	31,236	30,115	88,917	..	38,917
	Gregsons Whiskey	Litres	4,010	3,578	10,639 <sup>(3)</sup>	10,971	18
	Rum	Litres	723	8,192	30,592	33,415	12,865
	Arrack	Litres	324,407	265,426	357,130	538,946	253,267
	Methylated spirits	Bottles	377,960	330,881	371,780	443,325	439,500
10. Ceylon Cement—							
KKS Factory	Cement	Metric tonnes	109,352	161,860	191,931	245,194	200,418
Galle Factory	Cement	Metric tonnes	36,622	31,898	61,719	35,448	49,620
Puttalam Factory	Cement	Metric tonnes	189,678	167,684	321,411	379,956	372,761
11. Ceylon Mineral Sands							
	Ilmenite	Metric tonnes	55,810	20,137	35,904	55,370	29,929
	Rutile	Metric tonnes	1,039	1,070	11,497	14,677	12,789

12. National Salt	Salt	Metric tonnes	140,497	47,101	151,656	123,356	114,270
13. National Textiles	Yarn	'000 Kgs	7,374	5,030	5,748	6,247	4,269
	Textiles	'000 Metres	10,886	14,918	18,270	17,840	15,342
14. Ceylon Steel	Rolled Iron	Metric tonnes	28,295	24,558	33,111	45,354	52,705
	Wire Products	Metric tonnes	9,028	7,604	13,167	10,563	12,423
15. Ceylon Tyre	Tyres	No.	181,416	156,496	256,268	272,661	268,451
	Tubes	No.	156,276	141,039	232,263	251,171	204,998
	Flaps	No.	41,916	33,291			
16. State Hardware	Hardware Items	'000 Units	1,124	1,104	1,606	2,120	1,910
	Cast Iron Factory	Castings	Metric tonnes	2,053	2,055	1,859	1,073
17. Ceylon Fisheries	Fish Caught	Metric tonnes	548	312	556	603	306
	Fished Purchased	Metric tonnes	3,896	2,761	4,278	2,950	2,867
	Cured Fish	Metric tonnes	96	46	159	125	57
	Fish Meal	Metric tonnes	203	171	184	218	97
	Liver Oil	Litres	..	1,770	1,838	..	995
	Medicinal Shark	Litres	2,161	11,507	4,436	9,365	47
	Veterinary Shark	Litres	2,721	1,392	1,592	1,159	162
18. State Flour Milling	Flour	Metric tonnes	93,639	72,740	61,789	69,024	57,616
	By-Products	Metric tonnes	33,774	27,132	24,833	29,508	27,553
19. State Timber	Sawn Timber	Cu. metres	23,408	185,821	11,503	12,544	22,076
20. State Graphite	Plumbago	Metric tonnes	8,135	8,850	10,666	9,491	7,794

TABLE 54—ANNUAL OUTPUT OF STATE INDUSTRIES—(Contd.)

Corporation	Product	Unit	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 <sup>(4)</sup>
21. Sri Lanka Petroleum	Gasoline	Metric tonnes	99,371	103,348	120,623	101,924	109,371
	Kerosene	Metric tonnes	188,331	185,447	211,313	189,446	179,341
	Chemical Naptha	Metric tonnes	103,484	102,197	82,372	84,254	150,850
	Diesel	Metric tonnes	320,394	368,428	359,443	339,791	384,311
	Asphalt	Metric tonnes	30,000	25,202	24,872	24,391	26,174
	Fuel Oil	Metric tonnes	513,678	545,349	547,377	542,918	744,877
	Blending Plant	Litre	..	..	..	..	..
	Lubricating Oil	I. G.	..	..	..	..	..
		Value Rs. '000	1,144	4,901	7,421	7,204	8,936
			3,385,561	4,050,784	20,810,122	25,026,265	
22. Ayurvedic Drugs							
23. Sri Lanka Tobacco Industries	Beedi (Number)	Millions	1,586	2,318	2,395	2,797	1,762
	Cigars (Number)	1,000	916	370	..	..	..

Source: Central Bank and Corporations.

Note.—All figures relate to the calendar year ended 31 December.

<sup>(1)</sup> For industrial uses.

<sup>(2)</sup> Figures for 1978 are in respect of "John Pitt Whisky".

<sup>(3)</sup> Unit of Production relate to "Proof Litres".

<sup>(4)</sup> Provisional

<sup>(5)</sup> No production for five months.



TABLE 55—INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS—PRIVATE SECTOR<sup>(1)</sup>

Div.	Industry Description	1978			1979 <sup>(2)</sup>			1980 <sup>(2)</sup>		
		Rep. units	Value Rs. million	Emp. million	Rep. units	Value Rs. million	Emp. million	Rep. Units	Value Rs. million	Emp. million
1.31	Food Beverages and Tobacco	192	1,348.5	11,156	189	1,575.8	9,801	189	1,683.1	10,935
2.32	Textile wearing apparel and leather industries	868	600.9	26,911	898	641.0	28,232	898	764.2	29,642
3.33	Wood and wood products and furniture	145	53.0	5,423	145	60.5	5,931	145	69.7	6,321
4.34	Paper and paper products including printing and publishing	81	153.8	4,061	81	172.9	3,345	81	193.7	4,281
5.35	Chemical, chemical petroleum, coal rubber and plastic products	381	727.9	11,219	371	850.6	13,111	371	922.8	15,206
6.36	Non-metallic mineral products	131	116.6	4,102	130	175.7	7,578	130	178.4	8,031
7.37	Basic metal industries	21	108.8	1,570	19	113.2	1,156	19	118.8	1,224
8.38	Fabricated metal products, machinery and equipment	575	666.5	23,586	601	841.2	23,370	601	911.7	24,771

TABLE 55—INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS—PRIVATE SECTOR<sup>(1)</sup>

Div.	Industry Description	1973		1979 <sup>(2)</sup>		1980 <sup>(2)</sup>				
		Rep. units	Value Rs. million	Rep. units	Value Rs. million	Rep. units	Value Rs. million			
9.39	Other manufacturing industries	110	35.5	2,568	98	55.3	2,690	98	58.1	2,851
	Grand Total	2,504	3,811.5	90,596	2,532	4486.2	95,214	2,532	4,900.5	103,262

Source: Ministry of Industries and Scientific Affairs,  
Dept. of Census and Statistics.

Note.—Rep. unit—Reporting unit.

Emp.—Employed number.

Base 1966 = 100 Value added

<sup>(1)</sup> Coverage confined to Industrial establishments registered with the Ministry of Industries and Scientific Affairs. Value refers to "Ex-factory value".

<sup>(2)</sup> Provisional.

# Chapter VI

TRADE

Chapter IV

1921

TABLE 56—BALANCE OF TRADE

(Rs. Million)

Year	Customs Data <sup>(1)</sup>		Balance of Trade	Customs Data Adjusted <sup>(2)</sup>		Balance of Trade
	Total Exports (f.o.b.)	Total Imports (c.i.f.)		Total Exports (f.o.b.)	Total Imports (c.i.f.)	
	1973	2,617		2,715	- 98	
1974	3,472	4,554	- 1,082	3,503	4,770	- 1,267
1975	3,933	5,251	- 1,318	3,968	5,196	- 1,228
1976	4,815	4,689	+ 126	4,840	4,945	- 105
1977	6,638	6,007	+ 631	6,570	6,061	+ 509
1978	13,206	14,663	- 1,457	13,193	15,366	- 2,173
1979	15,273	22,560	- 7,287	15,282	22,602	- 7,320
1980 <sup>(3)</sup>	17,273	33,637	- 16,364	17,630	33,374	- 15,744

Source : Customs Returns  
Dept. of Census and Statistics

<sup>(1)</sup>Trade data compiled from export and import entries. There is a considerable timing between the actual data of export/import and the date on which the entries are passed.

<sup>(2)</sup>Adjusted for actual imports of Food Commissioner and Petroleum Corporation.

<sup>(3)</sup> Provisional.

TABLE 57—VALUE AND DISTRIBUTION OF IMPORTS<sup>(1)</sup> AND DOMESTIC EXPORTS<sup>(2)</sup>

	1978		1979		1980	
	Value Rs. '000	Per cent	Value Rs. '000	Per cent	Value Rs. '000	Per cent
<b>IMPORTS</b>						
Total	14,556,879	100.00	22,439,701	100.00	33,534,140	100.00
<b>Commonwealth—</b>						
United Kingdom	1,396,139	9.59	2,014,866	8.98	3,206,039	9.56
Canada	343,343	2.36	291,320	1.30	402,580	1.20
Australia	738,411	5.07	1,077,939	4.80	653,036	1.95
India	1,242,036	8.53	2,334,369	10.40	1,594,163	4.75
Other	876,925	6.02	2,272,558	10.13	3,654,065	10.90
<b>Foreign—</b>						
Pakistan	172,181	1.18	493,013	2.20	496,588	1.48
U. S. A.	1,204,580	8.28	1,210,995	5.40	1,492,614	4.45
U. S. S. R.	237,508	1.63	167,789	0.75	177,397	0.53
China	452,544	3.11	1,039,204	4.63	840,220	2.51
Japan	1,590,375	10.93	3,005,291	13.93	4,301,769	12.83
Other	4,219,699	28.99	7,100,863	31.64	13,179,388	39.30
G. D. R.	35,404	0.24	13,922	0.06	22,714	0.07
France	690,707	4.74	481,668	2.15	1,309,694	3.91
Burma	493,687	3.43	196,112	0.87	389,601	1.16
Iran	858,340	5.90	739,792	3.30	1,814,272	5.41

TABLE 57—VALUE AND DISTRIBUTION OF IMPORTS<sup>(1)</sup> AND DOMESTIC EXPORTS<sup>(2)</sup>—(Contd.)

	1978		1979		1980	
	Value Rs.'000	Per cent	Value Rs.'000	Per cent	Value Rs.'000	Per cent
<b>DOMESTIC EXPORTS</b>						
Total	13,173,255	100.00	15,221,688	100.00	17,172,391	100.00
<b>Commonwealth—</b>						
United Kingdom	1,038,486	7.88	1,230,773	8.09	1,278,377	7.44
Canada	291,056	2.21	226,339	1.49	258,173	1.50
Australia	254,751	1.94	228,128	1.50	189,254	1.10
India	110,189	0.84	194,299	1.28	567,969	3.31
Other	1,216,961	9.24	1,042,530	6.85	1,317,621	7.67
<b>Foreign—</b>						
Pakistan	689,418	5.23	686,187	4.51	568,026	3.31
U. S. A.	924,921	7.02	1,585,184	10.41	1,925,276	11.21
U. S. S. R.	196,966	1.49	476,992	3.13	518,903	3.02
China	955,638	7.25	856,770	5.63	848,442	4.94
Japan	766,300	5.82	1,037,069	6.81	552,020	3.21
G. F. R.	564,918	4.29	902,412	5.93	917,953	5.35
South Africa	201,403	1.53	259,922	1.71	312,638	1.82
Others	5,294,774	40.19	5,131,801	33.71	5,944,089	34.61
Bunkers	667,474	5.07	1,363,283	8.96	1,973,650	11.49

Source : Customs Return.

<sup>(1)</sup>Excludes bullion and specie.

<sup>(2)</sup>Includes postal articles and ships stores.

TABLE 58—COMPOSITION OF IMPORTS<sup>(1)</sup>

	(Rs. million)				
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
1. Consumer goods	1,732	2,534	5,618	7,824	9,884
(a) Food and drink	1,534	2,181	4,127	4,807	6,134
(i) Rice	642	916	689	884	756
(ii) Flour	671	871	2,192	1,691	1,788
(iii) Sugar	63	196	620	929	1,915
(b) Textile (inc. clothing)	49	150	531	1,536	1,712
(c) Other consumer goods	149	203	959	1,481	2,029
2. Intermediate goods	2,256	2,648	5,591	9,143	15,495
3. Investment goods	643	746	3,367	5,459	8,141
4. Unclassified imports	54	79	110	134	118
5. Total	4,634	6,007	14,687	22,560	33,637

Source : Central Bank and Customs Return.

(1) Customs data adjusted for Food Commissioner's and Petroleum Corporation's actual imports.

TABLE 59—COMPOSITION OF EXPORTS

Commodity	(Rs. Million)				
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Tea	2,100	3,502	6,401	5,722	6,170
Rubber	830	931	2,025	2,502	2,633
Major Coconut products	383	334	971	1,298	754
(a) Copra	7	2	10	13	5
(b) Coconut Oil	188	40	322	509	49
(c) Desiccated Coconut	180	292	639	775	701
(d) Fresh Nuts	8	—	—	1	—
Precious and Semi Precious Stones	261	297	531	490	458
Other Domestic exports	1,167	1,103	2,580	3,853	5,190
Bunkers Domestic	46	448	667	1,363	1,974
Total Domestic exports	4,787	6,615	13,175	15,228	17,179
Re-exports	14	22	31	45	94
Total	4,801	6,637	13,206	15,273	17,273

Source : Central Bank and Customs Return.



**TABLE 60—IMPORTS OF RICE, FLOUR AND SUGAR**

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>(000 Metric Tonnes)</i>			
	1977	1978	1979	1980
Rice	543	170	212	189
Flour	532	615	467	361
Sugar	100	166	245	199

*Source* : Food Commissioner's Dept.

