


**STATISTICAL POCKET BOOK
OF THE DEMOCRATIC
SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF
SRI LANKA
1982**



**DEPARTMENT OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS
MINISTRY OF PLAN IMPLEMENTATION**



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OF
THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC
OF
SRI LANKA**

1982

**DEPARTMENT OF
CENSUS AND STATISTICS
COLOMBO, SRI LANKA**

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PREFACE

The first issue of the *Statistical Pocket Book* appeared in the year 1967. This is the fifteenth issue.

The Statistical information has been revised and brought up to date to cover, as far as possible, the year 1981.

It is felt that the summarised statistical information in this compact hand book will continue to be of interest to the general public, the administrator, the student and the tourist.

Any suggestions for the improvement of this pocket publication will be most welcome.

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Director of Census and Statistics.

Department of Census and Statistics,
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CONTENTS

	PAGE
PREFACE	1
INTRODUCTORY NOTES	ix
CHAPTER I—GEOGRAPHY	3
Table 1 Area by districts	
2 Principal rivers	4
3 Principal peaks	5
4 Annual rainfall at selected stations	6
5 Maximum and minimum temperatures at selected stations	6
CHAPTER II—POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS	
Table 6 Population by Sex	9
7 Age distribution of population (Census years)	10
8 Population by religion (Census years)	12
9 Population by Race (Census years)	13
10 Population of Sri Lanka—10 years of age and over by literacy and Sex (Census years)	15
11 Marital Status of the Population of Sri Lanka by age and sex	16
12 Population by Districts	18
13 Population of Principal Towns	20
14 Population by Urban and Rural Sector (Census years)	21
15 Distribution of Urban Population according to size of towns	22
16 Vital Statistics	23
17 Population projections for Sri Lanka	24
18 Labour Force projections for Sri Lanka	25
19 Expectation of life at birth	25

EMPLOYMENT

Table 20	Employed population classified by industry (major divisions) and sex	29
21	Employed population classified by occupation (major groups) and sex	31
22	Minimum average daily rates of wages	33
23	Colombo consumers' price index numbers	34
24	Trade unions	34
25	Strikes, workers involved and man-days lost (number)	35
26	Number of industrial accidents settled and compensation paid	36

HOUSING

27	Occupied private housing units	37
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HEALTH

28	Government Hospitals, beds, personnel, patients treated and expenditure on health services	38
29	Hospitals, beds, doctors and expenditure per 100,000 of the population	39

EDUCATION

30	Number of Schools by category	40
31	Classification of Government Schools by status	41
32	Teachers in Government Schools classified by qualifications	42
33	Number of Government schools, teachers, pupils and Government expenditure on education	43

HIGHER EDUCATION

Table 34	Institutions of higher learning by departments, students and teachers (academic year) 1979/80 and 1980/81	44
35	Students at institutions of higher learning by major courses of study	45
36	Universities : degrees and diplomas obtained by students	48

SOCIAL SERVICE

37	Social service institutions	53
38	Persons in receipt of assistance	54

RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND CO-OPERATIVES

39	Rural development societies and the value of self-help	55
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CHAPTER IV—AGRICULTURE

Table 40	Distribution of land use	59
41	Area of land under principal crops (excluding paddy)	60
42	Area and yield of paddy	61
43	Production and the cost of production of principal crops (excluding paddy)	62
44	Irrigation of paddy land	63
45	Index of agricultural production (volume)	64
46	Livestock (including poultry)	65
47	Milk and egg production	65
48	Fish production	66
49	Fishing craft	66
50	Forest area and wild life reserves	67
51	Timber production	68
52	Summary of food balance sheet—1979, 1980	69

CHAPTER V—INDUSTRY

Table 53	Electric power and gas	75
54	Annual output of state industries	76
55	Industrial statistics—Private sector	81

CHAPTER VI—TRADE

Table 56	Balance of trade	85
57	Value and distribution of imports and domestic exports	86
58	Composition of imports	88
59	Composition of exports	88
60	Imports of rice, flour, wheat and sugar by the Food Department	89
61	Exports (volume) of major commodities	89
62	Prices of export commodities	90
63	Index numbers of external trade, price, volume and terms of trade	91
64	Balance of payments	92
65	External assets	93

CHAPTER VII—TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

Table 66	Public roads and railways	97
67	Motor vehicles on registers	97
68	Omnibus services	98
69	Rail transport	99
70	Shipping : Vessels entered and cleared with cargo and in ballast—all ports	100
71	Post, telegraph and telephone services	101
72	Broadcast services	102
73	Civil aviation	103

CHAPTER VIII—NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

Table 74	Total and per capita product at current and constant prices	107
75	Industrial origin of the gross domestic product at current producer prices	108
76	Expenditure on gross national product at current market prices	109
77	Gross fixed capital formation at current market prices	110
78	Summary indicators of national product, income and expenditure at current prices	111
79	Summary indicators of national product, income and expenditure at constant prices—1975=100	113
80	Percentage of income receivers and total income received—1963, 1973 and 1978/79	115
81	Income of households : percentage of total income received by each tenth of household/spending unit 1969-70, 1973 and 1978/79	116

CHAPTER IX—PUBLIC FINANCE

Table 82	Receipts and expenditure of the Government current account	119
83	Receipts and expenditure of the Government capital account	121
84	Composition of the public debt	123
85	Money supply	124
86	Assets of the Central Bank	125
87	Liabilities of the central bank	126
88	Assets of commercial banks	127
89	Liabilities of commercial banks	127
90	Net receipts of foreign assistance	128
91	Parity exchange rates	131

CHAPTER X—LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Table 92	Local Government statistics, 1980 and 1981—General	135
93	Local Government statistics, revenue and expenditure for 1980 and 1981	136
94	Local Government statistics, services provided for 1980 and 1981	137

CHAPTER XI—TRAVEL

Table 95	Tourists and excursionists who arrived in Sri Lanka and the average length of stay of tourists	141
96	Tourists who arrived in Sri Lanka classified by specified nationalities	142
97	Tourists who arrived in Sri Lanka classified by purpose of visit	143
98	Accommodation capacity (rooms) in graded hotels	143
99	Employment in the tourist industry	144
100	Sri Lankan Departures by Mode of Transport	145
101	Income accrued from foreign visitors as reported in the foreign travel item of the balance of payments account	146
102	Time at selected cities of the world at 12 noon (Sri Lanka time)	147
103	Scheduled international air services through Sri Lanka in 1981	148
104	Selected economic indicators	157
105	Distance (in Kilometres) by road between selected towns and other places of interest	159

CHAPTER XII—SPECIAL FEATURES

	Places of tourist interest in Sri Lanka	163
	Wild life	173
	Agrarian Research and Training Institute	174
	Functions of selected institutions	175
	Principal conversion factors	181
	Supplementary Ready Reckoner on Conversion Factor	182

INTRODUCTORY NOTES

1. *Symbols employed.*—The following symbols have been used throughout this book :—

... Not available.

— Nil or negligible.

2. *Rounding of figures.*—Where necessary each figure has been rounded off to the nearest final digit. For this reason there may be in some tables an apparent discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total.

3. Wherever information has not been given in respect of any table, it is because the information was not available at the time of going to the press or because the subject matter of the particular table was under review.

4. Explanations, where necessary, have been given in footnotes as far as space permits. A further explanation of the terms and expressions may be found in the Statistical Abstract of Sri Lanka.

Chapter I

GEOGRAPHY

Chapter I

TABLE 1—AREA BY DISTRICTS

	<i>Total land area including inland waters (sq. kilometres)</i>	<i>Large inland waters (sq. kilometres)</i>
SRI LANKA	65,610	958
Colombo	695	42
Gampaha	1,399	—
Kalutara	1,615	9
Kandy	2,158	—
Matale	1,989	—
Nuwara Eliya	1,437	—
Galle	1,689	16
Matara	1,247	—
Hambantota	2,623	30
Jaffna	2,158	86
Mannar	2,014	11
Vavuniya	2,645	—
Mullaitivu	2,066	100
Batticaloa	2,633	168
Amparai	4,604	65
Trincomalce	2,714	96
Kurunegala	4,775	3
Puttalam	3,036	59
Anuradhapura	7,274	145
Polonnaruwa	3,449	45
Badulla	2,822	4
Moneragala	5,666	79
Ratnapura	3,239	—
Kegalle	1,663	—

Source : Survey Dept.

TABLE 2—PRINCIPAL RIVERS

<i>Name of River</i>	<i>Length in kilometres</i>
Mahaweli Ganga	335
Aruvi Aru	164
Kala Oya	148
Kelani Ganga	145
Yan Oya	142
Deduru Oya	142
Walawe Ganga	138
Maduru Oya	136
Maha Oya	134
Kalu Ganga	129
Kirindi Oya	117
Kumbukkan-Oya	116
Menik Ganga	114
Gin Ganga	113
Mi Oya	109
Gal Oya	108

Source : Survey Dept.

TABLE 3—PRINCIPAL PEAKS

<i>Name of Peak</i>	<i>Height (in metres)</i>	<i>District situated in</i>
Pidurutalagala	2,524	Nuwara Eliya
Kirigalpotta	2,389	do.
Totapalakanda	2,357	do.
Sri Pada (Adam's Peak)	2,238	Ratnapura
Kikilimana	2,238	Nuwara Eliya
Great Western	2,212	do.
Hakgala	2,170	do.
Conical Hill	2,166	do.
One Tree Hill	2,100	do.
Mahakudagala	2,097	do.
Waterfall Point	2,074	do.
Namunukula	2,036	Badulla
Gommolli Kanda	2,034	Ratnapura, Badulla
Knuckles	1,863	Kandy
Kotagala	1,753	Kandy, Nuwara Eliya

Source : Survey Dept.

TABLE 4—ANNUAL RAINFALL AT SELECTED STATIONS

<i>Station</i>	<i>30-year average 1931-60</i>	<i>(Millimetres)</i>		
		<i>1979</i>	<i>1980</i>	<i>1981</i>
Colombo	2,395.6	2,450.6	1,995.9	2,078.1
Jaffna	1,329.4	1,391.7	914.0	1,469.2
Trincomalee	1,726.7	1,473.0	765.3	1,402.0
Hambantota	1,075.4	796.6	1,125.5	751.7
Ratnapura	3,887.7	3,490.4	3,270.8	3,098.0
Anuradhapura	1,447.3	1,371.3	1,123.6	1,059.8
Kandy (Katugastota)	2,021.8	1,995.4	1,552.6	1,539.6
Diyatalawa	1,730.8	1,658.3	1,283.7	1,362.0
Nuwara Eliya	2,162.7	2,195.8	1,417.4	1,758.5

Source : Dept. of Meteorology.

TABLE 5—MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM TEMPERATURES AT SELECTED STATIONS

<i>Station</i>	<i>30-year average</i>		<i>(Degrees Centigrade)</i>			
	<i>1931-60</i>		<i>1980</i>		<i>1981</i>	
	<i>Max.</i>	<i>Min.</i>	<i>Max.</i>	<i>Min.</i>	<i>Max.</i>	<i>Min.</i>
Colombo	30.0	23.9	31.2	24.3	30.9	24.2
Jaffna	30.1	25.2	31.0	25.8	30.5	25.7
Trincomalee	31.0	24.9	32.3	26.0	31.8	25.4
Hambantota	30.2	24.0	30.6	24.1	30.5	24.1
Ratnapura	31.5	22.8	32.2	23.3	31.9	23.1
Anuradhapura	31.7	22.9	32.5	23.8	32.3	23.5
Kandy (Katugastota)	28.8	20.0	29.4	20.3	29.2	20.1
Diyatalawa	24.6	15.8	25.5	15.5	25.1	15.7
Nuwara Eliya	20.1	10.8	19.8	11.5	19.9	11.4

Source : Dept. of Meteorology

Chapter II

POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS

Chapter I

TABLE 6—POPULATION BY SEX

Census Years	Population (Thousands)			Number of Persons per Sq. Kilometre
	Total	Males	Females	
1871	2,400	1,280	1,120	37
1881	2,760	1,470	1,290	43
1891	3,008	1,593	1,414	46
1901	3,566	1,896	1,670	55
1911	4,106	2,175	1,931	64
1921	4,498	2,381	2,117	69
1931	5,307	2,811	2,495	82
1946	6,657	3,532	3,125	103
1953	8,098	4,269	3,829	125
1963	10,582	5,499	5,083	164
1971	12,690	6,531	6,159	196
1981 ⁽¹⁾	14,850	7,539	7,311	230
<i>Mid Year Estimates</i>				
1972	12,861	6,619	6,242	199
1973	13,091	6,738	6,353	202
1974	13,284	6,837	6,447	205
1975	13,496	6,950	6,546	209
1976	13,717	7,060	6,657	212
1977	13,940	7,175	6,765	216
1978	14,190	7,296	6,894	219
1979	14,472	7,442	7,030	224
1980 ⁽¹⁾	14,738	7,578	7,168	228
1981 ⁽¹⁾	14,988	7,706	7,282	232

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics,
Registrar General's Department.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional

TABLE 7—AGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION—(CENSUS YEARS)

Age Group	1971						1981 ⁽¹⁾					
	Population (Thousands)			% Distribution			Population (Thousands)			% Distribution		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
ALL	6,531	6,159	12,690	100.00	100.00	100.00	7,568	7,280	14,848	100.0	100.0	100.0
0-14	2,513	2,431	4,945	38.45	39.38	38.91	2,671	2,566	5,237	35.3	35.2	35.3
15-19	689	671	1,360	10.54	10.87	10.72	815	792	1,607	10.8	10.9	10.8
20-24	640	631	1,271	9.79	10.22	10.01	753	756	1,509	9.9	10.4	10.2
25-34	857	827	1,684	13.11	13.40	13.27	1,208	1,189	2,397	16.0	16.3	16.1
35-44	681	630	1,312	10.42	10.21	10.34	784	755	1,539	10.4	10.4	10.4
45-54	517	446	963	7.91	7.22	7.59	593	559	1,152	7.8	7.7	7.8
55-59	192	157	349	2.94	2.54	2.75	222	201	423	2.9	2.8	2.8
60-64	151	117	268	2.31	1.89	2.11	184	158	342	2.4	2.2	2.3
65-69	121	99	221	1.85	1.60	1.74	133	122	255	1.8	1.6	1.7
70+	171	147	318	2.62	2.38	2.50	205	182	387	2.7	2.5	2.6

TABLE 7—AGE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION—(contd) ESTIMATED⁽¹⁾

Age	1979			1980 ⁽²⁾			1981 ⁽³⁾		
	Population (Thousands)			Population (Thousands)			Population (Thousands)		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
ALL	7,442	7,030	14,472	7,578	7,160	14,738	7,706	7,282	14,988
0-14	2,864	2,777	5,641	2,917	2,827	5,744	2,966	2,875	5,841
15-19	784	766	1,550	799	780	1,579	812	794	1,606
20-24	729	721	1,450	742	734	1,476	754	746	1,500
25-34	976	944	1,920	993	962	1,955	1,010	978	1,988
35-44	776	720	1,496	790	733	1,523	804	746	1,550
45-54	589	510	1,099	600	519	1,119	609	528	1,137
55-59	219	180	399	223	183	406	227	186	413
60-64	172	134	306	175	137	312	178	139	317
65-69	138	113	251	141	115	256	143	117	260
70 +	195	165	360	198	170	368	203	173	376

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics,
Registrar-General's Dept.,

⁽¹⁾ Estimates based on 10% Sample

⁽²⁾ Estimates based on 1971 Census age distribution

⁽³⁾ Provisional

TABLE 8—POPULATION BY RELIGION (CENSUS YEARS)

<i>Religion</i>	<i>Numbers ('000)</i>			<i>Percentage Distribution</i>		
	<i>1963</i>	<i>1971</i>	<i>1981⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>1963</i>	<i>1971</i>	<i>1981⁽¹⁾</i>
All Religions	10,582.0	12,690.0	14,850.0	100.00	100.00	100.00
Buddhists	7,003.3	8,536.9	10,292.6	66.18	67.27	69.31
Hindus	1,958.4	2,238.7	2,295.8	18.51	17.64	15.46
Muslims	724.0	901.8	1,134.6	6.84	7.11	7.64
Roman Catholics and Other Christians	884.9	1,004.3	1,111.7	8.36	7.91	7.49
Others	11.4	8.3	15.3	0.11	0.7	0.10

Source : Dept. of Census and statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

TABLE 9.—POPULATION BY RACE (CENSUS YEARS)

Race	Number ('000)					
	1946	1953	1963	1971	1981 ⁽³⁾	
ALL RACES	5,657	8,098	10,582	12,690	14,850	
Low Country Sinhalese	2,903	3,470	4,470	5,426	10,986	
Kandyan Sinhalese	1,718	2,147	3,043	3,705		
Ceylon Tamils	734	885	1,163	1,424	1,872	
Indian Tamils	781	974	1,123	1,175	825	
Ceylon Moors	374	464	627	828	1,057	
Indian Moors ⁽²⁾	36	48	55	27	—	
Europeans ⁽¹⁾	5	7	—	—	—	
Burghers and Eurasians	42	46	46	45	38	
Malays	23	25	33	43	43	
Veddhas ⁽¹⁾	2	1	—	—	—	
Others	41	32	21	16	29	

—POPULATION BY RACE (CENSUS YEARS)—(Contd.)

Race	Percentage Distribution					1981 ⁽³⁾
	1946	1953	1963	1971	1981 ⁽³⁾	
ALL RACES	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Low Country Sinhalese	43.60	42.84	42.24	42.76	42.76 29.20	73.98
Kandyan Sinhalese	25.81	26.52	28.75	29.20		
Ceylon Tamils	11.01	10.96	11.00	11.22	11.22	12.60
Indian Tamils	11.73	12.03	10.61	9.26	9.26	5.56
Ceylon Moors	6.52	5.73	5.92	6.52	6.52	7.12
Indian Moors ⁽²⁾	0.53	0.59	0.52	0.21	0.21	—
Europeans ⁽¹⁾	0.08	0.08	—	—	—	—
Burghers and Eurasians	0.63	0.52	0.43	0.35	0.35	0.26
Malays	0.34	0.31	0.32	0.34	0.34	0.29
Veddhas ⁽¹⁾	0.04	0.01	—	—	—	—
Others	0.62	0.40	0.18	0.13	0.13	0.20

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

- (1) From 1963 onwards it has been included under others.
 (2) Included under others, for the year 1981.
 (3) Provisional

TABLE 10—POPULATION OF SRI LANKA—10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY LITERACY AND SEX (CENSUS YEARS)

<i>Census Year</i>	<i>Total Number '000</i>			<i>No. Literate '000</i>			<i>Percentage Literate</i>		
	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
1953	3,110	2,693	5,803	2,510	1,496	4,006	80.7	55.6	69.0
1963	3,952	3,571	7,523	3,385	2,404	5,789	85.6	67.3	77.0
1971	4,839	4,515	9,354	4,143	3,201	7,344	85.6	70.9	78.5
1981 ⁽¹⁾	5,761	5,541	11,302	5,212	4,563	9,775	90.5	82.4	86.5

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Estimates based on 10% Sample.

TABLE 11—MARITAL STATUS OF THE POPULATION OF
SRI LANKA BY AGE AND SEX⁽¹⁾

(Thousands)

Age Group	Census of Population 1981						
	Sex	Total	Never Married	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Legally Separated
ALL AGES	M	7,568.1	4,755.9	2,699.0	93.4	11.2	8.4
	F	7,280.2	4,083.0	2,777.4	389.9	17.9	11.9
Under 15	M	2,670.9	2,670.9	—	—	—	—
	F	2,566.0	2,562.4	3.2	0.3	—	—
15-19	M	815.2	807.4	7.5	0.1	—	—
	F	792.3	710.3	80.3	0.9	0.5	0.3
20-24	M	753.3	630.1	121.3	0.7	0.7	0.5
	F	756.5	418.0	331.3	3.8	1.8	1.6
25-29	M	637.5	325.8	308.8	1.1	0.8	1.0
	F	635.8	191.4	433.8	6.2	2.5	1.9
30-34	M	569.5	145.6	419.6	1.6	1.6	1.2
	F	553.3	88.4	448.8	11.0	3.3	1.9
35-39	M	423.0	55.6	362.4	2.5	1.4	1.1
	F	415.7	38.1	356.2	16.8	3.0	1.6
40-44	M	360.9	30.9	323.9	3.7	1.4	0.9
	F	337.6	20.2	289.5	24.4	2.1	1.3

45-49	M	309.2	21.9	279.6	5.4	1.4	0.8
	F	301.0	13.1	252.3	32.6	1.8	1.1
50-54	M	284.2	19.0	255.2	7.8	1.3	0.9
	F	258.4	11.6	201.6	43.3	1.1	0.7
55-59	M	221.5	13.8	196.8	9.4	0.9	0.5
	F	200.7	7.8	145.2	46.5	0.7	0.4
60-64	M	183.9	12.0	158.6	12.2	0.6	0.6
	F	157.8	6.8	99.1	51.2	0.4	0.3
65-69	M	133.8	8.8	111.9	12.3	0.6	0.3
	F	121.8	5.9	65.2	50.0	0.3	0.3
70-74	M	97.6	6.5	77.0	13.5	0.3	0.2
	F	83.0	3.7	36.8	42.2	0.2	0.1
75 & over	M	107.5	7.4	76.4	23.1	0.3	0.3
	F	100.3	5.2	34.1	60.6	0.2	0.2

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(1) Estimates Based on 10% Sample.

TABLE 12—POPULATION BY DISTRICTS⁽¹⁾

District	Area (Sq. Kilometres)		Census Population		Density (per Sq. Kilometre)		% ⁽²⁾ Increase 1971-1981
	1971	1981 ⁽³⁾	1971	1981 ⁽³⁾	1971	1981 ⁽³⁾	
Colombo	652.4	1,698,322	1,498,393	1,698,322	2,297	2,603	13.3
Gampaha	1,398.8	1,389,490	1,173,872	1,389,490	839	993	18.4
Kalutara	1,606.6	827,189	729,514	827,189	454	515	13.4
Kandy	2,157.5	1,126,296	1,096,737	1,126,296	508	522	2.7
Matale	1,988.6	357,441	314,841	357,441	158	180	13.5
Nuwara-Eliya	1,437.2	522,219	541,466	522,219	377	363	- 3.6
Galle	1,673.9	814,579	735,173	814,579	439	487	10.8
Matara	1,246.5	644,231	586,443	644,231	470	517	9.9
Hambanto	2,593.4	424,102	340,254	424,102	131	163	24.6
Jaffna	2,072.3	831,112	696,664	831,112	336	401	19.3
Mannar	2,002.1	106,940	74,125	106,940	37	53	44.3
Vavuniya	2,645.2	95,904	60,212	95,904	23	36	59.3
Mullaitivu	1,966.1	77,512	43,625	77,512	22	39	77.7
Batticaloa	2,464.6	330,899	256,721	330,899	104	134	28.9
Amparai	4,539.2	388,786	272,605	388,786	60	86	42.6
Trincomalee	2,618.2	256,790	188,245	256,790	72	98	36.4
Kurunegala	4,772.8	1,212,755	1,025,633	1,212,755	215	254	18.2

Puttalam	2,976.9	378,430	493,344	127	166	30.4
Anuradhapura	7,129.2	388,770	587,822	55	82	51.2
Poionnarua	3,403.8	163,653	262,753	48	77	60.6
Badulla	2,818.2	615,405	642,893	218	228	4.5
Moneragala	5,586.9	193,020	279,743	35	50	44.9
Ratnapura	3,238.8	673,283	796,468	208	246	18.3
Kegalle	1,662.8	642,813	682,411	387	410	6.2
SRI LANKA	64,652.0	12,689,897	14,850,001	196	230	17.0

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(¹) All the figures are according to the present boundaries

(²) Provisional.

TABLE 13—POPULATION OF PRINCIPAL TOWNS

(Thousands)

<i>Principal Town</i>	1977 ⁽¹⁾	1978 ⁽¹⁾	1979 ⁽¹⁾	1981 ⁽²⁾
Colombo	616	624	633	586
Dehiwala-Mount Lavinia	169	171	173	174
Jaffna	118	120	122	118
Moratuwa	104	107	109	136
Kotte	102	104	106	102
Kandy	103	104	106	101
Galle	79	79	80	77
Negombo	63	64	65	61
Trincomalee	46	46	47	45
Matara	40	41	42	39
Anuradhapura	38	39	40	36
Badulla	38	39	40	33
Kalutara	32	32	33	31
Batticaloa	40	41	42	43
Matale	33	33	34	30
Ratnapura	32	34	34	37
Kurunegala	27	27	27	27
Nuwara-Eliya	18	19	19	21
Chilaw	19	20	20	21
Puttalam	19	21	21	21
Kegalle	14	15	15	15
Mannar	13	13	13	14
Vavuniya	17	18	18	18
Hambantota	08	08	08	09

Source : Registrar-General's Department,
Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(¹) Mid-year Estimates

(²) 1981 Census (Provisional)

TABLE 14—POPULATION BY URBAN AND RURAL SECTOR
(CENSUS YEARS)

Years	Population '000			Percentage		
	Urban	Rural ⁽¹⁾	Total	Urban	Rural ⁽¹⁾	Total
1946	1,023.0	5,634.3	6,657.3	15.37	84.63	100.00
1953	1,239.1	6,858.7	8,097.8	15.30	84.70	100.00
1963	2,016.3	8,565.8	10,582.1	19.05	80.95	100.00
1971	2,848.1	9,841.8	12,689.9	22.36	77.64	100.00
1981 ⁽²⁾	3,194.9	11,655.1	14,850.0	21.51	78.49	100.00

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ includes estates

⁽²⁾ Provisional

12 TABLE 15—DISTRIBUTION OF URBAN POPULATION ACCORDING TO SIZE OF TOWNS

Size of town in terms of population

Census Year	Size of town in terms of population										All towns
	Below 2,000	2,000 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 19,999	20,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 and over				
1953	3	8	4	15	6	6	1	43			
	4,062	28,338	29,691	213,150	154,727	383,038	426,127	1,239,133			
	0.3	2.3	2.4	17.2	12.5	30.9	34.4	100.0			
	Percentage of total urban										
1963	9	21	2.3	21	18	5	2	99			
	15,342	74,681	158,280	278,153	487,986	379,265	622,578	2,016,285			
	0.8	3.7	7.9	13.8	24.2	18.8	30.9	100.0			
	Percentage of total urban										
1971	6	32	30	34	25	5	3	135			
	10,819	104,095	215,848	499,561	781,874	411,311	823,798	2,848,116			
	0.4	3.7	7.6	17.5	27.5	14.4	28.9	100.0			
	Percentage of total urban										
1981 ⁽¹⁾	3	28	28	38	28	3	6	134			
	5,173	90,498	199,189	575,448	912,647	195,094	1,216,830	3,194,879			
	0.2	2.8	6.2	18.0	28.6	6.1	38.1	100.0			
	Percentage of total urban										

Source : ESCAP Country Monograph Series No. 4 Population of Sri Lanka, T 53, page 73.
Dept. of Census and statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional

TABLE 16 - VITAL STATISTICS

Year	Population ⁽¹⁾ ('000)	Per 1,000 population			Per 1,000 live births	
		Birth rate	Death rate	Increase rate	Maternal death rate	Infant mortality rate
1945	6,650	36.6	21.9	14.7	16.5	140
1950	7,678	40.4	12.6	27.8	5.6	82
1955	8,723	37.3	10.8	26.5	4.1	71
1960	9,896	36.6	8.6	28.0	3.0	57
1965	11,164	33.1	8.2	24.9	2.4	53.2
1970	12,516	29.4	7.5	21.9	1.5	47.5
1971	12,608	30.4	7.7	22.7	1.4	44.8
1972	12,861	30.0	8.1	21.9	1.3	45.6
1973	13,091	28.0	7.7	20.3	1.2	46.3
1974	13,284	27.5	9.0	18.5	1.0	51.2
1975	13,496	27.7	8.5	19.2	1.0	45.1
1976	13,717	27.8	7.8	20.0	0.9	43.7
1977	13,942	27.9	7.4	20.5	1.0	42.4
1978	14,190	28.5	6.6	21.9	0.8	37.1
1979	14,472	28.9	6.5	22.4	0.8	37.7
1980 ⁽²⁾	14,738	27.6	6.1	21.5	..	..
1981 ⁽²⁾	14,988	..	..	..	..	..

Source : Registrar-General's Department.

(¹) Mid-year Estimates.

(²) Provisional.

TABLE 17—POPULATION PROJECTIONS FOR SRI LANKA

(Thousands)

	1971			1976			1981			1991			2001		
	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F
High	12,714	6,498	6,216	14,230	7,248	6,982	15,898	8,072	7,826	19,934	10,067	9,867	24,637	12,392	12,245
Medium	12,714	6,498	6,216	14,230	7,248	6,982	15,765	8,004	7,761	18,797	9,491	9,306	21,704	10,907	10,797
Low	12,714	6,498	6,216	14,154	7,210	6,945	15,282	7,759	7,523	17,180	8,671	8,509	19,244	9,661	9,582

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

Note.—Three different projections, viz., High, Medium and Low projections based on 3 different assumptions with regard to future fertility combined with a single assumption regarding mortality have been computed up to the year 2001 A.D.

Fertility Assumption :

High projection.—Fertility will decline to 90 per cent of the 1971 levels by the year 1981 and will remain constant thereafter.

Medium projection.—Fertility will decline gradually to 60 per cent of the 1971 level by the year 2001.

Low projection.—Fertility will decline rapidly to 50 per cent of the 1971 levels by the year 1986 and remain constant thereafter.

Mortality assumption.—Mortality will decline gradually with the expectation of life, increasing to 72.2 years for females and 68.5 years for males by the year 2001.

TABLE 18—LABOUR FORCE PROJECTION FOR SRI LANKA

	('000)			
	1971	1981	1991	2001
Male	3,265	4,321	5,440	6,578
Female	1,169	1,633	2,104	2,567
Total	4,434	5,954	7,544	9,145

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 19—EXPECTATION OF LIFE AT BIRTH

	(Years)					
	1920-22	1946	1953	1962	1967	1971
Male	32.7	43.9	58.8	61.9	64.8	64.2
Female	30.7	41.6	57.5	61.4	66.9	67.1

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

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Chapter III

SOCIAL CONDITIONS

Chandrasekharendra Prasad

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EMPLOYMENT

TABLE 20—EMPLOYED POPULATION CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRY
(MAJOR DIVISIONS) AND SEX

Census 1971

Industry (Major Division)	Number (Thousands)		Percentage	
	Total	Female	Total	Female
Total employed	3,648.8	2,838.4	100.00	77.8
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	1,828.9	1,327.7	50.1	36.4
Mining and quarrying	13.0	12.0	0.4	0.3
Manufacturing	339.4	240.1	9.3	6.6
Electricity, gas and water	9.5	9.2	0.3	0.3
Construction	103.5	102.3	2.8	2.8
Wholesale and retail trade and restaurants and hotels	343.7	320.4	9.4	8.8
Transport, storage and communication	178.8	175.5	4.9	4.8
Financing, insurance, real estate and business	24.9	23.2	0.7	0.7
Community, social and personal services	492.7	361.0	13.5	9.9
Activities not adequately defined	313.9	266.6	8.6	7.3

TABLE 20—EMPLOYED POPULATION CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRY (MAJOR DIVISIONS)
AND SEX—(Contd.)

Socio-Economic Survey 1981

Industry (Major Division)	Number (Thousands)		Percentage	
	Total	Female	Total	Female
Total employed	.. 4,737.7	1,181.8	100.0	24.9
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	.. 2,172.7	602.3	45.8	12.7
Mining and quarrying	.. 63.7	4.9	1.3	0.1
Manufacturing	.. 568.2	186.8	12.0	3.9
Electricity, gas and water	.. 18.0	1.9	0.4	—
Construction	.. 229.1	12.8	4.8	0.3
Wholesale and retail trade and restaurants and hotels	.. 490.8	85.2	10.4	1.8
Transport, storage and communications	.. 197.4	8.3	4.2	0.2
Financing, insurance, real estate and business ..	52.9	14.5	1.1	0.3
Community, social and personal services	.. 648.1	217.9	13.7	4.6
Activities not adequately defined	.. 296.7	47.2	6.3	1.0

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 21—EMPLOYED POPULATION CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION
(MAJOR GROUPS) AND SEX

Census 1971

Occupation (Major Group)	Number (Thousands)		Percentage			
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total employed	3,648.8	2,838.4	810.4	100.0	77.8	22.2
Professional, technical and related workers	178.4	105.2	73.2	4.9	2.9	2.0
Administrative and managerial workers	13.9	13.0	0.8	0.4	0.4	—
Clerical and related workers	186.1	166.5	19.6	5.1	4.6	0.5
Sales workers	272.3	255.1	17.2	7.5	7.0	0.5
Service workers	197.6	152.0	45.9	5.4	4.2	1.3
Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters	1,782.1	1,287.1	494.9	48.8	35.3	13.6
Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers	926.3	790.7	135.6	25.4	21.7	3.7
Workers not classified by occupation	91.4	68.5	22.9	2.5	1.9	0.6

TABLE 21—EMPLOYED POPULATION CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION
(MAJOR GROUPS) AND SEX—(Contd.)

Socio-Economic Survey 1980/81

Occupation (Major Group)	Number (Thousand)		Percentage	
	Total	Female	Total	Female
Total employed	4,737.7	3,555.9	100.0	75.0
Professional, technical and related workers	267.7	136.9	5.6	2.9
Administrative and managerial workers	25.9	24.2	0.5	0.5
Clerical and related workers	272.8	216.3	5.7	4.6
Sales workers	399.4	339.3	8.4	7.2
Service workers	267.5	196.3	5.6	4.1
Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters	2,072.7	1,492.8	43.7	31.5
Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers	1,416.9	1,135.2	29.9	24.0
Workers not classified by occupation	14.7	14.7	0.3	0.3

Source: Dept. of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 22—MINIMUM AVERAGE DAILY RATES OF WAGES
(Base : 1952=100)

<i>Class of Workers</i>		1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Workers in agri- culture	R	6.03	6.30	8.84	11.21	13.99	13.95
	I	370.51	321.43	451.02	571.94	713.56	711.91
Workers in trade other than agri- culture	R	5.17	8.96	10.83	12.65	15.39	17.34
	I	282.30	306.90	370.91	433.14	526.95	593.86
Combined rate and index number	R	6.25	6.51	8.99	11.31	14.08	14.19
	I	306.25	319.12	441.20	554.41	690.19	695.35

Source : Dept. of Labour.

R— Wage Rate in Rs.

I— Index Number.

TABLE 23—COLOMBO CONSUMERS' PRICE INDEX NUMBERS
(BASE : AVERAGE PRICE 1952=100)

Group	(Annual Averages)					
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
All items	200.7	203.2	227.8	252.3	318.2	376.4
Food	202.1	203.3	237.5	263.3	339.7	399.6
Clothing	211.7	223.8	226.2	231.2	239.9	257.8
Fuel and light	265.2	257.5	262.1	328.5	563.9	767.9
Rent	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8
Miscellaneous	203.8	208.4	224.8	252.4	293.8	345.7

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 24—TRADE UNIONS

Item	(Number)					
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Registered ⁽¹⁾	195	175	102	105	95	75
Cancelled ⁽¹⁾	185	117	288	246 ⁽²⁾	191	108
Functioning ⁽²⁾	1,578	1,636	1,450	1,309	1,213	1,180
Total membership	1,066,429	1,399,902	967,795	1,440,720	1,337,664	1,010,112

Source : Dept. of Labour.

⁽¹⁾ During the year.

⁽²⁾ End of the year.

⁽³⁾ Includes 23 Trade Unions of which the year of cancellation is not known.

TABLE 25—STRIKES, WORKERS INVOLVED AND MAN-DAYS LOST (NUMBER)

Year	TOTAL			PLANTATIONS			OTHER		
	Strikes	Workers involved	Man-days lost	Strikes	Workers involved	Man-days lost	Strikes	Workers involved	Man-days lost
1969	189	573,178	464,165	146	566,861	406,150	43	6,317	58,015
1970	340	149,018	1,314,562	254	125,530	1,033,310	86	23,488	281,252
1971	157	90,802	513,294	125	50,847	273,531	32	39,955	239,763
1972	187	55,037	301,897	165	52,832	273,717	22	2,205	28,180
1973	238	93,656	390,739	215	89,393	360,217	23	4,263	30,522
1974	91	27,073	96,924	75	25,381	70,108	16	1,692	26,816
1975	69	21,897	79,224	66	19,981	66,474	3	1,916	12,750
1976	157	55,995	161,182	125	49,490	140,597	32	6,505	20,585
1977	119	38,667	210,470	88	33,586	188,271	31	5,081	22,199
1978	134	62,667	265,069	118	56,707	248,573	16	5,960	16,496
1979	181	56,044	293,752	163	50,969	238,147	18	5,075	55,605
1980	227	78,555	334,215	202	75,130	301,671	25	3,425	32,544
1981 ⁽¹⁾	308	216,073	465,026	297	215,072	455,312	11	1,001	9,714

Source : Dept. of Labour.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional

TABLE 26—NUMBER OF INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS SETTLED AND COMPENSATION PAID

Year	NUMBER OF INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS SETTLED			COMPENSATION PAID (Rs.)		
	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Total	Fatal	Non-Fatal	Total
1973	15	2,560	2,575	101,040	229,031	330,071
1974	7	2,170	2,177	45,540	225,754	271,294
1975	135	1,054	1,189	730,955	298,115	1,029,070
1976	160	1,026	1,186	893,821	253,982	1,147,803
1977	149	1,569	1,718	1,011,792	310,446	1,322,238
1978	202	864	1,066	1,507,089	135,255	1,642,344
1979	105	799	904	1,432,342	139,071	1,571,413
1980	176	629	805	1,522,400	113,448	1,635,848

Source : Dept. of Social Services.

HOUSING
TABLE 27—OCCUPIED PRIVATE HOUSING UNITS (1)

	Average floor space in sq. metres per housing unit	Average No. of rooms per housing unit	Average size of housing unit (No. of persons)	Average No. of persons per room	Percentage supplied with electricity	Percentage supplied with pipe-borne water
CENSUS 1963						
Urban	48	2.0	6.6	2.8	32.4	45.6
Rural	39	1.9	5.4	2.6	2.2	13.3
TOTAL	40	1.9	5.5	2.6	7.0	18.7
CENSUS 1971						
Urban	48	2.4	6.2	2.8	34.5	45.3
Rural	43	2.3	5.6	2.5	2.8	4.8
Estate	28	1.4	4.8	3.4	4.1	74.8
TOTAL	41	2.2	5.6	2.4	9.0	20.1
CENSUS 1981(2)						
Urban	509,459	2.6	5.8	2.3	45.9	49.0
Rural	2,084,456	2.5	5.1	2.0	8.3	5.3
Estate	217,451	1.7	4.4	2.6	5.6	65.7
TOTAL	2,811,406	2.5	5.2	2.1	14.9	18.2

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics

(1) A housing unit was taken to be any structure used as a place of residence (a) which was separate from other places of residence ; (b) which had independent access from a street, a public or common passage or staircase.

(2) Provisional (3) These information were not collected in the 1981 Census

HEALTH

TABLE 28—GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS, BEDS, PERSONNEL, PATIENTS TREATED AND EXPENDITURE ON HEALTH SERVICES

	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
No. of hospitals ⁽¹⁾	356	359	374	380	388
No. of beds ⁽¹⁾	39,879	40,335	41,015	42,275	42,902
No. of doctors ⁽²⁾	2,168	2,229	1,936	2,055	1,964
No. of assistant medical practitioners (Registered medical practitioners)	1,018	1,051	931	1,018	925
No. of nurses ⁽²⁾	5,640	5,938	6,638	6,834	7,401
No. of in-patients treated ⁽¹⁾	2,188,052	2,173,564	2,425,002	2,334,694	2,238,159
No. of central dispensaries	357	351	341	347	339
No. of out-patients visits ⁽³⁾	25,764,406	28,419,101	29,400,124	27,980,713	26,941,549
Expenditure on health services (Rs. million)	471.0	589.0	736.1	861.4	9,312

Source : Ministry of Health.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes maternity homes, but includes maternity Hospitals—Desoysa and Castle Street.

⁽²⁾ Includes only those in the Department of Health Services.

⁽³⁾ These figures do not indicate the number of patients. Repeated visits of the same patient after short intervals have been regarded as new cases.

TABLE 29--HOSPITALS, BEDS, DOCTORS AND EXPENDITURE
PER 100,000 OF THE POPULATION (1)

Year	Hospitals ⁽²⁾	Beds ⁽²⁾	Doctors ⁽³⁾	Expenditure (Rs. '000)
1945	2.30	109.4	5.7	324.8
1950	3.42	260.0	8.8	310.1
1955	3.14	278.7	10.9	1,058.1
1960	2.92	301.3	11.9	1,405.6
1965	2.60	304.9	13.4	1,374.4
1970	2.66	305.9	15.7	1,864.4
1971	2.63	304.8	16.8	2,112.7
1972	2.65	294.7	15.7	2,402.3 ⁽⁵⁾
1973 ⁽⁴⁾	2.60	290.0	16.4	1,943.2
1974	2.55	286.6	16.2	2,482.1
1975	2.50	286.1	15.3	2,461.5
1976	2.52	290.1	16.4	3,034.2
1977	2.55	286.1	15.6	3,378.8
1978	2.53	284.4	15.7	4,153.6
1979	2.58	291.6	13.4	5,086.7
1980	2.59	288.6	14.0	5,344.5
1981	2.61	288.9	13.2	6,270.8

Source : Ministry of Health.

(1) Mid. year estimates by the Department of Health Services.

(2) Excludes maternity homes but includes Materinty Hospitals-De Soysa and Castle Street.

(3) Includes only those in the Department of Health Services.

(4) From 1973 onwards figures relate to the calendar year as ended 31st December.

(5) Expenditure in respect of the 15-month period (October 1971 to December 1972).

E D U C A T I O N

TABLE 30—NUMBER OF SCHOOLS BY CATEGORY

	1979	1980	1981
Primary ⁽¹⁾	3,834	3,846	3,948
Junior Secondary ⁽²⁾	3,994	3,911	3,754
Senior Secondary ⁽³⁾	1,509	1,755	1,890
Pirivenas	289	282	287
Total	9,626	9,794	9,879

Source : Ministry of Education .

⁽¹⁾ Inclusive of Estate Sector Schools.

⁽²⁾ From Lower Kindergarten to Grade 10.

⁽³⁾ From Lower Kindergarten to Grade 12. (Include private schools).

TABLE 31—CLASSIFICATION OF GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS
BY STATUS

<i>Status</i>	<i>Schools</i>		
	<i>1979</i>	<i>1980</i>	<i>1981</i>
1A	94	103	107
1B	323	372	359
1C	1,053	1,243	1,387
2	3,994	3,911	3,754
3	3,588	3,488	3,914
Total No. of Schools	9,052	9,117	9,521

Source : Ministry of Education

1A Schools having G.C.E. (A/L) science classes and hostel facilities.

1B Schools having G.C.E. (A/L) science classes but without hostel facilities.

1C Schools having G.C.E. (A/L) arts or commerce classes.

2 Schools having classes up to grade 10.

3 Schools having classes up to grade 5.

TABLE 32—TEACHERS IN GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS
CLASSIFIED BY QUALIFICATIONS

	1979	1980	1981
Graduates—Science/Maths.	2,321	2,238	2,729
Graduates—Arts/Commerce	18,218	18,449	17,634
University Diploma Holders Maths./ Science/Others	327	187	205
Other Diplomas	3,548	2,535	3,159
Trained-Special	21,208	22,785	22,586
Trained-Other	51,499	50,892	49,569
All Other Teachers	36,128	39,628	35,774
Teachers in Training Colleges	4,149	6,468 ⁽¹⁾	7,114 ⁽¹⁾
Total	137,398	143,182	138,770

Source : Ministry of Education

⁽¹⁾ Teachers detailed for field training from Training Colleges are Shown under the Category—All other Teachers

TABLE 33—NUMBER OF GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS, TEACHERS, PUPILS AND GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION

	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Schools ⁽¹⁾	8,673	9,072	9,052	9,117	9,521
Teachers	122,744	124,760	137,398	143,182	138,770
Pupils	2,462,147	3,064,873	3,135,716	3,280,787	3,369,694
No. of Pupils per teacher	20	25	23	24	..
Actual expenditure in Rs. '000—					
(a) Education ⁽²⁾	837,000	933,642	1,089,814	1,481,394	1,947,438 ⁽³⁾
(b) Universities	47,500	59,250	91,785	123,757	..

⁽¹⁾ The Significant increase in the number of Government Schools between 1977-78 and 1980-81 is due to the take over of Estate Schools by the government.

⁽²⁾ Excludes expenditure in the Examinations Department and the Educational Publications Department.

⁽³⁾ Estimated expenditure.

Source : Ministry of Education and
Ministry of Higher Education.

HIGHER EDUCATION

TABLE 34—INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING BY DEPARTMENTS, STUDENTS AND TEACHERS (ACADEMIC YEAR) 1979/80 AND 1980/81

University	1979/80			1980/81						
	Number of Departments	Number of Teachers	Number of Students	Number of Departments	Number of Teachers	Number of Students				
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male				
		Total	Total	Total	Total	Total				
Colombo	34	1,865	1,374	3,239	318	32	1,886	1,394	3,280	340
Peradeniya	46	3,118	1,711	4,829	544	48	3,164	1,815	4,979	647
Moratuwa	13	717	110	827	137	09	771	138	909	188
Sri Jayawardenapura	14	1,765	1,202	2,967	144	14	1,861	1,293	3,154	177
Kelaniya	23	2,054	1,478	3,532	192	22	2,032	1,492	3,524	202
Jaffna	25	701	578	1,279	242	24	894	747	1,641	221
Ruhunu	12	226	195	421	46	21	299	325	624	52

Source : Division of Planning and Research, University Grants Commission.

(1) Estimated.