**TABLE 61—EXPORTS (VOLUME) OF MAJOR COMMODITIES**

<i>Commodity</i>	1977	1978	1979	1980
Tea—Thousand Metric-Tonnes	184	193	187	184
Rubber—Thousand Metric Tonnes	134	132	115	113
(i) Sheet	78	77	63	61
(ii) Crepe	56	55	52	52
Copra—Metric Tonnes	275	924	830	275
Coconut oil—Thousand Metric Tonnes	9	30	32	3
Coconut desiccated—Thousand Metric Tonnes	30	51	40	31

*Source* : Customs Return.

TABLE 62.—PRICES OF EXPORT COMMODITIES

Commodity	1976		1977		1978		1979		1980	
	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market <sup>(1)</sup>
Tea	10.29	7.04	18.86	13.71	32.22	11.61	31.37	10.12	33.53	19.16
Rubber—										
(1) RSS No. 1	5.66	4.09	6.85 <sup>(2)</sup>	4.33	14.64 <sup>(2)</sup>	6.20	18.79 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.51	23.30 <sup>(2)</sup>	10.67
(2) Latex crepe	8.00	6.10		5.12	6.64			11.31		10.77
Copra	5.48	1.83	7.91	3.44	10.73	3.37	14.45	4.60	18.18	5.31
Coconut oil	3.10	2.91	4.40	5.67	10.64	5.25	15.23	7.19	16.33	9.48
Coconut desiccated	3.90	3.24	9.62	5.95	12.50	5.28	18.33	6.67	22.61	9.52

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

<sup>(1)</sup> Average Colombo Market price—

Tea—Derived from the Colombo Auction price.

Rubber—Derived from the Weekly Market Report.

Copra—Estate No. 1.

Coconut oil

Coconut desiccated

} Annual Report of the Central Bank.

<sup>(2)</sup>All Rubber Varieties

TABLE 63—INDEX NUMBERS OF EXTERNAL TRADE  
(PRICE, VOLUME AND TERMS OF TRADE)

(Base 1978=100)

	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
<b>Price</b>						
Imports	49	44	54	100	152	217
Exports	29	34	55	100	109	126
Terms of Trade <sup>(1)</sup>	58	78	102	100	72	58
<b>Volume</b>						
Imports	52	57	73	100	123	140
Exports	107	102	94	100	101	99

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

<sup>(1)</sup> (Export price index/Import price index) × 100.

TABLE 64—BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

<i>Goods and Services</i>	1978			1979 <sup>(1)</sup>			(Rs. million) 1980 <sup>(1)</sup>		
	Credit	Debit	Net	Credit	Debit	Net	Credit	Debit	Net
	13,206.5	15,600.0	-2,393.5	15,282.0	22,570.0	-7,288.0	17,711.0	33,851.0	-16,140.0
<i>Merchandise</i>									
<i>Non-monetary gold</i>									
<i>Freight and merchandise insurance</i>	30.0	50.0	-20.0	39.2	56.0	-16.8	56.3	77.1	-20.8
<i>Other transportation</i>	288.6	267.6	+21.0	406.0	347.8	+58.2	668.8	483.2	+185.6
<i>Travel</i>	750.0	444.2	+305.8	1,052.6	457.7	+594.9	1,637.0	555.7	+1,081.3
<i>Investment income</i>	313.8	550.7	-236.9	614.5	854.0	-239.5	773.7	1,205.5	-431.8
<i>Government expenditure</i>	108.3	75.0	+33.3	120.2	81.5	+38.7	128.0	122.7	+5.3
<i>Other services</i>	451.6	435.4	+16.2	760.2	456.2	+304.0	1,341.0	1,302.0	+39.0
<i>Total goods and services</i>	15,148.8	17,422.9	-2,274.1	18,274.7	24,823.2	-6,548.5	22,315.8	37,597.2	-15,281.4
<i>Transfer Payments</i>									
<i>Private</i>	609.8	267.7	+342.1	935.4	181.5	+753.9	2,518.0	258.0	+2,260.0
<i>Official</i>	900.0	—	+900.0	2,238.7	—	+2,238.7	2,181.0	—	+2,281.0
<i>Total current account</i>	16,658.6	17,690.6	-1,032.0	21,448.8	25,004.7	-3,555.9	27,114.8	37,855.2	-10,740.4
<i>Capital and Monetary gold</i>									
<i>Non-monetary sector</i>	3,824.6	1,225.0	+2,599.6	4,322.9	1,017.3	+3,305.6	10,523.6	3,076.7	+7,446.9
<i>Monetary Sector</i>	844.5	2,705.9	-1,861.4	2,567.0	3,360.2	-793.2	4,860.0	1,893.3	+2,966.7
<i>Valuation adjustment</i>	344.2	—	+344.2	133.2	151.4	-18.2	963.8	—	-963.8
<i>Errors and omissions</i>	—	50.4	-50.4	820.2	—	+820.2	—	895.2	-895.2

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

<sup>(1)</sup> Provisional

TABLE 65—EXTERNAL ASSETS

Item	(Rs. Million)							
	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	
Government	0.5	0.7	6.6	3.5	27.9	10.4	14.4	
Government Agencies and Institutions	74.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	
Central Bank Currency Board	420.1	438.0	822.8	4,326.5	6,132.4	7,960.2	4,404.3	
Commercial Banks	393.9	395.0	572.6	1,242.8	1,316.2	1,681.2	2,346.9	
Total External Assets	888.8	833.9	1,402.2	5,573.2	7,477.0	9,652.3	6,766.2	
Changes in Total External Assets between periods	+37.6	-54.9	+568.3	+4,171.0	+664.8	+590.7	-1,071.3	
Total External Assets net of Sterling Loan Sinking Funds	835.3	833.9	1,402.2	5,573.2	7,477.0	9,652.3	6,766.2	

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.



# Chapter VII

## TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

Chapter VII

TRANSPORT  
AND COMMUNICATIONS



TABLE 66—PUBLIC ROADS AND RAILWAYS

	(Kilometres)				
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
Public Roads	26,793	26,793	27,428	27,867	25,308 <sup>(2)</sup>
Railways—					
Broad gauge	1,395	1,395	1,395	1,395	1,395
Narrow gauge	106	58	58	58	58
Total	1,501	1,453	1,453	1,453	1,453

Source : Railways Dept.  
Dept. of Highways.

<sup>(1)</sup> Provisional

<sup>(2)</sup> Reduced mileage is due to the maintenance of a portion of public roads by other agencies.

TABLE 67—MOTOR VEHICLES ON REGISTERS

	(Number)				
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Total	199,660	208,026	231,993	274,080	337,382
Cars and cabs	93,769	97,010	103,798	114,453	120,873
Motor cycles	23,384	24,435	29,643	45,087	79,803
Buses	13,142	14,123	14,994	17,317	20,752
Lorries and vans (including ambulances)	39,279	40,174	45,237	51,665	61,158
Agricultural tractors and engines	30,086	32,284	38,321 <sup>(1)</sup>	45,558	54,796

Source : Commissioner of Motor Traffic.

<sup>(1)</sup> Include Tractors and Trailors.

TABLE 68—OMNIBUS SERVICES

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
Number of routes	996 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,004 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,010 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,023 <sup>(2)</sup>	1,041
Route Kilometres covered	48,514	48,682	48,876	49,328 <sup>(2)</sup>	49,656
No. of bus kilometres operated ('000) Kilometres	398,558	402,629	455,751	481,836	516,616
No. of buses licensed	6,643	6,643	6,839	7,254	7,545
Average number of buses operated per day	4,425	4,583	5,097	5,376	5,670
Total number of passengers carried ('000)	1,436,275	1,529,111	1,744,185	1,861,980	1,788,053
Average passenger journey (Kilometres)	10.7	10.7	11.1	11.1	12.2
Total revenue (Rupees '000)	731,315	773,351	1,050,414 <sup>(2)</sup>	1,105,676 <sup>(2)</sup>	1,577,441
Revenue per bus Kilometre in cents	183.5	192.1	230.5	353.9	305.3

Source : Ceylon Transport Board.

<sup>(1)</sup> Short-distance not included.  
visional

TABLE 69—RAIL TRANSPORT

Item	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 <sup>(2)</sup>
Route Kilometres	1,498	1,453	1,453	1,453	1,453
Rolling stock (number)—					
(a) Locomotives	296	282	283	291	308
(b) Carriages <sup>(1)</sup>	1,824	2,271	2,331	2,409	2,676
(c) Wagons <sup>(1)</sup>	5,100	5,083	5,134	5,170	5,272
Train Kilometres operated :					
(a) Passenger trains	7,669,364	6,412,848	7,343,009	7,635,592	8,208,271
(b) Goods trains	3,149,465	2,395,582	3,025,467	3,054,153	3,367,205
Passengers carried (Number '000)	71,200	65,795	79,523	89,750	94,300
Passenger Kilometres					
(a) Ordinary tickets '000	1,816,949	1,810,843	2,488,319	2,736,777	2,976,283
(b) Season tickets '000	1,102,400	981,117	1,220,516	1,335,753	1,392,034
Goods (Metric tons) '000	1,512	1,444	1,807	1,800	1,000
Metric Ton Kilometres '000	277,549	225,336	280,664	268,300	165,100
Revenue Rs. '000	198,086	188,352	239,497	312,102	350,589
Expenditure Rs. '000	256,896	268,182	300,524	420,303	540,000

Source : Railway Department.

<sup>(1)</sup> All vehicles reduced to Broad Gauge four wheelers.<sup>(2)</sup> Figures are Estimated for 1980.

**TABLE 70—SHIPPING : VESSELS ENTERED AND CLEARED WITH CARGO AND IN BALLAST—ALL PORTS**

	(Thousand net metric tonnes)				
<i>Entered</i>	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
Merchant vessels (with cargo)	5,314	4,104	5,046	4,395	6,165
Merchant vessels (bunkers)	2,294	4,381	2,619	3,217	2,785
All other vessels (include sailing vessels with cargo and in ballast)	2,614	4,293	1,880	1,567	1,776
<b>Total</b>	<u>10,222</u>	<u>12,778</u>	<u>9,545</u>	<u>9,179</u>	<u>10,726</u>
 <i>Cleared</i> 					
Merchant vessels (with cargo)	2,829	3,612	3,513	2,610	3,514
Merchant vessels (bunkers)	2,242	4,934	2,485	3,708	2,808
All other vessels (include sailing vessels with cargo and in ballast)	3,419	5,222	3,802	2,340	3,484
<b>Total</b>	<u>8,490</u>	<u>13,768</u>	<u>9,800</u>	<u>8,658</u>	<u>9,806</u>

Source : Sri Lanka Customs.

Dept. of Census and Statistics

(<sup>1</sup>) Provisional

TABLE 71—POSTS, TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE SERVICES

Item	Unit	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 <sup>(5)</sup>
Posts and Telegraph Office	Number	1,560	1,670	1,672	1,672	1,702
Telegraphs and telephones single wire distance	Kilometres	402,749	403,348	410,555	410,600	407,000
Letters and parcels	'000	594,351	486,894	736,360	603,573	604,520
Telegram	'000	5,618	5,317	5,404	5,500	5,700
: Inland <sup>(1)</sup>		644	676	743	750	750
Foreign		3,523	3,600	3,725	3,700	3,725
Money Orders	'000	9	9	9	9	10
: Inland		708	1,300	700	725	728
Foreign <sup>(2)</sup>	Number	7,031	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,100
Telephones : Direct Lines	'000	44.4	45.8	49.0	49	54.5
Telephone calls : Inland <sup>(3)</sup>	'000	188,008	200,311	223,130	225,000	260,600
Foreign <sup>(4)</sup>	'000	148	234	324	325	370
Telex calls	Number	80,194	215,794	326,438	327,000	485,000
: Outward	Minutes	553,643	716,146	993,694	995,000	1,600,000
Inward						

Source : Dept. of Posts and Telecommunications.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes Indian telegrams sent through the C. T. O.

<sup>(2)</sup> British Postal Order paid.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes metered local calls, all island trunk calls and calls taken from outstations Post Offices.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes both inward and outward calls.

<sup>(5)</sup> Provisional.



TABLE 73—CIVIL AVIATION

Unit	1978			1979			1980		
	To	From		To	From		To	From	
	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Lanka	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Lanka	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Lanka
<b>INTERNATIONAL SERVICES :</b>									
<b>Passengers—</b>									
Total	174,024	183,940	243,157	237,298	317,613	347,964			
Air Ceylon <sup>(1)</sup>	28,202	31,941	18,522	20,623	103,423	109,991			
Foreign Airlines	145,822	151,999	224,635	216,675	214,190	237,973			
<b>Mails—</b>									
Total	17,003	3,197	12,663	18,522	504,309	202,576			
Air Ceylon <sup>(1)</sup>	17,003	3,197	12,663	18,522	81,161	122,134			
Foreign Airlines	—	—	—	—	423,148	80,442			
<b>Freight and Excess Baggage—</b>									
Total	189,804	136,089	295,661	409,628	4,862,026	6,394,687			
Air Ceylon <sup>(1)</sup>	189,804	136,089	295,661	409,628	1,204,213	1,863,480			
Foreign Airlines	—	—	—	—	3,657,813	4,531,207			
<b>DOMESTIC SERVICES :</b>									
Passengers	37,217	..	..	..	..	..			
Mails	155	..	..	..	..	..			
Freight and Excess Baggage	7,740	..	..	..	..	..			

Source : Department of Civil Aviation.

<sup>(1)</sup> From 1979 Air Ceylon became Air Lanka.