**TABLE 35—STUDENTS AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING
BY MAJOR COURSES OF STUDY**

University of Peradeniya

<i>Faculty</i>	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81
Arts	1,462	2,098	2,201
Science	652	636	582
Dental and Medicine	669	753	743
Engineering	677	789	888
Agriculture	433	445	458
Veterinary Science	106	108	107
Total	3,999	4,829	4,979

University of Colombo

<i>Faculty</i>	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81
Arts	976	1,131	1,430	1,291	1,422
Science	485	515	544	540	537
Law	152	152	158	166	183
Medicine	836	814	794	862	931
Education	794	738	455	380	207
Total	3,243	3,350	3,381	3,239	3,280

University of Sri Jayawardanapura

<i>Faculty</i>	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81
Arts	804	1,135	1,365	1,548	1,660
Science	189	219	265	329	296
Management Studies	1,013	894	994	1,090	1,198
Total	2,006	2,248	2,624	2,967	3,154

**TABLE 35—STUDENTS AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING
BY MAJOR COURSES OF STUDY—(Contd.)**

University of Kelaniya

<i>Faculty</i>	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81
Arts	1,876	1,951	2,329	2,322
Science	250	274	280	300
Commerce	374	745	923	902
Total	2,500	2,970	3,532	3,524

University of Jaffna

<i>Faculty</i>	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81
Arts	254	407	596	694	909
Science	368	447	483	444	513
Medicine			70	141	219
Total	622	854	1,149	1,279	1,641

University of Moratuwa

<i>Faculty</i>	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81
B. Sc., Engineering	641	610	608	657	756
B. Sc. Applied Science	55	76	82	62	42
Built Environment	89	79	95	108	111
Total	785	765	785	827	909

**TABLE 35—STUDENTS AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING
BY MAJOR COURSES OF STUDY—(Contd.)**

Ruhunu University College

<i>Faculty</i>	<i>1978-79</i>	<i>1979-80</i>	<i>1980-81</i>
Arts	110	273	352
Science	34	109	129
Medicine			79
Agriculture	15	39	64
Total	<u>159</u>	<u>421</u>	<u>624</u>

Source : Division of Planning and Research,
University Grants Commission.

TABLE 36—UNIVERSITIES : DEGREES AND DIPLOMAS OBTAINED BY STUDENTS

NUMBER OF STUDENTS

Type of Degree	Year	NUMBER OF STUDENTS			
		YearPeradeniya University	Colombo University	Sri Jaya-wardana pura University	Keaniya Moratuwa University Jaffna
M.B.B.S.	1979	61	112	..	..
	1980	71	139	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..
B.D.S.	1979	..	..	..	..
	1980	36	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..
B.Sc. Engineering	1979	102	..	..	..
	1980	113	..	..	97
	1981	..	..	..	114
B.Sc. Agriculture	1979	101	..	..	..
	1980	101	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..
B.Sc.	1979	224	148	70	..
	1980	163	158	102	54
	1981	..	..	..	88
B.Sc. Public Finance	1979	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	38	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..

B.Sc. Business Management and Public Administration	1979	..	192	..	..	..
	1980	..	186	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..
B.Sc. Built Environment	1979	..	..	..	10	..
	1980	..	..	..	12	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..
B.Com.	1979	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	..	139	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..
B.Dev.	1979	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	..	128	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..
B.A. General and Special	1979	1,032	215	248	475	53
	1980	526	234	282	532	76
	1981	..	..	..	..	..
L.L.B.	1979	..	..	78	..	..
	1980	..	..	45	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..
Ph.D.	1979	04	01	01	03	..
	1980	—	—	01	—	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..
M.A.	1979	01	—	03	02	..
	1980	01	14	01	..	07
	1981	..	..	..	..	..

TABLE 36. UNIVERSITIES : DEGREES AND DIPLOMAS OBTAINED BY STUDENTS—(Contd.)

NUMBER OF STUDENTS

Type of Degree	Year	Peradeniya University	Colombo University	Sri Jaya wardana pura University	Kelaniya University	Moratuwa University	Jaffna University
M.D.	1979	..	05	..	..	..	..
	1980	05	02	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..
M.O.G.	1979	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..
M.E.D.	1979	..	09	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..
M.Sc.	1979	03	04	02	..	..	..
	1980	04	06	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..
M.Sc. Chemistry	1979	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	05	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..
M.Sc. Architecture	1979	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	..	..	..	07	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	07	..

M.Sc. Engineering	1979	..	..	..	..	..	..	04	..
	1980	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D.T.M. and H.	1979	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D.C.H.	1979	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
M. Phill Engineering	1979	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	01	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
M. Phill Agriculture	1979	02	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	05	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Diploma in Education	1979	..	364	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	144	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Diploma (Conducted by Faculty of Engineering)	1979	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

52 TABLE 36.—UNIVERSITIES : DEGREES AND DIPLOMAS OBTAINED BY STUDENTS—(Contd.)

Type of Degree	Year	NUMBER OF STUDENTS					
		Peradeniya University	Colombo University	Sri Jayawardana University	Kelaniya University	Moratuwa University	Jaffna University
Diploma in Statistics	1979	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	07	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..
Diploma in Applied Statistics	1979	..	..	13	..	..	..
	1980	..	..	..	..	..	04
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..
Diploma in Population Studies	1979	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1980	..	09	..	..	..	..
	1981	..	..	..	..	..	..

Source : Division of Planning and Research, University Grants Commission.

SOCIAL SERVICE

TABLE 37—SOCIAL SERVICE INSTITUTIONS

<i>Institutions</i>		1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Homes for the Elders	A	3	3	3	3	3	3
	B	52	48	46	46	46	46
Cottage Homes for the Elders ⁽¹⁾	A	15	15	15	15	15	15
Institutions for the mentally and physically handicapped	A	3	3	3	4	4	4
	B	28	28	35	35	35	51
Creches ⁽²⁾	B	183	183	194	197	218	165
Boys and Girls Homes ⁽²⁾	A	5	5	7	7	7	7
	B	134	134	142	142	142	142
Voluntary Agencies engaged in outdoor relief work	B	25	25	28	24	27	27
	A	2	3	3	3	3	3
Homes for the socially handi- capped	B	—	4	4	4	4	4
	B	5	5	5	5	5	5
National Co-ordinating Councils in Social Work	B	5	5	5	5	5	5
House of Detention ⁽²⁾	A	—	3	5	5	5	5
	B	—	—	—	—	—	3

Source : Dept. of Social Services.

A = State managed.

B = Privately managed.

⁽¹⁾ These institutions are run by *ad-hoc* Committees and managed by Asst. Govt. Agents.

⁽²⁾ Department of Probation and Child Care.

TABLE 38—PERSONS IN RECEIPT OF ASSISTANCE

		1978	1979	1980
Public assistance	No. of persons	153,294	189,040	198,608
monthly allowances	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	25,082	36,624	41,742
Casual relief	No. of persons	4,045	3,517	3,603
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	496	262	670
Flood relief	No. of families	59,410	17,558	6,922
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	3,707	11,606	306
Drought relief	No. of families	18,538	—	128,360
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	1,197 ⁽²⁾	—	15,874
Fishermen's relief	No. of persons	128	..	58
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	23	41	14
Supply of drinking water	No. of persons	9,658	..	15,783
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	350	349	839
Assistance to T. B. Patients	No. of persons	6,972	6,976	5,512
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	3,565	3,865	4,485
Cyclone relief	No. of Houses			
	(a) Totally damaged	96,415	..	—
	(b) Partly damaged	145,302	..	—
	Amount Paid ⁽¹⁾	54,438	68,338	—
Communal disturbances	No. of Persons	..	..	..
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	4,945	291	58
Leprosy	No. of persons	373	674	632
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	265	497	520
Assistance to physically handicapped	No. of persons	24	205	445
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	17	885	607
Fire relief	No. of persons	113	—	—
	Amount paid ⁽¹⁾	41	—	—

Source : Dept. of Social Services.

⁽¹⁾ Rs. '000

⁽²⁾ Value of provisions donated by World Food Programme.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND CO-OPERATIVES

TABLE 39—RURAL DEVELOPMENT SOCIETIES AND THE VALUE OF SELF-HELP

<i>Items</i>	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Number of Rural Development Societies	2,983	4,495	5,928	9,334	9,762	11,789	
Total expenditure on utility works (Rs. '000)	2,983	—	..	..	2,183 ⁽¹⁾
Government contribution (Rs. '000)	1,625	—	..	..	3,100	8,470	
Value of self-help (Rs. '000)	1,200	—	..	..	..	1,796	

Source : Dept. of Rural Development.

(1) Includes grants for cyclone victims.

Chapter IV

AGRICULTURE

Chapter IV

CONTENTS

TABLE 40—DISTRIBUTION OF LAND USE

<i>Land Use</i>	<i>Hectares equivalents</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Total	6,569,331	100.0
1. Settlements and associated non-agricultural lands	19,534	0.3
2. Horticulture	586,309	9.0
3. Tree and other perennial crops :		
(a) Tea	259,473	3.9
(b) Rubber ⁽¹⁾	227,373	3.5
(c) Coconut ⁽¹⁾	250,464	3.8
(d) Other	54,029	0.7
4. Cropland :		
(a) Paddy	510,677	7.8
(b) Land under development	43,418	0.7
(c) Other	1,009,704	15.3
5. Improved permanent pasture	2,492	—
6. Grassland and scrubland	425,733	6.4
7. Woodland	2,899,457	44.2
8. Swamp and marsh	32,787	0.5
9. Unused land	43,147	0.7
10. Inland waters including salterns	204,734	3.2

Source : Aerial Survey based on a Canada-Colombo Plan Project—1961

(1) It is possible that small holdings and mixed plantations have been included under items 2, 3 (d) and 4 (c). The aerial survey figures may, therefore, differ from the figures obtained at the Census of Agriculture—1962.

TABLE 41—AREA OF LAND UNDER PRINCIPAL CROPS (EXCLUDING PADDY) ⁽¹⁾

	(Hectares)						
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Tea	241,877	240,578	242,012	242,899	244,099	244,710	244,918
Rubber	227,633	226,977	226,563	226,323	226,599	222,312	230,451
Coconut ⁽²⁾	451,472	451,472	451,472	451,472	451,472	451,472	451,472
Kurakkan	43,800	39,500	34,600	32,500	23,200	21,400	..
Maize	39,700	38,300	27,500	24,800	19,500	19,400	..
Chillies	49,500	54,600	51,700	50,200	36,000	38,300	..
Red Onions	9,100	9,700	8,400	8,300	9,000	8,700	..
Potatoes	3,100	3,100	3,100	2,900	4,100	4,500	..
Manioc	164,800	151,200	95,800	74,300	53,600	51,000	..
Sweet Potatoes	48,500	45,500	27,700	20,700	16,300	14,300	..

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(1) The annual extent under other crops except tea, rubber and coconut was arrived at by adding together area under cultivation during Maha and Yala Seasons. These figures are rounded off to the nearest hundred hectares.

(2) Estimated from the 1973 Agricultural Census.

TABLE 42—AREA AND YIELD OF PADDY

Year	Season	Asweddunised	Sown	Harvested	Production Average	
		Area Hectares	Area Hectares	Area Hectares	in '000 Metric Tonnes	yield per Net Hectare Kilogrammes
1971-72	Maha Yala	586,148	479,973	419,049	883	2,480
			246,265	219,922	429	2,296
1972-73	Maha Yala	582,697	477,112	439,134	876	2,348
			248,126	232,555	436	2,206
1973-74	Maha Yala	606,417	533,303	521,382	1,098	2,460
			291,471	275,639	504	2,152
1974-75	Maha Yala	620,613	443,475	354,222	719	2,384
			252,329	243,007	435	2,106
1975-76	Maha Yala	620,972	464,159	425,707	882	2,432
			259,780	209,764	370	2,078
1976-77	Maha Yala	642,861	537,726	505,863	1,144	2,658
			290,340	276,422	533	2,268
1977-78	Maha Yala	657,806	574,946	552,731	1,286	2,734
			300,428	286,694	605	2,403
1978-79	Maha Yala	653,168	584,214	556,948	1,393	2,820
			261,660	232,614	524	2,575
1979-80	Maha Yala	658,964	578,117	559,092	1,453	2,951
			272,481	262,499	680	2,887
1980-81 ⁽¹⁾	Maha Yala	668,158	602,511	570,789	1,522	3,005
			280,054	271,684	707	2,934

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

Note:

Maha Season.—Crop sown from July to November (in Badulla and Moneragala, July to December).

Yala Season.—Crop sown from February to June (in Badulla and Moneragala, January to June).

(¹) Provisional

TABLE 43—PRODUCTION AND THE COST OF PRODUCTION OF PRINCIPAL CROPS (EXCLUDING PADDY)

Year	TEA		RUBBER		COCONUT	
	Production (Kilograms Thousands)	Cost of Production per Kilogram Rs. cts.	Production (Kilograms Thousands)	Cost of Production per Kilogram Rs. cts.	Production (Thousand nuts)	Cost of Production per 1,000 nuts Rs. Cts.
1969	219,701	3-33	150,877	1-56	2,528,419	73-03
1970	212,271	3-35	159,203	1-52	2,536,263	76-70
1971	213,297	3-39	140,541	1-63	2,681,856	76-50
1972	213,535	3-53	143,273	1-65	2,875,604	77-13
1973	211,346	4-47	154,719	2-58	1,956,780	98-32
1974	204,096	5-55	132,045	3-04	2,044,000	103-34
1975	213,775	6-26	148,793	3-44	2,585,000	114-63
1976	196,613	6-92	152,133	4-17	2,330,000	162-00
1977	208,571	8-63	146,243	5-45	1,821,000	173-55
1978	198,980	11-43	155,662	5-75	2,207,000	261-72
1979	206,417	12-92	152,703	7-86	2,393,000	387-80
1980	191,375	14-39	133,151	8-15	2,026,150	457-98
1981	210,148	..	..	..	..	..

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

Note:

Marketing costs, depreciation of fixed asset and directors' fees are included in the computations from 1973.

TABLE 44—IRRIGATION OF PADDY LAND

(Hectares)

Year	MAJOR SCHEMES		MINOR SCHEMES	
	Irrigable Area ⁽¹⁾	Irrigated Area ⁽²⁾	Irrigable Area ⁽¹⁾	Irrigated Area ⁽²⁾
1972	184,053	245,857	166,664	184,320
1973	188,406	245,839	164,955	181,170
1974	196,416	273,603	168,675	203,413
1975	202,967	213,063	173,236	156,913
1976	206,355	236,676	177,526	165,407
1977	208,371	283,433	180,974	203,115
1978	216,953	319,648	185,435	216,167
1979	228,378	328,294	171,265	194,618
1980	238,531	330,335	167,352	194,587
1981 ⁽³⁾	244,014	349,091	171,066	199,004

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Irrigable area denotes asweddumized extent under major and minor schemes during the year.

⁽²⁾ Irrigated area denotes the extent in respect of which irrigation facilities were available for purpose of cultivation for both seasons together in the cultivation year

⁽³⁾ Provisional

**TABLE 45—INDEX OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION
(VOLUME)**

(Base 1962=100)

	1977	1978	1979	1980
Tea	98.42	93.92	98.38	90.34
Rubber	140.52	149.57	146.77	127.97
Coconut	70.86	85.88	93.11	78.84
Paddy	167.47	188.76	191.43	212.99
Highland crops	244.50	239.19	264.32	277.90
Livestock and livestock produces	156.35	144.36	156.90	170.80
Minor export crops	115.81	131.28	129.67	140.09
Overall index	125.76	130.08	136.16	136.68

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 46—LIVESTOCK (INCLUDING POULTRY)

	<i>Number</i>				
	1973 ⁽¹⁾	1978 ⁽²⁾	1979 ⁽²⁾	1980 ⁽²⁾	1981 ⁽²⁾
Neat cattle	1,016,173	1,541,300	1,622,500	1,644,300	1,720,400
Buffaloes	384,337	814,200	843,700	843,100	898,100
Goats	290,610	449,900	461,000	492,600	512,200
Sheep	17,895	22,600	24,400	28,000	29,500
Pigs	47,254	40,800	48,700	71,300	93,700
Poultry	3,828,546	4,925,200	5,897,700	6,340,600	6,296,400

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Agriculture Census.

⁽²⁾ Figures are rounded off to the nearest hundred.

TABLE 47—MILK AND EGG PRODUCTION

<i>Unit</i>	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Milk '000 Litres	265,915	267,357	260 397	283,416	308,718
Eggs '000 Dozens	31,651	30,020	36,027	45,399	46,621

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

TABLE 48—FISH PRODUCTION

Item	(Metric Tonnes)					
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ^(b)
Fresh fish (Marine) ⁽¹⁾	123,316	125,683	139,833	151,027	167,390	177,036
Fresh water fish	12,539	13,040	16,736	17,379	20,264	27,733
Cured fish ⁽²⁾	7,487	7,561	6,464	6,285	8,674	8,927

Source : Ministry of Fisheries.

(¹) Includes Government and private trawler landings.

(²) Already included in wet form in the items above.

(^b) Provisional.

TABLE 49—FISHING CRAFT

Craft used	(Number)					
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ⁽¹⁾
Trawlers	9	5	14	6	6	6
Tuna boats	2	2	2	—	—	—
3½-ton mechanical craft	2,445	2,443	2,545	2,868	2,861	3,112
Other mechanized craft	5,281	5,290	7,193	6,278	9,128	9,654
Other non-mechanized craft	13,816	14,456	13,581	14,190	15,149	15,765
10 and 11-ton boats	15	12	32	31	30	30

Source : Ministry of Fisheries.

(¹) Provisional

TABLE 50—FOREST AREA AND WILD LIFE RESERVES

	(Hectares)			
	1978	1979	1980	1981
Proclaimed Reserves	471,336	469,035	469,031.5	468,765.6
Proposed Reserves	487,176	485,304	484,892.5	484,579.7
Other State Forests	809,388	809,400	809,400.0	..
Forest Plantations	117,865	122,614	127,644.9	145,841.9
(a) Teak	65,618	67,404	69,527.8	74,186.7
(b) Mahogany	23,417	18,708	19,113.5	20,029.9
(c) Eucalyptus	12,315	15,525	18,402.5	23,367.8
(d) Pines/Bamboo	12,402	13,841	17,107.4	21,942.5
(e) Other Species	4,111	7,136	3,493.7	6,315.0
National Parks	304,440	304,440	305,452 ⁽¹⁾	307,030.4 ⁽¹⁾
Intermediate Zones	36,075	36,075	..	..
Nature Reserves	63,887	63,887	63,777	3,159.8
Jungle Corridor	11,395	10,359	10,342	10,360.0
Sanctuaries	205,135	207,067	205,213 ⁽¹⁾	207,199.2 ⁽¹⁾

Source : Forest Dept.

Wild Life Conservation Dept.

⁽¹⁾ including Intermediate zones

TABLE 51—TIMBER PRODUCTION

<i>Item</i>	<i>Unit</i>	1978	1979	1980	1981
Soft Timber	Cu.meters	4,058	2,574	11,475	12,215
Ebony Logs	Cu.meters	114	119	787	218
Other Logs	Cu.meters	71,560	112,447	171,989	132,136
Sawn Timber	Cu.meters	11,510	12,735	22,079	26,533
Railway Sleepers	Number	1,993	14,423	95,911	147,842
Electrical Trans- mission Posts	} Number	7,979	23,007	44,574	19,151
Telegraph Posts					
Firewood	Cu.meters	121,740	98,968	314,931	474,027

Source : State Timber Corporation.

TABLE 52—SUMMARY OF FOOD BALANCE SHEET—1979

Items	Unit '000 Metric Tonnes		Per Capita Supplies					
	Produc- tion	Gross Imports	Availa- ble Supply	Food Grams per day	Cal's per day	Proteins grams per day	Fats grams per day	
Cereals	1,955.01	842.41	2,712.83	1,912.46	361.89	1,261.14	28.39	2.12
Roots and Other Starchy food	721.09	7.61	728.70	509.42	96.41	140.54	0.83	0.21
Sugar	19.65	245.31	246.41	229.96	43.51	173.17	—	—
Pulses	38.97	28.28	67.83	63.60	12.02	39.60	2.96	0.09
Coconut (shelled)	814.08	—	814.08	496.93	94.03	417.49	4.23	39.12
Vegetables (onions)	531.52	915.2	541.04	500.79	94.79	52.11	2.45	0.21
Fruits	144.91	—	144.91	144.91	27.42	21.18	0.24	0.03
Meat	16.40	0.61	17.01	17.01	3.25	4.09	0.73	0.12
Eggs	24.51	—	24.51	24.07	4.55	7.87	0.60	0.60
Fish :								
(i) Fresh	168.37	—	165.49	95.97	18.16	23.41	3.52	0.91
(ii) Dried and Salted	9.42	6.90	16.32	16.32	3.09	7.57	1.56	0.12
(iii) Tinned	0.00	11.87	17.26	17.26	3.26	5.61	0.68	0.32
Milk :								
(i) Fresh	218.24	—	218.24	179.35	33.95	25.77	1.15	1.68
(ii) Whole Dried	4.29	20.21	20.39	20.39	3.86	19.14	0.99	1.03
(iii) Condensed	5.53	8.27	13.96	13.96	2.63	8.34	0.19	0.22
(iv) Milk Foods	0.11	—	0.11	0.11	0.03	0.15	0.08	0.01
Oils and Fats	313.29	1.42	237.63	64.49	12.21	109.42	—	12.16

Estimated mid-year population ('000) = 14,477

TABLE 52.—SUMMARY OF FOOD BALANCE SHEET—1980 (Contd.)

Items	Unit '000 Metric Tonnes			Per Capita Supplies				
	Produce tohn	Gross Imports	Availa- ble supply	Food net	Food Grams per day	Calaries per day	Proteins grams pre day	Fats grams per day
Cereals	2,170.39	612.60	2,730.70	1,839.67	341.94	1,192.01	25.06	3.47
Roots and other starchy food	678.04	11.40	689.44	484.29	90.01	130.12	0.79	0.19
Sugar	26.52	208.57	244.00	225.50	41.92	166.84	—	—
Pulses	51.34	22.66	75.31	70.61	13.13	43.43	3.23	0.11
Coconut (shelled)	689.23	—	689.23	451.09	83.86	372.34	3.77	34.89
Vegetables (In. onions)	66.89	17.35	84.24	515.07	95.76	52.68	2.46	0.21
Fruits	147.52	—	147.52	147.52	27.42	21.18	0.24	0.03
Meat	17.30	0.14	17.44	17.44	3.27	4.28	0.74	0.15
Eggs	30.89	—	30.89	30.34	5.64	9.76	0.75	0.75
Fish :								
(i) Fresh	187.68	—	187.68	103.38	19.21	24.76	3.73	0.96
(ii) Dried and Salted	12.11	11.87	23.98	23.98	4.47	10.95	2.27	0.18
(iii) Tinned	—	10.71	10.01	10.01	1.86	3.20	0.39	0.18

Milk :

(i) Fresh	237.54	—	237.54	200.67	37.29	28.20	1.27	1.85
(ii) Whole Dried	4.11	20.83	23.38	23.38	4.36	21.63	1.12	1.16
(iii) Condensed	3.97	1.22	5.24	5.24	0.99	3.14	0.07	0.08
(iv) Milk foods	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.15	0.08	0.01
Oils and Fats	195.12	1.07	165.43	50.82	9.45	84.73	—	9.41

Estimated Mid-year Population ('000) = 14,738

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics

Chapter V

INDUSTRY

Chapter V

INDEX

TABLE 53—ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS (1)

From	Unit	1978	1979	1980	1981 (2)
1. Electricity—					
Installed capacity	1000 K.W.	401	401	421	481
Energy production	1000 K.W.H.	1,376,700	1,525,500	1,479,000	1,872,000
Domestic users :					
(a) No. of consumers	Number	103,500	137,000	167,991	183,000
(b) Energy consumed	1000 K.W.H.	115,500	149,000	191,000	210,000
Commercial users :					
(a) No. of consumers	Number	25,600	31,000	34,869	37,300
(b) Energy consumed	1000 K.W.H.	157,900	203,000	223,000	255,000
Industrial users :					
(a) No. of Consumers	Number	3,700	3,800	4,472	4,700
(b) Energy consumed	1000 K.W.H.	593,100	638,000	626,000	830,000
2. Gas—					
Production	1000 Cu. Metres	5,596	6,283	5,914	4,733

Source : Ceylon Electricity Board,

Colombo Gas and Water Company Ltd.