# Chapter VIII

## NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

Chapter VIII

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

TABLE 74—TOTAL AND PER CAPITA PRODUCT AT CURRENT AND CONSTANT PRICES

Item	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
G. D. P. at current factor cost prices (Rs. million)	41,330.5	51,997.8	63,889.7
Net factor income from abroad (Rs. million)	- 237.0	- 240.0	- 432.0
G. N. P. at current factor cost prices—			
(a) Total (Rs. million)	41,093.5	51,757.8	63,457.7
(b) Per capita (Rupees)	2,897.2	3,576.7	4,259.0
G. N. P. at 1963 constant prices—			
(a) Total (Rs. million)	135,90.0	14,480.3	15,253.5
(b) Per capita (Rupees)	958.1	1,000.6	1,023.7

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

<sup>(1)</sup> Provisional.

TABLE 75—INDUSTRIAL ORIGIN OF THE GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT CURRENT FACTOR COST

Sector	(Rs. Million)		
	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
1. Agriculture, forestry and fishing(a)	17,468.8	19,579.3	22,360.6
2. Mining and quarrying	586.9	928.6	802.0
3. Manufacturing	5,011.0	5,904.5	7,303.6
4. Construction	2,162.3	3,630.0	5,909.4
5. Electricity and gas	168.9	351.6	768.7
6. Transport and communication	3,451.8	4,838.6	6,973.1
7. Wholesale and retail trade	6,882.2	9,598.6	10,634.3
8. Banking, insurance and real estate	844.6	1,243.0	1,785.0
9. Ownership of dwellings	664.2	1,301.5	1,560.7
10. Public administration and defence	802.2	858.8	1,040.4
11. Services	3,287.6	3,763.3	4,751.9
<b>Total G. D. P.</b>	<b>41,330.5</b>	<b>51,997.8</b>	<b>63,889.7</b>

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(<sup>1</sup>) Provisional.

Note.—Value added for mining and quarrying for the year 1979 is not comparable with value added for the year 1980 as methods of computation has been revised in 1980 and the comparable data for 1979 will be published in the "National Accounts of Sri Lanka 1981".

TABLE 76—EXPENDITURE ON GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT CURRENT MARKET PRICES

Item	(Rs. Million)		
	1978	1979 (1)	1980(1)
Private consumption expenditure	31,075.6	40,629.4	53,901.6
General Government consumption expenditure	4,850.7	5,446.9	6,755.0
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	9,481.5	14,532.0	20,873.6
Changes in stocks-statistical discrepancy	+75.9	+883.6	+1,021.0
Exports of goods and services	14,835.0	17,660.2	21,542.1
Less : imports of goods and services	16,872.0	23,969.2	36,391.7
Expenditure on gross domestic product	43,446.7	55,182.9	67,701.6
Net factor income from abroad	-237.0	-240.0	-432.0
Expenditure on gross national product	43,209.7	54,942.9	67,269.6

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(1) Provisional.

TABLE 77—GROSS DOMESTIC FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION AT CURRENT MARKET PRICES

Item	(Rs. Million)		
	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
Total gross domestic fixed capital :—			
1. Government—			
(a) Land	627.0	608.3	760.7
(b) Buildings—			
(i) Residential	111.1	653.6	162.3
(ii) Non-residential	172.4	566.1	1,451.0
(c) Other construction and works	655.3	761.1	1,140.5
(d) Transport equipment	370.6	681.0	494.7
(e) Machinery and other equipment	388.0	554.2	681.6
(f) Capital goods (n.i.e.)	242.2	45.2	160.6
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	2,566.6	3,869.5	4,851.4
2. Private sector and Public Corporations—			
(a) Land (planting and replanting)	137.4	178.8	119.5
(b) Buildings and other constructions	2,400.0	3,438.0	7,144.2
(c) Transport equipment	1,822.0	2,490.9	3,158.1
(d) Machinery and other equipment	2,555.5	4,554.8	5,600.4
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	6,914.9	10,662.5	16,022.2
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Grand Total (1)+(2)	9,481.5	14,532.0	20,873.6
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

<sup>(1)</sup> Provisional.

TABLE 78—SUMMARY INDICATORS OF NATIONAL PRODUCT, INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AT CURRENT PRICES

	Values					
	1963	1976	1977	1978	1979(1)	1980(1)
1. Gross National Product at Current Factor Cost Prices (Rs. million)	6,833.8	28,183.8	33,996.3	41,093.5	51,757.8	63,457.7
2. National Income at Factor Cost Prices (Rs. Million)	6,463.0	26,692.0	32,447.2	37,933.0	46,913.8	56,499.8
3. Gross Domestic Expenditure at Market Prices (Rs. million)	7,387.6	30,076.8	33,920.3	45,483.7	61,491.9	82,551.2
4. Private Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices (Rs. million)	5,330.5	22,323.2	25,745.9	31,075.6	40,629.4	53,301.6
5. Public Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices (Rs. million)	968.2	2,924.6	3,429.3	4,850.7	5,446.9	6,755.0
6. Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation at Market Prices (Rs. million)	1,112.6	4,475.4	4,647.3	9,481.5	14,532.0	20,873.6
7. Gross National Product per Capita at Factor Cost Prices (Rupees)	641.9	2,054.7	2,438.4	2,897.2	3,576.7	4,258.9
8. National Income per Capita at Factor Cost Prices (Rupees)	607.1	1,945.9	2,327.3	2,674.4	3,241.9	3,791.9

TABLE 78—SUMMARY INDICATORS OF NATIONAL PRODUCT, INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AT CURRENT PRICES—Contd.

	Index Numbers (1963=100·0)					
	1963	1976	1977	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
1. Gross National Product at Current Factor Cost Prices	100·0	412·4	497·5	601·3	757·4	928·6
2. National Income at Factor Cost Prices	100·0	413·0	502·0	586·9	725·9	874·2
3. Gross Domestic Expenditure at Market Prices	100·0	407·1	459·2	615·7	832·4	1,117·4
4. Private Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices	100·0	418·8	483·0	583·0	762·2	1,011·2
5. Public Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices	100·0	302·1	354·2	501·0	562·6	697·7
6. Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation at Market Prices	100·0	402·2	417·7	852·2	1,306·1	1,876·1
7. Gross National Product per Capita at Factor Cost Prices	100·0	320·1	379·9	451·3	557·2	663·5
8. National Income per Capita at Factor Cost Prices	100·0	320·5	383·3	440·5	534·0	624·6

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

<sup>(1)</sup> Provisional.



TABLE 79—SUMMARY INDICATORS OF NATIONAL PRODUCT, INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AT CONSTANT PRICES—1963

	Values				
	1963	1976	1977	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup> 1980
1. Gross National Product at Constant Factor Cost Prices (Rs. million)	6,833.8	12,061.3	12,583.2	13,590.0	14,480.3 15,253.5
2. National Income at Factor Cost Prices (Rs. million)	6,463.0	11,295.9	11,818.4	12,631.6	13,405.8 14,093.1
3. Gross Domestic Expenditure at Market Prices (Rs. million)	7,387.6	14,148.6	15,483.3	17,071.4	22,157.9 24,529.1
4. Private Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices (Rs. million)	5,330.5	10,184.3	11,668.9	12,478.1	16,354.0 18,208.0
5. Public Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices (Rs. million)	968.2	1,314.4	1,422.3	1,642.1	1,696.9 1,818.8
6. Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation at Market Prices (Rs. million)	1,112.6	2,296.3	2,294.3	2,875.3	3,223.4 3,481.3
7. Gross National Product <i>per Capita</i> at Factor Cost Prices (Rupees)	641.9	879.3	902.5	958.1	1,000.6 1,023.7
8. National income <i>per Capita</i> at Factor Cost Prices (Rupees)	607.1	823.5	847.7	890.6	926.4 945.8

TABLE 79—SUMMARY INDICATORS OF NATIONAL PRODUCT, INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AT CONSTANT PRICES—1963—Contd.

	Index Numbers (1963 = 100.0)					
	1963	1976	1977	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
1. Gross National Product at Constant Factor Cost Prices	100.0	176.5	184.1	198.9	211.9	223.2
2. National Income at Factor Cost Prices	100.0	174.8	182.9	195.4	207.4	218.1
3. Gross Domestic Expenditure at Market Prices	100.0	191.5	209.6	231.1	299.9	332.0
4. Private Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices	100.0	191.1	218.9	234.1	306.8	341.6
5. Public Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices	100.0	135.8	146.9	169.6	175.3	187.9
6. Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation at Market Prices	100.0	206.4	206.2	258.4	289.7	312.9
7. Gross National Product per Capita at Factor Cost Prices	100.0	137.0	140.6	149.3	155.9	159.5
8. National Income per Capita at Factor Cost Prices	100.0	135.6	139.6	146.7	152.6	155.8

<sup>(1)</sup>Provisional.

TABLE 80—PERCENTAGE OF INCOME RECEIVERS AND  
TOTAL INCOME RECEIVED—1963 AND 1973

Income (Rupees)	1963 <sup>(1)</sup>		1973 <sup>(2)</sup>	
	Percentage of Income Receivers	Percentage of Total Income	Percentage of Income Receivers	Percentage of Total Income
Less than Rs. 100	27.2	6.2	7.3	1.1
Rs. 100 to Rs. 400	56.9	44.4	48.3	25.7
Rs. 400 and above	15.9	49.4	44.4	73.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

(1) Consumer Finance Survey—1963 Central Bank of Ceylon.

(2) Consumer Finance Survey—1973 Central Bank of Ceylon.

TABLE 81—INCOME OF HOUSEHOLDS : PERCENTAGE OF  
TOTAL INCOME RECEIVED BY EACH TENTH OF  
HOUSEHOLD/SPENDING 1969-70 AND 1973

Deciles	1969/70 <sup>(1)</sup>		1973 <sup>(2)</sup>	
	Percentage of Income	Cumulative Percentage	Percentage of Income	Cumulative Percentage
Lowest 10th	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.8
Second	3.2	5.2	4.4	7.2
Third	3.6	8.8	5.6	12.8
Fourth	4.4	13.2	6.5	19.3
Fifth	6.4	19.6	7.5	26.8
Sixth	9.0	28.6	8.8	35.6
Seventh	11.4	40.0	9.9	45.5
Eighth	14.2	54.2	11.6	57.1
Ninth	17.8	72.0	14.9	72.0
Highest 10th	28.0	100.0	28.0	100.0

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

*Note.*—In the above table households have been ranked according to income and grouped into 10 equal classes. Against each class the percentage of total income is shown.

<sup>(1)</sup> Socio-Economic Survey 1969-70.

<sup>(2)</sup> Consumer Finance Survey 1973 (Central Bank of Ceylon).

# Chapter IX

## PUBLIC FINANCE

Chapter IX

PUBLIC FINANCE

TABLE 82—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE GOVERNMENT CURRENT ACCOUNT

Rs. Million

Receipts	1977	percent	1978	percent	1979(1)	percent	1980(1)	percent
General Sales and Turnover Taxes	711.1	10.9	1,143.4	10.0	1,214.9	9.7	1,425.0	11.8
Selective Sales Taxes	1,407.1	21.5	1,884.0	16.4	1,907.0	15.3	1,830.1	15.2
Import Duties	517.8	7.9	1,469.3	12.8	2,271.0	18.2	2,150.0	17.9
Export Duties	620.1	9.5	4,236.1	36.9	4,168.0	33.4	3,855.0	32.0
Receipts from FEEC's	1,156.7	17.7	328.8	2.9	6.6	0.1	—	—
Licence Taxes	53.6	0.8	74.3	0.7	86.7	0.7	87.1	0.7
Taxes on Transfers of Assets and Property	37.4	0.6	81.1	0.7	86.4	0.7	105.1	0.9
Surplus on Government Monopolies	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Profits from Food Sales	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Taxes on Corporate Income	936.5	14.3	1,102.5	9.6	1,357.4	10.9	1,172.0	9.7
Taxes on Non-Corporate Income	513.7	7.8	678.5	5.9	812.2	6.5	759.0	6.3
Receipts of Trading Enterprises	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Income from Property and Entrepreneurship	393.2	6.0	189.7	1.7	264.5	2.1	370.0	3.1
Sales and Charges	124.9	1.9	189.3	1.6	158.5	1.3	193.3	1.6
Social Security Contributions	37.4	0.6	49.4	0.4	51.7	0.4	44.2	0.4
Current Transfers	34.2	0.5	46.4	0.4	85.0	0.7	44.4	0.4
Total Current Receipts	6,543.7	100.0	11,473.5	100.0	12,469.9	100.0	12,035.0	100.0

TABLE 82—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE  
GOVERNMENT CURRENT ACCOUNT—(Contd.)

	(Rs. Million)							
	1977	Percent	1978	Percent 1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	Percent 1980 <sup>(1)</sup>	Percent		
<i>Payments :</i>								
Administration	998.5	15.2	1,668.2	15.9	2,167.1	18.7	2,067.9	18.0
Social services	1,367.0	20.9	1,561.4	14.8	1,837.1	15.9	2,070.3	18.0
Economic services	212.2	3.2	241.4	2.3	357.8	3.1	399.4	3.5
Food subsidies	1,424.1	21.7	2,162.7	20.6	2,326.0	20.1	75.0	0.7
Pensions	413.8	6.3	457.0	4.3	578.8	5.0	629.9	5.5
Direct relief	197.3	3.0	656.7	6.2	631.8	5.4	1,929.4	16.8
Interest on public debt	1,013.1	15.5	1,368.3	13.0	1,695.4	14.6	1,958.8	17.1
Grants to local bodies	90.6	1.4	110.7	1.1	169.6	1.5	147.7	1.3
Others	836.9	12.8	2,295.1	21.8	1,824.4	15.7	2,188.8	19.1
<b>Total current payments</b>	<b>6,553.5</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>10,521.5</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>11,588.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>11,468.2</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source : Central Bank and General Treasury.

(<sup>1</sup>) Approved Estimates.



TABLE 83—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE  
GOVERNMENT CAPITAL ACCOUNT

Item	1978		1979 <sup>(1)</sup>		1980 <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Rs. Million	Percent	Rs. Million	Percent	Rs. Million	Percent
<i>Receipts :</i>						
Current account surplus or deficit	952.0	17.6	898.6	11.6	793.8	9.3
Revenue from taxes on capital and from the sale of existing capital goods	121.8	2.2	190.1	2.5	61.0	0.7
Repayment of direct loans and advances	93.9	1.7	69.7	0.9	166.0	2.0
Capital transfers from abroad	659.2	12.2	1,380.7	17.9	—	—
Direct borrowing from abroad	3,291.9	60.7	2,347.3	30.4	5,329.0	62.7
Net domestic borrowing	1,989.7	36.7	3,899.2	50.4	2,245.0	26.4
Decline in cash balances and payments on advance account operations	-1,684.4	-31.1	-1,056.2	-13.7	-100.0	-1.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,424.1</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>7,729.4</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>8,494.8</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>Payments :</i>						
Administration	257.5	4.7	400.0	5.2	462.3	4.8
Social Services	614.0	11.3	1,281.1	16.7	1,112.0	11.6
Economic services	1,301.3	24.0	2,067.4	26.9	2,621.9	27.3
Acquisition of financial assets	663.0	12.3	492.4	6.4	989.3	10.3
Capital transfers	2,588.3	47.7	3,437.8	44.8	4,427.2	46.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,424.1</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>7,678.7</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>9,612.7</b>	<b>100.0</b>

TABLE 83—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE  
GOVERNMENT CAPITAL ACCOUNT—Contd.

Item	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	(Rs. Million) 1980 <sup>(2)</sup>
Total payments—			
Current payments	10,521.5	11,588.0	11,468.2
Capital payments	5,424.1	7,678.7	9,612.7
Total <sup>(2)</sup>	15,945.6	19,266.7	21,080.9

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

<sup>(1)</sup> Approved Estimates.

<sup>(2)</sup> Exclusive of net payments on account of operations financed through advance accounts.



TABLE 85—MONEY SUPPLY<sup>(1)</sup>

Year	Currency										Demand Deposits				Money 8 as per supply cent of 9		
	Total		Held by Govt.		Held by Banks		Held by Public		Total		Held by Govt.		Held by Banks			Held by Public	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10							
1955	425.0	9.0	31.5	384.5	930.6	93.5	148.7	688.4	1,072.9	64.2							
1960	644.6	10.0	39.3	595.3	892.7	73.4	205.7	613.6	1,208.9	50.8							
1965	1,002.8	6.6	94.7	901.4	1,355.7	133.9	407.6	814.3	1,715.7	47.5							
1970	1,090.4	9.6	145.7	935.1	2,063.5	278.6	753.3	1,031.5	1,966.6	52.4							
1974	1,829.0	1.2	288.5	1,539.3	3,064.3	547.1	1,111.0	1,406.3	2,945.6	47.7							
1975	1,890.4	0.3	280.3	1,609.8	3,024.2	426.8	1,119.0	1,478.4	3,088.1	47.9							
1976	2,407.2	0.6	326.2	2,080.5	4,015.1	702.4	1,227.6	2,085.1	4,165.6	50.1							
1977	3,219.1	1.3	426.2	2,791.7	5,320.4	870.4	1,875.8	2,574.2	5,365.8	48.0							
1978	3,508.6	0.9	492.1	3,015.5	7,177.4	1,942.1	2,314.5	2,920.8	5,936.4	49.2							
1979	4,321.1	0.8	546.2	3,774.2	9,069.8	1,664.4	3,510.3	3,895.1	7,669.3	50.8							
1980	5,009.5	4.2	824.4	4,180.8	11,684.5	2,757.0	3,680.1	5,247.3	9,428.2	55.6							

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

<sup>(1)</sup> As at end of year.

TABLE 86—ASSETS OF THE CENTRAL BANK

Item	(Rs. Million)				
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
<b>International Reserve—</b>					
Cash and balances abroad including Treasury Bills	561.3	3,883.6	5,274.6	7,238.0	3,937.4
Special drawing rights	121.0	167.9	512.4	440.7	—
Other <sup>(1)</sup>	140.6	275.1	345.5	281.5	466.9
	<u>822.9</u>	<u>4,326.6</u>	<u>6,132.5</u>	<u>7,960.2</u>	<u>4,404.3</u>
<b>Domestic Assets—</b>					
Loans and advances to Gov- ernment	600.1	617.4	955.5	1,136.5	1,627.6
Loans and Advances to Others	388.5	884.6	1,075.9	648.1	1,123.9
Government and Government guaranteed securities	2,624.0	2,420.1	2,119.7	2,706.2	9,337.9
Other assets and accounts	2,130.4	3,280.5	3,956.4	4,384.8	6,337.9
	<u>6,565.9</u>	<u>11,529.2</u>	<u>14,239.9</u>	<u>16,835.8</u>	<u>22,831.6</u>
International reserve as a percentage of currency and demand liabilities	22.0	80.5	85.9	90.5	42.5

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

(<sup>1</sup>) Includes foreign government and non-government securities.

TABLE 87—LIABILITIES OF THE CENTRAL BANK<sup>(1)</sup>

Item	(Rs. Million)				
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Capital Accounts—					
Capital	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Surplus	62.0	62.0	63.0	64.0	65.0
Total	<u>77.0</u>	<u>77.0</u>	<u>78.0</u>	<u>79.0</u>	<u>80.0</u>
Currency issue—Total	2,407.2	3,219.1	3,508.6	4,321.1	5,009.5
Securities outstanding	—	—	—	—	—
Borrowings abroad	308.9	552.3	155.1	69.1	428.6
Deposits—					
Government and Government Agencies	39.9	104.7	1,049.4	740.4	1,359.0
Commercial Banks	277.7	606.5	737.7	966.0	1,263.7
International Organisations <sup>(2)</sup>	946.5	1,257.3	1,569.3	2,528.9	2,373.9
Others	69.2	188.0	273.3	239.4	345.9
Total	<u>1,333.2</u>	<u>2,156.6</u>	<u>3,629.6</u>	<u>4,474.7</u>	<u>5,342.5</u>
Other liabilities and accounts	2,439.6	5,524.1	6,868.6	7,891.9	11,971.0

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

<sup>(1)</sup> Excluding notes and coins in circulation.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes foreign government and foreign banking institutions

TABLE 88—ASSETS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS

(Rs. Million)

Item	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
No. of reporting Banks	11	11	11	14	21
Cash in hand	326.2	426.2	492.1	546.2	824.4
Due from Central Bank	251.1	579.3	615.1	1,062.8	1,224.3
Due from Domestic Banks	74.7	138.9	234.8	132.7	468.8
Cash items in process of collection	343.2	713.9	1,179.6	1,522.7	1,348.0
Foreign currency in hand and balances due from Banks abroad	92.8	298.5	267.1	475.5	845.1
Investments	653.1	584.4	654.4	651.3	927.3
Loans and advances	4,250.8	6,345.7	8,827.9	11,947.8	17,000.2
(a) Bills discounted	707.2	1,647.6	1,766.8	2,134.8	3,215.7
(b) Overdrafts and loans	3,543.6	4,698.1	7,061.1	9,813.0	13,784.5
Fixed and other assets	595.0	1,164.6	1,565.7	2,314.6	3,963.0
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>6,586.8</b>	<b>10,251.5</b>	<b>13,836.6</b>	<b>18,653.2</b>	<b>26,601.1</b>

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

TABLE 89—LIABILITIES OF COMMERCIAL BANKS

(Rs. Million)

Item	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Paid up capital reserve funds, and undistributed profits	281.4	374.0	520.3	905.8	1,272.3
Demand deposits	2,751.1	3,351.6	3,820.7	4,834.1	6,687.8
(a) Ceylon Government	677.5	780.5	908.5	936.0	1,411.2
(b) Other	2,073.6	2,571.1	2,912.2	3,898.1	5,276.6
Time and savings deposits	2,191.4	3,441.4	5,025.4	7,509.0	10,603.5
(a) Ceylon Government	36.1	90.5	69.8	120.7	171.4
(b) Other	2,155.3	3,350.9	4,955.6	7,388.3	10,432.1
Total deposits	4,942.6	6,793.2	8,846.3	12,343.1	17,291.3
Borrowings	448.0	1,017.0	1,414.7	956.8	1,999.4
Other liabilities	914.7	2,067.3	3,055.3	4,447.5	6,038.0

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

TABLE 90—NET RECEIPTS OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

Type and Source	(Rs. Million)					
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
<i>Loans</i>	454.8	730.5	880.7	3,215.3	2,379.4	3,516.0
(a) A. D. B.	29.4	57.1	88.6	412.1	128.2	50.9
(b) I. B. R. D.	13.9	0.7	-5.8	-7.9	2.9	-21.9
(c) I. D. A.	122.4	29.2	120.2	166.4	180.6	359.6
(d) Canada	15.1	114.8	43.2	143.7	113.0	365.3
(e) People's Republic of China	-28.0	12.5	-135.3	-40.0	-75.7	-142.6
(f) U. K.	-9.3	-12.8	276.2	-35.4	-2.5	-2.8
(g) U. S. A.	128.5	167.6	219.9	524.8	553.1	625.0
(h) U.S.S.R.	-0.4	44.9	-11.1	2.2	-14.0	-22.0
(i) Federal Republic of Germany	49.1	0.8	28.9	318.6	240.7	117.0
(j) Yugoslavia	-0.2	-0.2	—	—	—	—
(k) Poland	—	..	—	—	—	44.1
(l) France	14.6	54.9	6.7	-22.2	36.6	37.1
(m) Japan	116.1	62.4	83.2	433.2	352.5	258.1
(n) India	12.9	4.2	50.3	130.4	83.5	82.7
(o) German Democratic Republic	-16.3	1.9	-25.6	-31.3	-33.2	-5.9
(p) Denmark	0.9	4.4	-0.1	9.0	1.5	51.5
(q) Italy	4.9	0.9	-2.4	-3.4	—	—
(r) Hungary	1.2	1.3	0.7	0.1	-1.3	-1.3
(s) Netherland	..	14.6	34.7	348.4	188.3	139.1
(t) Kuwait	..	78.4	43.6	61.3	25.9	46.4
(u) U. A. E.	..	92.9	—	—	—	0.6
(v) O. P. E. C.	..	..	64.8	16.3	—	22.1
(w) I.M.F.	..	..	—	789.2	599.3	520.6



TABLE 90—NET RECEIPTS OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE—(Contd.)

Type and Source	(Rs. Million)					
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	1980 <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>Grants</b>	404.2	366.5	500.5	660.7	1,390.4	2,619.5
(a) Colombo Plan	92.7	49.3	75.3	128.4	40.2	52.1
(i) Australia	56.9	17.3	—	—	—	—
(ii) Canada	30.2	22.2	75.3	128.4	40.2	52.1
(iii) Japan	3.0	9.8	—	—	—	—
(iv) New Zealand	2.6	..	—	—	—	—
(b) Other	311.5	317.2	425.2	532.3	1,350.2	2,567.4
(i) United Nations	49.8	234.5	99.0	19.9	33.8	86.4
(ii) People's Republic of China	..	0.2	—	—	1.7	—
(iii) U. S. A.	—	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	4.9
(iv) Federal Republic of Germany	18.5	0.4	33.0	29.0	8.2	85.8
(v) Yugoslavia	..	..	20.0	7.2	3.8	—
(vi) United Kingdom	..	..	50.9	66.0	498.1	1,108.3
(vii) German Democratic Republic	—	—	—	—	—	—
(viii) France	9.9	..	19.5	15.5	—	—
(ix) U. S. S. R.	4.4	—	..	—	40.0	—
(x) Sweden	51.8	37.8	109.2	203.1	101.0	599.8
(xi) Switzerland	..	..	—	—	—	—
(xii) Italy	9.1	..	—	—	—	—
(xiii) European Economic Community	74.9	5.4	19.7	32.7	51.4	95.4
(xiv) Netherland	23.3	8.6	41.0	68.9	42.6	15.9

TABLE 90—NET RECEIPTS OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE—(Contd.)

Type of Source	(Rs. Million)					
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979 <sup>(1)</sup>	1980
(xv) Iraq	7.1	..	—	—	—	—
(xvi) Algeria	6.8	..	—	—	—	—
(xvii) Saudi Arabia	46.8	..	—	—	—	—
(xviii) Kuwait	..	2.0	—	—	—	—
(xix) Republic of Korea	..	4.0	—	0.6	—	—
(xx) Libya	..	8.6	—	—	—	—
(xxi) Qatar	..	4.4	—	—	—	—
(xxii) Australia	..	..	12.0	25.9	30.6	38.2
(xxiii) I.M.F.	..	..	—	37.0	74.4	102.8
(xxiv) Norway	..	..	—	5.1	139.3	46.4
(xxv) Hong Kong	..	..	—	—	—	—
(xxvi) Japan	..	..	—	3.3	230.8	198.2
(xxvii) India	..	..	—	0.5	—	—
(xxviii) New Zealand	..	..	—	0.2	—	—
(xxix) Canada	..	..	—	0.6	75.1	22.8
(xxx) Others	9.1	11.0	20.8	16.7	19.2	163.2
Total of loans and grants	859.0	1,097.0	1,381.2	3,876.0	3,769.8	6,135.5

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

<sup>(1)</sup> Provisional.