(Govt. Owned)

(1) These are the No. of consumers retailed by the C. E. B. alone. Statistics of the total No. of consumers in the local Authorities is not available.

(2) Provisional.

TABLE 54—ANNUAL OUTPUT OF STATE INDUSTRIES

<i>Corporation</i>	<i>Product</i>	<i>Unit</i>	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ⁽³⁾
1. National Milk Board	Milk processed	'000 Litres	16,862	17,274	18,988	20,155	19,537
2. Condensed Milk Factory ⁽⁴⁾	Condensed milk	'000 Cans	14,834	11,847	13,933	10,000	13,794
	Powdered milk	'000 kg.	3,980	4,270	4,297	4,198	3,817
3. Eastern Paper Mills— Manufacturing	Paper	Metric tonnes	19,740	25,501	22,317	21,262	23,746
	Exercise books	'000	7,777	7,167	10,052	3,037 ⁽⁶⁾	2,457 ⁽⁶⁾
4. Ceylon Ceramics— Piliyandala and Negombo Piliyandala	Ceramicware	Metric tonnes	2,947	3,541	3,572	3,282	2,967
	Sanitaryware	Metric tonnes	647	790	781	1,074	1,023
	Wall tiles	Metric tonnes	1,910	1,912	1,757	1,879	1,733
	Kaolin	Metric tonnes	5,182	5,541	5,798	6,614	7,279
	Bricks and Tiles	Value Rs. '000	26,598	33,307	25,317	32,447	41,015
	Electrical apparatus	Metric tonnes	314	348	427	444	287
5. Ceylon Oils and Fats— Oil Mill	Coconut oil ⁽²⁾	Metric tonnes	217	225	31	— ⁽⁶⁾	— ⁽⁶⁾
	Provender Plant	Metric tonnes	42,017	41,729	62,863	81,183	50,892
	Fatty Acid Plant	Metric tonnes	443	508	558	419	—
	Glycerine	Metric tonnes	54	49	72	60	—

6. Ceylon Plywood Corporation—

plywood (3 ply equivalent)	'000 Sq. metre	3,572	3,094	3,157	3,475	3,455
Tea Chests (Full)	'000 Sets	1,461	1,111	1,049	875	976
Tea Chests (Half)	'000 Sets	575	435	509	516	623
3 plywood Board	'000 Sq. metre	109	212	161	434	454
Doors	'000	33	—	43	121	21
Black Boards	'000	20	—	29	—	3
Office Tables (?)	Number	—	—	—	—	2,015
Pang-pong Tables	Number	—	—	—	—	—
Office Trays (?)	Number	—	—	—	—	928
Chip-board veneered	Sq. metre	—	—	—	1,069	17,052
Chip-board unveneered	Cu. metre	2,472	2,786	2,817	5,291	4,023
Sawn Timber	Cu. metre	4,154	2,553	2,775	3,197	1,429

Carpentry Division
Furniture

Value Rs. '000

7. Ceylon Leather Products

Chrome	'000 Sq. metre	97	107	142	144	118
Shoes	'000 Pairs	177	278	293	297	264
Bark	'000 kgs	103	121	101	90	115

8. Paranghan Chemicals

Caustic Soda	Metric tonnes	1,515	1,865	1,723	1,827	1,729
Chlorine	Metric tonnes	644	1,156	1,274	1,456	1,338
Table salt	Metric tonnes	530	486	519	521	497
Hydrochloric Acid	Metric tonnes	540	668	1,041	982	979

TABLE 54—ANNUAL OUTPUT OF STATE INDUSTRIES—(Contd)

Corporation	Product	Units	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ^(a)
9. Sri Lanka Sugar—							
Kantalai Factory	Sugar	Metric tonnes	8,868	10,046	9,791	13,754	11,449
	Spirits	Kilo litres	3,274	2,645	3,466	2,754	2,700
Gal Oya Factory	Sugar	Metric tonnes	14,185	15,922	9,855	12,535	13,574
	Spirits	Kilo litres	2,490	3,270	3,211	3,163	3,222
	Dry Gin	Litres	17,281	32,026	38,575	18,153	13,692
	Lemosa Gin	Litres	3,214	4,981	10,492	4,489	2,113
	Orange Gin	Litres	1,282	940	1,298	155	—
	Beehive Brandy	Litres	30,115	88,917	44,384	38,917	22,244
Gregson's Whiskey	Litres	3,578	10,639 ^(b)	10,971	18	—	
	Rum	Litres	8,192	30,392	33,415	12,865	18,924
	Arrack	Litres	265,426	357,130	538,946	253,267	212,020
	Methylated spirits	Bottles	330,881	371,780	443,325	459,500	774,654
10. Ceylon Cement—							
KKS Factory	Cement	Metric tonnes	161,860	191,931	245,194	200,418	270,052
	Galle Factory	Cement	31,898	61,719	35,448	49,620	55,332
		Puttalam Factory	Cement	167,684	321,411	379,956	372,761	380,261
11. Ceylon Mineral Sands							
Imenite		Metric tonnes	20,137	35,904	55,370	29,929	80,011
	Rutile	Metric tonnes	1,070	11,497	14,677	12,789	13,301

12. National Salt	sale	Metric tonnes	47,101	151,656	123,356	114,270	104,383
13. National Textiles	Yarn	'000 Kgs	5,030	5,748	6,247	4,268	6,450
	Textiles	'000 Metres	16,918	18,270	17,840	15,342	19,115
14. Ceylon Steels	Rolled Iron	Metric tonnes	24,558	33,111	45,354	52,705	38,992
	Wire Products	Metric tonnes	7,604	13,167	10,563	12,423	10,264
15. Ceylon Tyre	Tyres	No.	156,496	256,268	272,661	268,451	206,293
	Tubes	No.	141,039			178,426	144,775
	Flaps	No.	33,291			27,355	19,519
16. State Hardware	Hardware Items	'000 Units	1,104	1,606	2,120	1,938	1,838
	Cast Iron Factory						
	Castings	Metric tonnes	2,055	1,859	1,073	2,039	1,699
17. Ceylon Fisheries	Fish Caught	Metric tonnes	312	556	603	306	427
	Fish Purchased	Metric tonnes	2,761	4,278	2,950	2,867	5,036
	Cured Fish	Metric tonnes	46	159	125	57	243
	Fish Meal	Metric tonnes	171	184	218	97	132
	Liver Oil	Litres	1,770	1,838	—	—	—
	Medicinal Shark						
	Liver Oil	Litres	11,507	4,436	9,365	47	—
	Veterinary Shark						
	Liver Oil	Litres	1,392	1,592	1,159	162	—
18. State Flour Milling	Flour	Metric tonnes	72,740	61,789	69,024	58,593	57,185
	By-Products	Metric tonnes	27,132	24,833	29,508	28,054	25,603
19. State Timber	Sawn Timber	Cu. metres	185,821	11,503	12,544	22,076	26,533
20. State Graphite	Plumbago	Metric tonnes	8,850	10,666	9,491	7,656	7,453

TABLE 54—ANNUAL OUTPUT OF STATE INDUSTRIES—(Contd.)

Corporation	Product	Unit	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ⁽⁸⁾	
21. Sri Lanka Petroleum	Gasoline	Metric tonnes	103,348	120,623	101,924	109,371	99,553	
	Kerosene	Metric tonnes	185,447	211,313	189,446	179,341	148,519	
	Chemical Naptha	Metric tonnes	102,197	82,372	84,254	150,850	137,520	
	Diesel	Metric tonnes	368,428	359,443	339,791	384,311	415,818	
	Asphalt	Metric tonnes	25,202	24,872	24,391	26,174	15,516	
	Fuel Oil	Metric tonnes	545,349	547,377	542,918	744,877	698,419	
	Blending Plant	Kilo litres	15,391	18,415	20,810	25,026	20,158	
	Lubricating Oil							
	22. Ayurvedic Drugs		Value Rs. '000	4,901	7,421	7,204	8,936	7,376
	23. Sri Lanka Tobacco Industries	Beedi (Number)	Millions	2,318	2,395	2,797	1,762	1,430
Cigars (Number)		1,000	370	—	—	—	—	

Source : State Corporations.

(1) For industrial use.

(2) Figures for 1978 are in respect of "John Pitt Whisky."

(3) Provisional.

(4) From 1981 Condensed Milk Factory was handed over to International Dairy Products Ltd. (Private Sector)

(5) Has ceased functioning.

(6) No production for number of months.

(7) Before 1981 included under furniture.

TABLE 55—INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS—PRIVATE SECTOR⁽¹⁾

Div.	Industry Description	1979 ⁽²⁾			1980 ⁽²⁾			1981	
		Rep. units	Value Rs. million	Emp.	Rep. units	Value Rs. million	Emp.	Rep. Units	Value Rs. million
1.31	Food Beverages and Tobacco	189	1,575.8	9,801	189	1,683.1	10,935		
2.32	Textile wearing apparel and leather industries	898	641.0	28,232	898	764.2	29,642		
3.33	Wood and wood products and furniture	145	60.5	5,931	145	69.7	6,321		
4.34	Paper and paper products including printing and publishing	81	172.9	3,345	81	193.7	4,281		
5.35	Chemical, chemical petroleum, coal rubber and plastic products	371	850.6	13,111	371	922.8	15,206		
6.36	Non-metallic mineral products	130	175.7	7,578	130	178.4	8,031		
7.37	Basic metal industries	19	113.2	1,156	19	118.8	1,224		
8.38	Fabricated metal products, machinery and equipment	601	841.2	23,370	601	911.7	24,771		

55—INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS—PRIVATE SECTOR⁽¹⁾—(Contd.)

Dte.	Industry Description	1979 ⁽²⁾		1980 ⁽²⁾		1981	
		Rep. units	Value Rs. million	Rep. units	Value Rs. million	Rep. units	Value Rs. million
9.39	Other manufacturing industries	98	55.3	2,690	98	58.1	2,851
	Grand Total	2,532	4486.2	95,214	2,532	4,900.5	103,262

Source: Ministry of Industries and Scientific Affairs,
Dept. of Census and Statistics.

Note.—Rep. unit—Reporting unit.

Emp.—Employed number.

⁽¹⁾ Coverage confined to Industrial establishments registered with the Ministry of Industries and Scientific Affairs. Value refers to "Ex-factory value".

⁽²⁾ Provisional.

Chapter VI

TRADE

Chapter VI

TABLE 56—BALANCE OF TRADE

(Rs. Million)

Year	Customs Data ⁽¹⁾		Balance of Trade	Customs Data Adjusted ⁽²⁾		Balance of Trade
	Total Exports (f.o.b.)	Total Imports (c.i.f.)		Total Exports (f.o.b.)	Total Imports (c.i.f.)	
	1973	2,617		2,715	- 98		2,629	2,765	- 133
1974	3,472	4,554	- 1,082	3,503	4,770	- 1,267
1975	3,933	5,251	- 1,318	3,968	5,196	- 1,228
1976	4,815	4,689	+ 126	4,840	4,945	- 105
1977	6,638	6,007	+ 631	6,570	6,061	+ 509
1978	13,206	14,663	- 1,457	13,193	15,366	- 2,173
1979	15,273	22,560	- 7,287	15,282	22,602	- 7,320
1980	17,388	33,637	- 16,249	17,630	33,374	- 15,744
1981	19,918	35,530	- 15,612	20,585	35,251	- 14,666

Source : Customs Returns
Dept. of Census and Statistics

(¹)Trade data compiled from export and import entries. There is a considerable timing between the actual data of export/import and the date on which the entries are passed.

(²)Adjusted for actual imports of Food Commissioner and Petroleum Corporation.

TABLE 57—VALUE AND DISTRIBUTION OF IMPORTS⁽¹⁾ AND DOMESTIC EXPORTS⁽²⁾

	1979		1980		1981	
	Value Rs. '000	Per cent	Value Rs. '000	Per cent	Value Rs. '000	Per cent
IMPORTS						
Total	22,439,701	100.00	33,534,140	100.00	35,407,233	100.00
Commonwealth—						
United Kingdom	2,014,866	8.98	3,206,039	9.56	2,139,075	6.04
Canada	291,320	1.30	402,580	1.20	385,971	1.09
Australia	1,077,939	4.80	653,036	1.95	1,067,846	3.02
India	2,334,369	10.40	1,594,163	4.75	1,459,637	4.12
Other	2,272,558	10.13	3,654,065	10.90	4,143,690	11.70
Foreign—						
Pakistan	493,013	2.20	496,588	1.48	328,996	0.93
U. S. A.	1,210,995	5.40	1,492,614	4.45	2,488,590	7.03
U. S. S. R.	167,789	0.75	177,397	0.53	43,699	0.12
China	1,039,204	4.63	840,220	2.51	686,220	1.94
Japan	3,005,291	13.93	4,301,769	12.83	4,969,895	14.04
G. D. R.	13,922	0.06	22,714	0.07	54,812	0.16
France	481,668	2.15	1,309,694	3.91	769,796	2.17
Burma	196,112	0.87	389,601	1.16	467,388	1.32
Iran	739,792	3.30	1,814,272	5.41	2,349,793	6.63
Other	7,100,863	31.64	13,179,388	39.30	14,051,826	39.69

TABLE 57—VALUE AND DISTRIBUTION OF IMPORTS⁽¹⁾ AND
DOMESTIC EXPORTS⁽²⁾—(Contd.)

	1979		1980		1981	
	Value Rs. '000	Per cent	Value Rs. '000	Per cent	Value Rs. '000	Per cent
DOMESTIC EXPORTS						
Total	15,221,688	100.00	17,172,391	100.00	19,654,193	100.00
Commonwealth—						
United Kingdom	1,230,773	8.09	1,278,377	7.44	1,290,502	6.57
Canada	226,339	1.49	258,173	1.50	255,621	1.30
Australia	228,128	1.50	189,254	1.10	210,920	1.07
India	194,299	1.28	567,969	3.31	563,479	2.87
Other	1,042,530	6.85	1,317,621	7.67	1,887,965	9.60
Foreign—						
Pakistan	686,187	4.51	568,026	3.31	1,073,681	5.46
U. S. A.	1,585,184	10.41	1,925,276	11.21	2,805,562	14.27
U. S. S. R.	476,992	3.13	518,903	3.02	457,522	2.33
China	856,770	5.63	848,442	4.94	860,738	4.38
Japan	1,037,069	6.81	552,020	3.21	685,928	3.49
G. F. R.	902,412	5.93	917,953	5.35	1,115,319	5.68
South Africa	259,922	1.71	312,638	1.82	352,055	1.79
Others	5,131,801	33.71	5,944,089	34.61	6,160,080	31.34
Bunkers	1,363,283	8.96	1,973,650	11.49	1,934,821	9.85

Source : Customs Return.

(1) Excludes bullion and specie.

(2) Excludes postal articles and ships stores

TABLE 58—COMPOSITION OF IMPORTS⁽¹⁾

	(Rs. million)				
	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
1. Consumer goods	2,534	5,618	7,824	9,884	9,219
(a) Food and drink	2,181	4,127	4,807	6,134	4,888
(i) Rice	916	689	884	756	992
(ii) Flour	871	2,192	1,691	1,788	28
(iii) Sugar	196	620	929	1,915	2,826
(b) Textile (inc. clothing)	150	531	1,536	1,712	2,334
(c) Other consumer goods	203	959	1,481	2,029	1,997
2. Intermediate goods	2,648	5,591	9,143	15,495	17,944
3. Investment goods	746	3,367	5,459	8,141	7,956
4. Unclassified imports	79	110	134	118	132
5. Total	6,007	14,687	22,560	33,637	35,251

Source : Central Bank and Customs Return.

(1) Customs data adjusted for Food Commissioner's and Petroleum Corporation's actual imports.

TABLE 59—COMPOSITION OF EXPORTS

Commodity	(Rs. Million)				
	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Tea	3,502	6,401	5,722	6,170	6,430
Rubber	931	2,025	2,502	2,633	2,880
Major Coconut products	334	971	1,298	754	1,017
(a) Copra	2	10	13	5	42
(b) Coconut Oil	40	322	509	49	200
(c) Desiccated Coconut	292	639	775	701	768
(d) Fresh Nuts	—	—	1	—	7
Precious and Semi Precious Stones	297	531	490	458	304
Other Domestic exports	1,103	2,580	3,853	5,190	7,092
Bunkers Domestic	448	667	1,363	1,974	1,935
Total Domestic exports	6,615	13,175	15,228	17,179	19,658
Re-exports	22	31	45	94	260
Total	6,637	13,206	15,273	17,273	19,918

Source : Central Bank and Customs Return.

**TABLE 60—IMPORTS OF RICE, FLOUR, WHEAT AND SUGAR
BY THE FOOD DEPARTMENT**

(000 Metric Tonnes)

<i>Commodity</i>	1978	1979	1980	1981
Rice	170	212	189	157
Flour	615	467	361	—
Wheat	—	—	72	460 ⁽¹⁾
Sugar	166	245	199	168

Source : Food Commissioner's Dept.

(1) Food Commissioner has Commenced importing wheat from the year 1980.

TABLE 61—EXPORTS (VOLUME) OF MAJOR COMMODITIES

<i>Commodity</i>	1978	1979	1980	1981
Tea—Thousand Metric-Tonnes	193	187	184	184
Rubber—Thousand Metric Tonnes	132	115	113	133
(i) Sheet	77	63	61	71
(ii) Crepe	55	52	52	62
Copra—Metric Tonnes	924	830	275	2,055
Coconut oil—Thousand Metric Tonnes	30	32	3	17
Coconut desiccated—Thousand Metric Tonnes	51	40	31	37

Source : Customs Return.

TABLE 62—PRICES OF EXPORT COMMODITIES

Commodity	Rupees per Kilogramme												
	1977			1978			1979			1980			1981
	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾	F.O.B. Average Colombo Market ⁽¹⁾
Tea	18.86	13.71	32.22	11.61	31.37	10.12	33.53	19.16	35.73	18.10			
Rubber—													
(1) RSS No. 1	6.85 ⁽²⁾	4.33	14.64 ⁽²⁾	6.20	18.79 ⁽²⁾	8.51	23.30 ⁽²⁾	10.67	21.97 ⁽²⁾	10.97			
(2) Latex crepe		5.12	6.64		11.31			10.77					
Copra	7.91	3.44	10.73	3.37	14.45	4.60	18.18	5.31	19.82	6.63			
Coconut oil	4.40	5.67	10.64	5.25	15.23	7.19	16.33	9.48	16.69	10.88			
Coconut desiccated	9.62	5.95	12.50	5.28	18.33	6.67	22.61	9.52	22.15	11.47			

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Average Colombo Market price—

Tea—Derived from the Colombo Auction price.

Rubber—Derived from the Weekly Market Report.

Copra—Estate No. 1.

Coconut oil

Coconut desiccated

} Annual Report of the Central Bank.

⁽²⁾ All Rubber Varieties

TABLE 63—INDEX NUMBERS OF EXTERNAL TRADE
(PRICE, VOLUME AND TERMS OF TRADE)

(Base 1978=100)

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Price						
Imports	44	54	100	152	217	282
Exports	34	55	100	109	126	129
Terms of Trade ⁽¹⁾	78	102	100	72	58	46
Volume						
Imports	57	73	100	123	140	247
Exports	102	94	100	101	99	102

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

⁽¹⁾ (Export price index/Import price index) × 100.

TABLE 64—BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

	(Rs. million)								
	1979			1980 (1)			1981 (1)		
	Credit	Debit	Net	Credit	Debit	Net	Credit	Debit	Net
<i>Goods and Services</i>									
Merchandise	15,282.0	22,570.0	-7,288.0	17,603.0	33,915.0	-16,312.0	20,439.6	36,632.3	-16,192.7
Non-monetary gold									
Freight and merchandise insurance	39.2	56.0	-16.8	56.3	77.1	-20.8	71.7	93.0	-21.3
Other transportation	406.0	347.8	+58.2	668.8	483.2	+185.6	914.8	654.1	+260.7
Travel	1,052.6	457.7	+594.9	1,637.0	555.7	+1,081.3	22,70*2	749.5	+1520.7
Investment income	614.5	854.0	-239.5	773.7	1,205.5	-431.8	554.7	2,230.1	-1,675.4
Government expenditure	120.2	81.5	+38.7	128.0	122.7	+5.3	191.2	137.0	+54.2
Other services	760.2	456.2	+304.0	1,341.0	1,302.0	+39.0	1,813.4	1816.6	-3.2
Total goods and services	18,274.7	24,823.2	-6,548.5	22,207.8	37,661.2	-15,453.4	26,255.6	42,312.6	-16,057.0
<i>Transfer Payments</i>									
Private	935.4	181.5	+753.9	2,518.0	258.0	+2,260.0	4,402.5	553.9	+3,848.6
Official	2,238.7	—	+2,238.7	2,181.0	—	+2,281.0	3,118.2	—	+3,118.2
Total current account	21,448.8	25,004.7	-3,555.9	27,006.8	37,919.2	-10,912.4	33,776.3	42,866.5	-9,090.2
<i>Capital and Monetary gold</i>									
Non-monetary sector	4,322.9	1,017.3	+3,305.6	10,523.6	3,938.1	+6,585.5	19,601.9	11,939.2	+7,662.7
Monetary Sector	2,136.1	2,929.3	-793.2	4,860.0	1,893.3	+2,966.7	4,672.6	4,266.9	+405.7
Valuation adjustment	133.2	18.2	-18.2	607.0	—	+607.0	—	—	—
Errors and omissions	820.2	—	+820.2	—	495.0	-495.0	-808.7	—	+808.7

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

(1) Provisional

TABLE 65—EXTERNAL ASSETS

Item	(Rs. Million)					
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 1981
Government	0.7	6.6	3.5	27.9	10.4	14.4 135.1
Government Agencies and Institutions	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6 0.6
Central Bank Currency Board	438.0	822.8	4,326.5	6,132.4	7,960.2	4,404.3 6,743.2
Commercial Banks	395.0	572.6	1,242.8	1,316.2	1,681.2	2,346.9 2,343.3
Total External Assets	833.9	1,402.2	5,573.2	7,477.0	9,652.3	6,766.2 9,222.2
Changes in Total External Assets between periods	-54.9	+568.3	+4,171.0	+664.8	+590.7	-1,071.3 -19.0
Total External Assets net of Sterling Loan Sinking Funds	833.9	1,402.2	5,573.2	7,477.0	9,652.3	6,766.2 9,222.2

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

Chapter VII

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

Chapter VII

THEORY

AND PRACTICE

TABLE 66—PUBLIC ROADS AND RAILWAYS

	(Kilometres)				
	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ⁽¹⁾
Public Roads ⁽²⁾	26,793	27,428	27,867	25,292	25,296
Railways—					
Broad gauge	1,395	1,395	1,395	1,395	1,395
Narrow gauge	58	58	58	58	58
Total	1,453	1,453	1,453	1,453	1,453

Source : Railways Dept.
Dept. of Highways.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

⁽²⁾ Prior to 1979 figures include roads maintained by agencies other than Highways Department.