TABLE 91—PARITY EXCHANGE RATES (1)

<i>Country</i>	<i>Currency</i>	<i>Middle Rate Rs.</i>
Australia	Dollar	21-5543
Austria	Schilling	1-1071
Bahrain	Dinar	49-7745
Belgium	Franc	0-4812
Canada	Dollar	15-6216
Denmark	Kroner	2-5075
Federal Republic of Germany	Deutsche Mark	7-8900
France	Franc	3-2975
Hongkong	Dollar	3-3878
India	Rupee	2-1425
Italy	Lire	0-0158
Japan	Yen	0-0835
Kuwait	Dinar	66-6607
Malaysia	Ringgit	8-0888
Netherlands	Guilder	7-0926
Newzealand	Dollar	16-0088
Norway	Kroner	3-1450
Oman	Riyal	54-2667
Pakistan	Rupee	1-8975
Qatar	Riyal	5-1538
Renminbi	Yuan (China)	10-4804
Saudi Arabia	Riyal	5-5015
Singapore	Dollar	8-8023

TABLE 91—PARITY EXCHANGE RATES (1)—(Contd.)

<i>Country</i>	<i>Currency</i>	<i>Middle Rate</i> <i>Rs.</i>
South Africa	Rand	21-1230
Sweden	Kroner	3-7115
Switzerland	Franc	9-2894
U. A. E.	Dirham	5-1079
U. K.	Pound	36-5850
U. S.	Dollar	18-7600
U. S. S. R.	Rouble	24-7782
Thailand	Bhat	0-8865
Asian Monetary Unit		21-5546
S. D. R.		21-5546

*Source* : Central Bank of Ceylon.

(1) As at 29th June 1981.

# Chapter X

## LOCAL GOVERNMENT



TABLE 92—LOCAL GOVERNMENT STATISTICS—1979<sup>(1)</sup> AND 1980 GENERAL

Type <sup>m</sup> of Council	Number of Councils		Population		Number of Voters		Number of Wards		Number of Employees	
	1979	1980	1979	1980 <sup>(2)</sup>	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Municipal	12	12	1,344,400	1,378,010	672,359	692,529	233	233	21,798	21,798
Urban	38	39	893,400	915,735	473,139	482,601	346	355	7,595	7,595
Town	83	83	935,900	959,287	517,158	527,501	531	531	3,800	3,876
Village	549	549	11,007,300	11,282,482	5,447,659	5,592,766	7,184	7,184	8,212	8,294
Total	682	683	14,181,000	14,535,514	7,110,315	7,295,397	8,294	8,303	41,405	41,563

Source : Local Govt. Department.

<sup>(1)</sup> See general footnote—Table 94.

<sup>(2)</sup> Estimated.

TABLE 93—LOCAL GOVERNMENT STATISTICS—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR 1979 AND 1980<sup>(1)</sup>

Type of Council	Number of Councils		Revenue						Total
			General		Electricity		(Rs. '000)		
			1979	1980	1979	1980			
Municipal	12	12	232,126.2	241,411.2	33,099.9	33,430.9	265,226.1	1980	274,842.1
Urban	38	39	46,638.4	61,697.9	24,677.7	32,153.2	71,316.1	93,851.1	
Town	83	83	38,437.5	37,316.7	20,999.0	22,697.8	59,436.5	60,014.5	
Village	549	549	64,543.6	70,252.2	13,341.0	16,607.7	77,884.6	86,859.9	
Total	682	683	381,745.7	410,678.0	92,117.6	104,889.6	473,863.3	515,567.6	
<i>Expenditure</i>									
Municipal	12	12	137,447.0	158,165.8	23,645.9	23,882.3	161,092.9	182,048.1	
Urban	38	39	44,225.5	67,646.4	23,216.5	26,193.8	67,442.0	93,840.2	
Town	83	83	29,363.4	30,309.8	18,551.0	17,137.1	47,914.4	47,446.9	
Village	549	549	65,487.8	68,233.8	16,301.4	15,210.5	81,789.2	83,444.3	
Total	682	683	276,523.7	324,355.8	81,714.8	82,423.7	358,238.5	406,779.5	

Source : Local Govt. Department.

(1) See general Footnote—Table 94.



TABLE 94—LOCAL GOVERNMENT STATISTICS—SERVICES PROVIDED FOR 1979 AND 1980

	Type of Councils										Total
	Municipal		Urban		Town		Village				
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980	
Vehicular Roads (K.m.)	1,931.2	1,931.2	1,318.1	1,315.0	2,033.3	2,033.3	43,755.9	43,785.4	49,038.5	49,073.8	
Dispensaries <sup>(1)</sup>	12	12	28	22	45	33	286	209	371	276	
Cemeteries <sup>(2)</sup>	12	12	37	38	69	69	474	474	592	593	
Pipe-borne water <sup>(2)</sup>	12	12	27	27	35	35	143	143	217	217	
Electricity <sup>(3)</sup>	12	12	38	38	77	77	93	93	220	220	
Conservancy <sup>(3)</sup>	12	12	38	39	82	82	249	254	381	387	
No. of parks and play grounds <sup>(2)</sup>	12	12	36	36	53	58	192	192	293	298	
No. of libraries	12	12	37	38	81	81	425	429	555	560	

Source : Local Government Department.

<sup>(1)</sup> General footnote for table numbers 92, 93, and 94 :

figures for 1979 are based on—

(a) returns received from 9 MCC, 33 UCC, 78 ICC and 505 VCC ; and

(b) estimates for the remaining councils based on those experience during the preceding year.

<sup>(2)</sup> No. of councils providing the services.

<sup>(3)</sup> The Ceylon Electricity Board supplies electricity to Colombo and Nuwara Eliya Municipal Councils

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# Chapter XI

TRAVEL



TABLE 95—TOURISTS AND EXCURSIONISTS WHO ARRIVED IN  
SRI LANKA AND THE AVERAGE LENGTH OF  
STAY OF TOURISTS

Year	<i>Tourists</i>		
	<i>Number</i>	<i>Average length of stay (days)</i>	<i>Excursionists (Number)</i>
1967	23,666	11·0	59,052
1968	28,272	10·0	41,407
1969	40,204	10·0	68,054
1970	46,247	10·0	68,529
1971	39,654	10·0	58,292
1972	56,047	10·0	48,310
1973	77,888	10·0	27,920
1974	84,060	10·0	23,434
1975	103,204	10·0	25,490
1976	118,971	10·0	7,563 <sup>(1)</sup>
1977	153,635	10·7	7,672
1978	192,592	10·8	8,494
1979	250,164	10·9	5,563
1980	321,780	11·0	8,636

*Source* : Ceylon Tourist Board.

<sup>(1)</sup>Excursionists as internationally defined include foreign visitors arriving in Sri Lanka by Air and Ship and whose duration of stay was less than 24 hours. Figures up to 1976 as reported in the above table include foreign visitors who had stayed more than 24 hours and also those whose period of stay was less than 24 hours.

TABLE 96—TOURISTS WHO ARRIVED IN SRI LANKA CLASSIFIED  
BY SPECIFIED NATIONALITIES

<i>Nationality</i>	<i>(Number)</i>					
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Australia	3,156	3,655	4,720	5,555	6,233	7,368
France	11,093	11,360	17,555	23,813	30,649	34,170
Germany (Fed.Rep.)	15,497	19,788	29,722	37,032	50,961	75,380
India	7,808	7,959	8,647	14,627	28,099	36,234
Italy	3,826	6,090	5,444	7,750	9,714	16,900
Japan	8,281	8,514	9,076	8,730	10,311	11,526
Malaysia	1,210	2,189	1,633	1,857	2,210	3,014
Scandinavia	10,016	12,383	18,287	21,443	22,146	19,526
Switzerland	5,841	5,622	8,921	9,866	10,716	15,454
U. K.	8,756	9,376	12,428	14,274	18,570	31,014
U. S. A.	6,629	6,265	8,342	10,160	11,093	12,194
Other Countries	21,091	25,770	28,890	37,485	49,462	59,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>103,204</b>	<b>118,971</b>	<b>153,665</b>	<b>192,592</b>	<b>250,164</b>	<b>321,780</b>

*Source* : Ceylon Tourist Board.

TABLE 97—TOURISTS WHO ARRIVED IN SRI LANKA CLASSIFIED BY PURPOSE OF VISIT

Purpose of Visit	Number of Tourists			Percentage		
	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980
Holiday	177,824	227,218	291,994	92.3	90.8	90.7
Business (official and private)	11,651	18,131	22,320	6.1	7.3	6.8
Other	3,117	4,815	7,466	1.6	1.9	2.5
Total	192,592	250,164	321,780	100	100	100

Source : Ceylon Tourist Board.

TABLE 98—ACCOMMODATION CAPACITY (ROOMS) IN GRADED HOTELS

Resort Region	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Colombo Resort Region—City	1,059	1,310	1,310	1,321	1,332	1,417
Colombo Resort Region—Greater Colombo	669	914	956	1,009	1,046	1,118
South Coast Resort Region	790	1,007	1,165	1,402	1,534	1,743
East Coast Resort Region	230	271	320	345	367	414
High Country Resort Region	212	195	195	244	263	259
Historic Cities Resort Region	614	827	848	969	1,000	1,034
Northern Region	58	57	57	57	57	57
All Regions	3,632	4,581	4,851	5,347	5,599	6,042

Source : Ceylon Tourist Board.

TABLE 99—EMPLOYMENT IN THE TOURIST INDUSTRY

Category Establishment	No. of Establishments			Total Employed		
	1978	1979	1980	1978	1979	1980
1. Hotels and Restaurants	194	203	216	10,066	11,834	13,555
2. Travel Agents/Transport operations	118	140	155	2,267	2,831	2,740
3. Airlines	14	16	15	982	1,147	2,366
4. Agencies providing recreational facilities	11	13	16	84	84	397
5. Tourist shops	125	172	124	1,661	2,195	3,127
6. National Tourist Organization	1	1	1	344	381	376
	463	545	527	15,404	18,472	22,561

Source : Ceylon Tourist Board.



TABLE 100—SRI LANKAN DEPARTURES—GROWTH TRENDS—  
BY MODE OF TRANSPORT 1972—1980

Year	Total	Air		Sea	
		Katu- nayake	Other	Talai- mannar	Colombo Harbour
1972	32,971	25,697	5,593	1,436	245
1973	42,305	32,766	7,003	2,252	284
1974	44,825	33,414	8,366	2,518	527
1975	53,848	39,817	10,833	2,472	726
1976	53,305	41,296	9,102	2,078	829
1977	66,900	55,734	7,494	2,833	839
1978	117,075	71,923	4,085	40,115	952
1979	122,197	86,492	—	34,606	1,099
1980	137,797	100,803	—	36,396	598

Source : Dept. of Immigration and Emigration.

TABLE 101—INCOME ACCRUED FROM FOREIGN VISITORS  
AS REPORTED IN THE FOREIGN TRAVEL ITEM OF THE  
BALANCE OF PAYMENTS ACCOUNT

<i>Year</i>	<i>Income (Rs. Million)</i>
1965	5.7
1966	6.5
1967	5.9
1968	10.3
1969	17.0
1970	21.5
1971	20.3
1972	27.6
1973	58.6
1974	107.1
1975	157.1
1976	237.8
1977	363.1
1978	870.0
1979	1,209.4
1980	1,830.3

*Source* : Central Bank of Ceylon.  
Ceylon Tourist Board.

TABLE 102—TIME AT SELECTED CITIES OF THE WORLD  
AT 12:00 NOON (SRI LANKA TIME)

Honolulu	8.30 p.m. (previous day)
Los Angeles	10.30 p.m. (previous day)
New York	1.30 a.m.
Washington	1.30 a.m.
Ottawa	1.30 a.m.
Rio de Janeiro	3.00 a.m.
London	6.30 a.m.
Lisbon	6.30 a.m.
Paris	7.30 a.m.
Rome	7.30 a.m.
Stockholm	7.30 a.m.
Geneva	7.30 a.m.
Cairo	8.30 a.m.
Johannesburg	8.30 a.m.
Moscow	9.30 a.m.
Theran	10.00 a.m.
New Delhi	12.00 noon
Calcutta	12.00 noon
Rangoon	1.00 p.m.
Bangkok	2.00 p.m.
Djarkarta	2.00 p.m.
Kuala Lumpur	2.00 p.m.
Manila	3.00 p.m.
Hongkong	3.00 p.m.
Peking	3.00 p.m.
Tokyo	4.00 p.m.
Canberra	5.00 p.m.

Source : Department of Meteorology.

*Note.*—The above list gives the legal time in various cities. However, in the Temperate regions of the World, Daylight Saving is effective in summer, when clocks are put forward.