TABLE 67—MOTOR VEHICLES ON REGISTERS⁽²⁾

	(Number)				
	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ⁽³⁾
Total	208,026	231,993	274,080	337,382	374,110
Cars and cabs	97,010	103,798	114,453	120,873	126,256
Motor cycles	24,435	29,643	45,087	79,803	96,851
Buses	14,123	14,994	17,317	20,752	23,092
Lorries and vans (including ambulances and Hearses)	40,174	45,237	51,665	61,158	69,085
Agricultural tractors and engines ⁽¹⁾	32,284	38,321	45,558	54,796	58,826

Source : Commissioner of Motor Traffic.

⁽¹⁾ Include Tractors and Trailors.

⁽²⁾ Provisional.

⁽³⁾ as at 31st December.

TABLE 68—OMNIBUS SERVICES

	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ^(*)
Number of routes	1,004 ⁽¹⁾	1,010 ⁽¹⁾	1,023	1,041	1,364
Route Kilometres covered	48,682	48,876	49,328	49,656	59,488
No. of bus kilometres operated ('000) Kilometres	402,629	455,751	481,836	516,616	494,026
No. of buses licensed	6,643	6,839	7,254	7,546	7,725
Average number of buses operated per day	4,583	5,097	5,376	5,670	5,496
Total number of passengers carried ('000)	1,529,111	1,744,185	1,861,980	1,812,296	1,104,813
Average passenger journey (Kilometres)	10.7	11.1	11.1	12.0	12.5
Total revenue (Rupees '000)	773,351	1,050,414	1,105,676	1,552,306	1,661,604
Revenue per bus Kilometres in cents	192.1	230.5	353.9	284.1	336.3

Source : Ceylon Transport Board.

⁽¹⁾ Short-distance not included.⁽²⁾ Provisional.

TABLE 69—RAIL TRANSPORT

Item	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ⁽²⁾
Route Kilometres	1,453	1,453	1,453	1,453	1,453
Rolling stock (number)—					
(a) Locomotives	282	283	291	308	267
(b) Carriages ⁽¹⁾	2,274	2,331	2,409	2,676	2,600
(c) Wagons ⁽¹⁾	5,083	5,134	5,170	5,272	5,200
Train Kilometres operated :					
(a) Passenger trains	6,412,848	7,343,009	7,635,592	8,029,776	8,000,000
(b) Goods trains	2,395,582	3,025,467	3,054,153	2,397,837	3,000,000
Passengers carried (Number '000)	65,795	79,523	89,750	84,760	70,508
Passenger Kilometres					
(a) Ordinary tickets '000	1,810,843	2,488,319	2,736,777	2,530,725	1,809,401
(b) Season tickets '000	981,117	1,220,516	1,335,753	1,268,266	1,175,660
Goods (Metric tons) '000	1,444	1,807	1,800	1,579	1,590
Metric Ton Kilometres '000	225,336	280,664	268,300	206,301	218,830
Revenue Rs. '000	188,352	239,497	312,102	358,848	408,878
Expenditure Rs. '000	268,182	300,524	420,303	534,956	644,846

Source : Railway Dept.

(¹) All vehicles reduced to Broad Gauge four wheelers .

(²) Figures are Estimated.

**TABLE 70—SHIPPING : VESSELS ENTERED AND CLEARED
WITH CARGO AND IN BALLAST—ALL PORTS**

<i>Entered</i>	<i>(Thousand net metric tonnes)</i>			
	1977	1978	1979	1980 ⁽¹⁾
Merchant vessels (with cargo)	4,104	5,046	4,395	6,165
Merchant vessels (bunkers)	4,381	2,619	3,217	2,785
All other vessels (include sailing vessels with cargo and in ballast)	4,293	1,880	1,567	1,776
Total	12,778	9,545	9,179	10,726
<i>Cleared</i>				
Merchant vessels (with cargo)	3,612	3,513	2,610	3,514
Merchant vessels (bunkers)	4,934	2,485	3,708	2,808
All other vessels (include sailing vessels with cargo and in ballast)	5,222	3,802	2,340	3,484
Total	13,768	9,800	8,658	9,806

Source : Sri Lanka Customs.

Dept. of Census and Statistics,

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

TABLE 71—POSTS, TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE SERVICES

Items	Unit	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981(5)
Posts and Telegraph Office	Number	1,670	1,672	1,672	1,763	1,763
Telegraphs and telephones single wire distance	Kilometres	403,348	410,555	410,600	406,150	406,150
Letters and parcels	'000	486,894	736,360	503,573	638,591	640,000
Telegrams	'000	5,317	5,404	5,500	5,995	6,000
: Inland ⁽¹⁾	'000	676	743	750	716	720
Foreign	'000	3,600	3,725	3,700	3,390	3,400
Money Orders : Inland	'000	9	9	9	70	76
Foreign	'000	1,300	700	725	474	480
Postal Orders : Inland	'000	7,000	7,000	7,000	9,332	17,019
Foreign ⁽²⁾	'000	45.8	49.0	49	63	63
Telephones : Direct Lines	'000	200,311	223,130	225,000	192,199	193,000
Telephone calls : Inland ⁽³⁾	'000	234	324	325	431	440
Foreign ⁽⁴⁾	'000	215,794	326,438	327,000	721,418	725,000
: Outward	Minutes	716,146	993,694	995,000	1,868,587	1,900,000
Inward						

Source : Dept. of Posts and Telecommunications.

⁽¹⁾ Includes Indian telegrams sent through the C. I. O.

⁽²⁾ British Postal Order paid.

⁽³⁾ Includes metered local calls, all island trunk calls and calls taken from outstations Post Offices.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes both inward and outward calls.

⁽⁵⁾ Provisional

TABLE 71—BROADCAST SERVICES

	1980		1981 (4)	
	No. Estimated	No. Licensed	No. Estimated	No. Licensed
Television				
Wireless (receivers)	4,500,000	43,145	4,500,000	74,222
Hours of broadcast per week :	1,151,089		4,500,000	1,182,362

	1980		1981		Total
	Sinhalase	Tamil Edu-cation	Sinhalase	Tamil Edu-cation	
For Domestic Listeners					
(a) Channel 1	81½	20½	81½	30½(5)	218½
(b) Channel 2	124½	—	124½	85½	283½
(c) Channel 3	—	—	21	—	21
(d) Rajarata Sowaya	67½	—	67½	—	67½
(e) Ruhunu Sowaya	66	—	66	—	66
For Overseas Listeners					
(a) All Asia	—	167	—	104(1)	167
(b) S. E. Asia	—	7(2)	—	7(2)	7
(c) Middle East Europe	3½	—	22½	17½(3)	22½
(d) South Indian Service	—	—	—	14	14

Source : Sri Lanka Broadcasting corporation.

(1) Hindi (69) Telugu (7) Malayalam (7) Kannadam (3½) and Tamil (17½).

(2) English (6½) Japanese (0½).

(3) Urdu (15½) Tamil (1½).

(4) Provisional.

(5) All Three Languages.

TABLE 73—CIVIL AVIATION

Unit	1979			1980			1981 ⁽¹⁾		
	To	From	To	From	To	From	To	From	
	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	
INTERNATIONAL SERVICES :									
Passengers—									
Total	243,157	237,298	317,613	347,964	410,182	451,883			
Air Lanka	18,522	20,623	103,423	109,991	171,770	186,513			
Foreign Airlines	224,635	216,675	214,190	237,973	238,412	265,370			
Mails—									
Total	12,663	18,522	504,309	202,576	612,960	769,897			
Air Lanka	12,663	18,522	81,161	122,134	188,165	704,472			
Foreign Airlines	..	..	423,148	80,442	424,795	65,425		
Freight and Excess Baggage—									
Total	295,661	409,628	4,862,026	6,394,687	6,811,821	8,366,274			
Air Lanka	295,661	409,628	1,204,213	1,863,480	2,029,316	3,453,929			
Foreign Airlines	3,657,813	4,531,207	4,782,505	4,912,345			

Source : Dept of Civil Aviation.

⁽¹⁾Provisional.

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Chapter VIII

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

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TABLE 74—TOTAL AND PER CAPITA PRODUCT AT CURRENT AND CONSTANT PRICES

<i>Item</i>	<i>1979</i>	<i>1980</i>	<i>1981⁽¹⁾</i>
G. D. P. at current market prices (Rs. million)	53,458.4	69,620.3	84,388.0
Net factor income from abroad (Rs. million)	-240.0	-431.8	-1,675.0
G. N. P. at current market prices—			
(a) Total (Rs. million)	53,218.4	69,188.5	82,713.0
(b) Per capita (Rupees)	3,678.0	4,695.0	5,570.0
G. N. P. at 1975 constant prices—			
(a) Total (Rs. million)	33,157.8	35,074.9	36,793.3
(b) Per capita (Rupees)	2,291.0	2,380.0	2,478.0

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(1) Provisional.

Note.—Figures given in Tables 74 to 79 are according to a revised series of estimates which have been prepared commencing 1975, and are therefore not strictly comparable with figures previously published. The Principal changes in methods in the revised series have been.

(a) The valuations of components of G. D. P. at producer prices and not at factor cost as done earlier and

(d) The use of 1975 (instead of the earlier 1963) as the base year for computing the constant price estimates.

TABLE 75—INDUSTRIAL ORIGIN OF THE GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT CURRENT PRODUCER PRICES

<i>Sector</i>	<i>(Rs. Million)</i>		
	<i>1979</i>	<i>1980</i>	<i>1981⁽¹⁾</i>
1. Agriculture, forestry and fishing	15,198·6	17,933·1	22,821·2
2. Mining and quarrying	646·4	910·1	1,078·0
3. Manufacturing	11,690·2	13,969·3	15,967·6
4. Construction	3,702·4	6,449·8	8,286·1
5. Electricity and gas	351·6	768·7	987·9
6. Transport and communication	4,848·4	6,962·0	8,372·6
7. Wholesale and retail trade	9,895·7	13,788·8	15,667·7
8. Banking, insurance and real estate	1,243·0	1,785·0	2,463·0
9. Ownership of dwellings	1,450·2	1,658·6	2,138·1
10. Public Services	2,968·6	3,573·0	3,969·5
11. Private Services	1,463·3	1,821·9	2,636·3
Total G. D. P.	53,458·4	69,620·3	84,388·0

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

Note.—Processing of tea and rubber which has been included under Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing are included under Manufacturing in the revised series.

**TABLE 76—EXPENDITURE ON GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT
CURRENT MARKET PRICES**

<i>Item</i>	<i>(Rs. Million)</i>		
	<i>1979</i>	<i>1980</i>	<i>1981⁽¹⁾</i>
Private consumption expenditure	40,052·0	53,829·3	66,864·7
General Government consumption expenditure	5,446·9	6,667·3	6,971·1
Gro fixed capital formation	14,435·9	21,608·7	25,331·7
Changes in stocks—statistical discrepancy	-167·4	+2,537·0	-398·5
Exports of goods and services	17,660·2	21,433·7	25,701·0
Less : imports of goods and services	23,969·2	36,455·7	40,082·0
Expenditure on gross domestic product	53,458·4	69,620·3	84,388·0
Net factor income from abroad	-240·0	-432·0	-1,675·0
Expenditure on gross national product	53,218·4	69,188·3	82,713·0

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

**TABLE 77—GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION AT
CURRENT MARKET PRICES**

(Rs. Million)

<i>Item</i>	1979	1980 ⁽¹⁾	1981 ⁽¹⁾
Total gross fixed capital :—			
1. Government—			
(a) Land	512.2	698.2	1,137.7
(b) Buildings—			
(i) Residential	653.6	162.3	55.9
(ii) Non-residential	566.1	1,451.0	1,292.9
(c) Other construction and works	761.1	1,140.5	1,147.5
(d) Transport equipment	681.0	494.7	529.0
(e) Machinery and other equipment	554.2	681.6	627.9
(f) Capital goods (n.i.e.)	45.2	548.6	133.7
Total	3,773.4	5,176.9	4,924.6
2. Private sector and Public Corporations—			
(a) Land (planting and replanting)	178.8	181.3	267.4
(b) Building and other construction	3,438.0	7,492.0	11,903.3
(c) Transport equipment	2,490.9	3,158.1	2,430.0
(d) Machinery and other equipment	4,554.8	5,600.4	5,806.4
Total	10,662.5	16,431.8	20,407.1
Grand Total (1)+(2)	14,435.9	21,608.7	25,331.7

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

(1) Provisional.

TABLE 78—SUMMARY INDICATORS OF NATIONAL PRODUCT, INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AT CURRENT PRICES

	Values				
	1975	1977	1978	1979	1980
1. Gross National Product at Current market Prices (Rs. million)	26,493.1	36,148.1	43,629.1	53,218.4	69,188.5
2. National Income at market Prices (Rs. Million)	25,313.2	34,559.0	40,468.6	50,331.2	64,866.8
3. Gross Domestic Expenditure (Rs. million)	26,706.1	36,400.1	43,866.1	53,458.4	69,620.3
4. Private Consumption Expenditure (Rs. million)	21,678.4	27,088.2	31,891.4	40,052.0	53,829.3
5. Public Consumption Expenditure (Rs. million)	2,696.7	3,429.3	4,850.7	5,446.9	6,667.3
6. Gross Fixed Capital Formation (Rs. million)	3,539.8	4,647.3	9,481.5	14,435.9	21,608.7
7. Gross National Product per Capita at market Prices (Rupees)	1,663.0	2,592.7	3,074.6	3,677.6	4,694.6
8. National Income per Capita at market Prices (Rupees)	1,875.6	2,481.6	2,851.9	3,478.1	4,401.3

TABLE 78—SUMMARY INDICATORS OF NATIONAL PRODUCT, INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AT CURRENT PRICES—Contd.

	Index Numbers (1975=100-0)						(Rs. million)
	1975	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ⁽¹⁾	
1. Gross National Product at Current market Prices	100.0	136.4	164.7	200.9	261.2	312.2	
2. National Income at market Prices	100.0	136.7	159.9	198.8	256.2	307.5	
3. Gross Domestic Expenditure	100.0	136.3	164.3	200.2	260.7	316.0	
4. Private Consumption Expenditure	100.0	125.0	147.1	184.8	248.3	308.4	
5. Public Consumption Expenditure	100.0	127.2	180.0	202.0	247.2	258.5	
6. Gross Fixed Capital Formation	100.0	131.3	267.9	407.8	610.5	687.4	
7. Gross National Product per Capita at market Prices	100.0	132.1	156.6	187.4	282.3	334.9	
8. National Income per Capita at market Prices	100.0	132.3	152.1	185.4	234.7	279.5	

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

TABLE 79—SUMMARY INDICATORS OF NATIONAL PRODUCT, INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AT CONSTANT PRICES—1975=100

	Values					1981 ⁽¹⁾
	1975	1977	1978	1979	1980	
1. Gross National Product (Rs. million)	26,493.1	28,650.7	31,253.9	33,157.8	35,074.9	36,793.3
2. National Income (Rs. million)	25,313.2	27,299.5	29,508.2	31,972.1	33,688.3	35,260.0
3. Gross Domestic Expenditure (Rs. million)	26,706.1	28,855.2	31,356.1	33,258.6	35,243.9	37,415.3
4. Private Consumption Expenditure (Rs. million)	21,678.4	24,986.6	25,960.4	28,569.0	32,772.1	33,578.9
5. Public Consumption Expenditure (Rs. million)	2,696.7	2,850.3	3,653.9	3,688.4	3,600.1	3,636.1
6. Gross Fixed Capital Formation (Rs. million)	3,539.8	4,053.5	5,237.1	5,928.7	6,933.0	7,666.5
7. Gross National Product <i>per Capita</i> (Rupees)	1,563.0	2,055.0	2,202.5	2,291.3	2,380.0	2,477.7
8. Gross National income <i>per Capita</i> (Rupees)	1,875.6	1,958.1	2,079.5	2,209.4	2,285.8	2,374.4

TABLE 79—SUMMARY INDICATORS OF NATIONAL PRODUCT, INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AT CONSTANT PRICES—1975—Contd.

	Index Numbers (1975 = 100·0)					1981 ⁽¹⁾
	1975	1977	1978	1979	1980	
1. Gross National Product at Constant producer Prices	100·0	108·1	118·0	125·2	132·4	138·9
2. National Income at producer prices	100·0	107·8	116·6	126·3	133·1	139·3
3. Gross Domestic Expenditure at Market Prices	100·0	108·0	117·4	124·5	132·0	140·1
4. Private Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices	100·0	115·3	119·8	131·8	151·1	154·9
5. Public Consumption Expenditure at Market Prices	100·0	105·7	135·5	136·8	133·5	134·8
6. Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation at Market Prices ²	100·0	114·5	147·9	167·5	195·9	216·8
7. Gross National Product per Capita at producer Prices	100·0	104·7	112·2	116·7	121·2	126·2
8. Gross National Income per Capita at producer Prices	100·0	104·4	110·9	117·8	121·9	126·6

Source : Dept. of Census and Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

TABLE 80—PERCENTAGE OF INCOME RECEIVERS AND TOTAL INCOME RECEIVED—
1963, 1973 AND 1978/79

Income (Rupees)	1963 ⁽¹⁾		1973 ⁽²⁾		1978-79 ⁽³⁾	
	Percentage of Income Receivers	Percentage of Total Income	Percentage of Income Receivers	Percentage of Total Income	Percentage of Income Receivers	Percentage of Total Income
Less than Rs. 100	27.2	6.2	7.3	1.1	7.9	0.8
Rs. 100 to Rs. 400	56.9	44.4	48.3	25.7	41.2	16.7
Rs. 400 and above	15.9	49.4	44.4	73.2	50.9	82.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

⁽¹⁾ Consumer Finance Survey—1963 Central Bank of Ceylon

⁽²⁾ Consumer Finance Survey—1973 Central Bank of Ceylon

⁽³⁾ Consumer Finance and Socio-Economic Survey—1978-79 Central Bank of Ceylon.

TABLE 81—INCOME OF HOUSEHOLDS : PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL INCOME RECEIVED BY EACH TENTH OF HOUSEHOLD/SPENDING 1969-70, 1973 AND 1978/79

Deciles	1969-70 ⁽¹⁾		1973 ⁽²⁾		1978-79 ⁽³⁾	
	Percentage of Income	Cumulative Percentage	Percentage of Income	Cumulative Percentage	Percentage of Income	Cumulative Percentage
Lowest 10th	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.8	1.2	1.2
Second	3.2	5.2	4.4	7.2	2.6	3.8
Third	3.6	8.8	5.6	12.8	3.6	7.4
Fourth	4.4	13.2	6.5	19.3	4.8	12.2
Fifth	6.4	19.6	7.5	26.8	5.9	18.1
Sixth	9.0	28.6	8.8	35.6	7.3	25.4
Seventh	11.4	40.0	9.9	45.5	9.0	34.4
Eighth	14.2	54.2	11.6	57.1	11.3	45.7
Ninth	17.8	72.0	14.9	72.0	15.3	61.0
Highest 10th	28.0	100.0	28.0	100.0	39.0	100.0

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

Note.—In the above table households have been ranked according to income and grouped into 10 equal classes. Against each class the percentage of total income is shown.

⁽¹⁾ Socio-Economic Survey 1969-70.

⁽²⁾ Consumer Finance Survey 1973 (Central Bank of Ceylon.)

⁽³⁾ Consumer Finance and Socio—Economic Survey 1978-79 Central Bank of Ceylon.

Chapter IX

PUBLIC FINANCE

5—A 63499

TABLE 32.—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE GOVERNMENT CURRENT ACCOUNT

	Rs. Million			
	1978	percent 1979(1)	percent 1980(1)	percent
<i>Receipts</i>				
General Sales and Turnover Taxes	1,143.4	10.0	1,214.9	9.7
Selective Sales Taxes	1,884.0	16.4	1,907.0	15.3
Import Duties	1,469.3	12.8	2,271.0	18.2
Export Duties	4,236.1	36.9	4,168.0	33.4
Receipts from FHEC's	328.8	2.9	6.6	0.1
Licence Taxes	74.3	0.7	86.7	0.7
Taxes on Transfers of Assets and Property	81.1	0.7	86.4	0.7
Surplus on Government Monopolies	—	—	—	—
Profits from Food Sales	—	—	—	—
Taxes on Corporate Income	1,102.5	9.6	1,357.4	10.9
Taxes on Non-Corporate Income	678.5	5.9	812.2	6.5
Receipts of Trading Enterprises				
Income from Property and Entrepreneurship	189.7	1.7	264.5	2.1
Sales and Charges	189.3	1.6	188.5	1.3
Social Security Contributions	49.4	0.4	51.7	0.4
Current Transfers	46.4	0.4	85.0	0.7
Total Current Receipts	11,473.5	100.0	12,469.9	100.0
			12,035.0	100.0

TABLE 82—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE
GOVERNMENT CURRENT ACCOUNT—(Contd.)

(Rs. Million)

	1978	Percent	1979 ⁽¹⁾	Percent	1980 ⁽¹⁾	Percent
<i>Payments:</i>						
Administration	1,668.2	15.9	2,167.1	18.7	2,067.9	18.0
Social services	1,561.4	14.8	1,837.1	15.9	2,070.3	18.0
Economic services	241.4	2.3	357.8	3.1	399.4	3.5
Food subsidies	2,162.7	20.6	2,326.0	20.1	75.0	0.7
Pensions	457.0	4.3	578.8	5.0	629.9	5.5
Direct relief	656.7	6.2	631.8	5.4	1,929.4	16.8
Interest on public debt	1,368.3	13.0	1,695.4	14.6	1,958.8	17.1
Grants to local bodies	110.7	1.1	169.6	1.5	147.7	1.3
Others	2,295.1	21.8	1,824.4	15.7	2,188.8	19.1
Total current payments	10,521.5	100.0	11,588.0	100.0	11,468.2	100.0

Source: Central Bank and General Treasury.

⁽¹⁾ Approved Estimates

TABLE 83—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE
GOVERNMENT CAPITAL ACCOUNT

(Rs. Million)

<i>Item</i>	<i>1979⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>1980⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>Percent</i>
<i>Receipts :</i>				
Current account surplus or deficit	898.6	11.6	793.8	9.3
Revenue from taxes on capital and from the sale of existing capital goods	190.1	2.5	61.0	0.7
Repayment of direct loans and advances	69.7	0.9	166.0	2.0
Capital transfers from abroad	1,380.7	17.9	—	—
Direct borrowing from abroad	2,347.3	30.4	5,329.0	62.7
Net domestic borrowing	3,899.2	50.4	2,245.0	26.4
Decline in cash balances and payments on advance account operations	-1,056.2	-13.7	-100.0	-1.1
Total	7,729.4	100.0	8,494.8	100.0
<i>Payments :</i>				
Administration	400.0	5.2	462.3	4.8
Social Services	1,281.1	16.7	1,112.0	11.6
Economic services	2,067.4	26.9	2,621.9	27.3
Acquisition of financial assets	492.4	6.4	989.3	10.3
Capital transfers	3,437.8	44.8	4,427.2	46.0
Total	7,678.7	100.0	9,612.7	100.0

TABLE 83—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE
GOVERNMENT CAPITAL ACCOUNT—Contd.