TABLE 103—SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES  
THROUGH SRI LANKA IN 1980

	<i>Air Services</i>	<i>Sundays</i>
1.	Air Lanka	Bombay/Colombo Paris/Zurich/Dubai/Colombo Colombo/Madras/Colombo Colombo/Kualalumpur/Singapore Colombo/Male/Colombo
2.	Aeroflot Soviet Air Lines	—
3.	British Airways	Tokyo/Hongkong/Colombo/Seychelles/Johannesburg Johannesburg/Seychelles/Colombo/Hongkong/Tokyo
4.	Indian Air Lines	Madras/Colombo/Madras
5.	Maldivian International Air Lines	Colombo/Male/Colombo
6.	KLM Royal Dutch Air Lines	—
7.	Pakistan International Air Lines	—
8.	Singapore Air Lines	Singapore/Colombo/Singapore
9.	Swissair	Zurich/Geneva/Bombay/Colombo/Singapore Singapore/Colombo/Bombay/Geneva/Zurich
10.	Thai Airways International	—
11.	UTA French Air Lines	—
12.	Garuda Indonesian Airways	—

*Air Services*

1. **Air Lanka**

London/Frankfurt/Bahrain/Colombo

Colombo/Dubai/Bahrain

Colombo/Madras/Colombo

Colombo/Male/Colombo

Colombo/Dubai/Zurich/Paris

Colombo/Bombay/Bahrain/Dubai/Colombo

2. **Aeroflot Soviet Air Lines**

Moscow/Karachi/Colombo

Colombo/Karachi/Moscow

3. **British Airways**

—

4. **Singapore Air Lines**

Copenhagen/Zurich/Dubai/Colombo/Singapore

*Mondays*

TABLE 103—SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES  
THROUGH SRI LANKA IN 1980—(Contd.)

<i>Air Services</i>	<i>Tuesdays</i>
1. Air Lanka	Bombay/Colombo Colombo/Male/Colombo
2. Aeroflot Soviet Air Lines	Moscow/Colombo/Moscow
3. British Airways	Tokyo/Hong-kong/Colombo/Seychells/Johannesburg Johannesburg/Seychells/Colombo/Hongkong/Tokyo
4. Indian Air Lines	Madras/Colombo/Madras
5. Maldivian International Air Lines	Colombo/Male/Colombo
6. KLM Royal Dutch Air Lines	Amsterdam/Dubai/Colombo/Singapore/Sydney/Melbourne Jakarta/Singapore/Colombo/Karachi/Frankfurt/Amsterdam
7. Pakistan International Air Lines	Karachi/Colombo/Karachi
8. Singapore Air Lines	Singapore/Colombo/Dubai/Zurich/Frankfurt
9. Swissair	Zurich/Geneva/Bombay/Colombo/Singapore Singapore/Colombo/Bombay/Zurich
10. Thai Airways International	—
11. UTA French Air Lines	—
12. Garuda Indonesian Airways	Amsterdam/Zurich/Athens/Colombo/Jakarta
13. Korean Air Lines	Seoul/Colombo/Baharain Baharain/Colombo/Seoul

Air Services

1.	Air Laaka	Paris/Zurich/Dubai/Colombo Colombo/Singapore/Colombo Colombo/Bombay/Colombo Colombo/Madras/Colombo	— —
2.	Aeroflot Soviet Air Lines		
3.	British Airways	Trivendrum/Colombo/Trivendrum	
4.	Indian Air Lines	Colombo/Male/Colombo	
5.	Maldivian International Air Lines	Melbourne/Sydney/Singapore/Colombo	
6.	KLM Royal Dutch Air Lines	Dubai/Amsterdam	— —
7.	Pakistan International Air Lines		
8.	Singapore Air Lines		
9.	Swissair		
10.	Thai Airways International	Bangkok/Colombo/Bangkok	— — —
11.	UTA French Air Lines		
12.	Garuda Indonesian Airways		
13.	Korean Air Lines		
14.	Royal Nepal Air Lines	Kathmandu/Colombo/Kathmandu	

TABLE 103—SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES THROUGH SRI LANKA IN 1980—(Contd.)

<i>Air Services</i>		<i>Thursdays</i>
1.	Air Lanka	Colombo/Male/Colombo Colombo/Bangkok/Colombo Singapore/Kualalumpur/Colombo Colombo/Madras/Colombo Colombo/Bahrain/Frankfurt/London Moscow/Colombo/Moscow London/Doha/Muscat/Colombo Colombo/Muscat/Doha/London Madras/Colombo/Madras Trichy/Colombo/Trichy Colombo/Male/Colombo
2.	Aeroflot Soviet Air Lines	Karachi/Colombo/Karachi
3.	British Airways	Singapore/Colombo/Dubai/Brussels Frankfurt/Zurich/Dubai/Colombo/Singapore Singapore/Colombo/Dubai/Zurich/Copenhagen
4.	Indian Air Lines	—
5.	Maldivian International Air Lines	—
6.	KLM Royal Dutch Air Lines	Paris/Bahrain/Colombo/Singapore Singapore/Colombo/Bahrain
7.	Pakistan International Air Lines	Jakarta/Singapore/Colombo/Rome/Amsterdam
8.	Singapore Air Lines	—
9.	Swissair	—
10.	Thai Airways International	—
11.	UTA French Air Lines	—
12.	Garuda Indonesian Airways	—
13.	Korean Air Lines	—



- |                                      |   |                  |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| 1. Air Lanka                         | Colombo/Madras/Colombo<br>Colombo/Kualalumpur/Singapore/Colombo<br>Colombo/Male/Colombo<br>Colombo/Dubai/Zurich/Paris | —<br>—<br>—<br>— |
| 2. Aeroflot Soviet Air Lines         |   | —                |
| 3. British Airways                   |   | —                |
| 4. Indian Air Lines                  | Trivendrum/Colombo/Trivendrum   |                  |
| 5. Maldivian International Air Lines | Colombo/Male/Colombo  |                  |
| 6. KLM Royal Dutch Air Lines         | Amsterdam/Athens/Karachi/Colombo/Singapore/Jakarta  | —                |
| 7. Pakistan International Air Lines  |   | —                |
| 8. Singapore Air Lines               |   | —                |
| 9. Swissair                          |   | —                |
| 10. Thai Airways International       | Bangkok/Colombo/Bangkok   |                  |
| 11. UTA French Air Lines             |   | —                |
| 12. Garuda Indonesian Airways        |   | —                |

TABLE 103—SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES THROUGH  
SRI LANKA IN 1980—(Contd.)

<i>Air Services</i>	<i>Saturdays</i>
1. Air Lanka	London/Frankfurt/Baharain/Colombo Colombo/Male/Colombo Colombo/Bangkok/Colombo Colombo/Bombay Colombo/Baharain/Frankfurt/London
2. Aeroflot Soviet Air Lines	—
3. British Airways	London/Dubai/Bombay/Colombo Colombo/Bombay/Dubai/London
4. Indian Air Lines	Madras/Colombo/Madras
5. Maldivian International Air Lines	Colombo/Male/Colombo
6. KLM Royal Dutch Air Lines	—
7. Pakistan International Air Lines	Karachi/Colombo/Karachi
8. Singapore Air Lines	Copenhagen/Zurich/Dubai/Colombo/Singapore Singapore/Colombo/Dubai/Zurich/Copenhagen
9. Swissair	—
10. Thai Airways International	—
11. UTA French Air Lines	Paris/Muscat/Colombo/Singapore
12. Garuda Indonesian Airways	Amsterdam/Paris/Athens/Colombo/Singapore/Jakarta Jakarta/Singapore/Colombo/Athens/Paris/Amsterdam

TABLE 104—SELECTED ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Indicator	Unit	Sri Lanka	India	Japan	U. K.	U. S. A.	
Area (Surface)	Km <sup>2</sup> .	65,610	3,287,590	372,313	244,046	9,363,123	
Population (Mid-year estimates) 1978	'000	14,190	638,388	114,898	55,822	218,059	
Density of Population 1978	Persons Per Km <sup>2</sup> .	219	194	309	229	23	
Birth Rate (crude) 1977	Per '000 Population	27.9	35.2 (1975)	15.5	11.8	15.3	
Death Rate 1977	Per '000 Population	7.4	15.9 (1975)	6.1	11.7	8.8	
Rate of Natural Increase 1977	Per '000 Population	20.5	19.3 (1975)	9.4	0.1	6.5	
Infant Mortality Rate 1977	Per '000 Live Births	42.4	122.0 (1975)	8.9	14.0	14.0	
Marriage Rate 1977	Per '000 Population	7.4	..	7.3	7.3	8.8	
Divorce Rate 1977	Per '000 Population	0.1 (1972)	..	1.1	2.4	5.1	
Fertility Rate	Per '000 Population	155.8 (1972)	136.7 (1975)	57.6 (1977)	53.7 (1977)	58.5 (1977)	
Expectation of Life at Birth :							
Male	Years	64.2 (1971)	50.00 (70-75)	72.15 (1976)	67.23 (1971-73)	68.70 (1975)	
Female	Years	67.1 (1971)	48.70 (70-75)	77.35 (1976)	73.61 (1971-73)	76.50 (1975)	
Economically Active Population (Total-Mid-year) 1978	%	33.9 (1975)	39.2 (1975)	48.6 (1975)	47.1	47.0	
Index Numbers of Agricultural Production (all commodities) 1978	Base 1969-71 = 100	124	123	108	109	121	
Index Numbers of Industrial Production (General) 1977	Base 1970 = 100	158 (1975)	138	127	106	129	
Consumer Price Index Number (all items) 1977	Base 1970 = 100	147	174	204	249	156	
Total National Income at Market Prices 1978	U. S. Dollars Million	2,379	110,477	821,875	276,578	1,877,983	
Per capita National Income at Market Prices 1978	U. S. Dollars	168	173	7,153	4,955	8,612	
External Trade Index Numbers :							
Export Volume Index (Quantum) 1978	Base 1975 = 100	93	114 (1977)	134	124	113	
Import Volume Index (Quantum) 1978	Base 1975 = 100	191	117 (1977)	119	117	148	
Export Price Index (Unit value) 1978	Base 1975 = 100	351	120 (1977)	92	155	115	
Import Price Index (Unit value) 1978	Base 1975 = 100	203	89 (1977)	82	145	121	
Terms of Trade : 1978							
Export Price Index							
Import Price Index							
	× 100	Base 1975 = 100	173	135 (1977)	113	107	95

Source : (1) Statistical Year Book UNESCO 1980

(2) Year Book of National Accounts Statistics 1979

(3) Year Book of International Trade Statistics 1979

(4) Demographic Year Book 1979

(5) Year Book of Labour Statistics 1979

(6) U. N. Statistical Year Book 1978.

#### Life expectation

(Figures for the countries India and U. K. were altered to give the latest figures published in the Demographic Year Book 1979)

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# Chapter XII

SPECIAL FEATURES





## PLACES OF TOURIST INTEREST IN SRI LANKA

Sri Lanka is remarkably famed for her wide range of tourist attractions. Within an area of a little more than 65,000 square kilometres are found cities more than 2,000 years old, beautiful stretches of sea and sunny beaches, scenic splendour of peerless mountain with lush tropical lowlands. The glory and grandeur of age-old pageants, traditional crafts mingle with the warm and friendly disposition of her people.

### AMBALANGODA

Eighty-seven kilometres from Colombo; a safe bathing spot with a Resthouse famed for sea-food delicacies. Centre of the colourful wooden mask industry in Sri Lanka, and its ritualistic mask dancing, folk drama and the art of puppetry.

### AMPARAI

The valley that developed with the construction of the giant reservoir, Senanayake Samudra. Earlier the Gal-Oya Valley was a primeval wilderness the habitat of the aboriginal Veddha.

A Veritable paradise for bird 'watchers'; large herds of elephant provide its main attraction.

Accommodation is available at Safari Inn, Inginiyagala, the Resthouse at Amparai or at the Wild Life Conservation Department's Bungalow Ekgal-Oya.

Road-rail links available from Batticaloa. Two trains operate daily; direct bus services are operated daily between Colombo and Gal-Oya.

### ANURADHAPURA

Sri Lanka's ancient capital, foremost among Buddhism's Sacred Cities in the Island; Anuradhapura, 206 kilometres from Colombo on the north-central plains, dating back 2,500 years revives a glorious past of a culture and heritage.

Striking features of the "Sacred City" are—

*Ruvanvelliseya*—2nd century B.C., now restored;

*Thuparama*—3rd century B.C. enshrining sacred relics of the Buddha;

*The Sri Maha Bodhi*—Historically documented as the world's oldest tree;  
(*Ficus religiosa*)

*Isurumuniya*—Famous for the carving of the "Lovers".

A number of other ancient ruins and monuments spreading over vast park-land are both of archaeological and scenic interest.

Anuradhapura is served by ancient reservoirs. The Nuwara Wewa, Tissa Wewa, Basawakkulama and Bulankulama continue as sources of water supply.

To suit convenience of travellers, two comfortable Resthouses, flank the Nuwara Wewa and Tissa Wewa banks. Rajarata Hotel, Miridiya Hotel, Samara Hotel and Monara Hotel afford guest accommodation. Both western and local 'dishes' are available.

Train travellers to Anuradhapura could avail themselves of rest rooms at the railway station. Four express trains serve Anuradhapura daily and special services operate during the main pilgrim—influx generally in the month of June, which coincides with the Poson festival at Mihintale, commemorating the introduction of Buddhism to the island.

### BANDARAWELA

Leeward of the montane zone of Sri Lanka is this health resort knitted all round with tea-covered hills and a gradual undulating landscape. The Diyaluma Falls in its vicinity is amongst the highest in the world.

#### *Accommodation :*

Bandarawela Hotel

Orient Hotel

Ideal Resort

Ceylon Tourist Board Resort—Three cottages with bedrooms and dormitory accommodation.

Best reached by train, the road to Bandarawela presents a panoramic view with a beautiful landscape.

### BENTOTA

Sixty-four kilometres from Colombo, on the south coast is a popular holiday resort. A picturesque tourist complex of hotels, shops, handicraft centres and other facilities ; situated at the estuary of the Bentota River, lovely beach, and facilities exist for aquatic sports on sea and river.

#### *Accommodation :*

Bentota Beach Hotel

Lihiniya Surf Hotel

Serendib Hotel

Hotel Ceysands

Ceylon Tourist Board Resort—(A cottage with 2 double room facilities—run by the Ceylon Tourist Board.)

## BERUWALA

Eleventh century Muslim settlement ; famous Kechimala Mosque ; beautiful lighthouse on the Barberyn Island ; a coral reef provides year-round, safe, sea bathing.

### *Accommodation :*

Barberyn Reef Hotel  
Confin Beach Hotel  
Hotel Swanee

Neptune Hotel  
Palm Garden Hotel  
Hotel Bayroo  
Pearl Beach Hotel

## COLOMBO

The sea-port capital of Sri Lanka ; Commercial and administrative centre. Many traces of colonial occupation remain. The city abounds with places of interest—old structures, churches, temples, mosques, kovils, theatres and art galleries. Colombo's Museum contains, amongst other things inscriptions of Sri Lanka's storied past. The Dehiwala Zoo, one of the finest in the East is a popular tourist attraction.

The Zoo's aquarium, a major draw is open daily from 10 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. Another tourist attraction is the Elephant's performance at 5.15 each evening. The Zoo is open daily between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m.

Shopping in Colombo could be quite rewarding. The bazaar area of the city is in Pettah, with most of the department stores, jewellery and curio shops in Fort area. Seasonal spectator sports available.

### *Accommodation :*

The Gall Face Hotel  
Hotel Taprobane  
Ceylinco Hotel  
Hotel Sapphire  
Holiday Inn  
Sea View Hotel  
Silver Bird Hotel  
Hotel Lanka Oberoi  
Hotel Duro  
Hotel Ranmuthu

Hotel Brighton  
Havelock Tourinn  
Pegasus Reef Hote  
Ceylon Inns  
Hotel Ceylon Inter-Continental  
Hotel Renuka  
Many guest houses and paying guest  
accommodation  
Hotel Janaki

## DAMBULLA

South of Sigiriya on the summit of a massive rock boulder is a temple with five caves, dating from 1st century B.C. Hewn out of the rock is a thousand four hundred and thirty-two centimetre recumbent image of the Buddha. These caves house exquisite murals depicting the life and teachings of the Enlightened one. At the foot of the rock is a Resthouse.

Bus services connect Dambulla with Kandy, Sigiriya and Polonnaruwa.

## DIYATALAWA

In close proximity to Bandarawela is another health resort amidst vast stretches of grassy patanas. Nicknamed "the Happy Valley", Diyatalawa is easily accessible by road (190 kilometres from Colombo) and rail. Regular bus and train services to Diyatalawa are available.

*Accommodation :*

St. Ives Guest House.

## GALLE

Away from the bustle of the metropolis 115 kilometres along the coast from Colombo is Galle. Once an outpost of the Portuguese invaders and later of the Dutch, it still retains, the original fortifications in a perfect state of preservation. Massive old structures denote an atmosphere of the Dutch Era. A butterfly bridge spans over the canal constructed during the Dutch period

In the fort of Galle is the New Oriental Hotel. Other accommodation includes Cloenberg Hotel and Harbour Inn, Orchard Holiday Home, Koggala Beach Hotel and Koggala Hotel Horizon. Galle is reached by train (5 Expresses daily) and bus with Hotel and Railway Retiring Rooms.

## HAPUTALE

Nestling in the hills at an elevation of 1,456 metres (179 kilometres from Colombo) is Haputale—popular among tourists as St. Moritz of Sri Lanka. This region is famed for its breath-taking views, extending far across towards the south. The Haputale Gap could be seen best from the Monamaya Guest-house.

Regular train and road services to Haputale are available.

## HIKKADUWA

Famed for its wealth of coral and marine life, Hikkaduwa is a paradise for the under-sea enthusiast. The blue waters are ideal for swimming, skin diving and spear fishing.

Nearby is the Totagamuwa Temple, home of Totagamuwe Sri Rahula, famed Sinhala poet. The Polgasduwa Island Hermitage founded by the Ven. Gnanatilaka and several other temples are worth visiting. 99 kilometres South of Colombo, Hikkaduwa is well served by rail and road.

### *Accommodation :*

Coral Sands Hotel  
Coral Gardens Hotel  
Hotel Lanka Super Coral

Coral Reef Beach Hotel  
Poseiden Guest House  
Blue Corals Hotel

## JAFFNA

At the northern most extremity of Sri Lanka is the Jaffna Peninsula (396 kilometres from Colombo). This traditional home of the Tamils, descendants of South Indian settlers, differs from the rest of Sri Lanka in climate and outlook.

A large cluster of islets and lagoons lend enchantment to the Peninsula. Off Kayts is the tiny Island of Hammenheil with its Dutch Fort. Reminiscence of the Dutch Era is again evident in the city, the Jaffna Fort, is perhaps the best preserved in Asia. Of the many islets, Nagadipa is famed as an Island the Buddha is said to have visited. The Island of Delft is known for its wild ponies. At Kantarodiai is an unusual site of pre-Christian Buddhist shrines. The sunny beaches and vast stretches of golden sand dotted with Casuarina, Palmyrah palms, and Baobab trees, lend a fascinating view.

Visitors to Jaffna have a choice of accommodation to select : Palm Court, Subbas Tourist Hotel, Yarl Inns, Railway Retiring Rooms and a Resthouse in the city itself.

Four trains also operate daily between Colombo and Jaffna.

## KANDY

Kandy (115 kilometres from Colombo) the hill capital of Sri Lanka is famed for the Temple of the sacred Tooth Relic of the Buddha. The grandeur of an age-old pageant is the Esala Perahera, held every year during the lunar

month of Esala (July-August). Scores of gaily caparisoned elephants local chieftains in ceremonial attire headed by dancers and drummers participate in a colourful spectacle famed the world over.

Religious fervour of the Hill Capital is manifestly expressed by the presence of a number of temples around Kandy with varying attractions; exquisite wood carvings at Embelke, attractive roof and murals at Degaldoruwa and the eight hundred and twenty-three centimetre Buddha Statue at Gangarama. On the approach route to Kandy are the Peradeniya Botanic Gardens which possess some of Asia's finest collections of orchids and other tropical varieties of flora. The Peradeniya Campus of the Sri Lanka University overlooking the gardens is indeed picturesque.

*Accommodation :*

Chalet Hotel  
Hotel Suisse  
Hunas Falls Hotel, Elkaduwa  
Lady Hill Tourist Hotel  
Peak View  
Queen's Hotel  
Hotel Dehigama  
Hotel Topaz  
Hotel Hantana  
Hotel Cassamara  
Mahaweli Reach Hotel

There are in addition a number of comfortable Guest Houses and Paying Guest accommodation. Regular bus and train services operate between Colombo and Kandy.

## MATARA

Matara is situated on the extreme south coast of Sri Lanka at the estuary of the Nilwala Ganga, 160 kilometres from Colombo. Interesting evidence of the Dutch occupation in 17th and 18th centuries are seen in two forts. One of these has an impressive gateway dating 1698 with the coat-of-arms of the Dutch East India Company. There is also a Dutch-built church. The Buddhist temple at Weherahena evinces much popularity among tourists.

Dondra 7 kilometres away, is the southernmost point of Sri Lanka.

Matara is accessible by road and rail. Accommodation is available at the Resthouse and Polhena Reef Gardens Hotel.

## MIHINTALE

Thirteen kilometres from Anuradhapura is a mountain shrine venerated by Buddhists. Known as the cradle of Buddhism it was here that the Arahat Mahinda preached his first sermon to King Dewanampiya Tissa. In 247 B. C. 1,840 shallow steps lead to the summit of the shrine. Ancient structures still to be seen are the Mahaseya, Ambastale Chaitiya and Kanthaka Chaitiya.

## MOUNT LAVINIA

Eleven kilometres from Colombo Fort is Mt. Lavinia, one of the most popular beaches in Sri Lanka. The sea at Mount is ideal for swimming, surfing and skin diving. A fishing centre, many fishermen living along the coast still use the age-old catamaran and outrigger canoe.

Perched on a promontory is an old building which was used as the residence of a British Governor. It now forms part of the Mt. Lavinia Hotel. Accommodation includes Palm Beach Hotel, Saltair Beach Hotel, Tilly's Beach Hotel. Cabanas guest and paying guest houses are also available.

Mt. Lavinia is served both by rail and road.

## NEGOMBO

Situated 35 kilometres from Colombo and 9 kilometres from the Colombo International Airport at Katunayake. Negombo is picturesquely situated at the 'neck' of a lagoon. In the Dutch Era of 17th and 18th centuries, its hinterland grew the best cinnamon in the world. Negombo is an important fishing centre (especially well known for crab, lobster and prawn). The 17th century Dutch Church and a Dutch built canal linking Colombo are traces of Dutch Administration. Good swimming, fine beaches, sailing, rod and line fishing in the lagoon add variety.

### *Accommodation :*

Blue Lagoon Beach Hotel  
Catamaran Beach Hotel  
Sea Shells Hotel  
Blue Oceanic Beach Hotel  
Dons Beach Hotel  
Brown's Beach Hotel

Orient Pearl Hotel  
Goldi Sands Hotel  
Golden Beach Hotel  
Sunflower Hotel  
Ranveli Resort Hotel

Many guest houses and two resthouses are also available.

Frequent buses and trains are available.

## NUWARA ELIYA

Has a salubrious climates as it is encircled by high mountains of central Sri Lanka. This picturesque town with its ideal spring climate (temperature 15.5 c.) is 180 kilometres from the metropolis.

Long pleasant walks along mountain paths, boating, golf and trout fishing are among a host of attractions to visitors.

Nuwara Eliya is easily reached by road and by rail (bus connection from Nanu Oya).

Many private homes in Nuwara Eliya take in 'paying' guests and accommodation is also available at the St. Andrews Hotel, Grand Hotel, Grosvenor Hotel, Hill Club, Princess Guesthouse, Villa Concordia, Nuwara Inn, Lake View Guest House, the Municipal Tourist Rest and Ceylon Tourist Board Resort.

## HORTON PLAINS

A Paradise for nature lovers covering an area of 54 square kilometres : many things to enjoy ; hiking, riding, trout fishing or just a leisurely ramble. Horton Plains offer ideal opportunities for the botanists and those interested in local flora. " World's End " with its precipitous drop presents an incredible view.

## POLONNARUWA

216 kilometres from Colombo is Polonnaruwa, founded and developed between 9th and 12th centuries.

Famed among many of the ancient ruins is the Gal Vihara where four beautiful stone figures of the Buddha have weathered the vicissitudes of time. These were carved during the reign of Parakrama Bahu the Great, who also endowed the ancient city with the handsome Audience Hall, and the magnificent Lankatilleke. Of a later date are the Sathmahal Prasadaya and the Lata Mandapaya built by King Nissanka Malla.

Centre of the ancient irrigation system, the Parakrama Samudra, or the Sea of Parakrama constitutes a unique feat in engineering technology.



Regular bus and train services are available .

*Accommodation :*

Araliya Hotel

Hotel Seruwa

Amalian Nivas

Polonnaruwa Rest House

Giritala Hotel (11 kilometres from Polonnaruwa)

Hotel Hemalee (11 kilometres from Polonnaruwa)

The Royal Lotus, Giritala (11 kilometres from Polonnaruwa)

### RATNAPURA

Ratnapura, as its name implies, is the City of Gems. This town lies 90 kilometres south-east of Colombo. Mining activity using traditional methods of tunneling and dredging in river beds has continued well nigh for centuries. Rubies, Sapphires, Aquamarines, Topaz, Alexandrites, Garnets, Amethysts, Moonstones and many other precious and semi-precious stones are obtained from these 'mines'.

The temple of God Saman, Guardian Deity of Sri Pada, hallowed to Buddhists and Hindus is a centre of worship.

Ratnapura is reached by road. Ratnaloka Tours Inn and the Resthouse are picturesquely situated high over the city, commanding a magnificent view.

### SIGIRIYA

This massive rock, 169 kilometres from Colombo, was the 5th century fortress of the parricide King Kasyapa. High on this plateau-like rock, King Kasyapa built himself a palace of extraordinary design. In a sheltered pocket on a side of the rock are found the world famous frescoes. Flanking the steps leading to the pocket is the mirror wall with panegyric descriptions. The ascent to the summit had led through the mouth of a lion crouching the paws of which still remains.

Sigiriya is easily accessible by road and also by rail up to Habarana with a connecting road link.

*Accommodation :*

Hotel Sigiriya

Sigiriya Rest House

Habarana Walk Inn

Habarana Rest House

Trincomalee, one of the finest natural harbours in the world, lies on the north-east coast of Sri Lanka, 257 kilometres from Colombo. White sandy beaches and numerous little creeks make ideal Sports opportunities for excellent swimming ; plenty of scope for skin diving and rod and line fishing.

A sight 'worth seeing' is the Swami Rock, a towering 122 metre headland, where an ancient Hindu temple of 1,000 columns once stood. The temple was destroyed in 1622 and its remains now lie scattered over the sea bed. Fort Frederick, Dutch Point, Ostenberg Point and Wellington House are other interesting spots.