Item	(Rs. Million)	
	1979 ⁽¹⁾	1980 ⁽¹⁾
Total payments—		
Current payments	11,588.0	11,468.2
Capital payments	7,678.7	9,612.7
Total ⁽²⁾	<u>19,266.7</u>	<u>21,080.9</u>

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

⁽¹⁾ Approved Estimates.

⁽²⁾ Exclusive of net payments on account of operations financed through advance accounts.

TABLE 84—COMPOSITION OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

Item	(Rs. Million)				
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 ⁽²⁾
Domestic—					
Long-term gross	9,001.2	10,391.6	12,049.1	14,929.1	17,611.0
Long-term net	6,952.5	7,839.8	8,845.0	10,966.2	12,734.4
Short-term ⁽¹⁾	3,690.1	4,000.8	4,318.5	4,705.1	11,767.8
Foreign—					
Long-term gross	4,968.0	10,593.5	14,582.3	15,840.6	22,276.8
Long-term net	4,968.0	10,593.5	14,582.3	15,840.6	22,276.8
Total Gross	17,659.4	24,985.9	30,949.8	35,474.7	51,655.6
Total Net	15,620.7	22,434.1	27,745.7	31,511.8	46,779.0

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

⁽¹⁾ Include administrative borrowings.⁽²⁾ Provisional.

TABLE 85—MONEY SUPPLY⁽¹⁾

(Rs. Million)

Year	Currency				Demand Deposits						Money 8 as per supply cent of 9		
	Total	Held by Govt.	Held by Banks	Held by Public	Total	Held by Govt.	Held by Banks	Held by Public	7	8		9	10
1955	425.0	9.0	31.5	384.5	930.6	93.5	148.7	688.4	1,072.9	64.2			
1960	644.6	10.0	39.3	595.3	892.7	73.4	205.7	613.6	1,208.9	50.8			
1965	1,002.8	6.6	94.7	901.4	1,355.7	133.9	407.6	814.3	1,715.7	47.5			
1970	1,090.4	9.6	145.7	935.1	2,063.5	278.6	753.3	1,031.5	1,966.6	52.4			
1975	1,890.4	0.3	280.3	1,609.8	3,024.2	426.8	1,119.0	1,478.4	3,088.1	47.9			
1976	2,407.2	0.6	326.2	2,080.5	4,015.1	702.4	1,227.6	2,085.1	4,165.6	50.1			
1977	3,219.1	1.3	426.2	2,791.7	5,320.4	870.4	1,875.8	2,574.2	5,365.8	48.0			
1978	3,508.6	0.9	492.1	3,015.5	7,177.4	1,942.1	2,314.5	2,920.8	5,936.4	49.2			
1979	4,321.1	0.8	546.2	3,774.2	9,069.8	1,664.4	3,510.3	3,895.1	7,669.3	50.8			
1980	5,009.5	4.2	824.4	4,180.8	11,684.5	2,757.0	3,680.1	5,247.3	9,428.2	55.6			
1981	5,643.5	1.1	819.5	4,822.9	15,165.1	2,675.3	7,288.2	5,201.5	10,024.4	51.8			

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

⁽¹⁾ As at end of year.

TABLE 86—ASSETS OF THE CENTRAL BANK

Item	(Rs. Million)				
	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
International Reserve—					
Cash and balances abroad including Treasury Bills	3,883.6	5,274.6	7,238.0	3,937.4	5,591.1
Special drawing rights	167.9	512.4	440.7	—	437.0
Other ⁽¹⁾	275.1	345.5	281.5	466.9	638.6
	<u>4,326.6</u>	<u>6,132.5</u>	<u>7,960.2</u>	<u>4,404.3</u>	<u>6,666.7</u>
Domestic Assets—					
Loans and advances to Gov- ernment	617.4	955.5	1,136.5	1,627.6	1,536.4
Loans and Advances to Others	884.6	1,075.9	648.1	1,123.9	1,408.3
Government and Government guaranteed securities	2,420.1	2,119.7	2,706.2	9,337.9	12,568.0
Other assets and accounts	3,280.5	3,956.4	4,384.8	6,337.9	5,172.3
	<u>11,529.2</u>	<u>14,239.9</u>	<u>16,835.8</u>	<u>22,831.6</u>	<u>27,351.8</u>
International reserve as a percentage of currency and demand liabilities	80.5	85.9	90.5	42.5	45.6

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

(¹) Includes foreign government and non-government securities.

TABLE 87—LIABILITIES OF THE CENTRAL BANK⁽¹⁾

Item	(Rs. Million)				
	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Capital Accounts—					
Capital	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Surplus	62.0	63.0	64.0	65.0	66.0
Total	77.0	78.0	79.0	80.0	81.0
Currency issue—Total	3,219.1	3,508.6	4,321.1	5,009.5	5,643.5
Securities outstanding	—	—	—	—	—
Borrowings abroad	552.3	155.1	69.1	428.6	266.9
Deposits—					
Government and Government Agencies	104.7	1,049.4	740.4	1,359.0	1,456.2
Commercial Banks	606.5	737.7	966.0	1,263.7	1,846.3
International Organisations ⁽²⁾	1,257.3	1,569.3	2,528.9	2,373.9	5,350.7
Others	188.0	273.3	239.4	345.9	317.3
Total	2,156.6	3,629.6	4,474.7	5,342.5	8,970.6
Other liabilities and accounts	5,524.1	6,868.6	7,891.9	11,971.0	12,389.8

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

⁽¹⁾ Excluding notes and coins in circulation.

⁽²⁾ Includes foreign government and foreign banking institutions

TABLE 88—ASSETS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS

Item	(Rs. Million)				
	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
No. of reporting Banks	11	11	14	21	24
Cash in hand	426.2	492.1	546.2	824.4	819.5
Due from Central Bank	579.3	615.1	1,062.8	1,224.3	1,910.1
Due from Domestic Banks	138.9	234.8	132.7	468.8	691.1
Cash items in process of collection	713.9	1,179.6	1,522.7	1,348.0	1,389.8
Foreign currency in hand and balances due from Banks abroad	298.5	267.1	475.5	845.1	752.2
Investments	584.4	654.4	651.3	927.3	1,789.3
Loans and advances	6,345.7	8,827.9	11,947.8	17,000.2	21,152.5
(a) Bills discounted	1,647.6	1,756.8	2,134.8	3,215.7	3,045.2
(b) Overdrafts and loans	4,698.1	7,061.1	9,813.0	13,784.5	18,107.3
Fixed and other assets	1,164.6	1,565.7	2,314.6	3,963.0	4,250.9
Total Assets	10,251.5	13,836.6	18,653.2	26,601.1	32,755.4

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

TABLE 89—LIABILITIES OF COMMERCIAL BANKS

Item	(Rs. Million)				
	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Paid up capital reserve funds, and undistributed profits	374.0	520.3	905.8	1,272.3	2,268.4
Demand deposits	3,351.6	3,820.7	4,834.1	6,687.8	6,511.4
(a) Ceylon Government	780.5	908.5	936.0	1,411.2	1,234.6
(b) Other	2,571.1	2,912.2	3,898.1	5,276.6	5,276.8
Time and savings deposits	3,441.4	5,025.4	7,509.0	10,603.5	14,624.4
(a) Ceylon Government	90.5	69.8	120.7	171.4	201.8
(b) Other	3,350.9	4,955.6	7,388.3	10,432.1	14,422.6
Total deposits	6,793.2	8,846.3	12,343.1	17,291.3	21,135.9
Borrowings	1,017.0	1,414.7	956.8	1,999.4	2,666.4
Other liabilities	2,067.3	3,055.3	4,447.5	6,038.0	6,684.7

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

TABLE 90—NET RECEIPTS OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

<i>Type and Source</i>	<i>(Rs. Million)</i>				
	1976	1977	1978	1979 ⁽¹⁾	1980 ⁽¹⁾
<i>Loans</i>	730.5	880.7	3,215.3	2,379.4	3,516.0
(a) A. D. B.	57.1	88.6	412.1	128.2	50.9
(b) I. B. R. D.	0.7	-5.8	-7.9	2.9	-21.9
(c) I. D. A.	29.2	120.2	166.4	180.6	359.6
(d) Canada	114.8	43.2	143.7	113.0	365.3
(e) People's Republic of China	12.5	-135.3	-40.0	-75.7	-142.6
(f) U. K.	-12.8	276.2	-35.4	-2.5	-2.8
(g) U. S. A.	167.6	219.9	524.8	553.1	625.0
(h) U.S.S.R.	44.9	-11.1	2.2	-14.0	-22.0
(i) Federal Republic of Germany	0.8	28.9	318.6	240.7	117.0
(j) Yugoslavia	-0.2	—	—	—	—
(k) Poland	..	—	—	—	44.1
(l) France	54.9	6.7	-22.2	36.6	37.1
(m) Japan	62.4	83.2	433.2	352.5	258.1
(n) India	4.2	50.3	130.4	83.5	82.7
(o) German Democratic Republic	1.9	-25.6	-31.3	-33.2	-5.9
(p) Denmark	4.4	-0.1	9.0	1.5	51.5
(q) Italy	0.9	-2.4	-3.4	—	—
(r) Hungary	1.3	0.7	0.1	-1.3	-1.3
(s) Netherland	14.6	34.7	348.4	188.3	139.1
(t) Kuwait	78.4	43.6	61.3	25.9	46.4
(u) U. A. E.	92.9	—	—	—	0.6
(v) O. P. E. C.	..	64.8	16.3	—	22.1
(w) I.M.F.	..	—	789.2	599.3	520.6

TABLE 90—NET RECEIPTS OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE—(Contd.)

<i>Type and Source</i>	<i>(Rs. Million)</i>				
	<i>1976</i>	<i>1977</i>	<i>1978</i>	<i>1979⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>1980⁽¹⁾</i>
<i>Grants</i>	366.5	500.5	660.7	1,390.4	2,619.5
(a) Colombo Plan	49.3	75.3	128.4	40.2	52.1
(i) Australia	17.3	—	—	—	—
(ii) Canada	22.2	75.3	128.4	40.2	52.1
(iii) Japan	9.8	—	—	—	—
(iv) New Zealand	—	—	—	—	—
(b) Other	317.2	425.2	532.3	1,350.2	2,567.4
(i) United Nations	234.5	99.0	19.9	33.8	86.3
(ii) People's Republic of China	0.2	—	—	1.7	—
(iii) U. S. A.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	4.9
(iv) Federal Republic of Germany	0.4	33.0	29.0	8.2	85.8
(v) Yugoslavia	..	20.0	7.2	3.8	—
(vi) United Kingdom	..	50.9	66.0	498.1	1,108.3
(vii) German Democratic Republic	—	—	—	—	—
(viii) France	..	19.5	15.5	—	—
(ix) U. S. S. R.	—	..	—	40.0	—
(x) Sweden	37.8	109.2	203.1	101.0	599.8
(xi) Switzerland	..	—	—	—	—
(xii) Italy	..	—	—	—	—
(xiii) European Economic Community	5.4	19.7	32.7	51.4	95.4
(xiv) Netherland	8.6	41.0	68.9	42.6	15.9

TABLE 90—NET RECEIPTS OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE—(Contd.)

Type of Source	(Rs. Million)				
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980 ⁽¹⁾
(xv) Iraq	..	—	—	—	—
(xvi) Algeria	..	—	—	—	—
(xvii) Saudi Arabia	..	—	—	—	—
(xviii) Kuwait	2.0	—	—	—	—
(xix) Republic of Korea	4.0	—	0.6	—	—
(xx) Libya	8.6	—	—	—	—
(xxi) Qatar	4.4	—	—	—	—
(xxii) Australia	..	12.0	25.9	30.6	38.2
(xxiii) I.M.F.	..	—	37.0	74.4	102.8
(xxiv) Norway	..	—	5.1	139.3	46.4
(xxv) Hong Kong	..	—	—	—	—
(xxvi) Japan	..	—	3.3	230.8	198.2
(xxvii) India	..	—	0.5	—	—
(xxviii) New Zealand	..	—	0.2	—	—
(xxix) Canada	..	—	0.6	75.1	22.8
(xxx) Others	11.0	20.8	16.7	19.2	163.2
Total of loans and grants	1,097.0	1,381.2	3,876.0	3,769.8	6,135.5

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

(1) Provisional.

Note.—The figures in the above table indicate the actual amount of the loans/grants utilised by Sri Lanka and not the total amount pledged by the donor countries at the time of signing the agreement. Further in the case of commodity Loans/Grants, the total amount utilized is indicated only after the completion of the Programme, Technical assistance in the form of services of experts, scholarships and training facilities are also not included.

TABLE 91—PARITY EXCHANGE RATES (1)

<i>Country</i>	<i>Currency</i>	<i>Middle Rate</i> <i>Rs.</i>
Australia	Dollar	23-1218
Austria	Schilling	1-2945
Bahrain	Dinar	54-5165
Belgium	Franc	0-5359
Canada	Dollar	17-3572
Denmark	Kroner	2-7874
Federal Republic of Germany	Deutsche Mark	9-0665
France	Franc	3-5800
Hongkong	Dollar	3-6002
India	Rupee	2-2063
Italy	Lire	0-0170
Japan	Yen	0-0933
Kuwait	Dinar	72,8853
Malaysia	Ringgit	9-1629
Netherlands	Guilder	8-2613
Newzealand	Dollar	16-8767
Norway	Kroner	3-5128
Oman	Riyal	59-4446
Pakistan	Rupee	2-0428
Qatar	Riyal	5-6456
China	Renminbi Yuan	11-8786
Saudi Arabia	Riyal	6-0097
Singapore	Dollar	10-0317

TABLE 91—PARITY EXCHANGE RATES (1)—(Contd.)

<i>Country</i>	<i>Currency</i>	<i>Middle Rate</i> <i>Rs.</i>
South Africa	Rand	21.2491
Sweden	Kroner	3.6861
Switzerland	Franc	11.4230
Thailand	Bhat	8.8935
New Taiwan	Dollar	0.5421
U. A. E.	Dirham	5.5956
U. K.	Pound	39.0965
U. S.	Dollar	20.5500
U. S. S. R.	Rouble	27.2221
Asian Monetary Unit		23.5514
S. D. R.		23.5514

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon.

(1) As at 30th December, 1981.

Chapter X

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

TABLE 92—LOCAL GOVERNMENT STATISTICS—1980 AND 1981 GENERAL

Type of Council	Number of Councils		Population ⁽²⁾		Number of Voters		Number of Wards		Number of Employees	
	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980 ⁽¹⁾	1981 ⁽¹⁾
Municipal	12	12	1,378,010	1,385,270	692,529	702,931	233	233	7,162 ⁽³⁾	7,208 ⁽³⁾
Urban	39	39	915,735	925,807	482,601	487,427	355	355	7,595 ⁽⁴⁾	7,616 ⁽⁴⁾
Town ⁽⁵⁾	83	—	959,287	—	527,501	—	531	—	3,876	—
Village ⁽⁵⁾	549	—	11,287,482	—	5,592,766	—	7,134	—	8,294	—
	683	51	14,535,514	2,311,077	7,295,397	1,190,358	8,303	588	26,927	14,824

Source : Local Govt. Dept.

(1) Provisional

(2) Estimated

(3) Excluding Colombo Municipality

(4) Including both L. G. S. and Non L. G. S.

(5) All V. C. C. and T. C. C. have been taken over by Development Councils from 1981.

TABLE 93—LOCAL GOVERNMENT STATISTICS—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR 1980 AND 1981

(Rs. '000)

Type of Council	Number of Councils		General		Electricity		Total
	1980	1981	1980	1981 ⁽¹⁾	1980	1981 ⁽¹⁾	
Municipal	12	12	241,411.2	93,318 ⁽²⁾	33,430.9	28,928.7 ⁽²⁾	274,842.1
Urban	39	39	61,697.9	76,747.9	32,153.2	32,696.5	93,851.1
Town ⁽³⁾	83	—	37,316.7	—	22,697.8	—	60,014.5
Village ⁽³⁾	549	—	70,252.2	—	16,607.7	—	86,859.9
Total	683	51	410,678.0	170,065.9	104,889.6	61,625.2	515,567.6
<i>Expenditure</i>							
Municipal	12	12	158,165.8	773,05.4 ⁽²⁾	23,882.3	18,535.3 ⁽²⁾	182,048.1
Urban	39	39	67,646.4	74,837.4	26,193.8	31,012.3	93,840.2
Town ⁽³⁾	83	—	30,309.8	—	17,137.1	—	47,446.9
Village ⁽³⁾	549	—	68,233.8	—	15,210.5	—	83,444.3
Total	683	51	324,355.8	152,142.8	82,423.7	49,547.6	406,779.5

Source : Local Govt. Dept.

(¹) Provisional

(²) Except Colombo Municipal Council.

(³) All V. C. C. and T. C. C. have been taken over by Development Councils from 1981.

TABLE 94—LOCAL GOVERNMENT STATISTICS—SERVICES PROVIDED
FOR 1980 AND 1981⁽¹⁾

	Type of Councils						Total			
	Municipal		Urban		Town			Village		
	1980 ⁽²⁾	1981 ⁽³⁾	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980 ⁽⁴⁾	1981 ⁽⁴⁾	1980	1981
Vehicular Roads (K.m.)	1,251.2	1,251.2	1,315.0	1,315.0	2,033.3	..	43,785.4	..	48,384.9	14,766.2 ⁽⁵⁾
Dispensaries ⁽⁵⁾	12	12	22	22	33	..	209	..	276	..
Cemeteries ⁽⁵⁾	12	12	38	38	69	..	474	..	593	..
Pipe-borne water ⁽⁵⁾	12	12	27	27 ⁽³⁾	35	..	143	..	217	..
Electricity ⁽⁵⁾	12	12	38	38	77	..	93	..	220	..
Conservancy ⁽⁵⁾	12	12	39	39	82	..	254	..	397	..
Parks and play grounds ⁽⁵⁾	12	12	36	36	58	..	192	..	298	..
libraries ⁽⁵⁾	12	12	38	38	81	..	429	..	560	..

Source : Local Government Dept.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

⁽²⁾ Excluding Colombo Municipality (Roads).

⁽³⁾ Includes water pipes supplied by the Water Resources Board.

⁽⁴⁾ All V. CC. and T. CC. have been taken over by Development Councils from 1981.

⁽⁵⁾ No. of Councils providing the services.

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Chapter XI

TRAVEL

TABLE 95—TOURISTS AND EXCURSIONISTS WHO ARRIVED IN SRI LANKA AND THE AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY OF TOURISTS

Year	Tourists		
	Number	Average length of stay (days)	Excursionists (Number)
1968	28,272	10.0	41,407
1969	40,204	10.0	68,054
1970	46,247	10.0	68,529
1971	39,654	10.0	58,292
1972	56,047	10.0	48,310
1973	77,888	10.0	27,920
1974	84,060	10.0	23,434
1975	103,204	10.0	25,490
1976	118,971	10.0	7,563 ⁽¹⁾
1977	153,665	10.7	7,672
1978	192,592	10.8	8,494
1979	250,164	10.9	5,563
1980	321,780	11.0	8,636
1981	370,742	10.8 ⁽²⁾	7,737

Source : Ceylon Tourist Board.

(1) Excursionists as internationally defined include foreign visitors arriving in Sri Lanka by Air and Ship and who do not make an overnight stay in the Country. Figures up to 1976 as reported in the above table include foreign visitors who had stayed more than 24 hours and also those whose period of stay was less than 24 hours.

(2) Provisional.

TABLE 96—TOURISTS WHO ARRIVED IN SRI LANKA CLASSIFIED BY SPECIFIED NATIONALITIES

<i>Country of Nationality</i>	<i>(Number)</i>					
	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Australia	3,655	4,720	5,555	6,233	7,368	8,086
France	11,360	17,555	23,813	30,649	34,170	37,618
Germany (Fed. Rep.)	19,788	29,722	37,032	50,961	75,380	85,546
India	7,959	8,647	14,627	28,099	36,234	45,520
Italy	6,090	5,444	7,750	9,714	16,900	19,994
Japan	8,514	9,076	8,730	10,311	11,526	11,892
Malaysia	2,189	1,633	1,857	2,210	3,014	3,546
Scandinavia	12,383	18,287	21,443	22,146	19,526	19,832
Switzerland	5,622	8,921	9,866	10,716	15,454	19,166
U. K.	9,376	12,428	14,274	18,570	31,014	36,398
U. S. A.	6,265	8,342	10,160	11,093	12,194	12,812
Other Countries	25,770	28,890	37,485	49,462	59,000	67,332
Total	118,971	153,665	192,592	250,164	321,780	370,742

Source : Ceylon Tourist Board.

TABLE 97—TOURISTS WHO ARRIVED IN SRI LANKA CLASSIFIED BY PURPOSE OF VISIT

<i>Purpose of Visit</i>	<i>Number of Tourists</i>			<i>Percentage</i>		
	<i>1979</i>	<i>1980</i>	<i>1981</i>	<i>1979</i>	<i>1980</i>	<i>1981</i>
Holiday	227,218	291,994	331,638	90.8	90.7	89.5
Business (official and private)	18,131	22,320	23,540	7.3	6.8	6.3
Other	4,815	7,466	15,564	1.9	2.5	4.2
Total	250,164	321,780	370,742	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source : Ceylon Tourist Board.

TABLE 98—ACCOMMODATION CAPACITY (ROOMS) IN GRADED HOTELS

<i>Resort Region</i>	<i>1976</i>	<i>1977</i>	<i>1978</i>	<i>1979</i>	<i>1980</i>	<i>1981</i>
Colombo Resort Region—City	1,310	1,310	1,321	1,332	1,417	1,316 ⁽¹⁾
Colombo Resort Region—Greater Colombo	914	956	1,009	1,046	1,118	1,219
South Coast Resort Region	1,007	1,165	1,402	1,534	1,743	2,138
East Coast Resort Region	271	320	345	367	414	430
High Country Resort Region	195	195	244	263	259	260
Historic Cities Resort Region	827	848	969	1,000	1,034	1,439
Northern Region	57	57	57	57	57	89
All Regions	4,581	4,851	5,347	5,599	6,042	6,891⁽¹⁾

Source : Ceylon Tourist Board.

⁽¹⁾ Exclude 170 rooms Closed for repairs

TABLE 99—EMPLOYMENT IN THE TOURIST INDUSTRY

Category Establishment	No. of Establishments				Total Employed	
	1979	1980	1981 ⁽¹⁾	1979	1980	1981 ⁽¹⁾
1. Hotels and Restaurants	203	216	284	11,834	12,659	14,437
2. Travel Agents/Transport operations	140	155	198	2,831	3,086	3,293
3. Airlines	16	16	17	1,147	1,920	2,000
4. Agencies providing recreational facilities	13	16	16	84	158	150
5. Tourist shops	172	124	226	2,195	1,679	4,698
6. National Tourist Organization	1	1	1	381	376	407
	545	528	742	18,472	19,878	24,985

Source : Ceylon Tourist Board

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

**TABLE 100—SRI LANKAN DEPARTURES
BY MODE OF TRANSPORT**

<i>Year</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Air</i>		<i>Sea</i>	
		<i>Katu- nayake</i>	<i>Other</i>	<i>Talai- mantar</i>	<i>Colombo Harbour</i>
1972	32,971	25,697	5,593	1,436	245
1973	42,305	32,766	7,003	2,252	284
1974	44,825	33,414	8,366	2,518	527
1975	53,848	39,817	10,833	2,472	726
1976	53,305	41,296	9,102	2,078	829
1977	66,900	55,734	7,494	2,833	839
1978	117,075	71,923	4,085	40,115	952
1979	122,197	86,492	—	34,606	1,099
1980	137,797	100,803	—	36,396	598
1981	185,035	147,402	—	36,903	730

Source : Dept. of Immigration and Emigration.