Accommodation is available at the Seven Island Hotel, Trincomalee Rest-house, 'The Nightjar' Guesthouse, Hotel Club Oceanic, The Villa at Trincomalee and Blue Lagoon Hotel, Nilaveli Beach Hotel and Moonlight Beach Lodge at Nilaveli (19 kilometres from Trincomalee) and Ceylon Sea Angler Club at China Bay.

## WILD LIFE

Between late dawn (5.30 and 7.30) or early dusk (4.30 and 6.00) visitors to the National Parks may watch the elephant, leopard, bear and other species of wild life.

The more popular of the parks is the Ruhunu National Park (1,259 square kilometres) 305 kilometres from Colombo. Six bungalows available in the park are being rented out by the Department of Wild Life Conservation. Alternative accommodation could be had at Tissamaharama Rest House, Brown's Yala Safari Cottage, Senasuma Holiday Resort, Ibis Safari Lodge, Piyankara Tourist Guest House and at the Kataragama Resthouse of the Ceylon Tourist Board. Dormitory accommodation available.

Closer to Colombo (175 kilometres) is the large Wilpattu National Park (1,908 square kilometres). Seven bungalows available ; bookings with the Department of Wild Life Conservation. Yala East National Park (120 square kilometres) 322 kilometres from Colombo is famed for the variety of bird life nesting of Kumana. The elephant sanctuary at Lahugala is only 42 kilometres away.

Gal Oya National Park (512 square kilometres) 314 kilometres from Colombo is reputed for elephants. Wild Life could best be seen in its natural habitat deep in the heart of the Veddah country. Horton Plains Nature Reserve (31 square kilometres) 164 kilometres from Colombo abounds with rare varieties of the *fauna* and *flora*.

The Agrarian Research and Training Institute, sponsored by the Government of Sri Lanka in association with the FAO/UNDP was established in February 1972, as a statutory body under the Ministry of Agriculture and Lands. The Secretary to the Ministry of Agricultural Development and Research is the chairman of its governing body, the Board of Governors.

The objects of the Institute are to undertake, foster and co-ordinate agrarian research and to examine the institutional factors that have to do with the development of the Agriculture ; to offer training facilities to public officers members of local Institutions and to farmers ; and to serve as a repository of agrarian information. It is expected that the Institute will in due course develop to perform certain regional functions.

The institute's Research and Training Programmes are in the fields of Agricultural Economics, Agricultural Extension, Agricultural Marketing, Agricultural Planning, Water Management, Rural Sociology, Land Tenure and Land Economics, Statistics and Communication.

The institute undertakes evaluation studies of major development projects in the fields of agriculture and rural development. It also collaborates with international institutes in research and in organising seminars, workshops on subject relevant to the work of the Institute.

The institute at the request of the Government has established a Market Research Unit to assist the National Food Policy Committee by providing agro-economic and related data for effective co-ordination and management of the food system in Sri Lanka.

The institute is also in the process of establishing a National Centre for Information on Agrarian Development to operate as a total system for the collection, storage and dissemination of agrarian information and data.

The Institute is housed at 114, Wijerama Mawatha, Colombo 7. It has a specialized library and fully equipped printing room where all the institute publications are printed. The institute also has a fully air-conditioned auditorium, a conference room and a residential wing which are offered on hire together with audio-visual equipment for training and other related programmes arranged by the public sector institutions.

## FUNCTIONS OF SELECTED INSTITUTIONS

The Rubber Research Institute of Sri Lanka, Dartonfield, Agalawatta

The origin of the Rubber Research Institute of Sri Lanka (RRISL) goes back to 1910, the first meeting of the Executive Committee of the Rubber Research Scheme having held on 19th October, 1910. This makes the RRISL the world's oldest Research Institute for rubber.

The Rubber Research Scheme was incorporated on 1st August, 1930, (as the Rubber Research Scheme (Ceylon)) under the provisions of the Rubber Research Ordinance, No. 10 of 1930. The Rubber Research Institute of Ceylon was named as such under the provisions of the Rubber Research (Amendment) Act, No. 30 of 1951. After Ceylon became the Republic of Sri Lanka, this Institute too, changed its name into the Rubber Research Institute of Sri Lanka.

The Rubber Research Institute of Sri Lanka is managed by a Board which includes representatives from the planting community and the smallholders and some Government Departments.

The mission of the Rubber Research Institute of Sri Lanka is to maximise the productivity of natural rubber and its utilization by research and extension.

To achieve this purpose the Institute has a core of highly trained Research Officers with the necessary supporting staff to carry out research on all aspects of rubber planting and manufacture. The RRISL carries out research and disseminates its results to rubber growers and industrialists.

The work at the RRISL can be broadly divided into two areas :

- (a) Biological research i.e., the growth of the tree and associated problems which aims at increasing rubber yields.
- (b) Research in rubber chemistry and technology, which attempts to increase the value of the product.

The Institute consists of 13 Departments, Viz.

- (1) Plant Science.
- (2) Plant Pathology
- (3) Soils and Plant Nutrition
- (4) Genetics and Plant Breeding
- (5) Rubber Chemistry and Technology
- (6) Central Specifications Laboratory
- (7) Estate (Dartnfield Group)
- (8) Advisory Services and Economic Research
- (9) Statistics
- (10) Accounts
- (11) Administration
- (12) Library and Publications
- (13) Department for Intercropping (established in 1980).

The Head Office of the Institute, the Biological Research Departments and Laboratories are at Dartnfield, Agalawatta, while the Rubber Chemistry and Technology and Central Specifications Laboratory, Advisory Services and Economic Research Departments are situated at Telawala Road, Ratmalana. The Institute has sub stations at Nivitigalakele, Matugama and Kuruwita.

### **The Tea Research Institute, St.Coombs Estate, Talawakele**

The Institute is a Division of the Sri Lanka Tea Board. It conducts research on all aspects of tea productions and manufacture.

The Institute also advises estates on improved techniques in tea production and manufacture. This service is provided free of charge. The Institute has four outlying stations and two Commercial Estates. Research carried out at the outstations is complementary to that carried out at the main station at Talawakele.

The Institute issues several publications on its work.

### **Ceylon Institute of Scientific and Industrial Research, Colombo**

The CISIR was established in 1955 by Act of Parliament. The objects of the Institute are, amongst other matters, to undertake testing, investigation and research for the purpose of improving technical processes and methods used in industry, of discovering processes and methods which may promote the expansion of existing industries or the development of new industries, or the utilisation of waste products. The Institute fosters the training of research workers and the establishment of scientific associations. Amongst its ancillary services are the testing of industrial products for quality and composition. The Institute may also enter into agreements to undertake special investigations with the object of the discovery, invention or improvement of any process, apparatus or machine.

The management of the Institute is vested in a Governing Board consisting of persons who have distinguished themselves in science or industry or are otherwise specially qualified in relation to some aspect of the Institute's work. The administration is vested in the Director who is appointed by the Minister. Funds for the maintenance of the Institute and its staff are donated annually by the Government.

The Governing Board publishes a report, annually, on the work of the Institute.

### **The Sri Lanka Tea Board, Colombo**

The Sri Lanka Tea Board was established by Statute No. 14 of 1975 and commenced activities as from 1st January, 1976. It is entrusted with the task of promoting the development of the tea industry in Sri Lanka. As

from 1976, the Department of the Tea Controller, the Tea Export Commissioner, the Ceylon Tea Propaganda Board and the Tea Research Institute were brought under the Board which is financed by a cess on tea exports. The Ministries of Plantation Industry, Finance, Planning, Trade and Shipping as well as members connected with the Tea Industry are represented in its directorate.

### Coconut Marketing Board

The Coconut Marketing Board was established by the the Minister of Plantation Industry, under the provisions of the Coconut Development Act, No. 46 of 1971, by Order published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 15,004 of March 30, 1972, to perform the following functions :—

- (1) The prescription and maintenance of standards of quality of coconut products manufactured in or exported from Sri Lanka.
- (2) The purchase and sale, and the regulation of the purchase and sale of coconut products, and the formulation and implementation or assistance in the formulation and implementation of minimum and maximum price schemes and price stabilization schemes for coconut products, particularly the smallholders' coconut products.
- (3) The maintenance, promotion and creation of demand for coconut products, both within and outside Sri Lanka, by advertising, initiating, financing, supporting and supervising promotional work, by establishing, managing, supervising and supporting sales rooms and agencies, organizing, assisting and participating in exhibitions and fairs and by any other means necessary for the purpose.
- (4) The conducting of market research into all aspects of the transport and marketing of coconut products within and outside Sri Lanka.
- (5) The training of advisory and extension workers to assist the coconut industry.
- (6) The promotion of co-operative and collective forms of management and ownership of coconut plantations and of establishments manufacturing for trading in coconut products.
- (7) The export and import, the regulation of export and import trade and export and import prices of coconut products.

Under these regulations, the issue of licences for the export of copra, coconut oil, desiccated coconut, coconut fibre, shell charcoal and shell flour,



fresh nuts and ekels, the conduct of copra auctions as well as the implementation of the Price Stabilisation Scheme for Coconut Oil, fall within the purview of the Coconut Marketing Board.

#### Coconut Research Institute, Bandirippuwa Estate, Lunuwila

A Scheme for research on coconut was initiated in 1929 under Ordinance No. 29 of 1928. Originally called the "Coconut Research Scheme", it was given a higher status in 1951 and re-named "The Coconut Research Institute". On 30th March, 1972, it was taken over by a new Coconut Research Board set up under the Coconut Development Act, No. 46 of 1971. This Board has been assigned the following functions :—

- (1) the conducting and furthering of scientific research in respect of the growth and cultivation of coconut palms, the growing of other crops and the engagement in animal husbandry on coconut plantations, and the prevention and care of diseases and pests ;
- (2) the establishment and maintenance of experimental stations and nurseries ;
- (3) the conducting and furthering of scientific research in connection with the processing and utilization of coconut products ;
- (4) the establishment and maintenance of pilot plants for the processing of coconut products and the fabrication of experimental processing equipment ;
- (5) the training of advisory and extension works to assist the coconut industry ; and
- (6) guiding and advising the coconut industry on all technical matters.

The institute has expanded considerably with eleven sectors, *viz.* plant Biology, Plant Breeding and plant propagation, Crop protection, Chemistry, Soil Science, Agronomy, Agricultural Economics, Statistics and Data Bank, Processing Research, Advisory and Extension Services, Documentation, Administration and Finance.

As it functions at present, the Coconut Research Institute is organized mainly for agricultural research. Limited facilities however, exist for laboratory scale investigations on the chemistry and technology of coconut products. Although the Institute is not strictly engaged in applied research for industry, it does to some extent assist in the solution of process and production problems encountered in the coconut industry.

## PRINCIPAL CONVERSION FACTORS

### Length

1 inch	=	25.4 millimetres (mm)
1 foot	=	0.3048 metres (m)
1 yard	=	0.9144 metres (m)
1 mile	=	1.60934 kilometres (km)

### Mass

1 ounce	=	28.3495 grammes (g)
1 pound	=	0.45359 kilogrammes (kg)
1 cwt.	=	50.8023 kilogrammes (kg)
1 ton	=	1.01605 tonnes (t)
1,000 kg.	=	1 tonne (t)

### Volume

1 gallon	=	4.54609 litres (l)
1 litre	=	0.220 gallon

### Area

1 sq. inch (in <sup>2</sup> )	=	6.4516 sq. centimetres (cm <sup>2</sup> )
1 sq. foot (ft <sup>2</sup> )	=	0.0929 sq. metre (m <sup>2</sup> )
1 sq. yard (yd <sup>2</sup> )	=	0.8361 sq. metre (m <sup>2</sup> )
1 sq. mile (sq. mile)	=	2.58999 sq. kilometre (km <sup>2</sup> )
	=	258.999 hectare (ha)
1 acre	=	0.404686 hectare (ha)

### Temperature

9 degree Fahrenheit (deg. F)	=	5 kelvins (K)
	=	5 degree Celsius (deg C)

*Example :*

$$\frac{(52^{\circ}\text{F} - 32^{\circ}\text{F})5}{9} = 11.1111^{\circ}\text{C}$$

**Weights and Measures**

*British to Metric Units*

1 acre	=	0.405 hectares (ha.)
1 pound (lb.)	=	0.454 kilogrammes (kgs.)
1 long ton (2240 lbs.)	=	1.016 metric tons (mt. ton)
1 hundred weight (cwt.)	=	50.802 kgs.
1 mile	=	1.609 kilometres (kms.)
1 long ton mile	=	1.635 mt. ton kms.
1 lb./acre	=	1.121 kgs./ha.
1 bushel (of paddy) (46 lbs.)	=	20.87 kgs.
1 cwt./acre	=	125.536 kgs./ha.
1 bushel paddy/acre	=	51.570 kgs. paddy/ha
1 pint	=	0.57 litres
1 imperial gallon	=	4.55 litres

*Metric to British Units*

1 hectare	=	2.471 acres
1 kilogramme	=	2.205 lbs.
1 mt. ton (1000 kgs.)	=	0.984 long ton
1 metre	=	3.281 feet
1 kilometre	=	0.621 mile
1 mt. ton kilometre	=	0.612 long ton mile
1 litre	=	1.76 pints = 0.219 imp. gallons
1 kg./ga.	=	0.892 lb/acre



## NOTES



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