TABLE 101—INCOME ACCRUED FROM FOREIGN VISITORS
AS REPORTED IN THE FOREIGN TRAVEL ITEM OF THE
BALANCE OF PAYMENTS ACCOUNT

<i>Year</i>	<i>Income (Rs. Million)</i>
1966	6.5
1967	5.9
1968	10.3
1969	17.0
1970	21.5
1971	20.3
1972	27.6
1973	58.6
1974	107.1
1975	157.1
1976	237.8
1977	363.1
1978	870.0
1979	1,209.4
1980	1,830.3
1981 ⁽¹⁾	2,500.0

Source : Central Bank of Ceylon
Ceylon Tourist Board.

⁽¹⁾ Provisional.

TABLE 102—TIME AT SELECTED CITIES OF THE WORLD
AT 12.00 NOON (SRI LANKA TIME)

Honolulu	8.30 p.m. (previous day)
Los Angeles	10.30 p.m. (previous day)
New York	1.30 a.m.
Washington	1.30 a.m.
Ottawa	1.30 a.m.
Rio de Janeiro	3.00 a.m.
London	6.30 a.m.
Lisbon	6.30 a.m.
Paris	7.30 a.m.
Rome	7.30 a.m.
Stockholm	7.30 a.m.
Geneva	7.30 a.m.
Cairo	8.30 a.m.
Johannesburg	8.30 a.m.
Moscow	9.30 a.m.
Theran	10.00 a.m.
New Delhi	12.00 noon
Calcutta	12.00 noon
Rangoon	1.00 p.m.
Bangkok	1.30 p.m.
Djarkarta	1.30 p.m.
Kuala Lumpur	2.30 p.m.
Manila	2.30 p.m.
Hongkong	2.30 p.m.
Peking	2.30 p.m.
Tokyo	3.30 p.m.
Canberra	5.00 p.m.

Source : Dept. of Meteorology.

Note.—The above list gives the legal time in various cities. However, in the Temperate regions of the World, Daylight Saving is effective in summer, when clocks are put forward.

TABLE 103—SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES
THROUGH SRI LANKA IN 1981

<i>Air Services</i>	<i>Sundays</i>
Air Lanka	Colombo/Bombay/Karachi Colombo/Bahrain/Kuwait/Colombo
Aeroflot Soviet Airlines	—
British Airways	Seychelles/Johannesburg/Hongkong London/Doha/Colombo/Bangkok Bangkok/Colombo/Doha/London Madras/Colombo/Male
Indian Airlines	Male/Colombo/Madras
Maldivian International Airlines	—
KLM Royal Dutch Airlines	—
Pakistan International Airlines	Amsterdam/Paris/Dubhai/Colombo/Singapore
Singapore Airlines	Zurich/Geneva/Bombay/Colombo/Singapore
Swissair	Singapore/Colombo/Bombay/Zurich Bangkok/Colombo/Bangkok
Thai Airways International	—
UTA French Airlines	—
Garuda Indonesian Airways	
Gulf Air	Bahrain/Dubai/Colombo/Muscat/Abudhabi
Balkan Bulgarian Airlines	SOF/Abudhabi/Colombo/Saigon

Air Lanka

Paris/Frankfurt/Abudhabi/Colombo
 London/Zurich/Dubai/Colombo
 Kuwait/Bahrain/Colombo
 TRN /Colombo
 Bombay/Colombo/Male
 Male/Colombo/Trivendrum
 Colombo/Bombay
 Colombo/Bangkok
 Bangkok/Colombo
 Colombo/Dubai/Rome/Frankfurt
 Moscow/ /Karachi/Colombo
 Colombo/Karachi/

Aeroflot Soviet Airlines

British Airways

Indian Airlines

Maldivian International Airlines

KLM Royal Dutch Airlines

Pakistan International Airlines

Singapore Airlines

Swissair

Thai Airways International

UTA French Airlines

Garuda Indonesian Airways

Condor

Frankfurt/Colombo/Frankfurt

Copenhagen/Athens/Dubai/Colombo/Singapore
 Singapore/Colombo/Abudhabi/Zurich/Amsterdam

Madras/Colombo/Male
 Trichy/Colombo/Madras
 Male/Colombo/Trichy

**TABLE 103—SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES
THROUGH SRI LANKA IN 1981—(Contd.)**

<i>Air Services</i>	<i>Tuesdays</i>
Air Lanka	Madras/Colombo Colombo/Madras Colombo/Singapore Male/Colombo/Bombay Singapore/Colombo/Dubai Zurich/London
Aeroflot	—
British Airways	London/Bahrain/Colombo/Bangkok Bangkok/Colombo/Bahrain/London
Indian Airlines	Madras/Colombo/Male Bombay/Colombo/Madras Male/Colombo/Bombay
Maldivian Airlines	Amsterdam/Karachi/Colombo/Jakarta
K.L.M. Royal Dutch Airlines	Jakarta/Singapore/Colombo/Karachi/Amsterdam Karachi/Colombo/Karachi
Pakistan International Airlines	Singapore/Colombo/Abudhabi/Paris/Copenhagen
Singapore Airlines	Zurich/Geneva/Colombo/Singapore/Jakarta
Swissair	Jakarta/Singapore/Colombo/Athens/Zurich
Thai Airways International	—
UTA French Airlines	—
Garuda Indonesian Airways	—
Kuwait Airlines	Kuwait/Colombo/Kuwait
Sterling Airlines	Copenhagen/Athens/Sharjah/Colombo Colombo/Sharjah/Athens/Copenhagen

Air Services

Air Lanka

Frankfurt/Kome/Dubai/Colombo

Madras/Colombo/Male

Bahrain/Kuwait

Male/Colombo/Bombay

Bombay/Colombo

Aeroflot

British Airways

Bombay/Colombo/Madras

Indian Airlines

Madras/Colombo/Male

Maldivian Airlines

Trivendrum/Colombo/Trivendrum

Male/Colombo/Madras

KLM Royal Dutch Airlines

Pakistan International Airlines

Singapore Airlines

Amsterdam/Zurich/Abudhabi/Colombo/Singapore

Swissair

Thai Airways International

Colombo/Bangkok

UTA French Airlines

Garuda Indonesian Airways

Jakarta/Colombo/Abudhabi/France//Amsterdam

Korean Airlines

Damascus/Muscat/Sharjah/Colombo/Muscat

Wednesdays

TABLE 103—SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES
THROUGH SRI LANKA IN 1981—(Contd.)

<i>Air Services</i>	<i>Thursdays</i>
Air Lanka	Kuwait/Bahrain/Colombo London/Zurich/Dubai/Colombo Colombo/Madras
Aeroflot	Colombo/Singapore
British Airways	Trivendrum/Colombo/Male Male/Colombo
Indian Airlines	Singapore/Colombo
Maldivian International Airlines	Hongkong/Bangkok/Colombo
KLM	Bahrain/France/Paris Colombo/Dubai/Zurich/London
	Moscow/Abudhabi/Colombo Colombo/Abudhabi/Moscow
	—
	Madras/Colombo/Trichy Trichy/Colombo/Madras
	—
	Amsterdam/Dubai/Colombo Melbourne/Sydney

Pakistan International Airlines	Karachi/Colombo/Karachi
Singapore Airlines	Amsterdam/Zurich/Abudhabi/Colombo/Singapore Singapore/Colombo/Abudhabi/Zurich/Amsterdam
Swissair	—
Thai International	—
UTA French Airlines	—
Garuda Indonesian Airways	—
Korean Airlines	—
Sterling Airways	Copenhagen/Athens/Sharjah/Colombo Colombo/Sharjah/Athens/Copenhagen
Gulf Air	Dubai/Muscat/Colombo Colombo/Dubai/Bahrain

TABLE 103—SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES
THROUGH SRI LANKA IN 1981—(Contd.)

<i>Air Services</i>	<i>Fridays</i>
Air Lanka	Colombo/Madras
Aeroflot	—
British Airways	—
Indian Airlines	Madras/Colombo/Male
Maldivian International Airlines	Karachi/Bombay/Colombo
KLM Royal Dutch Airlines	—
Pakistan Airlines	Madras/Colombo/Male
Singapore Airlines	Trichy/Colombo/Madras
Kuwait Airlines	Trivendrum/Colombo/Trivendrum
Swissair	Male/Colombo/Trichy
Thai Airways International	Sydney/Melbourne/Colombo/Dubai/Amsterdam
UTA French Airlines	—
Garuda Indonesian Airways	Singapore/Colombo/Dubai
Balair	Paris/Amsterdam
	Kuwait/Colombo/Kuwait
	—
	Bangkok/Colombo/Bangkok
	—
	—
	Zurich/Sarjah/Colombo/Male/Sarjah/Zurich

Air Lanka

London/Zurich/Dubai/Colombo

Paris/Frankfurt/Bahrain/Colombo

Colombo/Bangkok/Hongkong

Colombo/Trivendrum

Colombo/Singapore

Trivendrum/Colombo

Colombo/Male

Colombo/Trichy

Male/Colombo

Trichy/Colombo

Singapore/Colombo/Muscat/Paris

Hongkong/Bangkok

Colombo/Madras

Colombo/Abudhabi/Frankfurt/Paris

Colombo/Dubai/Zurich/London

Aeroflot

British Airways

Indian Airlines

Hongkong/Seychelles/Johannesburg

Colombo/Madras

Madras/Colombo/Male

TABLE 103—SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICES
THROUGH SRI LANKA IN 1981—(Contd.)

<i>Air Services</i>	<i>Saturdays</i>
Maldivian International Airlines	Male/Colombo
KLM Royal Dutch Airlines	—
Pakistan Airlines	—
Singapore Airlines	Copenhagen/Paris/Abudhabi/Colombo/Singapore Singapore/Colombo/Dubai/Athens/Copenhagen
Korean Airlines	Seoul/Colombo/Dhahran
Swissair	—
Thai Airways International	—
UTA French Airlines	Paris/Muscat/Colombo/Singapore Singapore/Muscat/Paris
Garuda Indonesian Airways	Amsterdam/Paris/Rome/Abudhabi/Colombo/Bangkok/ Jakarta
Royal Nepal Airlines	Kathmandu/Colombo/Kathmandu

Source : Dept. of Civil Aviation

TABLE 104—SELECTED ECONOMIC INDICATORS

<i>Indicator</i>	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Sri Lanka</i>	<i>India</i>	<i>Japan</i>	<i>U. K.</i>	<i>U. S. A.</i>
Area (Surface)	Km ² .	65,610	3,287,590	372,313	244,046	9,363,123
Population (Mid-year estimates) 1979	'000	14,741	650,982	115,870	55,883	220,584
Density of Population 1979	Persons Per Km ²	225	198	311	229	24
Birth Rate (crude) 1979	Per '000 Population	28.7	34.4 (1976)	14.3	12.3 (1978)	15.8
Death Rate 1979	Per '000 Population	6.5	15.0 (1976)	5.9	11.9 (1978)	8.7
Rate of Natural Increase 1979	Per '000 Population	22.2	19.4 (1976)	8.4	0.4 (1978)	7.1
Infant Mortality Rate	Per '000 Live Births	37.1 (1978)	122.0 (1976)	8.0 (1979)	13.3 (1978)	13.0 (1979)
Marriage Rate	Per '000 Population	7.6 (1978)	..	6.8 (1979)	7.5 (1978)	10.5 (1979)
Divorce Rate	Per '000 Population	0.1 (1978)	..	1.2 (1979)	2.7 (1978)	5.3 (1979)
Fertility Rate	Per '000 Population	120 (1978)	136.7 (1976)	56.0 (1979)	51.9 (1978)	61.1 (1979)
Expectation of Life at Birth :						
Male	Years	64.2 (1971)	50.0 (1970-75)	72.15 (1976)	67.2 (1971-73)	68.7 (1975)
Female	Years	67.1 (1971)	48.7 (1970-75)	77.35 (1976)	73.6 (1971-73)	76.5 (1975)
Economically Active Population (Total Mid-year)	%	33.9 (1975)	39.2 (1975)	48.8 (1980)	47.1 (1979)	47.7 (1979)
Index Numbers of Agricultural Production (all commodities) 1980	Base 1969-71=100	128	127	98	122	121
Index Numbers of Industrial Production (General) 1978	Base 1975=100	106 (1977)	123	122	110	124
Consumer Price Index Number (all items) 1980	Base 1970=100	230.2	197.4	236.6	360.8	212.4
Total National Income at Market Prices 1978	U.S. Dollars Million	2,379	110,477	821,875	276,578	1,877,983
Per capita National Income at Market Prices 1978	U. S. Dollars	168	173	7,153	4,955	8,612
External Trade Index Numbers :						
Export Volume Index (Quantum)	Base 1975=100	94 (1979)	114 (1979)	154 (1980)	126 (1979)	138 (1980)
Import Volume Index (Quantum)	Base 1975=100	237 (1979)	108 (1979)	124 (1980)	128 (1979)	138 (1980)
Export Price Index (Unit value)	Base 1975=100	376 (1979)	128 (1979)	115 (1980)	193 (1980)	148 (1980)
Import Price Index (Unit value)	Base 1975=100	310 (1979)	125 (1979)	150 (1980)	182 (1980)	181 (1980)
Terms of Trade : 1978						
Export Price Index						
Import Price Index						
$\frac{\text{Export Price Index}}{\text{Import Price Index}} \times 100$	Base 1975=100	173	135 (1977)	113	107	95

Source : (1) Statistical Year Book UNESCO 1981

(2) Year Book of National Accounts Statistics 1979

(3) Year Book of International Trade Statistics 1980

(4) Demographic Year Book 1979

(5) Year Book of Labour Statistics 1981

(6) U. N. Statistical Year Book 1980-81.

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TABLE 105.—DISTANCE (IN KILOMETRES) BY ROAD BETWEEN SELECTED TOWNS AND OTHER PLACES OF INTEREST

	YALA	WILPATTU	VAVUNIYA	TRINCOMALEE	SEGIRIYA	RATNAPURA	PUTTALAM	POLONNARUWA	NUWARA-ELIYA	MONERAGALA	MATARA	MATALE	MANNAR	MAHIYANGANA	MADHU	KURUNEGALA	KEGALLE	KANKESANTURAI	KANDY	KALUTARA	KALKODAH	JAFFNA	HATTON	HAMBANTOTA	GALLE	DAMBULLA	COLOMBO	BATTICALOA	BADULLA	ANURADHAPURA	AMPARAI
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Source: Survey Dept

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Chapter XII

SPECIAL FEATURES

PLACES OF TOURIST INTEREST IN SRI LANKA

Sri Lanka is remarkably famed for her wide range of tourist attract ons. Within an area of a little more than 65,000 square kilometres are found cities more than 2,000 years old, beautiful stretches of sea and sunny beaches, scenic splendour of peerless mountain with lush tropical lowlands. The glory and grandeur of age-old pageants, traditional crafts mingle with the warm and friendly disposition of her people.

AMBALANGODA

Eighty-seven kilometres from Colombo; a safe bathing spot with a Resthouse famed for sea-food delicacies. Centre of the colourful wooden mask industry in Sri Lanka, and its ritualistic mask dancing, folk drama and the art of puppetry.

AMPARAI

The valley that developed with the construction of the giant reservoir, Senanayake Samudra. Earlier the Gal-Oya Valley was a primeval wilderness the habitat of the aboriginal Veddha.

A veritable paradise for bird 'watchers'; large herds of elephant provide its main attraction.

Accommodation is available at Safari Inn, Inginiyagala, the Resthouse at Amparai or the Wild Life Conservation Department's Bungalow at Ekgal-Oya.

Road-rail links available from Batticaloa. Two trains operate daily; direct bus services are operated daily between Colombo and Gal-Oya.

ANURADHAPURA

Sri Lanka's ancient capital, foremost among Buddhism's Sacred Cities in the Island; Anuradhapura, 206 kilometres from Colombo on the north-central plains, dating back 2,500 years revives a glorious past of a culture and heritage.

Striking features of the "Sacred City" are—

Ruvanveliseya—2nd century B.C., now restored;

Thuparama—3rd century B.C. enshrining sacred relics of the Buddha;

The Sri Maha Bodhi—Historically documented as the world's oldest tree;
(*Ficus religiosa*)

Isurumuniya—Famous for the carving of the "Lovers".

A number of other ancient ruins and monuments spreading over vast park-land are both of archaeological and scenic interest.

Anuradhapura is served by ancient reservoirs. The Nuwara Wewa, Tissa Wewa, Basawakkulama and Bulankulama continue as sources of water supply.

To suit convenience of travellers, two comfortable Resthouses, flank the Nuwara Wewa and Tissa Wewa banks. Rajarata Hotel, Miridiya Hotel, Samara Hotel and Monara Hotel afford guest accommodation. Both western and local 'dishes' are available.

Train travellers to Anuradhapura could avail themselves of rest rooms at the railway station. Six express trains serve Anuradhapura daily and special services operate during the main pilgrim—influx generally in the month of June, which coincides with the Poson festival at Mihintale, commemorating the introduction of Buddhism to the island.

BANDARAWELA

Loeward of the montane zone of Sri Lanka is this health resort knitted all round with tea-covered hills and a gradual undulating landscape. The Diyaluma Falls in its vicinity is amongst the highest in the world.

Accommodation :

Bandarawela Hotel	Orient Hotel
Ideal Resort	Alpine Hotel

Ceylon Tourist Board Resort—Three cottages with bedrooms and dormitory accommodation.

Best reached by train, the road to Bandarawela presents a panoramic view with a beautiful landscape.

BENTOTA

Sixty-four kilometres from Colombo, on the south coast is a popular holiday resort. A picturesque tourist complex of hotels, shops, handicraft centres and other facilities; situated at the estuary of the Bentota River, lovely beach, and facilities exist for aquatic sports on sea and river.

Accommodation :

Bentota Beach Hotel
Lihiniya Surf Hotel
Serendib Hotel
Hotel Ceysands

Ceylon Tourist Board Resort—(A cottage with 2 double room facilities—run by the Ceylon Tourist Board.)

BERUWALA

Eleventh century Muslim settlement ; famous Kechimale Mosque ; beautiful lighthouse on the Barberyn Island ; a coral reef provides year-round, safe, sea bathing.

Accommodation :

Barberyn Reef Hotel
Confifi Beach Hotel
Hotel Swanee

Neptune Hotel
Palm Garden Hotel
Hotel Bayroe
Pearl Beach Hotel

COLOMBO

The sea-port capital of Sri Lanka ; Commercial and administrative centre. Many traces of colonial occupation remain. The city abounds with places of interest—old structures, churches, temples, mosques, kovils, theatres and art galleries. Colombo's Museum contains, amongst other things inscriptions of Sri Lanka's storied past. The Dehiwala Zoo, one of the finest in the East is a popular tourist attraction.

The Zoo's aquarium, a major draw is open daily from 10 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. Another tourist attraction is the Elephant's performance at 5.15 each evening. The Zoo is open daily between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m.

Shopping in Colombo could be quite rewarding. The bazaar area of the city is in Pettah, with most of the department stores, jewellery and curio shops in Fort area. Seasonal spectator sports available.

Accommodation :

The Gall Face Hotel
Hotel Taprobane
Ceylinco Hotel
Hotel Sapphire
Holiday Inn
Sea View Hotel
Silver Bird Hotel
Hotel Lanka Oberoi
Hotel Duro
Hotel Ranmuthu

Hotel Brighton
Havelock Tourinn
Pegasus Reef Hotel
Ceylon Inns
Hotel Ceylon Inter-Continental
Hotel Renuka
Many guest houses and paying guest accommodation
Hotel Janaki
Rio Grand Hotel
Empress Hotel

DAMBULLA

South of Sigiriya on the summit of a massive rock boulder is a temple with five caves, dating from 1st century B.C. Hewn out of the rock is a thousand four hundred and thirty-two centimetre recumbent image of the Buddha. These caves house exquisite murals depicting the life and teachings of the Enlightened one. At the foot of the rock is a Resthouse.

Bus services connect Dambulla with Kandy, Sigiriya and Polonnaruwa.

DIYATALAWA

In close proximity to Bandarawela is another health resort amidst vast stretches of grassy patanas. Nicknamed "the Happy Valley", Diyatalawa is easily accessible by road (190 kilometres from Colombo) and rail. Regular bus and train services to Diyatalawa are available.

Accommodation :

St. Ives Guest House.

GALLE

Away from the bustle of the metropolis 115 kilometres along the coast from Colombo is Galle. Once an outpost of the Portuguese invaders and later of the Dutch, it still retains, the original fortifications in a perfect state of preservation. Massive old structures denote an atmosphere of the Dutch Era. A butterfly bridge spans over the canal constructed during the Dutch period.

In the fort of Galle is the New Oriental Hotel. Other accommodation includes Closenberg Hotel and Harbour Inn, Orchard Holiday Home, Koggala Beach Hotel and Koggala Hotel Horizon. Galle is reached by train (5 Expresses daily) and bus with Hotel and Railway Retiring Rooms.

HAPUTALE

Nestling in the hills at an elevation of 1,456 metres (179 kilometres from Colombo) is Haputale—popular among tourists as St. Moritz of Sri Lanka. This region is famed for its breath-taking views, extending far across towards the south. The Haputale Gap could be seen best from the Monamaya Guest-house.

Regular train and road services to Haputale are available.

HIKKADUWA

Famed for its wealth of coral and marine life, Hikkaduwa is a paradisaic for the under-sea enthusiast. The blue waters are ideal for swimming, skin diving and spear fishing.

Nearby is the Totagamuwa Temple, home of Totagamuwe Sri Rahula, famed Sinhala poet. The Polgasduwa Island Hermitage founded by the Ven. Gnanatilaka and several other temples are worth visiting. 99 kilometres South of Colombo, Hikkaduwa is well served by rail and road.

Accommodation :

Coral Sands Hotel

Coral Gardens Hotel

Hotel Lanka Super Coral

Coral Seasbeach Hotel

Coral Reef Beach Hotel

Poseiden Guest House

Blue Corals Hotel

Seaside Inn

JAFFNA

At the northernmost extremity of Sri Lanka is the Jaffna Peninsula (396 kilometres from Colombo). This traditional home of the Tamils, descendants of South Indian settlers, differs from the rest of Sri Lanka in climate and outlook.

A large cluster of islets and lagoons lend enchantment to the Peninsula. Off Kayts is the tiny Island of Hammenheil with its Dutch Fort. Reminiscence of the Dutch Era is again evident in the city, the Jaffna Fort, is perhaps the best preserved in Asia. Of the many islets, Nagadipa is famed as an Island the Buddha is said to have visited. The Island of Delft is known for its wild ponies. At Kantarodai is an unusual site of pre-Christian Buddhist shrines. The sunny beaches and vast stretches of golden sand dotted with Casuarina, Palmyrah palms, and Baobab trees, lend a fascinating view.

Visitors to Jaffna have a choice of accommodation to select : Palm Court, Subbas Tourist Hotel, Hotel Ashok, Yari Inns, Railway Retiring Rooms and a Resthouse in the city itself.

Four trains also operate daily between Colombo and Jaffna.

KANDY

Kandy (115 kilometres from Colombo) the hill capital of Sri Lanka is famed for the Temple of the sacred Tooth Relic of the Buddha. The grandeur of an age-old pageant is the Esala Perahera, held every year during the lunar

month of Esala (July-August). Scores of gaily caparisoned elephants local chieftains in ceremonial attire headed by dancers and drummers participate in a colourful spectacle famed the world over.

Religious fervour of the Hill Capital is manifestly expressed by the presence of a number of temples around Kandy with varying attractions; exquisite wood carvings at Embekke, attractive roof and murals at Degaldoruwa and the eight hundred and twenty-three centimetre Buddha Statue at Gangarama. On the approach route to Kandy are the Peradeniya Botanic Gardens which possess some of Asia's finest collections of orchids and other tropical varieties of flora. The Peradeniya Campus of the Sri Lanka University overlooking the gardens is indeed picturesque.

Accommodation :

Chalet Hotel	Hotel Cassamara
Hotel Suisse	Mahaweli Reach Hotel
Hunas Falls Hotel, Elkaduwa	Hotel Windycot
Lady Hill Tourist Hotel	Hotel Thilanka
Queen's Hotel	Hiltop Hotel
Hotel Dehigama	Hotel Mahaweli
Hotel Topaz	Riverdale Hotel
Hotel Hantana	Rubaiyat Hotel

There are in addition a number of comfortable Guest Houses and Paying Guest accommodation. Regular bus and train services operate between Colombo and Kandy.

MATARA

Matara is situated on the extreme south coast of Sri Lanka at the estuary of the Nilwala Ganga, 160 kilometres from Colombo. Interesting evidence of the Dutch occupation in 17th and 18th centuries are seen in two forts. One of these has an impressive gateway dating 1698 with the coat-of-arms of the Dutch East India Company. There is also a Dutch-built church. The Buddhist temple at Weherahena evinces much popularity among tourists.

Dondra 7 kilometres away, is the southernmost point of Sri Lanka.

Matara is accessible by road and rail. Accommodation is available at the Resthouse and Polhena Reef Gardens Hotel.

MIHINTALE

Thirteen kilometres from Anuradhapura is a mountain shrine venerated by Buddhists. Known as the cradle of Buddhism it was here that the Arahat Mahinda preached his first sermon to King Dewanampiya Tissa, in 247 B. C. 1,840 shallow steps lead to the summit of the shrine. Ancient structures still to be seen are the Mahaseya, Ambastale Chaitiya and Kanthaka Chaitiya.

MOUNT LAVINIA

Eleven kilometres from Colombo Fort is Mt. Lavinia, one of the most popular beaches in Sri Lanka. The sea at Mount is ideal for swimming, surfing and skin diving. A fishing centre, many fishermen living along the coast still use the age-old catamaran and outrigger canoe.

Perched on a promontory is an old building which was used as the residence of a British Governor. It now forms part of the Mt. Lavinia Hotel. Accommodation includes Palm Beach Hotel, Saltair Beach Hotel, Tilly's Beach Hotel. Riviras Hotel, Sea Breeze Tourist Inn, Estorial Tourist Lodge, Blue Horizon Hotel, Ranveli Beach Resort, Cabanas guest and paying guest houses are also available.

Mt. Lavinia is served both by rail and road.

NEGOMBO

Situated 35 kilometres from Colombo and 9 kilometres from the Colombo International Airport at Katunayake. Negombo is picturesquely situated at the 'neck' of a lagoon. In the Dutch Era of 17th and 18th centuries, its hinterland grew the best cinnamon in the world. Negombo is an important fishing centre (especially well known for crab, lobster and prawn). The 17th century Dutch Church and a Dutch built canal linking Colombo are traces of Dutch Administration. Good swimming, fine beaches, sailing, rod and line fishing in the lagoon add variety.

Accommodation :

Blue Lagoon Beach Hotel
Catamaran Beach Hotel
Sea Shells Hotel
Blue Oceanic Beach Hotel
Dons Beach Hotel
Brown's Beach Hotel
Palm Beach Hotel
Orient Pearl Hotel

Goldi Sands Hotel
Golden Beach Hotel
Sunflower Hotel
Ranveli Resort Hotel
Royal Oceanic Hotel
Good Wood plaza Hotel
Sea Shells Hotel
Aquarius Beach Hotel

Many guest houses and two resthouses are also available.

Frequent buses and trains are available.

NUWARA ELIYA

Has a salubrious climates as it is encircled by high mountains of central Sri Lanka. This picturesque town with its ideal spring climate (temperature 15.5 c.) is 180 kilometres from the metropolis.

Long pleasant walks along mountain paths, boating, golf and trout fishing are among a host of attractions to visitors.

Nuwara Eliya is easily reached by road and by rail (bus connection from Nanu Oya).

Many private homes in Nuwara Eliya take in 'paying' guests and accommodation is also available at the St. Andrews Hotel, Grand Hotel, Grosvenor Hotel, Hill Club, Princess Guesthouse, Villa Concordia, Nuwara Inn, Lake View Guest House, the Municipal Tourist Rest and Ceylon Tourist Board Resort.

HORTON PLAINS

A Paradise for nature lovers covering an area of 54 square kilometres : many things to enjoy ; hiking, riding, trout fishing or just a leisurely ramble. Horton Plains offer ideal opportunities for the botanists and those interested in local flora. " World's End " with its precipitous drop presents an incredible view.

Accommodation :

Farrinn Hotel
Anderson Lodge

POLONNARUWA

216 kilometres from Colombo is Polonnaruwa, founded and developed between 9th and 12th centuries.

Famed among many of the ancient ruins is the Gal Vihara where four beautiful stone figures of the Buddha have weathered the vicissitudes of time. These were carved during the reign of Parakrama Bahu the Great, who also endowed the ancient city with the handsome Audience Hall, and the magnificent Lankatilleke. Of a later date are the Sathmahal Prasadaya and the Lata Mandapaya built by King Nissanka Malla.

Centre of the ancient irrigation system, the Parakrama Samudra, or the Sea of Parakrama constitutes a unique feat in engineering technology.

Regular bus and train services are available .

Accommodation :

Araliya Hotel

Hotel Seruwa

Amalian Nivas

Polonnaruwa Rest House

Giritale Hotel (11 kilometres from Polonnaruwa)

Hotel Hemalee (11 kilometres from Polonnaruwa)

The Royal Lotus, Giritale (11 kilometres from Polonnaruwa)

RATNAPURA

Ratnapura, as its name implies, is the City of Gems. This town lies 90 kilometres south-east of Colombo. Mining activity using traditional methods of tunneling and dredging in river beds has continued well nigh for centuries. Rubies, Sapphires, Aquamarines, Topaz, Alexandrites, Garnets, Amethysts, Moonstones and many other precious and semi-precious stones are obtained from these 'mines'.

The temple of God Saman, Guardian Deity of Sri Pada, hallowed to Buddhists and Hindus is a centre of worship.

Ratnapura is reached by road. Ratnaloka Tours Inn and the Resthouse are picturesquely situated high over the city, commanding a magnificent view.

SIGIRIYA

This massive rock, 169 kilometres from Colombo, was the 5th century fortress of the parricide King Kasyapa. High on this plateau-like rock, King Kasyapa built himself a palace of extraordinary design. In a sheltered pocket on a side of the rock are found the world famous frescoes. Flanking the steps leading to the pocket is the mirror wall with panegyric descriptions. The ascent to the summit had led through the mouth of a lion crouching the paws of which still remains.

Sigiriya is easily accessible by road and also by rail up to Habarana with a connecting road link.

Accommodation :

Hotel Sigiriya

Sigiriya Rest House

Habarana Walk Inn

Habarana Rest House

Habarana Lodge

Sigiriya Village

TRINCOMALEE

Trincomalee, one of the finest natural harbours in the world, lies on the north-east coast of Sri Lanka, 257 kilometres from Colombo. White sandy beaches and numerous little creeks make ideal Sports opportunities for excellent swimming ; plenty of scope for skin diving and rod and line fishing.

A sight 'worth seeing' is the Swami Rock, a towering 122 metre headland, where an ancient Hindu temple of 1,000 columns once stood. The temple was destroyed in 1622 and its remains now lie scattered over the sea bed. Fort Frederick, Dutch Point, Ostenberg Point and Wellington House are other interesting spots.

Accommodation is available at the Seven Island Hotel, Trincomalee Rest-house, 'The Nightjar' Guesthouse, Hotel Club Oceanic, The Villa at Trincomalee and Blue Lagoon Hotel, Nilaveli Beach Hotel and Moonlight Beach Lodge at Nilaveli (19 kilometres from Trincomalee) and Ceylon Sea Angler Club at China Bay.

WILD LIFE

Between late dawn (5.30 and 7.30) or early dusk (4.30 and 6.00) visitors to the National Parks may watch the elephant, leopard, bear and other species of wild life.

The more popular of the parks is the Ruhunu National Park (1,259 square kilometres) 305 kilometres from Colombo. Six bungalows available in the park are being rented out by the Department of Wild Life Conservation. Alternative accommodation could be had at Tissamaharama Rest House, Brown's Yala Safari Cottage, Senasuma Holiday Resort, Ibis Safari Lodge, Piyankara Tourist Guest House and at the Kataragama Resthouse of the Ceylon Tourist Board. Dormitory accommodation available.

Closer to Colombo (175 kilometres) is the large Wilpattu National Park (1,908 square kilometres). Seven bungalows available ; bookings with the Department of Wild Life Conservation. Yala East National Park (120 square kilometres) 322 kilometres from Colombo is famed for the variety of bird life nesting of Kumana. The elephant sanctuary at Lahugala is only 42 kilometres away.

Gal Oya National Park (512 square kilometres) 314 kilometres from Colombo is reputed for elephants. Wild Life could best be seen in its natural habitat deep in the heart of the Veddah country. Horton Plains Nature Reserve (31 square kilometres) 164 kilometres from Colombo abounds with rare varieties of the *fauna* and *flora*.

AGRARIAN RESEARCH AND TRAINING INSTITUTE

The Agrarian Research and Training Institute, sponsored by the Government of Sri Lanka in association with the UNDP/FAO was established in February 1972, as a statutory body under the Ministry of Agriculture and Lands. The UNDP/FAO collaboration came to an end in 1976 and from thereon the Institute became a complete national responsibility. The Secretary to the Ministry of Agricultural Development and Research is the Chairman of its Board of Governors.

The functions of the Institute are to undertake, foster and Co-ordinate agrarian research and to examine the factors basic to the development of agriculture ; to offer training facilities to public officers, members of local institutions and to farmers ; and to serve as a repository of agrarian information. It is expected that the Institute will in due course develop to perform certain regional functions.

The Director is the chief executive of the Institute and the permanent staff comprising 38 officers constitute seven professional groups covering the fields of Land and Agrarian Relations, Agricultural Planning and Implementation, Agricultural Labour and Employment, Irrigation and Water Management, Farm Management and Marketing, Rural Organisations and Communication and Food Policy. The supporting services are provided by the Administration, Finance and Programme Divisions.

The Institute undertakes evaluation studies of major development projects in the fields of agriculture and rural development. It also collaborates with international institutes in research and in organising seminars, workshop on subjects relevant to the work of the Institute.

The Institute at the request of the Government has established a Market Research Unit to assist the National Food Policy Committee by providing agro-economic and related data for effective Co-ordination and management of the food system in Sri Lanka.

The Institute is in the process of establishing a National Centre for information on agrarian development to operate as a total system for the collection, storage and dissemination of agrarian information and data and therefore

designed to be a repository of both numerical and bibliographical information. The library, Statistical Data Bank and the Publication Unit are components of this centre.

The Institute is located at 114, Wijerama Mawatha, Colombo 7. The Institute has an air-conditioned auditorium, a conference room, a lecture room equipped with audio-visual equipment and a residential wing which are offered on hire mainly for training and other related programmes arranged by the public sector institutions.

FUNCTIONS OF SELECTED INSTITUTIONS

The Rubber Research Institute of Sri Lanka, Dartonfield, Agalawatta

The first meeting of the Executive Committee of the Rubber Research Scheme was held on the 19th October, 1910. The Rubber Research Scheme was incorporated on the 1st August, 1930 as the Rubber Research Scheme (Ceylon) under the provision of the Rubber Research Ordinance No. 10 of 1930. The name of the Institute was changed to the Rubber Research Institute by the Rubber Research (Amendment) act No. 30 of 1951.

The Rubber Research Institute of Sri Lanka is managed by a Board which includes representatives from the planting agencies, small holders and some Government Departments. The research activities of the Institute is funded by the cess which amounts to 8 cents for every kg. of rubber exported. The Advisory Services Department receives Rs. 1.7 million from the Treasury and Rs. 75,000 from the Rubber Control Department for extension Activities.

The Biological research departments are located at Dartonfield Estate, Agalawatta. These include Plant Science, Plant pathology, soils and plant nutrition, Genetics and Plant breeding, Intercropping Departments, Statistics and Biochemistry Sections. The Head Office of the Institute is also at Agalawatta. The Rubber Chemistry and Technology and Central Specifications laboratory, Advisory Services and Economic Research Departments are situated at Telewala Road, Ratmalana. The Institute has Sub-stations at Nivitigalakele, Matugama and Kuruwita.

Plant Science.—The activities of this department includes investigations on propagation, methods of planting, exploitation and stimulation and characterisation clones. Attempts are being made to propagate clones

vegetatively by tissue culture to reduce variation in planting material. The use of polybat plants has given better success and establishment of plants especially in the dry areas. Puncture tapping appears to be better than normal S/2 d/2 tapping in low yielding RRISL clones. These also respond better to stimulation. However, high yielding clones the 100 series clones do not respond well to stimulation and puncture tapping.

Plant Pathology.—White root disease caused by *Rigidoporus lignosus* is the most serious disease of rubber in Sri Lanka. It is estimated that 8–10% of the total acreage under estates is affected by this disease leading to severe crop losses. A programme was initiated to train the labourers and field officers to recognise and control the disease early. Leaf diseases are less important. A programme to screen clones for leaf, panel and root diseases is underway, to identify sources of resistance, which could be utilised in a breeding programme.

Plant Breeding and Genetics.—The yield potential of some of the RRIC 100 series clones has been clearly established under commercial conditions. More estates have taken upto large scale planting of these clones. Small scale plantings have been established in estates with high yielding South American leaf blight resistant clones such as RRIC 117, 121 and 130. The identification of root stocks that promote quick flowering has facilitated the breeding programme.

Intercropping.—Banana, Passion fruit and Pineapple are popular inter crops in rubber plantations, especially in the smallholdings.

Soils and Plant Nutrition.—The use of locally manufactured fertilizers received greater attention in view of the high cost of imported fertilizers. Fertilizers are now recommended on a discriminatory basis by the use of soil and leaf analysis resulting in a reduction in the application of fertilizers. Soil erosion in rubber plantations are greatly reduced by the proper management of leguminous covers.

Rubber Chemistry.—A major area of research was on the development of thermoplastic natural rubber, a project sponsored by UNIDO. A bleaching agent RRI 7 developed by the Institute is widely used in crepe manufacture. The use of latex-bitumen and latex-cement mixes as sealants for concrete roads, irrigation channels and tanks have been successful. Deproteinised

natural rubber has shown better properties of cyclisation. The use of Solar energy for drying rubber is being investigated. The specifications section continues to test rubbers for their important properties prior to export.

Advisory Services.—An accelerated replanting programme has been undertaken amongst smallholders in Kalutara, Ratnapura and Kegalle Districts. This project is financed by the World Bank and is operated by the Rubber Research Institute and the Rubber Control Department. This project envisages replanting 18,000 ha with high yielding rubber on about 27,000 smallholdings below 20 ha over a five-year period. It is also aimed at improving the processing standards of smallholders through the existing Group Processing Centres.

The Tea Research Institute, St.Coombs Estate, Talawakele

The Institute is a Division of the Sri Lanka Tea Board. It conducts research on all aspects of tea production and manufacture.

The Institute also advises estate on improved techniques in tea production and manufacture. This service is provided free of charge. The Institute has five outlying stations and two Commercial Estates. Research carried out at the outstations is complementary to that carried out at the main station at Talawakele.

The Institute issues several publications on its work.

Ceylon Institute of Scientific and Industrial Research, Colombo

The CISIR was established in 1955 by Act of Parliament. The objects of the Institute are, amongst other matters, to undertake testing, investigation and research for the purpose of improving technical processes and methods used in industry, of discovering processes and methods which may promote the expansion of existing industries or the development of new industries, or the utilisation of waste products devising remedial measures to reduce or eliminate environmental pollution and to engage in technology transfer activities. The Institute fosters the training of research workers and the establishment of scientific associations. Amongst its ancillary services are the testing of industrial products for quality and composition. The Institute may also enter into agreements to undertake special investigations with the object of the discovery, invention or improvement of any process, apparatus or machine.

The management of the Institute is vested in a Governing Board consisting of persons who have distinguished themselves in science or industry or are otherwise specially qualified in relation to some aspect of the Institute's work. The administration is vested in the Director who is appointed by the Minister. Funds for the maintenance of the Institute and its staff are donated annually by the Government,

The Governing Board publishes a report, annually, on the work of the Institute.

The Sri Lanka Tea Board, Colombo

The Sri Lanka Tea Board was established by statute No. 14 of 1975 and commenced activities as from 1st January, 1976. It is entrusted with the task of promoting the development of the tea industry in Sri Lanka. As from 1976, the Department of the Tea Controller, the Tea Export Commissioner, the Ceylon Tea Propaganda Board and the Tea Research Institute were brought under the Board which is financed by a cess on tea exports. The Ministries of Plantation Industry, Finance, Planning, Trade and Shipping as well as members connected with the Tea Industry are represented in its directorate.

Coconut Marketing Board

The Coconut Marketing Board was established by the Minister of Plantation Industry, under the provisions of the Coconut Development Act, No. 46 of 1971, by Order published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 15,004 of March 30, 1972, to perform the following functions :—

- (1) The prescription and maintenance of standards of quality of coconut products manufactured in or exported from Sri Lanka.
- (2) The purchase and sale, and the regulation of the purchase and sale of coconut products, and the formulation and implementation or assistance in the formulation and implementation of minimum and maximum price schemes and price stabilization schemes for coconut products, particularly the smallholders' coconut products.
- (3) The maintenance, promotion and creation of demand for coconut products, both within and outside Sri Lanka, by advertising, initiating, financing, supporting and supervising promotional work, by establishing, managing, supervising and supporting sales rooms and agencies,

organizing, assisting and participating in exhibitions and fairs and by any other means necessary for the purpose.

- (4) The conducting of market research into all aspects of the transport and marketing of coconut products within and outside Sri Lanka.
- (5) The training of advisory and extension workers to assist the coconut industry.
- (6) The promotion of co-operative and collective forms of management and ownership of coconut plantations and of establishments manufacturing for trading in coconut products.
- (7) The export and import, the regulation of export and import trade and export and import prices of coconut products.

Under these regulations, the issue of licences for the export of copra, coconut oil, desiccated coconut, coconut fibre, shell charcoal and shell flour, fresh nuts and ekels, the conduct of copra auctions as well as the implementation of the Price Stabilisation Scheme for Coconut Oil, fall within the purview of the Coconut Marketing Board.

Coconut Research Institute, Bandirippuwa Estate, Lunuwila

A Scheme for research on coconut was initiated in 1929 under Ordinance No. 29 of 1928. Originally called the "Coconut Research Scheme", it was given a higher status in 1951 and re-named "The Coconut Research Institute". On 30th March, 1972, it was taken over by a new Coconut Research Board set up under the Coconut Development Act, No. 46 of 1971. This Board has been assigned the following functions :—

- (1) the conducting and furthering of scientific research in respect of the growth and cultivation of coconut palms, the growing of other crops and the engagement in animal husbandry on coconut plantations, and the prevention and care of diseases and pests ;
- (2) the establishment and maintenance of experimental stations and nurseries ;
- (3) the conducting and furthering of scientific research in connection with the processing and utilization of coconut products ;
- (4) the establishment and maintenance of pilot plants for the processing of coconut products and the fabrication of experimental processing equipment ;

- (5) the training of advisory and extension works to assist the coconut industry ; and
- (6) the guiding and advising of the coconut industry of all matters of a technical nature.

The institute has expanded considerably with eleven sectors, *viz.* Botany and Plant Breeding, Soils and Plant Nutrition, Agronomy, Crop protection, Coconut processing, Estate Management, Administration and Finance, Analytical Chemistry, Biometry and Agricultural Economics, Publications, Documentation, and Library and Engineering Services.

As it functions at present, the Coconut Research Institute is organized mainly for agricultural research. Limited facilities however, exist for laboratory scale investigations on the chemistry and technology of coconut products. Although the Institute is not strictly engaged in applied research or industry, it does to some extent assist in the solution of process and production problems encountered in the coconut industry.

PRINCIPAL CONVERSION FACTORS

Length

1 inch	=	25.4 millimetres (mm)
1 foot	=	0.3048 metres (m)
1 yard	=	0.9144 metres (m)
1 mile	=	1.60934 kilometres (km)

Mass

1 ounce	=	28.3495 grammes (g)
1 pound	=	0.45359 kilogrammes (kg)
1 cwt.	=	50.8023 kilogrammes (kg)
1 ton	=	1.01605 tonnes (t)
1,000 kg.	=	1 tonne (t)

Volume

1 gallon	=	4.54609 litres (l)
1 litre	=	0.220 gallon

Area

1 sq. inch (in ²)	=	6.4516 sq. centimetres (cm ²)
1 sq. foot (ft ²)	=	0.0929 sq. metre (m ²)
1 sq. yard (yd ²)	=	0.8361 sq. metre (m ²)
1 sq. mile (sq. mile)	=	2.58999 sq. kilometre (km ²)
	=	258.999 hectare (ha)
1 acre	=	0.404686 hectare (ha)

Temperature

9 degree Fahrenheit (deg. F)	=	5 kelvins (K)
	=	5 degree Celsius (deg C)

Example :

$$52^{\circ}\text{F} = \frac{(52^{\circ}\text{F} - 32^{\circ}\text{F})5}{9} = 11.1111^{\circ}\text{C}$$

SUPPLEMENTARY READY RECKONER ON CONVERSION FACTOR

Weights and Measures

British to Metric Units

1 acre	=	0.405 hectares (ha.)
1 pound (lb.)	=	0.454 kilogrammes (kgs.)
1 long ton (2240 lbs.)	=	1.016 metric tons (mt. ton)
1 hundred weight (cwt.)	=	50.802 kgs.
1 mile	=	1.609 kilometres (kms.)
1 long ton mile	=	1.635 mt. ton kms.
1 lb./acre	=	1.121 kgs./ha.
1 bushel (of paddy) (46 lbs.)	=	20.87 kgs.
1 cwt./acre	=	125.536 kgs./ha.
1 bushel paddy/acre	=	51.570 kgs. paddy/ha
1 pint	=	0.57 litres
1 imperial gallon	=	4.55 litres

Metric to British Units

1 hectare	=	2.471 acres
1 kilogramme	=	2.205 lbs.
1 mt. ton (1000 kgs.)	=	0.984 long ton
1 metre	=	3.281 feet
1 kilometre	=	0.621 mile
1 mt. ton kilometre	=	0.612 long ton mile
1 litre	=	1.76 pints = 0.219 imp. gallons
1 kg./ha.	=	0.892 lb/acre

NOTES



184

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